# **CHAPTER 4**

# **GOVERNOR**

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## 4.01 CUSTODIAN OF STATE PROPERTY.

In addition to the powers and duties prescribed by the constitution, the governor shall be the custodian of all property of the state not especially entrusted by law to other officers and may take possession thereof without legal process and adopt such measures for its safekeeping as the governor deems proper.

History: (54) RL s 26; 1986 c 444

**4.02** [Repealed, 1996 c 310 s 1]

# 4.03 PROCLAMATIONS.

When the governor convenes the legislature in extra session it shall be done by proclamation, giving to the members such notice as the governor deems necessary of the time of meeting; and when assembled the governor shall inform them of the purposes for which they are convened. The governor shall set apart and proclaim one day in each year as a day of solemn and public thanksgiving to Almighty God for blessings to the people and no business shall be transacted on that day at any of the departments of state. All proclamations of the governor required or authorized by law shall be filed with the secretary of state.

History: (57) RL s 28; 1986 c 444

## 4.034 ENROLLED BILLS.

When the governor signs an enrolled bill to finally enact it into law as provided by the constitution, the governor shall note on the enrolled bill the date and time of day of signing. The governor shall then file the bill with the secretary of state.

When the governor vetoes a bill, the governor shall file a notice with the secretary of state indicating the chapter number of the vetoed bill.

When the governor neither signs nor vetoes a bill and legislative adjournment does not prevent its return, then the governor shall file the bill with the secretary of state with a notice that the governor is allowing the bill to become law without the governor's signature. If legislative adjournment does prevent its return, then the governor shall file a notice with the secretary of state indicating that the bill has been pocket vetoed.

The notice must identify the enrolled bill by chapter number. The bill itself must be retained in the records of the governor's office.

**History:** 1988 c 479 s 4

## 4.035 EXECUTIVE ORDERS.

Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** A written statement or order executed by the governor pursuant to constitutional or statutory authority and denominated as an executive order, or a statement or order of the governor required by law to be in the form of an executive order, shall be uniform in format, shall be numbered consecutively, and shall be effective and expire as provided in this section. Executive orders creating agencies shall be consistent with the provisions of this section and section 15.0593.

- Subd. 2. **Effective date.** An executive order issued pursuant to sections 12.31 to 12.32 or any other emergency executive order issued to protect a person from an imminent threat to health and safety shall be effective immediately and shall be filed with the secretary of state and published in the state register as soon as possible after its issuance. Emergency executive orders shall be identified as such in the order. Any other executive order shall be effective upon 15 days after its publication in the state register and filing with the secretary of state. The governor shall submit a copy of the executive order to the commissioner of administration to facilitate publication in the State Register.
- Subd. 3. **Expiration date.** Unless an earlier date is specified by statute or by executive order, an executive order shall expire 90 days after the date that the governor who issued the order leaves office.

**History:** 1977 c 305 s 2; 1986 c 444; 2007 c 148 art 2 s 3

#### 4.04 POWERS.

Subdivision 1. **Appointments; state seal.** The governor shall appoint and when necessary commission all officers and employees of the state whose selection is not otherwise provided for by law and, at pleasure, may remove any such appointee whose term of service is not by law prescribed. The governor shall exercise such powers of appointment, suspension, and removal in respect of other officials as are conferred by law. Whenever the great seal of the state is lost or worn out, the governor shall cause the same to be replaced.

Subd. 2. **Delegation to lieutenant governor.** The governor may delegate to the lieutenant governor such powers, duties, responsibilities and functions as are prescribed by law to be performed by the governor, subject to the governor's control, by filing a written order specifying such delegation with the secretary of state; provided, however, that no power, duty, responsibility or function imposed upon the governor by the constitution shall be delegated by such written order or otherwise.

**History:** (58) RL s 29; 1971 c 949 s 1; 1986 c 444

# 4.045 CHILDREN'S CABINET.

The Children's Cabinet shall consist of the commissioners of education; human services; employment and economic development; public safety; corrections; management and budget; health; administration; Housing Finance Agency; transportation; and children, youth, and families. The governor shall designate one member to serve as cabinet chair. The chair is responsible for ensuring that the duties of the Children's Cabinet are performed.

**History:** 1993 c 224 art 4 s 6; 1994 c 483 s 1; 1Sp1995 c 3 art 16 s 13; 2003 c 130 s 12; 2004 c 206 s 52: 2009 c 101 art 2 s 109: 2023 c 62 art 2 s 27: 2023 c 70 art 12 s 1

**NOTE:** The amendment to this section by Laws 2023, chapter 70, article 12, section 1, is effective July 1, 2024. Laws 2023, chapter 70, article 12, section 1, the effective date.

# 4.046 OPIOIDS, SUBSTANCE USE, AND ADDICTION SUBCABINET.

Subdivision 1. **Subcabinet established; purposes.** The Opioids, Substance Use, and Addiction Subcabinet is established. The purposes of the subcabinet are to identify:

- (1) challenges that exist within state government that create silos around addiction, treatment, prevention, and recovery; that limit access to treatment options or addiction-related services for all Minnesotans; and that prevent successful treatment outcomes;
- (2) opportunities that exist within state government that support accessible and effective substance use disorder treatment options or addiction-related services;
- (3) barriers and gaps in service for all Minnesotans seeking treatment for opioid or substance use disorder, particularly those barriers and gaps affecting members of communities disproportionately impacted by substance use and addiction;
  - (4) potential solutions to barriers and gaps identified in clause (3);
- (5) how the state can address addiction as a chronic disease, emphasizing that there are multiple ways to enter sobriety; and
- (6) policies and strategies that address prevention efforts, including addressing underlying causes of addiction and public awareness and education around the dangers of issues including but not limited to opioid abuse, use of fentanyl and other synthetic opioids, other substance use, excessive alcohol consumption, and addiction.
  - Subd. 2. **Subcabinet membership.** The subcabinet consists of the following members:
  - (1) the commissioner of human services;
  - (2) the commissioner of health;
  - (3) the commissioner of education;
  - (4) the commissioner of public safety;
  - (5) the commissioner of corrections;
  - (6) the commissioner of management and budget;
  - (7) the commissioner of higher education;
  - (8) the chair of the Interagency Council on Homelessness; and
  - (9) the governor's director of addiction and recovery, who shall serve as chair of the subcabinet.
- Subd. 3. **Policy and strategy development.** The subcabinet must engage in the following duties related to the development of opioid use, substance use, and addiction policy and strategy:
- (1) identify challenges and opportunities that exist relating to accessing treatment and support services and develop recommendations to overcome these barriers for all Minnesotans:

- (2) with input from affected communities, develop policies and strategies that will reduce barriers and gaps in service for all Minnesotans seeking treatment for opioid or substance use disorder, particularly for those Minnesotans who are members of communities disproportionately impacted by substance use and addiction;
- (3) develop policies and strategies that the state may adopt to expand Minnesota's recovery infrastructure, including detoxification or withdrawal management facilities, treatment facilities, and sober housing;
  - (4) identify innovative services and strategies for effective treatment and support;
- (5) develop policies and strategies to expand services and support for people in Minnesota suffering from opioid or substance use disorder through partnership with the Opioid Epidemic Response Advisory Council and other relevant partnerships;
- (6) develop policies and strategies for agencies to manage addiction and the relationship it has with co-occurring conditions;
- (7) identify policies and strategies to address opioid or substance use disorder among Minnesotans experiencing homelessness; and
- (8) submit recommendations to the legislature addressing opioid use, substance use, and addiction in Minnesota.
- Subd. 4. **Public engagement.** The subcabinet must develop and implement a framework to ensure meaningful public engagement is conducted by the subcabinet's agencies and boards. The purpose of the framework is to:
- (1) engage with and seek feedback from all affected Minnesotans, including members of the 11 Tribal Nations within Minnesota:
- (2) build partnerships and shared understanding with all affected Minnesotans, including members of Tribal communities in urban areas, communities of color, local communities, and industries, including but not limited to the health and business sectors;
- (3) provide a platform for dialogue about the needs and challenges of those in active addiction or in recovery and to identify effective solutions and how those solutions will impact the lives of people in Minnesota, including those who are members of communities disproportionately impacted by addiction, including opioid addiction; and
- (4) gather and share ideas for how Minnesotans can get involved with and stay informed about addiction issues that matter to them.
- Subd. 5. **Governor's Advisory Council on Opioids, Substance Use, and Addiction.** (a) The Governor's Advisory Council on Opioids, Substance Use, and Addiction is established to advise the subcabinet on the purposes and duties described in this section. The advisory council consists of up to 18 members appointed by the governor. The governor must seek representation from community leaders, individuals with direct experience with addiction, individuals providing treatment services, and other relevant stakeholders in making appointments to the council. The governor will appoint one member as chair of the advisory council.
  - (b) The advisory council must:

- (1) meet up to four times per year to identify opportunities for and barriers to the development and implementation of policies and strategies to expand access to effective services for people in Minnesota suffering from addiction;
- (2) examine what services and supports are needed in communities that are disproportionately impacted by the opioid epidemic; and
- (3) provide opportunities for Minnesotans who have directly experienced addiction to address needs, challenges, and solutions.
- (c) The terms, compensation, and removal of members of the advisory council are governed by section 15.059.
- Subd. 6. **Office of Addiction and Recovery; director.** The Office of Addiction and Recovery is created in the Department of Management and Budget. The governor must appoint an addiction and recovery director, who shall serve as chair of the subcabinet and administer the Office of Addiction and Recovery. The director shall serve in the unclassified service and shall report to the governor. The director must:
- (1) make efforts to break down silos and work across agencies to better target the state's role in addressing addiction, treatment, and recovery for youth and adults;
- (2) assist in leading the subcabinet and the advisory council toward progress on measurable goals that track the state's efforts in combatting addiction for youth and adults, and preventing substance use and addiction among the state's youth population; and
- (3) establish and manage external partnerships and build relationships with communities, community leaders, and those who have direct experience with addiction to ensure that all voices of recovery are represented in the work of the subcabinet and advisory council.
- Subd. 7. **Staff and administrative support.** The commissioner of management and budget, in coordination with other state agencies and boards as applicable, must provide staffing and administrative support to the Office of Addiction and Recovery, the addiction and recovery director, the subcabinet, and the advisory council established in this section.

**History:** 2022 c 98 art 6 s 1; 2023 c 61 art 4 s 1,2

## 4.047 HEALTH SUBCABINET.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The Health Subcabinet is established.

- Subd. 2. **Membership.** The Health Subcabinet shall consist of the commissioners of human services, commerce, management and budget, and health and the executive director of MNsure.
- Subd. 3. **Director; staffing and administrative support.** An executive director must be hired to manage the activities of the Health Subcabinet and serve as its chair. The commissioner of management and budget, in coordination with other state agencies and boards, as applicable, must provide staffing and administrative support to the executive director and the subcabinet established in this section.
- Subd. 4. **Duties.** The Health Subcabinet shall coordinate state agency and, as applicable, private sector efforts to reform the health care delivery and payment systems; foster sustainability in health care spending; ensure the availability of affordable and comprehensive health care coverage and health care; ensure access

to high-quality health care services; and reduce disparities and inequities in the experience or outcomes of health care.

**History:** 2023 c 70 art 16 s 1

**4.05** [Repealed, 1961 c 561 s 17]

# 4.055 GOVERNOR'S RESIDENCE EMPLOYEES AND GOVERNOR APPOINTEE BACKGROUND CHECKS.

The governor's office may request a check of:

- (1) systems accessible through the criminal justice data communications network, including, but not limited to, criminal history, predatory offender registration, warrants, and driver's license record information from the Department of Public Safety;
  - (2) the statewide supervision system maintained by the Department of Corrections; and
  - (3) national criminal history information maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

on candidates for positions within the governor's residence or appointment by the governor. The candidate shall provide the governor's office with a written authorization to conduct the check of these systems. For a check of the national criminal history information, the request must also include a set of fingerprints which shall be sent to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The bureau has the authority to exchange the fingerprints with the FBI to facilitate the national background check. The superintendent may recover fees associated with the background checks from the governor's office.

**History:** 2006 c 260 art 3 s 1

# 4.06 VACANCY; SUCCESSION; DISABILITY.

- (a) When a vacancy occurs, from any cause whatever, in the office of governor, the lieutenant governor shall become governor and the last duly elected president of the senate shall become lieutenant governor for the remainder of the term. When a vacancy occurs, from any cause whatever, in the office of governor and in the office of lieutenant governor, the president of the senate shall become governor for the remainder of the term. If there be no president of the senate, then the speaker of the house shall become governor for the remainder of the term; or if there be none, then the secretary of state, or the auditor, or the attorney general, in that order, shall upon resignation from office, become governor for the remainder of the term.
- (b) In case of the death or other failure to take office of the governor-elect, the lieutenant governor-elect shall become governor from the same time and in the same manner and for the same term as provided for the governor-elect. In case of the death or other failure to take office of both the governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect, the last duly elected president of the senate, or in the case of death or other failure to take office, the last duly elected speaker of the house, or in the case of death or other failure to take office, the secretary of state-elect, or under the same circumstances the auditor-elect, or the attorney general-elect, in that order shall become governor from the same time and in the same manner and for the same term as provided for the governor-elect.
- (c) If the governor transmits to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house a written declaration of an inability to discharge the powers and duties of the office of governor, and until the governor transmits a written declaration to the contrary, the powers and duties of the governor shall be discharged by the lieutenant governor.

- (d) The governor may be declared unable to discharge the powers and duties of the office if a declaration is signed by four out of five of the following persons and transmitted to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house: the chief justice of the supreme court, the lieutenant governor, the governor's chief of staff, the governor's personal physician, and a member of the governor's cabinet designated in advance by the governor. If no cabinet member has been designated, three out of four shall be sufficient. The lieutenant governor shall then discharge the powers and duties of the office of governor.
- (e) The declaration remains in effect until the governor transmits to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house a written declaration that no inability exists, unless four out of five of the persons described in paragraph (d), or three out of four if no cabinet member has been designated, sign and transmit to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house within four days of the governor's declaration a declaration that the governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of the office. In that event, the lieutenant governor shall continue to discharge the duties of the office until the legislature decides the issue, assembling within 48 hours for that purpose if not in session. If the legislature, within 21 days after receipt of the declaration that the governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of the office or, if the legislature is not in session, within 21 days after being required to assemble, determines by two-thirds vote of both houses that the governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of the office, the lieutenant governor shall continue to discharge the powers and duties of the office, the governor shall resume the powers and duties of the office.

**History:** 1961 c 573 s 1; 1973 c 720 s 76 subd 2; 1986 c 444; 1995 c 98 s 1; 2003 c 112 art 2 s 50

# 4.07 GOVERNOR AS STATE AGENCY FOR FEDERAL FUNDS.

Subdivision 1. When no state agency is designated. Whenever the United States of America, pursuant to federal law or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, makes available to the state of Minnesota or any department, agency, governmental subdivision, or other instrumentality thereof funds for any purpose and no state agency has been otherwise designated by law to apply for, receive, and accept such federal funds, the governor is hereby designated as the state agency for such purpose.

- Subd. 2. **State agency named to act instead.** The governor may designate a state agency or agencies to act for the governor in applying for, receiving, and accepting federal funds under the provisions of subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. Federal and state law; appropriation of funds. The governor or any state department or agency designated by the governor shall comply with any and all requirements of federal law and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder to enable the application for, the receipt of, and the acceptance of such federal funds. The expenditure of any such funds received shall be governed by the laws of the state except insofar as federal requirements may otherwise provide. All such money received by the governor or any state department or agency designated by the governor for such purpose shall be deposited in the state treasury and, subject to section 3.3005, are hereby appropriated annually in order to enable the governor or the state department or agency designated by the governor for such purpose to carry out the purposes for which the funds are received. None of such federal money so deposited in the state treasury shall cancel and they shall be available for expenditure in accordance with the requirements of federal law.

**History:** 1965 c 901 s 87; 1986 c 444; 1998 c 366 s 16; 2013 c 134 s 8

#### 4.071 OIL OVERCHARGE MONEY.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriation required.** "Oil overcharge money" means money received by the state as a result of litigation or settlements of alleged violations of federal petroleum pricing regulations. Oil overcharge money may not be spent until it is specifically appropriated by law.

Subd. 2. **Minnesota resources projects.** The legislature intends to appropriate one-half of the oil overcharge money for projects that have been reviewed and recommended by the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources. A work plan must be prepared for each proposed project for review by the commission. The commission must recommend specific projects to the legislature.

Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1998 c 273 s 15]

**History:** 1988 c 686 art 1 s 36; 1988 c 690 s 1; 1989 c 335 art 1 s 269; 1990 c 568 art 2 s 1; 1994 c 483 s 1: 2006 c 243 s 21

**4.073** [Repealed, 1983 c 301 s 235]

# 4.075 ADMINISTRATION OF HIGHWAY SAFETY PROGRAM; FEDERAL FUNDS.

Subdivision 1. **Duties.** The governor of this state shall be responsible for the administration of the state's highway safety program and, consistent with state law, may contract and cooperate with, and act as agent for state and federal agencies, political subdivisions, and public and private organizations in order to effectuate the purposes of the National Highway Safety Act of 1966 and any amendments or regulations thereto to the end that available federal money and other benefits for such purposes may be obtained. The governor may designate an appropriate agency of this state through which this state's safety program may be administered.

- Subd. 2. **Federal money.** The governor shall provide for the receipt, allocation, and disbursement of federal money received pursuant to this act in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations.
- Subd. 3. **Local programs.** Counties, cities, towns, municipalities, and other political subdivisions are authorized to administer local highway safety programs which have been approved by the governor as part of the state highway safety program and to receive such funds as may be available for such purposes, subject to applicable federal laws and regulations and the approval of the governor.

**History:** 1967 c 443 s 1-3

## 4.076 ADVISORY COUNCIL ON TRAFFIC SAFETY.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "advisory council" means the Advisory Council on Traffic Safety established in this section.

- Subd. 2. **Establishment.** (a) The Advisory Council on Traffic Safety is established to advise, consult with, assist in planning coordination, and make program recommendations to the commissioners of public safety, transportation, and health on the development and implementation of projects and programs intended to improve traffic safety on all Minnesota road systems.
  - (b) The advisory council serves as the lead for the state Toward Zero Deaths program.
  - Subd. 3. **Membership**; chair. (a) The advisory council consists of the following members:
  - (1) the chair, which is filled on a two-year rotating basis by a designee from:
  - (i) the Office of Traffic Safety in the Department of Public Safety;

- (ii) the Office of Traffic Engineering in the Department of Transportation; and
- (iii) the Injury and Violence Prevention Section in the Department of Health;
- (2) two vice chairs, which must be filled by the two designees who are not currently serving as chair of the advisory council under clause (1);
  - (3) the statewide Toward Zero Deaths coordinator;
  - (4) a regional coordinator from the Toward Zero Deaths program;
  - (5) the chief of the State Patrol or a designee;
  - (6) the state traffic safety engineer in the Department of Transportation or a designee;
  - (7) a law enforcement liaison from the Department of Public Safety;
  - (8) a representative from the Department of Human Services;
  - (9) a representative from the Department of Education;
  - (10) a representative from the Council on Disability;
  - (11) a representative for Tribal governments;
  - (12) a representative from the Center for Transportation Studies at the University of Minnesota;
  - (13) a representative from the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association;
  - (14) a representative from the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association;
  - (15) a representative from the Minnesota Safety Council;
  - (16) a representative from AAA Minnesota;
  - (17) a representative from the Minnesota Trucking Association;
  - (18) a representative from the Insurance Federation of Minnesota;
  - (19) a representative from the Association of Minnesota Counties;
  - (20) a representative from the League of Minnesota Cities;
  - (21) the American Bar Association State Judicial Outreach Liaison;
  - (22) a representative from the City Engineers Association of Minnesota;
  - (23) a representative from the Minnesota County Engineers Association;
  - (24) a representative from the Bicycle Alliance of Minnesota;
- (25) two individuals representing vulnerable road users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and other operators of a personal conveyance;
  - (26) a representative from Minnesota Operation Lifesaver;
  - (27) a representative from the Minnesota Driver and Traffic Safety Education Association;

- (28) a representative from the Minnesota Association for Pupil Transportation;
- (29) a representative from the State Trauma Advisory Council;
- (30) a person representing metropolitan planning organizations; and
- (31) a person representing contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of highways and other infrastructure.
- (b) The commissioners of public safety and transportation must jointly appoint the advisory council members under paragraph (a), clauses (11), (25), (30), and (31).

# Subd. 4. **Duties.** The advisory council must:

- (1) advise the governor and heads of state departments and agencies on policies, programs, and services affecting traffic safety;
- (2) advise the appropriate representatives of state departments on the activities of the Toward Zero Deaths program, including but not limited to educating the public about traffic safety;
- (3) encourage state departments and other agencies to conduct needed research in the field of traffic safety;
  - (4) review recommendations of the subcommittees and working groups;
- (5) review and comment on all grants dealing with traffic safety and on the development and implementation of state and local traffic safety plans; and
  - (6) make recommendations on safe road zone safety measures under section 169.065.
- Subd. 5. **Administration.** (a) The Office of Traffic Safety in the Department of Public Safety, in cooperation with the Departments of Transportation and Health, must serve as the host agency for the advisory council and must manage the administrative and operational aspects of the advisory council's activities. The commissioner of public safety must perform financial management on behalf of the council.
- (b) The advisory council must meet no less than four times per year, or more frequently as determined by the chair, a vice chair, or a majority of the council members. The advisory council is subject to chapter 13D.
- (c) The chair must regularly report to the respective commissioners on the activities of the advisory council and on the state of traffic safety in Minnesota.
  - (d) The terms, compensation, and appointment of members are governed by section 15.059.
- (e) The advisory council may appoint subcommittees and working groups. Subcommittees must consist of council members. Working groups may include nonmembers. Nonmembers on working groups must be compensated pursuant to section 15.059, subdivision 3, only for expenses incurred for working group activities.

**History:** 2023 c 68 art 4 s 2

## 4.077 ST. PAUL LANDMARK AUTHORITY.

Subdivision 1. **Plan to renovate courts building.** (a) The Old Federal Courts Building in the city of St. Paul, called in this section the "courts building," is an outstanding example of federal architecture of its

period and a significant symbol of constitutional government which spans much of this state's history. Its acquisition, preservation, and appropriate use is a concern of the state and an important aspect of state policy declared in the Historic Sites Act of 1965.

- (b) The legislature is informed that feasible renovation and remodeling of the structure of this historic site would make it suitable to meet existing and foreseeable need of the state for school, classroom, and other educational use, or for use in the protection of public health, and such practical adaptation of the courts building should not be incompatible, but rather in keeping with, continued observance of the building as an historic monument.
- (c) National policy expressed in enactments of the Congress (including, but not necessarily limited to, the Surplus Property Act of 1944 and Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949) make this historic site, now held by and subject to the control of the administrator of the General Service Administration, available to this state, its political subdivisions or instrumentalities upon compliance with the conditions of the statutes and rules promulgated thereunder for educational use or use in the protection of the public health, or as an historic monument for the benefit of the public.
- Subd. 2. **Public corporation created.** (a) To implement state and national policy a public corporation sole is hereby created in the persons of the governors of the state of Minnesota, that is, in the person of the incumbent governor and in the person of each successor in turn, named "the Governor's Office for a Minnesota Landmark," but referred to herein as "the corporation."
- (b) The purpose of the corporation is the acquisition, preservation, and appropriate use for the public benefit of the courts building, a public purpose, and in pursuance of this purpose it has the powers and duties herein enumerated.
- (c) The corporation is empowered to take title to the courts building by a donative grant as an instrumentality of the state, with such restrictions and conditions compatible with appropriate use of the courts building as may be imposed by federal authority, but it shall first determine, after consideration of all relevant factors, including but not limited to potential income from all sources, that ownership and appropriate use will be feasible and probably self-supporting.
- (d) "Appropriate use" as a purpose of the corporation created by Laws 1971, chapter 605, means that the corporation will own, control, manage, and use the courts building if the courts building is transferred to it:
- (1) to provide space therein by lease or other arrangement to tax-supported and other nonprofit educational institutions for school, classroom, or other educational use, or use in protection of public health; or
  - (2) as an historic monument; and
- (3) whether or not used as in clause (1) or (2), for such other use, private and public, as may be compatible with the conditions and restrictions of the grant, permissible under controlling law and rule governing the use under the grant, and in accord with the purpose of the corporation.
  - Subd. 3. **Associates of corporation.** Associates of the corporation are:
  - (1) members of the executive council of the Minnesota Historical Society;
  - (2) members of the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board;
  - (3) the mayor and members of the council of the city of St. Paul; and

(4) members of a Minnesota nonprofit corporation that shows by its application on behalf of its members who desire to be associates that in pursuit of a purpose expressed in its articles it is engaged in an effort to save the courts building for the public benefit,

who request the corporation to be named an associate. An associate is not a member of the corporation.

- Subd. 4. **Board of advisors.** The corporation has a board of advisors consisting of a number, not more than nine, of advisors limited by the corporation bylaws. The corporation may delegate by a bylaw to the board of advisors specified duties and authority in the management of the corporation property and affairs within the area of the authority of the corporation. The term of an advisor is four years except that the first appointments shall be so limited as to result in a staggered ending of terms with about one-half terminating each two years. An advisor receives no compensation but is reimbursed for actual expenses necessarily incurred in the business of the corporation as its bylaws may provide.
- Subd. 5. **Powers.** In addition to the powers elsewhere given to the corporation it has the following general powers:
  - (1) to have succession until dissolved by law;
  - (2) to sue and be sued in its corporate name;
  - (3) to adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal which shall be judicially noticed;
- (4) to accept, hold, and administer gifts and bequests of money, securities, or other personal property of whatsoever character, absolutely or on trust, for the purposes for which the corporation is created. Unless otherwise restricted by the terms of the gift or bequest, the corporation is authorized to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of and to invest or reinvest in such investments as it may determine from time to time the money, securities, or other property given or bequeathed to it. The principal of such corporate funds and the income therefrom, and all other revenues received by it from any source whatsoever shall be placed in such depositories as the board of directors shall determine and shall be subject to expenditure for corporate purposes;
- (5) to enter into contracts generally and to execute all instruments necessary or appropriate to carry out its corporate purposes;
- (6) to appoint and prescribe the duties of officers, agents, and employees as may be necessary to carry out its work and to compensate them;
  - (7) to purchase all supplies and materials necessary for carrying out of its purposes;
- (8) to accept from the United States or the state of Minnesota, or any of their agencies, moneys or other assistance whether by gift, loan, or otherwise, to carry out its corporate purposes, and to enter into such contracts with the United States or the state of Minnesota, or any of the agencies of either, or with any of the political subdivisions of the state, as it may deem proper and consistent with the purposes of this section;
- (9) to adopt such bylaws and rules as it deems necessary for the administration of its functions and the accomplishment of its purpose, including among other matter the establishment of a business office and the rules, the use of the courts building, and the administration of corporation funds;
- (10) to contract and make cooperative agreements with federal, state, and municipal departments and agencies and private corporations, associations, and individuals for the use of the corporation property, including but not limited to rental agreements and concessions;

- (11) to convey its property, real and personal, should the accomplishment of its purpose prove to be not feasible or compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant of the courts building appear to be impractical;
- (12) to operate and maintain and furnish, restore, and as needed or suitable from time to time, renovate and remodel the courts building; and to accomplish its purpose and in execution of its powers, to borrow money and issue its debentures payable from income either unsecured or secured by pledge of revenues to be derived from the operation of its property or from other sources, or both, and to agree, if in consonance with national policy, that income derived from property conveyed to it by federal authority in excess of costs of repair, rehabilitation, restoration, and maintenance will be used by it only for park or recreational purposes, and to fulfill such agreement; and in its corporate discretion to use any such excess income which has not been so committed for park or recreation purposes, or for educational purposes by supporting educational institutions or activity, or for both of such purposes, and generally to do any and all lawful acts necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes for which it is created.

Provided, however, that the state of Minnesota is not and shall not be held liable on any contract of the corporation for the payment of money or otherwise except as the legislature may expressly assume or accept responsibility, but this limitation does not prevent or limit the authority of a state department or agency to contract with the corporation for the rental of space, or for any other purpose, if the contract is within the general authority of the department or agency and there are funds available to it.

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History: 1971 c 605 s 2-6; Ex1971 c 3 s 100 subds 2,4; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1985 c 248 s 70; 1986 c 444; 2005 c 10 art 1 s 1
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4.08 [Repealed, 1973 c 757 s 5]
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4.09 [Repealed, 1987 c 312 art 1 s 25]
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- **4.10** [Renumbered 116J.40]
- **4.11** Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

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Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]
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Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

Subd. 4. [Renumbered 116J.41, subdivision 1]

Subd. 5. [Renumbered 116J.41, subd 2]

Subd. 6. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

Subd. 7. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

Subd. 8. [Renumbered 116J.41, subd 3]

- **4.12** [Renumbered 116J.42]
- **4.125** [Renumbered 116J.43]
- **4.13** [Renumbered 116J.44]
- **4.14** [Repealed, 1973 c 741 s 10]
- **4.15** [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

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4.16 Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1971 c 25 s 6; 1981 c 356 s 247]
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Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1971 c 25 s 6; 1981 c 356 s 247]
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Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1969 c 894 s 9; 1981 c 356 s 247]

Subd. 4. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

Subd. 5. [Repealed, 1981 c 356 s 247]

- **4.17** [Renumbered 116J.45]
- **4.18** [Renumbered 116J.46]
- **4.19** [Repealed, 1977 c 455 s 95]
- **4.191** [Renumbered 116J.47]
- **4.20** [Repealed, 1975 c 61 s 26]
- **4.25** [Repealed, 1975 c 61 s 26]
- **4.26** [Renumbered 116J.48]
- **4.27** [Renumbered 116J.49]
- **4.28** [Renumbered 116J.50]
- **4.29** [Renumbered 116J.51]
- **4.30** [Renumbered 116J.52]
- **4.31** [Renumbered 16B.88]
- **4.35** [Renumbered 116J.53]
- **4.36** [Renumbered 116J.54]
- **4.40** [Renumbered 268.96]
- **4.45** [Repealed, 1996 c 310 s 1]

# 4.46 WASHINGTON OFFICE.

The governor may appoint employees for the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota and may prescribe their duties. In the operation of the office, the governor may expend money appropriated by the legislature for promotional purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations expend money for promotional purposes. Promotional expenditures for food, lodging, or travel are not governed by the travel rules of the commissioner of management and budget.

**History:** 1991 c 345 art 2 s 7; 2008 c 204 s 42; 2009 c 101 art 2 s 109

# 4.47 REPORT ON COMPULSIVE GAMBLING.

The governor shall report to the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the state's progress in addressing the problem of compulsive gambling. The report must include:

- (1) a summary of available data describing the extent of the problem in Minnesota;
- (2) a summary of programs, both governmental and private, that
- (i) provide diagnosis and treatment for compulsive gambling;
- (ii) enhance public awareness of the problem and the availability of compulsive gambling services;
- (iii) are designed to prevent compulsive gambling and other problem gambling by elementary and secondary school students and vulnerable adults; and
  - (iv) offer professional training in the identification, referral, and treatment of compulsive gamblers;
  - (3) the likely impact on compulsive gambling of each form of gambling; and
  - (4) budget recommendations for state-level compulsive gambling programs and activities.

**History:** 1994 c 633 art 8 s 1

**4.50** [Repealed, 2002 c 220 art 10 s 40]

## 4.51 EXPENSES OF GOVERNOR-ELECT.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Governor-elect" means the person who is not currently governor and is the apparent successful candidate for the office of governor following a general election.

- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Management and Budget.
- Subd. 2. **Transition expenses.** In the fiscal year of a gubernatorial election and subject to availability of funds, the commissioner shall transfer up to \$162,000 from the general contingent account in the general fund to the Department of Management and Budget. This transfer is subject to the review and advice of the Legislative Advisory Commission pursuant to section 3.30. In consultation with the governor-elect, the commissioner shall use the transferred funds to pay expenses of the governor-elect associated with preparing for the assumption of official duties as governor. The commissioner may use the transferred funds for expenses necessary and prudent for establishment of a transition office prior to the election and for dissolution of the office if the incumbent governor is reelected or after the inauguration of a new governor. Expenses of the governor-elect may include suitable office space and equipment, communications and technology support, consulting services, compensation and travel costs, and other reasonable expenses. Compensation rates for temporary employees hired to support the governor-elect and rates paid for consulting services for the governor-elect shall be determined by the governor-elect.
- Subd. 3. **Unused funds.** No new obligations shall be incurred for expenses of the governor-elect after the date of the inauguration. By March 31 of the year of the inauguration, the commissioner shall return to the general contingent account any funds transferred under this section that the commissioner determines are not needed to pay expenses of the governor-elect.

**History:** 2006 c 282 art 14 s 8; 2010 c 215 art 12 s 23

#### 4.60 POET LAUREATE.

(a) The position of poet laureate of the state of Minnesota is established. The Minnesota Humanities Center must solicit nominations for the poet laureate appointment and must make recommendations to the governor. After receiving recommendations from the Minnesota Humanities Center, the governor shall

appoint a state poet laureate and conduct appropriate ceremonies to honor the person appointed. The person appointed as poet laureate continues to serve in this position until the governor appoints another person.

(b) State agencies and officers are encouraged to use the services of the poet laureate for appropriate ceremonies and celebrations.

**History:** 2007 c 148 art 2 s 4; 2009 c 78 art 9 s 8