

A bill for an act

relating to taxation; providing a federal update; modifying computation of net income and payment of corporate franchise tax refunds; modifying requirements for appointment of commissioner of Department of Revenue; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 270C.02, subdivision 1; 289A.02, subdivision 7; 290.01, subdivisions 19, 19a, 19c, 19d, 31, by adding a subdivision; 290.067, subdivision 2a; 290A.03, subdivisions 3, 15; 291.005, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 270C.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Commissioner; supervision of department and appointment.** The Department of Revenue is under the supervision and control of the commissioner. The commissioner shall be appointed by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06. The commissioner shall be selected on the basis of ability and experience in the field of tax administration and without regard to political affiliations. The governor may not appoint as commissioner an individual who has been convicted of a criminal violation of a federal or state tax or revenue law, who has failed to file a required original individual income tax return within one year of its due date, or who has unpaid federal, state, or local taxes for a prior taxable year when the appointment is announced to the public.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through February 13, 2008 December 31, 2008.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective at the same time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. **Net income.** The term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in subdivisions 19a to 19f.

In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:

(1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply;

(2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~February 13, 2008~~ December 31, 2008, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996.

Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in subdivisions 19 to 19f mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for the applicable year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, subdivision 19a, is amended to read:

Subd. 19a. **Additions to federal taxable income.** For individuals, estates, and trusts, there shall be added to federal taxable income:

(1)(i) interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or instrumentality of any state other than Minnesota exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal statute; and

(ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, except the portion of the exempt-interest dividends derived from interest income on obligations of the state of Minnesota or its political or governmental subdivisions, municipalities, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, but only if the portion of the exempt-interest dividends from such Minnesota sources paid to all shareholders represents 95 percent or more of the exempt-interest dividends that are paid by the regulated investment company as defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the fund of the regulated investment company as defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, making the payment; and

(iii) for the purposes of items (i) and (ii), interest on obligations of an Indian tribal government described in section 7871(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as interest income on obligations of the state in which the tribe is located;

(2) the amount of income or sales and use taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and the amount of taxes based on net income paid or sales and use taxes paid to any other state or to any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the addition may not be more than the amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding the amount allowed under section 63(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code. For the purpose of this paragraph, the disallowance of itemized deductions under section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, income or sales and use tax is the last itemized deduction disallowed;

(3) the capital gain amount of a lump-sum distribution to which the special tax under section 1122(h)(3)(B)(ii) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law 99-514, applies;

(4) the amount of income taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and taxes based on net income paid to any other state or any province or territory

of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income. For the purpose of this paragraph, income taxes do not include the taxes imposed by sections 290.0922, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), 290.9727, 290.9728, and 290.9729;

(5) the amount of expense, interest, or taxes disallowed pursuant to section 290.10 other than expenses or interest used in computing net interest income for the subtraction allowed under subdivision 19b, clause (1);

(6) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(7) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if the taxpayer has an activity that in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation under section 168(k) and the activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation allowed under section 168(k)" for the taxable year is limited to excess of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k) over the amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In succeeding taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the depreciation under section 168(k) is allowed;

(8) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;

(9) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of the deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(10) the exclusion allowed under section 139A of the Internal Revenue Code for federal subsidies for prescription drug plans;

(11) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2;

~~(12) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, and before January 1, 2008,~~ the amount deducted for qualified tuition and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income; ~~and~~

(13) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, and before January 1, 2008, the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income; and

(14) the additional standard deduction for property taxes payable that is allowable under section 63(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, subdivision 19c, is amended to read:

Subd. 19c. **Corporations; additions to federal taxable income.** For corporations, there shall be added to federal taxable income:

(1) the amount of any deduction taken for federal income tax purposes for income, excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes, including but not limited to the tax imposed under section 290.0922, paid by the corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the District of Columbia, or any foreign country or possession of the United States;

(2) interest not subject to federal tax upon obligations of: the United States, its possessions, its agencies, or its instrumentalities; the state of Minnesota or any other state, any of its political or governmental subdivisions, any of its municipalities, or any of its governmental agencies or instrumentalities; the District of Columbia; or Indian tribal governments;

(3) exempt-interest dividends received as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(4) the amount of any net operating loss deduction taken for federal income tax purposes under section 172 or 832(c)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code or operations loss deduction under section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(5) the amount of any special deductions taken for federal income tax purposes under sections 241 to 247 and 965 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(6) losses from the business of mining, as defined in section 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota income tax;

(7) the amount of any capital losses deducted for federal income tax purposes under sections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(8) the exempt foreign trade income of a foreign sales corporation under sections 921(a) and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(9) the amount of percentage depletion deducted under sections 611 through 614 and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(10) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1985, the amount of the amortization deduction allowed in computing federal taxable income for those facilities;

(11) the amount of any deemed dividend from a foreign operating corporation determined pursuant to section 290.17, subdivision 4, paragraph (g). The deemed dividend shall be reduced by the amount of the addition to income required by clauses (20), (21), (22), and (23);

(12) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(13) the amount of net income excluded under section 114 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(14) any increase in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without regard to the provisions of ~~section 103 of Public Law 109-222~~ Division C, title III, section 303(a)(1)-(2) of Public Law 110-343;

(15) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if the taxpayer has an activity that in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) and the activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation allowed under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A)" for the taxable year is limited to excess of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) over the amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In succeeding taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the depreciation under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) is allowed;

(16) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;

(17) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of the deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(18) the exclusion allowed under section 139A of the Internal Revenue Code for federal subsidies for prescription drug plans;

(19) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2;

(20) an amount equal to the interest and intangible expenses, losses, and costs paid, accrued, or incurred by any member of the taxpayer's unitary group to or for the benefit of a corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group that qualifies as a foreign operating corporation. For purposes of this clause, intangible expenses and costs include:

(i) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property;

(ii) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions;

(iii) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;

(iv) licensing fees; and

(v) other similar expenses and costs.

For purposes of this clause, "intangible property" includes stocks, bonds, patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This clause does not apply to any item of interest or intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign operating corporation with respect to such item of income to the extent that the income to the foreign operating corporation is income from sources without the United States as defined in subtitle A, chapter 1, subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code;

(21) except as already included in the taxpayer's taxable income pursuant to clause (20), any interest income and income generated from intangible property received or accrued by a foreign operating corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary group. For purposes of this clause, income generated from intangible property includes:

(i) income related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property;

(ii) income from factoring transactions or discounting transactions;

(iii) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;

(iv) licensing fees; and

(v) other similar income.

For purposes of this clause, "intangible property" includes stocks, bonds, patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This clause does not apply to any item of interest or intangible income received or accrued by a foreign operating corporation with respect to such item of income to the extent that the income is income from sources without the United States as defined in subtitle A, chapter 1, subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code;

(22) the dividends attributable to the income of a foreign operating corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary group in an amount that is equal to the dividends

paid deduction of a real estate investment trust under section 561(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for amounts paid or accrued by the real estate investment trust to the foreign operating corporation;

(23) the income of a foreign operating corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary group in an amount that is equal to gains derived from the sale of real or personal property located in the United States; and

(24) ~~for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, and before January 1, 2008,~~ the additional amount allowed as a deduction for donation of computer technology and equipment under section 170(e)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from taxable income.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, subdivision 19d, is amended to read:

Subd. 19d. **Corporations; modifications decreasing federal taxable income.** For corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases provided in subdivision 19c:

(1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the amount of salary expense not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to claiming the work opportunity credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank owned by the United States or the instrumentality;

(4) amounts disallowed for intangible drilling costs due to differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, as follows:

(i) to the extent the disallowed costs are represented by physical property, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, subject to the modifications contained in subdivision 19e; and

(ii) to the extent the disallowed costs are not represented by physical property, an amount equal to the allowance for cost depletion under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 8;

(5) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:

9.1 (i) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
9.2 capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed;

9.3 (ii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
9.4 a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be
9.5 allowed;

9.6 (iii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, a
9.7 capital loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year, subject to
9.8 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed; and

9.9 (iv) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987,
9.10 a capital loss carryover to each of the five taxable years succeeding the loss year to the
9.11 extent such loss was not used in a prior taxable year and subject to the provisions of
9.12 Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed;

9.13 (6) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal
9.14 income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and
9.15 expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 171(a)(2), 265 or
9.16 291 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income;

9.17 (7) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for
9.18 which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant to subdivision 19c, clause (9), a
9.19 reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction
9.20 must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed
9.21 by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must
9.22 be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the
9.23 pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis
9.24 of the trust's income allocable to each;

9.25 (8) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year
9.26 beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected
9.27 under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December
9.28 31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes
9.29 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7;

9.30 (9) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of income,
9.31 excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid by the
9.32 corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the
9.33 District of Columbia, or a foreign country or possession of the United States to the extent
9.34 that the taxes were added to federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision 19c,
9.35 clause (1), in a prior taxable year;

- 10.1 (10) 80 percent of royalties, fees, or other like income accrued or received from a
10.2 foreign operating corporation or a foreign corporation which is part of the same unitary
10.3 business as the receiving corporation, unless the income resulting from such payments or
10.4 accruals is income from sources within the United States as defined in subtitle A, chapter
10.5 1, subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 10.6 (11) income or gains from the business of mining as defined in section 290.05,
10.7 subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota franchise tax;
- 10.8 (12) the amount of disability access expenditures in the taxable year which are not
10.9 allowed to be deducted or capitalized under section 44(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 10.10 (13) the amount of qualified research expenses not allowed for federal income tax
10.11 purposes under section 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that
10.12 the amount exceeds the amount of the credit allowed under section 290.068;
- 10.13 (14) the amount of salary expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due
10.14 to claiming the Indian employment credit under section 45A(a) of the Internal Revenue
10.15 Code;
- 10.16 (15) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008, the amount of the federal
10.17 small ethanol producer credit allowed under section 40(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
10.18 which is included in gross income under section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 10.19 (16) for a corporation whose foreign sales corporation, as defined in section 922
10.20 of the Internal Revenue Code, constituted a foreign operating corporation during any
10.21 taxable year ending before January 1, 1995, and a return was filed by August 15, 1996,
10.22 claiming the deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4, for income received from
10.23 the foreign operating corporation, an amount equal to 1.23 multiplied by the amount of
10.24 income excluded under section 114 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the income is
10.25 not income of a foreign operating company;
- 10.26 (17) any decrease in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the Internal
10.27 Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without regard
10.28 to the provisions of ~~section 103 of Public Law 109-222~~ Division C, title III, section
10.29 303(a)(1)-(2) of Public Law 110-343;
- 10.30 (18) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an
10.31 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (15), an amount equal to one-fifth of
10.32 the delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the
10.33 amount of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19c, clause (15). The
10.34 resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero; and

(19) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (16), an amount equal to one-fifth of the amount of the addition.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19h. Certain preferred stock losses. A taxpayer must compute net income by treating losses from the sale or transfer of certain preferred stock, which the taxpayer treated as ordinary losses pursuant to Division A, title III, section 301 of Public Law 110-343, as capital losses. The amount of net income under subdivision 19, taxable net income under subdivision 22, taxable income under subdivision 29, the numerator and denominator in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e), individual alternative minimum taxable income under section 290.091, subdivision 2, corporate alternative minimum taxable income under section 290.0921, subdivision 3, and net operating losses under section 290.095 must be computed for each taxable year as if those losses had been treated by the taxpayer as capital losses under the Internal Revenue Code, including the limitations under section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective at the same time as Division A, title III, section 301 of Public Law 110-343, is effective and applies to losses incurred after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is amended to read:

Subd. 31. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through February 13, 2008 ~~13, 2008~~ December 31, 2008. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective at the same time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290.067, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

12.1 Subd. 2a. **Income.** (a) For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of
12.2 the following:

12.3 (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
12.4 Code; and

12.5 (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):

12.6 (i) all nontaxable income;

12.7 (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section
12.8 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity
12.9 loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

12.10 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness
12.11 of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal
12.12 Revenue Code;

12.13 (iv) cash public assistance and relief;

12.14 (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments
12.15 received under the federal Social Security Act, supplemental security income, and veterans
12.16 benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was
12.17 funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded
12.18 from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

12.19 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality
12.20 or political subdivision thereof;

12.21 (vii) workers' compensation;

12.22 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;

12.23 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or
12.24 sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through
12.25 insurance or otherwise;

12.26 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
12.27 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;

12.28 (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account,
12.29 including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;
12.30 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k)
12.31 of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the
12.32 Internal Revenue Code;

12.33 (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;

12.34 (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue
12.35 Code; and

13.1 (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal
13.2 Revenue Code;

13.3 (xv) the amount of tuition expenses required to be added to income under section
13.4 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (12); and

13.5 (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
13.6 teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13.7 In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
13.8 term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income reflected in the
13.9 fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income may not be
13.10 reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss
13.11 carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

13.12 (b) "Income" does not include:

13.13 (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and
13.14 102;

13.15 (2) amounts of any pension or annuity that were exclusively funded by the claimant
13.16 or spouse if the funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income
13.17 in the years when the payments were made;

13.18 (3) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

13.19 (4) relief granted under chapter 290A;

13.20 (5) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution
13.21 or legal separation; and

13.22 (6) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
13.23 defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
13.24 2001, Public Law 107-16.

13.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
13.26 December 31, 2007.

13.27 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

13.28 Subd. 3. **Income.** (1) "Income" means the sum of the following:

13.29 (a) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and

13.30 (b) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (a):

13.31 (i) all nontaxable income;

13.32 (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section
13.33 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity
13.34 loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

14.1 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness
14.2 of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal
14.3 Revenue Code;

14.4 (iv) cash public assistance and relief;

14.5 (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments
14.6 received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and
14.7 veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which
14.8 was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were
14.9 excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

14.10 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality
14.11 or political subdivision thereof;

14.12 (vii) workers' compensation;

14.13 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;

14.14 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or
14.15 sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through
14.16 insurance or otherwise;

14.17 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
14.18 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;

14.19 (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account,
14.20 including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;
14.21 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k)
14.22 of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the
14.23 Internal Revenue Code;

14.24 (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;

14.25 (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue
14.26 Code; ~~and~~

14.27 (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal
14.28 Revenue Code;₂

14.29 (xv) the amount of tuition expenses required to be added to income under section
14.30 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (12); and

14.31 (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
14.32 teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

14.33 In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
14.34 term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected
14.35 in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be

15.1 reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss
15.2 carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

15.3 (2) "Income" does not include:

15.4 (a) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and
15.5 102;

15.6 (b) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant
15.7 or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross
15.8 income in the years when the payments were made;

15.9 (c) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

15.10 (d) relief granted under this chapter;

15.11 (e) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution
15.12 or legal separation; or

15.13 (f) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
15.14 defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
15.15 2001, Public Law 107-16.

15.16 (3) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:

15.17 (a) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;

15.18 (b) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;

15.19 (c) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;

15.20 (d) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;

15.21 (e) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and

15.22 (f) if the claimant or claimant's spouse was disabled or attained the age of 65
15.23 on or before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the
15.24 exemption amount.

15.25 For purposes of this subdivision, the "exemption amount" means the exemption
15.26 amount under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year for which
15.27 the income is reported.

15.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property tax refunds based on
15.29 property taxes payable after December 31, 2008, and rent paid after December 31, 2007,
15.30 and thereafter.

15.31 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

15.32 Subd. 15. **Internal Revenue Code.** "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal
15.33 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~February 13, 2008~~ December 31, 2008.

16.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property tax refunds based on
16.2 property taxes payable after December 31, 2008, and rent paid after December 31, 2007,
16.3 and thereafter.

16.4 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 291.005, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

16.5 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following
16.6 terms used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

16.7 (1) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as valued and
16.8 otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes by federal taxing authorities pursuant
16.9 to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

16.10 (2) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after (a)
16.11 excluding therefrom any property included therein which has its situs outside Minnesota,
16.12 and (b) including therein any property omitted from the federal gross estate which is
16.13 includable therein, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal taxing
16.14 authorities.

16.15 (3) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person
16.16 appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there
16.17 is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this
16.18 state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in
16.19 this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed
16.20 to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax
16.21 due with respect to the property.

16.22 (4) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death
16.23 was in Minnesota.

16.24 (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of
16.25 death was not in Minnesota.

16.26 (6) "Situs of property" means, with respect to real property, the state or country in
16.27 which it is located; with respect to tangible personal property, the state or country in which
16.28 it was normally kept or located at the time of the decedent's death; and with respect to
16.29 intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled
16.30 at death.

16.31 (7) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the
16.32 commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.

16.33 (8) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of
16.34 1986, as amended through ~~February 13, 2008~~ December 31, 2008.

(9) "Minnesota adjusted taxable estate" means federal adjusted taxable estate as defined by section 2011(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by the amount of deduction for state death taxes allowed under section 2058 of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective at the same time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

Sec. 13. **WITHHOLDING ON DIFFERENTIAL PAY.**

The commissioner must not assess tax, penalty, or interest against an employer for failing to withhold tax from differential wages, as defined in section 3401(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, paid before January 1, 2010, to an employee who has been called to active duty in the military services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to any failure to withhold that occurs after December 31, 2008, but before January 1, 2010.

Sec. 14. **PAYMENT OF CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAX REFUNDS.**

(a) In paying refunds during fiscal year 2009 of overpayments of corporate franchise tax, the commissioner of revenue shall delay paying a sufficient number of these refunds until fiscal year 2010 so that \$15,795,000 less in refunds is paid in fiscal year 2009 than otherwise would have been paid. Refunds delayed by the commissioner under this section are deemed to be due on July 1, 2009, if the law otherwise would provide an earlier date.

(b) In paying refunds during fiscal year 2011 of overpayments of corporate franchise tax, the commissioner of revenue shall delay paying a sufficient number of these refunds until fiscal year 2012 so that \$7,150,000 less in refunds is paid in fiscal year 2011 than otherwise would have been paid. Refunds delayed by the commissioner under this section are deemed to be due on July 1, 2011, if the law otherwise would provide an earlier date.

(c) In carrying out the requirement in paragraphs (a) and (b), the commissioner shall, to the maximum extent possible, minimize delaying the payment of refunds that would result in payment of additional interest by the state. To the extent delayed refunds fail to equal \$15,795,000 for fiscal year 2009 or \$7,150,000 for fiscal year 2011 as provided in paragraph (a) or (b) as applicable, the commissioner of finance may assign other corporate franchise tax refunds paid in fiscal year 2010 or fiscal year 2012 to the fiscal year in which the commissioner paid them to satisfy the applicable amount under paragraph (a) or (b) for purposes of budget reporting.

18.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 only.