MINNESOTA STATUTES 1979 SUPPLEMENT

394.27 BUILDING COMMISSIONS; PLANNING DEVELOPMENT, ZONING

control, and when the terms of the variance are consistent with the comprehensive plan. "Hardship" as used in connection with the granting of a variance means the property in question cannot be put to a reasonable use if used under the conditions allowed by the official controls; the plight of the landowner is due to circumstances unique to his property not created by the landowner; and the variance, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the locality. Economic considerations alone shall not constitute a hardship if a reasonable use for the property exists under the terms of the ordinance. Variances shall be granted for earth sheltered construction as defined in section 116H.02, subdivision 3, when in harmony with the official controls. No variance may be granted that would allow any use that is prohibited in the zoning district in which the subject property is located. The board of adjustment may impose conditions in the granting of variances to insure compliance and to protect adjacent properties and the public interest. The board of adjustment may consider the inability to use solar energy systems a "hardship" in the granting of variances.

[For text of subds 8 and 9, see M.S.1978]

[Ex1979 c 2 s 40]

CHAPTER 400. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Sec. 400.08 Service charges.

400.08 Service charges.

The county may establish by ordinance, revise when deemed advisable, and collect just and reasonable rates and charges for solid waste management services provided by the county or by others under contract with the county. The ordinance may obligate the owners, lessees, or occupants of property, or any or all of them, to pay charges for solid waste management services to their properties and may obligate the user of any facility to pay a reasonable charge for the use of the facility. Rates and charges may take into account the character, kind, and quality of the service and of the solid waste, the method of disposition, the number of people served at each place of collection, and all other factors that enter into the cost of the service, including but not limited to depreciation and payment of principal and interest on money borrowed by the county for the acquisition or betterment of facilities. The rates and charges may be billed and collected in a'manner the board shall determine. On or before October 15 in each year, the county board shall certify to the county auditor all unpaid outstanding charges for services hereunder, and a statement of the description of the lands which were serviced and against which the charges arose. It shall be the duty of the county auditor, upon order of the county board, to extend the assessments with interest not to exceed six percent as provided for in the county ordinance upon the tax rolls of the county for the taxes of the year in which the assessment is filed. For each year ending October 15 the assessment with interest shall be carried into the tax becoming due and payable in January of the following year, and shall be enforced and collected in the manner provided for the enforcement and collection of real property taxes in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the state. The charges, if not paid, shall become delinquent and be subject to the same penalties and the same rate of interest as the taxes under the general laws of the state. All rates and charges shall be uniform in their application to use and service of the same character and quantity. A notice of intention to enact such an ordinance, published pursuant to section 375.51, subdivision 2, shall provide for a public hearing thereon to be held prior to the meeting at which the ordinance is to be considered.

[1979 c 164 s 1]