SF3909 REVISOR RSI S3909-1 1st Engrossment

## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 3909

(SENATE AUTHORS: FRENTZ, Klein and Dahms)

DATE
02/19/2024
11645
Introduction and first reading
Referred to Commerce and Consumer Protection
03/04/2024
11877a
Comm report: To pass as amended
11894
Second reading
Referred to for comparison with HF3526
03/14/2024
12208a
Rule 45-amend, subst. General Orders HF3526, SF indefinitely postponed
Sec SF4007

1.1 A bill for an act

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relating to consumer protection; changing application of abnormal market disruption and unconscionably excessive price prohibition; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 325E.80, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 7.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 325E.80, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given.
  - (b) "Essential consumer good or service" means a good or service that is vital and necessary for the health, safety, and welfare of the public, including without limitation: food; water; fuel; gasoline; shelter; construction materials; transportation; health care services; pharmaceuticals; and medical, personal hygiene, sanitation, and cleaning supplies.
  - (c) "Restoration and mitigation services provider" means a person or business that provides service to prevent further damage to property following a fire, smoke, water, or storm event. Services include but are not limited to board up of property, water extraction, drying, smoke or odor removal, cleaning, and personal property inventory, removal, and storage;
- (d) "Seller" means a manufacturer, supplier, wholesaler, distributor, or retail seller ofgoods and services.
  - (e) "Tree trimmer" means a person registered under section 18G.07.

Section 1.

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(d) (f) "Unconscionably excessive price" means a price that represents a gross disparity compared to the seller's average price of an essential good or service, offered for sale or sold in the usual course of business, in the 60-day period before an abnormal market disruption is declared under subdivision 2. None of the following is an unconscionably excessive price:

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- (1) a price that is substantially related to an increase in the cost of manufacturing, obtaining, replacing, providing, or selling a good or service;
- (2) a price that is no more than 25 percent above the seller's average price during the 60-day period before an abnormal market disruption is declared under subdivision 2;
- 2.10 (3) a price that is consistent with the fluctuations in applicable commodity markets or seasonal fluctuations; or
  - (4) a contract price, or the results of a price formula, that was established before an abnormal market disruption is declared under subdivision 2.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 325E.80, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. **Prices and rates.** Upon the occurrence of a weather event classified as a severe thunderstorm pursuant to the criteria established by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, a residential building contractor, tree trimmer, or restoration and mitigation services provider operating within the geographic region impacted by the weather event and repairing damage caused by the weather event shall not:
  - (1) charge an unconscionably excessive price for labor in comparison to the market price charged for comparable services in the geographic region impacted by the weather event; or
- 2.24 (2) charge an insurance company a rate that exceeds what the residential building
  2.25 contractor, tree trimmer, or restoration and mitigation services provider would otherwise
  2.26 charges members charge a member of the general public.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 325E.80, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Civil penalty.** A person who is found to have violated this section subdivision

  4 is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 per sale or transaction, with a maximum

  penalty of \$25,000 per day. No other penalties may be imposed for the same conduct

  regulated under this section subdivision 4.

Sec. 3. 2

3.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 325E.80, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 7. **Enforcement authority.** (a) The attorney general may investigate and bring an action <u>using the authority under section 8.31</u> against a seller <del>or</del>, residential building contractor, tree trimmer, or restoration and mitigation services provider for an alleged violation of this section.
- (b) Nothing in this section creates a private cause of action in favor of a person injuredby a violation of this section.

Sec. 4. 3