CHAPTER 119A

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; PROGRAMS

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119A.03 COMMISSIONER.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.2006]

Subd. 2. Duties of commissioner. The commissioner shall:

- (1) identify measurable outcomes by which programs administered by the department will be evaluated at the state and local level;
- (2) develop linkages with other state departments to ensure coordination and consistent state policies promoting healthy development of children and families;
- (3) prepare, in consultation with the Children's Cabinet and affected parties, prior to July 1 of each year, guidelines governing planning, reporting, and other procedural requirements necessary to administer this chapter;
- (4) facilitate inclusive processes when designing or implementing guidelines and strategies to achieve agency goals for children and families;
- (5) facilitate intergovernmental and public-private partnership strategies necessary to implement this chapter;
- (6) submit to the federal government, or provide assistance to local governments and organizations in submitting, where appropriate and feasible, requests for federal waivers or recommendations for changes in federal law necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter:
- (7) coordinate review of all plans and other documents required under the guidelines provided for in clause (3);
- (8) coordinate development of the management support system components required for implementation of this chapter;
- (9) review other programs serving children and families to determine the feasibility for transfer to the Department of Education or the feasibility of inclusion in the funding consolidation process; and
 - (10) monitor local compliance with this chapter.

History: 2007 c 13 art 3 s 12

119A.04 TRANSFERS FROM OTHER AGENCIES.

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The powers and duties of the Department of Education with respect to the following programs are transferred to the Department of Human Services under section 15.039. The programs needing federal approval to transfer shall be transferred when the federal government grants transfer authority to the commissioner:

- (1) children's trust fund under sections 256E.20 to 256E.27;
- (2) the family services and community—based collaboratives under section 124D.23;
- (3) the child care programs under sections 119B.011 to 119B.16;
- (4) the migrant child care program under section 256.01;
- (5) the child care resource and referral program under section 119B.19; and
- (6) the child care service development program under sections 119B.189 to 119B.24.

[For text of subds 2 to 7, see M.S.2006]

History: 2007 c 13 art 3 s 13

119A.50 HEAD START PROGRAM.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.2006]

- Subd. 3. Early childhood literacy programs. (a) A research–based early childhood literacy program premised on actively involved parents, ongoing professional staff development, and high quality early literacy program standards is established to increase the literacy skills of children participating in Head Start to prepare them to be successful readers and to increase families' participation in providing early literacy experiences to their children. Program providers must:
 - (1) work to prepare children to be successful learners;
 - (2) work to close the achievement gap for at-risk children;
- (3) use an integrated approach to early literacy that daily offers a literacy—rich class-room learning environment composed of books, writing materials, writing centers, labels, rhyming, and other related literacy materials and opportunities;
- (4) support children's home language while helping the children master English and use multiple literacy strategies to provide a cultural bridge between home and school;
- (5) use literacy mentors, ongoing literacy groups, and other teachers and staff to provide appropriate, extensive professional development opportunities in early literacy and classroom strategies for preschool teachers and other preschool staff;
- (6) use ongoing data—based assessments that enable preschool teachers to understand, plan, and implement literacy strategies, activities, and curriculum that meet children's literacy needs and continuously improve children's literacy; and
- (7) foster participation by parents, community stakeholders, literacy advisors, and evaluation specialists.

Program providers are encouraged to collaborate with qualified, community—based early childhood providers in implementing this program and to seek nonstate funds to supplement the program.

- (b) Program providers under paragraph (a) interested in extending literacy programs to children in kindergarten through grade 3 may elect to form a partnership with an eligible organization under section 124D.38, subdivision 2, or 124D.42, subdivision 6, clause (3), schools enrolling children in kindergarten through grade 3, and other interested and qualified community—based entities to provide ongoing literacy programs that offer seamless literacy instruction focused on closing the literacy achievement gap. To close the literacy achievement gap by the end of third grade, partnership members must agree to use best efforts and practices and to work collaboratively to implement a seamless literacy model from age three to grade 3, consistent with paragraph (a). Literacy programs under this paragraph must collect and use literacy data to:
 - (1) evaluate children's literacy skills; and
- (2) formulate specific intervention strategies to provide reading instruction to children premised on the outcomes of formative and summative assessments and research—based indicators of literacy development.

The literacy programs under this paragraph also must train teachers and other providers working with children to use the assessment outcomes under clause (2) to develop and use effective, long—term literacy coaching models that are specific to the program providers.

(c) The commissioner must collect and evaluate literacy data on children from age three to grade 3 who participate in literacy programs under this section to determine the efficacy of early literacy programs on children's success in developing the literacy skills that they need for long—term academic success and the programs' success in closing the literacy achievement gap. Annually by February 1, the commissioner must report to the education policy and finance committees of the legislature on the ongoing impact of these programs.

History: 2007 c 146 art 2 s 1

119A.52 DISTRIBUTION OF APPROPRIATION.

- (a) The commissioner of education must distribute money appropriated for that purpose to federally designated Head Start programs to expand services and to serve additional lowincome children. Migrant and Indian reservation programs must be initially allocated money based on the programs' share of federal funds. The remaining money must be initially allocated to the remaining local agencies based equally on the agencies' share of federal funds and on the proportion of eligible children in the agencies' service area who are not currently being served. A Head Start program must be funded at a per child rate equal to its contracted, federally funded base level at the start of the fiscal year. In allocating funds under this paragraph, the commissioner of education must assure that each Head Start program in existence in 1993 is allocated no less funding in any fiscal year than was allocated to that program in fiscal year 1993. Before paying money to the programs, the commissioner must notify each program of its initial allocation, how the money must be used, and the number of low-income children to be served with the allocation based upon the federally funded per child rate. Each program must present a plan under section 119A.535. For any program that cannot utilize its full allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year, the commissioner must reduce the allocation proportionately. Money available after the initial allocations are reduced must be redistributed to eligible programs.
- (b) The commissioner must develop procedures to make payments to programs based upon the number of children reported to be enrolled during the required time period of program operations. Enrollment is defined by federal Head Start regulations. The procedures must include a reporting schedule, corrective action plan requirements, and financial consequences to be imposed on programs that do not meet full enrollment after the period of corrective action. Programs reporting chronic underenrollment, as defined by the commissioner, will have their subsequent program year allocation reduced proportionately. Funds made available by prorating payments and allocations to programs with reported underenrollment will be made available to the extent funds exist to fully enrolled Head Start programs through a form and manner prescribed by the department.

History: 2007 c 146 art 9 s 1

119A.535 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.

Eligible Head Start organizations must submit a plan to the department for approval on a form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner. The plan must include:

- (1) the number of low-income children and families the program will be able to serve;
- (2) a description of the program design and service delivery area which meets the needs of and encourages access by low–income working families;
- (3) a program design that ensures fair and equitable access to Head Start services for all populations and parts of the service area;
- (4) a plan for providing Head Start services in conjunction with full—day child care programs to minimize child transitions, increase program intensity and duration, and improve child and family outcomes as required in section 119A.5411; and
- (5) identification of regular Head Start, early Head Start, full—day services identified in section 119A.5411, and innovative services based upon demonstrated needs to be provided.

History: 2007 c 146 art 9 s 2

119A.54I1 FULL-DAY REQUIREMENTS.

The following phase—in of full—day services in Head Start programs or licensed child care as defined in chapter 245A is required:

- (1) by fiscal year 2009, a minimum of 25 percent of the total state—funded enrollment throughout the state must be provided in full—day services;
- (2) by fiscal year 2011, a minimum of 40 percent of the total state—funded enrollment throughout the state must be provided in full—day services; and

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(3) by fiscal year 2013, a minimum of 50 percent of the total state–funded enrollment throughout the state must be provided in full–day services.

Head Start programs may provide full—day services as part of their own program model or through agreements with licensed full—day child care programs. If licensed child care providers do not exist in a geographic area, choose not to participate, cannot meet the federal Head Start performance standards after sufficient opportunity, or a Head Start program is unable to establish the full—day services as a part of their own program model, the Head Start program may request exemption from the commissioner.

History: 2007 c 146 art 9 s 3

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