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CONVEYANCING, REGISTRATION 508.52

ties amendments to existing forms or the adoption of new forms. The commissioner of securities may adopt amended or new forms consistent with the laws of this state by rule in accordance with chapter 15.

[1979 c 50 s 62]

507.10 Certified copies of forms to be preserved.

The board of county commissioners of each county in this state shall provide the county recorder and the judge of probate of the county with one copy of each form so approved, a copy of sections 507.09 to 507.14, a copy of the certificate of the Minnesota uniform conveyancing blanks commission contained in the book of forms filed in the office of the secretary of state, and a copy of his filing certificate, to be certified as herein provided. Upon presentation to him of sufficient number of true copies of such forms, laws, and certificates in book form to carry out this provision, the secretary of state shall, without charge, certify the same to be true copies thereof. Each county recorder and each judge of probate shall thereafter preserve one such certified copy on file in their respective offices for the convenient use of the public.

[1979 c 50 s 63]

507.13 Standard forms established.

The intent is to establish a standard set of printed forms which may be used in the state for real estate conveyancing and to fix and make uniform the fee for recording instruments drawn on such forms and for other instruments which do not conform thereto, but sections 507.09 to 507.14 shall not in any way change present rules of construction applicable to any of these instruments or to the contents thereof.

[1979 c 50 s 64]

507.14 Minnesota uniform conveyancing blanks.

The forms approved and recommended for use by sections 507.09 to 507.14 may be referred to as Minnesota uniform conveyancing blanks (1931).

[1979 c 50 s 65]

CHAPTER 508. CONVEYANCING, REGISTRATION

Sec. 508 52

Conveyance; cancelation of old and issu-

508.52 Conveyance; cancelation of old and issuance of new certificate.

An owner of registered land who desires to convey the land, or a portion thereof, in fee, shall execute a deed of conveyance, and file the deed, together with his owner's duplicate certificate, with the registrar. The registrar shall require an affidavit by the grantee, or some person in his behalf, which affidavit shall set forth the name, age, and residence of the grantee, and whether the grantee is or is not under legal disability, whether or not married, and, if married, the name of the husband or wife. The deed of conveyance shall be filed and endorsed with the number and place of registration of the owner's certificate. Before canceling the outstanding certificate of title the registrar shall show by memorial thereon the registration of the deed on the basis of which it is canceled. The encumbrances, claims, or interests adverse to the title of the registered owner shall be stated upon the new certificate, except so far as they may be simultaneously released or discharged. The owner's duplicate certificate and the original certificate of title shall be marked "Canceled" by the registrar, who shall enter in the register a new certificate of title to the grantee, and prepare and deliver to the grantee a new owner's duplicate certificate. If a deed in fee is for a portion of the land described in a certificate of title, the memorial of the deed entered by the registrar shall include the legal description contained in the deed and the registrar shall enter a new certificate of title to the grantee for the portion of the land conveyed and, except as otherwise provided in this section, issue a residue certificate of title to the grantor for the portion of the land not conveyed. The registrar shall prepare and deliver to each of the parties a new owner's duplicate

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certificate for their respective certificates. In lieu of canceling the grantor's certificate of title and issuing a residue certificate and owner's duplicate certificate to him for the portion of the land not conveyed, the registrar may, in his discretion if the grantor's deed does not divide a parcel of unplatted land, and in the absence of a request to the contrary by the registered owner, mark by the land description on both the owner's duplicate certificate of title and the original certificate of title "Part of land conveyed, see memorials". The fee for a residue certificate of title shall be paid to the registrar only when the grantor's certificate of title is canceled after the conveyance by the grantor of a portion of the land described in his certificate of title. When two or more successive conveyances of the same property are filed for registration on the same day the registrar may, in his discretion, enter a certificate in favor of the grantee or grantees in the last of the successive conveyances, and the memorial of the previous deed or deeds entered on the prior certificate of title shall have the same force and effect as though the prior certificate of title had been entered in favor of the grantee or grantees in the earlier deed or deeds in the successive conveyances. The fees for the registration of the earlier deed or deeds shall be the same as the fees prescribed for the entry of memorials. The registrar of titles in his discretion with the consent of the transferee, may mark "See memorials for new owner(s)" by the names of the registered owners on both the original certificate of title and the owner's duplicate certificate of title and also add to the memorial of the transferring conveyance a statement that the memorial shall serve in lieu of a new certificate of title in favor of the grantee or grantees therein noted and may refrain from canceling the certificate of title until the time it is canceled by a subsequent transfer, and the memorial showing such transfer of title shall have the same effect as the entry of a new certificate of title for the land described in the certificate of title; the fee for the registration of a conveyance without cancellation of the certificate of title shall be the same as the fee prescribed for the entry of a memorial.

[1979 c 13 s 1]

CHAPTER 517. MARRIAGE

Sec. 517.03

Prohibited marriages.

Sec. 517.18

7.18 Marriage solemnization.

517.03 Prohibited marriages.

The following marriages are prohibited:

- (a) A marriage entered into before the dissolution of an earlier marriage of one of the parties becomes final, as provided in section 518.145 or by the law of the jurisdiction where the dissolution was granted;
- (b) A marriage between an ancestor and a descendant, or between a brother and a sister, whether the relationship is by the half or the whole blood or by adoption;
- (c) A marriage between an uncle and a niece, between an aunt and a nephew, or between first cousins, whether the relationship is by the half or the whole blood, except as to marriages permitted by the established customs of aboriginal cultures;

provided, however, that mentally deficient persons committed to the guardianship of the commissioner of public welfare and mentally deficient persons committed to the conservatorship of the commissioner of public welfare in which the terms of the conservatorship limit the right to marry, may marry on receipt of written consent of the commissioner. The commissioner shall grant consent unless it appears from his investigation that the marriage is not in the best interest of the ward or conservatee and the public. The clerk of the district court in the county where the application for a license is made by the ward or conservatee shall not issue the license unless he has received a signed copy of the consent of the commissioner of public welfare.

[1979 c 259 s 1]