

A bill for an act

relating to health; establishing the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange; establishing evidence-based health care guidelines; requiring all hospitals and health care providers to have an electronic health records system by a certain date; establishing an electronic health record system revolving account and loan program; establishing a uniform electronic transactions and implementation guide standards; establishing a Health Care Transformation Task Force; defining evaluation parameters for provider performance; establishing a goal of achieving access to affordable health care by 2011 for all Minnesota residents; requiring certain hospitals to report on community benefits; encouraging communities to coordinate health and wellness programs; requiring health care payment system reform; establishing community collaborative pilot projects to cover the uninsured; establishing health care payment reform pilot projects; requiring a study of health care system consolidation; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 62A.65, subdivision 3; 62E.141; 62J.04, subdivision 3; 62J.495; 62J.60, by adding a subdivision; 62J.692, subdivisions 1, 4, 7a, 8, 10; 62J.81, subdivision 1; 62J.82; 62L.12, subdivisions 2, 4; 62Q.165, subdivisions 1, 2; 62Q.80, subdivisions 3, 4, 13, 14; 144.698, subdivision 1; 144.699, by adding a subdivision; 256.01, subdivision 2b; 256B.0625, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62A; 62J; 62Q; 145; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.052, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62A.65, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Premium rate restrictions.** No individual health plan may be offered, sold, issued, or renewed to a Minnesota resident unless the premium rate charged is determined in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) Premium rates must be no more than 25 percent above and no more than 25 percent below the index rate charged to individuals for the same or similar coverage, adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year. The premium variations permitted by this paragraph must be based only upon health status, claims experience,

and occupation. For purposes of this paragraph, health status includes refraining from tobacco use or other actuarially valid lifestyle factors associated with good health, provided that the lifestyle factor and its effect upon premium rates have been determined by the commissioner to be actuarially valid and have been approved by the commissioner. Variations permitted under this paragraph must not be based upon age or applied differently at different ages. This paragraph does not prohibit use of a constant percentage adjustment for factors permitted to be used under this paragraph.

(b) Premium rates may vary based upon the ages of covered persons only as provided in this paragraph. In addition to the variation permitted under paragraph (a), each health carrier may use an additional premium variation based upon age for adults aged 19 and above of up to plus or minus 50 percent of the index rate. Premium rates for children under the age of 19 may not vary based on age, regardless of whether the child is covered as a dependent or as a primary insured.

(c) A health carrier may request approval by the commissioner to establish separate geographic regions determined by the health carrier and to establish separate index rates for each such region. The commissioner shall grant approval if the following conditions are met:

(1) the geographic regions must be applied uniformly by the health carrier;

(2) each geographic region must be composed of no fewer than seven counties that create a contiguous region; and

(3) the health carrier provides actuarial justification acceptable to the commissioner for the proposed geographic variations in index rates, establishing that the variations are based upon differences in the cost to the health carrier of providing coverage.

(d) Health carriers may use rate cells and must file with the commissioner the rate cells they use. Rate cells must be based upon the number of adults or children covered under the policy and may reflect the availability of Medicare coverage. The rates for different rate cells must not in any way reflect generalized differences in expected costs between principal insureds and their spouses.

(e) In developing its index rates and premiums for a health plan, a health carrier shall take into account only the following factors:

(1) actuarially valid differences in rating factors permitted under paragraphs (a) and (b); and

(2) actuarially valid geographic variations if approved by the commissioner as provided in paragraph (c).

(f) All premium variations must be justified in initial rate filings and upon request of the commissioner in rate revision filings. All rate variations are subject to approval by the commissioner.

(g) The loss ratio must comply with the section 62A.021 requirements for individual health plans.

(h) The rates must not be approved, unless the commissioner has determined that the rates are reasonable. In determining reasonableness, the commissioner shall consider the growth rates applied under section 62J.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), to the calendar year or years that the proposed premium rate would be in effect, actuarially valid changes in risks associated with the enrollee populations, and actuarially valid changes as a result of statutory changes in Laws 1992, chapter 549.

(i) An insurer may, as part of a minimum lifetime loss ratio guarantee filing under section 62A.02, subdivision 3a, include a rating practices guarantee as provided in this paragraph. The rating practices guarantee must be in writing and must guarantee that the policy form will be offered, sold, issued, and renewed only with premium rates and premium rating practices that comply with subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 5. The rating practices guarantee must be accompanied by an actuarial memorandum that demonstrates that the premium rates and premium rating system used in connection with the policy form will satisfy the guarantee. The guarantee must guarantee refunds of any excess premiums to policyholders charged premiums that exceed those permitted under subdivision 2, 3, 4, or 5. An insurer that complies with this paragraph in connection with a policy form is exempt from the requirement of prior approval by the commissioner under paragraphs (c), (f), and (h).

Sec. 2. [62A.67] MINNESOTA HEALTH INSURANCE EXCHANGE.

Subdivision 1. Title; citation. This section may be cited as the "Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange."

Subd. 2. Creation; tax exemption. The Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange is created for the limited purpose of providing individuals with greater access, choice, portability, and affordability of health insurance products. The Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange is a not-for-profit corporation under chapter 317A and section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Subd. 3. Definitions. The following terms have the meanings given them unless otherwise provided in text.

(a) "Board" means the board of directors of the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under subdivision 13.

4.1 (b) "Commissioner" means:

4.2 (1) the commissioner of commerce for health insurers subject to the jurisdiction
4.3 of the Department of Commerce;

4.4 (2) the commissioner of health for health insurers subject to the jurisdiction of the
4.5 Department of Health; or

4.6 (3) either commissioner's designated representative.

4.7 (c) "Exchange" means the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange.

4.8 (d) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.

4.9 (e) "Individual market health plans," unless otherwise specified, means individual
4.10 market health plans defined in section 62A.011.

4.11 (f) "Section 125 Plan" means a cafeteria or Premium Only Plan under section 125 of
4.12 the Internal Revenue Code that allows employees to pay for health insurance premiums
4.13 with pretax dollars.

4.14 Subd. 4. **Insurer and health plan participation.** All health plans as defined in
4.15 section 62A.011, subdivision 3, issued or renewed in the individual market shall participate
4.16 in the exchange. No health plans in the individual market may be issued or renewed
4.17 outside of the exchange. Group health plans as defined in section 62A.10 shall not be
4.18 offered through the exchange. Health plans offered through the Minnesota Comprehensive
4.19 Health Association as defined in section 62E.10 are offered through the exchange to
4.20 eligible enrollees as determined by the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association.
4.21 Health plans offered through MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L are offered through the
4.22 exchange to eligible enrollees as determined by the commissioner of human services.

4.23 Subd. 5. **Approval of health plans.** No health plan may be offered through the
4.24 exchange unless the commissioner has first certified that:

4.25 (1) the insurer seeking to offer the health plan is licensed to issue health insurance in
4.26 the state; and

4.27 (2) the health plan meets the requirements of this section, and the health plan and the
4.28 insurer are in compliance with all other applicable health insurance laws.

4.29 Subd. 6. **Individual market health plans.** Individual market health plans offered
4.30 through the exchange continue to be regulated by the commissioner as specified in
4.31 chapters 62A, 62C, 62D, 62E, 62Q, and 72A, and must include the following provisions
4.32 that apply to all health plans issued or renewed through the exchange:

4.33 (1) premiums for children under the age of 19 shall not vary by age in the exchange;
4.34 and

4.35 (2) premiums for children under the age of 19 must be excluded from rating factors
4.36 under section 62A.65, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

5.1 Subd. 7. **Individual participation and eligibility.** Individuals are eligible to
5.2 purchase health plans directly through the exchange or through an employer Section
5.3 125 Plan under section 62A.68. Nothing in this section requires guaranteed issue of
5.4 individual market health plans offered through the exchange. Individuals are eligible to
5.5 purchase individual market health plans through the exchange by meeting one or more
5.6 of the following qualifications:

5.7 (1) the individual is a Minnesota resident, meaning the individual is physically
5.8 residing on a permanent basis in a place that is the person's principal residence and from
5.9 which the person is absent only for temporary purposes;

5.10 (2) the individual is a student attending an institution outside of Minnesota and
5.11 maintains Minnesota residency;

5.12 (3) the individual is not a Minnesota resident but is employed by an employer
5.13 physically located within the state and the individual's employer is required to offer a
5.14 Section 125 Plan under section 62A.68;

5.15 (4) the individual is not a Minnesota resident but is self-employed and the
5.16 individual's principal place of business is in the state; or

5.17 (5) the individual is a dependent, as defined in section 62L.02, of another individual
5.18 who is eligible to participate in the exchange.

5.19 Subd. 8. **Continuation of coverage.** Enrollment in a health plan may be canceled
5.20 for nonpayment of premiums, fraud, or changes in eligibility for MinnesotaCare under
5.21 chapter 256L. Enrollment in an individual market health plan may not be canceled or
5.22 nonrenewed because of any change in employer or employment status, marital status,
5.23 health status, age, residence, or any other change that does not affect eligibility as defined
5.24 in this section.

5.25 Subd. 9. **Responsibilities of the exchange.** The exchange shall serve as the sole
5.26 entity for enrollment and collection and transfer of premium payments for health plans
5.27 sold to individuals through the exchange. The exchange shall be responsible for the
5.28 following functions:

5.29 (1) publicize the exchange, including but not limited to its functions, eligibility
5.30 rules, and enrollment procedures;

5.31 (2) provide assistance to employers to establish Section 125 Plans under section
5.32 62A.68;

5.33 (3) provide education and assistance to employers to help them understand the
5.34 requirements of Section 125 Plans and compliance with applicable regulations;

5.35 (4) create a system to allow individuals to compare and enroll in health plans offered
5.36 through the exchange;

6.1 (5) create a system to collect and transmit to the applicable plans all premium
6.2 payments made by individuals, including developing mechanisms to receive and process
6.3 automatic payroll deductions for individuals who purchase coverage through employer
6.4 Section 125 Plans;

6.5 (6) not accept premium payments for individual market health plans from an
6.6 employer Section 125 Plan if the employer offers a group health plan as defined in section
6.7 62A.10 or has offered a group health plan in the last 12 months, or if the employer is a
6.8 self-insurer as defined in section 62E.02;

6.9 (7) provide jointly with health insurers a cancellation notice directly to the primary
6.10 insured at least ten days prior to termination of coverage for nonpayment of premium;

6.11 (8) bill the employer for the premiums payable by an employee, provided that the
6.12 employer is not liable for payment except from payroll deductions for that purpose;

6.13 (9) refer individuals interested in MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L to the
6.14 Department of Human Services to determine eligibility;

6.15 (10) establish a mechanism with the Department of Human Services to transfer
6.16 premiums and subsidies for MinnesotaCare to qualify for federal matching payments;

6.17 (11) upon request, issue certificates of previous coverage according to the provisions
6.18 of HIPAA and as referenced in section 62Q.181 to all such individuals who cease to be
6.19 covered by a participating health plan through the exchange;

6.20 (12) establish procedures to account for all funds received and disbursed by the
6.21 exchange for individual participants of the exchange;

6.22 (13) make available to the public, at the end of each calendar year, a report of an
6.23 independent audit of the exchange's accounts; and

6.24 (14) provide copies of written and signed statements from employers stating that
6.25 the employer is not contributing to the employee's premiums for health plans purchased
6.26 by an employee through the exchange to all health insurers with enrolled employees of
6.27 the employer.

6.28 Health insurers may rely on the employer's statement in clause (14) provided by the
6.29 Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange and are not required to guarantee-issue individual
6.30 health plans to the employer's employees.

6.31 Subd. 10. **State not liable.** The state of Minnesota shall not be liable for the actions
6.32 of the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange.

6.33 Subd. 11. **Powers of the exchange.** The exchange shall have the power to:

6.34 (1) contract with insurance producers licensed in accident and health insurance
6.35 under chapter 60K and vendors to perform one or more of the functions specified in
6.36 subdivision 9;

7.1 (2) contract with employers to collect premiums through a Section 125 Plan for
7.2 eligible individuals who purchase an individual market health plan through the exchange;

7.3 (3) establish and assess fees on health plan premiums of health plans purchased
7.4 through the exchange to fund the cost of administering the exchange;

7.5 (4) seek and directly receive grant funding from government agencies or private
7.6 philanthropic organizations to defray the costs of operating the exchange;

7.7 (5) establish and administer rules and procedures governing the operations of the
7.8 exchange;

7.9 (6) establish one or more service centers within Minnesota;

7.10 (7) sue or be sued or otherwise take any necessary or proper legal action;

7.11 (8) establish bank accounts and borrow money; and

7.12 (9) enter into agreements with the commissioners of commerce, health, human
7.13 services, revenue, employment and economic development, and other state agencies as
7.14 necessary for the exchange to implement the provisions of this section.

7.15 Subd. 12. **Dispute resolution.** The exchange shall establish procedures for
7.16 resolving disputes with respect to the eligibility of an individual to participate in the
7.17 exchange. The exchange does not have the authority or responsibility to intervene in or
7.18 resolve disputes between an individual and a health plan or health insurer. The exchange
7.19 shall refer complaints from individuals participating in the exchange to the commissioner
7.20 of health to be resolved according to sections 62Q.68 to 62Q.73.

7.21 Subd. 13. **Governance.** The exchange shall be governed by a board of directors
7.22 with 11 members. The board shall convene on or before July 1, 2007, after the initial board
7.23 members have been selected. The initial board membership consists of the following:

7.24 (1) the commissioner of commerce;

7.25 (2) the commissioner of human services;

7.26 (3) the commissioner of health;

7.27 (4) four members appointed by a joint committee of the Minnesota senate and the
7.28 Minnesota house of representatives to serve three-year terms; and

7.29 (5) four members appointed by the governor to serve three-year terms.

7.30 Subd. 14. **Subsequent board membership.** Ongoing membership of the exchange
7.31 consists of the following effective July 1, 2010:

7.32 (1) the commissioner of commerce;

7.33 (2) the commissioner of human services;

7.34 (3) the commissioner of health;

7.35 (4) two members appointed by the governor with the approval of a joint committee
7.36 of the senate and house of representatives to serve two-year terms; and

(5) six members elected by the membership of the exchange of which three are elected to serve two-year terms and three are elected to serve three-year terms. Appointed and elected members may serve more than one term.

Subd. 15. **Operations of the board.** Officers of the board of directors are elected by members of the board and serve one-year terms. Six members of the board constitutes a quorum, and the affirmative vote of six members of the board is necessary and sufficient for any action taken by the board. Board members serve without pay, but are reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

Subd. 16. **Operations of the exchange.** The board of directors shall appoint an exchange director who shall:

(1) be a full-time employee of the exchange;

(2) administer all of the activities and contracts of the exchange; and

(3) hire and supervise the staff of the exchange.

Subd. 17. **Insurance producers.** An individual has the right to choose any insurance producer licensed in accident and health insurance under chapter 60K to assist the individual in purchasing an individual market health plan through the exchange. When a producer licensed in accident and health insurance under chapter 60K enrolls an eligible individual in the exchange, the health plan chosen by an individual may pay the producer a commission.

Subd. 18. **Implementation.** Health plan coverage through the exchange begins on January 1, 2009. The exchange must be operational to assist employers and individuals by September 1, 2008, and be prepared for enrollment by December 1, 2008. Enrollees of individual market health plans, MinnesotaCare, and the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association as of December 2, 2008, are automatically enrolled in the exchange on January 1, 2009, in the same health plan and at the same premium that they were enrolled as of December 2, 2008, subject to the provisions of this section. As of January 1, 2009, all enrollees of individual market health plans, MinnesotaCare, and the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association shall make premium payments to the exchange.

Sec. 3. **[62A.68] SECTION 125 PLANS.**

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The following terms have the meanings given unless otherwise provided in text.

(a) "Current employee" means an employee currently on an employer's payroll other than a retiree or disabled former employee.

(b) "Employer" means a person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, business trust, or other entity employing one or more persons, including a political subdivision of the state, filing payroll tax information on the employed person or persons.

(c) "Section 125 Plan" means a cafeteria or Premium Only Plan under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code that allows employees to purchase health insurance with pretax dollars.

(d) "Exchange" means the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67.

(e) "Exchange director" means the appointed director under section 62A.67, subdivision 16.

Subd. 2. Section 125 Plan requirement. (a) Effective January 1, 2009, all employers with 11 or more current employees shall establish a Section 125 Plan to allow their employees to purchase individual market health plan coverage with pretax dollars. Nothing in this section requires or mandates employers to offer or purchase health insurance coverage for their employees. The following employers are exempt from the Section 125 Plan requirement:

- (1) employers that offer a group health insurance plan as defined in section 62A.10;
- (2) employers that are self-insurers as defined in section 62E.02; and
- (3) employers with fewer than 11 current employees, except that employers under this clause may voluntarily offer a Section 125 Plan.

(b) Employers that offer a Section 125 Plan may enter into an agreement with the exchange to administer the employer's Section 125 Plan.

Subd. 3. Tracking compliance. By July 1, 2008, the exchange, in consultation with the commissioners of commerce, health, employment and economic development, and revenue, shall establish a method for tracking employer compliance with the Section 125 Plan requirement.

Subd. 4. Employer requirements. Employers that are required to offer or choose to offer a Section 125 Plan shall:

(1) allow employees to purchase any individual market health plan for themselves and their dependents through the exchange;

(2) allow employees to choose any insurance producer licensed in accident and health insurance under chapter 60K to assist them in purchasing an individual market health plan through the exchange;

(3) provide a written and signed statement to the exchange stating that the employer is not contributing to the employee's premiums for health plans purchased by an employee through the exchange;

(4) upon an employee's request, deduct premium amounts on a pretax basis in an amount not to exceed an employee's wages, and remit these employee payments to the exchange; and

(5) provide notice to employees that individual market health plans purchased through the exchange are not employer-sponsored or administered. Employers shall be held harmless from any and all liability claims related to the individual market health plans purchased through the exchange by employees under a Section 125 Plan.

Subd. 5. **Section 125 eligible health plans.** Individuals who are eligible to use an employer Section 125 Plan to pay for health insurance coverage purchased through the exchange may enroll in any health plan offered through the exchange for which the individual is eligible, including individual market health plans, MinnesotaCare, and the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62E.141, is amended to read:

62E.141 INCLUSION IN EMPLOYER-SPONSORED PLAN.

No employee of an employer that offers a group health plan, under which the employee is eligible for coverage, is eligible to enroll, or continue to be enrolled, in the comprehensive health association, except for enrollment or continued enrollment necessary to cover conditions that are subject to an unexpired preexisting condition limitation, preexisting condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider under the employer's health plan. This section does not apply to persons enrolled in the Comprehensive Health Association as of June 30, 1993. With respect to persons eligible to enroll in the health plan of an employer that has more than 29 current employees, as defined in section 62L.02, this section does not apply to persons enrolled in the Comprehensive Health Association as of December 31, 1994.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Cost containment duties.** The commissioner shall:

(1) establish statewide and regional cost containment goals for total health care spending under this section ~~and~~ collect data as described in sections 62J.38 to 62J.41 to monitor statewide achievement of the cost containment goals, and annually report to the legislature on whether the goals were achieved and, if not, what action should be taken to ensure that goals are achieved in the future;

(2) divide the state into no fewer than four regions, with one of those regions being the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan statistical area but excluding Chisago, Isanti, Wright, and Sherburne Counties, for purposes of fostering the development of regional

H.F. No. 1873, 2nd Engrossment - 85th Legislative Session (2007-2008)

11.1 health planning and coordination of health care delivery among regional health care
11.2 systems and working to achieve the cost containment goals;

11.3 (3) monitor the quality of health care throughout the state and take action as
11.4 necessary to ensure an appropriate level of quality;

11.5 (4) issue recommendations regarding uniform billing forms, uniform electronic
11.6 billing procedures and data interchanges, patient identification cards, and other uniform
11.7 claims and administrative procedures for health care providers and private and public
11.8 sector payers. In developing the recommendations, the commissioner shall review the
11.9 work of the work group on electronic data interchange (WEDI) and the American National
11.10 Standards Institute (ANSI) at the national level, and the work being done at the state and
11.11 local level. The commissioner may adopt rules requiring the use of the Uniform Bill
11.12 82/92 form, the National Council of Prescription Drug Providers (NCPDP) 3.2 electronic
11.13 version, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services 1500 form, or other standardized
11.14 forms or procedures;

11.15 (5) undertake health planning responsibilities;

11.16 (6) authorize, fund, or promote research and experimentation on new technologies
11.17 and health care procedures;

11.18 (7) within the limits of appropriations for these purposes, administer or contract for
11.19 statewide consumer education and wellness programs that will improve the health of
11.20 Minnesotans and increase individual responsibility relating to personal health and the
11.21 delivery of health care services, undertake prevention programs including initiatives to
11.22 improve birth outcomes, expand childhood immunization efforts, and provide start-up
11.23 grants for worksite wellness programs;

11.24 (8) undertake other activities to monitor and oversee the delivery of health care
11.25 services in Minnesota with the goal of improving affordability, quality, and accessibility of
11.26 health care for all Minnesotans; and

11.27 (9) make the cost containment goal data available to the public in a
11.28 consumer-oriented manner.

11.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

11.30 **Sec. 6. [62J.431] EVIDENCE-BASED HEALTH CARE GUIDELINES.**

11.31 Evidence-based guidelines must meet the following criteria:

11.32 (1) the scope and application are clear;

11.33 (2) authorship is stated and any conflicts of interest disclosed;

11.34 (3) authors represent all pertinent clinical fields or other means of input have been
11.35 used;

- 12.1 (4) the development process is explicitly stated;
- 12.2 (5) the guideline is grounded in evidence;
- 12.3 (6) the evidence is cited and graded;
- 12.4 (7) the document itself is clear and practical;
- 12.5 (8) the document is flexible in use, with exceptions noted or provided for with
- 12.6 general statements;
- 12.7 (9) measures are included for use in systems improvement; and
- 12.8 (10) the guideline has scheduled reviews and updating.

12.9 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.495, is amended to read:

12.10 **62J.495 HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND**
12.11 **INFRASTRUCTURE ~~ADVISORY COMMITTEE.~~**

12.12 Subdivision 1. ~~Establishment, members, duties~~ **Implementation.** By January
12.13 1, 2012, all hospitals and health care providers must have in place an interoperable
12.14 electronic health records system within their hospital system or clinical practice setting.
12.15 The commissioner of health, in consultation with the Health Information Technology and
12.16 Infrastructure Advisory Committee, shall develop a statewide plan to meet this goal,
12.17 including the adoption of uniform standards to be used for the interoperable system for
12.18 sharing and synchronizing patient data across systems. The standards must be compatible
12.19 with federal efforts. The uniform standards must be refined and adopted for use when
12.20 a standard development organization accredited by the American National Standards
12.21 Institute completes the development of a standard for sharing and synchronizing patient
12.22 data across systems.

12.23 Subd. 2. **Health Information Technology and Infrastructure Advisory**
12.24 **Committee.** (a) The commissioner shall establish a Health Information Technology
12.25 and Infrastructure Advisory Committee governed by section 15.059 to advise the
12.26 commissioner on the following matters:

12.27 (1) assessment of the use of health information technology by the state, licensed
12.28 health care providers and facilities, and local public health agencies;

12.29 (2) recommendations for implementing a statewide interoperable health information
12.30 infrastructure, to include estimates of necessary resources, and for determining standards
12.31 for administrative data exchange, clinical support programs, patient privacy requirements,
12.32 and maintenance of the security and confidentiality of individual patient data; ~~and~~

12.33 (3) recommendations for encouraging use of innovative health care applications
12.34 using information technology and systems to improve patient care and reduce the cost
12.35 of care, including applications relating to disease management and personal health

13.1 management that enable remote monitoring of patients' conditions, especially those with
13.2 chronic conditions; and

13.3 ~~(3)~~ (4) other related issues as requested by the commissioner.

13.4 (b) The members of the Health Information Technology and Infrastructure Advisory
13.5 Committee shall include the commissioners, or commissioners' designees, of health,
13.6 human services, administration, and commerce and additional members to be appointed
13.7 by the commissioner to include persons representing Minnesota's local public health
13.8 agencies, licensed hospitals and other licensed facilities and providers, private purchasers,
13.9 the medical and nursing professions, health insurers and health plans, the state quality
13.10 improvement organization, academic and research institutions, consumer advisory
13.11 organizations with an interest and expertise in health information technology, and other
13.12 stakeholders as identified by the Health Information Technology and Infrastructure
13.13 Advisory Committee.

13.14 ~~Subd. 2. Annual report.~~ (c) The commissioner shall prepare and issue an annual
13.15 report not later than January 30 of each year outlining progress to date in implementing a
13.16 statewide health information infrastructure and recommending future projects.

13.17 ~~Subd. 3. Expiration.~~ (d) Notwithstanding section 15.059, this ~~section~~ subdivision
13.18 expires June 30, ~~2009~~ 2012.

13.19 Sec. 8. [62J.496] ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD SYSTEM REVOLVING
13.20 ACCOUNT AND LOAN PROGRAM.

13.21 Subdivision 1. Account establishment. An account is established to provide loans
13.22 to eligible borrowers to assist in financing the installation or support of an interoperable
13.23 electronic health record system. The system must provide for the interoperable exchange
13.24 of health care information between the applicant and, at a minimum, a hospital system,
13.25 pharmacy, and a health care clinic or other physician group.

13.26 Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) "Eligible borrower" means one of the following:

13.27 (1) community clinics, as defined under section 145.9268;

13.28 (2) hospitals eligible for rural hospital capital improvement grants, as defined
13.29 in section 144.148;

13.30 (3) physician clinics located in a community with a population of less than 50,000
13.31 according to United States Census Bureau statistics and outside the seven-county
13.32 metropolitan area;

13.33 (4) nursing facilities licensed under sections 144A.01 to 144A.27; and

14.1 (5) other providers of health or health care services approved by the commissioner
14.2 for which interoperable electronic health record capability would improve quality of
14.3 care, patient safety, or community health.

14.4 (b) To be eligible for a loan under this section, the applicant must submit a loan
14.5 application to the commissioner of health on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The
14.6 application must include, at a minimum:

14.7 (1) the amount of the loan requested and a description of the purpose or project
14.8 for which the loan proceeds will be used;

14.9 (2) a quote from a vendor;

14.10 (3) a description of the health care entities and other groups participating in the
14.11 project;

14.12 (4) evidence of financial stability and a demonstrated ability to repay the loan; and

14.13 (5) a description of how the system to be financed interconnects or plans in the
14.14 future to interconnect with other health care entities and provider groups located in the
14.15 same geographical area.

14.16 Subd. 3. **Loans.** (a) The commissioner of health may make a no interest loan
14.17 to a provider or provider group who is eligible under subdivision 2 on a first-come,
14.18 first-served basis provided that the applicant is able to comply with this section. The total
14.19 accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$1,500,000 per loan. The commissioner of
14.20 health has discretion over the size and number of loans made.

14.21 (b) The commissioner of health may prescribe forms and establish an application
14.22 process and, notwithstanding section 16A.1283, may impose a reasonable nonrefundable
14.23 application fee to cover the cost of administering the loan program. Any application
14.24 fees imposed and collected under the electronic health records system revolving account
14.25 and loan program in this section are appropriated to the commissioner of health for the
14.26 duration of the loan program.

14.27 (c) The borrower must begin repaying the principal no later than two years from the
14.28 date of the loan. Loans must be amortized no later than six years from the date of the loan.

14.29 (d) Repayments must be credited to the account.

14.30 Subd. 4. **Data classification.** Data collected by the commissioner of health on the
14.31 application to determine eligibility under subdivision 2 and to monitor borrowers' default
14.32 risk or collect payments owed under subdivision 3 are (1) private data on individuals as
14.33 defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12; and (2) nonpublic data as defined in section
14.34 13.02, subdivision 9. The names of borrowers and the amounts of the loans granted are
14.35 public data.

Sec. 9. **[62J.536] UNIFORM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE STANDARDS.**

Subdivision 1. Electronic claims and eligibility transactions required. (a) Beginning January 15, 2009, all group purchasers must accept from health care providers the eligibility for a health plan transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart L. Beginning July 15, 2009, all group purchasers must accept from health care providers the health care claims or equivalent encounter information transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart K.

(b) Beginning January 15, 2009, all group purchasers must transmit to providers the eligibility for a health plan transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart L. Beginning December 1, 2009, all group purchasers must transmit to providers the health care payment and remittance advice transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart P.

(c) Beginning January 15, 2009, all health care providers must submit to group purchasers the eligibility for a health plan transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart L. Beginning July 15, 2009, all health care providers must submit to group purchasers the health care claims or equivalent encounter information transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart K.

(d) Beginning January 15, 2009, all health care providers must accept from group purchasers the eligibility for a health plan transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart L. Beginning December 15, 2009, all health care providers must accept from group purchasers the health care payment and remittance advice transaction described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162, subpart P.

(e) Each of the transactions described in paragraphs (a) to (d) shall require the use of a single, uniform companion guide to the implementation guides described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162. The companion guides will be developed pursuant to subdivision 2.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions in sections 62J.50 to 62J.61, all group purchasers and health care providers must exchange claims and eligibility information electronically using the transactions, companion guides, implementation guides, and timelines required under this subdivision. Group purchasers may not impose any fee on providers for the use of the transactions prescribed in this subdivision.

(g) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit group purchasers and health care providers from using a direct data entry, Web-based methodology for complying with

the requirements of this subdivision. Any direct data entry method for conducting the transactions specified in this subdivision must be consistent with the data content component of the single, uniform companion guides required in paragraph (e) and the implementation guides described under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162.

Subd. 2. **Establishing uniform, standard companion guides.** (a) At least 12 months prior to the timelines required in subdivision 1, the commissioner of health shall adopt rules pursuant to section 62J.61 establishing and requiring group purchasers and health care providers to use the transactions and the uniform, standard companion guides required under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

(b) The commissioner of health must consult with the Minnesota Administrative Uniformity Committee on the development of the single, uniform companion guides required under subdivision 1, paragraph (e), for each of the transactions in subdivision 1. The single uniform companion guides required under subdivision 1, paragraph (e), must specify uniform billing and coding standards. The commissioner of health shall base the companion guides required under subdivision 1, paragraph (e), billing and coding rules, and standards on the Medicare program, with modifications that the commissioner deems appropriate after consulting the Minnesota Administrative Uniformity Committee.

(c) No group purchaser or health care provider may add to or modify the single, uniform companion guides defined in subdivision 1, paragraph (e), through additional companion guides or other requirements.

(d) In adopting the rules in paragraph (a), the commissioner shall not require data content that is not essential to accomplish the purpose of the transactions in subdivision 1.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.60, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. **Required statement.** An identification card issued to an enrollee by a health plan company or other entity governed by Minnesota health coverage laws must contain the following statement: "Subject to Minnesota law."

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.692, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Accredited clinical training" means the clinical training provided by a medical education program that is accredited through an organization recognized by the Department of Education, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or another national body who reviews the accrediting organizations for multiple disciplines and

17.1 whose standards for recognizing accrediting organizations are reviewed and approved by
17.2 the commissioner of health in consultation with the Medical Education and Research
17.3 Advisory Committee.

17.4 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

17.5 (c) "Clinical medical education program" means the accredited clinical training of
17.6 physicians (medical students and residents), doctor of pharmacy practitioners, doctors
17.7 of chiropractic, dentists, advanced practice nurses (clinical nurse specialists, certified
17.8 registered nurse anesthetists, nurse practitioners, and certified nurse midwives), and
17.9 physician assistants.

17.10 (d) "Sponsoring institution" means a hospital, school, or consortium located in
17.11 Minnesota that sponsors and maintains primary organizational and financial responsibility
17.12 for a clinical medical education program in Minnesota and which is accountable to the
17.13 accrediting body.

17.14 (e) "Teaching institution" means a hospital, medical center, clinic, or other
17.15 organization that conducts a clinical medical education program in Minnesota.

17.16 (f) "Trainee" means a student or resident involved in a clinical medical education
17.17 program.

17.18 (g) "Eligible trainee FTEs" means the number of trainees, as measured by full-time
17.19 equivalent counts, that are at training sites located in Minnesota with ~~a~~ currently
17.20 active medical assistance provider number enrollment status and a National Provider
17.21 Identification (NPI) number where training occurs in either an inpatient or ambulatory
17.22 patient care setting and where the training is funded, in part, by patient care revenues.

17.23 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.692, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

17.24 Subd. 4. **Distribution of funds.** (a) The commissioner shall annually distribute
17.25 90 percent of ~~available medical education~~ funds transferred according to section
17.26 256B.69, subdivision 5c, paragraph (a), clause (1), to all qualifying applicants based on a
17.27 distribution formula that reflects a summation of two factors:

17.28 (1) an education factor, which is determined by the total number of eligible trainee
17.29 FTEs and the total statewide average costs per trainee, by type of trainee, in each clinical
17.30 medical education program; and

17.31 (2) a public program volume factor, which is determined by the total volume of
17.32 public program revenue received by each training site as a percentage of all public
17.33 program revenue received by all training sites in the fund pool.

17.34 In this formula, the education factor is weighted at 67 percent and the public program
17.35 volume factor is weighted at 33 percent.

18.1 Public program revenue for the distribution formula includes revenue from medical
18.2 assistance, prepaid medical assistance, general assistance medical care, and prepaid
18.3 general assistance medical care. Training sites that receive no public program revenue
18.4 are ineligible for funds available under this paragraph. Total statewide average costs per
18.5 trainee for medical residents is based on audited clinical training costs per trainee in
18.6 primary care clinical medical education programs for medical residents. Total statewide
18.7 average costs per trainee for dental residents is based on audited clinical training costs
18.8 per trainee in clinical medical education programs for dental students. Total statewide
18.9 average costs per trainee for pharmacy residents is based on audited clinical training costs
18.10 per trainee in clinical medical education programs for pharmacy students.

18.11 (b) The commissioner shall annually distribute ten percent of ~~total available medical~~
18.12 ~~education~~ funds transferred according to section 256B.69, subdivision 5c, paragraph (a),
18.13 clause (1), to all qualifying applicants based on the percentage received by each applicant
18.14 under paragraph (a). These funds are to be used to offset clinical education costs at
18.15 eligible clinical training sites based on criteria developed by the clinical medical education
18.16 program. Applicants may choose to distribute funds allocated under this paragraph based
18.17 on the distribution formula described in paragraph (a).

18.18 (c) The commissioner shall annually distribute \$5,000,000 of the funds dedicated
18.19 to the commissioner under section 297F.10, subdivision 1, clause (2), plus any federal
18.20 financial participation on these funds and on funds transferred under subdivision 10, to all
18.21 qualifying applicants based on a distribution formula that gives 100 percent weight to a
18.22 public program volume factor, which is determined by the total volume of public program
18.23 revenue received by each training site as a percentage of all public program revenue
18.24 received by all training sites in the fund pool. If federal approval is not obtained for
18.25 federal financial participation on any portion of funds distributed under this paragraph,
18.26 90 percent of the unmatched funds shall be distributed by the commissioner based on
18.27 the formula described in paragraph (a) and ten percent of the unmatched funds shall be
18.28 distributed by the commissioner based on the formula described in paragraph (b).

18.29 (d) The commissioner shall annually distribute \$3,060,000 of funds dedicated to the
18.30 commissioner under section 297F.10, subdivision 1, clause (2), through a formula giving
18.31 100 percent weight to an education factor, which is determined by the total number of
18.32 eligible trainee full-time equivalents and the total statewide average costs per trainee, by
18.33 type of trainee, in each clinical medical education program. If no matching funds are
18.34 received on funds distributed under paragraph (c), funds distributed under this paragraph
18.35 shall be distributed by the commissioner based on the formula described in paragraph (a).

19.1 (e) The commissioner shall annually distribute \$340,000 of funds dedicated to the
19.2 commissioner under section 297F.10, subdivision 1, clause (2), to all qualifying applicants
19.3 based on the percentage received by each applicant under paragraph (a). These funds are
19.4 to be used to offset clinical education costs at eligible clinical training sites based on
19.5 criteria developed by the clinical medical education program. Applicants may choose to
19.6 distribute funds allocated under this paragraph based on the distribution formula described
19.7 in paragraph (a). If no matching funds are received on funds distributed under paragraph
19.8 (c), funds distributed under this paragraph shall be distributed by the commissioner based
19.9 on the formula described in paragraph (b).

19.10 ~~(e)~~ (f) Funds distributed shall not be used to displace current funding appropriations
19.11 from federal or state sources.

19.12 ~~(d)~~ (g) Funds shall be distributed to the sponsoring institutions indicating the amount
19.13 to be distributed to each of the sponsor's clinical medical education programs based on
19.14 the criteria in this subdivision and in accordance with the commissioner's approval letter.
19.15 Each clinical medical education program must distribute funds allocated under paragraph
19.16 (a) to the training sites as specified in the commissioner's approval letter. Sponsoring
19.17 institutions, which are accredited through an organization recognized by the Department
19.18 of Education or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, may contract directly
19.19 with training sites to provide clinical training. To ensure the quality of clinical training,
19.20 those accredited sponsoring institutions must:

19.21 (1) develop contracts specifying the terms, expectations, and outcomes of the clinical
19.22 training conducted at sites; and

19.23 (2) take necessary action if the contract requirements are not met. Action may
19.24 include the withholding of payments under this section or the removal of students from
19.25 the site.

19.26 ~~(e)~~ (h) Any funds not distributed in accordance with the commissioner's approval
19.27 letter must be returned to the medical education and research fund within 30 days of
19.28 receiving notice from the commissioner. The commissioner shall distribute returned funds
19.29 to the appropriate training sites in accordance with the commissioner's approval letter.

19.30 ~~(f)~~ (i) The commissioner shall distribute by June 30 of each year an amount equal to
19.31 the funds transferred under subdivision 10, ~~plus five percent interest~~ to the University of
19.32 Minnesota Board of Regents for the instructional costs of health professional programs
19.33 at the Academic Health Center and for interdisciplinary academic initiatives within the
19.34 Academic Health Center.

20.1 ~~(g)~~ (j) A maximum of \$150,000 of the funds dedicated to the commissioner
20.2 under section 297F.10, subdivision 1, ~~paragraph (b)~~, clause (2), may be used by the
20.3 commissioner for administrative expenses associated with implementing this section.

20.4 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.692, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

20.5 Subd. 7a. **Clinical medical education innovations grants.** (a) The commissioner
20.6 shall award grants to teaching institutions and clinical training sites for projects that
20.7 increase dental access for underserved populations and promote innovative clinical
20.8 training of dental professionals.

20.9 (b) The commissioner shall award grants to teaching institutions and clinical training
20.10 sites for projects that increase mental health access for underserved populations, promote
20.11 innovative clinical training of mental health professionals, increase the number of mental
20.12 health providers in rural or underserved areas, and promote the incorporation of patient
20.13 safety principles into clinical medical education programs.

20.14 (c) In awarding the grants, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner
20.15 of human services, shall consider the following:

20.16 (1) potential to successfully increase access to an underserved population;

20.17 (2) the long-term viability of the project to improve access beyond the period
20.18 of initial funding;

20.19 (3) evidence of collaboration between the applicant and local communities;

20.20 (4) the efficiency in the use of the funding; ~~and~~

20.21 (5) the priority level of the project in relation to state clinical education, access,
20.22 patient safety, and workforce goals; and

20.23 (6) the potential of the project to impact the number or distribution of the health
20.24 care workforce.

20.25 ~~(b)~~ (d) The commissioner shall periodically evaluate the priorities in awarding the
20.26 innovations grants in order to ensure that the priorities meet the changing workforce
20.27 needs of the state.

20.28 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.692, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

20.29 Subd. 8. **Federal financial participation.** (a) The commissioner of human
20.30 services shall seek to maximize federal financial participation in payments for medical
20.31 education and research costs. ~~If the commissioner of human services determines that~~
20.32 ~~federal financial participation is available for the medical education and research, the~~
20.33 ~~commissioner of health shall transfer to the commissioner of human services the amount~~
20.34 ~~of state funds necessary to maximize the federal funds available. The amount transferred~~

H.F. No. 1873, 2nd Engrossment - 85th Legislative Session (2007-2008)

21.1 ~~to the commissioner of human services, plus the amount of federal financial participation,~~
21.2 ~~shall be distributed to medical assistance providers in accordance with the distribution~~
21.3 ~~methodology described in subdivision 4.~~

21.4 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), the commissioner shall use physician clinic
21.5 rates where possible to maximize federal financial participation.

21.6 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.692, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

21.7 Subd. 10. **Transfers from University of Minnesota.** Of the funds dedicated to the
21.8 Academic Health Center under section 297F.10, subdivision 1, clause (1), \$4,850,000
21.9 shall be transferred annually to the commissioner of health no later than April 15 of each
21.10 year for distribution under subdivision 4, paragraph ~~(f)~~ (i).

21.11 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.81, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.12 Subdivision 1. **Required disclosure of estimated payment.** (a) A health care
21.13 provider, as defined in section 62J.03, subdivision 8, or the provider's designee as agreed
21.14 to by that designee, shall, at the request of a consumer, provide that consumer with a good
21.15 faith estimate of the reimbursement allowable payment the provider ~~expects to receive~~
21.16 ~~from the health plan company in which the consumer is enrolled~~ has agreed to accept from
21.17 the consumer's health plan company for the services specified by the consumer, specifying
21.18 the amount of the allowable payment due from the health plan company. Health plan
21.19 companies must allow contracted providers, or their designee, to release this information.
21.20 ~~A good faith estimate must also be made available at the request of a consumer who~~
21.21 ~~is not enrolled in a health plan company.~~ If a consumer has no applicable public or
21.22 private coverage, the health care provider must give the consumer a good faith estimate
21.23 of the average allowable reimbursement the provider accepts as payment from private
21.24 third-party payers for the services specified by the consumer and the estimated amount
21.25 the noncovered consumer will be required to pay. Payment information provided by a
21.26 provider, or by the provider's designee as agreed to by that designee, to a patient pursuant
21.27 to this subdivision does not constitute a legally binding estimate of the allowable charge
21.28 for or cost to the consumer of services.

21.29 (b) A health plan company, as defined in section 62J.03, subdivision 10, shall, at
21.30 the request of an enrollee or the enrollee's designee, provide that enrollee with a good
21.31 faith estimate of the reimbursement allowable amount the health plan company ~~would~~
21.32 ~~expect to pay to~~ has contracted for with a specified provider within the network as total
21.33 payment for a health care service specified by the enrollee and the portion of the allowable
21.34 amount due from the enrollee and the enrollee's out-of-pocket costs. ~~If requested by the~~

22.1 ~~enrollee, the health plan company shall also provide to the enrollee a good faith estimate~~
22.2 ~~of the enrollee's out-of-pocket cost for the health care service.~~ An estimate provided to
22.3 an enrollee under this paragraph is not a legally binding estimate of the ~~reimbursement~~
22.4 allowable amount or enrollee's out-of-pocket cost.

22.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007.

22.6 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.82, is amended to read:

22.7 **62J.82 HOSPITAL CHARGE INFORMATION REPORTING DISCLOSURE.**

22.8 Subdivision 1. **Required information.** The Minnesota Hospital Association shall
22.9 develop a Web-based system, available to the public free of charge, for reporting ~~charge~~
22.10 ~~information~~ the following, for Minnesota residents;

22.11 (1) hospital-specific performance on the measures of care developed under section
22.12 256B.072 for acute myocardial infarction, heart failure, and pneumonia;

22.13 (2) by January 1, 2009, hospital-specific performance on the public reporting
22.14 measures for hospital-acquired infections as published by the National Quality Forum
22.15 and collected by the Minnesota Hospital Association and Stratis Health in collaboration
22.16 with infection control practitioners; and

22.17 (3) charge information, including, but not limited to, number of discharges, average
22.18 length of stay, average charge, average charge per day, and median charge, for each of the
22.19 50 most common inpatient diagnosis-related groups and the 25 most common outpatient
22.20 surgical procedures as specified by the Minnesota Hospital Association.

22.21 Subd. 2. **Web site.** The Web site must provide information that compares
22.22 hospital-specific data to hospital statewide data. The Web site must be ~~established by~~
22.23 ~~October 1, 2006, and must be~~ updated annually. The commissioner shall provide a link to
22.24 this reporting information on the department's Web site.

22.25 Subd. 3. **Enforcement.** The commissioner shall provide a link to this information
22.26 on the department's Web site. If a hospital does not provide this information to the
22.27 Minnesota Hospital Association, the commissioner of health may require the hospital to
22.28 do so in accordance with section 144.55, subdivision 6. ~~The commissioner shall provide a~~
22.29 ~~link to this information on the department's Web site.~~

22.30 Sec. 18. **[62J.84] HEALTH CARE TRANSFORMATION TASK FORCE.**

22.31 Subdivision 1. **Task force.** The governor shall convene a health care transformation
22.32 task force to advise and assist the governor and the Minnesota legislature. The task force
22.33 shall consist of:

(1) four legislators from the house of representatives appointed by the speaker, two from the majority party and two from the minority party, and four legislators from the senate appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration, two from the majority party and two from the minority party;

(2) four representatives of the governor and state agencies appointed by the governor;

(3) at least four persons appointed by the governor who have demonstrated leadership in health care organizations, health improvement initiatives, health care trade or professional associations, or other collaborative health system improvement activities; and

(4) at least two persons appointed by the governor who have demonstrated leadership in employer and group purchaser activities related to health system improvement, at least one of which must be from a labor organization.

Subd. 2. **Public input.** The commissioner of health shall review available research, and conduct statewide, regional, and local surveys, focus groups, and other activities as needed to fill gaps in existing research, to determine Minnesotans' values, preferences, opinions, and perceptions related to health care and to the issues confronting the task force, and shall report the findings to the task force.

Subd. 3. **Inventory and assessment of existing activities; action plan.** The task force shall complete an inventory and assessment of all public and private organized activities, coalitions, and collaboratives working on tasks relating to health system improvement including, but not limited to, patient safety, quality measurement and reporting, evidence-based practice, adoption of health information technology, disease management and chronic care coordination, medical homes, access to health care, cultural competence, prevention and public health, consumer incentives, price and cost transparency, nonprofit organization community benefits, education, research, and health care workforce.

Subd. 4. **Action plan.** By December 15, 2007, the governor, with the advice and assistance of the task force, shall develop and present to the legislature a statewide action plan for transforming the health care system to improve affordability, quality, and access. The plan shall include draft legislation needed to implement the plan. The plan may consist of legislative actions, administrative actions of governmental entities, collaborative actions, and actions of individuals and individual organizations. Among other things, the action plan must include the following, with specific and measurable goals and deadlines for each:

(1) proposed actions that will slow the rate of increase in health care costs to a rate that does not exceed the increase in the Consumer Price Index for urban consumers for the

24.1 preceding calendar year plus two percentage points, and an additional percentage based on
24.2 the added costs necessary to implement legislation enacted in 2007;

24.3 (2) actions that will increase the affordable health coverage options for uninsured
24.4 and underinsured Minnesotans and other strategies that will ensure that all Minnesotans
24.5 will have health coverage by January 2011;

24.6 (3) actions to improve the quality and safety of health care and reduce racial and
24.7 ethnic disparities in access and quality;

24.8 (4) actions that will reduce the rate of preventable chronic illness through prevention
24.9 and public health and wellness initiatives;

24.10 (5) proposed changes to state health care purchasing and payment strategies used for
24.11 state health care programs and state employees that will promote higher quality, lower
24.12 cost health care through incentives that reward prevention and early intervention, use
24.13 of cost-effective primary care, effective care coordination, and management of chronic
24.14 disease;

24.15 (6) actions that will promote the appropriate and cost-effective investment in new
24.16 facilities, technologies, and drugs;

24.17 (7) actions to reduce administrative costs; and

24.18 (8) the results of the inventory completed under subdivision 3 and recommendations
24.19 for how these activities can be coordinated and improved.

24.20 Subd. 5. **Options for small employers.** The task force shall study and report back
24.21 to the legislature by December 15, 2007, on options for serving small employers and their
24.22 employees, and self-employed individuals.

24.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62L.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.24 Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** (a) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual
24.25 conversion policies to eligible employees otherwise eligible for conversion coverage under
24.26 section 62D.104 as a result of leaving a health maintenance organization's service area.

24.27 (b) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual conversion policies to
24.28 eligible employees otherwise eligible for conversion coverage as a result of the expiration
24.29 of any continuation of group coverage required under sections 62A.146, 62A.17, 62A.21,
24.30 62C.142, 62D.101, and 62D.105.

24.31 (c) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew conversion policies under section
24.32 62E.16 to eligible employees.

24.33 (d) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual continuation policies to
24.34 eligible employees as required.

(e) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual health plans if the coverage is appropriate due to an unexpired preexisting condition limitation or exclusion applicable to the person under the employer's group health plan or due to the person's need for health care services not covered under the employer's group health plan.

(f) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew an individual health plan, if the individual has elected to buy the individual health plan not as part of a general plan to substitute individual health plans for a group health plan nor as a result of any violation of subdivision 3 or 4.

(g) Nothing in this subdivision relieves a health carrier of any obligation to provide continuation or conversion coverage otherwise required under federal or state law.

(h) Nothing in this chapter restricts the offer, sale, issuance, or renewal of coverage issued as a supplement to Medicare under sections 62A.3099 to 62A.44, or policies or contracts that supplement Medicare issued by health maintenance organizations, or those contracts governed by sections 1833, 1851 to 1859, 1860D, or 1876 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395 et seq., as amended.

(i) Nothing in this chapter restricts the offer, sale, issuance, or renewal of individual health plans necessary to comply with a court order.

(j) A health carrier may offer, issue, sell, or renew an individual health plan to persons eligible for an employer group health plan, if the individual health plan is a high deductible health plan for use in connection with an existing health savings account, in compliance with the Internal Revenue Code, section 223. In that situation, the same or a different health carrier may offer, issue, sell, or renew a group health plan to cover the other eligible employees in the group.

(k) A health carrier may offer, sell, issue, or renew an individual health plan to one or more employees of a small employer if the individual health plan is marketed ~~directly~~ through the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 to all employees of the small employer and the small employer does not contribute directly or indirectly to the premiums or facilitate the administration of the individual health plan. The requirement to market an individual health plan to all employees through the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 does not require the health carrier to offer or issue an individual health plan to any employee. For purposes of this paragraph, an employer is not contributing to the premiums or facilitating the administration of the individual health plan if the employer does not contribute to the premium and merely collects the premiums from an employee's wages or salary through payroll deductions and submits payment for the premiums of one or more employees ~~in a lump sum to the health carrier~~ to the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section

62A.67 or 62A.68. Except for coverage under section 62A.65, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), or 62E.16, at the request of an employee, the ~~health carrier~~ Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 may bill the employer for the premiums payable by the employee, provided that the employer is not liable for payment except from payroll deductions for that purpose. If an employer is submitting payments under this paragraph, the health carrier and the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 shall jointly provide a cancellation notice directly to the primary insured at least ten days prior to termination of coverage for nonpayment of premium.

Individual coverage under this paragraph may be offered only if the small employer has not provided coverage under section 62L.03 to the employees within the past 12 months.

The employer must provide a written and signed statement to the ~~health carrier~~ Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 that the employer is not contributing directly or indirectly to the employee's premiums. The Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 shall provide all health carriers with enrolled employees of the employer with a copy of the employer's statement. The health carrier may rely on the employer's statement provided by the Minnesota Health Insurance Exchange under section 62A.67 or 62A.68 and is not required to guarantee-issue individual health plans to the employer's ~~other current or future~~ employees.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62L.12, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Employer prohibition.** A small employer offering a health benefit plan shall not encourage or direct an employee or applicant to:

(1) refrain from filing an application for health coverage when other similarly situated employees may file an application for health coverage;

(2) file an application for health coverage during initial eligibility for coverage, the acceptance of which is contingent on health status, when other similarly situated employees may apply for health coverage, the acceptance of which is not contingent on health status;

(3) seek coverage from another health carrier, including, but not limited to, MCHA; or

(4) cause coverage to be issued on different terms because of the health status or claims experience of that person or the person's dependents.

Sec. 21. **[62Q.101] EVALUATION OF PROVIDER PERFORMANCE.**

27.1 A health plan company, or a vendor of risk management services as defined under
27.2 section 60A.23, subdivision 8, shall, in evaluating the performance of a health care
27.3 provider:

27.4 (1) conduct the evaluation using a bona fide baseline based upon practice experience
27.5 of the provider group; and

27.6 (2) disclose the baseline to the health care provider in writing and prior to the
27.7 beginning of the time period used for the evaluation.

27.8 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.165, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

27.9 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** It is the commitment of the state to achieve universal
27.10 health coverage for all Minnesotans by the year 2011. Universal coverage is achieved
27.11 when:

27.12 (1) every Minnesotan has access to a full range of quality health care services;

27.13 (2) every Minnesotan is able to obtain affordable health coverage which pays for the
27.14 full range of services, including preventive and primary care; and

27.15 (3) every Minnesotan pays into the health care system according to that person's
27.16 ability.

27.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

27.18 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

27.19 Subd. 2. **Goal.** It is the goal of the state to make continuous progress toward
27.20 reducing the number of Minnesotans who do not have health coverage so that by January
27.21 1, 2000, ~~fewer than four percent of the state's population will be without health coverage~~
27.22 2011, all Minnesota residents have access to affordable health care. The goal will be
27.23 achieved by improving access to private health coverage through insurance reforms and
27.24 market reforms, by making health coverage more affordable for low-income Minnesotans
27.25 through purchasing pools and state subsidies, and by reducing the cost of health coverage
27.26 through cost containment programs and methods of ensuring that all Minnesotans are
27.27 paying into the system according to their ability.

27.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

27.29 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.80, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

27.30 Subd. 3. **Approval.** (a) Prior to the operation of a community-based health care
27.31 coverage program, a community-based health initiative shall submit to the commissioner
27.32 of health for approval the community-based health care coverage program developed by

the initiative. ~~The commissioner shall only approve a program that has been awarded a community access program grant from the United States Department of Health and Human Services.~~ The commissioner shall ensure that the program meets the federal grant requirements and any requirements described in this section and is actuarially sound based on a review of appropriate records and methods utilized by the community-based health initiative in establishing premium rates for the community-based health care coverage program.

(b) Prior to approval, the commissioner shall also ensure that:

(1) the benefits offered comply with subdivision 8 and that there are adequate numbers of health care providers participating in the community-based health network to deliver the benefits offered under the program;

(2) the activities of the program are limited to activities that are exempt under this section or otherwise from regulation by the commissioner of commerce;

(3) the complaint resolution process meets the requirements of subdivision 10; and

(4) the data privacy policies and procedures comply with state and federal law.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.80, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Establishment.** ~~(a)~~ The initiative shall establish and operate upon approval by the commissioner of health a community-based health care coverage program. The operational structure established by the initiative shall include, but is not limited to:

(1) establishing a process for enrolling eligible individuals and their dependents;

(2) collecting and coordinating premiums from enrollees and employers of enrollees;

(3) providing payment to participating providers;

(4) establishing a benefit set according to subdivision 8 and establishing premium rates and cost-sharing requirements;

(5) creating incentives to encourage primary care and wellness services; and

(6) initiating disease management services, as appropriate.

~~(b) The payments collected under paragraph (a), clause (2), may be used to capture available federal funds.~~

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.80, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Report.** (a) The initiative shall submit quarterly status reports to the commissioner of health on January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of each year, with the first report due January 15, ~~2007~~ 2008. The status report shall include:

(1) the financial status of the program, including the premium rates, cost per member per month, claims paid out, premiums received, and administrative expenses;

- 29.1 (2) a description of the health care benefits offered and the services utilized;
- 29.2 (3) the number of employers participating, the number of employees and dependents
- 29.3 covered under the program, and the number of health care providers participating;
- 29.4 (4) a description of the health outcomes to be achieved by the program and a status
- 29.5 report on the performance measurements to be used and collected; and
- 29.6 (5) any other information requested by the commissioner of health or commerce or
- 29.7 the legislature.

29.8 (b) The initiative shall contract with an independent entity to conduct an evaluation

29.9 of the program to be submitted to the commissioners of health and commerce and the

29.10 legislature by January 15, ~~2009~~ 2010. The evaluation shall include:

29.11 (1) an analysis of the health outcomes established by the initiative and the

29.12 performance measurements to determine whether the outcomes are being achieved;

29.13 (2) an analysis of the financial status of the program, including the claims to

29.14 premiums loss ratio and utilization and cost experience;

29.15 (3) the demographics of the enrollees, including their age, gender, family income,

29.16 and the number of dependents;

29.17 (4) the number of employers and employees who have been denied access to the

29.18 program and the basis for the denial;

29.19 (5) specific analysis on enrollees who have aggregate medical claims totaling over

29.20 \$5,000 per year, including data on the enrollee's main diagnosis and whether all the

29.21 medical claims were covered by the program;

29.22 (6) number of enrollees referred to state public assistance programs;

29.23 (7) a comparison of employer-subsidized health coverage provided in a comparable

29.24 geographic area to the designated community-based geographic area served by the

29.25 program, including, to the extent available:

29.26 (i) the difference in the number of employers with 50 or fewer employees offering

29.27 employer-subsidized health coverage;

29.28 (ii) the difference in uncompensated care being provided in each area; and

29.29 (iii) a comparison of health care outcomes and measurements established by the

29.30 initiative; and

29.31 (8) any other information requested by the commissioner of health or commerce.

29.32 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62Q.80, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

29.33 Subd. 14. **Sunset.** This section expires December 31, ~~2011~~ 2012.

29.34 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 144.698, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Yearly reports.** (a) Each hospital and each outpatient surgical center, which has not filed the financial information required by this section with a voluntary, nonprofit reporting organization pursuant to section 144.702, shall file annually with the commissioner of health after the close of the fiscal year:

(1) a balance sheet detailing the assets, liabilities, and net worth of the hospital or outpatient surgical center;

(2) a detailed statement of income and expenses;

(3) a copy of its most recent cost report, if any, filed pursuant to requirements of Title XVIII of the United States Social Security Act;

(4) a copy of all changes to articles of incorporation or bylaws;

(5) information on services provided to benefit the community, including services provided at no cost or for a reduced fee to patients unable to pay, teaching and research activities, or other community or charitable activities;

(6) information required on the revenue and expense report form set in effect on July 1, 1989, or as amended by the commissioner in rule;

(7) information on changes in ownership or control; ~~and~~

(8) other information required by the commissioner in rule;

(9) information on the number of available hospital beds that are dedicated to certain specialized services, as designated by the commissioner, and annual occupancy rates for those beds, separately for adult and pediatric care;

(10) from outpatient surgical centers, the total number of surgeries; and

(11) a report on health care capital expenditures during the previous year, as required by section 62J.17.

(b) Beginning with hospital fiscal year 2009, each nonprofit hospital shall report on community benefits under paragraph (a), clause (5). "Community benefit" means the costs of community care, underpayment for services provided under state health care programs, research costs, community health services costs, financial and in-kind contributions, costs of community building activities, costs of community benefit operations, education, and the cost of operating subsidized services. The cost of bad debts and underpayment for Medicare services are not included in the calculation of community benefit.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 144.699, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. **Annual reports on community benefit, community care amounts, and state program underfunding.** (a) For each hospital reporting health care cost information under section 144.698 or 144.702, the commissioner shall report annually

31.1 on the hospital's community benefit, community care, and underpayment for state public
31.2 health care programs.

31.3 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "community benefits" has the definition given
31.4 in section 144.698, paragraph (b).

31.5 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "community care" means the costs for medical
31.6 care for which a hospital has determined is charity care, as defined under Minnesota Rules,
31.7 part 4650.0115, or for which the hospital determines after billing for the services that there
31.8 is a demonstrated inability to pay. Any costs forgiven under a hospital's community care
31.9 plan or under section 62J.83 may be counted in the hospital's calculation of community
31.10 care. Bad debt expenses and discounted charges available to the uninsured shall not be
31.11 included in the calculation of community care. The amount of community care is the value
31.12 of costs incurred and not the charges made for services.

31.13 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, underpayment for services provided by state
31.14 public health care programs is the difference between hospital costs and public program
31.15 payments. The information shall be reported in terms of total dollars and as a percentage
31.16 of total operating costs for each hospital.

31.17 **Sec. 30. [145.985] HEALTH PROMOTION AND WELLNESS.**

31.18 Community health boards as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, may work
31.19 with schools, health care providers, and others to coordinate health and wellness programs
31.20 in their communities. In order to meet the requirements of this section, community
31.21 health boards may:

31.22 (1) provide instruction, technical assistance, and recommendations on how to
31.23 evaluate project outcomes;

31.24 (2) assist with on-site health and wellness programs utilizing volunteers and others
31.25 addressing health and wellness topics including smoking, nutrition, obesity, and others; and

31.26 (3) encourage health and wellness programs consistent with the Centers for Disease
31.27 Control and Prevention's Community Guide and goals consistent with the Centers for
31.28 Disease Control and Prevention's Healthy People 2010 initiative.

31.29 **Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 256.01, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:**

31.30 **Subd. 2b. **Performance payments.**** (a) The commissioner shall develop and
31.31 implement a pay-for-performance system to provide performance payments to:

31.32 (1) eligible medical groups and clinics that demonstrate optimum care in serving
31.33 individuals with chronic diseases who are enrolled in health care programs administered
31.34 by the commissioner under chapters 256B, 256D, and 256L;

(2) medical groups that implement effective medical home models of patient care that improve quality and reduce costs through effective primary and preventive care, care coordination, and management of chronic conditions; and

(3) eligible medical groups and clinics that evaluate medical provider usage patterns and provide feedback to individual medical providers on that provider's practice patterns relative to peer medical providers.

(b) The commissioner shall also develop and implement a patient incentive health program to provide incentives and rewards to patients who are enrolled in health care programs administered by the commissioner under chapters 256B, 256D, and 256L, and who have agreed to and meet personal health goals established with their primary care provider to manage a chronic disease or condition including, but not limited to, diabetes, high blood pressure, and coronary artery disease.

(c) The commissioner may receive any federal matching money that is made available through the medical assistance program for managed care oversight contracted through vendors including consumer surveys, studies, and external quality reviews as required by the Federal Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 438, subpart E. Any federal money received for managed care oversight is appropriated to the commissioner for this purpose. The commissioner may expend the federal money received in either year of the biennium.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2007.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 49. **Provider-directed care coordination services.** The commissioner shall develop and implement a provider-directed care coordination program for medical assistance recipients who are not enrolled in the prepaid medical assistance program and who are receiving services on a fee-for-service basis. This program provides payment to primary care clinics for care coordination for people who have complex and chronic medical conditions. Clinics must meet certain criteria such as the capacity to develop care plans; have a dedicated care coordinator; and have an adequate number of fee-for-service clients, evaluation mechanisms, and quality improvement processes to qualify for reimbursement. For purposes of this subdivision, a primary care clinic is a medical clinic designated as the patient's first point of contact for medical care, available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, that provides or arranges for the patient's comprehensive health care needs, and provides overall integration, coordination, and continuity over time and referrals for specialty care.

Sec. 33. **HEALTH CARE PAYMENT SYSTEM REFORM.**

Subdivision 1. Payment reform plan. The commissioners of employee relations, human services, commerce, and health shall develop a plan for promoting and facilitating changes in payment rates and methods for paying for health care services, drugs, devices, supplies, and equipment in order to:

(1) reward the provision of cost-effective primary and preventive care;

(2) reward the use of evidence-based care;

(3) discourage underutilization, overuse, and misuse;

(4) reward the use of the most cost-effective settings, drugs, devices, providers, and treatments; and

(5) encourage consumers to maintain good health and use the health care system appropriately.

In developing the plan, the commissioners shall analyze existing data to determine specific services and health conditions for which changes in payment rates and methods would lead to significant improvements in quality of care. The commissioners shall include a definition of the term "quality" for uniform understanding of the plan's impact.

Subd. 2. Report. The commissioners shall submit a report to the legislature by December 15, 2007, describing the payment reform plan. The report must include proposed legislation for implementing those components of the plan requiring legislative action or appropriations of money.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2007.

Sec. 34. **COMMUNITY COLLABORATIVE PILOT PROJECTS TO COVER THE UNINSURED.**

Subdivision 1. Community collaboratives. The commissioner of human services shall provide grants to and authorization for up to three community collaboratives that satisfy the requirements in this section. To be eligible to receive a grant and authorization under this section, a community collaborative must include:

(1) one or more counties;

(2) one or more local hospitals;

(3) one or more local employers who collectively provide at least 300 jobs in the community;

(4) one or more health care clinics or physician groups; and

(5) a third-party payer, which may be a county-based purchasing plan operating under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.692, a self-insured employer, or a health plan company as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 62Q.01, subdivision 4.

34.1 Subd. 2. **Pilot project requirements.** (a) Community collaborative pilot projects
34.2 must:

34.3 (1) identify and enroll persons in the community who are uninsured, and who have,
34.4 or are at risk of developing, one of the following chronic conditions: mental illness,
34.5 diabetes, asthma, hypertension, or other chronic condition designated by the project;

34.6 (2) assist uninsured persons to obtain private-sector health insurance coverage if
34.7 possible or to enroll in any public health care programs for which they are eligible. If the
34.8 uninsured individual is unable to obtain health coverage, the community collaborative
34.9 must enroll the individual in a local health care assistance program that provides specified
34.10 services to prevent or effectively manage the chronic condition;

34.11 (3) include components to help uninsured persons retain employment or to become
34.12 employable, if currently unemployed;

34.13 (4) ensure that each uninsured person enrolled in the program has a medical home
34.14 responsible for providing, or arranging for, health care services and assisting in the
34.15 effective management of the chronic condition;

34.16 (5) coordinate services between all providers and agencies serving an enrolled
34.17 individual; and

34.18 (6) be coordinated with the state's Q-Care initiative and improve the use of
34.19 evidence-based treatments and effective disease management programs in the broader
34.20 community, beyond those individuals enrolled in the project.

34.21 (b) Projects established under this section are not insurance and are not subject to
34.22 state-mandated benefit requirements or insurance regulations.

34.23 Subd. 3. **Criteria.** Proposals must be evaluated by actuarial, financial, and clinical
34.24 experts based on the likelihood that the project would produce a positive return on
34.25 investment for the community. In awarding grants, the commissioner of human services
34.26 shall give preference to proposals that:

34.27 (1) have broad community support from local businesses, provider counties, and
34.28 other public and private organizations;

34.29 (2) would provide services to uninsured persons who have, or are at risk of
34.30 developing, multiple, co-occurring chronic conditions;

34.31 (3) integrate or coordinate resources from multiple sources, such as employer
34.32 contributions, county funds, social service programs, and provider financial or in-kind
34.33 support;

34.34 (4) provide continuity of treatment and services when uninsured individuals in
34.35 the program become eligible for public or private health insurance or when insured
34.36 individuals lose their coverage;

(5) demonstrate how administrative costs for health plan companies and providers can be reduced through greater simplification, coordination, consolidation, standardization, reducing billing errors, or other methods; and

(6) involve local contributions to the cost of the pilot projects.

Subd. 4. **Grants.** The commissioner of human services shall provide implementation grants of up to one-half of the community collaborative's costs for planning, administration, and evaluation. The commissioner shall also provide grants to community collaboratives to develop a fund to pay up to 50 percent of the cost of the services provided to uninsured individuals. The remaining costs must be paid for through other sources or by agreement of a health care provider to contribute the cost as charity care.

Subd. 5. **Evaluation.** The commissioner of human services shall evaluate the effectiveness of each community collaborative project awarded a grant, by comparing actual costs for serving the identified uninsured persons to the predicted costs that would have been incurred in the absence of early intervention and consistent treatment to manage the chronic condition, including the costs to medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, and general assistance medical care. The commissioner shall require community collaborative projects, as a condition of receipt of a grant award, to provide the commissioner with all information necessary for this evaluation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2007.

Sec. 35. HEALTH CARE PAYMENT REFORM PILOT PROJECTS.

Subdivision 1. **Pilot projects.** (a) The commissioners of health, human services, and employee relations shall develop and administer payment reform pilot projects for state employees and persons enrolled in medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, or general assistance medical care, to the extent permitted by federal requirements. The purpose of the projects is to promote and facilitate changes in payment rates and methods for paying for health care services, drugs, devices, supplies, and equipment in order to:

(1) reward the provision of cost-effective primary and preventive care;

(2) reward the use of evidence-based care;

(3) reward coordination of care for patients with chronic conditions;

(4) discourage overuse and misuse;

(5) reward the use of the most cost-effective settings, drugs, devices, providers, and treatments; and

(6) encourage consumers to maintain good health and use the health care system appropriately.

(b) The pilot projects must involve the use of designated care professionals or clinics to serve as a patient's medical home and be responsible for coordinating health care services across the continuum of care. The pilot projects must evaluate different payment reform models and must be coordinated with the Minnesota senior health options program and the Minnesota disability health options program. To the extent possible, the commissioners shall coordinate state purchasing activities with other public employers and with private purchasers, self-insured groups, and health plan companies to promote the use of pilot projects encompassing both public and private purchasers and markets.

Subd. 2. **Payment methods and incentives.** The commissioners shall modify existing payment methods and rates for those enrollees and health care providers participating in the pilot project in order to provide incentives for care management, team-based care, and practice redesign, and increase resources for primary care, chronic condition care, and care provided to complex patients. The commissioners may create financial incentives for patients to select a medical home under the pilot project by reducing, modifying, or eliminating deductibles and co-payments for certain services, or through other incentives. The commissioners may require patients to remain with their designated medical home for a specified period of time. Alternative payment methods may include complete or partial capitation, fee-for-service payments, or other payment methodologies. The payment methods may provide for the payment of bonuses to medical home providers or other providers, or to patients, for the achievement of performance goals. The payment methods may include allocating a portion of the payment that would otherwise be paid to health plans under state prepaid health care programs to the designated medical home for specified services.

Subd. 3. **Requirements.** In order to be designated a medical home under the pilot project, health care professionals or clinics must demonstrate their ability to:

(1) be the patient's first point of contact by telephone or other means, 24 hours a day, seven days a week;

(2) provide or arrange for patients' comprehensive health care needs, including the ability to structure planned chronic disease visits and to manage chronic disease through the use of disease registries;

(3) coordinate patients' care when care must be provided outside the medical home;

(4) provide longitudinal care, not just episodic care, including meeting long-term and unique personal needs;

(5) utilize an electronic health record and incorporate a plan to develop and make available to patients that choose a medical home an electronic personal health record that

37.1 is prepopulated with the patient's data, consumer-directed, connected to the provider,
37.2 24-hour accessible, and owned and controlled by the patient;

37.3 (6) systematically improve quality of care using, among other inputs, patient
37.4 feedback; and

37.5 (7) create a provider network that provides for increased reimbursement for a
37.6 medical home in a cost-neutral manner.

37.7 Subd. 4. **Evaluation.** Pilot projects must be evaluated based on patient satisfaction,
37.8 provider satisfaction, clinical process and outcome measures, program costs and savings,
37.9 and economic impact on health care providers. Pilot projects must be evaluated based
37.10 on the extent to which the medical home:

37.11 (1) coordinated health care services across the continuum of care and thereby
37.12 reduced duplication of services and enhanced communication across providers;

37.13 (2) provided safe and high-quality care by increasing utilization of effective
37.14 treatments, reduced use of ineffective treatments, reduced barriers to essential care and
37.15 services, and eliminated barriers to access;

37.16 (3) reduced unnecessary hospitalizations and emergency room visits and increased
37.17 use of cost-effective care and settings;

37.18 (4) encouraged long-term patient and provider relationships by shifting from
37.19 episodic care to consistent, coordinated communication and care with a specified team of
37.20 providers or individual providers;

37.21 (5) engaged and educated consumers by encouraging shared patient and provider
37.22 responsibility and accountability for disease prevention, health promotion, chronic
37.23 disease management, acute care, and overall well-being, encouraging informed medical
37.24 decision-making, ensuring the availability of accurate medical information, and facilitated
37.25 the transfer of accurate medical information;

37.26 (6) encouraged innovation in payment methodologies by using patient and provider
37.27 incentives to coordinate care and utilize medical home services and fostering the
37.28 expansion of a technology infrastructure that supports collaboration; and

37.29 (7) reduced overall health care costs as compared to conventional payment methods
37.30 for similar patient populations.

37.31 Subd. 5. **Rulemaking.** The commissioners are exempt from administrative
37.32 rulemaking under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, for purposes of developing,
37.33 administering, contracting for, and evaluating pilot projects under this section. The
37.34 commissioner shall publish a proposed request for proposals in the State Register and
37.35 allow 30 days for comment before issuing the final request for proposals.

38.1 Subd. 6. **Regulatory and payment barriers.** The commissioners shall study state
38.2 and federal statutory and regulatory barriers to the creation of medical homes and provide
38.3 a report and recommendations to the legislature by December 15, 2007.

38.4 Sec. 36. **HEALTH CARE SYSTEM CONSOLIDATION.**

38.5 (a) The commissioner of health shall study the effect of health care provider and
38.6 health plan company consolidation in the four metropolitan statistical areas in Minnesota
38.7 on: health care costs, including provider payment rates; quality of care; and access
38.8 to care. The commissioner shall separately consider hospitals, specialty groups, and
38.9 primary care groups. The commissioner shall include a definition of the terms "quality
38.10 of care" and "access to care" to provide uniform understanding of the study's findings.
38.11 The commissioner shall present findings and recommendations to the legislature by
38.12 December 15, 2007.

38.13 (b) For purposes of this study, health carriers, provider networks, and other health
38.14 care providers shall provide data on network participation, contracted payment rates,
38.15 charges, costs, payments received, patient referrals, and other information requested by
38.16 the commissioner, in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. Provider-level
38.17 information on contracted payment rates and payments from health plans provided to the
38.18 commissioner of health for the purposes of this study are (1) private data on individuals as
38.19 defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.02, subdivision 12, and (2) nonpublic data as
38.20 defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.02, subdivision 9. The commissioner may not
38.21 collect patient-identified data for purposes of this study. Data collected for purposes of
38.22 this study may not be used for any other purposes.

38.23 Sec. 37. **REPEALER.**

38.24 Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62J.052, subdivision 1, is repealed effective
38.25 August 1, 2007.

APPENDIX
Repealed Minnesota Statutes: h1873-2

62J.052 PROVIDER COST DISCLOSURE.

Subdivision 1. **Health care providers.** (a) Each health care provider, as defined by section 62J.03, subdivision 8, except hospitals and outpatient surgical centers subject to the requirements of section 62J.823, shall provide the following information:

- (1) the average allowable payment from private third-party payers for the 50 services or procedures most commonly performed;
 - (2) the average payment rates for those services and procedures for medical assistance;
 - (3) the average charge for those services and procedures for individuals who have no applicable private or public coverage; and
 - (4) the average charge for those services and procedures, including all patients.
- (b) This information shall be updated annually and be readily available at no cost to the public on site.