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# SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE S.F. No. 661

S0661-4

(SENATE AUTHORS: SIEBEN and Rest)				
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS		
02/21/2013	355	Introduction and first reading Referred to Rules and Administration		
03/13/2013	873a	Comm report: Amended Comm report: No recommendation, re-referred to Judiciary		
04/02/2013	1460a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance		
05/07/2013	3257a	Comm report: To pass as amended		
	3290	Second reading		
05/09/2013	3481a			
	3488	Third reading Passed		
05/15/2013	3697			
	3697	Senate not concur, conference committee of 3 requested		
	3737	Senate conferees Rest; Sieben; Schmit		
05/16/2013	3740	House conferees Winkler; Dehn, R.; Daudt		
05/19/2013	5148	Chief author stricken, shown as co-author Rest		
		Chief author added Sieben		
05/20/2013	5240c	Conference committee report, delete everything		
	5272	Motion to reject CC report, did not prevail		
		Senate adopted CC report and repassed bill		
	5273			
	5276	House adopted SCC report and repassed bill		

## A bill for an act

1.2	relating to campaign finance; providing for additional disclosure; making various
1.3	changes to campaign finance and public disclosure law; expanding jurisdiction of
1.4	Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board; expanding definition of public
1.5	official; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 10A.01, subdivisions 10,
1.6	11, 16, 27, 28, 35, by adding subdivisions; 10A.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 11, 12,
1.7	15; 10A.025, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 10A.04, subdivision 5; 10A.071, subdivision
1.8	3; 10A.105, subdivision 1; 10A.12, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2; 10A.121; 10A.14,
1.9	subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 10A.15, subdivisions 1, 3; 10A.16;
1.10	10A.20, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 12, by adding a subdivision; 10A.241;
1.11	10A.242, subdivision 1; 10A.25, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3, 3a; 10A.257, subdivision
1.12	1; 10A.27, subdivisions 1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15; 10A.273, subdivisions 1,
1.13	4; 10A.30; 10A.31, subdivisions 1, 4, 7; 10A.315; 10A.321, subdivision 1;
1.14	10A.322, subdivision 4; 10A.323; 10A.324, subdivision 1; 211B.32, subdivision
1.15	1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 10A; repealing
1.16	Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 10A.24; 10A.242; 10A.25, subdivision 6.
1.17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.18	ARTICLE 1
1.19	POLICY CHANGES
1.19 1.20	<b>POLICY CHANGES</b> Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a
1.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a
1.20 1.21	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
1.20 1.21 1.22	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7c.</u> Ballot question political committee. "Ballot question political
1.20 1.21 1.22 1.23	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7c.</u> <b>Ballot question political committee.</b> "Ballot question political committee" means a political committee that makes only expenditures to promote or defeat

1.26 to read:

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- 2.1 <u>Subd. 7d.</u> Ballot question political fund. "Ballot question political fund" means
   2.2 <u>a political fund that makes only expenditures to promote or defeat a ballot question and</u>
   2.3 <u>disbursements permitted under section 10A.121, subdivision 1.</u>
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 2.4 Subd. 10. Candidate. "Candidate" means an individual who seeks nomination or 2.5 election as a state constitutional officer, legislator, or judge. An individual is deemed to seek 2.6 nomination or election if the individual has taken the action necessary under the law of this 2.7 state to qualify for nomination or election, has received contributions or made expenditures 2.8 in excess of \$100, or has given implicit or explicit consent for any other person to receive 2.9 contributions or make expenditures in excess of \$100, for the purpose of bringing about the 2.10 individual's nomination or election. A candidate remains a candidate until the candidate's 2.11 principal campaign committee is dissolved as provided in section <del>10A.24</del> 10A.243. 2.12
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
  Subd. 11. Contribution. (a) "Contribution" means money, a negotiable instrument,
  or a donation in kind that is given to a political committee, political fund, principal
  campaign committee, or party unit. An allocation by an association of general treasury
  money to be used for activities that must be or are reported through the association's
  political fund is considered to be a contribution for the purposes of disclosure required
  by this chapter.
- (b) "Contribution" includes a loan or advance of credit to a political committee,
  political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit, if the loan or advance of credit
  is: (1) forgiven; or (2) repaid by an individual or an association other than the political
  committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit to which the loan
  or advance of credit was made. If an advance of credit or a loan is forgiven or repaid as
  provided in this paragraph, it is a contribution in the year in which the loan or advance
  of credit was made.
- (c) "Contribution" does not include services provided without compensation by an
  individual volunteering personal time on behalf of a candidate, ballot question, political
  committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit; the publishing or
  broadcasting of news items or editorial comments by the news media; or an individual's
  unreimbursed personal use of an automobile owned by the individual while volunteering
  personal time.
- 2.33

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

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Subd. 16. Election cycle. "Election cycle" means the period from January 1
following a general election for an office to December 31 following the next general
election for that office, except that "election cycle" for a special election means the period
from the date the special election writ is issued to 60 days after the special election is held.
For a regular election, the period from January 1 of the year prior to an election year through
December 31 of the election year is the "election segment" of the election cycle. Each
other two-year segment of an election cycle is a "non-election segment" of the election
cycle. An election cycle that consists of two calendar years has only an election segment.
The election segment of a special election cycle includes the entire special election cycle.
Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 16a. Expressly advocating. "Expressly advocating" means:
(1) that a communication clearly identifies a candidate and uses words or phrases
of express advocacy; or
(2) that a communication, when taken as a whole and with limited reference to
external events, such as the proximity to the election, is susceptible of no interpretation
by a reasonable person other than as advocating the election or defeat of one or more
clearly identified candidates.
Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 17c. General treasury money. "General treasury money" means money
that an association other than a principal campaign committee, party unit, or political
committee accumulates through membership dues and fees, donations to the association
for its general purposes, and income from the operation of a business. General treasury
money does not include money collected to influence the nomination or election of
candidates or to promote or defeat a ballot question.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 26a. Person. "Person" means an individual, an association, a political
subdivision, or a public higher education system.
Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

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4.1 Subd. 27. Political committee. "Political committee" means an association whose
4.2 major purpose is to influence the nomination or election of <u>a candidate one or more</u>
4.3 <u>candidates</u> or to promote or defeat a ballot question, other than a principal campaign
4.4 committee or a political party unit.

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4.5 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
4.6 Subd. 28. Political fund. "Political fund" means an accumulation of dues or
4.7 voluntary contributions by an association other than a political committee, principal
4.8 campaign committee, or party unit, if the accumulation is collected or expended to
4.9 influence the nomination or election of a candidate one or more candidates or to promote
4.10 or defeat a ballot question. The term "political fund" as used in this chapter may also refer
4.11 to the association acting through its political fund.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 4.12 Subd. 9. Documents; information. The executive director must inspect all material 4.13 filed with the board as promptly as necessary to comply with this chapter and, with other 4.14 provisions of law requiring the filing of a document with the board, and with other 4.15 provisions of law under the board's jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision 11. The executive 4.16 director must immediately notify the an individual required to file a document with the 4.17 board if a written complaint is filed with the board alleging, or it otherwise appears, that a 4.18 document filed with the board is inaccurate or does not comply with this chapter, or that 4.19 the individual has failed to file a document required by this chapter or has failed to comply 4.20 with this chapter or other provisions under the board's jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision 4.21 11. The executive director may provide an individual required to file a document under 4.22 this chapter with factual information concerning the limitations on corporate campaign 4.23 contributions imposed by section 211B.15. 4.24

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 4.25 Subd. 10. Audits and investigations. The board may make audits and investigations, 4.26 impose statutory civil penalties, and issue orders for compliance with respect to statements 4.27 and reports that are filed or that should have been filed under the requirements of this 4.28 chapter and provisions under the board's jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision 11. In all 4.29 matters relating to its official duties, the board has the power to issue subpoenas and cause 4.30 them to be served. If a person does not comply with a subpoena, the board may apply to 4.31 the District Court of Ramsey County for issuance of an order compelling obedience to the 4.32 subpoena. A person failing to obey the order is punishable by the court as for contempt. 4.33

5.1	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
5.2	Subd. 11. Violations; enforcement. (a) The board may investigate any alleged
5.3	violation of this chapter. The board may also investigate an alleged violation of section
5.4	211B.04, 211B.12, or 211B.15 by or related to a candidate, treasurer, principal campaign
5.5	committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit, as those terms are defined in
5.6	this chapter. The board must investigate any violation that is alleged in a written complaint
5.7	filed with the board and must within 30 days after the filing of the complaint make a public
5.8	finding of whether there is probable cause to believe a violation has occurred findings and
5.9	conclusions as to whether a violation has occurred and must issue an order, except that
5.10	if the complaint alleges a violation of section 10A.25 or 10A.27, the board must either
5.11	enter a conciliation agreement or make a public finding of whether there is probable cause,
5.12	findings and conclusions as to whether a violation has occurred and must issue an order
5.13	within 60 days after the filing of the complaint. The deadline for action on a written
5.14	complaint may be extended by majority vote of the board.
5.15	(b) The board may bring legal actions or negotiate settlements in its own name to
5.16	recover money raised from contributions subject to the conditions in this paragraph.
5.17	(1) No action may be commenced unless the board has made a formal determination,
5.18	after an investigation, that the money was raised for political purposes as defined in
5.19	section 211B.01, subdivision 6, and that the money was used for purposes not permitted
5.20	under this chapter or under section 211B.12.
5.21	(2) Prior to commencing an action, the board must give the association whose money
5.22	was misused written notice by certified mail of its intent to take action under this subdivision
5.23	and must give the association a reasonable opportunity, for a period of not less than 90
5.24	days, to recover the money without board intervention. This period must be extended
5.25	for at least an additional 90 days for good cause if the association is actively pursuing
5.26	recovery of the money. The board may not commence a legal action under this subdivision
5.27	if the association has commenced a legal action for the recovery of the same money.
5.28	(3) Any funds recovered under this subdivision must be deposited in a campaign
5.29	finance recovery account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated as follows:
5.30	(i) an amount equal to the board's actual costs and disbursements in the action,
5.31	including court reporter fees for depositions taken in the course of an investigation, is
5.32	appropriated to the board for its operations;
5.33	(ii) an amount equal to the reasonable value of legal services provided by the Office
5.34	of the Attorney General in the recovery matter, calculated on the same basis as is used
5.35	for charging legal fees to state agencies, is appropriated to the Office of the Attorney
5.36	General for its operations; and

- 6.1 (iii) any remaining balance is appropriated to the board for distribution to the
  6.2 association to which the money was originally contributed.
- 6.3 (4) Notwithstanding clause (3), item (iii), if the candidate of a principal campaign
  6.4 committee is the person who used the association's money for illegal purposes, or if the
  6.5 association or political fund whose money was misused is no longer registered with the
  6.6 board, any money remaining after the payments specified in clause (3), items (i) and (ii),
  6.7 must be transferred to the general account of the state elections campaign account.
- 6.8 (5) Any action by the board under this paragraph must be commenced not later than
  6.9 four years after the improper use of money is shown on a report filed with the board or the
  6.10 board has actual knowledge of improper use. No action may be commenced under this
  6.11 paragraph for improper uses disclosed on reports for calendar years prior to 2011.
- 6.12 (6) If the board prevails in an action brought under this subdivision and the court
  6.13 makes a finding that the misuse of funds was willful, the court may enter judgment in favor
  6.14 of the board and against the person misusing the funds in the amount of the misused funds.
- 6.15 (b) (c) Within a reasonable time after beginning an investigation of an individual
  6.16 or association, the board must notify the individual or association of the fact of the
  6.17 investigation. The board must not make a finding of whether there is probable cause to
  6.18 believe a violation has occurred without notifying the individual or association of the
  6.19 nature of the allegations and affording an opportunity to answer those allegations.
- 6.20 (e) (d) A hearing or action of the board concerning a complaint or investigation
  6.21 other than a finding concerning probable cause or a conciliation agreement is confidential.
  6.22 Until the board makes a public finding concerning probable cause or enters a conciliation
  6.23 agreement:
- (1) a member, employee, or agent of the board must not disclose to an individual
  information obtained by that member, employee, or agent concerning a complaint or
  investigation except as required to carry out the investigation or take action in the matter
  as authorized by this chapter; and
- 6.28 (2) an individual who discloses information contrary to this subdivision is subject6.29 to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.
- 6.30 (e) A matter that is under the board's jurisdiction pursuant to this section and that
  6.31 may result in a criminal offense must be finally disposed of by the board before the alleged
  6.32 violation may be prosecuted by a city or county attorney.
- 6.33 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
  6.34 Subd. 12. Advisory opinions. (a) The board may issue and publish advisory
  6.35 opinions on the requirements of this chapter and of those sections listed in subdivision 11

based upon real or hypothetical situations. An application for an advisory opinion may
be made only by an individual or association a person who is subject to chapter 10A and
who wishes to use the opinion to guide the individual's or the association's person's own
conduct. The board must issue written opinions on all such questions submitted to it
within 30 days after receipt of written application, unless a majority of the board agrees
to extend the time limit.

7.7 (b) A written advisory opinion issued by the board is binding on the board in a
7.8 subsequent board proceeding concerning the person making or covered by the request and
7.9 is a defense in a judicial proceeding that involves the subject matter of the opinion and is
7.10 brought against the person making or covered by the request unless:

(1) the board has amended or revoked the opinion before the initiation of the board
or judicial proceeding, has notified the person making or covered by the request of its
action, and has allowed at least 30 days for the person to do anything that might be
necessary to comply with the amended or revoked opinion;

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(2) the request has omitted or misstated material facts; or

7.16 (3) the person making or covered by the request has not acted in good faith in7.17 reliance on the opinion.

(c) A request for an opinion and the opinion itself are nonpublic data. The board,
however, may publish an opinion or a summary of an opinion, but may not include in the
publication the name of the requester, the name of a person covered by a request from an
agency or political subdivision, or any other information that might identify the requester,
unless the person consents to the inclusion.

- 7.23 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.02, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
  7.24 Subd. 15. Disposition of fees. The board must deposit all fees and civil penalties
  7.25 collected under this chapter into the general fund in the state treasury.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Penalty for false statements. (a) A report or statement required to be filed
  under this chapter must be signed and certified as true by the individual required to file the
  report. The signature may be an electronic signature consisting of a password assigned
  by the board.

(b) An individual who signs and certifies shall not sign and certify to be true a
report or statement knowing it contains false information or who knowingly knowing it
omits required information is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and subject to a civil penalty
imposed by the board of up to \$3,000.

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8.1	<u>(c) An</u>	individual shall not	knowingly pr	ovide false or incompl	ete information to
8.2	a treasurer w	ith the intent that the	e treasurer wi	ll rely on that informat	ion in signing and
8.3	certifying to	be true a report or s	tatement.		
8.4	<u>(d)</u> A p	erson who violates j	oaragraph (b)	or (c) is subject to a ci	vil penalty imposed
8.5	by the board	of up to \$3,000. A y	violation of pa	ragraph (b) or (c) is a	gross misdemeanor.
8.6	<u>(e) The</u>	board may impose a	an additional o	vivil penalty of up to \$3	3,000 on the principal
8.7	campaign con	mmittee or candidate	e, party unit, p	oolitical committee, or	association that has a
8.8	political func	I that is affiliated with	th an individu	al who violated paragr	aph (b) or (c).
8.9	Sec. 17. N	Ainnesota Statutes 2	012, section 1	0A.025, subdivision 3	, is amended to read:
8.10	Subd. 3	3. Record keeping;	penalty. <u>(a)</u> A	person required to file	e a report or statement
8.11	or who has a	accepted record-keep	oing responsib	ility for the filer must	maintain records on
8.12	the matters re	equired to be reporte	ed, including v	vouchers, canceled che	cks, bills, invoices,
8.13	worksheets, a	and receipts, that wi	ll provide in s	ufficient detail the nec	essary information
8.14	from which t	he filed reports and	statements ma	ay be verified, explained	ed, clarified, and
8.15	checked for a	accuracy and comple	eteness. The p	erson must keep the re	ecords available for
8.16	audit, inspect	tion, or examination	by the board	or its authorized repre	sentatives for four
8.17	years from th	e date of filing of th	ne reports or s	tatements or of change	es or corrections to
8.18	them. A pers	on who knowingly v	violates this su	bdivision is guilty of	a misdemeanor.
8.19	<u>(b)</u> The	board may impose a	a civil penalty	of up to \$3,000 on a p	erson who knowingly
8.20	violates this	subdivision. The bo	ard may impo	se a separate civil pena	alty of up to \$3,000
			·//	1.4	1

- 8.23 this subdivision.
- 8.24 (c) A kn

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(c) A knowing violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.

8.25 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.071, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
8.26 Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) The prohibitions in this section do not apply if the gift is:
8.27 (1) a contribution as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 11;

on the principal campaign committee or candidate, party unit, political committee, or

association that has a political fund that is affiliated with an individual who violated

- 8.28 (2) services to assist an official in the performance of official duties, including
  8.29 but not limited to providing advice, consultation, information, and communication in
  8.30 connection with legislation, and services to constituents;
- 8.31 (3) services of insignificant monetary value;
- 8.32 (4) a plaque with a resale value of \$5 or less;
- 8.33 (5) a trinket or memento costing \$5 or less;
- 8.34 (6) informational material with a resale value of \$5 or less; or

- 9.1 (7) food or a beverage given at a reception, meal, or meeting <u>if:</u>
  9.2 (i) the reception, meal, or meeting is held away from the recipient's place of work by
  9.3 an organization before whom the recipient appears to make a speech or answer questions
  9.4 as part of a program: <u>or</u>
- 9.5 (ii) the recipient is a member or employee of the legislature and an invitation to
  9.6 attend the reception, meal, or meeting was provided to all members of the legislature at
  9.7 least five days prior to the date of the event.
- 9.8 (b) The prohibitions in this section do not apply if the gift is given:
- 9.9 (1) because of the recipient's membership in a group, a majority of whose members9.10 are not officials, and an equivalent gift is given to the other members of the group; or
- 9.11 (2) by a lobbyist or principal who is a member of the family of the recipient, unless9.12 the gift is given on behalf of someone who is not a member of that family.
- 9.13

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.105, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 9.14 Subdivision 1. Single committee. A candidate must not accept contributions from a 9.15 source, other than self, in aggregate in excess of \$100 \$750 or accept a public subsidy 9.16 unless the candidate designates and causes to be formed a single principal campaign 9.17 committee for each office sought. A candidate may not authorize, designate, or cause to be 9.18 formed any other political committee bearing the candidate's name or title or otherwise 9.19 operating under the direct or indirect control of the candidate. However, a candidate may 9.20 be involved in the direct or indirect control of a party unit. 9.21

- 9.22 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  9.23 Subdivision 1. When required for contributions and approved expenditures. An
  9.24 association other than a political committee or party unit may not contribute more than
  9.25 \$\frac{\$100 \\$750}{\$750}\$ in aggregate in any one calendar year to candidates, political committees, or
  9.26 party units or make any approved or independent expenditure or expenditure to promote
  9.27 or defeat a ballot question expenditures of more than \$750 in aggregate in any calendar
  9.28 year unless the contribution or expenditure is made from through a political fund.
- 9.29 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.12, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
  9.30 Subd. 1a. When required for independent expenditures or ballot questions. An
  9.31 association other than a political committee that makes only independent expenditures
  9.32 and disbursements permitted under section 10A.121, subdivision 1, or expenditures to
  9.33 promote or defeat a ballot question must do so by forming and registering through an

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10.1	independent e	xpenditure or ballot	t question poli	tical fund if the expend	liture is in excess of			
10.2	-	independent expenditure or ballot question political fund if the expenditure is in excess of \$100 independent expenditures aggregate more than \$1,500 in a calendar year or if the						
10.3		-		stion aggregate more th				
10.4				independent expenditu				
10.5		mittee or <del>political</del> f	-	1 1				
	1	1						
10.6	Sec. 22. M	innesota Statutes 20	012, section 1	0A.12, subdivision 2, is	s amended to read:			
10.7	Subd. 2	Commingling pr	ohibited. The	e contents of a an assoc	iation's political			
10.8	fund may not	be commingled wit	h other funds	or with the personal fu	nds of an officer or			
10.9	member of the	e association or the	fund. It is not	commingling for an as	ssociation that uses			
10.10	only its own g	general treasury more	ney to make e	xpenditures and disbur	sements permitted			
10.11	under section	10A.121, subdivisi	on 1, directly	from the depository us	ed for its general			
10.12	treasury mone	y. An association the	nat accepts mo	ore than \$1,500 in contr	ibutions to influence			
10.13	the nomination	n or election of can	didates or mo	re than \$5,000 in contri	butions to promote			
10.14	or defeat a bal	lot question must e	stablish a sepa	arate depository for tho	se contributions.			
10.15	Sec. 23. M	innesota Statutes 2	012, section 1	0A.121, is amended to	read:			
10.16	10A.121	INDEPENDENT	EXPENDIT	URE AND BALLOT	QUESTION			
10.17	POLITICAL	COMMITTEES A	AND <del>INDEP</del>	ENDENT EXPENDIT	URE POLITICAL			
10.18	FUNDS.							
10.19	Subdivis	sion 1. Permitted d	lisbursement	s. An independent exp	enditure political			
10.20	committee or	an independent exp	enditure polit	<del>ical</del> <u>fund, or a ballot qu</u>	sestion political			
10.21	committee or	fund, <del>in addition to</del>	making indep	<del>endent expenditures,</del> n	nay:			
10.22	(1) pay o	costs associated wit	h its fund-rais	ing and general operati	lons;			
10.23	(2) pay :	for communications	s that do not c	constitute contributions	or approved			
10.24	expenditures;	and						
10.25	(3) make	e contributions to <del>o</del>	ther independ	ent expenditure or ballo	ot question political			
10.26	committees or	independent exper	diture politie	<del>al</del> funds <u>;</u>				
10.27	<u>(4) make</u>	e independent expe	nditures;					
10.28	<u>(5) make</u>	e disbursements for	electioneerin	g communications;				
10.29	<u>(6) make</u>	e expenditures to pr	omote or defe	eat ballot questions;				
10.30	<u>(7) retur</u>	n a contribution to	its source;					
10.31	(8) for a political fund, record bookkeeping entries transferring the association's							
10.32	general treasu	ry money allocated	for political p	ourposes back to the ge	neral treasury of			
10.22	the aggregation, and							

10.33 the association; and

- (9) for a political fund, return general treasury money transferred to a separate
   depository to the general depository of the association.
- Subd. 2. Penalty. (a) An independent expenditure political committee or
  independent expenditure political fund is subject to a civil penalty of up to four times the
  amount of the contribution or approved expenditure if it does the following:
- (1) makes a contribution to a candidate, party unit, political committee, or political
  fund other than an independent expenditure political committee or an independent
- 11.8 expenditure political fund; or
- 11.9

(2) makes an approved expenditure.

(b) No other penalty provided in law may be imposed for conduct that is subject to acivil penalty under this section.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 11.12 Subdivision 1. First registration. The treasurer of a political committee, political 11.13 11.14 fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit must register with the board by filing a registration statement of organization no later than 14 days after the committee, fund, 11.15 or party unit has made a contribution, received contributions, or made expenditures in 11.16 11.17 excess of \$100 \$750, or by the end of the next business day after it has received a loan or contribution that must be reported under section 10A.20, subdivision 5, whichever is 11.18 earlier. This subdivision does not apply to ballot question or independent expenditure 11.19

- 11.20 political committees or funds, which are subject to subdivision 1a.
- 11.21 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 11.22 Subd. 1a. Independent expenditure or ballot question political committees 11.23 11.24 and funds; first registration; reporting. The treasurer of an independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund must register with the board by filing 11.25 a registration statement: 11.26 (1) no later than 14 calendar days after the committee or the association registering 11.27 the political fund has: 11.28 (i) received aggregate contributions for independent expenditures of more than 11.29 \$1,500 in a calendar year; 11.30 (ii) received aggregate contributions for expenditures to promote or defeat a ballot 11.31 question of more than \$5,000 in a calendar year; 11.32
- (iii) made aggregate independent expenditures of more than \$1,500 in a calendar
  year; or
  - Article 1 Sec. 25.

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12.1	(iv) made	aggregate expend	litures to prom	note or defeat a ballot q	uestion of more	
12.2	than \$5,000 in a calendar year; or					
12.3	(2) by the	end of the next b	usiness day af	ter it has received a loa	n or contribution	
12.4	that must be rep	orted under section	on 10A.20, su	bdivision 5, and it has	met one of the	

12.5 requirements of clause (1).

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Anonymous contributions. A political committee, political fund,
principal campaign committee, or party unit may not retain an anonymous contribution
in excess of \$20, but must forward it to the board for deposit in the general account of
the state elections campaign fund account.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 12.11 Subd. 3. Deposit. All contributions received by or on behalf of a candidate, 12.12 12.13 principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit must be deposited in an account designated "Campaign Fund of ..... (name of candidate, 12.14 committee, fund, or party unit)." All contributions must be deposited promptly upon 12.15 12.16 receipt and, except for contributions received during the last three days of a reporting period as described in section 10A.20, must be deposited during the reporting period 12.17 in which they were received. A contribution received during the last three days of a 12.18 reporting period must be deposited within 72 hours after receipt and must be reported 12.19 as received during the reporting period whether or not deposited within that period. A 12.20 12.21 candidate, principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit may refuse to accept a contribution. A deposited contribution may be returned to the 12.22 contributor within 60 90 days after deposit. A contribution deposited and not returned 12.23 12.24 within 60 90 days after that deposit must be reported as accepted.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 12.25 Subdivision 1. First filing; duration. The treasurer of a political committee, political 12.26 fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit must begin to file the reports required 12.27 by this section in for the first year it receives contributions or makes expenditures in excess 12.28 of \$100 that require it to register under section 10A.14 and must continue to file until the 12.29 12.30 committee, fund, or party unit is terminated. The reports must be filed electronically in a standards-based open format specified by the board. For good cause shown, the board 12.31 must grant exemptions to the requirement that reports be filed electronically. 12.32

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13.1	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
13.2	Subd. 2. Time for filing. (a) The reports must be filed with the board on or before
13.3	January 31 of each year and additional reports must be filed as required and in accordance
13.4	with paragraphs (b) to (d).
13.5	(b) In each year in which the name of the a candidate for legislative or district court
13.6	judicial office is on the ballot, the report of the principal campaign committee must be
13.7	filed 15 days before a primary and ten days before a general election, seven days before a
13.8	special primary and a special election, and ten days after a special election cycle.
13.9	(c) In each general election year, a political committee or, a political fund must file
13.10	reports 28 and 15 days before a primary and 42 and ten days before a general election.
13.11	Beginning in 2012, reports required under this paragraph must also be filed 56 days before
13.12	a primary., a state party committee, a party unit established by all or a part of the party
13.13	organization within a house of the legislature, and the principal campaign committee
13.14	of a candidate for constitutional or appellate court judicial office must file reports on
13.15	the following schedule:
13.16	(1) a first-quarter report covering the calendar year through March 31, which is
13.17	due April 14;
13.18	(2) in a year in which a primary election is held in August, a report covering the
13.19	calendar year through May 31, which is due June 14;
13.20	(3) in a year in which a primary election is held before August, a pre-general-election
13.21	report covering the calendar year through July 15, which is due July 29;
13.22	(4) a pre-primary-election report due 15 days before a primary election;
13.23	(5) a pre-general-election report due 42 days before the general election;
13.24	(6) a pre-general-election report due ten days before a general election; and
13.25	(7) for a special election, a constitutional office candidate whose name is on the
13.26	ballot must file reports seven days before a special primary and a special election, and ten
13.27	days after a special election cycle.
13.28	(d) In each general election year, a party unit not included in paragraph (c) must file
13.29	reports 15 days before a primary election and ten days before a general election.
13.30	(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d), the principal campaign committee of a
13.31	candidate whose name will not be on the general election ballot is not required to file the
13.32	report due ten days before a general election or seven days before a special election.
13.33	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
13.34	Subd. 3. Contents of report. (a) The report required by this section must include

13.35 <u>each of the items listed in paragraphs (b) to (o) that are applicable to the filer. The board</u>

shall prescribe forms based on filer type indicating which of those items must be included
on the filer's report.

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(a) (b) The report must disclose the amount of liquid assets on hand at the beginning of the reporting period.

(b) (c) The report must disclose the name, address, and employer, or occupation if 14.5 self-employed, of each individual or association that has made one or more contributions 14.6 to the reporting entity, including the purchase of tickets for a fund-raising effort, that in 14.7 aggregate within the year exceed \$100 \$200 for legislative or statewide candidates or more 14.8 than \$500 for ballot questions, together with the amount and date of each contribution, 14.9 and the aggregate amount of contributions within the year from each source so disclosed. 14.10 Notwithstanding section 10A.15 and the threshold in this section, a contribution from 14.11 14.12 a lobbyist in any amount must be disclosed under this paragraph. A donation in kind must be disclosed at its fair market value. An approved expenditure must be listed as a 14.13 donation in kind. A donation in kind is considered consumed in the reporting period 14.14 14.15 in which it is received. The names of contributors must be listed in alphabetical order. Contributions from the same contributor must be listed under the same name. When a 14.16 contribution received from a contributor in a reporting period is added to previously 14.17 reported unitemized contributions from the same contributor and the aggregate exceeds 14.18 the disclosure threshold of this paragraph, the name, address, and employer, or occupation 14.19 if self-employed, of the contributor must then be listed on the report. 14.20

- (c) (d) The report must disclose the sum of contributions to the reporting entity
  during the reporting period.
- (d) (e) The report must disclose each loan made or received by the reporting entity
  within the year in aggregate in excess of \$100 \$200, continuously reported until repaid or
  forgiven, together with the name, address, occupation, and principal place of business,
  if any, of the lender and any endorser and the date and amount of the loan. If a loan
  made to the principal campaign committee of a candidate is forgiven or is repaid by an
  entity other than that principal campaign committee, it must be reported as a contribution
  for the year in which the loan was made.
- 14.30 (e) (f) The report must disclose each receipt over  $\frac{100}{200}$  during the reporting 14.31 period not otherwise listed under paragraphs (b) (c) to (d) (e).
- 14.32(f) (g) The report must disclose the sum of all receipts of the reporting entity during14.33the reporting period.
- 14.34 (g) (h) The report must disclose the name and address of each individual or
  14.35 association to whom aggregate expenditures, including approved expenditures,
- 14.36 independent expenditures, ballot question expenditures, and disbursements for

electioneering communications have been made by or on behalf of the reporting entity 15.1 within the year in excess of \$100 \$200, together with the amount, date, and purpose of 15.2 each expenditure and the name and address of, and office sought by, each candidate on 15.3 whose behalf the expenditure was made or, in the case of electioneering communications, 15.4 each candidate identified positively in the communication, identification of the ballot 15.5 question that the expenditure was intended to promote or defeat and an indication of 15.6 whether the expenditure was to promote or to defeat the ballot question, and in the 15.7 case of independent expenditures made in opposition to a candidate or electioneering 15.8 communications in which a candidate is identified negatively, the candidate's name, 15.9 address, and office sought. A reporting entity making an expenditure on behalf of more 15.10 than one candidate for state or legislative office must allocate the expenditure among the 15.11 candidates on a reasonable cost basis and report the allocation for each candidate. 15.12

15.13 (h) (i) The report must disclose the sum of all expenditures made by or on behalf of
 15.14 the reporting entity during the reporting period.

(i) (j) The report must disclose the amount and nature of an advance of credit
incurred by the reporting entity, continuously reported until paid or forgiven. If an advance
of credit incurred by the principal campaign committee of a candidate is forgiven by the
creditor or paid by an entity other than that principal campaign committee, it must be
reported as a donation in kind for the year in which the advance of credit was made.

15.20 (j) (k) The report must disclose the name and address of each political committee, 15.21 political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit to which contributions have 15.22 been made that aggregate in excess of \$100 \$200 within the year and the amount and 15.23 date of each contribution.

15.24 (k) (l) The report must disclose the sum of all contributions made by the reporting
 15.25 entity during the reporting period.

15.26 (h) (m) The report must disclose the name and address of each individual or 15.27 association to whom noncampaign disbursements have been made that aggregate in excess 15.28 of  $\frac{100}{200}$  within the year by or on behalf of the reporting entity and the amount, date, 15.29 and purpose of each noncampaign disbursement.

- $\frac{(m)}{(n)}$  The report must disclose the sum of all noncampaign disbursements made within the year by or on behalf of the reporting entity.
- (n) (o) The report must disclose the name and address of a nonprofit corporation that
  provides administrative assistance to a political committee or political fund as authorized
  by section 211B.15, subdivision 17, the type of administrative assistance provided, and the
  aggregate fair market value of each type of assistance provided to the political committee
  or political fund during the reporting period.

16.1	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
16.2	Subd. 5. Preelection Pre-election reports. (a) Any loan, contribution, or
16.3	contributions:
16.4	(1) to a political committee or political fund from any one source totaling more than
16.5	\$1,000 or more, or in a statewide election for;
16.6	(2) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for an appellate court judicial
16.7	office, any loan, contribution, or contributions from any one source totaling more than
16.8	\$2,000 or more, or in any judicial;
16.9	(3) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for district court judge
16.10	totaling more than \$400 or more, and any loan, contribution, or contributions; or
16.11	(4) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for constitutional office or
16.12	for the legislature from any one source totaling 80 more than 50 percent or more of the
16.13	election cycle contribution limit for the office, received between the last day covered in
16.14	the last report before an election and the election must be reported to the board in one of
16.15	the following ways: in the manner provided in paragraph (b).
16.16	(b) A loan, contribution, or contributions required to be reported to the board under
16.17	paragraph (a) must be reported to the board either:
16.18	(1) in person by the end of the next business day after its receipt; or
16.19	(2) by electronic means sent within 24 hours after its receipt.
16.20	(c) These loans and contributions must also be reported in the next required report.
16.21	(d) This notice requirement does not apply with respect to in a primary in which
16.22	the statewide or legislative election to a candidate who is unopposed in the primary, in a
16.23	primary election to a ballot question political committee or fund, or in a general election to
16.24	a candidate whose name is not on the general election ballot. The board must post the
16.25	report on its Web site by the end of the next business day after it is received.
16.26	(e) This subdivision does not apply to a ballot question or independent expenditure
16.27	political committee or fund that has not met the registration threshold of section 10A.14,
16.28	subdivision 1a. However, if a contribution that would be subject to this section triggers the
16.29	registration requirement in section 10A.14, subdivision 1a, then both registration under
16.30	that section and reporting under this section are required.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Report when no committee. (a) A candidate who does not designate
and cause to be formed a principal campaign committee and an individual who makes
independent expenditures or campaign expenditures expressly advocating the approval or
defeat of a ballot question in aggregate in excess of \$100 \$750 in a year must file with

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17.1	the board a report containing the information required by subdivision 3. Reports required
17.2	by this subdivision must be filed on by the dates on which reports by principal campaign
17.3	committees, funds, and party units are must be filed.
17.4	(b) An individual who makes independent expenditures that aggregate more than
17.5	\$1,500 in a calendar year or expenditures to promote or defeat a ballot question that
17.6	aggregate more than \$5,000 in a calendar year must file with the board a report containing
17.7	the information required by subdivision 3. A report required by this subdivision must be
17.8	filed by the date on which the next report by political committees and political funds
17.9	must be filed.
17.10	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
17.11	Subd. 7. Statement of inactivity. If a reporting entity principal campaign
17.12	committee, party unit, or political committee, has no receipts or expenditures during a
17.13	reporting period, the treasurer must file with the board at the time required by this section
17.14	a statement to that effect.
17.15	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
17.16	to read:
17.17	Subd. 7a. Activity of political fund. An association is not required to file any
17.18	statement or report for a reporting period when the association accepted no contributions
17.19	into the association's political fund and made no expenditures from its political fund since
17.20	the last date included in its most recent filed report. If the association maintains a separate
17.21	checking account for its political fund, the receipt of interest on the proceeds of that
17.22	account and the payment of fees to maintain that account do not constitute activity that
17.23	requires the filing of a report for an otherwise inactive political fund.
17.24	Sec. 35. [10A.201] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS.
17.25	Subdivision 1. Electioneering communication. (a) "Electioneering
17.26	communication" means a communication distributed by television, radio, satellite, or
17.27	cable broadcasting system; by means of printed material, signs, or billboards; or through
17.28	the use of telephone communications that:
17.29	(1) refers to a clearly identified candidate;
17.30	(2) is made within:
17.31	(i) 30 days before a primary election or special primary election for the office sought
17.32	by the candidate; or

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18.1	(ii) 60 da	ys before a general el	lection or specia	l election for the of	fice sought by		
18.2	the candidate;						
18.3	(3) is targ	geted to the relevant e	electorate; and				
18.4	(4) is ma	de without the expres	s or implied cor	sent, authorization,	or cooperation		
18.5	of, and not in c	oncert with or at the	request or sugge	stion of, a candidate	e or a candidate's		
18.6	principal camp	aign committee or ag	ent.				
18.7	(b) Electi	oneering communica	tion does not in	clude:			
18.8	(1) the pu	blishing or broadcast	ting of news iter	ns or editorial comm	nents by the news		
18.9	media;						
18.10	<u>(2) a com</u>	munication that cons	titutes an appro-	ved expenditure or a	in independent		
18.11	expenditure;						
18.12	<u>(3) a com</u>	munication by an ass	sociation distrib	ited only to the asso	ociation's own		
18.13	members, donc	ors, or subscribers in a	a newsletter or s	imilar publication in	n a form that is		
18.14	routinely sent t	o the association's me	embers;				
18.15	<u>(4) a vote</u>	er guide, which is a pa	amphlet or simil	ar printed materials,	intended to help		
18.16	voters compare	candidates' positions	s on a set of issu	es, as long as each c	of the following is		
18.17	true:						
18.18	(i) the gu	ide does not focus on	a single issue	or a narrow range of	f issues, but		
18.19	includes questi	ons and subjects suffi	cient to encomp	ass major issues of	interest to the		
18.20	entire electorat	<u>e;</u>					
18.21	(ii) the qu	sestions and any other	r description of	the issues are clear a	and unbiased in		
18.22	both their struc	ture and content;					
18.23	(iii) the q	uestions posed and p	rovided to the c	andidates are idention	cal to those		
18.24	included in the	guide;					
18.25	(iv) each	candidate included in	the guide is given	en a reasonable am	ount of time and		
18.26	the same oppor	tunity as other candio	lates to respond	to the questions;			
18.27	(v) if the	candidate is given lin	nited choices for	an answer to a ques	stion, for example:		
18.28	"support," "opp	oose," "yes," or "no,"	the candidate is	also given an oppor	tunity, subject to		
18.29	reasonable limit	ts, to explain the can	didate's position	in the candidate's o	wn words; the		
18.30	fact that a cand	lidate provided an exp	planation is clea	rly indicated in the	guide; and the		
18.31	guide clearly ir	dicates that the expla	nations will be	made available for p	oublic inspection,		
18.32	subject to reaso	onable conditions;					
18.33	(vi) answ	ers included in the gu	ide are those pr	ovided by the candid	dates in response		
18.34	to questions, th	e candidate's answers	s are unedited, a	nd the answers app	ear in close		
18.35	proximity to th	e question to which t	hey respond;				

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(vii) if the guide includes candidates' positions based on information other than 19.1 19.2 responses provided directly by the candidate, the positions are based on recorded votes, reliable media reports, or public statements of the candidates and are presented in an 19.3 unedited and unbiased manner; and 19.4 (viii) the guide includes all major party candidates for each office listed in the guide; 19.5 (5) any other communication specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being 19.6 excluded from the definition of electioneering communications; or 19.7 (6) a communication that: 19.8 (i) refers to a clearly identified candidate who is an incumbent member of the 19.9 legislature or a constitutional officer; 19.10 (ii) refers to a clearly identified issue that is or was before the legislature in the 19.11 19.12 form of an introduced bill; and (iii) is made when the legislature is in session or within ten days after the last day of 19.13 a regular session of the legislature. 19.14 19.15 (c) A communication that meets the requirements of paragraph (a) but is made with the authorization or express or implied consent of, or in cooperation or in concert with, or 19.16 at the request or suggestion of a candidate, a candidate's principal campaign committee, or 19.17 19.18 a candidate's agent is an approved expenditure. (d) Distributing a voter guide questionnaire, survey, or similar document to 19.19 candidates and communications with candidates limited to obtaining their responses, 19.20 without more, do not constitute communications that would result in the voter guide being 19.21 an approved expenditure on behalf of the candidate. 19.22 Subd. 2. Targeted to relevant electorate. (a) For purposes of this section, a 19.23 communication that refers to a clearly identified candidate is targeted to the relevant 19.24 electorate if the communication is distributed to or can be received by more than 1,500 19.25 19.26 persons in the district the candidate seeks to represent, in the case of a candidate for the house of representatives, senate, or a district court judicial office or by more than 6,000 19.27 persons in the state, in the case of a candidate for constitutional office or appellate court 19.28 judicial office. 19.29 (b) A communication consisting of printed materials, other than signs, billboards, 19.30 or advertisements published in the print media, is targeted to the relevant electorate if it 19.31 meets the requirements of paragraph (a) and is distributed to voters by means of United 19.32 States mail or through direct delivery to a resident's home or business. 19.33 Subd. 3. Disclosure of electioneering communications. (a) Electioneering 19.34 communications made by a political committee, a party unit, or a principal campaign 19.35

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committee must be disclosed on the periodic reports of receipts and expenditures filed by 20.1 20.2 the association on the schedule and in accordance with the terms of section 10A.20. (b) An association other than a political committee, party unit, or principal campaign 20.3 committee may register a political fund with the board and disclose its electioneering 20.4 communications on the reports of receipts and expenditures filed by the political fund. 20.5 If it does so, it must disclose its disbursements for electioneering communication on the 20.6 schedule and in accordance with the terms of section 10A.20. 20.7 (c) An association that does not disclose its disbursements for electioneering 20.8 communication under paragraph (a) or (b) must disclose its electioneering communications 20.9 according to the requirements of subdivision 4. 20.10 Subd. 4. Statement required for electioneering communications made by 20.11 20.12 unregistered associations. (a) Except for associations providing disclosure as specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b), every person who makes a disbursement for the 20.13 costs of producing or distributing electioneering communications that aggregate more than 20.14 20.15 \$1,500 in a calendar year must, within 24 hours of each disclosure date, file with the board a disclosure statement containing the information described in this subdivision. 20.16 (b) Each statement required to be filed under this section must contain the following 20.17 20.18 information: (1) the names of: (i) the association making the disbursement; (ii) any person 20.19 exercising direction or control over the activities of the association with respect to the 20.20 disbursement; and (iii) the custodian of the financial records of the association making 20.21 disbursement; 20.22 20.23 (2) the address of the association making the disbursement; 20.24 (3) the amount of each disbursement of more than \$200 during the period covered by the statement, a description of the purpose of the disbursement, and the identification of 20.25 20.26 the person to whom the disbursement was made; (4) the names of the candidates identified or to be identified in the communication; 20.27 (5) if the disbursements were paid out of a segregated bank account that consists 20.28 of funds donated specifically for electioneering communications, the name and address 20.29 of each person who gave the association more than \$200 in aggregate to that account 20.30 during the period beginning on the first day of the preceding calendar year and ending on 20.31 the disclosure date; and 20.32 (6) if the disbursements for electioneering communications were made using general 20.33 treasury money of the association, an association that has paid more than \$5,000 in 20.34 aggregate for electioneering communications during the calendar year must file with its 20.35 disclosure statement a written statement that includes the name, address, and amount 20.36

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21.1	attributable to each person that paid the association membership dues or fees, or made
21.2	donations to the association that, in total, aggregate more than \$5,000 of the money used
21.3	by the association for electioneering communications. The statement must also include
21.4	the total amount of the disbursements for electioneering communications attributable to
21.5	persons not subject to itemization under this clause. The statement must be certified as
21.6	true by an officer of the association that made the disbursements for the electioneering
21.7	communications.
21.8	(c) To determine the amount of the membership dues or fees, or donations
21.9	made by a person to an association and attributable to the association's disbursements
21.10	for electioneering communications, the association must separately prorate the total
21.11	disbursements made for electioneering communications during the calendar year over all
21.12	general treasury money received during the calendar year.
21.13	(d) If the amount spent for electioneering communications exceeds the amount of
21.14	general treasury money received by the association during that year:
21.15	(1) the electioneering communications must be attributed first to all receipts of
21.16	general treasury money received during the calendar year in which the electioneering
21.17	communications were made;
21.18	(2) any amount of current year electioneering communications that exceeds the total
21.19	of all receipts of general treasury money during the current calendar year must be prorated
21.20	over all general treasury money received in the preceding calendar year; and
21.21	(3) if the allocation made in clauses (1) and (2) is insufficient to cover the subject
21.22	electioneering communications, no further allocation is required.
21.23	(e) After a portion of the general treasury money received by an association
21.24	from a person has been designated as the source of a disbursement for electioneering
21.25	communications, that portion of the association's general treasury money received
21.26	from that person may not be designated as the source of any other disbursement for
21.27	electioneering communications or as the source for any contribution to an independent
21.28	expenditure political committee or fund.
21.29	Subd. 5. Disclosure date. For purposes of this section, the term "disclosure date"
21.30	means the earlier of:
21.31	(1) the first date on which an electioneering communication is publicly distributed,
21.32	provided that the person making the electioneering communication has made
21.33	disbursements for the direct costs of producing or distributing one or more electioneering
21.34	communication aggregating in excess of \$1,500; or
21.35	(2) any other date during the same calendar year on which an electioneering
21.36	communication is publicly distributed, provided that the person making the electioneering

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22.1	communicati	on has made disburse	ements for th	e direct costs of distrib	uting one or more
22.2				excess of \$1,500 since	
22.3	disclosure da	te.			
22.4	Subd. 6	<u>Contracts to disbu</u>	urse. <u>For pu</u>	rposes of this section, a	a person shall be
22.5	treated as have	ving made a disburse	ment if the p	erson has entered into	an obligation to
22.6	make the disl	oursement.			
22.7	Subd. 7	<sup>7</sup> . <u>Statement of attri</u>	bution. (a)	An electioneering com	munication must
22.8	include a stat	ement of attribution.			
22.9	(1) For	communications dist	ributed by p	rinted material, signs, a	and billboards, the
22.10	statement mu	st say, in conspicuou	s letters: "Pa	id for by [association n	ame] [address]."
22.11	(2) For	communications dist	tributed by to	elevision, radio, satelli	te, or cable
22.12	broadcasting	system, the statemen	t must be inc	luded at the end of the	communication and
22.13	must orally st	ate at a volume and s	speed that a p	person of ordinary hear	ing can comprehend:
22.14	"The preceding	ng communication wa	as paid for b	y the [association name	<u>)."</u>
22.15	(3) For	communications dist	ributed by te	lephone communication	on, the statement
22.16	must precede	the communication a	and must ora	ly state at a volume and	d speed that a person
22.17	of ordinary h	earing can comprehen	nd: "The fol	owing communication	is paid for by the
22.18	[association r	name]."			
22.19	<u>(b) If th</u>	e communication is p	baid for by a	n association registered	with the board, the
22.20	statement of a	attribution must use t	he association	n's name as it is registe	ered with the board.
22.21	If the commu	nication is paid for b	y an associa	tion not registered with	n the board, the
22.22	statement of a	attribution must use t	he association	n's name as it is disclo	sed to the board on
22.23	the association	n's disclosure statem	ent associate	d with the communicat	tion.
22.24	Subd. 8	E. Failure to file; per	<b>alty.</b> (a) If a	person fails to file a st	atement required by
22.25	this section b	y the date the stateme	ent is due, th	e board may impose a l	ate filing fee of \$50
22.26	per day, not t	o exceed \$1,000, com	nmencing the	e day after the report w	as due.
22.27	<u>(b)</u> The	board must send not	ice by certifi	ed mail to a person wh	no fails to file a
22.28	statement wit	hin ten business days	s after the sta	tement was due that th	e person may be
22.29	subject to a c	ivil penalty for failur	e to file the s	statement. A person wh	no fails to file the
22.30	statement wit	hin seven days after t	the certified	nail notice was sent by	the board is subject
22.31	to a civil pen	alty imposed by the b	board of up t	o \$1,000.	
22.32	<u>(c)</u> An a	association that provi	des disclosu	re under section 10A.2	0 rather than under
22.33	this section is	s subject to the late fil	ling fee and	civil penalty provisions	s of section 10A.20
22.34	and is not sub	pject to the penalties	provided in t	his subdivision.	
22.35	<u>(d)</u> An a	association that make	es electioneer	ing communications u	nder this section and
22.36	willfully fails	to provide the staten	nent required	l by subdivision 4, para	agraph (b), clause

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- 23.1 (6), within the time specified is subject to an additional civil penalty of up to four times
- 23.2 the amount of the electioneering communications disbursements that should have been
- 23.3 <u>included on the statement.</u>

23.4 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.241, is amended to read:

23.5

**10A.241 TRANSFER OF DEBTS.** 

Notwithstanding section 10A.24, A candidate may terminate the candidate's 23.6 principal campaign committee for one state office by transferring any debts of that 23.7 committee to the candidate's principal campaign committee for another state office if 23.8 all outstanding unpaid bills or loans from the committee being terminated are assumed 23.9 and continuously reported by the committee to which the transfer is being made until 23.10 paid or forgiven. A loan that is forgiven is covered by section 10A.20 and, for purposes 23.11 of section 10A.324, is a contribution to the principal campaign committee from which 23.12 the debt was transferred under this section. 23.13

# 23.14 Sec. 37. [10A.243] TERMINATION OF REGISTRATION.

Subdivision 1. Termination report. A political committee, political fund, principal 23.15 campaign committee, or party unit may terminate its registration with the board after it 23.16 23.17 has disposed of all its assets in excess of \$100 by filing a final report of receipts and expenditures. The final report must be identified as a termination report and must include 23.18 all financial transactions that occurred after the last date included on the most recent 23.19 report filed with the board. The termination report may be filed at any time after the 23.20 asset threshold in this section is reached. 23.21 Subd. 2. Asset disposition. "Assets" include credit balances at vendors, prepaid 23.22 postage and postage stamps, as well as physical assets. Assets must be disposed of at their 23.23 fair market value. Assets of a political fund that consist of, or were acquired using, only 23.24 the general treasury money of the fund's supporting association remain the property of the 23.25 association upon termination of the association's political fund registration and are not 23.26

23.27 <u>subject to the disposal requirements of this section.</u>

# 23.28 Sec. 38. [10A.244] VOLUNTARY INACTIVE STATUS; POLITICAL FUNDS. 23.29 Subdivision 1. Election of voluntary inactive status. An association that has a 23.30 political fund registered under this chapter may elect to have the fund placed on voluntary

- 23.31 <u>inactive status if the following conditions are met:</u>
- 23.32 (1) the association makes a written request for inactive status;

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24.1	(2) th	e association has filed	l all periodic 1	reports required by this	s chapter and
24.2	has received no contributions into its political fund and made no expenditures or				
24.3	disburseme	nts for electioneering	communicatio	ons through its political	I fund since the last
24.4	date include	ed on the association's	most recent i	report; and	
24.5	(3) the	e association has satisf	fied all obligat	tions to the state for lat	e filing fees and civil
24.6	penalties in	posed by the board of	r the board ha	s waived this requirem	ent.
24.7	Subd.	2. Effect of volunta	ry inactive st	atus. After an associat	tion has complied
24.8	with the rec	uirements of subdivis	sion 1:		
24.9	(1) the	e board must notify th	e association	that its political fund h	as been placed in
24.10	voluntary ir	nactive status and of the	he terms of th	is section;	
24.11	<u>(2) the</u>	e board must stop send	ding the assoc	iation reports, forms, a	nd notices of report
24.12	due dates th	at are periodically ser	nt to entities r	egistered with the boar	<u>d;</u>
24.13	(3) the	e association is not rec	quired to file p	periodic disclosure repo	orts for its political
24.14	fund as othe	erwise required under	this chapter;		
24.15	<u>(4) the</u>	e association may not	accept contrib	outions into its politica	l fund and may not
24.16	make exper	ditures, contributions	, or disbursen	nents for electioneering	g communications
24.17	through its	political fund; and			
24.18	<u>(5) if</u>	the association mainta	ains a separate	depository account fo	r its political fund,
24.19	it may cont	inue to pay bank servi	ice charges an	d receive interest paid	on that account
24.20	while its po	litical fund is in inact	ive status.		
24.21	Subd.	3. Resumption of a	ctive status o	r termination. (a) An	association that
24.22	has placed i	ts political fund in vo	luntary inacti	ve status may resume a	active status upon
24.23	written noti	ce to the board.			
24.24	<u>(b)</u> A	political fund placed	in voluntary in	nactive status must res	ume active status
24.25	within 14 d	ays of the date that it	has accepted	contributions or made	expenditures,
24.26	contribution	is, or disbursements for	or electioneer	ing communications th	at aggregate more
24.27	<u>than \$750 s</u>	ince the political fund	l was placed o	on inactive status. If, a	fter meeting this
24.28	threshold, t	ne association does no	ot notify the b	oard that its fund has r	resumed active
24.29	status, the b	oard may place the as	ssociation's po	litical fund in active st	atus and notify the
24.30	association	of the change in statu	lS.		
24.31	<u>(c) Ar</u>	association that has	placed its poli	tical fund in voluntary	inactive status may
24.32	terminate th	e registration of the f	und without re	eturning it to active sta	tus.
24.33	Subd.	4. Penalty for finan	cial activity v	vhile in voluntary ina	ctive status. If an
24.34	association	fails to notify the boar	rd of its politi	cal fund's resumption of	of active status under
24.35	subdivision	3, the board may imp	ose a civil per	nalty of \$50 per day, no	ot to exceed \$1,000
24.36	commencin	g on the 15th calendar	r day after the	fund resumed active s	tatus.

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25.1	Sec. 39.	[10A.245] ADMINI	STRATIVE	TERMINATION OF	INACTIVE
25.2	COMMITT	EES AND FUNDS.	<u>.</u>		
25.3	Subdivi	ision 1. Inactivity d	lefined. (a) A	principal campaign co	ommittee becomes
25.4	inactive on th	he later of the follow	ving dates:		
25.5	<u>(1) six </u>	years after the last e	lection in whi	ch the individual for w	hom the committee
25.6	exists was a o	candidate for the off	ice sought or	held at the time the pr	incipal campaign
25.7	committee re	gistered with the bo	ard; or		
25.8	<u>(2) six </u>	years after the last d	lay on which t	the individual for who	m the committee
25.9	exists served	in an elective office	subject to thi	s chapter.	
25.10	<u>(b)</u> A p	olitical committee, j	political fund,	or party unit becomes	s inactive when
25.11	four years ha	ve elapsed since the	end of a repo	orting period during w	hich the political
25.12	committee, p	olitical fund, or part	y unit made a	n expenditure or disbu	rsement requiring
25.13	itemized disc	closure under this ch	apter.		
25.14	<u>(c)</u> A p	olitical fund that has	elected volu	ntary inactive status un	der section 10A.244
25.15	becomes inac	tive within the mean	ning of this se	ection when four years	have elapsed during
25.16	which the po	litical fund was cont	tinuously in v	oluntary inactive status	<u>S.</u>
25.17	Subd. 2	2. Termination by I	board. The b	oard may terminate the	e registration of a
25.18	principal carr	paign committee, pa	arty unit, polit	ical committee, or poli	tical fund found to be
25.19	inactive unde	r this section 60 days	s after sending	written notice of inact	ivity by certified mail
25.20	to the affecte	d association at the	last address or	n record with the board	l for that association.
25.21	Within 60 day	ys after the board ser	nds notice und	er this section, the affe	cted association must
25.22	dispose of its	assets as provided i	n this subdivi	sion. The assets of the	principal campaign
25.23	committee, p	arty unit, or politica	l committee n	nust be used for the pu	rposes authorized by
25.24	this chapter of	or section 211B.12 or	r must be liqu	idated and deposited in	n the general account
25.25	of the state el	lections campaign ac	ccount. The a	ssets of an association'	s political fund that
25.26	were derived	from the association	n's general tre	asury money revert to	the association's
25.27	general treasu	ury. Assets of a polit	tical fund that	resulted from contribu	ations to the political
25.28	fund must be	used for the purpos	es authorized	by this chapter or sect	ion 211B.12 or must
25.29	be liquidated	and deposited in the	e general acco	unt of the state election	ns campaign account.
25.30	Sec. 40. [	10A.246] UNPAID	DEBT UPON	N TERMINATION.	
25.31	Termin	ation of a registratio	n with the boa	ard does not affect the	liability, if any, of the
25.32	association of	r its candidates, offic	cers, or other	individuals for obligat	ions incurred in the
25.33	name of the a	association or its pol	litical fund.		

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.25, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 25.34

26.1	Subd. 2. Amounts. (a) In a year in which an election is held for an office sought by a
26.2	candidate segment of an election cycle, the principal campaign committee of the candidate
26.3	must not make campaign expenditures nor permit approved expenditures to be made on
26.4	behalf of the candidate that result in aggregate expenditures in excess of the following:
26.5	(1) for governor and lieutenant governor, running together, \$2,577,200 \$3,500,000
26.6	in the election segment and \$1,500,000 in the nonelection segment;
26.7	(2) for attorney general, \$429,600 \$600,000 in the election segment and \$200,000 in
26.8	the nonelection segment;
26.9	(3) for secretary of state and state auditor, separately, <u>\$214,800</u> <u>\$300,000 in the</u>
26.10	election segment and \$100,000 in the nonelection segment;
26.11	(4) for state senator, \$68,100 \$90,000 in the election segment and \$30,000 in
26.12	a non-election segment;
26.13	(5) for state representative, $\frac{34,300}{50,000}$ in the election segment.
26.14	(b) In addition to the amount in paragraph (a), clause (1), a candidate for
26.15	endorsement for the office of lieutenant governor at the convention of a political party
26.16	may make campaign expenditures and approved expenditures of five percent of that
26.17	amount to seek endorsement.
26.18	(c) If a special election cycle occurs during a general election cycle, expenditures by
26.19	or on behalf of a candidate in the special election do not count as expenditures by or on
26.20	behalf of the candidate in the general election.
26.21	(d) The expenditure limits in this subdivision for an office are increased by ten
26.22	percent for a candidate who is running for that has not previously held the same office
26.23	for the first time, whose name has not previously been on the primary or general election
26.24	ballot for that office, and who has not in the past ten years raised or spent more than \$750
26.25	in a run previously for any other office whose territory now includes a population that
26.26	is more than one-third of the population in the territory of the new office. In the case of
26.27	a legislative candidate, the office is that of a member of the house of representatives or
26.28	senate without regard to any specific district.
26.29	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.25, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
26.30	Subd. 2a. Aggregated expenditures. If a candidate makes expenditures from more
26.31	than one principal campaign committee for nomination or election to statewide office in
26.32	the same segment of an election year cycle, the amount of expenditures from all of the
26.33	candidate's principal campaign committees for statewide office for that segment of the
26.34	election year cycle must be aggregated for purposes of applying the limits on expenditures

26.35 under subdivision 2.

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Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.25, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Governor and lieutenant governor a single candidate. For the purposes
of sections 10A.11 to 10A.34 this chapter, a candidate for governor and a candidate
for lieutenant governor, running together, are considered a single candidate. Except as
provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), Allall expenditures made by or all approved
expenditures made on behalf of the candidate for lieutenant governor are considered to be
expenditures by or approved expenditures on behalf of the candidate for governor.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.25, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
Subd. 3a. Independent expenditures and electioneering communications. The
principal campaign committee of a candidate must not make independent expenditures or
disbursements for electioneering communications.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.257, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 27.12 27.13 Subdivision 1. Unused funds. After all campaign expenditures and noncampaign disbursements for an election cycle have been made, an amount up to  $\frac{50}{25}$  percent of the 27.14 election year cycle expenditure limit for the office may be carried forward. Any remaining 27.15 amount up to the total amount of the public subsidy from the state elections campaign fund 27.16 must be returned to the state treasury for credit to the general fund under section 10A.324. 27.17 Any remaining amount in excess of the total public subsidy must be contributed to the 27.18 state elections campaign fund account or a political party for multicandidate expenditures 27.19 as defined in section 10A.275. 27.20

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Contribution limits. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 2,
a candidate must not permit the candidate's principal campaign committee to accept
aggregate contributions made or delivered by any individual, political committee, or
political fund in excess of the following:

27.26 (1) to candidates for governor and lieutenant governor running together, \$2,000
27.27 <u>\$4,000 in the election segment of an election year cycle for the office sought and \$500</u>
27.28 \$2,000 in other years the nonelection segment of the election cycle;

- 27.29 (2) to a candidate for attorney general, secretary of state, or state auditor, \$1,000
- 27.30  $\frac{22,500}{10}$  in the election segment of an election year cycle for the office sought and  $\frac{200}{10}$
- 27.31 <u>\$1,500 in other years the nonelection segment of the election cycle;</u>
- 27.32 (3) to a candidate for secretary of state or state auditor, \$2,000 in the election
  27.33 segment of an election cycle and \$1,000 in the nonelection segment of the election cycle;

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28.1	(3) (4) to a candidate for state senator, $$500$ $$1,000$ in the election segment of an
28.2	election year cycle for the office sought and \$100 \$500 in other years a nonelection
28.3	segment of the election cycle;
28.4	(4) (5) to a candidate for state representative, $$500$ (\$1,000 in the election segment of
28.5	an election year cycle for the office sought and \$100 in the other year; and
28.6	(5) (6) to a candidate for judicial office, $$2,000$ $$2,500$ in the election segment of
28.7	an election year cycle for the office sought and \$500 \$1,000 in other years a nonelection
28.8	segment of the election cycle.
28.9	(b) The following deliveries are not subject to the bundling limitation in this
28.10	subdivision:
28.11	(1) delivery of contributions collected by a member of the candidate's principal
28.12	campaign committee, such as a block worker or a volunteer who hosts a fund-raising
28.13	event, to the committee's treasurer; and
28.14	(2) a delivery made by an individual on behalf of the individual's spouse.
28.15	(c) A lobbyist, political committee, political party unit, or political fund, or an
28.16	association not registered with the board must not make a contribution a candidate is
28.17	prohibited from accepting.
28.18	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
28.19	Subd. 2. Political party and dissolving principal campaign committee limit.
28.20	A candidate must not permit the candidate's principal campaign committee to accept
28.21	contributions from any political party units or dissolving principal campaign committees
28.22	in aggregate in excess of ten times the amount that may be contributed to that candidate as
28.23	set forth in subdivision 1, except that in the election segment of an election cycle for a
28.24	senate candidate the aggregate limit is 15 times the amount that may be contributed to the

- 28.27 legislature to another principal campaign committee of the same candidate.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
  Subd. 10. Limited personal contributions. A candidate who accepts a public
  subsidy signs an agreement under section 10A.322 may not contribute to the candidate's
  own campaign during a year segment of an election cycle more than ten five times the
  candidate's election year contribution limit for that segment under subdivision 1.

candidate as set forth in subdivision 1. The limitation in this subdivision does not apply

to a contribution from a dissolving principal campaign committee of a candidate for the

28.33

28.25

28.26

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Contributions from certain types of contributors. A candidate must 29.1 not permit the candidate's principal campaign committee to accept a contribution from 29.2 a political committee, political fund, lobbyist, or large contributor, or association not 29.3 registered with the board if the contribution will cause the aggregate contributions from 29.4 those types of contributors during an election cycle segment to exceed an amount equal 29.5 to 20 percent of the election cycle segment expenditure limits for the office sought by 29.6 the candidate, provided that the 20 percent limit must be rounded to the nearest \$100. 29.7 For purposes of this subdivision, "large contributor" means an individual, other than the 29.8 candidate, who contributes an amount that is more than \$100 and more than one-half the 29.9 amount an individual may contribute during the election cycle segment. 29.10

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 29.11 Subd. 13. Unregistered association limit; statement; penalty. (a) The treasurer of 29.12 a political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit must not 29.13 29.14 accept a contribution of more than \$100 \$200 from an association not registered under this chapter unless the contribution is accompanied by a written statement that meets the 29.15 disclosure and reporting period requirements imposed by section 10A.20. This statement 29.16 must be certified as true and correct by an officer of the contributing association. The 29.17 committee, fund, or party unit that accepts the contribution must include a copy of the 29.18 statement with the report that discloses the contribution to the board. This subdivision 29.19 does not apply when a national political party contributes money to its affiliate in this state. 29.20

(b) An unregistered association may provide the written statement required by this
subdivision to no more than three committees, funds, or party units in a calendar year. Each
statement must cover at least the 30 days immediately preceding and including the date on
which the contribution was made. An unregistered association or an officer of it is subject
to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000, if the association or its officer:

29.26

(1) fails to provide a written statement as required by this subdivision; or

29.27 (2) fails to register after giving the written statement required by this subdivision to29.28 more than three committees, funds, or party units in a calendar year.

(c) The treasurer of a political committee, political fund, principal campaign
committee, or party unit who accepts a contribution in excess of \$100 \$200 from an
unregistered association without the required written disclosure statement is subject to a
civil penalty up to four times the amount in excess of \$100 \$200.

29.33 (d) This subdivision does not apply:

29.34 (1) when a national political party contributes money to its state committee; or

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- 30.1 (2) to purchases by candidates for federal office of tickets to events or space rental
  30.2 at events held by party units in this state (i) if the geographical area represented by the
  30.3 party unit includes any part of the geographical area of the office that the federal candidate
  30.4 is seeking and (ii) the purchase price is not more than that paid by other attendees or
  30.5 renters of similar spaces.
- 30.6 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
  30.7 Subd. 14. Contributions of business revenue. An association may, if not prohibited
  30.8 by other law, contribute revenue from the operation of a business to an independent
  30.9 expenditure or ballot question political committee or an independent expenditure political
  30.10 fund without complying with subdivision 13.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 15, is amended to read: 30.11 Subd. 15. Contributions of dues or contribution revenue or use of general 30.12 30.13 treasury money. (a) An association may, if not prohibited by other law, contribute revenue from membership dues or fees, or from contributions received by the association its general 30.14 treasury money to an independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or 30.15 30.16 an independent expenditure political fund, including its own independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund, without complying with subdivision 13. 30.17 (b) Before the day when the recipient committee or fund's next report must be 30.18 filed with the board under section 10A.20, subdivision 2 or 5, an association that has 30.19 contributed more than \$5,000 or more in aggregate to independent expenditure political 30.20 30.21 committees or funds during the calendar year or has contributed more than \$5,000 in aggregate to ballot question political committees or funds during the calendar year 30.22 must provide in writing to the recipient's treasurer a statement that includes the name, 30.23 30.24 address, and amount attributable to each individual or association person that paid the association dues or fees, or made <del>contributions</del> donations to the association that, in total, 30.25 aggregate \$1,000 or more more than \$5,000 of the contribution from the association to the 30.26 independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund. The statement 30.27 must also include the total amount of the contribution from individuals or associations 30.28 attributable to persons not subject to itemization under this section. The statement must be 30.29 certified as true and correct by an officer of the donor association. 30.30
- 30.31 (b) (c) To determine the <u>amount of membership dues or fees</u>, or <u>contributions</u>
   30.32 <u>donations</u> made by <u>an individual or association that exceed \$1,000 of the contribution</u>
   30.33 <u>made by the donor association a person to an association and attributable to the</u>
   30.34 association's contribution to the independent expenditure or ballot question political

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31.1	committee or	fund, the donor asso	ciation must	- separately prorate the	total independent
31.2	expenditures and ballot question expenditures made during the calendar year over all				
31.3	general treasu	ry money received d	luring the cal	endar year.	
31.4	(1) appl	<del>y a pro rata calculat</del> i	ion to all unr	estricted dues, fees, and	l contributions
31.5	received by th	ne donor association	in the calend	ar year; or	
31.6	<del>(2) as p</del> i	rovided in paragraph	<del>(e), identify</del>	the specific individuals	or associations
31.7	whose dues, f	ees, or contributions	are included	in the contribution to t	he independent
31.8	expenditure p	olitical committee of	<del>r fund.</del>		
31.9	(c) Dues	<del>3, fees, or contributic</del>	ons from an i	ndividual or association	must be identified
31.10	in a contribut	ion to an independer	nt expenditur	e political committee of	r fund under
31.11	<del>paragraph (b)</del>	, clause (2), if:			
31.12	<del>(1) the i</del>	ndividual or associat	tion has speci	ifically authorized the d	onor association to
31.13	use the indivio	dual's or association'	<del>s dues, fees,</del>	or contributions for this	-purpose; or
31.14	<del>(2) the i</del>	ndividual's or associ	iation's dues,	fees, or contributions t	o the donor
31.15	association ar	e unrestricted and th	e donor assoc	ciation designates them	as the source of the
31.16	subject contri	bution to the indeper	ndent expend	iture political committe	<del>e or fund.</del>
31.17	<u>(d) If th</u>	e amount contribute	d to independ	lent expenditure and ba	llot question
31.18	political com	nittees or funds in a	calendar yea	r exceeds the amount of	f general treasury
31.19	money receive	ed by the association	n during that	year:	
31.20	(1) the c	contributions must be	e attributed fi	rst to all receipts of gen	eral treasury money
31.21				contributions were mad	
31.22	(2) any a	amount of current-ye	ear contributi	ons that exceeds the tot	al of all receipts of
31.23	general treasu	ry money during the	current cale	ndar year must be prora	ted over all general
31.24	treasury mone	ey received in the pro-	eceding caler	ndar year; and	
31.25				nd (2) is insufficient to	cover the subject
31.26		no further allocation	-		
31.27				ssociation's dues, fees, o	
31.28				money received by an	
31.29	person has been	en designated as the s	source of a co	ontribution to an indeper	ident expenditure or
31.30				t portion of the individu	
31.31				ation association's gener	
31.32			-	ed as the source of any o	
31.33	-			political committee or fu	
31.34	of funds for a	disbursement for ele	ectioneering of	communications made b	y that association.

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(d) For the purposes of this section, "donor association" means the association 32.1 contributing to an independent expenditure political committee or fund that is required to 32.2 provide a statement under paragraph (a). 32.3 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.323, is amended to read: 32.4 **10A.323 AFFIDAVIT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.** 32.5 (a) In addition to the requirements of section 10A.322, to be eligible to receive a 32.6 public subsidy under section 10A.31 a candidate or the candidate's treasurer must file an 32.7 affidavit with the board stating that: 32.8 (1) between January 1 of the previous year and the cutoff date for transactions 32.9 included in the report of receipts and expenditures due before the primary election the 32.10 eandidate has accumulated, accumulate contributions from persons individuals eligible to 32.11 vote in this state in at least the amount indicated for the office sought, counting only the 32.12 first \$50 received from each contributor, excluding in-kind contributions: 32.13 (1) (i) candidates for governor and lieutenant governor running together, \$35,000; 32.14 32.15 (2) (ii) candidates for attorney general, \$15,000; (3) (iii) candidates for secretary of state and state auditor, separately, \$6,000; 32.16 (4) (iv) candidates for the senate, \$3,000; and 32.17 32.18 (5) (v) candidates for the house of representatives, \$1,500-; (2) the candidate or the candidate's treasurer must file an affidavit with the board 32.19 stating that the principal campaign committee has complied with this paragraph. The 32.20 affidavit must state the total amount of contributions that have been received from persons 32.21 individuals eligible to vote in this state, disregarding excluding: 32.22 32.23 (i) the portion of any contribution in excess of \$50-; (ii) any in-kind contribution; and 32.24 (iii) any contribution for which the name and address of the contributor is not known 32.25 and recorded; and 32.26 (3) the candidate or the candidate's treasurer must submit the affidavit required 32.27 by this section to the board in writing by the deadline for reporting of receipts and 32.28 expenditures before a primary under section 10A.20, subdivision 4. 32.29 (b) A candidate for a vacancy to be filled at a special election for which the filing 32.30 period does not coincide with the filing period for the general election must accumulate 32.31 the contributions specified in paragraph (a) and must submit the affidavit required by this 32.32 section to the board within five days after the close of the filing period for the special 32.33

32.34 election for which the candidate filed.

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33.1	Sec. 54.	Minnesota Statutes 24	012, section 2	11B.32, subdivision 1,	is amended to read:
33.2				exhaustion. (a) Exce	
33.3	paragraph (b), a complaint alleging a violation of chapter 211A or 211B must be filed with				
33.4	the office. The complaint must be finally disposed of by the office before the alleged				
33.5	violation may be prosecuted by a county attorney.				
33.6	(b) Complaints arising under those sections and related to those individuals and				
33.7	associations specified in section 10A.02, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), must be filed with				
33.8	the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board.				
33.9	Sec. 55.	REPEALER.			
33.10	Minne	esota Statutes 2012, se	ections 10A.24	4; 10A.242; and 10A.2	25, subdivision 6, are
33.11	repealed.				
33.12	Sec. 56.	EFFECTIVE DATI	<u>E.</u>		
33.13	<u>This a</u>	article is effective the	day following	final enactment.	
33.14			ARTICI	LE 2	
33.15		T	ECHNICAL		
55.15					
33.16	Section 1	. Minnesota Statutes	2012, section	10A.01, subdivision 3:	5, is amended to read:
33.17	Subd.	35. Public official.	"Public officia	l" means any:	
33.18	(1) m	ember of the legislatu	ıre;		
33.19	(2) in	dividual employed by	the legislatur	e as secretary of the se	enate, legislative
33.20	auditor, chi	ef clerk of the house	of representati	ves, revisor of statutes	s, or researcher,
33.21	legislative a	nalyst, <u>fiscal analyst,</u>	or attorney in	the Office of Senate C	ounsel and, Research
33.22	or, and Fisc	<u>al Analysis,</u> House Ro	esearch, or the	House Fiscal Analysi	s Department;
33.23	(3) co	nstitutional officer in	the executive l	oranch and the officer's	s chief administrative
33.24	deputy;				
33.25	(4) so	licitor general or depu	uty, assistant, o	or special assistant atto	orney general;
33.26	(5) co	mmissioner, deputy c	commissioner,	or assistant commission	oner of any state
33.27	department	or agency as listed in	section 15.01	or 15.06, or the state	chief information
33.28	officer;				
33.29	(6) me	ember, chief administ	rative officer,	or deputy chief admin	istrative officer of a
33.30	state board	or commission that ha	as either the po	ower to adopt, amend,	or repeal rules under
33.31	chapter 14,	or the power to adjud	icate contested	d cases or appeals und	er chapter 14;
33.32	(7) ine	dividual employed in	the executive	branch who is authoriz	zed to adopt, amend,
33.33	or repeal ru	les under chapter 14 c	or adjudicate c	ontested cases under c	hapter 14;

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34.1	(8) executive director of the State Board of Investment;
34.2	(9) deputy of any official listed in clauses (7) and (8);
34.3	(10) judge of the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals;
34.4	(11) administrative law judge or compensation judge in the State Office of
34.5	Administrative Hearings or unemployment law judge in the Department of Employment
34.6	and Economic Development;
34.7	(12) member, regional administrator, division director, general counsel, or operations
34.8	manager of the Metropolitan Council;
34.9	(13) member or chief administrator of a metropolitan agency;
34.10	(14) director of the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement in the
34.11	Department of Public Safety;
34.12	(15) member or executive director of the Higher Education Facilities Authority;
34.13	(16) member of the board of directors or president of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc.;
34.14	(17) member of the board of directors or executive director of the Minnesota State
34.15	High School League;
34.16	(18) member of the Minnesota Ballpark Authority established in section 473.755;
34.17	(19) citizen member of the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources;
34.18	(20) manager of a watershed district, or member of a watershed management
34.19	organization as defined under section 103B.205, subdivision 13;
34.20	(21) supervisor of a soil and water conservation district;
34.21	(22) director of Explore Minnesota Tourism;
34.22	(23) citizen member of the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council established
34.23	in section 97A.056;
34.24	(24) citizen member of the Clean Water Council established in section 114D.30; or
34.25	(25) member or chief executive of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority
34.26	established in section 473J.07.
34.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
34.28	Subd. 4. Changes and corrections. Material changes in information previously

submitted and corrections to a report or statement must be reported in writing to the boardwithin ten days following the date of the event prompting the change or the date upon

34.31 which the person filing became aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction must

identify the form and the paragraph containing the information to be changed or corrected.

A person who willfully fails to report a material change or correction is guilty of a
gross misdemeanor and is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$3,000.
A willful violation of this subdivision is a gross misdemeanor.

The board must send a notice by certified mail to any individual who fails to file a 35.1 report required by this subdivision. If the individual fails to file the required report within 35.2 ten business days after the notice was sent, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$5 per 35.3 day up to \$100 starting on the 11th day after the notice was sent. The board must send 35.4 an additional notice by certified mail to an individual who fails to file a report within 14 35.5 days after the first notice was sent by the board that the individual may be subject to a 35.6 civil penalty for failure to file a report. An individual who fails to file a report required by 35.7 this subdivision within seven days after the second notice was sent by the board is subject 35.8 to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000. 35.9

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 35.10 Subd. 5. Late filing. If a lobbyist or principal fails to file a report required by 35.11 this section within ten business days after by the date the report was due, the board may 35.12 impose a late filing fee of \$5 \$25 per day, not to exceed \$100 \$1,000, commencing with 35.13 35.14 the 11th day after the report was due. The board must send notice by certified mail to any lobbyist or principal who fails to file a report within ten business days after the report was 35.15 due that the lobbyist or principal may be subject to a civil penalty for failure to file the 35.16 35.17 report or pay the fee. A lobbyist or principal who fails to file a report or statement or pay a fee within seven days after the certified mail notice was sent by the board is subject to a 35.18 civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000. 35.19

35.20 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.16, is amended to read:

35.21

### **10A.16 EARMARKING CONTRIBUTIONS PROHIBITED.**

An individual, political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit may not solicit or accept a contribution from any source with the express or implied condition that the contribution or any part of it be directed to a particular candidate other than the initial recipient. An individual, political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit that knowingly accepts any earmarked contribution is <u>guilty of a gross misdemeanor and</u> subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$3,000. Knowingly accepting any earmarked contribution is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Period of report. A report must cover the period from January 1 of the
reporting year to seven days before the filing date, except that the report due on January
31 must cover the period from the last day covered by the previous report January 1 to
December 31 of the reporting year.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.20, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
  Subd. 12. Failure to file; penalty. If an individual fails to file a report required by
  this section that is due January 31 within ten business days after the report was due, the
  board may impose a late filing fee of \$25 per day, not to exceed \$1,000, commencing
  the day after the report was due.
- 36.6 If an individual fails to file a report required by this section that is due before a
  36.7 primary or general election within three days after the date due, regardless of whether the
  36.8 individual has received any notice, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$50 per day,
  36.9 not to exceed \$1,000, commencing on the day after the date the statement was due.
- The board must send notice by certified mail to an individual who fails to file a report within ten business days after the report was due that the individual may be subject to a civil penalty for failure to file the report. An individual who fails to file the report within seven days after the certified mail notice was sent by the board is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.273, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 36.15 Subdivision 1. Contributions during legislative session. (a) A candidate for the 36.16 legislature or for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign committee, or 36.17 a political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party organization 36.18 within a house of the legislature, must not solicit or accept a contribution from a registered 36.19 lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or dissolving principal campaign committee 36.20 an association not registered with the board, or from a party unit established by the party 36.21 36.22 organization within a house of the legislature, during a regular session of the legislature.
- 36.23 (b) A registered lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or dissolving principal 36.24 campaign committee an association not registered with the board, or a party unit established 36.25 by the party organization within a house of the legislature, must not make a contribution to a 36.26 candidate for the legislature or for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign 36.27 committee, or a political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party 36.28 organization within a house of the legislature during a regular session of the legislature.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.273, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  Subd. 4. Civil penalty. A candidate, political committee, party unit, political fund,
  principal campaign committee an association not registered with the board, or a registered
  lobbyist that violates this section is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up
  to \$1,000. If the board makes a public finding that there is probable cause to believe a
  violation of this section has occurred, the board must may bring an action, or transmit the

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- finding to a county attorney who must bring an action, in the District Court of Ramsey 37.1 County, to collect a civil penalty as imposed by the board. Penalties paid under this section 37.2 must be deposited in the general fund in the state treasury. 37.3
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.30, is amended to read: 37.4

### **10A.30 STATE ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN FUND ACCOUNT.**

- Subdivision 1. Establishment. An account is established in the special revenue fund 37.6 of the state known as the "state elections campaign fund account." 37.7
- Subd. 2. Separate account. Within the state elections campaign fund account there 37.8 must be maintained a separate political party account for the state committee and the 37.9 candidates of each political party and a general account. 37.10
- Subd. 3. Special elections account. An account is established in the special revenue 37.11 fund of the state known as the "state special elections campaign account." 37.12

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.31, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 37.13

37.14 Subd. 7. Distribution of general account. (a) As soon as the board has obtained the results of the primary election from the secretary of state, but no later than one week 37.15 after certification of the primary results by the State Canvassing Board, the board must 37.16 37.17 distribute the available money in the general account, as certified by the commissioner of revenue on September 1 one week before the state primary and according to allocations set 37.18 forth in subdivision 5, in equal amounts to all candidates of a major political party whose 37.19 names are to appear on the ballot in the general election and who: 37.20

37.21

37.5

(1) have signed a spending limit agreement under section 10A.322;

- (2) have filed the affidavit of contributions required by section 10A.323; and 37.22
- (3) were opposed in either the primary election or the general election. 37.23

(b) The public subsidy under this subdivision may not be paid in an amount that 37.24 would cause the sum of the public subsidy paid from the party account plus the public 37.25 subsidy paid from the general account to exceed 50 percent of the expenditure limit for the 37.26 candidate or 50 percent of the expenditure limit that would have applied to the candidate if 37.27 the candidate had not been freed from expenditure limits under section 10A.25, subdivision 37.28 10. Money from the general account not paid to a candidate because of the 50 percent limit 37.29 must be distributed equally among all other qualifying candidates for the same office until 37.30 all have reached the 50 percent limit or the balance in the general account is exhausted. 37.31

(c) A candidate must expend or become obligated to expend at least an amount equal 37.32 to 50 percent of the money distributed by the board under this subdivision no later than the 37.33 end of the final reporting period preceding the general election. Otherwise, the candidate 37.34

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- 38.1 must repay to the board the difference between the amount the candidate spent or became
- 38.2 obligated to spend by the deadline and the amount distributed to the eandidate under this
- 38.3 subdivision. The candidate must make the repayment no later than six months following
- 38.4 the general election. The candidate must reimburse the board for all reasonable costs,
- 38.5 including litigation costs, incurred in collecting any amount due.

38.6 If the board determines that a candidate has failed to repay money as required by this
38.7 paragraph, the board may not distribute any additional money to the candidate until the
38.8 entirety of the repayment has been made.

- 38.9 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.315, is amended to read:
- 38.10

### **10A.315 SPECIAL ELECTION SUBSIDY.**

38.11 (a) Each eligible candidate for a legislative office in a special election must be38.12 paid a public subsidy equal to the sum of:

38.13 (1) the party account money at the last general election for the candidate's party38.14 for the office the candidate is seeking; and

38.15 (2) the general account money paid to a candidate for the same office at the last38.16 general election.

(b) A candidate who wishes to receive this public subsidy must submit a signed
agreement under section 10A.322 to the board and must meet the contribution
requirements of section 10A.323. The special election subsidy must be distributed in the
same manner as money in the party and general accounts is distributed to legislative
candidates in a general election.

(c) The amount necessary to make the payments required by this section is
appropriated from the general fund to the board for transfer to the state special elections
campaign account for distribution by the board as set forth in this section.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.322, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  Subd. 4. Refund receipt forms; penalty. The board must make available to a
  political party on request and to any candidate for whom an agreement under this section
  is effective, a supply of official refund receipt forms that state in boldface type that:
- 38.29 (1) a contributor who is given a receipt form is eligible to claim a refund as provided
  38.30 in section 290.06, subdivision 23; and
- 38.31 (2) if the contribution is to a candidate, that the candidate has signed an agreement to38.32 limit campaign expenditures as provided in this section.
- 38.33 The forms must provide duplicate copies of the receipt to be attached to the contributor's
- 38.34 claim. A candidate who does not sign an agreement under this section and who willfully

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39.1	issues The willfu	ul issuance of an offic	cial refund receip	pt form or a facsimil	e of one to any
39.2	of the candidate'	s contributors by a ca	indidate or treas	urer of a candidate w	vho did not sign
39.3	an agreement un	der this section is <del>gu</del>	<del>ilty of</del> a misdem	neanor.	

- 39.4 Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.
  39.5 This article is effective the day following final enactment.
- 39.6

#### ARTICLE 3

## 39.7

# **TECHNICAL CONFORMING CHANGES**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.242, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 39.8 Subdivision 1. Dissolution required. A political committee, political fund, or 39.9 principal campaign committee must be dissolved within 60 days after receiving notice 39.10 from the board that the committee or fund has become inactive. The assets of the 39.11 committee or fund must be spent for the purposes authorized by section 211B.12 and other 39.12 39.13 applicable law or liquidated and deposited in the general account of the state elections campaign fund account within 60 days after the board notifies the committee or fund 39.14 that it has become inactive. 39.15

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.27, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 39.16 Subd. 9. Contributions to and from other candidates. (a) A candidate or the 39.17 treasurer of a candidate's principal campaign committee must not accept a contribution 39.18 from another candidate's principal campaign committee or from any other committee 39.19 bearing the contributing candidate's name or title or otherwise authorized by the 39.20 contributing candidate, unless the contributing candidate's principal campaign committee 39.21 is being dissolved. A candidate's principal campaign committee must not make a 39.22 contribution to another candidate's principal campaign committee, except when the 39.23 contributing committee is being dissolved. 39.24

(b) A principal campaign committee that makes a contribution to another principal 39.25 campaign committee must provide with the contribution a written statement of the 39.26 committee's intent to dissolve and terminate its registration within 12 months after the 39.27 contribution was made. If the committee fails to dissolve and terminate its registration by 39.28 that time, the board may levy a civil penalty up to four times the size of the contribution 39.29 against the contributing committee. A contribution from a terminating principal campaign 39.30 committee that is not accepted by another principal campaign committee must be forwarded 39.31 to the board for deposit in the general account of the state elections campaign fund account. 39.32

40.1 (c) A candidate's principal campaign committee must not accept a contribution from,
40.2 or make a contribution to, a committee associated with a person who seeks nomination
40.3 or election to the office of president, senator, or representative in Congress of the United
40.4 States.

40.5 (d) A candidate or the treasurer of a candidate's principal campaign committee must
40.6 not accept a contribution from a candidate for political subdivision office in any state,
40.7 unless the contribution is from the personal funds of the candidate for political subdivision
40.8 office. A candidate or the treasurer of a candidate's principal campaign committee must
40.9 not make a contribution from the principal campaign committee to a candidate for political
40.10 subdivision office in any state.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 40.11 Subdivision 1. Designation. An individual resident of this state who files an income 40.12 tax return or a renter and homeowner property tax refund return with the commissioner of 40.13 revenue may designate on their original return that \$5 be paid from the general fund of 40.14 the state into the state elections campaign fund account. If a husband and wife file a joint 40.15 return, each spouse may designate that \$5 be paid. No individual is allowed to designate 40.16 \$5 more than once in any year. The taxpayer may designate that the amount be paid into 40.17 the account of a political party or into the general account. 40.18

40.19 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
40.20 Subd. 4. Appropriation. (a) The amounts designated by individuals for the state
40.21 elections campaign fund\_account, less three percent, are appropriated from the general
40.22 fund, must be transferred and credited to the appropriate account in the state elections
40.23 campaign fund\_account, and are annually appropriated for distribution as set forth in
40.24 subdivisions 5, 5a, 6, and 7. The remaining three percent must be kept in the general fund
40.25 for administrative costs.

40.26 (b) In addition to the amounts in paragraph (a), \$1,020,000 for each general election
40.27 is appropriated from the general fund for transfer to the general account of the state
40.28 elections campaign fund account.

40.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.321, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
40.30 Subdivision 1. Calculation and certification of estimates. The commissioner of
40.31 revenue must calculate and certify to the board one week before the first day for filing for
40.32 office in each election year an estimate of the total amount in the state general account
40.33 of the state elections campaign fund account and the amount of money each candidate

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who qualifies, as provided in section 10A.31, subdivisions 6 and 7, may receive from the
candidate's party account in the state elections campaign fund account. This estimate must
be based upon the allocations and formulas in section 10A.31, subdivisions 5 and 5a, any
necessary vote totals provided by the secretary of state to apply the formulas in section
10A.31, subdivisions 5 and 5a, and the amount of money expected to be available after
100 percent of the tax returns have been processed.

41.7 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 10A.324, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
41.8 Subdivision 1. When return required. A candidate must return all or a portion
41.9 of the public subsidy received from the state elections campaign fund account or the
41.10 public subsidy received under section 10A.315, under the circumstances in this section or
41.11 section 10A.257, subdivision 1.

To the extent that the amount of public subsidy received exceeds the aggregate of: 41.12 (1) actual expenditures made by the principal campaign committee of the candidate; and 41.13 41.14 (2) approved expenditures made on behalf of the candidate, the treasurer of the candidate's principal campaign committee must return an amount equal to the difference to the board. 41.15 The cost of postage that was not used during an election cycle and payments that created 41.16 credit balances at vendors at the close of an election cycle are not considered expenditures 41.17 for purposes of determining the amount to be returned. Expenditures in excess of the 41.18 candidate's spending limit do not count in determining aggregate expenditures under 41.19 this paragraph. 41.20

- 41.21 Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 41.22 This article is effective the day following final enactment.

#### APPENDIX Article locations in S0661-4

ARTICLE 1	POLICY CHANGES	Page.Ln 1.18
ARTICLE 2	TECHNICAL CHANGES	Page.Ln 33.14
ARTICLE 3	TECHNICAL CONFORMING CHANGES	Page.Ln 39.6

#### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S0661-4

## **10A.24 DISSOLUTION OR TERMINATION.**

Subdivision 1. **Termination report.** A political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit may not dissolve until it has settled all of its debts and disposed of all its assets in excess of \$100 and filed a termination report. "Assets" include credit balances at vendors and physical assets such as computers and postage stamps. Physical assets must be listed at their fair market value. The termination report may be made at any time and must include all information required in periodic reports.

Subd. 2. **Termination allowed.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, a committee, fund, or party unit that has debts incurred more than six years previously, has disposed of all its assets, and has met the requirements of section 10A.20, subdivision 7, may notify any remaining creditors by certified mail and then file a termination report.

#### **10A.242 DISSOLUTION OF INACTIVE COMMITTEES AND FUNDS.**

Subdivision 1. **Dissolution required.** A political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee must be dissolved within 60 days after receiving notice from the board that the committee or fund has become inactive. The assets of the committee or fund must be spent for the purposes authorized by section 211B.12 and other applicable law or liquidated and deposited in the general account of the state elections campaign fund within 60 days after the board notifies the committee or fund that it has become inactive.

Subd. 2. **Inactivity defined.** (a) A principal campaign committee becomes inactive on the later of the following dates:

(1) when six years have elapsed since the last election in which the person was a candidate for the office sought or held at the time the principal campaign committee registered with the board; or

(2) when six years have elapsed since the last day on which the individual for whom it exists served in an elective office subject to this chapter.

(b) A political committee or fund becomes inactive when two years have elapsed since the end of a reporting period during which the political committee or fund made an expenditure or disbursement requiring disclosure under this chapter.

Subd. 3. **Remaining debts.** If a committee or fund becomes inactive when it still has unpaid debts, the committee or fund must liquidate available assets to pay the debts. If insufficient assets exist to pay the debts, the board may set up a payment schedule and allow the committee or fund to defer dissolution until all debts are paid. This section does not extinguish debts incurred by the committee or fund.

#### **10A.25 SPENDING LIMITS.**

Subd. 6. Limit in nonelection year. During an election cycle, in any year before the election year for the office held or sought by the candidate, a candidate must not make campaign expenditures nor permit approved expenditures to be made on behalf of the candidate that exceed 20 percent of the expenditure limit set forth in subdivision 2.