This Document can be made available
in alternative formats upon request

State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FOURTH SESSION

H. F. No. 828

02/17/2025 Authored by Dotseth
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes

A bill for an act

relating to taxation; individual income; providing an unlimited Social Security subtraction; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0132, subdivision 26.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to read:

Subd. 26. **Social Security benefits.** ~~(a) A taxpayer is allowed a subtraction equal to the greater of the simplified subtraction allowed under paragraph (b) or the alternate subtraction determined under paragraph (c).~~

~~(b) A taxpayer's simplified subtraction equals the amount of taxable social security benefits, as reduced under paragraphs (c) and (d).~~

~~(c) For a taxpayer other than a married taxpayer filing a separate return with adjusted gross income above the phaseout threshold, the simplified subtraction is reduced by ten percent for each $4,000 of adjusted gross income, or fraction thereof, in excess of the phaseout threshold. The phaseout threshold equals:~~

~~(1) $100,000 for a married taxpayer filing a joint return or surviving spouse;~~

~~(2) $78,000 for a single or head of household taxpayer; and~~

~~(3) for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, half the amount for a married taxpayer filing a joint return.~~

~~(d) For a married taxpayer filing a separate return, the simplified subtraction is reduced by ten percent for each $2,000 of adjusted gross income, or fraction thereof, in excess of the phaseout threshold.~~

~~(e) A taxpayer's alternate subtraction equals the lesser of taxable Social Security benefits or a maximum subtraction subject to the limits under paragraphs (f), (g), and (h).~~

~~(f) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum subtraction under paragraph (e) equals $5,840. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over $88,630. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.~~

~~(g) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction under paragraph (e) equals $4,560. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over $69,250. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.~~

~~(h) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction under paragraph (e) equals one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph (f). The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over one-half the threshold amount specified in paragraph (d). In no case is the subtraction less than zero.~~

~~(i) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted gross income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of the taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.~~

~~(j) The commissioner shall adjust the phaseout threshold amounts in paragraphs (e) and (d) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year 2023. The maximum subtraction and threshold amounts as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest $10 amount. If the amount ends in $5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest $10 amount.~~

(a) The amount of Social Security benefits received is a subtraction.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "Social Security benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024.