SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA **NINETY-FOURTH SESSION**

SGS

S.F. No. 3045

(SENATE AUTI	HORS: XION	IG)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/27/2025	1101	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to State and Local Government
04/22/2025	2476a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance
04/23/2025	3754a	Comm report: To pass as amended
	3923	Second reading
04/25/2025	4012a	Special Order: Amended
	4058	Third reading Passed as amended
05/05/2025	4380	Returned from House with amendment
	4382	Senate not concur, conference committee of 5 requested
	4447	Senate conferees Xiong; Carlson; Maye Quade: Westlin; Lang
05/07/2025	4514	House conferees Klevorn; Nash; Freiberg; Altendorf
05/19/2025	6122c	Conference committee report, delete everything
	6277	Senate adopted CC report and repassed bill
	6278	Third Reading Repassed
	6281	House adopted SCC report and repassed bill
		Presentment date 05/20/25
	6283	Governor's action Approval 05/23/25
	6284	Secretary of State Chapter 39 05/23/25
		Effective date various dates

A bill for an act 1.1

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relating to state government operations; establishing a biennial budget; appropriating money for the legislature, certain constitutional offices and state agencies, the Minnesota Historical Society, the Minnesota Humanities Center, certain retirement accounts, certain offices, departments, boards, commissions, councils, general contingent account, and tort claims; transferring money; raising fees; making changes to policy provisions for state government operations and local government policy; modifying state personnel management policies; modifying business filing and fraud policies; making changes to certain licensing boards; making technical changes; repealing provisions; modifying various laws related to election administration; modifying voting and absentee voting requirements and procedures; formalizing the election reporting system; modifying special election provisions; clarifying terminology; modifying campaign finance definitions; establishing and modifying disclaimer requirements; modifying laws on transition expenses; modifying statement of economic interest requirements; authorizing rulemaking; repealing the voting equipment grant account; requiring reports and publications; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.06; 3.099, subdivision 3; 3.303, subdivision 3; 3.305, subdivisions 1, 9; 3.971, subdivisions 2, 8a, 9, by adding a subdivision; 10A.01, subdivisions 21, 22, 26, 26b, by adding a subdivision; 10A.04, subdivision 4; 10A.06; 10A.09, subdivision 1; 10A.20, by adding a subdivision; 11A.07, subdivisions 4, 4b; 11A.24, by adding a subdivision; 13.04, subdivision 4; 13.485, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 13D.02, subdivisions 1, 4; 14.48, subdivisions 1, 2; 14.62, subdivisions 1, 2a, by adding a subdivision; 15A.082, subdivisions 3, 7; 16A.057, subdivision 5; 16A.103, subdivision 1a; 16A.152, subdivision 8; 16A.28, subdivision 3; 16B.055, subdivision 1; 16B.335, subdivision 2; 16B.48, subdivision 4; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16B.97, subdivision 1; 16B.98, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 16B.981, subdivision 4; 16B.991, subdivision 2; 16C.05, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 16C.137, subdivision 2; 16C.16, subdivisions 2, 6, 6a, 7; 16D.09, subdivision 1; 43A.01, subdivision 3; 43A.02, subdivision 14; 43A.04, subdivisions 1, 4, 8; 43A.05, subdivision 3; 43A.08, subdivisions 1a, 4; 43A.11, subdivision 9; 43A.121; 43A.15, subdivisions 4, 7, 12, 14; 43A.17, subdivision 5; 43A.18, subdivision 2; 43A.181, subdivision 1; 43A.1815; 43A.19, subdivision 1; 43A.23, subdivisions 1, 2; 43A.24, subdivisions 1a, 2; 43A.27, subdivisions 2, 3; 43A.33, subdivision 3; 43A.346, subdivisions 2, 6; 43A.36, subdivision 1; 43A.421; 117.036, subdivision 2; 151.741, subdivision 5; 155A.23, by adding a subdivision; 155A.27, subdivision 2; 155A.2705, subdivision 3; 155A.30, subdivision 2; 181.931, by adding subdivisions; 181.932, subdivision 1; 201.054, subdivisions

1, 2; 201.056; 201.061, subdivisions 1, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 7; 201.071, subdivisions 1, 4; 2.1 2.2 201.091, subdivisions 5, 8; 201.121, subdivisions 1, 3; 201.13, subdivision 3; 201.14; 201.161, subdivisions 4, 5, 8; 201.162; 201.225, subdivisions 2, 5; 201.275; 2.3 203B.04, subdivisions 1, 4; 203B.06, subdivision 4; 203B.07, subdivisions 1, 3; 2.4 203B.08, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.081, subdivision 4; 203B.121, subdivisions 4, 2.5 5; 203B.17, subdivision 3; 203B.23, subdivision 2; 203B.29, subdivisions 1, 2; 2.6 203B.30, subdivisions 2, 3; 204B.06, subdivisions 1, 1b; 204B.07, subdivision 2; 2.7 204B.09, subdivisions 1a, 2, 3; 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4a; 204B.16, subdivisions 2.8 2.9 1a, 4; 204B.175, subdivision 3; 204B.19, subdivision 5; 204B.24; 204B.25, subdivision 1; 204B.28, subdivision 2; 204B.44; 204B.45, subdivision 2; 204C.05, 2.10 subdivision 2; 204C.06, subdivisions 1, 2, 6; 204C.08, subdivision 1d; 204C.09, 2.11 subdivision 1; 204C.10; 204C.15, subdivisions 2, 3; 204C.24, subdivision 1; 2.12 204C.32, subdivision 1; 204C.33, subdivision 1; 204D.19, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 2.13 204D.195; 205.13, subdivisions 1, 1a; 205A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a; 205A.11, 2.14 subdivision 2; 206.83; 206.845, subdivision 1; 211A.02, subdivisions 1, 2; 211B.20, 2.15 subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 211B.32, subdivision 4; 211B.35, 2.16 subdivision 2; 222.37, subdivision 1; 240.131, subdivision 7; 326.05; 326.10, 2.17 subdivisions 1, 2, 10; 326.111, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 2.18 326A.03, subdivision 6, by adding subdivisions; 326A.14; 331A.10, subdivision 2.19 2; 349A.01, by adding a subdivision; 349A.06, subdivisions 2, 4, 11; 367.36, 2.20 subdivision 1; 368.47; 375.20; 383B.041, subdivision 5; 383C.035; 412.02, 2.21 subdivision 3; 412.341, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 412.591, subdivision 2.22 3; 414.09, subdivision 3; 447.32, subdivision 4; 471.6985, subdivision 2; 477A.017, 2.23 subdivision 3; 609.48, subdivision 1; Laws 1992, chapter 534, sections 7, 2.24 subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 8, subdivision 2; 10, subdivision 4; 16; Laws 2023, chapter 2.25 53, article 17, section 2, subdivision 1; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, sections 2.26 11, subdivision 2; 13; 47; Laws 2024, chapter 127, article 67, section 6; proposing 2.27 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 5; 6; 8; 10A; 13; 15; 204B; 2.28 211B; 300; 383A; 471; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.8842; 3.8845; 2.29 16A.90; 16B.328, subdivision 2; 16B.356; 16B.357; 16B.358; 16B.359; 16B.45; 2.30 16C.36; 43A.315; 43A.317, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12; 43A.318, 2.31 subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5; 204B.25, subdivision 3; 206.57, subdivision 5b; 206.95; 2.32 211B.06; 211B.08; 383C.07; 383C.74, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; Laws 2019, First 2.33 Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended; Laws 2022, chapter 2.34 50, article 3, section 2; Minnesota Rules, part 1105.7900, item D. 2.35

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

ARTICLE 1 2.37

STATE GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. STATE GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS APPROPRIATIONS.

2.40 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, 2.41 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. 2.42 The figures "2026" and "2027" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under 2.43 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, or June 30, 2027, respectively. 2.44 "The first year" is fiscal year 2026. "The second year" is fiscal year 2027. "The biennium" 2.45 is fiscal years 2026 and 2027. 2.46

APPROPRIATIONS

Available for the Year

2.36

2.38

2.39

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3.1			Ending June	30
3.2			<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>
3.3	Sec. 2. <u>LEGISLATURE</u>			
3.4	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>112,970,000</u> §	114,534,000
3.5	The amounts that may be spent for each			
3.6	purpose are specified in the following			
3.7	subdivisions. The base for this appropriation			
3.8	is \$112,818,000 in fiscal year 2028 and each			
3.9	fiscal year thereafter.			
3.10	Subd. 2. Senate		38,238,000	39,690,000
3.11	Subd. 3. House of Representatives		42,375,000	41,163,000
3.12	The base for this appropriation is \$39,437,000			
3.13	in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year			
3.14	thereafter.			
3.15	Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Commission		32,357,000	33,681,000
3.16	The base for this appropriation is \$33,691,000			
3.17	in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year			
3.18	thereafter.			
3.19	Legislative Auditor. \$12,365,000 the first			
3.20	year and \$12,857,000 the second year are for			
3.21	the Office of the Legislative Auditor. The base			
3.22	for this appropriation is \$12,867,000 in fiscal			
3.23	year 2028 and each fiscal year thereafter.			
3.24	Revisor of Statutes. \$9,094,000 the first year			
3.25	and \$9,466,000 the second year are for the			
3.26	Office of the Revisor of Statutes.			
3.27	Legislative Reference Library. \$2,278,000			
3.28	the first year and \$2,369,000 the second year			
3.29	are for the Legislative Reference Library.			
3.30	Legislative Budget Office. \$2,800,000 the			
3.31	first year and \$2,965,000 the second year are			
3.32	for the Legislative Budget Office.			

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4.1 4.2	Sec. 3. GOVERNOR GOVERNOR	AND LIEUTEN	<u>NANT</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>9,231,000</u> <u>\$</u>	9,231,000
4.3	(a) \$19,000 each year	is for necessary			
4.4	expenses in the norma	l performance of	the		
4.5	governor's and lieutena	ant governor's dut	ies for		
4.6	which no other reimbu	arsement is provi	ded.		
4.7	(b) By September 1 of	f each year, the			
4.8	commissioner of mana	gement and budge	et shall		
4.9	report to the chairs and	d ranking minorit	<u>y</u>		
4.10	members of the legisla	ative committees	with		
4.11	jurisdiction over state g	government finan	ce any		
4.12	personnel costs incurre	ed by the Offices	of the		
4.13	Governor and Lieuten	ant Governor that	t were		
4.14	supported by appropri	ations to other ago	encies		
4.15	during the previous fis	scal year. The Off	fice of		
4.16	the Governor shall inf	form the chairs an	d		
4.17	ranking minority mem	bers of the comm	nittees		
4.18	before initiating any in	nteragency agreer	ments.		
4.19	Sec. 4. STATE AUDI	TOR	<u>\$</u>	<u>15,634,000</u> \$	16,247,000
4.20	The base for this appro	priation is \$16,16	53,000		
4.21	in fiscal year 2028 and	d each fiscal year			
4.22	thereafter.				
4.23	Sec. 5. ATTORNEY	<u>GENERAL</u>	<u>\$</u>	48,875,000 \$	47,684,000
4.24	Approp	riations by Fund			
4.25		<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>		
4.26	<u>General</u>	45,459,000	44,268,000		
4.27 4.28	State Government Special Revenue	3,021,000	3,021,000		
4.29	Environmental	145,000	145,000		
4.30	Remediation	250,000	250,000		
4.31	The general fund base	for this appropri	ation		
4.32	is \$43,909,000 in fisca	al year 2029 and	each		
4.33	fiscal year thereafter.				
4.34	Sec. 6. SECRETARY	OF STATE	<u>\$</u>	10,045,000 \$	9,929,000

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4th Engrossment

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5.1	The base for this appropri	riation is \$9,859	9,000			
5.2	in fiscal year 2028 and \$	9,929,000 in fis	<u>scal</u>			
5.3	<u>year 2029.</u>					
5.4 5.5	Sec. 7. CAMPAIGN FIL DISCLOSURE BOARI		PUBLIC	<u>\$</u>	2,579,000	<u>\$</u> <u>1,846,000</u>
5.6	\$760,000 the first year is	to pay fees and	<u>d</u>			
5.7	expenses if an order grant	ing plaintiff's m	otion			
5.8	for them is filed in Minne	esota Chamber	of			
5.9	Commerce v. Choi (23-C)	V-02015). The l	board			
5.10	must pay, on behalf of all	l defendants, al	1 fees			
5.11	and expenses awarded to	the plaintiff.				
5.12	Sec. 8. STATE BOARD	OF INVEST	MENT	<u>\$</u>	139,000	<u>\$ 139,000</u>
5.13	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRAT	IVE HEARIN	<u>IGS</u>	<u>\$</u>	11,110,000	<u>\$ 11,709,000</u>
5.14	Appropria	tions by Fund				
5.15		2026	2027			
5.16	General	705,000	715,	000		
5.17	Workers'					
5.18	Compensation	10,405,000	10,994,	000		
5.19 5.20	Sec. 10. <u>INFORMATIO</u> <u>SERVICES</u>	N TECHNOL	<u>lOGY</u>	<u>\$</u>	10,939,000	<u>\$ 11,150,000</u>
5.21	During the biennium end	ling June 30, 20	<u>)27,</u>			
5.22	the Department of Inform	nation Technolo	ogy			
5.23	Services must not charge	fees to a publi	<u>c</u>			
5.24	noncommercial education	nal television				
5.25	broadcast station eligible	for funding un	<u>ider</u>			
5.26	Minnesota Statutes, chap	ter 129D, for a	ccess			
5.27	to the state broadcast infi	rastructure. If the	<u>ne</u>			
5.28	access fees not charged to	o public				
5.29	noncommercial education	nal television				
5.30	broadcast stations total m	nore than \$400,	000			
5.31	for the biennium, the offi	ice may charge	for			
5.32	access fees in excess of t	hese amounts.				
5.33	Sec. 11. ADMINISTRA	TION				
5.34	Subdivision 1. Total App	propriation_		<u>\$</u>	36,849,000	<u>\$ 37,166,000</u>

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4th Engrossment

6.1	The base for this appropriation is \$36,666,000		
6.2	in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year		
6.3	thereafter. The amounts that may be spent for		
6.4	each purpose are specified in the following		
6.5	subdivisions.		
6.6	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services	17,367,000	17,644,000
6.7	The base for this appropriation is \$17,646,000		
6.8	in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year		
6.9	thereafter.		
6.10	Council on Developmental Disabilities.		
6.11	\$222,000 each year is for the Council on		
6.12	Developmental Disabilities.		
6.13	State Agency Accommodation		
6.14	Reimbursement. \$200,000 each year may be		
6.15	transferred to the accommodation account		
6.16	established in Minnesota Statutes, section		
6.17	<u>16B.4805.</u>		
6.18	Office of Enterprise Translations.		
6.19	\$1,010,000 each year is for the Office of		
6.20	Enterprise Translations. Of this amount,		
6.21	\$100,000 each year may be transferred to the		
6.22	language access service account established		
6.23	in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.373.		
6.24	Subd. 3. Strategic Management Services	2,676,000	2,716,000
6.25	Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent	16,806,000	16,806,000
6.26	The base for this appropriation is \$16,304,000		
6.27	in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year		
6.28	thereafter. The appropriations under this		
6.29	subdivision are to the commissioner of		
6.30	administration for the purposes specified.		
6.31	In Lieu of Rent. \$12,102,000 each year is for		
6.32	space costs of the legislature and veterans		
6.33	organizations, ceremonial space, and		

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4th Engrossment

- 7.1 statutorily free space. The base for this
- appropriation is \$11,600,000 in fiscal year
- 7.3 2028 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- 7.4 **Public Television.** (a) \$1,550,000 each year
- 7.5 <u>is for matching grants for public television.</u>
- 7.6 (b) \$250,000 each year is for public television
- 7.7 equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,
- 7.8 section 129D.13.
- 7.9 (c) \$500,000 each year is for block grants to
- 7.10 public television under Minnesota Statutes,
- 7.11 section 129D.13. Of this amount, up to three
- 7.12 percent is for the commissioner of
- 7.13 administration to administer the grants.
- 7.14 (d) The commissioner of administration must
- 7.15 consider the recommendations of the
- 7.16 Minnesota Public Television Association
- 7.17 before allocating the amounts appropriated in
- 7.18 paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or
- 7.19 matching grants.
- 7.20 **Public Radio.** (a) \$1,242,000 each year is for
- 7.21 community service grants to public
- 7.22 educational radio stations. This appropriation
- may be used to disseminate emergency
- 7.24 information in foreign languages. Any
- vinencumbered balance does not cancel at the
- 7.26 end of the first year and is available for the
- 7.27 second year. The Association of Minnesota
- 7.28 Public Educational Radio Stations may use up
- 7.29 to four percent of this appropriation for costs
- 7.30 that are directly related to and necessary for
- 7.31 the administration of these grants.
- 7.32 (b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants
- 7.33 to public educational radio stations. This
- 7.34 appropriation may be used for the repair,

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8.1	rental, purcha	ise, upgrades of equ	ipme	ent and			
8.2	software, incl	uding computer sof	tware	e <u>,</u>			
8.3	applications,	firmware, and equip	omen	t under			
8.4	<u>\$500.</u>						
8.5	(c) \$1,020,00	0 each year is for ea	quipn	nent			
8.6	grants to Min	nesota Public Radio	o, Inc	<u>··</u>			
8.7	including upg	rades to Minnesota's	s Eme	ergency			
8.8	Alert and AM	IBER Alert System	<u>s.</u>				
8.9	(d) The appro	priations in paragra	phs (a	a) to (c)			
8.10		sed for indirect costs					
8.11		or governing body.					
8.12		nissioner of adminis		on must			
8.13		recommendations of					
8.14	-	of Minnesota Public					
8.15	Radio Station	s before awarding g	grants	s under			
8.16	Minnesota St	atutes, section 129L	D.14,	using			
8.17	the appropria	tions in paragraphs	(a) aı	nd (b).			
8.18	No grantee is	eligible for a grant	unles	ss they			
8.19	are a member	of the Association of	of Miı	nnesota			
8.20	Public Educat	ional Radio Stations	on o	r before			
8.21	July 1, 2025.						
8.22	(f) Any uneno	cumbered balance re	emain	ning the			
8.23	first year for	grants to public tele	visio	n or			
8.24	public radio s	tations does not car	ncel a	nd is			
8.25	available for	the second year.					
8.26 8.27		ITOL AREA ARC NING BOARD	HIT	<u>ECTURAL</u>	<u>4</u> <u>\$</u>	464,000 \$	472,000
8.28 8.29	Sec. 13. MIN BUDGET	INESOTA MANA	GEM	ENT AND	<u>\$</u>	<u>52,114,000</u> <u>\$</u>	52,312,000
8.30	Sec. 14. REV	ENUE					
8.31	Subdivision 1	. Total Appropria	<u>tion</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>215,661,000</u> §	216,973,000
8.32		Appropriations by	Func	<u>1</u>			
8.33		2026		2027			
8.34	General	<u>211,401,</u>	000	212,713,0	000		

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4th Engrossment

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9.1	Health Care Acc	<u>1,760,000</u>	1,760,000		
9.2	Highway User T Distribution		2 105 000		
9.3 9.4	Environmental	2,195,000 305,000	2,195,000 305,000		
9.4					
9.5		d base for this approp			
9.6	<u> </u>	in fiscal year 2028 a	nd each		
9.7	fiscal year therea	after.			
9.8	Subd. 2. Tax Sys	stem Management		179,876,000	180,453,000
9.9	<u>A</u>	ppropriations by Fun	d		
9.10	General	175,616,000	176,193,000		
9.11	Health Care Acc	<u>1,760,000</u>	1,760,000		
9.12 9.13	Highway User T Distribution	<u>Sax</u> 2,195,000	2,195,000		
9.13	Environmental	305,000	305,000		
9.15		d base for this approp			
9.16		in fiscal year 2028 a	nd each		
9.17	fiscal year therea	arter.			
9.18	Taxpayer Assist	tance and Tax Cred	<u>it</u>		
9.19	Outreach Gran	ts. (a) \$1,250,000 ea	ch year		
9.20	is for taxpayer as	ssistance grants unde	<u>er</u>		
9.21	Minnesota Statu	tes, section 270C.21,	<u>.</u>		
9.22	subdivision 3. T	he unencumbered ba	lance in		
9.23	the first year doe	es not cancel but is av	vailable		
9.24	for the second ye	ear.			
9.25	(b) \$1,500,000 e	each year is for tax cr	edit		
9.26	outreach grants u	under Minnesota Stat	tutes,		
9.27	section 270C.21	, subdivision 4.			
9.28	Subd. 3. Debt C	ollection Managem	ent	35,785,000	36,520,000
9.29	Sec. 15. GAMB	LING CONTROL	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,334,000</u> \$	6,334,000
9.30	These appropria	tions are from the lay	<u>vful</u>		
9.31	gambling regula	tion account in the sp	<u>pecial</u>		
9.32	revenue fund.				
9.33	Sec. 16. <u>RACIN</u>	IG COMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>954,000</u> <u>\$</u>	954,000

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10.1	These appropria	tions are from the	racing and			
10.2	card playing regu	ulation accounts in	the special			
10.3	revenue fund.					
10.4	Sec. 17. STATE	LOTTERY				
10.5	Notwithstanding	g Minnesota Statu	tes, section			
10.6	349A.10, subdiv	vision 3, the State	Lottery's			
10.7	operating budget	must not exceed \$	645,000,000			
10.8	in fiscal year 202	26 and \$45,000,0	00 in fiscal			
10.9	year 2027.					
10.10	Sec. 18. <u>AMAT</u>	EUR SPORTS C	OMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	401,000 \$	411,000
10.11 10.12	Sec. 19. COUNGAFRICAN HEI	CIL FOR MINN RITAGE	ESOTANS OF	<u>\$</u>	<u>828,000</u> <u>\$</u>	840,000
10.13	Sec. 20. <u>COUN</u>	CIL ON LATIN	O AFFAIRS	<u>\$</u>	<u>743,000</u> \$	<u>755,000</u>
10.14 10.15	Sec. 21. COUN	CIL ON ASIAN- NS	<u>PACIFIC</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>655,000</u> \$	665,000
10.16 10.17	Sec. 22. COUN MINNESOTAN	CIL ON LGBTQ NS	DIA2S+	<u>\$</u>	<u>557,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>565,000</u>
10.18	Sec. 23. INDIA	N AFFAIRS CO	UNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,381,000</u> \$	1,402,000
10.19 10.20	Sec. 24. MINNI SOCIETY	ESOTA HISTOR	RICAL			
10.21	Subdivision 1. T	otal Appropriati	<u>ion</u>	<u>\$</u>	26,763,000 \$	27,076,000
10.22	The amounts that	nt may be spent fo	r each			
10.23	purpose are spec	eified in the follow	ving			
10.24	subdivisions.					
10.25	Subd. 2. Operat	ions and Progra	<u>ms</u>		26,442,000	26,755,000
10.26	Notwithstanding	g Minnesota Statu	tes, section			
10.27	138.668, the Min	nesota Historical S	Society may			
10.28	not charge a fee	for its general tou	irs at the			
10.29	Capitol, but may	charge fees for s	<u>pecial</u>			
10.30	programs other t	than general tours	<u>·</u>			
10.31	Subd. 3. Fiscal	Agent			321,000	321,000
10.32	(a) Global Minn	<u>esota</u>			39,000	39,000
10.33	(b) Minnesota A	ir National Guard	l Museum		17,000	17,000

	SF3045	REVISOR	SGS		S3045-4	4th Engrossment
11.1	(c) Hockey Ha	ll of Fame			100,000	100,000
11.2	(d) Farmameri	<u>ca</u>			115,000	115,000
11.3	(e) Minnesota	Military Museum			50,000	50,000
11.4	Any unencumb	pered balance remain	ning in this			
11.5	subdivision the	e first year does not	cancel but			
11.6	is available for	the second year of	the			
11.7	biennium.					
11.8	Sec. 25. BOA	RD OF THE ARTS	<u>S</u>			
11.9	Subdivision 1.	Total Appropriati	<u>on</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,798,000</u> \$	7,808,000
11.10	The amounts the	hat may be spent for	r each			
11.11	purpose are sp	ecified in the follow	<u>ing</u>			
11.12	subdivisions.					
11.13	Subd. 2. Oper	ations and Service	<u>s</u>		859,000	869,000
11.14	Subd. 3. Gran	ts Program			4,800,000	4,800,000
11.15	Subd. 4. Regio	onal Arts Councils			2,139,000	2,139,000
11.16	Any unencumb	pered balance remain	ning in this			
11.17	section the firs	t year does not cand	cel, but is			
11.18	available for th	ne second year.				
11.19	Money approp	riated in this section	n and			
11.20	distributed as g	grants may only be	spent on			
11.21	projects locate	d in Minnesota. A r	ecipient of			
11.22	a grant funded	by an appropriation	n in this			
11.23	section must no	ot use more than ten	percent of			
11.24	the total grant f	or costs related to tra	ivel outside			
11.25	the state of Mi	nnesota.				
11.26 11.27	Sec. 26. MINN CENTER	NESOTA HUMAN	<u>ITIES</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>970,000</u> \$	970,000
11.28	\$500,000 each	year is for Healthy E	lating, Here			
11.29	at Home grants	s under Minnesota S	Statutes,			
11.30	section 138.91	2. No more than thr	ree percent			
11.31	of the appropri	ation may be used f	for the			
11.32	nonprofit admi	inistration of the pro	ogram.			

	SF3045	REVISOR	SGS		S3045-4	4th Engrossment
12.1	Sec. 27. BOARD	OF ACCOUNT	<u>ANCY</u>	<u>\$</u>	873,000	<u>887,000</u>
12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5	Sec. 28. BOARD ENGINEERING LANDSCAPE AL GEOSCIENCE,	, LAND SURVE RCHITECTUR	YING, E,	<u>GN</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>928,000</u> S	§ <u>943,000</u>
12.6 12.7	Sec. 29. BOARD EXAMINERS	OF COSMETO	LOGIST	<u>\$</u>	3,659,000	3,716,000
12.8	Sec. 30. BOARD	OF BARBER E	XAMIN	ERS §	459,000	<u>466,000</u>
12.9 12.10	Sec. 31. CHILDR FAMILIES	REN, YOUTH, A	AND	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,000</u> <u>5</u>	<u>-0-</u>
12.11	\$55,000 the first ye	ear is to integrate	the transi	<u>it</u>		
12.12	assistance progran	n into the MNber	efits web	<u> </u>		
12.13	portal under article	e 2, section 66.				
12.14 12.15	Sec. 32. GENERA ACCOUNTS	AL CONTINGE	<u>NT</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,000,000	<u>500,000</u>
12.16	App	propriations by Fu	ınd			
12.17		<u>2026</u>	20	027		
12.18	General	1,500,00	00	<u>-0-</u>		
12.19 12.20	State Government Special Revenue	400,00	00	400,000		
12.21 12.22	Workers' Compensation	100,00	00	100,000		
12.23	(a) The general fur	nd base for this				
12.24	appropriation is \$1	,500,000 in fiscal	year 202	8		
12.25	and each even-num	nbered fiscal year	thereafte	<u>r.</u>		
12.26	The base is \$0 for	fiscal year 2029	and each	;		
12.27	odd-numbered fisc	cal year thereafte	<u>r.</u>			
12.28	(b) The appropriati	ons in this section	may onl	<u>y</u>		
12.29	be spent with the a	approval of the go	overnor _			
12.30	after consultation	with the Legislat	ive			
12.31	Advisory Commis	sion pursuant to l	Minnesot	<u>a</u>		
12.32	Statutes, section 3	.30.				
12.33	(c) If an appropriat	tion in this section	for eithe	e <u>r</u>		
12.34	year is insufficient	t, the appropriation	on for the	<u>;</u>		
12.35	other year is availa	able for it.				
12.36	Sec. 33. TORT C	<u>LAIMS</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>161,000</u> S	<u>161,000</u>

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4th Engrossment

	SF3045 R.	EVISOR	SGS		\$3045-4	4th Engrossment
13.1	These appropriation	s are to be spe	ent by the			
13.2	commissioner of ma	anagement and	d budget			
13.3	according to Minne	sota Statutes,	section			
13.4	3.736, subdivision 7	7. If the approp	oriation for			
13.5	either year is insuffi	icient, the app	ropriation			
13.6	for the other year is	available for	it.			
13.7 13.8	Sec. 34. MINNESC SYSTEM	OTA STATE I	RETIREMENT	<u>.</u>		
13.9	Subdivision 1. Tota	l Appropriati	<u>ion</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>15,064,000</u> §	<u>15,154,000</u>
13.10	The amounts that m	ay be spent fo	or each			
13.11	purpose are specifie	ed in the follow	ving			
13.12	subdivisions.					
13.13 13.14	Subd. 2. Combined Constitutional Off				9,064,000	9,154,000
13.15	Under Minnesota St	tatutes, section	ns 3A.03,			
13.16	subdivision 2; 3A.0	4, subdivision	s 3 and 4;			
13.17	and 3A.115.					
13.18	Subd. 3. Judges Re	tirement Plai	<u>1</u>		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.18 13.19	Subd. 3. Judges Re For transfer to the ju		_		6,000,000	6,000,000
		udges retireme	ent fund		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.19	For transfer to the ju	udges retirement	ent fund 490.123.		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.19 13.20	For transfer to the junder Minnesota Sta	udges retirement atutes, section ues each fisca	ent fund 490.123. I year until		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.19 13.20 13.21	For transfer to the junder Minnesota Sta	adges retirement atutes, section ues each fisca t plan reaches	ent fund 490.123. 1 year until 100 percent		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22	For transfer to the junder Minnesota State This transfer continuate the judges retirement	adges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscant t plan reaches and by an actua	ent fund 490.123. 1 year until 100 percent arial		6,000,000	6,000,000
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23	For transfer to the junder Minnesota State This transfer continuate the judges retirement funding as determined.	atutes, section ues each fisca t plan reaches ed by an actua	ent fund 490.123. 1 year until 100 percent arial		<u>6,000,000</u>	6,000,000
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24	For transfer to the judger Minnesota State This transfer continuate the judges retirement funding as determined valuation prepared as	adges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscal t plan reaches and by an actual according to M. 6.214.	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Innesota	<u>\$</u>	6,000,000 25,000,000 \$	<u>6,000,000</u> <u>25,000,000</u>
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25	For transfer to the judger Minnesota Statutes, section 350 Sec. 35. PUBLIC EN	atutes, section ues each fisca t plan reaches acd by an actua according to N 6.214. MPLOYEES	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Innesota RETIREMENT	- '		
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27	For transfer to the judger Minnesota Statutes, section 356 Sec. 35. PUBLIC EN ASSOCIATION	udges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscal t plan reaches ued by an actual according to Maccording to Maccor	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Innesota RETIREMENT	- '		
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27	For transfer to the judger Minnesota Statutes, section 356 Sec. 35. PUBLIC ENASSOCIATION (a) \$9,000,000 each	adges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscant plan reaches and by an actual according to MATERIA. MPLOYEES IN A Section 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Innesota RETIREMENT ect state aid d fire	- '		
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29	For transfer to the just under Minnesota Statistics retirement funding as determined valuation prepared a Statutes, section 350 Sec. 35. PUBLIC EN ASSOCIATION (a) \$9,000,000 each to the public employers.	udges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscant plan reaches and by an actual according to Modern Market States and Market States are section of the secti	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Minnesota EETIREMENT ect state aid d fire Minnesota	- '		
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30	For transfer to the just under Minnesota Statistics retirement funding as determined valuation prepared a Statutes, section 350 Sec. 35. PUBLIC EN ASSOCIATION (a) \$9,000,000 each to the public employment plan authors.	udges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscant plan reaches and by an actual according to Market MPLOYEES In the section of	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Minnesota ect state aid d fire Minnesota ion 3b.	- '		
13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30 13.31	For transfer to the just under Minnesota Statistics retirement funding as determined valuation prepared a Statutes, section 350 Sec. 35. PUBLIC EN ASSOCIATION (a) \$9,000,000 each to the public employment plan authors. Statutes, section 350 S	udges retirement atutes, section ues each fiscal t plan reaches ued by an actual according to Maccording to Maccor	ent fund 490.123. I year until 100 percent arial Innesota RETIREMENT ect state aid d fire Minnesota ion 3b. ral fund to	- '		

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4th Engrossment

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				_
14.1	account are \$16,000,000 on September 15,			
14.2	2026, and \$16,000,000 on September 15,			
14.3	2027. These amounts are estimated to be			
14.4	needed under Minnesota Statutes, section			
14.5	<u>353.505.</u>			
14.6 14.7	Sec. 36. TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION	<u> </u>	<u>29,831,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>29,831,000</u>
14.8	The amounts estimated to be needed are as			
14.9	<u>follows:</u>			
14.10	Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000 each			
14.11	year is for special direct state aid authorized			
14.12	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.436.			
14.13	Special Direct State Matching Aid.			
14.14	\$2,500,000 each year is for special direct state			
14.15	matching aid authorized under Minnesota			
14.16	Statutes, section 354.435.			
14.17 14.18		<u> </u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT	<u> </u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
14.18	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND	<u>S</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
14.18 14.19	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for	<u>5</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> \$	14,827,000
14.18 14.19 14.20	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city	<u>S</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized	<u>S</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,827,000
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12,			
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c.	ı 2, sut	odivision 1, is amen	ided to read:
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section	1 2, sub	odivision 1, is amen a) A Capitol Area o	ded to read:
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section Subdivision 1. Account established; appropria	a 2, sub ation. (odivision 1, is amen a) A Capitol Area o Money in the accou	ided to read: community
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriate vitality account is established in the special revenue.	12, sub 1 tion. (2 fund. 1 to imp	odivision 1, is amental Area of Money in the accounts	aded to read: community ant is economic
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriate vitality account is established in the special revenue appropriated to the commissioner of administration.	a 2, sub ation. (fund. to imp	odivision 1, is amen (a) A Capitol Area of the account of the livability, and the account of th	ded to read: community ant is economic unds may be
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section Subdivision 1. Account established; appropria vitality account is established in the special revenue appropriated to the commissioner of administration health, and safety of communities within the Capito	n 2, sub ntion. (fund. to imp l Area nn to go	odivision 1, is amen a) A Capitol Area of the account of the livability, provided that no for their use, in a	ecordance
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27 14.28 14.29	Sec. 37. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to the first class city teachers retirement fund association authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c. Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriate vitality account is established in the special revenue appropriated to the commissioner of administration health, and safety of communities within the Capito expended until a detailed program and oversight plants.	a 2, substion. (sto implicate to generate decomposed to generate decomposed to generate decomposed to generate decomposed	odivision 1, is amenda) A Capitol Area of Money in the accourance the livability, provided that no factory their use, in a community Vitality	aded to read: community ant is economic ands may be ecordance Task Force

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4th Engrossment

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15.1	(b) As used in this section, "Capitol Area" include	es that part of the city o	f St. Paul within
15.2	the boundaries described in Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 15B.02.	
15.3	Sec. 39. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section	11, subdivision 2, is an	nended to read:
15.4	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services	39,928,000	19,943,000
15.5	The base for this appropriation is \$17,268,000		
15.6	in fiscal year 2026 and \$17,280,000 in fiscal		
15.7	year 2027.		
15.8	Council on Developmental Disabilities.		
15.9	\$222,000 each year is for the Council on		
15.10	Developmental Disabilities.		
15.11	State Agency Accommodation		
15.12	Reimbursement. \$200,000 each year may be		
15.13	transferred to the accommodation account		
15.14	established in Minnesota Statutes, section		
15.15	16B.4805.		
15.16	Disparity Study. \$500,000 the first year and		
15.17	\$1,000,000 the second year are to conduct a		
15.18	study on disparities in state procurement. This		
15.19	is a onetime appropriation.		
15.20	Grants Administration Oversight.		
15.21	\$2,411,000 the first year and \$1,782,000 the		
15.22	second year are for grants administration		
15.23	oversight. The base for this appropriation in		
15.24	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter is		
15.25	\$1,581,000.		
15.26	\$735,000 the first year and \$201,000 the		
15.27	second year are for a study to develop a road		
15.28	map on the need for an enterprise grants		
15.29	management system and to implement the		
15.30	study's recommendation. This is a onetime		
15.31	appropriation.		
15.32	Risk Management Fund Property		

Self-Insurance. \$12,500,000 the first year is

- 16.5 \$1,306,000 the first year and \$1,159,000 the
- second year are to establish the Office of
- 16.7 Enterprise Translations. \$250,000 each year
- may be transferred to the language access
- service account established in Minnesota
- 16.10 Statutes, section 16B.373.

16.11 Capitol Mall Design Framework

- 16.12 **Implementation.** \$5,000,000 the first year is
- to implement the updated Capitol Mall Design
- 16.14 Framework, prioritizing the framework plans
- identified in article 2, section 124. This
- appropriation is available until December 31,
- 16.17 2024 June 30, 2027.
- 16.18 **Parking Fund.** \$3,255,000 the first year and
- \$1,085,000 the second year are for a transfer
- 16.20 to the state parking account to maintain the
- operations of the parking and transit program
- on the Capitol complex. These are onetime
- 16.23 transfers.

16.24 **Procurement; Environmental Analysis and**

- 16.25 **Task Force.** \$522,000 the first year and
- \$367,000 the second year are to implement
- 16.27 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section
- 16.28 16B.312.

16.29 **Center for Rural Policy and Development.**

- \$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the
- 16.31 Center for Rural Policy and Development.
- 16.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2024.

SF3045 REVISOR SGS S3045-4 4th Engrossment

17.1 Sec. 40. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 13, is amended to read:

17.2 Sec. 13. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AND \$58,057,000 \$ 56,357,000 \$ 56,357,000

- The base for this appropriation is \$47,831,000
- in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year
- 17.6 thereafter.
- 17.7 (a) \$13,489,000 the first year and \$14,490,000
- the second year are to stabilize and secure the
- state's enterprise resource planning systems.
- 17.10 This amount is available until June 30, 2027.
- 17.11 The base for this appropriation is \$6,470,000
- in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year
- 17.13 thereafter.
- 17.14 (b) \$1,000,000 each year is for administration
- and staffing of the Children's Cabinet
- 17.16 established in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 17.17 4.045.
- 17.18 (c) \$317,000 each year is to increase the
- agency's capacity to proactively raise
- awareness about the capital budget process
- and provide technical assistance around the
- 17.22 requirements associated with the capital
- budget process and receiving general fund or
- 17.24 general obligation bond funding for capital
- 17.25 projects, including compliance requirements
- that must be met at various stages of capital
- 17.27 project development, with particular focus on
- 17.28 nonprofits, American Indian communities, and
- 17.29 communities of color that have traditionally
- 17.30 not participated in the state capital budget
- 17.31 process. This appropriation may also be used
- to increase the agency's capacity to coordinate
- with other state agencies regarding the
- administration of grant agreements, programs,
- and technical assistance related to capital

18.1	projects	governed	by the	provisions	Ωf
18.1	projects	governeu	by me	provisions	ΟI

- 18.2 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16A, and other
- applicable laws and statutes.
- 18.4 (d) \$2,500,000 each in fiscal year is 2024 and
- 18.5 \$800,000 in fiscal year 2025 are for
- interagency collaboration to develop data
- collection standards for race, ethnicity, gender
- identity, and disability status and to develop
- a roadmap and timeline for implementation
- 18.10 of the data standards across state government.
- 18.11 These funds may be transferred to other
- agencies to support this work and may be used
- 18.13 to update computer systems to accommodate
- 18.14 revised data collection standards. This is a
- onetime appropriation and is available until
- 18.16 June 30, 2027.
- 18.17 (e) \$102,000 the first year and \$60,000 the
- 18.18 second year are for the report required under
- 18.19 Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.15,
- subdivision 14a, and for training and content
- development relating to ADA Title II,
- 18.22 affirmative action, equal employment
- 18.23 opportunity, digital accessibility, inclusion,
- disability awareness, and cultural competence.

18.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

18.26 Sec. 41. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 47, is amended to read:

18.27 Sec. 47. ST. ANTHONY FALLS STUDY.

\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for a geophysical study and hazard assessment of the St. Anthony Falls area and St. Anthony Falls cutoff wall. The study must include a field-based investigation of the cutoff wall and other subsurface structures, modeling of the surrounding area, examination of public safety and infrastructure risks posed by potential failure of the cutoff wall or surrounding area, and emergency response plan for identified risks. By conducting this study, the Board of Regents does not consent to accepting liability for the current condition or risks posed by a potential failure of the cutoff wall. By July 1, 2025 2026, the Board of Regents must submit a report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state and local government policy and finance. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2025 2026.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 42. Laws 2024, chapter 127, article 67, section 6, is amended to read:

Sec. 6. COMMISSIONER OF MANAGEMENT

19.9 **AND BUDGET**

19.6

19.7

19.10	Appropriation	ns by Fund	
19.11		2024	2025
19.12	General	-0-	(232,000)
19.13	Health Care Access	-0-	100,000
19.14	(a) Insulin safety net progr	ram. \$100,00	00 in
19.15	fiscal year 2025 is from the l	nealth care ac	ecess
19.16	fund for the insulin safety ne	et program ii	1
19.17	Minnesota Statutes, section	151.74.	
19.18	(b) Transfer. The commission	oner must tra	nsfer
19.19	from the health care access f	fund to the in	sulin
19.20	safety net program repayme	nt account ir	the
19.21	special revenue fund the amount certified by		
19.22	the commissioner of admini	stration unde	er
19.23	Minnesota Statutes, section	151.741,	
19.24	subdivision 5, paragraph (b)), estimated t	o be
19.25	\$100,000 in fiscal year 2025	5, for	
19.26	reimbursement to manufactor	urers for insu	ılin
19.27	dispensed under the insulin s	afety net prog	gram
19.28	in Minnesota Statutes, section	on 151.74. T	he
19.29	base for this transfer is estin	nated to be	
19.30	\$100,000 in fiscal year 2026	and \$100,00	00 in
19.31	fiscal year 2027.		
19.32	(c) Base Level Adjustment	. The health	care
19.33	access fund base is increase	d by \$100,00	00 in

public safety in all matters involving the Capitol complex prior to the expenditure of these funds. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2029.

Sec. 46. TRANSFERS.

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- (a) The secretary of state, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must transfer \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2027 from the general fund to the voting operations, technology, and election resources account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 5.305. For fiscal years 2028 to 2031, the commissioner of management and budget must include a transfer of \$3,000,000 each year from the general fund to the voting operations, technology, and election resources account, when preparing each forecast from the effective date of this section through the February 2027 forecast, under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.103.
- (b) The secretary of state, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must transfer \$25,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$25,000 in fiscal year 2027 from the general fund to the Voting Rights Act cost sharing account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 200.60, subdivision 1. For fiscal years 2028 to 2031, the commissioner of management and budget must include a transfer of \$25,000 each year from the general fund to the Voting Rights Act cost sharing account, when preparing each forecast from the effective date of this section through the February 2027 forecast, under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.103.
- (c) The secretary of state, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must transfer \$200,000 in fiscal year 2026 from the general fund to the Help America Vote Act (HAVA) account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 5.30. This is a onetime transfer.
- 21.24 (d) The secretary of state, in consultation with the commissioner of management and
 21.25 budget, must transfer any balance remaining in the voting equipment grant account
 21.26 established under Minnesota Statutes, section 206.95, on the effective date of this section
 21.27 to the voting operations, technology, and election resources account established under
 21.28 Minnesota Statutes, section 5.305.
- (e) The commissioner of management and budget must transfer \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 from the Capitol Area vitality account established in Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section 2, to the general fund. This is a onetime transfer.
- 21.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

22.1	ARTICLE 2
22.2	STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY
22.3	Section 1. [1.1466] STATE FOSSIL.
22.4	Subdivision 1. Designation. Castoroides ohioensis, commonly known as the giant
22.5	beaver, or capa in Dakota and amik in Ojibwe, is designated as the official state fossil of
22.6	the state of Minnesota.
22.7	Subd. 2. Photograph. A photograph of the giant beaver, approved by the commissioner
22.8	of natural resources, shall be preserved and may be displayed in the Office of the Secretary
22.9	of State.
22.10	Sec. 2. [1.1493] STATE CONSTELLATION.
22.11	Ursa Minor is the official constellation of the state of Minnesota.
22.12	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.06, is amended to read:
22.13	3.06 OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.
22.14	Subdivision 1. Election. Thereupon, if a quorum is present, the houses shall elect the
22.15	following officers, any of whom may be removed by resolution of the appointing body.
22.16	The senate shall elect a president, who shall be a member of the senate, secretary, a first
22.17	and a second assistant secretary, an enrolling clerk, an engrossing clerk, a sergeant-at-arms,
22.18	an assistant sergeant-at-arms, and a chaplain.
22.19	The house of representatives shall elect a speaker, who shall be a member of the house
22.20	of representatives, a chief clerk, a first and a second assistant clerk, an index clerk, a chief
22.21	sergeant-at-arms, a first and a second assistant sergeant-at-arms, a postmaster, an assistant
22.22	postmaster, and a chaplain.
22.23	Subd. 2. Successors. If an officer of the house of representatives or senate resigns or
22.24	dies, the duties of the officer shall be performed by a successor as provided in the rules of
22.25	the officer's house until a successor is elected at a regular or special session.
22.26	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.099, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
22.27	Subd. 3. Leaders. The senate Committee on Rules and Administration for the senate
22.28	and the house of representatives Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration for
22.29	the house of representatives may each designate for their respective body up to five six
22.30	leadership positions to receive up to 140 percent of the compensation of other members.

S3045-4

4th Engrossment

SF3045

REVISOR

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At the commencement of each biennial legislative session, each house of the legislature shall adopt a resolution designating its majority and minority leader.

The majority leader is the person elected by the caucus of members in each house which is its largest political affiliation. The minority leader is the person elected by the caucus which is its second largest political affiliation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 14, 2025.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.303, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Chair and vice-chair. The chair of the commission alternates between the 23.8 president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives at the start of the 23.9 regular legislative session in each odd-numbered year. When not serving as chair, the 23.10 president of the senate or the speaker of the house serves as vice-chair. 23.11
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.305, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 23.12
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Legislative commission" means a joint commission, 23.13 committee, or other entity in the legislative branch composed exclusively of members of 23.14 the senate and the house of representatives. 23.15
- (b) "Joint offices" means the Revisor of Statutes, Legislative Reference Library, the 23.16 Office of Legislative Auditor, the Legislative Budget Office, Legislative Coordinating 23.17 Commission, and any other joint legislative service office. 23.18
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.305, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 23.19
 - Subd. 9. Joint legislative studies. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall oversee and coordinate all joint legislative studies mandated by the legislature and may require regular progress reports to the commission and appropriate standing committees of the house of representatives and the senate. Appropriations for all joint legislative studies except those specifically assigned to an existing legislative office or commission shall be made to the Legislative Coordinating Commission. Responsibility and appropriations for a joint legislative study may be delegated by the Legislative Coordinating Commission to an existing staff office of the house of representatives or senate, a legislative commission, a joint legislative committee or office or a state agency. The office, commission, joint committee, or agency responsible for the study may contract with another agent for assistance.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Staff; compensation.** (a) The legislative auditor shall establish a Financial Audits Division and, a Program Evaluation Division, and a Special Reviews Division to fulfill the duties prescribed in this section.
- (b) Each division may be supervised by a deputy auditor, appointed by the legislative auditor, with the approval of the commission, for a term coterminous with the legislative auditor's term. The deputy auditors may be removed before the expiration of their terms only for cause. The legislative auditor and deputy auditors may each appoint an administrative support specialist to serve at pleasure. The salaries and benefits of the legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and administrative support specialists shall be determined by the compensation plan approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The deputy auditors may perform and exercise the powers, duties and responsibilities imposed by law on the legislative auditor when authorized by the legislative auditor.
- (c) The legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and administrative support specialists shall serve in the unclassified civil service, but all other employees of the legislative auditor shall serve in the classified civil service. Compensation for employees of the legislative auditor in the classified service shall be governed by a plan prepared by the legislative auditor and approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the legislature under section 3.855, subdivision 3.
- (d) While in office, a person appointed deputy for the Financial Audit Division must hold an active license as a certified public accountant.
- (e) Notwithstanding section 43A.32, subdivisions 2 and 3, or any other law to the contrary, an employee of the legislative auditor is prohibited from being a candidate for a partisan elected public office.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 8a. **Special reviews.** The legislative auditor may conduct a special review to: (1) fulfill a legal requirement; (2) investigate allegations that an individual or organization subject to audit by the legislative auditor may not have complied with legal requirements, including but not limited to legal requirements related to the use of public money, other public resources, or government data classified as not public; (3) respond to a legislative request for a review of an organization or program subject to audit by the legislative auditor; or (4) investigate allegations that an individual may not have complied with section 43A.38

25.1	or 43A.39. After the legislative auditor conducts a special review, the legislative auditor
25.2	may periodically conduct a follow-up special review to assess what changes have occurred.
25.3	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
25.4	Subd. 9. Obligation to notify the legislative auditor. The chief executive, financial,
25.5	or information officers (a) An obligated officer of an organization subject to audit under
25.6	this section must promptly notify the legislative auditor when the officer obtains information
25.7	indicating that public money or other public resources may have been used for an unlawful
25.8	purpose, or when the officer obtains information indicating that government data classified
25.9	by chapter 13 as not public may have been accessed by or provided to a person without
25.10	lawful authorization. As necessary, the legislative auditor shall coordinate an investigation
25.11	of the allegation with appropriate law enforcement officials.
25.12	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "obligated officer" means the organization's:
25.13	(1) chief executive officer;
25.14	(2) deputy and assistant chief executive officers;
25.15	(3) chief administrative, chief financial, chief information, and chief investigative officers;
25.16	(4) heads of divisions, bureaus, departments, institutes, or other organizational units;
25.17	<u>and</u>
25.18	(5) board chair, where applicable.
25.19	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision to
25.20	read:
25.21	Subd. 10. Implementation of audit recommendations. (a) By February 1 each year,
25.22	as resources permit, the legislative auditor must submit a report to the chairs and ranking
25.23	minority members of the legislative committees with fiscal jurisdiction over an entity subject
25.24	to audit under this section. The report must detail whether the entity has implemented any
25.25	recommendations identified by the legislative auditor during the prior five years in a financial
25.26	audit, program evaluation, or special review.
25.27	(b) By July 1 each year, as resources permit, the legislative auditor must submit a report
25.28	to designated legislators listing the standing committees in the senate and the house of
25.29	representatives to which the legislative auditor did or did not present their reports under
25.30	paragraph (a) in a public hearing. For purposes of this paragraph, "designated legislators"
25.31	means the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Committees on State and

26.1	Local Government, Rules and Administration, and Finance, and the house of representatives
26.2	Committees on State Government Finance and Policy, Rules and Legislative Administration,
26.3	and Ways and Means.
26.4	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
26.5	Subd. 4. Duties and powers. The director, at the direction of the state board, shall:
26.6	(1) plan, direct, coordinate, and execute administrative and investment functions in
26.7	conformity with the policies and directives of the state board and the requirements of this
26.8	chapter and of chapter 356A;
26.9	(2) prepare and submit biennial and annual budgets to the board and with the approval
26.10	of the board submit the budgets to the Department of Management and Budget;
26.11	(3) employ professional and clerical staff as necessary;
26.12	(4) report to the state board on all operations under the director's control and supervision;
26.13	(5) maintain accurate and complete records of securities transactions and official
26.14	activities;
26.15	(6) establish a policy, which is subject to state board approval, relating to the purchase
26.16	and sale of securities on the basis of competitive offerings or bids;
26.17	(7) cause securities acquired to be kept in the custody of the commissioner of management
26.18	and budget or other depositories consistent with chapter 356A, as the state board deems
26.19	appropriate;
26.20	(8) prepare and file with the director of the Legislative Reference Library, by December
26.21	31 of each year, a report summarizing the activities of the state board, the council, and the
26.22	director during the preceding fiscal year;
26.23	(9) include on the state board's website its annual report and an executive summary of
26.24	its quarterly reports;
26.25	(10) require state officials from any department or agency to produce and provide access
26.26	to any financial documents the state board deems necessary in the conduct of its investment
26.27	activities;
26.28	(11) receive and expend legislative appropriations; and
26.29	(12) undertake any other activities necessary to implement the duties and powers set
26.30	forth in this subdivision consistent with chapter 356A.

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27.1	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.07, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
27.2	Subd. 4b. Annual report. The report required under subdivision 4, clause (8), must
27.3	include an executive summary, must be prepared and filed after the completion of the
27.4	applicable fiscal year audit but no later than March 31 of each year, and must be prepared
27.5	so as to provide the legislature and the people of the state with:
27.6	(1) a clear, comprehensive summary of the portfolio composition, the transactions, the
27.7	total annual rate of return, and the yield to the state treasury and to each of the funds with
27.8	assets invested by the state board; and
27.9	(2) the recipients of business placed or commissions allocated among the various
27.10	commercial banks, investment bankers, money managers, and brokerage organizations and
27.11	the amount of these commissions or other fees.
27.12	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to
27.13	read:
27.14	Subd. 8. Contracts. Section 16C.05, subdivision 8, paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (5),
27.15	do not apply to contracts entered into by the State Board of Investment related to an
27.16	investment under this section.
27.17	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
27.18	Subd. 4. Procedure when data is not accurate or complete. (a) An individual subject
27.19	of the data may contest the accuracy or completeness of public or private data about
27.20	themselves.
27.21	(b) To exercise this right, an individual shall notify in writing the responsible authority
27.22	of the government entity that maintains the data, describing the nature of the disagreement.
27.23	(c) Upon receiving notification from the data subject, the responsible authority shall
27.24	within 30 days either:
27.25	(1) correct the data found to be inaccurate or incomplete and attempt to notify past
27.26	recipients of inaccurate or incomplete data, including recipients named by the individual;
27.27	or
27.28	(2) notify the individual that the responsible authority has determined the data to be
27.29	correct. If the challenged data are determined to be accurate or complete, the responsible

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authority shall inform the individual of the right to appeal the determination to the

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commissioner as specified under paragraph (d). Data in dispute shall be disclosed only if the individual's statement of disagreement is included with the disclosed data.

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- (d) A data subject may appeal the determination of the responsible authority pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to contested cases. An individual must submit an appeal to the commissioner within 60 days of the responsible authority's notice of the right to appeal or as otherwise provided by the rules of the commissioner. Upon receipt of an appeal by an individual, the commissioner shall, before issuing the order and notice of a contested case hearing required by chapter 14, try to resolve the dispute through education, conference, conciliation, or persuasion. If the parties consent, the commissioner may refer the matter to mediation. Following these efforts, the commissioner shall dismiss the appeal or issue the order and notice of hearing.
- (e) The commissioner may dismiss an appeal without first attempting to resolve the dispute or before issuing an order and notice of a contested case hearing if:
 - (1) the appeal to the commissioner is not timely;
- 28.15 (2) the appeal concerns data previously presented as evidence in a court proceeding in which the data subject was a party; or
- 28.17 (3) the individual making the appeal is not the subject of the data challenged as inaccurate or incomplete.
 - (f) A responsible authority may submit private data to the commissioner to respond to a data subject's appeal of the determination that data are accurate and complete. Section 13.03, subdivision 4, applies to data submitted by the responsible authority. Government data submitted to the commissioner by a government entity, copies of government data submitted by a data subject, or government data described by the data subject in their appeal have the same classification as the data when maintained by the government entity. The commissioner may disclose private data contained within the appeal record to the Office of Administrative Hearings.
 - (f) (g) Data on individuals that have been successfully challenged by an individual must be completed, corrected, or destroyed by a government entity without regard to the requirements of section 138.17.
 - (g) (h) After completing, correcting, or destroying successfully challenged data, a government entity may retain a copy of the commissioner of administration's order issued under chapter 14 or, if no order were issued, a summary of the dispute between the parties that does not contain any particulars of the successfully challenged data.

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(i) Data maintained by the commissioner that a responsible authority has completed, corrected, or destroyed as the result of the informal resolution process described in paragraph (d) or by order of the commissioner are private data on individuals.

Sec. 16. [13.357] DATA SHARING.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Public program" means any program funded by a state or federal agency that involves transfer or disbursement of public funds or other public resources. For purposes of the data sharing authority granted to the commissioner of revenue under subdivision 2, public program does not include refunds, payments, or other disbursements made by the commissioner of revenue in the administration of state revenue laws.
- (c) "Fraud" means an intentional or deliberate act to deprive another of property or money or to acquire property or money by deception or other unfair means. Fraud includes intentionally submitting false information to a federal, state, or local government entity for the purpose of obtaining a greater compensation or benefit than that to which the person is legally entitled. Fraud includes acts that constitute a crime against any program, or acts that attempt or conspire to commit those crimes, including but not limited to theft in violation of section 609.52, perjury in violation of section 609.48, and aggravated forgery and forgery in violation of sections 609.625 and 609.63, and substantially similar federal laws.
- Subd. 2. Authority to share data regarding fraud in public programs. Except where a provision of law specifically prohibits data sharing, any government entity may disclose data relating to suspected or confirmed fraud in public programs to any other government entity, federal agency, or law enforcement agency if the access would promote the protection of public resources, promote the integrity of public programs, or aid the law enforcement process.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 29.26
- Subdivision 1. Creation. A state Office Court of Administrative Hearings is created. 29.27
- 29.28 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Chief administrative law judge. (a) The office court shall be under the direction 29.29 of a chief administrative law judge who shall be learned in the law and appointed by the 29.30 governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term ending on June 30 of the 29.31

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sixth calendar year after appointment. Senate confirmation of the chief administrative law judge shall be as provided by section 15.066.

- (b) The chief administrative law judge may hear cases and, in accordance with chapter 43A, shall appoint a deputy chief judge and additional administrative law judges and compensation judges to serve in the <u>office court</u> as necessary to fulfill the duties of the <u>Office</u> Court of Administrative Hearings.
- (c) The chief administrative law judge may delegate to a subordinate employee the exercise of a specified statutory power or duty as deemed advisable, subject to the control of the chief administrative law judge. Every delegation must be by written order filed with the secretary of state. The chief administrative law judge is subject to the provisions of the Minnesota Constitution, article VI, section 6, the jurisdiction of the Board on Judicial Standards, and the provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct.
- (d) If a vacancy in the position of chief administrative law judge occurs, an acting or temporary chief administrative law judge must be named as follows:
- (1) at the end of the term of a chief administrative law judge, the incumbent chief administrative law judge may, at the discretion of the appointing authority, serve as acting chief administrative law judge until a successor is appointed; and
- (2) if at the end of a term of a chief administrative law judge the incumbent chief administrative law judge is not designated as acting chief administrative law judge, or if a vacancy occurs in the position of chief administrative law judge, the deputy chief judge shall immediately become temporary chief administrative law judge without further official action.
- (e) The appointing authority of the chief administrative law judge may appoint a person other than the deputy chief judge to serve as temporary chief administrative law judge and may replace any other acting or temporary chief administrative law judge designated pursuant to paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2).
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Writing required.** Every decision and order rendered by an agency in a contested case shall be in writing, shall be based on the record and shall include the agency's findings of fact and conclusions on all material issues. A decision or order that rejects or modifies a finding of fact, conclusion, or recommendation contained in the report of the administrative law judge required under sections 14.48 to 14.56, or requests remand under subdivision 2b, must include the reasons for each rejection or modification, or request for

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<u>remand</u>. A copy of the decision and order shall be served upon each party or the party's representative and the administrative law judge by first class mail.

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Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Administrative law judge decision final; exception. Unless otherwise provided by law, the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case unless the agency modifies or rejects it under, rejects, or requests remand pursuant to subdivision 1 within 90 days after the record of the proceeding closes under section 14.61. When the agency fails to act within 90 days on a licensing case, the agency must return the record of the proceeding to the administrative law judge for consideration of disciplinary action. In all contested cases where the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case, the administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and an order within 90 days after the hearing record closes under section 14.61. Upon a showing of good cause by a party or the agency, the chief administrative law judge may order a reasonable extension of either of the two 90-day deadlines specified in this subdivision. The 90-day deadline will be tolled while the chief administrative law judge considers a request for reasonable extension so long as the request was filed and served within the applicable 90-day period.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2b. Agency request for remand. (a) An agency may request remand of a finding of fact, conclusion of law, or recommendation within 45 days following the close of the hearing record under section 14.61. Upon a showing of good cause by the agency, the chief administrative law judge may consider a request for remand received after the deadline specified in this provision.
 - (b) The requesting agency must state with specificity the reasons the agency is requesting remand. If the agency requests remand for additional fact finding, the agency must state with specificity that it is requesting remand for further fact finding, identify the issues for which further fact finding is needed, and explain why further fact finding is necessary to facilitate a fair and just final decision.
- 31.30 (c) The chief administrative law judge, or their designee, must accept a request for remand within ten business days if:
 - (1) the agency rejects a recommendation to grant summary disposition;

(2) a party who had procedurally defaulted during the administrative proceeding	ngs seeks
to participate; or	
(3) following remand from the Minnesota Court of Appeals or Minnesota Su	preme
Court, or identification of a mathematical or clerical error, the agency identifies	a need for
additional proceedings before the Court of Administrative Hearings.	
(d) The chief administrative law judge, or their designee, may accept a request for	or remand
within ten business days for other reasons as justice requires and consistent with	section
<u>14.001.</u>	
(e) When a request for remand is accepted by the chief administrative law judge	ge or their
designee, the chief administrative law judge or their designee must assign an admi	inistrative
law judge to conduct further proceedings under this chapter on the issues accepted	ed for
remand.	
Sec. 22. [15.013] PROGRAM PAYMENTS WITHHELD; FRAUD.	
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following ter	ms have
the meanings given.	
(b) "Entity" means any corporation, partnership, proprietorship, firm, enterprise,	franchise,
association, organization, or any other legal entity that engages in either nonprof	<u>it or</u>
profit-making activities.	
(c) "Evidence" means credible evidence obtained from an internal agency inve	estigation
audits, court records, law enforcement investigations, or investigations by other	state or
federal agencies.	
(d) "Fraud" means an intentional or deliberate act to deprive another of prope	erty or
money or to acquire property or money by deception. Fraud includes knowingly s	ubmitting
false information to a federal, state, or local government entity for the purpose of	obtaining
a greater compensation or benefit than the person is legally entitled. Fraud also i	ncludes
acts that constitute a crime against any program, or the attempts or plans to com	mit those
crimes, including but not limited to theft in violation of section 609.52, perjury in	violation
of section 609.48, and aggravated forgery and forgery in violation of sections 60	9.625 and
609.63, and substantially similar federal laws.	
(e) "Individual" means a natural person.	
(f) "Program" means any program funded by a state or federal agency that in	volves the

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(g) "Program participant" means an entity, or an individual on behalf of an entity, that
receives, disburses, or has custody of funds or other resources transferred or disbursed under
a program.

- (h) "Agency" has the meaning given in section 16B.01, subdivision 2, and includes the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.
- Subd. 2. Administrative withholding of payments. (a) The head of an agency may withhold payments to a program participant in a program administered by that agency for a period not to exceed 60 days if the agency head determines that a preponderance of the evidence shows that the program participant has committed fraud to obtain payments under the program.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 3, the agency head must notify the program participant 33.11 of the decision to withhold payments at least 24 hours before withholding a payment. The 33.12 notice must: 33.13
- (1) state that payments will be withheld in accordance with this section; 33.14
- (2) state the date the administrative withholding of payments is effective; 33.15
- (3) state the reasons for withholding payments, excluding specific information that may 33.16 jeopardize an active investigation; 33.17
- (4) state the date the administrative withholding period terminates; 33.18
- (5) inform the program participant of the right to submit written evidence for 33.19 consideration by the agency head; and 33.20
- (6) inform the program participant of their rights under chapter 14 to appeal the decision 33.21 to withhold payment. 33.22
- (c) Following notice and to the extent practicable, the agency must ensure that any person 33.23 33.24 whose public funds are interrupted and who is not implicated in the suspected fraud receives notice of their rights related to continued receipt of the public funds, services, or programs 33.25 for which they are eligible. The agency head must provide a point of contact for the impacted 33.26 33.27 persons.
- (d) A program participant may appeal an agency head's decision under this subdivision 33.28 by initiating a contested case proceeding under chapter 14 or by petitioning the court for 33.29 relief, including injunctive relief. 33.30
- (e) This subdivision does not apply if an agency is precluded from withholding payments 33.31 to a program participant by federal law or obligations under a contract. 33.32

34.1	Subd. 3. Data classification and access. (a) During the administrative payment
34.2	withholding period under subdivision 2, data relating to evidence of fraud are classified as:
34.3	(1) confidential data on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3; or (2) protected
34.4	nonpublic data pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 13, in the case of data not on
34.5	individuals.
34.6	(b) All data relating to evidence of fraud become public at the termination of the
34.7	withholding period unless classified as not public data under state or federal law. The identity
34.8	of a complainant is private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
34.9	(c) An agency may disclose data classified as confidential or protected nonpublic under
34.10	this section to a federal, state, or local government agency or a law enforcement agency if
34.11	the agency determines that access will help prevent fraud against public programs or aid
34.12	the law enforcement process.
34.13	Subd. 4. Court order. The head of an agency may petition the court for a temporary
34.14	order pursuant to Rule 65 of the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure to withhold payments
34.15	to a program participant in a program administered by that agency if the agency head
34.16	determines that a preponderance of the evidence shows that the program participant has
34.17	committed fraud to obtain payments under the program.
34.18	Subd. 5. Report. (a) An agency that has withheld a payment under this section must
34.19	report the following to the commissioner of management and budget by March 1, 2026:
34.20	(1) the number of program participants from whom payments have been withheld;
34.21	(2) a description of the reason the payments were withheld from the program participant;
34.22	(3) the dollar amount of payments withheld;
34.23	(4) the identification of the program;
34.24	(5) whether the payments withheld were state or federal funds; and
34.25	(6) whether the withholding of payment was challenged by a program participant and
34.26	the outcome of the challenge.
34.27	(b) The commissioner of management and budget must compile the reports from the
34.28	agencies under paragraph (a) and submit the compiled report to the chairs and ranking
34.29	minority members of the committees in the house of representative and the senate with
34.30	jurisdiction over state government, judiciary, health and human services, and education by
34.31	March 15, 2026.
34.32	Subd. 6. Sunset. This section expires July 1, 2027.

35.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is	effective the	day following	g final enactment.

Sec. 23. [15.0	0573] REPORTING	ALLEGED M	1ISUSE OF PU	BLIC RESOUR	CES
OR DATA.					

The commissioner or chief executive officer of each state department, board, commission, office, or other agency must ensure that employee and nonemployee concerns about the misuse of public money, other public resources, or government data are promptly directed to one or more of the obligated officers identified in section 3.971, subdivision 9, or the Office of the Legislative Auditor. The commissioner of management and budget must develop a policy to operationalize and standardize the process under this section across state agencies.

Sec. 24. [15.0574] ORGANIZATIONAL CHARTS POSTED.

Each state agency must clearly post on the agency's website a current organizational chart that includes the name and contact information for the agency head, all deputy and assistant agency heads, and the head of each division or bureau within the agency.

35.15 Sec. 25. [15.442] LOCAL NEWS ORGANIZATION ADVERTISING BY STATE

35.16 AGENCIES.

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- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Advertising" means paid communication transmitted via newspaper, magazine,
 radio, television, social media, Internet, or other electronic means to make any person aware
 of information relevant to an agency or a program or public awareness campaign operated
 by an agency.
- (c) "Agency" means any board, commission, authority, department, entity, or organization
 of the executive branch of state government. Agency does not include the Minnesota State
 Colleges and Universities or the Minnesota Zoo.
- 35.26 (d) "Local news organization" means a print, digital, or hybrid publication, or a broadcast television or radio station, that:
- 35.28 (1) primarily serves the needs of the state of Minnesota or a regional, local, or ethnic community within Minnesota;
- 35.30 (2) primarily has content derived from primary sources relating to news, information, 35.31 entertainment, and current events;

36.1	(3) employs at least one journalist who resides in Minnesota and who regularly gathers,
36.2	collects, photographs, records, writes, or reports news or information that concerns local
36.3	events or other matters of local public interest;
36.4	(4) has a known Minnesota-based office of publication or broadcast station where business
36.5	is transacted during usual business hours with a local telephone number and must list contact
36.6	information in each updated publication or on their website; and
36.7	(5) has not received more than 10 percent of its gross receipts for the previous year from
36.8	political action committees or other entities described in section 527 of the Internal Revenue
36.9	Code, or from an organization that maintains section 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), or 501(c)(6)
36.10	status under the Internal Revenue Code.
36.11	Subd. 2. Transparency. By February 1, 2026, and each year thereafter, all agencies
36.12	must publish the following information on their website for the previous fiscal year:
36.13	(1) the total advertising spending by the agency; and
36.14	(2) the total percentage of advertising spending in local news organizations, including
36.15	a breakdown of the total percentage of advertising spending in local newspapers, radio, and
36.16	television.
36.17	Subd. 3. Expiration. This section expires February 2, 2031.
36.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025.
36.19	Sec. 26. [15.761] SAVI PROGRAM.
36.20	Subdivision 1. Program established. The state agency value initiative (SAVI) program
36.21	is established to encourage state agencies to identify cost-effective and efficiency measures
36.22	in agency programs and operations that result in cost savings for the state. All state agencies,
36.23	including Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, may participate in this program.
36.24	Subd. 2. Retained savings. (a) In order to encourage innovation and creative cost savings
36.25	by state employees, upon approval of the commissioner of management and budget, 50
36.26	percent of any appropriations for agency operations that remain unspent at the end of a
36.27	biennium because of unanticipated innovation, efficiencies, or creative cost-savings may
36.28	be carried forward and retained by the agency to fund specific agency proposals or projects.
36.29	Agencies choosing to spend retained savings funds must ensure that project expenditures
36.30	do not create future obligations beyond the amounts available from the retained savings.
36.31	The retained savings must be used only to fund projects that directly support the agency's

mission. This section does not restrict authority granted by other law to carry forward money 37.1 for a different period or for different purposes. 37.2 37.3 (b) This section supersedes any contrary provision of section 16A.28. 37.4 Subd. 3. Special peer review panel; review process. (a) Each participating agency 37.5 must organize a peer review panel that will determine which proposal or project receives funding from the SAVI program. The peer review panel must be comprised of department 37.6 employees who are credited with cost-savings initiatives and department managers. The 37.7 ratio between managers and department employees must be balanced. 37.8 (b) An agency may spend money for a project recommended for funding by the peer 37.9 review panel after: 37.10 (1) the agency has posted notice of spending for the proposed project on the agency 37.11 website for at least 30 days; and 37.12 (2) the commissioner of management and budget has approved spending money from 37.13 the SAVI account for the project. 37.14 (c) Before approving a project, the commissioner of management and budget must submit 37.15 the request to the Legislative Advisory Commission for its review and recommendation. 37.16 Upon receiving a request from the commissioner, the Legislative Advisory Commission 37.17 shall post notice of the request on a legislative website for at least 30 days. Failure of the 37.18 commission to make a recommendation within this 30-day period is considered a negative 37.19 recommendation. A recommendation of the commission must be made at a meeting of the 37.20 commission unless a written recommendation is signed by all members entitled to vote on 37.21 the item. 37.22 Subd. 4. **SAVI-dedicated account.** Each agency that participates in the SAVI program 37.23 37.24 shall have a SAVI-dedicated account in the special revenue fund, or other appropriate fund 37.25 as determined by the commissioner of management and budget, into which the agency's savings are deposited. The agency will manage and review projects that are funded from 37.26 this account. Money in the account is appropriated to the participating agency for purposes 37.27 authorized by this section. 37.28 Subd. 5. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2030. 37.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 30, 2025, and first applies to funds 37.30 to be carried forward from the biennium ending June 30, 2025, to the biennium beginning 37.31 July 1, 2025. 37.32

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 15A.082, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. **Submission of recommendations and determination.** (a) By April September 1 in each odd-numbered even-numbered year, the Compensation Council shall submit to the speaker of the house and the president of the senate salary recommendations for justices of the supreme court, and judges of the court of appeals and district court. The recommended salaries take effect on July 1 of that the next year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council recommends thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. The salary recommendations take effect if an appropriation of money to pay the recommended salaries is enacted after the recommendations are submitted and before their effective date. Recommendations may be expressly modified or rejected.
- (b) By April 1 in each odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council must prescribe salaries for constitutional officers, and for the agency and metropolitan agency heads identified in section 15A.0815. The prescribed salary for each office must take effect July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council determines thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. An appropriation by the legislature to fund the relevant office, branch, or agency of an amount sufficient to pay the salaries prescribed by the council constitutes a prescription by law as provided in the Minnesota Constitution, article V, sections 4 and 5.
- (c) By April 1 in each odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council must prescribe daily compensation for voting members of the Direct Care and Treatment executive board. The recommended daily compensation takes effect on July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council recommends thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 15A.082, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **No ex parte communications.** Members may not have any communication with a constitutional officer, a head of a state agency, a member of the judiciary, or a member of the Direct Care and Treatment executive board during the period after the first meeting is convened under this section and the date the prescribed and recommended salaries and daily compensation are submitted under subdivision 3. This subdivision does not apply to testimony provided to the council in the course of an official council meeting or to other communications when a majority of the members are present. This subdivision does not preclude a member who is an attorney from communicating with an agency head, judge, or justice as necessary to represent a client.

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Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.057, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. **Monitoring Office of the Legislative Auditor audits.** (a) The commissioner must review audit reports from the Office of the Legislative Auditor and take appropriate steps to address internal control problems found in executive agencies.
- (b) The commissioner must submit a report to the legislative auditor no later than

 September 1 of each year detailing the implementation status of all recommendations

 identified in an auditor's financial audit, program evaluation, or special review during the

 prior five years. The report must include a specific itemization of recommendations that

 have not been implemented during that period, along with the basis for that decision.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.103, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Forecast parameters.** The forecast must assume the continuation of current laws and reasonable estimates of projected growth in the national and state economies and affected populations. Revenue must be estimated for all sources provided for in current law. Expenditures must be estimated for all obligations imposed by law and those projected to occur as a result of inflation and variables outside the control of the legislature. Expenditure estimates related to the amount of state bonding must not include any assumptions of future authorizations of state general obligation bonds.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.152, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Report on budget reserve percentage.** (a) The commissioner of management and budget shall develop and annually review a methodology for evaluating the adequacy of the budget reserve based on the volatility of Minnesota's general fund tax structure. The review must take into consideration relevant statistical and economic literature. After completing the review, the commissioner may revise the methodology if necessary. The commissioner must use the methodology to annually estimate the percentage of the current biennium's general fund nondedicated revenues recommended as a budget reserve.
- (b) By September October 30 of each year, the commissioner shall report the percentage of the current biennium's general fund nondedicated revenue that is recommended as a budget reserve to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Committee on Finance, the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means, and the senate and house of representatives Committees on Taxes. The report must also specify:
- (1) whether the commissioner revised the recommendation as a result of significant changes in the mix of general fund taxes or the base of one or more general fund taxes;

- (2) whether the commissioner revised the recommendation as a result of a revision to the methodology; and
 - (3) any additional appropriate information.

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- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Lapse.** Any portion of any appropriation not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a fiscal year lapses to the fund from which it was originally appropriated. Except as provided in section 15.761, any appropriation amounts not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a biennium lapse to the fund from which the appropriation was made.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2025.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Federal Assistive Technology Act.** (a) The Department of Administration is designated as the lead agency to carry out all the responsibilities under the <u>21st Century</u>

 40.14 Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263.

 40.15 The Minnesota Assistive Technology Advisory Council is established to fulfill the responsibilities required by the <u>21st Century Assistive Technology Act</u>, as provided by

 40.17 Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263. Because the existence of this council is required
- by federal law, this council does not expire.
 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the governor shall appoint the membership of
 - the council as required by the <u>21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998</u>, as provided by Public Law <u>108-364</u>, as amended <u>117-263</u>. After the governor has completed the appointments required by this subdivision, the commissioner of administration, or the commissioner's designee, shall convene the first meeting of the council following the appointments. Members shall serve two-year terms commencing July 1 of each odd-numbered year, and receive the compensation specified by the <u>21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998</u>, as provided by Public Law <u>108-364</u>, as amended <u>117-263</u>. The members of the council shall select their chair at the first meeting following their appointment.
 - (c) After consulting with the appropriate commissioner, the commissioner of administration shall appoint a representative from:
- 40.30 (1) State Services for the Blind who has assistive technology expertise;
- 40.31 (2) vocational rehabilitation services who has assistive technology expertise;

- 41.1 (3) the Workforce Development Board; and
 - (4) the Department of Education who has assistive technology expertise-; and
- 41.3 (5) the Board on Aging.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.335, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Other projects. All other capital projects for which a specific appropriation is
- made, including projects that are exempt under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must not
- 41.7 proceed until the recipient undertaking the project has notified the chairs and ranking minority
- 41.8 members of the senate Capital Investment and Finance Committees and the house of
- representatives Capital Investment and Ways and Means Committees that the work is ready
- 41.10 to begin. Notice is not required for:
- 41.11 (1) capital projects needed to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act;
- 41.12 (2) asset preservation projects to which section 16B.307 applies;
- 41.13 (3) projects funded by an agency's operating budget; or
- 41.14 (4) projects funded by a capital asset preservation and replacement account under section
- 41.15 16A.632, a higher education asset preservation and replacement account under section
- 41.16 135A.046, or a natural resources asset preservation and replacement account under section
- 41.17 84.946.
- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.48, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Reimbursements.** (a) Except as specifically provided otherwise by law, each
- 41.20 agency shall reimburse the general services revolving funds for the cost of all services,
- 41.21 supplies, materials, labor, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead
- costs, which the commissioner is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The cost of
- all publications or other materials produced by the commissioner and financed from the
- 41.24 general services revolving fund must include reasonable overhead costs.
- 41.25 (b) The commissioner of administration shall report the rates to be charged for the general
- services revolving funds no later than July 1 September 15 each year to the chair of the
- 41.27 committee or division in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction
- over the budget of the Department of Administration.
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall make appropriate transfers to
- 41.30 the revolving funds described in this section when requested by the commissioner of
- 41.31 administration. The commissioner of administration may make allotments, encumbrances,

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and, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, disbursements in anticipation of such transfers. In addition, the commissioner of administration, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may require an agency to make advance payments to the revolving funds in this section sufficient to cover the agency's estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days.

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- (d) All reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner of administration under this section must be deposited in the appropriate revolving fund. Any earnings remaining in the fund established to account for the documents service prescribed by section 16B.51 at the end of each fiscal year not otherwise needed for present or future operations, as determined by the commissioners of administration and management and budget, must be transferred to the general fund.
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Vehicles.** (a) The commissioner may direct an agency to make a transfer of a passenger motor vehicle or truck currently assigned to it. The transfer must be made to the commissioner for use in the enterprise fleet. The commissioner shall reimburse an agency whose motor vehicles have been paid for with funds dedicated by the constitution for a special purpose and which are assigned to the enterprise fleet. The amount of reimbursement for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
 - (b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the enterprise fleet. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the enterprise fleet is in the name of the Department of Administration.
 - (c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the enterprise fleet any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
 - (d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without marking by:

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43.1	(1) the governor;
43.2	(2) the lieutenant governor;
43.3	(3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling
43.4	Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of
43.5	Public Safety;
43.6	(4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of
43.7	Commerce;
43.8	(5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health;
43.9	(6) the State Lottery;
43.10	(7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue;
43.11	(8) state-owned community service facilities in Direct Care and Treatment;
43.12	(9) the Office of the Attorney General;
43.13	(10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board; and
43.14	(11) the Department of Corrections inmate community work crew program under section
43.15	352.91, subdivision 3g .; and
43.16	(12) the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care.
43.17	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.97, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
43.18	Subdivision 1. Grant agreement Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the
43.19	following terms have the meanings given:
43.20	A grant agreement is (1) "grant agreement" means a written instrument or electronic
43.21	document defining a legal relationship between a granting agency and a grantee when the
43.22	principal purpose of the relationship is to transfer cash or something of value to the recipient
43.23	to support a public purpose authorized by law instead of acquiring by professional or technical
43.24	contract, purchase, lease, or barter property or services for the direct benefit or use of the
43.25	granting agency-; and
43.26	(2) "grantee" means a potential or current recipient of a state-issued grant.
43.27	(b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695

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and, capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or capital

project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642, all of which are subject to the policies

44.1	and procedures adopted by the commissioner of management and budget and other
44.2	requirements specified in applicable law.
44.3	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. Limitation. (a) As a condition of receiving a grant from an appropriation of state funds, the recipient of the grant must agree to minimize that administrative costs must be necessary and reasonable. The granting agency is responsible for negotiating appropriate limits to these costs so that the state derives the optimum benefit for grant

funding.

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- (b) This section does not apply to general obligation grants as defined by section 16A.695 and also capital project grants to political subdivisions as defined by section 16A.86, or capital project grants otherwise subject to section 16A.642.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.98, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 44.12
 - Subd. 4. Reporting of violations. A state employee who discovers evidence of violation of laws or rules governing grants is encouraged to must promptly report the violation or suspected violation to the employee's supervisor or manager, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, or the legislative auditor. If the state employee notifies the employee's supervisor or manager, or the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, then the supervisor, manager, commissioner, or commissioner's designee must notify the legislative auditor. The legislative auditor shall report to the Legislative Audit Commission if there are multiple complaints about the same agency. The auditor's report to the Legislative Audit Commission under this section must disclose only the number and type of violations alleged. An employee making a good faith report under this section has the protections provided for under section 181.932, prohibiting the employer from discriminating against the employee.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.98, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 44.26 Subd. 5. Creation and validity of grant agreements. (a) A grant agreement and amendments are not valid and do not bind unless: 44.27
- (1) the grant agreement and amendments have been executed by the head of the agency 44.28 or a delegate who is party to the grant; 44.29
- (2) the grant agreement and amendments have been approved by the commissioner; 44.30

45.1 45.2 45.3 45.4 45.5 45.6	(3) the accounting system accordance with policy appro- 11; and (4) the grant agreement an section 16C.05, subdivision 2, agency. (b) The combined grant ag specific, written approval by the	ved by the commiss d amendments incluor 16B.98, subdivision	ioner except as provid	led in subdivision at references either
45.3 45.4 45.5	11; and (4) the grant agreement an section 16C.05, subdivision 2, agency. (b) The combined grant ag	d amendments inclu or 16B.98, subdivisi	de an effective date th	at references either
45.4 45.5	(4) the grant agreement an section 16C.05, subdivision 2, agency.(b) The combined grant ag	or 16B.98, subdivisi		
45.5	section 16C.05, subdivision 2, agency. (b) The combined grant ag	or 16B.98, subdivisi		
	agency. (b) The combined grant ag		ons 5 and 7, as determi	ned by the granting
45.6	(b) The combined grant ag	reement and amenda		
	. ,	reement and amenda		
45.7	specific, written approval by t		nents must not exceed	l five years without
45.8	specific, without approvaries	he commissioner acc	cording to established	policy, procedures,
45.9	and standards, or unless the c	ommissioner determ	ines that a longer dura	ation is in the best
45.10	interest of the state.			
45.11	(c) A fully executed copy of	of the grant agreemer	nt with all amendments	and other required
45.12	records relating to the grant n	nust be kept on file a	t the granting agency	for a time equal to
45.13	that required of grantees in su	bdivision 8.		
45.14	(d) Grant agreements mus	t comply with polici	es established by the	commissioner for
45.15	minimum grant agreement sta	andards and practices	s. As determined by the	ne commissioner,
45.16	grant agreements must require	the grantee to clearl	y post on the grantee's	website the names
45.17	of, and contact information for	or, the organization's	leadership and the en	ployee or other
45.18	person who directly manages	and oversees the gra	ant for the grantee.	
45.19	(e) The attorney general m	nay periodically revious	ew and evaluate a sam	ple of state agency
45.20	grants to ensure compliance v	vith applicable laws.		
45.21	(f) If funding is canceled, v	vithdrawn, or termina	ated, an agency may, at	its option, suspend
45.22	its performance until funding	is restored. Nothing	in this paragraph rele	ases the state from
45.23	its obligations during a period	l of suspension.		
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45.24	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes	2024, section 16B.9	8, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
45.25	read:			
45.26	Subd. 6a. Grants manage	ement training. All	state agency staff assi	gned grant
45.27	management responsibilities	must complete initia	l grants management	training before
45.28	assuming grants management	job duties and must	complete continuing g	grants management
45.29	training on an annual basis.			

steps in subdivision 2 and pursuant to sections 16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991, the agency 45.32

Article 2 Sec. 42.

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Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.981, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Agency authority to not award grant. (a) If, while performing the required

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requires additional information to determine whether there is a substantial risk that the potential grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties of the grant agreement, the agency must give the grantee 30 business 15 calendar days within which the grantee can respond to the agency for the purpose of satisfying the agency's concerns or work with the agency to develop a plan to satisfy the concerns.

- (b) If, after performing the required steps in subdivision 2 and pursuant to sections 16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991, and after reviewing any additional requested information from the grantee, the agency still has concerns that there is a substantial risk that a potential grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must either create a plan to satisfy remaining concerns with the grantee or must not award the grant.
- (c) If, pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b), the agency does not award a competitive, single-source, or sole-source grant, the agency must provide notification to the grantee and the commissioner of administration of the determination. The notification to the grantee must include the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the grant, including information sufficient to explain and support the agency's decision, and notify the applicant of the process for contesting the agency's decision with the agency and the applicant's options under paragraph (d). If the applicant contests the agency's decision no later than 15 business days after receiving the notice, the agency must consider any additional written information submitted by the grantee. The agency has 15 business days to consider this information, during which the agency may reverse or modify the agency's initial decision to postpone or forgo the grant.
- (d) The final decision by an agency under paragraph (c) may be challenged as a contested case under chapter 14. The contested case proceeding must be initiated within 30 business calendar days of the date of written notification of a final decision by the agency.
- (e) If, pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b), the agency does not award a legislatively named grant, the agency must delay award of the grant until adjournment of the next regular or special legislative session for action from the legislature. The agency must provide notification to the potential grantee, the commissioner of administration, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the Ways and Means Committee in the house of representatives and the chairs and ranking minority members of the Finance Committee in the senate. The notification to the grantee must include the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the grant, including information sufficient to explain and support the agency's decision and notify the applicant of the process for contesting the agency's decision under paragraph (d). If the applicant contests the agency's decision no later than 15 business days after receiving

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the notice, the agency must consider any additional written information submitted by the grantee. The agency has 15 business days to consider this information, during which the agency may reverse or modify the agency's initial decision to postpone or forgo the grant. The notification to the commissioner of administration and legislators must identify the legislatively named potential grantee and the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the grant. After hearing the concerns of the agency, the legislature may reaffirm the award of the grant or reappropriate the funds to a different legislatively named grantee. Based on the action of the legislature, the agency must award the grant to the legislatively named grantee. If the legislature does not provide direction to the agency on the disposition of the grant, the funds revert to the original appropriation source.

- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.991, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Authority.** A grant agreement must by its terms permit the commissioner to unilaterally terminate the grant agreement prior to completion if the commissioner determines that further performance under the grant agreement would not serve agency purposes or performance under the grant agreement is not in the best interests of the state.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Creation and validity of contracts.** (a) A contract and amendments are not valid and the state is not bound by them and no agency, without the prior written approval of the commissioner granted pursuant to subdivision 2a, may authorize work to begin on them unless:
- 47.21 (1) they have first been executed by the head of the agency or a delegate who is a party
 47.22 to the contract;
- 47.23 (2) they have been approved by the commissioner; and
 - (3) the accounting system shows an encumbrance for the amount of the contract liability, except as allowed by policy approved by the commissioner and commissioner of management and budget for routine, low-dollar procurements and section 16B.98, subdivision 11.
 - (b) Grants, interagency agreements, purchase orders, work orders, and annual plans need not, in the discretion of the commissioner and attorney general, require the signature of the commissioner and/or the attorney general. A signature is not required for work orders and amendments to work orders related to Department of Transportation contracts. Bond purchase agreements by the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority do not require the approval of the commissioner.

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(c) Amendments to contracts must entail tasks that are substantially similar to those in
the original contract or involve tasks that are so closely related to the original contract that
it would be impracticable for a different contractor to perform the work. The commissioner
or an agency official to whom the commissioner has delegated contracting authority under
section 16C.03, subdivision 16, must determine that an amendment would serve the interest
of the state better than a new contract and would cost no more.

- (d) A record must be kept of all responses to solicitations, including names of bidders and amounts of bids or proposals. A fully executed copy of every contract, amendments to the contract, and performance evaluations relating to the contract must be kept on file at the contracting agency for a time equal to that specified for contract vendors and other parties in subdivision 5. These records are open to public inspection, subject to section 13.591 and other applicable law.
- (e) The attorney general must periodically review and evaluate a sample of state agency contracts to ensure compliance with laws.
- (f) Before executing a contract or license agreement involving intellectual property developed or acquired by the state, a state agency shall seek review and comment from the attorney general on the terms and conditions of the contract or agreement.
- 48.18 (g) If funding is canceled, withdrawn, or terminated, an agency may, at its option, suspend
 48.19 its performance until funding is restored. Nothing in this paragraph releases the state from
 48.20 its obligations during a period of suspension.
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 48.23 Subd. 8. Unenforceable terms. (a) A contract entered into by the state shall not contain a term that:
- 48.25 (1) requires the state to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless another person or entity,
 48.26 unless specifically authorized by statute;
- 48.27 (2) binds a party by terms and conditions that may be unilaterally changed by the other party;
- 48.29 (3) requires mandatory arbitration;
- 48.30 (4) attempts to extend arbitration obligations to disputes unrelated to the original contract;
- (5) construes the contract in accordance with the laws of a state other than Minnesota;

49.1	(6) obligates state funds in subsequent fiscal years in the form of automatic renewal as
49.2	defined in section 325G.56; or
49.3	(7) is inconsistent with chapter 13, the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.
49.4	(b) If a contract is entered into that contains a term prohibited in paragraph (a), that term
49.5	shall be void and the contract is enforceable as if it did not contain that term.
49.6	(c) The commissioner shall post a copy of this section on the department's website.
49.7	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.137, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
49.8	Subd. 2. Report Evaluation. (a) The commissioner of administration, in collaboration
49.9	with the commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, the Departments of Agriculture,
49.10	Commerce, Natural Resources, and Transportation, and other state departments, must
49.11	evaluate the goals and directives established in this section and report include their findings
49.12	to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by February 1 of each
49.13	odd-numbered year in the public dashboard under section 16B.372. In the report public
49.14	dashboard, the commissioner must make recommendations for new or adjusted goals,
49.15	directives, or legislative initiatives, in light of the progress the state has made implementing
49.16	this section and the availability of new or improved technologies.
49.17	(b) The Department of Administration shall implement a fleet reporting and information
49.18	management system. Each department will use this management system to demonstrate its
49.19	progress in complying with this section.
49.20	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
49.21	Subd. 2. Small business. The commissioner shall adopt the size standards for "small
49.22	business" found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 26.65, a small business
49.23	for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, 137.31, 137.35, 161.321, and 473.142, provided
49.24	that the business has its principal place of business in Minnesota. The commissioner may
49.25	use the definition for "small business" in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section
49.26	26.65, or may adopt another standard.
49.27	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
49.28	Subd. 6. Purchasing methods. (a) The commissioner may award up to a 12 percent
49.29	preference for specified goods or services to small targeted group businesses.
49.30	(b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly

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to a small business or small targeted group business without going through a competitive

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solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.

- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to small businesses or small targeted group businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses or small targeted group businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small businesses or small targeted group businesses. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses or small targeted group businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of small business or small targeted group business subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses or small targeted group businesses.
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6a. **Veteran-owned small businesses.** (a) Except when mandated by the federal government as a condition of receiving federal funds, the commissioner shall award up to a 12 percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated by veterans.
- (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a veteran-owned small business without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.
- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a veteran-owned small business if the commissioner determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a veteran-owned small business. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified veteran-owned small businesses are not reasonably available.

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- (e) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
- 51.10 (f) Before the commissioner certifies that a small business is majority-owned and operated by a veteran, the commissioner of veterans affairs must verify that the owner of the small 51.11 business is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447. 51.12
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 51.13
 - Subd. 7. Economically disadvantaged areas. (a) The commissioner may award up to a 12 percent preference on state procurement to small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.
 - (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.
 - (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are likely to respond to a solicitation.
 - (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors that are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The

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subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.

- (e) A business is located in an economically disadvantaged area if:
- (1) the owner resides in or the business is located in a county in which the median income for married couples is less than 70 percent of the state median income for married couples;
- 52.6 (2) the owner resides in or the business is located in an area designated a labor surplus 52.7 area by the United States Department of Labor; or
- 52.8 (3) the business is a certified rehabilitation facility or extended employment provider as 52.9 described in chapter 268A.
 - (f) The commissioner may designate one or more areas designated as targeted neighborhoods under section 469.202 or as border city enterprise zones under section 469.166 as economically disadvantaged areas for purposes of this subdivision if the commissioner determines that this designation would further the purposes of this section. If the owner of a small business resides or is employed in a designated area, the small business is eligible for any preference provided under this subdivision.
 - (g) The Department of Revenue shall gather data necessary to make the determinations required by paragraph (e), clause (1), and shall annually certify counties that qualify under paragraph (e), clause (1). An area designated a labor surplus area retains that status for 120 days after certified small businesses in the area are notified of the termination of the designation by the United States Department of Labor.
 - Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) When a debt is determined by a state agency to be uncollectible, the debt may be written off by the state agency from the state agency's financial accounting records and no longer recognized as an account receivable for financial reporting purposes. A debt is considered to be uncollectible when (1) all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted, (2) the cost of further collection action will exceed the amount recoverable, (3) the debt is legally without merit or cannot be substantiated by evidence, (4) the debtor cannot be located, (5) the available assets or income, current or anticipated, that may be available for payment of the debt are insufficient, (6) the debt has been discharged in bankruptcy, (7) the applicable statute of limitations for collection of the debt has expired, or (8) it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the debt.
 - (b) Uncollectible debt must be reported by the state agency as part of its quarterly reports to the commissioner of management and budget. The basis for the determination of the

to pay the debt.

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- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Retired employees.** (a) A person may elect to purchase at personal expense individual and dependent hospital, medical, and dental coverages if the person is:
- 53.16 (1) a retired employee of the state or an organization listed in subdivision 2 or section 53.17 43A.24, subdivision 2, who, at separation of service:
 - (i) is immediately eligible to receive a retirement benefit under chapter 354B or an annuity under a retirement program sponsored by the state or such organization of the state;
- 53.20 (ii) immediately meets the age and service requirements in section 352.115, subdivision 53.21 1; and
- 53.22 (iii) has five years of service or meets the service requirement of the collective bargaining 53.23 agreement or plan, whichever is greater; or
- 53.24 (2) a retired employee of the state who is at least 50 years of age and has at least 15 years of state service.
 - (b) The commissioner shall offer at least one plan which is actuarially equivalent to those made available through collective bargaining agreements or plans established under section 43A.18 to employees in positions equivalent to that from which retired.
- (c) A spouse of a person eligible under paragraph (a) may purchase the coverage listed in this subdivision if the spouse was a dependent under the retired employee's coverage at the time of the retiree's death.

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(d) A spouse of a person eligible under paragraph (a) who is a dependent under the retired employee's coverage may purchase the coverage listed in this subdivision if the retired employee loses eligibility for coverage because the retired employee enrolls in medical assistance under chapter 256B and has a disability that meets the categorical eligibility requirements of the Supplemental Security Income program.

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- (d) (e) Coverages must be coordinated with relevant health insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program. Until the retired employee reaches age 65, the retired employee and dependents must be pooled in the same group as active employees for purposes of establishing premiums and coverage for hospital, medical, and dental insurance. Coverage for retired employees and their dependents may not discriminate on the basis of evidence of insurability or preexisting conditions unless identical conditions are imposed on active employees in the group that the employee left. Appointing authorities shall provide notice to employees no later than the effective date of their retirement of the right to exercise the option provided in this subdivision. The retired employee must notify the commissioner or designee of the commissioner within 30 days after the effective date of the retirement of intent to exercise this option.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 151.741, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 54.17
- Subd. 5. Insulin repayment account; annual transfer from health care access fund. (a) 54.18 54.19 The insulin repayment account is established in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Money in the account is appropriated each fiscal year to the commissioner of administration 54.20 to reimburse manufacturers for insulin dispensed under the insulin safety net program in 54.21 section 151.74, in accordance with section 151.74, subdivisions 3, paragraph (h), and 6, 54.22 paragraph (h), and to cover costs incurred by the commissioner in providing these 54.23 reimbursement payments. 54.24
 - (b) By June 30, 2025, and each June 30 thereafter, the commissioner of administration shall certify to the commissioner of management and budget the total amount expended in the prior fiscal year for:
 - (1) reimbursement to manufacturers for insulin dispensed under the insulin safety net program in section 151.74, in accordance with section 151.74, subdivisions 3, paragraph (h), and 6, paragraph (h); and
- (2) costs incurred by the commissioner of administration in providing the reimbursement 54.31 payments described in clause (1). 54.32

55.1	(c) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer from the health care
55.2	access fund to the special revenue fund insulin repayment account, beginning July 1, 2025,
55.3	and each July 1 thereafter, an amount equal to the amount to which the commissioner of
55.4	administration certified pursuant to paragraph (b).
55.5	Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.6	to read:
55.7	Subd. 3a. Fraud. "Fraud" means an intentional or deceptive act, or failure to act, to gain
55.8	an unlawful benefit.
55.9	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.10	to read:
55.11	Subd. 4a. Misuse. "Misuse" means the improper use of authority or position for personal
55.12	gain or to cause harm to others, including the improper use of public resources or programs
55.13	contrary to their intended purpose.
55.14	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.15	to read:
55.16	Subd. 5a. Personal gain. "Personal gain" means a benefit to a person; a person's spouse,
55.17	parent, child, or other legal dependent; or an in-law of the person or the person's child.
55.18	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.932, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
55.19	Subdivision 1. Prohibited action. An employer shall not discharge, discipline, penalize,
55.20	interfere with, threaten, restrain, coerce, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an
55.21	employee regarding the employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges
55.22	of employment because:
55.23	(1) the employee, or a person acting on behalf of an employee, in good faith, reports a
55.24	violation, suspected violation, or planned violation of any federal or state law or common
55.25	law or rule adopted pursuant to law to an employer or to any governmental body or law
55.26	enforcement official;
55.27	(2) the employee is requested by a public body or office to participate in an investigation,
55.28	hearing, inquiry;
55.29	(3) the employee refuses an employer's order to perform an action that the employee
55.30	has an objective basis in fact to believe violates any state or federal law or rule or regulation
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adopted pursuant to law, and the employee informs the employer that the order is being refused for that reason;

- (4) the employee, in good faith, reports a situation in which the quality of health care services provided by a health care facility, organization, or health care provider violates a standard established by federal or state law or a professionally recognized national clinical or ethical standard and potentially places the public at risk of harm;
- (5) a public employee communicates the findings of a scientific or technical study that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, including reports to a governmental body or law enforcement official; or
- (6) an employee in the classified service of state government a state employee communicates information that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, and that relates to state services, including the financing of state services programs, services, or financing, including but not limited to fraud or misuse within state programs, services, or financing, to:
- (i) a legislator or the legislative auditor; or 56.15
- (ii) a constitutional officer.; 56.16
- (iii) an employer; 56.17
- (iv) any governmental body; or 56.18
- (v) a law enforcement official. 56.19
- The disclosures protected pursuant to this section do not authorize the disclosure of data 56.20 otherwise protected by law. 56.21
- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 240.131, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 56.22
 - Subd. 7. **Payments to state.** (a) A regulatory fee is imposed at the rate of one two percent of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the costs incurred by the commission as described in section 240.30, subdivision 9, or the costs associated with regulating horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering in Minnesota.

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57.1	(b) A breeders fund fee is imposed in the amount of one-quarter of one percent of all
57.2	amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering
57.3	provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW
57.4	provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month
57.5	in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the
57.6	state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special
57.7	revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the cost of administering the
57.8	breeders fund, to support racehorse adoption, retirement, and repurposing, and promote
57.9	horse breeding in Minnesota.
57.10	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
57.11	to read:
57.12	Subd. 13a. Responsible lottery official. "Responsible lottery official" means an officer,
57.13	director, or owner of an organization, firm, partnership, or corporation that have oversight
57.14	of lottery ticket sales.
57.15	Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
57.16	Subd. 2. Qualifications. (a) The director may not contract with a retailer sole proprietor
57.17	to be a lottery retailer who:
57.18	(1) is under the age of 18;
57.19	(2) is in business solely as a seller of lottery tickets;
57.20	(3) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72;
57.21	(4) has been convicted within the previous five years of a felony or gross misdemeanor,
57.22	any crime involving fraud or misrepresentation, or a gambling-related offense in any
57.23	jurisdiction in the United States;
57.24	(5) is a member of the immediate family, residing in the same household, as the director
57.25	or any employee of the lottery;
57.26	(6) in the director's judgment does not have the financial stability or responsibility to
57.27	act as a lottery retailer, or whose contracting as a lottery retailer would adversely affect the
57.28	public health, welfare, and safety, or endanger the security and integrity of the lottery; or
57.29	(7) is a currency exchange, as defined in section 53A.01.
57.30	A contract entered into before August 1, 1990, which violates clause (7) may continue
57.31	in effect until its expiration but may not be renewed.

58.1	(b) The director may not contract with an organization, firm, partnership, or corporation
58.2	to be a lottery retailer that:
58.3	(1) has a responsible lottery official who: (i) is under the age of 18; (ii) owes \$500 or
58.4	more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72; or (iii) has been convicted within
58.5	the previous five years of a felony or gross misdemeanor, any crime involving fraud or
58.6	misrepresentation, or a gambling-related offense in any jurisdiction in the United States;
58.7	(2) An organization, firm, partnership, or corporation that has a stockholder who owns
58.8	more than five percent of the business or the stock of the corporation, a responsible lottery
58.9	official, an officer, or <u>a</u> director, that does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause
58.10	(4), is not eligible to be a lottery retailer under this section who is a member of the immediate
58.11	family of, or resides in the same household as, the director or any employee of the lottery;
58.12	(3) is in business solely as a seller of lottery tickets;
58.13	(4) in the director's judgment does not have the financial stability or responsibility to
58.14	act as a lottery retailer, or whose contracting as a lottery retailer would adversely affect
58.15	public health, welfare, and safety, or endanger the security and integrity of the lottery; or
58.16	(5) is a currency exchange, as defined in section 53A.01.
58.17	(c) The restrictions under paragraph (a), clause (4), do not apply to an organization,
58.18	partnership, or corporation if the director determines that the organization, partnership, or
58.19	firm has terminated its relationship with the individual whose actions directly contributed
58.20	to the disqualification under this subdivision.
58.21	Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
58.22	Subd. 4. Criminal history. The director may request the director of alcohol and gambling
58.23	enforcement to investigate all applicants for lottery retailer contracts to determine their
58.24	compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2.
58.25	(a) Upon the director's request, an applicant for a lottery retailer contract must submit a
58.26	completed criminal history records check consent form, a full set of classifiable fingerprints,
58.27	and required fees to the director or the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Upon receipt of
58.28	the information, the director must submit the completed criminal history records check
58.29	consent form, full set of classifiable fingerprints, and required fees to the Bureau of Criminal
58.30	Apprehension.
58.31	(b) After receiving the information, the bureau must conduct a Minnesota criminal history
58.32	records check of the individual. The bureau is authorized to exchange the fingerprints with
0.04	records effect of the marriadar. The outed is authorized to exchange the imperprints with

59.1	the Federal Bureau of Investigation to obtain the applicant's national criminal history record
59.2	information. The bureau must return the results of the Minnesota and national criminal
59.3	history records checks to the director to determine the individual's compliance with the
59.4	requirements of subdivision 2.
59.5	(c) The director must request a Minnesota and national criminal history records check
59.6	for any sole proprietor or responsible lottery official that applies to be a lottery retailer and
59.7	(1) has not undergone a check under this section within the past seven years, or (2) has had
59.8	any lapse in a contract to sell lottery tickets.
59.9	(d) The director may issue a temporary contract, valid for not more than 90 days, to an
59.10	applicant pending the completion of the investigation or a final determination of qualifications
59.11	under this section. The director has access to all criminal history data compiled by the
59.12	director of alcohol and gambling enforcement Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on (1) any
59.13	person holding or applying for a retailer contract, (2) any person holding a lottery vendor
59.14	contract or who has submitted a bid on such a contract, and (3) any person applying for
59.15	employment with the lottery.
59.16	Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
59.17	Subd. 11. Cancellation, suspension, and refusal to renew contracts or locations. (a)
59.18	The director shall cancel the contract of any lottery retailer or prohibit a lottery retailer from
59.19	selling lottery tickets at a business location who:
59.20	(1) has is a sole proprietor or has a responsible lottery official who has been convicted
59.21	of a felony or gross misdemeanor in any jurisdiction in the United States;
59.22	(2) has is a sole proprietor or has a responsible lottery official who has committed fraud,
59.23	misrepresentation, or deceit any crime involving fraud or misrepresentation, or a
59.24	gambling-related offense in any jurisdiction in the United States;
59.25	(3) has provided false or misleading information to the lottery; or
59.26	(4) has acted in a manner prejudicial to public confidence in the integrity of the lottery.
59.27	(b) The director may cancel, suspend, or refuse to renew the contract of any lottery
59.28	retailer or prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location who:
59.29	(1) changes business location;
59.30	(2) fails to account for lottery tickets received or the proceeds from tickets sold;
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- (4) violates a law or a rule or order of the director;
- (5) fails to comply with any of the terms in the lottery retailer's contract;
- (6) fails to file a bond, securities, or a letter of credit as required under subdivision 3; 60.3
 - (7) in the opinion of the director fails to maintain a sufficient sales volume to justify continuation as a lottery retailer; or
- (8) has violated section 340A.503, subdivision 2, clause (1), two or more times within 60.6 a two-year period. 60.7
 - (c) The director may also cancel, suspend, or refuse to renew a lottery retailer's contract or prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location if there is a material change in any of the factors considered by the director under subdivision 2.
 - (d) A contract cancellation, suspension, refusal to renew, or prohibiting a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location under this subdivision is a contested case under sections 14.57 to 14.69 and is in addition to any criminal penalties provided for a violation of law or rule.
 - (e) The director may temporarily suspend a contract or temporarily prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location without notice for any of the reasons specified in this subdivision provided that a hearing is conducted within seven days after a request for a hearing is made by a lottery retailer. Within 20 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, the director shall issue an order vacating the temporary suspension or prohibition or making any other appropriate order. If no hearing is requested within 30 days of the temporary suspension or prohibition taking effect, the suspension or prohibition becomes permanent unless the director vacates or modifies the order.
 - Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 471.6985, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. If \$350,000 \$750,000 sales, audited statement. Any city operating a municipal liquor store with total annual sales in excess of \$350,000 \$750,000, as adjusted for inflation annually by the state auditor using the implicit price deflator for state and local expenditures published by the United States Department of Commerce, shall submit to the state auditor audited financial statements produced in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for the liquor store that have been attested to by a certified public accountant or the state auditor within 180 days after the close of the fiscal year, except that the state auditor may extend the deadline upon request of a city and a showing of inability to conform. The state auditor may accept this report in lieu of the report required by subdivision 1.

61.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is	effective the da	y following final	enactment.

Sec. 64 2025	COMPENSATION	COUNCIL	REVIVED.
DCC. UT. 2023		COUNCIL	IXL VI VLD.

The Compensation Council appointed under Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.082, in 2025 is revived on June 1, 2026, and expires upon the council's submission of judicial salary recommendations in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 15A.082, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), as amended in section 27.

Sec. 65. **OPEN POSITIONS REPORT.**

The commissioner of management and budget must report the number of posted executive branch job openings that have gone unfilled for at least six months. The commissioner's report must identify such openings by agency and job title, and identify which specific job titles or classes take longest to fill on average and those that experience the most turnover.

No later than February 1, 2026, August 1, 2026, and February 1, 2027, the commissioner must submit this report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance and policy.

Sec. 66. INTEGRATING APPLICATION INFORMATION AND A REFERRAL

PROCESS FOR THE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ON THE MNBENEFITS

61.17 **WEB PORTAL.**

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No later than June 30, 2026, the commissioner of children, youth, and families, in consultation with Metro Transit and the commissioners of transportation, human services, and Minnesota IT Services, must integrate application information and a referral process for the transit assistance program administered by Metro Transit into the MNbenefits web portal. Metro Transit and the Metropolitan Council must continue to process applications for the transit assistance program after application information and a referral process are integrated into the MNbenefits web portal.

Sec. 67. STATUE REPLACEMENT.

The commissioner of administration may accept private funds, submit a request to the
Joint Committee on the Library of Congress, and erect a new statue in Statuary Hall in the
United States Capitol, including removing an existing statue from Statuary Hall and
transporting it to Minnesota, recasting an existing statue in Minnesota, and transporting and
installing the new statue in Statuary Hall. All money accepted by the commissioner under
this section must be deposited in a dedicated account in the special revenue fund and is

	STOCK THE STOCK SECTION SECTIO
62.1	appropriated to the commissioner for purposes of this section. The account expires on
62.2	January 1, 2028, with any money remaining in the account at that time appropriated to the
62.3	State Arts Board for purposes of the programs and activities authorized under Minnesota
62.4	Statutes, chapter 129D.
62.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the chief clerk of the house
62.6	of representatives and the secretary of the senate jointly notify the revisor of statutes and
62.7	the commissioner of administration that the state has satisfied the requirements for a statue
62.8	replacement request under United States Code, title 2, chapter 30, section 2132.
62.9	Sec. 68. <u>REVISOR INSTRUCTION.</u>
62.10	The revisor of statutes shall change the term "Office of Administrative Hearings" to
62.11	"Court of Administrative Hearings" wherever the term appears in Minnesota Statutes. The
62.12	revisor of statutes shall also change the term "office" to "court" wherever the term "office"
62.13	appears and refers to the Office of Administrative Hearings in Minnesota Statutes.
62.14	Sec. 69. REPEALER.
62.15	Subdivision 1. Legislative commissions. (a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.8842;
62.16	and 3.8845, are repealed.
62.17	(b) Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended by
62.18	Laws 2020, chapter 100, section 22; and Laws 2022, chapter 50, article 3, section 2, are
62.19	repealed.
62.20	Subd. 2. Employee gainsharing. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.90, is repealed.
62.21	Subd. 3. Department of Administration. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.328,
62.22	subdivision 2; and 16C.36, are repealed.
62.23	Subd. 4. Advisory Council on Infrastructure. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections
62.24	16B.356; 16B.357; 16B.358; and 16B.359, are repealed.
62.25	Subd. 5. Office of the Legislative Auditor. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.45,
62.26	is repealed.
62.27	Subd. 6. Political and campaign provisions. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 211B.06;

and 211B.08, are repealed.

63.1	ARTICLE 3

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63.2 STATE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

63.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Equitable compensation relationships.** It is the policy of this state to attempt to establish equitable compensation relationships between female-dominated, male-dominated, and balanced classes of employees in the executive branch. Compensation relationships are equitable within the meaning of this subdivision when the primary consideration in negotiating, establishing, recommending, and approving total compensation is comparability of the value of the work in relationship to other <u>positions</u> classifications in the executive branch.
- 63.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- 63.12 Subd. 14. Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation
- plan. "Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation plan" means the plan required by section 3.855 regarding total compensation and terms and conditions of employment, including grievance administration, for employees of the executive branch who are not otherwise provided for in this chapter or other law.
- 63.17 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Statewide leadership.** (a) The commissioner is the chief personnel and labor relations manager of the civil service in the executive branch.
 - Whenever any power or responsibility is given to the commissioner by any provision of this chapter, unless otherwise expressly provided, the power or authority applies to all employees of agencies in the executive branch and to employees in classified positions in the Office of the Legislative Auditor, the Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement Association, and the Teacher's Retirement Association. Unless otherwise provided by law, the power or authority does not apply to unclassified employees in the legislative and judicial branches.
 - (b) The commissioner shall operate an information system from which personnel data, as defined in section 13.43, concerning employees and applicants for positions in the classified service can be retrieved.
- The commissioner has access to all public and private personnel data kept by appointing authorities that will aid in the discharge of the commissioner's duties.

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- (d) The commissioner may assess or establish and collect premiums from all state entities to cover the costs of programs under sections section 15.46 and 176.603.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 64.12
 - Subd. 4. Administrative procedures. The commissioner shall develop administrative procedures, which are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, to effect provisions of chapter 43A which do not directly affect the rights of or processes available to the general public. The commissioner may also adopt administrative procedures, not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, which concern topics affecting the general public if those procedures concern only the internal management of the department or other agencies and if those elements of the topics which affect the general public are the subject of department rules.
 - Administrative procedures shall be reproduced and made available for comment in accessible digital formats under section 16E.03 to agencies, employees, and appropriate exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25, for at least 15 days prior to implementation and shall include but are not limited to:
 - (1) maintenance and administration of a plan of classification for all positions in the classified service and for comparisons of unclassified positions with positions in the classified service;
 - (2) procedures for administration of collective bargaining agreements and plans established pursuant to section 43A.18 concerning total compensation and the terms and conditions of employment for employees;
 - (3) procedures for effecting all personnel actions internal to the state service such as processes and requirements for agencies to publicize job openings and consider applicants

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who are referred or nominate themselves apply, conduct of selection procedures limited to employees, noncompetitive and qualifying appointments of employees and leaves of absence;

- (4) maintenance and administration of employee performance appraisal, training and other programs; and
- (5) procedures for pilots of the reengineered employee selection process. Employment provisions of this chapter, associated personnel rules adopted under subdivision 3, and administrative procedures established under clauses (1) and (3) may be waived for the purposes of these pilots. The pilots may affect the rights of and processes available to members of the general public seeking employment in the classified service. The commissioner will provide public notice of any pilot directly affecting the rights of and processes available to the general public and make the administrative procedures available for comment to the general public, agencies, employees, and appropriate exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25 for at least 30 days prior to implementation. The commissioner must publish the public notice in an accessible digital format under section 16E.03. The commissioner must provide a comment process that allows the public to submit comments through multiple formats to ensure accessibility. These formats must include telephone, digital content, and email.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Donation of time.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner shall authorize the appointing authority to permit the donation of up to eight hours of accumulated vacation time in each year by each employee who is a member of law enforcement unit number 1, 18, or 19 to their union representative for the purpose of carrying out the duties of office.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation plan. The
 commissioner shall periodically develop and establish pursuant to this chapter a
 commissioner's nonrepresented employees compensation plan. The commissioner shall
 submit the plan to the Legislative Coordinating Commission.
- 65.29 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Additional unclassified positions.** Appointing authorities for the following agencies may designate additional unclassified positions according to this subdivision: the Departments of Administration; Agriculture; Children, Youth, and Families; Commerce;

66.1	Corrections; Education; Employment and Economic Development; Explore Minnesota
66.2	Tourism; Management and Budget; Health; Human Rights; Human Services; Labor and
66.3	Industry; Natural Resources; Public Safety; Revenue; Transportation; and Veterans Affairs;
66.4	the Housing Finance and Pollution Control Agencies; the State Lottery; the State Board of
66.5	Investment; the Office of Administrative Hearings; the Department of Information
66.6	Technology Services; an agency, including the Offices of the Attorney General, Secretary
66.7	of State, and State Auditor; the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; the Minnesota
66.8	Office of Higher Education; the Perpich Center for Arts Education; Direct Care and
66.9	Treatment; the Minnesota Zoological Board; and the Office of Emergency Medical Services,
66.10	may designate additional unclassified positions.
66.11	A position designated by an appointing authority according to this subdivision must
66.12	meet the following standards and criteria:
66.13	(1) the designation of the position would not be contrary to other law relating specifically
66.14	to that agency;
66.15	(2) the person occupying the position would report directly to the agency head or deputy
66.16	agency head and would be designated as part of the agency head's management team;
66.17	(3) the duties of the position would involve significant discretion and substantial
66.18	involvement in the development, interpretation, and implementation of agency policy;
66.19	(4) the duties of the position would not require primarily personnel, accounting, or other
66.20	technical expertise where continuity in the position would be important;
66.21	(5) there would be a need for the person occupying the position to be accountable to,
66.22	loyal to, and compatible with, the governor and the agency head, the employing statutory
66.23	board or commission, or the employing constitutional officer;
66.24	(6) the position would be at the level of division or bureau director or assistant to the
66.25	agency head; and
66.26	(7) the commissioner has approved the designation as being consistent with the standards
66.27	and criteria in this subdivision.
66.28	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
66.29	Subd. 4. Length of service for student workers. A person may not only be employed
66.30	as a student worker in the unclassified service under subdivision 1 for more than 36 months.
66.31	Employment at a school that a student attends is not counted for purposes of this 36-month
66.32	limit. Student workers in the Minnesota Department of Transportation SEEDS program

who are actively involved in a four-year degree program preparing for a professional career job in the Minnesota Department of Transportation may be employed as a student worker for up to 48 months if they are enrolled in secondary, postsecondary, or graduate study.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Rejection** Nonselection; explanation. If the appointing authority rejects does not select a member of the finalist pool who has claimed veteran's preference, the appointing authority shall notify the finalist in writing of the reasons for the rejection.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.121, is amended to read:

43A.121 RANKING OF THE APPLICANT POOL.

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- Applicants referred from a layoff list shall be ranked as provided in the collective bargaining agreement or plan established under section 43A.18, under which the layoff list was established. All other names in an applicant pool shall be ranked according to the veteran's preference provisions of section 43A.11, subdivision 7, and then in descending order of the number of skill matches for the vacant position. If any ties in rank remain, those names shall appear in alphabetical order.
- 67.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Provisional appointments.** The commissioner may authorize an appointing authority to make a provisional appointment if no applicant is suitable or available for appointment and the person to be provisionally appointed is qualified in all respects except for completion of a licensure or certification requirement.
- No person shall be employed on a provisional basis for more than six months unless the commissioner grants an extension to a maximum of 12 months in the best interest of the state. No extension may be granted beyond 12 months except where there is a lack of applicants and the provisional appointee is continuing to work to complete the licensure or certification requirement.
- At the request of an appointing authority, the commissioner may authorize the
 probationary appointment of a provisional appointee who has performed satisfactorily for
 at least 60 days and has completed the licensure or certification requirement.

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Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Appointments for unclassified incumbents of newly classified positions.** The commissioner may authorize the probationary appointment of an incumbent who has passed a qualifying selection process and who has served at least one year in an unclassified position which has been placed in the classified service by proper authority.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. Work-training Trainee appointments. The commissioner may authorize the probationary appointment of persons who successfully complete on-the-job state training programs which that have been approved by the commissioner.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 14. **700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience.** (a) The commissioner shall consult with the Department of Employment and Economic Development's Vocational Rehabilitation Services and State Services for the Blind and other disability experts in establishing, reviewing, and modifying the qualifying procedures for applicants whose disabilities are of such a significant nature that the applicants are unable to demonstrate their abilities in the selection process. The qualifying procedures must consist of up to 700 hours of on-the-job demonstration experience. The 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience is an alternative, noncompetitive hiring process for qualified applicants with disabilities. All permanent executive branch classified positions are eligible for a 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, and all permanent classified job postings must provide information regarding the on-the-job demonstration overview and certification process.
 - (b) The commissioner may shall authorize the probationary appointment of an applicant based on the request of the appointing authority that documents that the applicant has successfully demonstrated qualifications for the position through completion of an on-the-job demonstration experience. A qualified applicant should shall be converted to permanent, probationary appointments at the point in the 700-hour on-the-job experience when the applicant has demonstrated the ability to perform the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation. The implementation of this subdivision may not be deemed a violation of chapter 43A or 363A.
 - (c) The commissioner and the ADA and disability employment director, described in section 43A.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), are responsible for the administration and oversight of the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, including the establishment of policies and procedures, data collection and reporting requirements, and compliance.

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(d) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a training curriculum for the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. All executive leaders, managers, supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers, and ADA coordinators must receive annual training on the program.

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- (e) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under this subdivision and supported work customized employment program under section 43A.421, subdivision 2.
- (f) An appointing authority must make reasonable accommodations in response to a request from an applicant with a disability, including providing accommodations in a timely manner during the application and hiring process and throughout the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. Requirements for accessibility for public records under section 363A.42, continuing education under section 363A.43, and technology under section 16E.03, subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (9), apply to an agency filling an appointment during the application and hiring process and through the on-the-job demonstration experience period.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Salary on demotion; special cases. The commissioner may, upon request of an appointing authority, approve payment of an employee with permanent status at a salary rate above the maximum of the class to which the employee is demoted. The commissioner shall take such action as required by collective bargaining agreements or plans pursuant to section 43A.18. If the action is justified by the employee's long or outstanding service, exceptional or technical qualifications, age, health, or substantial changes in work assignment beyond the control of the employee, the commissioner may approve a rate up to and including the employee's salary immediately prior to demotion. Thereafter, so long as the employee remains in the same position, the employee shall not be eligible to receive any increase in salary until the employee's salary is within the range of the class to which the employee's position is allocated unless such increases are specifically provided in collective bargaining agreements or plans pursuant to section 43A.18.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 69.29
- Subd. 2. Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation plan. Except as 69.30 provided in section 43A.01, the compensation, terms and conditions of employment for all 69.31 classified and unclassified employees, except unclassified employees in the legislative and 69.32 judicial branches, who are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement and not otherwise 69.33

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provided for in chapter 43A or other law are governed solely by a plan developed by the commissioner. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall review the plan under section 3.855, subdivision 2. The plan need not be adopted in accordance with the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.181, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Donation of vacation time.** A state employee may donate up to 12 hours of accrued vacation time in any fiscal year to the account established by subdivision 2 for the benefit of another state employee. The employee must notify the employee's agency head of the amount of accrued vacation time the employee wishes to donate and the name of the other state employee who is to benefit from the donation. The agency head shall determine the monetary value of the donated time, using the gross salary of the employee making the donation. The agency head shall transfer that amount, less deductions for applicable taxes and retirement contributions, to the account established by subdivision 2. A donation of accrued vacation time is irrevocable once its monetary value has been transferred to the account.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.1815, is amended to read:

43A.1815 VACATION DONATION TO SICK LEAVE ACCOUNT.

- (a) In addition to donations under section 43A.181, a state employee may donate a total of up to 40 hours of accrued vacation leave each fiscal year to the sick leave account of one or more state employees. A state employee may not be paid for more than 80 hours in a payroll period during which the employee uses sick leave credited to the employee's account as a result of a transfer from another state employee's vacation account.
- (b) At retirement, eligible state employees may donate additional accumulated vacation hours in excess of their vacation payout at time of retirement, into a general pool, even if they already have donated 40 hours.
- (b) (c) The recipient employee must receive donations, as available, for a life-threatening condition of the employee or spouse or dependent child that prevents the employee from working. A recipient may use program donations retroactively to when all forms of paid leave are exhausted if the employee has sufficient donations to cover the period of retroactivity. A recipient who receives program donations under this section may use up to 80 hours of program donations after the death of a spouse or dependent child.

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(e) (d) An applicant for benefits under this section who receives an unfavorable determination may select a designee to consult with the commissioner or commissioner's designee on the reasons for the determination.

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- (d) (e) The commissioner shall establish procedures under section 43A.04, subdivision 71.4 4, for eligibility, duration of need based on individual cases, monitoring and evaluation of 71.5 individual eligibility status, and other topics related to administration of this program. 71.6
- 71.7 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. Statewide affirmative action program. (a) To assure that positions in the executive branch of the civil service are equally accessible to all qualified persons, and to eliminate the effects of past and present discrimination, intended or unintended, on the basis of protected group status, the commissioner shall adopt and periodically revise, if necessary, a statewide affirmative action program. The statewide affirmative action program must consist of at least the following:
- (1) objectives, goals, and policies; 71.14
- (2) procedures, standards, and assumptions to be used by agencies in the preparation of 71.15 agency affirmative action plans, including methods by which goals and timetables are 71.16 established; 71.17
- 71.18 (3) the analysis of separation patterns to determine the impact on protected group members; and 71.19
- 71.20 (4) requirements for annual objectives and submission of affirmative action progress reports from heads of agencies. 71.21
- Agency heads must report the data in clause (3) to the state Director of Recruitment, 71.22
- Retention and Affirmative Action and the state ADA coordinator, in addition to being 71.23
- available to anyone upon request. The commissioner must annually post the aggregate and 71.24
- agency-level reports under clause (4) on the agency's website. 71.25
- (b) The commissioner shall establish statewide affirmative action goals for each of the 71.26 federal Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) occupational categories applicable to state 71.27 employment, using at least the following factors: 71.28
- (1) the percentage of members of each protected class in the recruiting area population 71.29 who have the necessary skills; and 71.30
- (2) the availability for promotion or transfer of current employees who are members of 71.31 protected classes. 71.32

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- (c) The commissioner may use any of the following factors in addition to the factors required under paragraph (b):
 - (1) the extent of unemployment of members of protected classes in the recruiting area population;
- 72.5 (2) the existence of training programs in needed skill areas offered by employing agencies 72.6 and other institutions; and
 - (3) the expected number of available positions to be filled.
 - (d) The commissioner shall designate a state director of diversity and equal employment opportunity who may be delegated the preparation, revision, implementation, and administration of the program. The commissioner of management and budget may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.
 - (e) The commissioner shall designate a statewide ADA and disability employment director. The commissioner may delegate the preparation, revision, implementation, evaluation, and administration of the program to the director. The director must administer the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under the supported work customized employment program and disabled veteran's employment programs. The ADA and disability employment director shall have education, knowledge, and skills in disability policy, employment, and the ADA. The commissioner may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.
 - (f) Agency affirmative action plans, including reports and progress, must be posted on the agency's public and internal websites within 30 days of being approved. The commissioner of management and budget shall post a link to all executive branch agency-approved affirmative action plans on its public website. Accessible copies of the affirmative action plan must be available to all employees and members of the general public upon request.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **General.** (a) The commissioner is authorized to request proposals or to negotiate and to enter into contracts with parties which in the judgment of the commissioner are best qualified to provide service to the benefit plans. Contracts entered into are not subject to the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.19. The commissioner may negotiate premium rates and coverage. The commissioner shall consider the cost of the plans,

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conversion options relating to the contracts, service capabilities, character, financial position, and reputation of the carriers, and any other factors which that the commissioner deems appropriate. Each benefit contract must be for a uniform term of at least one year, but may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence of notice of termination by either party. A carrier licensed under chapter 62A is exempt from the taxes imposed by chapter 297I on premiums paid to it by the state.

- (b) All self-insured hospital and medical service products must comply with coverage mandates, data reporting, and consumer protection requirements applicable to the licensed carrier administering the product, had the product been insured, including chapters 62J, 62M, and 62Q. Any self-insured products that limit coverage to a network of providers or provide different levels of coverage between network and nonnetwork providers shall comply with section 62D.123 and geographic access standards for health maintenance organizations adopted by the commissioner of health in rule under chapter 62D.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a self-insured hospital and medical product offered under sections 43A.22 to 43A.30 is required to extend dependent coverage to an eligible employee's child to the full extent required under chapters 62A and 62L. Dependent child coverage must, at a minimum, extend to an eligible employee's dependent child to the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 2a, disabled children to the extent required in sections 62A.14 and 62A.141, and dependent grandchildren to the extent required in sections 62A.042 and 62A.302.
- (d) Beginning January 1, 2010, the health insurance benefit plans offered in the eommissioner's nonrepresented employees compensation plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2, and the managerial plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 3, must include an option for a health plan that is compatible with the definition of a high-deductible health plan in section 223 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 73.26
- Subd. 2. Contract to contain statement of benefits. (a) Each contract under sections 73.27 43A.22 to 43A.30 shall contain a detailed statement of benefits offered and shall include 73.28 any maximums, limitations, exclusions, and other definitions of benefits the commissioner 73.29 deems necessary or desirable. Each hospital and medical benefits contract shall provide 73.30 benefits at least equal to those required by section 62E.06, subdivision 2. 73.31
- (b) All summaries of benefits describing the hospital and medical service benefits offered 73.32 to state employees must comply with laws and rules for content and clarity applicable to the licensed carrier administering the product. Referral procedures must be clearly described.

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The commissioners of commerce and health, as appropriate, shall may review the summaries of benefits, whether written or electronic, and advise the commissioner on any changes needed to ensure compliance.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.24, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. Opt out. (a) An individual eligible for state-paid hospital, medical, and dental benefits under this section has the right to decline those benefits, provided the individual declining the benefits can prove health insurance coverage from another source. Any individual declining benefits must do so in writing, signed and dated, on a form provided by the commissioner.
- (b) The commissioner must create, and make available in hard copy and online a form for individuals to use in declining state-paid hospital, medical, and dental benefits. The form must, at a minimum, include notice to the declining individual of the next available opportunity and procedure to re-enroll in the benefits.
- (c) No later than January 15 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance on the number of employees choosing to opt-out of state employee group insurance coverage under this section. The report must provide itemized statistics, by agency, and include the total amount of savings accrued to each agency resulting from the opt-outs.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 74.20
- Subd. 2. Other eligible persons. The following persons are eligible for state paid life 74.21 insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits as determined in applicable collective 74.22 bargaining agreements or by the commissioner or by plans pursuant to section 43A.18, 74.23 subdivision 6, or by the Board of Regents for employees of the University of Minnesota 74.24 not covered by collective bargaining agreements. Coverages made available, including 74.25 optional coverages, are as contained in the plan established pursuant to section 43A.18, 74.26 74.27 subdivision 2:
 - (1) a member of the state legislature, provided that changes in benefits resulting in increased costs to the state shall not be effective until expiration of the term of the members of the existing house of representatives. An eligible member of the state legislature may decline to be enrolled for state paid coverages by filing a written waiver with the commissioner. The waiver shall not prohibit the member from enrolling the member or dependents for optional coverages, without cost to the state, as provided for in section

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43A.26. A member of the state legislature who returns from a leave of absence to a position previously occupied in the civil service shall be eligible to receive the life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits to which the position is entitled;

- (2) an employee of the legislature or an employee of a permanent study or interim committee or commission or a state employee on leave of absence to work for the legislature, during a regular or special legislative session, as determined by the Legislative Coordinating Commission;
- (3) a judge of the appellate courts or an officer or employee of these courts; a judge of the district court, a judge of county court, or a judge of county municipal court; a district court referee, judicial officer, court reporter, or law clerk; a district administrator; an employee of the Office of the District Administrator that is not in the Second or Fourth Judicial District; a court administrator or employee of the court administrator in a judicial district under section 480.181, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and a guardian ad litem program employee;
 - (4) a salaried employee of the Public Employees Retirement Association;
- (5) a full-time military or civilian officer or employee in the unclassified service of the 75.16 Department of Military Affairs whose salary is paid from state funds; 75.17
 - (6) an employee of the Minnesota Historical Society, whether paid from state funds or otherwise, who is not a member of the governing board;
 - (7) an employee of the regents of the University of Minnesota;
- (8) (7) notwithstanding section 43A.27, subdivision 3, an employee of the state of 75.21 Minnesota or the regents of the University of Minnesota who is at least 60 and not yet 65 75.22 years of age on July 1, 1982, who is otherwise eligible for employee and dependent insurance 75.23 and benefits pursuant to section 43A.18 or other law, who has at least 20 years of service 75.24 75.25 and retires, earlier than required, within 60 days of March 23, 1982; or an employee who is at least 60 and not yet 65 years of age on July 1, 1982, who has at least 20 years of state 75.26 service and retires, earlier than required, from employment at Rochester state hospital after 75.27 July 1, 1981; or an employee who is at least 55 and not yet 65 years of age on July 1, 1982, 75.28 and is covered by the Minnesota State Retirement System correctional employee retirement 75.29 plan or the State Patrol retirement fund, who has at least 20 years of state service and retires, 75.30 earlier than required, within 60 days of March 23, 1982. For purposes of this clause, a person 75.31 retires when the person terminates active employment in state or University of Minnesota 75.32 service and applies for a retirement annuity. Eligibility shall cease when the retired employee 75.33 attains the age of 65, or when the employee chooses not to receive the annuity that the 75.34

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employee has applied for. The retired employee shall be eligible for coverages to which the employee was entitled at the time of retirement, subject to any changes in coverage through collective bargaining or plans established pursuant to section 43A.18, for employees in positions equivalent to that from which retired, provided that the retired employee shall not be eligible for state-paid life insurance. Coverages shall be coordinated with relevant health insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program;

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(9) (8) an employee of an agency of the state of Minnesota identified through the process provided in this paragraph who is eligible to retire prior to age 65. The commissioner and the exclusive representative of state employees shall enter into agreements under section 179A.22 to identify employees whose positions are in programs that are being permanently eliminated or reduced due to federal or state policies or practices. Failure to reach agreement identifying these employees is not subject to impasse procedures provided in chapter 179A. The commissioner must prepare a plan identifying eligible employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement in accordance with the process outlined in section 43A.18, subdivisions 2 and 3. For purposes of this paragraph, a person retires when the person terminates active employment in state service and applies for a retirement annuity. Eligibility ends as provided in the agreement or plan, but must cease at the end of the month in which the retired employee chooses not to receive an annuity, or the employee is eligible for employer-paid health insurance from a new employer. The retired employees shall be eligible for coverages to which they were entitled at the time of retirement, subject to any changes in coverage through collective bargaining or plans established under section 43A.18 for employees in positions equivalent to that from which they retired, provided that the retired employees shall not be eligible for state-paid life insurance;

(10) (9) employees of the state Board of Public Defense, with eligibility determined by the state Board of Public Defense in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget; and

(11) (10) employees of supporting organizations of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., established after July 1, 2003, under section 116O.05, subdivision 4, as paid for by the supporting organization.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Elective eligibility.** The following persons, if not otherwise covered by section 43A.24, may elect coverage for themselves or their dependents at their own expense:

(1) a state employee, including persons on layoff from a civil service position as provided in collective bargaining agreements or a plan established pursuant to section 43A.18;

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77.1	(2) an employee of the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, including
77.2	persons on layoff, as provided in collective bargaining agreements or by the Board of
77.3	Regents;
77.4	(3) (2) an officer or employee of the State Agricultural Society, Center for Rural Policy
77.5	and Development, Agricultural Utilization Research Institute, State Horticultural Society,
77.6	Sibley House Association, Minnesota Humanities Center, Minnesota Area Industry Labor
77.7	Management Councils, Minnesota International Center, Minnesota Academy of Science,
77.8	Science Museum of Minnesota, Minnesota Safety Council, state Office of Disabled American
77.9	Veterans, state Office of the American Legion and its auxiliary, state Office of Veterans of
77.10	Foreign Wars and its auxiliary, or state Office of the Military Order of the Purple Heart;
77.11	(4) (3) a civilian employee of the adjutant general who is paid from federal funds and
77.12	who is not eligible for benefits from any federal civilian employee group life insurance or
77.13	health benefits program;
77.14	(5) (4) an officer or employee of the State Capitol Affinity Plus Federal Credit Union
77.15	or the Highway Credit Union; and
77.16	(6) (5) an employee of the joint underwriting association pursuant to section 62I.121 or
77.17	Minnesota FAIR plan pursuant to section 65A.35, subdivision 5, unless the commissioner
77.18	determines that making these employees eligible to purchase this coverage would cause the
77.19	state employee group insurance program to lose its status as a governmental plan or would
77.20	cause the program to be treated as a multiemployer welfare arrangement.
77.21	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
77.22	Subd. 3. Procedures. (a) Procedures for discipline and discharge of employees covered
77.23	by collective bargaining agreements shall be governed by the agreements. Procedures for
77.24	employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall be governed by this
77.25	subdivision and by the commissioner's and managerial plans.
77.26	(b) For discharge, suspension without pay or demotion, no later than the effective date
77.27	of such action, a permanent classified employee not covered by a collective bargaining
77.28	agreement shall be given written notice by the appointing authority. The content of that
77.29	notice as well as the employee's right to reply to the appointing authority shall be as
77.30	prescribed in the grievance procedure contained in the applicable plan established pursuant
77.31	to section 43A.18. The notice shall also include a statement that the employee may elect to
77.32	appeal the action to the Bureau of Mediation Services within 30 calendar days following

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the effective date of the disciplinary action. A copy of the notice and the employee's reply,

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if any, shall be filed by the appointing authority with the commissioner no later than ten calendar days following the effective date of the disciplinary action. The commissioner shall have final authority to decide whether the appointing authority shall settle the dispute prior to the hearing provided under this subdivision 4.

- (c) For discharge, suspension, or demotion of an employee serving an initial probationary period, and for noncertification in any subsequent probationary period, grievance procedures shall be as provided in the plan established pursuant to section 43A.18.
- (d) Within ten days of receipt of the employee's written notice of appeal, the commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services shall provide both parties with a list of potential arbitrators according to the rules of the Bureau of Mediation Services to hear the appeal. The process of selecting the arbitrator from the list shall be determined by the plan. The hearing shall be conducted pursuant to the rules of the Bureau of Mediation Services. If the arbitrator finds, based on the hearing record, that the action appealed was not taken by the appointing authority for just cause, the employee shall be reinstated to the position, or an equal position in another division within the same agency, without loss of pay. If the arbitrator finds that there exists sufficient grounds for institution of the appointing authority's action but the hearing record establishes extenuating circumstances, the arbitrator may reinstate the employee, with full, partial, or no pay, or may modify the appointing authority's action. The appointing authority shall bear the costs of the arbitrator for hearings provided for in this section.
- 78.21 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.346, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligibility.** (a) This section applies to a terminated state employee who:
- (1) for at least the five years immediately preceding separation under <u>clause clauses</u> (2) and (3), was regularly scheduled to work 1,044 or more hours per year in a position covered by a pension plan administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System or the Public Employees Retirement Association;
 - (2) terminated state or Metropolitan Council employment;
 - (3) at the time of termination under clause (2), met the age and service requirements necessary to receive an unreduced retirement annuity from the plan and satisfied requirements for the commencement of the retirement annuity or, for a terminated employee under the unclassified employees retirement plan, met the age and service requirements necessary to receive an unreduced retirement annuity from the plan and satisfied requirements for the commencement of the retirement annuity or elected a lump-sum payment; and

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(4) agrees to accept a postretirement option position with the same or a different appointing authority, working a reduced schedule that is both (i) a reduction of at least 25 percent from the employee's number of previously regularly scheduled work hours; and (ii) 1,044 hours or less in state or Metropolitan Council service.

- (b) For purposes of this section, an unreduced retirement annuity includes a retirement annuity computed under a provision of law which permits retirement, without application of an earlier retirement reduction factor, whenever age plus years of allowable service total at least 90.
- (c) For purposes of this section, as it applies to state employees who are members of the Public Employees Retirement Association who are at least age 62, the length of separation requirement and termination of service requirement prohibiting return to work agreements under section 353.01, subdivisions 11a and 28, are not applicable.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.346, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 79.13
 - Subd. 6. **Duration.** Postretirement option employment is for an initial period not to exceed one year. During that period, the appointing authority may not modify the conditions of employment specified in the written offer without the person's consent, except as required by law or by the collective bargaining agreement or compensation plan applicable to the person. At the end of the initial period, the appointing authority has sole discretion to determine if the offer of a postretirement option position will be renewed, renewed with modifications, or terminated. Postretirement option employment may be renewed for periods of up to one year, not to exceed a total duration of five years. No person may be employed in one or a combination of postretirement option positions under this section for a total of more than five years.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. Cooperation; state agencies. (a) The commissioner may delegate administrative functions associated with the duties of the commissioner to appointing authorities who have the capability to perform such functions when the commissioner determines that it is in the best interests of the state civil service. The commissioner shall consult with agencies and agencies shall cooperate as appropriate in implementation of this chapter.
 - (b) The commissioner, in conjunction with appointing authorities, shall analyze and assess current and future human resource requirements of the civil service and coordinate personnel actions throughout the civil service to meet the requirements. The commissioner

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shall provide recruiting assistance and make the applicant database available to appointing authorities to use in making appointments to positions in the unclassified service.

- (c) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an agency personnel officer. The agency personnel officer shall be accountable to the agency head for all personnel functions prescribed by laws, rules, collective bargaining agreements, the commissioner and the agency head. Except when otherwise prescribed by the agency head in a specific instance, the personnel officer shall be assumed to be the authority accountable to the agency head over any other officer or employee in the agency for personnel functions.
- (d) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an affirmative action officer who shall have primary responsibility for the administration of the agency's affirmative action plan. The officer shall report directly to the head of the agency on affirmative action matters.
- (e) Pursuant to section 43A.431, the head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an ADA coordinator who shall have primary responsibility for the administration of ADA policies, procedures, trainings, requests, and arbitration. The coordinator shall report directly to the <u>commissioner agency head</u>.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.421, is amended to read:

43A.421 SUPPORTED WORK CUSTOMIZED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Program established.** Active positions within agencies of state government may be selected for inclusion for a supported work program for persons with significant disabilities. A full-time position may be shared by up to three persons with significant disabilities and their job coach. The job coach is not a state employee within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14, unless the job coach holds another position within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14. All classified supported work job postings need to link to the overview and application process for the supported work program. The commissioner is responsible for the establishment, administration, and oversight of a program providing customized employment opportunities for individuals with significant disabilities as defined in United States Code, title 29, section 705(21). Employees in the customized employment program are appointed to a customized employment position by matching the skills offered by eligible individuals to specific tasks and projects within agencies, rather than to an existing job classification. When job coach services are necessary for the individuals employed through this program, the job coach is not a state employee within the scope of section 43A.02,

31.1	subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14, unless the job coach holds another position
31.2	within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14.
31.3	Subd. 2. Responsibilities Customized employment. (a) The commissioner is responsible
31.4	for the administration and oversight of the supported work customized employment program,
31.5	including the establishment of policies and procedures, eligibility, data collection and
31.6	reporting requirements, and compliance.
31.7	(b) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a
31.8	training curriculum for the supported work customized employment program. All executive
31.9	leaders, managers, supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers,
31.10	and Americans with Disabilities Act coordinators must receive annual training regarding
31.11	the program.
31.12	(c) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and
31.13	make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the program.
31.14	Sec. 30. REPEALER.
31.15	Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 43A.315; 43A.317, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
81.16	10, and 12; and 43A.318, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 5, are repealed.
31.17	ARTICLE 4
31.17	ARTICLE 4 LICENSING BOARDS
31.18	LICENSING BOARDS
31.18 31.19 31.20	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision
31.18	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
31.18 31.19 31.20 31.21	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 22. Textured hair. "Textured hair" is hair that is coiled, curly, or wavy.
31.18 31.19 31.20 31.21	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 22. Textured hair. "Textured hair" is hair that is coiled, curly, or wavy. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
31.18 31.19 31.20 31.21 31.22	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 22. Textured hair. "Textured hair" is hair that is coiled, curly, or wavy. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Qualifications. (a) Qualifications for licensing in each classification shall be
31.18 31.19 31.20 31.21 31.22 31.23	LICENSING BOARDS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 22. Textured hair. "Textured hair" is hair that is coiled, curly, or wavy. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Qualifications. (a) Qualifications for licensing in each classification shall be determined by the board and established by rule, and shall include educational and
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(e) (b) The rules shall require a demonstrated knowledge of procedures necessary to 82.1 protect the health and safety of the practitioner and the consumer of cosmetology services, 82.2 including but not limited to infection control, use of implements, apparatuses and other 82.3 appliances, and the use of chemicals. 82.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.2705, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 82.5 Subd. 3. Training. Hair technician training must be completed at a Minnesota-licensed 82.6 cosmetology school. The training must consist of 900 hours of coursework and planned 82.7 clinical instruction and experience that includes: 82.8 (1) the first 300 hours of the hair technology course that includes: 82.9 (i) student orientation; 82.10 (ii) preclinical instruction in the theory of sciences, including: 82.11 (A) muscle and bone structure and function; 82.12 (B) properties of the hair, a study of all hair types and textures, including coil, curl, or 82.13 wave patterns, hair strand thicknesses, and volumes of hair, and scalp; 82.14 (C) disorders and diseases of the hair and scalp; 82.15 (D) chemistry as related to hair technology; and 82.16 (E) electricity and light related to the practice of hair technology; 82.17 (iii) theory and preclinical instruction on client and service safety prior to students 82.18 offering services; 82.19 (iv) introductory service skills that are limited to the observation of an instructor 82.20 82.21 demonstration, student use of mannequins, or student-to-student application of basic services related to hair technology; 82.22 (v) Minnesota statutes and rules pertaining to the regulation of hair technology; 82.23 (vi) health and safety instruction that includes: 82.24 (A) chemical safety; 82.25 (B) safety data sheets; 82.26 (C) personal protective equipment (PPE); 82.27 (D) hazardous substances; and 82.28 (E) laws and regulations related to health and public safety; and 82.29

83.1	(vii) infection control to protect the health and safety of the public and technician that
83.2	includes:
83.3	(A) disinfectants;
83.4	(B) disinfectant procedures;
83.5	(C) cleaning and disinfection;
83.6	(D) single use items;
83.7	(E) storage of tools, implements, and linens; and
83.8	(F) other implements and equipment used in salons and schools;
83.9	(2) 300 hours in hair cutting and styling that includes hair and scalp analysis; providing
83.10	services to individuals who have all hair types and textures, including coil, curl, or wave
83.11	patterns, hair strand thicknesses, and volumes of hair; cleaning; scalp and hair conditioning;
83.12	hair design and shaping;, drying;, arranging;, curling;, dressing;, waving;, and nonchemical
83.13	straightening; and
83.14	(3) 300 hours in chemical hair services that includes hair and scalp analysis; providing
83.15	services to individuals with all hair types and textures, including coil, curl, or wave patterns,
83.16	hair strand thicknesses, and volumes of hair; dying; bleaching; reactive chemicals; keratin;
83.17	hair coloring; permanent straightening; permanent waving; predisposition and strand
83.18	tests; safety precautions; chemical mixing; color formulation; and the use of dye removers.
83.19	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 155A.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
83.20	Subd. 2. Standards. (a) Cosmetologist and hair technician course content must include
83.21	textured hair training that consists of theoretical and clinical instruction on working with
83.22	hair with various:
83.23	(1) curl, coil, and wave patterns;
83.24	(2) hair strand thicknesses; and
83.25	(3) volumes.
83.26	(b) The board shall by rule establish minimum standards of course content and length
83.27	specific to the educational preparation prerequisite to testing and licensing as cosmetologist,
83.28	esthetician, and nail technician.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.05, is amended to read:

326.05 QUALIFICATIONS OF BOARD MEMBERS.

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Each member of the board shall <u>must</u> be a resident of this state at the time of and throughout the member's appointment. Each member except the public members shall <u>must</u> have been engaged in the practice of the relevant profession for at least ten <u>five</u> years and shall have been in responsible charge of professional work requiring licensure as an architect, engineer, land surveyor, landscape architect, or geoscientist, or certification as an interior designer for at least five two years.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Issuance.** The board shall on application therefor on a prescribed form, and upon payment of a fee prescribed by rule of the board, issue a license or certificate as an architect, engineer, land surveyor, landscape architect, geoscientist, or certified interior designer. A separate fee shall be paid for each profession licensed.

- (1) To any person over 25 years of age, who is of good moral character and repute, who complies with the Rules of Professional Conduct established in rules by the board and who has the experience and educational qualifications which that the board by rule may prescribe.
- (2) To any person who holds an unexpired certificate of registration or license issued by proper authority in the District of Columbia, any state or territory of the United States, or any foreign country, in which the requirements for registration or licensure of architects, engineers, land surveyors, landscape architects, geoscientists, or certified interior designers, respectively, at the time of registration or licensure in the other jurisdiction, were equal, in the opinion of the board, substantially equivalent as established in rules by the board to those fixed by the board and by the laws of this state, and in which similar privileges are extended to the holders of certificates of registration or licensure issued by this state. The board may require such person to submit a certificate of technical qualification from the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards in the case of an architect, from the National Council of Landscape Architectural Registration Boards in the case of a landscape architect, and from the National Council for Interior Design Qualification in the case of a certified interior designer.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Examination.** The board, or a committee of the board, may subject any applicant for licensure or certification to such examinations as may be deemed necessary to establish qualifications.

In determining the qualifications of applicants, at least one member determining the qualifications must be licensed or certified in the same profession as that being evaluated.

An applicant for licensure or certification must provide evidence of passing the required examinations as prescribed by the board in rules.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.10, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Temporary military license.** The board shall establish a temporary license in accordance with section 197.4552 for the practice of architecture, professional engineering, geosciences, land surveying, landscape architecture, and interior design. The fee for the temporary license under this subdivision for the practice of architecture, professional engineering, geosciences, land surveying, landscape architecture, or interior design is \$132 \$0.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.111, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Cease and desist orders. (a) The board, or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, may issue and have served upon a person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from the unauthorized practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or the unauthorized use of the titles architect, professional engineer, land surveyor, landscape architect, professional geologist, professional soil scientist, certified interior designer, or violation of the statute, rule, or order. The order shall be calculated to give reasonable notice of the rights of the person to request a hearing and shall state the reasons for the entry of the order.
- (b) Service of the order is effective if the order is served on the person or counsel of record personally or by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the board for the person or counsel of record. Service of the order must be by first class United States mail, including certified United States mail, or overnight express mail service with the postage prepaid and addressed to the party at the party's last known address. Service by United States mail, including certified mail, is complete upon placing the order in the mail or otherwise delivering the order to the United States mail service. Service by overnight

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express mail service is complete upon delivering the order to an authorized agent of the express mail service.

- (c) Unless otherwise agreed by the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, and the person requesting the hearing, the hearing shall be held no later than 30 days after the request for the hearing is received by the board.
- (d) The administrative law judge shall issue a report within 30 days of the close of the contested case hearing record, notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 1400.8100, subpart 3. Within 30 days after receiving the report and any exceptions to it, the board shall issue a further order vacating, modifying, or making permanent the cease and desist orders as the facts require.
- (e) If no hearing is requested within 30 days of service of the order, the order becomes 86.11 86.12 final and remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the board.
 - (f) If the person to whom a cease and desist order is issued fails to appear at the hearing after being duly notified, the person is in default and the proceeding may be determined against that person upon consideration of the cease and desist order, the allegations of which may be considered to be true.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.111, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 86.17
 - Subd. 4. Actions against applicants and licensees. (a) The board may, by order, deny, refuse to renew, suspend, temporarily suspend, or revoke the application, license, or certification of a person; censure or reprimand that person; condition or limit the person's practice; refuse to permit a person to sit for examination; or refuse to release the person's examination grades if the board finds that the order is in the public interest and the applicant, licensee, or certificate holder:
 - (1) has violated a statute, rule, or order that the board has issued or is empowered to enforce;
 - (2) has engaged in conduct or acts that are fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest whether or not the conduct or acts relate to the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or certified interior design, providing that the fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest conduct or acts reflect adversely on the person's ability or fitness to engage in the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or certified interior design;
 - (3) has engaged in conduct or acts that are negligent or otherwise in violation of the standards established by Minnesota Rules, chapters 1800 and 1805, where the conduct or

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acts relate to the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or use of the title certified interior designer;

- (4) has been convicted of or has pled guilty or nolo contendere to a felony, an element of which is dishonesty or fraud, whether or not the person admits guilt, or has been shown to have engaged in acts or practices tending to show that the applicant or licensee is incompetent or has engaged in conduct reflecting adversely on the person's ability or fitness to engage in the practice of architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or use of the title certified interior designer;
- (5) employed fraud or deception in obtaining a certificate, license, renewal, or reinstatement or in passing all or a portion of the examination;
- (6) has had the person's architecture, engineering, land surveying, landscape architecture, geoscience, or interior design license, certificate, right to examine, or other similar authority revoked, suspended, canceled, limited, or not renewed for cause in any state, commonwealth, or territory of the United States, in the District of Columbia, or in any foreign country;
- (7) has had the person's right to practice before any federal, state, or other government agency revoked, suspended, canceled, limited, or not renewed;
- (8) failed to meet any requirement for the issuance or renewal of the person's license or certificate;
- (9) has attached the person's seal or signature to a plan, specification, report, plat, or other architectural, engineering, land surveying, landscape architectural, geoscientific, or interior design document not prepared by the person sealing or signing it or under that person's direct supervision; or
- (10) with respect to temporary suspension orders, has committed an act, engaged in conduct, or committed practices that may, or has in the opinion of the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, resulted in an immediate threat to the public.
- (b) In lieu of or in addition to any remedy provided in paragraph (a), the board may require, as a condition of continued licensure, possession of certificate, termination of suspension, reinstatement of license or certificate, examination, or release of examination grades, that the person:
- (1) submit to a quality review of the person's ability, skills, or quality of work, conducted in such fashion and by such persons, entity, or entities as the board may require including, but not limited to, remedial education courses; and

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(2) complete to the satisfaction of the board such continuing professional education courses as the board may specify by rule.

- (c) Service of the order is effective if the order is served on the licensee, certificate holder, applicant, person, or counsel of record personally or by certified mail, to the most recent address provided to the board for the licensee, certificate holder, applicant, person, or counsel of record. must be by first class United States mail, including certified United States mail, or overnight express mail service with the postage prepaid and addressed to the party at the party's last known address. Service by United States mail, including certified mail, is complete upon placing the order in the mail or otherwise delivering the order to the United States mail service. Service by overnight express mail service is complete upon delivering the order to an authorized agent of the express mail service. The order shall state the reasons for the entry of the order.
- (d) All hearings required by this section shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 14, except with respect to temporary suspension orders, as provided for in subdivision 5, paragraph (d).
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.111, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. Procedure for temporary suspension of license or certificate. (a) When the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, issues a temporary suspension order, the suspension is in effect upon service of a written order on the licensee or counsel of record, specifying the statute, rule, or order violated. The order remains in effect until the board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing or upon agreement between the board and the licensee.
 - (b) Service of the order is effective if the order is served on the licensee or counsel of record personally or by certified mail, to the most recent address provided to the board for the licensee or counsel of record. must be by first class United States mail, including certified United States mail, or overnight express mail service with postage prepaid and addressed to the party at the party's last known address. Service by United States mail, including certified mail, is complete upon placing the order in the mail or otherwise delivering the order to the United States mail service. Service by overnight express mail service is complete upon delivering the order to an authorized agent of the express mail service.
 - (c) The order shall set forth the rights to a hearing contained in this subdivision and shall state the reasons for the entry of the order.

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(d) Within ten days after service of the order, the licensee may request a hearing in writing. The board shall hold a hearing before its own members within five working days of receipt of a request for hearing on the sole issue of whether there is a reasonable basis to continue, modify, or lift the temporary suspension. This hearing is not subject to chapter 14. Evidence presented by the board or the licensee shall be in affidavit form only. The licensee or counsel of record may appear for oral argument.

- (e) Within five working days after the hearing, the board shall issue its order and, if the suspension is continued, schedule a contested case hearing within 30 days after issuance of the order. The administrative law judge shall issue a report within 30 days after closing of the contested case hearing record, notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 1400.8100, subpart 3. The board shall issue a final order within 30 days after receipt of that report and any exceptions to it.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.111, is amended by adding a subdivision 89.13 89.14 to read:
- Subd. 8. Actions against a person with a lapsed license or certificate. If a person's license or certificate lapses; is surrendered, withdrawn, or terminated; or otherwise becomes ineffective, the board may institute a proceeding against the person under this subdivision within two years after the license or certificate was last effective and enter a revocation or suspension order as of the last date on which the license or certificate was in effect or impose 89.19 a civil penalty as provided in subdivision 6.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 89.21
 - Subd. 6. Certificate; required education and experience until July 1, 2030. (a) On or after July 1, 2006, and before July 1, 2030, a person who has passed the examination required in this section must be granted a certificate as a certified public accountant provided: (1) the person certifies to the board that the person has completed at least 150 semester or 225 quarter hours at a college or university that is fully accredited by a recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of Education, or an equivalent accrediting association, and has completed at least one year of experience of the type specified in paragraph (b); (2) the board verifies the certifications; and (3) the person complies with requirements for initial issuance of the certificate as a certified public accountant as prescribed by the board by rule.
 - (b) An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate under this subdivision shall show that the applicant has had one year of experience. Acceptable experience includes providing

any type of service or advice involving the use of accounting, attest, compilation, 90.1 management advisory, financial advisory, tax, or consulting skills, as verified by a licensee 90.2 and meeting requirements prescribed by the board by rule. Acceptable experience may be 90.3 gained through employment in government, industry, academia, or public practice. 90.4 Experience as an auditor in the Office of the Legislative Auditor or State Auditor, as verified 90.5 by a licensee, shall be acceptable experience. 90.6 90.7 (c) This subdivision expires July 1, 2030. Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 90.8 to read: 90.9 Subd. 6a. Certificate; required education and experience after June 30, 2030. (a) 90.10 On and after July 1, 2030, or during the transitional period as provided in subdivision 6b, 90.11 the board must grant a certificate as a certified public accountant to a person who has not 90.12 previously been certified and who has passed the examination required in this section if: 90.13 (1) the person certifies to the board that the person has: 90.14 (i) completed a master's degree at a college or university that is fully accredited by a 90.15 recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of Education and 90.16 has completed at least one year of acceptable experience as described in paragraph (b); or 90.17 90.18 (ii) earned a bachelor's or graduate degree from a college or university that is fully accredited by a recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of 90.19 Education and has completed at least two years of acceptable experience as described in 90.20 paragraph (b); 90.21 (2) the board verifies the certification under clause (1); and 90.22 (3) the person complies with requirements as prescribed by the board for an initial 90.23 certificate. 90.24 (b) Acceptable experience includes providing any type of service or advice that involves 90.25 accounting, attestation, compilation, management advisement, financial advisement, tax, 90.26 or consulting, as verified by a licensee and meeting requirements prescribed by the board 90.27 by rule. Acceptable experience may be gained through employment in government, industry, 90.28

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academia, or public practice. Experience as an auditor in the Office of the Legislative Auditor

or the Office of the State Auditor, as verified by a licensee, is acceptable experience.

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Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 91.1 91.2 to read: Subd. 6b. Transitional period. (a) Until July 1, 2030, a person must be granted an initial 91.3 certificate as a certified public accountant if the person meets either: 91.4 91.5 (1) all requirements under subdivision 6; or (2) all requirements under subdivision 6a. 91.6 91.7 (b) This subdivision expires July 1, 2030. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026. 91.8 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.14, is amended to read: 91.9 326A.14 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY MOBILITY. 91.10 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) An individual whose principal place of business is 91.11 not in this state and who holds a valid license in good standing as a certified public accountant 91.12 from any state which, upon verification, is in substantial equivalence with the certified 91.13 public accountant licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, shall 91.14 be presumed to have qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's requirements and 91.15 91.16 shall have all the privileges of licensees of this state without the need to obtain a license-, if the person: 91.17 91.18 (1) holds a valid certificate, license, or permit to practice as a certified public accountant that was issued in another state and is in good standing to practice as a certified public 91.19 accountant in that state; 91.20 (2) has a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited postsecondary school with an 91.21 accounting concentration or equivalent as determined by the board by rule; and 91.22 91.23 (3) has passed the Uniform CPA Examination. (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, an individual who offers or 91.24 renders professional services, whether in person, by mail, telephone, or electronic means, 91.25 under this paragraph (a): (1) shall be granted practice privileges in this state; (2) is subject 91.26 to the requirements in paragraph (c); and (3) is not required to provide any notice or other 91.27 submission. 91.28 91.29 (b) An individual whose principal place of business is not in this state and who holds a valid license in good standing as a certified public accountant from any state whose certified 91.30 public accountant licensure qualifications, upon verification, are not substantially equivalent 91.31

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with the licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, shall be presumed to have qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's requirements and shall have all the privileges of licensees of this state without the need to obtain a license if the individual obtains verification, as specified in board rule, that the individual's qualifications are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6. For purposes of this paragraph, any individual who passed the Uniform CPA Examination and holds a valid license issued by any other state prior to January 1, 2009, is exempt from the education requirement in section 326A.03, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), provided the individual meets the education requirement in section 326A.03, subdivision 3. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, an individual who offers or renders professional services, whether in person, by mail, telephone, or electronic means, under this paragraph: (1) shall, after the verification specified by adopted rules, be granted practice privileges in this state; (2) is subject to the requirements in paragraph (e); and (3) is not required to provide any notice or other submission.

- (c) An individual licensee of another state exercising the privilege afforded under this section and the firm which employs that licensee are deemed to have consented, as a condition of the grant of this privilege:
 - (1) to the personal and subject matter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the board;
 - (2) to comply with this chapter and the board's rules;
- (3) to the appointment of the state board that issued the license as the licensee's agent upon whom process may be served in any action or proceeding by this board against the licensee; and
- (4) to cease offering or rendering professional services in this state individually and on behalf of a firm in the event the license issued by the state of the individual's principal place of business is no longer valid or in good standing.
- (d) An individual who has been granted practice privileges under this section who performs attest services as defined in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, clause (1), (4), or (5), for any entity with its headquarters in this state, may only do so through a firm which has obtained a permit under section 326A.05.
- Subd. 2. Use of title in another state. A licensee of this state offering or rendering services or using the CPA title in another state is subject to the same disciplinary action in this state for which the licensee would be subject to discipline for an act committed in the other state. The board shall investigate any complaint made by the board of accountancy of another state.

93.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
93.2	Sec. 17. REPEALER.
93.3	Minnesota Rules, part 1105.7900, item D, is repealed.
93.4	ARTICLE 5
93.5	BUSINESS FILING FRAUD AND DECEPTIVE MAILINGS
93.6	Section 1. [5.60] LATE RENEWAL PENALTY.
93.7	Subdivision 1. Late penalty. The secretary of state may require a person to pay a late
93.8	penalty of up to \$40, as business needs require, when filing for renewal or reinstatement of
93.9	a business entity that the secretary of state has dissolved, terminated, or revoked due to
93.10	failure to file an annual renewal, or a business entity for which the secretary of state has
93.11	canceled a certificate of authority. The secretary of state must deposit all late penalty revenue
93.12	in the account created under subdivision 2. The late penalty is in addition to any other fee
93.13	or assessment provided by law.
93.14	Subd. 2. Account; appropriation. The secretary of state fraud prevention and data
93.15	security account is created in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated
93.16	to the secretary of state to:
75.10	to the secretary of state to.
93.17	(1) fulfill statutory and constitutional duties regarding fraud prevention and data privacy
93.18	and security, including but not limited to cyber security and the Minnesota Business Filing
93.19	Fraud Prevention Act under sections 300.70 to 300.78;
93.20	(2) ensure the accuracy and completeness of documents that are permitted or required
93.21	under law to be filed with the secretary of state; and
93.22	(3) enhance the secretary of state's information and telecommunications technology
93.23	systems and services.
93.24	Subd. 3. Annual report. By February 15 each year, the secretary of state must submit
93.25	a report identifying the amount of revenue collected and outcomes achieved under this
93.26	section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
93.27	jurisdiction over state government finance and policy.
93.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to renewal or
93.29	reinstatement applications submitted on or after that date.

94.1	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.485, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
94.2	Subdivision 1. Scope. The sections referred to in subdivisions 3 to $\frac{6}{7}$ are codified
94.3	outside this chapter. Those sections classify corporation data as other than public, place
94.4	restrictions on access to government data, or involve data sharing.
94.5	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.485, is amended by adding a subdivision to
94.6	read:
94.7	Subd. 7. Business fraud investigations. Government data related to investigations under
94.8	sections 300.70 to 300.78 are governed by section 300.78.
94.9	Sec. 4. [300.70] CITATION AND DEFINITIONS.
94.10	Subdivision 1. Citation. Sections 300.70 to 300.78 may be cited as the "Minnesota
94.11	Business Filing Fraud Prevention Act."
94.12	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of sections 300.70 to 300.78, the following terms
94.13	have the meanings given.
94.14	(b) "Complainant" means a person who (1) delivers a declaration of wrongful filing, and
94.15	(2) has a connection to the allegedly wrongful filing or the related business.
94.16	(c) "Filer" means the person who has allegedly made a wrongful filing.
94.17	(d) "Office" means the Office of the Secretary of State.
94.18	Sec. 5. [300.71] DECLARATION OF WRONGFUL FILING.
94.19	Subdivision 1. Form and contents of declaration. (a) A complainant may deliver a
94.20	declaration of wrongful filing to the office if the complainant believes that a document filed
94.21	under chapters 301 to 323A:
94.22	(1) was not authorized to be filed; and
94.23	(2) was filed with the intent to: (i) modify the ownership, registered agent, business
94.24	address, contact information, governance, or other information of a business on record; or
94.25	(ii) register a business using another person's name, address, or identity.
94.26	(b) A declaration of wrongful filing must include:
94.27	(1) the file number of the allegedly wrongful filing;
94.28	(2) the complainant's name, mailing address, and email address;

	(3) whether the complainant is employed by or has an ownership interest in the business
tha	t is the subject of the filing;
	(4) any information or evidence supporting the complainant's allegations under this
sec	tion;
	(5) a statement verifying the complainant believes in good faith that the facts stated in
the	declaration are true; and
	(6) any other information the office deems necessary.
	(c) The office must provide a form for declarations filed under this section. A complainant
mu	st use the provided form when submitting a declaration of wrongful filing.
	(d) A false material statement of fact in a declaration of wrongful filing or any other
doc	cument submitted under sections 300.70 to 300.78 is a violation of section 609.48.
	Subd. 2. Review of declaration. (a) The office must promptly accept or reject a
dec	claration of wrongful filing.
	(b) The office may reject a declaration of wrongful filing that is incomplete or does not
ls€	the provided form or if the office reasonably believes it was delivered with the intent
)]	narass or defraud the filer. The office may reject a declaration of wrongful filing if the
ff	ice has already issued a final order on the filing identified in the declaration.
	Subd. 3. Nonexclusive remedy. The remedy in sections 300.70 to 300.78 is not exclusive.
۱n	aggrieved party may seek district court action regardless of whether the individual has
ni	ciated or completed the procedure described in these sections.
S	ec. 6. [300.72] NOTICE.
	(a) When the office accepts a declaration of wrongful filing, the office must provide
101	ice of the declaration to the complainant and the filer. The notice must describe the
116	egations made in the declaration and the process used to resolve the allegations. The
101	ice must prominently state the response timeline in section 300.73 and the consequences
f t	he filer does not respond. The notice must prominently state that a false statement of
na	terial fact in any documents submitted under sections 300.70 to 300.78 is a violation of
sec	tion 609.48.
	(b) The office must send the notice by first class mail, postage prepaid, to:
	(1) the complainant at the mailing address provided in the declaration; and
	(2) the filer at:

96.1	(i) the most recent registered business address associated with the filing named in the
96.2	declaration; or
96.3	(ii) if a mailing address for the filer cannot be identified, the notice may be served on
96.4	the filer as provided under section 5.25, subdivision 6.
06.5	(c) Notice is deemed received by the complainant and the filer upon mailing.
96.6	(d) If the notice to the filer is returned as undeliverable, the office may deem the filing
06.7	fraudulent and immediately issue a final order as provided under section 300.76,
96.8	notwithstanding the time period under section 300.73.
6.9	Sec. 7. [300.73] RESPONSE.
6.10	(a) After notice is received, the filer must respond in writing to the allegations in the
6.11	declaration. The response must be received by the office within 21 calendar days of receipt
6.12	of the notice.
6.13	(b) The filer's response under this section must include any information refuting the
6.14	allegations contained in the complainant's declaration.
6.15	Sec. 8. [300.74] PROCEDURE WHEN NO RESPONSE RECEIVED.
6.16	If the filer does not respond within the time period under section 300.73, the office must
6.17	deem the filing fraudulent and issue a final order as provided under section 300.76.
6.18	Sec. 9. [300.75] PROCEDURE WHEN RESPONSE RECEIVED.
5.19	Subdivision 1. Preliminary determination. (a) If the filer responds within the period
5.20	under section 300.73, the office must further investigate the allegations in the declaration
5.21	and information in the response and make a preliminary determination regarding whether
5.22	the filing named in the declaration is fraudulent.
6.23	(b) The office may request additional information from the complainant and the filer if
6.24	necessary to make the preliminary determination.
6.25	Subd. 2. Notice of preliminary determination. The office must send notice of the
6.26	preliminary determination to the complainant and the filer in the manner described under
6.27	section 300.72. Notice is deemed received in the manner described under section 300.72.
6.28	Subd. 3. Response. After notice is received, the nonprevailing party must respond to
6.29	the preliminary determination within ten calendar days with additional information or
96.30	evidence in support of the nonprevailing party's position. The prevailing party may send

97.1	additional information or evidence within the same time period. The response must be
97.2	received by the office within the time period provided under this subdivision.
97.3	Subd. 4. Procedure if no second response is received. If the nonprevailing party does
97.4	not respond as required under subdivision 3, the preliminary determination becomes final
97.5	and the office must issue a final order under section 300.76.
97.6	Subd. 5. Procedure if second response is received. If the nonprevailing party responds
97.7	as required under subdivision 3, the office must consider the additional information provided,
97.8	make a final determination regarding whether the filing named in the declaration is fraudulent,
97.9	and issue a final order under section 300.76.
97.10	Subd. 6. Factors. When making a preliminary or final determination under this section,
97.11	the office may consider various factors, including but not limited to:
97.12	(1) whether the office has previously received declarations of wrongful filing or issued
97.13	final orders relating to the business, the filer, or the complainant;
97.14	(2) the previous filing history relating to the business, the filer, or the complainant;
97.15	(3) whether the filer or complainant failed to respond to a request for additional
97.16	information; and
97.17	(4) whether the office is able to independently verify the information provided by the
97.18	filer or complainant using publicly available information.
97.19	Sec. 10. [300.76] FINAL ORDER.
97.20	Subdivision 1. Filings deemed fraudulent. (a) If the office deems a filing fraudulent
97.21	under section 300.74 or 300.75, the office must issue a final order under this subdivision.
97.22	The final order must provide the office's rationale for deeming the filing fraudulent.
97.23	(b) When a filing is deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order under this subdivision,
97.24	the filing must be treated for legal purposes as if the filing never existed. In the case of a
97.25	business registered using a Minnesota resident's name, address, or identity without the
97.26	resident's authorization, the business is deemed dissolved.
97.27	(c) When a filing is deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order, the office must:
97.28	(1) mark the unauthorized filing or the business record as unauthorized or fraudulent;
97.29	(2) redact names and addresses that were used without authorization; and
97.30	(3) retain a copy of the final order.
97.31	(d) In addition to the actions in paragraph (c), the office may:

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(1) disable additional filing functionality on the business entity's record; or

(2) take other action the office deems necessary to prevent further unauthorized filings, protect private information, or prevent misuse of unauthorized information.

Subd. 2. Filings deemed not fraudulent or insufficient evidence. If the office determines that a filing is not fraudulent or that insufficient information is available to make a determination, the office must issue a final order stating that the office is not removing the filing from the database. The final order must provide the office's rationale for determining that the filing is not fraudulent or that insufficient information is available to make a determination.

Sec. 11. [300.77] JUDICIAL REVIEW.

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- (a) Any party who is aggrieved by a final order under section 300.76 may appeal the order to the district court of the Minnesota county where the business that is the subject of the final order is registered or was registered before the business's dissolution or, if the business is not registered in Minnesota, to the district court of Ramsey County. The aggrieved party may also appeal the final order as part of any district court action between the filer and complainant where the filing at issue is relevant to the issues in the case.
- (b) The aggrieved party must serve a written copy of a notice of appeal upon the office and any adverse party of record within 30 calendar days after the date the final order was issued and must also file the original notice and proof of service with the court administrator of the district court. Service may be made in person or by mail. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. The court administrator is prohibited from requiring a filing fee for appeals taken pursuant to this section.
 - (c) The office may elect to become a party to the proceedings in the district court.
- (d) The court may order that the office furnish the court and all parties to the proceedings with a copy of the decision, the filing that is the subject of the decision, and any materials or information submitted to the office. Any materials provided under this section that are filed with the court must be done so under restricted access unless the court orders otherwise.
- (e) A party may obtain a hearing at a special term of the district court by serving a written notice of the hearing's time and place at least ten days before the date of the hearing.
- (f) A party aggrieved by the order of the district court may appeal the order as in other civil cases. Costs or disbursements must not be taxed against a party. A filing fee or bond must not be required of a party.

99.1	Sec. 12. [300.78] DATA PRACTICES.
99.2	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, "nonpublic data" has the meaning
99.3	given in section 13.02, subdivision 9, and "private data on individuals" has the meaning
99.4	given in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
99.5	Subd. 2. Data classification. Data submitted by a complainant or filer under sections
99.6	300.70 to 300.78 is classified as nonpublic data or private data on individuals. A final order
99.7	under section 300.76 is public data, subject to the following: the complainant or filer's
99.8	personal contact information is classified as private data on individuals. The unredacted
99.9	version of a filing deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order under section 300.76,
99.10	subdivision 1, is classified as nonpublic data or private data on individuals. The version of
99.11	the filing that has been redacted pursuant to section 300.76, subdivision 1, paragraph (c),
99.12	is classified as public data.
99.13	Subd. 3. Dissemination permitted. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, the office may
99.14	disseminate data of any classification collected, created, or maintained under sections 300.70
99.15	<u>to 300.78:</u>
99.16	(1) to the attorney general to aid the office in the investigation and review of a filing
99.17	that is the subject of a declaration of wrongful filing;
99.18	(2) to a person or agency if the office determines that access to the data aids a criminal
99.19	or civil investigation; or
99.20	(3) if required or authorized by a court order or other state or federal law.
99.21	Sec. 13. [300.79] PROHIBITION ON DECEPTIVE BUSINESS MAILINGS.
99.22	Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "solicitation" means a
99.23	communication that is sent by a nongovernment third party to a business and that purports
99.24	<u>to:</u>
99.25	(1) notify the business of an operating requirement, including but not limited to filing
99.26	documents with or retrieving documents from the Office of the Secretary of State; or
99.27	(2) offer a service that relates to filing documents with, producing documents for, or
99.28	reporting information to the Office of the Secretary of State.
99.29	Subd. 2. Design and content requirements. (a) A solicitation must:
99.30	(1) include a clear statement indicating that the solicitation is an advertisement and is
99.31	not from a government agency. The statement must be placed at the top of a physical
99.32	document or the beginning of an electronic communication and must be in at least 24-point

100.1	font. All other text in the document must be smaller than the statement required by this
100.2	clause;
100.3	(2) provide information indicating where an individual is able to directly file documents
100.4	with the secretary of state or retrieve copies of public records;
100.5	(3) disclose the name and physical address of the company sending the solicitation. The
100.6	physical address must not be a post office box; and
100.7	(4) for a mailed solicitation, prominently display in capital letters on the envelope or
100.8	outer wrapper the words "THIS IS NOT A GOVERNMENT DOCUMENT."
100.9	(b) The overall design and language of a solicitation must not:
100.10	(1) create the impression that the solicitation is an official government notice or document;
100.11	(2) incorporate the Minnesota state seal or other logo or branding of the state or any
100.12	state agency; or
100.13	(3) indicate or imply a legal duty to act on the solicitation or a penalty for failure to act
100.14	on the solicitation.
100.15	Subd. 3. Penalties. (a) A person who sends a solicitation that does not comply with the
100.16	requirements of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
100.17	(b) A violation of this section is a violation of sections 325D.43 to 325D.48.
100.18	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
100.19	Subdivision 1. Acts constituting. Whoever makes a false material statement not believing
100.20	it to be true in any of the following cases is guilty of perjury and may be sentenced as
100.21	provided in subdivision 4:
100.22	(1) in or for an action, hearing or proceeding of any kind in which the statement is
100.23	required or authorized by law to be made under oath or affirmation;
100.24	(2) in any writing which is required or authorized by law to be under oath or affirmation;
100.25	(3) in any writing made according to section 358.115;
100.26	(4) in any writing made according to section 358.116; or
100.27	(5) in any writing made according to sections 300.70 to 300.78; or
100.28	(6) in any other case in which the penalties for perjury are imposed by law and no specific

100.29 sentence is otherwise provided.

duty; or

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(1) the member is serving in the military and is at a required drill, deployed, or on active

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(2) the member has been advised by a health care professional against being in a public place for personal or family medical reasons.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13D.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Notice of regular and all member meeting locations.** If interactive technology is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the public body shall provide notice of the regular meeting location and notice of any location where a member of the public body will be participating the fact that members may participate in the meeting by interactive technology, except for the locations of members participating pursuant to subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The timing and method of providing notice of the regular meeting location must be as described in section 13D.04.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 117.036, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Appraisal. (a) Before commencing an eminent domain proceeding under this 102.12 chapter for an acquisition greater than \$25,000, the acquiring authority must obtain at least 102.13 one appraisal for the property proposed to be acquired. In making the appraisal, the appraiser 102.14 must confer with one or more of the owners of the property, if reasonably possible. For 102.15 acquisitions less than \$25,000, the acquiring authority may obtain a minimum damage 102.16 acquisition report in lieu of an appraisal. In making the minimum damage acquisition report, the qualified person with appraisal knowledge must confer with one or more of the owners 102.18 of the property, if reasonably possible. Notwithstanding section 13.44, the acquiring authority 102.19 must provide the owner with a copy of (1) each appraisal for property acquisitions over 102.20 \$25,000, or (2) the minimum damage acquisition report for properties under \$25,000, the 102.21 acquiring authority has obtained for the property at the time an offer is made, but no later 102.22 than 60 days before presenting a petition under section 117.055. The acquiring authority 102.23 must also inform the owner of the right to obtain an appraisal under this section. Upon 102.24 102.25 request, the acquiring authority must make available to the owner all appraisals for properties over \$25,000, or the minimum damage acquisition report for properties under \$25,000. If 102.26 the acquiring authority is considering both a full and partial taking of the property, the 102.27 acquiring authority shall obtain and provide the owner with appraisals for properties over 102.28 \$25,000 for both types of takings, or minimum damage acquisition reports for properties 102.29 102.30 under \$25,000.
 - (b) The owner may obtain an appraisal by a qualified appraiser of the property proposed to be acquired. The owner is entitled to reimbursement for the reasonable costs of the appraisal from the acquiring authority up to a maximum of \$1,500 \$3,000 for single family

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and two-family residential property and minimum damage acquisitions and \$5,000 \$10,000 for other types of property, provided that the owner submits to the acquiring authority the information necessary for reimbursement, including a copy of the owner's appraisal, at least five days before a condemnation commissioners' hearing. For purposes of this subdivision, a "minimum damage acquisition" means an interest in property that a qualified person having an understanding of the local real estate market indicates can be acquired for \$25,000 or less.

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(c) The acquiring authority must pay the reimbursement to the owner within 30 days after receiving a copy of the appraisal and the reimbursement information. Upon agreement between the acquiring authority and the owner, the acquiring authority may pay the reimbursement directly to the appraiser.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 222.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Use requirements. (a) Any water power, telegraph, telephone, pneumatic 103.13 tube, pipeline, community antenna television, cable communications or electric light, heat, 103.14 power company, entity that receives a route permit under chapter 216E for a high-voltage 103.15 transmission line necessary to interconnect an electric power generating facility with transmission lines or associated facilities of an entity that directly, or through its members or agents, provides retail electric service in the state, or fire department may use public 103.18 roads for the purpose of constructing, using, operating, and maintaining lines, subways, 103.19 canals, conduits, transmission lines, hydrants, or dry hydrants, for their business, but such 103.20 103.21 lines shall be so located as in no way to interfere with the safety and convenience of ordinary travel along or over the same; and, in the construction and maintenance of such line, subway, 103.22 canal, conduit, transmission lines, hydrants, or dry hydrants, the entity shall be subject to all reasonable regulations imposed by the governing body of any county, town or city in 103.24 which such public road may be. If the governing body does not require the entity to obtain 103.25 a permit, an entity shall notify the governing body of any county, town, or city having 103.26 jurisdiction over a public road prior to the construction or major repair, involving extensive 103.27 excavation on the road right-of-way, of the entity's equipment along, over, or under the 103.28 public road, unless the governing body waives the notice requirement. A waiver of the notice requirement must be renewed on an annual basis. For emergency repair an entity 103.30 103.31 shall notify the governing body as soon as practical after the repair is made. Nothing herein shall be construed to grant to any person any rights for the maintenance of a telegraph, 103.32 telephone, pneumatic tube, community antenna television system, cable communications 103.33 system, or light, heat, power system, electric power generating system, high-voltage 103.34 transmission line, or hydrant system within the corporate limits of any city until such person

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shall have obtained the right to maintain such system within such city or for a period beyond that for which the right to operate such system is granted by such city.

- (b) Any public water district, sewer district, or combination water and sewer district established under chapter 116A may install water and sewer lines and all other ancillary infrastructure within a public township, county, or state road right-of-way in accordance with paragraph (a). When installing water and sewer lines within a trunk highway right-of-way under this paragraph, a district must comply with the requirements under section 161.45, and Minnesota Rules, parts 8810.3100 to 8810.3600.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 331A.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 104.9
- Subd. 2. **Discontinuance.** (a) When a newspaper ceases to be published before the 104.10 publication of a public notice is commenced, or when commenced ceases before the 104.11 publication is completed, the following procedures apply: (1) when the publication is required 104.12 by court order, the order for publication, when one is required in the first instance, may be 104.13 amended by order of the court or judge, to designate another newspaper, as may be necessary-104.14 If no order is required in the first instance,; or (2) when the publication is required by law, 104.15 rule, or ordinance, the publication may be made or completed in any other qualified newspaper. 104.17
 - (b) If no qualified newspaper is available for publication of a public notice after the discontinuance of a newspaper, the political subdivision must post the information required to be published on the political subdivision's website until another qualified newspaper is identified, which shall then be designated. During the time when no qualified newspaper is available, the political subdivision must also post the public notice on the Minnesota Newspaper Association's statewide public notice website, at no additional cost to the political subdivision.
- (c) Any time during which the notice is published in the first a newspaper prior to the newspaper's discontinuance shall be calculated as a part of the time required for the 104.26 publication, proof of which may be made by affidavit of any person acquainted with the 104.28 facts.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 367.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 104.29
- Subdivision 1. Transition; audit. (a) In a town in which option D is adopted, the 104.30 incumbent treasurer shall continue in office until the expiration of the term. Thereafter, or 104.31 at any time a vacancy other than a temporary vacancy under section 367.03 occurs in the 104.32 position, the duties of the treasurer prescribed by law shall be performed by the clerk who 104.33

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shall be referred to as the clerk-treasurer. If option D is adopted at an election in which the treasurer is also elected, the election of the treasurer's position is void.

- (b) If the offices of clerk and treasurer are combined and the town's annual revenue for all governmental and enterprise funds combined is more than the amount in paragraph (c), the town board shall provide for an annual audit of the town's financial affairs by the state auditor or a public accountant in accordance with minimum audit procedures prescribed by the state auditor. If the offices of clerk and treasurer are combined and the town's annual revenue for all governmental and enterprise funds combined is the amount in paragraph (c) or less, the town board shall provide for an audit of the town's financial affairs by the state auditor or a public accountant in accordance with minimum audit procedures prescribed by the state auditor at least once every five years, which audit shall be for a one-year period to be determined at random by the person conducting the audit. Upon completion of an audit by a public accountant, the public accountant shall forward a copy of the audit to the state auditor. For purposes of this subdivision, "public accountant" means a certified public accountant or a certified public accounting firm licensed in accordance with chapter 326A.
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), the amount in 2004 2025 is \$150,000 \$1,000,000, 105.16 and in 2005 and after, \$150,000 is adjusted annually thereafter for inflation using the annual 105.17 implicit price deflator for state and local expenditures as published by the United States 105.18 Department of Commerce. 105.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to audits 105.20 performed for 2026 and thereafter. 105.21

Sec. 7. [383A.151] RAMSEY COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT **AUTHORITY.**

Subdivision 1. Creation. (a) There is created in the county of Ramsey a public body, 105.24 105.25 corporate and politic, known as the Ramsey County Economic Development Authority, that has the powers contained in sections 469.090 to 469.108, except for sections 469.101, 105.26 subdivision 19, 469.102, and 469.107; the powers of a housing and redevelopment authority 105.27 under sections 469.001 to 469.047; and the powers of a city under sections 469.124 to 105.28 469.133. For purposes of applying chapter 469 to the county of Ramsey, the county has all 105.29 105.30 the powers and duties of a city; the county board has all the powers and duties of a governing body; the chair of the county board has all the powers and duties of a mayor; and, with 105.31 respect to the exercise of the powers under section 469.008, the area of operation includes 105.32 the area within the territorial boundaries of the county. 105.33

106.1	(b) Section 469.1082 does not apply to the county of Ramsey, except for section
106.2	469.1082, subdivision 5.
106.3	Subd. 2. Commissioners. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 469 or other law
106.4	to the contrary, the Ramsey County Economic Development Authority consists of seven
106.5	commissioners. The county board must appoint the commissioners and fill vacancies in the
106.6	office of any commissioner. Pursuant to Ramsey County Resolution No. 94-357, dated July
106.7	26, 1994, the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners also constitutes the Ramsey County
106.8	Housing and Redevelopment Authority. The board may, by resolution, appoint the sitting
106.9	commissioners of the Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority as
106.10	commissioners of the Ramsey County Economic Development Authority, the terms of each
106.11	commissioner corresponding accordingly.
106.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
106.13	Ramsey County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
106.14	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
106.15	Sec. 8. [383A.152] RAMSEY COUNTY HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT
106.16	AUTHORITY; ADDITIONAL POWERS.
106.17	The Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority, established pursuant to
106.18	Ramsey County Resolution No. 93-155, dated March 9, 1993, shall have the powers and
106.19	duties of the Ramsey County Economic Development Authority under section 383A.151
106.20	and shall retain all the powers of a housing and redevelopment authority under sections
106.21	469.001 to 469.047. For purposes of applying chapter 469 to the county of Ramsey, the
106.22	county has all the powers and duties of a city; the county board has all the powers and duties
106.23	of a governing body; the chair of the county has all the powers and duties of a mayor; and,
106.24	with respect to the exercise of the powers under section 469.008, the area of operation
106.25	includes the area within the territorial boundaries of the county.
106.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
106.27	Ramsey County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
106.28	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
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106.29	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 383C.035, is amended to read:
106.30	383C.035 UNCLASSIFIED CIVIL SERVICE.
106.31	
	(a) The officers and employees of the county and of any agency, board, or commission,

- by the judges of the district court for the county, are divided into the unclassified and 107.1 classified service. 107.2 (b) The unclassified service comprises: 107.3 (1) all officers elected by popular vote or persons appointed to fill vacancies in such 107.4 107.5 offices; (2) superintendent or principal administrative officer or comptroller of any separate 107.6 107.7 department of county government which is now or hereafter created pursuant to law, who is directly responsible to the board of county commissioners or any other board or 107.8 commission, as well as the county agricultural agents reporting to the county extension 107.9 committee: 107.10 (3) members of nonpaid board, or commissioners appointed by the board of county 107.11 commissioners or acting in an advisory capacity; 107.12 (4) assistant county attorneys or special investigators in the employ of the county attorney. 107.13 For purposes of this section, special investigators are defined as all nonclerical positions in 107.14 the employ of the county attorney; 107.15 (5) all common labor temporarily employed on an hourly basis; 107.16 (6) not more than a total of nine full-time equivalent clerical employees serving the 107.17 county board and administrator; 107.18 (7) a legislative lobbyist/grant coordinator appointed by the county board to act as 107.19 legislative liaison with the St. Louis County legislative delegation and pursue legislative 107.20 concerns and grant opportunities for the county, and the clerk for that position; 107.21 107.22 (8) any department head and deputy director designated by the county board; (9) three administrative assistants in the county administrator's office; 107.23 (10) the county administrator and two deputy administrators; and 107.24 (11) all court bailiffs. 107.25 (c) The classified service includes all other positions now existing and hereinafter created 107.26 in the service of the county or any board or commission, agency, or offices of the county.
- 107.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the St. Louis County Board of Commissioners and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 107.29 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 107.30

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 412.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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Subd. 3. Clerk, treasurer combined; audit standards. (a) In cities operating under the standard plan of government the council may by ordinance adopted at least 60 days before the next regular city election combine the offices of clerk and treasurer in the office of clerk-treasurer, but such an ordinance shall not be effective until the expiration of the term of the incumbent treasurer or when an earlier vacancy occurs. After the effective date of the ordinance, the duties of the treasurer and deputy treasurer as prescribed by this chapter shall be performed by the clerk-treasurer or a duly appointed deputy. The offices of clerk and treasurer may be reestablished by ordinance.

- (b) If the offices of clerk and treasurer are combined as provided by this section and the city's annual revenue for all governmental and enterprise funds combined is more than the amount in paragraph (c), the council shall provide for an annual audit of the city's financial affairs by the state auditor or a public accountant in accordance with minimum auditing procedures prescribed by the state auditor. If the offices of clerk and treasurer are combined and the city's annual revenue for all governmental and enterprise funds combined is the amount in paragraph (c), or less, the council shall provide for an audit of the city's financial affairs by the state auditor or a public accountant in accordance with minimum audit procedures prescribed by the state auditor at least once every five years, which audit shall be for a one-year period to be determined at random by the person conducting the audit.
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), the amount in 2004 2025 is \$150,000 \$1,000,000, and in 2005 and after, \$150,000 is adjusted annually thereafter for inflation using the annual implicit price deflator for state and local expenditures as published by the United States Department of Commerce.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to audits 108.24 performed for 2026 and thereafter. 108.25
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 412.341, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 108.26
- Subdivision 1. Membership. (a) The commission shall consist of three, five, or seven 108.27 members appointed by the council. No more than one member may be chosen from the council membership for a commission with three members, and no more than two members 108.29 108.30 may be chosen from the council membership for a commission with five or seven members. Except for the terms of members appointed to the initial commission as provided in paragraph 108.31 (b), each member shall serve for a term of three years and until a successor is appointed 108.32 and qualified except that of the members initially appointed in any city, one shall serve for 108.33 a term of one year, one for a term of two years, and one for a term of three years. Residence

109.1	shall not be a qualification for membership on the commission unless the council so provides.
109.2	A vacancy shall be filled by the council for the unexpired term.
109.3	(b) The members appointed to the initial commission after its establishment under section
109.4	412.331 shall serve the following terms:
109.5	(1) if the initial commission consists of three members, one member shall serve for a
109.6	term of one year, one member for a term of two years, and one member for a term of three
109.7	years;
109.8	(2) if the initial commission consists of five members, one member shall serve for a term
109.9	of one year, two members for a term of two years, and two members for a term of three
109.10	years; or
109.11	(3) if the initial commission consists of seven members, two members shall serve for a
109.12	term of one year, two members for a term of two years, and three members for a term of
109.13	three years.
109.14	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 412.341, is amended by adding a subdivision
109.15	to read:
109.16	Subd. 3. Change in membership; procedures. (a) The number of commission members
109.17	may be increased or decreased by ordinance within the permitted number of commissioner
109.18	members as provided in subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The ordinance changing the number
109.19	of commission members must include a provision for maintaining staggered terms for
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109.20	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction
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	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction
109.21	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their
109.21 109.22	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least
109.21 109.22 109.23	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption.
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24 109.25	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the question of whether to reduce the size of the commission must be placed on the ballot at
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24 109.25 109.26	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the question of whether to reduce the size of the commission must be placed on the ballot at the next general or special election if: (1) within 45 days of the ordinance's adoption by the
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24 109.25 109.26 109.27	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the question of whether to reduce the size of the commission must be placed on the ballot at the next general or special election if: (1) within 45 days of the ordinance's adoption by the city council, a petition is filed with the city clerk requesting that a referendum be held on
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24 109.25 109.26 109.27 109.28	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the question of whether to reduce the size of the commission must be placed on the ballot at the next general or special election if: (1) within 45 days of the ordinance's adoption by the city council, a petition is filed with the city clerk requesting that a referendum be held on reducing the size of the commission; and (2) the petition is signed by a number of eligible
109.21 109.22 109.23 109.24 109.25 109.26 109.27 109.28 109.29	commission members, provided that if the number of members is reduced, the reduction must be effected in such a manner that all incumbent members are permitted to serve their full terms. An ordinance adopted under this subdivision must not be effective until at least 45 days after its adoption. (b) An ordinance reducing the size of the commission shall not take effect and the question of whether to reduce the size of the commission must be placed on the ballot at the next general or special election if: (1) within 45 days of the ordinance's adoption by the city council, a petition is filed with the city clerk requesting that a referendum be held on reducing the size of the commission; and (2) the petition is signed by a number of eligible voters equal to at least 15 percent of the number of electors voting at the most recent general

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The question shall be followed by the words "Yes" and "No" with an appropriate oval or
similar target shape before each in which a voter may record a choice. If a majority of the
votes cast on the question are in favor of reducing the size of the commission, the ordinance
shall be considered approved and shall be effective immediately. If the majority of votes
cast on the question are against reducing the size of the commission, the ordinance shall
not take effect.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 412.591, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Audit standards if combined. (a) If the offices of clerk and treasurer are 110.8 combined as provided by this section, and the city's annual revenue for all governmental 110.9 and enterprise funds combined is more than the amount in paragraph (b), the council shall 110.10 provide for an annual audit of the city's financial affairs by the state auditor or a certified 110.11 public accountant in accordance with minimum procedures prescribed by the state auditor. If the offices of clerk and treasurer are combined and the city's annual revenue for all 110.14 governmental and enterprise funds combined is the amount in paragraph (b), or less, the council shall provide for an audit of the city's financial affairs by the state auditor or a 110 15 certified public accountant in accordance with minimum audit procedures prescribed by the 110.16 state auditor at least once every five years, which audit shall be for a one-year period to be 110.17 determined at random by the person conducting the audit. 110.18
- 110.19 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), the amount in 2004 2025 is \$150,000 \$1,000,000, and in 2005 and after, \$150,000 is adjusted annually thereafter for inflation using the annual 110.20 110.21 implicit price deflator for state and local expenditures as published by the United States Department of Commerce. 110.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to audits 110.23 performed for 2026 and thereafter. 110.24

Sec. 14. [471.3458] VOLUNTEER EMERGENCY SERVICES PROVIDERS; TIRE 110.25 **PURCHASES.** 110.26

- 110.27 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. 110.28
- 110.29 (b) "Fire department" has the meaning given in section 299N.01, subdivision 2.
- (c) "Municipality" means a statutory or home rule charter city or a town. 110.30
- 110.31 (d) "Volunteer emergency services provider" means a volunteer firefighter, as defined in section 299N.03, subdivision 7; volunteer ambulance attendant, as defined in section 110.32

- (4) a reference to the contract under which the municipality or fire department purchases
- (b) The municipality or fire department must document how many tires each volunteer 111.21 emergency services provider purchases during the periods specified in this section. 111.22

Sec. 15. [471.9994] LANDLORD-TENANT GUIDE. 111.23

111.24 If a home rule charter city, statutory city, or town issues or renews a rental license, a registration or certificate of occupancy, or a similar document for purposes of allowing a 111.25 dwelling unit to be occupied by a residential tenant, as defined in section 504B.001, 111.26 subdivision 12, the city or town must provide the landlord, as defined in section 504B.001, 111.27 subdivision 7, with a link to the attorney general's website where an electronic version of 111.28 111.29 the attorney general's landlord-tenant guide, as defined in section 504B.275, is published, and instructions explaining how to request the guide in an alternative format from the 111.30 attorney general's office. 111.31

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Conformity.** (a) Other law to the contrary notwithstanding, in order to receive distributions under sections 477A.011 to 477A.03, or a special district aid program, counties and, cities, towns, and special districts, must conform to the standards set in subdivision 2 in making all financial reports required to be made to the state auditor.

- (b) For the purpose of this subdivision, "special district" has the meaning under section

 6.465, subdivision 3.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to aid distributions on or after that date.
- Sec. 17. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 7, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Governing board.** The hospital district shall be governed by a board of directors of at least nine and not more than 12 six voting members, elected as provided in subdivision 2. All members of the hospital board at the time the hospital district is organized shall continue in office until the members of the first board of the hospital district are elected and qualify. The hospital district may change the number of board members through the adoption and amendment of bylaws under section 10, subdivision 5.
- Sec. 18. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 7, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Election. Three Two directors shall be elected by the city council and six four 112.18 directors shall be elected by the county board, unless otherwise provided in the bylaws 112.19 under section 10, subdivision 5. Up to three Additional voting members and additional 112.20 nonvoting members may be provided for in bylaws adopted pursuant to section 5 10, 112.21 subdivision 5. As nearly as possible, one-third of the members of the first board of directors shall be elected for a term to expire one year from the next December 31 following that 112.23 election, one-third for a term to expire two years from that date, and one-third for a term to 112.24 expire three years from that date. Each of the political subdivisions electing directors shall 112.25 assign terms of office to each director according to these staggered terms. Successors to the 112.26 first board members shall each be elected for terms of three years, and all members shall 112.27 hold office until their successors are elected and qualify. Terms of office shall expire on 112.28 December 31. In case of vacancy on the board of directors, whether due to death, removal from the district, inability to serve, resignation, removal by the entity that elected the director, 112.30 or other cause, the majority of the governing body of the entity that elected the director 112.31 whose position is vacant shall elect a director to fill such vacancy for the then unexpired 112.32 112.33 term.

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Sec. 19. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 7, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 113.1

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Subd. 3. Compensation. The members of the board of directors may receive compensation for their services as such and may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties to the extent provided for in bylaws adopted pursuant to section 5 10, subdivision 5.

Sec. 20. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 8, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Duties.** The officers shall have the duties specified in this subdivision and additional duties as set forth in bylaws adopted in accordance with section 5 10, subdivision 5. The chair shall preside at all meetings of the board of directors and shall perform all duties usually incumbent upon such an officer. The vice-chair shall preside in the absence of the chair. The secretary shall record the minutes of all meetings of the board and be the custodian of all books and records of the district. The treasurer shall be the custodian of money received by the district and shall see that they are properly accounted for. The board may appoint deputies who shall perform any functions and duties of any officer, subject to the supervision and control of the officer.

- Sec. 21. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 10, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 113.16
- Subd. 4. Approval for sale or lease. Nothing contained in this section 5 shall be 113 17 construed to authorize the district or its board of directors to at any time sell, lease, or 113.18 otherwise transfer the management, control or operation of the hospital, including nursing 113.19 home or other facilities, except upon approval by a majority vote of the county board and 113.20 the city council. 113.21
- Sec. 22. Laws 1992, chapter 534, section 16, is amended to read: 113.22

Sec. 16. LEASE OF FACILITIES TO NONPROFIT OR PUBLIC CORPORATION.

Subject to section 5 10, subdivision 4, the hospital district may lease hospital, nursing home, or other facilities to be run by a nonprofit or public corporation as community facilities. The facilities must be open to all residents of the community on equal terms. The district may lease related medical facilities to any person, firm, association, or corporation, at rent and on conditions agreed. The term of the lease must not exceed 30 years. The lessee may be granted an option to renew the lease for an additional term or to purchase the facilities. The terms of renewal or purchase must be provided for in the lease. The hospital district may by resolution of its governing body agree to pay to the lessee annually, and to include

in each annual budget for hospital and nursing home purposes, a fixed compensation for 114.1 services agreed to be performed by the lessee in running the hospital, nursing home, or other 114.2 facilities as a community facility; for any investment by the lessee of its own funds or funds 114.3 granted or contributed to it in the construction or equipment of the hospital, nursing home, 114.4 or other facilities; and for any auxiliary services to be provided or made available by the 114.5 lessee through other facilities owned or operated by it. Services other than those provided 114.6 for in the lease agreement may be compensated at rates agreed upon later. The lease 114.7 114.8 agreement must, however, require the lessee to pay a net rental not less than the amount required to pay the principal and interest when due on all revenue bonds issued by the 114.9 hospital district to acquire, improve, and refinance the leased facilities, and to maintain the 114.10 agreed revenue bond reserve. The lease agreement must not grant the lessee an option to 114.11 purchase the facilities at a price less than the amount of the bonds issued and interest accrued 114.12 on them, except bonds and accrued interest paid from the net rentals before the option is 114.13 exercised. 114.14

To the extent that the facilities are leased under this section for use by persons in private medical or dental or similar practice or other private business, a tax on that use must be imposed just as though the user were the owner of the space. It must be collected as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 272.01, subdivision 2.

114.19 Sec. 23. **REPEALER.**

- Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 383C.07; and 383C.74, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4, are repealed.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the St. Louis County Board
 of Commissioners and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
- 114.24 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 24. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- (a) Sections 17 to 22 are effective the day after the governing bodies of Swift County
 and the city of Benson comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
 subdivisions 2 and 3.
- (b) Except as otherwise specified, this article is effective the day following final enactment.

115.1	ARTICLE 7
115.2	CAMPAIGN FINANCE
115.3	Section 1. [5.51] EXPENSES OF SECRETARY OF STATE-ELECT.
115.4	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined have the
115.5	meanings given them.
115.6	(b) "Secretary of state-elect" means the person who is not currently secretary of state
115.7	and is the apparent successful candidate for the Office of Secretary of State following a
115.8	general election.
115.9	(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Management and
115.10	Budget.
115.11	Subd. 2. Transition expenses. In the fiscal year of an election for secretary of state and
115.12	subject to availability of funds, the commissioner shall transfer up to \$25,000 from the
115.13	general contingent account in the general fund to the Department of Management and
115.14	Budget. This transfer is subject to the review and advice of the Legislative Advisory
115.15	Commission pursuant to section 3.30. In consultation with the secretary of state-elect, the
115.16	commissioner shall use the transferred funds to pay expenses of the secretary of state-elect
115.17	associated with preparing for the assumption of official duties as secretary of state. The
115.18	commissioner may use the transferred funds for expenses necessary and prudent for
115.19	establishment of a transition office prior to the election and for dissolution of the office if
115.20	the incumbent secretary of state is reelected or after the inauguration of a new secretary of
115.21	state. Expenses of the secretary of state-elect may include suitable office space and
115.22	equipment, communications and technology support, consulting services, compensation
115.23	and travel costs, and other reasonable expenses. Compensation rates for temporary employees
115.24	hired to support the secretary of state-elect and rates paid for consulting services for the
115.25	secretary of state-elect shall be determined by the secretary of state-elect.
115.26	Subd. 3. Unused funds. No new obligations shall be incurred for expenses of the secretary
115.27	of state-elect after the date of the inauguration. By March 31 of the year of the inauguration,
115.28	the commissioner shall return to the general contingent account any funds transferred under
115.29	this section that the commissioner determines are not needed to pay expenses of the secretary
115.30	of state-elect.
115.31	Sec. 2. [6.93] EXPENSES OF STATE AUDITOR-ELECT.
115.32	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined have the
115.33	meanings given them.

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(b) "State auditor-elect" means the person who is not currently state auditor and is the 116.1 apparent successful candidate for the Office of State Auditor following a general election. 116.2 116.3 (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Management and Budget. 116.4 116.5 Subd. 2. Transition expenses. In the fiscal year of an election for state auditor and subject to availability of funds, the commissioner shall transfer up to \$25,000 from the 116.6 general contingent account in the general fund to the Department of Management and 116.7 Budget. This transfer is subject to the review and advice of the Legislative Advisory 116.8 Commission pursuant to section 3.30. In consultation with the state auditor-elect, the 116.9 116.10 commissioner shall use the transferred funds to pay expenses of the state auditor-elect associated with preparing for the assumption of official duties as state auditor. The 116.11 commissioner may use the transferred funds for expenses necessary and prudent for 116.12 establishment of a transition office prior to the election and for dissolution of the office if 116.13 the incumbent state auditor is reelected or after the inauguration of a new state auditor. 116.14 Expenses of the state auditor-elect may include suitable office space and equipment, 116.15 communications and technology support, consulting services, compensation and travel 116.16 costs, and other reasonable expenses. Compensation rates for temporary employees hired 116.17 to support the state auditor-elect and rates paid for consulting services for the state 116.18 auditor-elect shall be determined by the state auditor-elect. 116.19 Subd. 3. Unused funds. No new obligations shall be incurred for expenses of the state 116.20 auditor-elect after the date of the inauguration. By March 31 of the year of the inauguration, 116.21 the commissioner shall return to the general contingent account any funds transferred under 116.22 this section that the commissioner determines are not needed to pay expenses of the state 116.23 auditor-elect. 116.24 Sec. 3. [8.40] EXPENSES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL-ELECT. 116.25 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined have the 116.26 meanings given them. 116.27 (b) "Attorney general-elect" means the person who is not currently attorney general and 116.28 is the apparent successful candidate for the Office of Attorney General following a general 116.29 116.30 election.

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(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Management and

117.1	Subd. 2. Transition expenses. In the fiscal year of an election for attorney general and
117.2	subject to availability of funds, the commissioner shall transfer up to \$35,000 from the
117.3	general contingent account in the general fund to the Department of Management and
117.4	Budget. This transfer is subject to the review and advice of the Legislative Advisory
117.5	Commission pursuant to section 3.30. In consultation with the attorney general-elect, the
117.6	commissioner shall use the transferred funds to pay expenses of the attorney general-elect
117.7	associated with preparing for the assumption of official duties as attorney general. The
117.8	commissioner may use the transferred funds for expenses necessary and prudent for
117.9	establishment of a transition office prior to the election and for dissolution of the office if
117.10	the incumbent attorney general is reelected or after the inauguration of a new attorney
117.11	general. Expenses of the attorney general-elect may include suitable office space and
117.12	equipment, communications and technology support, consulting services, compensation
117.13	and travel costs, and other reasonable expenses. Compensation rates for temporary employees
117.14	hired to support the attorney general-elect and rates paid for consulting services for the
117.15	attorney general-elect shall be determined by the attorney general-elect.
117.16	Subd. 3. Unused funds. No new obligations shall be incurred for expenses of the attorney
117.17	general-elect after the date of the inauguration. By March 31 of the year of the inauguration,
117.18	the commissioner shall return to the general contingent account any funds transferred under
117.19	this section that the commissioner determines are not needed to pay expenses of the attorney
117.20	general-elect.
117.21	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
117.22	read:
117.23	Subd. 16c. Expert witness. "Expert witness" means an individual preparing or delivering
117.24	testimony or a report consisting of information, data, or professional opinions on which the
117.25	individual has particular expertise gained through formal education, professional or
117.26	occupational training, or experience in a field in which the individual is or has been
117.27	employed.
117.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2025.
117.29	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.01, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
117.30	Subd. 21. Lobbyist. (a) "Lobbyist" means an individual:
117.31	(1) engaged for pay or other consideration of more than \$3,000 from all sources in any
117.32	year:

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- (i) for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a political subdivision, by communicating with public or local officials; or
 - (ii) from a business whose primary source of revenue is derived from facilitating government relations or government affairs services if the individual's job duties include offering direct or indirect consulting or advice that helps the business provide those services to clients; or
 - (2) who spends more than \$3,000 of the individual's personal funds, not including the individual's own traveling expenses and membership dues, in any year for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a political subdivision, by communicating with public or local officials.
- (b) "Lobbyist" does not include:
- 118.13 (1) a public official;
- 118.14 (2) an employee of the state, including an employee of any of the public higher education systems;
- 118.16 (3) an elected local official;
- (4) a nonelected local official or an employee of a political subdivision acting in an 118.17 official capacity, unless the nonelected official or employee of a political subdivision spends 118.18 more than 50 hours in any month attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, 118.19 or the official action of a political subdivision other than the political subdivision employing 118.20 the official or employee, by communicating or urging others to communicate with public 118.21 or local officials, including time spent monitoring legislative or administrative action, or 118.22 the official action of a political subdivision, and related research, analysis, and compilation and dissemination of information relating to legislative or administrative policy in this state, 118.24 or to the policies of political subdivisions local official or employee spends more than 50 118.25 hours in any month attempting to influence legislative or administrative action or the official 118.26 action of a metropolitan governmental unit, other than a political subdivision employing 118.27 the official or employee, by communicating with public or local officials; 118.28
 - (5) a party or the party's representative appearing in a proceeding before a state board, commission, or agency of the executive branch unless the board, commission, or agency is taking administrative action;
- 118.32 (6) an individual while engaged in selling goods or services to be paid for by public funds;

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119.1	(7) a finance professional subject to Security Exchange Commission regulation who
119.2	works with a registered lobbyist and a principal to the extent the finance professional is
119.3	participating in conduit financing through a political subdivision;
119.4	(7) (8) a news medium or its employees or agents while engaged in the publishing or
119.5	broadcasting of news items, editorial comments, or paid advertisements which directly or
119.6	indirectly urge official action;
119.7	(8) a paid expert witness whose testimony is requested by the body before which the
119.8	witness is appearing, but only to the extent of preparing or delivering testimony (9) an expert
119.9	witness who communicates with public or local officials, other than the Public Utilities
119.10	Commission, if the communication occurs at a public meeting or is made available to the
119.11	general public;
119.12	(9) (10) a party or the party's representative appearing to present a claim to the legislature
119.13	and communicating to legislators only by the filing of a claim form and supporting documents
119.14	and by appearing at public hearings on the claim; or
119.15	(10) (11) an individual providing information or advice to members of a collective
119.16	bargaining unit when the unit is actively engaged in the collective bargaining process with
119.17	a state agency or a political subdivision.
119.18	(c) An individual who volunteers personal time to work without pay or other consideration
119.19	on a lobbying campaign, and who does not spend more than the limit in paragraph (a), clause
119.20	(2), need not register as a lobbyist.
119.21	(d) An individual who provides administrative support to a lobbyist and whose salary
119.22	and administrative expenses attributable to lobbying activities are reported as lobbying
119.23	expenses by the lobbyist, but who does not communicate or urge others to communicate
119.24	with public or local officials, need not register as a lobbyist.
119.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2025.
119.26	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.01, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
119.27	Subd. 22. Local official. "Local official" means a person who holds elective office in a
119.28	political subdivision or who is appointed to or employed in a public position in a political
119.29	subdivision in which the person has:
119.30	(1) the authority to make, to recommend, major decisions regarding the expenditure or

investment of public money;

(2) the responsibility to make recommendations to a chief executive or the governing 120.1 body about major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public money; or 120.2 120.3 (3) the authority to vote on as a member of the governing body, on major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public money. 120.4 120.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read: 120.6 Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a 120.7 purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred, 120.8 or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following 120.9 purposes: 120.10 (1) payment for accounting and legal services related to operating the candidate's 120.11 campaign committee, serving in office, or security for the candidate or the candidate's 120.12 120.13 immediate family, including but not limited to seeking and obtaining a harassment restraining order; 120.14 120.15 (2) return of a contribution to the source; (3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee; 120.16 120.17 (4) return of a public subsidy; (5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment, 120.18 and facility rental for a fundraising event; 120.19 (6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer 120.20 in the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1; 120.21 (7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while they 120.22 are engaged in campaign activities; 120.23 (8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meeting 120.24 directly related to legislative duties; 120.25 (9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucus 120.26 in carrying out their leadership responsibilities; 120.27 (10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for serving 120.28 in public office, other than for personal uses; 120.29 (11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning; 120.30

- 121.1 (12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
- 121.2 (13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name will 121.3 no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;
- (14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;
- 121.5 (15) filing fees;

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- 121.6 (16) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or advertisements 121.7 in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;
- 121.8 (17) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign material, if 121.9 the defective material is destroyed without being used;
- (18) contributions to a party unit;
- (19) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;
- 121.12 (20) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator contact 121.13 information and distributed to constituents;
- 121.14 (21) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or national convention in this state;
- (22) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate or to promote or defeat a ballot question;
- 121.19 (23) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit card, debit card, or electronic check;
- (24) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee to support the candidate's participation in a recount of ballots affecting the candidate's election;
- 121.23 (25) a contribution to a fund established to support a candidate's participation in a recount 121.24 of ballots affecting that candidate's election;
- (26) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee for a single reception given in honor of the candidate's retirement from public office after the filing period for affidavits of candidacy for that office has closed;
- 121.28 (27) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to the state general fund;
- 121.30 (28) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to a county obligated 121.31 to incur special election expenses due to that candidate's resignation from state office;

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122.1	(29) during a period starting January 1 in the year following a general election and ending
122.2	on December 31 of the year of general election, total payments of up to \$3,000 for
122.3	detection-related security monitoring expenses for a candidate, including home security
122.4	hardware, maintenance of home security monitoring hardware, identity theft monitoring
122.5	services, and credit monitoring services; and
122.6	(30) costs paid to repair or replace campaign property that was: (i) lost or stolen, or (ii)
122.7	damaged or defaced to such a degree that the property no longer serves its intended purpose.
122.8	For purposes of this clause, campaign property includes but is not limited to campaign lawn
122.9	signs. The candidate must document the need for these costs in writing or with photographs;
122.10	<u>and</u>
122.11	(31) transition expenses and inaugural event expenses as defined in section 10A.174.
122.12	(b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement
122.13	within the meaning of this subdivision.
122.14	(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
122.15	candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods
122.16	or services.
122.17	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.01, subdivision 26b, is amended to read:
122.18	Subd. 26b. Official action of a political subdivision. "Official action of a political
122.19	subdivision" means:
122.20	(1) any action that requires a vote or approval by one or more elected local officials
122.21	while acting in their official capacity; or
122.22	(2) an action by an appointed or employed local official to make, to recommend, or to
122.23	vote on as a member of the governing body, if the official uses:
122.24	(i) the authority to make major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of
122.25	public money;
122.26	(ii) the responsibility to make recommendations to a chief executive or the governing
122.27	body about major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public money; or
122.28	(iii) the authority to vote as a member of the governing body on major decisions regarding
122.29	the expenditure or investment of public money.
122.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2025.
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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 4. Content. (a) A report under this section must include information the board requires from the registration form and the information required by this subdivision for the reporting period.
 - (b) A lobbyist must report the specific subjects of interest for an entity represented by the lobbyist on each report submitted under this section. A lobbyist must describe a specific subject of interest in the report with enough information to show the particular issue of importance to the entity represented.
- (c) A lobbyist must report every state agency that had administrative action that the represented entity sought to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist must report 123.10 the specific subjects of interest for each administrative action and the revisor of statutes 123.11 rule draft number assigned to the administrative rulemaking. 123.12
- (d) A lobbyist must report every political subdivision that considered official action that 123.13 the represented entity sought to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist must 123.14 report the specific subjects of interest for each action. 123.15
- (e) A lobbyist must report general lobbying categories and up to four specific subjects 123.16 of interest related to each general lobbying category on which the lobbyist attempted to 123.17 influence legislative action during the reporting period. If the lobbyist attempted to influence 123.18 legislative action on more than four specific subjects of interest for a general lobbying 123.19 category, the lobbyist, in consultation with the represented entity, must determine which 123.20 four specific subjects of interest were the entity's highest priorities during the reporting 123.21 period and report only those four subjects. 123.22
- 123.23 (f) A lobbyist must report the Public Utilities Commission project name for each rate setting, power plant and powerline siting, or granting of certification of need before the 123.24 Public Utilities Commission that the represented entity sought to influence during the reporting period. 123.26
- (g) A lobbyist must report the amount and nature of each gift, item, or benefit, excluding 123.27 contributions to a candidate, equal in value to \$5 or more, given or paid to any official, as 123.28 defined in section 10A.071, subdivision 1, by the lobbyist or an employer or employee of 123.29 the lobbyist. The list must include the name and address of each official to whom the gift, 123.30 item, or benefit was given or paid and the date it was given or paid. 123.31
- (h) A lobbyist must report each original source of money in excess of \$500 in any year 123.32 used for the purpose of lobbying to influence legislative action, administrative action, or

the official action of a political subdivision. The list must include the name, address, and employer, or, if self-employed, the occupation and principal place of business, of each payer of money in excess of \$500.

- (i) On each report, a lobbyist must disclose the general lobbying categories that were lobbied on in the reporting period.
- (i) A lobbyist must report each expert witness that the lobbyist requested to communicate 124.6 with public or local officials as described in section 10A.01, subdivision 21, paragraph (b), 124.7 clause (9), and each finance professional who participated in conduit financing as described 124.8 in section 10A.01, subdivision 21, paragraph (b), clause (7). The lobbyist must report the 124.9 124.10 name of the expert witness or finance professional; the employer, if any, of the expert witness or finance professional; the government entity that received the communication from the 124.11 expert witness or finance professional; and the specific subject on which the expert witness 124.12 or finance professional communicated. The designated lobbyist must also report this 124.13 information if the expert witness or finance professional is requested to communicate by 124.14 the principal or association that the lobbyist represents. 124.15
- 124.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.06, is amended to read:
- 124.18 **10A.06 CONTINGENT FEES PROHIBITED.**

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- (a) No person may act as or employ a lobbyist for compensation that is dependent upon the result or outcome of any legislative or administrative action, or of the official action of a political subdivision.
- (b) This section does not apply to an attorney or financial professional to the extent that
 the attorney or financial professional is participating in conduit financing through a political
 subdivision.
- 124.25 (c) A person who violates this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 124.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025.
- 124.27 Sec. 11. **[10A.066] HANDBOOK FOR LOBBYING.**
- 124.28 (a) The board must publish on the board's website a handbook for lobbying written in plain language. At a minimum, the handbook must clearly explain:
- 124.30 (1) lobbyist registration requirements, including:

125.1	(1) an explanation of when a person is required to register as a lobbyist and what specific
125.2	types of activities count toward reaching the dollar amount thresholds in section 10A.01,
125.3	subdivision 21; and
125.4	(ii) how registration requirements apply if a person is employed by a government entity;
125.5	(2) which activities and expenses do not count toward the dollar amount thresholds in
125.6	section 10A.01, subdivision 21, but are required to be reported as lobbying disbursements
125.7	on a principal's report; and
125.8	(3) any differences between lobbying the legislature, the executive branch, a political
125.9	subdivision, and the Public Utilities Commission.
125.10	(b) The board must regularly update the handbook to reflect changes to statutes and
125.11	rules. In developing and updating the handbook, the board must consult individuals who
125.12	are registered lobbyists and individuals who are not full-time lobbyists, including individuals
125.13	from nonprofit organizations and small organizations.
125.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
125.15	that the board is not required to publish the handbook until January 15, 2026.
125.16	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
125.17	Subdivision 1. Time for filing. An individual must file a statement of economic interest:
123.17	Subdivision 1. Time for iming. An individual must me a statement of economic interest.
125.18	(1) within 60 days of accepting employment as a public official or a local official in a
125.19	metropolitan governmental unit;
125.20	(2) within 60 days of assuming office as a district court judge, appeals court judge,
125.21	supreme court justice, or county commissioner;
125.22	(3) within 14 days after the end of the filing period for a candidate who filed an affidavit
125.23	of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot for an elective state constitutional or
125.24	legislative office or an elective local office in a metropolitan governmental unit other than
125.25	county commissioner;
125.26	(4) in the case of a public official requiring the advice and consent of the senate, within
125.27	14 days after undertaking the duties of office; or
125.28	(5) in the case of members of the Minnesota Racing Commission, the director of the
125.29	Minnesota Racing Commission, chief of security, medical officer, inspector of pari-mutuels,
125.30	and stewards employed or approved by the commission or persons who fulfill those duties
125.31	under contract, within 60 days of accepting or assuming duties.

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Sec. 13. [10A.174] INAUGURAL EVENT AND TRANSITION EXPENSES.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- (b) "Inaugural event expenses" means expenses incurred for any event related to the individual's inauguration held between the date of the general election at which an individual is elected to a statewide office and January 31 of the year in which the officeholder takes office. In the event that an individual fills a vacancy in a constitutional office, "inaugural event expenses" means expenses incurred for any event related to the individual's inauguration between the time that it was confirmed that the individual would assume the constitutional office and the date four weeks after the individual is sworn into office.
- (c) "Transition expenses" means expenses incurred in preparing for the assumption of official duties as governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, or attorney general. Expenses include but are not limited to establishment of a transition office, the dissolution of the office, office space and equipment, communications and technology support, consulting services, compensation and travel costs, and other reasonable expenses.

 Transition expenses do not include expenses that are incurred after the officeholder takes office.
- Subd. 2. Inaugural event and transition expenses; contributions. A candidate or a

 candidate's principal campaign committee must not solicit or accept any contributions for

 or make any expenditure for inaugural event expenses or transition expenses except through

 the candidate's principal campaign committee or as otherwise prescribed by law.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. Report on personal contributions. A candidate for constitutional or legislative office that makes a contribution or loan to the candidate's principal campaign committee that, in aggregate, exceeds the amount permitted by section 10A.27, subdivision 10, must report the contribution or loan to the board by the next business day. A candidate must file a new report each time that the reporting threshold is exceeded during an election cycle segment.

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127.1	Sec. 15. [10A.52] MAJOR DECISION OF NONELECTED LOCAL OFFICIALS.
127.2	Subdivision 1. Major decision regarding the expenditure of public money. (a)
127.3	Attempting to influence a nonelected local official is lobbying if the nonelected local official
127.4	uses:
127.5	(1) the authority to make major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of
127.6	public money;
127.7	(2) the responsibility to make recommendations to a chief executive or the governing
127.8	body about major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public money; or
127.9	(3) the authority to vote as a member of the governing body on major decisions regarding
127.10	the expenditure or investment of public money.
127.11	(b) The mere act of submitting an application for a grant or responding to a request for
127.12	proposals is not lobbying. Communications of a purely administerial or technical nature
127.13	regarding the submission of a grant application or response to requests for proposals are
127.14	not lobbying.
127.15	Subd. 2. Actions that are a major decision regarding public funds. A major decision
127.16	regarding the expenditure or investment of public money includes but is not limited to a
127.17	decision on:
127.18	(1) the development and ratification of operating and capital budgets of a political
127.19	subdivision, including development of the budget request for an office or department within
127.20	the political subdivision;
127.21	(2) whether to apply for or accept state, federal, or private grant funding;
127.22	(3) selecting recipients for government grants from the political subdivision; or
127.23	(4) tax abatement, tax increment financing, or expenditures on public infrastructure used
127.24	to support private housing or business developments.
127.25	Subd. 3. Actions that are not a major decision. A major decision regarding the
127.26	expenditure of public money does not include:
127.27	(1) the purchase of goods or services with public funds in the operating or capital budget
127.28	of a political subdivision;
127.29	(2) collective bargaining of a labor contract on behalf of a political subdivision; or
127.30	(3) participating in discussions with a party or a party's representative regarding litigation
127.31	between the party and the political subdivision of the local official.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2025.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 128.2 Subdivision 1. When and where filed by committees or candidates. (a) A committee 128.3 or a candidate who receives contributions or makes disbursements of more than \$750 in a 128.4 calendar year shall submit an initial report to the filing officer within 14 days after the 128.5 candidate or committee receives or makes disbursements of more than \$750 and must 128.6 continue to make the reports required by this subdivision until a final report is filed. 128.7 (b) In a year in which a candidate receives contributions or makes disbursements of 128.8 more than \$750 or the candidate's name appears on the ballot, the candidate must file a 128.9 report: 128.10 128.11 (1) ten days before the primary or special primary if a primary is held in the jurisdiction, regardless of whether the candidate is on the primary ballot. If a primary is not conducted, 128.12 the report is due ten days before the primary date specified in section 205.065; 128.13 (2) ten days before the general election or special election; and 128.14 128.15 (3) 30 days after a general or special election. The reporting obligations in this paragraph begin with the first report due after the reporting 128.16 period in which the candidate reaches the spending threshold specified in paragraph (a). A 128.17 candidate who did not file for office is not required to file reports required by this paragraph 128.18 that are due after the end of the filing period. A candidate whose name will not be on the 128.19 general election ballot is not required to file the reports required by clauses (2) and (3). 128.20 (c) Until a final report is filed, a candidate must file a report by January 31 of each year. 128.21 Notwithstanding subdivision 2, clause (4), the report required by this subdivision must only 128.22 include the information from the previous calendar year. 128.23 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 128.24 Subd. 2. Information required. The report to be filed by a candidate or committee must 128.25

(1) the name of the candidate and office sought;

- (2) the printed name, address, telephone number, signature, and email address, if available,
 or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess an email
 address, of the person responsible for filing the report;
- (3) the total cash on hand designated to be used for political purposes;

include:

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- (4) the total amount of contributions received and the total amount of disbursements for the period from the last previous report to five days before the current report is due;
- (5) if disbursements made to the same vendor exceed \$100 in the aggregate during the period covered by the report, the name and address for the vendor and the amount, date, and purpose for each disbursement; and
- (6) the name, address, and employer, or occupation if self-employed, of any individual or entity that during the period covered by the report has made one or more contributions that in the aggregate exceed \$100, and the amount and date of each contribution. The filing officer must restrict public access to the address of any individual who has made a contribution that exceeds \$100 and who has filed with the filing officer a written statement signed by the individual that withholding the individual's address from the financial report is required for the safety of the individual or the individual's family.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026. 129.13

Sec. 18. [211B.066] DISTRIBUTION OF ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATIONS 129.14 AND SAMPLE BALLOTS. 129.15

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 129.16 the meanings given. 129.17
- 129.18 (b) "Person or entity" means any individual, committee, or association as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 6. 129.19
- 129.20 (c) "Sample ballot" means a document that is formatted and printed in a manner that so closely resembles an official ballot that it could lead a reasonable person to believe the 129.21 document is an official ballot. A document that contains the names of particular candidates 129.22 or ballot questions alongside illustrations of a generic ballot or common ballot markings is 129.23 not a sample ballot as long as the document does not closely resemble an official ballot and 129.24 would not lead a reasonable person to believe the document is an official ballot. 129.25
- Subd. 2. **Requirements.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, any person 129.26 or entity that mails an absentee ballot application or sample ballot to anyone in the state 129.27 must comply with this section. This section does not apply to a unit of government or 129.28 129.29 employee of that unit of government when discharging official election duties.
- (b) The person or entity mailing the absentee ballot application or sample ballot must include the following statement: "This mailing is not an official election communication 129.31 from a unit of government. This [absentee ballot application or sample ballot] has not been included at the request of a government official." If a sample ballot is enclosed, the statement

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must also include the following: "This is a sample ballot, not an official ballot. You cannot 130.1 130.2 cast the enclosed sample ballot." 130.3 (c) The statement required in paragraph (b) must be printed in a typeface and format designed to be clearly visible at the time the mailing is opened. The person or entity sending 130.4 130.5 the sample ballot or absentee ballot application must include the person or entity's name and street address in the return address position on the mailing envelope. 130.6 (d) If an absentee ballot application is included, the space on the application to indicate 130.7 the applicant's preference to join the permanent absentee voter list must be left blank and 130.8 may only be marked by the applicant. 130.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026. 130.10 130.11 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211B.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 130.12 Subd. 4. **Proof of claim.** The burden of proving the allegations in the complaint is on 130.13 the complainant. The standard of proof of a violation of section 211B.06, relating to false statements in paid political advertising or campaign material, is clear and convincing 130 14 evidence. The standard of proof of any other a violation of chapter 211A or 211B is a 130.15 preponderance of the evidence. 130.16 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211B.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 130.17 Subd. 2. **Disposition of complaint.** The panel must determine whether the violation 130.18 alleged in the complaint occurred and must make at least one of the following dispositions: 130.19 (a) The panel may dismiss the complaint. 130.20 130.21 (b) The panel may issue a reprimand. 130.22 (c) The panel may find that a statement made in a paid advertisement or campaign 130.23 material violated section 211B.06. (d) The panel may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 for any violation of chapter 130.24 130.25 211A or 211B. (e) (d) The panel may refer the complaint to the appropriate county attorney. 130.26 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 383B.041, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 130.27 Subd. 5. Economic interest disclosure; Special School District No. 1. Every candidate 130.28

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for school board in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, must file an original statement

of economic interest with the school district within 14 days of the filing of an affidavit or

131.1	petition to appear on the ballot the end of the candidate filing period. An elected official in
131.2	Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, must file the annual statement required in section
131.3	10A.09, subdivision 6, with the school district for every year that the individual serves in
131.4	office. An original and annual statement must contain the information listed in section
131.5	10A.09, subdivision 5. The provisions of section 10A.09, subdivisions 6a, 7, and 9, apply
131.6	to statements required under this subdivision.
131.7	Sec. 22. RULEMAKING.
131.8	The Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board must amend Minnesota Rules, part
131.9	4503.0900, to conform to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.174, regarding
131.10	transition expenses. The board may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
131.11	section 14.388, for purposes of this section.
131.12	Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE.
131.13	Unless otherwise provided, this article is effective January 1, 2026.
131.14	ARTICLE 8
131.15	ELECTIONS POLICY
131.16	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.054, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
131.17	Subdivision 1. Registration. (a) An individual may register to vote or update a voter
131.18	registration:
131.19	(1) at any time before the 20th day preceding any election as provided in section 201.061,
131.20	subdivision 1;
131.21	(2) on the day of an election as provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3; or
131.22	(3) when submitting an absentee ballot, by enclosing a completed registration application
131.23	as provided in section 203B.04, subdivision 4.
131.24	(b) An individual who is under the age of 18, but who is at least 16 years of age and
131.25	otherwise eligible, may submit a voter registration application as provided in section 201.061,
131.26	subdivisions 1 and 1b.
131.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.054, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Prohibitions; penalty.** No An individual shall must not intentionally:

(1) cause or attempt to cause the individual's name to be registered in any precinct if the 132.1 individual is not eligible to vote, except as permitted by section 201.061, subdivision 1b; 132.2 (2) cause or attempt to cause the individual's name to be registered for the purpose of 132.3 voting in more than one precinct; 132.4 132.5 (3) misrepresent the individual's identity when attempting to register to vote or to update a registration; or 132.6 132.7 (4) aid, abet, counsel, or procure any other individual to violate this subdivision. A violation of this subdivision is a felony. 132.8 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.056, is amended to read: 132.9 201.056 SIGNATURE OF REGISTERED VOTER; MARKS ALLOWED. 132.10 An individual who is unable to write the individual's name shall be required to must 132.11 sign a registration application in the manner provided by section 645.44, subdivision 14. If 132.12 the individual registers in person and signs by making a mark, the clerk or election judge 132.13 accepting the registration shall or update must certify the mark by signing the individual's 132.14 name. If the individual registers or updates a registration by mail and signs by making a 132.15 mark, the mark shall must be certified by having a voter registered in the individual's precinct 132.16 sign the individual's name and the voter's own name and give the voter's own address. 132.17 132.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Prior to election day.** (a) At any time except during the 20 days 132.19 immediately preceding any regularly scheduled election, an eligible voter or any individual 132.20 who will be an eligible voter at the time of the next election may register or update a 132.21 registration to vote in the precinct in which the voter maintains residence by completing a 132.22 voter registration application as described in section 201.071, subdivision 1. A completed 132.23 application may be submitted: 132.24 (1) in person or by mail to the county auditor of that county or to the Secretary of State's 132.25 Office; or 132.26 (2) electronically through a secure website that shall must be maintained by the secretary 132.27 of state for this purpose, if the applicant has an email address and provides the applicant's 132.28 132.29 verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state identification card number,

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or the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number.

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- (b) A registration or update to a registration that is received in person or by mail no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 21st day preceding any election, or a registration or update to a registration received electronically through the secretary of state's secure website no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 21st day preceding any election, shall must be accepted. An improperly addressed or delivered registration application shall must be forwarded within two working days after receipt to the county auditor of the county where the voter maintains residence. A state or local agency or an individual that accepts completed voter registration applications from a voter must submit the completed applications to the secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor within ten calendar days after the applications are dated by the voter.
- (c) An application submitted electronically under paragraph (a), clause (2), may only be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the application information matches the information in a government database associated with the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable voter registration applications submitted electronically for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.
- (d) An individual may not electronically submit a voter registration application on behalf of any other individual, except that the secretary of state may provide features on the secure 133.19 website established under paragraph (a), clause (2), that allow third parties to connect application programming interfaces that facilitate an individual's submission of voter registration information while interacting with the third party.
- (e) For purposes of this section, mail registration is defined as a voter registration 133 23 application delivered to the secretary of state, county auditor, or municipal clerk by the 133.24 United States Postal Service or a commercial carrier. 133.25
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 133.26
- Subd. 3. Election day registration. (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register 133.27 or update a registration on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the 133.28 precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application, 133.29 making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of 133.30 residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering or updating a 133.31 registration by: 133.32
- (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to 133.33 133.34 section 171.07;

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(3) presenting a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or

- (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee who provides proof that they are employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and vouching for a resident in the facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge vouching that the voter or employee personally knows that the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. An election judge may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any individual who appears in the precinct where the election judge is working unless the election judge personally knows the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct, (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature, telephone number, and address.
- The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be attached to the voter registration application.
- (b) The operator of a residential facility shall prepare a list of the names of its employees currently working in the residential facility and the address of the residential facility. The operator shall certify the list and provide it to the appropriate county auditor no less than 20 days before each election for use in election day registration. The secretary of state must publish guidance for residential facilities and residential facility employees on the vouching process and the requirements of this subdivision.
- (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256K.48, subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under 134.32 section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 5; an assisted living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a

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veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 10a; a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4; a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide temporary living accommodations for the homeless; a facility where a provider operates a residential treatment program as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility where a provider operates an adult foster care program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 6c.

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- (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of registering or updating a registration by:
- (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized 135.14 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the 135.15 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or 135.16
- (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized 135.17 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the 135.18 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents 135.19 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B. 135.20
- (e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge 135.21 responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application. 135.22

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 135.24
- Subd. 3a. Additional proofs of residence permitted for students. (a) If an eligible 135.25 voter's name; student identification number, if available; and address within the precinct 135.26 appear on a current residential housing list under section 135A.17 certified to the county 135.27 auditor by the postsecondary educational institution, the voter may prove residence by 135.28 presenting a current valid photo identification issued by a postsecondary educational 135.29 institution in Minnesota; identification authorized in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause 135.30 (1) or (2); or identification authorized in subdivision 3, paragraph (d) (c), clause (1) or (2). 135.31
- (b) This additional proof of residence for students must not be allowed unless the 135.32 postsecondary educational institution submits to the county auditor no later than 60 days 135.33

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prior to the election a written agreement that the postsecondary educational institution will certify for use at the election accurate updated residential housing lists under section 135A.17. A written agreement is effective for the election and all subsequent elections held in that calendar year, including the November general election.

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- (c) The additional proof of residence for students must be allowed on an equal basis for voters who reside in housing meeting the requirements of section 135A.17, if the residential housing lists certified by the postsecondary educational institution meet the requirements of this subdivision.
- (d) An updated residential housing list must be certified to the county auditor no later 136.9 than 20 35 days prior to each election. The certification must be dated and signed by the 136.10 chief officer or designee of the postsecondary educational institution and must state that the 136.11 list is current and accurate and includes only the names of persons residing in the institution's 136.12 housing and, for students who do not live in the institution's housing, that it reflects the 136.13 institution's records as of the date of the certification. 136.14
 - (e) This additional proof of residence for students must be allowed during the 18 days before an election and on election day. The county auditor shall instruct the election judges of the precinct in procedures for use of the list in conjunction with photo identification. The auditor shall supply a list to the election judges with the election supplies for the precinet.
- 136.19 (f) The county auditor shall notify all postsecondary educational institutions in the county of the provisions of this subdivision. 136.20
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026, and applies to elections 136.21 held on or after February 6, 2026. 136.22
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 136.23
- Subd. 4. Registration by election judges; procedures. Registration and updates to 136.24 registrations at the polling place on election day shall must be conducted by the election 136.25 judges. Before registering an individual to vote or updating an individual's registration at 136.26 136.27 the polling place, the election judge must review any list of voters who registered or updated a registration with an absentee election day registrants ballot provided by the county auditor 136.28 or municipal clerk to see if the person individual has already voted by absentee ballot. If 136.29 the person's individual's name appears on the list, the election judge must not allow the 136.30 individual to register, to update the individual's registration, or to vote in the polling place. 136.31 The election judge who registers an individual or updates an individual's registration at the polling place on election day shall must not handle that voter's ballots at any time prior to 136.33

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the opening of the ballot box after the voting ends. Registration applications and forms for oaths shall must be available at each polling place. If an individual who registers or updates a registration on election day proves residence by oath of a registered voter, the form containing the oath shall must be attached to the individual's registration application. Registration applications completed on election day shall must be forwarded to the county auditor who shall must add the name of each voter to the registration system or update the voter's registration unless the information forwarded is substantially deficient. A county auditor who finds an election day registration or update substantially deficient shall must give written notice to the individual whose registration is found deficient. An election day registration shall or update must not be found deficient solely because the individual who provided proof of residence was ineligible to do so.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 137.12
- Subd. 5. Unregistered voters; penalty. No election judge in any precinct in which 137.13 137.14 registration is required may receive the vote at any election of any individual whose name is not registered in a manner specified in section 201.054, subdivision 1 or not recorded 137.15 under section 203B.19. A violation of this subdivision is a felony. 137.16
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 137.17
- 137.18 Subd. 7. **Record of attempted registrations.** The election judge responsible for election day registration shall must attempt to keep a record of the number of individuals who attempt 137.19 to register or update a registration on election day but who cannot provide proof of residence 137.20 as required by this section. The record shall must be forwarded to the county auditor with 137.21 the election returns for that precinct. 137.22
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.071, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 137.23
- Subdivision 1. Form. Both paper and electronic voter registration applications must contain the same information unless otherwise provided by law. A voter registration 137.25 application must contain spaces for the following required information: voter's first name, 137.26 middle name, and last name; voter's previous name, if any; voter's current address; voter's 137.27 previous address, if any; voter's date of birth; voter's municipality and county of residence; 137.28 137.29 voter's telephone number, if provided by the voter; date of registration; current and valid Minnesota driver's license number or Minnesota state identification number, or if the voter 137.30 has no current and valid Minnesota driver's license or Minnesota state identification, the 137.31 last four digits of the voter's Social Security number; a box to indicate a voter's preference 137.32 to join the permanent absentee voter list; and voter's signature. The paper registration 137.33

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application must provide a space for a voter to provide a physical description of the location of their residence, if the voter resides in an area lacking a specific physical address. The description must be sufficient for the county auditor to identify the correct precinct for the voter. The description may include the closest cross street or the nearest address to the described location that is identified on a precinct map, and directions from that cross street or address to the described location, including but not limited to the cardinal direction and approximate distance to the location. The paper registration application may include the voter's email address, if provided by the voter. The electronic voter registration application must include the voter's email address. The registration application may include the voter's interest in serving as an election judge, if indicated by the voter. The application must also contain the following certification of voter eligibility:

- "I certify that I:
- 138.13 (1) am at least 16 years old and understand that I must be at least 18 years old to be 138.14 eligible to vote;
- 138.15 (2) am a citizen of the United States;
- 138.16 (3) will have maintained residence in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding election day;
- 138.18 (4) maintain residence at the address or location given on the registration form;
- 138.19 (5) am not under court-ordered guardianship in which the court order revokes my right to vote;
- (6) have not been found by a court to be legally incompetent to vote;
- 138.22 (7) am not currently incarcerated for a conviction of a felony offense; and
- 138.23 (8) have read and understand the following statement: that giving false information is a 138.24 felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment or a fine of not more than 138.25 \$10,000, or both."
- The certification must include boxes for the voter to respond to the following questions:
- "(1) Are you a citizen of the United States?" and
- "(2) Are you at least 16 years old and will you be at least 18 years old on or before the day of the election in which you intend to vote?"
- 138.30 And the instruction:
- "If you checked 'no' to either of these questions, do not complete this form."

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The form of the voter registration application and the certification of voter eligibility must be as provided in this subdivision and approved by the secretary of state. Voter registration forms authorized by the National Voter Registration Act must also be accepted as valid. The federal postcard application form must also be accepted as valid if it is not deficient and the voter is eligible to register in Minnesota.

An individual may use a voter registration application to apply to register to vote in Minnesota or to <u>change update</u> information on an existing registration.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025, except that this section is effective January 1, 2026, for the secretary of state's online voter registration application.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.071, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Change of registration.** A county auditor who receives a registration application indicating that an individual was previously registered in a different county in Minnesota shall must update the voter's record electronically through the statewide registration system in the manner prescribed by the secretary of state. A county auditor who receives a registration application or notification requiring a change an update of registration records under this subdivision as a result of an a voter updating the voter's registration on election day registration shall must also check the statewide registration system to determine whether the individual voted in more than one precinct in the most recent election.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Copy of list to registered voter.** The county auditors and the secretary of state shall must provide copies of the public information lists in electronic or other media to any voter registered in Minnesota within ten five business days of receiving a complete written or electronic request accompanied by payment of the cost of reproduction. The county auditors and the secretary of state shall must make a copy of the list available for public inspection without cost. An individual who inspects or acquires a copy of a public information list may must not use any information contained in it for purposes unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement.
- 139.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.091, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Registration places.** (a) Each county auditor shall <u>must</u> designate a number of public buildings in those political subdivisions of the county where preregistration of voters

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is allowed as provided in section 201.061, subdivision 1, where eligible voters may register to vote or update the voter's registration as provided in section 201.061, subdivision 1.

- (b) An adequate supply of registration applications and instructions must be maintained at each designated location, and a designated individual must be available there to accept registration applications and transmit them to the county auditor.
- (c) A person who, because of disability, needs assistance in order to determine eligibility or, to register must, or to update a voter registration may be assisted by a designated individual. Assistance includes but is not limited to reading the registration form and instructions and filling out the registration form as directed by the eligible voter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Entry of registration information. (a) At the time a voter registration application is properly completed, submitted, and received in accordance with sections 201.061 and 201.071, the county auditor shall must enter or update the information contained on it into the statewide registration system. Voter registration applications completed before election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within ten days after they have been submitted to the county auditor. Voter registration applications completed on election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within 42 days after the election, unless the county auditor notifies the secretary of state before the deadline has expired that the deadline will not be met. Upon receipt of a notification under this paragraph, the secretary of state must extend the deadline for that county auditor by an additional 28 days. The secretary of state may waive a county's obligations under this paragraph if, on good cause shown, the county demonstrates its permanent inability to comply.

- The secretary of state must post data on each county's compliance with this paragraph on the secretary of state's website including, as applicable, the date each county fully complied or the deadline by which a county's compliance must be complete.
- (b) Upon receiving a completed voter registration application, the secretary of state may electronically transmit the information on the application to the appropriate county auditor as soon as possible for review by the county auditor before final entry into or update in the statewide registration system. The secretary of state may mail the voter registration application to the county auditor.
- (c) Within ten days after the county auditor has entered <u>or updated</u> information from a voter registration application <u>into in</u> the statewide registration system, the secretary of state shall must compare the voter's name, date of birth, and driver's license number, state

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identification number, or the last four digits of the Social Security number with the same information contained in the Department of Public Safety database.

- (d) The secretary of state shall must provide a report to the county auditor on a weekly basis that includes a list of voters whose name, date of birth, or identification number have been compared with the same information in the Department of Public Safety database and cannot be verified as provided in this subdivision. The report must list separately those voters who have submitted a voter registration application by mail and have not voted in a federal election in this state.
- (e) The county auditor shall must compile a list of voters for whom the county auditor 141.9 141.10 and the secretary of state are unable to conclude that information on the voter registration application and the corresponding information in the Department of Public Safety database 141.11 relate to the same person. 141 12
- (f) The county auditor shall must send a notice of incomplete registration to any voter 141.13 whose name appears on the list and change the voter's status to "challenged." A voter who 141.14 receives a notice of incomplete registration from the county auditor may either provide the 141.15 information required to clear the challenge at least 21 days before the next election or at 141.16 the polling place on election day. 141.17
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 141.18
- Subd. 3. Postelection sampling. (a) Within ten days after an election, the county auditor 141.19 shall must send the notice required by subdivision 2 to a random sampling of the individuals 141.20 who registered or updated voter registration information on election day. The random 141.21 sampling shall must be determined in accordance with the rules of the secretary of state. 141.22 As soon as practicable after the election, the county auditor shall must mail the notice 141.23 required by subdivision 2 to all other individuals who registered or updated voter registration 141.24 information on election day. If a notice is returned as not deliverable, the county auditor 141.25 shall must attempt to determine the reason for the return. A county auditor who does not 141.26 receive or obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote shall must 141.27 immediately notify the county attorney of all of the relevant information. By February 15 141.28 of each year, the county auditor must notify the secretary of state of the following information 141.29 for each election held in the previous year by each precinct: 141.30
 - (1) the total number of all notices that were returned as nondeliverable;
- 141.32 (2) the total number of nondeliverable notices that the county auditor was able to determine the reason for the return along with the reason for each return; and

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- (3) the total number of individuals for whom the county auditor does not receive or obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote.
- (b) By March 1 of every year, the secretary of state shall must report to the chair and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over elections the following information for each election held in the previous year by each precinct and each county:
 - (1) the total number of all notices that were returned as nondeliverable;
- (2) the total number of nondeliverable notices that a county auditor was able to determine 142.8 the reason for the return along with the reason for each return; and 142.9
- (3) the total number of individuals for whom the county auditor does not receive or 142.10 obtain satisfactory proof of an individual's eligibility to vote. 142.11
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 142.12
- Subd. 3. Use of change of address system. (a) At least once each month the secretary of state shall must obtain a list of individuals registered to vote in this state who have filed 142.14 142.15 with the United States Postal Service a change of their permanent address. The secretary of state may also periodically obtain a list of individuals with driver's licenses or state identification cards to identify those who are registered to vote who have applied to the 142.17 Department of Public Safety for a replacement driver's license or state identification card 142.18 with a different address, and a list of individuals for whom the Department of Public Safety 142.19 received notification of a driver's license or state identification card cancellation due to a 142.20 change of residency out of state. However, the secretary of state shall must not load data 142.21 derived from these lists into the statewide voter registration system within the 47 days before 142.22 the state primary or 47 days before a November general election. 142.23
 - (b) If the address is changed to another address in this state, the secretary of state shall must locate the precinct in which the voter maintains residence, if possible. If the secretary of state is able to locate the precinct in which the voter maintains residence, the secretary must transmit the information about the changed address by electronic means to the county auditor of the county in which the new address is located. For addresses for which the secretary of state is unable to determine the precinct, the secretary may forward information to the appropriate county auditors for individual review. If the voter has not voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, upon receipt of the information, the county auditor shall must update the voter's address in the statewide voter registration system. The county auditor shall must mail to the voter a notice stating the

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voter's name, address, precinct, and polling place, unless the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, in which case the auditor must not mail the notice. The notice must advise the voter that the voter's voting address has been <u>changed updated</u> and that the voter must notify the county auditor within 21 days if the new address is not the voter's address of residence. The notice must state that it must be returned if it is not deliverable to the voter at the named address.

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- (c) If the change of permanent address is to an address outside this state, the secretary of state shall must notify by electronic means the auditor of the county where the voter formerly maintained residence that the voter has moved to another state. If the voter has not voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, the county auditor shall must promptly mail to the voter at the voter's new address a notice advising the voter that the voter's status in the statewide voter registration system will be changed to "inactive" unless the voter notifies the county auditor within 21 days that the voter is retaining the former address as the voter's address of residence, except that if the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, the auditor must not mail the notice. If the notice is not received by the deadline, the county auditor shall must change the voter's status to "inactive" in the statewide voter registration system.
- (d) If, in order to maintain voter registration records, the secretary of state enters an agreement to share information or data with an organization governed exclusively by a group of states, the secretary must first determine that the data security protocols are sufficient to safeguard the information or data shared. If required by such an agreement, the secretary of state may share the following data from the statewide voter registration system and data released to the secretary of state under section 171.12, subdivision 7a:
- 143.26 (1) name;
- 143.27 (2) date of birth;
- 143.28 (3) address;
- (4) driver's license or state identification card number;
- 143.30 (5) the last four digits of an individual's Social Security number; and
- 143.31 (6) the date that an individual's record was last updated.
- 143.32 If the secretary of state enters into such an agreement, the secretary and county auditors
 143.33 must process <u>changes updates</u> to voter records based upon that data in accordance with this

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section. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, when data is shared with the secretary of state by another state, the secretary of state must maintain the same data classification that the data had while it was in the possession of the state providing the data.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.14, is amended to read:

201.14 COURT ADMINISTRATOR OF DISTRICT COURT; REPORT CHANGES OF NAMES.

The state court administrator shall must regularly report by electronic means to the secretary of state the name, address, and, if available, driver's license or state identification card number of each individual, 18 years of age or over, whose name was changed since the last report, by marriage, divorce, or any order or decree of the court. The secretary of state shall must determine if any of the persons individuals in the report are registered to vote under their previous name and shall must prepare a list of those registrants for each county auditor. Upon receipt of the list, the county auditor shall make the change in must update the voter's record with this information and mail to the voter the notice of registration required by section 201.121, subdivision 2. A notice must not be mailed if the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, lack of United States citizenship, legal incompetence, or court-ordered revocation of voting rights of persons under guardianship.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.161, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Department of Human Services.** (a) If permitted by the federal government, the commissioner of human services, in consultation with the secretary of state, must ensure the applications described in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), also serve as voter registration applications for applicants 18 years of age or older whose United States citizenship has been verified as part of the application. The commissioner must transmit information required to register to vote, as prescribed by the secretary of state, daily by electronic means to the secretary of state for an individual whose United States citizenship has been verified. The commissioner must submit data to the secretary of state identifying the total number of individuals who completed qualifying transactions under this section and the total number of individuals whose records were ultimately transferred for registration or updates to registrations. At a minimum, the commissioner must submit the data to the secretary of state on the same day each month.

(b) No applicant may be registered to vote or have a registration updated under this subdivision until (1) the commissioner of human services has certified that the department's systems have been tested and can accurately provide the required data and accurately exclude

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from transmission data on individuals who have not provided documentary evidence of United States citizenship, and (2) the secretary of state has certified that the system for automatic registration of those applicants has been tested and is capable of properly determining whether an applicant is eligible to vote. The department's systems must be tested and accurately provide the necessary data no later than September 30 of the year following the year in which federal approval or permission is given, contingent on appropriations being available for this purpose.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.161, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. Other agencies and units of government. (a) The commissioner of management and budget must, in consultation with the secretary of state, identify any other state agency that is eligible to implement automatic voter registration. The commissioner must consider a state agency eligible if the agency collects, processes, or stores the following information as part of providing assistance or services: name, residential address, date of birth, and citizenship verification. An eligible agency must submit a report to the governor and secretary of state no later than December 1, 2024, describing steps needed to implement automatic voter registration, barriers to implementation and ways to mitigate them, and applicable federal and state privacy protections for the data under consideration. By June 1, 2025, the governor, at the governor's sole discretion, must make final decisions, as to which agencies will implement automatic voter registration by December 31, 2025, and which agencies could implement automatic voter registration if provided with additional resources or if the legislature changed the law to allow data to be used for automatic voter registration. The governor must notify the commissioner of management and budget of the governor's decisions related to automatic voter registration. By October 1, 2025, the commissioner of management and budget must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over election policy and finance. The report must include:
 - (1) the agencies that will implement automatic voter registration by December 31, 2025;
- (2) the agencies which could implement automatic voter registration if provided with additional resources and recommendations on the necessary additional resources; and
- (3) the agencies that could implement automatic voter registration if the legislature changed the law to allow data to be used for voter registration and recommendations on how the law could be changed to allow the use of the data for this purpose.
- (b) An agency may not begin verifying citizenship as part of an agency transaction for the sole purpose of providing automatic voter registration. Once an agency has implemented

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automatic voter registration, it must continue to provide automatic voter registration unless otherwise expressly required by law. For each individual whose United States citizenship has been verified, the commissioner or agency head must transmit information required to register to vote, as prescribed by the secretary of state, to the secretary of state by electronic means. The governor must determine the frequency of the transmissions for each agency.

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- (c) No applicant may be registered to vote or have a registration updated under this subdivision until (1) the agency's commissioner or agency head has certified that the necessary systems have been tested and can accurately provide the required data and accurately exclude from transmission data on individuals whose United States citizenship has not been verified, and (2) the secretary of state has certified that the system for automatic registration of those applicants has been tested and is capable of properly determining whether an applicant is eligible to vote.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.161, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Effective date of registration. Unless the applicant declines registration, the 146.14 effective date for the voter registration or update to a voter registration is the date that the 146.15 county auditor processes the application. This subdivision does not limit the ability of a person to register to vote or update their registration on election day as provided in section 146.17 201.061, subdivision 3. Any person who submits a qualifying application under subdivision 146.18 1 that is dated during the 20 days before an election must be provided, at the time of 146.19 application, with a notice advising the applicant of the procedures to register to vote or 146.20 update a voter registration on election day. 146.21
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.162, is amended to read: 146.22

201.162 DUTIES OF STATE AGENCIES.

The commissioner or chief administrative officer of each state agency or community-based public agency or nonprofit corporation that contracts with the state agency to carry out obligations of the state agency shall must provide voter registration services for employees and the public, including, as applicable, automatic voter registration or information on voter eligibility and, registration procedures, and updating registrations as required under section 201.161. A person An individual may complete a voter registration application or apply to change update a voter registration name or address if the person individual has the proper qualifications on the date of application. Nonpartisan voter registration assistance, including routinely asking members of the public served by the agency whether they would like to register to vote or update a voter registration and, if

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- necessary, assisting them in preparing the registration forms must be part of the job of 147.1 appropriate agency employees. 147.2
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.225, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 147.3
 - Subd. 2. Technology requirements. An electronic roster must:
- (1) be able to be loaded with a data file that includes voter registration data in a file 147.5 format prescribed by the secretary of state; 147.6
- (2) allow for data to be exported in a file format prescribed by the secretary of state; 147.7
- (3) allow for data to be entered manually or by scanning a Minnesota driver's license or identification card to locate a voter record or populate a voter registration application that would be printed and signed and dated by the voter. The printed registration application 147.10 can be a printed form, a label printed with voter information to be affixed to a preprinted form, a combination of a form and label, or an electronic record that the voter signs 147.12 147.13 electronically and is printed following its completion at the polling place;
- (4) allow an election judge to update data that was populated from a scanned driver's 147.14 147.15 license or identification card;
- (5) cue an election judge to ask for and input data that is not populated from a scanned 147.16 driver's license or identification card that is otherwise required to be collected from the voter 147.17 or an election judge; 147.18
- (6) immediately alert the election judge if the voter has provided information that indicates 147.19 that the voter is not eligible to vote; 147.20
- (7) immediately alert the election judge if the electronic roster indicates that a voter has 147.21 already voted in that precinct, the voter's registration status is challenged, or it appears the 147.22 voter maintains residence in a different precinct; 147.23
- (8) provide immediate instructions on how to resolve a particular type of challenge when 147.24 a voter's record is challenged; 147.25
- (9) provide for a printed voter signature certificate, containing the voter's name, address 147.26 of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, the oath required by section 204C.10, 147.27 and a space for the voter's original signature. The printed voter signature certificate can be a printed form, a label printed with the voter's information to be affixed to the oath, or an electronic record that the voter signs electronically and is printed following its completion 147.30 at the polling place; 147.31

(10) contain only preregistered registered voters within the precinct, and not contain 148.1 preregistered registered voter data on voters registered outside of the precinct, unless being 148.2 utilized for a combined polling place pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 2, absentee 148.3 or early voting under chapter 203B or for mail balloting on election day pursuant to section 148.4 204B.45, subdivision 2a; 148.5 (11) be only networked within the polling location on election day, except for the purpose 148.6 of updating absentee ballot records; 148.7 (12) meet minimum security, reliability, and networking standards established by the 148.8 Office of the Secretary of State in consultation with the Department of Information 148.9 148.10 Technology Services; (13) be capable of providing a voter's correct polling place; and 148.11 148.12 (14) perform any other functions necessary for the efficient and secure administration of the participating election, as determined by the secretary of state. 148.13 Electronic rosters used only for election day registration registering voters and updating 148.14 voters' registration do not need to comply with clauses (1), (8), and (10). Electronic rosters 148.15 used only for preregistered voter processing voters who are registered and do not need to update a registration do not need to comply with clauses (4) and (5). 148.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025. 148.18 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.225, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 148.19 Subd. 5. Election day. (a) Precincts may use electronic rosters for registering voters and updating registrations on election day registration, to process preregistered registered voters, or both. The printed election day registration applications must be reviewed when electronic records are processed in the statewide voter registration system. The election

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- 148.20 148.21 148.22 148.23 judges shall must determine the number of ballots to be counted by counting the number of original voter signature certificates or the number of voter receipts. 148.25
- (b) Each precinct using electronic rosters shall must have a paper backup system approved 148.26 by the secretary of state present at the polling place to use in the event that the election 148.27 judges are unable to use the electronic roster.

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Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.275, is amended to read:

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201.275 INVESTIGATIONS; PROSECUTIONS.

- (a) A law enforcement agency that is notified by affidavit of an alleged violation of this chapter shall must promptly investigate. Upon receiving an affidavit alleging a violation of this chapter, a county attorney shall must promptly forward it to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction for investigation. If there is probable cause for instituting a prosecution, the county attorney shall must proceed according to the generally applicable standards regarding the prosecutorial functions and duties of a county attorney, provided that the county attorney is not required to proceed with the prosecution if the complainant withdraws the allegation. A county attorney who refuses or intentionally fails to faithfully perform this or any other duty imposed by this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall must forfeit office.
- (b) Willful violation of this chapter by any public employee constitutes just cause for suspension without pay or dismissal of the public employee.
- 149.15 (c) Where the matter relates to a voter registration application submitted electronically through the secure website established in section 201.061, subdivision 1, alleged violations 149.16 of this chapter may be investigated and prosecuted in the county in which the individual 149.17 registered, updated a voter registration, or attempted to register. 149.18
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 149.19
- Subdivision 1. **Application procedures.** (a) Except as otherwise allowed by subdivision 149.20 2 or by section 203B.11, subdivision 4, an application for absentee ballots for any election 149.21 may be submitted at any time not less than one day before the day of that election. The 149.22 county auditor shall prepare absentee ballot application forms in the format provided by the 149.23 secretary of state and shall furnish them to any person on request. By January 1 of each 149.24 even-numbered year, the secretary of state shall make the forms to be used available to 149.25 auditors through electronic means. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision 149.26 shall be in writing. An application may be submitted in person, by electronic facsimile 149.27 device, by electronic mail, or by mail to: 149.28
 - (1) the county auditor of the county where the applicant maintains residence; or
- (2) the municipal clerk of the municipality, or school district if applicable, where the 149.30 applicant maintains residence. 149.31
- (b) An absentee ballot application may alternatively be submitted electronically through 149.32 a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary of state for this purpose. 149.33

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- Notwithstanding paragraph (d), the secretary of state must require applicants using the website to submit the applicant's email address and the applicant's:
- 150.3 (1) verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, or Minnesota state identification card number, or; and 150.4
- 150.5 (2) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number.
 - If an applicant does not possess both types of documents, the applicant must include the number for one type of document and must affirmatively certify that the applicant does not possess the other type of documentation. This paragraph does not apply to a town election held in March.
- (c) An application submitted electronically under this paragraph (b) may only be 150.10 transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the 150.11 application information matches the information in a government database associated with 150.12 the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security 150.13 number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable applications for evidence of 150.14 suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement 150.15 agency for investigation. 150.16
- (d) An application shall be approved if it is timely received, signed and dated by the 150.17 applicant, contains the applicant's name and residence and mailing addresses, date of birth, 150.18 and at least one of the following: 150.19
- (1) the applicant's Minnesota driver's license number; 150.20
- (2) Minnesota state identification card number; 150.21
- (3) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number; or 150.22
- (4) a statement that the applicant does not have any of these numbers. 150.23
- (e) To be approved, the application must contain an oath that the information contained on the form is accurate, that the applicant is applying on the applicant's own behalf, and 150.25 that the applicant is signing the form under penalty of perjury. 150.26
- (f) An applicant's full date of birth, Minnesota driver's license or state identification 150.27 number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number must not be made 150.28 available for public inspection. An application may be submitted to the county auditor or 150.29 municipal clerk by an electronic facsimile device. An application mailed or returned in 150.30 person to the county auditor or municipal clerk on behalf of a voter by a person other than 150.31 the voter must be deposited in the mail or returned in person to the county auditor or

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municipal clerk within ten days after it has been dated by the voter and no later than six days before the election.

(g) An application under this subdivision may contain an application under subdivision 5 to automatically receive an absentee ballot. The application form must not be preprinted in a manner that requires the applicant to affirmatively opt out of being assigned to a permanent absentee voter list.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Registration at time of application; updating registration.** An eligible voter who is not registered to vote or needs to update the voter's registration but who is otherwise eligible to vote by absentee ballot may register or update a registration by including a completed voter registration application with the absentee ballot. The individual shall must present proof of residence as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3, to the individual who witnesses the marking of the absentee ballots. A military voter, as defined in section 203B.01, may register in this manner if voting pursuant to sections 203B.04 to 203B.15, or may register pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27.
- 151.17 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Registration check.** Upon receipt of an application for ballots, the county auditor, municipal clerk, or election judge acting pursuant to section 203B.11, who receives the application shall must determine whether the applicant is a registered voter. If the applicant is not registered to vote or needs to update the voter's registration, the county auditor, municipal clerk, or election judge shall must include a voter registration application among the election materials provided to the applicant.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Delivery of envelopes, directions.** The county auditor or the municipal clerk shall must prepare, print, and transmit a return envelope, a signature envelope, a ballot envelope, and a copy of the directions for casting an absentee ballot to each applicant whose application for absentee ballots is accepted pursuant to section 203B.04. The county auditor or municipal clerk shall must provide first class postage for the return envelope. The directions for casting an absentee ballot shall must be printed in at least 14-point bold type with heavy leading and may be printed on the ballot envelope. When a person requests the directions in Braille or on audio file, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall must provide

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them in the form requested. The secretary of state shall must prepare Braille and audio file 152.1 copies and make them available. 152.2

When a voter registration application is sent to the applicant as provided in section 203B.06, subdivision 4, the directions or registration application shall must include instructions for registering to vote or updating a voter's registration.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Eligibility certificate. A certificate of eligibility to vote by absentee ballot 152.7 shall must be printed on the back of the signature envelope. The certificate shall must contain 152.8 space for the voter's Minnesota driver's license number, state identification number, or the 152.9 last four digits of the voter's Social Security number, or to indicate that the voter does not have one of these numbers. The space must be designed to ensure that the voter provides 152.11 the same type of identification as provided on the voter's absentee ballot application for 152.12 purposes of comparison. The certificate must also contain a statement to be signed and 152.13 sworn by the voter indicating that the voter meets all of the requirements established by law 152.14 for voting by absentee ballot and space for a statement signed by a person who is at least 152.15 18 years of age on or before the day of the election and a citizen of the United States or by a notary public or other individual authorized to administer oaths stating that: 152.17
- (1) the ballots were displayed to that individual unmarked; 152.18
- (2) the voter marked the ballots in that individual's presence without showing how they 152.19 were marked, or, if the voter was physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed 152.20 another individual to mark them; and 152.21
- (3) if the voter was not previously registered or needed to update the voter's registration, 152.22 the voter has provided proof of residence as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3. 152.23
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2026. 152.24
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 152.25
- 152.26 Subdivision 1. Marking and return by voter. (a) An eligible voter who receives absentee ballots as provided in this chapter shall mark them in the manner specified in the directions 152.27 for casting the absentee ballots. The return signature envelope containing marked ballots 152.28 may be mailed as provided in the directions for casting the absentee ballots, may be left 152.29 with the county auditor or municipal clerk who transmitted the absentee ballots to the voter, 152.30 or may be left in a drop box as provided in section 203B.082. If delivered in person, the 152.31

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return signature envelope must be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by 8:00_5:00 p.m. on election day.

- (b) The voter may designate an agent to deliver in person the sealed absentee ballot return envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk or to deposit the return envelope in the mail. An agent may deliver or mail the return envelopes of not more than three voters in any election. Any person designated as an agent who tampers with either the return envelope or the voted ballots or does not immediately mail or deliver the return envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Procedures on receipt of ballots.** When absentee ballots are returned to a county auditor or municipal clerk, that official shall stamp or initial and date the return signature envelope and place it in a locked ballot container or other secured and locked space with other return signature envelopes received by that office. Within five days after receipt, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver to the ballot board all ballots signature envelopes received, except that during the 14 days immediately preceding an election, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver all ballots signature envelopes received to the ballot board within three days. Ballots Signature envelopes received on election day after 8:00 p.m. shall be marked as received late by the county auditor or municipal clerk, and must not be delivered to the ballot board.
 - Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.081, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Temporary locations. (a) A county auditor or municipal clerk authorized under 153.21 section 203B.05 to administer voting before election day may designate additional polling places with days and hours that differ from those required by section 203B.085. A designation 153.23 authorized by this subdivision must be made at least 47 days before the election. As soon 153.24 as practicable and no later than five business days after designating an additional polling 153.25 place under this subdivision, the county auditor or municipal clerk must post on the county's 153.26 or municipality's website the address of the polling place and the dates and times the polling place will be available for voting. The county auditor or municipal clerk must provide notice 153.28 to the secretary of state at the time that the designations are made. As soon as practicable 153.29 and no later than five business days after receiving the notice, the secretary of state must 153.30 post on the secretary of state's website the address of the polling place and the dates and 153.31 times the polling place will be available for voting. 153.32

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(b) At the request of a federally recognized Indian Tribe with a reservation or
off-reservation Tribal lands in the county, the county auditor must establish an additional
polling place for at least one day on the Indian reservation or off-reservation Tribal lands
on a site agreed upon by the Tribe and the county auditor that is accessible to the county
auditor by a public road.

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- (c) At the request of a postsecondary institution or the student government organization of a postsecondary institution in the county or municipality, the county auditor or a municipal clerk authorized to administer absentee voting under section 203B.05 must establish an additional temporary polling place for the state general election or the odd-year city general election for at least one day at a location agreed upon by the institution and the county auditor or municipal clerk that:
- (1) is accessible to the public; 154.12
- (2) satisfies the requirements of state and federal law; and 154.13
- (3) is on the institution's campus or is within one-half mile of the institution's campus 154.14 and is reasonably accessible to the institution's students. 154.15
- A request must be made no later than May 31 before an election and the request is valid only for that election. This paragraph only applies to a postsecondary institution that provides 154.17 on-campus student housing to 100 or more students. Nothing in this paragraph prevents the 154.18 county auditor or municipal clerk from engaging in a dialogue with the entity that made the 154.19 request regarding potential alternative locations for a temporary polling place that does not 154.20 meet the requirements of clause (3). An entity that made a request for a temporary polling 154.21 place may withdraw its request by notifying the county auditor or municipal clerk.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2025.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.121, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 154.24
- Subd. 4. Opening of envelopes. (a) After the close of business on the 19th day before 154.25 the election, the ballots from secrecy ballot envelopes within the signature envelopes marked 154.26 "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, 154.27 subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate 154.28 ballot box. If more than one voted ballot is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must 154.29 be returned in the manner provided by section 204C.25 for return of spoiled ballots, and may not be counted. 154.31
- (b) Accepted signature envelopes must be segregated by precinct and processed in 154.32 accordance with this subdivision on a precinct-by-precinct basis. Precincts within a combined 154.33

155.1	polling place established in section 205A.11, subdivision 2, may be processed together. At
155.2	each step, members of the ballot board must notify the official responsible for the ballot
155.3	board if there is a discrepancy in any count required by paragraphs (c) to (e) and note it in
155.4	the ballot board incident log.
155.5	(c) Before opening accepted signature envelopes, two members of the ballot board must
155.6	count and record the number of envelopes and ensure that the count matches either the
155.7	number of accepted signature envelopes provided by the official responsible for the ballot
155.8	board or the number of signature envelopes accepted by the ballot board that day.
155.9	(d) Two members of the ballot board must remove the ballots from the ballot envelopes.
155.10	The governing body responsible for the ballot board must not dispose of or destroy any
155.11	ballot envelopes until 48 hours after the deadline for bringing an election contest expires
155.12	or, if a contest is filed, 48 hours after completion of the contest and any related appeals,
155.13	whichever is later.
155.14	(e) After ballots have been removed from the ballot envelopes, two members of the
155.15	ballot board must count and record the number of ballots to ensure the count matches the
155.16	number of accepted signature envelopes, accounting for any empty envelopes or spoiled
155.17	ballots, which must be noted on the ballot board incident log.
155.18	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
155.19	Subd. 5. Storage and counting of absentee ballots. (a) On a day on which absentee
155.20	ballots are inserted into a ballot box, two members of the ballot board must:
155.21	(1) remove the ballots from the ballot box at the end of the day;
155.22	(2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the
155.23	ballot box is equal to the number of voters whose absentee ballots were accepted from the
155.24	tally in subdivision 4 that were to be inserted into the ballot box that day; and
155.25	(3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of
155.26	the day.
155.27	(b) After the polls have closed on election day, two members of the ballot board must
155.28	count the ballots, tabulating the vote in a manner that indicates each vote of the voter and
155.29	the total votes cast for each candidate or question. In state primary and state general elections,
155.30	the results must indicate the total votes cast for each candidate or question in each precinct
155.31	and report the vote totals tabulated for each precinct. The count must be recorded on a
155.32	summary statement in substantially the same format as provided in section 204C.26. The
155.33	ballot board shall must submit at least one completed summary statement to the county

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auditor or municipal clerk. The county auditor or municipal clerk may require the ballot board to submit a sufficient number of completed summary statements to comply with the provisions of section 204C.27, or the county auditor or municipal clerk may certify reports containing the details of the ballot board summary statement to the recipients of the summary statements designated in section 204C.27.

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In state primary and state general elections, These vote totals shall must be added to the vote totals on the summary statements of the returns for the appropriate precinct. In other elections, these vote totals may be added to the vote totals on the summary statement of returns for the appropriate precinct or may be reported as a separate total.

The count shall must be public. No vote totals from ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

- (c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b), if the task has not been completed previously, the members of the ballot board must verify as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting, that voters whose absentee ballots arrived after the rosters were marked or supplemental reports were generated and whose ballots were accepted did not vote in person on election day. An absentee ballot submitted by a voter who has voted in person on election day must be rejected. All other accepted absentee ballots must be opened in accordance with the procedures outlined in subdivision 4, except for the absentee ballots cast using the alternative procedure in section 203B.081, subdivision 3, duplicated if necessary, and counted by members of the ballot board. The vote totals from these ballots must be incorporated into the totals with the other absentee ballots and handled according to paragraph (b).
 - Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Website security. (a) The secretary of state shall maintain a log of each Internet 156.24 Protocol address used to submit an absentee ballot application electronically under this 156.25 section, and must monitor the log, volume of website use, and other appropriate indicators 156.26 for suspicious activity. Evidence of suspicious activity that cannot be resolved by the 156.27 secretary of state must be forwarded to an appropriate law enforcement agency for 156.28 investigation. 156.29
 - (b) The electronic absentee ballot application system must be secure. The website shall maintain the confidentiality of all users and preserve the integrity of the data submitted. The secretary of state shall employ security measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of absentee ballot applications submitted electronically pursuant to this section. All data sent and received through the website must be encrypted.

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- (c) The secretary of state must provide ongoing testing and monitoring to ensure continued security. The secretary of state must work with the chief information officer as defined in section 16E.01, subdivision 1, or another security expert to annually assess the security of the system. The security assessment must include a certification signed by the secretary of state that states that adequate security measures are in place. The certification must also be signed by the chief information officer or another security expert affirming that the assessment is accurate. The secretary of state must submit the security assessment to the legislative auditor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over elections by January 1 of each year, except that the first annual security assessment must be submitted by September 30, 2014, and no report is required for January 1, 2015.
- (d) In developing the electronic absentee ballot application system, the secretary of state must consult with the chief information officer or the chief's designee to ensure the site is secure.
- 157.15 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Duties.** (a) The absentee ballot board must examine all returned absentee ballot envelopes for ballots issued under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 and accept or reject the absentee ballots in the manner provided in section 203B.24. If the certificate of voter eligibility is not printed on the signature envelope, the certificate must be attached to the ballot envelope.
 - (b) The absentee ballot board must immediately examine the signature envelopes or certificates of voter eligibility that are attached to the ballot envelopes and mark them "accepted" or "rejected" during the 45 days before the election. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must be considered spoiled ballots and the official in charge of the absentee ballot board must provide the voter with a replacement absentee ballot and envelopes in place of the spoiled ballot.
 - (c) If a county has delegated the responsibility for administering absentee balloting to a municipality under section 203B.05, accepted absentee ballots must be delivered to the appropriate municipality's absentee ballot board, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. If a municipality and county agree that the county's ballot board retains responsibility for ballots issued pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27, absentee ballots issued pursuant to these sections that are accepted must be opened, counted, and retained by the county's absentee ballot board. The absentee ballot board with the authority to open

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and count the ballots must do so in accordance with section 203B.121, subdivisions 4 and 158.1 158.2

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Emergency response providers. Any eligible Minnesota voter who is 158.5 a trained or certified emergency response provider or utility worker who is deployed in 158.6 response to any state of emergency declared by the President of the United States or any 158.7 governor of any state within the United States during the time period authorized by law for 158.8 absentee voting or on election day may request that ballots, instructions, and a certificate 158.9 of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically. Upon receipt of a properly 158.11 completed application requesting electronic transmission, the county auditor must electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The absentee ballot application 158.12 deadlines in section 203B.04, subdivision 1, do not apply to this subdivision. The county 158.13 auditor is not required to provide return postage to voters to whom ballots are transmitted 158.14 electronically. 158.15
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 158.16
- Subd. 2. Reasonable accommodation for voter with disability. Any eligible Minnesota 158 17 voter with a print disability, including any voter with disabilities that interfere with the 158.18 effective reading, writing, or use of printed materials, may request that ballots, instructions, 158.19 and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically in an accessible 158.20 format that meets Election Assistance Commission minimum accessibility requirements. Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting electronic transmission, the 158.22 county auditor shall electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The absentee 158.23 ballot application deadlines in section 203B.04, subdivision 1, do not apply to this 158.24 subdivision. The county auditor must also mail the voter materials required under section 158.25 203B.07. 158.26
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 158.27
- Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, 158.28 the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to 158.29 the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration 158.30 is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge

159.1	as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or must register
159.2	and a voter whose name or address has changed must register update the voter's registration
159.3	in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a
159.4	ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot.
159.5	(b) Each voter must sign the certification provided in section 204C.10. The signature of
159.6	an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence
159.7	of the intent of the individual to vote at that election. After the voter signs the certification,
159.8	two early voting officials must initial the ballot and issue it to the voter. The voter must
159.9	immediately retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to
159.10	mark the ballot. The voter must not take a ballot from the polling place. If the voter spoils
159.11	the ballot, the voter may return it to the early voting official in exchange for a new ballot.
159.12	After completing the ballot, the voter must deposit the ballot into the ballot counter and
159.13	ballot box. The early voting official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the
159.14	manner provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3.
159.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
159.16	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after the 85th day after the
159.17	revisor of statutes receives the certification.
159.18	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
159.18 159.19	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting
159.19	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting
159.19 159.20	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must:
159.19 159.20 159.21	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast;
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25 159.26	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25 159.26	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and (3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25 159.26 159.27 159.28	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and (3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of the day.
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25 159.26 159.27 159.28	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and (3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of the day. The absentee ballot board must count the ballots after the polls have closed on election
159.19 159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23 159.24 159.25 159.26 159.27 159.28 159.29 159.30	Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must: (1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast; (2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and (3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of the day. The absentee ballot board must count the ballots after the polls have closed on election day following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (b).

160.1	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read

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- Subdivision 1. Form of affidavit. (a) An affidavit of candidacy shall state the name of the office sought and, except as provided in subdivision 4, shall state that the candidate:
- 160.4 (1) is an eligible voter;

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- (2) has no other affidavit on file as a candidate for any office at the same primary or 160.5 next ensuing general election, except as authorized by subdivision 9; and 160.6
- 160.7 (3) is, or will be on assuming the office, 21 years of age or more, and will have maintained residence in the district from which the candidate seeks election for 30 days before the 160.8 general election. 160.9
- 160.10 (b) An affidavit of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate's name as written on the affidavit for ballot designation is the candidate's true name or the name by 160.11 which the candidate is commonly and generally known in the community- and: 160.12
- (1) the phonetic spelling or an explanation for the pronunciation of the full name 160.13 designated for the ballot; or 160.14
- (2) a certification that the candidate is directing the official responsible for programming 160.15 materials for the election to use the applicable technology's default pronunciation of the 160.16 candidate's name. 160.17
- (c) An affidavit of candidacy for partisan office shall also state the name of the candidate's 160.18 political party or political principle, stated in three words or less. 160.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026. 160.20
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, is amended to read: 160.21
- Subd. 1b. Address, electronic mail address, and telephone number. (a) An affidavit 160.22 of candidacy must state a telephone number where the candidate can be contacted. An affidavit must also state the candidate's or campaign's nongovernment issued electronic 160.24 mail address or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess 160.25 an electronic mail address. Except for affidavits of candidacy for (1) judicial office, (2) the 160.26 office of county attorney, or (3) county sheriff, an affidavit must also state the candidate's 160.27 160.28 current address of residence as determined under section 200.031, or at the candidate's request in accordance with paragraph (c), the candidate's campaign contact address. When filing the affidavit, the candidate must present the filing officer with the candidate's valid 160.30 driver's license or state identification card that contains the candidate's current address of 160.31 residence, or documentation of proof of residence authorized for election day registration 160.32

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in section 201.061, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (2); clause (3), item (ii); or paragraph (d). If an original bill is shown, the due date on the bill must be within 30 days before or after the beginning of the filing period or, for bills without a due date, dated within 30 days before the beginning of the filing period. If the address on the affidavit and the documentation do not match, the filing officer must not accept the affidavit. The form for the affidavit of candidacy must allow the candidate to request, if eligible, that the candidate's address of residence be classified as private data, and to provide the certification required under paragraph (c) for classification of that address.

- (b) If an affidavit for an office where a residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period is filed as provided by paragraph (c), the filing officer must, within one business day of receiving the filing, determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. For all other candidates who filed for an office whose residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period, a registered voter in this state may request in writing that the filing officer receiving the affidavit of candidacy review the address as provided in this paragraph, at any time up to one day after the last day for filing for office. If requested, the filing officer must determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. If the filing officer determines that the address is not within the area represented by the office, the filing officer must immediately notify the candidate and the candidate's name must be removed from the ballot for that office. A determination made by a filing officer under this paragraph is subject to judicial review under section 204B.44.
- (c) If the candidate requests that the candidate's address of residence be classified as private data, the candidate must list the candidate's address of residence on a separate form to be attached to the affidavit. The candidate must also certify on the affidavit that either:

 (1) a police report has been submitted, an order for protection has been issued, or the candidate has a reasonable fear in regard to the safety of the candidate or the candidate's family; or (2) the candidate's address is otherwise private pursuant to Minnesota law. The address of residence provided by a candidate who makes a request for classification on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy and provides the certification required by this paragraph is classified as private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be reviewed by the filing officer as provided in this subdivision.
- (d) The requirements of this subdivision do not apply to affidavits of candidacy for a candidate for: (1) judicial office; (2) the office of county attorney; or (3) county sheriff.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- Subd. 2. Petitions for presidential electors and alternates. (a) This subdivision section
- does not apply to candidates for presidential elector or alternate nominated by major political 162.3
- parties. Major party candidates for presidential elector or alternate are certified under section 162.4
- 162.5 208.03. Other presidential electors or alternates are nominated by petition pursuant to this
- section. 162.6

- (b) On petitions nominating presidential electors or alternates, the names of the candidates 162.7
- for president and vice-president shall be added to the political party or political principle 162.8
- stated on the petition. One petition may be filed to nominate a slate of presidential electors 162.9
- equal in number to the number of electors to which the state is entitled and an alternate for 162.10
- each elector nominee. 162.11
- 162.12 (c) In addition to the petition, each nominated candidate must submit a signed, notarized
- affidavit of candidacy for president or vice president that includes the following information: 162.13
- (1) the candidate's name in the form as it should appear on the ballot; 162.14
- (2) the candidate's campaign address, website, phone number, and email address; 162.15
- (3) the name of the political party or political principle stated on the petition; 162.16
- (4) the office sought by the candidate; and 162.17
- (5) a declaration that the candidate is aware of and will follow all applicable election 162.18
- laws and campaign finance laws. 162.19
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.09, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 162.20
- Subd. 1a. Absent candidates. (a) A candidate for special district, county, state, or federal 162.21
- office who will be absent from the state during the filing period may submit a properly 162.22
- executed affidavit of candidacy, the appropriate filing fee, and any necessary petitions in 162.23
- person to the filing officer. The candidate shall state in writing the reason for being unable 162.24
- to submit the affidavit during the filing period. The affidavit, filing fee, if any, and petitions 162.25
- 162.26 must be submitted to the filing officer during the seven days immediately preceding the
- candidate's absence from the state. Nominating petitions may be signed during the 14 days 162.27
- immediately preceding the date when the affidavit of candidacy is filed. 162.28
- (b) A candidate for special district, county, state, or federal office who will be absent 162.29
- from the state during the entire filing period or who must leave the state for the remainder 162.30
- of the filing period and who certifies to the secretary of state that the circumstances constitute 162.31
- an emergency and were unforeseen, may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy 162.32

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by facsimile device or by transmitting electronically a scanned image of the affidavit and proof of residence required in section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, to the secretary of state during the filing period. The candidate shall state in writing the specific reason for being unable to submit the affidavit by mail or by hand during the filing period or in person prior to the start of the filing period. The affidavit of candidacy, filing fee, if any, and any necessary petitions must be received by the secretary of state by 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing. If the candidate is filing for a special district or county office, the secretary of state shall forward the affidavit of candidacy, filing fee, if any, and any necessary petitions to the appropriate filing officer. Copies of a proof of residence submitted under this subdivision are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Other elections. (a) Affidavits of candidacy and nominating petitions for city, town or other elective offices shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205 or other applicable law or charter, except as provided for a special district candidate under subdivision 1a. Affidavits of candidacy and applications filed on behalf of eligible voters for school board office shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205A or other applicable law. Affidavits of candidacy, including proof of residence required in section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, and nominating petitions filed under this subdivision must be submitted by mail or by hand, notwithstanding chapter 325L, or any other law to the contrary, and must be received by the appropriate official within the specified time for the filing of affidavits and petitions for the office. Copies of a proof of residence submitted by mail are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

(b) The official receiving the filing shall notify the official responsible for preparing the ballot of the names of the candidates placed on the ballot, any changes to candidates, or other information necessary to prepare the ballot. The notification must be made within one business day of receiving the filing or change or immediately following the close of the filing period, whichever is sooner, unless the clerk and official agree to an alternative notification timeline.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- Subd. 3. Write-in candidates. (a) A candidate for county, state, or federal office who 164.2 wants write-in votes for the candidate to be counted must file a written request with the 164.3 filing office for the office sought not more than 84 days before the primary and no later 164.4
- than the seventh 19th day before the general election. The filing officer shall provide copies 164.5 of the form to make the request. The filing officer shall not accept a written request later 164.6
- than 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing a written request. 164.7
 - (b) The governing body of a statutory or home rule charter city may adopt a resolution governing the counting of write-in votes for local elective office. The resolution may:
- (1) require the candidate to file a written request with the chief election official no later 164.10 than the seventh 19th day before the city election if the candidate wants to have the 164.11 candidate's write-in votes individually recorded; or 164.12
- (2) require that write-in votes for an individual candidate only be individually recorded 164.13 if the total number of write-in votes for that office is equal to or greater than the fewest 164.14 number of non-write-in votes for a ballot candidate. 164.15
- If the governing body of the statutory or home rule charter city adopts a resolution authorized by this paragraph, the resolution must be adopted and the city clerk must notify the county 164.17 auditor before the first day of filing for office. A resolution adopted under this paragraph 164.18 remains in effect until a subsequent resolution on the same subject is adopted by the 164.19 governing body of the statutory or home rule charter city. 164.20
 - (c) The governing body of a township, school district, hospital district, park district, soil and water district, or other ancillary elected district may adopt a resolution governing the counting of write-in votes for local elective office. The resolution may require that write-in votes for an individual candidate only be individually recorded if the total number of write-in votes for that office is equal to or greater than the fewest number of non-write-in votes for a ballot candidate. If a governing body adopts a resolution authorized by this paragraph, the resolution must be adopted and the clerk must notify the county auditor before the first day of filing for office. A resolution adopted under this paragraph remains in effect until a subsequent resolution on the same subject is adopted by the governing body.
- (d) A candidate for president of the United States who files a request under this subdivision must include the name of a candidate for vice president of the United States. The request must also include the name of at least one candidate for presidential elector. 164.32 The total number of names of candidates for presidential elector on the request may not 164.33 exceed the total number of electoral votes to be cast by Minnesota in the presidential election. 164.34

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165.1	(e) A candidate for governor who files a request under this subdivision must file jointly
165.2	with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for lieutenant governor. A
165.3	candidate for lieutenant governor who files a request under this subdivision must file jointly
165.4	with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for governor.
165.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective on January 1, 2026.
165.6	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
165.7	Subd. 2. Separate precincts; combined polling place. (a) The following shall constitute
165.8	at least one election precinct:
165.9	(1) each city ward; and
165.10	(2) each town and each statutory city.
165.11	(b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than
165.12	November 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following
165.13	year or May 1 of any other year:
165.14	(1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in more
165.15	than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots;
165.16	(2) for contiguous precincts in the same municipality;
165.17	(3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan
165.18	area, as defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, that are contained in the same county;
165.19	or
165.20	(4) for noncontiguous precincts located in one or more counties.
165.21	Subject to the requirements of paragraph (c), a single, accessible, combined polling place
165.22	may be established after May 1 of any year in the event of an emergency.
165.23	A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must be
165.24	filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body, and the
165.25	county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner
165.26	and including information prescribed by the secretary of state. A polling place combined
165.27	under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality
165.28	A polling place combined under clause (4) must be approved by the governing body of each

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participating municipality and the secretary of state and may be located outside any of the

noncontiguous precincts. A municipality withdrawing from participation in a combined

polling place must do so by filing a resolution of withdrawal with the county auditor no

later than October 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the

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following year or April 1 of any other year, and the county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner and including information prescribed by the secretary of state.

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The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except that. In a precinct that uses electronic rosters, the secretary of state shall provide separate data files for each precinct and the election official responsible for the electronic rosters may combine the files as necessary to be loaded onto one or more electronic rosters, provided that the requirements under section 201.225, subdivision 2, are met. The secretary of state and county auditor must provide guidance to the election judges serving in a combined polling place on the procedures to be used to ensure each voter is provided the correct ballot for that voter's precinct. A single set of election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner specified by the secretary of state. In addition to other required informational material and notices, a map showing the precincts served by the combined polling place, along with a notice that multiple ballot styles are in use, must be prominently displayed near the entrance to the combined polling place.

- (c) If a local elections official determines that an emergency situation preventing the safe, secure, and full operation of a polling place on election day has occurred or is imminent, the local elections official may combine two or more polling places for that election pursuant to this subdivision. To the extent possible, the polling places must be combined and the election conducted according to the requirements of paragraph (b), except that:
- (1) polling places may be combined after May 1 and until the polls close on election 166.28 day; 166.29
- (2) any city or town, regardless of size or location, may establish a combined polling 166.30 place under this paragraph; 166.31
- (3) the governing body is not required to adopt an ordinance or resolution to establish 166.32 the combined polling place; 166.33

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(4) a polling place combined under paragraph (b), clause (3) or (4), must be approved 167.1 by the local election official of each participating municipality; 167.2

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- (5) the local elections official must immediately notify the county auditor and the secretary of state of the combination, including the reason for the emergency combination and the location of the combined polling place. As soon as possible, the local elections official must also post a notice stating the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place. The notice must also be posted on the governing board's website, if one exists. The local elections official must also notify the election judges and request that local media outlets publicly announce the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place; and
- (6) on election day, the local elections official must post a notice in large print in a conspicuous place at the polling place where the emergency occurred, if practical, stating the location of the combined polling place. The local election official must also post the notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. If polling place hours are extended pursuant to section 204C.05, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the posted notices required by this paragraph must include a statement that the polling place hours at the combined polling place will be extended until the specified time.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.14, subdivision 4a, is amended to read: 167.20
- Subd. 4a. Municipal boundary adjustment procedure. A change in the boundary of 167.21 an election precinct that has occurred as a result of a municipal boundary adjustment made 167.22 under chapter 414 that is effective more than 21 46 days before a regularly scheduled election 167.23 takes effect at the scheduled election. 167.24
- A change in the boundary of an election precinct that has occurred as a result of a 167.25 municipal boundary adjustment made under chapter 414 that is effective less than 21 46 or 167.26 fewer days before a regularly scheduled election takes effect the day after the scheduled 167.27 election. 167.28
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.16, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 167.29
- Subd. 1a. Notice to voters. (a) If the location of a polling place has been changed, the 167.30 governing body establishing the polling place shall send to every affected household with 167.31 at least one registered voter in the precinct a nonforwardable mailed notice stating the 167.32

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location of the new polling place at least 25 days before the next election. The secretary of state shall prepare a sample of this notice. A notice that is returned as undeliverable must be forwarded immediately to the county auditor. This subdivision does not apply to a polling place location that is changed on election day under section 204B.175.

- (b) If the location of a polling place has been changed, the local official for the governing body establishing the polling place must post a notice in large print and in a conspicuous place at the closed polling place, if practical, stating the location of the new polling place.

 The local election official must also post the notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2.

 The notice must be in all languages required under section 204B.295 for that precinct. The notice must be posted for each special, primary, and general election until a November presidential election or redistricting has occurred. The secretary of state shall prepare a sample of this notice.
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Prohibited locations.** No polling place shall be designated in any place where intoxicating liquors or nonintoxicating malt beverages are served or in any adjoining room.

 No polling place shall be designated in any location where cannabis products, as defined in section 342.01, subdivision 20, are served or sold or in any adjoining room. No polling place shall be designated in any place in which substantial compliance with the requirements of this chapter cannot be attained.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Notice. (a) Upon making the determination to relocate a polling place, the local 168.22 election official must immediately notify the county auditor and the secretary of state. The 168.23 notice must include the reason for the relocation and the reason for the location of the new 168.24 polling place. As soon as possible, the local election official must also post a notice stating 168.25 the reason for the relocation and the location of the new polling place. The notice must also 168.26 be posted on the website of the public body, if there is one. The local election official must also notify the election judges and request that local media outlets publicly announce the 168.28 reason for the relocation and the location of the polling place. If the relocation occurs more 168.29 than 14 days prior to the election, the local election official must mail a notice to the impacted 168.30 voters of the reason for the relocation and the location of the polling place. 168.31
 - (b) On election day, the local election official must post a notice in large print in a conspicuous place at the polling place where the emergency occurred, if practical, stating

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the location of the new polling place. The local election official must also post the notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. If polling place hours are extended pursuant to section 204C.05, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the posted notices required by this paragraph must include a statement that the polling place hours at the new polling place will be extended until the specified time. Notices required by this paragraph must be in all languages required under section 204B.295 for that precinct.

Sec. 52. [204B.182] CHAIN OF CUSTODY PLANS.

- (a) The county auditor must develop a county elections chain of custody plan to be used in all state, county, municipal, school district, and special district elections held in that county. If any of the political subdivisions cross county lines, the affected counties must make efforts to ensure that the elections chain of custody procedures affecting the local jurisdiction are uniform throughout the jurisdiction. County auditors must file the elections chain of custody plans with the secretary of state.
- 169.15 (b) The chain of custody plan must account for both the physical and cyber security of elections-related materials. The plan must include sample chain of custody documentation.
- 169.17 (c) The secretary of state may provide additional guidance to counties on elections chain 169.18 of custody best practices and planning.
- (d) A municipal clerk, school district clerk, or special district clerk must utilize either
 the county chain of custody plan or create a local chain of custody plan for use in local
 elections not held in conjunction with federal, state, or county elections that meets or exceeds
 the requirements of the county elections chain of custody plan. Any plan adopted under this
 paragraph must be adopted and filed with the secretary of state and the county auditor at
 least 84 days before the first election in which it will be used.
- (e) Each political subdivision clerk who develops a local elections chain of custody plan
 pursuant to paragraph (d) and each county auditor must review their respective elections
 chain of custody plan prior to each state primary election. Any revisions to the elections
 chain of custody plan must be completed and filed with the secretary of state by June 1 prior
 to the state primary election.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and county auditors must file an elections chain of custody plan with the secretary of state by June 1, 2026.

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Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.19, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 5. **Party balance requirement.** Unless exempted by sections 205.075, subdivision 4, and 205A.10, subdivision 2, no more than half of the election judges in a precinct, or at any location where ballots are being counted, may be members of the same major political party unless the election board consists of an odd number of election judges, in which case the number of election judges who are members of the same major political party may be one more than half the number of election judges in that precinct. Each major political party must be represented by at least one election judge in each precinct.
- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.24, is amended to read:
 - 204B.24 ELECTION JUDGES; OATH.
- Each election judge shall sign the following oath before assuming the duties of the office:
- 170.12 "I solemnly swear (or affirm) that:
- 170.13 (1) I will perform the duties of election judge according to law and the best of my ability and will diligently endeavor to prevent fraud, deceit and abuse in conducting this election.
- 170.15 (2) I will perform my duties in a fair and impartial manner and not attempt to create an advantage for my party or for any candidate.
- (3) I will not share information about voting that I know to be materially false and will
 not intentionally hinder, interfere with, or prevent a person from voting, registering to vote,
 or aiding another person in casting a ballot or registering to vote, except as specifically
 required by law."
- The oath shall be attached to the summary statement of the election returns of that precinct. If there is no individual present who is authorized to administer oaths, the election judges may administer the oath to each other.
- 170.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.
- Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Duties of county auditor.** Each county auditor shall provide training for all election judges who are appointed to serve at any election to be held in the county. The county auditor shall also provide a procedure for emergency training of election judges elected to fill vacancies. The county auditor may delegate to a municipal election official the duty to provide training of election judges in that municipality or school district. The

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training must be consistent with the training programs established by the secretary of state under subdivision 2.

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Sec. 56. [204B.275] ELECTION REPORTING SYSTEM.

- Subdivision 1. Definition. "Election reporting system" means the computerized central statewide database for offices, candidates, ballot questions, and unofficial results developed and maintained by the secretary of state. The system facilitates the collection, aggregation, reporting, and secure sharing of unofficial election results to the public.
- 171.8 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Authority.</u> The secretary of state must maintain an election reporting system
 171.9 as provided in this section.
- Subd. 3. Entry of names. (a) For federal and state elections, the county auditor must 171.10 enter in the election reporting system the names of all candidates who have filed for office 171.11 with the county auditor no later than one day after the filing is received. Within one day of 171.12 171.13 receiving notification and no later than one day after the withdrawal period closes, the county auditor must enter in the election reporting system the names of candidates for city, town, school district, or other elective office for which the county auditor has been notified. 171.15 171.16 For any candidate who files by nominating petition or a petition in place of filing fee, the county auditor must enter in the election reporting system the name of the candidate within 171.17 one day after the petition has been reviewed and determined to meet all legal requirements. 171.18
- (b) The secretary of state must enter in the election reporting system the names of all candidates who have filed for office with the secretary of state no later than one day after the filing is received. For any candidate who files by nominating petition or a petition in place of filing fee, the secretary of state must enter in the election reporting system the name of the candidate within one day after the petition has been reviewed and determined to meet all legal requirements.
- 171.25 Subd. 4. Results reporting testing. At least seven days prior to any federal or state primary, general, or special election, the county auditor must test the results reporting 171.26 functions in the election reporting system maintained by the secretary of state. The test must 171.27 include the entry of vote totals for all candidates or ballot question responses within each 171.28 contest or ballot question, and the county auditor must verify that the predetermined test 171.29 171.30 results are displayed. The county auditor must report to the secretary of state that the test has been conducted, and no errors are apparent. If errors occur during the test, the county 171.31 auditor must work with the secretary of state to resolve all issues and retest until resolved. 171.32

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172.1	<u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Re</u>	porting results.	For federal and s	tate elections, as soon	as practicable after
172.2	delivery of the	returns, the count	y auditor must re	eport all unofficial ele	ction results in the
172.3	elections repor	ting system.			
172.4	Subd. 6. Un	official results. Re	esults reported to	the election reporting s	system are unofficial
172.5	results. Election	n results are not or	fficial until after	the canvassing board	certifies the result
172.6	of the election.				
172.7	EFFECTIV	VE DATE. This so	ection is effectiv	re June 1, 2025.	
172.8	Sec. 57. Mini	nesota Statutes 202	24, section 204E	3.28, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:
172.9	Subd. 2. Ele	ection supplies; d	luties of county	auditors and clerks.	(a) Except as
172.10	otherwise prov	ided in this section	n and for absente	ee ballots in section 20)4B.35, subdivision
172.11	4, the county a	uditor shall compl	ete the preparati	on of the election mat	erials for which the
172.12	auditor is respo	nsible at least four	days before ever	ry state primary and sta	ate general election.
172.13	At any time aft	er all election mat	erials are availa	ble from the county au	iditor but not later
172.14	than four days	the day before the	election each mu	unicipal clerk shall sec	ure from the county
172.15	auditor:				

- 172.16 (1) the forms that are required for the conduct of the election;
- 172.17 (2) any printed voter instruction materials furnished by the secretary of state;
- 172.18 (3) any other instructions for election officers; and
- 172.19 (4) a sufficient quantity of the official ballots, registration files, envelopes for ballot returns, and other supplies and materials required for each precinct in order to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law. The county auditor may furnish the election supplies to the municipal clerks in the same manner as the supplies are furnished to precincts in unorganized territory pursuant to section 204B.29, subdivision 1.
- (b) The county auditor must prepare and make available election materials for early voting to municipal clerks designated to administer early voting under section 203B.05 on or before the 19th day before the election.
- 172.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.44, is amended to read:

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204B.44 ERRORS AND OMISSIONS; REMEDY.

- (a) Any individual may file a petition in the manner provided in this section for the correction of any of the following errors, omissions, or wrongful acts which have occurred or are about to occur:
- (1) an error or omission in the placement or printing of the name or description of any 173.6 candidate or any question on any official ballot, including the placement of a candidate on 173.7 the official ballot who is not eligible to hold the office for which the candidate has filed; 173.8
- (2) any other error in preparing or printing any official ballot; 173.9
- (3) failure of the chair or secretary of the proper committee of a major political party to 173.10 execute or file a certificate of nomination; 173.11
- (4) any wrongful act, omission, or error of any election judge, municipal clerk, county 173.12 auditor, canvassing board or any of its members, the secretary of state, or any other individual 173.13 charged with any duty concerning an election. 173.14
- (b) The petition shall describe the error, omission, or wrongful act and the correction sought by the petitioner. The petition shall be filed with any judge of the supreme court in 173.16 the case of an election for state or federal office or any judge of the district court in that 173.17 county in the case of an election for county, municipal, or school district office. The petitioner 173.18 shall serve a copy of the petition on the officer, board or individual charged with the error, 173.19 omission, or wrongful act, on all candidates for the office in the case of an election for state, 173.20 federal, county, municipal, or school district office, and on any other party as required by 173.21 the court. Upon receipt of the petition the court shall immediately set a time for a hearing 173.22 on the matter and order the officer, board or individual charged with the error, omission or 173.23 wrongful act to correct the error or wrongful act or perform the duty or show cause for not 173.24 doing so. In the case of a review of a candidate's eligibility to hold office, the court may 173.25 order the candidate to appear and present sufficient evidence of the candidate's eligibility. 173.26 The court shall issue its findings and a final order for appropriate relief as soon as possible 173.27 after the hearing. Failure to obey the order is contempt of court. 173.28
- (c) Any service required by this section on a candidate may be accomplished by electronic 173.29 mail sent to the address the candidate provided on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy 173.30 pursuant to section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, or by any other means permitted by law. 173.31
- (d) If all candidates for an office and the officer, board, or individual charged with the 173.32 error, omission, or wrongful act unanimously agree in writing: 173.33

(1) that an error, omission, or wrongful act occurred; and 174.1 174.2 (2) on the appropriate correction for the error, omission, or wrongful act, then the officer, board, or individual charged with the error, omission, or wrongful act must 174.3 correct the error in the manner agreed to without an order from the court. Such agreement 174.4 174.5 must address, at a minimum, how the correction will take place and, if the correction involves a change to a ballot, how voters who have received or returned an incomplete ballot will 174.6 be notified of the change and what, if any, steps voters who have returned an incorrect ballot 174.7 can take to receive a corrected replacement ballot. 174.8 The officer, board, or individual must notify the secretary of state in writing of the error 174.9 and proposed correction within one business day of receiving notification of the candidate's 174.10 written agreement and must not distribute any ballots reflecting the proposed correction for 174.11 two business days unless the secretary of state waives this notice period. Nothing in this 174.12 paragraph shall be construed to preclude any person from filing a petition under this section 174.13 alleging that the written agreement constitutes an error, omission, or wrongful act that 174.14 requires correction by the court. 174.15 (e) Any candidate for an office who does not enter into an agreement under paragraph 174.16 (d) and who does not prevail at any subsequent proceeding involving a petition filed under 174.17 this section must pay the costs and disbursements of the prevailing party or parties unless 174.18 the court determines that the candidate's position was substantially justified or such costs 174.19 and disbursements would impose undue hardship or otherwise be inequitable. 174.20 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an official may correct any 174.21 official ballot without order from the court if the ballot is not in compliance with sections 174.22 204B.35 to 204B.37 or any rules promulgated under sections 204B.35 to 204B.37. 174.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025. 174.24 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 174.25 Subd. 2. Procedure; voting prior to election day. Notice of the election and the special 174.26 mail procedure must be given at least ten weeks prior to the election. Not more than 46 days 174.27 nor later than 14 28 days before a regularly scheduled any election and not more than 30 174.28 174.29 days nor later than 14 days before any other election, the auditor shall mail ballots by nonforwardable mail to all voters registered in the city, town, or unorganized territory. No 174.30 later than 14 days before the election, the auditor must make a subsequent mailing of ballots 174.31

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to those voters who register to vote after the initial mailing but before the 20th day before

the election. Eligible voters not registered at the time the ballots are mailed may apply for

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ballots as provided in chapter 203B. Ballot return envelopes, with return postage provided, must be preaddressed to the auditor or clerk and the voter may return the ballot by mail or in person to the office of the auditor or clerk. The auditor or clerk must appoint a ballot board to examine the mail and absentee ballot return envelopes and mark them "accepted" or "rejected" within three days of receipt if there are 14 or fewer days before election day, or within five days of receipt if there are more than 14 days before election day. The board may consist of deputy county auditors or deputy municipal clerks who have received training in the processing and counting of mail ballots, who need not be affiliated with a major political party. Election judges performing the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must remain sealed and the auditor or clerk shall provide the voter with a replacement ballot and return envelope in place of the spoiled ballot. If the ballot is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

If the ballot is accepted, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mark the roster to indicate that the voter has already cast a ballot in that election. After the close of business on the 19th day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided by section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the ballot box.

In all other respects, the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and counting of ballots apply.

The mail and absentee ballots for a precinct must be counted together and reported as one vote total. No vote totals from mail or absentee ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

The costs of the mailing shall be paid by the election jurisdiction in which the voter maintains residence. Any ballot received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election must be counted.

175.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective November 15, 2025, for elections held on or after January 1, 2026.

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Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Voters in line at closing. (a) At or before the hour when voting is scheduled to begin, the election judges shall must agree upon the standard of time they will use to determine when voting will begin and end. Voting shall must not be allowed after the time when it is scheduled to end, unless individuals are waiting in the polling place or waiting in line at the door to register, to update the voter's registration, or to vote. The voting shall must continue until those individuals have been allowed to vote. No An individual who comes to the polling place or to a line outside the polling place after the time when voting is scheduled to end shall must not be allowed to vote.

- (b) The local election official may extend polling place hours to accommodate voters that would have been in line at the regular polling place if the polling place had not been combined or moved on election day pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 2, or 204B.175. Polling place hours may be extended at the new polling place for one hour. The local election official must immediately provide notice to the county auditor, secretary of state, and election judges of the extension in polling place hours. The local election official must also request that the local media outlets publicly announce the extended polling place hours. Voters in the polling place or waiting in line at the door to register, to update the voter's registration, or to vote at the end of the extended polling place hours shall must be allowed to vote pursuant to paragraph (a).
- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 176.20
- Subdivision 1. **Persons allowed near polling place.** An individual shall must be allowed 176.21 to go to and from the polling place for the purpose of voting without unlawful interference. 176.22 No one Except an election official or an individual who is waiting to register, to update the 176.23 voter's registration, or to vote or an individual who is conducting exit polling shall, an 176.24 individual must not stand within 100 feet of the building in which a polling place is located. 176.25
 - Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 176.27 Subd. 2. Individuals allowed in polling place; identification. (a) Representatives of the secretary of state's office, the county auditor's office, and the municipal or school district 176.28 clerk's office may be present at the polling place to observe election procedures. Except for 176.29 these representatives, election judges, sergeants-at-arms, and challengers, an individual may 176.30 remain inside the polling place during voting hours only while voting or, updating the voter's 176.31 registration, registering to vote, providing proof of residence for an individual who is 176.32 registering to vote or updating a registration, or assisting a disabled voter with a disability 176.33

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or a voter who is unable to read English. During voting hours no one except individuals receiving, marking, or depositing ballots shall approach within six feet of a voting booth, ballot counter, or electronic voting equipment, unless lawfully authorized to do so by an election judge or the individual is an election judge monitoring the operation of the ballot counter or electronic voting equipment.

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- (b) Teachers and elementary or secondary school students participating in an educational activity authorized by section 204B.27, subdivision 7, may be present at the polling place during voting hours.
- 177.9 (c) Each official on duty in the polling place must wear an identification badge that
 177.10 shows their role in the election process. The badge must not show their party affiliation.
- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Peace officers.** Except when summoned by an election judge to restore the peace or when voting, updating a registration, or registering to vote, no peace officer shall enter or remain in a polling place or stand within 50 feet of the entrance of a polling place.
- Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.08, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1d. **Voter's Bill of Rights.** The county auditor shall prepare and provide to each polling place sufficient copies of a poster setting forth the Voter's Bill of Rights as set forth in this section. Before the hours of voting are scheduled to begin, the election judges shall post it in a conspicuous location or locations in the polling place. The Voter's Bill of Rights is as follows:

"VOTER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

- For all persons residing in this state who meet federal voting eligibility requirements:
- 177.23 (1) You have the right to be absent from work for the purpose of voting in a state, federal, 177.24 or regularly scheduled election without reduction to your pay, personal leave, or vacation 177.25 time on election day for the time necessary to appear at your polling place, cast a ballot, 177.26 and return to work.
- 177.27 (2) If you are in line at your polling place any time before 8:00 p.m., you have the right to vote.
- 177.29 (3) If you can provide the required proof of residence, you have the right to register to vote or to update your registration and to vote on election day.

- 178.1 (4) If you are unable to sign your name, you have the right to orally confirm your identity with an election judge and to direct another person to sign your name for you.
 - (5) You have the right to request special assistance when voting.
- 178.4 (6) If you need assistance, you may be accompanied into the voting booth by a person of your choice, except by an agent of your employer or union or a candidate.
- 178.6 (7) You have the right to bring your minor children into the polling place and into the voting booth with you.
- 178.8 (8) You have the right to vote if you are not currently incarcerated for conviction of a felony offense.
- 178.10 (9) If you are under a guardianship, you have the right to vote, unless the court order revokes your right to vote.
- 178.12 (10) You have the right to vote without anyone in the polling place trying to influence your vote.
- 178.14 (11) If you make a mistake or spoil your ballot before it is submitted, you have the right to receive a replacement ballot and vote.
- 178.16 (12) You have the right to file a written complaint at your polling place if you are dissatisfied with the way an election is being run.
- 178.18 (13) You have the right to take a sample ballot into the voting booth with you.
- 178.19 (14) You have the right to take a copy of this Voter's Bill of Rights into the voting booth with you."
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except that the change in clause (3) is effective January 1, 2026.
- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Counting and initialing.** (a) Before the voting begins, at least two election judges must certify the number of ballots delivered to the precinct. Election judges may conduct this count, presuming that the total count provided for prepackaged ballots is correct. As each package is opened, two judges must count the ballots in the package to ensure that the total count provided for the package is correct. Any discrepancy must be noted on the
- 178.29 incident log.

179.1 (b) Before the voting begins, or as soon as possible after it begins, at least two election 179.2 judges shall each initial the backs of all the ballots. The election judges shall not otherwise 179.3 mark the ballots.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.10, is amended to read:
- 179.6 **204C.10 POLLING PLACE ROSTER; VOTER SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE;**
- 179.7 **VOTER RECEIPT.**

- (a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster or voter signature certificate which states that the individual:
- 179.10 (1) is at least 18 years old;
- (2) is a citizen of the United States;
- 179.12 (3) has maintained residence in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding the election;
- 179.13 (4) maintains residence at the address <u>or location</u> shown;
- 179.14 (5) is not under a guardianship in which the court order revokes the individual's right to vote;
- (6) has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote;
- 179.17 (7) has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the individual is not currently incarcerated for that conviction;
- 179.19 (8) is registered; and
- (9) has not already voted in the election.
- The roster must also state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than
- 179.23 \$10,000, or both."
- (b) At the presidential nomination primary, the polling place roster must also state: "I
- am in general agreement with the principles of the party for whose candidate I intend to
- 179.26 vote." This statement must appear separately from the statements required in paragraph (a).
- 179.27 The felony penalty provided for in paragraph (a) does not apply to this paragraph.
- (c) A judge may, before the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth.

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(d) After the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, the judge shall give
the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge in
charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall hand to
the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for notice of
filing an election contest.
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- (e) Whenever a challenged status appears on the polling place roster, an election judge must ensure that the challenge is concealed or hidden from the view of any voter other than the voter whose status is challenged.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2025.
- Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Outside the polling place.** An individual who is unable to enter a polling place where paper ballots or an electronic voting system are used may register or update the voter's registration and vote without leaving a motor vehicle. Two election judges who are members of different major political parties shall must assist the voter to register or to update a registration, as applicable, and to complete a voter's certificate and shall must provide the necessary ballots. The voter may request additional assistance in marking ballots as provided in subdivision 1.
- Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Voting lines.** In all polling places, upon request of the voter, two election judges shall must assist a disabled voter with a disability to enter the polling place and go through the registration and voting lines lines to register to vote or update the voter's registration, as applicable, and to vote. The voter may also request the assistance of election judges or any other individual in marking ballots, as provided in subdivision 1.
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Information requirements.** Precinct summary statements shall must be submitted by the election judges in every precinct. For all elections, the election judges shall must complete three or more copies of the summary statements, and each copy shall must contain the following information for each kind of ballot:
- (1) the number of ballots delivered to the precinct as adjusted by the actual count made by the election judges, the number of unofficial ballots made, and the number of absentee ballots delivered to the precinct;

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- (2) the number of votes each candidate received or the number of yes and no votes on each question, the number of undervotes, the number of overvotes, and the number of defective ballots with respect to each office or question;
- 181.4 (3) the number of spoiled ballots, the number of duplicate ballots made, the number of absentee ballots rejected, and the number of unused ballots, presuming that the total count provided on each package of unopened prepackaged ballots is correct;
 - (4) the number of voted ballots indicating only a voter's choices as provided by section 206.80, paragraph (b), clause (2), item (ii), in precincts that use an assistive voting device that produces this type of ballot;
- (5) the number of individuals who voted at the election in the precinct which must equal the total number of ballots cast in the precinct, as required by sections 204C.20 and 206.86, subdivision 1;
- 181.13 (6) the number of voters registering <u>or updating registrations</u> on election day in that precinct;
- 181.15 (7) the signatures of the election judges who counted the ballots certifying that all of the ballots cast were properly piled, checked, and counted; and that the numbers entered by the election judges on the summary statements correctly show the number of votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question;
 - (8) the number of election judges that worked in that precinct on election day; and
- 181.20 (9) the number of voting booths used in that precinct on election day.
- At least two copies of the summary statement must be prepared for elections not held on the same day as the state elections.
- 181.23 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **County canvass.** The county canvassing board shall must meet at the county auditor's office on either the second or third day following the state primary. After taking the oath of office, the canvassing board shall must publicly canvass the election returns delivered to the county auditor. The board shall must complete the canvass by the third day following the state primary and shall must promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report that states:
- (a) the number of individuals voting at the election in the county, and in each precinct;

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182.1	(b) for each precinct, the number of individuals registering to vote or updating
182.2	registrations on election day and the number of individuals who were registered before
182.3	election day in each precinct and did not need to update the voter's registration;
182.4	(c) for each major political party, the names of the candidates running for each partisan
182.5	office and the number of votes received by each candidate in the county and in each precinct;
182.6	(d) the names of the candidates of each major political party who are nominated; and
182.7	(e) the number of votes received by each of the candidates for nonpartisan office in each
182.8	precinct in the county and the names of the candidates nominated for nonpartisan office.
182.9	Upon completion of the canvass, the county auditor shall must mail or deliver a notice
182.10	of nomination to each nominee for county office voted for only in that county. The county
182.11	auditor shall must transmit one of the certified copies of the county canvassing board report
182.12	for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by express mail or similar service
182.13	immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass. The secretary of state shall must mail
182.14	a notice of nomination to each nominee for state or federal office.
182.15	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
182.16	Subdivision 1. County canvass. The county canvassing board shall must meet at the
182.17	county auditor's office between the third and eighth days following the state general election.
182.18	After taking the oath of office, the board shall must promptly and publicly canvass the
182.19	general election returns delivered to the county auditor. Upon completion of the canvass,
182.20	the board shall <u>must</u> promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report which states:
182.21	(a) the number of individuals voting at the election in the county and in each precinct;
182.22	(b) for each precinct, the number of individuals registering to vote or updating
182.23	registrations on election day and the number of individuals who were registered before
182.24	election day in each precinct and did not need to update the voter's registration;
182.25	(c) the names of the candidates for each office and the number of votes received by each
182.26	candidate in the county and in each precinct;
182.27	(d) the number of votes counted for and against a proposed change of county lines or
182.28	county seat; and
182.29	(e) the number of votes counted for and against a constitutional amendment or other
182.30	question in the county and in each precinct.
182.31	The result of write-in votes cast on the general election ballots must be compiled by the
182.32	county auditor before the county canvass, except that write-in votes for a candidate for

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federal, state, or county office must not be counted unless the candidate has timely filed a request under section 204B.09, subdivision 3. The county auditor shall must arrange for each municipality to provide an adequate number of election judges to perform this duty or the county auditor may appoint additional election judges for this purpose. The county auditor may open the envelopes or containers in which the voted ballots have been sealed in order to count and record the write-in votes and must reseal the voted ballots at the conclusion of this process. The county auditor must prepare a separate report of votes received by precinct for write-in candidates for federal, state, and county offices who have requested under section 204B.09 that votes for those candidates be tallied.

Upon completion of the canvass, the county canvassing board shall must declare the candidate duly elected who received the highest number of votes for each county and state office voted for only within the county. The county auditor shall must transmit a certified copy of the county canvassing board report for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by messenger, express mail, or similar service immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass.

- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Vacancy filled at general election.** When a vacancy occurs more than 150 days before the next state general election, and the legislature will not be in session before the final canvass of the state general election returns, the vacancy shall be filled at the next state general election. When practicable, the filing period for the vacancy must be concurrent with the filing period for the general election filing period provided in section 204B.09. If not possible, the filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum of five days and a maximum of ten days, excluding holidays.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.
- Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Special election when legislature will be in session.** Except for vacancies in the legislature which occur at any time between the last day of session in an odd-numbered year and the 40th day prior to the opening day of session in the succeeding even-numbered year, when a vacancy occurs and the legislature will be in session so that the individual elected as provided by this section could take office and exercise the duties of the office immediately upon election, the governor shall issue within five days after the vacancy occurs a writ calling for a special election. The filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum

- of three days, excluding holidays. The special election shall be held as soon as possible, consistent with the notice requirements of section 204D.22, subdivision 3, but in no event more than 35 days after the issuance of the writ. A special election must not be held during the four two days before or the four two days after a holiday as defined in section 645.44, subdivision 5.
- 184.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Special election at other times.** When a vacancy occurs at a time other than those described in subdivisions 1 and 2 the governor shall issue a writ, calling for a special election to be held so that the individual elected may take office at the opening of the next session of the legislature, or at the reconvening of a session of the legislature. The filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum of five days and a maximum of ten days, excluding holidays.
- 184.15 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.
- 184.17 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.195, is amended to read:
- **204D.195 DATE OF SPECIAL ELECTION; CERTAIN TIMES PROHIBITED.**
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a special primary and special general election may not be held:
- 184.21 (1) for a period beginning the day following the date of the state primary election and 184.22 ending the day prior to the date of the state general election; or
- 184.23 (2) on a holiday, or during the <u>four two</u> days before or after a holiday, as defined in section 645.44, subdivision 5.
- 184.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Affidavit of candidacy.** (a) An individual who is eligible and desires to become a candidate for an office to be voted for at the municipal general election shall file an affidavit of candidacy with the municipal clerk. Candidates for a special election to fill a vacancy held as provided in section 412.02, subdivision 2a, must file an affidavit of candidacy for the specific office to fill the unexpired portion of the term. Subject to the

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approval of the county auditor, the town clerk may authorize candidates for township offices to file affidavits of candidacy with the county auditor. The affidavit shall be in the same form as that in section 204B.06. The municipal clerk shall also accept an application signed by not less than five voters and filed on behalf of an eligible voter in the municipality whom they desire to be a candidate, if service of a copy of the application has been made on the candidate and proof of service is endorsed on the application being filed. Upon receipt of the proper filing fee, the clerk shall place the name of the candidate on the official ballot without partisan designation.

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(b) The municipal clerk shall notify the official responsible for preparing the ballot of the names of the candidates placed on the ballot, any changes to candidates, and other information necessary to prepare the ballot. The notification must be made within one business day of receiving the filing or change or immediately following the close of the filing period, whichever is sooner, unless the clerk and official agree to an alternative notification timeline.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205.13, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Filing period.** In a city nominating candidates at a primary, an affidavit of candidacy for a city office voted on in November must be filed no more than 84 days nor less than 70 days before the city primary. In municipalities that do not hold a primary, an affidavit of candidacy must be filed no more than 70 days and not less than 56 days before the municipal general election held in March in any year, or a special election not held in conjunction with another election, and no more than 98 112 days nor less than 84 98 days before the municipal general election held in November of any year. The municipal clerk's office must be open for filing from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on the last day of the filing period.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Affidavit of candidacy.** (a) An individual who is eligible and desires to become a candidate for an office to be voted on at the election must file an affidavit of candidacy with the school district clerk. The affidavit must be in the form prescribed by section 204B.06. The school district clerk shall also accept an application signed by at least five voters and filed on behalf of an eligible voter in the school district whom they desire to be a candidate, if service of a copy of the application has been made on the candidate and proof of service is endorsed on the application being filed. No individual shall be

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nominated by nominating petition for a school district elective office. Upon receipt of the proper filing fee, the clerk shall place the name of the candidate on the official ballot without partisan designation.

(b) The school district clerk shall notify the official responsible for preparing the ballot of the names of the candidates placed on the ballot, any changes to candidates, and other information necessary to prepare the ballot. The notification must be made within one business day of receiving the filing or change or immediately following the close of the filing period, whichever is sooner, unless the clerk and official agree to an alternative notification timeline.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205A.06, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Filing period. In school districts that have adopted a resolution to choose nominees for school board by a primary election, affidavits of candidacy must be filed with the school district clerk no earlier than the 84th day and no later than the 70th day before the second Tuesday in August in the year when the school district general election is held. In all other school districts, affidavits of candidacy must be filed no earlier than the 98th 112th day and no later than the 84th 98th day before the school district general election.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205A.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 186.19
- Subd. 2. Combined polling place. (a) When no other election is being held in a school 186.20 district, the school board may designate combined polling places at which the voters in 186.21 those precincts may vote in the school district election. 186.22
- (b) By December 31 of each year, the school board must designate, by resolution, any 186.23 changes to combined polling places. The combined polling places designated in the resolution 186.24 are the polling places, unless a change is made in accordance with this paragraph or: 186.25
 - (1) pursuant to section 204B.175; or
- (2) because a polling place has become unavailable. 186.27
- (c) If the school board designates combined polling places pursuant to this subdivision, 186.28 polling places must be designated throughout the district, taking into account both 186.29 geographical distribution and population distribution. A combined polling place must be at 186.30 a location designated for use as a polling place by a county or municipality, except as 186.31

provided in this paragraph. If the municipality conducts elections by mail balloting pursuant to section 204B.45, the school board may designate a polling place not used by the municipality if the polling place satisfies the requirements in section 204B.16, subdivisions 4 to 7.

- (d) In school districts that have organized into separate board member election districts under section 205A.12, a combined polling place for a school general election must be arranged so that it does not include more than one board member election district.
- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 206.83, is amended to read:

206.83 TESTING OF VOTING SYSTEMS.

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At least three days before voting equipment is used, the official in charge of elections shall have the voting system tested to ascertain that the system will correctly mark ballots using all methods supported by the system, including through assistive technology, and count the votes cast for all candidates and on all questions. Public notice of the time and place of the test must be given at least two five days in advance by publication once in official newspapers. The test must be observed by at least two election judges, who are not of the same major political party, and must be open to representatives of the political parties, candidates, the press, and the public. The test must be conducted by (1) processing a preaudited group of ballots punched or marked to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each question in the contest, and must include for each office one or more ballot cards which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the voting system tabulator and electronic ballot marker to reject those votes; and (2) processing an additional test deck of ballots marked using the 187.22 electronic ballot marker for the precinct, including ballots marked using the electronic ballot 187.23 display, audio ballot reader, and any assistive voting technology used with the electronic ballot marker. If any error is detected, the cause must be ascertained and corrected and an 187.25 errorless count must be made before the voting system may be used in the election. After 187.26 the completion of the test, the programs used and ballot cards must be sealed, retained, and 187.27 disposed of as provided for paper ballots.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2025.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 206.845, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 187.30

Subdivision 1. Prohibited connections. The county auditor and municipal clerk must secure ballot recording and tabulating systems physically and electronically against unauthorized access. Except for wired connections within the polling place, ballot recording

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and tabulating systems must not be connected to or operated on, directly or indirectly, any electronic network, including a local area network, a wide-area network, the Internet, or the World Wide Web. Wireless communications may not be used in any way in a vote recording or vote tabulating system. Wireless, device-to-device capability is not permitted. No connection by modem is permitted.

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Transfer of information from the ballot recording or tabulating system to another system for network distribution or broadcast must be made by disk, tape, or other physical means of communication, other than direct or indirect electronic connection of the vote recording or vote tabulating system. A county auditor or municipal clerk may not create or disclose, or permit any other person to create or disclose, an electronic image of the hard drive of any vote recording or tabulating system or any other component of an electronic voting system, except as authorized in writing by the secretary of state or for the purpose of conducting official duties as expressly authorized by law. A password used to access any ballot recording or tabulating system must be kept in a safe and secure place in the precinct so that it is not accessible to or visible by the public.

- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211B.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** Subdivision 1 does not prohibit:
- (1) denial of admittance into a particular apartment, room, manufactured home, or personal residential unit;
- 188.20 (2) requiring reasonable and proper identification as a necessary prerequisite to admission to a multiple unit dwelling;
- 188.22 (3) in the case of a nursing home or an assisted living facility under chapter 144G, denial of permission to visit certain persons for valid health reasons;
- (4) limiting visits by candidates or volunteers accompanied by the candidate to a reasonable number of persons or reasonable hours, provided that access must be permitted during the hours of 9:00 a.m. through 9:00 p.m. on any day, at a minimum;
 - (5) requiring a prior appointment to gain access to the facility; or
- 188.28 (6) denial of admittance to or expulsion from a multiple unit dwelling for good cause.

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- Subd. 3. Notice to residents. The owner, manager, or operator of a multiple unit dwelling is encouraged to notify residents of the days on which a candidate has provided notice of an intent to be present.
- Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 368.47, is amended to read:

368.47 TOWNS MAY BE DISSOLVED.

- (1) When the voters residing within a town have failed to elect any town officials for 189.8 more than ten years continuously; 189.9
- (2) when a town has failed for a period of ten years to exercise any of the powers and 189.10 functions of a town; 189.11
- (3) when the estimated market value of a town drops to less than \$165,000; 189.12
- (4) when the tax delinquency of a town, exclusive of taxes that are delinquent or unpaid 189.13 because they are contested in proceedings for the enforcement of taxes, amounts to 12 189.14 percent of its market value; or 189.15
- 189.16 (5) when the state or federal government has acquired title to 50 percent of the real estate of a town. 189.17
- which facts, or any of them, may be found and determined by the resolution of the county board of the county in which the town is located, according to the official records in the 189.19 office of the county auditor, the county board by resolution may declare the town, naming 189.20 it, dissolved and no longer entitled to exercise any of the powers or functions of a town. 189.21
- In Cass, Itasca, and St. Louis Counties, before the dissolution is effective the voters of 189.22 the town shall express their approval or disapproval. The town clerk shall, upon a petition 189.23 signed by a majority of the registered voters of the town, filed with the clerk at least 60 84 189.24 days before a regular or special town election, give notice at the same time and in the same 189.25 manner of the election that the question of dissolution of the town will be submitted for 189.26 determination at the election. At the election the question shall be voted upon by a separate 189.27 ballot. The form of the question under this chapter shall be substantially in the following 189.28 form: "Shall the town of ... be dissolved?" The ballot shall be deposited in a separate ballot box and The result of the voting canvassed, certified, and returned in the same manner and 189.30 at the same time as other facts and returns of the election. If a majority of the votes cast at 189.31

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the election are for dissolution, the town shall be dissolved. If a majority of the votes cast at the election are against dissolution, the town shall not be dissolved.

When a town is dissolved under sections 368.47 to 368.49 the county shall acquire title to any telephone company or other business conducted by the town. The business shall be operated by the board of county commissioners until it can be sold. The subscribers or patrons of the business shall have the first opportunity of purchase. If the town has any outstanding indebtedness chargeable to the business, the county auditor shall levy a tax against the property situated in the dissolved town to pay the indebtedness as it becomes due.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 375.20, is amended to read:

375.20 BALLOT QUESTIONS.

If the county board may do an act, incur a debt, appropriate money for a purpose, or exercise any other power or authority, only if authorized by a vote of the people, the question may be submitted at a special or general election, by a resolution specifying the matter or question to be voted upon. If the question is to authorize the appropriation of money, creation of a debt, or levy of a tax, it shall state the amount. Notice of the election shall be given as in the case of special elections. If the question submitted is adopted, the board shall pass an appropriate resolution to carry it into effect. In the election the form of the ballot shall be: "Shall (here state the substance of the resolution to be submitted)?, Yes No......,". The county board may call a special county election upon a question to be held within 74 84 days after a resolution to that effect is adopted by the county board. Upon the adoption of the resolution the county auditor shall post and publish notices of the election, as required by section 204D.22, subdivisions 2 and 3. The election shall be conducted and the returns canvassed in the manner prescribed by sections 204D.20 to 204D.27, so far as practicable.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 414.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Elections of municipal officers.** (a) An order approving an incorporation or consolidation pursuant to this chapter, or an order requiring an election under section 414.031, subdivision 4a, shall set a date for an election of new municipal officers not less than 45 days nor more than 60 days after the issuance of such order in accordance with the uniform election dates defined in section 205.10, subdivision 3a.

(b) The chief administrative law judge shall appoint an acting clerk for election purposes, at least three election judges who shall be residents of the new municipality, and shall designate polling places within the new municipality.

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(c) The acting clerk shall prepare the official election ballot pursuant to section 205.17. 191.1

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- (d) Any person eligible to hold municipal office may file an affidavit of candidacy not more than four weeks nor less than two weeks before the date designated in the order for the election pursuant to section 205.13.
- 191.5 (e) The election shall be conducted in conformity with the charter and the laws for conducting municipal elections insofar as applicable. 191.6
- 191.7 (f) Any person eligible to vote at a township or municipal election within the area of the new municipality, is eligible to vote at such election. 191.8
- (g) Any excess in the expense of conducting the election over receipts from filing fees 191.9 shall be a charge against the new municipality; any excess of receipts shall be deposited in 191.10 the treasury of the new municipality. 191.11
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025. 191.12
- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 447.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 191.13
- 191.14 Subd. 4. Candidates; ballots; certifying election. (a) A person who wants to be a 191.15 candidate for the hospital board shall file an affidavit of candidacy for the election either as member at large or as a member representing the city or town where the candidate 191.16 maintains residence. The affidavit of candidacy must be filed with the city or town clerk 191.17 not more than 98 112 days nor less than 84 98 days before the first Tuesday after the first 191.18 Monday in November of the year in which the general election is held. The city or town 191.19 clerk must forward the affidavits of candidacy to the clerk of the hospital district or, for the 191.20 first election, the clerk of the most populous city or town immediately after the last day of 191.21 the filing period. A candidate may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of 191.22 withdrawal with the clerk of the district no later than 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day 191.23 to file affidavits of candidacy. 191.24
- (b) Voting must be by secret ballot. The clerk shall prepare, at the expense of the district, 191.25 necessary ballots for the election of officers. Ballots must be prepared as provided in the 191.26 rules of the secretary of state. The ballots must be marked and initialed by at least two judges 191.27 as official ballots and used exclusively at the election. Any proposition to be voted on may 191.28 be printed on the ballot provided for the election of officers. The hospital board may also 191.29 authorize the use of voting systems subject to chapter 206. Enough election judges may be appointed to receive the votes at each polling place. The election judges shall act as clerks 191.31 of election, count the ballots cast, and submit them to the board for canvass. 191.32

192.1	(c) Between the third and 14th days after an election, the board must act as the canvassing
192.2	board, canvass the returns, and declare the candidate duly elected who received the highest
192.3	number of votes for each hospital district office and the results of any ballot questions.
192.4	(d) After canvassing the election, the board shall issue a certificate of election to the
192.5	candidate who received the largest number of votes cast for each office. The clerk shall
192.6	deliver the certificate to the person entitled to it in person or by certified mail. Each person
192.7	certified shall file an acceptance and oath of office in writing with the clerk within 30 days
192.8	after the date of delivery or mailing of the certificate. The board may fill any office as
192.9	provided in subdivision 1 if the person elected fails to qualify within 30 days, but qualification

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective January 1, 2026.

is effective if made before the board acts to fill the vacancy.

Sec. 89. TRANSITION TO NEW VOTER REGISTRATION APPLICATIONS;

192.13 **ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATIONS.**

- Notwithstanding the requirements of section 10, a completed voter registration application submitted by a voter is not deficient for purposes of registering that voter if the application form was printed or provided to the voter prior to July 1, 2025. On or after July 1, 2025, an election official must not print or copy a blank voter registration application that does not include the modifications required by section 10. An election official may distribute copies of registration applications that were printed prior to the effective date.
- 192.20 Sec. 90. **REPEALER.**

192.10

192.11

192.12

- Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 204B.25, subdivision 3; 206.57, subdivision 5b; and 206.95, are repealed.
- 192.23 Sec. 91. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**
- Unless otherwise provided, this article is effective July 1, 2025.

APPENDIX Article locations for S3045-4

ARTICLE 1	STATE GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 2.37
ARTICLE 2	STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY	Page.Ln 22.1
ARTICLE 3	STATE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	Page.Ln 63.1
ARTICLE 4	LICENSING BOARDS	Page.Ln 81.17
ARTICLE 5	BUSINESS FILING FRAUD AND DECEPTIVE MAILINGS	Page.Ln 93.4
ARTICLE 6	LOCAL GOVERNMENT POLICY	Page.Ln 101.9
ARTICLE 7	CAMPAIGN FINANCE	Page.Ln 115.1
ARTICLE 8	ELECTIONS POLICY	Page.Ln 131.14

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S3045-4

No active language found for: 3.8842

No active language found for: 3.8845

No active language found for: 16A.90

16B.328 OUTDOOR LIGHTING FIXTURES MODEL ORDINANCE.

No active language found for: 16B.328.2

No active language found for: 16B.356

No active language found for: 16B.357

No active language found for: 16B.358

No active language found for: 16B.359

No active language found for: 16B.45

No active language found for: 16C.36

No active language found for: 43A.315

No active language found for: 43A.317.1

No active language found for: 43A.317.2

No active language found for: 43A.317.3

No active language found for: 43A.317.5

No active language found for: 43A.317.6

No active language found for: 43A.317.7

No active language found for: 43A.317.8

No active language found for: 43A.317.9

No active language found for: 43A.317.10

No active language found for: 43A.317.12

No active language found for: 43A.318.1

No active language found for: 43A.318.2

No active language found for: 43A.318.4

No active language found for: 43A.318.5

204B.25 TRAINING FOR ELECTION JUDGES.

No active language found for: 204B.25.3

206.57 EXAMINATION OF NEW VOTING SYSTEMS.

No active language found for: 206.57.5b

No active language found for: 206.95

No active language found for: 211B.06

No active language found for: 211B.08

383C.07 MEMBERS OF BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS; TERMS OF OFFICE.

Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, in St. Louis County every lay member hereafter appointed by the county board to any board or commission heretofore or hereafter created by law, shall be appointed for a term of three years.

383C.74 HISTORICAL WORK.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriation.** The St. Louis County Board may appropriate from the treasury of the county a sum not to exceed \$2,500 each year for the promotion of historical work within its borders.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S3045-4

- Subd. 2. **Minnesota State Historical Society.** Said sum shall be so appropriated for the use of a historical society organized in said county and devoted to the collection, preservation and publication of historical material, the dissemination of historical information and in general carrying on historical work, said society to be designated by the Minnesota State Historical Society.
- Subd. 3. **Purpose of appropriation.** The work of said historical society shall be done in the county making such appropriation and in reference to the history of said county and all facts relevant thereto.
- Subd. 4. **Money to remain in county treasury.** The money appropriated as aforesaid shall remain in the treasury of the county and be paid out in payment of expense incurred by said county historical society for the purposes above indicated on verified bills approved by said local society according to its rules, in the same way that county bills are paid. Said appropriation shall be available for expense occurring in any year although not paid until the succeeding year. Any unused portion of any appropriation for any year shall revert to the funds of the county. Said appropriation shall be effective only for the year in which it is made.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Session Laws: S3045-4

Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended by Laws 2020, chapter 100, section 22; as amended by Laws 2025, chapter 39, article 2, section 69

Subdivision 1. **Legislative commissions.** (a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.8842; and 3.8845, are repealed.

- (b) Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended by Laws 2020, chapter 100, section 22; and Laws 2022, chapter 50, article 3, section 2, are repealed.
- Subd. 2. **Driver and Vehicle Systems Oversight Committee established.** (a) The Driver and Vehicle Systems Oversight Committee is established and consists of the following members:
- (1) the chair of the senate Finance Committee, or a senator appointed by the chair of the senate Finance Committee;
- (2) the chair and ranking minority member of the senate committee with jurisdiction over transportation finance;
- (3) the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or a member of the house of representatives appointed by the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee; and
- (4) the chair and ranking minority member of the house of representatives committee with jurisdiction over transportation finance.
- (b) The chair of the Blue Ribbon Council on Information Technology, or the chair's designee, must serve on the committee as a nonvoting member. If the council expires or is dissolved, the chair of the council at the time of expiration or dissolution, or the chair's designee, must continue to serve on the committee as a nonvoting member until the committee expires as provided by subdivision 8
- Subd. 3. **Department of Administration.** Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.328, subdivision 2; and 16C.36, are repealed.
- Subd. 4. **Advisory Council on Infrastructure.** Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.356; 16B.357; 16B.358; and 16B.359, are repealed.
 - Subd. 5. Office of the Legislative Auditor. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.45, is repealed.
- Subd. 6. **Political and campaign provisions.** Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 211B.06; and 211B.08, are repealed.
- Subd. 7. **Administration.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide meeting space and administrative support for the Oversight Committee.
- Subd. 8. **Expiration.** The Oversight Committee expires six months after full implementation of VTRS. After full implementation but prior to the expiration of the Oversight Committee, the Oversight Committee must complete a report that, at a minimum, summarizes the activities of the Oversight Committee and makes recommendations to the legislature on proposed changes to state driver and vehicle laws. The Oversight Committee must submit the report to the legislative auditor. For purposes of this subdivision, "full implementation" means all packaged software solution components are implemented and functioning and all MNLARS and legacy components are decommissioned.

Laws 2022, chapter 50, article 3, section 2 by Laws 2025, chapter 39, article 2, section 69

Sec. 2. LEGISLATIVE COVID-19 RESPONSE COMMISSION.

Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 7, as amended by Laws 2020, chapter 81, sections 1 and 2, is revived and reenacted as of December 30, 2020.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from December 30, 2020, and applies to duties required under this article.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S3045-4

1105.7900 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY.

D. Individuals required by Minnesota Statutes, section 326A.14, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), to obtain a verification that their individual qualifications are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, shall obtain the verification from the NASBA National Qualification Appraisal Service prior to rendering professional services in this state. Documentation supporting this verification must be maintained by the individual for a minimum period of six years and must be submitted to the board upon request.