

1.1 CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 2432

1.2 A bill for an act

1.3 relating to state government; providing for judiciary, public safety, corrections,  
1.4 and government data practices policy; establishing Minnesota victims of crime  
1.5 account; modifying certain fees; establishing monetary assessments for certain  
1.6 corporate and individual offender convictions; transferring financial crimes and  
1.7 fraud investigations to the Financial Crimes and Fraud Section in the Bureau of  
1.8 Criminal Apprehension; clarifying Tribal Nation access and use of community  
1.9 services subsidy; amending real property judicial foreclosure law; providing for  
1.10 reports; transferring funds to the Minnesota victims of crime account; reducing  
1.11 certain appropriations; appropriating money for the supreme court, court of appeals,  
1.12 district courts, Board of Civil Legal Aid, State Guardian ad Litem Board, tax court,  
1.13 Uniform Laws Commission, Board on Judicial Standards, Board of Public Defense,  
1.14 Human Rights, Office of Appellate Counsel and Training, Competency Attainment  
1.15 Board, Cannabis Expungement Board, Secretary of State, Sentencing Guidelines  
1.16 Commission, public safety, Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Board,  
1.17 Private Detective Board, corrections, ombudsperson for corrections, Clemency  
1.18 Review Commission, children, youth, and families, and the Office of Higher  
1.19 Education; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.03, subdivision 3;  
1.20 13.32, subdivisions 2, 5; 13.43, subdivision 2; 13.82, subdivision 1; 13.991; 43A.17,  
1.21 subdivision 13; 45.0135, subdivisions 2b, 6, 7, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision;  
1.22 60A.951, subdivision 2; 60A.952, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 60A.954, subdivision 2;  
1.23 60A.956; 65B.84; 142A.76, subdivision 8; 144E.123, subdivision 3; 152.137,  
1.24 subdivisions 1, 2; 171.187, subdivisions 1, 3; 244.18, subdivisions 1, 7, 9; 244.19,  
1.25 subdivisions 1c, 1d, 5, 5a; 244.20; 260C.419, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 268.19,  
1.26 subdivision 1; 268B.30; 297I.11, subdivision 2; 299A.01, by adding a subdivision;  
1.27 299C.40, subdivision 1; 299F.47, subdivision 2; 401.03; 401.10, subdivision 1,  
1.28 by adding a subdivision; 401.11, subdivision 1; 401.14; 401.15, subdivision 2;  
1.29 480.243, by adding a subdivision; 480.35, by adding a subdivision; 480.40,  
1.30 subdivisions 1, 3; 480.45, subdivision 2; 484.44; 484.51; 517.08, subdivisions 1b,  
1.31 1c; 518.68, subdivision 1; 518B.01, subdivision 2; 524.5-420; 580.07, subdivisions  
1.32 1, 2; 581.02; 595.02, by adding a subdivision; 609.2232; 609.322, subdivision 1;  
1.33 609.531, subdivision 1; 609.78, subdivision 2c; 611.45, subdivision 3; 611.46,  
1.34 subdivision 2; 611.49, subdivisions 2, 3; 611.55, subdivision 3; 611.56, subdivision  
1.35 1; 611.59, subdivisions 1, 4; 626.05, subdivision 2; 626.84, subdivision 1; 626.8516,  
1.36 subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 628.26; 629.344; Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3,  
1.37 subdivision 3; article 11, section 31; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota  
1.38 Statutes, chapters 13; 241; 299A; 299C; 401; 480; 609; repealing Minnesota  
1.39 Statutes 2024, sections 45.0135, subdivisions 2a, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 3, 4, 5; 325E.21,  
1.40 subdivision 2b.

1.41 May 17, 2025

2.1 The Honorable Lisa M. Demuth  
2.2 Speaker of the House of Representatives  
2.3 The Honorable Bobby Joe Champion  
2.4 President of the Senate

2.5 We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 2432 report that we have agreed upon the  
2.6 items in dispute and recommend as follows:

2.7 That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 2432 be further amended  
2.8 as follows:

2.9 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

2.10 **"ARTICLE 1**  
2.11 **JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS**

2.12 Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

2.13 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies  
2.14 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund,  
2.15 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose.  
2.16 The figures "2026" and "2027" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under  
2.17 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, or June 30, 2027, respectively.  
2.18 "The first year" is fiscal year 2026. "The second year" is fiscal year 2027. "The biennium"  
2.19 is fiscal years 2026 and 2027.

|      |                                     |                                      |                             |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2.20 |                                     | <b><u>APPROPRIATIONS</u></b>         |                             |
| 2.21 |                                     | <b><u>Available for the Year</u></b> |                             |
| 2.22 |                                     | <b><u>Ending June 30</u></b>         |                             |
| 2.23 |                                     | <b><u>2026</u></b>                   | <b><u>2027</u></b>          |
| 2.24 | Sec. 2. <b><u>SUPREME COURT</u></b> | <b><u>\$ 54,597,000</u></b>          | <b><u>\$ 50,597,000</u></b> |

2.25 **(a) Contingent Account**  
2.26 \$5,000 each year is for a contingent account  
2.27 for expenses necessary for the normal  
2.28 operation of the court for which no other  
2.29 reimbursement is provided.

2.30 **(b) Justice Partner Access**  
2.31 \$4,000,000 the first year is to improve justice  
2.32 partner access to documents and court  
2.33 information. This appropriation is available  
2.34 until June 30, 2029.

3.1 **(c) Base Adjustment**

3.2 The general fund base shall be \$50,821,000  
 3.3 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

3.4 Sec. 3. **BOARD OF CIVIL LEGAL AID**                   \$           35,353,000 \$           35,353,000

3.5 Sec. 4. **COURT OF APPEALS**                           \$           15,624,000 \$           15,624,000

3.6 **Base Adjustment**

3.7 The general fund base shall be \$15,794,000  
 3.8 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

3.9 Sec. 5. **DISTRICT COURTS**                           \$           396,395,000 \$           396,396,000

3.10 **(a) Forensic Examiner Rate Increase**

3.11 \$2,685,000 each year is to increase the hourly  
 3.12 rate paid to forensic examiners.

3.13 **(b) Base Adjustment**

3.14 The general fund base shall be \$403,810,000  
 3.15 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

3.16 Sec. 6. **GUARDIAN AD LITEM BOARD**           \$           26,741,000 \$           26,759,000

3.17 **(a) Volunteer Guardians ad Litem**

3.18 \$229,000 the first year and \$247,000 the  
 3.19 second year are for supervising volunteer  
 3.20 guardians ad litem.

3.21 **(b) Base Adjustment**

3.22 The general fund base shall be \$27,369,000  
 3.23 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

3.24 Sec. 7. **TAX COURT**                                   \$           2,312,000 \$           2,353,000

3.25 Sec. 8. **UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION**           \$           115,000 \$           115,000

3.26 Sec. 9. **BOARD ON JUDICIAL STANDARDS**   \$           654,000 \$           654,000

3.27 **(a) Availability of Appropriation**

3.28 If the appropriation for either year is  
 3.29 insufficient, the appropriation for the other  
 3.30 fiscal year is available.

4.1 **(b) Major Disciplinary Actions**

4.2 \$125,000 each year is for special investigative  
 4.3 and hearing costs for major disciplinary  
 4.4 actions undertaken by the board. This  
 4.5 appropriation does not cancel. Any  
 4.6 unencumbered and unspent balances remain  
 4.7 available for these expenditures through June  
 4.8 30, 2027.

4.9 **(c) Base Adjustment**

4.10 The general fund base shall be \$660,000  
 4.11 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

4.12 **Sec. 10. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE**                    \$        167,622,000 \$        167,622,000

4.13 **Base Adjustment**

4.14 The general fund base shall be \$169,829,000  
 4.15 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

4.16 **Sec. 11. HUMAN RIGHTS**    \$        8,828,000 \$        8,987,000

4.17 **Sec. 12. OFFICE OF APPELLATE COUNSEL**  
 4.18 **AND TRAINING**    \$        1,000,000 \$        1,361,000

4.19 **Sec. 13. MINNESOTA COMPETENCY**  
 4.20 **ATTAINMENT BOARD**    \$        11,017,000 \$        11,137,000

4.21 **Sec. 14. CANNABIS EXPUNGEMENT BOARD** \$        5,363,000 \$        5,378,000

4.22 **Sec. 15. SECRETARY OF STATE**                                    \$        18,000 \$        -0-

4.23 \$18,000 the first year is to implement  
 4.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 480.50, relating  
 4.25 to judicial official data privacy for real  
 4.26 property records.

4.27 **Sec. 16. OFFICE OF APPELLATE COUNSEL AND TRAINING; REDUCTION.**

4.28 The commissioner of management and budget shall reduce the appropriation to the  
 4.29 Office of Appellate Counsel and Training for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 in Laws 2023,  
 4.30 chapter 52, article 1, section 11, by \$2,000,000.

4.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.1 Sec. 17. MINNESOTA COMPETENCY ATTAINMENT BOARD; REDUCTION.

5.2 The commissioner of management and budget shall reduce the appropriation to the  
5.3 Minnesota Competency Attainment Board for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 in Laws 2023,  
5.4 chapter 52, article 1, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter 73, section 3, by \$9,000,000.

5.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.6 Sec. 18. CANNABIS EXPUNGEMENT BOARD; REDUCTION.

5.7 The commissioner of management and budget shall reduce the appropriation to the  
5.8 Cannabis Expungement Board for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 in Laws 2023, chapter 63,  
5.9 article 9, section 4, by \$6,700,000.

5.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.11 Sec. 19. JUSTICE PARTNER ACCESS; FEE.

5.12 The Minnesota Judicial Branch may charge a reasonable fee to private attorneys for  
5.13 improved access to documents and court information and retain any money collected. The  
5.14 fee may be imposed by rule or policy.

5.15 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 357.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

5.16 Subd. 2. **Fee amounts.** The fees to be charged and collected by the court administrator  
5.17 shall be as follows:

5.18 (1) In every civil action or proceeding in said court, including any case arising under  
5.19 the tax laws of the state that could be transferred or appealed to the Tax Court, the plaintiff,  
5.20 petitioner, or other moving party shall pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said  
5.21 action, a fee of ~~\$285~~ \$310, except in marriage dissolution actions the fee is ~~\$315~~ \$340.

5.22 The defendant or other adverse or intervening party, or any one or more of several  
5.23 defendants or other adverse or intervening parties appearing separately from the others,  
5.24 shall pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said action, a fee of ~~\$285~~ \$310, except  
5.25 in marriage dissolution actions the fee is ~~\$315~~ \$340. This subdivision does not apply to the  
5.26 filing of an Application for Discharge of Judgment. Section 548.181 applies to an Application  
5.27 for Discharge of Judgment.

5.28 The party requesting a trial by jury shall pay \$100.

5.29 The fees above stated shall be the full trial fee chargeable to said parties irrespective of  
5.30 whether trial be to the court alone, to the court and jury, or disposed of without trial, and

6.1 shall include the entry of judgment in the action, but does not include copies or certified  
6.2 copies of any papers so filed or proceedings under chapter 103E, except the provisions  
6.3 therein as to appeals.

6.4 (2) Certified copy of any instrument from a civil or criminal proceeding, \$14.

6.5 (3) Issuing a subpoena, \$16 for each name.

6.6 (4) Filing a motion or response to a motion in civil, family, excluding child support, and  
6.7 guardianship cases, ~~\$75~~ \$100.

6.8 (5) Issuing an execution and filing the return thereof; issuing a writ of attachment,  
6.9 injunction, habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, or other writs not specifically  
6.10 mentioned, \$55.

6.11 (6) Issuing a transcript of judgment, or for filing and docketing a transcript of judgment  
6.12 from another court, \$40.

6.13 (7) Filing and entering a satisfaction of judgment, partial satisfaction, or assignment of  
6.14 judgment, \$5.

6.15 (8) Certificate as to existence or nonexistence of judgments docketed, \$5 for each name  
6.16 certified to.

6.17 (9) Filing and indexing trade name; or recording basic science certificate; or recording  
6.18 certificate of physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, veterinarians, or optometrists,  
6.19 \$5.

6.20 (10) For the filing of each partial, final, or annual account in all trusteeships, \$55.

6.21 (11) For the deposit of a will, \$27.

6.22 (12) For recording notary commission, \$20.

6.23 (13) Filing a motion or response to a motion for modification of child support, a fee of  
6.24 \$50.

6.25 (14) All other services required by law for which no fee is provided, such fee as compares  
6.26 favorably with those herein provided, or such as may be fixed by rule or order of the court.

6.27 (15) In addition to any other filing fees under this chapter, a surcharge in the amount of  
6.28 \$75 must be assessed in accordance with section 259.52, subdivision 14, for each adoption  
6.29 petition filed in district court to fund the fathers' adoption registry under section 259.52.

7.1 The fees in clauses (3) and (5) need not be paid by a public authority or the party the  
 7.2 public authority represents. No fee may be charged to view or download a publicly available  
 7.3 instrument from a civil or criminal proceeding or for an uncertified copy of that instrument.

7.4 **ARTICLE 2**

7.5 **PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS AND RELATED FISCAL POLICIES**

7.6 Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

7.7 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies  
 7.8 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund,  
 7.9 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose.  
 7.10 The figures "2026" and "2027" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under  
 7.11 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, or June 30, 2027, respectively.  
 7.12 "The first year" is fiscal year 2026. "The second year" is fiscal year 2027. "The biennium"  
 7.13 is fiscal years 2026 and 2027.

|      |  | <b><u>APPROPRIATIONS</u></b>         |                              |
|------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|      |  | <b><u>Available for the Year</u></b> |                              |
|      |  | <b><u>Ending June 30</u></b>         |                              |
|      |  | <b><u>2026</u></b>                   | <b><u>2027</u></b>           |
| 7.18 | Sec. 2. <b><u>SENTENCING GUIDELINES</u></b>      | <b><u>\$ 1,092,000</u></b>           | <b><u>\$ 1,112,000</u></b>   |
| 7.19 | Sec. 3. <b><u>PUBLIC SAFETY</u></b>              |                                      |                              |
| 7.20 | <b><u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u></b> | <b><u>\$ 282,707,000</u></b>         | <b><u>\$ 270,624,000</u></b> |

|      | <b><u>Appropriations by Fund</u></b> |                           |                           |
|------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|      | <b><u>2026</u></b>                   | <b><u>2027</u></b>        |                           |
| 7.23 | <b><u>General</u></b>                | <b><u>175,736,000</u></b> | <b><u>177,750,000</u></b> |
| 7.24 | <b><u>Special Revenue</u></b>        | <b><u>21,497,000</u></b>  | <b><u>21,397,000</u></b>  |
| 7.25 | <b><u>State Government</u></b>       |                           |                           |
| 7.26 | <b><u>Special Revenue</u></b>        | <b><u>103,000</u></b>     | <b><u>103,000</u></b>     |
| 7.27 | <b><u>Environmental</u></b>          | <b><u>130,000</u></b>     | <b><u>133,000</u></b>     |
| 7.28 | <b><u>Trunk Highway</u></b>          | <b><u>2,429,000</u></b>   | <b><u>2,429,000</u></b>   |
| 7.29 | <b><u>911 Fund</u></b>               | <b><u>82,597,000</u></b>  | <b><u>68,597,000</u></b>  |
| 7.30 | <b><u>Workers'</u></b>               |                           |                           |
| 7.31 | <b><u>Compensation</u></b>           | <b><u>215,000</u></b>     | <b><u>215,000</u></b>     |

7.32 The amounts that may be spent for each  
 7.33 purpose are specified in the following  
 7.34 subdivisions.

|      |   |                         |                         |
|------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 7.35 | <b><u>Subd. 2. Emergency Management</u></b> | <b><u>5,629,000</u></b> | <b><u>6,491,000</u></b> |
|------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|

|     |                               |                  |                  |
|-----|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 8.1 | <u>Appropriations by Fund</u> |                  |                  |
| 8.2 | <u>General</u>                | <u>5,499,000</u> | <u>6,358,000</u> |
| 8.3 | <u>Environmental</u>          | <u>130,000</u>   | <u>133,000</u>   |

8.4 **(a) Supplemental Nonprofit Security Grants**

8.5 \$125,000 each year is for supplemental  
 8.6 nonprofit security grants. Except as otherwise  
 8.7 provided in this paragraph, nonprofit  
 8.8 organizations whose applications for funding  
 8.9 through the Federal Emergency Management  
 8.10 Agency's nonprofit security grant program  
 8.11 have been approved by the Division of  
 8.12 Homeland Security and Emergency  
 8.13 Management are eligible for grants under this  
 8.14 subdivision. No additional application shall  
 8.15 be required from applicants whose applications  
 8.16 for funding through the Federal Emergency  
 8.17 Management Agency's nonprofit security grant  
 8.18 program are approved, and an application for  
 8.19 a grant from the federal program is also an  
 8.20 application for funding from the state  
 8.21 supplemental program. If the Federal  
 8.22 Emergency Management Agency terminates  
 8.23 the nonprofit security grant program, does not  
 8.24 accept applications, or does not rank  
 8.25 applicants, the commissioner of public safety  
 8.26 must develop and implement an alternative  
 8.27 application and ranking process. Eligible  
 8.28 organizations may receive grants of up to  
 8.29 \$75,000, except that the total received by any  
 8.30 organization from both the federal nonprofit  
 8.31 security grant program and the state  
 8.32 supplemental nonprofit security grant program  
 8.33 shall not exceed \$75,000. Grants shall be  
 8.34 awarded in an order consistent with the  
 8.35 ranking given to applicants for the federal

9.1 nonprofit security grant program or, if  
 9.2 applicants for the federal nonprofit security  
 9.3 grant program are not ranked, the  
 9.4 commissioner must award grants in an order  
 9.5 consistent with ranking established by the  
 9.6 commissioner of public safety. If the Federal  
 9.7 Emergency Management Agency issues grants  
 9.8 under the federal nonprofit security grant  
 9.9 program, no grants under the state  
 9.10 supplemental nonprofit security grant program  
 9.11 shall be awarded until the announcement of  
 9.12 the recipients and the amount of the grants  
 9.13 awarded under the federal nonprofit security  
 9.14 grant program. If the Federal Emergency  
 9.15 Management Agency does not issue grants  
 9.16 under the federal nonprofit security grant  
 9.17 program, the commissioner must provide  
 9.18 guidance to applicants regarding the time  
 9.19 frame for issuance of grants. The  
 9.20 commissioner may use up to one percent of  
 9.21 the appropriation received under this  
 9.22 paragraph to pay costs incurred by the  
 9.23 department in administering the supplemental  
 9.24 nonprofit security grant program. This is a  
 9.25 onetime appropriation.

9.26 **(b) Base Adjustment**

9.27 This program's annual general fund base shall  
 9.28 be \$6,233,000 beginning in fiscal year 2028.

9.29 **Subd. 3. Criminal Apprehension** 112,905,000 114,044,000

|                              | <u>Appropriations by Fund</u> |                    |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 9.30 <u>General</u>          | <u>110,254,000</u>            | <u>111,393,000</u> |
| 9.31 <u>State Government</u> |                               |                    |
| 9.32 <u>Special Revenue</u>  | <u>7,000</u>                  | <u>7,000</u>       |
| 9.33 <u>Trunk Highway</u>    | <u>2,429,000</u>              | <u>2,429,000</u>   |
| 9.34 <u>Workers'</u>         |                               |                    |
| 9.35 <u>Compensation</u>     | <u>215,000</u>                | <u>215,000</u>     |

10.1 **(a) DWI Lab Analysis; Trunk Highway**

10.2 **Fund**

10.3 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections  
 10.4 161.045, subdivision 3, and 161.20,  
 10.5 subdivision 3, \$2,429,000 each year is from  
 10.6 the trunk highway fund for staff and operating  
 10.7 costs for laboratory analysis related to  
 10.8 driving-while-impaired cases.

10.9 **(b) Financial Crimes and Fraud Section**

10.10 \$1,115,000 each year from the general fund  
 10.11 and \$215,000 each year from the workers'  
 10.12 compensation fund are for the Financial  
 10.13 Crimes and Fraud Section in Minnesota  
 10.14 Statutes, section 299C.061, and may not be  
 10.15 used for any other purpose.

10.16 **Subd. 4. Fire Marshal** 20,117,000 20,017,000

|       |                               |                   |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
|       | <u>Appropriations by Fund</u> |                   |
| 10.17 |                               |                   |
| 10.18 | <u>General</u>                | <u>4,190,000</u>  |
|       |                               | <u>4,190,000</u>  |
| 10.19 | <u>Special Revenue</u>        | <u>15,927,000</u> |
|       |                               | <u>15,827,000</u> |

10.20 The special revenue fund appropriation is from  
 10.21 the fire safety account in the special revenue  
 10.22 fund and is for activities under Minnesota  
 10.23 Statutes, section 299F.012. The special  
 10.24 revenue fund base appropriation for this  
 10.25 account is \$15,935,000 in fiscal year 2028 and  
 10.26 \$15,832,000 in fiscal year 2029.

10.27 **(a) Hazardous Materials and Emergency**

10.28 **Response Teams**

10.29 \$2,170,000 the first year and \$2,070,000 the  
 10.30 second year are from the fire safety account  
 10.31 for hazardous materials and emergency  
 10.32 response teams. The base for these purposes  
 10.33 is \$2,170,000 in the first year of future

- 11.1 bienniums and \$2,070,000 in the second year
- 11.2 of future bienniums.
- 11.3 **(b) Bomb Squad Reimbursements**
- 11.4 \$250,000 from the fire safety account and
- 11.5 \$50,000 from the general fund each year are
- 11.6 for reimbursements to local governments for
- 11.7 bomb squad services.
- 11.8 **(c) Nonresponsible Party Reimbursements**
- 11.9 \$750,000 each year from the fire safety
- 11.10 account is for nonresponsible party hazardous
- 11.11 material, Urban Search and Rescue, Minnesota
- 11.12 Air Rescue Team, and bomb squad incident
- 11.13 reimbursements. Money appropriated for this
- 11.14 purpose is available for one year.
- 11.15 **(d) Hometown Heroes Assistance Program**
- 11.16 \$4,000,000 each year from the general fund
- 11.17 is for grants to the Minnesota Firefighter
- 11.18 Initiative to fund the hometown heroes
- 11.19 assistance program established in Minnesota
- 11.20 Statutes, section 299A.477.
- 11.21 **(e) Task Force 1**
- 11.22 \$1,425,000 each year from the fire safety
- 11.23 account is for the Minnesota Task Force 1.
- 11.24 **(f) Task Force 2**
- 11.25 \$300,000 each year from the fire safety
- 11.26 account is for the Minnesota Task Force 2.
- 11.27 **(g) Air Rescue**
- 11.28 \$500,000 each year from the fire safety
- 11.29 account is for the Minnesota Air Rescue Team.
- 11.30 **(h) Fire Service Assessment**

- 12.1 The state fire marshal shall conduct or contract  
12.2 with a third party to conduct a comprehensive  
12.3 assessment of how firefighting services are  
12.4 provided in Minnesota and make  
12.5 recommendations for any proposed changes.  
12.6 At a minimum, the assessment must include:  
12.7 (1) a macro-level review and analysis of  
12.8 incidents; incident types; response metrics;  
12.9 geographical distribution; life, safety, and  
12.10 property damage impacts; and trend projection  
12.11 analysis, benchmarked against national  
12.12 standards and best practices, including those  
12.13 of the National Fire Protection Association;  
12.14 (2) an analysis of the number of fire  
12.15 departments and types of staffing in Minnesota  
12.16 compared to other states regionally and  
12.17 nationally, including staff response by time of  
12.18 day and day of the week;  
12.19 (3) an analysis of the available data sets to  
12.20 determine what data is incomplete, inaccurate,  
12.21 or missing to make informed decisions in the  
12.22 future;  
12.23 (4) an analysis of the effective response force  
12.24 of firefighters across the state, identifying any  
12.25 trends and patterns impacting the delivery of  
12.26 fire and life safety services;  
12.27 (5) an analysis of the training, certification,  
12.28 and licensing of Minnesota firefighters,  
12.29 including initial and annual training, officers,  
12.30 inspectors, investigators, and specialty  
12.31 disciplines such as technical rescue and  
12.32 hazardous materials;  
12.33 (6) an analysis of the recruitment and retention  
12.34 of fire department staff including volunteer,

- 13.1 paid-on-call, part-time, contract, and full-time
- 13.2 firefighters;
- 13.3 (7) a macro-level evaluation of fire department
- 13.4 equipment, including personal protective
- 13.5 equipment, apparatus equipment,
- 13.6 communications equipment, and infrastructure,
- 13.7 benchmarked against national standards and
- 13.8 best practices, including those of the National
- 13.9 Fire Protection Association; and
- 13.10 (8) a macro-level evaluation of the funding
- 13.11 for firefighting services in Minnesota and how
- 13.12 it compares to other states.
- 13.13 In conducting the assessment, the fire marshal
- 13.14 shall hold in-person and virtual stakeholder
- 13.15 listening sessions with the Minnesota State
- 13.16 Fire Chiefs Association, the Minnesota State
- 13.17 Fire Department Association, the Minnesota
- 13.18 Professional Firefighters Association, the
- 13.19 League of Minnesota Cities, the Minnesota
- 13.20 Association of Townships, and other statewide
- 13.21 and regional associations identified by the
- 13.22 commissioner of public safety. In conducting
- 13.23 the assessment and making recommendations
- 13.24 for proposed changes, the fire marshal shall
- 13.25 consider the current diverse nature of the fire
- 13.26 service in Minnesota, including the various
- 13.27 staffing models employed and the
- 13.28 geographical makeup of the state.
- 13.29 The fire marshal may request onetime funding
- 13.30 to complete this assessment through the Fire
- 13.31 Service Advisory Committee.
- 13.32 By December 31, 2026, the fire marshal shall
- 13.33 report on the assessment conducted and any
- 13.34 recommendations for changes to the chairs

|       |   |                   |                   |
|-------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| 14.1  | <u>and ranking minority members of the</u>                |                   |                   |
| 14.2  | <u>legislative committees with jurisdiction over</u>      |                   |                   |
| 14.3  | <u>public safety and commerce.</u>                        |                   |                   |
| 14.4  | <b><u>Subd. 5. Firefighter Training and Education</u></b> |                   |                   |
| 14.5  | <b><u>Board</u></b>                                       | <u>5,500,000</u>  | <u>5,500,000</u>  |
| 14.6  | <u>The special revenue fund appropriation is from</u>     |                   |                   |
| 14.7  | <u>the fire safety account in the special revenue</u>     |                   |                   |
| 14.8  | <u>fund and is for activities under Minnesota</u>         |                   |                   |
| 14.9  | <u>Statutes, section 299F.012.</u>                        |                   |                   |
| 14.10 | <b><u>(a) Firefighter Training and Education</u></b>      |                   |                   |
| 14.11 | <u>\$5,500,000 each year from the fire safety</u>         |                   |                   |
| 14.12 | <u>account is for firefighter training and</u>            |                   |                   |
| 14.13 | <u>education.</u>   |                   |                   |
| 14.14 | <b><u>(b) Unappropriated Revenue</u></b>                  |                   |                   |
| 14.15 | <u>Any additional unappropriated money</u>                |                   |                   |
| 14.16 | <u>collected in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated</u>      |                   |                   |
| 14.17 | <u>to the commissioner of public safety for the</u>       |                   |                   |
| 14.18 | <u>purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section</u>            |                   |                   |
| 14.19 | <u>299F.012. The commissioner may transfer</u>            |                   |                   |
| 14.20 | <u>appropriations and base amounts between</u>            |                   |                   |
| 14.21 | <u>activities in this subdivision.</u>                    |                   |                   |
| 14.22 | <b><u>Subd. 6. Alcohol and Gambling</u></b>               |                   |                   |
| 14.23 | <b><u>Enforcement</u></b>                                 | <u>4,056,000</u>  | <u>4,067,000</u>  |
| 14.24 | <u>Appropriations by Fund</u>                             |                   |                   |
| 14.25 | <u>General</u>  | <u>3,986,000</u>  | <u>3,997,000</u>  |
| 14.26 | <u>Special Revenue</u>                                    | <u>70,000</u>     | <u>70,000</u>     |
| 14.27 | <u>The special revenue fund appropriation is from</u>     |                   |                   |
| 14.28 | <u>the lawful gambling regulation account.</u>            |                   |                   |
| 14.29 | <b><u>Subd. 7. Office of Justice Programs</u></b>         | <u>51,903,000</u> | <u>51,908,000</u> |
| 14.30 | <u>Appropriations by Fund</u>                             |                   |                   |
| 14.31 | <u>General</u>  | <u>51,807,000</u> | <u>51,812,000</u> |
| 14.32 | <u>State Government</u>                                   |                   |                   |
| 14.33 | <u>Special Revenue</u>                                    | <u>96,000</u>     | <u>96,000</u>     |
| 14.34 | <b><u>(a) Legal Representation for Children</u></b>       |                   |                   |

15.1 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to an  
15.2 organization that provides legal representation  
15.3 for children in need of protection or services  
15.4 and children in out-of-home placement. The  
15.5 grant is contingent upon a match in an equal  
15.6 amount from nonstate funds. The match may  
15.7 be in kind, including the value of volunteer  
15.8 attorney time, in cash, or a combination of the  
15.9 two. This is a onetime appropriation and is in  
15.10 addition to any other appropriations for the  
15.11 legal representation of children.

15.12 **(b) Prosecutor Training**

15.13 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the  
15.14 Minnesota County Attorneys Association to  
15.15 be used for prosecutorial and law enforcement  
15.16 training, including trial school training and  
15.17 train-the-trainer courses. If any portion of this  
15.18 appropriation is used to fund trial school or  
15.19 training at the Minnesota County Attorneys  
15.20 Association annual conference, the training  
15.21 must contain blocks of instruction on racial  
15.22 disparities in the criminal justice system,  
15.23 collateral consequences to criminal  
15.24 convictions, and trauma-informed responses  
15.25 to victims. This is a onetime appropriation.

15.26 By February 15 of each year, the Minnesota  
15.27 County Attorneys Association must provide  
15.28 a report to the chairs, co-chairs, and ranking  
15.29 minority members of the legislative  
15.30 committees and divisions with jurisdiction  
15.31 over public safety policy and finance on the  
15.32 training provided with grant proceeds,  
15.33 including a description of each training and  
15.34 the number of prosecutors and law  
15.35 enforcement officers who received training.

- 16.1 Subd. 8. **Emergency Communication Networks** 82,597,000 68,597,000
- 16.2 This appropriation is from the state
- 16.3 government special revenue fund for 911
- 16.4 emergency telecommunications services unless
- 16.5 otherwise indicated.
- 16.6 (a) **Public Safety Answering Points**
- 16.7 \$28,011,000 each year shall be distributed as
- 16.8 provided under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 16.9 403.113, subdivision 2.
- 16.10 Each eligible entity receiving these funds must
- 16.11 provide a detailed report on how the funds
- 16.12 were used to the commissioner of public safety
- 16.13 by August 1, 2027.
- 16.14 (b) **ARMER State Backbone Operating**
- 16.15 **Costs**
- 16.16 \$10,384,000 each year is transferred to the
- 16.17 commissioner of transportation for costs of
- 16.18 maintaining and operating the statewide radio
- 16.19 system backbone.
- 16.20 (c) **Statewide Emergency Communications**
- 16.21 **Board**
- 16.22 \$1,000,000 each year is to the Statewide
- 16.23 Emergency Communications Board. Funds
- 16.24 may be used for operating costs, to provide
- 16.25 competitive grants to local units of
- 16.26 government to fund enhancements to a
- 16.27 communication system, technology, or support
- 16.28 activity that directly provides the ability to
- 16.29 deliver the 911 call between the entry point to
- 16.30 the 911 system and the first responder, and to
- 16.31 further the strategic goals set forth by the
- 16.32 SECB Statewide Communication
- 16.33 Interoperability Plan.

17.1 **(d) ARMER Critical Infrastructure**

17.2 \$14,000,000 the first year is transferred to the  
 17.3 commissioner of transportation for costs of  
 17.4 maintaining and operating the statewide radio  
 17.5 system backbone. This appropriation is  
 17.6 available until June 30, 2029.

17.7 **Sec. 4. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND**  
 17.8 **TRAINING (POST) BOARD**

**\$**      **11,691,000**   **\$**      **11,739,000**

17.9 **(a) Peace Officer Training Reimbursements**

17.10 \$2,949,000 each year is for reimbursements  
 17.11 to local governments for peace officer training  
 17.12 costs.

17.13 **(b) Philando Castile Memorial Training**

17.14 **Fund**

17.15 \$4,942,000 each year is to support and  
 17.16 strengthen law enforcement training and  
 17.17 implement best practices. This funding shall  
 17.18 be named the "Philando Castile Memorial  
 17.19 Training Fund." These funds may only be used  
 17.20 to reimburse costs related to training courses  
 17.21 that qualify for reimbursement under  
 17.22 Minnesota Statutes, sections 626.8452 (use of  
 17.23 force), 626.8469 (training in crisis response,  
 17.24 conflict management, and cultural diversity),  
 17.25 and 626.8474 (autism training).

17.26 Each sponsor of a training course is required  
 17.27 to include the following in the sponsor's  
 17.28 application for approval submitted to the  
 17.29 board: course goals and objectives; a course  
 17.30 outline including at a minimum a timeline and  
 17.31 teaching hours for all courses; instructor  
 17.32 qualifications; and a plan for learning  
 17.33 assessments of the course and documenting  
 17.34 the assessments to the board during review.

18.1 Upon completion of each course, instructors  
18.2 must submit student evaluations of the  
18.3 instructor's teaching to the sponsor.

18.4 The board shall keep records of the  
18.5 applications of all approved and denied  
18.6 courses. All continuing education courses shall  
18.7 be reviewed after the first year. The board  
18.8 must set a timetable for recurring review after  
18.9 the first year. For each review, the sponsor  
18.10 must submit its learning assessments to the  
18.11 board to show that the course is teaching the  
18.12 learning outcomes that were approved by the  
18.13 board.

18.14 A list of licensees who successfully complete  
18.15 the course shall be maintained by the sponsor  
18.16 and transmitted to the board following the  
18.17 presentation of the course and the completed  
18.18 student evaluations of the instructors.  
18.19 Evaluations are available to chief law  
18.20 enforcement officers. The board shall establish  
18.21 a data retention schedule for the information  
18.22 collected in this section.

18.23 Each year, if funds are available after  
18.24 reimbursing all eligible requests for courses  
18.25 approved by the board under this subdivision,  
18.26 the board may use the funds to reimburse law  
18.27 enforcement agencies for other  
18.28 board-approved law enforcement training  
18.29 courses. The base for this activity is \$878,000  
18.30 beginning in fiscal year 2028 and thereafter.

18.31 **Sec. 5. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD**                    **\$                    697,000 \$                    706,000**

18.32 **Sec. 6. CORRECTIONS**

|       |  |                              |                              |
|-------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 19.1  | <b><u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u></b>             | <b><u>\$ 843,542,000</u></b> | <b><u>\$ 833,286,000</u></b> |
| 19.2  | <u>The amounts that may be spent for each</u>                |                              |                              |
| 19.3  | <u>purpose are specified in the following</u>                |                              |                              |
| 19.4  | <u>subdivisions.</u>   |                              |                              |
| 19.5  | <b><u>Subd. 2. Incarceration and Prerelease Services</u></b> | <b><u>583,505,000</u></b>    | <b><u>570,247,000</u></b>    |
| 19.6  | <b><u>(a) Task Force on Mandatory Minimum</u></b>            |                              |                              |
| 19.7  | <b><u>Sentences</u></b>                                      |                              |                              |
| 19.8  | <u>\$133,000 the first year is for the task force on</u>     |                              |                              |
| 19.9  | <u>mandatory minimum sentences.</u>                          |                              |                              |
| 19.10 | <b><u>(b) Prison Rape Elimination Act</u></b>                |                              |                              |
| 19.11 | <u>\$500,000 each year is for Prison Rape</u>                |                              |                              |
| 19.12 | <u>Elimination Act (PREA) compliance.</u>                    |                              |                              |
| 19.13 | <b><u>(c) Incarceration and Prerelease Services</u></b>      |                              |                              |
| 19.14 | <b><u>Base Budget</u></b>                                    |                              |                              |
| 19.15 | <u>The base for incarceration and prerelease</u>             |                              |                              |
| 19.16 | <u>services is \$568,750,000 in fiscal year 2028</u>         |                              |                              |
| 19.17 | <u>and \$563,750,000 in fiscal year 2029.</u>                |                              |                              |
| 19.18 | <b><u>Subd. 3. Community</u></b>                             |                              |                              |
| 19.19 | <b><u>Supervision and Postrelease</u></b>                    |                              |                              |
| 19.20 | <b><u>Services</u></b>                                       | <b><u>201,155,000</u></b>    | <b><u>203,587,000</u></b>    |
| 19.21 | <b><u>(a) Community Supervision Funding</u></b>              |                              |                              |
| 19.22 | <u>\$143,378,000 each year is for community</u>              |                              |                              |
| 19.23 | <u>supervision services. This appropriation shall</u>        |                              |                              |
| 19.24 | <u>be distributed according to the community</u>             |                              |                              |
| 19.25 | <u>supervision formula in Minnesota Statutes,</u>            |                              |                              |
| 19.26 | <u>section 401.10.</u>                                       |                              |                              |
| 19.27 | <b><u>(b) Tribal Nation Supervision</u></b>                  |                              |                              |
| 19.28 | <u>\$2,750,000 each year is for Tribal Nations to</u>        |                              |                              |
| 19.29 | <u>provide supervision or supportive services</u>            |                              |                              |
| 19.30 | <u>pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section</u>               |                              |                              |
| 19.31 | <u>401.10.</u>   |                              |                              |
| 19.32 | <b><u>(c) Housing Initiatives</u></b>                        |                              |                              |

20.1 \$1,685,000 each year is for housing initiatives  
 20.2 to support stable housing of incarcerated  
 20.3 individuals upon release. Of this amount:  
 20.4 (1) \$760,000 each year is for housing  
 20.5 stabilization prerelease services and program  
 20.6 evaluation;  
 20.7 (2) \$500,000 each year is for rental assistance  
 20.8 for incarcerated individuals approaching  
 20.9 release, on supervised release, or on probation  
 20.10 who are at risk of homelessness;  
 20.11 (3) \$200,000 each year is for culturally  
 20.12 responsive trauma-informed transitional  
 20.13 housing; and  
 20.14 (4) \$225,000 each year is for housing  
 20.15 coordination activities.

|       |  |                   |                   |
|-------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| 20.16 | <b><u>Subd. 4. Organizational, Regulatory, and</u></b> |                   |                   |
| 20.17 | <b><u>Administrative Services</u></b>                  | <u>58,882,000</u> | <u>59,452,000</u> |

20.18 **Public Safety Data Infrastructure**  
 20.19 \$4,097,000 each year is for technology  
 20.20 modernization and the development of an  
 20.21 information-sharing and data-technology  
 20.22 infrastructure. Any unspent funds from the  
 20.23 current biennium do not cancel and are  
 20.24 available in the next biennium.

|       |  |                     |                     |
|-------|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| 20.25 | <b><u>Sec. 7. OMBUDSPERSON FOR</u></b> |                     |                     |
| 20.26 | <b><u>CORRECTIONS</u></b>              | <u>\$ 1,118,000</u> | <u>\$ 1,137,000</u> |

|       |  |                   |                     |
|-------|--|-------------------|---------------------|
| 20.27 | <b><u>Sec. 8. CLEMENCY REVIEW COMMISSION</u></b> |                   |                     |
|       |  | <u>\$ 995,000</u> | <u>\$ 1,005,000</u> |

|       |  |                   |               |
|-------|--|-------------------|---------------|
| 20.28 | <b><u>Sec. 9. OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION</u></b> |                   |               |
|       |  | <u>\$ 250,000</u> | <u>\$ -0-</u> |

20.29 **Use of Force Training**  
 20.30 \$250,000 the first year is to provide  
 20.31 reimbursement grants to eligible  
 20.32 postsecondary schools certified to provide  
 20.33 programs of professional peace officer

- 21.1 education for providing in-service training  
21.2 programs on the use of force, including deadly  
21.3 force, by peace officers. Of this amount, up  
21.4 to 2.5 percent is for administration and  
21.5 monitoring of the program.
- 21.6 To be eligible for reimbursement, training  
21.7 offered by a postsecondary school must:
- 21.8 (1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota  
21.9 Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved  
21.10 by the Board of Peace Officer Standards and  
21.11 Training;
- 21.12 (2) utilize scenario-based training that  
21.13 simulates real-world situations and involves  
21.14 the use of real firearms that fire nonlethal  
21.15 ammunition;
- 21.16 (3) include a block of instruction on the  
21.17 physical and psychological effects of stress  
21.18 before, during, and after a high-risk or  
21.19 traumatic incident and the cumulative impact  
21.20 of stress on the health of officers;
- 21.21 (4) include blocks of instruction on  
21.22 de-escalation methods and tactics, bias  
21.23 motivation, unknown risk training, defensive  
21.24 tactics, and force-on-force training; and
- 21.25 (5) be offered to peace officers at no charge  
21.26 to the peace officer or law enforcement  
21.27 agency.
- 21.28 An eligible postsecondary school may apply  
21.29 for reimbursement for the costs of offering the  
21.30 training. Reimbursement shall be made at a  
21.31 rate of \$450 for each officer who completes  
21.32 the training. The postsecondary school must  
21.33 submit the name and peace officer license

22.1 number of the peace officer who received the  
22.2 training to the Office of Higher Education.

22.3 As used in this section:

22.4 (1) "law enforcement agency" has the meaning  
22.5 given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,  
22.6 subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and

22.7 (2) "peace officer" has the meaning given in  
22.8 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,  
22.9 subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

22.10 Sec. 10. **APPROPRIATION; MINNESOTA CORRECTIONAL FACILITY -**  
22.11 **STILLWATER STUDIES AND STRATEGIC PLANNING; REPORT.**

22.12 (a) \$1,000,000 the first year is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner  
22.13 of corrections to fund the costs associated with a management study and decommissioning  
22.14 study related to the closure of the Minnesota Correctional Facility - Stillwater. The  
22.15 decommissioning study must include considerations for a wide range of future uses of the  
22.16 site with a focus on the economic stability and development of the communities surrounding  
22.17 the facility. On or before September 30, 2026, the commissioner must submit a  
22.18 comprehensive report detailing the findings and recommendations from the studies to the  
22.19 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over  
22.20 public safety finance and policy and capital investment.

22.21 (b) Upon completion of the studies and report under this section and after written notice  
22.22 to the commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of corrections must use  
22.23 any money remaining in this appropriation for asset preservation improvements and  
22.24 betterments of a capital nature at the Minnesota correctional facilities statewide to be spent  
22.25 in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307.

22.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

22.27 Sec. 11. **CANCELLATION.**

22.28 \$1,000,000 of the appropriation in fiscal year 2024 for asset preservation under Laws  
22.29 2023, chapter 71, article 1, section 13, subdivision 2, is canceled to the general fund by June  
22.30 30, 2025.

22.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

23.1 Sec. 12. TRANSFER; MINNESOTA VICTIMS OF CRIME ACCOUNT.

23.2 \$7,232,000 the first year is transferred from the general fund to the Minnesota victims  
23.3 of crime account in the special revenue fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.708.

23.4 Sec. 13. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; GRANT CONTRACTS AND  
23.5 PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.

23.6 (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, unless amounts are otherwise appropriated  
23.7 for administrative costs, the Department of Public Safety may retain up to five percent of  
23.8 the amount appropriated to the department for grants enacted by the legislature and single-  
23.9 or sole-source and formula grants and up to ten percent for competitively awarded grants  
23.10 to be used for staff and related operating costs for grant administration. This section applies  
23.11 to all new and existing grant programs administered by the department. This section does  
23.12 not apply to grants funded with an appropriation of proceeds from the sale of state general  
23.13 obligation bonds.

23.14 (b) The authority granted in this section expires on June 30, 2027.

23.15 Sec. 14. COMMERCE; REDUCTION.

23.16 The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations  
23.17 to the Department of Commerce by \$1,115,000 in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 and must  
23.18 reduce the workers' compensation fund appropriations to the Department of Commerce by  
23.19 \$215,000 in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 to account for the transfer of Commerce Fraud  
23.20 Bureau employees and responsibilities to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. These  
23.21 reductions are ongoing.

23.22 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.01, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

23.23 Subd. 3a. **Commissioner, powers and duties.** The commissioner of corrections has the  
23.24 following powers and duties:

23.25 (a) To accept persons committed to the commissioner by the courts of this state for care,  
23.26 custody, and rehabilitation.

23.27 (b) To determine the place of confinement of committed persons in a correctional facility  
23.28 or other facility of the Department of Corrections and to prescribe reasonable conditions  
23.29 and rules for their employment, conduct, instruction, and discipline within or outside the  
23.30 facility. After July 1, 2023, the commissioner shall not allow inmates who have not been  
23.31 conditionally released from prison, whether on parole, supervised release, work release, or

24.1 an early release program, to be housed in correctional facilities that are not owned and  
24.2 operated by the state, a local unit of government, or a group of local units of government.  
24.3 Inmates shall not exercise custodial functions or have authority over other inmates.

24.4 (c) To administer the money and property of the department.

24.5 (d) To administer, maintain, and inspect all state correctional facilities.

24.6 (e) To transfer authorized positions and personnel between state correctional facilities  
24.7 as necessary to properly staff facilities and programs.

24.8 (f) To utilize state correctional facilities in the manner deemed to be most efficient and  
24.9 beneficial to accomplish the purposes of this section, but not to close ~~the Minnesota~~  
24.10 ~~Correctional Facility-Stillwater~~ or the Minnesota Correctional Facility-St. Cloud without  
24.11 legislative approval. The commissioner may place juveniles and adults at the same state  
24.12 minimum security correctional facilities, if there is total separation of and no regular contact  
24.13 between juveniles and adults, except contact incidental to admission, classification, and  
24.14 mental and physical health care.

24.15 (g) To organize the department and employ personnel the commissioner deems necessary  
24.16 to discharge the functions of the department, including a chief executive officer for each  
24.17 facility under the commissioner's control who shall serve in the unclassified civil service  
24.18 and may, under the provisions of section 43A.33, be removed only for cause.

24.19 (h) To define the duties of these employees and to delegate to them any of the  
24.20 commissioner's powers, duties and responsibilities, subject to the commissioner's control  
24.21 and the conditions the commissioner prescribes.

24.22 (i) To annually develop a comprehensive set of goals and objectives designed to clearly  
24.23 establish the priorities of the Department of Corrections. This report shall be submitted to  
24.24 the governor commencing January 1, 1976. The commissioner may establish ad hoc advisory  
24.25 committees.

24.26 (j) To publish, administer, and award grant contracts with state agencies, local units of  
24.27 government, and other entities for correctional programs embodying rehabilitative concepts,  
24.28 for restorative programs for crime victims and the overall community, and for implementing  
24.29 legislative directives.

24.30 (k) If the commissioner is considering closing a facility, the commissioner must develop  
24.31 a written plan for the closure of the facility. The plan must minimize staff layoffs and  
24.32 maximize opportunities for staff of the facility designated for closure to transfer to vacant  
24.33 positions in other correctional facilities. The commissioner must engage staff and labor

25.1 unions representing employees at the facility identified for closure and engage public officials  
25.2 from local units of government impacted by the proposed facility closure. The commissioner  
25.3 must: identify the potential adverse impacts of the closure on incarcerated individuals;  
25.4 minimize disruptions in conditions of confinement, rehabilitative programming, educational  
25.5 opportunities, mental health and medical care, family visitation, and case planning; and  
25.6 prioritize access to services that support rehabilitation and successful reentry across all state  
25.7 correctional facilities. The commissioner must deliver a copy of the plan to the chairs and  
25.8 ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with  
25.9 jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance.

25.10 (l) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner must not implement  
25.11 any initiative that grants early release from incarceration or reduces criminal sentences to  
25.12 implement the closure of the Minnesota Correctional Facility - Stillwater. This provision  
25.13 shall not affect the operation or continuation of early release programs established in statute  
25.14 prior to the effective date of this section.

25.15 **Sec. 16. [299A.708] MINNESOTA VICTIMS OF CRIME ACCOUNT.**

25.16 Subdivision 1. **Account established.** The Minnesota victims of crime account is  
25.17 established in the special revenue fund.

25.18 Subd. 2. **Source of funds.** The account consists of money deposited, donated, allotted,  
25.19 transferred, or otherwise provided to the account and any interest or earnings of the account.

25.20 Subd. 3. **Appropriation; account purpose; grants.** Money in the account, including  
25.21 interest accrued, is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety for the Office of Justice  
25.22 Programs to provide grants to crime victim services providers. Grants must be used for  
25.23 direct services and advocacy for victims of sexual assault, general crime, domestic violence,  
25.24 and child abuse. Funding must support the direct needs of organizations serving victims of  
25.25 crime and may provide: direct client assistance to crime victims; competitive wages for  
25.26 direct service staff; hotel stays and other housing-related supports and services; culturally  
25.27 responsive programming; prevention programming, including domestic abuse transformation  
25.28 and restorative justice programming; and for other needs of organizations and crime victim  
25.29 survivors. Up to ten percent of the appropriation is available for grant administration.

25.30 Subd. 4. **Reporting; carryover.** (a) By January 15 of each year, the commissioner of  
25.31 public safety shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the  
25.32 legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance on the account  
25.33 established in subdivision 1. The report must provide detailed information on the money

26.1 deposited into the account and any money carried over from the previous year, including  
26.2 the amounts and sources of the money.

26.3 (b) Money in the account does not cancel but remains available for expenditures for  
26.4 grants identified in subdivision 3.

26.5 Subd. 5. **Annual transfer.** In fiscal year 2028, the commissioner of management and  
26.6 budget shall transfer \$878,000 from the general fund to the Minnesota victims of crime  
26.7 account. In fiscal year 2029 and each year thereafter, the commissioner of management and  
26.8 budget shall transfer \$879,000 from the general fund to the Minnesota victims of crime  
26.9 account.

26.10 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.08, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

26.11 Subd. 1b. **Term of license; fee; premarital education.** (a) The local registrar shall  
26.12 examine upon oath the parties applying for a license relative to the legality of the  
26.13 contemplated civil marriage. Both parties must present proof of age to the local registrar.  
26.14 If one party is unable to appear in person, the party appearing may complete the absent  
26.15 applicant's information. The local registrar shall provide a copy of the civil marriage  
26.16 application to the party who is unable to appear, who must verify the accuracy of the  
26.17 appearing party's information in a notarized statement. The verification statement must be  
26.18 accompanied by a copy of proof of age of the party. The civil marriage license must not be  
26.19 released until the verification statement and proof of age has been received by the local  
26.20 registrar. If the local registrar is satisfied that there is no legal impediment to it, including  
26.21 the restriction contained in section 259.13, the local registrar shall issue the license,  
26.22 containing the full names of the parties before and after the civil marriage, and county and  
26.23 state of residence, with the county seal attached, and make a record of the date of issuance.  
26.24 The license shall be valid for a period of six months. Except as provided in paragraph (b),  
26.25 the local registrar shall collect from the applicant a fee of ~~\$115~~ \$125 for administering the  
26.26 oath, issuing, recording, and filing all papers required, and preparing and transmitting to  
26.27 the state registrar of vital records the reports of civil marriage required by this section. If  
26.28 the license should not be used within the period of six months due to illness or other  
26.29 extenuating circumstances, it may be surrendered to the local registrar for cancellation, and  
26.30 in that case a new license shall issue upon request of the parties of the original license  
26.31 without fee. A local registrar who knowingly issues or signs a civil marriage license in any  
26.32 manner other than as provided in this section shall pay to the parties aggrieved an amount  
26.33 not to exceed \$1,000.

27.1 (b) The civil marriage license fee for parties who have completed at least 12 hours of  
27.2 premarital education is ~~\$40~~ \$50. In order to qualify for the reduced license fee, the parties  
27.3 must submit at the time of applying for the civil marriage license a statement that is signed,  
27.4 dated, and notarized or marked with a church seal from the person who provided the  
27.5 premarital education on their letterhead confirming that it was received. The premarital  
27.6 education must be provided by a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee,  
27.7 a person authorized to solemnize civil marriages under section 517.18, or a person authorized  
27.8 to practice marriage and family therapy under section 148B.33. The education must include  
27.9 the use of a premarital inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management  
27.10 skills.

27.11 (c) The statement from the person who provided the premarital education under paragraph  
27.12 (b) must be in the following form:

27.13 "I, ..... (name of educator), confirm that ..... (names of both  
27.14 parties) received at least 12 hours of premarital education that included the use of a premarital  
27.15 inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management skills. I am a licensed  
27.16 or ordained minister, a person authorized to solemnize civil marriages under Minnesota  
27.17 Statutes, section 517.18, or a person licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under  
27.18 Minnesota Statutes, section 148B.33."

27.19 The names of the parties in the educator's statement must be identical to the legal names  
27.20 of the parties as they appear in the civil marriage license application. Notwithstanding  
27.21 section 138.17, the educator's statement must be retained for seven years, after which time  
27.22 it may be destroyed.

27.23 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.08, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

27.24 Subd. 1c. **Disposition of license fee.** (a) Of the civil marriage license fee collected  
27.25 pursuant to subdivision 1b, paragraph (a), \$25 must be retained by the county. The local  
27.26 registrar must pay ~~\$90~~ \$100 to the commissioner of management and budget to be deposited  
27.27 as follows:

27.28 (1) \$55 in the general fund;

27.29 (2) \$3 in the state government special revenue fund to be appropriated to the  
27.30 commissioner of public safety for parenting time centers under section 119A.37;

27.31 (3) \$2 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to the commissioner of health for  
27.32 developing and implementing the MN ENABL program under section 145.9255;

28.1 (4) \$25 in the special revenue fund is appropriated to the commissioner of employment  
28.2 and economic development for the Minnesota Family Resiliency Partnership under section  
28.3 116L.96; ~~and~~

28.4 (5) \$5 in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated to the Board of Regents of the  
28.5 University of Minnesota for the Minnesota couples on the brink project under section 137.32;  
28.6 and

28.7 (6) \$10 in the Minnesota victims of crime account in the special revenue fund under  
28.8 section 299A.708.

28.9 (b) Of the \$40 fee under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b), \$25 must be retained by the  
28.10 county. The local registrar must pay ~~\$15~~ \$25 to the commissioner of management and  
28.11 budget to be deposited as follows:

28.12 (1) \$5 as provided in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3); ~~and~~

28.13 (2) \$10 in the special revenue fund is appropriated to the commissioner of employment  
28.14 and economic development for the Minnesota Family Resiliency Partnership under section  
28.15 116L.96; and

28.16 (3) \$10 in the Minnesota victims of crime account in the special revenue fund under  
28.17 section 299A.708.

28.18 Sec. 19. **[609.1015] CORPORATE OFFENDERS; PENALTY ASSESSMENT**  
28.19 **REQUIRED.**

28.20 (a) As used in this section, "corporation" means any entity, other than a natural person,  
28.21 that is capable under the laws of any state to sue, be sued, own property, contract, or employ  
28.22 another.

28.23 (b) When a court is sentencing a corporation that has been convicted of a crime, the  
28.24 court must impose an assessment of up to \$1,000,000 if the conviction is for a felony offense,  
28.25 up to \$250,000 if the conviction is for a gross misdemeanor offense, and up to \$100,000 if  
28.26 the conviction is for a misdemeanor offense. The assessment is in addition to any criminal  
28.27 finer, restitution, or surcharge otherwise authorized or required under law. The court shall  
28.28 impose an assessment of not less than 30 percent of the maximum assessment authorized  
28.29 by this section unless the defendant makes a showing of undue hardship. The court may not  
28.30 waive payment of the assessment.

28.31 (c) In setting the amount of the assessment, the court shall take the following into  
28.32 consideration:

- 29.1 (1) the nature and seriousness of the offense;
- 29.2 (2) the number of offenses committed;
- 29.3 (3) the persistence of the criminal conduct;
- 29.4 (4) the length of time over which the criminal conduct occurred;
- 29.5 (5) the willfulness of the corporation's criminal conduct;
- 29.6 (6) the corporation's assets, liabilities, and net worth; and
- 29.7 (7) the particular harm to victims of the crime.
- 29.8 (d) Assessments collected under this section must be deposited into the Minnesota victims
- 29.9 of crime account under section 299A.708.
- 29.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to sentences
- 29.11 announced on or after that date.
- 29.12 **Sec. 20. [609.1016] VICTIM SERVICES ASSESSMENT.**
- 29.13 (a) When a court is sentencing a person for an offense listed in paragraph (b), the court
- 29.14 must impose a victim services assessment. If the violation is a misdemeanor, the assessment
- 29.15 must be at least \$500 and not more than \$750. For any other violation, the assessment must
- 29.16 be at least \$750 and not more than \$1,000.
- 29.17 (b) The victim services assessment applies to a conviction of the following offenses:
- 29.18 (1) any crime of violence as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 5, other than a
- 29.19 violation of chapter 152;
- 29.20 (2) section 518B.01, subdivision 14 (violation of domestic abuse order for protection);
- 29.21 (3) section 609.2242 (domestic assault);
- 29.22 (4) section 609.324, subdivision 1, 1a, or 2 (patronizing or hiring an individual engaged
- 29.23 in prostitution);
- 29.24 (5) section 609.3458 (sexual extortion);
- 29.25 (6) section 609.748, subdivision 6 (violation of harassment restraining order);
- 29.26 (7) section 617.261 (nonconsensual dissemination of private sexual images); or
- 29.27 (8) section 629.75 (violation of domestic abuse no contact order).

30.1 (c) The court must waive payment of the assessment required under this subdivision on  
30.2 a showing of indigency and may waive or reduce payment of the assessment on a showing  
30.3 of undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted person's immediate family.

30.4 (d) Assessments collected under this section must be deposited into the Minnesota victims  
30.5 of crime account under section 299A.708.

30.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to sentences  
30.7 announced on or after that date.

30.8 Sec. 21. **[626.5536] LAW ENFORCEMENT REQUIRED TO REGISTER FOR**  
30.9 **ETRACE SYSTEM AND TRACE AND REPORT ON RECOVERED OR**  
30.10 **CONFISCATED FIREARMS.**

30.11 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the  
30.12 meaning given:

30.13 (1) "recovered or confiscated" means any of the following:

30.14 (i) obtained from a crime scene or in connection with a criminal investigation;

30.15 (ii) seized by a law enforcement agency;

30.16 (iii) forfeited to a law enforcement agency;

30.17 (iv) acquired by a law enforcement agency as an abandoned or discarded firearm;

30.18 (v) obtained following the unlawful discharge of a firearm; or

30.19 (vi) otherwise obtained and reasonably believed to be connected to a crime; and

30.20 (2) "law enforcement agency" does not include the State Patrol or the Department of  
30.21 Natural Resources.

30.22 Subd. 2. **Reporting required.** (a) Each law enforcement agency shall register for the  
30.23 United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives National Tracing  
30.24 Center's eTrace system, and opt-in to the system's collective data sharing feature.

30.25 (b) Whenever a firearm is recovered or confiscated by a law enforcement agency, the  
30.26 agency must, as soon as practicable, transmit information relating to the firearm to the  
30.27 eTrace system.

31.1 Sec. 22. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

31.2 Subd. 2. **Public Safety**

|      |                       |           |           |           |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31.3 | <b>Administration</b> | 1,000,000 | 2,250,000 | 2,000,000 |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

31.4 **(a) Public Safety Officer Survivor Benefits**

31.5 \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023, \$1,000,000 in  
 31.6 fiscal year 2024, and \$1,000,000 in fiscal year  
 31.7 2025 are for payment of public safety officer  
 31.8 survivor benefits under Minnesota Statutes,  
 31.9 section 299A.44. If the appropriation for either  
 31.10 year is insufficient, the appropriation for the  
 31.11 other year is available. This appropriation is  
 31.12 available until June 30, 2027.

31.13 **(b) Soft Body Armor Reimbursements**

31.14 \$1,000,000 each year is for increases in the  
 31.15 base appropriation for soft body armor  
 31.16 reimbursements under Minnesota Statutes,  
 31.17 section 299A.38. This is a onetime  
 31.18 appropriation.

31.19 **(c) Firearm Storage Grants**

31.20 \$250,000 the first year is for grants to local or  
 31.21 state law enforcement agencies to support the  
 31.22 safe and secure storage of firearms owned by  
 31.23 persons subject to extreme risk protection  
 31.24 orders. The commissioner must apply for a  
 31.25 grant from the Byrne State Crisis Intervention  
 31.26 Program to supplement the funds appropriated  
 31.27 by the legislature for implementation of  
 31.28 Minnesota Statutes, sections 624.7171 to  
 31.29 624.7178 and 626.8481. Of the federal funds  
 31.30 received, the commissioner must dedicate at  
 31.31 least an amount that is equal to this  
 31.32 appropriation to fund safe and secure firearms  
 31.33 storage grants provided for under this  
 31.34 paragraph.

32.1 Sec. 23. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

|      |                                      |           |           |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 32.2 | <b>Subd. 3. Emergency Management</b> | 7,330,000 | 4,417,000 |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|

32.3 Appropriations by Fund

|      |         |           |           |
|------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 32.4 | General | 7,211,000 | 4,290,000 |
|------|---------|-----------|-----------|

|      |               |         |         |
|------|---------------|---------|---------|
| 32.5 | Environmental | 119,000 | 127,000 |
|------|---------------|---------|---------|

32.6 **(a) Supplemental Nonprofit Security Grants**

32.7 \$250,000 each year is for supplemental

32.8 nonprofit security grants under this paragraph.

32.9 This appropriation is onetime.

32.10 Nonprofit organizations whose applications

32.11 for funding through the Federal Emergency

32.12 Management Agency's nonprofit security grant

32.13 program have been approved by the Division

32.14 of Homeland Security and Emergency

32.15 Management are eligible for grants under this

32.16 paragraph. No additional application shall be

32.17 required for grants under this paragraph, and

32.18 an application for a grant from the federal

32.19 program is also an application for funding

32.20 from the state supplemental program.

32.21 Eligible organizations may receive grants of

32.22 up to \$75,000, except that the total received

32.23 by any individual from both the federal

32.24 nonprofit security grant program and the state

32.25 supplemental nonprofit security grant program

32.26 shall not exceed \$75,000. Grants shall be

32.27 awarded in an order consistent with the

32.28 ranking given to applicants for the federal

32.29 nonprofit security grant program. No grants

32.30 under the state supplemental nonprofit security

32.31 grant program shall be awarded until the

32.32 announcement of the recipients and the

32.33 amount of the grants awarded under the federal

33.1 nonprofit security grant program. This is a  
 33.2 onetime appropriation.

33.3 **(b) Emergency Preparedness Staff**

33.4 \$550,000 each year is for additional  
 33.5 emergency preparedness staff members.

33.6 **(c) Lake Superior Chippewa Tribal  
 33.7 Emergency Management Coordinator**

33.8 \$145,000 each year is for a grant to the Grand  
 33.9 Portage Band of Lake Superior Chippewa to  
 33.10 establish and maintain a Tribal emergency  
 33.11 management coordinator under Minnesota  
 33.12 Statutes, section 12.25.

33.13 **(d) Grand Portage Band of Lake Superior  
 33.14 Chippewa Tribe Coast Guard Services**

33.15 \$3,000,000 the first year is for a grant to the  
 33.16 Grand Portage Band of Lake Superior  
 33.17 Chippewa to purchase equipment and fund a  
 33.18 position for coast guard services off the north  
 33.19 shore of Lake Superior. This appropriation is  
 33.20 available until June 30, 2027.

33.21 Sec. 24. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws  
 33.22 2023, chapter 69, section 12, and Laws 2024, chapter 123, article 1, section 11, and Laws  
 33.23 2024, chapter 123, article 9, section 3, is amended to read:

|       |  |            |            |
|-------|--|------------|------------|
| 33.24 | <b>Subd. 8. Office of Justice Programs</b> | 94,758,000 | 80,434,000 |
|-------|--|------------|------------|

|       |                        |
|-------|------------------------|
| 33.25 | Appropriations by Fund |
|-------|------------------------|

|       |         |            |            |
|-------|---------|------------|------------|
| 33.26 | General | 94,662,000 | 80,338,000 |
|-------|---------|------------|------------|

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| 33.27 | State Government |
|-------|------------------|

|       |                 |        |        |
|-------|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 33.28 | Special Revenue | 96,000 | 96,000 |
|-------|-----------------|--------|--------|

33.29 **(a) Domestic and Sexual Violence Housing**

33.30 \$1,500,000 each year is to establish a  
 33.31 Domestic Violence Housing First grant  
 33.32 program to provide resources for survivors of

34.1 violence to access safe and stable housing and  
34.2 for staff to provide mobile advocacy and  
34.3 expertise in housing resources in their  
34.4 community and a Minnesota Domestic and  
34.5 Sexual Violence Transitional Housing  
34.6 program to develop and support medium to  
34.7 long term transitional housing for survivors  
34.8 of domestic and sexual violence with  
34.9 supportive services. The base for this  
34.10 appropriation is \$1,000,000 beginning in fiscal  
34.11 year 2026.

34.12 **(b) Federal Victims of Crime Funding Gap**

34.13 \$11,000,000 each year is to fund services for  
34.14 victims of domestic violence, sexual assault,  
34.15 child abuse, and other crimes. This is a  
34.16 onetime appropriation.

34.17 **(c) Office for Missing and Murdered Black**  
34.18 **Women and Girls**

34.19 \$1,248,000 each year is to establish and  
34.20 maintain the Minnesota Office for Missing  
34.21 and Murdered Black Women and Girls.

34.22 **(d) Increased Staffing**

34.23 \$667,000 the first year and \$1,334,000 the  
34.24 second year are to increase staffing in the  
34.25 Office of Justice Programs for grant  
34.26 monitoring and compliance; provide training  
34.27 and technical assistance to grantees and  
34.28 potential grantees; conduct community  
34.29 outreach and engagement to improve the  
34.30 experiences and outcomes of applicants, grant  
34.31 recipients, and crime victims throughout  
34.32 Minnesota; expand the Minnesota Statistical  
34.33 Analysis Center; and increase staffing for the

35.1 crime victim reimbursement program and the  
35.2 Crime Victim Justice Unit.

35.3 **(e) Office of Restorative Practices**

35.4 \$500,000 each year is to establish and  
35.5 maintain the Office of Restorative Practices.

35.6 **(f) Crossover and Dual-Status Youth Model  
35.7 Grants**

35.8 \$1,000,000 each year is to provide grants to  
35.9 local units of government to initiate or expand  
35.10 crossover youth practices model and  
35.11 dual-status youth programs that provide  
35.12 services for youth who are involved with or  
35.13 at risk of becoming involved with both the  
35.14 child welfare and juvenile justice systems, in  
35.15 accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy  
35.16 National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice  
35.17 model. This is a onetime appropriation.

35.18 **(g) Restorative Practices Initiatives Grants**

35.19 \$4,000,000 each year is for grants to establish  
35.20 and support restorative practices initiatives  
35.21 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section  
35.22 299A.95, subdivision 6, and for a restitution  
35.23 grant program under Minnesota Statutes,  
35.24 section 299A.955. This appropriation is  
35.25 available until June 30, 2026. The base for this  
35.26 appropriation is \$2,500,000 beginning in fiscal  
35.27 year 2026.

35.28 **(h) Ramsey County Youth Treatment**

35.29 **Homes Acquisition and Betterment**

35.30 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to  
35.31 Ramsey County to establish, with input from  
35.32 community stakeholders, including impacted  
35.33 youth and families, up to seven intensive

36.1 trauma-informed therapeutic treatment homes  
36.2 in Ramsey County that are licensed by the  
36.3 Department of Human Services, that are  
36.4 culturally specific, that are community-based,  
36.5 and that can be secured. These residential  
36.6 spaces must provide intensive treatment and  
36.7 intentional healing for youth as ordered by the  
36.8 court as part of the disposition of a case in  
36.9 juvenile court. This appropriation is available  
36.10 through June 30, ~~2026~~ 2027.

36.11 **(i) Ramsey County Violence Prevention**

36.12 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to  
36.13 Ramsey County to award grants to develop  
36.14 new and further enhance existing  
36.15 community-based organizational support  
36.16 through violence prevention and community  
36.17 wellness grants. Grantees must use the money  
36.18 to create family support groups and resources  
36.19 to support families during the time a young  
36.20 person is placed out of home following a  
36.21 juvenile delinquency adjudication and support  
36.22 the family through the period of postplacement  
36.23 reentry; create community-based respite  
36.24 options for conflict or crisis de-escalation to  
36.25 prevent incarceration or further systems  
36.26 involvement for families; or establish  
36.27 additional meaningful employment  
36.28 opportunities for systems-involved youth. This  
36.29 appropriation is available through June 30,  
36.30 2027.

36.31 **(j) Office for Missing and Murdered**

36.32 **Indigenous Relatives**

36.33 \$274,000 each year is for increased staff and  
36.34 operating costs of the Office for Missing and  
36.35 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, the Missing

37.1 and Murdered Indigenous Relatives Advisory  
37.2 Board, and the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag  
37.3 reward advisory group.

37.4 **(k) Youth Intervention Programs**

37.5 \$3,525,000 the first year and \$3,526,000 the  
37.6 second year are for youth intervention  
37.7 programs under Minnesota Statutes, section  
37.8 299A.73. The base for this appropriation is  
37.9 \$3,526,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$3,525,000  
37.10 in fiscal year 2027.

37.11 **(l) Community Crime Intervention and**  
37.12 **Prevention Grants**

37.13 \$750,000 each year is for community crime  
37.14 intervention and prevention program grants,  
37.15 authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section  
37.16 299A.296. This is a onetime appropriation.

37.17 **(m) Resources for Victims of Crime**

37.18 \$1,000,000 each year is for general crime  
37.19 victim grants to meet the needs of victims of  
37.20 crime not covered by domestic violence,  
37.21 sexual assault, or child abuse services. This is  
37.22 a onetime appropriation.

37.23 **(n) Prosecutor Training**

37.24 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the  
37.25 Minnesota County Attorneys Association to  
37.26 be used for prosecutorial and law enforcement  
37.27 training, including trial school training and  
37.28 train-the-trainer courses. All training funded  
37.29 with grant proceeds must contain blocks of  
37.30 instruction on racial disparities in the criminal  
37.31 justice system, collateral consequences to  
37.32 criminal convictions, and trauma-informed

38.1 responses to victims. This is a onetime  
38.2 appropriation.  
38.3 The Minnesota County Attorneys Association  
38.4 must report to the chairs and ranking minority  
38.5 members of the legislative committees with  
38.6 jurisdiction over public safety policy and  
38.7 finance on the training provided with grant  
38.8 proceeds, including a description of each  
38.9 training and the number of prosecutors and  
38.10 law enforcement officers who received  
38.11 training. The report is due by February 15,  
38.12 2025. The report may include trainings  
38.13 scheduled to be completed after the date of  
38.14 submission with an estimate of expected  
38.15 participants.

38.16 **(o) Minnesota Heals**

38.17 \$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Heals  
38.18 grant program. This is a onetime  
38.19 appropriation.

38.20 **(p) Sexual Assault Exam Costs**

38.21 \$3,967,000 the first year and \$3,767,000 the  
38.22 second year are to reimburse qualified health  
38.23 care providers for the expenses associated with  
38.24 medical examinations administered to victims  
38.25 of criminal sexual conduct as required under  
38.26 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.35, and for  
38.27 costs to administer the program. The base for  
38.28 this appropriation is \$3,771,000 in fiscal year  
38.29 2026 and \$3,776,000 in fiscal year 2027.

38.30 **(q) First Responder Mental Health**

38.31 **Curriculum**

38.32 \$75,000 each year is for a grant to the Adler  
38.33 graduate school. The grantee must use the  
38.34 grant to develop a curriculum for a 24-week

39.1 certificate to train licensed therapists to  
39.2 understand the nuances, culture, and stressors  
39.3 of the work environments of first responders  
39.4 to allow those therapists to provide effective  
39.5 treatment to first responders in distress. The  
39.6 grantee must collaborate with first responders  
39.7 who are familiar with the psychological,  
39.8 cultural, and professional issues of their field  
39.9 to develop the curriculum and promote it upon  
39.10 completion.

39.11 The grantee may provide the program online.

39.12 The grantee must seek to recruit additional  
39.13 participants from outside the 11-county  
39.14 metropolitan area.

39.15 The grantee must create a resource directory  
39.16 to provide law enforcement agencies with  
39.17 names of counselors who complete the  
39.18 program and other resources to support law  
39.19 enforcement professionals with overall  
39.20 wellness. The grantee shall collaborate with  
39.21 the Department of Public Safety and law  
39.22 enforcement organizations to promote the  
39.23 directory. This is a onetime appropriation.

39.24 **(r) Pathways to Policing**

39.25 \$400,000 each year is for reimbursement  
39.26 grants to state and local law enforcement  
39.27 agencies that operate pathway to policing  
39.28 programs. Applicants for reimbursement  
39.29 grants may receive up to 50 percent of the cost  
39.30 of compensating and training program  
39.31 participants. Reimbursement grants shall be  
39.32 proportionally allocated based on the number  
39.33 of grant applications approved by the  
39.34 commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.

40.1 **(s) Direct Assistance to Crime Victim**

40.2 **Survivors**

40.3 \$5,000,000 each year is to provide grants for  
40.4 direct services and advocacy for victims of  
40.5 sexual assault, general crime, domestic  
40.6 violence, and child abuse. Funding must  
40.7 support the direct needs of organizations  
40.8 serving victims of crime by providing: direct  
40.9 client assistance to crime victims; competitive  
40.10 wages for direct service staff; hotel stays and  
40.11 other housing-related supports and services;  
40.12 culturally responsive programming; prevention  
40.13 programming, including domestic abuse  
40.14 transformation and restorative justice  
40.15 programming; and for other needs of  
40.16 organizations and crime victim survivors.  
40.17 Services funded must include services for  
40.18 victims of crime in underserved communities  
40.19 most impacted by violence and reflect the  
40.20 ethnic, racial, economic, cultural, and  
40.21 geographic diversity of the state. The office  
40.22 shall prioritize culturally specific programs,  
40.23 or organizations led and staffed by persons of  
40.24 color that primarily serve communities of  
40.25 color, when allocating funds.

40.26 **(t) Racially Diverse Youth**

40.27 \$250,000 each year is for grants to  
40.28 organizations to address racial disparity of  
40.29 youth using shelter services in the Rochester  
40.30 and St. Cloud regional areas. Of this amount,  
40.31 \$125,000 each year is to address this issue in  
40.32 the Rochester area and \$125,000 each year is  
40.33 to address this issue in the St. Cloud area. A  
40.34 grant recipient shall establish and operate a  
40.35 pilot program connected to shelter services to

41.1 engage in community intervention outreach,  
41.2 mobile case management, family reunification,  
41.3 aftercare, and follow up when family members  
41.4 are released from shelter services. A pilot  
41.5 program must specifically address the high  
41.6 number of racially diverse youth that enter  
41.7 shelters in the regions. This is a onetime  
41.8 appropriation.

41.9 **(u) Violence Prevention Project Research**  
41.10 **Center**

41.11 \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the  
41.12 Violence Prevention Project Research Center,  
41.13 operating as a 501(c)(3) organization, for  
41.14 research focused on reducing violence in  
41.15 society that uses data and analysis to improve  
41.16 criminal justice-related policy and practice in  
41.17 Minnesota. Research must place an emphasis  
41.18 on issues related to deaths and injuries  
41.19 involving firearms. This is a onetime  
41.20 appropriation.

41.21 Beginning January 15, 2025, the Violence  
41.22 Prevention Project Research Center must  
41.23 submit an annual report to the chairs and  
41.24 ranking minority members of the legislative  
41.25 committees with jurisdiction over public safety  
41.26 policy and finance on its work and findings.  
41.27 The report must include a description of the  
41.28 data reviewed, an analysis of that data, and  
41.29 recommendations to improve criminal  
41.30 justice-related policy and practice in  
41.31 Minnesota with specific recommendations to  
41.32 address deaths and injuries involving firearms.

41.33 **(v) Report on Approaches to Address Illicit**  
41.34 **Drug Use in Minnesota**

42.1 \$118,000 each year is to enter into an  
42.2 agreement with Rise Research LLC for a study  
42.3 and set of reports on illicit drug use in  
42.4 Minnesota describing current responses to that  
42.5 use, reviewing alternative approaches utilized  
42.6 in other jurisdictions, and making policy and  
42.7 funding recommendations for a holistic and  
42.8 effective response to illicit drug use and the  
42.9 illicit drug trade. The agreement must establish  
42.10 a budget and schedule with clear deliverables.  
42.11 This appropriation is onetime.

42.12 The study must include a review of current  
42.13 policies, practices, and funding; identification  
42.14 of alternative approaches utilized effectively  
42.15 in other jurisdictions; and policy and funding  
42.16 recommendations for a response to illicit drug  
42.17 use and the illicit drug trade that reduces and,  
42.18 where possible, prevents harm and expands  
42.19 individual and community health, safety, and  
42.20 autonomy. Recommendations must consider  
42.21 impacts on public safety, racial equity,  
42.22 accessibility of health and ancillary supportive  
42.23 social services, and the intersections between  
42.24 drug policy and mental health, housing and  
42.25 homelessness, overdose and infectious disease,  
42.26 child welfare, and employment.

42.27 Rise Research may subcontract and coordinate  
42.28 with other organizations or individuals to  
42.29 conduct research, provide analysis, and  
42.30 prepare the reports required by this section.

42.31 Rise Research shall submit reports to the  
42.32 chairs and ranking minority members of the  
42.33 legislative committees with jurisdiction over  
42.34 public safety finance and policy, human  
42.35 services finance and policy, health finance and

43.1 policy, and judiciary finance and policy. Rise  
43.2 Research shall submit an initial report by  
43.3 February 15, 2024, and a final report by March  
43.4 1, 2025.

43.5 **(w) Legal Representation for Children**

43.6 \$150,000 each year is for a grant to an  
43.7 organization that provides legal representation  
43.8 for children in need of protection or services  
43.9 and children in out-of-home placement. The  
43.10 grant is contingent upon a match in an equal  
43.11 amount from nonstate funds. The match may  
43.12 be in kind, including the value of volunteer  
43.13 attorney time, in cash, or a combination of the  
43.14 two. These appropriations are in addition to  
43.15 any other appropriations for the legal  
43.16 representation of children. This appropriation  
43.17 is onetime.

43.18 **(x) Pretrial Release Study and Report**

43.19 \$250,000 each year are for a grant to the  
43.20 Minnesota Justice Research Center to study  
43.21 and report on pretrial release practices in  
43.22 Minnesota and other jurisdictions, including  
43.23 but not limited to the use of bail as a condition  
43.24 of pretrial release. This appropriation is  
43.25 onetime.

43.26 **(y) Intensive Comprehensive Peace Officer  
43.27 Education and Training Program**

43.28 \$5,000,000 the first year is to implement the  
43.29 intensive comprehensive peace officer  
43.30 education and training program described in  
43.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8516. This  
43.32 appropriation is available through June 30,  
43.33 2027.

43.34 **(z) Youth Services Office**

44.1 \$250,000 each year is to operate the Youth  
 44.2 Services Office.

44.3 Sec. 25. Laws 2023, chapter 68, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

44.4 **Subd. 2. Administration and Related Services**

44.5 **(a) Office of Communications** 896,000 1,148,000

44.6 This appropriation is from the general fund.

44.7 **(b) Public Safety Support** 9,976,000 11,773,000

44.8 Appropriations by Fund

| 44.9                | 2024      | 2025      |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 44.10 General       | 5,049,000 | 6,564,000 |
| 44.11 Trunk Highway | 4,927,000 | 5,209,000 |

44.12 \$1,482,000 in each year is from the general  
 44.13 fund for staff and operating costs related to  
 44.14 public engagement activities.

44.15 **(c) Public Safety Officer Survivor Benefits** 640,000 640,000

44.16 This appropriation is from the general fund  
 44.17 for payment of public safety officer survivor  
 44.18 benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section  
 44.19 299A.44. If the appropriation for either year  
 44.20 is insufficient, the appropriation for the other  
 44.21 year is available for it. This appropriation is  
 44.22 available until June 30, 2027.

44.23 **(d) Public Safety Officer Reimbursements** 1,367,000 1,367,000

44.24 This appropriation is from the general fund  
 44.25 for transfer to the public safety officer's benefit  
 44.26 account. This appropriation is available for  
 44.27 reimbursements under Minnesota Statutes,  
 44.28 section 299A.465.

44.29 **(e) Soft Body Armor Reimbursements** 745,000 745,000

44.30 This appropriation is from the general fund  
 44.31 for soft body armor reimbursements under  
 44.32 Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.38.

|      |  |           |           |
|------|--|-----------|-----------|
| 45.1 | <b>(f) Technology and Support Services</b> | 6,712,000 | 6,783,000 |
| 45.2 | Appropriations by Fund                     |           |           |
| 45.3 |  | 2024      | 2025      |
| 45.4 | General                                    | 1,645,000 | 1,684,000 |
| 45.5 | Trunk Highway                              | 5,067,000 | 5,099,000 |

45.6      Sec. 26. **TASK FORCE ON MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES.**

45.7            Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "mandatory minimum" means  
 45.8 legislatively defined, predetermined sentencing requirements, including but not limited to  
 45.9 sentencing requirements under Minnesota Statutes, sections 152.021, 152.022, and 609.11,  
 45.10 that mandate a minimum period of commitment to the commissioner of corrections upon  
 45.11 conviction for certain offenses.

45.12           Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The Task Force on Mandatory Minimum Sentences is  
 45.13 established to collect and analyze data on the charging, convicting, and sentencing of persons  
 45.14 to mandatory minimum sentences; assess whether current laws and practices promote public  
 45.15 safety and equity in sentencing; and make recommendations to the legislature.

45.16           Subd. 3. **Membership.** (a) The task force consists of the following members:

45.17           (1) the commissioner of corrections, or a designee;

45.18           (2) the executive director of the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission, or a  
 45.19 designee;

45.20           (3) the state public defender, or a designee;

45.21           (4) the statewide coordinator of the Violent Crime Coordinating Council, or a designee;

45.22           (5) one defense attorney, appointed by the Minnesota Association of Criminal Defense  
 45.23 Lawyers;

45.24           (6) two county attorneys, one from Hennepin or Ramsey County and one from outside  
 45.25 the seven-county metropolitan area, appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys  
 45.26 Association;

45.27           (7) a peace officer familiar with shooting investigations, appointed by the Minnesota  
 45.28 Sheriffs' Association;

45.29           (8) a peace officer familiar with shooting investigations, appointed by the Minnesota  
 45.30 Chiefs of Police Association;

46.1 (9) one member representing a victims' rights organization, appointed by the senate  
46.2 majority leader;

46.3 (10) one member of a statewide civil rights organization, appointed by the speaker of  
46.4 the house of representatives;

46.5 (11) one retired district court judge, appointed by the chief justice;

46.6 (12) one impacted person who is directly related to a person who has been convicted of  
46.7 a mandatory minimum sentence or who has themselves been convicted of a mandatory  
46.8 minimum sentence and has completed the sentence, appointed by the governor; and

46.9 (13) one person with academic expertise regarding the laws and practices of other states  
46.10 relating to mandatory minimum sentences, appointed by the governor.

46.11 (b) Appointments must be made no later than July 30, 2025.

46.12 (c) Members shall serve without compensation.

46.13 (d) Members of the task force serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority or until  
46.14 the task force expires. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority consistent with  
46.15 the qualifications of the vacating member required by this subdivision.

46.16 Subd. 4. **Officers; meetings.** (a) The task force shall elect a chair and vice-chair and  
46.17 may elect other officers as necessary.

46.18 (b) The commissioner of corrections shall convene the first meeting of the task force no  
46.19 later than August 1, 2025, and shall provide meeting space and administrative assistance  
46.20 as necessary for the task force to conduct its work.

46.21 (c) The task force shall meet at least monthly or upon the call of the chair. The task force  
46.22 shall meet sufficiently enough to accomplish the tasks identified in this section. Meetings  
46.23 of the task force are subject to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.

46.24 (d) To compile and analyze data, the task force shall request the cooperation and  
46.25 assistance of local law enforcement agencies, the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines  
46.26 Commission, the judicial branch, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, county attorneys,  
46.27 and Tribal governments and may request the cooperation of academics and others with  
46.28 experience and expertise in researching the impact of mandatory minimum sentences.

46.29 Subd. 5. **Duties.** (a) The task force shall, at a minimum:

46.30 (1) collect and analyze data on charges, convictions, and sentences that involve mandatory  
46.31 minimum sentences;

47.1 (2) collect and analyze data on mandatory minimum sentences in which a person received  
47.2 a mitigated durational departure because the mandatory minimum sentence was seen as  
47.3 inappropriate by a judge or county attorney, or both;

47.4 (3) collect and analyze data on mandatory minimum sentences in which a person likely  
47.5 would have received a mitigated durational departure but for the enforcement of a mandatory  
47.6 minimum sentence;

47.7 (4) collect and analyze data on charges, convictions, and sentences for codefendants of  
47.8 persons sentenced to a mandatory minimum sentence;

47.9 (5) review relevant state statutes and state and federal court decisions;

47.10 (6) receive input from persons who were convicted of a crime with a mandatory minimum  
47.11 sentence;

47.12 (7) receive input from family members of persons who were convicted of a crime with  
47.13 a mandatory minimum sentence;

47.14 (8) receive input from persons who were victims of crimes with a mandatory minimum  
47.15 sentence;

47.16 (9) receive input from family members of persons who were victims of crimes with a  
47.17 mandatory minimum sentence;

47.18 (10) analyze the benefits and unintended consequences of state statutes and practices  
47.19 related to the charging, convicting, and sentencing of persons of crimes with mandatory  
47.20 minimum sentences, including but not limited to an analysis of whether current statutes and  
47.21 practices;

47.22 (i) promote public safety; and

47.23 (ii) properly punish a person for that person's role in an offense; and

47.24 (11) make recommendations for legislative action, if any, on laws affecting:

47.25 (i) the collection and reporting of data; and

47.26 (ii) the charging, convicting, and sentencing of persons for crimes with mandatory  
47.27 minimum sentences.

47.28 (b) At its discretion, the task force may examine, as necessary, other related issues  
47.29 consistent with this section.

48.1 Subd. 6. Report. On or before August 15, 2026, the task force shall submit a report to  
48.2 the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with  
48.3 jurisdiction over criminal sentencing on the findings and recommendations of the task force.

48.4 Subd. 7. Expiration. The task force expires the day after submitting the report under  
48.5 subdivision 6.

48.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

### 48.7 ARTICLE 3

### 48.8 FINANCIAL CRIMES AND FRAUD INVESTIGATIONS

48.9 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.82, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

48.10 Subdivision 1. **Application.** This section shall apply to agencies which carry on a law  
48.11 enforcement function, including but not limited to municipal police departments, county  
48.12 sheriff departments, fire departments, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, the Minnesota  
48.13 State Patrol, the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training, ~~the Department of~~  
48.14 ~~Commerce~~, and county human service agency client and provider fraud investigation,  
48.15 prevention, and control units operated or supervised by the Department of Human Services.

48.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.17, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

48.17 Subd. 13. **Compensation for law enforcement officers.** (a) For purposes of this  
48.18 subdivision, the term "law enforcement officers" means all licensed peace officers employed  
48.19 by the state who are included in the state units under section 179A.10, subdivision 2,  
48.20 including without limitation: Minnesota State Patrol troopers, Bureau of Criminal  
48.21 Apprehension agents, including Financial Crimes and Fraud Section agents, and Alcohol  
48.22 and Gambling Enforcement agents, in the Department of Public Safety; Department of  
48.23 Natural Resources conservation officers; and Department of Corrections Fugitive  
48.24 Apprehension Unit members; ~~and Commerce Fraud Bureau agents in the Department of~~  
48.25 ~~Commerce.~~

48.26 (b) When the commissioner of management and budget negotiates a collective bargaining  
48.27 agreement establishing compensation for law enforcement officers, the commissioner must  
48.28 use compensation and benefit data from the most recent salary and benefits survey conducted  
48.29 pursuant to section 299D.03, subdivision 2a, to compare salaries to ensure appropriate  
48.30 increases are made to law enforcement officer salaries and benefits.

49.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

49.2 Subd. 2b. **Duties.** The commissioner of commerce ~~Fraud Bureau shall~~ may:

49.3 (1) review notices and reports ~~within the Commerce Fraud Bureau's primary jurisdiction~~  
49.4 submitted by authorized insurers, their employees, and agents or producers regarding  
49.5 insurance fraud, as defined in section 60A.951, subdivision 4;

49.6 ~~(2) respond to notifications or complaints within the Commerce Fraud Bureau's primary~~  
49.7 ~~jurisdiction generated by other law enforcement agencies, state or federal governmental~~  
49.8 ~~units, or any other person;~~

49.9 ~~(3)~~ (2) initiate inquiries and conduct investigations under section 45.027 when the ~~bureau~~  
49.10 commissioner has reason to believe that ~~an offense within the Commerce Fraud Bureau's~~  
49.11 primary jurisdiction insurance fraud, as defined in section 60A.951, subdivision 4, has been  
49.12 or is being committed; and

49.13 ~~(4) report crimes disclosed by the Commerce Fraud Bureau's investigations to appropriate~~  
49.14 ~~law enforcement agencies, including, but not limited to, the attorney general, county~~  
49.15 ~~attorneys, or any other appropriate law enforcement or regulatory agency, and shall assemble~~  
49.16 ~~evidence, prepare charges, and otherwise assist any law enforcement authority having~~  
49.17 ~~jurisdiction.~~

49.18 (3) share active investigative data pursuant to section 13.39 concerning insurance fraud  
49.19 with the commissioner of public safety and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

49.20 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
49.21 read:

49.22 Subd. 2g. **Criminal insurance fraud investigations.** (a) The Bureau of Criminal  
49.23 Apprehension shall conduct investigations of criminal insurance fraud, as defined in section  
49.24 609.611, in accordance with section 299C.061.

49.25 (b) The commissioner shall report criminal insurance fraud-related crimes disclosed by  
49.26 the Department of Commerce's investigations of civil insurance fraud to the Bureau of  
49.27 Criminal Apprehension.

49.28 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

49.29 Subd. 6. **Insurance fraud prevention account.** The insurance fraud prevention account  
49.30 is created in the state treasury. Money received from assessments under ~~subdivision 7~~ section  
49.31 299C.061, subdivision 10, and transferred from the automobile theft prevention account in

50.1 sections 65B.84, subdivision 1, and 297I.11, subdivision 2, is deposited in the account.  
 50.2 Money in this fund is appropriated to the commissioner of ~~commerce~~ public safety for the  
 50.3 purposes specified in this section and sections 60A.951 to 60A.956.

50.4 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

50.5 Subd. 7. **Assessment.** Each insurer authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota,  
 50.6 including surplus lines carriers, and having Minnesota earned premium the previous calendar  
 50.7 year shall remit an assessment to the commissioner of public safety for deposit in the  
 50.8 insurance fraud prevention account on or before June 1 of each year. The amount of the  
 50.9 assessment shall be based on the insurer's total assets and on the insurer's total written  
 50.10 Minnesota premium, for the preceding fiscal year, as reported pursuant to section 60A.13.  
 50.11 The commissioner of public safety shall consult with the commissioner of commerce for  
 50.12 purposes of calculating the assessment amount. Beginning with the payment due on or  
 50.13 before June 1, 2024, the assessment amount is:

| 50.14 | Total Assets                     | Assessment |
|-------|----------------------------------|------------|
| 50.15 | Less than \$100,000,000          | \$ 400     |
| 50.16 | \$100,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000 | \$ 1,500   |
| 50.17 | Over \$1,000,000,000             | \$ 4,000   |
| 50.18 | Minnesota Written Premium        | Assessment |
| 50.19 | Less than \$10,000,000           | \$ 400     |
| 50.20 | \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000    | \$ 1,500   |
| 50.21 | Over \$100,000,000               | \$ 4,000   |

50.22 For purposes of this subdivision, the following entities are not considered to be insurers  
 50.23 authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota: risk retention groups; or township  
 50.24 mutuals organized under chapter 67A.

50.25 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

50.26 Subd. 8. **Investigations; health-related boards.** (a) The ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~  
 50.27 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension may consult with the appropriate health-related board  
 50.28 when a licensee, licensed under chapter 144E, 147, 148, 148B, or 150A, is suspected of  
 50.29 insurance fraud.

50.30 (b) The bureau shall, for any conviction involving or related to insurance, send copies  
 50.31 of all public data in its possession to the appropriate health-related licensing board.

51.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 45.0135, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

51.2 Subd. 9. **Administrative penalty for insurance fraud.** (a) The commissioner may:

51.3 (1) impose an administrative penalty against any person in an amount as set forth in  
51.4 paragraph (b) for each intentional act of insurance fraud or substantiated acts of attempted  
51.5 insurance fraud, as defined in section 60A.951, subdivision 4, committed by that person;

51.6 (2) order restitution to any person suffering loss as a result of the insurance fraud; and

51.7 (3) order restitution to a company for the reasonable documented cost of any investigation  
51.8 in connection with the insurance fraud.

51.9 (b) The administrative penalty for each violation described in paragraph (a) may be no  
51.10 more than:

51.11 (1) \$20,000 if the funds or the value of the property or services wrongfully obtained  
51.12 exceeds \$5,000;

51.13 (2) \$10,000 if the funds or value of the property or services wrongfully obtained exceeds  
51.14 \$1,000, but not more than \$5,000;

51.15 (3) \$3,000 if the funds or value of the property or services wrongfully obtained is more  
51.16 than \$500, but not more than \$1,000; and

51.17 (4) \$1,000 if the funds or value of the property or services wrongfully obtained is \$500  
51.18 or less.

51.19 (c) If an administrative penalty is not paid after all rights of appeal have been waived  
51.20 or exhausted, the commissioner may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction  
51.21 to collect the administrative penalty, including expenses and litigation costs, reasonable  
51.22 attorney fees, and interest.

51.23 (d) This section does not affect a person's right to seek recovery, including expenses  
51.24 and litigation costs, reasonable attorney fees, and interest, against any person that commits  
51.25 insurance fraud.

51.26 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "insurance fraud" has the meaning given in section  
51.27 60A.951, subdivision 4.

51.28 (f) Hearings under this subdivision must be conducted in accordance with chapter 14  
51.29 and any other applicable law.

52.1 (g) All revenues from penalties, expenses, costs, fees, and interest collected under  
52.2 paragraphs (a) to (c) shall be deposited ~~in~~ into the insurance fraud prevention account under  
52.3 ~~subdivision 6~~ section 299C.061, subdivision 9.

52.4 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.951, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.5 Subd. 2. **Authorized person.** "Authorized person" means the county attorney, sheriff,  
52.6 or chief of police responsible for investigations in the county where the suspected insurance  
52.7 fraud occurred; the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension; the commissioner  
52.8 of commerce; ~~the Commerce Fraud Bureau~~; the commissioner of labor and industry; the  
52.9 attorney general; or any duly constituted criminal investigative department or agency of the  
52.10 United States.

52.11 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.952, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.12 Subd. 2. **Notice to and cooperation with the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of**  
52.13 **Criminal Apprehension.** Any insurer or insurance professional that has reasonable belief  
52.14 that an act of insurance fraud will be, is being, or has been committed, shall furnish and  
52.15 disclose all relevant information to the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal  
52.16 Apprehension or to any authorized person and cooperate fully with any investigation  
52.17 conducted by the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Any person  
52.18 that has a reasonable belief that an act of insurance fraud will be, is being, or has been  
52.19 committed, or any person who collects, reviews, or analyzes information concerning  
52.20 insurance fraud, may furnish and disclose any information in its possession concerning the  
52.21 act to the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, any authorized  
52.22 person, or to an authorized representative of an insurer that requests the information for the  
52.23 purpose of detecting, prosecuting, or preventing insurance fraud. The insurer may also  
52.24 release relevant information to any person authorized to receive the information under  
52.25 section 72A.502, subdivision 2. If disclosure is made to an authorized person other than the  
52.26 ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, a copy of the disclosure must  
52.27 be sent to the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

52.28 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.952, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

52.29 Subd. 4. **Tolling of time periods.** If an insurer has a reasonable or probable cause to  
52.30 believe that an insurance fraud has been committed in connection with an insurance claim,  
52.31 and has properly notified the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension  
52.32 of its suspicions according to subdivision 2, the notification tolls any applicable time period  
52.33 in any unfair claims practices statute or related regulations, or any action on the claim against

53.1 the insurer to whom the claim had been presented for bad faith, until 30 days after  
53.2 determination by the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and notice  
53.3 to the insurer that the ~~division~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension will not recommend action  
53.4 on the claim.

53.5 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.952, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

53.6 Subd. 5. **Reward for information.** The ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~ Bureau of Criminal  
53.7 Apprehension, in cooperation with authorized insurers and insurance professionals, may  
53.8 establish a voluntary fund to reward persons not connected with the insurance industry who  
53.9 provide information or furnish evidence leading to the arrest and conviction of persons  
53.10 responsible for insurance fraud.

53.11 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.954, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

53.12 Subd. 2. **Review.** The commissioner may review each insurer's antifraud plan to determine  
53.13 whether it complies with the requirements of this section. If the commissioner finds that an  
53.14 insurer's antifraud plan does not comply with the requirements of this section, the  
53.15 commissioner shall disapprove the plan and send a notice of disapproval, along with the  
53.16 reasons for disapproval, to the insurer. An insurer whose antifraud plan has been disapproved  
53.17 by the commissioner shall submit a new plan to the commissioner within 60 days after the  
53.18 plan was disapproved. The commissioner may examine an insurer's procedures to determine  
53.19 whether the insurer is complying with its antifraud plan. The commissioner shall withhold  
53.20 from public inspection any part of an insurer's antifraud plan for so long as the commissioner  
53.21 deems the withholding to be in the public interest. The commissioner may share an insurer's  
53.22 complete antifraud plan with the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

53.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 60A.956, is amended to read:

53.24 **60A.956 OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.**

53.25 Nothing in sections 60A.951 to 60A.956 preempts the authority of or relieves the duty  
53.26 of any other law enforcement agencies to investigate and prosecute alleged violations of  
53.27 law, prevents or prohibits a person from voluntarily disclosing any information concerning  
53.28 insurance fraud to any law enforcement agency other than the ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau~~  
53.29 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, or limits any of the powers granted elsewhere by the  
53.30 laws of this state to the commissioner of commerce to investigate alleged violations of law  
53.31 and to take appropriate action.

54.1 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 65B.84, is amended to read:

54.2 **65B.84 AUTOMOBILE THEFT PREVENTION PROGRAM.**

54.3 Subdivision 1. **Program described; commissioner's duties; appropriation.** (a) The  
54.4 commissioner of ~~commerce~~ public safety shall:

54.5 (1) develop and sponsor the implementation of statewide plans, programs, and strategies  
54.6 to combat automobile theft, improve the administration of the automobile theft laws, and  
54.7 provide a forum for identification of critical problems for those persons dealing with  
54.8 automobile theft;

54.9 (2) coordinate the development, adoption, and implementation of plans, programs, and  
54.10 strategies relating to interagency and intergovernmental cooperation with respect to  
54.11 automobile theft enforcement;

54.12 (3) annually audit the plans and programs that have been funded in whole or in part to  
54.13 evaluate the effectiveness of the plans and programs and withdraw funding should the  
54.14 commissioner determine that a plan or program is ineffective or is no longer in need of  
54.15 further financial support from the fund;

54.16 (4) develop a plan of operation including:

54.17 (i) an assessment of the scope of the problem of automobile theft, including areas of the  
54.18 state where the problem is greatest;

54.19 (ii) an analysis of various methods of combating the problem of automobile theft;

54.20 (iii) a plan for providing financial support to combat automobile theft;

54.21 (iv) a plan for eliminating car hijacking; and

54.22 (v) an estimate of the funds required to implement the plan; and

54.23 (5) distribute money, in consultation with the commissioner of ~~public safety~~ commerce,  
54.24 pursuant to subdivision 3 from the automobile theft prevention special revenue account for  
54.25 automobile theft prevention activities, including:

54.26 (i) paying the administrative costs of the program;

54.27 (ii) providing financial support to the State Patrol and local law enforcement agencies  
54.28 for automobile theft enforcement teams;

54.29 (iii) providing financial support to state or local law enforcement agencies for programs  
54.30 designed to reduce the incidence of automobile theft and for improved equipment and  
54.31 techniques for responding to automobile thefts;

55.1 (iv) providing financial support to local prosecutors for programs designed to reduce  
55.2 the incidence of automobile theft;

55.3 (v) providing financial support to judicial agencies for programs designed to reduce the  
55.4 incidence of automobile theft;

55.5 (vi) providing financial support for neighborhood or community organizations or business  
55.6 organizations for programs designed to reduce the incidence of automobile theft and to  
55.7 educate people about the common methods of automobile theft, the models of automobiles  
55.8 most likely to be stolen, and the times and places automobile theft is most likely to occur;  
55.9 and

55.10 (vii) providing financial support for automobile theft educational and training programs  
55.11 for state and local law enforcement officials, driver and vehicle services exam and inspections  
55.12 staff, and members of the judiciary.

55.13 (b) The commissioner may not spend in any fiscal year more than ten percent of the  
55.14 money in the fund for the program's administrative and operating costs. The commissioner  
55.15 is annually appropriated and must distribute the amount of the proceeds credited to the  
55.16 automobile theft prevention special revenue account each year, less the transfer of \$1,300,000  
55.17 each year to the insurance fraud prevention account described in section 297I.11, subdivision  
55.18 2.

55.19 (c) At the end of each fiscal year, the commissioner may transfer any unobligated balances  
55.20 in the auto theft prevention account to the insurance fraud prevention account under section  
55.21 ~~45.0135, subdivision 6~~ 299C.061, subdivision 9.

55.22 (d) The commissioner must establish a library of equipment to combat automobile-related  
55.23 theft offenses. The equipment must be available to all law enforcement agencies upon  
55.24 request to support law enforcement agency efforts to combat automobile theft.

55.25 Subd. 2. **Annual report.** By September 30 each year, the commissioner of public safety  
55.26 shall report to the governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of  
55.27 representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over the ~~Departments~~ Department  
55.28 of ~~Commerce and Public Safety~~ on the activities and expenditures in the preceding year.

55.29 Subd. 3. **Grant criteria; application.** (a) A county attorney's office, law enforcement  
55.30 agency, neighborhood organization, community organization, or business organization may  
55.31 apply for a grant under this section. Multiple offices or agencies within a county may apply  
55.32 for a grant under this section.

56.1 (b) The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the commissioner of ~~public~~  
56.2 ~~safety~~ commerce, must develop criteria for the fair distribution of grants from the automobile  
56.3 theft prevention account that address the following factors:

56.4 (1) the number of reported automobile thefts per capita in a city, county, or region, not  
56.5 merely the total number of automobile thefts;

56.6 (2) the population of the jurisdiction of the applicant office or agency;

56.7 (3) the total funds distributed within a county or region; and

56.8 (4) the statewide interest in automobile theft reduction.

56.9 (c) The commissioner may give priority to:

56.10 (1) offices and agencies engaged in a collaborative effort to reduce automobile theft;  
56.11 and

56.12 (2) counties or regions with the greatest rates of automobile theft.

56.13 (d) The minimum amount of a grant award is \$5,000. After considering the automobile  
56.14 theft rate and total population of an applicant's jurisdiction, if a grant award, as determined  
56.15 under the criteria and priorities in this subdivision, would be less than \$5,000, it must not  
56.16 be awarded.

56.17 Subd. 4. **Advisory board; creation; membership.** An Automobile Theft Prevention  
56.18 Advisory Board is established to advise the commissioner on the distribution of grants under  
56.19 this section. The board must consist of seven members appointed by the commissioner of  
56.20 public safety and must include representatives of law enforcement, prosecuting agencies,  
56.21 automobile insurers, and the public. The commissioner must annually select a chair from  
56.22 among its members.

56.23 Subd. 5. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "automobile theft" includes  
56.24 automobile-related theft.

56.25 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 268.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

56.26 Subdivision 1. **Use of data.** (a) Except as provided by this section, data gathered from  
56.27 any person under the administration of the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Law are  
56.28 private data on individuals or nonpublic data not on individuals as defined in section 13.02,  
56.29 subdivisions 9 and 12, and may not be disclosed except according to a district court order  
56.30 or section 13.05. A subpoena is not considered a district court order. These data may be  
56.31 disseminated to and used by the following agencies without the consent of the subject of  
56.32 the data:

- 57.1 (1) state and federal agencies specifically authorized access to the data by state or federal  
57.2 law;
- 57.3 (2) any agency of any other state or any federal agency charged with the administration  
57.4 of an unemployment insurance program;
- 57.5 (3) any agency responsible for the maintenance of a system of public employment offices  
57.6 for the purpose of assisting individuals in obtaining employment;
- 57.7 (4) the public authority responsible for child support in Minnesota or any other state in  
57.8 accordance with section 518A.83;
- 57.9 (5) human rights agencies within Minnesota that have enforcement powers;
- 57.10 (6) the Department of Revenue to the extent necessary for its duties under Minnesota  
57.11 laws;
- 57.12 (7) public and private agencies responsible for administering publicly financed assistance  
57.13 programs for the purpose of monitoring the eligibility of the program's recipients;
- 57.14 (8) the Department of Labor and Industry ~~and the Commerce Fraud Bureau in~~, the  
57.15 Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for uses consistent  
57.16 with the administration of their duties under Minnesota law;
- 57.17 (9) the Department of Human Services and the Office of Inspector General and its agents  
57.18 within the Department of Human Services, including county fraud investigators, for  
57.19 investigations related to recipient or provider fraud and employees of providers when the  
57.20 provider is suspected of committing public assistance fraud;
- 57.21 (10) the Department of Human Services for the purpose of evaluating medical assistance  
57.22 services and supporting program improvement;
- 57.23 (11) local and state welfare agencies for monitoring the eligibility of the data subject  
57.24 for assistance programs, or for any employment or training program administered by those  
57.25 agencies, whether alone, in combination with another welfare agency, or in conjunction  
57.26 with the department or to monitor and evaluate the statewide Minnesota family investment  
57.27 program and other cash assistance programs, the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program,  
57.28 and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Employment and Training program by  
57.29 providing data on recipients and former recipients of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance  
57.30 Program (SNAP) benefits, cash assistance under chapter 256, 256D, 256J, or 256K, child  
57.31 care assistance under chapter 142E, or medical programs under chapter 256B or 256L or  
57.32 formerly codified under chapter 256D;

58.1 (12) local and state welfare agencies for the purpose of identifying employment, wages,  
58.2 and other information to assist in the collection of an overpayment debt in an assistance  
58.3 program;

58.4 (13) local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies for the purpose of ascertaining  
58.5 the last known address and employment location of an individual who is the subject of a  
58.6 criminal investigation;

58.7 (14) the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement has access to data on  
58.8 specific individuals and specific employers provided the specific individual or specific  
58.9 employer is the subject of an investigation by that agency;

58.10 (15) the Department of Health for the purposes of epidemiologic investigations;

58.11 (16) the Department of Corrections for the purposes of case planning and internal research  
58.12 for preprobation, probation, and postprobation employment tracking of offenders sentenced  
58.13 to probation and preconfinement and postconfinement employment tracking of committed  
58.14 offenders;

58.15 (17) the state auditor to the extent necessary to conduct audits of job opportunity building  
58.16 zones as required under section 469.3201;

58.17 (18) the Office of Higher Education for purposes of supporting program improvement,  
58.18 system evaluation, and research initiatives including the Statewide Longitudinal Education  
58.19 Data System; and

58.20 (19) the Family and Medical Benefits Division of the Department of Employment and  
58.21 Economic Development to be used as necessary to administer chapter 268B.

58.22 (b) Data on individuals and employers that are collected, maintained, or used by the  
58.23 department in an investigation under section 268.182 are confidential as to data on individuals  
58.24 and protected nonpublic data not on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 3  
58.25 and 13, and must not be disclosed except under statute or district court order or to a party  
58.26 named in a criminal proceeding, administrative or judicial, for preparation of a defense.

58.27 (c) Data gathered by the department in the administration of the Minnesota unemployment  
58.28 insurance program must not be made the subject or the basis for any suit in any civil  
58.29 proceedings, administrative or judicial, unless the action is initiated by the department.

59.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 268B.30, is amended to read:

59.2 **268B.30 DATA PRIVACY.**

59.3 (a) Except as provided by this section, data collected, created, or maintained under this  
59.4 chapter are private data on individuals or nonpublic data not on individuals as defined in  
59.5 section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, and must not be disclosed except according to a district  
59.6 court order or section 13.05. A subpoena is not considered a district court order.

59.7 (b) Data classified under paragraph (a) may be disseminated to and used by the following  
59.8 without the consent of the subject of the data:

59.9 (1) state and federal agencies specifically authorized access to the data by state or federal  
59.10 law;

59.11 (2) the unemployment insurance division, to the extent necessary to administer the  
59.12 programs established under this chapter and chapter 268;

59.13 (3) employers, to the extent necessary to support adjudication of application requests  
59.14 and to support the employer's administration of a leave of absence;

59.15 (4) health care providers, to the extent necessary to support verification of health care  
59.16 conditions and qualifying events;

59.17 (5) the public authority responsible for child support in Minnesota or any other state in  
59.18 accordance with section 518A.83;

59.19 (6) human rights agencies within Minnesota that have enforcement powers;

59.20 (7) the Department of Revenue, to the extent necessary for its duties under Minnesota  
59.21 laws;

59.22 (8) public and private agencies responsible for administering publicly financed assistance  
59.23 programs for the purpose of monitoring the eligibility of the program's recipients;

59.24 (9) the Department of Labor and Industry ~~and the Commerce Fraud Bureau in~~ the  
59.25 Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for uses consistent  
59.26 with the administration of their duties under Minnesota law;

59.27 (10) the Department of Human Services and the Office of Inspector General and its  
59.28 agents within the Department of Human Services, including county fraud investigators, for  
59.29 investigations related to recipient or provider fraud and employees of providers when the  
59.30 provider is suspected of committing public assistance fraud;

59.31 (11) the Department of Public Safety for support in identity verification;

60.1 (12) local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies for the purpose of ascertaining  
60.2 the last known address and employment location of an individual who is the subject of a  
60.3 criminal investigation;

60.4 (13) the Department of Health for the purposes of epidemiologic investigations;

60.5 (14) the Department of Corrections for the purposes of tracking incarceration of  
60.6 applicants; and

60.7 (15) contracted third parties, to the extent necessary to aid in identity verification,  
60.8 adjudication, administration, and evaluation of the program.

60.9 (c) Data on individuals and employers that are collected, maintained, or used by the  
60.10 department in an investigation under section 268B.19, 268B.21, 268B.22, or 268B.23 are  
60.11 confidential as to data on individuals and protected nonpublic data not on individuals as  
60.12 defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 3 and 13, and must not be disclosed except under  
60.13 statute or district court order or to a party named in a criminal proceeding, administrative  
60.14 or judicial, for preparation of a defense.

60.15 (d) Data gathered by the department in the administration of this chapter must not be  
60.16 made the subject or the basis for any suit in any civil proceedings, administrative or judicial,  
60.17 unless the action is initiated by the department.

60.18 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297I.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

60.19 Subd. 2. **Automobile theft prevention account.** A special revenue account in the state  
60.20 treasury shall be credited with the proceeds of the surcharge imposed under subdivision 1.  
60.21 Of the revenue in the account, \$1,300,000 each year must be transferred to the insurance  
60.22 fraud prevention account under section ~~45.0135, subdivision 6~~ 299C.061, subdivision 9.  
60.23 Revenues in excess of \$1,300,000 each year may be used only for the automobile theft  
60.24 prevention program described in section 65B.84.

60.25 Sec. 19. **[299C.061] FINANCIAL CRIMES AND FRAUD SECTION.**

60.26 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have  
60.27 the meanings given.

60.28 (b) "Fraud involving state funded or administered programs or services" includes any  
60.29 violation of section 609.445, 609.465, 609.466, 609.52, 609.5523, 609.611, 609.651,  
60.30 609.7475, or 609.821 involving a state agency or state-funded or administered program or  
60.31 service.

61.1 (c) "Peace officer" has the meaning given in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph  
61.2 (c).

61.3 (d) "Section" means the Financial Crimes and Fraud Section of the Bureau of Criminal  
61.4 Apprehension.

61.5 (e) "State agency" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 17.

61.6 (f) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

61.7 Subd. 2. **Financial Crimes and Fraud Section.** The superintendent shall operate the  
61.8 Financial Crimes and Fraud Section within the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to conduct  
61.9 investigations into insurance fraud, financial crimes, wage theft, and fraud involving  
61.10 state-funded or administered programs or services. The Section shall be partially or fully  
61.11 comprised of licensed peace officers. Members of this Section have the full authorities  
61.12 specified in chapter 299C and are not limited to the duties enumerated in this statutory  
61.13 section.

61.14 Subd. 3. **Duties.** The Financial Crimes and Fraud Section shall:

61.15 (1) review notices and reports of insurance fraud and related crimes submitted by  
61.16 authorized insurers, their employees, and agents or producers pursuant to sections 60A.951  
61.17 to 60A.956;

61.18 (2) initiate inquiries and conduct investigations when the Section has reason to believe  
61.19 that any of the following offenses have been or are being committed:

61.20 (i) fraud involving state-funded or administered programs or services in subdivision 1,  
61.21 paragraph (b);

61.22 (ii) insurance fraud and related crimes, as defined in sections 60A.951, subdivision 4,  
61.23 and 609.611, and support of those activities;

61.24 (iii) wage theft and related crimes; and

61.25 (iv) any other financial crimes; and

61.26 (3) operate the automobile theft prevention program under section 65B.84.

61.27 Subd. 4. **Mandatory referral; duty to investigate.** (a) Except as provided in paragraphs  
61.28 (b) and (d), a state agency shall refer all suspected fraudulent activity under the provisions  
61.29 in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), equaling \$100,000 or more to the Section for evaluation  
61.30 and investigation or appropriate referral. Upon receipt of the referral, the Section shall  
61.31 review and, where appropriate, conduct criminal investigations into the allegations. The  
61.32 Section has sole discretion as to which allegations are investigated further, referred back to

62.1 the reporting agency for appropriate regulatory investigation, or referred to another law  
62.2 enforcement agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

62.3 (b) When acting in a civil or criminal law enforcement capacity and permitted by  
62.4 applicable law or order, the attorney general may, in the attorney general's discretion, refer  
62.5 suspected fraudulent activity under the provisions in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), to the  
62.6 Section for evaluation and investigation or appropriate referral in accordance with paragraph  
62.7 (a).

62.8 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), this section has no effect on the authority of the  
62.9 attorney general to investigate and enforce violations or suspected violations of Minnesota  
62.10 civil or criminal law.

62.11 (d) Referral to the Section under this subdivision is not required when a state agency is  
62.12 required to refer the fraudulent activity to the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in  
62.13 accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455.21(A)(1)(a), and section  
62.14 256B.04, subdivision 10.

62.15 Subd. 5. **Discretionary referral.** A state agency may refer suspected fraud involving  
62.16 state-funded or administered programs or services equaling less than \$100,000 to the Section  
62.17 for investigation. Upon referral, the Section shall:

62.18 (1) accept the referral and, where appropriate, conduct criminal investigations into the  
62.19 allegations and make appropriate referrals for criminal prosecution; or

62.20 (2) redirect the referral to another appropriate law enforcement agency or civil  
62.21 investigative authority, offering assistance where appropriate.

62.22 Subd. 6. **Data sharing authorized.** Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other statute  
62.23 related to the classification of government data to the contrary, state agencies making a  
62.24 referral under subdivision 4 or 5 shall provide data related to the suspected fraudulent activity  
62.25 to the Section, including data classified as not public. The Section may share active criminal  
62.26 investigative data concerning insurance fraud with the Department of Commerce.

62.27 Subd. 7. **State agency reporting.** By January 15 of each year, each state agency must  
62.28 report all suspected fraud incurred by the agency that involves state-funded or administered  
62.29 programs or services equaling \$10,000 or more to the Section to be summarized in the report  
62.30 under subdivision 8. This subdivision does not apply to information obtained by the attorney  
62.31 general when acting in a civil or criminal law enforcement capacity.

62.32 Subd. 8. **Annual report.** (a) By February 1 of each year, the superintendent shall report  
62.33 to the commissioner, the governor, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the

63.1 legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance, and commerce  
63.2 consumer protection policy and finance, the following information pertaining to the Section  
63.3 since the previous report:

63.4 (1) the number of investigations initiated;

63.5 (2) the number of allegations investigated;

63.6 (3) the outcomes or current status of each investigation;

63.7 (4) the charging decisions made by the prosecuting authority of incidents investigated  
63.8 by the Section;

63.9 (5) the number of plea agreements reached in incidents investigated by the Section;

63.10 (6) the number of reports received under subdivision 7;

63.11 (7) the number of state agency referrals to the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit reported  
63.12 to the superintendent under paragraph (b); and

63.13 (8) any other information relevant to the Section's responsibilities.

63.14 (b) No later than January 15 of each odd-numbered year, each state agency that is required  
63.15 to make referrals to the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in accordance with Code of  
63.16 Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455.21(A)(1)(a), and section 256B.04, subdivision 10,  
63.17 shall report the following information to the superintendent for the two previous calendar  
63.18 years:

63.19 (1) the number of cases referred to the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit;

63.20 (2) the number of referrals accepted by the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit; and

63.21 (3) the number of referrals declined by the state Medicaid Fraud Control Unit.

63.22 Subd. 9. **Funding allocation.** One hundred percent of the funding allocated to the Bureau  
63.23 of Criminal Apprehension for the assessment in subdivision 10 may only be used for the  
63.24 investigation of insurance fraud and related crimes, as defined in sections 60A.951,  
63.25 subdivision 4, and 609.611, and support of those activities.

63.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** (a) Subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 6, and 9 are effective July 1, 2025.

63.27 (b) Subdivisions 4, 5, 7, and 8 are effective January 1, 2026.

63.28 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

63.29 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

64.1 (b) "CIBRS" means the Comprehensive Incident-Based Reporting System, located in  
64.2 the Department of Public Safety and managed by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. A  
64.3 reference in this section to "CIBRS" includes the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

64.4 (c) "Law enforcement agency" means a Minnesota municipal police department, the  
64.5 Metropolitan Transit Police, the Metropolitan Airports Police, the University of Minnesota  
64.6 Police Department, the Department of Corrections Fugitive Apprehension Unit, a Minnesota  
64.7 county sheriff's department, the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural  
64.8 Resources, ~~the Commerce Fraud Bureau~~, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, or the  
64.9 Minnesota State Patrol.

64.10 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.531, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

64.11 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purpose of sections 609.531 to 609.5318, the  
64.12 following terms have the meanings given ~~them~~.

64.13 (a) "Conveyance device" means a device used for transportation and includes, but is not  
64.14 limited to, a motor vehicle, trailer, snowmobile, airplane, and vessel and any equipment  
64.15 attached to it. The term "conveyance device" does not include property which is, in fact,  
64.16 itself stolen or taken in violation of the law.

64.17 (b) "Weapon used" means a dangerous weapon as defined under section 609.02,  
64.18 subdivision 6, that the actor used or had in possession in furtherance of a crime.

64.19 (c) "Property" means property as defined in section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause (1).

64.20 (d) "Contraband" means property which is illegal to possess under Minnesota law.

64.21 (e) "Appropriate agency" means the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, ~~the Department~~  
64.22 ~~of Commerce Fraud Bureau~~, the Minnesota Division of Driver and Vehicle Services, the  
64.23 Minnesota State Patrol, a county sheriff's department, the Three Rivers Park District  
64.24 Department of Public Safety, the Department of Natural Resources Division of Enforcement,  
64.25 the University of Minnesota Police Department, the Department of Corrections Fugitive  
64.26 Apprehension Unit, a city, metropolitan transit, or airport police department; or a  
64.27 multijurisdictional entity established under section 299A.642 or 299A.681.

64.28 (f) "Designated offense" includes:

64.29 (1) for weapons used: any violation of this chapter, chapter 152 or 624;

64.30 (2) for driver's license or identification card transactions: any violation of section 171.22;

64.31 and

65.1 (3) for all other purposes: a felony violation of, or a felony-level attempt or conspiracy  
 65.2 to violate, section 325E.17; 325E.18; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.2112; 609.2113;  
 65.3 609.2114; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223; 609.2231; 609.2335; 609.24; 609.245; 609.247;  
 65.4 609.25; 609.255; 609.282; 609.283; 609.322; 609.342, subdivision 1, or subdivision 1a,  
 65.5 clauses (a) to (f) and (i); 609.343, subdivision 1, or subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (f) and (i);  
 65.6 609.344, subdivision 1, or subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (e), (h), or (i); 609.345, subdivision  
 65.7 1, or subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (e), (h), and (i); 609.352; 609.42; 609.425; 609.466;  
 65.8 609.485; 609.487; 609.52; 609.525; 609.527; 609.528; 609.53; 609.54; 609.551; 609.561;  
 65.9 609.562; 609.563; 609.582; 609.59; 609.595; 609.611; 609.631; 609.66, subdivision 1e;  
 65.10 609.671, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 8, and 12; 609.687; 609.821; 609.825; 609.86; 609.88; 609.89;  
 65.11 609.893; 609.895; 617.246; 617.247; or a gross misdemeanor or felony violation of section  
 65.12 609.891 or 624.7181; or any violation of section 609.324; or a felony violation of, or a  
 65.13 felony-level attempt or conspiracy to violate, Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21.

65.14 (g) "Controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4.

65.15 (h) "Prosecuting authority" means the attorney who is responsible for prosecuting an  
 65.16 offense that is the basis for a forfeiture under sections 609.531 to 609.5318.

65.17 (i) "Asserting person" means a person, other than the driver alleged to have used a vehicle  
 65.18 in the transportation or exchange of a controlled substance intended for distribution or sale,  
 65.19 claiming an ownership interest in a vehicle that has been seized or restrained under this  
 65.20 section.

65.21 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 626.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

65.22 Subd. 2. **Peace officer.** The term "peace officer," as used in sections 626.04 to 626.17,  
 65.23 means a person who is licensed as a peace officer in accordance with section 626.84,  
 65.24 subdivision 1, and who serves as a sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, conservation officer,  
 65.25 agent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, agent of the Division of Alcohol and  
 65.26 Gambling Enforcement, ~~peace officer of the Commerce Fraud Bureau~~, University of  
 65.27 Minnesota peace officer, Metropolitan Transit police officer, Minnesota Department of  
 65.28 Corrections Fugitive Apprehension Unit member, State Patrol trooper as authorized by  
 65.29 section 299D.03, or railroad peace officer as authorized by section 219.995 and United  
 65.30 States Code, title 49, section 28101.

65.31 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 626.84, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

65.32 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of sections 626.84 to 626.863, the following  
 65.33 terms have the meanings given them:

66.1 (a) "Board" means the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training.

66.2 (b) "Director" means the executive director of the board.

66.3 (c) "Peace officer" means:

66.4 (1) an employee or an elected or appointed official of a political subdivision or law  
66.5 enforcement agency who is licensed by the board, charged with the prevention and detection  
66.6 of crime and the enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state and who has the full  
66.7 power of arrest, and shall also include the Minnesota State Patrol, agents of the Division of  
66.8 Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement, state conservation officers, Metropolitan Transit police  
66.9 officers, Department of Corrections Fugitive Apprehension Unit officers, ~~Department of~~  
66.10 ~~Commerce Fraud Bureau Unit officers~~, the statewide coordinator of the Violent Crime  
66.11 Coordinating Council, and railroad peace officers as authorized by section 219.995 and  
66.12 United States Code, title 49, section 28101; and

66.13 (2) a peace officer who is employed by a law enforcement agency of a federally  
66.14 recognized tribe, as defined in United States Code, title 25, section 450b(e), and who is  
66.15 licensed by the board.

66.16 (d) "Part-time peace officer" means an individual licensed by the board whose services  
66.17 are utilized by law enforcement agencies no more than an average of 20 hours per week,  
66.18 not including time spent on call when no call to active duty is received, calculated on an  
66.19 annual basis, who has either full powers of arrest or authorization to carry a firearm while  
66.20 on active duty. The term shall apply even though the individual receives no compensation  
66.21 for time spent on active duty, and shall apply irrespective of the title conferred upon the  
66.22 individual by any law enforcement agency.

66.23 (e) "Reserve officer" means an individual whose services are utilized by a law  
66.24 enforcement agency to provide supplementary assistance at special events, traffic or crowd  
66.25 control, and administrative or clerical assistance, and shall include reserve deputies, special  
66.26 deputies, mounted or unmounted patrols, and all other employees or volunteers performing  
66.27 reserve officer functions. A reserve officer's duties do not include enforcement of the general  
66.28 criminal laws of the state, and the officer does not have full powers of arrest or authorization  
66.29 to carry a firearm on duty.

66.30 (f) "Law enforcement agency" means:

66.31 (1) a unit of state or local government that is authorized by law to grant full powers of  
66.32 arrest and to charge a person with the duties of preventing and detecting crime and enforcing  
66.33 the general criminal laws of the state;

67.1 (2) subject to the limitations in section 626.93, a law enforcement agency of a federally  
67.2 recognized tribe, as defined in United States Code, title 25, section 450b(e); and

67.3 (3) subject to the limitation of section 219.995, a railroad company.

67.4 (g) "Professional peace officer education" means a postsecondary degree program, or a  
67.5 nondegree program for persons who already have a college degree, that is offered by a  
67.6 college or university in Minnesota, designed for persons seeking licensure as a peace officer,  
67.7 and approved by the board.

67.8 (h) "Railroad peace officer" means an individual as authorized under United States Code,  
67.9 title 49, section 28101:

67.10 (1) employed by a railroad for the purpose of aiding and supplementing law enforcement  
67.11 agencies in the protection of property owned by or in the care, custody, or control of a  
67.12 railroad and to protect the persons and property of railroad passengers and employees; and

67.13 (2) licensed by the board.

67.14 Sec. 24. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

67.15 The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions in column A with the number  
67.16 listed in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in  
67.17 Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the renumbering.

| 67.18 | <u>Column A</u>                | <u>Column B</u>                 |
|-------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 67.19 | <u>45.0135, subdivision 6</u>  | <u>299C.061, subdivision 9</u>  |
| 67.20 | <u>45.0135, subdivision 7</u>  | <u>299C.061, subdivision 10</u> |
| 67.21 | <u>45.0135, subdivision 8</u>  | <u>299C.061, subdivision 11</u> |
| 67.22 | <u>45.0135, subdivision 9</u>  | <u>299C.061, subdivision 12</u> |
| 67.23 | <u>299C.061, subdivision 9</u> | <u>299C.061, subdivision 13</u> |

67.24 Sec. 25. **REPEALER.**

67.25 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 45.0135, subdivisions 2a, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 3, 4, and 5;  
67.26 and 325E.21, subdivision 2b, are repealed.

68.1 **ARTICLE 4**

68.2 **CRIMINAL LAW**

68.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

68.4 Subd. 2. **Possession crimes.** (a) A person is guilty of a controlled substance crime in  
68.5 the first degree if:

68.6 (1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams  
68.7 or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;

68.8 (2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams  
68.9 or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:

68.10 (i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or  
68.11 uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a  
68.12 firearm; or

68.13 (ii) the offense involves two aggravating factors;

68.14 (3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams  
68.15 or more, or 100 dosage units or more, containing heroin or fentanyl;

68.16 (4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams  
68.17 or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, fentanyl, or methamphetamine;

68.18 (5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams  
68.19 or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled  
68.20 substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 500 or more dosage units; or

68.21 (6) the person unlawfully possesses:

68.22 (i) 50 kilograms or more of cannabis flower;

68.23 (ii) ten kilograms or more of cannabis concentrate; or

68.24 (iii) edible cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, hemp-derived consumer  
68.25 products, or any combination of those infused with more than one kilogram of  
68.26 tetrahydrocannabinols.

68.27 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, ~~the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may~~  
68.28 ~~not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture~~  
68.29 ~~contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid~~ a mixture does not include the fluid used in a  
68.30 water pipe or any amount of a controlled substance that is dissolved in the pipe's fluid.

69.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and  
69.2 applies retroactively from August 1, 2023.

69.3 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.022, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

69.4 Subd. 2. **Possession crimes.** (a) A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the  
69.5 second degree if:

69.6 (1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams  
69.7 or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;

69.8 (2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams  
69.9 or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:

69.10 (i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or  
69.11 uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a  
69.12 firearm; or

69.13 (ii) the offense involves three aggravating factors;

69.14 (3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of six grams  
69.15 or more, or 50 dosage units or more, containing heroin or fentanyl;

69.16 (4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams  
69.17 or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, fentanyl, or methamphetamine;

69.18 (5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams  
69.19 or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled  
69.20 substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 100 or more dosage units; or

69.21 (6) the person unlawfully possesses:

69.22 (i) 25 kilograms or more of cannabis flower;

69.23 (ii) five kilograms or more of cannabis concentrate; or

69.24 (iii) edible cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, hemp-derived consumer  
69.25 products, or any combination of those infused with more than 500 grams of  
69.26 tetrahydrocannabinols.

69.27 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, ~~the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may~~  
69.28 ~~not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture~~  
69.29 ~~contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid~~ a mixture does not include the fluid used in a  
69.30 water pipe or any amount of a controlled substance that is dissolved in the pipe's fluid.

70.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and  
70.2 applies retroactively from August 1, 2023.

70.3 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.023, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

70.4 Subd. 2. **Possession crimes.** (a) A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the  
70.5 third degree if:

70.6 (1) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully possesses  
70.7 one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing a narcotic drug other  
70.8 than heroin or fentanyl;

70.9 (2) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully possesses  
70.10 one or more mixtures of: (i) a total weight of three grams or more containing heroin; or (ii)  
70.11 a total weight of five grams or more, or 25 dosage units or more, containing fentanyl;

70.12 (3) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully possesses  
70.13 one or more mixtures containing a narcotic drug other than heroin or fentanyl, it is packaged  
70.14 in dosage units, and equals 50 or more dosage units;

70.15 (4) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully possesses  
70.16 any amount of a schedule I or II narcotic drug or five or more dosage units of lysergic acid  
70.17 diethylamide (LSD), 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, or  
70.18 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine in a school zone, a park zone, a public housing zone,  
70.19 or a drug treatment facility;

70.20 (5) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully possesses:

70.21 (i) more than ten kilograms of cannabis flower;

70.22 (ii) more than two kilograms of cannabis concentrate; or

70.23 (iii) edible cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, hemp-derived consumer  
70.24 products, or any combination of those infused with more than 200 grams of  
70.25 tetrahydrocannabinol; or

70.26 (6) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures containing methamphetamine  
70.27 or amphetamine in a school zone, a park zone, a public housing zone, or a drug treatment  
70.28 facility.

70.29 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, ~~the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may~~  
70.30 ~~not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture~~  
70.31 ~~contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid~~ a mixture does not include the fluid used in a  
70.32 water pipe or any amount of a controlled substance that is dissolved in the pipe's fluid.

71.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and  
71.2 applies retroactively from August 1, 2023.

71.3 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

71.4 Subd. 2. **Possession and other crimes.** (a) A person is guilty of controlled substance  
71.5 crime in the fifth degree and upon conviction may be sentenced as provided in subdivision  
71.6 4 if:

71.7 (1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures containing a controlled  
71.8 substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV, except cannabis flower, cannabis products,  
71.9 lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products or a residual amount of  
71.10 one or more mixtures of controlled substances contained in drug paraphernalia; or

71.11 (2) the person procures, attempts to procure, possesses, or has control over a controlled  
71.12 substance by any of the following means:

71.13 (i) fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;

71.14 (ii) using a false name or giving false credit; or

71.15 (iii) falsely assuming the title of, or falsely representing any person to be, a manufacturer,  
71.16 wholesaler, pharmacist, physician, doctor of osteopathic medicine licensed to practice  
71.17 medicine, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or other authorized person for the purpose of  
71.18 obtaining a controlled substance.

71.19 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, a mixture does not include the fluid used in a  
71.20 water pipe or any amount of a controlled substance that is dissolved in the pipe's fluid.

71.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and  
71.22 applies retroactively from August 1, 2023.

71.23 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.137, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

71.24 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the  
71.25 meanings given.

71.26 (b) "Chemical substance" means a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the  
71.27 manufacture of methamphetamine or any other chemical intended to be used in the  
71.28 manufacture of methamphetamine.

71.29 (c) "Child" means any person under the age of 18 years.

71.30 (d) "Fentanyl" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 25.

72.1 ~~(d)~~(e) "Methamphetamine paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials  
72.2 of any kind that are used, intended for use, or designed for use in manufacturing, injecting,  
72.3 ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing methamphetamine into the human body.

72.4 ~~(e)~~(f) "Methamphetamine waste products" means substances, chemicals, or items of  
72.5 any kind used in the manufacture of methamphetamine or any part of the manufacturing  
72.6 process, or the by-products or degradates of manufacturing methamphetamine.

72.7 ~~(f)~~(g) "Vulnerable adult" has the meaning given in section 609.232, subdivision 11.

72.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
72.9 committed on or after that date.

72.10 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 152.137, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

72.11 Subd. 2. **Prohibited conduct.** (a) No person may knowingly engage in any of the  
72.12 following activities in the presence of a child or vulnerable adult; in the residence of a child  
72.13 or a vulnerable adult; in a building, structure, conveyance, or outdoor location where a child  
72.14 or vulnerable adult might reasonably be expected to be present; in a room offered to the  
72.15 public for overnight accommodation; or in any multiple unit residential building:

72.16 (1) manufacturing or attempting to manufacture methamphetamine;

72.17 (2) storing any chemical substance;

72.18 (3) storing any methamphetamine waste products; or

72.19 (4) storing any methamphetamine paraphernalia.

72.20 (b) No person may knowingly cause or permit a child or vulnerable adult to inhale, be  
72.21 exposed to, have contact with, or ingest methamphetamine, a chemical substance, or  
72.22 methamphetamine paraphernalia.

72.23 (c) No person may knowingly cause or permit a child to inhale, be exposed to, have  
72.24 contact with, or ingest fentanyl.

72.25 (d) Paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply to manufacturers, practitioners, pharmacists,  
72.26 owners of pharmacies, nurses, and other persons when the manufacturer, practitioner,  
72.27 pharmacist, owner of a pharmacy, nurse, or other person is acting in a professional capacity.

72.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
72.29 committed on or after that date.

73.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.2231, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

73.2 Subd. 2. **Firefighters and emergency medical personnel.** (a) Except as provided in  
73.3 paragraph (b), whoever physically assaults any of the following persons and inflicts  
73.4 demonstrable bodily harm is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for  
73.5 not more than two years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$4,000, or both gross  
73.6 misdemeanor:

73.7 (1) either:

73.8 (i) a member of a municipal or volunteer fire department in the performance of the  
73.9 member's duties; or

73.10 (ii) a member of an emergency medical services personnel unit in the performance of  
73.11 the member's duties; or

73.12 (2) a physician, nurse, or other person providing health care services in a hospital  
73.13 emergency department.

73.14 (b) Whoever physically assaults a person described in paragraph (a), is guilty of a felony  
73.15 and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of a  
73.16 fine of not more than \$6,000, or both, if the assault inflicts demonstrable bodily harm.

73.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
73.18 committed on or after that date.

73.19 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.2232, is amended to read:

73.20 **609.2232 CONSECUTIVE SENTENCES FOR ASSAULTS COMMITTED BY**  
73.21 **~~STATE PRISON~~ INMATES.**

73.22 (a) If an inmate of a state correctional facility is convicted of violating section 609.221,  
73.23 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, or 609.224, while confined in the facility, the sentence imposed  
73.24 for the assault shall be executed and run consecutively to any unexpired portion of the  
73.25 offender's earlier sentence. The inmate is not entitled to credit against the sentence imposed  
73.26 for the assault for time served in confinement for the earlier sentence. The inmate shall  
73.27 serve the sentence for the assault in a state correctional facility even if the assault conviction  
73.28 was for a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor.

73.29 (b) If an inmate of a county jail, county regional jail, county work farm, county  
73.30 workhouse, or other local correctional facility is convicted of violating section 609.221,  
73.31 609.222, 609.223, or 609.2231 while confined in the facility and the victim is a county

74.1 sheriff or sheriff's deputy, the court must not stay adjudication or imposition of the sentence  
74.2 and the inmate must be sentenced as follows:

74.3 (1) if the inmate was serving an executed sentence at the time of the assault, the sentence  
74.4 imposed for the assault shall be executed and run consecutively to that sentence;

74.5 (2) if the court imposes an executed sentence for any crime or offense for which the  
74.6 person was in custody when the person committed the assault, the sentence imposed for the  
74.7 assault shall be executed and run consecutively to that sentence; and

74.8 (3) if the inmate was serving a probationary sentence or the court imposes a stayed  
74.9 sentence for any crime or offense for which the person was in custody when the person  
74.10 committed the assault, the sentence imposed for the assault shall be executed.

74.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
74.12 committed on or after that date.

74.13 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.322, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

74.14 Subdivision 1. **Solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking**  
74.15 **in the first degree.** (a) Whoever, while acting other than as a prostitute or patron,  
74.16 intentionally does any of the following may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more  
74.17 than 25 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both:

74.18 (1) solicits or induces an individual under the age of 18 years to practice prostitution;

74.19 (2) promotes the prostitution of an individual under the age of 18 years;

74.20 (3) receives profit, knowing or having reason to know that it is derived from the  
74.21 prostitution, or the promotion of the prostitution, of an individual under the age of 18 years;  
74.22 or

74.23 (4) engages in the sex trafficking of an individual under the age of 18 years.

74.24 (b) Whoever violates paragraph (a) or subdivision 1a may be sentenced to imprisonment  
74.25 for not more than 30 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$60,000, or both, if one  
74.26 or more of the following aggravating factors are present:

74.27 (1) the offender has committed a prior qualified human trafficking-related offense;

74.28 (2) the offense involved a sex trafficking victim who suffered bodily harm during the  
74.29 commission of the offense;

74.30 (3) the time period that a sex trafficking victim was held in debt bondage or forced or  
74.31 coerced labor or services exceeded 180 days; or

75.1 (4) the offense involved more than one sex trafficking victim.

75.2 (c) Unless a longer mandatory minimum sentence is otherwise required by law or the  
75.3 Sentencing Guidelines provide for a longer presumptive executed sentence, the court shall  
75.4 presume that: (1) an executed sentence of between 77 and 108 months must be imposed on  
75.5 an offender convicted of violating (i) this subdivision under the conditions described in  
75.6 paragraph (a), or (ii) subdivision 1a under the conditions described in paragraph (b); and  
75.7 (2) an executed sentence of between 123 and 172 months must be imposed on an offender  
75.8 convicted of violating this subdivision under the conditions described in paragraph (b).  
75.9 Sentencing a person in a manner other than that described in this paragraph is a departure  
75.10 from the Sentencing Guidelines.

75.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
75.12 committed on or after that date.

75.13 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.593, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

75.14 Subdivision 1. **Crime.** Whoever intentionally and without consent from one authorized  
75.15 to give consent causes any damage to or takes, removes, severs, or breaks:

75.16 (1) any line erected or maintained for the purpose of transmitting electricity for light,  
75.17 heat, or power, or any insulator or cross-arm, appurtenance or apparatus connected to the  
75.18 line, or any wire, cable, or current of the line; or any component used in the generation,  
75.19 transmission, or distribution of electricity, including equipment used for grounding, system  
75.20 protection, or personnel protection;

75.21 (2) any equipment or fixture and any line or wire that is within or carries electricity to  
75.22 the equipment or fixture if the equipment or fixture is established or maintained for the use  
75.23 or benefit of the general public, such as street lights, street lighting systems, and special  
75.24 lighting systems; electric vehicle charging stations; electronic traffic-control signals and  
75.25 camera systems; and electronic warning or notice signs;

75.26 ~~(2)~~ (3) any pipe or main or hazardous liquid pipeline erected, operated, or maintained  
75.27 for the purpose of transporting, conveying, or distributing gas or other hazardous liquids  
75.28 for light, heat, power, or any other purpose, or any part of the pipe, main, or pipeline, or  
75.29 any valve, meter, holder, compressor, machinery, appurtenance, equipment, or apparatus  
75.30 connected with any main or pipeline; or

75.31 ~~(3)~~ (4) any machinery, equipment, or fixtures used in receiving, initiating, amplifying,  
75.32 processing, transmitting, retransmitting, recording, switching, or monitoring  
75.33 telecommunications services, such as computers, transformers, amplifiers, routers, repeaters,

76.1 multiplexers, and other items performing comparable functions; and machinery, equipment,  
76.2 and fixtures used in the transportation of telecommunications services, broadband services,  
76.3 cable services, radio transmitters and receivers, satellite equipment, microwave equipment,  
76.4 and other transporting media including wire, cable, fiber, poles, and conduit;

76.5 is guilty of a crime and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 2.

76.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
76.7 committed on or after that date.

76.8 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.78, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

76.9 Subd. 2c. **Felony offense; reporting fictitious emergency resulting in response to**  
76.10 **the home of certain officials.** Whoever violates subdivision 2, clause (2), is guilty of a  
76.11 felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of  
76.12 a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both, if the person places the call with the intent of  
76.13 prompting an emergency response to the home of:

76.14 (1) an elected official;

76.15 (2) a judge as defined in section 609.221, subdivision 6, clause (5);

76.16 (3) a prosecuting attorney as defined in section 609.221, subdivision 6, clause (4);

76.17 (4) ~~an employee of a correctional facility as defined in section 241.021, subdivision 1;~~  
76.18 a correctional employee of the state or a local political subdivision; or

76.19 (5) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

76.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
76.21 committed on or after that date.

76.22 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.246, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

76.23 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the ~~purpose~~ purposes of this section, the terms defined  
76.24 in this subdivision have the meanings given ~~them~~.

76.25 (b) "Minor" means any person under the age of 18.

76.26 (c) "Promote" means to produce, direct, publish, manufacture, issue, or advertise.

76.27 (d) "Sexual performance" means any play, dance or other exhibition presented before  
76.28 an audience or for purposes of visual or mechanical reproduction that uses a minor to depict  
76.29 actual or simulated sexual conduct as defined by ~~clause~~ paragraph (e).

76.30 (e) "Sexual conduct" means any of the following:

77.1 (1) an act of sexual intercourse, normal or perverted, including genital-genital,  
77.2 anal-genital, or oral-genital intercourse, whether between human beings or between a human  
77.3 being and an animal;

77.4 (2) sadomasochistic abuse, meaning flagellation, torture, or similar demeaning acts  
77.5 inflicted by or upon a person who is nude or clad in undergarments or in a revealing costume,  
77.6 or the condition of being fettered, bound or otherwise physically restrained on the part of  
77.7 one so clothed;

77.8 (3) masturbation;

77.9 (4) lewd exhibitions of the genitals; or

77.10 (5) physical contact with the clothed or unclothed pubic areas or buttocks of a human  
77.11 male or female, or the breasts of the female, whether alone or between members of the same  
77.12 or opposite sex or between humans and animals in an act of apparent sexual stimulation or  
77.13 gratification.

77.14 (f) ~~"Pornographic work"~~ Child sexual abuse material means:

77.15 (1) an original or reproduction of a picture, film, photograph, negative, slide, videotape,  
77.16 videodisc, or drawing of a sexual performance involving a minor; or

77.17 (2) any visual depiction, including any photograph, film, video, picture, drawing, negative,  
77.18 slide, or computer-generated image or picture, whether made or produced by electronic,  
77.19 mechanical, or other means that:

77.20 (i) uses a minor to depict actual or simulated sexual conduct;

77.21 (ii) has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an identifiable minor is engaging  
77.22 in sexual conduct; ~~or~~

77.23 (iii) is advertised, promoted, presented, described, or distributed in such a manner that  
77.24 conveys the impression that the material is or contains a visual depiction of a minor engaging  
77.25 in sexual conduct; or

77.26 (iv) depicts an individual indistinguishable from an actual minor created by the use of  
77.27 generative artificial intelligence or other computer technology capable of processing and  
77.28 interpreting specific data inputs, commonly referred to as prompts, to create a visual depiction  
77.29 of the individual engaging in sexual conduct and is obscene.

77.30 For the purposes of this paragraph, an identifiable minor is a person who was a minor  
77.31 at the time the depiction was created or altered, whose image is used to create the visual  
77.32 depiction.

78.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
78.2 committed on or after that date.

78.3 Sec. 13. **[617.2471] IMMUNITY.**

78.4 No civil or criminal liability for a violation of section 617.246 or 617.247 that involves  
78.5 child sexual abuse materials as defined solely in section 617.246, subdivision 1, paragraph  
78.6 (f), clause (2), item (iv), may be imposed on an interactive computer service, as defined in  
78.7 United States Code, title 47, section 230, or a provider of an information service or  
78.8 telecommunications service, as defined in United States Code, title 47, section 153, or an  
78.9 employee of the service or provider acting in the course and scope of employment:

78.10 (1) for actions taken to prevent, detect, protect against, report, or respond to the  
78.11 production, generation, incorporation, or synthesization of the work; or

78.12 (2) for content provided by another person.

78.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to acts  
78.14 committed on or after that date.

78.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 628.26, is amended to read:

78.16 **628.26 LIMITATIONS.**

78.17 (a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be  
78.18 found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

78.19 (b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made  
78.20 at any time after the commission of the offense.

78.21 (c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at  
78.22 any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the  
78.23 time of the offense.

78.24 (d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18  
78.25 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2),  
78.26 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission  
78.27 of the offense.

78.28 (e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.322, 609.342 to 609.345, and  
78.29 609.3458 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

78.30 (f) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.561 shall be found or made  
78.31 and filed in the proper court within ten years after the commission of the offense.

79.1 ~~(f)~~ (g) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision  
 79.2 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court  
 79.3 within six years after the commission of the offense.

79.4 ~~(g)~~ (h) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.2335, 609.52, subdivision  
 79.5 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where  
 79.6 the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$35,000, or for violation of section  
 79.7 609.527 where the offense involves eight or more direct victims or the total combined loss  
 79.8 to the direct and indirect victims is more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in  
 79.9 the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

79.10 ~~(h)~~ (i) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or  
 79.11 omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or  
 79.12 made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

79.13 ~~(i)~~ (j) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections ~~609.561 to~~ 609.562 and 609.563,  
 79.14 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission  
 79.15 of the offense.

79.16 ~~(j)~~ (k) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.746 shall be found or made  
 79.17 and filed in the proper court within the later of three years after the commission of the  
 79.18 offense or three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

79.19 ~~(k)~~ (l) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in  
 79.20 the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

79.21 ~~(l)~~ (m) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time  
 79.22 during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

79.23 ~~(m)~~ (n) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include  
 79.24 any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a  
 79.25 pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

79.26 ~~(n)~~ (o) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of  
 79.27 time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis,  
 79.28 as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or  
 79.29 law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain  
 79.30 an unfair advantage.

79.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes  
 79.32 committed on or after that date and to crimes committed before that date if the limitations  
 79.33 period for the crime did not expire before August 1, 2025.

80.1 Sec. 15. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 4, section 24, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws  
80.2 2024, chapter 123, article 4, section 20, is amended to read:

80.3 Subd. 7. **Determination; order; resentencing.** (a) A petitioner who was convicted of  
80.4 a violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause (3), is entitled to  
80.5 relief if the petitioner shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner:

80.6 (1) did not cause the death of a human being; and

80.7 (2) did not intentionally aid, advise, hire, counsel, or conspire with or otherwise procure  
80.8 another with the intent to cause the death of a human being.

80.9 (b) A petitioner who was convicted of a violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 609.19,  
80.10 subdivision 2, clause (1), is entitled to relief if the petitioner shows by a preponderance of  
80.11 the evidence that the petitioner:

80.12 (1) did not cause the death of a human being; and

80.13 (2) was not a major participant in the underlying felony or did not act with extreme  
80.14 indifference to human life.

80.15 (c) If the court determines that the petitioner does not qualify for relief, the court shall  
80.16 issue an order denying the petition.

80.17 (d) If the court determines that the petitioner is entitled to relief, the court shall issue an  
80.18 order vacating the conviction for a violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 609.185,  
80.19 paragraph (a), clause (3), or 609.19, subdivision 2, clause (1), and:

80.20 (1) resentence the petitioner for the most serious remaining offense for which the  
80.21 petitioner was convicted;

80.22 (2) enter a conviction and impose a sentence for any other predicate felony arising out  
80.23 of the course of conduct that served as the factual basis for the conviction vacated by the  
80.24 court; or

80.25 (3) enter a conviction and impose a sentence for any lesser included offense as described  
80.26 in Minnesota Statutes, section 631.14.

80.27 (e) If the court intends to enter a conviction and impose a sentence for a lesser included  
80.28 offense, the court must hold a hearing to determine the appropriate offense.

80.29 (f) If the court proceeds under paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2), the new sentence  
80.30 announced by the court under this section must be for the most serious predicate felony  
80.31 unless the most serious remaining offense for which the petitioner was convicted is that  
80.32 offense or a more serious offense.

81.1 (g) If, pursuant to paragraph (d), the court either resents a petitioner or imposes a  
81.2 sentence, the court shall also resentence the petitioner for any other offense if the sentence  
81.3 was announced by a district court of the same county, the sentence was either ordered to  
81.4 be served consecutively to the vacated conviction or the criminal history calculation for  
81.5 that sentence included the vacated sentence, and the changes made pursuant to paragraph  
81.6 (d) would have resulted in a different criminal history score being used at the time of  
81.7 sentencing.

81.8 (h) The court shall state in writing or on the record the reasons for its decision on the  
81.9 petition.

81.10 (i) If the court intends to resentence a petitioner or impose a sentence on a petitioner,  
81.11 the court must hold the hearing at a time that allows any victim an opportunity to submit a  
81.12 statement consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 611A.038. The prosecutor shall make  
81.13 a good faith and reasonable effort to notify any person determined to be a victim of the  
81.14 hearing and the right to submit or make a statement. A sentence imposed under this  
81.15 subdivision shall not increase the petitioner's total period of confinement or, if the petitioner  
81.16 was serving a stayed sentence, increase the period of supervision. The court may increase  
81.17 the period of confinement for a sentence that was ordered to be served consecutively to the  
81.18 vacated conviction based on a change in the appropriate criminal history score provided the  
81.19 court does not increase the petitioner's total period of confinement. A person resented  
81.20 under this paragraph is entitled to credit for time served in connection with the vacated  
81.21 offense.

81.22 (j) Relief granted under this section shall not be treated as an exoneration for purposes  
81.23 of the Incarceration and Exoneration Remedies Act.

81.24 (k) If a conviction is entered under this subdivision, the date of that conviction by  
81.25 operation of law is deemed to be the same as that of the original conviction for violating  
81.26 section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause (3), or 609.19, subdivision 2, clause (1).

81.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and  
81.28 applies retroactively from August 1, 2023.

81.29 Sec. 16. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

81.30 The revisor of statutes shall update headnote cross-references in Minnesota Statutes and  
81.31 Minnesota Rules to reflect the changes made in this article.

82.1 **ARTICLE 5**

82.2 **PUBLIC SAFETY POLICY**

82.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

82.4 Subd. 6. **Discoverability of not public data.** If a government entity opposes discovery  
82.5 of government data or release of data pursuant to court order on the grounds that the data  
82.6 are classified as not public, the party that seeks access to the data may bring before the  
82.7 appropriate presiding judicial officer, arbitrator, or administrative law judge an action to  
82.8 compel discovery or an action in the nature of an action to compel discovery.

82.9 The presiding officer shall first decide whether the data are discoverable or releasable  
82.10 pursuant to the rules of evidence and of criminal, civil, or administrative procedure  
82.11 appropriate to the action.

82.12 If the data are discoverable the presiding officer shall decide whether the benefit to the  
82.13 party seeking access to the data outweighs any harm to the confidentiality interests of the  
82.14 entity maintaining the data, or of any person who has provided the data or who is the subject  
82.15 of the data, or to the privacy interest of an individual identified in the data. In making the  
82.16 decision, the presiding officer shall consider whether notice to the subject of the data is  
82.17 warranted and, if warranted, what type of notice must be given. The presiding officer may  
82.18 fashion and issue any protective orders necessary to assure proper handling of the data by  
82.19 the parties. If the data are a ~~videotape~~ videotape recording of a child victim or alleged victim alleging,  
82.20 explaining, denying, or describing an act of physical or sexual abuse, the presiding officer  
82.21 shall consider the provisions of section 611A.90, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). If the data  
82.22 are data subject to the protections under chapter 5B or section 13.045, the presiding officer  
82.23 shall consider the provisions of section 5B.11.

82.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.821, is amended to read:

82.25 **13.821 ~~VIDEOTAPES~~ RECORDINGS OF CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS.**

82.26 (a) Notwithstanding section 13.04, subdivision 3, an individual subject of data may not  
82.27 obtain a copy of a ~~videotape~~ videotape recording in which a child victim or alleged victim is alleging,  
82.28 explaining, denying, or describing an act of physical or sexual abuse without a court order  
82.29 under section 13.03, subdivision 6, or 611A.90. The definitions of physical abuse and sexual  
82.30 abuse in section 260E.03, apply to this section, except that abuse is not limited to acts by a  
82.31 person responsible for the child's care or in a significant relationship with the child or  
82.32 position of authority.

83.1 (b) This section does not limit other rights of access to data by an individual under section  
83.2 13.04, subdivision 3, other than the right to obtain a copy of the ~~videotape~~ recording, nor  
83.3 prohibit rights of access pursuant to discovery in a court proceeding.

83.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 121A.038, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

83.5 Subd. 7. **Violence prevention.** (a) A school district or charter school conducting an  
83.6 active shooter drill must provide students in middle school and high school at least one  
83.7 hour, or one standard class period, of violence prevention training annually.

83.8 (b) The violence prevention training must be evidence-based and may be delivered  
83.9 in-person, virtually, or digitally. Training must, at a minimum, teach students the following:

83.10 (1) how to identify observable warning signs and signals of an individual who may be  
83.11 at risk of harming oneself or others;

83.12 (2) the importance of taking threats seriously and seeking help; and

83.13 (3) the steps to report dangerous, violent, threatening, harmful, or potentially harmful  
83.14 activity, including providing information about the Department of Public Safety's statewide  
83.15 anonymous threat reporting system and any local threat reporting systems.

83.16 (c) By July 1, 2024, the commissioner of public safety and the commissioner of education  
83.17 must jointly develop a list of evidence-based trainings that a school district or charter school  
83.18 may use to fulfill the requirements of this section, including no-cost programming, if any.  
83.19 The agencies must:

83.20 (1) post the list publicly on the Minnesota School Safety Center's website; and

83.21 (2) update the list every two years.

83.22 (d) A school district or charter school must ensure that students have the opportunity to  
83.23 contribute to their school's safety and violence prevention planning, aligned with the  
83.24 recommendations for multihazard planning for schools, including but not limited to:

83.25 (1) student opportunities for leadership related to prevention and safety;

83.26 (2) encouragement and support to students in establishing clubs and programs focused  
83.27 on safety; and

83.28 (3) providing students with the opportunity to seek help from adults and to learn about  
83.29 prevention connected to topics including bullying, sexual harassment, sexual assault, and  
83.30 suicide.

84.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 121A.06, is amended to read:

84.2 **121A.06 REPORTS OF DANGEROUS WEAPON INCIDENTS AND ACTIVE**  
84.3 **SHOOTER INCIDENTS IN SCHOOL ZONES.**

84.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

84.5 (1) "active shooter incident" means an event involving an armed individual or individuals  
84.6 on campus or an armed assailant in the immediate vicinity of the school;

84.7 (2) "active shooter threat" means a real or perceived threat that an active shooter incident  
84.8 will occur;

84.9 (~~1~~) (3) "dangerous weapon" has the meaning given it in section 609.02, subdivision 6;

84.10 (~~2~~) (4) "school" has the meaning given it in section 120A.22, subdivision 4; and

84.11 (~~3~~) (5) "school zone" has the meaning given it in section 152.01, subdivision 14a, clauses  
84.12 (1) and (3).

84.13 Subd. 2. **Dangerous weapons reports; content.** School districts must electronically  
84.14 report to the commissioner of education incidents involving the use or possession of a  
84.15 dangerous weapon in school zones. The ~~form~~ report must include the following information:

84.16 (1) a description of each incident, including a description of the dangerous weapon  
84.17 involved in the incident;

84.18 (2) where, at what time, and under what circumstances the incident occurred;

84.19 (3) information about the offender, other than the offender's name, including the offender's  
84.20 age; whether the offender was a student and, if so, where the offender attended school; and  
84.21 whether the offender was under school expulsion or suspension at the time of the incident;

84.22 (4) information about the victim other than the victim's name, if any, including the  
84.23 victim's age; whether the victim was a student and, if so, where the victim attended school;  
84.24 and if the victim was not a student, whether the victim was employed at the school;

84.25 (5) the cost of the incident to the school and to the victim; and

84.26 (6) the action taken by the school administration to respond to the incident.

84.27 The commissioner shall provide an electronic reporting format that allows school districts  
84.28 to provide aggregate data.

84.29 **Subd. 2a. Active shooter reports; content.** (a) A school district, charter school, or  
84.30 cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, that serves students must electronically

85.1 file an after-action review report for active shooter incidents and active shooter threats to  
85.2 the Minnesota Fusion Center. The report must include the following information:

85.3 (1) a description of each incident or threat;

85.4 (2) how the active shooter threat was communicated, including whether the threat was  
85.5 communicated through social media or email;

85.6 (3) information about the individual, other than the individual's name, including the  
85.7 individual's age; whether the individual was a student and, if so, where the individual  
85.8 attended school; and whether the individual was under school expulsion or suspension at  
85.9 the time of the incident;

85.10 (4) the immediate cost of the incident to the school, if any;

85.11 (5) the action taken by the school administration to respond to the incident or threat,  
85.12 including any referrals to law enforcement or mental health professionals; and

85.13 (6) the law enforcement agency or agencies with jurisdiction over the school, even if  
85.14 the incident did not result in a referral to law enforcement.

85.15 (b) Reports required under paragraph (a) must be submitted on a form provided by the  
85.16 Minnesota Fusion Center and in a manner consistent with the reporting school's safety plan.  
85.17 The Minnesota Fusion Center must consult with the Minnesota School Safety Center in  
85.18 creation of the reporting form.

85.19 Subd. 3. **Reports; filing requirements.** By July 31 of each year, each public school  
85.20 shall report incidents involving the use or possession of a dangerous weapon in school zones  
85.21 to the commissioner. The reports must be submitted using the electronic reporting system  
85.22 developed by the commissioner under subdivision 2. The commissioner shall compile the  
85.23 information it receives from the schools and report it annually to the commissioner of public  
85.24 safety and the legislature.

85.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.296, is amended to read:

85.26 **144.296 COPIES OF ~~VIDEOTAPES~~ RECORDINGS.**

85.27 A provider may not release a copy of a videotape recording of a child victim or alleged  
85.28 victim of physical or sexual abuse without a court order under section 13.03, subdivision  
85.29 6, or as provided in section 611A.90. This section does not limit the right of a patient to  
85.30 view or listen to the videotape recording.

86.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

86.2 Subdivision 1. **Correctional facilities; inspection; licensing.** (a) Except as provided  
86.3 in paragraph (b), the commissioner of corrections shall inspect and license all correctional  
86.4 facilities throughout the state, whether public or private, established and operated for the  
86.5 detention and confinement of persons confined or incarcerated therein according to law  
86.6 except to the extent that they are inspected or licensed by other state regulating agencies.  
86.7 The commissioner shall promulgate pursuant to chapter 14, rules establishing minimum  
86.8 standards for these facilities with respect to their management, operation, physical condition,  
86.9 and the security, safety, health, treatment, and discipline of persons confined or incarcerated  
86.10 therein. These minimum standards shall include but are not limited to specific guidance  
86.11 pertaining to:

86.12 (1) screening, appraisal, assessment, and treatment for persons confined or incarcerated  
86.13 in correctional facilities with mental illness or substance use disorders;

86.14 (2) a policy on the involuntary administration of medications, including a process for  
86.15 determining on intake whether a Jarvis Order is in place and ensuring it will be followed  
86.16 during the confinement or incarceration;

86.17 (3) suicide prevention plans and training;

86.18 (4) verification of medications in a timely manner;

86.19 (5) well-being checks;

86.20 (6) discharge planning, including providing prescribed medications to persons confined  
86.21 or incarcerated in correctional facilities upon release;

86.22 (7) a policy on referrals or transfers to medical or mental health care in a noncorrectional  
86.23 institution;

86.24 (8) use of segregation and mental health checks;

86.25 (9) critical incident debriefings;

86.26 (10) clinical management of substance use disorders and opioid overdose emergency  
86.27 procedures;

86.28 (11) a policy regarding identification of persons with special needs confined or  
86.29 incarcerated in correctional facilities;

86.30 (12) a policy regarding the use of telehealth;

86.31 (13) self-auditing of compliance with minimum standards;

87.1 (14) information sharing with medical personnel and when medical assessment must be  
87.2 facilitated;

87.3 (15) a code of conduct policy for facility staff and annual training;

87.4 (16) a policy on death review of all circumstances surrounding the death of an individual  
87.5 committed to the custody of the facility; and

87.6 (17) dissemination of a rights statement made available to persons confined or  
87.7 incarcerated in licensed correctional facilities.

87.8 No individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, or other private  
87.9 organization legally responsible for the operation of a correctional facility may operate the  
87.10 facility unless it possesses a current license from the commissioner of corrections. Private  
87.11 adult correctional facilities shall have the authority of section 624.714, subdivision 13, if  
87.12 the Department of Corrections licenses the facility with the authority and the facility meets  
87.13 requirements of section 243.52.

87.14 The commissioner shall review the correctional facilities described in this subdivision  
87.15 at least once every two years, except as otherwise provided, to determine compliance with  
87.16 the minimum standards established according to this subdivision or other Minnesota statute  
87.17 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement.

87.18 The commissioner shall grant a license to any facility found to conform to minimum  
87.19 standards or to any facility which, in the commissioner's judgment, is making satisfactory  
87.20 progress toward substantial conformity and the standards not being met do not impact the  
87.21 interests and well-being of the persons confined or incarcerated in the facility. A limited  
87.22 license under subdivision 1a may be issued for purposes of effectuating a facility closure.  
87.23 The commissioner may grant licensure up to two years. Unless otherwise specified by  
87.24 statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the  
87.25 expiration date stated on the license.

87.26 The commissioner shall have access to the buildings, grounds, books, records, staff, and  
87.27 to persons confined or incarcerated in these facilities. The commissioner may require the  
87.28 officers in charge of these facilities to furnish all information and statistics the commissioner  
87.29 deems necessary, at a time and place designated by the commissioner. Notwithstanding  
87.30 chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access to data, the officers in  
87.31 charge of these facilities must furnish all data available to the facility that the commissioner  
87.32 deems necessary to conduct a review of any emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.  
87.33 Failure to provide or grant access to relevant information or statistics necessary to fulfill  
87.34 inspection or emergency or unusual occurrence reviews, as requested by the commissioner,

88.1 may be grounds for the commissioner to take action against a correctional facility's license  
88.2 under subdivision 1a, 1b, or 1c.

88.3 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all deaths of  
88.4 individuals who died while committed to the custody of the facility, regardless of whether  
88.5 the death occurred at the facility or after removal from the facility for medical care stemming  
88.6 from an incident or need for medical care at the correctional facility, as soon as practicable,  
88.7 but no later than 24 hours of receiving knowledge of the death, including any demographic  
88.8 information as required by the commissioner.

88.9 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all other  
88.10 emergency or unusual occurrences as defined by rule, including uses of force by facility  
88.11 staff that result in substantial bodily harm or suicide attempts, to the commissioner of  
88.12 corrections within ten days from the occurrence, including any demographic information  
88.13 as required by the commissioner. The commissioner of corrections shall consult with the  
88.14 Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota Association of  
88.15 Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations of an adult  
88.16 correctional facility to define "use of force" that results in substantial bodily harm for  
88.17 reporting purposes.

88.18 The commissioner may require that any or all such information be provided through the  
88.19 Department of Corrections detention information system. The commissioner shall post each  
88.20 inspection report publicly and on the department's website within 30 days of completing  
88.21 the inspection. The education program offered in a correctional facility for the confinement  
88.22 or incarceration of juvenile offenders must be approved by the commissioner of education  
88.23 before the commissioner of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

88.24 (b) For juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner of human services, the  
88.25 commissioner may inspect and certify programs based on certification standards set forth  
88.26 in Minnesota Rules. For the purpose of this paragraph, "certification" has the meaning given  
88.27 it in section 245A.02.

88.28 (c) Any state agency which regulates, inspects, or licenses certain aspects of correctional  
88.29 facilities shall, insofar as is possible, ensure that the minimum standards it requires are  
88.30 substantially the same as those required by other state agencies which regulate, inspect, or  
88.31 license the same aspects of similar types of correctional facilities, although at different  
88.32 correctional facilities.

88.33 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the commissioner of corrections'  
88.34 authority to promulgate rules establishing standards of eligibility for counties to receive

89.1 funds under chapter 401, or to require counties to comply with operating standards the  
89.2 commissioner establishes as a condition precedent for counties to receive that funding.

89.3 (e) The department's inspection unit must report directly to a division head outside of  
89.4 the correctional institutions division.

89.5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
89.6 read:

89.7 Subd. 4f. Provision of medications in correctional facilities. (a) Correctional facilities  
89.8 licensed by the commissioner shall administer to confined and incarcerated persons the  
89.9 same medications prescribed to those individuals prior to their confinement or incarceration.

89.10 (b) Unless a confined or incarcerated person is subject to a Jarvis order that dictates  
89.11 otherwise, paragraph (a) does not apply when:

89.12 (1) a licensed health care professional determines, after consulting with the licensed  
89.13 health care professional who prescribed the medication, that the prescribed medication is  
89.14 not medically appropriate for the person based on the person's medical condition or status;

89.15 (2) a licensed health care professional determines a medication that is at least as effective  
89.16 as the current medication the person is prescribed is available to treat the condition and the  
89.17 licensed health care professional who prescribed the current medication approves the change  
89.18 in medications; or

89.19 (3) the person provides written notice to the licensed health care professional who is  
89.20 responsible for inmate health care at the correctional facility that the person no longer desires  
89.21 to take the medication.

89.22 (c) As used in this subdivision, "licensed health care professional" means a physician  
89.23 licensed under chapter 147, physician assistant licensed under chapter 147A, or advanced  
89.24 practice registered nurse as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 3.

89.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 246B.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

89.26 Subd. 2. **Ban on obscene material or ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse**  
89.27 **material.** The executive board shall prohibit persons civilly committed as sexual  
89.28 psychopathic personalities or sexually dangerous persons under chapter 253D from having  
89.29 or receiving material that is obscene as defined under section 617.241, subdivision 1, material  
89.30 that depicts sexual conduct as defined under section 617.241, subdivision 1, or ~~pornographic~~  
89.31 ~~work~~ child sexual abuse material as defined under section 617.246, subdivision 1, while

90.1 receiving services in any secure treatment facilities operated by the Minnesota Sex Offender  
90.2 Program or any other facilities operated by the executive board.

90.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.055, is amended to read:

90.4 **299C.055 LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON FUSION CENTER ACTIVITIES.**

90.5 (a) The superintendent must prepare an annual report for the public and the legislature  
90.6 on the Minnesota Fusion Center (MNFC) that includes general information about the MNFC;  
90.7 the types of activities it monitors; the scale of information it collects; the local, state, and  
90.8 federal agencies with which it shares information; and the quantifiable benefits it produces.  
90.9 None of the reporting requirements in this section supersede chapter 13 or any other state  
90.10 or federal law. The superintendent must report on activities for the preceding calendar year  
90.11 unless another time period is specified. The report must include the following information,  
90.12 to the extent allowed by other law:

90.13 (1) the MNFC's operating budget for the current biennium, number of staff, and staff  
90.14 duties;

90.15 (2) the number of publications generated and an overview of the type of information  
90.16 provided in the publications, including products such as law enforcement briefs, partner  
90.17 briefs, risk assessments, threat assessments, and operational reports;

90.18 (3) a summary of audit findings for the MNFC and what corrective actions were taken  
90.19 pursuant to audits;

90.20 (4) the number of data requests received by the MNFC and a general description of those  
90.21 requests;

90.22 (5) the types of surveillance and data analysis technologies utilized by the MNFC, such  
90.23 as artificial intelligence or social media analysis tools;

90.24 (6) a description of the commercial and governmental databases utilized by the MNFC  
90.25 to the extent permitted by law;

90.26 (7) the number of suspicious activity reports (SARs) received and processed by the  
90.27 MNFC;

90.28 (8) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that were converted into  
90.29 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension case files, that were referred to the Federal Bureau of  
90.30 Investigation, or that were referred to local law enforcement agencies;

90.31 (9) the number of SARs received and processed by the MNFC that involve an individual  
90.32 on the Terrorist Screening Center watchlist;

91.1 (10) the number of requests for information (RFIs) that the MNFC received from law  
91.2 enforcement agencies and the number of responses to federal requests for RFIs;

91.3 (11) the names of the federal agencies the MNFC received data from or shared data  
91.4 with;

91.5 (12) the names of the agencies that submitted SARs;

91.6 (13) a summary description of the MNFC's activities with the Joint Terrorism Task  
91.7 Force; ~~and~~

91.8 (14) the number of investigations aided by the MNFC's use of SARs and RFIs;

91.9 (15) the number of tips received through the Department of Public Safety's anonymous  
91.10 threat reporting system, including the See It, Say It, Send It application, and the number of  
91.11 those tips that the MNFC processed; and

91.12 (16) the number of active shooter incident reports received from school districts pursuant  
91.13 to section 121A.06, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b); a summary of the reports; and the number  
91.14 of reports that were converted into Bureau of Criminal Apprehension case files, that were  
91.15 referred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or that were referred to local law enforcement  
91.16 agencies.

91.17 (b) The report shall be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the  
91.18 committees of the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over data practices  
91.19 and public safety issues, and shall be posted on the MNFC website by February 15 each  
91.20 year beginning on February 15, 2024.

91.21 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.52, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

91.22 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in sections 299C.52 to 299C.565, the following  
91.23 terms have the meanings given them:

91.24 (a) "Child" means any person under the age of 18 years or any person certified or known  
91.25 to be mentally incompetent.

91.26 (b) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid from a human biological specimen.

91.27 (c) "Endangered" means that a law enforcement official has received sufficient evidence  
91.28 that the missing person is at risk of physical injury or death. The following circumstances  
91.29 indicate that a missing person is at risk of physical injury or death:

91.30 (1) the person is missing as a result of a confirmed abduction or under circumstances  
91.31 that indicate that the person's disappearance was not voluntary;

- 92.1 (2) the person is missing under known dangerous circumstances;
- 92.2 (3) the person is missing more than 30 days;
- 92.3 (4) the person is under the age of 21 and at least one other factor in this paragraph is
- 92.4 applicable;
- 92.5 (5) there is evidence the person is in need of medical attention or prescription medication
- 92.6 such that it will have a serious adverse effect on the person's health if the person does not
- 92.7 receive the needed care or medication;
- 92.8 (6) the person does not have a pattern of running away or disappearing;
- 92.9 (7) the person is mentally impaired;
- 92.10 (8) the person has been diagnosed with dementia, a traumatic brain injury, Alzheimer's
- 92.11 disease, or other cognitive impairments;
- 92.12 (9) the person has been diagnosed with autism;
- 92.13 (10) there is evidence that the person may have been abducted by a noncustodial parent;
- 92.14 ~~(9)~~ (11) the person has been the subject of past threats or acts of violence;
- 92.15 ~~(10)~~ (12) there is evidence the person is lost in the wilderness, backcountry, or outdoors
- 92.16 where survival is precarious and immediate and effective investigation and search and rescue
- 92.17 efforts are critical; or
- 92.18 ~~(11)~~ (13) any other factor that the law enforcement agency deems to indicate that the
- 92.19 person may be at risk of physical injury or death, including a determination by another law
- 92.20 enforcement agency that the person is missing and endangered.
- 92.21 (d) "Missing" means the status of a person after a law enforcement agency that has
- 92.22 received a report of a missing person has conducted a preliminary investigation and
- 92.23 determined that the person cannot be located.
- 92.24 (e) "NCIC" means National Crime Information Center.

92.25 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299F.47, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

92.26 Subd. 2. **Charter school inspections; fees.** The state fire marshal shall charge charter

92.27 schools ~~\$100~~ \$0.014 per square foot for each school building inspected. ~~This rate~~ These

92.28 rates shall include two follow-up inspections or on-site consultations. If additional follow-up

92.29 inspections or consultations are needed, the state fire marshal shall charge ~~\$50~~ \$0.005 per

92.30 square foot for each additional follow-up inspection to each applicable building in which a

92.31 follow-up inspection is needed.

93.1 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 388.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

93.2 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** (a) The county attorney, or any deputy or assistant county  
93.3 attorney whom the county attorney authorizes in writing, has the authority to subpoena and  
93.4 require the production of:

93.5 (1) any records of:

93.6 (i) telephone companies, cellular phone companies, paging companies, and subscribers  
93.7 of private computer networks including Internet service providers or computer bulletin  
93.8 board systems;

93.9 (ii) electric companies, gas companies, and water utilities;

93.10 (iii) chemical suppliers;

93.11 (iv) hotels and motels;

93.12 (v) pawn shops;

93.13 (vi) airlines, buses, taxis, and other entities engaged in the business of transporting  
93.14 people; and

93.15 (vii) freight companies, warehousing companies, self-service storage facilities, package  
93.16 delivery companies, and other entities engaged in the businesses of transport, storage, or  
93.17 delivery, ~~and~~;

93.18 (2) records of the existence of safe deposit box account numbers and customer savings  
93.19 and checking account numbers maintained by financial institutions and safe deposit  
93.20 companies;

93.21 (3) insurance records relating to the monetary payment or settlement of claims;

93.22 (4) the banking, credit card, and financial records of a subject of an identity theft  
93.23 investigation or a vulnerable adult, whether held in the name of the vulnerable adult or a  
93.24 third party, including but not limited to safe deposit, loan and account applications and  
93.25 agreements, signature cards, statements, checks, transfers, account authorizations, safe  
93.26 deposit access records and documentation of fraud, ~~and~~;

93.27 (5) wage and employment records of an applicant or recipient of public assistance who  
93.28 is the subject of a welfare fraud investigation relating to eligibility information for public  
93.29 assistance programs; and

93.30 (6) any of the following records of an employer or business entity who is the subject of  
93.31 or has information related to a wage theft investigation:

94.1 (i) accounting and financial records such as books, registers, payrolls, banking records,  
94.2 credit card records, securities records, and records of money transfers;

94.3 (ii) records required to be kept pursuant to section 177.30, paragraph (a); and

94.4 (iii) other records that in any way relate to wages or other income paid, hours worked,  
94.5 and other conditions of employment of any employee or of work performed by persons  
94.6 identified as independent contractors, and records of any payments to contractors, and  
94.7 records of workers' compensation insurance.

94.8 (b) Subpoenas may only be issued for records that are relevant to an ongoing legitimate  
94.9 law enforcement investigation. Administrative subpoenas may only be issued in wage theft,  
94.10 welfare fraud, and identity theft cases if there is probable cause to believe a crime has been  
94.11 committed.

94.12 (c) This ~~provision~~ subdivision applies only to the records of business entities and does  
94.13 not extend to private individuals or their dwellings.

94.14 (d) As used in this subdivision, "business entity" has the meaning given in section  
94.15 308B.005.

94.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025.

94.17 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 595.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

94.18 Subdivision 1. **Competency of witnesses.** Every person of sufficient understanding,  
94.19 including a party, may testify in any action or proceeding, civil or criminal, in court or  
94.20 before any person who has authority to receive evidence, except as provided in this  
94.21 subdivision:

94.22 (a) A husband cannot be examined for or against his wife without her consent, nor a  
94.23 wife for or against her husband without his consent, nor can either, during the marriage or  
94.24 afterwards, without the consent of the other, be examined as to any communication made  
94.25 by one to the other during the marriage. This exception does not apply to a civil action or  
94.26 proceeding by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime  
94.27 committed by one against the other or against a child of either or against a child under the  
94.28 care of either spouse, nor to a criminal action or proceeding in which one is charged with  
94.29 homicide or an attempt to commit homicide and the date of the marriage of the defendant  
94.30 is subsequent to the date of the offense, nor to an action or proceeding for nonsupport,  
94.31 neglect, dependency, or termination of parental rights.

95.1 (b) An attorney cannot, without the consent of the attorney's client, be examined as to  
95.2 any communication made by the client to the attorney or the attorney's advice given thereon  
95.3 in the course of professional duty; nor can any employee of the attorney be examined as to  
95.4 the communication or advice, without the client's consent.

95.5 (c) A member of the clergy or other minister of any religion shall not, without the consent  
95.6 of the party making the confession, be allowed to disclose a confession made to the member  
95.7 of the clergy or other minister in a professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined  
95.8 by the rules or practice of the religious body to which the member of the clergy or other  
95.9 minister belongs; nor shall a member of the clergy or other minister of any religion be  
95.10 examined as to any communication made to the member of the clergy or other minister by  
95.11 any person seeking religious or spiritual advice, aid, or comfort or advice given thereon in  
95.12 the course of the member of the clergy's or other minister's professional character, without  
95.13 the consent of the person.

95.14 (d) A licensed physician or surgeon, dentist, or chiropractor shall not, without the consent  
95.15 of the patient, be allowed to disclose any information or any opinion based thereon which  
95.16 the professional acquired in attending the patient in a professional capacity, and which was  
95.17 necessary to enable the professional to act in that capacity; after the decease of the patient,  
95.18 in an action to recover insurance benefits, where the insurance has been in existence two  
95.19 years or more, the beneficiaries shall be deemed to be the personal representatives of the  
95.20 deceased person for the purpose of waiving this privilege, and no oral or written waiver of  
95.21 the privilege shall have any binding force or effect except when made upon the trial or  
95.22 examination where the evidence is offered or received.

95.23 (e) A public officer shall not be allowed to disclose communications made to the officer  
95.24 in official confidence when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

95.25 (f) Persons of unsound mind and persons intoxicated at the time of their production for  
95.26 examination are not competent witnesses if they lack capacity to remember or to relate  
95.27 truthfully facts respecting which they are examined.

95.28 (g) A registered nurse, psychologist, consulting psychologist, or licensed social worker  
95.29 engaged in a psychological or social assessment or treatment of an individual at the  
95.30 individual's request shall not, without the consent of the professional's client, be allowed to  
95.31 disclose any information or opinion based thereon which the professional has acquired in  
95.32 attending the client in a professional capacity, and which was necessary to enable the  
95.33 professional to act in that capacity. Nothing in this clause exempts licensed social workers  
95.34 from compliance with the provisions of section 626.557 and chapter 260E.

96.1 (h) An interpreter for a person disabled in communication shall not, without the consent  
96.2 of the person, be allowed to disclose any communication if the communication would, if  
96.3 the interpreter were not present, be privileged. For purposes of this section, a "person disabled  
96.4 in communication" means a person who, because of a hearing, speech or other communication  
96.5 disorder, or because of the inability to speak or comprehend the English language, is unable  
96.6 to understand the proceedings in which the person is required to participate. The presence  
96.7 of an interpreter as an aid to communication does not destroy an otherwise existing privilege.

96.8 (i) Licensed chemical dependency counselors shall not disclose information or an opinion  
96.9 based on the information which they acquire from persons consulting them in their  
96.10 professional capacities, and which was necessary to enable them to act in that capacity,  
96.11 except that they may do so:

96.12 (1) when informed consent has been obtained in writing, except in those circumstances  
96.13 in which not to do so would violate the law or would result in clear and imminent danger  
96.14 to the client or others;

96.15 (2) when the communications reveal the contemplation or ongoing commission of a  
96.16 crime; or

96.17 (3) when the consulting person waives the privilege by bringing suit or filing charges  
96.18 against the licensed professional whom that person consulted.

96.19 (j) A parent or the parent's minor child may not be examined as to any communication  
96.20 made in confidence by the minor to the minor's parent. A communication is confidential if  
96.21 made out of the presence of persons not members of the child's immediate family living in  
96.22 the same household. This exception may be waived by express consent to disclosure by a  
96.23 parent entitled to claim the privilege or by the child who made the communication or by  
96.24 failure of the child or parent to object when the contents of a communication are demanded.  
96.25 This exception does not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one spouse against the other  
96.26 or by a parent or child against the other, nor to a proceeding to commit either the child or  
96.27 parent to whom the communication was made or to place the person or property or either  
96.28 under the control of another because of an alleged mental or physical condition, nor to a  
96.29 criminal action or proceeding in which the parent is charged with a crime committed against  
96.30 the person or property of the communicating child, the parent's spouse, or a child of either  
96.31 the parent or the parent's spouse, or in which a child is charged with a crime or act of  
96.32 delinquency committed against the person or property of a parent or a child of a parent, nor  
96.33 to an action or proceeding for termination of parental rights, nor any other action or

97.1 proceeding on a petition alleging child abuse, child neglect, abandonment or nonsupport  
97.2 by a parent.

97.3 (k) Sexual assault counselors may not be allowed to disclose any opinion or information  
97.4 received from or about the victim without the consent of the victim. However, a counselor  
97.5 may be compelled to identify or disclose information in investigations or proceedings related  
97.6 to neglect or termination of parental rights if the court determines good cause exists. In  
97.7 determining whether to compel disclosure, the court shall weigh the public interest and need  
97.8 for disclosure against the effect on the victim, the treatment relationship, and the treatment  
97.9 services if disclosure occurs. Nothing in this clause exempts sexual assault counselors from  
97.10 compliance with the provisions of section 626.557 and chapter 260E.

97.11 "Sexual assault counselor" for the purpose of this section means a person who has  
97.12 undergone at least 40 hours of crisis counseling training and works under the direction of  
97.13 a supervisor in a crisis center, whose primary purpose is to render advice, counseling, or  
97.14 assistance to victims of sexual assault.

97.15 (l) A domestic abuse advocate ~~may~~ shall not, without the consent of the victim, be  
97.16 ~~compelled~~ allowed to disclose any opinion or information received from or about the victim  
97.17 ~~without the consent of the victim unless ordered by the court~~ that the advocate acquired in  
97.18 attending to the victim in a professional capacity. In determining whether to compel  
97.19 ~~disclosure, the court shall weigh the public interest and need for disclosure against the effect~~  
97.20 ~~on the victim, the relationship between the victim and domestic abuse advocate, and the~~  
97.21 ~~services if disclosure occurs.~~ Nothing in this paragraph (1) exempts domestic abuse advocates  
97.22 from compliance with the provisions of section 626.557 and chapter 260E, or (2) modifies  
97.23 a prosecutor's obligation to disclose material and information to the defense when the  
97.24 information is in the possession or control of members of the prosecution staff and of any  
97.25 others who have participated in the investigation or evaluation of the case and who either  
97.26 regularly report, or with reference to the particular case have reported, to the prosecutor's  
97.27 office.

97.28 For the purposes of this section, "domestic abuse advocate" means an employee or  
97.29 supervised volunteer from a community-based ~~battered women's shelter and~~ domestic abuse  
97.30 program eligible to receive grants under section 611A.32; that provides information,  
97.31 advocacy, crisis intervention, emergency shelter, or support to victims of domestic abuse  
97.32 and who is not employed by or under the direct supervision of a law enforcement agency,  
97.33 a prosecutor's office, or by a city, county, or state agency.

98.1 (m) A person cannot be examined as to any communication or document, including  
98.2 work notes, made or used in the course of or because of mediation pursuant to an agreement  
98.3 to mediate or a collaborative law process pursuant to an agreement to participate in  
98.4 collaborative law. This does not apply to the parties in the dispute in an application to a  
98.5 court by a party to have a mediated settlement agreement or a stipulated agreement resulting  
98.6 from the collaborative law process set aside or reformed. A communication or document  
98.7 otherwise not privileged does not become privileged because of this paragraph. This  
98.8 paragraph is not intended to limit the privilege accorded to communication during mediation  
98.9 or collaborative law by the common law.

98.10 (n) A child under ten years of age is a competent witness unless the court finds that the  
98.11 child lacks the capacity to remember or to relate truthfully facts respecting which the child  
98.12 is examined. A child describing any act or event may use language appropriate for a child  
98.13 of that age.

98.14 (o) A communication assistant for a telecommunications relay system for persons who  
98.15 have communication disabilities shall not, without the consent of the person making the  
98.16 communication, be allowed to disclose communications made to the communication assistant  
98.17 for the purpose of relaying.

98.18 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.527, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

98.19 Subd. 3. **Penalties.** A person who violates subdivision 2 may be sentenced as follows:

98.20 (1) if the offense involves a single direct victim and the total, combined loss to the direct  
98.21 victim and any indirect victims is \$250 or less, the person may be sentenced as provided in  
98.22 section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (5);

98.23 (2) if the offense involves a single direct victim and the total, combined loss to the direct  
98.24 victim and any indirect victims is more than \$250 but not more than \$500, the person may  
98.25 be sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (4);

98.26 (3) if the offense involves two or three direct victims or the total, combined loss to the  
98.27 direct and indirect victims is more than \$500 but not more than \$2,500, the person may be  
98.28 sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (3);

98.29 (4) if the offense involves more than three but not more than seven direct victims, or if  
98.30 the total combined loss to the direct and indirect victims is more than \$2,500, the person  
98.31 may be sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (2);

99.1 (5) if the offense involves eight or more direct victims, or if the total, combined loss to  
99.2 the direct and indirect victims is more than \$35,000, the person may be sentenced as provided  
99.3 in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (1); and

99.4 (6) if the offense is related to possession or distribution of ~~pornographic work~~ child  
99.5 sexual abuse material in violation of section 617.246 or 617.247, the person may be sentenced  
99.6 as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (1).

99.7 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

99.8 Subd. 4. **Appeal by prosecuting attorney; attorney fees.** (a) When a prosecuting  
99.9 attorney appeals to the court of appeals, in any criminal case, from any pretrial order of the  
99.10 district court, reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred shall be allowed to the defendant  
99.11 on the appeal which shall be paid by the governmental unit responsible for the prosecution  
99.12 involved in accordance with paragraph (b).

99.13 (b) On or before January 15 of each year, the chief judge of the judicial district, after  
99.14 consultation with city and county attorneys, the chief public defender, and members of the  
99.15 private bar in the district, shall establish a reimbursement rate for attorney fees and costs  
99.16 associated with representation of a defendant on appeal. The compensation to be paid to an  
99.17 attorney for such service rendered to a defendant under this subdivision may not exceed  
99.18 \$10,000, exclusive of reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred, unless payment in  
99.19 excess of that limit is certified by the chief judge of the district as necessary to provide fair  
99.20 compensation for services of an unusual character or duration.

99.21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.90, is amended to read:

99.22 **611A.90 RELEASE OF ~~VIDEOTAPES~~ RECORDINGS OF CHILD ABUSE**  
99.23 **VICTIMS.**

99.24 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "physical abuse" and "sexual  
99.25 abuse" have the meanings given in section 260E.03, except that abuse is not limited to acts  
99.26 by a person responsible for the child's care or in a significant relationship with the child or  
99.27 position of authority.

99.28 Subd. 2. **Court order required.** (a) A custodian of a ~~videotape~~ recording of a child  
99.29 victim or alleged victim alleging, explaining, denying, or describing an act of physical or  
99.30 sexual abuse as part of an investigation or evaluation of the abuse may not release a copy  
99.31 of the ~~videotape~~ recording without a court order, notwithstanding that the subject has

100.1 consented to the release of the ~~videotape~~ recording or that the release is authorized under  
100.2 law.

100.3 (b) The court order may govern the purposes for which the ~~videotape~~ recording may be  
100.4 used, reproduction, release to other persons, retention and return of copies, and other  
100.5 requirements reasonably necessary for protection of the privacy and best interests of the  
100.6 child.

100.7 Subd. 3. **Petition.** An individual subject of data, as defined in section 13.02, or a patient,  
100.8 as defined in sections 144.291 to 144.298, who is seeking a copy of a ~~videotape~~ recording  
100.9 governed by this section may petition the district court in the county where the alleged abuse  
100.10 took place or where the custodian of the ~~videotape~~ recording resides for an order releasing  
100.11 a copy of the ~~videotape~~ recording under subdivision 2. Nothing in this section establishes  
100.12 a right to obtain access to a ~~videotape~~ recording by any other person nor limits a right of a  
100.13 person to obtain access if access is otherwise authorized by law or pursuant to discovery in  
100.14 a court proceeding.

100.15 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.246, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

100.16 Subd. 2. **Use of minor.** (a) It is unlawful for a person to promote, employ, use or permit  
100.17 a minor to engage in or assist others to engage minors in posing or modeling alone or with  
100.18 others in any sexual performance or ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material if the  
100.19 person knows or has reason to know that the conduct intended is a sexual performance or  
100.20 a ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material.

100.21 Any person who violates this paragraph is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
100.22 imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000,  
100.23 or both.

100.24 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
100.25 imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$40,000,  
100.26 or both, if:

100.27 (1) the person has a prior conviction or delinquency adjudication for violating this section  
100.28 or section 617.247;

100.29 (2) the violation occurs when the person is a registered predatory offender under section  
100.30 243.166; or

100.31 (3) the violation involved a minor under the age of 14 years.

101.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.246, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

101.2 Subd. 3. **Operation or ownership of business.** (a) A person who owns or operates a  
101.3 business in which a ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material, as defined in this section,  
101.4 is disseminated to an adult or a minor or is reproduced, and who knows the content and  
101.5 character of the ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material disseminated or reproduced,  
101.6 is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years, or  
101.7 to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both.

101.8 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
101.9 imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$40,000,  
101.10 or both, if:

101.11 (1) the person has a prior conviction or delinquency adjudication for violating this section  
101.12 or section 617.247;

101.13 (2) the violation occurs when the person is a registered predatory offender under section  
101.14 243.166; or

101.15 (3) the violation involved a minor under the age of 14 years.

101.16 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.246, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

101.17 Subd. 4. **Dissemination.** (a) A person who, knowing or with reason to know its content  
101.18 and character, disseminates for profit to an adult or a minor a ~~pornographic work~~ child  
101.19 sexual abuse material, as defined in this section, is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced  
101.20 to imprisonment for not more than ten years, or to payment of a fine of not more than  
101.21 \$20,000, or both.

101.22 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
101.23 imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$40,000,  
101.24 or both, if:

101.25 (1) the person has a prior conviction or delinquency adjudication for violating this section  
101.26 or section 617.247;

101.27 (2) the violation occurs when the person is a registered predatory offender under section  
101.28 243.166; or

101.29 (3) the violation involved a minor under the age of 14 years.

102.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.246, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

102.2 Subd. 6. **Affirmative defense.** It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge of violating  
102.3 this section that the sexual performance or ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material  
102.4 was produced using only persons who were 18 years or older.

102.5 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.247, is amended to read:

102.6 **617.247 POSSESSION OF ~~PORNOGRAPHIC WORK INVOLVING MINORS~~**  
102.7 **CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE MATERIAL.**

102.8 Subdivision 1. **Policy; purpose.** It is the policy of the legislature in enacting this section  
102.9 to protect minors from the physical and psychological damage caused by their being used  
102.10 in ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material depicting sexual conduct which involves  
102.11 minors. It is therefore the intent of the legislature to penalize possession of ~~pornographic~~  
102.12 ~~work~~ child sexual abuse material depicting sexual conduct which involve minors or appears  
102.13 to involve minors in order to protect the identity of minors who are victimized by involvement  
102.14 in the ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material, and to protect minors from future  
102.15 involvement in ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material depicting sexual conduct.

102.16 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings  
102.17 given ~~them~~:

102.18 (a) ~~"Pornographic work"~~ "Child sexual abuse material" has the meaning given ~~to it~~ in  
102.19 section 617.246.

102.20 (b) "Sexual conduct" has the meaning given ~~to it~~ in section 617.246.

102.21 Subd. 3. **Dissemination prohibited.** (a) A person who disseminates ~~pornographic work~~  
102.22 child sexual abuse material to an adult or a minor, knowing or with reason to know its  
102.23 content and character, is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not  
102.24 more than seven years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

102.25 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
102.26 imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000,  
102.27 or both, if:

102.28 (1) the person has a prior conviction or delinquency adjudication for violating this section  
102.29 or section 617.246;

102.30 (2) the violation occurs when the person is a registered predatory offender under section  
102.31 243.166; or

102.32 (3) the violation involved a minor under the age of 14 years.

103.1 Subd. 4. **Possession prohibited.** (a) A person who possesses a ~~pornographic work~~ child  
103.2 sexual abuse material or a computer disk or computer or other electronic, magnetic, or  
103.3 optical storage system or a storage system of any other type, containing a ~~pornographic~~  
103.4 ~~work~~ child sexual abuse material, knowing or with reason to know its content and character,  
103.5 is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or  
103.6 to payment of a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.

103.7 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to  
103.8 imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000,  
103.9 or both, if:

103.10 (1) the person has a prior conviction or delinquency adjudication for violating this section  
103.11 or section 617.246;

103.12 (2) the violation occurs when the person is a registered predatory offender under section  
103.13 243.166; or

103.14 (3) the violation involved a minor under the age of 14 years.

103.15 Subd. 5. **Exception.** This section does not apply to the performance of official duties  
103.16 by peace officers, court personnel, or attorneys, nor to licensed physicians, psychologists,  
103.17 or social workers or persons acting at the direction of a licensed physician, psychologist,  
103.18 or social worker in the course of a bona fide treatment or professional education program.

103.19 Subd. 6. **Consent.** Consent to sexual performance by a minor or the minor's parent,  
103.20 guardian, or custodian is not a defense to a charge of violation of this section.

103.21 Subd. 7. **Second offense.** If a person is convicted of a second or subsequent violation  
103.22 of this section within 15 years of the prior conviction, the court shall order a mental  
103.23 examination of the person. The examiner shall report to the court whether treatment of the  
103.24 person is necessary.

103.25 Subd. 8. **Affirmative defense.** It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge of violating  
103.26 this section that the ~~pornographic work~~ child sexual abuse material was produced using  
103.27 only persons who were 18 years or older.

103.28 Subd. 9. **Conditional release term.** Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence  
103.29 otherwise applicable to the offense or any provision of the sentencing guidelines, when a  
103.30 court commits a person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for violating this  
103.31 section, the court shall provide that after the person has been released from prison, the  
103.32 commissioner shall place the person on conditional release for five years. If the person has  
103.33 previously been convicted of a violation of this section, section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344,

104.1 609.345, 609.3451, 609.3453, or 617.246, or any similar statute of the United States, this  
104.2 state, or any state, the commissioner shall place the person on conditional release for 15  
104.3 years. The terms of conditional release are governed by section 609.3455, subdivision 8.

104.4 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 624.714, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

104.5 Subd. 7a. **Change of address or legal name; loss or destruction of permit.** (a) Within  
104.6 30 days after changing the permit holder's legal name or permanent address, or within 30  
104.7 days of having lost or destroyed the permit card, the permit holder must notify the issuing  
104.8 sheriff of the change, loss, or destruction. Failure to provide notification as required by this  
104.9 subdivision is a petty misdemeanor. The fine for a first offense must not exceed \$25.  
104.10 Notwithstanding section 609.531, a firearm carried in violation of this paragraph is not  
104.11 subject to forfeiture.

104.12 (b) After notice is given under paragraph (a), a permit holder may obtain a replacement  
104.13 permit card by paying \$10 to the sheriff. The request for a replacement permit card must  
104.14 be made on an official, standardized application adopted for this purpose under section  
104.15 624.7151, and, except in the case of a legal name or an address change, must include a  
104.16 notarized statement that the permit card has been lost or destroyed.

104.17 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 626.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

104.18 Subd. 3. **Authorized use.** A law enforcement agency may use a UAV:

104.19 (1) during or in the aftermath of an emergency situation that involves the risk of death  
104.20 or bodily harm to a person;

104.21 (2) to document evidence that is at imminent risk of destruction;

104.22 ~~(2)~~ (3) over a public event where there is a heightened risk to the safety of participants  
104.23 or bystanders;

104.24 ~~(3)~~ (4) to counter the risk of a terrorist attack by a specific individual or organization if  
104.25 the agency determines that credible intelligence indicates a risk;

104.26 ~~(4)~~ (5) to prevent the loss of life and property in natural or man-made disasters and to  
104.27 facilitate operational planning, rescue, and recovery operations in the aftermath of these  
104.28 disasters;

104.29 ~~(5)~~ (6) to conduct a threat assessment in anticipation of a specific event;

104.30 ~~(6)~~ (7) to collect information from a public area if there is reasonable suspicion of criminal  
104.31 activity;

105.1 ~~(7)~~ (8) to collect information for crash reconstruction purposes after a serious or deadly  
105.2 collision occurring on a public road;

105.3 ~~(8)~~ (9) over a private area with the written consent of the occupant or a public area, for  
105.4 officer training or public relations purposes; ~~and~~

105.5 ~~(9)~~ (10) for purposes unrelated to law enforcement at the request of a government entity  
105.6 provided that the government entity makes the request in writing to the law enforcement  
105.7 agency and specifies the reason for the request and proposed period of use; and

105.8 (11) to facilitate the active search for a missing person.

105.9 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 626A.35, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

105.10 Subd. 2b. **Exception; stolen motor vehicles.** (a) The prohibition under subdivision 1  
105.11 does not apply to the use of a mobile tracking device on a stolen motor vehicle when:

105.12 (1) the consent of the owner of the vehicle has been obtained; or

105.13 (2) the owner of the motor vehicle has reported to law enforcement that the vehicle is  
105.14 stolen, ~~and the vehicle is occupied when the tracking device is installed~~ and the stolen  
105.15 vehicle is not on private property.

105.16 (b) Within ~~24~~ 12 hours of a tracking device being attached to a vehicle pursuant to the  
105.17 authority granted in paragraph (a), clause (2), an officer employed by the agency that attached  
105.18 the tracking device to the vehicle must remove the device, disable the device, or obtain a  
105.19 search warrant granting approval to continue to use the device in the investigation.

105.20 (c) A peace officer employed by the agency that attached a tracking device to a stolen  
105.21 motor vehicle must remove the tracking device if the vehicle is recovered and returned to  
105.22 the owner.

105.23 (d) Any tracking device evidence collected after the motor vehicle is returned to the  
105.24 owner is inadmissible.

105.25 (e) When a peace officer attaches a tracking device to a stolen vehicle pursuant to  
105.26 paragraph (a), clause (2), the peace officer must prepare a report that includes the evidence  
105.27 relied upon to establish the vehicle was reported stolen, the date and time the device was  
105.28 attached to the vehicle, the method used to attach the device to the vehicle, the duration for  
105.29 which the tracking device was attached to the vehicle, and an explanation of how the device  
105.30 impacted the outcome of the investigation. Reports created under this paragraph must be  
105.31 retained as part of the criminal investigation file.

106.1 (f) By August 1, 2024, and each year thereafter, the chief law enforcement officer of an  
106.2 agency that obtains a search warrant under paragraph (b), must provide notice to the  
106.3 superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension of the number of search warrants  
106.4 the agency obtained under this subdivision in the preceding 12 months. The superintendent  
106.5 must provide a summary of the data received pursuant to this paragraph in the bureau's  
106.6 biennial report to the legislature required under section 299C.18.

106.7 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 626A.35, is amended by adding a subdivision  
106.8 to read:

106.9 Subd. 2c. **Exception; fleeing motor vehicles.** (a) The prohibition under subdivision 1  
106.10 does not apply to the use of a mobile tracking device on a fleeing motor vehicle.

106.11 (b) If a mobile tracking device is attached to a vehicle pursuant to the authority granted  
106.12 in paragraph (a) and the vehicle is not in the custody of law enforcement within 12 hours  
106.13 of the mobile tracking device being attached to the vehicle, an officer employed by the  
106.14 agency that attached the tracking device to the vehicle must remove the device, disable the  
106.15 device, or obtain a search warrant granting approval to continue to use the device in the  
106.16 investigation.

106.17 (c) A peace officer employed by the agency that attached a tracking device to a fleeing  
106.18 motor vehicle must remove the tracking device if the vehicle is recovered, determined to  
106.19 be stolen, and returned to the owner. Any tracking device evidence collected after the motor  
106.20 vehicle is returned to the owner is inadmissible.

106.21 (d) When a peace officer attaches a tracking device to a fleeing vehicle pursuant to  
106.22 paragraph (a), the peace officer must prepare a report that includes the evidence relied upon  
106.23 to establish the vehicle was fleeing, the date and time the device was attached to the vehicle,  
106.24 the method used to attach the device to the vehicle, the duration for which the tracking  
106.25 device was attached to the vehicle, and an explanation of how the device impacted the  
106.26 outcome of the investigation. Reports created under this paragraph must be retained as part  
106.27 of the criminal investigation file.

106.28 (e) By August 1, 2026, and each year thereafter, the chief law enforcement officer of an  
106.29 agency that obtains a search warrant under paragraph (b) must provide notice to the  
106.30 superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension of the number of search warrants  
106.31 the agency obtained under this subdivision in the preceding 12 months. The superintendent  
106.32 must provide a summary of the data received pursuant to this paragraph in the bureau's  
106.33 biennial report to the legislature required under section 299C.18.

107.1 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, "flee" has the meaning given in section 609.487,  
107.2 subdivision 1.

107.3 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 634.35, is amended to read:

107.4 **634.35 ~~VIDEOTAPES~~ RECORDINGS OF CHILD VICTIMS; CONDITIONS OF**  
107.5 **DISCLOSURE.**

107.6 (a) If a ~~videotaped~~ recorded interview of a child victim of physical or sexual abuse is  
107.7 disclosed by a prosecuting attorney to a defendant or the defendant's attorney, the following  
107.8 applies:

107.9 (1) no more than two copies of the ~~tape~~ recording or any portion of the ~~tape~~ recording  
107.10 may be made by the defendant or the defendant's attorney, investigator, expert, or any other  
107.11 representative or agent of the defendant;

107.12 (2) the ~~tapes~~ recordings may not be used for any purpose other than to prepare for the  
107.13 defense in the criminal action against the defendant;

107.14 (3) the ~~tapes~~ recordings may not be publicly exhibited, shown, displayed, used for  
107.15 educational, research, or demonstrative purposes, or used in any other fashion, except in  
107.16 judicial proceedings in the criminal action against the defendant;

107.17 (4) the ~~tapes~~ recordings may be viewed only by the defendant, the defendant's attorney,  
107.18 and the attorney's employees, investigators, and experts;

107.19 (5) no transcript of the ~~tapes~~ recordings, nor the substance of any portion of the ~~tapes~~  
107.20 recordings, may be divulged to any person not authorized to view or listen to the tapes  
107.21 recordings;

107.22 (6) no person may be granted access to the ~~tapes~~ recordings, any transcription of the  
107.23 ~~tapes~~ recordings, or the substance of any portion of the ~~tapes~~ recordings unless the person  
107.24 has first signed a written agreement that the person is aware of this statute and acknowledges  
107.25 that the person is subject to the court's contempt powers for any violation of it; and

107.26 (7) upon final disposition of the criminal case against the defendant, the ~~tapes~~ recordings  
107.27 and any transcripts of the ~~tapes~~ recordings must be returned to the prosecuting attorney.

107.28 (b) The court may hold a person who violates this section in contempt.

107.29 Sec. 27. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

107.30 The revisor of statutes shall update headnote cross-references in Minnesota Statutes and  
107.31 Minnesota Rules to reflect the changes made in this article.

108.1 Sec. 28. **REPEALER.**

108.2 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 325F.02; 325F.03; 325F.04; 325F.05; 325F.06; and  
108.3 325F.07, are repealed.

108.4 **ARTICLE 6**

108.5 **CRIME VICTIMS PROVISIONS**

108.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.101, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

108.7 Subd. 2. **Minimum fines.** Notwithstanding any other law, when a court sentences a  
108.8 person convicted of violating section 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, 609.224,  
108.9 609.2242, 609.267, 609.2671, 609.2672, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, it must  
108.10 impose a fine of not less than 30 percent of the maximum fine authorized by law nor more  
108.11 than the maximum fine authorized by law.

108.12 The court shall collect the portion of the fine mandated by this subdivision and forward  
108.13 70 percent of it to a local victim assistance program that provides services locally in the  
108.14 county in which the crime was committed. The court shall forward the remaining 30 percent  
108.15 to the commissioner of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. If more  
108.16 than one victim assistance program serves the county in which the crime was committed,  
108.17 the court may designate on a case-by-case basis which program will receive the fine proceeds,  
108.18 giving consideration to the nature of the crime committed, the types of victims served by  
108.19 the program, and the funding needs of the program. If no victim assistance program serves  
108.20 that county, the court shall forward 100 percent of the fine proceeds to the commissioner  
108.21 of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. Fine proceeds received by a  
108.22 local victim assistance program must be used to provide direct services to crime victims.

108.23 The minimum fine required by this subdivision is in addition to the surcharge or  
108.24 assessment required by section 357.021, subdivision 6, and is in addition to any sentence  
108.25 of imprisonment or restitution imposed or ordered by the court.

108.26 As used in this subdivision, "victim assistance program" means victim witness programs  
108.27 within county attorney offices or any of the following programs: crime victim crisis centers,  
108.28 victim-witness programs, ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victim shelters and nonshelter  
108.29 programs, ~~and~~ sexual assault programs, and children's advocacy centers as defined in section  
108.30 260E.02, subdivision 5.

109.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.02, is amended to read:

109.2 **611A.02 NOTIFICATION OF VICTIM SERVICES AND VICTIMS' RIGHTS.**

109.3 Subd. 2. **Victims' rights.** (a) The Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public  
109.4 Safety shall update the ~~two~~ model notices of the rights of crime victims required to be  
109.5 distributed under this section and section 629.341.

109.6 (b) The initial notice of the rights of crime victims must be distributed by a peace officer  
109.7 to each victim, as defined in section 611A.01, at the time of initial contact with the victim  
109.8 at the scene or when the victim makes a report. The notice, which may be distributed as a  
109.9 document or electronically, must inform a victim of:

109.10 (1) the victim's right to apply ~~for reparations~~ to the Minnesota Crime Victims  
109.11 Reimbursement Program to cover losses, not including property losses, resulting from a  
109.12 violent crime ~~and the telephone number to call to request an application~~ and information  
109.13 on how to apply;

109.14 (2) the victim's right to request that the law enforcement agency withhold public access  
109.15 to data revealing the victim's identity under section 13.82, subdivision 17, paragraph (d);

109.16 (3) the additional rights of domestic abuse victims as described in section 629.341;

109.17 (4) information on statewide crime victim help lines, the state address confidentiality  
109.18 program, and the nearest crime victim assistance program or resource; and

109.19 (5) ~~the victim's rights, if an offender is charged, to be informed of and participate in the~~  
109.20 ~~prosecution process, including the right to request restitution; and~~ right to be notified if an  
109.21 offender is charged, to participate in the prosecution process, and to request restitution upon  
109.22 conviction.

109.23 ~~(6)~~ (c) A supplemental notice must be distributed by law enforcement agencies in  
109.24 homicide cases, and must include resources and information specific to homicide victims  
109.25 and information on rights and procedures available under sections 524.2-803, 524.3-614,  
109.26 and 524.3-615.

109.27 ~~(e)~~ (d) A supplemental notice of the rights of crime victims must be distributed by the  
109.28 city or county attorney's office to each victim; within a reasonable time after the offender  
109.29 is charged or petitioned. This notice must inform a victim of all the rights of crime victims  
109.30 under this chapter.

109.31 Subd. 3. **Notice of rights of victims in juvenile court.** ~~(a) The Office of Justice Programs~~  
109.32 ~~in the Department of Public Safety shall update the notice of the rights of victims in juvenile~~

110.1 ~~court that explains~~ A supplemental notice shall be distributed by the prosecutor's office to  
110.2 each victim of an offense committed by a juvenile within a reasonable time after the petition  
110.3 is filed. This notice must notify the victim of:

110.4 (1) the rights of victims in the juvenile court;

110.5 (2) when a juvenile matter is public;

110.6 (3) the procedures to be followed in juvenile court proceedings; ~~and~~

110.7 (4) the right to attend certain juvenile court proceedings;

110.8 (5) the information related to the juvenile case that is available to victims; and

110.9 ~~(4)~~ (6) other relevant matters.

110.10 ~~(b) The juvenile court shall distribute a copy of the notice to each victim of juvenile~~  
110.11 ~~crime who attends a juvenile court proceeding, along with a notice of services for victims~~  
110.12 ~~available in that judicial district.~~

110.13 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.0315, is amended to read:

110.14 **611A.0315 VICTIM NOTIFICATION; DOMESTIC ASSAULT; CRIMINAL**  
110.15 **SEXUAL CONDUCT; HARASSMENT; STALKING.**

110.16 Subdivision 1. **Notice of decision not to prosecute.** (a) A prosecutor shall make every  
110.17 reasonable effort to notify a victim of domestic assault;<sup>2</sup> a criminal sexual conduct offense;  
110.18 ~~or~~ harassment or stalking; or a violation of an order for protection, domestic abuse no  
110.19 contact order, or harassment restraining order that the prosecutor has decided to decline  
110.20 prosecution of the case or to dismiss the criminal charges filed against the defendant. Efforts  
110.21 to notify the victim should include, in order of priority: (1) contacting the victim or a person  
110.22 designated by the victim by telephone; and (2) contacting the victim by email or mail. If a  
110.23 suspect is still in custody, ~~the~~ a telephone or email notification attempt shall be made before  
110.24 the suspect is released from custody.

110.25 (b) Whenever a prosecutor dismisses criminal charges against a person accused of  
110.26 domestic assault, a criminal sexual conduct offense, ~~or~~ harassment or stalking, a violation  
110.27 of an order for protection, or a violation of a harassment restraining order, a record shall be  
110.28 made of the specific reasons for the dismissal. If the dismissal is due to the unavailability  
110.29 of the witness, the prosecutor shall indicate the specific reason that the witness is unavailable.

110.30 (c) Whenever a prosecutor notifies a victim of domestic assault, criminal sexual conduct,  
110.31 or harassment or stalking under this section, the prosecutor shall also inform the victim of  
110.32 the method and benefits of seeking an order for protection under section 518B.01 or a

111.1 restraining order under section 609.748 and that the victim may seek an order without paying  
111.2 a fee.

111.3 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the  
111.4 meanings given ~~them~~.

111.5 (a) "Assault" has the meaning given it in section 609.02, subdivision 10.

111.6 (b) "Domestic assault" means an assault committed by the actor against a family or  
111.7 household member.

111.8 (c) "Family or household member" has the meaning given it in section 518B.01,  
111.9 subdivision 2.

111.10 (d) "Harassment" or "stalking" means a violation of section 609.749.

111.11 (e) "Criminal sexual conduct offense" means a violation of sections 609.342 to 609.3453.

111.12 (f) "Violation of an order for protection" has the meaning given in section 518B.01,  
111.13 subdivision 14.

111.14 (g) "Violation of a harassment restraining order" has the meaning given in section  
111.15 609.748, subdivision 6.

111.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
111.17 read:

111.18 Subd. 3b. Notice of submission of apology letter. (a) The commissioner of corrections  
111.19 or other custodial authority shall make a good faith effort to notify the victim that the offender  
111.20 has submitted a letter of apology. Notices shall only be provided to victims who have  
111.21 submitted a written request for notification to the head of the county correctional facility  
111.22 in which the offender is confined, or if committed to the Department of Corrections,  
111.23 submitted a written request for the notice to the commissioner of corrections or an electronic  
111.24 request through the Department of Corrections electronic victim notification system. The  
111.25 good faith effort to notify the victim must occur within 90 days of the filing of the apology  
111.26 letter.

111.27 (b) Upon request, the commissioner of corrections or other custodial authority shall  
111.28 notify the Board of Pardons, the Clemency Review Commission, or a court that the offender  
111.29 submitted a letter of apology.

111.30 (c) The content of a letter of apology submitted by an offender is private data on  
111.31 individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data, as defined in

112.1 section 13.02, subdivision 9, except that the letter may be provided to the intended recipient  
112.2 upon request.

112.3 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

112.4 Subd. 3. **Notice of rights.** The peace officer shall ~~tell~~ orally notify the victim ~~whether~~  
112.5 a ~~about~~ shelter or other services ~~are~~ available in the community and give the victim immediate  
112.6 written notice of the legal ~~rights and remedies~~ and resources available. The written notice  
112.7 must include ~~furnishing the victim a copy of~~ the following statement:

112.8 ~~"IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you can ask the city or~~  
112.9 ~~county attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file~~  
112.10 ~~a petition requesting an order for protection from domestic abuse. The order could include~~  
112.11 ~~the following:~~

112.12 ~~(1) an order restraining the abuser from further acts of abuse;~~

112.13 ~~(2) an order directing the abuser to leave your household;~~

112.14 ~~(3) an order preventing the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or~~  
112.15 ~~place of employment;~~

112.16 ~~(4) an order awarding you or the other parent custody of or parenting time with your~~  
112.17 ~~minor child or children; or~~

112.18 ~~(5) an order directing the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the~~  
112.19 ~~abuser has a legal obligation to do so."~~

112.20 "IF YOU ARE A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you can file a petition with  
112.21 the court for an order for protection and ask that the person responsible for the domestic  
112.22 violence:

112.23 (1) Be restrained from further acts of abuse;

112.24 (2) Leave your household;

112.25 (3) Stay away from your residence, school, business, or place of employment; and

112.26 (4) Pay temporary support to you and for the minor child if the person is legally obligated  
112.27 to do so.

112.28 In your petition, you can request a custody and parenting time order for a child in common  
112.29 with the person."

112.30 The notice must include the ~~resource listing, including telephone number, for the area~~  
112.31 ~~program that provides~~ statewide domestic abuse help line and contact information for area

113.1 organizations providing services to victims of domestic abuse as shelter, designated by the  
113.2 Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety.

113.3 Sec. 6. **USE OF EXISTING SUPPLY.**

113.4 A law enforcement agency, city attorney's office, or county attorney's office may exhaust  
113.5 existing notices before producing materials with the modifications required under Minnesota  
113.6 Statutes, sections 611A.02, subdivision 2, and 629.341, subdivision 3.

113.7 **ARTICLE 7**

113.8 **CORRECTIONAL PROVISIONS**

113.9 Section 1. **[241.76] OPIATE ANTAGONISTS.**

113.10 (a) The commissioner must maintain a supply of opiate antagonists, as defined in section  
113.11 604A.04, subdivision 1, at each state correctional facility to be administered in compliance  
113.12 with section 151.37, subdivision 12.

113.13 (b) The commissioner must store an ample number of doses of nasal opiate antagonists  
113.14 throughout each facility so that staff can rapidly respond to opioid overdoses.

113.15 (c) The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of health, shall provide  
113.16 training to employees of the department on recognizing the symptoms of an opiate overdose  
113.17 and how to administer nasal opiate antagonists.

113.18 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.80, is amended to read:

113.19 **241.80 AMERICAN INDIAN CULTURAL PROGRAM.**

113.20 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** The commissioner of corrections shall develop a policy to  
113.21 provide the cultural programming services listed in subdivision 2 to American Indian ~~inmates~~  
113.22 incarcerated individuals of all juvenile and adult state correctional facilities and  
113.23 community-based correctional programs. The commissioner may, within the limits of  
113.24 available money, contract with appropriate American Indian private, nonprofit organizations  
113.25 to provide the cultural programming services.

113.26 Subd. 2. **Cultural programming services.** The policy shall include, but need not be  
113.27 limited to, providing, within the limits of available money, spiritual and cultural programming  
113.28 services having the following purposes:

113.29 (1) ~~the teaching of good work habits and the development of motivation through work~~  
113.30 education and training needed for postincarceration self-sufficiency;

114.1 (2) the development of ~~cultural pride to improve~~ strengthened American Indian self-image  
114.2 identity;

114.3 ~~(3) the development of an understanding of and an adjustment to the cultural differences~~  
114.4 ~~between American Indians and other ethnic groups~~;

114.5 (3) improved understanding of American Indian culture, traditions, and spiritual practices  
114.6 for Department of Corrections staff;

114.7 (4) the development of ~~attitudes of mutual trust, respect, and understanding among~~  
114.8 ~~American Indian family members~~ partnerships with Tribal Nations to address the unique  
114.9 needs of American Indian incarcerated individuals and promote approaches to rehabilitation  
114.10 specific to this population;

114.11 (5) ~~the fostering of increased availability of medicine men and American Indian spiritual~~  
114.12 ~~leaders to teach American Indian inmates~~ incarcerated individuals about American Indian  
114.13 ~~history, and cultural sensitivity, and religion and spiritual practices~~;

114.14 (6) the involvement of American Indian ~~inmates~~ incarcerated individuals in those aspects  
114.15 of the correctional system that will aid in their rehabilitation; and

114.16 (7) the provision of services to American Indian ~~inmates~~ incarcerated individuals that  
114.17 will facilitate their reentry into the community.

114.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

114.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this  
114.20 subdivision have the meanings given ~~them~~.

114.21 (b) "Correctional fees":

114.22 (1) effective August 1, ~~2027~~ 2029, means fees charged or contracted for by a probation  
114.23 agency or the commissioner of corrections for court-ordered or community-provided  
114.24 correctional services, including but not limited to drug testing, electronic home monitoring,  
114.25 treatment, and programming; and

114.26 (2) effective August 1, 2023, through July 31, ~~2027~~ 2029, include fees for the following  
114.27 correctional services:

114.28 (i) community service work placement and supervision;

114.29 (ii) restitution collection;

114.30 (iii) supervision;

114.31 (iv) court-ordered investigations;

115.1 (v) any other court-ordered service;

115.2 (vi) postprison supervision or other form of release; and

115.3 (vii) supervision or other probation-related services provided by a probation agency or  
115.4 by the Department of Corrections for individuals supervised by the commissioner of  
115.5 corrections.

115.6 (c) "Probation" has the meaning given in section 609.02, subdivision 15.

115.7 (d) "Probation agency" means a probation agency, including a Tribal Nation, organized  
115.8 under section 244.19 or chapter 401.

115.9 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.18, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

115.10 Subd. 7. **Annual report.** (a) By January 15 each year, the commissioner must submit  
115.11 an annual report on implementing the commissioner's duties under this section to the chairs  
115.12 and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and  
115.13 divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice funding and policy. At a minimum, the  
115.14 report must include information on the types of correctional services for which fees were  
115.15 imposed, the aggregate amount of fees imposed, and the amount of fees collected.

115.16 (b) This subdivision expires August 1, ~~2027~~ 2029.

115.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.18, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

115.18 Subd. 9. **Sunsetting supervision fees; sunset plan.** (a) By August 1, 2025, each probation  
115.19 agency must provide to the commissioner a written plan for phasing out supervision fees  
115.20 for individuals under the agency's supervision and control, and the commissioner must  
115.21 review and approve the plan by August 1, ~~2027~~ 2029. By August 1, ~~2027~~ 2029, the  
115.22 commissioner must develop a written plan for phasing out supervision fees for individuals  
115.23 under the commissioner's supervision and control.

115.24 (b) A copy of an approved plan must be provided to all individuals under the supervision  
115.25 and control of the agency or the commissioner and in a language and manner that each  
115.26 individual can understand.

115.27 (c) Supervision fees must not be increased from August 1, 2023, through July 31, ~~2027~~  
115.28 2029.

115.29 (d) This subdivision expires August 1, ~~2027~~ 2029.

116.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.19, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

116.2 Subd. 1c. **Community supervision funding; eligibility for funding formula.** (a) A  
116.3 CPO jurisdiction:

116.4 (1) must collaborate with the commissioner to develop a comprehensive plan under  
116.5 section 401.06; and

116.6 (2) is subject to all applicable eligibility provisions under chapter 401 necessary to  
116.7 receive a subsidy under section 401.10.

116.8 (b) A non-CPO jurisdiction is eligible to receive a subsidy under section 401.10 but is  
116.9 not a Community Corrections Act jurisdiction under chapter 401, ~~and.~~ Except as provided  
116.10 under section 401.115, the commissioner:

116.11 ~~(1) is appropriated the jurisdiction's share of funding under section 401.10 for providing~~  
116.12 ~~probation services; and.~~

116.13 ~~(2) may seek reimbursement from the jurisdiction according to subdivision 5a.~~

116.14 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.19, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

116.15 Subd. 1d. **Commissioner of corrections; reimbursing CPO and non-CPO jurisdictions**  
116.16 **jurisdiction.** As calculated by the community supervision formula under section 401.10,  
116.17 the commissioner must:

116.18 ~~(1) reimburse a CPO jurisdiction for the cost that the jurisdiction assumes under this~~  
116.19 ~~section for providing probation services, including supervising juveniles committed to the~~  
116.20 ~~commissioner of corrections; and.~~

116.21 ~~(2) reimburse a non-CPO jurisdiction for the commissioner's provision of probation~~  
116.22 ~~services to the jurisdiction under this section.~~

116.23 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.19, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

116.24 Subd. 5. **Commissioner ~~compensation to~~ duties for non-CPO jurisdiction.** (a) For a  
116.25 non-CPO jurisdiction, the commissioner must, ~~out of appropriations provided under~~  
116.26 ~~subdivision 5a, paragraph (b),~~ pay probation officers the salary and all benefits fixed by the  
116.27 state law or applicable bargaining unit and all necessary expenses, including secretarial  
116.28 service, office equipment and supplies, postage, telephone services, and travel and  
116.29 subsistence.

116.30 (b) Except as provided under section 401.115, the commissioner must pay the items  
116.31 under paragraph (a) using appropriations provided under section 401.10.

117.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.19, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

117.2 Subd. 5a. **Department of Corrections ~~billing; CPO and non-CPO jurisdiction~~**  
117.3 **~~reimbursement annual reporting.~~** (a) ~~At least every six months annually,~~ the commissioner  
117.4 ~~must bill for the total cost and expenses incurred by the commissioner on behalf of each~~  
117.5 ~~non-CPO jurisdiction that has received probation services. The commissioner must notify~~  
117.6 ~~each CPO and non-CPO jurisdiction of the total cost and expenses, and the jurisdiction must~~  
117.7 ~~pay to the commissioner the amount due for reimbursement incurred by the commissioner~~  
117.8 ~~on behalf of each CPO and non-CPO jurisdiction that has received probation services.~~

117.9 ~~(b) Each CPO and non-CPO jurisdiction must reimburse the Department of Corrections~~  
117.10 ~~for the total cost and expenses of the probation services as incurred by the commissioner,~~  
117.11 ~~excluding the cost and expense of services provided under the state's obligation for adult~~  
117.12 ~~felony supervision in section 244.20. Money received under this paragraph from a non-CPO~~  
117.13 ~~jurisdiction must be annually appropriated to the commissioner for providing probation~~  
117.14 ~~services to the jurisdiction.~~

117.15 ~~(c) Objections by a non-CPO jurisdiction to all allocation of cost and expenses must be~~  
117.16 ~~presented to and determined by the commissioner.~~

117.17 ~~(d) In addition to the billing and reimbursement requirements under this section, (b)~~  
117.18 ~~Invoicing and payments for probation services for a CPO jurisdiction are as provided under~~  
117.19 ~~sections 401.14 and 401.15.~~

117.20 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.20, is amended to read:

117.21 **244.20 PROBATION; FELONY SUPERVISION.**

117.22 (a) Notwithstanding sections 244.19, subdivisions 1 to 1d, and 609.135, subdivision 1,  
117.23 the Department of Corrections:

117.24 (1) has exclusive responsibility for providing probation services for adult felons in  
117.25 counties and Tribal Nations that do not take part in the Community Corrections Act subsidy  
117.26 program under chapter 401; and

117.27 (2) to provide felony supervision, retains the county's or Tribal Nation's funding allotted  
117.28 under section 401.10 for providing felony probation services.

117.29 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (2), does not apply to a Tribal Nation's subsidy under section  
117.30 401.115.

118.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.41, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

118.2 Subd. 6. **Earned compliance credit.** "Earned compliance credit" means a one-month  
 118.3 reduction from the period ~~during~~ of active supervision ~~of~~ during the supervised release term  
 118.4 for every two months that a supervised individual exhibits compliance with the conditions  
 118.5 and goals of the individual's supervision plan, and otherwise meets the criteria established  
 118.6 by the commissioner of corrections in policy. If an individual earns sufficient earned  
 118.7 compliance credits, the commissioner must weigh risk to public safety, including the  
 118.8 individual's stability, behavior, or overall adjustment while on supervision before placement  
 118.9 on supervision abatement status. Earned compliance credit also applies to a conditional  
 118.10 release term.

118.11 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.44, is amended to read:

118.12 **244.44 APPLYING EARNED INCENTIVE RELEASE CREDIT.**

118.13 Earned incentive release credits are included in calculating the term of imprisonment  
 118.14 but are not added to the person's supervised release term, the total length of which remains  
 118.15 unchanged. The maximum amount of earned incentive release credit that can be earned and  
 118.16 subtracted from the term of imprisonment is 17 percent of the total executed sentence.  
 118.17 Earned credit cannot reduce the term of imprisonment to less than one-half of the incarcerated  
 118.18 person's executed sentence. ~~Once earned,~~ Earned incentive release credits are ~~nonrevocable~~  
 118.19 revocable if the person violates rules of the facility where the person is incarcerated or  
 118.20 otherwise commits a criminal act while incarcerated.

118.21 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

118.22 Subdivision 1. **Adopting policy for earned compliance credit; supervision abatement**  
 118.23 **status.** (a) The commissioner must adopt a policy providing for earned compliance credit  
 118.24 and supervision abatement status, including the circumstances under which an individual  
 118.25 may receive earned compliance credits and transition to supervision abatement status.

118.26 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the act, once the time served on active supervision  
 118.27 plus earned compliance credits equals the total length of the supervised release term or, if  
 118.28 applicable, the aggregate length of the supervised release term and conditional release term,  
 118.29 the individual is eligible for supervision abatement status. However, the commissioner must  
 118.30 not place the individual on supervision abatement status for the remainder of the supervised  
 118.31 or conditional release term and, if applicable, the conditional release term if the commissioner  
 118.32 determines that doing so would present a risk to public safety, after weighing factors  
 118.33 including the individual's stability, behavior, or overall adjustment while on supervision.

119.1 For individuals with lifetime terms of conditional release, the commissioner shall not place  
119.2 the individual on supervision abatement status unless the time served on active supervision  
119.3 plus earned compliance credits equals at least ten years.

119.4 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.338, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

119.5 Subd. 4. **Protective agent.** A person who for a fee, reward, or other valuable consideration  
119.6 undertakes any of the following acts is considered to be engaged in the business of protective  
119.7 agent:

119.8 (1) providing guards, private patrol, or other security personnel to protect persons or  
119.9 their property or to prevent the theft, unlawful taking of goods, merchandise, or money, or  
119.10 to prevent the misappropriation or concealment of goods, merchandise, money, or other  
119.11 valuable things, or to procure the return of those things;

119.12 (2) physically responding to any alarm signal device, burglar alarm, television camera,  
119.13 still camera, or a mechanical or electronic device installed or used to prevent or detect  
119.14 burglary, theft, shoplifting, pilferage, losses, or other security measures;

119.15 (3) providing armored car services for the protection of persons or property;

119.16 (4) controlling motor traffic on public streets, roads, and highways for the purpose of  
119.17 escorting a funeral procession and oversized loads;

119.18 (5) providing management and control of crowds for the purpose of safety and protection;  
119.19 or

119.20 (6) providing guards or other security personnel to transport prisoners or any other person  
119.21 arrested on a warrant, except that this does not apply to the transport or escort of offenders  
119.22 by staff of the Department of Corrections; the transport of a person by the sheriff of a county  
119.23 to the appropriate adult or juvenile correctional facility as designated by the commissioner  
119.24 of corrections or to and from court in connection with postconviction, habeas corpus, or  
119.25 intrastate mandatory disposition of detainers proceedings; the transfer of a person by  
119.26 emergency medical services personnel; or the transfer of a person by a peace officer as  
119.27 defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), or employed by a federal law  
119.28 enforcement agency.

119.29 A person covered by this subdivision may perform the traffic-control duties in clause  
119.30 (4) in place of a police officer when a special permit is required, provided that the protective  
119.31 agent is first-aid qualified.

120.1 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.03, is amended to read:

120.2 **401.03 RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.**

120.3 (a) The commissioner must, as provided in chapter 14, adopt rules to implement this  
120.4 chapter and provide consultation and technical assistance to counties and Tribal Nations to  
120.5 help them develop comprehensive plans, including abbreviated plans.

120.6 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply.

120.7 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

120.8 Subdivision 1. **Community supervision funding formula.** (a) Beginning July 1, 2023,  
120.9 the community supervision subsidy paid to each county, the commissioner for supervision  
120.10 of non-CCA jurisdictions served by the Department of Corrections, and each applicable  
120.11 Tribal Nation ~~under paragraph (e)~~ providing services as a CCA jurisdiction or CPO  
120.12 jurisdiction as defined in section 244.19, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), equals the sum of:

120.13 (1) a base funding amount equal to \$150,000; and

120.14 (2) a community supervision formula equal to the sum of:

120.15 ~~(i) for each individual with a felony sentence, a felony per diem rate of \$5.62 multiplied~~  
120.16 ~~by the sum of the county's or Tribal Nation's adult felony population, adult supervised~~  
120.17 ~~release and parole populations, and juvenile supervised release and parole populations as~~  
120.18 ~~reported in the most recent probation survey published by the commissioner, multiplied by~~  
120.19 ~~365; and~~

120.20 ~~(ii) for each individual sentenced for a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor or under~~  
120.21 ~~juvenile probation, the felony per diem rate of \$5.62 multiplied by 0.5 and then multiplied~~  
120.22 ~~by the sum of the county's or Tribal Nation's gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, and juvenile~~  
120.23 ~~populations as reported in the most recent probation survey published by the commissioner,~~  
120.24 ~~multiplied by 365.~~

120.25 (i) for individuals with a felony sentence, the felony per diem rate of \$5.62 shall be  
120.26 multiplied by the average total population over the three most recent years, as reported in  
120.27 the probation surveys published by the commissioner. This population includes the county  
120.28 or Tribal Nation's adult felony population, adult supervised release population, adult parole  
120.29 population, juvenile supervised release population, and juvenile parole population. The  
120.30 resulting amount shall then be multiplied by 365 to calculate the total annual allocation;  
120.31 and

121.1 (ii) for individuals sentenced for a gross misdemeanor, for a misdemeanor, or under  
 121.2 juvenile probation, the felony per diem rate of \$5.62 shall be multiplied by 0.5, and then  
 121.3 multiplied by the average total population over the three most recent years, as reported in  
 121.4 the probation surveys published by the commissioner. This population includes the county  
 121.5 or Tribal Nation's gross misdemeanor population, misdemeanor population, and juvenile  
 121.6 probation population. The resulting amount shall then be multiplied by 365 to calculate the  
 121.7 total annual allocation.

121.8 (b) For a non-CCA jurisdiction under section 244.19, subdivision 1b, paragraph (b) or  
 121.9 (c), the base funding amount must be shared equally between the jurisdiction and the  
 121.10 commissioner for the provision of felony supervision under section 244.20.

121.11 (c) If in any year the total amount appropriated for the purpose of this section is more  
 121.12 than or less than the total of base funding plus community supervision formula funding for  
 121.13 all counties and applicable Tribal Nations, the sum of each county's and applicable Tribal  
 121.14 Nation's base funding plus community supervision formula funding is adjusted by the ratio  
 121.15 of amounts appropriated for this purpose divided by the total of base funding plus community  
 121.16 supervision formula funding for all counties and applicable Tribal Nations.

121.17 (d) If in any year the base funding plus the community supervision formula amount  
 121.18 based on what was appropriated in fiscal year 2024 is less than the funding paid to the  
 121.19 county in fiscal year 2023, the difference is added to the community supervision formula  
 121.20 amount for that county. A county is not eligible for additional funding under this paragraph  
 121.21 unless the base funding plus community supervision formula results in an increase in funding  
 121.22 for the county based on what was appropriated in the previous fiscal year. This paragraph  
 121.23 expires June 30, 2029.

121.24 ~~(e) For each Tribal Nation, a funding amount of \$250,000 is allotted annually to purchase~~  
 121.25 ~~probation services or probation-related services, including contracted services, but a Tribal~~  
 121.26 ~~Nation that becomes a CCA jurisdiction or a non-CCA jurisdiction under section 244.19,~~  
 121.27 ~~subdivision 1b, paragraph (b) or (c), is an applicable Tribal Nation under paragraphs (a) to~~  
 121.28 ~~(e) and:~~

121.29 ~~(1) has the Tribal Nation's funding amount of \$250,000 transferred to the total community~~  
 121.30 ~~supervision subsidy amount appropriated for the purposes of this section; and~~

121.31 ~~(2) is allotted a base funding amount equal to \$150,000 plus an amount as determined~~  
 121.32 ~~according to the community supervision formula under paragraph (a), clause (2).~~

121.33 ~~(f)~~ (e) Minnesota Rehabilitation and Reinvestment Act savings under section 244.50,  
 121.34 subdivision 4, clause (2), are appropriated to each CCA jurisdiction and non-CCA jurisdiction

122.1 served by the Department of Corrections by dividing the three-year average of the number  
122.2 of individuals on supervised release and intensive supervised release within the jurisdiction  
122.3 by the three-year average of the total number of individuals under supervised release and  
122.4 intensive supervised release statewide, using the numbers reported annually in the Probation  
122.5 Survey report.

122.6 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
122.7 read:

122.8 Subd. 1a. **Prorating subsidy for Interstate Transfer Unit.** Before disbursing the  
122.9 community supervision subsidy in subdivision 1, the commissioner must prorate the cost  
122.10 of the Interstate Transfer Unit based upon the county's share of the average total probation  
122.11 population over the three most recent years as reported in the probation survey published  
122.12 by the commissioner and deduct that amount from the county's subsidy.

122.13 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

122.14 Subd. 4. **Report.** ~~(a)~~ By January 15, 2025, and every odd-numbered year thereafter, the  
122.15 commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the  
122.16 legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety finance and policy.  
122.17 At a minimum, the report must summarize and contain the following data:

122.18 (1) the commissioner's most recent workload study under section 401.17, subdivision  
122.19 4; and

122.20 ~~(2) the commissioner's collected caseload data under section 244.21, subdivision 1; and~~

122.21 ~~(3)~~ (2) projected growth in the community supervision formula calculated by analyzing  
122.22 ~~caseload~~ supervision population trends and data.

122.23 ~~(b) The report may be made in conjunction with reporting under section 244.21.~~

122.24 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

122.25 Subdivision 1. **Policy items.** (a) Except for an abbreviated comprehensive plan submitted  
122.26 under section 401.115, a comprehensive plan submitted to the commissioner for approval  
122.27 under section 401.06 must include items prescribed by commissioner policy and may include  
122.28 the following:

122.29 (1) the manner in which presentence and postsentence investigations and reports for the  
122.30 district courts and social history reports for the juvenile courts will be made;

123.1 (2) the manner in which conditional release services to the courts and persons under  
123.2 jurisdiction of the commissioner will be provided;

123.3 (3) a program for detaining, supervising, and treating persons under pretrial detention  
123.4 or under commitment;

123.5 (4) delivery of other correctional services;

123.6 (5) proposals for new programs, which proposals must demonstrate a need for the  
123.7 program, and the program's purpose, objective, administrative structure, staffing pattern,  
123.8 staff training, financing, evaluation process, degree of community involvement, client  
123.9 participation, and duration;

123.10 (6) descriptions of programs that adhere to best practices for assessing risk and using  
123.11 interventions that address an individual's needs while tailoring supervision and interventions  
123.12 by using risk, need, and responsivity principles; and

123.13 (7) data on expenditures, costs, and programming results and outcomes for individuals  
123.14 under community supervision.

123.15 (b) The commissioner must develop in policy budgetary requirements for comprehensive  
123.16 plans to ensure the efficient and accountable expenditure of a county's or Tribal Nation's  
123.17 subsidy for correctional services and programming to produce successful community  
123.18 supervision outcomes.

123.19 Sec. 20. [401.115] NONPARTICIPATING TRIBAL NATIONS.

123.20 Subdivision 1. Subsidy amount. A Tribal Nation electing not to provide services as a  
123.21 CCA jurisdiction or a CPO jurisdiction under section 244.19, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b),  
123.22 is eligible for a subsidy of \$250,000 annually to purchase or provide community supervision  
123.23 services or reentry services, including contracted services.

123.24 Subd. 2. Eligibility for subsidy. (a) A Tribal Nation is eligible to receive funding under  
123.25 subdivision 1 upon submission and approval by the commissioner of an abbreviated  
123.26 comprehensive plan. Section 401.08 does not apply. The abbreviated plan must comply  
123.27 with commissioner-developed standards and, at minimum:

123.28 (1) describe the community supervision services or reentry services for which the funding  
123.29 will be utilized;

123.30 (2) identify a steering committee to oversee the use of funds; and

123.31 (3) provide a budget for those services.

124.1 (b) Once approved, the abbreviated comprehensive plan is valid for two years.

124.2 Subd. 3. **Paying subsidy.** A Tribal Nation receiving the subsidy under subdivision 1  
124.3 must be paid according to section 401.14.

124.4 Subd. 4. **Eligibility for community supervision funding formula.** A Tribal Nation  
124.5 electing to become a CCA jurisdiction or a non-CCA jurisdiction under section 244.19,  
124.6 subdivision 1b, paragraph (b) or (c), is an applicable Tribal Nation under section 401.10,  
124.7 subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) to (c), and:

124.8 (1) has the Tribal Nation's funding amount under subdivision 1 transferred to the  
124.9 community supervision formula amount appropriated for the purpose of section 401.10;

124.10 (2) is allotted a base funding amount equal to \$150,000 plus an amount as determined  
124.11 according to the community supervision formula under section 401.10, subdivision 1,  
124.12 paragraph (a), clause (2); and

124.13 (3) is subject to all requirements relating to providing correctional services under section  
124.14 244.19 and chapter 401.

124.15 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.14, is amended to read:

124.16 **401.14 PAYING SUBSIDY TO CCA AND NON-CCA JURISDICTIONS.**

124.17 Subdivision 1. **Payment.** (a) This section does not apply to:

124.18 (1) a non-CCA jurisdiction under section 244.19, subdivision 1b, paragraph (d); and

124.19 (2) a non-CCA jurisdiction under section 244.19, subdivision 1b, paragraph (b) or (c),  
124.20 for the portion of the subsidy distributed for felony probation services.

124.21 (b) After a county or Tribal Nation becomes compliant with the prerequisites for receiving  
124.22 the subsidy and the commissioner approves the applicable comprehensive plan, the  
124.23 commissioner must determine whether funds exist to pay the subsidy and proceed to pay it  
124.24 in accordance with applicable law.

124.25 Subd. 2. **Quarterly estimate and remittance.** Based on the approved comprehensive  
124.26 plan, the commissioner may estimate the amount to be expended in furnishing the required  
124.27 correctional services during each calendar quarter and cause the estimated amount to be  
124.28 remitted to the counties and Tribal Nations entitled to the amount as provided under section  
124.29 401.15, subdivision 1.

124.30 Subd. 3. **Installment payments.** The commissioner must:

125.1 (1) make payments for correctional services to each county and Tribal Nation in 12  
125.2 installments per year;

125.3 (2) ensure that the pertinent payment of the allotment for each month is made to each  
125.4 county and Tribal Nation on the first working day after the end of each month of the calendar  
125.5 year, except for the last month of the calendar year; and

125.6 (3) ensure that each county and Tribal Nation receives its monthly payment allotment  
125.7 no later than the last working day of each month.

125.8 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

125.9 Subd. 2. **Formula review.** The commissioner must ~~annually~~ review the community  
125.10 supervision formula under section 401.10 at the start of each biennium and calculate and  
125.11 prorate the subsidy accordingly.

125.12 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

125.13 Subdivision 1. **Establishment; members.** (a) The commissioner must establish a  
125.14 Community Supervision Advisory Committee to develop and make recommendations to  
125.15 the commissioner on standards for probation, supervised release, and community supervision.  
125.16 The committee consists of 19 members as follows:

125.17 (1) two directors appointed by the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections  
125.18 Act Counties;

125.19 (2) two probation directors appointed by the Minnesota Association of County Probation  
125.20 Officers;

125.21 (3) three county commissioner representatives appointed by the Association of Minnesota  
125.22 Counties;

125.23 (4) two behavioral health, treatment, or programming providers who work directly with  
125.24 individuals on correctional supervision, one appointed by the Department of Human Services  
125.25 and one appointed by the Minnesota Association of County Social Service Administrators;

125.26 (5) two representatives appointed by the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council;

125.27 (6) two commissioner-appointed representatives from the Department of Corrections;

125.28 (7) the chair of the statewide Evidence-Based Practice Advisory Committee;

125.29 (8) three individuals ~~who have been supervised, either individually or collectively, under~~  
125.30 ~~each of the state's three community supervision delivery systems~~ with varied experiences

126.1 in community supervision, reflecting the diversity of the state's supervision frameworks as  
126.2 well as demographic and geographic diversity, appointed by the commissioner in consultation  
126.3 with the Minnesota Association of County Probation Officers and the Minnesota Association  
126.4 of Community Corrections Act Counties;

126.5 (9) an advocate for victims of crime appointed by the commissioner; ~~and~~

126.6 (10) a representative from a community-based research ~~and~~ or advocacy entity appointed  
126.7 by the commissioner;

126.8 (11) two judicial representatives, one from the seven-county metropolitan area and one  
126.9 from greater Minnesota, appointed by the Minnesota Judicial Council;

126.10 (12) one prosecutor appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association; and

126.11 (13) one defense attorney appointed by the Minnesota State Public Defender.

126.12 (b) When an appointing authority selects an individual for membership on the committee,  
126.13 the authority must make reasonable efforts to reflect geographic diversity and to appoint  
126.14 qualified members of protected groups, as defined under section 43A.02, subdivision 33.

126.15 (c) Chapter 15 applies to the extent consistent with this section.

126.16 (d) The commissioner must convene the first meeting of the committee on or before  
126.17 October 1, 2023.

126.18 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 401.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

126.19 Subd. 5. **Data collection; report.** (a) By June 1, 2024, the advisory committee, in  
126.20 consultation with the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative, must create a method to  
126.21 (1) standardize data classifications across the three community supervision systems, and  
126.22 (2) collect data for the commissioner to publish in an annual report to the chairs and ranking  
126.23 minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public  
126.24 safety finance and policy.

126.25 (b) The advisory committee's method, at a minimum, must provide for collecting the  
126.26 following data:

126.27 (1) the number of individuals sentenced to supervision each year;

126.28 (2) the offense levels, offense types, and assessed risk levels for which individuals are  
126.29 sentenced to supervision;

127.1 (3) violation and revocation rates and the identified grounds for the violations and  
127.2 revocations, including final disposition of the violation action such as execution of the  
127.3 sentence, imposition of new conditions, or a custodial sanction;

127.4 (4) the number of individuals granted early discharge from probation;

127.5 (5) the number of individuals restructured on supervision, including imposition of new  
127.6 conditions of release; and

127.7 (6) the number of individuals revoked from supervision and the identified grounds for  
127.8 revocation.

127.9 (c) Beginning ~~January 15~~ May 1, 2025, as part of the report under section ~~241.21~~ 244.21,  
127.10 subdivision 2, the commissioner must include data collected under the committee method  
127.11 established under this subdivision. The commissioner must analyze the collected data by  
127.12 race, gender, and county, including Tribal Nations.

127.13 (d) Nothing in this section overrides the commissioner's authority to require additional  
127.14 data be provided under other law.

127.15 Sec. 25. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 11, section 31, is amended to read:

127.16 Sec. 31. **MENTAL HEALTH UNIT PILOT PROGRAM.**

127.17 (a) The commissioner of corrections shall establish a pilot program with interested  
127.18 counties to provide mental health care to individuals with serious and persistent mental  
127.19 illness who are incarcerated in county jails. The pilot program must require the participating  
127.20 counties to pay according to Minnesota Statutes, section 243.51, a per diem for  
127.21 reimbursement of the Mental Health Unit at the Minnesota Correctional Facility - Oak Park  
127.22 Heights, and other costs incurred by the Department of Corrections.

127.23 (b) The commissioner in consultation with the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association shall  
127.24 develop program protocols, guidelines, and procedures and qualifications for participating  
127.25 counties and incarcerated individuals to be treated in the Mental Health Unit. The program  
127.26 is limited to a total of five incarcerated individuals from the participating counties at any  
127.27 one time. Incarcerated individuals must ~~volunteer to be treated in the unit~~ and be able to  
127.28 participate in programming with other incarcerated individuals. A licensed mental health  
127.29 professional must evaluate the incarcerated individual and recommend the individual to  
127.30 receive treatment in the unit.

127.31 (c) The Minnesota Correctional Facility - Oak Park Heights warden, director of  
127.32 psychology, and associate director of behavioral health, or a designee of each, in consultation

128.1 with the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association, the Minnesota branch of the National Association  
128.2 on Mental Illness, and the Department of Human Services, shall oversee the pilot program.

128.3 ~~(d) On November 15, 2024, the warden shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking~~  
128.4 ~~minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over~~  
128.5 ~~corrections describing the protocols, guidelines, and procedures for participation in the pilot~~  
128.6 ~~program by counties and incarcerated individuals, challenges with staffing, cost sharing~~  
128.7 ~~with counties, capacity of the program, services provided to the incarcerated individuals,~~  
128.8 ~~program outcomes, concerns regarding the program, and recommendations for the viability~~  
128.9 ~~of a long-term program.~~

128.10 ~~(e) (d)~~ The pilot program expires ~~November 16, 2024~~ August 1, 2027.

128.11 Sec. 26. **REPEALER.**

128.12 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 253.21; and 253.23, are repealed.

128.13 **ARTICLE 8**  
128.14 **COURTS**

128.15 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 480.243, is amended by adding a subdivision  
128.16 to read:

128.17 Subd. 3. **Report to legislature.** The State Board of Civil Legal Aid shall report to the  
128.18 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over  
128.19 judiciary on data related to the cases and individuals and families serviced by each of the  
128.20 grant recipients providing legal services with funds received pursuant to section 480.242.  
128.21 The data shall be provided for each individual organization and, when possible, for each  
128.22 geographic region the organization works in, and provided in the aggregate to protect the  
128.23 privacy of the individuals and families served by the organization. Reports under this section  
128.24 shall be submitted by July 15 each year.

128.25 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 484.44, is amended to read:

128.26 **484.44 DEPUTY SHERIFF AND COURT ADMINISTRATOR; ST. LOUIS**  
128.27 **COUNTY.**

128.28 There shall be at all times a chief deputy sheriff of St. Louis County and a chief deputy  
128.29 court administrator of the district court of St. Louis County and such other deputies as may  
128.30 be necessary, resident at the city of Virginia, or the city of Ely, or the city of Hibbing, and  
128.31 their appointment shall be made in the same manner as other deputy sheriffs and deputy

129.1 clerks of the district court in said county. The salaries of such deputies shall be fixed and  
129.2 paid in the same manner as other such deputies. The office of said deputy sheriff at Virginia,  
129.3 Hibbing, and Ely shall not in any sense be considered or deemed the office of the sheriff  
129.4 for any purpose except the performance of duties relating solely to proceedings tried or to  
129.5 be tried at said places; but the office of the deputy court administrator at said places shall  
129.6 be equally deemed the office of the court administrator of court for all purposes ~~except the~~  
129.7 ~~filing of papers in actions or proceedings to be tried at Duluth.~~ Marriage licenses and  
129.8 naturalization papers may be issued by said deputy court administrator.

129.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 484.51, is amended to read:

129.10 **484.51 PAPERS WHERE FILED; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

129.11 ~~After~~ Regardless of the place of trial of any cause is determined, as provided in sections  
129.12 484.44 to 484.52, all papers, orders and documents pertaining to all causes ~~to be tried at~~  
129.13 ~~Virginia and filed in court shall be filed and be kept on file at the court administrator's office~~  
129.14 ~~in the city of Virginia, and all causes to be tried in Hibbing and all papers, orders and~~  
129.15 ~~documents pertaining thereto shall be filed and be kept on file at the court administrator's~~  
129.16 ~~office in the city of Hibbing~~ can be filed at any court location in St. Louis County.

129.17 In all actions tried at the city of Virginia or the city of Hibbing, the court administrator,  
129.18 as soon as final judgment is entered, shall forthwith cause such judgment to be docketed in  
129.19 the court administrator's office at the county seat; and when so docketed the same shall  
129.20 become a lien on real estate and have the same effect as judgments entered in causes tried  
129.21 at the county seat.

129.22 In all actions tried at the city of Virginia or the city of Hibbing, involving the title of  
129.23 real estate, upon final judgment being entered, all the papers in said cause shall be filed in  
129.24 the court administrator's office at the county seat and the final judgment or decree recorded  
129.25 therein, and a certified copy of all papers in the case shall be made by the court administrator  
129.26 and retained at the court administrator's office in the city of Virginia or in the court  
129.27 administrator's office in the city of Hibbing where the action was originally tried, without  
129.28 additional charge to the parties to said action.

129.29 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518.68, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

129.30 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** Every court order or judgment and decree under this  
129.31 chapter or chapter 518A that provides for child support, spousal maintenance, custody, or  
129.32 parenting time must contain certain notices as set out in subdivision 2. The information in  
129.33 the notices must be concisely stated in plain language. ~~The notices must be~~ and in clearly

130.1 legible print, ~~but may not exceed two pages~~. An order or judgment and decree without the  
130.2 notice remains subject to all statutes. The court may waive all or part of the notice required  
130.3 under subdivision 2 relating to parental rights under section 518.17, subdivision 3, if it finds  
130.4 it is necessary to protect the welfare of a party or child.

130.5 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 524.5-420, is amended to read:

130.6 **524.5-420 REPORTS; APPOINTMENT OF VISITOR; MONITORING; COURT**  
130.7 **ORDERS.**

130.8 (a) A conservator shall report to the court for administration of the estate annually unless  
130.9 the court otherwise directs, upon resignation or removal, upon termination of the  
130.10 conservatorship, and at other times as the court directs. A copy of the report must be provided  
130.11 to the person subject to conservatorship and to interested persons of record with the court.

130.12 An order, after notice and hearing, allowing an intermediate report of a conservator  
130.13 adjudicates liabilities concerning the matters adequately disclosed in the accounting. An  
130.14 order, after notice and hearing, allowing a final report adjudicates all previously unsettled  
130.15 liabilities relating to the conservatorship.

130.16 (b) A report must state or contain a listing of the assets of the estate under the  
130.17 conservator's control and a listing of the receipts, disbursements, and distributions during  
130.18 the reporting period.

130.19 (c) The report must also state an address or post office box and a telephone number  
130.20 where the conservator can be contacted.

130.21 (d) A conservator shall report to the court in writing within 30 days of the occurrence  
130.22 of any of the events listed in this paragraph. The conservator must report any of the  
130.23 occurrences in this paragraph and follow the same reporting requirements in this paragraph  
130.24 for any employee of the conservator responsible for exercising powers and duties under the  
130.25 conservatorship. A copy of the report must be provided to the person subject to  
130.26 conservatorship and to interested persons of record with the court. A conservator shall report  
130.27 when:

130.28 (1) the conservator is removed for cause from serving as a guardian or conservator, and  
130.29 if so, the case number and court location;

130.30 (2) the conservator has a professional license from an agency listed under section  
130.31 524.5-118, subdivision 2a, denied, conditioned, suspended, revoked, or canceled, and if so,  
130.32 the licensing agency and license number, and the basis for denial, condition, suspension,  
130.33 revocation, or cancellation of the license;

131.1 (3) the conservator is found civilly liable in an action that involves fraud,  
131.2 misrepresentation, material omission, misappropriation, theft, or conversion, and if so, the  
131.3 case number and court location;

131.4 (4) the conservator files for or receives protection under the bankruptcy laws, and if so,  
131.5 the case number and court location;

131.6 (5) a civil monetary judgment is entered against the conservator, and if so, the case  
131.7 number, court location, and outstanding amount owed;

131.8 (6) the conservator is convicted of a crime other than a petty misdemeanor or traffic  
131.9 offense, and if so, the case number and court location; or

131.10 (7) an order for protection or harassment restraining order is issued against the  
131.11 conservator, and if so, the case number and court location.

131.12 (e) A person subject to conservatorship or an interested person of record with the court  
131.13 may submit to the court a written statement disputing account statements regarding the  
131.14 administration of the estate or addressing any disciplinary or legal action that is contained  
131.15 in the reports and may petition the court for any order that is in the best interests of the  
131.16 person subject to conservatorship and the estate or for other appropriate relief.

131.17 (f) An interested person may notify the court in writing that the interested person does  
131.18 not wish to receive copies of reports required under this section after which time neither  
131.19 the court nor any other person is required to give notice to any person who has waived  
131.20 notice.

131.21 (g) The court may appoint a visitor to review a report or plan, interview the person  
131.22 subject to conservatorship or conservator, and make any other investigation the court directs.  
131.23 In connection with a report, the court may order a conservator to submit the assets of the  
131.24 estate to an appropriate examination to be made in a manner the court directs.

131.25 (h) The court shall establish a system for monitoring of conservatorships, including the  
131.26 filing and review of conservators' reports and plans. If an annual report is not filed within  
131.27 60 days of the required date, the court shall issue an order to show cause. Unless otherwise  
131.28 ordered by the court, a report under this section shall be filed publicly.

131.29 (i) If there is no acting guardian, a conservator that becomes aware of the death of the  
131.30 person subject to conservatorship shall notify in writing; orally; or by phone, text message,  
131.31 email, or electronic service, all known interested persons as defined by section 524.5-102,  
131.32 subdivision 7, clauses (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (ix), and (xi), and the court as soon as is reasonably

132.1 practical, that the person subject to conservatorship has died. The conservator may delegate  
132.2 this task under reasonable circumstances.

132.3 (j) If a conservator fails to comply with this section, the court may decline to appoint  
132.4 that person as a guardian or conservator, or may remove a person as guardian or conservator.

## 132.5 ARTICLE 9

### 132.6 DATA PRACTICES

132.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

132.8 Subd. 3. **Request for access to data.** (a) Upon request to a responsible authority or  
132.9 designee, a person shall be permitted to inspect and copy public government data at  
132.10 reasonable times and places, and, upon request, shall be informed of the data's meaning. If  
132.11 a person requests access for the purpose of inspection, the responsible authority may not  
132.12 assess a charge or require the requesting person to pay a fee to inspect data.

132.13 (b) For purposes of this section, "inspection" includes, but is not limited to, the visual  
132.14 inspection of paper and similar types of government data. Inspection does not include  
132.15 printing copies by the government entity, unless printing a copy is the only method to provide  
132.16 for inspection of the data. In the case of data stored in electronic form and made available  
132.17 in electronic form on a remote access basis to the public by the government entity, inspection  
132.18 includes remote access to the data by the public and the ability to print copies of or download  
132.19 the data on the public's own computer equipment. Nothing in this section prohibits a  
132.20 government entity from charging a reasonable fee for remote access to data under a specific  
132.21 statutory grant of authority. A government entity may charge a fee for remote access to data  
132.22 where either the data or the access is enhanced at the request of the person seeking access.

132.23 (c) The responsible authority or designee shall provide copies of public data upon request.  
132.24 If a person requests copies or electronic transmittal of the data to the person, the responsible  
132.25 authority may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of searching for and  
132.26 retrieving government data, including the cost of employee time, and for making, certifying,  
132.27 and electronically transmitting the copies of the data or the data, but may not charge for  
132.28 separating public from not public data. However, if 100 or fewer pages of black and white,  
132.29 letter or legal size paper copies are requested, actual costs shall not be used, and instead,  
132.30 the responsible authority may charge no more than 25 cents for each page copied. If the  
132.31 responsible authority or designee is not able to provide copies at the time a request is made,  
132.32 copies shall be supplied as soon as reasonably possible.

133.1 (d) When a request under this subdivision involves any person's receipt of copies of  
133.2 public government data that has commercial value and is a substantial and discrete portion  
133.3 of or an entire formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, process,  
133.4 database, or system developed with a significant expenditure of public funds by the  
133.5 government entity, the responsible authority may charge a reasonable fee for the information  
133.6 in addition to the costs of making and certifying the copies. Any fee charged must be clearly  
133.7 demonstrated by the government entity to relate to the actual development costs of the  
133.8 information. The responsible authority, upon the request of any person, shall provide  
133.9 sufficient documentation to explain and justify the fee being charged.

133.10 (e) The responsible authority of a government entity that maintains public government  
133.11 data in a computer storage medium shall provide to any person making a request under this  
133.12 section a copy of any public data contained in that medium, in electronic form, if the  
133.13 government entity can reasonably make the copy or have a copy made. This does not require  
133.14 a government entity to provide the data in an electronic format or program that is different  
133.15 from the format or program in which the data are maintained by the government entity. The  
133.16 entity may require the requesting person to pay the actual cost of providing the copy.

133.17 (f) If the responsible authority or designee determines that the requested data is classified  
133.18 so as to deny the requesting person access, the responsible authority or designee shall inform  
133.19 the requesting person of the determination either orally at the time of the request, or in  
133.20 writing as soon after that time as possible, and shall cite the specific statutory section,  
133.21 temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law on which the determination is  
133.22 based. Upon the request of any person denied access to data, the responsible authority or  
133.23 designee shall certify in writing that the request has been denied and cite the specific statutory  
133.24 section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law upon which the denial  
133.25 was based.

133.26 (g) If a responsible authority has notified the requesting person that responsive data or  
133.27 copies are available for inspection or collection, and the requesting person does not inspect  
133.28 the data or collect the copies within five business days of the notification, the responsible  
133.29 authority may suspend any further response to the request until the requesting person inspects  
133.30 the data that has been made available, or collects and pays for the copies that have been  
133.31 produced.

133.32 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

133.33 Subd. 2. **Student health and census data; ~~data on parents.~~** (a) Health data concerning  
133.34 students, including but not limited to, data concerning immunizations, notations of special

134.1 physical or mental problems and records of school nurses are educational data. Access by  
134.2 parents to student health data shall be pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 8.

134.3 (b) Pupil census data, including emergency information and family information are  
134.4 educational data.

134.5 ~~(e) Data concerning parents are private data on individuals but may be treated as directory~~  
134.6 ~~information if the same procedures that are used by a school district to designate student~~  
134.7 ~~data as directory information under subdivision 5 are followed.~~

134.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.  
134.9 Beginning upon the effective date of this section, a parent's personal contact information  
134.10 subject to this section must be treated by an educational agency or institution as private data  
134.11 on individuals regardless of whether that contact information was previously designated as  
134.12 or treated as directory information under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.32, subdivision 2.

134.13 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.32, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

134.14 Subd. 5. **Directory information; data on parents.** (a) Educational data designated as  
134.15 directory information is public data on individuals to the extent required under federal law.  
134.16 Directory information must be designated pursuant to the provisions of:

134.17 (1) this subdivision; and

134.18 (2) United States Code, title 20, section 1232g, and Code of Federal Regulations, title  
134.19 34, section 99.37, which were in effect on January 3, 2012.

134.20 (b) When conducting the directory information designation and notice process required  
134.21 by federal law, an educational agency or institution shall give parents and students notice  
134.22 of the right to refuse to let the agency or institution designate specified data about the student  
134.23 as directory information. This notice may be given by any means reasonably likely to inform  
134.24 the parents and students of the right.

134.25 (c) An educational agency or institution may not designate a student's or parent's home  
134.26 address, telephone number, email address, or other personal contact information as directory  
134.27 information under this subdivision. This paragraph does not apply to a postsecondary  
134.28 institution.

134.29 (d) When requested, educational agencies or institutions must share personal student or  
134.30 parent contact information and directory information, whether public or private, with the  
134.31 Minnesota Department of Education, as required for federal reporting purposes.

135.1 (e) When requested, educational agencies or institutions may share personal student or  
135.2 parent contact information and directory information for students served in special education  
135.3 with postsecondary transition planning and services under section 125A.08, paragraph (b),  
135.4 clause (1), whether public or private, with the Department of Employment and Economic  
135.5 Development, as required for coordination of services to students with disabilities under  
135.6 sections 125A.08, paragraph (b), clause (1); 125A.023; and 125A.027.

135.7 (f) Data concerning parents is private data on individuals but may be treated as directory  
135.8 information if the same procedures that are used by a school district to designate student  
135.9 data as directory information under this subdivision are followed, except that a parent's  
135.10 home address, telephone number, email address, or other personal contact information may  
135.11 not be treated as directory information under this subdivision.

135.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.  
135.13 Beginning upon the effective date of this section, a parent's personal contact information  
135.14 subject to this section must be treated by an educational agency or institution as private data  
135.15 on individuals regardless of whether that contact information was previously designated as  
135.16 or treated as directory information under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.32, subdivision 2.

135.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

135.18 Subd. 2. **Public data.** (a) Except for employees described in subdivision 5 and subject  
135.19 to the limitations described in subdivision 5a, the following personnel data on current and  
135.20 former employees, volunteers, and independent contractors of a government entity is public:

135.21 (1) name; employee identification number, which must not be the employee's Social  
135.22 Security number; actual gross salary; salary range; terms and conditions of employment  
135.23 relationship; contract fees; actual gross pension; the value and nature of employer paid  
135.24 fringe benefits; and the basis for and the amount of any added remuneration, including  
135.25 expense reimbursement, in addition to salary;

135.26 (2) job title and bargaining unit; job description; education and training background;  
135.27 and previous work experience;

135.28 (3) date of first and last employment;

135.29 (4) the existence and status of any complaints or charges against the employee, regardless  
135.30 of whether the complaint or charge resulted in a disciplinary action;

135.31 (5) the final disposition of any disciplinary action together with the specific reasons for  
135.32 the action and data documenting the basis of the action, excluding data that would identify  
135.33 confidential sources who are employees of the public body;

136.1 (6) the complete terms of any agreement settling any dispute arising out of an employment  
136.2 relationship, including a buyout agreement as defined in section 123B.143, subdivision 2,  
136.3 paragraph (a); except that the agreement must include specific reasons for the agreement if  
136.4 it involves the payment of more than \$10,000 of public money;

136.5 (7) work location; a work telephone number; badge number; work-related continuing  
136.6 education; and honors and awards received; and

136.7 (8) payroll time sheets or other comparable data that are only used to account for  
136.8 employee's work time for payroll purposes, except to the extent that release of time sheet  
136.9 data would reveal the employee's reasons for the use of sick or other medical leave or other  
136.10 not public data.

136.11 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, a final disposition occurs when the government  
136.12 entity makes its final decision about the disciplinary action, regardless of the possibility of  
136.13 any later proceedings or court proceedings. Final disposition includes a resignation by an  
136.14 individual when the resignation occurs after the final decision of the government entity, or  
136.15 arbitrator. In the case of arbitration proceedings arising under collective bargaining  
136.16 agreements, a final disposition occurs at the conclusion of the arbitration proceedings, or  
136.17 upon the failure of the employee to elect arbitration within the time provided by the collective  
136.18 bargaining agreement. A disciplinary action does not become public data if an arbitrator  
136.19 sustains a grievance and reverses all aspects of any disciplinary action.

136.20 (c) The government entity may display a photograph of a current or former employee  
136.21 to a prospective witness as part of the government entity's investigation of any complaint  
136.22 or charge against the employee.

136.23 (d) A complainant has access to a statement provided by the complainant to a government  
136.24 entity in connection with a complaint or charge against an employee.

136.25 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (5), and subject to paragraph (f), upon  
136.26 completion of an investigation of a complaint or charge against a public official, or if a  
136.27 public official resigns or is terminated from employment while the complaint or charge is  
136.28 pending, all data relating to the complaint or charge are public, unless access to the data  
136.29 would jeopardize an active investigation or reveal confidential sources. For purposes of this  
136.30 paragraph, "public official" means:

136.31 (1) the head of a state agency and deputy and assistant state agency heads;

136.32 (2) members of boards or commissions required by law to be appointed by the governor  
136.33 or other elective officers;

137.1 (3) members of the Metropolitan Council appointed by the governor under section  
137.2 473.123, subdivision 3;

137.3 ~~(3)~~ (4) executive or administrative heads of departments, bureaus, divisions, or institutions  
137.4 within state government; and

137.5 ~~(4)~~ (5) the following employees:

137.6 (i) the chief administrative officer, or the individual acting in an equivalent position, in  
137.7 all political subdivisions;

137.8 (ii) individuals required to be identified by a political subdivision pursuant to section  
137.9 471.701;

137.10 (iii) in a city ~~with a population of more than 7,500~~ or a county ~~with a population of more~~  
137.11 ~~than 5,000~~; managers; chiefs; heads or directors of departments, divisions, bureaus, or  
137.12 boards; and any equivalent position; ~~and~~

137.13 (iv) in a school district: business managers; human resource directors; athletic directors  
137.14 whose duties include at least 50 percent of their time spent in administration, personnel,  
137.15 supervision, and evaluation; chief financial officers; directors; individuals defined as  
137.16 superintendents and principals under Minnesota Rules, part 3512.0100; and in a charter  
137.17 school, individuals employed in comparable positions; and

137.18 (v) in the Metropolitan Council, a public corporation and political subdivision of the  
137.19 state established under chapter 473: the chair of the Metropolitan Council appointed by the  
137.20 governor; the regional administrator appointed as the principal administrative officer by the  
137.21 Metropolitan Council under section 473.125; the deputy regional administrator; the general  
137.22 counsel appointed by the Metropolitan Council under section 473.123, subdivision 8; the  
137.23 executive heads of divisions, including the general managers and executive directors; the  
137.24 executive head responsible for compliance with Equal Employment Opportunity provisions  
137.25 of federal law; and the chief law enforcement officer of the Metropolitan Transit Police  
137.26 appointed by the regional administrator under section 473.407, subdivision 4.

137.27 (f) Data relating to a complaint or charge against an employee identified under paragraph  
137.28 (e), clause ~~(4)~~ (5), are public only if:

137.29 (1) the complaint or charge results in disciplinary action or the employee resigns or is  
137.30 terminated from employment while the complaint or charge is pending; or

137.31 (2) potential legal claims arising out of the conduct that is the subject of the complaint  
137.32 or charge are released as part of a settlement agreement.

138.1 This paragraph and paragraph (e) do not authorize the release of data that are made not  
138.2 public under other law.

138.3 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.825, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

138.4 Subd. 4. **Access by data subjects.** (a) For purposes of this chapter, a portable recording  
138.5 system data subject includes the peace officer who collected the data, and any other individual  
138.6 or entity, including any other peace officer, regardless of whether the officer is or can be  
138.7 identified by the recording, whose image or voice is documented in the data.

138.8 (b) An individual who is the subject of portable recording system data has access to the  
138.9 data, including data on other individuals who are the subject of the recording. If the individual  
138.10 requests a copy of the recording, data on other individuals who do not consent to its release  
138.11 must be redacted from the copy. The identity and activities of an on-duty peace officer  
138.12 engaged in an investigation or response to an emergency, incident, or request for service  
138.13 may not be redacted, unless the officer's identity is subject to protection under section 13.82,  
138.14 subdivision 17, clause (a).

138.15 (c) Notwithstanding section 13.82, subdivision 7, upon request, a person entitled to a  
138.16 report of a collision under section 169.09, subdivision 13, must be provided with copies of  
138.17 unredacted data from all portable recording systems used in the collision investigation,  
138.18 including data on other individuals who are the subject of the recording. A request must be  
138.19 made in writing and accompanied by the accident report relating to the data. Data provided  
138.20 under this paragraph must only be used to process a claim related to the collision or as  
138.21 evidence in a proceeding related to the collision. The requestor must not disseminate the  
138.22 data or use the data for any other purpose. A requestor who disseminates or uses the data  
138.23 in violation of this paragraph is subject to the remedies and penalties under section 13.08.  
138.24 A law enforcement agency must notify the requestor that the remedies and penalties under  
138.25 section 13.08 apply to a violation of this paragraph. A law enforcement agency may deny  
138.26 a request to provide unredacted portable recording system data under this paragraph if:

138.27 (1) the agency determines there is a compelling reason that providing access to the data  
138.28 would interfere with an active investigation;

138.29 (2) the data is clearly offensive to common sensibilities; or

138.30 (3) the data is classified as not public by other provisions under this chapter.

138.31 If a law enforcement agency denies access under clause (1), the agency must provide a  
138.32 prompt, written reason for the denial to the individual who requested the data with a  
138.33 description of the compelling reason and must provide notice that relief may be sought from

139.1 the district court under section 13.82, subdivision 7. This paragraph does not apply to the  
139.2 Minnesota State Patrol.

139.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.991, is amended to read:

139.4 **13.991 JUDICIAL OFFICIAL DATA; PERSONAL INFORMATION.**

139.5 (a) Subject to paragraph (b), the personal information of all judicial officials collected,  
139.6 created, or maintained by a government entity is private data on individuals. For purposes  
139.7 of this section, the terms "personal information" and "judicial official" have the meanings  
139.8 given in section 480.40, subdivision 1.

139.9 (b) If the responsible authority or government entity violates this chapter, the remedies  
139.10 and penalties under this chapter are available only if the judicial official making a claim  
139.11 previously provided written notification to the responsible authority confirming on a form  
139.12 provided by the Minnesota judicial branch that they are entitled to protection under section  
139.13 480.40. If the subject of the data is an adult child of a judicial official who does not reside  
139.14 with the judicial official, the remedies and penalties under this chapter are available only  
139.15 if the adult child previously provided written notification to the responsible authority  
139.16 confirming their status as the child of a judicial official. In the case of county records, the  
139.17 form shall be filed with the responsible authority that maintains the personal information  
139.18 for which the judicial officer is seeking protection. A form submitted under this section is  
139.19 private data on individuals. A notice filed under this paragraph expires five years following  
139.20 the date of filing, unless it is renewed prior to the expiration date.

139.21 (c) ~~This section shall not apply to~~ Notwithstanding paragraph (a), section 480.50 shall  
139.22 govern personal information contained in: of all judicial officials contained in real property  
139.23 records, as defined in section 480.50, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).

139.24 ~~(1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);~~

139.25 ~~(2) Uniform Commercial Code filings and tax liens maintained by the secretary of state;~~  
139.26 ~~and~~

139.27 ~~(3) any other records maintained by a government entity evidencing title to, or any lien,~~  
139.28 ~~judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.~~

139.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

140.1 **Sec. 7. [144.338] DATA SHARING FOR PATIENT REGISTRIES LIMITED.**

140.2 **Subdivision 1. Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have  
140.3 the meanings given.

140.4 (b) "Disability" means any condition or characteristic that renders a person a disabled  
140.5 person. A disabled person is any person who:

140.6 (1) has a physical, sensory, or mental impairment which materially limits one or more  
140.7 major life activities;

140.8 (2) has a record of such an impairment;

140.9 (3) is regarded as having such an impairment; or

140.10 (4) has an impairment that is episodic or in remission and would materially limit a major  
140.11 life activity when active.

140.12 (c) "Patient registry" means a list, directory, or database of the names, contact information,  
140.13 or other identifying information of individuals who have, had, or are at risk of having a  
140.14 specific disability.

140.15 **Subd. 2. Dissemination prohibited.** (a) Except as specifically authorized or required  
140.16 by state or federal law, a person must not add, share, or disseminate the following data to  
140.17 a patient registry without the individual's informed consent to have the individual's data  
140.18 included on the patient registry:

140.19 (1) an individual's name or other data that could reasonably be used to identify an  
140.20 individual; or

140.21 (2) an individual's contact information, including but not limited to a home address,  
140.22 telephone number, or electronic mail addresses.

140.23 (b) Nothing in this section prohibits an individual from transmitting the individual's own  
140.24 identifying data to a patient registry.

140.25 **Subd. 3. Enforcement.** The attorney general may enforce this section pursuant to section  
140.26 8.31, except that the remedies provided by section 8.31, subdivision 3a, do not apply to a  
140.27 violation of this section. A government entity, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 7a,  
140.28 that violates this section is subject to the remedies and penalties under sections 13.08, 13.085,  
140.29 and 13.09.

140.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

141.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144E.123, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

141.2 Subd. 3. **Review.** Prehospital care data may be reviewed by the director or its designees.

141.3 The data shall be classified as private data on individuals under chapter 13, the Minnesota

141.4 Government Data Practices Act. The director may share with the Washington/Baltimore

141.5 High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area's Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program

141.6 (ODMAP), data that identifies where and when an overdose incident happens, fatality status,

141.7 suspected drug type, naloxone administration, and first responder type. ODMAP may:

141.8 (1) allow secure access to the system by authorized users to report information about an  
141.9 overdose incident;

141.10 (2) allow secure access to the system by authorized users to view, in near real-time,  
141.11 information about overdose incidents reported;

141.12 (3) produce a map in near real-time of the approximate locations of confirmed or  
141.13 suspected overdose incidents reported; and

141.14 (4) enable access to overdose incident information that assists in state and local decisions  
141.15 regarding the allocation of public health, public safety, and educational resources for the  
141.16 purposes of monitoring and reporting data related to suspected overdoses.

141.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.80, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

141.18 Subd. 6. **Reporting.** (a) As provided for in chapter 13, the superintendent must make  
141.19 all inactive investigative data for officer-involved death investigations that are public under  
141.20 section 13.82, subdivision 7, or other applicable law available on the bureau's website within  
141.21 30 days of the end of the last criminal appeal of a subject of an investigation. case becoming  
141.22 inactive as defined in section 13.82, subdivision 7, except any video that does not record,  
141.23 describe, or otherwise document actions and circumstances surrounding the officer-involved  
141.24 death.

141.25 (b) By February 1 of each year, the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the  
141.26 governor, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with  
141.27 jurisdiction over public safety finance and policy the following information about the unit:  
141.28 the number of investigations initiated; the number of incidents investigated; the outcomes  
141.29 or current status of each investigation; the charging decisions made by the prosecuting  
141.30 authority of incidents investigated by the unit; the number of plea agreements reached in  
141.31 incidents investigated by the unit; and any other information relevant to the unit's mission.

141.32 (c) Nothing in this subdivision modifies the requirements of chapter 13 or the  
141.33 classification of data.

142.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 480.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

142.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 480.45, the  
142.3 following terms have the meanings given.

142.4 (b) "Judicial official" means:

142.5 (1) every Minnesota district court judge, senior judge, retired judge, and every judge of  
142.6 the Minnesota Court of Appeals and every active, senior, recalled, or retired federal judge  
142.7 who resides in Minnesota;

142.8 (2) a current or retired justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court;

142.9 (3) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch;

142.10 (4) judicial referees and magistrate judges; and

142.11 (5) current and retired judges and current employees of the Office of Administrative  
142.12 Hearings, Department of Human Services Appeals Division, Workers' Compensation Court  
142.13 of Appeals, and Tax Court.

142.14 (c) "Personal information" does not include publicly available information. Personal  
142.15 information means:

142.16 (1) a residential address of a judicial official;

142.17 (2) a residential address of the spouse, domestic partner, or children of a judicial official;

142.18 (3) a nonjudicial branch issued telephone number or email address of a judicial official;

142.19 (4) the name of any child of a judicial official; and

142.20 (5) the name of any child care facility or school that is attended by a child of a judicial  
142.21 official if combined with an assertion that the named facility or school is attended by the  
142.22 child of a judicial official.

142.23 (d) "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available  
142.24 through federal, state, or local government records or information that a business has a  
142.25 reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to the general public through widely  
142.26 distributed media, by a judicial official, or by a person to whom the judicial official has  
142.27 disclosed the information, unless the judicial official has restricted the information to a  
142.28 specific audience.

142.29 (e) "Law enforcement support organizations" do not include charitable organizations.

142.30 (f) "Real property records" has the meaning given in section 480.50, subdivision 1,  
142.31 paragraph (f).

143.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

143.2 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 480.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

143.3 Subd. 3. **Exceptions.** (a) Subdivision 2 does and section 480.50 do not apply to:

143.4 (1) the dissemination of personal information if the information is relevant to and  
143.5 displayed as part of a news story, commentary, editorial, or other speech on a matter of  
143.6 public concern;

143.7 (2) personal information that the judicial official voluntarily disseminates publicly after  
143.8 August 1, 2024;

143.9 (3) the dissemination of personal information made at the request of the judicial official  
143.10 or which is necessary to effectuate the request of a judicial official;

143.11 (4) a commercial entity using personal information internally, providing access to  
143.12 businesses under common ownership or affiliated by corporate control, or selling or providing  
143.13 data for a transaction or service requested by or concerning the individual whose personal  
143.14 information is being transferred;

143.15 (5) a commercial entity providing publicly available information through real-time or  
143.16 near real-time alert services for health or safety purposes;

143.17 (6) a commercial entity engaged in the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale,  
143.18 communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness,  
143.19 credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or  
143.20 mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, furnisher, or user that provides information  
143.21 for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer report, but only to the extent that  
143.22 such activity is regulated by and authorized under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act,  
143.23 United States Code, title 15, section 1681, et seq.;

143.24 (7) a consumer reporting agency subject to the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, United  
143.25 States Code, title 15, section 1681, et seq.;

143.26 (8) a commercial entity using personal information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed  
143.27 in compliance with the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, United States Code,  
143.28 title 18, section 2721, et seq.;

143.29 (9) a commercial entity using personal information to do any of the following: prevent,  
143.30 detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment,  
143.31 malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity or security  
143.32 of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute any person responsible for any such action;

144.1 (10) a financial institution, affiliate of a financial institution, or data subject to title V  
144.2 of the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, United States Code, title 15, section 6801, et seq.;

144.3 (11) a covered entity or business associate for purposes of the federal privacy regulations  
144.4 promulgated under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,  
144.5 specifically United States Code, title 42, section 1320d-2 note;

144.6 (12) insurance and insurance support organizations;

144.7 (13) law enforcement agencies or law enforcement support organizations and vendors  
144.8 that provide data support services to law enforcement agencies;

144.9 (14) the display of a property address on a real estate or mapping platform when the  
144.10 address is not displayed or disclosed in connection with any ownership or occupancy  
144.11 information or other personal identifying information of a judicial official; and

144.12 ~~(14)~~ (15) the collection and sale or licensing of covered information incidental to  
144.13 conducting the activities described in clauses (4) to ~~(13)~~; ~~and~~ (14).

144.14 ~~(15) personal information contained in:~~

144.15 ~~(i) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);~~

144.16 ~~(ii) uniform commercial code filings and tax liens maintained by the secretary of state;~~  
144.17 ~~and~~

144.18 ~~(iii) any other records maintained by a government entity evidencing title to, or any lien,~~  
144.19 ~~judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.~~

144.20 (b) Subdivision 2 does not apply to personal information of judicial officials collected,  
144.21 created, or maintained in real property records.

144.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

144.23 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 480.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

144.24 Subd. 2. **Removal of personal information; exception.** (a) Upon receipt of an affidavit  
144.25 requesting removal of the personal information of a judicial official that meets the  
144.26 requirements of subdivision 1, the person, business, association, or government entity shall  
144.27 remove the publicly posted personal information within 30 days. If the person, business,  
144.28 association, or government entity fails to remove the publicly posted personal information  
144.29 within 30 days after an affidavit is submitted, the judicial official may file a civil action in  
144.30 a court of competent jurisdiction seeking a court order compelling compliance, including  
144.31 injunctive and declarative relief.

145.1 (b) Paragraph (a) shall not apply to personal information contained in: real property  
145.2 records, as defined in section 480.50, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), when disseminated  
145.3 directly by a government entity or when publicly posted or published in a manner required  
145.4 by statute.

145.5 ~~(1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);~~

145.6 ~~(2) uniform commercial code filings and tax liens maintained by the secretary of state;~~  
145.7 ~~and~~

145.8 ~~(3) any other records maintained by a government entity evidencing title to, or any lien,~~  
145.9 ~~judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.~~

145.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

145.11 Sec. 13. **[480.50] PERSONAL INFORMATION IN REAL PROPERTY RECORDS.**

145.12 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have  
145.13 the meanings given.

145.14 (b) "County recorder" has the meaning given in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause  
145.15 (4).

145.16 (c) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.

145.17 (d) "Judicial official" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1, paragraph  
145.18 (b), except that it does not include: (1) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch, the  
145.19 Office of Administrative Hearings, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the  
145.20 Tax Court; or (2) judges or employees in the Department of Human Services Appeals  
145.21 Division.

145.22 (e) "Personal information" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1,  
145.23 paragraph (c).

145.24 (f) "Real property records" means any of the following:

145.25 (1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);

145.26 (2) Uniform Commercial Code filings and tax liens maintained by the Secretary of State;  
145.27 and

145.28 (3) any other records maintained by a county recorder or other government entity  
145.29 evidencing title to, or any lien, judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.

145.30 (g) "Responsible authority" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 16.

146.1 Subd. 2. **Classification of data.** (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, the personal  
 146.2 information of all judicial officials collected, created, or maintained in real property records  
 146.3 is private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

146.4 (b) If the responsible authority or government entity violates this section, the remedies  
 146.5 and penalties under chapter 13 are available only if the judicial official making a claim  
 146.6 previously provided a real property notice that complies with subdivision 3. If the subject  
 146.7 of the data is the spouse, domestic partner, or adult child of a judicial official who does not  
 146.8 reside with the judicial official, the remedies and penalties under chapter 13 are available  
 146.9 only if the spouse, domestic partner, or adult child previously provided a notification under  
 146.10 subdivision 3 to the responsible authority confirming their status as the spouse, domestic  
 146.11 partner, or adult child of a judicial official. In the case of county records, the notification  
 146.12 shall be filed with the responsible authority that maintains the personal information for  
 146.13 which protection is sought. A notification submitted under this section is private data on  
 146.14 individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

146.15 Subd. 3. **Notification.** (a) For the classification in subdivision 2 to apply to personal  
 146.16 information in real property records, a judicial official must submit a real property notice  
 146.17 in writing to the county recorder in the county where the property identified in the real  
 146.18 property notice is located and to the Office of the Secretary of State. To affect real property  
 146.19 records maintained by any other government entity, a judicial official must submit a real  
 146.20 property notice in writing to the other government entity's responsible authority. If the  
 146.21 personal information is that of the spouse, domestic partner, or adult child of a judicial  
 146.22 official who does not reside with the judicial official, the spouse, domestic partner, or adult  
 146.23 child must submit a real property notice. The real property notice is classified as private  
 146.24 data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. A real property notice must  
 146.25 be on a form provided by the judicial branch and must include:

- 146.26 (1) the full legal name of the individual submitting the form;
- 146.27 (2) the last four digits of the individual's Social Security number;
- 146.28 (3) the individual's date of birth;
- 146.29 (4) the individual's telephone number and email;
- 146.30 (5) the residential address of the individual in Minnesota;
- 146.31 (6) the legal description, parcel identification number, and street address, if any, of the  
 146.32 real property affected by the notice;
- 146.33 (7) if applicable, the document number and certificate of title number; and

147.1 (8) a certification that the individual is a judicial official or the spouse, domestic partner,  
147.2 or adult child of a judicial official that contains the notarized signature of the individual.

147.3 (b) A notice submitted by a judicial official employed by the state must include the  
147.4 employer's business address and a verification of current employment signed by the  
147.5 employer's human resources office.

147.6 (c) A notice submitted pursuant to this subdivision by a spouse, domestic partner, or  
147.7 adult child of a judicial official not residing with the judicial official must include a notarized  
147.8 verification that the individual is the spouse, domestic partner, or adult child of a judicial  
147.9 official.

147.10 (d) Only one parcel of real property may be included in each notice, but an individual  
147.11 may submit more than one notice. A government entity may require an individual to provide  
147.12 additional information necessary to identify the records or the real property described in  
147.13 the notice. An individual submitting a notice must submit a new real property notice if their  
147.14 legal name changes.

147.15 Subd. 4. **Access to real property records.** (a) If an individual submits a notice under  
147.16 subdivision 3, the county recorder or other government entity must not disclose the  
147.17 individual's personal information in conjunction with the property identified in the written  
147.18 notice, unless:

147.19 (1) the individual has consented to sharing or dissemination of the personal information  
147.20 for the purpose identified in a writing signed by the individual and acknowledged by a  
147.21 notary public;

147.22 (2) the personal information is subject to dissemination pursuant to a court order under  
147.23 section 13.03, subdivision 6;

147.24 (3) the personal information is shared with a government entity for the purpose of  
147.25 administering assessment and taxation laws;

147.26 (4) the personal information is disseminated pursuant to subdivision 5; or

147.27 (5) the personal information is shared with the examiner of titles or deputy examiner as  
147.28 necessary to perform their statutory duties under chapters 508 and 508A, including the  
147.29 dissemination of personal information in Reports of Examiner.

147.30 (b) This subdivision does not prevent the county recorder from returning original  
147.31 documents to the person who submitted the documents for recording. Each county recorder  
147.32 shall establish procedures for recording documents to comply with this subdivision. These  
147.33 procedures may include masking personal information and making documents or certificates

148.1 of title containing the personal information private and not viewable except as allowed by  
148.2 this paragraph. The procedure must comply with the requirements of chapters 386, 507,  
148.3 508, and 508A, and other laws as appropriate, to the extent these requirements do not conflict  
148.4 with this section. The procedures must provide public notice of the existence of recorded  
148.5 documents and certificates of title that are not publicly viewable and the provisions for  
148.6 viewing them under this subdivision. Notice that a document or certificate is private and  
148.7 viewable only under this subdivision or subdivision 5 is deemed constructive notice of the  
148.8 document or certificate.

148.9 (c) A real property notice submitted under subdivision 3 shall apply retroactively to all  
148.10 online and digital real property records, but only to the extent the individual submitting the  
148.11 notice provides: (1) for county recorder records, the document number or certificate of title  
148.12 number of each record for which protection is sought, except digitized or scanned tract  
148.13 pages and books; and (2) for other government entity real property records, the parcel  
148.14 identification number of each record for which protection is sought. Otherwise, paragraph  
148.15 (a) applies only to the real property records recorded or filed concurrently with the real  
148.16 property notice specified in subdivision 3 and to real property records affecting the same  
148.17 real property recorded subsequent to the county recorder or other government entity's receipt  
148.18 of the real property notice.

148.19 (d) The county recorder or other government entity shall have 60 days from the date of  
148.20 receipt of a real property notice under subdivision 3 to process the request. If the individual  
148.21 cites exigent circumstances, the county recorder or other government entity shall process  
148.22 the request as soon as practicable.

148.23 (e) The prohibition on disclosure in paragraph (a) continues until:

148.24 (1) the individual has consented to the termination of the real property notice in a writing  
148.25 signed by the individual and acknowledged by a notary public;

148.26 (2) the real property notice is terminated pursuant to a court order;

148.27 (3) the individual no longer holds a record interest in the real property identified in the  
148.28 real property notice;

148.29 (4) the individual is deceased and a certified copy of the death certificate has been filed  
148.30 with the county recorder or other government entity to which a notice was given under  
148.31 subdivision 3; or

148.32 (5) the individual who filed a real property notice pursuant to subdivision 3 no longer  
148.33 qualifies for protection under this section because they are no longer a judicial official or

149.1 the spouse, domestic partner, or adult child of a judicial official. If the individual no longer  
149.2 qualifies for protection under this section, the individual must notify each county recorder  
149.3 or other government entity to which a notice under subdivision 3 was given within 90 days  
149.4 after the individual no longer qualifies for protection.

149.5 (f) Upon termination of the prohibition of disclosure, the county recorder shall make  
149.6 publicly viewable all documents and certificates of title that were previously partially or  
149.7 wholly private and not viewable pursuant to a notice filed under subdivision 3.

149.8 **Subd. 5. Access to personal information in real property records; title**  
149.9 **examination.** (a) Upon request, the individual who submitted the real property notice under  
149.10 subdivision 3 shall verify that the individual's real property is the property subject to a bona  
149.11 fide title exam.

149.12 (b) The county recorder or other government entity shall provide the unredacted real  
149.13 property records of an individual who submitted a real property notice under subdivision 3  
149.14 upon request of any of the following persons:

149.15 (1) a licensed title insurance company representative, a licensed title insurance agent, a  
149.16 licensed abstractor, or an attorney licensed to practice law in Minnesota;

149.17 (2) a mortgage loan originator;

149.18 (3) a real estate broker or a real estate salesperson; and

149.19 (4) an individual or entity that has made or received an offer for the purchase of real  
149.20 property to or from an individual who submitted a real property notice under subdivision 3  
149.21 whose address is subject to nondisclosure, provided the request is accompanied by a written  
149.22 consent from the individual.

149.23 (c) A request made under paragraph (a) or (b) must be made on a notarized form and  
149.24 include:

149.25 (1) the full legal name, title, address, and place of employment, if applicable, of the  
149.26 person requesting the real property records;

149.27 (2) the lawful purpose for requesting the real property records;

149.28 (3) the requestor's relationship, if any, to the individual who submitted a real property  
149.29 notice under subdivision 3;

149.30 (4) the legal description of the property subject to the title examination; and

149.31 (5) proof of the requestor's licensure.

150.1 (d) Personal information provided under this subdivision may be used only for the  
150.2 purposes authorized in this subdivision or the lawful purposes set forth in the request for  
150.3 disclosure form and may not be further disseminated to any other person. A person receiving  
150.4 private data under this subdivision shall establish procedures to protect the data from further  
150.5 dissemination unless further dissemination is required by law. However, the dissemination  
150.6 of personal information in real property records by a licensed attorney or any employees in  
150.7 the office of the licensed attorney is permitted when reasonably necessary for the provision  
150.8 of legal services.

150.9 Subd. 6. Service fees to county recorder or other government entity. The county  
150.10 recorder or any other government entity is authorized to charge the following service fees:

150.11 (1) up to \$75 for each real property notice under subdivision 3;

150.12 (2) up to \$75 for each consent submitted under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1),  
150.13 and subdivision 4, paragraph (e), clause (1); and

150.14 (3) up to \$75 for each request submitted under subdivision 5.

150.15 These service fees shall not be considered county recorder fees under section 357.18 or  
150.16 registrar of titles fees under section 508.82 or 508A.82 and shall be deposited into the county  
150.17 recorder or other government entity's general fund.

150.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

150.19 **ARTICLE 10**  
150.20 **MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE**

150.21 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.45, is amended to read:

150.22 **272.45 TAXES PAID BY TENANT, OCCUPANT, OR OTHER PERSON BECOME**  
150.23 **LIEN, UPON NOTICE FILED WITH COUNTY RECORDER OR REGISTRAR OF**  
150.24 **TITLES.**

150.25 When any past due or delinquent tax on land is paid by any occupant, tenant, or person  
150.26 with ~~an~~ a legal or equitable interest in the land other than a lien, or a person acting on that  
150.27 person's behalf, which, by agreement or otherwise, ought to have been paid by the owner,  
150.28 lessor, or other party in interest, such occupant, tenant, or person may recover by action the  
150.29 amount which such owner, lessor, or party in interest ought to have paid, with interest  
150.30 thereon at the rate of 12 percent per annum, or may retain the same from any rent due or  
150.31 accruing from the person to such owner or lessor for land on which such tax is so paid. A  
150.32 person making a payment under this section may file with the county recorder or registrar

151.1 of titles of the proper county a ~~notice~~ sworn statement stating the amount and date of such  
151.2 payment, with a copy of the receipt attached, and stating the legal or equitable interest  
151.3 claimed in the land, with a description of the land against which the taxes were charged;  
151.4 and the same shall thereupon be a lien as of the date of recording of the sworn statement  
151.5 upon such land in favor of the person paying the same until the same is paid. The county  
151.6 recorder shall record such ~~notice~~ sworn statement in the indices maintained by the county  
151.7 recorder. The registrar of titles shall record the ~~notice~~ sworn statement on the certificate of  
151.8 title for the land. Upon the payment of any such lien, the person filing such ~~notice~~ sworn  
151.9 statement shall satisfy the same of record.

151.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

151.11 Subdivision 1. **Postponement by mortgagee.** (a) The sale may be postponed, from time  
151.12 to time, by the party conducting the foreclosure. The party requesting the postponement  
151.13 must, at the party's expense:

151.14 (1) publish, only once, a notice of the postponement and the rescheduled date of the sale,  
151.15 if known, as soon as practicable, in the newspaper in which the notice under section 580.03  
151.16 was published; and

151.17 (2) send by first class mail to the occupant, postmarked within three business days of  
151.18 the postponed sale, notice:

151.19 (i) of the postponement; and

151.20 (ii) if known, of the rescheduled date of the sale and the date on or before which the  
151.21 mortgagor must vacate the property if the sheriff's sale is not further postponed, the mortgage  
151.22 is not reinstated under section 580.30, the property is not redeemed under section 580.23,  
151.23 or the redemption period is not reduced under section 582.032. The notice must state that  
151.24 the time to vacate the property is 11:59 p.m. on the specified date.

151.25 (b) If the rescheduled date of the sale is not known at the time of the initial publication  
151.26 and notice to the occupant of postponement, the foreclosing party must, at its expense if  
151.27 and when a new date of sale is scheduled:

151.28 (1) publish, only once, notice of the rescheduled date of the sale, as soon as practicable,  
151.29 in the newspaper in which the notice under section 580.03 and the notice of postponement  
151.30 under paragraph (a) was published; and

151.31 (2) send by first class mail to the occupant, postmarked within ten days of the rescheduled  
151.32 sale, notice:

152.1 (i) of the date of the rescheduled sale; and

152.2 (ii) of the date on or before which the mortgagor must vacate the property if the mortgage  
152.3 is not reinstated under section 580.30 or the property redeemed under section 580.23. The  
152.4 notice must state that the time to vacate the property is 11:59 p.m. on the specified date.

152.5 (c) The right of a mortgagee to postpone a foreclosure sale under this section applies to  
152.6 a foreclosure by action taken under chapter 581.

152.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, for judicial foreclosures  
152.8 with the lis pendens recorded on or after the effective date.

152.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

152.10 Subd. 2. **Postponement by mortgagor or owner.** (a) If all or a part of the property to  
152.11 be sold is classified as homestead under section 273.124 and contains one to four dwelling  
152.12 units, the mortgagor or owner may, in the manner provided in this subdivision, postpone  
152.13 the sale to the first date that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday and is:

152.14 (1) five months after the originally scheduled date of sale if the original redemption  
152.15 period was six months under section 580.23, subdivision 1; or

152.16 (2) 11 months after the originally scheduled date of sale if the original redemption period  
152.17 was 12 months under section 580.23, subdivision 2. To postpone a foreclosure sale pursuant  
152.18 to this subdivision, at any time after the first publication of the notice of mortgage foreclosure  
152.19 sale under section 580.03 but at least 15 days prior to the scheduled sale date specified in  
152.20 that notice, the mortgagor shall: (1) execute a sworn affidavit in the form set forth in  
152.21 subdivision 3, (2) record the affidavit in the office of each county recorder and registrar of  
152.22 titles where the mortgage was recorded, and (3) file with the sheriff conducting the sale and  
152.23 deliver to the attorney foreclosing the mortgage a copy of the recorded affidavit, showing  
152.24 the date and office in which the affidavit was recorded. Recording of the affidavit and  
152.25 postponement of the foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically reduce  
152.26 the mortgagor's redemption period under section 580.23 to five weeks. The postponement  
152.27 of a foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision does not require any change in the contents  
152.28 of the notice of sale, service of the notice of sale if the occupant was served with the notice  
152.29 of sale prior to postponement under this subdivision, or publication of the notice of sale if  
152.30 publication was commenced prior to postponement under this subdivision, notwithstanding  
152.31 the service and publication time periods specified in section 580.03, but the sheriff's  
152.32 certificate of sale shall indicate the actual date of the foreclosure sale and the actual length  
152.33 of the mortgagor's redemption period. No notice of postponement need be published. An

153.1 affidavit complying with subdivision 3 shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated  
153.2 therein, and shall be entitled to be recorded. The right to postpone a foreclosure sale pursuant  
153.3 to this subdivision may be exercised only once, regardless whether the mortgagor reinstates  
153.4 the mortgage prior to the postponed mortgage foreclosure sale.

153.5 (b) If the automatic stay under United States Code, title 11, section 362, applies to the  
153.6 mortgage foreclosure after a mortgagor or owner requests postponement of the sheriff's sale  
153.7 under this section, then when the automatic stay is no longer applicable, the mortgagor's or  
153.8 owner's election to shorten the redemption period to five weeks under this section remains  
153.9 applicable to the mortgage foreclosure.

153.10 (c) Except for the circumstances set forth in paragraph (b), this section does not reduce  
153.11 the mortgagor's redemption period under section 580.23 for any subsequent foreclosure of  
153.12 the mortgage.

153.13 (d) The right of a mortgagor or owner to postpone a foreclosure sale under this section  
153.14 applies to a foreclosure by action taken under chapter 581.

153.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, for judicial foreclosures  
153.16 with the lis pendens recorded on or after the effective date.

153.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.10, is amended to read:

153.18 **580.10 SURPLUS.**

153.19 Subdivision 1. **Demand for surplus.** In all cases not provided for in section 580.09, and  
153.20 except as required by subdivision 3, if, after sale of any real estate, made as herein prescribed,  
153.21 there remains in the hands of the officer making the sale any surplus money, after satisfying  
153.22 the mortgage, with interest, taxes paid, and costs of sale, the surplus shall be paid over by  
153.23 such officer, on demand, to the mortgagor, the mortgagor's legal representatives or assigns.  
153.24 Any surplus of \$100 or greater shall be held by the sheriff for the duration of the time  
153.25 allowed for redemption under section 580.23 or 582.032, whichever is applicable, and if  
153.26 requested by the owner, applied toward a redemption as described in subdivision 3. If there  
153.27 is no redemption under section 580.23 or 582.032, a surplus of \$100 or greater shall be paid  
153.28 first to junior creditors with liens of record at the time of the sheriff's sale in order of priority,  
153.29 if demanded by a junior creditor within the time allowed for redemption under section  
153.30 580.23 or 582.032, whichever is applicable, and thereafter to the owner of record at the time  
153.31 of the sheriff's sale, or as provided by court order under section 580.28. A demand by a  
153.32 party other than the owner shall be accompanied by an affidavit stating the amount remaining  
153.33 unpaid and the interest creating a right to the surplus.

154.1 Subd. 2. **Notice of surplus.** When there is a surplus of \$100 or greater, the sheriff shall  
154.2 notify the owner by mail sent to the property address, or, if no street address is assigned for  
154.3 the property on the property tax statement, to the taxpayer's address on the property tax  
154.4 statement, that a surplus exists and to call the sheriff's office for more information about  
154.5 the surplus and how to make a claim to the surplus. The notice shall also include contact  
154.6 information for the Minnesota Homeownership Center and a statement to call the Minnesota  
154.7 Homeownership Center for information about redemption and surplus.

154.8 Subd. 3. **Request by owner to have surplus applied.** At any time during the owner's  
154.9 redemption period, the owner of record at the time of the sheriff's sale may submit a written  
154.10 request to the sheriff to have the surplus applied to the redemption amount. The right to  
154.11 have the surplus applied to the redemption amount is not transferable to any subsequent  
154.12 owner.

154.13 Subd. 4. **Surplus less than \$100.** If a surplus remains under \$100, the sheriff may pay  
154.14 the surplus amount to the owner of record at the time of the sheriff's sale.

154.15 Subd. 5. **Resolution of competing claims.** If there are competing claims or if it appears  
154.16 to the sheriff that any claim is not meritorious, the sheriff may apply to the court in the  
154.17 county in which the sale was made and set forth by petition the facts then known to the  
154.18 sheriff, and the names and addresses of the owner and all known claimants to the surplus,  
154.19 at no cost to the sheriff. The sheriff shall retain the surplus until further order of the court  
154.20 under section 580.28. If a hearing is scheduled, the sheriff may participate in an advisory  
154.21 capacity. The sheriff shall be represented by the county attorney. The sheriff shall give  
154.22 notice of the opening of the court file to the holders of the claims by service of the petition  
154.23 in the manner of a summons under the Rules of Civil Procedure. Failure of an owner to  
154.24 participate in the court action does not waive the right of that owner to the surplus.

154.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.225, is amended to read:

154.26 **580.225 SATISFACTION OF JUDGMENT MORTGAGE.**

154.27 The amount received from foreclosure sale under this chapter is full satisfaction of the  
154.28 mortgage debt, except as provided in section 582.30.

154.29 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.24, is amended to read:

154.30 **580.24 REDEMPTION BY CREDITOR.**

154.31 (a) If no redemption is made by the mortgagor, the mortgagor's personal representatives  
154.32 or assigns, the most senior creditor having a legal or equitable lien upon the mortgaged

155.1 premises, or some part of it, subsequent to the foreclosed mortgage, may redeem within  
 155.2 ~~seven~~ 14 days after the expiration of the redemption period determined under section 580.23  
 155.3 or 582.032, whichever is applicable; and each subsequent creditor having a lien may redeem,  
 155.4 in the order of priority of their respective liens, within ~~seven~~ 14 days after the time allowed  
 155.5 the prior lienholder by paying the amount required under this section. However, no creditor  
 155.6 is entitled to redeem unless, one week or more prior to the expiration of the period allowed  
 155.7 for redemption by the mortgagor, the creditor:

155.8 (1) records with each county recorder and registrar of titles where the foreclosed mortgage  
 155.9 is recorded a notice of the creditor's intention to redeem;

155.10 (2) records with each county recorder and registrar of titles where the notice of the  
 155.11 creditor's intention to redeem is recorded all documents necessary to create the lien on the  
 155.12 mortgaged premises and to evidence the creditor's ownership of the lien, including a copy  
 155.13 of any money judgment necessary to create the lien; and

155.14 (3) after complying with clauses (1) and (2), delivers to the sheriff who conducted the  
 155.15 foreclosure sale or the sheriff's successor in office a copy of each of the documents required  
 155.16 to be recorded under clauses (1) and (2), with the office, date and time of filing for record  
 155.17 stated on the first page of each document.

155.18 The sheriff shall maintain for public inspection all documents delivered to the sheriff  
 155.19 and shall note the date of delivery on each document. The sheriff may charge a fee of \$100  
 155.20 for the documents delivered to the sheriff relating to each lien. The sheriff shall maintain  
 155.21 copies of documents delivered to the sheriff for a period of six months after the end of the  
 155.22 mortgagor's redemption period.

155.23 (b) Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and the first day following the expiration of the  
 155.24 prior redemption period must be included in computing the ~~seven-day~~ 14-day redemption  
 155.25 period. When the last day of the period falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, that  
 155.26 day must be omitted from the computation. The order of redemption by judgment creditors  
 155.27 subsequent to the foreclosed mortgage shall be determined by the order in which their  
 155.28 judgments were entered as memorials on the certificate of title for the foreclosed premises  
 155.29 or docketed in the office of the district court administrator if the property is not registered  
 155.30 under chapter 508 or 508A, regardless of the homestead status of the property. All mechanic's  
 155.31 lienholders who have coordinate liens shall have one combined ~~seven-day~~ 14-day period  
 155.32 to redeem.

156.1 (c) The amount required to redeem from the holder of the sheriff's certificate of sale is  
156.2 the amount required under section 580.23. The amount required to redeem from a ~~person~~  
156.3 creditor holding a certificate of redemption is:

156.4 (1) the amount paid to redeem as shown on the certificate of redemption; plus

156.5 (2) interest on that amount to the date of redemption at the rates stated on the certificate  
156.6 of sale and the affidavit provided by section 580.25, clause (3), or six percent if no rate is  
156.7 otherwise stated; plus

156.8 (3) the amount claimed due on the ~~person's~~ creditor's lien, as shown on the affidavit  
156.9 under section 580.25, clause (3).

156.10 (d) If the sheriff determines there is a dispute or question of validity about a redemption,  
156.11 the sheriff may accept the amount required to redeem, together with documents in support  
156.12 of the redemption, from one or more creditors competing for or claiming a right to redeem,  
156.13 without executing and delivering a certificate of redemption, and the sheriff may commence  
156.14 an action under section 580.28 at no cost to the sheriff. A creditor subject to a dispute or  
156.15 question of validity about a redemption may submit the matter for adjudication of the court  
156.16 under section 580.28. If the sheriff does not execute and deliver a certificate of redemption  
156.17 under this section, all further junior creditor redemption periods are stayed until determined  
156.18 by the court, and all junior creditors who have recorded notices of intent to redeem should  
156.19 be included in the action under section 580.28. The amount required to redeem may be paid  
156.20 to the holder of the sheriff's certificate of sale or the certificate of redemption, as the case  
156.21 may be, or to the sheriff for the holder.

156.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for redemptions occurring after January  
156.23 1, 2026.

156.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.25, is amended to read:

156.25 **580.25 CREDITOR REDEMPTION, HOW MADE.**

156.26 Redemption shall be made as provided in this section.

156.27 The ~~person~~ creditor desiring to redeem shall pay the amount required by law for the  
156.28 redemption, and shall produce to the person or officer receiving the redemption payment:

156.29 (1) a copy of the docket of the judgment, or of the recorded deed or mortgage, or of the  
156.30 record or files evidencing any other lien under which the ~~person~~ creditor claims a right to  
156.31 redeem;

157.1 (2) a copy of any recorded assignment necessary to evidence the person's creditor's  
 157.2 ownership of the lien. If the redemption is under an assignment of a judgment, the assignment  
 157.3 shall be filed in the court entering the judgment, as provided by law, and the person creditor  
 157.4 so redeeming shall produce a copy of it and of the record of its filing, and the copy of the  
 157.5 docket shall show that the proper entry was made upon the docket. No further evidence of  
 157.6 the assignment of the judgment is required unless the mortgaged premises or part of it is  
 157.7 registered property, in which case the judgment and all assignments of the judgment must  
 157.8 be entered as a memorial upon the certificate of title to the mortgaged premises and a copy  
 157.9 of the judgment and each assignment with the certificate of record endorsed on it must be  
 157.10 produced; and

157.11 (3) an affidavit of the person creditor or the person's creditor's agent, ~~showing the amount~~  
 157.12 ~~then actually claimed due on the person's~~ identifying the lien and required to be paid on the  
 157.13 ~~lien in order to redeem from the person~~ under which the creditor claims a right to redeem  
 157.14 and stating the amount then actually claimed due and owing on the lien and stating the  
 157.15 interest rate on the lien. Additional fees and charges may be claimed due only as provided  
 157.16 in section 582.03. The sheriff receiving the affidavit may furnish a copy of the affidavit to  
 157.17 any interested party, upon request.

157.18 If redemption is made to the sheriff, the sheriff may charge a fee of \$250 for issuing the  
 157.19 certificate of redemption and any related service. No other fee may be charged by the sheriff  
 157.20 for a redemption.

157.21 Within 24 hours after a redemption is made, or as soon as reasonably possible, the person  
 157.22 redeeming shall cause the documents so required to be produced to be recorded with the  
 157.23 county recorder, or registrar of titles, or both when appropriate, who may receive fees as  
 157.24 prescribed in section 357.18 or 508.82. If the redemption is made at any place other than  
 157.25 the county seat, it is sufficient forthwith to deposit the documents in the nearest post office,  
 157.26 addressed to the recorder or registrar of titles, with the postage prepaid within 24 hours after  
 157.27 redemption is made or as soon as reasonably possible. A person recording documents  
 157.28 produced for redemption shall, on the same day, deliver copies of the documents to the  
 157.29 sheriff for public inspection. The sheriff may receive a fee of \$20 for the documents delivered  
 157.30 following a redemption. The sheriff shall note the date of delivery on the documents and  
 157.31 shall maintain for public inspection all documents delivered to the sheriff for a period of  
 157.32 six months after the end of the mortgagor's redemption period.

157.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for redemptions occurring after January  
 157.34 1, 2026.

158.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.26, is amended to read:

158.2 **580.26 CERTIFICATE OF REDEMPTION; RECORD.**

158.3 The person or officer from whom such redemption is made shall make and deliver to  
158.4 the person redeeming a certificate executed and acknowledged in the same manner as a  
158.5 conveyance, containing:

158.6 (1) if redeemed under section 580.23 or 582.032, the name of the person mortgagor or  
158.7 the mortgagor's legal representative or assignee redeeming, and if redeemed under section  
158.8 580.25, the name of the creditor redeeming, and the amount paid by the person on such  
158.9 redemption to redeem;

158.10 (2) a description of the sale for which such redemption is made, and of the property  
158.11 redeemed;

158.12 (3) a statement of the claim upon which such redemption is made and, if upon a lien,  
158.13 the amount claimed to be due thereon at the date of redemption.

158.14 If redemption is made by the owner of the property sold, the owner's heirs, personal  
158.15 representatives, or assigns, such certificate shall be recorded within ~~four days~~ one week  
158.16 after the expiration of the period allowed by law to the owner for redemption and, if made  
158.17 by a creditor holding a lien, the certificate shall be recorded within ~~four days~~ one week after  
158.18 such redemption. Unless so recorded, the certificate shall be void as only against any person  
158.19 in good faith redeeming from the same person or lien.

158.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for redemptions occurring after January  
158.21 1, 2026.

158.22 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 580.28, is amended to read:

158.23 **580.28 ACTION TO SET ASIDE MORTGAGE; FORECLOSURE; REDEMPTION.**

158.24 When an action is brought wherein it is claimed that any mortgage as to the plaintiff or  
158.25 person for whose benefit the action is brought is fraudulent or void, or has been paid or  
158.26 discharged, in whole or in part, or the relative priority or the validity of liens, redemption  
158.27 rights, or rights to any surplus is disputed, if such mortgage has been foreclosed by  
158.28 advertisement, and the time for redemption from the foreclosure sale will expire before final  
158.29 judgment in such action, the plaintiff or beneficiary having the right to redeem, for the  
158.30 purpose of saving such right in case the action fails, may deposit with the sheriff before the  
158.31 time of redemption expires the amount for which the mortgaged premises were sold, with  
158.32 interest thereon to the time of deposit, together with a ~~bond to the holder of the sheriff's~~

159.1 ~~certificate of sale, in an amount and with sureties to be approved by the sheriff, conditioned~~  
 159.2 ~~to pay all interest that may accrue or be allowed on such deposit if the action fail~~ separate  
 159.3 deposit with the sheriff of one year's interest on the amount deposited. The person shall, in  
 159.4 writing, notify such sheriff that ~~the person claims the mortgage to be fraudulent or void, or~~  
 159.5 ~~to have been paid or discharged, in whole or in part, as the case may be, and that such action~~  
 159.6 is pending, and direct the sheriff to retain such money ~~and bond~~ until final judgment or  
 159.7 other order of the court. ~~In case such action fails~~ If so ordered by the court, such deposit  
 159.8 shall operate as a redemption of the premises from such foreclosure sale, and entitle the  
 159.9 plaintiff to a certificate thereof. Such foreclosure, deposit, ~~bond,~~ and notice shall be brought  
 159.10 to the attention of the court by supplemental complaint in the action, and the judgment shall  
 159.11 determine the validity of the foreclosure sale, and the rights of the parties to the moneys  
 159.12 ~~and bond~~ so deposited, which shall be paid and delivered by the sheriff as directed by such  
 159.13 judgment upon delivery to the sheriff of a certified copy thereof. The remedy herein provided  
 159.14 shall be in addition to other remedies now existing.

159.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for redemptions occurring after January  
 159.16 1, 2026.

159.17 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 581.02, is amended to read:

159.18 **581.02 APPLICATION, CERTAIN SECTIONS.**

159.19 (a) The provisions of sections 580.08, 580.09, 580.12, 580.22, 580.25, and 580.27, so  
 159.20 far as they relate to the form of the certificate of sale, shall apply to and govern the  
 159.21 foreclosure of mortgages by action.

159.22 (b) Section 580.07 applies to actions for the foreclosure of mortgages taken under this  
 159.23 chapter.

159.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025, for judicial foreclosures  
 159.25 with the lis pendens recorded on or after the effective date.

159.26 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 582.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

159.27 Subdivision 1. **Allowable costs collectable upon redemption.** The holder of any sheriff's  
 159.28 certificate of sale, from a foreclosure by advertisement or action of a mortgage or lien or  
 159.29 execution, or the holder of any certificate of redemption as a junior creditor during the  
 159.30 period of redemption, may pay and claim the following on redemption: any taxes or  
 159.31 assessments on which any penalty would otherwise accrue, and any costs of a hazard  
 159.32 insurance policy for the holder's interest in the mortgaged premises incurred for the period

160.1 of holding the sheriff's certificate, any costs incurred when an order to reduce a mortgagor's  
 160.2 redemption period under section 582.032 is entered, including costs and disbursements  
 160.3 awarded under section 582.032, subdivision 9, any fees paid to the county recorder, registrar  
 160.4 of titles, or sheriff to obtain or record the certificates of sale or redemption or notices of  
 160.5 intention to redeem, any reasonable fees paid to licensed real estate brokers for broker price  
 160.6 opinions or to licensed appraisers for appraisals, any deed tax paid to file a certificate of  
 160.7 redemption, reasonable attorney fees incurred after the foreclosure sale not to exceed one-half  
 160.8 of the amount authorized by section 582.01, any costs incurred under section 582.031, and  
 160.9 any interest or installment of principal upon any prior or superior mortgage, lien, or contract  
 160.10 for deed in default or that becomes due during the period of redemption. In all such cases,  
 160.11 the costs so paid and claimed due, with interest from the date of payment at the rate stated  
 160.12 in the certificate of sale or at six percent if no rate is stated, shall be a part of the sum required  
 160.13 to be paid to redeem from such sale. No other costs, fees, interest, or other amount may be  
 160.14 added to the amount necessary to redeem.

160.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for affidavits filed with the sheriff after  
 160.16 January 1, 2026.

160.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 582.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

160.18 Subd. 2. **Affidavit of allowable costs.** Any payments made and claimed due under  
 160.19 subdivision 1 shall be proved by the affidavit of the holder of the sheriff's certificate or its  
 160.20 agent or attorney, itemizing each of the allowable costs and the date of payment and  
 160.21 describing the premises. The affidavit must be filed with the sheriff of the county in which  
 160.22 the sale was held at any time prior to expiration of the mortgagor's redemption period. Upon  
 160.23 written request by the sheriff, the holder of the sheriff's certificate or certificate of redemption  
 160.24 shall provide an affidavit of allowable costs to the sheriff within seven days of the date of  
 160.25 the request by the sheriff. If the mortgagor does not redeem within seven days after the  
 160.26 affidavit is filed, the holder of the sheriff's certificate may file a supplemental affidavit if  
 160.27 additional allowable costs are incurred during the redemption period. If the holder of the  
 160.28 sheriff's certificate or certificate of redemption fails to respond to the sheriff's request within  
 160.29 seven days, the sheriff may calculate a redemption amount pursuant to section 580.23,  
 160.30 subdivision 1, and issue a certificate of redemption for that amount. If the time allowed to  
 160.31 redeem is less than seven days from the expiration of the redemption period, the sheriff  
 160.32 shall make a reasonable effort to request the affidavit of allowable costs in writing from the  
 160.33 holder of the sheriff's certificate, its agent, or attorney before issuing a certificate of  
 160.34 redemption. If the affidavit of allowable costs is not provided more than one business day  
 160.35 before the expiration of the redemption period, at any time one business day or less before

161.1 the expiration of the redemption period, the sheriff may calculate a redemption amount  
161.2 pursuant to section 580.23, subdivision 1, and issue a certificate of redemption for that  
161.3 amount. The amount calculated by the sheriff, absent malfeasance by the sheriff, binds the  
161.4 holder of the sheriff's certificate even if the amount calculated by the sheriff is less than the  
161.5 actual amount due.

161.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for affidavits filed with the sheriff after  
161.7 January 1, 2026.

161.8 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 582.043, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

161.9 Subd. 6. **Dual tracking.** (a) If the servicer has received a loss mitigation application and  
161.10 the subject mortgage loan has not already been referred to an attorney for foreclosure, a  
161.11 servicer shall not refer the subject mortgage loan to an attorney for foreclosure while the  
161.12 mortgagor's application is pending, unless:

161.13 (1) the servicer determines that the mortgagor is not eligible for any loss mitigation  
161.14 option, the servicer informs the mortgagor of the determination in writing, and the applicable  
161.15 appeal period has expired without an appeal or the appeal has been properly denied;

161.16 (2) where a written offer is made and a written acceptance is required, the mortgagor  
161.17 fails to accept the loss mitigation offer within the time frame specified in the offer or within  
161.18 14 days after the date of the offer, whichever is longer; or

161.19 (3) the mortgagor declines the loss mitigation offer in writing.

161.20 (b) If the servicer receives a loss mitigation application after the subject mortgage loan  
161.21 has been referred to an attorney for foreclosure, but before a foreclosure sale has been  
161.22 scheduled, a servicer shall not move for an order of foreclosure, seek a foreclosure judgment,  
161.23 or conduct a foreclosure sale unless:

161.24 (1) the servicer determines that the mortgagor is not eligible for a loss mitigation option,  
161.25 the servicer informs the mortgagor of this determination in writing, and the applicable appeal  
161.26 period has expired without an appeal or the appeal has been properly denied;

161.27 (2) where a written offer is made and a written acceptance is required, the mortgagor  
161.28 fails to accept the loss mitigation offer within the time frame specified in the offer or within  
161.29 14 days after the date of the offer, whichever is longer; or

161.30 (3) the mortgagor declines a loss mitigation offer in writing.

161.31 (c) If the servicer receives a loss mitigation application after the foreclosure sale has  
161.32 been scheduled, but before midnight of the seventh business day prior to the foreclosure

162.1 sale date, the servicer must halt the foreclosure sale and evaluate the application. If required  
162.2 to halt the foreclosure sale and evaluate the application, the servicer may cancel the  
162.3 foreclosure sale or postpone the foreclosure sale under section 580.07, subdivision 1, but  
162.4 must not move for an order of foreclosure, seek a foreclosure judgment, or conduct a  
162.5 foreclosure sale unless 60 days have passed since the occurrence of one of the following,  
162.6 whichever is applicable:

162.7 (1) the servicer determines that the mortgagor is not eligible for a loss mitigation option,  
162.8 the servicer informs the mortgagor of this determination in writing, and the applicable appeal  
162.9 period has expired without an appeal or the appeal has been properly denied;

162.10 (2) where a written offer is made and a written acceptance is required, the mortgagor  
162.11 fails to accept the loss mitigation offer within the time frame specified in the offer or within  
162.12 14 days after the date of the offer, whichever is longer; or

162.13 (3) the mortgagor declines a loss mitigation offer in writing.

162.14 (d) A servicer shall not move for an order of foreclosure or conduct a foreclosure sale  
162.15 under any of the following circumstances:

162.16 (1) the mortgagor is in compliance with the terms of a trial or permanent loan  
162.17 modification, or other loss mitigation option; or

162.18 (2) a short sale has been approved by all necessary parties and proof of funds or financing  
162.19 has been provided to the servicer.

## 162.20 **ARTICLE 11**

### 162.21 **CIVIL LAW**

162.22 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.223, is amended to read:

#### 162.23 **144.223 REPORT OF MARRIAGE.**

162.24 Data relating to the number of certificates of marriage registered ~~shall~~ must be reported  
162.25 to the state registrar by the local registrar or designee of the county board in each of the 87  
162.26 registration districts ~~pursuant to the rules of the commissioner. The information in clause~~  
162.27 ~~(1) necessary to compile the report shall be furnished by the applicant prior to the issuance~~  
162.28 ~~of the marriage license. The report shall contain the following:~~ in a format and with the  
162.29 frequency determined by the state registrar.

162.30 ~~(1) personal information on bride and groom:~~

162.31 ~~(i) name;~~

163.1 ~~(ii) residence;~~

163.2 ~~(iii) date and place of birth;~~

163.3 ~~(iv) if previously married, how terminated; and~~

163.4 ~~(v) signature of applicant, date signed, and Social Security number; and~~

163.5 ~~(2) information concerning the marriage:~~

163.6 ~~(i) date of marriage;~~

163.7 ~~(ii) place of marriage; and~~

163.8 ~~(iii) civil or religious ceremony.~~

163.9 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260C.419, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

163.10 Subd. 2. **Statewide Office of Appellate Counsel and Training; establishment.** (a)

163.11 The Statewide Office of Appellate Counsel and Training is ~~established as an independent~~

163.12 ~~state office~~ created as an agency in the executive branch, with powers and duties established

163.13 by law. The office shall be responsible for:

163.14 (1) establishing and maintaining a system for providing appellate representation to  
163.15 parents in juvenile protection matters, as provided in section 260C.163, subdivision 3,  
163.16 paragraph (c), and in Tribal court jurisdictions;

163.17 (2) providing training to all parent attorneys practicing in the state on topics relevant to  
163.18 their practice and establishing practice standards and training requirements for parent  
163.19 attorneys practicing in the state; and

163.20 (3) collaborating with the Minnesota Department of Children, Youth, and Families to  
163.21 coordinate and secure federal Title IV-E support for counties and Tribes interested in  
163.22 accessing federal funding.

163.23 (b) The office shall be governed by a board as provided in subdivision 3.

163.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260C.419, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

163.25 Subd. 3. **State Board of Appellate Counsel and Training; structure; membership.** (a)

163.26 The State Board of Appellate Counsel and Training is established to direct the Statewide

163.27 Office of Appellate Counsel and Training. The board shall consist of seven members,

163.28 including:

163.29 (1) four public members appointed by the governor; and

164.1 (2) three members appointed by the supreme court, at least one of whom must have  
164.2 experience representing parents in juvenile court and who include two attorneys admitted  
164.3 to practice law in the state and one public member.

164.4 (b) The appointing authorities may not appoint any of the following to be a member of  
164.5 the board:

164.6 (1) a person who is a judge;

164.7 (2) a person who is a registered lobbyist;

164.8 (3) a person serving as a guardian ad litem or counsel for a guardian ad litem;

164.9 (4) a person who serves as counsel for children in juvenile court;

164.10 (5) a person under contract with or employed by the Department of Children, Youth,  
164.11 and Families or a county department of human or social services; or

164.12 (6) a current city or county attorney or assistant city or county attorney.

164.13 (c) All members shall demonstrate an interest in maintaining a high quality, independent  
164.14 appellate defense system for parents in juvenile protection proceedings who are unable to  
164.15 obtain adequate representation, a robust program for parent attorneys in Minnesota, and an  
164.16 efficient coordination effort, in collaboration with the Department of Children, Youth, and  
164.17 Families, to secure and utilize Title IV-E funding. At least one member of the board appointed  
164.18 by the governor must be a representative from a federally recognized Indian Tribe. No more  
164.19 than five members of the board may belong to the same political party. At least three  
164.20 members of the board shall be from judicial districts other than the First, Second, Fourth,  
164.21 and Tenth Judicial Districts. To the extent practicable, the membership of the board must  
164.22 include persons with disabilities, reflect the ethnic diversity of the state, take into  
164.23 consideration race and gender, and include persons from throughout the state. The members  
164.24 shall be well acquainted with representing parents in district court and appellate proceedings  
164.25 related to child protection matters as well as the law that affects a parent attorney's work,  
164.26 including chapter 260C, the Rules of Juvenile Protection Procedure, the Rules of Civil  
164.27 Appellate Procedure, the Indian Child Welfare Act, and the Minnesota Indian Family  
164.28 Preservation Act. The terms, compensation, and removal of members shall be as provided  
164.29 in section 15.0575. The governor shall designate one member to serve as the initial chair.  
164.30 Upon the expiration of the initial chair's term, board members shall elect a chair from among  
164.31 the membership and the chair shall serve a term of two years.

165.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260C.419, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

165.2 Subd. 4. **Head appellate counsel for parents; assistant ~~and contracted~~ attorneys;**  
 165.3 **other employees.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2024, and for every four years after that date,  
 165.4 the board shall appoint a head appellate counsel in charge of executing the responsibilities  
 165.5 of the office who shall provide for sufficient appellate counsel for parents and other personnel  
 165.6 necessary to discharge the functions of the office. The head appellate counsel shall serve a  
 165.7 four-year term and may be removed only for cause upon the order of the board. The head  
 165.8 appellate counsel shall be a full-time ~~qualified~~ attorney, licensed to practice law in this state,  
 165.9 and serve in the unclassified service of the state. Vacancies of the office shall be filled by  
 165.10 the appointing authority for the unexpired term. The head appellate counsel shall devote  
 165.11 full time to the performance of duties and shall not engage in the general practice of law.  
 165.12 The ~~compensation~~ salary of the head appellate counsel shall be set ~~by the board and shall~~  
 165.13 ~~be commensurate with county attorneys in the state~~ according to section 43A.18, subdivision  
 165.14 3.

165.15 (b) ~~Consistent with the decisions of the board,~~ The head appellate counsel shall employ  
 165.16 ~~assistants or hire independent contractors~~ or appoint attorneys to serve as assistant appellate  
 165.17 counsel for parents. Each assistant appellate counsel ~~and independent contractor~~ serves at  
 165.18 the pleasure of the head appellate counsel. The ~~compensation of~~ salary ranges for assistant  
 165.19 appellate counsel ~~and independent contractors~~ shall be set ~~by the board and shall be~~  
 165.20 ~~commensurate with county attorneys in the state~~ in consultation with Minnesota Management  
 165.21 and Budget.

165.22 (c) A person serving as appellate counsel shall be a ~~qualified~~ an attorney licensed to  
 165.23 practice law in this state. A person serving as appellate counsel practicing in Tribal court  
 165.24 shall be a licensed attorney qualified to practice law in Tribal courts in the state. Assistant  
 165.25 appellate counsel and contracted appellate counsel may engage in the general practice of  
 165.26 law where not employed or contracted to provide services on a full-time basis.

165.27 (d) The head appellate counsel shall, consistent with the responsibilities under subdivision  
 165.28 2, employ or hire the following:

165.29 (1) one managing appellate attorney;

165.30 (2) two staff attorneys;

165.31 (3) one director of training;

165.32 (4) one program administrator to support Title IV-E reimbursement in collaboration  
 165.33 with the Department of Children, Youth, and Families; and

166.1 (5) one office administrator.

166.2 (e) ~~Each employee~~ All attorneys identified in paragraph (d) ~~serves~~ serve at the pleasure  
166.3 of the head appellate counsel. ~~The~~ Other employees shall serve in the classified service.  
166.4 Compensation of ~~each employee~~ for all employees shall be set by the board ~~and shall be~~  
166.5 ~~commensurate with county attorneys in the state.~~ in accordance with the collective bargaining  
166.6 agreements or compensation plans covering the terms and conditions for executive branch  
166.7 employees.

166.8 (f) Any person serving as managing appellate attorney, staff attorney, and director of  
166.9 training shall be a qualified attorney licensed to practice law in the state.

166.10 (g) A person serving as the program administrator and office administrator must be  
166.11 chosen solely on the basis of training, experience, and qualifications.

166.12 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 480.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to  
166.13 read:

166.14 Subd. 8. Annual report to the legislature. By January 15 of each year, the State  
166.15 Guardian ad Litem Board must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members  
166.16 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over judiciary finance, in compliance with  
166.17 sections 3.195 and 3.197. The report must not contain data on individuals but may contain  
166.18 summary data, as those terms are defined in section 13.02. The report must include the  
166.19 number of:

166.20 (1) board personnel, including volunteers;

166.21 (2) children served by guardians ad litem in court cases, including Native American  
166.22 children in Minnesota Indian Family Preservation Act cases and federal Indian Child Welfare  
166.23 Act cases;

166.24 (3) court reports filed by guardians ad litem;

166.25 (4) cases assigned;

166.26 (5) hours worked;

166.27 (6) complaints regarding a guardian submitted to the board;

166.28 (7) investigations of complaints performed by the board; and

166.29 (8) complaints that result in discipline to a guardian ad litem.

166.30 All information in clauses (1) to (8) must be disaggregated by paid staff and volunteers.

167.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.04, is amended to read:

167.2 **517.04 PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO PERFORM CIVIL MARRIAGES.**

167.3 Civil marriages may be solemnized throughout the state by an individual who has attained  
167.4 the age of 21 years and ~~is a judge of a court of record, a retired judge of a court of record,~~  
167.5 ~~a court administrator, a retired court administrator with the approval of the chief judge of~~  
167.6 ~~the judicial district, a former court commissioner who is employed by the court system or~~  
167.7 ~~is acting pursuant to an order of the chief judge of the commissioner's judicial district, the~~  
167.8 ~~residential school superintendent of the Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf and the~~  
167.9 ~~Minnesota State Academy for the Blind, a licensed or ordained minister of any religious~~  
167.10 ~~denomination, an individual who registers as a civil marriage officiant with a local registrar~~  
167.11 ~~in a county of this state, or by any mode recognized in section 517.18. For purposes of this~~  
167.12 ~~section, a court of record includes the Office of Administrative Hearings under section~~  
167.13 ~~14.48. The county where the civil marriage officiant is registered must be endorsed upon~~  
167.14 ~~and recorded with each certificate of civil marriage.~~

167.15 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

167.16 Subd. 1a. **Form.** Application for a civil marriage license shall be made by both of the  
167.17 parties upon a form provided for the purpose and shall contain the following information:

167.18 (1) the full names of the parties ~~and the sex of each party;~~

167.19 (2) their post office addresses and county and state of residence;

167.20 (3) their full ages and dates of birth;

167.21 (4) if either party has previously been married, the party's married name, ~~and~~ from the  
167.22 most recent marriage; the date, place, and court in which the civil marriage was dissolved  
167.23 or annulled; or the date and place of death of the former spouse;

167.24 (5) whether the parties are related to each other, and, if so, their relationship;

167.25 (6) the address of the parties after the civil marriage is entered into to which the local  
167.26 registrar shall send a certified copy of the civil marriage certificate;

167.27 (7) the full names the parties will have after the civil marriage is entered into and the  
167.28 parties' Social Security numbers. The Social Security numbers must be collected for the  
167.29 application but must not appear on the civil marriage license. If a party listed on a civil  
167.30 marriage application does not have a Social Security number, the party must certify on the  
167.31 application, or a supplement to the application, that the party does not have a Social Security  
167.32 number;

168.1 (8) if one party to the civil marriage license has a felony conviction under Minnesota  
168.2 law or the law of another state or federal jurisdiction, the party may not change the party's  
168.3 name through the marriage application process and must follow the process in section 259.13  
168.4 to change the party's name; and

168.5 (9) notice that a party who has a felony conviction under Minnesota law or the law of  
168.6 another state or federal jurisdiction may not use a different name after a civil marriage  
168.7 except as authorized by section 259.13, and that doing so is a gross misdemeanor.

168.8 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.08, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

168.9 Subd. 1b. **Term of license; fee; premarital education.** (a) The local registrar shall  
168.10 examine upon oath the parties applying for a license relative to the legality of the  
168.11 contemplated civil marriage. The local registrar may examine the parties upon oath in person,  
168.12 by telephone, remotely using web conferencing technology, or by requiring a verified  
168.13 statement signed by both parties attesting to the legality of the marriage. The local registrar  
168.14 may accept civil marriage license applications signed by both parties that are submitted by  
168.15 mail, facsimile, or electronic filing. Both parties must present proof of age to the local  
168.16 registrar. If one party is unable to appear in person, the party appearing may complete the  
168.17 absent applicant's information. The local registrar shall provide a copy of the civil marriage  
168.18 application to the party who is unable to appear, who must verify the accuracy of the  
168.19 appearing party's information in a notarized statement. The verification statement must be  
168.20 accompanied by a copy of proof of age of the party. The civil marriage license must not be  
168.21 released until the verification statement and proof of age has been received by the local  
168.22 registrar. If the local registrar is satisfied that there is no legal impediment to it, including  
168.23 the restriction contained in section 259.13, the local registrar shall issue the license,  
168.24 containing the full names of the parties before and after the civil marriage, and county and  
168.25 state of residence, with the county seal attached, and make a record of the date of issuance.  
168.26 The license shall be valid for a period of six months. Except as provided in paragraph (b),  
168.27 The local registrar shall collect from the applicant a fee of \$115 for administering the oath,  
168.28 issuing, recording, and filing all papers required, and preparing and transmitting to the state  
168.29 registrar of vital records the reports of civil marriage required by this section. If the license  
168.30 should not be used within the period of six months due to illness or other extenuating  
168.31 circumstances, it may be surrendered to the local registrar for cancellation, and in that case  
168.32 a new license shall issue upon request of the parties of the original license without fee. A  
168.33 local registrar who knowingly issues or signs a civil marriage license in any manner other  
168.34 than as provided in this section shall pay to the parties aggrieved an amount not to exceed  
168.35 \$1,000.

169.1 (b) The civil marriage license fee for parties who have completed at least 12 hours of  
169.2 premarital education is \$40. In order to qualify for the reduced license fee, the parties must  
169.3 submit at the time of applying for the civil marriage license a statement that is signed, dated,  
169.4 and notarized or marked with a church seal from the person who provided the premarital  
169.5 education on their letterhead confirming that it was received. The premarital education must  
169.6 be provided by a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee, a person authorized  
169.7 to solemnize civil marriages under section 517.18, or a person authorized to practice marriage  
169.8 and family therapy under section 148B.33. The education must include the use of a premarital  
169.9 inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management skills.

169.10 (c) The statement from the person who provided the premarital education under paragraph  
169.11 (b) must be in the following form:

169.12 "I, ..... (name of educator), confirm that ..... (names of both  
169.13 parties) received at least 12 hours of premarital education that included the use of a premarital  
169.14 inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management skills. I am a licensed  
169.15 or ordained minister, a person authorized to solemnize civil marriages under Minnesota  
169.16 Statutes, section 517.18, or a person licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under  
169.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 148B.33."

169.18 The names of the parties in the educator's statement must be identical to the legal names  
169.19 of the parties as they appear in the civil marriage license application. Notwithstanding  
169.20 section 138.17, the educator's statement must be retained for seven years, after which time  
169.21 it may be destroyed.

169.22 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

169.23 Subdivision 1. **General.** ~~No particular form is required to solemnize a civil marriage,~~  
169.24 ~~except the parties~~ Both applicants shall declare in the presence of a person who is not the  
169.25 same individual as the applicant or the witness, authorized to solemnize civil marriages and  
169.26 two attending witnesses that each takes the other as spouse; ~~or the civil marriage shall be~~  
169.27 ~~solemnized in a manner provided by section 517.18.~~

169.28 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 517.10, is amended to read:

169.29 **517.10 CERTIFICATE; WITNESSES.**

169.30 The person solemnizing a civil marriage shall ~~prepare~~ complete and sign a marriage  
169.31 certificate provided by the local registrar. The certificate shall contain the full names of the  
169.32 parties before and after the civil marriage, the birth dates of the parties, and county and state

170.1 of residences of the parties and the date and place of the civil marriage. The certificate shall  
170.2 also contain the signatures of the applicants' legal names after marriage and at least two of  
170.3 the witnesses present at the civil marriage who shall be at least 16 years of age. The person  
170.4 solemnizing the civil marriage shall immediately make a record of such civil marriage, and  
170.5 file such certificate with the local registrar of the county in which the license was issued  
170.6 within five days after the ceremony. The local registrar shall record such certificate in the  
170.7 county civil marriage records.

170.8 Sec. 11. [517.103] AMENDMENT OF MARRIAGE RECORDS.

170.9 (a) To request an amendment of an error in a marriage record, a person must submit the  
170.10 following documentation to the local registrar:

170.11 (1) an affidavit stating the reason for an amendment of the marriage record; and

170.12 (2) documentation supporting the amendment.

170.13 (b) A local registrar may amend a marriage record if the local registrar:

170.14 (1) receives an affidavit and documentation supporting the amendment of a marriage  
170.15 record; and

170.16 (2) the local registrar determines that the affidavit and supporting documentation establish  
170.17 that the marriage record contains an error.

170.18 (c) The local registrar must retain and maintain an affidavit and documentation upon  
170.19 which the amendment of a marriage record was based, including the date of the amendment  
170.20 and the legal name of the authorized person making the amendment.

170.21 (d) The local registrar must not amend a marriage record if:

170.22 (1) an applicant fails to submit the documentation required for amending a marriage  
170.23 record; or

170.24 (2) the local registrar has reason to question the validity or completeness of the applicant's  
170.25 affidavit or supporting documentation.

170.26 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

170.27 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms ~~shall~~ have the meanings  
170.28 given ~~them~~:

170.29 (a) "Domestic abuse" means the following, if committed against a family or household  
170.30 member by a family or household member:

- 171.1 (1) physical harm, bodily injury, or assault;
- 171.2 (2) the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault; or
- 171.3 (3) terroristic threats, within the meaning of section 609.713, subdivision 1; criminal
- 171.4 sexual conduct, within the meaning of section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or
- 171.5 609.3451; sexual extortion within the meaning of section 609.3458; or interference with an
- 171.6 emergency call within the meaning of section 609.78, subdivision 2.

171.7 (b) "Family or household members" means:

- 171.8 (1) spouses and former spouses;
- 171.9 (2) parents and children;
- 171.10 (3) persons related by blood;
- 171.11 (4) persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past;
- 171.12 (5) persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married
- 171.13 or have lived together at any time;
- 171.14 (6) a man and woman if the woman is pregnant and the man is alleged to be the father,
- 171.15 regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time; and
- 171.16 (7) persons involved in a significant romantic or sexual relationship.

171.17 Issuance of an order for protection on the ground in clause (6) does not affect a

171.18 determination of paternity under sections 257.51 to 257.74. In determining whether persons

171.19 are or have been involved in a significant romantic or sexual relationship under clause (7),

171.20 the court shall consider the length of time of the relationship; type of relationship; frequency

171.21 of interaction between the parties; and, if the relationship has terminated, length of time

171.22 since the termination.

171.23 (c) "Qualified domestic violence-related offense" has the meaning given in section

171.24 609.02, subdivision 16.

171.25 (d) "Custodian" means any person other than the petitioner or respondent who ~~is under~~

171.26 ~~a legal obligation to provide care and support for a minor child of a petitioner or who is in~~

171.27 ~~fact providing care and support for a minor child of a petitioner. Custodian does not include~~

171.28 ~~any person caring for a minor child if the petitioner's parental rights have been terminated.~~

171.29 has:

172.1 (1) physical or legal custody under section 257.541, subdivision 1, physical or legal  
172.2 custody pursuant to any court order, or physical custody with the consent of a custodial  
172.3 parent; or

172.4 (2) court-ordered parenting time.

172.5 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 524.5-120, is amended to read:

172.6 **524.5-120 BILL OF RIGHTS FOR PERSONS SUBJECT TO GUARDIANSHIP**  
172.7 **OR CONSERVATORSHIP.**

172.8 The person subject to guardianship or person subject to conservatorship retains all rights  
172.9 not restricted by court order and these rights must be enforced by the court. These rights  
172.10 include the right to:

172.11 (1) treatment with dignity and respect;

172.12 (2) due consideration of current and previously stated personal desires and preferences,  
172.13 including but not limited to medical treatment preferences, cultural practices, religious  
172.14 beliefs, and other preferences and opinions in decisions made by the guardian or conservator;

172.15 (3) participate in decision making about and receive timely and appropriate health care  
172.16 and medical treatment that does not violate known preferences or conscientious, religious,  
172.17 or moral beliefs of the person subject to guardianship or person subject to conservatorship;

172.18 (4) exercise control of all aspects of life unless delegated specifically to the guardian or  
172.19 conservator by court order;

172.20 (5) guardianship or conservatorship services individually suited to the conditions and  
172.21 needs of the person subject to guardianship or the person subject to conservatorship;

172.22 (6) petition the court to prevent or initiate a change in abode;

172.23 (7) care, comfort, social and recreational needs, employment and employment supports,  
172.24 training, education, habilitation, and rehabilitation care and services, within available  
172.25 resources;

172.26 (8) be consulted concerning, and to decide to the extent possible, the reasonable care  
172.27 and disposition of the clothing, furniture, vehicles, and other personal property and effects  
172.28 of the person subject to guardianship or person subject to conservatorship, to object to the  
172.29 disposition of personal property and effects, and to petition the court for a review of the  
172.30 guardian's or conservator's proposed disposition;

172.31 (9) personal privacy;

173.1 (10) communicate, visit, or interact with others, including receiving visitors ~~or~~, making  
173.2 or receiving telephone calls, sending or receiving personal mail, or sending or receiving  
173.3 electronic communications including through social media, or participating in social activities,  
173.4 unless the guardian has good cause to believe a restriction of communication, visitation, or  
173.5 interaction is necessary because interaction with the person poses a substantial risk of  
173.6 significant physical, psychological, or financial harm to the person subject to guardianship,  
173.7 and there is no other means to avoid or mitigate the significant harm. If the guardian believes  
173.8 a restriction is necessary, the guardian must first seek limited restrictions whenever possible,  
173.9 including supervised visits, phone calls, video calls, written correspondence, or limits on  
173.10 the length, frequency, or content of communication. In all cases, the guardian shall provide  
173.11 written notice of the restrictions imposed to the court;<sup>2</sup> to the person subject to guardianship;  
173.12 and their attorney, if known; and to the person subject to restrictions within 48 hours of  
173.13 imposing the restriction. The notice shall include a description of the reason the restriction  
173.14 is imposed; a description of any limited restrictions attempted; if applicable, the reason the  
173.15 limited restrictions were not sufficient; and instructions on how to seek a modification of  
173.16 the restrictions. The person subject to guardianship or the person subject to restrictions may  
173.17 petition the court to remove or modify the restrictions;

173.18 (11) marry and procreate, unless court approval is required;

173.19 (12) elect or object to sterilization as provided in section 524.5-313, paragraph (c), clause  
173.20 (4), item (iv);

173.21 (13) at any time, petition the court for termination or modification of the guardianship  
173.22 or conservatorship, and any decisions made by the guardian or conservator in relation to  
173.23 powers granted, or for other appropriate relief;

173.24 (14) be represented by an attorney in any proceeding or for the purpose of petitioning  
173.25 the court;

173.26 (15) vote, unless restricted by the court;

173.27 (16) be consulted concerning, and make decisions to the extent possible, about personal  
173.28 image and name, unless restricted by the court; and

173.29 (17) execute a health care directive, including both health care instructions and the  
173.30 appointment of a health care agent, if the court has not granted a guardian any of the powers  
173.31 or duties under section 524.5-313, paragraph (c), clause (1), (2), or (4).

174.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 524.5-311, is amended to read:

174.2 **524.5-311 EMERGENCY GUARDIAN.**

174.3 (a) If the court finds that compliance with the procedures of this article will likely result  
174.4 in substantial harm to the respondent's health, safety, or welfare, and that no other person  
174.5 appears to have authority and willingness to act in the circumstances, the court, on petition  
174.6 by a person interested in the respondent's welfare, may appoint an emergency guardian  
174.7 whose authority may not exceed 60 days and who may exercise only the powers specified  
174.8 in the order. A county that is acting under section 626.557, subdivision 10, by petitioning  
174.9 for appointment of an emergency guardian on behalf of a vulnerable adult may be granted  
174.10 authority to act for a period not to exceed 90 days. An emergency guardian's appointment  
174.11 under this section may only be extended once for a period not to exceed 60 days if the court  
174.12 finds good cause for the continuation of the guardianship. Immediately upon receipt of the  
174.13 petition for an emergency guardianship, the court shall appoint a lawyer to represent the  
174.14 respondent in the proceeding. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), reasonable  
174.15 notice of the time and place of a hearing on the petition must be given to the respondent;  
174.16 interested parties, if known; and any other persons as the court directs.

174.17 (b) An emergency guardian may be appointed without notice to the respondent and the  
174.18 respondent's lawyer only if the court finds from affidavit or other sworn testimony that the  
174.19 respondent will be substantially harmed before a hearing on the appointment can be held  
174.20 and the petitioner made good faith efforts to provide notice to the respondent or the  
174.21 respondent's lawyer. If the court appoints an emergency guardian without notice to the  
174.22 respondent, the respondent must be given notice of the appointment within 48 hours after  
174.23 the appointment. The court shall hold a hearing on the appropriateness of the appointment  
174.24 within five days after the appointment.

174.25 (c) Appointment of an emergency guardian, with or without notice, is not a determination  
174.26 of the respondent's incapacity.

174.27 (d) The court may remove an emergency guardian at any time. An emergency guardian  
174.28 shall make any report the court requires. In other respects, the provisions of this article  
174.29 concerning guardians apply to an emergency guardian.

174.30 (e) Any documents or information disclosing or pertaining to health or financial  
174.31 information shall be filed as confidential documents, consistent with the bill of particulars  
174.32 under section 524.5-121.

175.1 (f) The mere fact that the respondent is a patient in a hospital or a resident of a facility  
175.2 is not in and of itself sufficient evidence to support a risk of substantial harm to the  
175.3 respondent's health, safety, or welfare.

175.4 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 524.5-313, is amended to read:

175.5 **524.5-313 POWERS AND DUTIES OF GUARDIAN.**

175.6 (a) A guardian shall be subject to the control and direction of the court at all times and  
175.7 in all things.

175.8 (b) The court shall grant to a guardian only those powers necessary to provide for the  
175.9 demonstrated needs of the person subject to guardianship.

175.10 (c) The court may appoint a guardian if it determines that all the powers and duties listed  
175.11 in this section are needed to provide for the needs of the incapacitated person. The court  
175.12 may also appoint a guardian if it determines that a guardian is needed to provide for the  
175.13 needs of the incapacitated person through the exercise of some, but not all, of the powers  
175.14 and duties listed in this section. The duties and powers of a guardian or those which the  
175.15 court may grant to a guardian include, but are not limited to:

175.16 (1) the power to have custody of the person subject to guardianship and the power to  
175.17 establish a place of abode within or outside the state, except as otherwise provided in this  
175.18 clause. The person subject to guardianship or any interested person may petition the court  
175.19 to prevent or to initiate a change in abode. A person subject to guardianship may not be  
175.20 admitted to a regional treatment center by the guardian except:

175.21 (i) after a hearing under chapter 253B;

175.22 (ii) for outpatient services; or

175.23 (iii) for the purpose of receiving temporary care for a specific period of time not to  
175.24 exceed 90 days in any calendar year;

175.25 (2) the duty to provide for the care, comfort, and maintenance needs of the person subject  
175.26 to guardianship, including food, clothing, shelter, health care, social and recreational  
175.27 requirements, and, whenever appropriate, training, education, and habilitation or  
175.28 rehabilitation. The guardian has no duty to pay for these requirements out of personal funds.  
175.29 Whenever possible and appropriate, the guardian should meet these requirements through  
175.30 governmental benefits or services to which the person subject to guardianship is entitled,  
175.31 rather than from the estate of the person subject to guardianship;

176.1 (3) the duty to take reasonable care of the clothing, furniture, vehicles, and other personal  
 176.2 effects of the person subject to guardianship, and, if other property requires protection, the  
 176.3 power to seek appointment of a conservator of the estate. The guardian must give notice by  
 176.4 mail to interested persons prior to the disposition of the clothing, furniture, vehicles, or  
 176.5 other personal effects of the person subject to guardianship. The notice must inform the  
 176.6 person of the right to object to the disposition of the property within ten days of the date of  
 176.7 mailing and to petition the court for a review of the guardian's proposed actions. Notice of  
 176.8 the objection must be served by mail or personal service on the guardian and the person  
 176.9 subject to guardianship unless the person subject to guardianship is the objector. The guardian  
 176.10 served with notice of an objection to the disposition of the property may not dispose of the  
 176.11 property unless the court approves the disposition after a hearing;

176.12 (4)(i) the power to give any necessary consent to enable the person subject to guardianship  
 176.13 to receive necessary medical or other professional care, counsel, treatment, or service, except  
 176.14 that no guardian may give consent for psychosurgery, electroshock, sterilization, or  
 176.15 experimental treatment of any kind unless the procedure is first approved by order of the  
 176.16 court as provided in this clause. The guardian shall not consent to any medical care for the  
 176.17 person subject to guardianship which violates the known conscientious, religious, or moral  
 176.18 belief of the person subject to guardianship;

176.19 (ii) a guardian who believes a procedure described in item (i) requiring prior court  
 176.20 approval to be necessary for the proper care of the person subject to guardianship, shall  
 176.21 petition the court for an order and, in the case of a public guardianship under chapter 252A,  
 176.22 obtain the written recommendation of the commissioner of human services. The court shall  
 176.23 fix the time and place for the hearing and shall give notice to the person subject to  
 176.24 guardianship in such manner as specified in section 524.5-308 and to interested persons.  
 176.25 The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the person subject to guardianship who is  
 176.26 not represented by counsel, provided that such appointment shall expire upon the expiration  
 176.27 of the appeal time for the order issued by the court under this section or the order dismissing  
 176.28 a petition, or upon such other time or event as the court may direct. In every case the court  
 176.29 shall determine if the procedure is in the best interest of the person subject to guardianship.  
 176.30 In making its determination, the court shall consider a written medical report which  
 176.31 specifically considers the medical risks of the procedure, whether alternative, less restrictive  
 176.32 methods of treatment could be used to protect the best interest of the person subject to  
 176.33 guardianship, and any recommendation of the commissioner of human services for a public  
 176.34 person subject to guardianship. The standard of proof is that of clear and convincing evidence;

177.1 (iii) in the case of a petition for sterilization of a person with developmental disabilities  
 177.2 subject to guardianship, the court shall appoint a licensed physician, a psychologist who is  
 177.3 qualified in the diagnosis and treatment of developmental disability, and a social worker  
 177.4 who is familiar with the social history and adjustment of the person subject to guardianship  
 177.5 or the case manager for the person subject to guardianship to examine or evaluate the person  
 177.6 subject to guardianship and to provide written reports to the court. The reports shall indicate  
 177.7 why sterilization is being proposed, whether sterilization is necessary and is the least intrusive  
 177.8 method for alleviating the problem presented, and whether it is in the best interest of the  
 177.9 person subject to guardianship. The medical report shall specifically consider the medical  
 177.10 risks of sterilization, the consequences of not performing the sterilization, and whether  
 177.11 alternative methods of contraception could be used to protect the best interest of the person  
 177.12 subject to guardianship;

177.13 (iv) any person subject to guardianship whose right to consent to a sterilization has not  
 177.14 been restricted under this section or section 252A.101 may be sterilized only if the person  
 177.15 subject to guardianship consents in writing or there is a sworn acknowledgment by an  
 177.16 interested person of a nonwritten consent by the person subject to guardianship. The consent  
 177.17 must certify that the person subject to guardianship has received a full explanation from a  
 177.18 physician or registered nurse of the nature and irreversible consequences of the sterilization;

177.19 (v) a guardian or the public guardian's designee who acts within the scope of authority  
 177.20 conferred by letters of guardianship under section 252A.101, subdivision 7, and according  
 177.21 to the standards established in this chapter or in chapter 252A shall not be civilly or criminally  
 177.22 liable for the provision of any necessary medical care, including, but not limited to, the  
 177.23 administration of psychotropic medication or the implementation of aversive and deprivation  
 177.24 procedures to which the guardian or the public guardian's designee has consented;

177.25 (5) in the event there is no duly appointed conservator of the estate of the person subject  
 177.26 to guardianship, the guardian shall have the power to approve or withhold approval of any  
 177.27 contract, except for necessities, which the person subject to guardianship may make or wish  
 177.28 to make;

177.29 (6) the duty and power to exercise supervisory authority over the person subject to  
 177.30 guardianship in a manner which limits civil rights and restricts personal freedom only to  
 177.31 the extent necessary to provide needed care and services. A guardian may not restrict the  
 177.32 ~~ability~~ right of the person subject to guardianship to communicate, visit, or interact with  
 177.33 others pursuant to section 524.5-120, clause (10), including receiving visitors ~~or~~, making  
 177.34 or receiving telephone calls, sending or receiving personal mail, ~~or~~ sending or receiving  
 177.35 electronic communications including through social media, or participating in social activities,

178.1 unless the guardian has good cause to believe a restriction of communication, visitation, or  
 178.2 interaction is necessary because interaction with the person poses a substantial risk of  
 178.3 significant physical, psychological, or financial harm to the person subject to guardianship,  
 178.4 and there is no other means to avoid or mitigate such significant harm. If the guardian  
 178.5 believes a restriction is necessary, the guardian must first seek limited restrictions whenever  
 178.6 possible, including supervised visits, phone calls, video calls, written correspondence, or  
 178.7 limits on the length, frequency, or content of communication. In all cases, the guardian shall  
 178.8 provide written notice of the restrictions imposed to the court;<sup>2</sup> to the person subject to  
 178.9 guardianship; and their attorney, if known; and to the person subject to restrictions within  
 178.10 48 hours of imposing the restriction. The notice shall include a description of the reason  
 178.11 the restriction is imposed; a description of any limited restrictions attempted; if applicable,  
 178.12 the reason the limited restrictions were not sufficient; and instructions on how to seek a  
 178.13 modification of the restrictions. The person subject to guardianship or the person subject  
 178.14 to restrictions may petition the court to remove or modify the restrictions;

178.15 (7) if there is no acting conservator of the estate for the person subject to guardianship,  
 178.16 the guardian has the power to apply on behalf of the person subject to guardianship for any  
 178.17 assistance, services, or benefits available to the person subject to guardianship through any  
 178.18 unit of government;

178.19 (8) unless otherwise ordered by the court, the person subject to guardianship retains the  
 178.20 right to vote;

178.21 (9) the power to establish an ABLE account for a person subject to guardianship or  
 178.22 conservatorship. By this provision a guardian only has the authority to establish an ABLE  
 178.23 account, but may not administer the ABLE account in the guardian's capacity as guardian.  
 178.24 The guardian may appoint or name a person to exercise signature authority over an ABLE  
 178.25 account, including the individual selected by the eligible individual or the eligible individual's  
 178.26 agent under a power of attorney; conservator; spouse; parent; sibling; grandparent; or  
 178.27 representative payee, whether an individual or organization, appointed by the SSA, in that  
 178.28 order; and

178.29 (10) if there is no conservator appointed for the person subject to guardianship, the  
 178.30 guardian has the duty and power to institute suit on behalf of the person subject to  
 178.31 guardianship and represent the person subject to guardianship in expungement proceedings,  
 178.32 harassment proceedings, and all civil court proceedings, including but not limited to  
 178.33 restraining orders, orders for protection, name changes, conciliation court, housing court,  
 178.34 family court, probate court, and juvenile court, provided that a guardian may not settle or  
 178.35 compromise any claim or debt owed to the estate without court approval.

179.1 Sec. 16. [609.2334] ORDER FOR PROTECTION AGAINST FINANCIAL  
179.2 EXPLOITATION OF A VULNERABLE ADULT.

179.3 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have  
179.4 the meanings given.

179.5 (b) "Conservator" has the meaning given in section 524.5-102, subdivision 3.

179.6 (c) "Financial exploitation" has the meaning given in section 626.5572, subdivision 9.

179.7 (d) "Guardian" has the meaning given in section 524.5-102, subdivision 5.

179.8 (e) "Lead investigative agency" has the meaning given in section 626.5572, subdivision  
179.9 13.

179.10 (f) "Petitioner" means any of the following:

179.11 (1) a vulnerable adult currently experiencing or in imminent danger of financial  
179.12 exploitation;

179.13 (2) the guardian or conservator of a vulnerable adult currently experiencing or in imminent  
179.14 danger of financial exploitation;

179.15 (3) a person or organization acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult with the consent of  
179.16 the vulnerable adult or his or her guardian or conservator;

179.17 (4) an agent under a validly executed power of attorney with the authority specifically  
179.18 granted in the power of attorney; or

179.19 (5) a person who simultaneously files a petition under section 524.5-409, subdivision  
179.20 2, for appointment of an emergency conservator with respect to the vulnerable adult.

179.21 (g) "Vulnerable adult" has the meaning given in section 626.5572, subdivision 21.

179.22 Subd. 2. Jurisdiction; petition. (a) A petitioner may petition the court for an order for  
179.23 protection against financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult seeking injunctive relief and  
179.24 any other equitable remedy the court deems appropriate with the court located in the county  
179.25 where the petitioner, respondent, or the vulnerable adult resides. There are no residency  
179.26 requirements that apply to a petition filed under this section. Actions under this section shall  
179.27 be given docket priorities by the court.

179.28 (b) A petition for relief under this section must:

179.29 (1) allege the existence of financial exploitation, or the imminent danger of financial  
179.30 exploitation, of the vulnerable adult;

180.1 (2) include the specific facts and circumstances for which relief is sought, including the  
180.2 relationship between the vulnerable adult and respondent;

180.3 (3) state whether the vulnerable adult has ever applied for or received an order for  
180.4 protection under this section or section 518B.01, or a restraining order under section 609.748;  
180.5 and

180.6 (4) state whether there are any pending actions between the vulnerable adult and the  
180.7 respondent.

180.8 (c) A person temporarily or permanently vacating a residence or household in an attempt  
180.9 to avoid financial exploitation does not affect the person's right to petition for an order under  
180.10 this section.

180.11 (d) The court shall provide simplified forms and clerical assistance to help with the  
180.12 writing and filing of a petition under this section.

180.13 Subd. 3. **Filing fee.** The filing fees for an order for protection against financial  
180.14 exploitation for a vulnerable adult under this section are waived for the petitioner and  
180.15 respondent.

180.16 Subd. 4. **Hearing.** Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order a hearing which  
180.17 shall be held no later than 14 days from the date of the order for the hearing unless a  
180.18 temporary ex parte order is issued under subdivision 8. If the court issues a temporary ex  
180.19 parte order, the hearing must be held as provided under subdivision 8.

180.20 Subd. 5. **Service.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the petition and any order  
180.21 issued under this section must be served on the respondent as provided in section 518B.01,  
180.22 subdivisions 8, 8a, and 9a. If the petitioner is not the vulnerable adult, the petitioner must  
180.23 serve the vulnerable adult with a copy of the petition, notice of any hearing, and any orders  
180.24 issued under this section. If any assets or lines of credit are ordered to be frozen, the petitioner  
180.25 must serve the depository or financial institution with the order.

180.26 (b) If service on the respondent is not possible as provided in paragraph (a), the petitioner  
180.27 may serve the respondent through the method used to contact the vulnerable adult. The  
180.28 petitioner must provide to the court the reasons that service was not possible under section  
180.29 518B.01, subdivision 8, 8a, or 9a.

180.30 Subd. 6. **Maltreatment report required.** Unless a report was made before a petition  
180.31 was filed under this section, the petitioner must file a report pursuant to section 626.557  
180.32 within 24 hours of filing a petition under this section. This section does not modify or  
180.33 supersede mandated reporting requirements under section 626.557.

181.1 Subd. 7. Factors. In determining whether to award relief to the petitioner, the court may  
181.2 consider and evaluate all relevant factors, including any of the following:

181.3 (1) the existence of a current or previous order for protection issued under this section  
181.4 or section 518B.01, a current or previous harassment restraining order issued under section  
181.5 609.748, or any previous or current similar order issued by another jurisdiction;

181.6 (2) any history of financial exploitation by the respondent upon the vulnerable adult  
181.7 identified in the petition or any other vulnerable adult;

181.8 (3) any history of the vulnerable adult's previous financial exploitation by the respondent  
181.9 or any other person;

181.10 (4) the capacity of the vulnerable adult to make decisions related to their finances and  
181.11 property;

181.12 (5) the susceptibility of the vulnerable adult to undue influence; or

181.13 (6) the respondent's criminal history.

181.14 Subd. 8. Temporary ex parte order. (a) The court may issue a temporary order for  
181.15 protection ex parte if the court finds that:

181.16 (1) there is an immediate and present danger of financial exploitation of the vulnerable  
181.17 adult;

181.18 (2) there is a likelihood of irreparable harm and nonavailability of an adequate remedy  
181.19 at law;

181.20 (3) there is a substantial likelihood of success on the merits;

181.21 (4) the threatened injury to the vulnerable adult outweighs possible harm to the  
181.22 respondent; and

181.23 (5) a temporary order protects the vulnerable adult's financial security.

181.24 (b) A denial of a petition for an ex parte order must be by written order and must note  
181.25 the grounds for denial. When the only ground for denial is failure to demonstrate the  
181.26 immediate and present danger of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult, the court must  
181.27 set a full hearing on the petition for an order for protection at the earliest possible date and  
181.28 within 14 days of the date of the court's denial order. Nothing in this paragraph limits a  
181.29 petitioner's right to promptly amend a petition consistent with court rules.

181.30 (c) An ex parte temporary order may be effective for a fixed period not to exceed 14  
181.31 days unless good cause is shown to extend the order. The ex parte temporary order may be

182.1 extended once for up to an additional 14 days. A full hearing, as provided by this section,  
182.2 must be set for a date no later than the date when the ex parte temporary order expires.

182.3 Subd. 9. Relief. (a) The court may grant relief as provided under this section, if upon  
182.4 notice and hearing and consideration of all relevant factors, the court finds that:

182.5 (1) the vulnerable adult is the victim of financial exploitation or the vulnerable adult is  
182.6 in imminent danger of becoming a victim of financial exploitation;

182.7 (2) there is a likelihood of irreparable harm and nonavailability of an adequate remedy  
182.8 at law;

182.9 (3) the threatened injury to the vulnerable adult outweighs possible harm to the  
182.10 respondent; and

182.11 (4) an order protects the vulnerable adult's financial security.

182.12 (b) In addition to any other injunctive or equitable relief the court deems appropriate,  
182.13 the court may grant any or all of the following relief in either a temporary ex parte or final  
182.14 order issued under this section:

182.15 (1) prohibit the respondent from direct or indirect contact with the vulnerable adult;

182.16 (2) restrain the respondent from committing any acts of financial exploitation against  
182.17 the vulnerable adult;

182.18 (3) hold financial accounts in accordance with chapter 45A or freeze any assets of the  
182.19 vulnerable adult in any depository or financial institution whether titled solely in the  
182.20 vulnerable adult's name, solely in the respondent's name, jointly with the respondent, in  
182.21 conservatorship, or in a trust, provided that:

182.22 (i) assets held by a conservator for the vulnerable adult may be frozen only by an order  
182.23 entered by the court overseeing the conservatorship proceeding;

182.24 (ii) assets held by a trust may be frozen only by an order of the court if all the trustees  
182.25 of the trust are served with process and are given reasonable notice before any hearing on  
182.26 the petition; and

182.27 (iii) assets held solely in the name of the respondent may only be frozen on an ex parte  
182.28 basis if the petition and affidavit demonstrate to the court probable cause that such assets  
182.29 are traceable to the financial exploitation of the vulnerable adult, that such assets are likely  
182.30 to be returned to the vulnerable adult after a final evidentiary hearing, and that no other  
182.31 adequate remedy at law is reasonably available;

183.1 (4) freeze any line of credit of the vulnerable adult at any depository or financial  
183.2 institution whether listed solely in the vulnerable adult's name or jointly with the respondent,  
183.3 provided that:

183.4 (i) lines of credit held by a conservator for the vulnerable adult may be frozen only by  
183.5 an order entered by the court overseeing the conservatorship proceeding; and

183.6 (ii) lines of credit held by a trust may be frozen only by an order of the court if all the  
183.7 trustees of the trust are served with process and are given reasonable notice before any  
183.8 hearing on the petition;

183.9 (5) if the court has ordered an asset and credit freeze, ordering that living expenses of  
183.10 the vulnerable adult continue to be paid;

183.11 (6) award to the vulnerable adult the temporary exclusive use and possession of the  
183.12 dwelling that the vulnerable adult and the respondent share or bar the respondent from the  
183.13 residence of the vulnerable adult;

183.14 (7) provide necessary directives to law enforcement agencies; and

183.15 (8) provide any terms the court deems necessary for the protection of the vulnerable  
183.16 adult or the vulnerable adult's assets.

183.17 Subd. 10. **Modifying or vacating an order; extensions and subsequent orders.** Upon  
183.18 application and notice to all parties as required under this section, the court may vacate an  
183.19 order, modify the terms of an existing order for protection, extend relief granted in an  
183.20 existing order for protection, or, if an order for protection has expired, issue a new order.

183.21 Subd. 11. **Copy to law enforcement agency; lead investigative agency.** Within 24  
183.22 hours of issuance of an order or continuance of an order under this section, the court  
183.23 administrator must forward the order for protection and any continuance of the order for  
183.24 protection to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the  
183.25 vulnerable adult and the lead investigative agency that received the report pursuant to  
183.26 subdivision 6. Section 518B.01, subdivision 13, applies to orders granted under this section.

183.27 Subd. 12. **Title to real property.** Nothing in this section affects title to real property.

183.28 Subd. 13. **Violation of an order for protection.** (a) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor  
183.29 if the person:

183.30 (1) knows of the existence of an order for protection issued under this section;

184.1 (2) is prohibited from direct or indirect contact with a vulnerable adult or restrained from  
184.2 committing any acts of financial exploitation against a vulnerable adult as provided in  
184.3 subdivision 9, paragraph (b); and

184.4 (3) violates the order by committing such conduct.

184.5 (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) within ten years of a previous conviction or  
184.6 adjudication of delinquency for a violation of this subdivision or section 609.2335, is guilty  
184.7 of a gross misdemeanor.

184.8 (c) A person who violates paragraph (a) within ten years of the first of two or more  
184.9 previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency for a violation of this subdivision or  
184.10 section 609.2335, is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more  
184.11 than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

184.12 Subd. 14. **Admissibility of testimony in criminal proceeding.** Any testimony offered  
184.13 by a respondent in a hearing pursuant to this section is inadmissible in a criminal proceeding.

184.14 Subd. 15. **Other remedies available.** Any proceeding under this section shall be in  
184.15 addition to other civil or criminal remedies.

184.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2026.

184.17 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.45, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

184.18 **Subd. 3. Dismissal of criminal charge.** (a) If the court finds the defendant incompetent,  
184.19 and the charge is a misdemeanor other than a targeted misdemeanor, the charge must be  
184.20 dismissed.

184.21 (b) In targeted misdemeanor and gross misdemeanor cases, the charges must be dismissed  
184.22 30 days after the date of the finding of incompetence, unless the prosecutor, before the  
184.23 expiration of the 30-day period, files a written notice of intent to prosecute when the  
184.24 defendant attains competency. If a notice has been filed and the charge is a targeted  
184.25 misdemeanor, charges must be dismissed within one year after the finding of incompetency.  
184.26 If a notice has been filed and the charge is a gross misdemeanor, charges must be dismissed  
184.27 within two years after the finding of incompetency.

184.28 (c) In felony cases, except as provided in paragraph (d), the charges must be dismissed  
184.29 three years after the date of the finding of incompetency, unless the prosecutor, before the  
184.30 expiration of the three-year period, files a written notice of intent to prosecute when the  
184.31 defendant attains competency. If a notice has been filed, charges must be dismissed within

185.1 five years after the finding of incompetency or ten years if the maximum sentence for the  
185.2 crime with which the defendant is charged is ten years or more.

185.3 (d) The requirement that felony charges be dismissed under paragraph (c) does not apply  
185.4 if:

185.5 (1) the court orders continuing supervision or monitoring pursuant to section 611.49; or

185.6 (2) the defendant is charged with a violation of sections 609.2112 (criminal vehicular  
185.7 homicide); 609.2114, subdivision 1 (criminal vehicular operation, death to an unborn child);  
185.8 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn  
185.9 child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree);  
185.10 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree); or 609.2665 (manslaughter  
185.11 of an unborn child in the second degree); or a crime of violence as defined in section 624.712,  
185.12 subdivision 5, except for a violation of chapter 152.

185.13 (e) Nothing in this subdivision requires dismissal of any charge if the court finds the  
185.14 defendant competent and enters an order directing that the criminal proceedings shall resume.

185.15 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

185.16 Subd. 2. ~~Supervision~~ **Forensic navigator monitoring**. (a) Upon a finding of  
185.17 incompetency, if the defendant is entitled to release, the court must determine whether the  
185.18 defendant requires pretrial supervision. The court must weigh public safety risks against  
185.19 the defendant's interests in remaining free from supervision while presumed innocent in the  
185.20 criminal proceedings. The court may use a validated and equitable risk assessment tool to  
185.21 determine whether supervision is necessary.

185.22 (b) If the court determines that the defendant requires pretrial supervision, the court ~~shall~~  
185.23 may direct the forensic navigator to ~~conduct pretrial supervision and report violations to~~  
185.24 ~~the court. The forensic navigator shall be responsible for the supervision of the defendant~~  
185.25 ~~until ordered otherwise by the court.~~ monitor the defendant's compliance or noncompliance  
185.26 with the conditions of release as provided in section 611.55, subdivision 3, paragraph (c).  
185.27 A forensic navigator may not conduct searches, seize property or persons, or issue sanctions.

185.28 (c) Upon application by the prosecutor, forensic navigator, other entity or its designee  
185.29 assigned to supervise the defendant, or court services alleging that the defendant violated  
185.30 a condition of release and is a risk to public safety, the court shall follow the procedures  
185.31 under Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 6. Any hearing on the alleged violation of release  
185.32 conditions shall be held no more than 15 days after the date of issuance of a summons or  
185.33 within 72 hours if the defendant is apprehended on a warrant.

186.1 (d) If the court finds a violation, the court may revise the conditions of release and bail  
186.2 as appropriate pursuant to Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure and must consider the  
186.3 defendant's need for ongoing access to a competency attainment program or alternative  
186.4 program under this section.

186.5 (e) The court must review conditions of release and bail on request of any party and may  
186.6 amend the conditions of release or make any other reasonable order upon receipt of  
186.7 information that the pretrial detention of a defendant has interfered with the defendant  
186.8 attaining competency.

186.9 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.49, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

186.10 Subd. 2. **Procedure.** (a) If the court finds that there is a substantial probability that the  
186.11 defendant will attain competency within the reasonably foreseeable future, the court shall  
186.12 find the defendant incompetent and proceed under section 611.46.

186.13 (b) If the court finds that there is not a substantial probability the defendant will attain  
186.14 competency within the reasonably foreseeable future, the court may not order the defendant  
186.15 to participate in or continue to participate in a competency attainment program in a locked  
186.16 treatment facility. The court must release the defendant from any custody holds pertaining  
186.17 to the underlying criminal case and require the forensic navigator to develop a bridge plan.

186.18 (c) If the court finds that there is not a substantial probability the defendant will attain  
186.19 competency within the foreseeable future, the court may issue an order to the designated  
186.20 agency in the county of financial responsibility or the county where the defendant is present  
186.21 to conduct a prepetition screening pursuant to section 253B.07.

186.22 (d) If the court finds that there is not a substantial probability that the defendant will  
186.23 attain competency within the foreseeable future, the court must dismiss the case unless:

186.24 (1) the person is charged with a violation of section 609.2112 (criminal vehicular  
186.25 homicide); 609.2114, subdivision 1 (criminal vehicular operation, death to an unborn child);  
186.26 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn  
186.27 child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree);  
186.28 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree); or 609.2665 (manslaughter  
186.29 of an unborn child in the second degree); or a crime of violence as defined in section 624.712,  
186.30 subdivision 5, except for a violation of chapter 152; or

186.31 (2) there is a showing of a danger to public safety if the matter is dismissed.

186.32 (e) If the court does not dismiss the charges, the court must order continued supervision  
186.33 or monitoring under subdivision 3.

187.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

187.2 Subd. 3. **Continued supervision or monitoring.** (a) If the court orders the continued  
 187.3 supervision or monitoring of a defendant, any party may request a hearing on the issue of  
 187.4 continued supervision or monitoring by filing a notice no more than ten days after the order  
 187.5 for continued supervision or monitoring.

187.6 (b) When continued supervision is ordered, the court must identify the ~~supervisory~~  
 187.7 agency responsible for the supervision of the defendant ~~and may identify a forensic navigator~~  
 187.8 ~~as the responsible entity.~~ Alternatively, the court may direct the forensic navigator to monitor  
 187.9 the defendant's compliance or noncompliance with the conditions of release as provided in  
 187.10 section 611.55, subdivision 3, paragraph (c). A forensic navigator may not conduct searches,  
 187.11 seize property or persons, or issue sanctions.

187.12 (c) Notwithstanding the reporting requirements of section 611.46, subdivision 6, the  
 187.13 court examiner must provide an updated report to the court one year after the initial order  
 187.14 for continued supervision or monitoring as to the defendant's competency and a description  
 187.15 of the efforts made to assist the defendant in attaining competency. The court shall hold a  
 187.16 review hearing within 30 days of receipt of the report.

187.17 (d) If continued supervision or monitoring is ordered at the review hearing under  
 187.18 paragraph (c), the court must set a date for a review hearing no later than two years after  
 187.19 the most recent order for continuing supervision or monitoring. The court must order review  
 187.20 of the defendant's status, including an updated competency examination and report by the  
 187.21 court examiner. The court examiner must submit the updated report to the court. At the  
 187.22 review hearing, the court must determine if the defendant has attained competency, whether  
 187.23 there is a substantial probability that the defendant will attain competency within the  
 187.24 foreseeable future, and whether the absence of continuing supervision or monitoring of the  
 187.25 defendant is a danger to public safety. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (d), the  
 187.26 court may hear any motions to dismiss pursuant to the interest of justice at the review  
 187.27 hearing.

187.28 (e) Continued supervision or monitoring of a defendant in cases where the most serious  
 187.29 charge is a targeted misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor is subject to the limitations  
 187.30 established in section 611.45, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

187.31 (f) The court may not order continued supervision or monitoring of a defendant charged  
 187.32 with a felony for more than ten years unless the defendant is charged with a violation of  
 187.33 section 609.2112 (criminal vehicular homicide); 609.2114, subdivision 1 (criminal vehicular  
 187.34 operation, death to an unborn child); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child in the first degree);

188.1 609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn  
188.2 child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree);  
188.3 or 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree); or a crime of violence  
188.4 as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 5, except for a violation of chapter 152.

188.5 (g) At any time, the head of the program may discharge the defendant from the program  
188.6 or facility. The head of the program must notify the court, prosecutor, defense counsel,  
188.7 forensic navigator, and any entity responsible for the supervision of the defendant prior to  
188.8 any planned discharge. Absent emergency circumstances, this notification shall be made  
188.9 five days prior to the discharge. If the defendant is discharged from the program or facility  
188.10 under emergency circumstances, notification of emergency discharge shall include a  
188.11 description of the emergency circumstances and may include a request for emergency  
188.12 transportation. The court shall make a determination on a request for emergency  
188.13 transportation within 24 hours. Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement agency  
188.14 from transporting a defendant pursuant to any other authority.

188.15 (h) The court may provide, partner, or contract for pretrial supervision services or  
188.16 continued supervision if the defendant is found incompetent and unlikely to attain competency  
188.17 in the foreseeable future.

188.18 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.55, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

188.19 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) Forensic navigators shall assist and ~~supervise~~ monitor defendants  
188.20 when appointed to do so by a court. Forensic navigators shall be impartial in all legal matters  
188.21 relating to the criminal case. Nothing shall be construed to permit the forensic navigator to  
188.22 provide legal counsel as a representative of the court, prosecutor, or defense counsel.

188.23 (b) Forensic navigators shall provide services to assist defendants with mental illnesses  
188.24 and cognitive impairments. Services may include, but are not limited to:

188.25 (1) developing bridge plans;

188.26 (2) assisting defendants in participating in court-ordered examinations and hearings;

188.27 (3) coordinating timely placement in court-ordered competency attainment programs;

188.28 (4) providing competency attainment education;

188.29 (5) reporting to the court on the progress of defendants found incompetent to stand trial;

188.30 (6) providing coordinating services to help defendants access mental health services,  
188.31 medical care, stable housing and housing assistance, financial assistance, social services,

189.1 transportation, precharge and pretrial diversion, and other necessary services provided by  
189.2 other programs and community service providers;

189.3 (7) communicating with and offering supportive resources to defendants and family  
189.4 members of defendants; and

189.5 (8) providing consultation and education to court officials on emerging issues and  
189.6 innovations in serving defendants with mental illnesses in the court system.

189.7 (c) When ordered to ~~supervise a defendant, a forensic navigator shall report to the court~~  
189.8 ~~or~~ monitor a defendant's compliance or noncompliance with conditions of ~~pretrial supervision~~  
189.9 ~~and any order of the court~~ release under section 611.46, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the  
189.10 forensic navigator shall provide updates to the court on a regular basis or when requested  
189.11 by the court or either party.

189.12 (d) If a defendant's charges are dismissed, the appointed forensic navigator may continue  
189.13 assertive outreach with the individual for up to 90 days to assist in attaining stability in the  
189.14 community.

189.15 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.56, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

189.16 Subdivision 1. **Establishment; membership.** (a) The Minnesota Competency Attainment  
189.17 Board is established in the judicial branch. The board is not subject to the administrative  
189.18 control of the judiciary. The board shall consist of seven members, including:

189.19 (1) three members appointed by the supreme court, at least one of whom must be a  
189.20 defense attorney, one a county attorney, and one public member; and

189.21 (2) four members appointed by the governor, at least one of whom must be a mental  
189.22 health professional with experience in competency attainment.

189.23 (b) The appointing authorities may not appoint an active judge to be a member of the  
189.24 board, but may appoint a retired judge.

189.25 (c) All members must demonstrate an interest in maintaining a high quality, independent  
189.26 forensic navigator program and a thorough process for certification of competency attainment  
189.27 programs. Members shall be familiar with the Minnesota Rules of Criminal Procedure,  
189.28 particularly rule 20; chapter 253B; and sections 611.40 to 611.59. ~~Following the initial~~  
189.29 ~~terms of appointment, at least one member appointed by the supreme court must have~~  
189.30 ~~previous experience working as a forensic navigator.~~ At least three members of the board  
189.31 shall live outside the First, Second, Fourth, and Tenth Judicial Districts. The terms,

190.1 compensation, and removal of members shall be as provided in section 15.0575. The members  
190.2 shall elect the chair from among the membership for a term of two years.

190.3 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.59, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

190.4 Subdivision 1. **Availability and certification.** The board ~~must~~ will use available resources  
190.5 to provide or contract for enough competency attainment services to meet the needs of adult  
190.6 defendants in each judicial district who are found incompetent to proceed and do not have  
190.7 access to competency attainment services as a part of any other programming in which they  
190.8 are ordered to participate. The board, in consultation with the Certification Advisory  
190.9 Committee, shall develop procedures to certify that the standards in this section are met,  
190.10 including procedures for regular recertification of competency attainment programs. The  
190.11 board shall maintain a list of programs it has certified on the board's website and shall update  
190.12 the list of competency attainment programs at least once every year.

190.13 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611.59, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

190.14 Subd. 4. **Program evaluations.** (a) The ~~board~~ state court administrator shall ~~collect~~  
190.15 prepare and make available to the board the following data:

190.16 (1) the total number of competency examinations ordered in each judicial district  
190.17 separated by county;

190.18 (2) the age, race, and number of unique defendants and for whom at least one competency  
190.19 examination was ordered in each judicial district separated by county;

190.20 (3) the age, race, and number of unique defendants found incompetent at least once in  
190.21 each judicial district separated by county; and

190.22 (4) all available data on the level of charge and adjudication of cases with a defendant  
190.23 found incompetent ~~and whether a forensic navigator was assigned to the case.~~

190.24 (b) By February 15 of each year, the board must report to the legislative committees and  
190.25 divisions with jurisdiction over human services, public safety, and the judiciary on the data  
190.26 collected under this subdivision and may include recommendations for statutory or funding  
190.27 changes related to competency attainment.

190.28 Sec. 25. **REPEALER.**

190.29 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 517.05; and 517.18, are repealed."

190.30 Delete the title and insert:

191.1 "A bill for an act

191.2 relating to state government; providing for certain policy for the judiciary, courts,

191.3 public safety, crime, corrections, data practices, and civil law; providing for crime

191.4 victims policy; modifying certain financial crimes and fraud investigations law;

191.5 modifying certain crime victims policy; modifying certain mortgage foreclosure

191.6 policy; modifying certain statutes of limitation; modifying certain fees; providing

191.7 for grants; providing for a task force; providing for reports; establishing criminal

191.8 penalties; establishing Minnesota victims of crime account; appropriating money

191.9 for judiciary, public safety, corrections, Board of Civil Legal Aid, Guardian ad

191.10 Litem Board, Tax Court, Uniform Laws Commission, Board on Judicial Standards,

191.11 Board of Public Defense, Human Rights, Office of Appellate Counsel and Training,

191.12 Minnesota Competency Attainment Board, Cannabis Expungement Board,

191.13 Secretary of State, Sentencing Guidelines, Peace Officer Standards and Training

191.14 (POST) Board, Private Detective Board, Ombudsperson for Corrections, Clemency

191.15 Review Commission, and Office of Higher Education; amending Minnesota Statutes

191.16 2024, sections 13.03, subdivisions 3, 6; 13.32, subdivisions 2, 5; 13.43, subdivision

191.17 2; 13.82, subdivision 1; 13.821; 13.825, subdivision 4; 13.991; 43A.17, subdivision

191.18 13; 45.0135, subdivisions 2b, 6, 7, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 60A.951,

191.19 subdivision 2; 60A.952, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 60A.954, subdivision 2; 60A.956;

191.20 65B.84; 121A.038, subdivision 7; 121A.06; 144.223; 144.296; 144E.123,

191.21 subdivision 3; 152.021, subdivision 2; 152.022, subdivision 2; 152.023, subdivision

191.22 2; 152.025, subdivision 2; 152.137, subdivisions 1, 2; 241.01, subdivision 3a;

191.23 241.021, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 241.80; 244.18, subdivisions 1,

191.24 7, 9; 244.19, subdivisions 1c, 1d, 5, 5a; 244.20; 244.41, subdivision 6; 244.44;

191.25 244.46, subdivision 1; 246B.04, subdivision 2; 260C.419, subdivisions 2, 3, 4;

191.26 268.19, subdivision 1; 268B.30; 272.45; 297I.11, subdivision 2; 299C.055;

191.27 299C.40, subdivision 1; 299C.52, subdivision 1; 299C.80, subdivision 6; 299F.47,

191.28 subdivision 2; 326.338, subdivision 4; 357.021, subdivision 2; 388.23, subdivision

191.29 1; 401.03; 401.10, subdivisions 1, 4, by adding a subdivision; 401.11, subdivision

191.30 1; 401.14; 401.15, subdivision 2; 401.17, subdivisions 1, 5; 480.243, by adding a

191.31 subdivision; 480.35, by adding a subdivision; 480.40, subdivisions 1, 3; 480.45,

191.32 subdivision 2; 484.44; 484.51; 517.04; 517.08, subdivisions 1a, 1b, 1c; 517.09,

191.33 subdivision 1; 517.10; 518.68, subdivision 1; 518B.01, subdivision 2; 524.5-120;

191.34 524.5-311; 524.5-313; 524.5-420; 580.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 580.10; 580.225;

191.35 580.24; 580.25; 580.26; 580.28; 581.02; 582.03, subdivisions 1, 2; 582.043,

191.36 subdivision 6; 595.02, subdivision 1; 609.101, subdivision 2; 609.2231, subdivision

191.37 2; 609.2232; 609.322, subdivision 1; 609.527, subdivision 3; 609.531, subdivision

191.38 1; 609.593, subdivision 1; 609.78, subdivision 2c; 611.24, subdivision 4; 611.45,

191.39 subdivision 3; 611.46, subdivision 2; 611.49, subdivisions 2, 3; 611.55, subdivision

191.40 3; 611.56, subdivision 1; 611.59, subdivisions 1, 4; 611A.02; 611A.0315; 611A.06,

191.41 by adding a subdivision; 611A.90; 617.246, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6; 617.247;

191.42 624.714, subdivision 7a; 626.05, subdivision 2; 626.19, subdivision 3; 626.84,

191.43 subdivision 1; 626A.35, subdivision 2b, by adding a subdivision; 628.26; 629.341,

191.44 subdivision 3; 634.35; Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivisions 2,

191.45 3, 8, as amended; article 4, section 24, subdivision 7, as amended; article 11, section

191.46 31; Laws 2023, chapter 68, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2; proposing coding

191.47 for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144; 241; 299A; 299C; 401; 480; 517;

191.48 609; 617; 626; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 45.0135, subdivisions

191.49 2a, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 3, 4, 5; 253.21; 253.23; 325E.21, subdivision 2b; 325F.02;

191.50 325F.03; 325F.04; 325F.05; 325F.06; 325F.07; 517.05; 517.18."

192.1 We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

192.2 House Conferees:

192.3 ..... ..

192.4 Paul Novotny Kelly Moller

192.5 ..... ..

192.6 Peggy Scott Tina Liebling

192.7 Senate Conferees:

192.8 ..... ..

192.9 Ron Latz Clare Oumou Verbeten

192.10 ..... ..

192.11 Judy Seeberger Bonnie Westlin

192.12 ..... ..

192.13 Doron Clark