## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 846

1.1

A bill for an act 1.2 relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural 13 resources; modifying public entity purchasing requirements; modifying solid 1.4 waste provisions; modifying subsurface sewage treatment systems provisions; 1.5 modifying compensable losses due to harmful substances; modifying invasive 1.6 species provisions; modifying state parks and trails provisions; modifying 1.7 requirements for fire training; modifying auxiliary forest provisions; modifying 1.8 recreational vehicle provisions; providing for all-terrain vehicle safety training 1.9 indication on drivers' licenses and identification cards; modifying and providing 1 10 for certain fees; creating and modifying certain accounts; providing for and 1.11 modifying certain grants; modifying disposition of certain revenue; modifying 1.12 certain permit provisions; providing for condemnation of certain school trust 1.13 lands; modifying Water Law; providing for certain enforcement delay; modifying 1.14 personal flotation device provisions; regulating wake surfing; modifying game 1.15 and fish laws; modifying Metropolitan Area Water Supply Advisory Committee 1.16 and specifying duties; providing for Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 1 17 Citizens' Board; prohibiting sale of certain personal care products containing 1.18 synthetic plastic microbeads; requiring reports; requiring rulemaking; amending 1.19 Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 16A.531, subdivision 1a; 16C.073, subdivision 1.20 2; 84.415, subdivision 7; 84.788, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.82, 1.21 subdivision 6; 84.84; 84.92, subdivisions 8, 9, 10; 84.922, subdivision 4; 1.22 84.925, subdivision 5; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 1; 84D.01, 1.23 subdivisions 13, 15, 17, 18, by adding a subdivision; 84D.03, subdivision 3; 1 24 84D.06; 84D.10, subdivision 3; 84D.11, subdivision 1; 84D.12, subdivisions 1, 1.25 3; 84D.13, subdivision 5; 84D.15, subdivision 3; 85.015, subdivision 28, by 1 26 adding a subdivision; 85.054, subdivision 12; 85.32, subdivision 1; 86B.313, 1.27 subdivisions 1, 4; 86B.315; 86B.401, subdivision 3; 88.17, subdivision 3; 1.28 88.49, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11; 88.491, subdivision 2; 88.50; 88.51, 1.29 subdivisions 1, 3; 88.52, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 88.523; 88.53, subdivisions 1.30 1, 2; 88.6435, subdivision 4; 90.14; 90.193; 94.10, subdivision 2; 94.16, 1 31 subdivisions 2, 3; 97A.045, subdivision 11; 97A.057, subdivision 1; 97A.435, 1.32 subdivision 4; 97A.465, by adding a subdivision; 97B.063; 97B.081, subdivision 1 33 3; 97B.085, subdivision 2; 97B.301, by adding a subdivision; 97B.668; 97C.005, 1.34 subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 97C.301, by adding a subdivision; 1.35 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.501, subdivision 2; 103B.101, by adding 1.36 a subdivision; 103B.3355; 103F.612, subdivision 2; 103G.005, by adding a 1 37 subdivision; 103G.222, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.2242, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 1.38 12, 14; 103G.2251; 103G.245, subdivision 2; 103G.271, subdivisions 3, 5, 6a; 1.39 103G.287, subdivisions 1, 2; 103G.291, subdivision 3; 103G.301, subdivision 1 40 5a; 115.03, by adding a subdivision; 115.073; 115.55, subdivisions 1, 3; 115.56, 1.41 subdivision 2; 115A.03, subdivision 25a; 115A.551, subdivision 2a; 115A.557, 1.42 subdivision 2; 115A.93, subdivision 1; 115B.34, subdivision 2; 115C.05; 116.02; 1.43

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11	116.03, subdivision 1; 116.07, subdivisions 4d, 4j, 7, by adding a subdivision; 116D.04, by adding a subdivision; 144.12, by adding a subdivision; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 282.011, subdivision 3; 446A.073, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 473.1565; Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3, subdivision 6, as amended; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 6, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 84; 84D; 85; 92; 97A; 97B; 103B; 103G; 114C; 115; 115A; 325E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 84.68; 86B.13, subdivisions 2, 4; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2, 10; 88.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; 97A.475, subdivision 25; 97B.905, subdivision 3; 116.02, subdivisions 7, 8, 10; 282.013; 477A.19; Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subparts 27, 28.
2.12	May 17, 2015
2.13	The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt
2.14	Speaker of the House of Representatives
2.15 2.16	The Honorable Sandra L. Pappas President of the Senate
2.17 2.18	We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 846 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:
2.19	That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 846 be further
2.20	amended as follows:
2.21	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
2.22	"ARTICLE 1
2.23	AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS
2.24	Section 1. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS
2.25	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the
2.26	agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the
2.27	general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated
2.28	for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the
2.29	appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or
2.30	June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal
2.31	year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017.
2.32 2.33 2.34 2.35	APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30 2016 2017
2.36	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
2.37	Subdivision 1.         Total Appropriation         §         41,510,000         §         45,512,000
2.38	Appropriations by Fund
2.39	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>
2.40	<u>General</u> <u>40,932,000</u> <u>44,934,000</u>

3.1	Remediation	388,000	388,000
3.2	Agricultural	190,000	190,000

- 3.3 The amounts that may be spent for each
- 3.4 purpose are specified in the following
- 3.5 <u>subdivisions.</u>
- 3.6 Subd. 2. Protection Services

16,452,000
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16,402,000

3.7		Appropriations by Fund	
3.8		2016	<u>2017</u>
3.9	General	15,874,000	15,824,000
3.10	Agricultural	190,000	190,000
3.11	Remediation	388,000	388,000

- 3.12 **\$25,000** the first year and \$25,000 the second
- 3.13 year are to develop and maintain cottage
- 3.14 food license exemption outreach and training

3.15 <u>materials</u>.

- 3.16 <u>\$75,000 the first year is for the commissioner,</u>
- 3.17 <u>in consultation with the Northeast Regional</u>
- 3.18 Corrections Center and the United Food
- 3.19 and Commercial Workers, to study and
- 3.20 provide recommendations for upgrading the
- 3.21 existing processing facility on the campus of
- 3.22 <u>the Northeast Regional Corrections Center</u>
- 3.23 into a USDA-certified food processing
- 3.24 <u>facility. The commissioner shall report these</u>
- 3.25 recommendations to the chairs of the house
- 3.26 of representatives and senate committees
- 3.27 with jurisdiction over agriculture finance by
- 3.28 <u>March 15, 2016.</u>
- 3.29 <u>\$75,000 the second year is for a coordinator</u>
- 3.30 <u>for the correctional facility vocational</u>
- 3.31 <u>training pilot program.</u>
- 3.32 **\$388,000** the first year and \$388,000 the
- 3.33 second year are from the remediation fund

4.1	for administrative funding for the voluntary
4.2	cleanup program.
4.3	\$225,000 the first year and \$175,000
4.4	the second year are for compensation
4.5	for destroyed or crippled animals under
4.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. This
4.7	appropriation may be spent to compensate
4.8	for animals that were destroyed or crippled
4.9	during fiscal years 2014 and 2015. If the
4.10	amount in the first year is insufficient, the
4.11	amount in the second year is available in the
4.12	first year.
4.13	\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
4.14	second year are for compensation for crop
4.15	damage under Minnesota Statutes, section
4.16	3.7371. If the amount in the first year is
4.17	insufficient, the amount in the second year is
4.18	available in the first year.
4.19	If the commissioner determines that claims
4.20	made under Minnesota Statutes, section
4.21	3.737 or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts
4.22	appropriated for either program may be
4.23	transferred to the appropriation for the other
4.24	program.
4.25	\$70,000 the first year and \$70,000 the second
4.26	year are for additional cannery inspections.
4.27	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
4.28	second year are for increased oversight of
4.29	delegated local health boards.
4.30	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
4.31	second year are to decrease the turnaround
4.32	time for retail food handler plan reviews.
4.33	\$1,024,000 the first year and \$1,024,000 the
4.34	second year are to streamline the retail food

5.1	safety regulatory and licensing experience	
5.2	for regulated businesses and to decrease the	
5.3	inspection delinquency rate.	
5.4	\$1,350,000 the first year and \$1,350,000 the	
5.5	second year are for additional inspections of	
5.6	food manufacturers and wholesalers.	
5.7	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the	
5.8	second year are for additional funding for	
5.9	dairy inspection services.	
5.9	dan y mspection services.	
5.10	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the	
5.11	second year are for additional funding for	
5.12	laboratory services operations.	
	\$250,000 (h. C. ( 1 \$250,000	
5.13	<u>\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000</u>	
5.14	the second year are for additional meat	
5.15	inspection services, including inspections	
5.16	provided under the correctional facility	
5.17	vocational training pilot program.	
5.18	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section	
5.19	18B.05, \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000	
5.20	the second year are from the pesticide	
5.21	regulatory account in the agricultural fund	
5.22	for an increase in the operating budget for	
5.23	the Laboratory Services Division.	
5.24	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the	
5.25	second year are from the pesticide regulatory	
5.26	account in the agricultural fund to update	
5.27	and modify applicator education and training	
5.28	materials.	
5.29	Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and	2 072 000
5.30	Development	3,973,000
5.31	The commissioner may provide one-stop	
5.32	access for farmers in need of information or	
5.33	assistance to obtain or renew licenses, meet	

3,873,000

6.1	state regulatory requirements, or resolve
6.2	disputes with state agencies.
6.3	The commissioner must provide outreach
6.4	to urban farmers regarding the department's
6.5	financial and technical assistance programs
6.6	and must assist urban farmers in applying for
6.7	assistance.
6.8	\$100,000 the first year is to (1) enhance the
6.9	commissioner's efforts to identify existing
6.10	and emerging opportunities for Minnesota's
6.11	agricultural producers and processors to
6.12	export their products to Cuba, consistent with
6.13	federal law, and (2) effectively communicate
6.14	these opportunities to the producers and
6.15	processors.
6.16	\$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the
6.17	second year are for transfer to the Minnesota
6.18	grown account and may be used as grants
6.19	for Minnesota grown promotion under
6.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Grants
6.21	may be made for one year. Notwithstanding
6.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the
6.23	appropriations encumbered under contract
6.24	on or before June 30, 2017, for Minnesota
6.25	grown grants in this paragraph are available
6.26	<u>until June 30, 2019.</u>
6.27	\$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
6.28	second year are for continuation of the dairy
6.29	development and profitability enhancement
6.30	and dairy business planning grant programs
6.31	established under Laws 1997, chapter
6.32	216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws
6.33	2001, First Special Session chapter 2,
6.34	section 9, subdivision 2. The commissioner
6.35	may allocate the available sums among

7.1	permissible activities, including efforts to
7.2	improve the quality of milk produced in the
7.3	state, in the proportions that the commissioner
7.4	deems most beneficial to Minnesota's dairy
7.5	farmers. The commissioner must submit
7.6	a detailed accomplishment report and
7.7	a work plan detailing future plans for,
7.8	and anticipated accomplishments from,
7.9	expenditures under this program to the
7.10	chairs and ranking minority members of the
7.11	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
7.12	agriculture policy and finance on or before
7.13	the start of each fiscal year. If significant
7.14	changes are made to the plans in the course
7.15	of the year, the commissioner must notify the
7.16	chairs and ranking minority members.
7.17	The commissioner may use funds
7.18	appropriated in this subdivision for annual
7.18	cost-share payments to resident farmers
7.20	or entities that sell, process, or package
7.20	agricultural products in this state for the costs
	_ <b>x</b>
7.22	of organic certification. The commissioner
7.23	may allocate these funds for assistance for
7.24	persons transitioning from conventional to
7.25	organic agriculture.
7.26 7.27	Subd. 4. Agriculture, Bioenergy, and Bioproduct Advancement
1.21	<u>Disproduce ravancement</u>
7.28	\$4,483,000 the first year and \$8,500,000 the
7.29	second year are for transfer to the agriculture
7.30	research, education, extension, and
7.31	technology transfer account under Minnesota
7.32	Statutes, section 41A.14, subdivision 3. The
7.33	transfer in this paragraph includes money for
7.34	plant breeders at the University of Minnesota
7.35	for wild rice, potatoes, and grapes. Of these
7.36	amounts, at least \$600,000 each year is for

15,018,000

18,985,000

8.1	agriculture rapid response under Minnesota
8.2	Statutes, section 41A.14, subdivision 1,
8.3	clause (2). Of the amount appropriated in
8.4	this paragraph, \$1,000,000 each year is
8.5	for transfer to the Board of Regents of the
8.6	University of Minnesota for research to
8.7	determine (1) what is causing avian influenza,
8.8	(2) why some fowl are more susceptible,
8.9	and (3) prevention measures that can be
8.10	taken. Of the amount appropriated in this
8.11	paragraph, \$2,000,000 each year is for grants
8.12	to the Minnesota Agriculture Education
8.13	Leadership Council to enhance agricultural
8.14	education with priority given to Farm
8.15	Business Management challenge grants.
8.16	To the extent practicable, funds expended
8.17	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.14,
8.18	subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), must
8.19	supplement and not supplant existing sources
8.20	and levels of funding.
8.21	\$10,235,000 the first year and \$10,235,000
8.22	the second year are for the agricultural
8.23	growth, research, and innovation program
8.24	in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. No
8.25	later than February 1, 2016, and February
8.26	1, 2017, the commissioner must report to
8.27	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
8.28	over agriculture policy and finance regarding
8.29	the commissioner's accomplishments
8.30	and anticipated accomplishments in
8.31	the following areas: facilitating the
8.32	start-up, modernization, or expansion of
8.33	livestock operations including beginning
8.34	and transitioning livestock operations;
8.35	developing new markets for Minnesota
8.36	farmers by providing more fruits, vegetables,
5.50	<u>immers of providing more mutis, vegetuoles,</u>

9.1	meat, grain, and dairy for Minnesota school
9.2	children; assisting value-added agricultural
9.3	businesses to begin or expand, access new
9.4	markets, or diversify products; developing
9.5	urban agriculture; facilitating the start-up,
9.6	modernization, or expansion of other
9.7	beginning and transitioning farms including
9.8	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
9.9	41B.056; sustainable agriculture on farm
9.10	research and demonstration; development or
9.11	expansion of food hubs and other alternative
9.12	community-based food distribution systems;
9.13	and research on bioenergy, biobased content,
9.14	or biobased formulated products and other
9.15	renewable energy development. The
9.16	commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent
9.17	of this appropriation for costs incurred to
9.18	administer the program. Any unencumbered
9.19	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
9.20	year and is available for the second year.
9.21	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
9.22	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered
9.23	under contract on or before June 30, 2017, for
9.24	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
9.25	grants are available until June 30, 2019.
9.26	The commissioner may use funds
9.27	appropriated for the agricultural growth,
9.28	research, and innovation program as provided
9.29	in this paragraph. The commissioner may
9.30	award grants to owners of Minnesota
9.31	facilities producing bioenergy, biobased
9.32	content, or a biobased formulated product;
9.33	to organizations that provide for on-station,
9.34	on-farm field scale research and outreach to
9.35	develop and test the agronomic and economic
9.36	requirements of diverse strands of prairie

10.1	plants and other perennials for bioenergy
10.2	systems; or to certain nongovernmental
10.3	entities. For the purposes of this paragraph,
10.4	"bioenergy" includes transportation fuels
10.5	derived from cellulosic material, as well as
10.6	the generation of energy for commercial heat,
10.7	industrial process heat, or electrical power
10.8	from cellulosic materials via gasification or
10.9	other processes. Grants are limited to 50
10.10	percent of the cost of research, technical
10.11	assistance, or equipment related to bioenergy,
10.12	biobased content, or biobased formulated
10.13	product production or \$500,000, whichever
10.14	is less. Grants to nongovernmental entities
10.15	for the development of business plans and
10.16	structures related to community ownership
10.17	of eligible bioenergy facilities together may
10.18	not exceed \$150,000. The commissioner
10.19	shall make a good-faith effort to select
10.20	projects that have merit and, when taken
10.21	together, represent a variety of bioenergy
10.22	technologies, biomass feedstocks, and
10.23	geographic regions of the state. Projects
10.24	must have a qualified engineer provide
10.25	certification on the technology and fuel
10.26	source. Grantees must provide reports at the
10.27	request of the commissioner.
10.28	Of the amount appropriated for the
10.29	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
10.30	program in this subdivision, \$1,000,000 the
10.31	first year and \$1,000,000 the second year
10.32	are for distribution in equal amounts to each
10.33	of the state's county fairs to preserve and
10.34	promote Minnesota agriculture.
10.35	Of the amount appropriated for the

10.36 agricultural growth, research, and innovation

- program in this subdivision, \$500,000 in 11.1 11.2 fiscal year 2016 and \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for incentive payments 11.3 under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16, 11.4 41A.17, and 41A.18. If the appropriation 11.5 exceeds the total amount for which all 11.6 producers are eligible in a fiscal year, the 11.7 balance of the appropriation is available 11.8 to the commissioner for the agricultural 11.9 growth, research, and innovation program. 11.10 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 11.11 11.12 section 16A.28, the first year appropriation is available until June 30, 2017, and the 11.13 second year appropriation is available until 11.14 11.15 June 30, 2018. The commissioner may use 11.16 up to 4.5 percent of the appropriation for administration of the incentive payment 11.17 11.18 programs. Of the amount appropriated for the 11.19 agricultural growth, research, and innovation 11.20 program in this subdivision, \$250,000 the first 11.21 year is for grants to communities to develop 11.22 11.23 or expand food hubs and other alternative 11.24 community-based food distribution systems. Of this amount, \$50,000 is for 11.25 the commissioner to consult with existing 11.26 11.27 food hubs, alternative community-based food distribution systems, and University 11.28 of Minnesota Extension to identify best 11.29 practices for use by other Minnesota 11.30 communities. No later than December 15, 11.31 11.32 2015, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over 11.33 agriculture and health regarding the status of 11.34
- 11.35 emerging alternative community-based food
- 11.36 distribution systems in the state along with

12.1	recommendations to eliminate any barriers to
12.2	success. This is a onetime appropriation.
12.3	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
12.4	second year are for grants that enable
12.5	retail petroleum dispensers to dispense
12.6	biofuels to the public in accordance with the
12.7	biofuel replacement goals established under
12.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A
12.9	retail petroleum dispenser selling petroleum
12.10	for use in spark ignition engines for vehicle
12.11	model years after 2000 is eligible for grant
12.12	money under this paragraph if the retail
12.13	petroleum dispenser has no more than 15
12.14	retail petroleum dispensing sites and each
12.15	site is located in Minnesota. The grant
12.16	money received under this paragraph must
12.17	be used for the installation of appropriate
12.18	technology that uses fuel dispensing
12.19	equipment appropriate for at least one fuel
12.20	dispensing site to dispense gasoline that is
12.21	blended with 15 percent of agriculturally
12.22	derived, denatured ethanol, by volume, and
12.23	appropriate technical assistance related to
12.24	the installation. A grant award must not
12.25	exceed 85 percent of the cost of the technical
12.26	assistance and appropriate technology,
12.27	including remetering of and retrofits for
12.28	retail petroleum dispensers and replacement
12.29	of petroleum dispenser projects. The
12.30	commissioner may use up to \$35,000 of this
12.31	appropriation for administrative expenses.
12.32	The commissioner shall cooperate with
12.33	biofuel stakeholders in the implementation
12.34	of the grant program. The commissioner
12.35	must report to the legislative committees
12.36	with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and

13.1	finance by February 1 each year, detailing		
13.2	the number of grants awarded under this		
13.3	paragraph and the projected effect of the grant		
13.4	program on meeting the biofuel replacement		
13.5	goals under Minnesota Statutes, section		
13.6	239.7911. These are onetime appropriations.		
15.0	259.1911. These are one and appropriations.		
13.7	\$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second		
13.8	year are for grants to the Southern Minnesota		
13.9	Initiative Foundation to promote local foods		
13.10	through an annual event that raises public		
13.11	awareness of local foods and connects local		
13.12	food producers and processors with potential		
13.13	buyers.		
13.14	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial		
13.15	Assistance	6,067,000	6,252,000
13.16	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the		
13.17	second year are for grants to the Center for		
13.18	Rural Policy and Development.		
13.19	The base for the farm-to-foodshelf program		
13.19 13.20	The base for the farm-to-foodshelf program in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000		
13.20	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000		
	<b></b>		
13.20	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000		
13.20 13.21	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year.		
<ul><li>13.20</li><li>13.21</li><li>13.22</li><li>13.23</li></ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study.		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute.		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute. These appropriations may be spent to		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute.		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute. These appropriations may be spent to		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> <li>13.27</li> </ul>	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000 each year. \$25,000 the first year is for the livestock industry study. \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute. These appropriations may be spent to purchase equipment.		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> <li>13.27</li> <li>13.28</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000</li> <li>each year.</li> <li>\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock</li> <li>industry study.</li> <li>\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second</li> <li>year are for the Northern Crops Institute.</li> <li>These appropriations may be spent to</li> <li>purchase equipment.</li> <li>\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> <li>13.27</li> <li>13.28</li> <li>13.29</li> <li>13.30</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000</li> <li>each year.</li> <li>\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock</li> <li>industry study.</li> <li>\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second</li> <li>year are for the Northern Crops Institute.</li> <li>These appropriations may be spent to</li> <li>purchase equipment.</li> <li>\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the</li> <li>second year are for grants to the Minnesota</li> <li>Livestock Breeders Association.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> <li>13.27</li> <li>13.28</li> <li>13.29</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000</li> <li>each year.</li> <li>\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock</li> <li>industry study.</li> <li>\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second</li> <li>year are for the Northern Crops Institute.</li> <li>These appropriations may be spent to</li> <li>purchase equipment.</li> <li>\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the</li> <li>second year are for grants to the Minnesota</li> <li>Livestock Breeders Association.</li> <li>\$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>13.20</li> <li>13.21</li> <li>13.22</li> <li>13.23</li> <li>13.24</li> <li>13.25</li> <li>13.26</li> <li>13.27</li> <li>13.28</li> <li>13.29</li> <li>13.30</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000</li> <li>each year.</li> <li>\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock</li> <li>industry study.</li> <li>\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second</li> <li>year are for the Northern Crops Institute.</li> <li>These appropriations may be spent to</li> <li>purchase equipment.</li> <li>\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the</li> <li>second year are for grants to the Minnesota</li> <li>Livestock Breeders Association.</li> </ul>		

14.1	Council for programs of the council under
14.1 14.2	Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.
14.2	Miniesota Statutes, enapter 41D.
14.3	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
14.4	second year are for payments to county and
14.5	district agricultural societies and associations
14.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
14.7	subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
14.8	district agricultural societies and associations
14.9	shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of
14.10	each year. These payments are the amount of
14.11	aid from the state for an annual fair held in
14.12	the previous calendar year.
14.13	\$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second
14.14	year are for grants to the Minnesota State
14.15	Poultry Association.
14.16	\$108,000 the first year and \$108,000 the
14.17	second year are for annual grants to the
14.18	Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic
14.19	and applied research on: (1) the improved
14.20	production of forage and turf seed related to
14.21	new and improved varieties; and (2) native
14.22	plants, including plant breeding, nutrient
14.23	management, pest management, disease
14.24	management, yield, and viability. The grant
14.25	recipient may subcontract with a qualified
14.26	third party for some or all of the basic or
14.27	applied research.
14.28	\$550,000 the first year and \$550,000 the
14.29	second year are for grants to Second Harvest
14.30	Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six
14.31	Second Harvest food banks for the purchase
14.32	of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food
14.33	shelves and other charitable organizations
14.34	that are eligible to receive food from the food
14.35	banks. Milk purchased under the grants must

15.1	be acquired from Minnesota milk processors
15.2	and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be
15.3	allocated to each Second Harvest food bank
15.4	serving Minnesota according to the formula
15.5	used in the distribution of United States
15.6	Department of Agriculture commodities
15.7	under The Emergency Food Assistance
15.8	Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest
15.9	Heartland must submit quarterly reports
15.10	to the commissioner on forms prescribed
15.11	by the commissioner. The reports must
15.12	include, but are not limited to, information
15.13	on the expenditure of funds, the amount
15.14	of milk purchased, and the organizations
15.15	to which the milk was distributed. Second
15.16	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts
15.17	or agreements with food banks for shared
15.18	funding or reimbursement of the direct
15.19	purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving
15.20	money from this appropriation may use up to
15.21	two percent of the grant for administrative
15.22	expenses.
15.23	\$113,000 the first year and \$113,000 the
15.24	second year are for transfer to the Board of
15.25	Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
15.26	and Universities for statewide mental health
15.27	counseling support to farm families and
15.28	business operators. South Central College
15.29	shall serve as the fiscal agent.
15.30	\$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the
15.30	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
15.32	Horticultural Society.
15.52	<u>Hordoultulul Dooloty.</u>

15.33 Sec. 3. **BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH** 

<u>\$</u> <u>5,318,000</u> <u>\$</u>

5,384,000

## 16.1 Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION 16.2 RESEARCH INSTITUTE \$ 3,643,000 \$ 3,643,000

16.3	Sec. 5. AVIAN INFLUENZA RESPONSE ACTIVITIES; APPROPRIATIONS.
16.4	(a) \$3,619,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.5	commissioner of agriculture for avian influenza emergency response activities. The
16.6	commissioner may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary
16.7	euthanasia and composting equipment and to reimburse costs incurred by local units of
16.8	government directly related to avian influenza emergency response activities that are not
16.9	eligible for federal reimbursement. This appropriation is available the day following final
16.10	enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.11	(b) \$1,853,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.12	Board of Animal Health for avian influenza emergency response activities. The Board
16.13	may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary euthanasia and
16.14	composting equipment. This appropriation is available the day following final enactment
16.15	<u>until June 30, 2017.</u>
16.16	(c) \$103,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.17	commissioner of health for avian influenza emergency response activities. This
16.18	appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.19	(d) \$350,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.20	commissioner of natural resources for sampling wild animals to detect and monitor the
16.21	avian influenza virus. This appropriation may also be used to conduct serology sampling,
16.22	in consultation with the Board of Animal Health and the University of Minnesota Pomeroy
16.23	Chair in Avian Health, from birds within a control zone and outside of a control zone.
16.24	This appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.25	(e) \$544,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the
16.26	commissioner of public safety to operate the State Emergency Operation Center in
16.27	coordination with the statewide avian influenza response activities. Appropriations
16.28	under this paragraph may also be used to support a staff person at the state's agricultural
16.29	incident command post in Willmar. This appropriation is available the day following final
16.30	enactment until June 30, 2017.
16.31	(f) The commissioner of management and budget may transfer unexpended balances
16.32	from the appropriations in this section to any state agency for operating expenses related
16.33	to avian influenza emergency response activities. The commissioner of management and
16.34	budget must report each transfer to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
16.35	Committee on Finance and the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means.

## Sec. 6. RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY; APPROPRIATION. 17.1 \$10,000,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2016 from the general fund to the 17.2 commissioner of agriculture for transfer to the rural finance authority revolving loan 17.3 account under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, for the purposes of disaster recovery 17.4 loans under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.047. This appropriation is available the day 17.5 following final enactment until June 30, 2017. 17.6 Sec. 7. AVIAN INFLUENZA; FEDERAL FUNDS APPROPRIATION AND 17.7 **REPORTING.** 17.8 All federal money received in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 by the Board of Animal 17.9 Health or the commissioner of agriculture, health, natural resources, or public safety to 17.10 17.11 address avian influenza is appropriated in the fiscal year when it is received. Before spending federal funds appropriated in this section, the commissioner of management and 17.12 budget shall report the anticipated federal funds appropriated under this section and their 17.13 17.14 intended purpose to the Legislative Advisory Commission, consistent with the urgent federal funds request procedure under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.3005, subdivision 17.15 4. By January 15, 2018, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the 17.16 17.17 actual federal funds received and appropriated under this section and their actual use to the Legislative Advisory Commission. 17.18 Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE. 17.19 Sections 5 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment. 17.20 **ARTICLE 2** 17.21 **AGRICULTURE POLICY** 17.22 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.737, is amended by adding a subdivision 17.23 to read: 17.24 Subd. 6. Federal reimbursement. The commissioner must pursue federal 17.25 reimbursement for any compensation payment issued under this section while: 17.26 (1) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service lists the Minnesota population of gray 17.27 wolves as endangered and threatened wildlife under the federal Endangered Species Act; or 17.28 (2) the federal government otherwise prohibits livestock producers from protecting 17.29 their livestock from wolf depredation. 17.30

17.31 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 13.643, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Department of Agriculture data. (a) Loan and grant applicant
data. The following data on applicants, collected by the Department of Agriculture in its
sustainable agriculture revolving loan and grant programs program under sections 17.115
and section 17.116, are private or nonpublic: nonfarm income; credit history; insurance
coverage; machinery and equipment list; financial information; and credit information
requests.

(b) Farm advocate data. The following data supplied by farmer clients to
Minnesota farm advocates and to the Department of Agriculture are private data on
individuals: financial history, including listings of assets and debts, and personal and
emotional status information.

18.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
18.12 Subd. 28. Structural pest. "Structural pest" means <u>a an invertebrate pest, other</u>
18.13 than a plant, or commensal rodent in, on, under, or near a structure <u>such as a residential</u>
18.14 or commercial building.

18.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:
18.16 Subd. 29. Structural pest control. "Structural pest control" means the control of
18.17 any structural pest through the use of a device, a procedure, or application of pesticides or
18.18 through other means in or around a building or other structures, including trucks, boxcars,
18.19 ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigation vaults, and the business activity related to use of a
18.20 device, a procedure, or application of a pesticide.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Establishment. A pesticide regulatory account is established in the
agricultural fund. Fees, assessments, and penalties collected under this chapter must
be deposited in the agricultural fund and credited to the pesticide regulatory account.
Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the
administration and enforcement of this chapter and up to \$20,000 per fiscal year may also
be used by the commissioner for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e).

18.28 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
18.29 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not engage in structural pest
18.30 control applications:

18.31 (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

(2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the personis or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations.

(b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card
when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must
display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law
enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by
the commissioner.

19.8 (c) Notwithstanding the licensing requirements of this subdivision, a person may
19.9 control the following nuisance or economically damaging wild animals, by trapping,
19.10 without a structural pest control license:

19.11 (1) fur-bearing animals, as defined in section 97A.015, with a valid trapping license
 19.12 or special permit from the commissioner of natural resources; and

19.13 (2) skunks, woodchucks, gophers, porcupines, coyotes, moles, and weasels.

19.14 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
19.15 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire
19.16 without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural
19.17 pest control license.

(b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card
when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must
display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law
enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the
license identification card.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator,
certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person,
including a government employee, may not <u>purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in</u>
performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an
appropriate use category.

(b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides
and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner
or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information
required by the commissioner.

19.33

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

20.1 Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in 20.2 the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 20.3 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

(b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person
not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as
exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil 20.7 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee 20.8 of <del>30</del> 39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, 20.9 soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum 20.10 of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner 20.11 must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cent per ton fee in the agricultural 20.12 fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to 20.13 manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by 20.14 20.15 this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.

20.16 (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
20.17 amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
20.18 of three years.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 20.19 Subd. 2. Powers and duties. The council must review applications and select 20.20 projects to receive agricultural fertilizer research and education program grants, as 20.21 authorized in section 18C.71. The council must establish a program to provide grants to 20.22 research, education, and technology transfer projects related to agricultural fertilizer, soil 20.23 amendments, and plant amendments. For the purpose of this section, "fertilizer" includes 20.24 20.25 soil amendments and plant amendments, but does not include vegetable or animal manures that are not manipulated. The commissioner is responsible for all fiscal and administrative 20.26 duties in the first year and may use up to eight percent of program revenue to offset costs 20.27 incurred. No later than October 1, 2007, the commissioner must provide the council with 20.28 an estimate of the annual costs the commissioner would incur in administering the program. 20.29

## 20.30 Sec. 11. [18C.80] AGRICULTURAL FERTILIZER RESEARCH AND

## 20.31 EDUCATION ACCOUNT.

20.32Subdivision 1.Account; appropriation.An agricultural fertilizer research20.33and education account is established in the agricultural fund. Money in the account,

20.34 <u>including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner for grants determined by the</u>

### H.F. No. 846, Conference Committee Report - 89th Legislature (2015-2016)05/18/15 11:21 AM [ccrhf0846a]

- 21.1 Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council under section 18C.71.
- 21.2 The commissioner may use up to \$80,000 each fiscal year for direct costs incurred to
- 21.3 provide fiscal and administrative support to the council as required under section 18C.70,
- 21.4 <u>subdivision 2.</u> The commissioner may also recover associated indirect costs from the
- 21.5 account as required under section 16A.127.
- 21.6 Subd. 2. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2020.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  Subd. 3. Cooperative agreements. The commissioner may enter into cooperative
  agreements with federal and state agencies for administration of the export certification
  program. An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from
  Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate
  must submit an application to the commissioner.
- 21.13 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Phytosanitary and export certificates. An exporter of plants or plant 21.14 products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring 21.15 a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the 21.16 commissioner. Application for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be 21.17 made on forms provided or approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall may 21.18 conduct inspections of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for 21.19 or intend to apply for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner. 21.20 21.21 Inspections must include one or more of the following as requested or required: (1) an inspection of the plants or plant products intended for export under a 21.22 phytosanitary certificate or export certificate; 21.23 21.24 (2) field inspections of growing plants to determine presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary; 21.25 (3) laboratory diagnosis for presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary; 21.26 (4) observation and evaluation of procedures and facilities utilized in handling 21.27 plants and plant products, if necessary; and 21.28 (5) review of United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Grain Inspection 21.29 Service Official Export Grain Inspection Certificate logs. 21.30 The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the 21.31 plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing foreign 21.32 country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements 21.33 of the destination countries must be met by the applicant. 21.34

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  Subd. 5. Certificate fees. (a) The commissioner shall assess the fees in paragraphs
  (b) to (f) fees sufficient to recover all costs for the inspection, service, and work performed
  in carrying out the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The
  inspection fee must be based on mileage and inspection time.
  (b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue Service mileage rate.
  (c) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary to cover department
- 22.8 costs. Inspection time includes the driving time to and from the location in addition to
  22.9 the time spent conducting the inspection.
- (d) (b) If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a
   certificate, the commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost.
- (e) (c) The certificate fee for product value greater than \$250: is \$75 or a fee amount,
   not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary
   or export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to
   any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.
- (f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25 for each phytosanitary or
   export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to
   any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.
- (g) (d) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are goods and services
   provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity,
   the commissioner must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services provided.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
  Subd. 20. Nursery stock. "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or
  propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts,
  cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all
  viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include:
- 22.27 (1) field and forage crops or sod;
- 22.28 (2) the seeds of grasses, cereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers;
- 22.29 (3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers;
- 22.30 (4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation;
- 22.31 (5) annuals; or
- (6) Christmas trees.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

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23.1	Subd. 32a. Sod. "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of
23.2	grasses and the living grass plants.

23.3 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.4 to read:

23.5 <u>Subd. 35.</u> Tropical plant. "Tropical plant" means a plant that has a United States
 23.6 <u>Department of Agriculture hardiness zone designation of zone 6 or greater, or an annual</u>
 23.7 minimum hardiness temperature of -9 degrees Fahrenheit.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Occasional sales. (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be
exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock dealer certificate if:

23.11 (1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed \$2,000;

- 23.12 (2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting23.13 in Minnesota;
- 23.14 (3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in23.15 Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and
- 23.16 (4) <u>the individual conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer</u>
  23.17 days in a calendar year.

(b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales underthis subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.

23.20 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.07, is amended to read:

23.21 **18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.** 

Subdivision 1. Establishment of fees. The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2006, the fees are as described in this section.

Subd. 2. Nursery stock grower certificate. (a) A nursery stock grower must
pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown for
certification as follows:

- 23.32 (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
- 23.33 (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;

- (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300; 24.1 (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350; 24.2 (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500; 24.3 (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650; 24.4 (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800; 24.5 (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100; 24.6 (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and 24.7 (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre. 24.8 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due 24.9 must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a 24.10 maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 24.11 of the current year. 24.12 (c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower 24.13 certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the 24.14 24.15 commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissioner. 24.16 Subd. 3. Nursery stock dealer certificate. (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an 24.17 annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during 24.18 the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay 24.19 the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are: 24.20 (1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150; 24.21 (2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175; 24.22 (3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300; 24.23 (4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425; 24.24 (5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550; 24.25 24.26 (6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and (7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800. 24.27 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due 24.28 must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a 24.29 maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 24.30 of the current year. 24.31 (c) A nursery stock dealer found operating without a valid nursery stock dealer 24.32 certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the 24.33 commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee 24.34
- 24.35 owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock dealer by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. Reinspection; additional or optional inspection fees. If a reinspection is
required or an additional inspection is needed or requested a fee must be assessed based
on mileage and inspection time as follows:

(1) mileage must be charged at the current United States Internal Revenue Servicereimbursement rate; and

(2) inspection time must be charged at the rate of \$50 per hour a rate sufficient to
 recover all inspection costs, including the driving time to and from the location in addition
 to the time spent conducting the inspection.

25.9 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.17, is amended to read:

25.10

## 18H.17 NURSERY AND PHYTOSANITARY ACCOUNT.

A nursery and phytosanitary account is established in the state treasury. The fees and penalties collected under this chapter and interest attributable to money in the account must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the nursery and phytosanitary account in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement for this chapter. The commissioner may spend no more than \$20,000 from the account each fiscal year for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e).

25.18 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.01, is amended to read:

- 25.19 **18J.01 DEFINITIONS.**
- 25.20 (a) The definitions in sections 18G.02, 18H.02, 18K.02, 27.01, 223.16, 231.01,
- and 232.21 apply to this chapter.
- 25.22 (b) For purposes of this chapter, "associated rules" means rules adopted under this 25.23 chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, or sections 21.80 to 21.92.
- 25.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

25.25 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.02, is amended to read:

## 25.26 **18J.02 DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.**

- 25.27 The commissioner shall administer and enforce this chapter, chapters 18G, 18H,
- 25.28 <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, and 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; and associated rules.

## 25.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

25.30 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.03, is amended to read:

#### **18J.03 CIVIL LIABILITY.** 26.1

A person regulated by this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, 26.2 or sections 21.80 to 21.92, is civilly liable for any violation of one of those statutes or 26.3 associated rules by the person's employee or agent. 26.4

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 26.5

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 26.6 Subdivision 1. Access and entry. The commissioner, upon presentation of official 26.7 26.8 department credentials, must be granted immediate access at reasonable times to sites where a person manufactures, distributes, uses, handles, disposes of, stores, or transports 26.9 seeds, plants, grain, household goods, general merchandise, produce, or other living or 26.10 26.11 nonliving products or other objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. 26.12

26.13

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.14 26.15

Subd. 2. Purpose of entry. (a) The commissioner may enter sites for:

(1) inspection of inventory and equipment for the manufacture, storage, handling, 26.16 distribution, disposal, or any other process regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 26.17 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; 26.18

(2) sampling of sites, seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general 26.19 26.20 merchandise, produce, or other living or nonliving objects that are manufactured, stored, distributed, handled, or disposed of at those sites and regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 26.21 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; 26.22

(3) inspection of records related to the manufacture, distribution, storage, handling, 26.23 or disposal of seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general merchandise, 26.24 produce, or other living or nonliving objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 26.25 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; 26.26

(4) investigating compliance with chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; 26.27 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or 26.28

(5) other purposes necessary to implement chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 26.29 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. 26.30

(b) The commissioner may enter any public or private premises during or after 26.31 regular business hours without notice of inspection when a suspected violation of chapter 26.32

18G, 18H, <u>18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may</u>
threaten public health or the environment.

27.3

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 27.4 Subd. 3. Notice of inspection samples and analyses. (a) The commissioner shall 27.5 provide the owner, operator, or agent in charge with a receipt describing any samples 27.6 obtained. If requested, the commissioner shall split any samples obtained and provide 27.7 them to the owner, operator, or agent in charge. If an analysis is made of the samples, 27.8 a copy of the results of the analysis must be furnished to the owner, operator, or agent 27.9 in charge within 30 days after an analysis has been performed. If an analysis is not 27.10 27.11 performed, the commissioner must notify the owner, operator, or agent in charge within 30 days of the decision not to perform the analysis. 27.12

(b) The sampling and analysis must be done according to methods provided for
under applicable provisions of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections
21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. In cases not covered by those sections and methods
or in cases where methods are available in which improved applicability has been
demonstrated the commissioner may adopt appropriate methods from other sources.

## 27.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Inspection requests by others. (a) A person who believes that a violation
of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated
rules has occurred may request an inspection by giving notice to the commissioner of the
violation. The notice must be in writing, state with reasonable particularity the grounds
for the notice, and be signed by the person making the request.

(b) If after receiving a notice of violation the commissioner reasonably believes that
a violation has occurred, the commissioner shall make a special inspection in accordance
with the provisions of this section as soon as practicable, to determine if a violation has
occurred.

(c) An inspection conducted pursuant to a notice under this subdivision may cover
an entire site and is not limited to the portion of the site specified in the notice. If the
commissioner determines that reasonable grounds to believe that a violation occurred
do not exist, the commissioner must notify the person making the request in writing of
the determination.

## 28.1

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 28.2 Subdivision 1. Enforcement required. (a) A violation of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 28.3 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or an associated rule is a violation of this chapter. 28.4 (b) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other 28.5 officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws must take action 28.6 to the extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of chapter 18G, 28.7 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules or valid 28.8 orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner. 28.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 28.10 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 28.11 Subd. 2. Commissioner's discretion. If minor violations of chapter 18G, 18H, 28.12 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules occur or the 28.13 commissioner believes the public interest will be best served by a suitable notice of 28.14 warning in writing, this section does not require the commissioner to: 28.15 (1) report the violation for prosecution; 28.16 (2) institute seizure proceedings; or 28.17 (3) issue a withdrawal from distribution, stop-sale, or other order. 28.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 28.19 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 28.20 Subd. 6. Agent for service of process. All persons licensed, permitted, registered, 28.21 28.22 or certified under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules must appoint the commissioner as the agent upon whom all legal process 28.23 may be served and service upon the commissioner is deemed to be service on the licensee, 28.24 permittee, registrant, or certified person. 28.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 28.26 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.06, is amended to read: 28.27 **18J.06 FALSE STATEMENT OR RECORD.** 28.28 A person must not knowingly make or offer a false statement, record, or other 28.29 information as part of: 28.30

# (1) an application for registration, license, certification, or permit under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;

- 29.3 (2) records or reports required under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232;
  29.4 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or
- 29.5 (3) an investigation of a violation of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232;
  29.6 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.
- 29.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 29.8 Subd. 3. Cancellation of registration, permit, license, certification. The 29.9 commissioner may cancel or revoke a registration, permit, license, or certification 29.10 29.11 provided for under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules or refuse to register, permit, license, or certify under provisions of 29.12 chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules 29.13 if the registrant, permittee, licensee, or certified person has used fraudulent or deceptive 29.14 practices in the evasion or attempted evasion of a provision of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 29.15 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. 29.16
- 29.17

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Service of order or notice. (a) If a person is not available for service of an
order, the commissioner may attach the order to the facility, site, seed or seed container,
plant or other living or nonliving object regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223,
231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules and notify the owner, custodian,
other responsible party, or registrant.

(b) The seed, seed container, plant, or other living or nonliving object regulated
under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated
rules may not be sold, used, tampered with, or removed until released under conditions
specified by the commissioner, by an administrative law judge, or by a court.

29.28

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Unsatisfied judgments. (a) An applicant for a license, permit, registration,
or certification under provisions of this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or
29.32 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may not allow a final judgment against

- 30.1 the applicant for damages arising from a violation of those statutes or rules to remain
- unsatisfied for a period of more than 30 days.
- 30.3 (b) Failure to satisfy, within 30 days, a final judgment resulting from a violation of this
   30.4 chapter results in automatic suspension of the license, permit, registration, or certification.
- 30.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.6 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.09, is amended to read:
- 30.7 **18J.09 CREDITING OF PENALTIES, FEES, AND COSTS.**
- Penalties, cost reimbursements, fees, and other money collected under this chapter
  must be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the appropriate nursery and
  phytosanitary, industrial hemp, or seed account.
- 30.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.12 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 30.13 Subdivision 1. General violation. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and, 3, and
- 30.14 4, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person violates this chapter or an order,
- 30.15 standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner.
- 30.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.17 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
  30.18 to read:
- 30.19 <u>Subd. 4.</u> Controlled substance offenses. Prosecution under this section does not
   30.20 preclude prosecution under chapter 152.
- 30.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.22 Sec. 38. [18K.01] SHORT TITLE.
- 30.23 This chapter may be referred to as the "Industrial Hemp Development Act."
- 30.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.25 Sec. 39. [18K.02] DEFINITIONS.
- 30.26 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.
- 30.27 Subd. 2. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.

31.1	Subd. 3. Industrial hemp. "Industrial hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L.
31.2	and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol
31.3	concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis. Industrial hemp is not
31.4	marijuana as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 9.
31.5	Subd. 4. Marijuana. "Marijuana" has the meaning given in section 152.01,
31.6	subdivision 9.
31.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
31.8	Sec. 40. [18K.03] AGRICULTURAL CROP; POSSESSION AUTHORIZED.
31.9	Industrial hemp is an agricultural crop in this state. A person may possess, transport,
31.10	process, sell, or buy industrial hemp that is grown pursuant to this chapter.
31.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
31.12	Sec. 41. [18K.04] LICENSING.
31.13	Subdivision 1. Requirement; issuance; presumption. (a) A person must obtain a
31.14	license from the commissioner before growing industrial hemp for commercial purposes.
31.15	A person must apply to the commissioner in the form prescribed by the commissioner and
31.16	must pay the annual registration and inspection fee established by the commissioner in
31.17	accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2. The license application must include
31.18	the name and address of the applicant and the legal description of the land area or areas
31.19	where industrial hemp will be grown by the applicant.
31.20	(b) When an applicant has paid the fee and completed the application process to the
31.21	satisfaction of the commissioner, the commissioner must issue a license which is valid
31.22	until December 31 of the year of application.
31.23	(c) A person licensed under this section is presumed to be growing industrial hemp
31.24	for commercial purposes.
31.25	Subd. 2. Background check; data classification. The commissioner must require
31.26	each first-time applicant for a license to submit to a background investigation conducted
31.27	by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as a condition of licensure. As part of the
31.28	background investigation, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension must conduct criminal
31.29	history checks of Minnesota records and is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the
31.30	United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of a
31.31	criminal background check of the national files. The cost of the investigation must be paid
31.32	by the applicant. Criminal history records provided to the commissioner under this section
31.33	must be treated as private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

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32.1	Subd. 3. Federal requirements. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction
32.2	of the commissioner that the applicant has complied with all applicable federal
32.3	requirements pertaining to the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
32.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.5	Sec. 42. [18K.05] ANNUAL REPORT; SALES NOTIFICATION.
32.6	(a) Annually, a licensee must file with the commissioner:
32.7	(1) documentation demonstrating to the commissioner's satisfaction that the seeds
32.8	planted by the licensee are of a type and variety that contain no more than three-tenths of
32.9	one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol; and
32.10	(2) a copy of any contract to grow industrial hemp.
32.11	(b) Within 30 days, a licensee must notify the commissioner of each sale or
32.12	distribution of industrial hemp grown by the licensee including, but not limited to, the
32.13	name and address of the person receiving the industrial hemp and the amount of industrial
32.14	hemp sold or distributed.
32.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.16	Sec. 43. [18K.06] RULEMAKING.
32.17	(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, and
32.18	licensing of industrial hemp.
32.19	(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include, but not be limited to, provisions
32.20	governing:
32.21	(1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;
32.22	(2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;
32.23	(3) the use of background checks results required under section 18K.04 to approve
32.24	or deny a license application; and
32.25	(4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this
32.26	chapter.
32.27	(c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding
32.28	the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
32.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the federal government
32.30	authorizes the commercial production of industrial hemp in this country.

33.1	Fees collected under this chapter must be credited to the industrial hemp account,
33.2	which is hereby established in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. Interest earned
33.3	in the account accrues to the account. Funds in the industrial hemp account are annually
33.4	appropriated to the commissioner to implement and enforce this chapter.
33.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.6	Sec. 45. [18K.08] DEFENSE FOR POSSESSION OF MARIJUANA.
33.7	It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for the possession of marijuana under
33.8	chapter 152 if:
33.9	(1) the defendant possesses industrial hemp grown pursuant to this chapter; or
33.10	(2) the defendant has a valid controlled substance registration from the United States
33.11	Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, if required under federal law.
33.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.13	Sec. 46. [18K.09] PILOT PROGRAM; OTHER RESEARCH AUTHORIZED.
33.14	Subdivision 1. Authorized activity. The commissioner may grow or cultivate
33.15	industrial hemp pursuant to a pilot program administered by the commissioner to study
33.16	the growth, cultivation, or marketing of industrial hemp. The commissioner may: (1)
33.17	authorize institutions of higher education to grow or cultivate industrial hemp as part
33.18	of the commissioner's pilot program or as is necessary to perform other agricultural,
33.19	renewable energy, or academic research; and (2) contract with public or private entities for
33.20	testing or other activities authorized under this subdivision. Authorized activity under this
33.21	section may include collecting seed from wild hemp sources.
33.22	Subd. 2. Site registration. Before growing or cultivating industrial hemp pursuant
33.23	to this section, each site must be registered with and certified by the commissioner. A
33.24	person must register each site annually in the form prescribed by the commissioner and
33.25	must pay the annual registration and certification fee established by the commissioner in
33.26	accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2.
33.27	Subd. 3. Rulemaking. The commissioner may adopt rules that govern the pilot
33.28	program pursuant to this section and Public Law 113-79.
33.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.30	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

33.31 Subd. 2. Permits; issuance and revocation. The commissioner shall issue a permit
33.32 to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold

for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92.
The categories of permits are as follows:

34.3 (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each
34.4 calendar year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision
34.5 2, paragraph (b);

34.6 (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for
34.7 use in home gardens or household plantings, <u>and initial labelers who sell native grasses</u>
34.8 <u>and wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities</u>, an annual permit issued for
34.9 a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross
34.10 sales from the previous year; and

34.11 (3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed
ach calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891,
subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all 34.14 34.15 seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type 34.16 of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting 34.17 period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices 34.18 on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the 34.19 commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure 34.20 to comply with applicable laws and rules. 34.21

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Seed fee permits. (a) An initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in
Minnesota must comply with section 21.89, subdivisions 1 and 2, and the procedures in
this subdivision. Each initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must apply to
the commissioner to obtain a permit. The application must contain the name and address of
the applicant, the application date, and the name and title of the applicant's contact person.
(b) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause

34.29 (1), must be accompanied by an application fee of  $\frac{50}{50}$  \$75.

34.30 (c) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause
34.31 (2), must be accompanied by an application fee based on the level of annual gross sales
34.32 as follows:

34.33 (1) for gross sales of \$0 to \$25,000, the annual permit fee is  $\frac{50}{75}$ ;

34.34 (2) for gross sales of \$25,001 to \$50,000, the annual permit fee is \$100 \$150;

34.35 (3) for gross sales of \$50,001 to \$100,000, the annual permit fee is  $\frac{200}{300}$ ;

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- (4) for gross sales of \$100,001 to \$250,000, the annual permit fee is \$500 \$750; 35.1 (5) for gross sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, the annual permit fee is \$1,000 \$1,500; 35.2 and 35.3 (6) for gross sales of \$500,001 and above to \$1,000,000, the annual permit fee is 35.4 \$2,000 \$3,000; and 35.5 (7) for gross sales of \$1,000,001 and above, the annual permit fee is \$4,500. 35.6 (d) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause 35.7 (3), must be accompanied by an application fee of \$50 \$75. Initial labelers holding seed 35.8 fee permits covered under this paragraph need not apply for a new permit or pay the 35.9 application fee. Under this permit category, the fees for the following kinds of agricultural 35.10 seed sold either in bulk or containers are: 35.11 (1) oats, wheat, and barley, 6.3 9 cents per hundredweight; 35.12 (2) rye, field beans, soybeans, buckwheat, and flax, 8.4 12 cents per hundredweight; 35.13 (3) field corn, <del>29.4</del> 17 cents per <del>hundredweight</del> 80,000 seed unit; 35.14 35.15 (4) forage, lawn and turf grasses, and legumes, 49 69 cents per hundredweight;
- 35.16 (5) sunflower, \$1.40 \$1.96 per hundredweight;
- 35.17 (6) sugar beet, \$3.29 12 cents per hundredweight 100,000 seed unit; and
- 35.18 (7) soybeans, 7.5 cents per 140,000 seed unit; and
- $\frac{(7)(8)}{(7)(8)}$ for any agricultural seed not listed in clauses (1) to  $\frac{(6)(7)}{(7)}$ , the fee for the crop most closely resembling it in normal planting rate applies.
- (e) If, for reasons beyond the control and knowledge of the initial labeler, seed is
  shipped into Minnesota by a person other than the initial labeler, the responsibility for the
  seed fees are transferred to the shipper. An application for a transfer of this responsibility
  must be made to the commissioner. Upon approval by the commissioner of the transfer,
  the shipper is responsible for payment of the seed permit fees.
- (f) Seed permit fees may be included in the cost of the seed either as a hidden cost or
  as a line item cost on each invoice for seed sold. To identify the fee on an invoice, the
  words "Minnesota seed permit fees" must be used.

(g) All seed fee permit holders must file semiannual reports with the commissioner,
even if no seed was sold during the reporting period. Each semiannual report must be
submitted within 30 days of the end of each reporting period. The reporting periods are
October 1 to March 31 and April 1 to September 30 of each year or July 1 to December
31 and January 1 to June 30 of each year. Permit holders may change their reporting
periods with the approval of the commissioner.

(h) The holder of a seed fee permit must pay fees on all seed for which the permit
holder is the initial labeler and which are covered by sections 21.80 to 21.92 and sold
during the reporting period.

(i) If a seed fee permit holder fails to submit a semiannual report and pay the seed
fee within 30 days after the end of each reporting period, the commissioner shall assess a
penalty of \$100 or eight percent, calculated on an annual basis, of the fee due, whichever
is greater, but no more than \$500 for each late semiannual report. A \$15 penalty must be
charged when the semiannual report is late, even if no fee is due for the reporting period.
Seed fee permits may be revoked for failure to comply with the applicable provisions of
this paragraph or the Minnesota seed law.

36.11 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
36.12 Subd. 5. Brand name registration fee. The fee is \$25 \$50 for each variety
36.13 registered for sale by brand name.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.341, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.14 Subd. 2. Application; fee; term. A person who is required to have a commercial 36.15 feed license shall submit an application on a form provided or approved by the 36.16 commissioner accompanied by a fee of \$25 \$75 paid to the commissioner for each 36.17 location. A license is not transferable from one person to another, from one ownership to 36.18 another, or from one location to another. The license year is the calendar year. A license 36.19 expires on December 31 of the year for which it is issued, except that a license is valid 36.20 36.21 through January 31 of the next year or until the issuance of the renewal license, whichever comes first, if the licensee has filed a renewal application with the commissioner on or 36.22 before December 31 of the year for which the current license was issued. Any person who 36.23 36.24 is required to have, but fails to obtain a license or a licensee who fails to comply with license renewal requirements, shall pay a \$50 \$100 late fee in addition to the license fee. 36.25

- 36.26 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  36.27 Subdivision 1. Amount of fee. (a) An inspection fee at the rate of 16 cents per ton
  36.28 must be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the
  36.29 person who first distributes the commercial feed, except that:
- 36.30 (1) no fee need be paid on:

(i) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous distributor; or
(ii) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is paid on the commercial feeds
which are used as ingredients; or

(2) a Minnesota feed distributor who can substantiate that greater than 50 percent 37.1 of the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the state may purchase 37.2 commercial feeds without payment of the inspection fee under a tonnage fee exemption 37.3 permit issued by the commissioner. Such location specific permits shall be issued on a 37.4 calendar year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable 37.5 application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative to record 37.6 keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all commercial 37.7 feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner may require 37.8 so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made. 37.9

37.10 (b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds 37.11 or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted 37.12 annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of 37.13  $\frac{550 \$100}{100}$  for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. 37.14 The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages 37.15 exceeding ten pounds.

37.16 (c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of 37.17 ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must 37.18 be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an 37.19 annual fee of  $\frac{25}{100}$  for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is 37.20 due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty pet food 37.21 distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.

37.22

(d) The minimum inspection fee is  $\frac{10}{5}$  per annual reporting period.

37.23 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
37.24 Subd. 1a. Containers of ten pounds or less. A distributor who is subject to the
37.25 annual fee specified in subdivision 1, paragraph (b) or (c), shall do the following:

(1) before beginning distribution, file with the commissioner a listing of pet and
specialty pet foods to be distributed in the state only in containers of ten pounds or less,
on forms provided by the commissioner. The listing under this clause must be renewed
annually before July 1 and is the basis for the payment of the annual fee. New products
added during the year must be submitted to the commissioner as a supplement to the
annual listing before distribution; and

37.32 (2) if the annual renewal of the listing is not received before July 1 or if an unlisted
product is distributed, pay a late filing fee of \$10 \$100 per product in addition to the
normal charge for the listing. The late filing fee under this clause is in addition to any
other penalty under this chapter.

38.1	Sec. 53. [28A.152] COTTAGE FOODS EXEMPTION.
38.2	Subdivision 1. Licensing provisions applicability. (a) The licensing provisions of
38.3	sections 28A.01 to 28A.16 do not apply to the following:
38.4	(1) an individual who prepares and sells food that is not potentially hazardous food,
38.5	as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4626.0020, subpart 62, if the following requirements
38.6	are met:
38.7	(i) the prepared food offered for sale under this clause is labeled to accurately reflect
38.8	the name and address of the individual preparing and selling the food, the date on which
38.9	the food was prepared, and the ingredients and any possible allergens; and
38.10	(ii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard stating:
38.11	"These products are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and
38.12	(2) an individual who prepares and sells home-processed and home-canned food
38.13	products if the following requirements are met:
38.14	(i) the products are pickles, vegetables, or fruits having an equilibrium pH value of
38.15	4.6 or lower;
38.16	(ii) the products are home-processed and home-canned in Minnesota;
38.17	(iii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard
38.18	stating: "These canned goods are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and
38.19	(iv) each container of the product sold or offered for sale under this clause is
38.20	accurately labeled to provide the name and address of the individual who processed
38.21	and canned the goods, the date on which the goods were processed and canned, and
38.22	ingredients and any possible allergens.
38.23	(b) An individual who qualifies for an exemption under paragraph (a), clause (2), is
38.24	also exempt from the provisions of sections 31.31 and 31.392.
38.25	Subd. 2. Direct sales to consumers. (a) An individual qualifying for an exemption
38.26	under subdivision 1 may sell the exempt food:
38.27	(1) directly to the ultimate consumer;
38.28	(2) at a community event or farmers' market; or
38.29	(3) directly from the individual's home to the consumer, to the extent allowed by
38.30	local ordinance.
38.31	(b) If an exempt food product will be delivered to the ultimate consumer upon sale
38.32	of the food product, the individual who prepared the food product must be the person who
38.33	delivers the food product to the ultimate consumer.
38.34	(c) Food products exempt under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), may not be
38.35	sold outside of Minnesota.

Article2 Sec. 53.

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## (d) Food products exempt under subdivision 1 may be sold over the Internet but 39.1 39.2 must be delivered directly to the ultimate consumer by the individual who prepared the food product. The statement "These products are homemade and not subject to state 39.3 inspection." must be displayed on the Web site that offers the exempt foods for purchase. 39.4 Subd. 3. Limitation on sales. An individual selling exempt foods under this section 39.5 is limited to total sales with gross receipts of \$18,000 or less in a calendar year. 39.6 Subd. 4. Registration. An individual who prepares and sells exempt food under 39.7 subdivision 1 must register annually with the commissioner. The annual registration fee is 39.8 \$50. An individual with \$5,000 or less in annual gross receipts from the sale of exempt 39.9 food under this section is not required to pay the registration fee. 39.10 Subd. 5. Training. (a) An individual with gross receipts between \$5,000 and 39.11 39.12 \$18,000 in a calendar year from the sale of exempt food under this section must complete a safe food handling training course that is approved by the commissioner before registering 39.13 under subdivision 4. The training shall not exceed eight hours and must be completed 39.14 39.15 every three years while the individual is registered under subdivision 4. (b) An individual with gross receipts of less than \$5,000 in a calendar year from 39.16 the sale of exempt food under this section must satisfactorily complete an online course 39.17 and exam as approved by the commissioner before registering under subdivision 4. The 39.18 commissioner shall offer the online course and exam under this paragraph at no cost to 39.19 39.20 the individual. Subd. 6. Local ordinances. This section does not preempt the application of any 39.21 business licensing requirement or sanitation, public health, or zoning ordinance of a 39.22 39.23 political subdivision. Subd. 7. Account established. A cottage foods account is created as a separate 39.24 account in the agricultural fund in the state treasury for depositing money received by the 39.25 39.26 commissioner under this section. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for purposes of this section. 39.27 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.075, is amended to read: 39.28 32.075 TERM OF LICENSE; TRANSFERABILITY; FEES AND PENALTIES. 39.29 Every An initial license issued by the commissioner shall be for a period ending 39.30 expires on the following December 31st day of December next following, and shall is not 39.31 be transferable. A renewal license is valid for two years and expires on December 31 of 39.32 the second year. The fee for each such an initial or renewal license shall be \$50 and each 39.33 39.34 renewal thereof shall be \$25 and is \$60. The fee shall be paid to the commissioner before any the commissioner issues an initial or renewal license or renewal thereof is issued. If a 39.35

license renewal is not applied for on or before January 1 of each year, a penalty of \$10 \$30 40.1 40.2 shall be imposed. A person who does not renew a license within one year following its December 31 expiration date, except those persons who do not renew such license while 40.3 engaged in active military service, shall be required to prove competency and qualification 40.4 pursuant to section 32.073, before a license is issued. The commissioner may require any 40.5 other person who renews a license to prove competency and qualification in the same 40.6 manner. All license fees and penalties received by the commissioner shall be paid into the 40.7 state treasury deposited in the dairy services account in the agricultural fund. 40.8

40.9 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.105, is amended to read:

40.10

# **32.105 MILK PROCUREMENT FEE.**

40.11 Each dairy plant operator within the state must pay to the commissioner on or before 40.12 the 18th of each month a fee of  $.71 \pm 1.1$  cents per hundredweight of milk purchased the 40.13 previous month. If a milk producer within the state ships milk out of the state for sale, the 40.14 producer must pay the fee to the commissioner unless the purchaser voluntarily pays the fee.

40.15 Producers who ship milk out of state or processors must submit monthly reports as 40.16 to milk purchases along with the appropriate procurement fee to the commissioner. The 40.17 commissioner may have access to all relevant purchase or sale records as necessary to 40.18 verify compliance with this section and may require the producer or purchaser to produce 40.19 records as necessary to determine compliance.

40.20 The fees collected under this section must be deposited in the dairy services account
40.21 in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated
40.22 to the commissioner to administer this chapter.

# 40.23 Sec. 56. [41A.14] AGRICULTURE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, EXTENSION, 40.24 AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Duties; grants. The agriculture research, education, extension, and 40.25 technology transfer grant program is created. The purpose of the grant program is to 40.26 provide investments that will most efficiently achieve long-term agricultural productivity 40.27 increases through improved infrastructure, vision, and accountability. The scope and 40.28 intent of the grants, to the extent possible, shall provide for a long-term base funding 40.29 that allows the research grantee to continue the functions of the research, education, and 40.30 extension efforts to a practical conclusion. Priority for grants shall be given to human 40.31 infrastructure. The commissioner shall provide grants for: 40.32

40.33 (1) agricultural research and technology transfer needs and recipients including
 40.34 agricultural research and extension at the University of Minnesota, research and outreach

41.1	centers, the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, the Minnesota
41.2	Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Minnesota Extension Service, the
41.3	University of Minnesota Veterinary School, the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory,
41.4	the Stakman-Borlaug Center, and the Minnesota Agriculture Fertilizer Research and
41.5	Education Council;
41.6	(2) agriculture rapid response for plant and animal diseases and pests; and
41.7	(3) agricultural education including but not limited to the Minnesota Agriculture
41.8	Education Leadership Council, farm business management, mentoring programs, graduate
41.9	debt forgiveness, and high school programs.
41.10	Subd. 2. Advisory panel. In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner
41.11	must consult with an advisory panel consisting of the following stakeholders:
41.12	(1) a representative of the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource
41.13	Sciences at the University of Minnesota;
41.14	(2) a representative of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;
41.15	(3) a representative of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;
41.16	(4) a representative of the Minnesota Farmers Union;
41.17	(5) a person representing agriculture industry statewide;
41.18	(6) a representative of each of the state commodity councils organized under section
41.19	17.54 and the Minnesota Pork Board;
41.20	(7) a person representing an association of primary manufacturers of forest products;
41.21	(8) a person representing organic or sustainable agriculture; and
41.22	(9) a person representing statewide environment and natural resource conservation
41.23	organizations.
41.24	Subd. 3. Account. An agriculture research, education, extension, and technology
41.25	transfer account is created in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. The account
41.26	consists of money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriations
41.27	from any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 1, and any interest or
41.28	earnings of the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
41.29	agriculture for the purposes under subdivision 1.
41.30	Sec. 57. [41A.15] DEFINITIONS.
41.31	Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 41A.15 to 41A.18, the terms
41.32	defined in this section have the meanings given them.

41.33 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Advanced biofuel.</u> "Advanced biofuel" has the meaning given in section
41.34 <u>239.051</u>, subdivision 1a.

42.1	Subd. 3. Biomass thermal production. "Biomass thermal production" means the
42.2	generation of energy for commercial heat or industrial process heat from a cellulosic
42.3	material or other material composed of forestry or agricultural feedstocks for a new or
42.4	expanding capacity facility or a facility that is displacing existing use of fossil fuel after
42.5	the effective date of this section.
42.6	Subd. 4. Cellulosic biomass. "Cellulosic biomass" means material primarily made
42.7	up of cellulose, hemicellulose, or lingnin, or a combination of those ingredients.
42.8	Subd. 5. Cellulosic sugar. "Cellulosic sugar" means sugar derived from cellulosic
42.9	biomass from agricultural or forestry resources.
42.10	Subd. 6. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
42.11	Subd. 7. Cover crops. "Cover crops" means grasses, legumes, forbs, or other
42.12	herbaceous plants that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in
42.13	Minnesota and that are either interseeded into living cash crops or planted on agricultural
42.14	fields during fallow periods for seasonal cover and conservation purposes.
42.15	Subd. 8. MMbtu. "MMbtu" means 1,000,000 British thermal units.
42.16	Subd. 9. Perennial crops. "Perennial crops" means agriculturally produced plants
42.17	that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in Minnesota and that
42.18	have a life cycle of at least three years at the location where the plants are being cultivated.
42.19	Biomass from alfalfa produced in a two-year rotation shall be considered a perennial crop.
42.20	Subd. 10. Renewable chemical. "Renewable chemical" means a chemical with
42.21	biobased content as defined in section 41A.105, subdivision 1a.
42.22	Sec. 58. [41A.16] ADVANCED BIOFUEL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

### Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must 42.23 source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or 42.24 42.25 less from the state border, raw materials may be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The 42.26 facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 42.27 30, 2025, and must not begin operating above 95,000 MMbtu of annual biofuel production 42.28 before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are 42.29 adding advanced biofuel production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as 42.30 new companies and facilities. Production of conventional corn ethanol and conventional 42.31 42.32 biodiesel is not eligible. Eligible advanced biofuel facilities must produce at least 95,000 MMbtu a year. 42.33 (b) No payments shall be made for advanced biofuel production that occurs after 42.34

42.35 June 30, 2035, for those eligible biofuel producers under paragraph (a).

(c) An eligible producer of advanced biofuel shall not transfer the producer's 43.1 43.2 eligibility for payments under this section to an advanced biofuel facility at a different location. 43.3 (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive 43.4 payments under this section until the producer resumes production. 43.5 (e) Renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under 43.6 section 41A.17, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received 43.7 under section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section. 43.8 Subd. 2. Payment amounts; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments 43.9 to eligible producers of advanced biofuel. The amount of the payment for each eligible 43.10 producer's annual production is \$2.1053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from 43.11 43.12 cellulosic biomass, and \$1.053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from sugar or starch at a specific location for ten years after the start of production. 43.13 (b) Total payments under this section to an eligible biofuel producer in a fiscal 43.14 43.15 year may not exceed the amount necessary for 2,850,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. Total payments under this section to all eligible biofuel producers in a fiscal year may 43.16 not exceed the amount necessary for 17,100,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. The 43.17 commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of 43.18 available funding. 43.19 (c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more 43.20 than one advanced biofuel facility is considered a single eligible producer. 43.21 Subd. 3. Perennial and cover crops required. To be eligible for payment under 43.22 43.23 this section, a producer that produces advanced biofuel from agricultural cellulosic biomass other than corn kernel fiber or biogas must derive at least the following portions 43.24 of the producer's total eligible MMbtus from perennial crop or cover crop biomass: 43.25 43.26 (1) ten percent during the first two years of eligible production; (2) 30 percent during the third and fourth years of eligible production; and 43.27 (3) 50 percent during the fifth through tenth years of eligible production. 43.28 Subd. 4. Cellulosic forestry biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic 43.29 biomass must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the 43.30 equivalent. All biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland 43.31 harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic 43.32 biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest 43.33 Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System. 43.34 Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by 43.35

44.1	a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger		
44.2	education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.		
44.3	Subd. 5. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer		
44.4	who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing		
44.5	plan for approval by the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section.		
44.6	The commissioner shall make the plan publicly available. The plan must:		
44.7	(1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be		
44.8	produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and		
44.9	nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts		
44.10	on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;		
44.11	(2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following		
44.12	the plan;		
44.13	(3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable		
44.14	may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will		
44.15	encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project;		
44.16	(4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress;		
44.17	(5) require agronomic practices that result in a positive Natural Resources		
44.18	Conservation Service Soil Conditioning Index score for acres from which biomass from		
44.19	corn stover will be harvested; and		
44.19 44.20	<u>corn stover will be harvested; and</u> (6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil		
44.20	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil		
44.20 44.21	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter.		
44.20 44.21 44.22	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives		
<ul><li>44.20</li><li>44.21</li><li>44.22</li><li>44.23</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil</li> <li>organic matter.</li> <li>(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives</li> <li>payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil</li> <li>organic matter.</li> <li>(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives</li> <li>payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible</li> <li>biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil</li> <li>organic matter.</li> <li>(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives</li> <li>payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible</li> <li>biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must</li> <li>include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter.</li> <li>(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> <li>44.29</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> <li>44.29</li> <li>44.30</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan.		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> <li>44.29</li> <li>44.30</li> <li>44.31</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan. Subd. 6. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> <li>44.29</li> <li>44.30</li> <li>44.31</li> <li>44.32</li> </ul>	(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter. (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan. Subd. 6. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible biofuel producer shall file a claim for payment for advanced biofuel production during the		
<ul> <li>44.20</li> <li>44.21</li> <li>44.22</li> <li>44.23</li> <li>44.24</li> <li>44.25</li> <li>44.26</li> <li>44.27</li> <li>44.28</li> <li>44.29</li> <li>44.30</li> <li>44.31</li> <li>44.32</li> <li>44.33</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil organic matter.</li> <li>(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer is in compliance with the plan.</li> <li>Subd. 6. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible biofuel producer shall file a claim for payment for advanced biofuel production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible biofuel producer that files a claim under</li> </ul>		

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- 45.1 of advanced biofuel production must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to
- 45.2 practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation
- 45.3 Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- 45.4 (b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, 45.5 and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed
- 45.5 and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

# 45.6 Sec. 59. [41A.17] RENEWABLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

- 45.7 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this program
- 45.8 must source at least 80 percent biobased content, as defined in section 41A.105,
- 45.9 <u>subdivision 1a, clause (1), from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the</u>
- 45.10 state border, biobased content must be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Biobased
- 45.11 content must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility
- 45.12 must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30,
- 45.13 <u>2025</u>, and must not begin production of 3,000,000 pounds of chemicals annually before
- 45.14 January 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are
- 45.15 adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and
- 45.16 <u>facilities</u>. Eligible renewable chemical facilities must produce at least 3,000,000 pounds
- 45.17 per year. Renewable chemicals produced through processes that are fully commercial
- 45.18 <u>before January 1, 2000, are not eligible.</u>
- 45.19 (b) No payments shall be made for renewable chemical production that occurs after
  45.20 June 30, 2035, for those eligible renewable chemical producers under paragraph (a).
- 45.21 (c) An eligible producer of renewable chemicals shall not transfer the producer's
- 45.22 eligibility for payments under this section to a renewable chemical facility at a different45.23 location.
- 45.24 (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive
  45.25 payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
- 45.26 (e) Advanced biofuel production for which payment has been received under section
- 45.27 <u>41A.16</u>, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under
- 45.28 section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section.
- 45.29 Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make
- 45.30 payments to eligible producers of renewable chemicals located in the state. The amount of
- 45.31 the payment for each producer's annual production is \$0.03 per pound of sugar-derived
- 45.32 renewable chemical, \$0.03 per pound of cellulosic sugar, and \$0.06 per pound of
- 45.33 <u>cellulosic-derived renewable chemical produced at a specific location for ten years after</u>
- 45.34 <u>the start of production.</u>

(b) An eligible facility producing renewable chemicals using agricultural cellulosic 46.1 biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from 46.2 agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass. 46.3 46.4 (c) Total payments under this section to an eligible renewable chemical producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 99,999,999 pounds of renewable 46.5 chemical production. Total payments under this section to all eligible renewable chemical 46.6 producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 599,999,999 pounds of 46.7 renewable chemical production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, 46.8 first-served basis within the limits of available funding. 46.9 (d) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more 46.10 than one renewable chemical production facility is considered a single eligible producer. 46.11 Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass 46.12 must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent. 46.13 All cellulosic biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland 46.14 46.15 harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest 46.16 Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System. 46.17 Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by 46.18 a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger 46.19 46.20 education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan. Subd. 4. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer 46.21 who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing 46.22 46.23 plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must: (1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be 46.24 produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and 46.25 nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts 46.26 on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions; 46.27 (2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following 46.28 the plan; 46.29 (3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable 46.30 may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will 46.31 encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and 46.32 (4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress. 46.33 (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives 46.34 payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible 46.35 biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must 46.36

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include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the 47.1 plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall 47.2 perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the 47.3 producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner 47.4 may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer 47.5 is in compliance with the plan. 47.6 Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each 47.7 eligible renewable chemical producer shall file a claim for payment for renewable 47.8 chemical production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible renewable 47.9

47.10 chemical producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of

47.11 <u>the eligible producer's total renewable chemical production in Minnesota during the</u>

47.12 <u>quarter covered by the claim.</u> For each claim and statement of total renewable chemical

47.13 production filed under this paragraph, the volume of renewable chemical production

47.14 <u>must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in</u>

47.15 <u>accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the</u>

47.16 <u>American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.</u>

47.17 (b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15,
47.18 and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

# 47.19 Sec. 60. [41A.18] BIOMASS THERMAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must 47.20 source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or 47.21 47.22 less from the state border, raw materials should be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. 47.23 Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must have begun production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and 47.24 47.25 must not begin before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as 47.26 new companies and facilities. Eligible biomass thermal production facilities must produce 47.27 at least 1,000 MMbtu per year. 47.28 (b) No payments shall be made for biomass thermal production that occurs after June 47.29 30, 2035, for those eligible biomass thermal producers under paragraph (a). 47.30 (c) An eligible producer of biomass thermal production shall not transfer the 47.31 producer's eligibility for payments under this section to a biomass thermal production 47.32 facility at a different location. 47.33

47.34 (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive
47.35 payments under this section until the producer resumes production.

48.1	(e) Biofuel production for which payment has been received under section 41A.16,
48.2	and renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under section
48.3	41A.17, are not eligible for payment under this section.
48.4	Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits; blending. (a) The commissioner shall
48.5	make payments to eligible producers of biomass thermal located in the state. The amount
48.6	of the payment for each producer's annual production is \$5.00 per MMbtu of biomass
48.7	thermal production produced at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
48.8	(b) An eligible facility producing biomass thermal using agricultural cellulosic
48.9	biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from
48.10	agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass.
48.11	(c) Total payments under this section to an eligible thermal producer in a fiscal
48.12	year may not exceed the amount necessary for 30,000 MMbtu of thermal production.
48.13	Total payments under this section to all eligible thermal producers in a fiscal year may
48.14	not exceed the amount necessary for 150,000 MMbtu of total thermal production. The
48.15	commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of
48.16	available funding.
48.17	(d) An eligible facility may blend a cellulosic feedstock with other fuels in the
48.18	biomass thermal production facility, but only the percentage attributable to cellulosic
48.19	material is eligible to receive payment.
48.20	(e) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more
48.21	than one biomass thermal production facility is considered a single eligible producer.
48.22	Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass
48.23	must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent.
48.24	All biomass from brushland must be produced using Minnesota brushland harvesting
48.25	biomass guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic biomass that comes from
48.26	land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council,
48.27	the Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm. Uncertified land from parcels
48.28	of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by a logger who has completed
48.29	training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger education program or the
48.30	equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.
48.31	Subd. 4. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer
48.32	who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing
48.33	plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must:
48.34	(1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be
48.35	produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and

49.1	nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts
49.2	on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;
49.3	(2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following
49.4	the plan;
49.5	(3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable
49.6	may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will
49.7	encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and
49.8	(4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress.
49.9	(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives
49.10	payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible
49.11	biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must
49.12	include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the
49.13	plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall
49.14	perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the
49.15	producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner
49.16	may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer
49.17	is in compliance with the plan.
49.18	Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each
49.19	producer shall file a claim for payment for biomass thermal production during the
49.20	preceding three calendar months. A producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall
49.21	include a statement of the producer's total biomass thermal production in Minnesota
49.22	during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total biomass
49.23	thermal production filed under this paragraph, the volume of biomass thermal production
49.24	must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in
49.25	accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the
49.26	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
49.27	(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15,
49.28	and August 15. A separate payment shall be made for each claim filed.
49.29	Sec. 61. [41A.19] REPORT; INCENTIVE PROGRAMS.
49.30	By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive programs
49.31	under sections 41A.16, 41A.17, and 41A.18 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction
40.32	over environment and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include information

- 49.32 over environment and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include information
- 49.33 <u>on production and incentive expenditures under the programs.</u>
- 49.34 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Application fee. The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable 50.1 application fee for each application submitted for a beginning farmer loan or a 50.2 seller-sponsored loan. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the 50.3 fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fee must be deposited in the state 50.4 treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is 50.5 appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the beginning farmer 50.6 and seller-sponsored loan programs the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 50.7 established in subdivision 7. 50.8

50.9	Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
50.10	to read:

# 50.11Subd. 7. Rural Finance Authority administrative account. There is established50.12in the agricultural fund a Rural Finance Authority administrative account. Money in the50.13account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for the50.14administrative expenses of the loan programs administered by the Rural Finance Authority.

50.15 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.04, subdivision 17, is amended to read: 50.16 Subd. 17. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application and an origination fee for each loan 50.17 issued under the loan restructuring program. The origination fee is 1.5 percent of the 50.18 authority's participation interest in the loan and the application fee is \$50. The authority 50.19 may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be 50.20 50.21 deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses 50.22 of the loan restructuring program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 50.23 50.24 established in section 41B.03.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 50.25 Subd. 3. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable 50.26 nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a participation issued 50.27 under the agricultural improvement loan program. The application fee is initially \$50. The 50.28 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must 50.29 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. 50.30 Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of 50.31 the agricultural improvement loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative 50.32 account established in section 41B.03. 50.33

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Specifications. No loan may be made to refinance an existing debt. Each
loan participation must be secured by a mortgage on real property and such other security
as the authority may require.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 51.5 Subd. 4. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable 51.6 nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan participation and an 51.7 origination fee for each loan issued under the livestock expansion loan program. The 51.8 origination fee initially shall be set at 1.5 percent and the application fee at \$50. The 51.9 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must 51.10 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. 51.11 Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of 51.12 the livestock expansion loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 51.13 51.14 established in section 41B.03.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.046, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a stock loan with an eligible
lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45
percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest
rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the
interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the
authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of the lender's interest rate.

(b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the stock may be financedunder this program.

(c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a personal note executed by
the borrower, and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
(d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each
application for a stock loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make
adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received
by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section
41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

51.31 (e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving51.32 loan account established in section 41B.06.

51.33 (f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding
51.34 \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative.

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- (g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and 52.1 interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06. 52.2
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 52.3 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish and implement a 52.4 disaster recovery loan program to help farmers: 52.5

(1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well 52.6 as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock, when damaged by high winds, 52.7 hail, tornado, or flood; or 52.8

(2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation 52.9 systems and practices when drought is the cause of the purchase-; 52.10

(3) restore farmland; or 52.11

(4) replace flocks, make building improvements, and cover the loss of revenue when 52.12

the replacement, improvements, or loss of revenue is due to the confirmed presence of 52.13

- 52.14 the highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry or game flock located
- in Minnesota. 52.15
- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 52.16 Subd. 3. Eligibility. To be eligible for this program, a borrower must: 52.17

(1) meet the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1; 52.18

- (2) certify that the damage or loss was (i) sustained within a county that was the 52.19 subject of a state or federal disaster declaration or (ii) due to the confirmed presence of 52.20 the highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry or game flock located 52.21
- in Minnesota; 52.22

(3) demonstrate an ability to repay the loan; and 52.23

52.24 (4) have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than \$660,000 in 2004 and an amount in subsequent years which 52.25 is adjusted for inflation by multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as 52.26

determined by the Consumer Price Index; and 52.27

- (5) (4) have received at least 50 percent of average annual gross income from 52.28 farming for the past three years. 52.29
- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 52.30 Subd. 4. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a disaster recovery loan with 52.31 an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Participation is limited 52.32 to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$50,000 \$200,000, whichever is less. 52.33

53.1 The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ

from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, butthe authority's interest rate must not exceed four percent.

(b) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authoritynot to exceed ten years.

(c) Security for the disaster recovery loans must be a personal note executed by theborrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

(d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for a
disaster recovery loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments
as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the
authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section

53.12 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

(e) Disaster recovery loans under this program will be made using money in therevolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

(f) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and
interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section
41B.06.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.048, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Loans. (a) The authority may disburse loans through a fiscal agent to
farmers and agricultural landowners who are eligible under subdivision 5. The total
accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$75,000 per loan.

(b) The fiscal agent may impose a loan origination fee in the amount of one percent
of the total approved loan. This fee is to be paid by the borrower to the fiscal agent at
the time of loan closing.

53.25 (c) The loan may be disbursed over a period not to exceed 12 years.

(d) A borrower may receive loans, depending on the availability of funds, for plantedareas up to 160 acres for up to:

53.28 (1) the total amount necessary for establishment of the crop;

(2) the total amount of maintenance costs, including weed control, during the firstthree years; and

53.31 (3) 70 percent of the estimated value of one year's growth of the crop for years53.32 four through 12.

(e) Security for the loan must be the crop, a personal note executed by the borrower, an
interest in the land upon which the crop is growing, and whatever other security is required
by the fiscal agent or the authority. All recording fees must be paid by the borrower.

54.1 (f) The authority may prescribe forms and establish an application process for54.2 applicants to apply for a loan.

(g) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for each
application for a loan under this program. The application fee is initially \$50. Application
fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established
under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in
section 41B.03.

(h) Loans under the program must be made using money in the revolving loanaccount established under section 41B.06.

(i) All repayments of financial assistance granted under this section, including
principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established
under section 41B.06.

(j) The interest payable on loans made by the authority for the agroforestry loan
program must, if funded by revenue bond proceeds, be at a rate not less than the rate on the
revenue bonds, and may be established at a higher rate necessary to pay costs associated
with the issuance of the revenue bonds and a proportionate share of the cost of administering
the program. The interest payable on loans for the agroforestry loan program funded from
sources other than revenue bond proceeds must be at a rate determined by the authority.

(k) Loan principal balance outstanding plus all assessed interest must be repaid
within 120 days of harvest, but no later than 15 years from planting.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.049, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Loans. (a) The authority may make a direct loan or participate in a loan
with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Repayment terms
of the authority's participation interest may differ from repayment terms of the lender's
retained portion of the loan. Loans made under this section must be no-interest loans.

54.26 (b) Application for a direct loan or a loan participation must be made on forms54.27 prescribed by the authority.

54.28 (c) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority54.29 not to exceed ten years.

54.30 (d) Security for the loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and54.31 whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

(e) No loan proceeds may be used to refinance a debt existing prior to application.
(f) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for
each application for a direct loan or a loan participation. The authority may review the
application fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is

initially set at \$100 for a loan under subdivision 1. The fees received by the authority must

55.2 be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance

55.3 Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 55.4 Subd. 3. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a livestock equipment loan 55.5 equal to 90 percent of the purchased equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer 55.6 who is eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal 55.7 amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms 55.8 of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment 55.9 terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must 55.10 not exceed three percent. The authority may review the interest annually and make 55.11 adjustments as necessary. 55.12
- (b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authorityand must not exceed ten years.
- (c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a personal note executed by theborrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
  - (d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose.
- (e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for
  a livestock equipment loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make
  adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received
  by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section
  41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loanaccount established in section 41B.06.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.056, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
  (b) "Intermediary" means any lending institution or other organization of a for-profit
  or nonprofit nature that is in good standing with the state of Minnesota that has the
  appropriate business structure and trained personnel suitable to providing efficient
  disbursement of loan funds and the servicing and collection of loans.
- (c) "Specialty crops" means agricultural crops, such as annuals, flowers, perennials,
  and other horticultural products, that are intensively cultivated.

55.17

- 56.1 (d) "Eligible livestock" means poultry that has been allowed access to the outside,
- 56.2 sheep, or goats beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae,
- 56.3 <u>ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas</u>.
- Sec. 76. [41B.057] FARM OPPORTUNITY LOAN PROGRAM. 56.4 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish a farm opportunity loan 56.5 program to provide loans that enable farmers to: 56.6 (1) add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota; 56.7 (2) adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency; 56.8 (3) reduce or improve management of agricultural inputs resulting in environmental 56.9 improvements; or 56.10 (4) increase production of on-farm energy. 56.11 Subd. 2. Loan criteria. (a) The farm opportunity loan program shall provide loans 56.12 for purchase of new or used equipment and installation of equipment for projects that 56.13 56.14 make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. The loan program shall also be used to add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota by, but not 56.15 limited to, initiating or expanding livestock product processing; purchasing equipment to 56.16 56.17 initiate, upgrade, or modernize value-added agricultural businesses; or increasing farmers' processing and aggregating capacity facilitating entry into farm-to-institution and other 56.18 56.19 markets. Eligible loan uses do not include expenses related to seeds, fertilizer, fuel, or other operating expenses. 56.20 (b) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a farm 56.21 56.22 opportunity loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority 56.23 must be deposited in the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established 56.24 56.25 in section 41B.03. (c) Loans may only be made to Minnesota residents engaged in farming. Standards 56.26 for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed 56.27 ten years. 56.28 (d) The borrower must show the ability to repay the loan. 56.29 (e) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible expense. 56.30 (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan 56.31 account established in section 41B.06. 56.32 Subd. 3. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a farm opportunity 56.33 loan with an eligible lender, as defined in section 41B.02, subdivision 8, to a farmer or a 56.34 group of farmers on joint projects who are eligible under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), 56.35

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- and who are actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the
- 57.2 principal amount of the loan or \$45,000 per individual, whichever is less. For loans to a
- 57.3 group made up of four or more individuals, participation is limited to 45 percent of the
- 57.4 principal amount of the loan or \$180,000, whichever is less. The interest rate on the
- 57.5 loans must not exceed six percent.

57.6 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.06, is amended to read:

# 57.7 **41B.06 RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.**

There is established in the rural finance administration fund a Rural Finance 57.8 Authority revolving loan account that is eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer 57.9 of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial assistance granted from 57.10 this account, including principal and interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest 57.11 earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in the account is 57.12 appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the Rural Finance Authority 57.13 livestock equipment, methane digester, disaster recovery, value-added agricultural 57.14 product, agroforestry, and agricultural microloan, and farm opportunity loan programs, 57.15 including costs incurred by the authority to establish and administer the programs. 57.16

57.17 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 135A.52, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

57.19 Subd. 6. Farm business management. Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
 57.20 campuses that offer farm business management may specify space availability in the
 57.21 delivery of farm business management courses.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 375.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 57.22 Subd. 2. Wild hemp. A county board, by resolution, may appropriate and spend 57.23 money as necessary to spray and otherwise eradicate wild hemp, commonly known as 57.24 marijuana, on private property within the county. The county board may authorize the 57.25 use of county equipment, personnel and supplies and materials to spray or otherwise 57.26 eradicate wild hemp on private property, and may pro rate the expenses involved between 57.27 the county and owner or occupant of the property. Industrial hemp grown by a person 57.28 licensed under chapter 18K is not wild hemp. 57.29

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Reports. (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment
fund, corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or entity that is seeking

to qualify for an exemption from the commissioner, and the trustee of a family farm trust
that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing,
growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for
the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a
bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming
or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the
commissioner a report containing the following information and documents:

(1) the name of the pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, or
limited liability company and its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(2) the address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered
office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state
and, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company,
the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(3) the acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township, and county
of each lot or parcel of agricultural land or land used for the keeping or feeding of poultry
in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, limited partnership,
corporation, or limited liability company;

(4) the names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors, or trustees of
the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders owning more than ten
percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, the
members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the members of the limited
liability company, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in
the partnership by each partner;

(5) the farm products which the pension or investment fund, limited partnership,
corporation, or limited liability company produces or intends to produce on its agricultural
land;

(6) with the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operationsare or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3; and

(7) with the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the
soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether
the conservation plan was implemented.

The report of a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or partnership seeking to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation, an authorized farm corporation, an authorized livestock farm corporation, a family farm partnership, an authorized farm partnership, a family farm limited liability company, an authorized farm limited liability company, or a family farm trust or under an exemption from the commissioner shall

contain the following additional information: the number of shares, partnership interests, 59.1 or governance and financial rights owned by persons or current beneficiaries of a family 59.2 farm trust residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within 59.3 the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the 59.4 name, address, and number of shares owned by each shareholder, partnership interests 59.5 owned by each partner or governance and financial rights owned by each member, and a 59.6 statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties, 59.7 dividends, interest, and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership, 59.8 corporation, or limited liability company shall commence farming in this state until the 59.9 commissioner has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply 59.10 with the provisions of this section. 59.11

(b) Every pension or investment fund, limited partnership, trust, corporation, or limited liability company as described in paragraph (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each year, file with the commissioner a report containing the information required in paragraph (a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the year. A pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.

(c) The commissioner may, for good cause shown, issue a written waiver or 59.19 reduction of the civil penalty for failure to make a timely filing of the annual report 59.20 required by this subdivision. The waiver or reduction is final and conclusive with respect 59.21 to the civil penalty, and may not be reopened or modified by an officer, employee, or 59.22 59.23 agent of the state, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation of a material fact. The report required under paragraph (b) must be completed prior to a 59.24 reduction or waiver under this paragraph. The commissioner may enter into an agreement 59.25 59.26 under this paragraph only once for each corporation or partnership.

59.27 (d) All reports required by paragraph (a) shall include a filing fee of \$15. The fee
59.28 must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the agricultural fund.
59.29 Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the
59.30 administrative expenses of this section.

59.31 (d) (e) Failure to file a required report or the willful filing of false information is a
 59.32 gross misdemeanor.

59.33 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 583.215, is amended to read:

59.34 **583.215 EXPIRATION.** 

- 60.1 Sections 336.9-601, subsections (h) and (i); 550.365; 559.209; 582.039; and 583.20
  60.2 to 583.32, expire June 30, <del>2016</del> 2017.
- 60.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective May 23, 2016, if the legislature does
   60.4 not meet in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016. If the legislature
   60.5 meets in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016, this section is void.
- 60.6 Sec. 82. Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 3, is amended to read:
- 60.7
   Sec. 3. AGRICULTURE.
   \$ -0- \$ 2,750,000
- \$2,000,000 in 2015 is for a grant to Second 60.8 60.9 Harvest Heartland on behalf of the six Feeding America food banks that serve 60.10 Minnesota to compensate agricultural 60.11 60.12 producers and processors for costs incurred to harvest and package for transfer surplus 60.13 fruits, vegetables, or other agricultural 60.14 commodities that would otherwise go 60.15 unharvested or, be discarded, or be sold in 60.16 60.17 a secondary market. Surplus commodities must be distributed statewide to food 60.18 shelves and other charitable organizations 60.19 that are eligible to receive food from the 60.20 food banks. Surplus food acquired under 60.21 this appropriation must be from Minnesota 60.22 producers and processors. Second Harvest 60.23 Heartland must report when required by, and 60.24 in the form prescribed by, the commissioner. 60.25 For fiscal year 2015, Second Harvest 60.26 Heartland may use up to 11 percent of any 60.27 grant received for administrative expenses 60.28 and up to four percent of the grant for 60.29 transportation expenses. For fiscal years 60.30 2016 and 2017, Second Harvest Heartland 60.31 may use up to five percent of any grant 60.32 60.33 received for administrative expenses. This

- 61.1 is a onetime appropriation and is available
- 61.2 until June 30, 2017.
- 61.3 The commissioner shall examine how other
- 61.4 states are implementing the industrial hemp
- 61.5 research authority provided in Public Law
- 61.6 113-79 and gauge the interest of Minnesota
- 61.7 higher education institutions. No later
- 61.8 than January 15, 2015, the commissioner
- 61.9 must report the information and items for
- 61.10 legislative consideration to the legislative
- 61.11 committees with jurisdiction over agriculture
- 61.12 policy and finance.
- 61.13 \$350,000 in 2015 is for an increase in retail
- 61.14 food handler inspections.
- 61.15 \$200,000 in 2015 is added to the
- appropriation in Laws 2013, chapter 114,
- 61.17 article 1, section 3, subdivision 4, for
- 61.18 distribution to the state's county fairs. This is
- 61.19 a onetime appropriation.
- 61.20 \$200,000 in 2015 is for a grant as determined
- 61.21 by the commissioner to a public higher
- 61.22 education institution to research porcine
- 61.23 epidemic diarrhea virus. This is a onetime
- appropriation and is available until June 30,
- 61.25 2017.
- 61.26 Sec. 83. <u>LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY STUDY.</u>
- 61.27 The commissioner of agriculture must identify causes of the relative growth or
- decline in the number of head of poultry and livestock produced in Minnesota, Iowa,
- 61.29 North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Nebraska over the last ten years, including
- 61.30 but not limited to the impact of nuisance conditions and lawsuits filed against poultry or
- 61.31 livestock farms. No later than February 1, 2016, the commissioner must report findings
- 61.32 by poultry and livestock sector and provide recommendations on how to strengthen and
- 61.33 expand Minnesota animal agriculture to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
- 61.34 <u>agriculture policy and finance</u>.

62.1	Sec. 84. CORRECTIONAL FACILITY VOCATIONAL TRAINING PILOT
62.2	PROGRAM.
62.3	Subdivision 1. Pilot program. The commissioner of agriculture must coordinate
62.4	a pilot program operated by the Northeast Regional Corrections Center to train inmates
62.5	for careers as meat cutters upon release. The commissioner must facilitate program
62.6	development and ensure that the program prepares inmates to meet applicable food safety
62.7	and licensure requirements.
62.8	Subd. 2. Program development. In facilitating development of the pilot program,
62.9	the commissioner must consult with the commissioner of employment and economic
62.10	development and a representative of each of the following organizations:
62.11	(1) Northeast Regional Corrections Center; and
62.12	(2) United Food and Commercial Workers.
62.13	Subd. 3. <b>Report required.</b> No later than February 1, 2017, the commissioner must
62.14	report on the progress and outcomes of the program to the legislative committees with
62.15	jurisdiction over agriculture, economic development, higher education, and public safety.
62.16 62.17	Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires on June 30, 2017. Sec. 85. URBAN AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL.
62.18	The commissioner of agriculture must convene interested stakeholders and develop
62.19	a proposal to effectively and efficiently promote urban agriculture in Minnesota cities.
62.20	For purposes of this section, "urban agriculture" means producing agricultural plants,
62.21	poultry, or livestock on public or private property within city limits. No later than January
62.22	15, 2016, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction
62.23	over agriculture policy and finance and submit proposed legislation that includes a new
62.24	definition of urban agriculture if the commissioner and stakeholders determine that a
62.25	different definition more accurately defines urban agriculture.
62.26	Sec. 86. BALANCES TRANSFERRED; ACCOUNTS ABOLISHED.
62.27	The balances in the accounts created under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41B.03,
62.28	subdivision 6; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; and 41B.045, subdivision
62.29	4, are transferred to the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established under

62.30 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.03, subdivision 7, and the original accounts are abolished.</u>

63.1	The balance in the account created under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.115,				
63.2	is transferred to the Rural Finance Authority revolving loan account established under				
63.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, and the original account is abolished.				
63.4	Sec. 87. <u>REPEAL</u>	ER.			
63.5	Minnesota Statut	es 2014, section	s 17.115; 28A.15	5, subdivisions 9 and	1 10; and
63.6	116V.03, are repealed.				
63.7		A	ARTICLE 3		
63.8	ENVIRONME	NT AND NATU	RAL RESOUR	CES APPROPRIA	TIONS
63.9	Section 1. ENVIRON	MENT AND NA	ATURAL RESC	OURCES APPROP	RIATIONS.
63.10	The sums shown	in the columns i	marked "Approp	riations" are appropr	riated to the
63.11	agencies and for the pu	urposes specified	in this article. T	The appropriations an	re from the
63.12	general fund, or anothe	er named fund, a	nd are available	for the fiscal years i	ndicated
63.13	for each purpose. The	figures "2016" a	and "2017" used	in this article mean	that the
63.14	appropriations listed up	nder them are av	ailable for the fis	scal year ending June	e 30, 2016, or
63.15	June 30, 2017, respecti	vely. "The first y	vear" is fiscal yea	r 2016. "The second	l year" is fiscal
63.16	year 2017. "The bienn	ium" is fiscal yea	ars 2016 and 201	7. Appropriations for	or the fiscal
63.17	year ending June 30, 2	015, are effective	e the day followi	ng final enactment.	
63.18				APPROPRIATI	IONS
63.18				Available for the	
63.20 63.21				Ending June 2016	<u>30</u> 2017
05.21				2010	2017
63.22	Sec. 2. <b>POLLUTION</b>	CONTROL A	GENCY		
63.23	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>94,582,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>91,784,000</u>
63.24	Appropr	iations by Fund			
63.25		<u>2016</u>	2017		
63.26	General	6,395,000	5,727,000		
63.27 63.28	State Government Special Revenue	75,000	75,000		
63.29	Environmental	73,480,000	74,548,000		
63.30	Remediation	14,632,000	11,434,000		
	The amounts that may	1 f			
63.31	The amounts that may	be spent for eac	<u>h</u>		

63.33 <u>subdivisions.</u>

- 64.1 The commissioner must present the agency's
- 64.2 biennial budget for fiscal years 2018 and
- 64.3 <u>2019 to the legislature in a transparent way</u>
- 64.4 by agency division, including the proposed
- 64.5 <u>budget bill and presentations of the budget to</u>
- 64.6 committees and divisions with jurisdiction
- 64.7 <u>over the agency's budget.</u>
- 64.8 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Water</u>

26,388,000

26,081,000

64.9	Approp	riations by Fund	
64.10		2016	<u>2017</u>
64.11	General	4,307,000	3,627,000
64.12	State Government		
64.13	Special Revenue	75,000	75,000
64.14	Environmental	22,006,000	22,379,000

- 64.15 **\$1,959,000 the first year and \$1,959,000**
- 64.16 the second year are for grants to delegated
- 64.17 <u>counties to administer the county feedlot</u>
- 64.18 program under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 64.19 <u>116.0711</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3. Money
- 64.20 remaining after the first year is available for
- 64.21 <u>the second year.</u>
- 64.22 \$753,000 the first year and \$765,000 the
- 64.23 second year are from the environmental
- 64.24 <u>fund to address the need for continued</u>
- 64.25 <u>increased activity in the areas of new</u>
- 64.26 <u>technology review, technical assistance</u>
- 64.27 for local governments, and enforcement
- 64.28 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.55</u>
- 64.29 to 115.58, and to complete the requirements
- 64.30 of Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section
- 64.31 <u>165.</u>
- 64.32 <u>\$673,000 the first year and \$683,000 the</u>
- 64.33 second year are from the environmental
- 64.34 <u>fund for subsurface sewage treatment</u>
- 64.35 <u>system (SSTS) program administration</u>
- 64.36 and community technical assistance and

65.1	education, including grants and technical
65.2	assistance to communities for water quality
65.3	protection. Of this amount, \$129,000 each
65.4	year is for assistance to counties through
65.5	grants for SSTS program administration.
65.6	A county receiving a grant from this
65.7	appropriation shall submit the results
65.8	achieved with the grant to the commissioner
65.9	as part of its annual SSTS report. Any
65.10	unexpended balance in the first year does not
65.11	cancel but is available in the second year.
65.12	\$107,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
65.13	second year are from the environmental fund
65.14	for registration of wastewater laboratories.
65.15	\$913,000 the first year and \$913,000 the
65.16	second year are from the environmental fund
65.17	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
65.18	in eastern metropolitan communities, as
65.19	recommended by the Environmental Health
65.20	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel,
65.21	and address other environmental health risks,
65.22	including air quality. The communities must
65.23	include Hmong and other immigrant farming
65.24	communities. Of this amount, up to \$677,000
65.25	the first year and \$677,000 the second year
65.26	are for transfer to the Department of Health.
65.27	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
65.28	second year are from the general fund for:
65.29	(1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities
65.30	in implementing and participating in the
65.31	water quality standards rulemaking process
65.32	and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting
65.33	process;
65.34	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the
65.35	water quality standards rulemaking process,

66.1	including more specific analysis and
66.2	identification of cost-effective permitting;
66.3	(3) development of statewide economic
66.4	analyses and templates to reduce the
66.5	amount of information and time required for
66.6	municipalities to apply for variances from
66.7	water quality standards; and
66.8	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities
66.9	Authority to identify and advocate for
66.10	the resources needed for municipalities to
66.11	achieve permit requirements.
66.12	\$500,000 the first year is for independent
66.13	peer reviews under Minnesota Statutes,
66.14	section 115.035, and cost analyses of water
66.15	quality standards and rules. A portion of
66.16	this appropriation may be transferred to the
66.17	commissioner of management and budget for
	· 1· · 1 1 · 1
66.18	water quality standards cost analyses.
66.18 66.19	<u>\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to</u>
66.19	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to
66.19 66.20	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for
66.19 66.20 66.21	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan
<ul><li>66.19</li><li>66.20</li><li>66.21</li><li>66.22</li></ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a
<ul><li>66.19</li><li>66.20</li><li>66.21</li><li>66.22</li><li>66.23</li></ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> <li>66.28</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for both point and nonpoint sources on the Red
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> <li>66.28</li> <li>66.29</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for both point and nonpoint sources on the Red River of the North and for individual major
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> <li>66.28</li> <li>66.29</li> <li>66.30</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for both point and nonpoint sources on the Red River of the North and for individual major watersheds tributary to the Red River of the
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> <li>66.28</li> <li>66.29</li> <li>66.30</li> <li>66.31</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for both point and nonpoint sources on the Red River of the North and for individual major watersheds tributary to the Red River of the North. The Red River Basin Commission
<ul> <li>66.19</li> <li>66.20</li> <li>66.21</li> <li>66.22</li> <li>66.23</li> <li>66.24</li> <li>66.25</li> <li>66.26</li> <li>66.27</li> <li>66.28</li> <li>66.29</li> <li>66.30</li> <li>66.31</li> <li>66.32</li> </ul>	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to the Red River Basin Commission for development of a water quality strategic plan for the Red River of the North. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is not limited to, consistency in water quality goals and objectives for the Red River of the North and pollution reduction allocations for both point and nonpoint sources on the Red River of the North and for individual major watersheds tributary to the Red River of the North. The Red River Basin Commission must involve the interests of local, state, and

67.1	Commission must report progress on the plan		
67.2	to the house of representatives and senate		
67.3	committees and divisions with jurisdiction		
67.4	over environment policy and finance by		
67.5	February 15 in 2016 and 2017, and must		
67.6	submit the completed plan by December 31,		
67.7	<u>2017.</u>		
67.8	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
67.9	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on or		
67.10	before June 30, 2017, as grants or contracts		
67.11	for subsurface sewage treatment systems,		
67.12	surface water and groundwater assessments,		
67.13	total maximum daily loads, storm water, and		
67.14	water quality protection in this subdivision		
67.15	are available until June 30, 2020.		
67.16	Subd. 3. Air	15,640,000	16,087,000
67.17	Appropriations by Fund		
67.17 67.18	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
67.18	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
67.18 67.19	$\frac{2016}{15,640,000} \frac{2017}{16,087,000}$		
67.18 67.19 67.20			
<ul><li>67.18</li><li>67.19</li><li>67.20</li><li>67.21</li></ul>	$\frac{2016}{16,087,000}$ Environmental 15,640,000 16,087,000 $\frac{2017}{16,087,000}$ $\frac{2017}{16,087,000}$ $\frac{2017}{16,087,000}$		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> </ul>	$\frac{2016}{16,087,000}$ Environmental 15,640,000 16,087,000 $\frac{202,000 \text{ the first year and } 204,000 \text{ the}}{202,000 \text{ the first year and } 204,000 \text{ the}}$ Second year are from the environmental fund for a monitoring program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.454.		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> </ul>	$\frac{2016}{15,640,000} \frac{2017}{16,087,000}$ <u>\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 the second year are from the environmental fund for a monitoring program under Minnesota</u>		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> </ul>	2016 $2017$ Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> </ul>	2016 $2017$ Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from the		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> </ul>	2016 $2017$ Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from theenvironmental fund to the small business		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> <li>67.27</li> </ul>	2016 $2017$ Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from theenvironmental fund to the small businessenvironmental improvement loan account		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> <li>67.27</li> <li>67.28</li> </ul>	2016 $2017$ Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from theenvironmental fund to the small businessenvironmental improvement loan accountestablished in Minnesota Statutes, section		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> <li>67.27</li> <li>67.28</li> <li>67.29</li> </ul>	20162017Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 the second year are from the environmental fund for a monitoring program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year may be transferred from the environmental fund to the small business environmental improvement loan account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116.993.\$340,000 the first year and \$346,000 the		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> <li>67.27</li> <li>67.28</li> <li>67.29</li> <li>67.30</li> </ul>	20162017Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from theenvironmental fund to the small businessenvironmental improvement loan accountestablished in Minnesota Statutes, section116.993.		
<ul> <li>67.18</li> <li>67.19</li> <li>67.20</li> <li>67.21</li> <li>67.22</li> <li>67.23</li> <li>67.24</li> <li>67.25</li> <li>67.26</li> <li>67.27</li> <li>67.28</li> <li>67.29</li> <li>67.30</li> <li>67.31</li> </ul>	20162017Environmental15,640,00016,087,000\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fundfor a monitoring program under MinnesotaStatutes, section 116.454.Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000the second year may be transferred from theenvironmental fund to the small businessenvironmental improvement loan accountestablished in Minnesota Statutes, section116.993.\$340,000 the first year and \$346,000 thesecond year are from the environmental fund		

68.1	\$691,000 the first year and \$693,000 the		
68.2	second year are from the environmental fund		
68.3	for emission reduction activities and grants to		
68.4	small businesses and other nonpoint emission		
68.5	reduction efforts. Of this amount, \$100,000		
68.6	the first year and \$100,000 the second year is		
68.7	to continue work with Clean Air Minnesota,		
68.8	and the commissioner may enter into an		
68.9	agreement with Environmental Initiative		
68.10	to support this effort. Any unexpended		
68.11	balance in the first year does not cancel but is		
68.12	available in the second year.		
68.13	Subd. 4. Land	21,663,000	18,584,000
68.14	Appropriations by Fund		
68.15	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
68.16	Environmental <u>7,031,000</u> <u>7,150,000</u>		
68.17	<u>Remediation</u> <u>14,632,000</u> <u>11,434,000</u>		
68.18	All money for environmental response,		
68.19	compensation, and compliance in the		
68.20	remediation fund not otherwise appropriated		
68.21	is appropriated to the commissioners of the		
68.22	Pollution Control Agency and agriculture		
68.23	for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section		
68.24	115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2),		
68.25	(3), (6), and (7). At the beginning of each		
68.26	fiscal year, the two commissioners shall		
68.27	jointly submit an annual spending plan		
68.28	to the commissioner of management and		
68.29	budget that maximizes the utilization of		
68.30	resources and appropriately allocates the		
68.31	money between the two departments. This		
68.32	appropriation is available until June 30, 2017.		
68.33	\$4,279,000 the first year and \$4,343,000 the		
68.34	second year are from the remediation fund		
	for purposes of the leaking underground		
68.35	ior purposes of the leaking underground		

69.1	storage tank program to investigate, clean up,
69.2	and prevent future releases from underground
69.3	petroleum storage tanks, and to the petroleum
69.4	remediation program for purposes of vapor
69.5	assessment and remediation. These same
69.6	annual amounts are transferred from the
69.7	petroleum tank fund to the remediation fund.
69.8	\$252,000 the first year and \$252,000 the
69.9	second year are from the remediation fund
69.10	for transfer to the commissioner of health for
69.11	private water supply monitoring and health
69.12	assessment costs in areas contaminated
69.13	by unpermitted mixed municipal solid
69.14	waste disposal facilities and drinking water
69.15	advisories and public information activities
69.16	for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.
69.17	\$743,000 the first year is transferred from the
69.18	general account in the remediation fund to
69.19	the dry cleaner environmental response and
69.20	reimbursement account in the remediation
69.21	fund for the purpose of remediating
69.22	land contaminated by a release from a
69.23	dry cleaning facility, as provided under
69.24	Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.50. The
69.25	commissioner shall prioritize expenditures
69.26	from this transfer to address contaminated
69.27	sites that pose the greatest risk to public
69.28	health or welfare or to the environment, as
69.29	established in Minnesota Statutes, section
69.30	115B.17, subdivision 13. This is a onetime
69.31	transfer. The commissioner shall reimburse
69.32	only a person who otherwise would not be
69.33	responsible for a release or threatened release
69.34	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.03,
69.35	for all but \$10,000 of the environmental
(0.2)	reasonance costs in surred by the nerson if the

70.1	commissioner determines that the costs are
70.2	reasonable and were actually incurred. To be
70.3	eligible for reimbursement from this transfer,
70.4	a person seeking reimbursement must make
70.5	a request to the commissioner, as required
70.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.50,
70.7	subdivision 2, on or before the day following
70.8	final enactment of this act.
70.9	\$868,000 the first year is from the remediation
70.10	fund for a grant to the city of Mountain Iron
70.11	for remediation of the abandoned wastewater
70.12	treatment pond of the former Nichols
70.13	Township. This is a onetime appropriation
70.14	that is available until June 30, 2019.
70.15	Subd. 5. Environmental Assistance and
70.16	<u>Cross-Media</u> <u>30,891,000</u> <u>31,032,000</u>
70.17	Appropriations by Fund
70.18	$\frac{2016}{20.002}$ $\frac{2017}{20.002}$ 000
70.19	Environmental 28,803,000 28,932,000
70.19	Environmental 28,803,000 28,932,000
70.19 70.20	Environmental $28,803,000$ $28,932,000$ General $2,088,000$ $2,100,000$
70.19 70.20 70.21	Environmental $28,803,000$ $28,932,000$ General $2,088,000$ $2,100,000$ \$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000
<ul><li>70.19</li><li>70.20</li><li>70.21</li><li>70.22</li></ul>	Environmental $28,803,000$ $28,932,000$ General $2,088,000$ $2,100,000$ \$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmental
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> </ul>	Environmental $2\overline{8,803,000}$ $2\overline{8,932,000}$ General $2,088,000$ $2,100,000$ \$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalsecond year are from the environmental
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grants
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> <li>70.28</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant and
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> <li>70.28</li> <li>70.29</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant andloan balances in the first year do not cancel
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> <li>70.28</li> <li>70.29</li> <li>70.30</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant andloan balances in the first year do not cancelbut are available for grants and loans in the
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> <li>70.28</li> <li>70.29</li> <li>70.30</li> <li>70.31</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant andloan balances in the first year do not cancelbut are available for grants and loans in thesecond year.
<ul> <li>70.19</li> <li>70.20</li> <li>70.21</li> <li>70.22</li> <li>70.23</li> <li>70.24</li> <li>70.25</li> <li>70.26</li> <li>70.27</li> <li>70.28</li> <li>70.29</li> <li>70.30</li> <li>70.31</li> <li>70.32</li> </ul>	Environmental28,803,00028,932,000General2,088,0002,100,000\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000the second year are from the environmentalfund for SCORE block grants to counties.\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 thesecond year are from the environmentalfund for environmental assistance grantsor loans under Minnesota Statutes, section115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant andloan balances in the first year do not cancelbut are available for grants and loans in thesecond year.\$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the

70.35 products under Minnesota Statutes, sections

- 71.1 116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this amount,
- 71.2 \$57,000 each year is transferred to the
- 71.3 <u>commissioner of health.</u>
- 71.4 \$203,000 the first year and \$207,000 the
- 71.5 second year are from the environmental
- 71.6 <u>fund for the costs of implementing general</u>
- 71.7 operating permits for feedlots over 1,000
- 71.8 <u>animal units.</u>
- 71.9 <u>\$315,000 the first year and \$319,000 the</u>
- 71.10 second year are from the general fund and
- 71.11 <u>\$192,000 the first year and \$192,000 the</u>
- 71.12 second year are from the environmental fund
- 71.13 for Environmental Quality Board operations
- 71.14 and support.
- 71.15 **§50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second**
- 71.16 year are from the environmental fund for
- 71.17 <u>transfer to the Office of Administrative</u>
- 71.18 <u>Hearings to establish sanitary districts.</u>
- 71.19 \$502,000 the first year and \$503,000 the
- 71.20 second year are from the general fund for
- 71.21 the Environmental Quality Board to lead
- 71.22 an interagency team to provide technical
- 71.23 assistance regarding the mining, processing,
- 71.24 and transporting of silica sand. Of this
- 71.25 amount, up to \$75,000 each year may be
- 71.26 <u>transferred to the commissioner of natural</u>
- 71.27 resources to review the implementation
- 71.28 of the rules adopted by the commissioner
- 71.29 pursuant to Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4,
- 71.30 section 105, paragraph (b), pertaining to the
- 71.31 reclamation of silica sand mines, to ensure
- 71.32 <u>that local government reclamation programs</u>
- 71.33 are implemented in a manner consistent with
- 71.34 <u>the rules.</u>

- 72.1 \$450,000 the first year and \$450,000 the
- 72.2 second year are from the environmental
- 72.3 <u>fund to develop and maintain systems to</u>
- 72.4 support permitting and regulatory business
- 72.5 processes and agency data. This is a onetime
- 72.6 <u>appropriation</u>.
- 72.7 \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the
- 72.8 second year are for competitive recycling
- 72.9 grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 72.10 <u>115A.565</u>. This appropriation is available
- 72.11 <u>until June 30, 2018.</u>
- 72.12 **§50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second**
- 72.13 year are to acquire and co-locate waste and
- 72.14 recycling receptacles, in cooperation with
- 72.15 <u>the commissioner of administration, at the</u>
- 72.16 State Office Building. Any remaining funds
- 72.17 <u>may be used for these purposes at other</u>
- 72.18 <u>facilities within the Capitol complex. This is</u>
- 72.19 <u>a onetime appropriation.</u>
- 72.20 <u>All money deposited in the environmental</u>
- 72.21 <u>fund for the metropolitan solid waste</u>
- 72.22 landfill fee in accordance with Minnesota
- 72.23 Statutes, section 473.843, and not otherwise
- 72.24 appropriated, is appropriated for the purposes
- 72.25 of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844.
- 72.26 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 72.27 <u>16A.28</u>, the appropriations encumbered on
- 72.28 or before June 30, 2017, as contracts or
- 72.29 grants for surface water and groundwater
- 72.30 assessments; environmental assistance
- 72.31 <u>awarded under Minnesota Statutes, section</u>
- 72.32 <u>115A.0716; technical and research assistance</u>
- 72.33 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.152;</u>
- 72.34 technical assistance under Minnesota
- 72.35 Statutes, section 115A.52; and pollution

- 73.1 prevention assistance under Minnesota
- 73.2 Statutes, section 115D.04, are available until
- 73.3 June 30, 2019.
- 73.4 Subd. 6. Transfers
- 73.5 By June 30, 2016, the commissioner of
- 73.6 management and budget shall transfer
- 73.7 \$51,308,000 from the closed landfill
- 73.8 investment fund to the general fund.
- 73.9 <u>The commissioner of the Pollution Control</u>
- 73.10 Agency shall transfer \$8,100,000 in
- 73.11 fiscal year 2016 from the metropolitan
- 73.12 landfill contingency action trust account in
- 73.13 Minnesota Statutes, section 473.845, to the
- 73.14 commissioner of management and budget for
- 73.15 cancellation to the general fund.
- 73.16 Subd. 7. Remediation Fund
- 73.17 <u>The commissioner shall transfer up to</u>
- 73.18 <u>\$42,000,000 from the environmental fund to</u>
- 73.19 <u>the remediation fund for the purposes of the</u>
- 73.20 remediation fund under Minnesota Statutes,
- 73.21 <u>section 116.155, subdivision 2.</u>
- 73.22 \$2,500,000 is transferred from the petroleum
- 73.23 tank fund to the remediation fund and
- 73.24 is appropriated in the first year to the
- 73.25 <u>commissioner for a grant to the city of</u>
- 73.26 Paynesville to add an air stripping treatment
- 73.27 process to a water treatment plant for
- removal of volatile organic compounds. This
- 73.29 appropriation is effective January 1, 2016.
- 73.30 Sec. 3. NATURAL RESOURCES

73.31	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		<u>\$</u>	<u>263,944,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>261,979,000</u>
73.32	Appropriations by Fund				
73.33	2016	2017			

74.1	General	75,331,000	74,062,000		
74.2	Natural Resources	84,927,000	85,603,000		
74.3	Game and Fish	102,386,000	102,014,000		
74.4	Remediation	1,100,000	100,000		
74.5	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
		1			
74.6	The amounts that ma				
74.7	purpose are specified	in the following	2		
74.8	subdivisions.				
74.9	Subd. 2. Land and	Mineral Resour	rces		
74.10	Management			6,461,000	5,521,000
74.11	Approp	riations by Fund	1		
74.12		2016	2017		
74.13	General	1,585,000	1,585,000		
74.14	Natural Resources	3,332,000	3,392,000		
74.15	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000		
74.16	Remediation	1,000,000	<u>-0-</u>		
74.17	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
74.10	\$60,000 the first was	and \$(0,000 th			
74.18	\$68,000 the first year		-		
74.19	second year are for m	•			
74.20	environmental researce	ch, of which \$34	,000		
74.21	the first year and \$34,	000 the second y	ear are		
74.22	available only as mate	ched by \$1 of no	nstate		
74.23	money for each \$1 of	f state money. T	he		
74.24	match may be cash or	r in-kind.			
74.05	\$251,000 the first was	and \$251,000	the		
74.25	\$251,000 the first year				
74.26	second year are for in	•			
74.27	research. Of this amo	· ·			
74.28	is from the minerals i				
74.29	in the natural resource	es fund. \$175,00	0 the		
74.30	first year and \$175,00	00 the second year	ar are		
74.31	available only as mat	ched by \$1 of no	nstate		
74.32	money for each \$1 of	state money. The	match		
74.33	may be cash or in-kin	d. Any unencum	bered		
74.34	balance from the first	year does not ca	incel		
74.35	and is available in the	e second year.			

- 75.1 \$2,755,000 the first year and \$2,815,000
- 75.2 the second year are from the minerals
- 75.3 <u>management account in the natural resources</u>
- 75.4 <u>fund for use as provided in Minnesota</u>
- 75.5 <u>Statutes, section 93.2236, paragraph (c),</u>
- 75.6 for mineral resource management, projects
- 75.7 to enhance future mineral income, and
- 75.8 projects to promote new mineral resource
- 75.9 <u>opportunities.</u>

75.10 <u>\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the</u>

- 75.11 second year are from the state forest suspense
- 75.12 account in the permanent school fund to
- 75.13 accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and
- 75.14 <u>commercial leasing of school trust lands and</u>
- 75.15 to identify, evaluate, and lease construction
- 75.16 aggregate located on school trust lands. This
- 75.17 appropriation is to be used for securing
- 75.18 <u>long-term economic return from the</u>
- 75.19 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary
- 75.20 responsibilities and sound natural resources
- 75.21 conservation and management principles.
- 75.22 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 75.23 <u>115B.20</u>, \$1,000,000 the first year is from
- 75.24 <u>the dedicated account within the remediation</u>
- 75.25 <u>fund for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes</u>,
- r5.26 <u>section 115B.20</u>, subdivision 2, clause (4),
- 75.27 to acquire salt lands as described under
- 75.28 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 92.05, within</u>
- 75.29 Bear Head Lake State Park. This is a onetime
- 75.30 appropriation and is available until June 30,
- 75.31 <u>2018.</u>

75.32	Subd. 3. Eco	logical and Water Resour	ces	32,414,000	32,167,000
75.33		Appropriations by Fund			
75.34		2016	2017		
75.35	General	17,526,000	17,110,000		

76.1 76.2	Natural Resources Game and Fish	<u>10,502,000</u> <u>4,386,000</u>	$\frac{10,576,000}{4,481,000}$
76.3	\$3,242,000 the first year		
76.4	second year are from the		
76.5	account in the natural re		
76.6	\$3,206,000 the first year		
76.7	second year are from the		
76.8	management, public awa		
76.9	and monitoring research	, and water acc	ess
76.10	inspection to prevent the	e spread of inva	sive
76.11	species; management of	invasive plants	<u>s in</u>
76.12	public waters; and mana	gement of terre	estrial
76.13	invasive species on state	-administered 1	ands.
		1 +	<b>.</b> 1
76.14	\$5,000,000 the first year		
76.15	second year are from the		
76.16	account in the natural res	sources fund for	r only
76.17	the purposes specified in	Minnesota Sta	tutes,
76.18	section 103G.27, subdiv	ision 2.	
76.10	\$124,000 the first year of	and \$124 000 th	
76.19	\$124,000 the first year a		
76.20	second year are for a gra		
76.21	Headwaters Board for u		
76.22	the cost of implementing		
76.23	plan for the upper Missi		reas
76.24	under the board's jurisdi	ction.	
76.25	\$10,000 the first year and	d \$10,000 the s	econd
76.26	year are for payment to t	he Leech Lake	Band
76.27	of Chippewa Indians to	implement the b	band's
76.28	portion of the comprehe	nsive plan for t	he
76.29	upper Mississippi.		
	_		
76.30	\$264,000 the first year a	und \$264,000 th	ne
76.31	second year are for gran	nts for up to 50	
76.32	percent of the cost of im	plementation o	f the

76.33 <u>Red River mediation agreement.</u>

- 77.1 **\$2,018,000 the first year and \$2,018,000**
- 77.2 <u>the second year are from the heritage</u>
- 77.3 <u>enhancement account in the game and</u>
- 77.4 fish fund for only the purposes specified
- in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
- 77.6 paragraph (e), clause (1).
- <sup>77.7</sup> \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
- 77.8 second year are from the nongame wildlife
- 77.9 <u>management account in the natural resources</u>
- 77.10 <u>fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife</u>
- 77.11 management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
- 77.12 Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
- 77.13 year and \$100,000 the second year may
- 77.14 be used for nongame wildlife information,
- 77.15 education, and promotion.
- 77.16 **\$6,000,000** the first year and \$6,000,000 the
- 77.17 second year are from the general fund for the
- 77.18 <u>following activities:</u>
- 77.19 (1) financial reimbursement and technical
- 77.20 support to soil and water conservation
- 77.21 districts or other local units of government
- 77.22 <u>for groundwater level monitoring;</u>
- 77.23 (2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
- 77.24 including installation of monitoring gauges;
- 77.25 (3) groundwater analysis to assist with water
- 77.26 <u>appropriation permitting decisions;</u>
- 77.27 (4) permit application review incorporating
- 77.28 surface water and groundwater technical
- 77.29 <u>analysis;</u>
- 77.30 (5) precipitation data and analysis to improve
- 77.31 <u>the use of irrigation;</u>
- 77.32 (6) information technology, including
- 77.33 electronic permitting and integrated data
- 77.34 systems; and

78.1	(7) compliance and monitoring.
78.2	\$10,000 the first year and \$64,000 the
78.3	second year are to study, in cooperation
78.4	with the Board of Water and Soil Resources,
78.5	the feasibility of the state assuming
78.6	administration of the section 404 permit
78.7	program of the federal Clean Water Act
78.8	as required in this act. This is a onetime
78.9	appropriation.
78.10	\$100,000 the first year is to develop
78.11	cost estimates, in cooperation with the
78.12	Metropolitan Council, for the augmentation
78.13	of White Bear Lake with water from
78.14	the Sucker Lake chain of lakes. The
78.15	commissioner must submit a report with
78.16	the cost estimates developed under this
78.17	paragraph to the chairs and ranking minority
78.18	members of the house of representatives
78.19	and senate committees and divisions with
78.20	jurisdiction over environment and natural
78.21	resources policy and finance by February 1,
78.22	2016. This is a onetime appropriation.
78.23	The commissioner of natural resources must
78.24	create a groundwater model that uses existing
78.25	data for the Bonanza Valley Groundwater
78.26	Management Area to describe the current
78.27	groundwater conditions and characterize the
78.28	nature and extent of the primary aquifers
78.29	and the relationship of surface water and
78.30	groundwater.
78.31	\$400,000 the first year is for grants to assist
78.32	in the construction of flood protection rural
78.33	and farmstead ring levees in the Red River
78.34	watershed. Grants may not exceed 50 percent
78.35	of the cost of the projects. This is a onetime

79.1	appropriation and is ava	uilable until June	230.		
79.2	2019.				
79.3	\$75,000 is for a grant to				
79.4	for erosion control on th				
79.5	Silver Lake to protect p	ublic and privat	<u>e</u>		
79.6	property and infrastruct	ure.			
79.7	Subd. 4. Forest Manag	gement		39,614,000	39,781,000
79.8	Appropria	ations by Fund			
79.9		<u>2016</u>	2017		
79.10	General	26,446,000	26,350,000		
79.11	Natural Resources	11,881,000	12,144,000		
79.12	Game and Fish	1,287,000	1,287,000		
79.13	\$7,145,000 the first year	r and \$7 145 00	0		
79.14	the second year are for		<u> </u>		
79.15	presuppression, and sup		of		
79.16	emergency firefighting and other costs				
79.17	incurred under Minneso	ta Statutes, sect	ion		
79.18	88.12. The amount necessary to pay for				
79.19	presuppression and suppression costs during				
79.20	the biennium is appropriated from the general				
79.21	fund.				
79.22	By January 15 of each ye	ear the commiss	ioner		
79.22	of natural resources shall				
79.24	the chairs and ranking n				
79.25	of the house and senate				
79.26	and divisions having ju	risdiction over			
79.27	environment and natural	l resources finar	nce,		
79.28	identifying all firefighting costs incurred				
79.29	and reimbursements rec	eived in the price	or		
79.30	fiscal year. These appro	opriations may			
79.31	not be transferred. Any	reimbursement			
79.32	of firefighting expenditu	ares made to the			
79.33	commissioner from any	source other that	an		
79.34	federal mobilizations sh	all be deposited	into		
79.35	the general fund.				

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- 80.1 <u>\$11,881,000 the first year and \$12,144,000</u>
- 80.2 the second year are from the forest
- 80.3 management investment account in the
- 80.4 <u>natural resources fund for only the purposes</u>
- 80.5 specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 80.6 <u>89.039</u>, subdivision 2. The base for fiscal
- 80.7 year 2018 and later is \$11,644,000.
- 80.8 \$1,287,000 the first year and \$1,287,000
- 80.9 the second year are from the heritage
- 80.10 <u>enhancement account in the game and fish</u>
- 80.11 <u>fund to advance ecological classification</u>
- 80.12 systems (ECS) scientific management tools
- 80.13 for forest and invasive species management.
- 80.14 This appropriation is from revenue deposited
- 80.15 in the game and fish fund under Minnesota
- 80.16 Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),
- 80.17 <u>clause (1).</u>
- 80.18 \$780,000 the first year and \$780,000 the
- 80.19 second year are for the Forest Resources
- 80.20 <u>Council for implementation of the</u>
- 80.21 Sustainable Forest Resources Act.
- 80.22 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
- 80.23 second year are for the FORIST system.
- At least \$500,000 the first year is for forest
- 80.25 road maintenance. The commissioner
- 80.26 shall use the money to perform needed
- 80.27 maintenance on forest roads in conjunction
- 80.28 with timber sales.
- 80.29 <u>The commissioner shall contract with a</u>
- 80.30 <u>telecommunication provider to place a cell</u>
- 80.31 phone transmitter on the ranger tower on
- 80.32 Side Lake in St. Louis County.
- 80.33 Subd. 5. Parks and Trails Management

74,064,000 73.

81.1	Appropriations by Fund			
81.2		2016	2017	
81.3	General	24,967,000	24,427,000	
81.4	Natural Resources	46,831,000	46,950,000	
81.5	Game and Fish	2,266,000	2,273,000	

- \$1.6 \$1,075,000 the first year and \$1,075,000 the
- 81.7 <u>second year are from the water recreation</u>
- 81.8 account in the natural resources fund for
- 81.9 <u>enhancing public water access facilities.</u>
- 81.10 <u>\$5,740,000 the first year and \$5,740,000 the</u>
- 81.11 second year are from the natural resources
- 81.12 <u>fund for state trail, park, and recreation area</u>
- 81.13 operations. This appropriation is from the
- 81.14 revenue deposited in the natural resources
- 81.15 <u>fund under Minnesota Statutes, section</u>
- 81.16 <u>297A.94</u>, paragraph (e), clause (2).
- 81.17 **\$1,005,000** the first year and \$1,005,000 the
- 81.18 second year are from the natural resources
- 81.19 <u>fund for park and trail grants to local units of</u>
- 81.20 government on land to be maintained for at
- 81.21 least 20 years for the purposes of the grants.
- 81.22 <u>This appropriation is from the revenue</u>
- 81.23 deposited in the natural resources fund
- 81.24 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94</u>,
- 81.25 paragraph (e), clause (4). Any unencumbered
- 81.26 <u>balance does not cancel at the end of the first</u>
- 81.27 year and is available for the second year.
- 81.28 \$8,424,000 the first year and \$8,424,000
- 81.29 <u>the second year are from the snowmobile</u>
- 81.30 trails and enforcement account in the
- 81.31 <u>natural resources fund for the snowmobile</u>
- 81.32 grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
- 81.33 <u>balance does not cancel at the end of the first</u>
- 81.34 year and is available for the second year.

82.1	\$1,360,000 the first year and \$1,360,000
82.2	the second year are from the natural
82.3	resources fund for the off-highway vehicle
82.4	grants-in-aid program. Of this amount,
82.5	\$1,210,000 each year is from the all-terrain
82.6	vehicle account; and \$150,000 each year is
82.7	from the off-highway motorcycle account.
82.8	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
82.9	at the end of the first year and is available for
82.10	the second year.
82.11	\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second
82.12	year are from the cross-country ski account
82.13	in the natural resources fund for grooming
82.14	and maintaining cross-country ski trails in
82.15	state parks, trails, and recreation areas.
00.14	\$250,000 the first second \$250,000 the
82.16	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
82.17	second year are from the state land and
82.18	water conservation account (LAWCON)
82.19	in the natural resources fund for priorities
82.20	established by the commissioner for eligible
82.21	state projects and administrative and
82.22	planning activities consistent with Minnesota
82.23	Statutes, section 84.0264, and the federal
82.24	Land and Water Conservation Fund Act.
82.25	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
82.26	at the end of the first year and is available for
82.27	the second year.
82.28	\$968,000 the first year and \$968,000 the
82.29	second year are from the off-road vehicle
82.30	account in the natural resources fund. Of
82.31	this amount, \$568,000 each year is for parks
82.32	and trails management for off-road vehicle
82.33	purposes; \$325,000 each year is for the
82.34	off-road vehicle grant in aid program; and

82.35 <u>\$75,000 each year is for a new full-time</u>

- employee position or contract in northern 83.1 83.2 Minnesota to work in conjunction with the Minnesota Four-Wheel Drive Association 83.3 to address off-road vehicle touring routes 83.4 and other issues related to off-road vehicle 83.5 activities. Of this appropriation, the \$325,000 83.6 each year is onetime. 83.7 \$65,000 the first year is from the water 83.8 recreation account in the natural resources 83.9 fund to cooperate with local units of 83.10 83.11 government in marking routes and 83.12 designating river accesses and campsites under Minnesota Statutes, section 85.32. 83.13 This is a onetime appropriation and is 83.14 available until June 30, 2019. 83.15 \$190,000 the first year is for a grant to the 83.16 city of Virginia for the additional cost of 83.17 supporting a trail due to the rerouting of 83.18 U.S. Highway No. 53. This is a onetime 83.19 appropriation and is available until June 30, 83.20 2019. 83.21 \$50,000 the first year is for development of 83.22 a master plan for the Mississippi Blufflands 83.23 Trail, including work on possible extensions 83.24 or connections to other state or regional 83.25 83.26 trails. This is a onetime appropriation that is available until June 30, 2017. 83.27 \$61,000 from the natural resources fund the 83.28 83.29 first year is for a grant to the city of East Grand Forks for payment under a reciprocity 83.30 83.31 agreement for the Red River State Recreation 83.32 Area.
  - 83.33 <u>\$500,000 the first year is for restoration or</u>
  - 83.34 <u>replacement of a historic trestle bridge in</u>

84.1	Blackduck. This is a onetime appropriation			
84.2	and is available until June 30, 2019.			
84.3	The base for parks and trails operations in			
84.4	the natural resources fund in fiscal year 2018			
84.5	and thereafter is \$46,450,000.			
84.6	Subd. 6.         Fish and Wildlife Management         71,177,000         71,713,000			
84.7	Appropriations by Fund			
84.8	2016 2017			
84.9	Natural Resources         1,908,000         1,912,000			
84.10	Game and Fish         69,269,000         69,801,000			
84.11	\$8,167,000 the first year and \$8,167,000			
84.12	the second year are from the heritage			
84.13	enhancement account in the game and fish			
84.14	fund only for activities specified in Minnesota			
84.15	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),			
84.16	clause (1). Notwithstanding Minnesota			
84.17	Statutes, section 297A.94, five percent of			
84.18	this appropriation may be used for expanding			
84.19	hunter and angler recruitment and retention.			
84.20	\$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000			
84.21	the second year are from the game and			
84.22	fish fund for shooting sports facility grants			
84.23	under Minnesota Statutes, section 87A.10,			
84.24	including grants for archery facilities. Up to			
84.25	\$100,000 each year is available for shooting			
84.26	sports facilities on state lands. Grants must			
84.27	be matched with a nonstate match, which			
84.28	may include in-kind contributions. This is a			
84.29	onetime appropriation and is available until			
84.30	June 30, 2019.			
84.31	The game and fish fund base for fish and			
84.32	wildlife management in fiscal year 2018 and			
84.33	thereafter is \$65,619,000.			

- 85.1 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 85.2 <u>84.943</u>, \$13,000 the first year and \$13,000
- 85.3 the second year from the critical habitat
- 85.4 private sector matching account may be used
- to publicize the critical habitat license plate
- 85.6 <u>match program.</u>

85.7 Subd. 7. Enforcement

39,344,000

38,377,000

85.8	Approp	riations by Fund	
85.9		2016	<u>2017</u>
85.10	General	4,257,000	4,140,000
85.11	Natural Resources	10,153,000	10,309,000
85.12	Game and Fish	24,834,000	23,828,000
85.13	Remediation	100,000	100,000

- 85.14 <u>\$200,000 the first year is from the general</u>
- 85.15 fund and \$1,900,000 the first year is from the
- 85.16 game and fish fund are for aviation services.
- 85.17 This appropriation is onetime.
- 85.18 <u>\$1,718,000 the first year and \$1,718,000 the</u>
- 85.19 second year are from the general fund for
- 85.20 enforcement efforts to prevent the spread of
- 85.21 <u>aquatic invasive species.</u>
- 85.22 \$1,537,000 the first year and \$1,580,000
- 85.23 the second year are from the heritage
- 85.24 enhancement account in the game and
- 85.25 fish fund for only the purposes specified
- 85.26 in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
- 85.27 paragraph (e), clause (1).
- 85.28 \$1,082,000 the first year and \$1,082,000 the
- 85.29 second year are from the water recreation
- 85.30 account in the natural resources fund for
- 85.31 grants to counties for boat and water safety.
- 85.32 Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
- 85.33 at the end of the first year and is available for
- 85.34 <u>the second year.</u>

86.1	\$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the
86.2	second year are from the snowmobile
86.3	trails and enforcement account in the
86.4	natural resources fund for grants to local
86.5	law enforcement agencies for snowmobile
86.6	enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
86.7	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
86.8	year and is available for the second year.
00.0	year and is available for the second year.
86.9	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
86.10	the second year are from the all-terrain
86.11	vehicle account for grants to qualifying
86.12	organizations to assist in safety and
86.13	environmental education and monitoring
86.14	trails on public lands under Minnesota
86.15	Statutes, section 84.9011. Grants issued
86.16	under this paragraph must be issued through
86.17	a formal agreement with the organization.
86.18	By December 15 each year, an organization
86.19	receiving a grant under this paragraph shall
86.20	report to the commissioner with details on
86.21	expenditures and outcomes from the grant.
86.22	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
86.23	is for administration of these grants. Any
86.24	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
86.25	end of the first year and is available for the
86.26	second year.
86.27	\$510,000 the first year and \$510,000
86.28	the second year are from the natural
86.29	resources fund for grants to county law
86.30	enforcement agencies for off-highway
86.31	vehicle enforcement and public education
86.32	activities based on off-highway vehicle use
86.33	in the county. Of this amount, \$498,000 each
86.34	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
86.35	\$11,000 each year is from the off-highway
86.36	motorcycle account; and \$1,000 each year
00.50	

87.1	is from the off-road vehicle account. The			
87.2	county enforcement agencies may use			
87.3	money received under this appropriation			
87.4	to make grants to other local enforcement			
87.5	agencies within the county that have a high			
87.6	concentration of off-highway vehicle use.			
87.7	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year			
87.8	is for administration of these grants. Any			
87.9	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the			
87.10	end of the first year and is available for the			
87.11	second year.			
87.12	Subd. 8. Operations Support	870,000	770,000	
		<u></u>		
87.13	Appropriations by Fund			
87.14 87.15	2016 $2017$ General550,000450,000			
87.16	Scholar         320,000         100,000           Natural Resources         320,000         320,000			
87.17	\$320,000 the first year and \$320,000 the			
87.18	second year are from the natural resources			
87.19	fund for grants to be divided equally between			
87.20	the city of St. Paul for the Como Park Zoo			
87.21	and Conservatory and the city of Duluth			
87.22	for the Duluth Zoo. This appropriation			
87.23	is from the revenue deposited to the fund			
87.24	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,			
87.25	paragraph (e), clause (5).			
87.26	\$300,000 the first year and \$450,000 the			
87.27	second year are for legal costs related to water			
87.28	management. This is a onetime appropriation			
87.29	and is available until June 30, 2018.			
87.30	With money appropriated in this section, the			
87.31	commissioner shall give preference to call			
87.32	centers located in Minnesota.			
87.33	Subd. 9. Cancellation			

\$

13,237,000 \$

13,415,000

The general fund appropriation of \$1,000,000 88.1 88.2 in Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 6, subdivision 2, is canceled on July 1, 2015. 88.3 Sec. 4. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL 88.4 RESOURCES 88.5 88.6 \$3,423,000 the first year and \$3,423,000 the second year are for natural resources block 88.7 grants to local governments. Grants must be 88.8 matched with a combination of local cash or 88.9 in-kind contributions. The base grant portion 88.10 88.11 related to water planning must be matched by an amount as specified by Minnesota 88.12 Statutes, section 103B.3369. The board may 88.13 88.14 reduce the amount of the natural resources block grant to a county by an amount equal to 88.15 any reduction in the county's general services 88.16 allocation to a soil and water conservation 88.17 district from the county's previous year 88.18 88.19 allocation when the board determines that the reduction was disproportionate. 88.20 \$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000 the 88.21 second year are for grants to soil and water 88.22 88.23 conservation districts for general purposes, nonpoint engineering, and implementation of 88.24 the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program. 88.25 Expenditures may be made from these 88.26 appropriations for supplies and services 88.27 benefiting soil and water conservation 88.28 districts. Any district receiving a grant under 88.29 this paragraph shall maintain a Web page that 88.30 publishes, at a minimum, its annual report, 88.31 88.32 annual audit, annual budget, and meeting 88.33 notices.

- 89.1 \$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000 the
- 89.2 <u>second year are for the following cost-share</u>
- 89.3 programs:
- (1) \$260,000 each year is for feedlot water
- animal quality grants for feedlots under 300 animal
- 89.6 <u>units and nutrient and manure management</u>
- 89.7 projects in watersheds where there are

## 89.8 <u>impaired waters;</u>

- 89.9 (2) \$1,200,000 each year is for soil and
- 89.10 water conservation district cost-sharing
- 89.11 contracts for perennially vegetated riparian
- 89.12 <u>buffers, erosion control, water retention</u>
- and treatment, and other high-priority
- 89.14 <u>conservation practices; and</u>
- 89.15 (3) \$100,000 each year is for county
- 89.16 <u>cooperative weed management programs and</u>
- 89.17 to restore native plants in selected invasive

## 89.18 species management sites.

- 89.19 \$800,000 the first year and \$750,000
- 89.20 <u>the second year are for implementation</u>,
- 89.21 enforcement, and oversight of the Wetland
- 89.22 Conservation Act, including administration
- 89.23 of the wetland banking program and in-lieu
- 89.24 <u>fee mechanism. The base for fiscal year 2018</u>
- and later is \$761,000.
- 89.26 \$166,000 the first year and \$166,000
- 89.27 <u>the second year are to provide technical</u>
- 89.28 assistance to local drainage management
- 89.29 officials and for the costs of the Drainage
- 89.30 Work Group.
- 89.31 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
- 89.32 the second year are for a grant to the
- 89.33 <u>Red River Basin Commission for water</u>
- 89.34 quality and floodplain management,

90.1	including administration of programs. This
90.2	appropriation must be matched by nonstate
90.3	funds. If the appropriation in either year is
90.4	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
90.5	year is available for it.
00 (	\$140,000 the first year and \$140,000
90.6	\$140,000 the first year and \$140,000 the second year are for grants to Area
90.7	the second year are for grants to Area
90.8	II Minnesota River Basin Projects for
90.9	floodplain management.
90.10	\$8,000 the first year and \$262,000 the
90.11	second year are to study, in cooperation
90.12	with the commissioner of natural resources,
90.13	the feasibility of the state assuming
90.14	administration of the section 404 permit
90.15	program of the federal Clean Water Act
90.16	as required in this act. This is a onetime
90.17	appropriation.
90.18	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
90.19	103C.501, the board may shift cost-share
90.20	funds in this section and may adjust the
90.21	technical and administrative assistance
90.22	portion of the grant funds to leverage
90.23	federal or other nonstate funds or to address
90.24	high-priority needs identified in local water
90.25	management plans or comprehensive water
90.26	management plans.
90.27	The appropriations for grants in this
90.28	section are available until expended. If an
90.29	appropriation for grants in either year is
90.30	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
90.31	year is available for it.
90.32	The base for the board in fiscal year 2018 and
90.33	thereafter is increased by \$11,000,000 for
90.34	grants to soil and water conservation districts
90.35	to implement buffer requirements.

91.1	Sec. 5. METROPOLITA	AN COUNCIL	<u>4</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,740,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,740,000</u>
91.2	Appropriati	ons by Fund			
91.3		2016	<u>2017</u>		
91.4	General	3,070,000	3,070,000		
91.5	Natural Resources	5,670,000	5,670,000		
91.6	\$2,870,000 the first year a	and \$2,870,000	the		
91.7	second year are for metrop	oolitan area regi	ional		
91.8	parks operation and main	tenance accord	ing		
91.9	to Minnesota Statutes, see	ction 473.351.			
91.10	\$5,670,000 the first year a	and \$5,670,000	the		
91.11	second year are from the	natural resourc	es		
91.12	fund for metropolitan are	a regional park	S		
91.13	and trails maintenance an	d operations. T	<u>`his</u>		
91.14	appropriation is from the	revenue deposi	ted		
91.15	in the natural resources fu	nd under Minne	esota		
91.16	Statutes, section 297A.94	, paragraph (e)	2		
91.17	clause (3).				
91.18	\$200,000 the first year ar	nd \$200,000 the			
91.19	second year are for the M	letropolitan Are	ea		
91.20	Water Supply Policy Adv	visory Committe	ee		
91.21	study and the Metropolita	an Area Water			
91.22	Supply Technical Adviso	ry Committee			
91.23	required under Minnesota	a Statutes, section	on		
91.24	473.1565. This is a onetin	ne appropriatio	on.		
91.25 91.26	Sec. 6. <u>CONSERVATI</u> MINNESOTA	<u>ON CORPS</u>	<u>\$</u>	945,000 \$	945,000
			_		
91.27 91.28	Appropriati	ons by Fund 2016	2017		
91.28 91.29	General	455,000	455,000		
91.30	Natural Resources	490,000	490,000		
91.31	Conservation Corps Minr	nesota may rece	eive		
91.32	money appropriated from	the natural			
91.33	resources fund under this	s section only			

- 92.1 as provided in an agreement with the
- 92.2 <u>commissioner of natural resources.</u>

92.4Appropriations by Fund 20162017 8,250,00092.7General8,250,00092.7Natural Resources160,00092.8S160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the second year are from the natural resources92.9second year are from the natural resources92.10fund from the revenue deposited under92.11Minnesota Statutes, section 297A,94,92.12paragraph (c), clause (5).92.13Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUMS92.14Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATIONS92.15S300,000 the first year and \$300,00092.16the second year are from the state forest92.17suspense account in the permanent school92.18fund for the school trust lands director to accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and92.21commercial leasing of school trust lands. This92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30pudget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.322019 from the general fund to the closed	92.3	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,410,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,410,000</u>
92.6       General       8,250,000       8,250,000         92.7       Natural Resources       160,000       160,000         92.8       \$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the       second year are from the natural resources         92.9       second year are from the natural resources       100,000 \$       100,000 \$         92.10       fund from the revenue deposited under       92,10       Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,         92.12       paragraph (c), clause (5).       \$       1,079,000 \$       1,079,000         92.14       Sec. 8.       SCIENCE MUSEUM       \$       1,079,000 \$       300,000         92.14       Sec. 9.       ADMINISTRATION       \$       300,000 \$       300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000       \$       300,000 \$       300,000         92.16       the second year are from the state forest       \$       \$       \$       \$         92.17       suspense account in the permanent school       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$         92.18       fund for the school trust lands.       and sales, and       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$       \$	92.4	Appropriations by Fund			
92.7       Natural Resources       160,000       160,000         92.8       \$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the         92.9       second year are from the natural resources         92.10       fund from the revenue deposited under         92.11       Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,         92.12       paragraph (e), clause (5).         92.13       Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM       \$ 1,079,000 \$ 1,079,000         92.14       Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION       \$ 300,000 \$ 300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000         92.16       the second year are from the state forest         92.17       suspense account in the permanent school         92.18       fund for the school trust lands director to         accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and       commercial leasing of school trust lands and         92.22       aggregate located on school trust lands. This         92.23       appropriation is to be used for securing         92.24       long-term economic return from the         92.25       school trust lands and nanagement principles.         92.26       responsibilities and sound natural resources         92.27       conservation and management principles.         92.28       Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER         92.29 <td< td=""><td>92.5</td><td><u>2016</u> <u>2017</u></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	92.5	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>	-		
92.8       \$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the         92.9       second year are from the natural resources         92.10       fund from the revenue deposited under         92.11       Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,         92.12       paragraph (e), clause (5).         92.13       Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM       \$ 1,079,000 \$ 1,079,000         92.14       Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION       \$ 300,000 \$ 300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000       \$         92.16       the second year are from the state forest;       \$         92.17       suspense account in the permanent school       \$         92.18       fund for the school trust lands director to       \$         92.19       accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and       \$         92.20       commercial leasing of school trust lands and       \$         92.21       to identify, evaluate, and lease construction       \$         92.22       aggregate located on school trust lands. This       \$         92.23       school trust lands consistent with fidueiary       \$         92.24       long-term economic return from the       \$         92.25       conservation and management principles.       \$         92.26       conservation and management principles.	92.6		0,000		
92.9       second year are from the natural resources         92.10       fund from the revenue deposited under         92.11       Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,         92.12       paragraph (e), clause (5).         92.13       Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM       §       1.079,000 §       1.079,000         92.14       Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION       §       300,000 §       300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000       1       1       1         92.16       the second year are from the state forest       1       1       1         92.17       suspense account in the permanent school       1       1       1       1         92.18       fund for the school trust lands director to       1	92.7	Natural Resources 160,000 16	0,000		
92.10       fund from the revenue deposited under         92.11       Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,         92.12       paragraph (c), clause (5).         92.13       Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM       S       1.079,000 S       1.079,000         92.14       Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION       S       300,000 S       300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000       second year are from the state forest       92.17       suspense account in the permanent school         92.19       accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and       92.20       commercial leasing of school trust lands and       92.21         92.22       aggregate located on school trust lands. This       aggregate located on school trust lands. This         92.23       school trust lands consistent with fiduciary       92.26       responsibilities and sound natural resources         92.24       long-term economic return from the       92.27       conservation and management principles.         92.24       sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER       92.28       Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER         92.29       The commissioner of management and       92.29       1         92.29       The commissioner of management and       92.31       92.31         92.31       year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year       92.31 <td>92.8</td> <td>\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	92.8	\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the			
92.11Minesota Statutes, section 297A.94,92.12paragraph (c), clause (5).92.13Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM§ 1,079,000 § 1,079,00092.14Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION§ 300,000 § 300,00092.15S300,000 the first year and \$300,00092.16the second year are from the state forest92.17suspense account in the permanent school92.18fund for the school trust lands director to92.19accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and92.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and92.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.9	second year are from the natural resources			
92.12paragraph (e), clause (5).92.13Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM\$ 1,079,000 \$ 1,079,00092.14Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION\$ 300,000 \$ 300,00092.15\$300,000 the first year and \$300,00092.16the second year are from the state forest92.17suspense account in the permanent school92.18fund for the school trust lands director to92.19accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and92.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and92.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.10	fund from the revenue deposited under			
92.13Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM§1,079,000 §1,079,00092.14Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION§300,000 §300,00092.15\$300,000 the first year and \$300,00011192.16the second year are from the state forest3192.17suspense account in the permanent school1192.18fund for the school trust lands director to3192.19accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and1192.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and1192.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction3192.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This3192.23appropriation is to be used for securing1192.24long-term economic return from the1192.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary1192.26responsibilities and sound natural resources1192.27conservation and management principles.1192.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER1192.29The commissioner of management and1192.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal1192.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year11	92.11	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,			
92.14       Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION       §       300,000 §       300,000         92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000       the second year are from the state forest       92.15         92.16       the second year are from the state forest       92.17       suspense account in the permanent school         92.19       accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and       92.20       commercial leasing of school trust lands and         92.20       commercial leasing of school trust lands. This       aggregate located on school trust lands. This         92.23       appropriation is to be used for securing       92.24         long-term economic return from the       92.25       school trust lands consistent with fiduciary         92.24       conservation and management principles.       92.27         92.28       Sec. 10. <b>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</b> 92.29       The commissioner of management and         92.30       budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal         92.31       year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.12	paragraph (e), clause (5).			
92.15       \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000         92.16       the second year are from the state forest         92.17       suspense account in the permanent school         92.18       fund for the school trust lands director to         92.19       accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and         92.20       commercial leasing of school trust lands and         92.21       to identify, evaluate, and lease construction         92.22       aggregate located on school trust lands. This         92.23       appropriation is to be used for securing         92.24       long-term economic return from the         92.25       school trust lands consistent with fiduciary         92.26       responsibilities and sound natural resources         92.27       conservation and management principles.         92.28       Sec. 10. <b>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</b> 92.29       The commissioner of management and         92.30       budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal         92.31       year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal         92.31       year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.13	Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u>
<ul> <li>92.16 the second year are from the state forest</li> <li>92.17 suspense account in the permanent school</li> <li>92.18 fund for the school trust lands director to</li> <li>92.19 accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and</li> <li>92.20 commercial leasing of school trust lands and</li> <li>92.21 to identify, evaluate, and lease construction</li> <li>92.22 aggregate located on school trust lands. This</li> <li>92.23 appropriation is to be used for securing</li> <li>92.24 long-term economic return from the</li> <li>92.25 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary</li> <li>92.26 responsibilities and sound natural resources</li> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.14	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION	<u>\$</u>	<u>300,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>300,000</u>
92.17suspense account in the permanent school92.18fund for the school trust lands director to92.19accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and92.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and92.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.15	\$300,000 the first year and \$300,000			
<ul> <li>92.18 fund for the school trust lands director to</li> <li>92.19 accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and</li> <li>92.20 commercial leasing of school trust lands and</li> <li>92.21 to identify, evaluate, and lease construction</li> <li>92.22 aggregate located on school trust lands. This</li> <li>92.23 appropriation is to be used for securing</li> <li>92.24 long-term economic return from the</li> <li>92.25 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary</li> <li>92.26 responsibilities and sound natural resources</li> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.16	the second year are from the state forest			
92.19accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and92.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and92.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.17	suspense account in the permanent school			
92.20commercial leasing of school trust lands and92.21to identify, evaluate, and lease construction92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. <b>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</b> 92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.18	fund for the school trust lands director to			
<ul> <li>bidentify, evaluate, and lease construction</li> <li>aggregate located on school trust lands. This</li> <li>appropriation is to be used for securing</li> <li>long-term economic return from the</li> <li>school trust lands consistent with fiduciary</li> <li>school trust lands sound natural resources</li> <li>conservation and management principles.</li> <li>Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>The commissioner of management and</li> <li>budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.19	accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and			
92.22aggregate located on school trust lands. This92.23appropriation is to be used for securing92.24long-term economic return from the92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.20	commercial leasing of school trust lands and			
<ul> <li>92.23 appropriation is to be used for securing</li> <li>92.24 long-term economic return from the</li> <li>92.25 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary</li> <li>92.26 responsibilities and sound natural resources</li> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.21	to identify, evaluate, and lease construction			
<ul> <li>92.24 long-term economic return from the</li> <li>92.25 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary</li> <li>92.26 responsibilities and sound natural resources</li> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.22	aggregate located on school trust lands. This			
92.25school trust lands consistent with fiduciary92.26responsibilities and sound natural resources92.27conservation and management principles.92.28Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER92.29The commissioner of management and92.30budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal92.31year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.23	appropriation is to be used for securing			
<ul> <li>92.26 responsibilities and sound natural resources</li> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.24	long-term economic return from the			
<ul> <li>92.27 conservation and management principles.</li> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. <u>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</u></li> <li>92.29 The commissioner of management and</li> <li>92.30 budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.25	school trust lands consistent with fiduciary			
<ul> <li>92.28 Sec. 10. <u>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</u></li> <li>92.29 <u>The commissioner of management and</u></li> <li>92.30 <u>budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</u></li> <li>92.31 <u>year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</u></li> </ul>	92.26	responsibilities and sound natural resources			
<ul> <li>92.29 <u>The commissioner of management and</u></li> <li>92.30 <u>budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</u></li> <li>92.31 <u>year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</u></li> </ul>	92.27	conservation and management principles.			
<ul> <li>budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal</li> <li>year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year</li> </ul>	92.28	Sec. 10. <b>REPAYMENT; TRANSFER</b>			
92.31 year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	92.29	The commissioner of management and			
	92.30	budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fiscal			
92.32 2019 from the general fund to the closed	92.31	year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year			
	92.32	2019 from the general fund to the closed			

- 93.1 landfill investment fund created in Minnesota
- 93.2 <u>Statutes, section 115B.421.</u>
- 93.3 Sec. 11. Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 5, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 93.4 Subd. 4. Returned Grants
- 93.5 Beginning July 1, 2010, all returned grant93.6 money originating from general fund grant
- 93.7 programs will be deposited into individual
- 93.8 accounts in the special revenue fund and held
- 93.9 for eventual transfer back to the general fund.
- 93.10 On December 15, 2010, and on December
- 93.11 15 of each year thereafter, \$310,000 of the
- 93.12 receipts in this special revenue fund will
- 93.13 be transferred to the general fund. If less
- 93.14 than \$310,000 is available on the transfer
- 93.15 date, an additional transfer on June 15
- 93.16 sufficient to make the \$310,000 annual
- 93.17 obligation will be made may be used for
- 93.18 <u>the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section</u>
- 93.19 <u>103B.102</u>, for grants to local governments
- 93.20 as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 93.21 <u>103B.3369</u>, or to cover onetime costs for
- 93.22 <u>implementation of natural resources block</u>
- 93.23 grant funded programs, including the
- 93.24 Wetland Conservation Act, wetland banking,
- 93.25 shoreland management, and local water
- 93.26 <u>management programs</u>.
- 93.27 Sec. 12. Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 6, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 93.28 Subd. 5. Fish and Wildlife

Management

93.29

-0- 2,412,000

- 93.30 \$3,000 in 2015 is from the heritage
- 93.31 enhancement account in the game and fish
- 93.32 fund for a report on aquatic plant management
- 93.33 permitting policies for the management

of narrow-leaved and hybrid cattail in a 94.1 94.2 range of basin types across the state. The report shall be submitted to the chairs and 94.3 ranking minority members of the house of 94.4 representatives and senate committees with 94.5 jurisdiction over environment and natural 94.6 resources by December 15, 2014, and include 94.7 recommendations for any necessary changes 94.8 in statutes, rules, or permitting procedures. 94.9 This is a onetime appropriation. 94.10

94.11 \$9,000 in 2015 is from the game and fish fund for the commissioner, in consultation 94.12 94.13 with interested parties, agencies, and other states, to develop a detailed restoration plan 94.14 to recover the historical native population of 94.15 94.16 bobwhite quail in Minnesota for its ecological and recreational benefits to the citizens of the 94.17 state. The commissioner shall conduct public 94.18 meetings in developing the plan. No later 94.19 than January 15, 2015, the commissioner 94.20 must report on the plan's progress to the 94.21 legislative committees with jurisdiction over 94.22 environment and natural resources policy 94.23 94.24 and finance. This is a onetime appropriation. 94.25 \$2,000,000 in 2015 is from the game and

- 94.26 fish fund for shooting sports facility grants
- 94.27 under Minnesota Statutes, section 87A.10.
- 94.28 The commissioner may spend up to \$50,000
- 94.29 of this appropriation to administer the grant.
- 94.30 This is a onetime appropriation and is
- 94.31 available until June 30, 2017.
- 94.32 \$400,000 in 2015 is from the heritage
- 94.33 enhancement account in the game and fish
- 94.34 fund for <u>hunter and angler recruitment</u>
- 94.35 <u>and retention activities and grants to local</u>

<ul> <li>95.2 to provide community outreach to senior</li> <li>95.3 citizens, youth, and veterans and for the costs</li> <li>95.4 associated with establishing and recruiting</li> <li>95.5 new chapters. The grants must be matched</li> <li>95.6 with cash or in-kind contributions from</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>95.4 associated with establishing and recruiting</li><li>95.5 new chapters. The grants must be matched</li></ul>	
95.5 new chapters. The grants must be matched	
95.6 with cash or in-kind contributions from	
95.7 nonstate sources. Of this amount, \$25,000	
95.8 is for Asian Outdoor Heritage for youth	
95.9 fishing recruitment efforts and outreach in	
95.10 the metropolitan area. The commissioner	
95.11 shall establish a grant application process	
95.12 that includes a standard for ownership	
95.13 of equipment purchased under the grant	
95.14 program and contract requirements that	
95.15 cover the disposition of purchased equipment	
95.16 if the grantee no longer exists. Any	
95.17 equipment purchased with state grant money	
95.18 must be specified on the grant application	
and approved by the commissioner. The	
95.20 commissioner may spend up to three percent	
95.21 of the appropriation to administer the grant.	
95.22 This is a onetime appropriation and is	
available until June 30, 2016.	
95.24 Sec. 13. <b><u>REPEALER.</u></b>	
25.25 Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3, subdivision 6, as an	nended by Laws
95.26 2010, First Special Session chapter 1, article 6, section 6, Laws 2013, c	chapter 114, article
95.27 <u>3, section 9, is repealed.</u>	
95.28 ARTICLE 4	
95.29 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTOR	RY CHANGES

# 95.30 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.073, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 95.31 Subd. 2. Purchases; printing. (a) Whenever practicable, a public entity shall: 95.32 (1) purchase uncoated <u>copy paper</u>, office paper, and printing paper;

(2) purchase recycled content copy paper with at least ten 30 percent postconsumer 96.1 material by weight and purchase printing and office paper with at least ten percent 96.2 postconsumer material by weight; 96.3 (3) purchase copy, office, and printing paper which has not been dyed with colors, 96.4 excluding pastel colors; 96.5 (4) purchase recycled content copy, office, and printing paper that is manufactured 96.6 using little or no chlorine bleach or chlorine derivatives; 96.7 (5) use no more than two colored inks, standard or processed, except in formats 96.8 where they are necessary to convey meaning; 96.9 (6) (5) use reusable binding materials or staples and bind documents by methods 96.10 that do not use glue; 96.11 (7) (6) use soy-based inks; 96.12 (8) (7) produce reports, publications, and periodicals that are readily recyclable 96.13 within the state resource recovery program; and 96.14 96.15 (9) (8) purchase paper which has been made on a paper machine located in Minnesota. (b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to coated paper that is made with at 96.16 least 50 percent postconsumer material. 96.17 (c) A public entity shall print documents on both sides of the paper where commonly 96.18 accepted publishing practices allow. 96.19 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), and section 16C.0725, copier paper 96.20 purchased by a state agency must contain at least ten percent postconsumer material by 96.21 fiber content. 96.22 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 96.23 Subd. 7. Existing road right-of-way; Application fee exemption. (a) A utility 96.24 96.25 license for crossing public lands or public waters is exempt from all application fees specified in this section and in rules adopted under this section when the utility crossing is 96.26 on an existing right-of-way of a public road. 96.27 (b) This subdivision does not apply to electric power lines, cables, or conduits 100 96.28 kilovolts or greater or to main pipelines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension. 96.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2014, and 96.30 does not authorize the retroactive collection of fees. 96.31

# 96.32 Sec. 3. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT 96.33 STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.

97.1	Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation
97.2	easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists
97.3	of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account.
97.4	The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The
97.5	following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement
97.6	stewardship account:
97.7	(1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account;
97.8	(2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other
97.9	applicable law;
97.10	(3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2;
97.11	(4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings
97.12	on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision
97.13	17, or other applicable law; and
97.14	(5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship.
97.15	Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of account. Five percent of the balance on
97.16	July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account
97.17	is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent
97.18	only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department
97.19	of Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contacts,
97.20	records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval
97.21	or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement
97.22	management activities.
97.23	Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The commissioner shall seek a financial
97.24	contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each
97.25	conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources.
97.26	Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the
97.27	contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet
97.28	the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly
97.29	overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial
97.30	contribution, the commissioner shall consider:
97.31	(1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
97.32	taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
97.33	(2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to
97.34	manage the conservation easement;
97.35	(3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement;

98.1	(4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement,
98.2	including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
98.3	(5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
98.4	easement in the event of a violation; and
98.5	(6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
98.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
98.7	following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
98.8	easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
98.9	of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.
98.10	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
98.11	Subd. 5. <b>Report of ownership transfers; fee.</b> A person who sells or transfers (a)
98.12	Application for transfer of ownership of an off-highway motorcycle registered under
98.12	this section shall report the sale or transfer must be made to the commissioner within
98.14	15 days of the date of transfer.
98.15	(b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
98.16	buyer on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration certificate,
98.17	purchaser using a bill of sale, and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number.
98.18	(c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
98.19	purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.
08.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2016.
98.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2010.
98.21	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, is amended by adding a subdivision
98.22	to read:
98.23	Subd. 5a. Report of registration transfers. (a) Application for transfer of
98.24	registration under this section must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the
98.25	date of transfer.
98.26	(b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
98.27	purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
98.28	(c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
98.29	purchaser fails to apply for transfer of registration as provided under this subdivision.
98.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2016.
98.31	Sec. 6. [84.8031] GRANT-IN-AID APPLICATIONS; REVIEW PERIOD.

#### H.F. No. 846, Conference Committee Report - 89th Legislature (2015-2016)05/18/15 11:21 AM [ccrhf0846a]

99.1 The commissioner must review an off-road vehicle grant-in-aid application and, if
99.2 approved, commence public review of the application within 60 days after the completed
99.3 application has been locally approved and submitted to an area parks and trails office. If
99.4 the commissioner fails to approve or deny the application within 60 days after submission,
99.5 the application is deemed approved and the commissioner must provide for a 30-day
99.6 public review period.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 99.7 Subd. 2a. Nontrail use registration. A snowmobile may be registered for nontrail 99.8 use. A snowmobile registered under this subdivision may not be operated on a state or 99.9 grant-in-aid snowmobile trail. The fee for a nontrail use registration of a snowmobile with 99.10 an engine displacement that is greater than 125 cubic centimeters is \$45 for three years. A 99.11 nontrail use registration is not transferable. In addition to other penalties prescribed by 99.12 law, the penalty for violation of this subdivision is immediate revocation of the nontrail 99.13 99.14 use registration. The commissioner shall ensure that the registration sticker provided for limited nontrail use is of a different color and is distinguishable from other snowmobile 99.15 registration and state trail stickers provided. 99.16

- 99.17 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 99.18 Subd. 6. **Exemptions.** Registration is not required under this section for:
- 99.19 (1) a snowmobile owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government,99.20 another state, or a political subdivision thereof;
- 99.21 (2) a snowmobile registered in a country other than the United States temporarily99.22 used within this state;

(3) a snowmobile that is covered by a valid license of another state and has not been
within this state for more than 30 consecutive days or that is registered by an Indian tribal
government to a tribal member and has not been outside the tribal reservation boundary
for more than 30 consecutive days;

- 99.27 (4) a snowmobile used exclusively in organized track racing events;
- 99.28 (5) a snowmobile in transit by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer;
- 99.29 (6) a snowmobile at least 15 years old in transit by an individual for use only on
  99.30 land owned or leased by the individual; or
- 99.31 (7) a snowmobile while being used to groom a state or grant-in-aid trail; or
- 99.32 (8) a snowmobile with an engine displacement that is 125 cubic centimeters or less
- 99.33 and the snowmobile is not operated on a state or grant-in-aid trail.

100.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.84, is amended to read:

84.84 TRANSFER OR TERMINATION OF SNOWMOBILE OWNERSHIP.
 (a) Within 15 days after the transfer of ownership, or any part thereof, other than a
 security interest, or the destruction or abandonment of any snowmobile, written notice
 thereof of the transfer or destruction or abandonment shall be given to the commissioner
 in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe.

100.7 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the 100.8 purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.

100.9 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.88 if the purchaser 100.10 fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. Every owner

100.11 or part owner of a snowmobile shall, upon failure to give such notice of destruction or

100.12 <u>abandonment</u>, be subject to the penalties imposed by Laws 1967, chapter 876 section 84.88.

100.13

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

100.14 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 8, is amended to read: Subd. 8. All-terrain vehicle or vehicle. "All-terrain vehicle" or "vehicle" means 100.15 a motorized vehicle of with: (1) not less than three, but not more than six low pressure 100.16 100.17 or non-pneumatic tires, that is limited in engine displacement of less than 1,000 cubic eentimeters and; (2) a total dry weight of 2,000 pounds or less; and (3) a total width 100.18 from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 65 inches or less. All-terrain vehicle 100.19 100.20 includes a class 1 all-terrain vehicle and class 2 all-terrain vehicle. All-terrain vehicle does not include a golf cart, mini-truck, dune buggy, or go-cart or a vehicle designed and used 100.21 specifically for lawn maintenance, agriculture, logging, or mining purposes. 100.22

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Class 1 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 1 all-terrain vehicle" means an
all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 1,200 pounds width from outside
of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 50 inches or less.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Class 2 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 2 all-terrain vehicle" means an
all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 1,200 to 1,800 pounds width from outside
of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is greater than 50 inches but not more than 65 inches.

100.31

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.922, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

#### Subd. 4. Report of transfers. A person who sells or transfers ownership of a 101.1 101.2 vehicle registered under this section shall report the sale or (a) Application for transfer of 101.3 ownership must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer. (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and 101.4 the purchaser on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration 101.5 eertificate, using a bill of sale and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number. 101.6 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the 101.7 purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. 101.8

101.9

### 9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.925, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Training requirements. (a) An individual who was born after July 1,
1987, and who is 16 years of age or older, must successfully complete the independent
study course component of all-terrain vehicle safety training before operating an all-terrain
vehicle on public lands or waters, public road rights-of-way, or state or grant-in-aid trails.

(b) An individual who is convicted of violating a law related to the operation of an
all-terrain vehicle must successfully complete the independent study course component of
all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.

(c) An individual who is convicted for a second or subsequent excess speed, trespass,
or wetland violation in an all-terrain vehicle season, or any conviction for careless or
reckless operation of an all-terrain vehicle, must successfully complete the independent
study and the testing and operating course components of all-terrain vehicle safety training
before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.

(d) An individual who receives three or more citations and convictions for violating a
law related to the operation of an all-terrain vehicle in a two-year period must successfully
complete the independent study and the testing and operating course components of
all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.

(e) An individual must present evidence of compliance with this subdivision before
an all-terrain vehicle registration is issued or renewed. A person may use the following as
evidence of meeting all-terrain vehicle safety certificate requirements:

101.30 (1) a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;

101.31 (2) a driver's license that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator

101.32 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18; or

101.33 (3) an identification card that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator
 101.34 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18.

 102.1
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new

102.2 driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever
 102.3 comes later.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Prohibitions on youthful operators. (a) Except for operation on
public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928 and as provided under
paragraph (j), a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an
all-terrain vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way.

(b) A person under 12 years of age shall not:

102.10 (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;

102.11 (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or

102.12 (3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided in102.13 paragraph (f).

(c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years
of age but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way
of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and waters or
state or grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety
certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or
older who holds a valid driver's license.

102.20 (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years102.21 old, but less than 16 years old, must:

102.22 (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section102.23 84.925, subdivision 1, including a riding component; and

(2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegswhile sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.

(e) A person at least 11 years of age may take the safety education and training
program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but
the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12.

(f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an
all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 90cc on public lands or waters if
accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.

(g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle.
(h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public
lands or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and

103.1 control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the103.2 all-terrain vehicle.

(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than
103.4 16 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county
103.5 state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands and waters
103.6 or state or grant-in-aid trails if:

103.7 (1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain
103.8 safety course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section
103.9 84.925, subdivision 3; and

103.10 (2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who103.11 holds a valid driver's license.

(j) A person 12 years of age but less than 16 years of age may operate an all-terrain
vehicle on the <u>roadway</u>, bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way as permitted
under section 84.928 if the person:

103.15 (1) possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;103.16 and

103.17

(2) is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian on a separate all-terrain vehicle.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.928, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 103.18 Subdivision 1. Operation on roads and rights-of-way. (a) Unless otherwise 103.19 allowed in sections 84.92 to 84.928 or by local ordinance under paragraph (k), a person shall 103.20 not operate an all-terrain vehicle in this state along or on the roadway, shoulder, or inside 103.21 103.22 bank or slope of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway. (b) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle in the ditch or the outside 103.23 bank or slope of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway unless prohibited under 103.24 103.25 paragraph (d) or (f).

(c) A person may operate <u>a class 1 all-terrain vehicle designed by the manufacturer</u>
 for off-road use to be driven by a steering wheel and equipped with operator and passenger
 seat belts and a roll-over protective structure or a class 2 all-terrain vehicle:

(1) within the public road right-of-way of a county state-aid or county highway on
the <u>right shoulder or the</u> extreme right-hand side of the road and left turns may be made
from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing conditions, unless
prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f);

103.33 (2) on the bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county
103.34 state-aid, or county highway but only to access businesses or make trail connections, and

left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailingconditions, unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f); and

104.3 (3) on the bank or ditch of a public road right-of-way on a designated class 2104.4 all-terrain vehicle trail.

(d) A road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25, may after a
public hearing restrict the use of all-terrain vehicles in the public road right-of-way under
its jurisdiction.

(e) The restrictions in paragraphs (a), (d), (h), (i), and (j) do not apply to the
operation of an all-terrain vehicle on the shoulder, inside bank or slope, ditch, or outside
bank or slope of a trunk, interstate, county state-aid, or county highway:

104.11 (1) that is part of a funded grant-in-aid trail; or

104.12 (2) when the all-terrain vehicle is owned by or operated under contract with:

104.13 (i) a road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25; or

104.14 (ii) a publicly or privately owned utility or pipeline company and used for work
 104.15 on utilities or pipelines.

104.16 (f) The commissioner may limit the use of a right-of-way for a period of time if the 104.17 commissioner determines that use of the right-of-way causes:

104.18 (1) degradation of vegetation on adjacent public property;

104.19 (2) siltation of waters of the state;

104.20 (3) impairment or enhancement to the act of taking game; or

(4) a threat to safety of the right-of-way users or to individuals on adjacent publicproperty.

104.23The commissioner must notify the road authority as soon as it is known that a closure104.24will be ordered. The notice must state the reasons and duration of the closure.

(g) A person may operate an all-terrain vehicle registered for private use and used
for agricultural purposes on a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or
county highway in this state if the all-terrain vehicle is operated on the extreme right-hand
side of the road, and left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so
under the prevailing conditions.

(h) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road
right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway from April 1 to August 1 in
the agricultural zone unless the vehicle is being used exclusively as transportation to and
from work on agricultural lands. This paragraph does not apply to an agent or employee
of a road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, or the Department of
Natural Resources when performing or exercising official duties or powers.

(i) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way
of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway between the hours of one-half hour after
sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of the right-of-way
and in the same direction as the highway traffic on the nearest lane of the adjacent roadway.

(j) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle at any time within theright-of-way of an interstate highway or freeway within this state.

105.7 (k) A county, city, or town, acting through its governing body, may by ordinance
 105.8 allow a person to operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road or street under its

105.9 jurisdiction to access businesses and residences and to make trail connections.

105.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments to paragraph (e) of this section are effective
 105.11 the day following final enactment.

105.12 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, is amended by adding a subdivision105.13 to read:

105.14Subd. 1a.Aquatic invasive species affirmation."Aquatic invasive species105.15affirmation" means an affirmation of the summary of the aquatic invasive species laws of105.16this chapter that is part of watercraft licenses and nonresident fishing licenses, as provided105.17in section 84D.106.

105.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
 Subd. 13. Prohibited invasive species. "Prohibited invasive species" means a
 nonnative species that has been listed designated as a prohibited invasive species in a rule
 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
 Subd. 15. Regulated invasive species. "Regulated invasive species" means a
 nonnative species that has been <del>listed designated</del> as a regulated invasive species in a rule
 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 17, is amended to read:
Subd. 17. Unlisted nonnative species. "Unlisted nonnative species" means a
nonnative species that has not been listed designated as a prohibited invasive species, a
regulated invasive species, or an unregulated nonnative species in a rule adopted by the
commissioner under section 84D.12.

106.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

106.2 Subd. 18. **Unregulated nonnative species.** "Unregulated nonnative species" means 106.3 a nonnative species that has been <u>listed designated</u> as an unregulated nonnative species in 106.4 a rule adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

106.5 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.06, is amended to read:

106.6

84D.06 UNLISTED NONNATIVE SPECIES.

Subdivision 1. Process. A person may not introduce an unlisted nonnative aquaticplant or wild animal species unless:

106.9 (1) the person has notified the commissioner in a manner and form prescribed by106.10 the commissioner;

106.11 (2) the commissioner has made the classification determination required in
 subdivision 2 and listed designated the species as appropriate; and

106.13 (3) the introduction is allowed under the applicable provisions of this chapter.

106.14 Subd. 2. **Classification.** (a) If the commissioner determines that a species for which 106.15 a notification is received under subdivision 1 should be classified as a prohibited invasive 106.16 species, the commissioner shall:

106.17 (1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, listing designating the species
 106.18 as a prohibited invasive species; and

106.19 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is106.20 subject to section 84D.04.

(b) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is
received under subdivision 1 should be classified as an unregulated nonnative species,
the commissioner shall:

(1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, listing designating the species
as an unregulated nonnative species; and

106.26 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is not106.27 subject to regulation under this chapter.

106.28 (c) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is received 106.29 under subdivision 1 should be classified as a regulated invasive species, the commissioner 106.30 shall notify the applicant that the species is subject to the requirements in section 84D.07.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Removal and confinement. (a) A conservation officer or other licensed
 peace officer may order:

- (1) the removal of aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species from
   water-related equipment, including decontamination using hot water or high pressure
- 107.3 <u>equipment when available on site</u>, before it the water-related equipment is transported or
- 107.4 <u>before it is placed into waters of the state;</u>
- 107.5 (2) confinement of the water-related equipment at a mooring, dock, or other location107.6 until the water-related equipment is removed from the water;
- 107.7 (3) removal of water-related equipment from waters of the state to remove prohibited
  107.8 invasive species if the water has not been listed by the commissioner as being infested
  107.9 with that species; and
- (4) a prohibition on placing water-related equipment into waters of the state when
  the water-related equipment has aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species
  attached in violation of subdivision 1 or when water has not been drained or the drain plug
  has not been removed in violation of subdivision 4-; and
- 107.14 (5) decontamination of water-related equipment when available on site.
- 107.15 (b) An order for removal of prohibited invasive species under paragraph (a), clause
- 107.16 (1), or decontamination of water-related equipment under paragraph (a), clause (5),
- 107.17 <u>may include tagging the water-related equipment and issuing a notice that specifies</u>
- 107.18 <u>a time frame for completing the removal or decontamination and reinspection of the</u>
- 107.19 water-related equipment.
- 107.20 (b) (c) An inspector who is not a licensed peace officer may issue orders under 107.21 paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4), and (5).

#### 107.22 Sec. 24. [84D.106] AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES AFFIRMATION.

- 107.23 Aquatic invasive species affirmation is required for all:
- 107.24 (1) watercraft licenses issued under section 86B.401; and
- 107.25 (2) all nonresident fishing licenses, as provided in section 97C.301, subdivision 2a.

# 107.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. Clause (1) of this section is effective January 1, 2016, and 107.27 clause (2) of this section is effective March 1, 2016.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
   Subdivision 1. Prohibited invasive species. The commissioner may issue a permit
   for the propagation, possession, importation, purchase, or transport of a prohibited invasive
   species for the purposes of disposal, decontamination, control, research, or education.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  Subdivision 1. Required rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules:

- (1) <u>listing designating prohibited invasive species</u>, regulated invasive species, and
   unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals;
- 108.3 (2) governing the application for and issuance of permits under this chapter, which108.4 rules may include a fee schedule; and

108.5 (3) governing notification under section 84D.08.

108.6 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

108.7 Subd. 3. **Expedited rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules under section 84.027,

- 108.8 subdivision 13, that list designate:
- 108.9 (1) prohibited invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals;
- 108.10 (2) regulated invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals; and
- 108.11 (3) unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
   Subd. 5. Civil penalties. (a) A civil citation issued under this section must impose
   the following penalty amounts:
- 108.15 (1) for transporting aquatic macrophytes in violation of section 84D.09, \$100;
- 108.16 (2) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment108.17 that has aquatic macrophytes attached, \$200;
- 108.18 (3) for unlawfully possessing or transporting a prohibited invasive species other108.19 than an aquatic macrophyte, \$500;
- (4) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment
  that has prohibited invasive species attached when the waters are not listed by the
  commissioner as being infested with that invasive species, \$500;
- 108.23 (5) for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or sinking a buoy marking, as108.24 prescribed by rule, Eurasian water milfoil, \$100;
- 108.25 (6) for failing to have drain plugs or similar devices removed or opened while 108.26 transporting water-related equipment or for failing to remove plugs, open valves, and 108.27 drain water from water-related equipment, other than marine sanitary systems, before 108.28 leaving waters of the state, \$100; and
- 108.29 (7) for transporting infested water off riparian property without a permit as required108.30 by rule, \$200; and
- 108.31(8) for failing to have aquatic invasive species affirmation displayed or available for108.32inspection as provided in sections 86B.401 and 97C.301, subdivision 2a, \$25.

(b) A civil citation that is issued to a person who has one or more prior convictions
or final orders for violations of this chapter is subject to twice the penalty amounts listed
in paragraph (a).

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Use of money in account. Money credited to the invasive species account
 in subdivision 2 shall be used for management of invasive species and implementation of
 this chapter as it pertains to invasive species, including control, public awareness, law
 enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, <u>habitat improvements</u>,
 and research.

109.10 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision 109.11 to read:

109.12Subd. 1e.Connection to state parks and recreation areas.Trails designated under109.13this section may include connections to state parks or recreation areas that generally lie in109.14between or within the vicinity of the waymarks specifically named in the designation.

109.15 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision 109.16 to read:

Subd. 6a. Mississippi Blufflands Trail; Goodhue and Wabasha Counties. (a) 109.17 The Mississippi Blufflands Trail shall originate at the Cannon Valley Trail and thence 109.18 extend generally southeasterly along the Mississippi River through Frontenac State Park in 109.19 109.20 Goodhue County and continue through Goodhue and Wabasha Counties to the city of Lake City, and there terminate. The trail shall include connections to the Rattlesnake Bluff Trail. 109.21 (b) The trail shall be developed primarily for riding and hiking. 109.22 109.23 (c) In establishing, developing, maintaining, and operating the trail, the commissioner shall cooperate with local units of government and private individuals and 109.24

109.25 groups whenever feasible.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Blufflands Trail system, Fillmore, Olmsted, Winona, and Houston
Counties. (a) The Root River Trail shall originate at Chatfield in Fillmore County, and
thence extend easterly in the Root River Valley to the intersection of the river with
Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 26 in Houston County, and extend to the Mississippi River.
(b) Additional trails may be established that extend the Blufflands Trail system to
include La Crescent, Hokah, Caledonia, and Spring Grove in Houston County; Preston,

Harmony, Fountain, Wykoff, Spring Valley, Mabel, Prosper, Canton, and Ostrander,

and connections to the Iowa border including a connection to Niagara Cave in Fillmore

110.3 County; Rochester, Dover, Eyota, Stewartville, Byron, and Chester Woods County Park in

110.4 Olmsted County; and Winona, Minnesota City, Rollingstone, Altura, Lewiston, Utica,

110.5 St. Charles, and Elba in Winona County. In addition to the criteria in section 86A.05,

subdivision 4, these trails must utilize abandoned railroad rights-of-way where possible.

110.7 (c) The trails shall be developed primarily for nonmotorized riding and hiking.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 28, is amended to read: 110.8 Subd. 28. Camp Ripley/Veterans State Trail, Crow Wing, Cass, and Morrison 110.9 Counties. The trail shall originate at Crow Wing State Park in Crow Wing County at 110.10 the southern end of the Paul Bunyan Trail and shall extend from Crow Wing State Park 110.11 westerly to the city of Pillager, then southerly along the west side of Camp Ripley, then 110.12 easterly along the south side of Camp Ripley across to the east side of the Mississippi 110.13 110.14 River, and then northerly through Fort Ripley to Crow Wing State Park. A second segment of the trail shall be established that shall extend in a southerly direction and in close 110.15 proximity to the Mississippi River from the southeasterly portion of the first segment of 110.16 110.17 the trail to the city of Little Falls, and then terminate at the Soo Line Trail in Morrison County. Separation of motorized and nonmotorized corridors is acceptable as needed. 110.18

# 110.19 Sec. 34. [85.0506] LAKE VERMILION-SOUDAN UNDERGROUND MINE 110.20 STATE PARK; HOISTS.

110.21The Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park mine tour operation is110.22exempt from sections 326B.163 to 326B.191. The federal mine code for hoists that lift110.23people under Code of Federal Regulations, title 30, part 57, subpart R, applies to the110.24Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park hoist. The commissioner shall110.25employ a hoist safety expert to conduct an annual inspection of the hoist system at the110.26Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.054, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
Subd. 12. Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park. A state park
permit is not required and a fee may not be charged for motor vehicle entry or parking
at the visitor parking area of Soudan Underground Mine State Park and the Stuntz Bay
boat house area.

110.32 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Areas marked. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized 111.1 111.2 in cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when feasible to mark state water trails on the Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix, 111.3 Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine, 111.4 Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within Swift County, Watonwan, 111.5 Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County to Montevideo in 111.6 Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, Redwood, 111.7 Blue Earth, Cedar, Shell Rock, and Crow Rivers which have historic and scenic values 111.8 and to mark appropriately points of interest, portages, camp sites, and all dams, rapids, 111.9 waterfalls, whirlpools, and other serious hazards which are dangerous to canoe, kayak, 111.10 and watercraft travelers. 111.11

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.401, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Licensing. (a) The license agent shall register the watercraft on receiving an application and the license fee. A license and registration sticker with a registration number shall be issued and must be affixed to the watercraft as prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources.

(b) A license includes aquatic invasive species affirmation as provided in section
84D.106. The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be on board
or available with the signed license certificate. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will
be provided with an application for a new, transfer, duplicate, or renewal watercraft license.
(c) The license is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.
(d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is
subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.

111.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

111.25 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 87A.10, is amended to read:

# 111.26 **87A.10 TRAP SHOOTING SPORTS FACILITY GRANTS.**

The commissioner of natural resources shall administer a program to provide cost-share grants to local recreational shooting clubs <u>or local units of government</u> for up to 50 percent of the costs of developing or rehabilitating <del>trap</del> shooting sports facilities for public use. A facility rehabilitated or developed with a grant under this section must be open to the general public at reasonable times and for a reasonable fee on a walk-in basis. The commissioner shall give preference to projects that will provide the most opportunities for youth. Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Special permits. The following special permits are required at all times,
including when the ground is snow-covered:

(a) Fire training. A permit to start a fire for the instruction and training of 112.4 firefighters, including liquid fuels training, may be given by the commissioner or agent of 112.5 the commissioner. Except for owners or operators conducting fire training in specialized 112.6 industrial settings pursuant to applicable federal, state, or local standards, owners 112.7 or operators conducting open burning for the purpose of instruction and training of 112.8 firefighters with regard to structures must follow the techniques described in a document 112.9 entitled: Structural Burn Training Procedures for the Minnesota Technical College System 112.10 use only fuel materials as outlined in the current edition of National Fire Protection 112.11 Association 1403, Standard on Live Fire Training Evolutions, and obtain the applicable 112.12 live burn documents in accordance with the current edition of the Board of Firefighter 112.13 Training and Education's live burn plan established according to section 299N.02, 112.14 112.15 subdivision 3, clause (2).

(b) **Permanent tree and brush open burning sites.** A permit for the operation of 112.16 a permanent tree and brush burning site may be given by the commissioner or agent of 112.17 the commissioner. Applicants for a permanent open burning site permit shall submit a 112.18 complete application on a form provided by the commissioner. Existing permanent tree 112.19 and brush open burning sites must submit for a permit within 90 days of the passage of 112.20 this statute for a burning permit. New site applications must be submitted at least 90 112.21 days before the date of the proposed operation of the permanent open burning site. The 112.22 112.23 application must be submitted to the commissioner and must contain:

(1) the name, address, and telephone number of all owners of the site proposed foruse as the permanent open burning site;

(2) if the operator for the proposed permanent open burning site is different from theowner, the name, address, and telephone number of the operator;

(3) a general description of the materials to be burned, including the source and
estimated quantity, dimensions of the site and burn pile areas, hours and dates of operation,
and provisions for smoke management; and

(4) a topographic or similarly detailed map of the site and surrounding area within
a one-mile circumference showing all structures that might be affected by the operation
of the site.

Only trees, tree trimmings, or brush that cannot be disposed of by an alternative method such as chipping, composting, or other method shall be permitted to be burned at a permanent open burning site. A permanent tree and brush open burning site must be located and operated so as not to create a nuisance or endanger water quality. The
commissioner shall revoke the permit or order actions to mitigate threats to public health,
safety, and the environment in the event that permit conditions are violated.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 113.4 Subd. 3. Recording Provisions of auxiliary forest contract to run with the land. 113.5 The commissioner shall submit such contract in recordable form to the owner of the land 113.6 covered thereby. If the owner shall indicate to the commissioner an unwillingness to 113.7 execute the same, or if the owner or any of the persons having an interest therein or lien 113.8 thereon fail to execute it within 60 days from the time of its submission to the owner, all 113.9 proceedings relating to the making of this land into an auxiliary forest shall be at an end. 113.10 When the contract shall have been executed it shall forthwith be recorded in the 113.11 office of the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land be 113 12 registered, with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract is recorded with the county 113.13 113.14 recorder for record the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with the county recorder a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in record title thereof has 113.15 occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed thereon, and that no taxes 113.16 have accrued thereon since the making of the previous certificate. It shall be the duty of 113.17 the county attorney to furnish this certificate without further compensation. 113.18

113.19 All the provisions of the a recorded contract shall be for an auxiliary forest are deemed 113.20 covenants running with the land from the date of the filing of the contract for record.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 113.21 Subd. 4. Effect. Upon the filing of the contract for record, the land therein described 113.22 in the contract shall become, and, during the life of the contract, remain and be, an 113.23 113.24 auxiliary forest entitled to all the benefits and subject to all the restrictions of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, all of which shall be deemed a. These sections are part of the 113.25 obligation of the contract and shall be are inviolate, subject only to the police power of the 113.26 state, to the power of eminent domain, and to the right of the parties thereto by mutual 113.27 agreement to make applicable to the contract any laws of the state enacted subsequent to its 113.28 the execution and filing. This provision shall not be so construed as to prevent amendatory 113.29 or supplementary legislation which does of the contract. Laws enacted subsequent to 113.30 the date of execution of the contract are applicable to the contract, so long as the laws 113.31 do not impair these the contract rights of the parties thereto, or as to prevent amendatory 113.32 or supplementary legislation in respect of the culture, care, or management of the lands 113.33 included in any such contract signatories of the contract or their successors or assigns. 113.34

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 114.1 Subd. 5. Cancellation. Upon the failure of (a) If the owner fails to faithfully to 114.2 fulfill and perform such the contract or, any provision thereof of the contract, or any 114.3 requirement of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, or any rule adopted by the commissioner 114.4 thereunder adopts under those sections, the commissioner may cancel the contract in 114.5 the manner herein provided. The commissioner shall give to the owner, in the manner 114.6 prescribed in section 88.48, subdivision 4, 60 days' notice of a hearing thereon at which 114.7 the owner may appear and show cause, if any, why the contract should not be canceled. 114.8 The commissioner shall thereupon then determine whether the contract should be canceled 114.9 and make an order to that effect. Notice of the commissioner's determination and the 114.10 making of the order shall be given to The commissioner shall give the owner in the manner 114.11 provided in section 88.48, subdivision 4 notice of the commissioner's determination and 114.12 order. On determining If the commissioner determines that the contract should be canceled 114.13 and no appeal therefrom be taken the owner does not appeal the determination as provided 114.14 114.15 in subdivision 7, the commissioner shall send notice thereof of the cancellation to the auditor of the county and to the town clerk of the town affected and file with the recorder a 114.16 certified copy of the order, who. The recorder shall forthwith note the cancellation upon 114.17 the record thereof, and thereupon the land therein described in the contract shall cease to 114.18 be an auxiliary forest and, together with the timber thereon on the land, become liable 114.19 to for all taxes and assessments that otherwise would have been levied against it had it 114.20 never been an auxiliary forest the land from the time of the making of the contract, any 114.21 notwithstanding provisions of the statutes of limitation to the contrary notwithstanding, 114.22 114.23 less. The amount of taxes paid under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, together with interest on such taxes and assessments at six percent per annum, but without 114.24 penalties, must be subtracted from the tax owed by the owner. 114.25

(b) The commissioner may in like manner and with like effect cancel the contract
upon written application of the owner.

(c) The commissioner shall cancel any the contract if the owner has made successful 114.28 application successfully applied under sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, the Sustainable Forest 114.29 Incentive Act, sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, and has paid to the county treasurer the tax 114.30 difference between the amount which that would have been paid had the land under contract 114.31 been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive 114.32 Act from the date of the recording of the contract and the amount actually paid under 114.33 section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, 114.34 subdivision 2. This tax difference must be calculated based on the years the lands would 114.35

114.36 have been taxed under the Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act.

The sustainable forest tax difference is net of the incentive payment of section 290C.07. 115.1 If the amount which that would have been paid, had if the land under contract had been 115.2 under the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act from 115.3 the date of the filing of the contract, was filed is less than the amount actually paid under 115.4 the contract, the cancellation shall be made without further payment by the owner. 115.5 When (d) If the execution of any the contract creating an auxiliary forest shall have 115.6 been is procured through fraud or deception practiced upon on the county board or, the 115.7 commissioner, or any other person or body representing the state, it may be canceled 115.8 cancel it upon suit brought by the attorney general at the direction of the commissioner. 115.9 This cancellation shall have has the same effect as the cancellation of a contract by the 115.10 commissioner. 115.11

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 115.12 Subd. 6. Assessment after cancellation. (a) For the purpose of levying such taxes, 115.13 115.14 the county auditor shall, immediately upon receipt of receiving notice of the cancellation of any a contract creating an auxiliary forest, direct the local assessor to assess the lands 115.15 within the forest, excluding the value of merchantable timber and minerals and other 115.16 115.17 things of value taxed under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2, as of for each of the years during which the lands have been were included 115.18 within the auxiliary forest. The local assessor shall forthwith make the assessment and 115.19 certify the same to the county auditor. The county auditor shall thereupon levy a tax on the 115.20 assessable value of the land as, fixed by section 273.13, for each of the years during which 115.21 115.22 the land has been was within an auxiliary forest, at the rate at which other real estate within the taxing district was taxed in those years. The tax so assessed and levied against 115.23 any land shall be is a first and prior lien upon the land and upon all timber and forest 115.24 115.25 products growing, grown, or cut thereon on the land and removed therefrom from the land. These taxes shall must be enforced in the same manner as other taxes on real estate are 115.26 enforced and, in addition thereto, the lien of the tax on forest products cut or removed 115.27 from this land shall must be enforced by the seizure and sale of the forest products. 115.28 (b) No person shall, after the mailing by the commissioner, as provided in subdivision 115.29 5, of notice of hearing on the cancellation of a the contract making any lands an auxiliary 115.30 forest, cut or remove from these lands any timber or forest products growing, grown, or 115.31 cut thereon until all taxes levied under this subdivision shall have been are paid, or, in the 115.32

event such if the levy shall is not have been completed, until the owner shall have has given
a bond payable to the county, with sureties approved by the county auditor, in such the

amount as the county auditor shall deem deems ample for the payment of all taxes that may
be levied thereon under this subdivision, conditioned for the payment of such the taxes.
(c) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of violates this subdivision
shall be is guilty of a felony.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 7, is amended to read: Subd. 7. Appeal. (a) The owner may appeal from any cancellation order of the commissioner to the district court of the county wherein where the land is situate, located by serving notice of appeal on the commissioner and filing the same with the court administrator of the district court within 30 days after the date of mailing <del>of</del> notice of such order.

116.11 (b) The appeal shall must be tried between the state of Minnesota and the owner by 116.12 the court as a suit for the rescission of a contract is tried, and the judgment of the court 116.13 shall be is substituted for the cancellation order of the commissioner, and shall be is final.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 116.14 Subd. 8. Proceedings in lieu of cancellation. If cause for the cancellation of any a 116.15 contract shall exist exists, the commissioner may, in lieu of canceling such the contract, 116.16 perform the terms and conditions, other than the payment of that the owner was required 116.17 to perform, except that the commissioner may not pay any taxes; that the owner was 116.18 required, by the contract or by law or by the rules of the commissioner, to be performed by 116.19 the owner, and may for that purpose to have paid by law. The commissioner may use any 116.20 116.21 available moneys appropriated for the maintenance of the commissioner's division and any other lawful means to perform all other terms and conditions required to maintain the 116.22 auxiliary forest status. The commissioner shall, on December 1 each year, certify to the 116.23 116.24 auditor of each county the amount of moneys thus expended on and the value of services thus rendered in respect of any lands therein for land in the county since December 1 of 116.25 the preceding year. The county auditor shall forthwith assess and levy the amount shown 116.26 by this certificate against the lands described therein. This amount shall bear bears interest 116.27 at the rate of six percent per annum and shall be is a lien upon the lands described therein, 116.28 and. The collection thereof of the tax must be enforced in the same manner as taxes 116.29 levied under section 88.52, subdivision 1; and, if such the tax be is not sooner paid, it 116.30 shall must be added to, and the payment thereof enforced with, the yield tax imposed 116.31 under section 88.52, subdivision 2. 116.32

116.33

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Auxiliary forests; withdrawal of land from. (a) Land needed for other 117.1 purposes may be withdrawn from an auxiliary forest as herein provided. The owner may 117.2 submit a verified application therefor in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural 117.3 resources may be made by the owner to the county board of the county in which the land is 117.4 situated, describing the land and stating the purpose of withdrawal. Like proceedings shall 117.5 be had upon the application as upon an application for the establishment of an auxiliary 117.6 forest, except that consideration need be given only to the questions to be determined as 117.7 provided in this subdivision. The county board shall consider the application and hear any 117.8 matter offered in support of or in opposition to the application. The county board shall 117.9 make proper record of its action upon the application. If the application is rejected, the 117.10 county board shall prepare a written statement stating the reasons for the rejection within 117.11 117.12 30 days of the date of rejection. If the application is rejected, the county auditor shall, within 30 days of the rejection, endorse the rejection on the application and return it, 117.13 together with a copy of the written statement prepared by the county board stating the 117.14 117.15 reasons for rejection to the applicant. The rejected application and written statement must be sent to the owner by certified mail at the address given in the application. 117.16 (b) If the application is disapproved as to only a part of the lands described, the 117.17 county auditor shall notify the applicant in the same manner as if the application were 117.18

rejected. The applicant may amend the application within 60 days after the notice is
mailed. If it is not amended, the application is deemed rejected.

(c) If the county board shall determine determines that the land proposed to be 117.21 withdrawn is needed and is suitable for the purposes set forth in the application, and 117.22 117.23 that the remaining land in the auxiliary forest is suitable and sufficient for the purposes thereof of the auxiliary forest as provided by law, the board may, in its discretion, grant 117.24 the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon such approval a 117.25 supplemental contract evidencing the withdrawal shall be executed, filed, and recorded 117.26 117.27 or registered as the case may require, in like manner as an original auxiliary forest contract. Thereupon by both the county board and the commissioner, the county auditor 117.28 shall notify the applicant and the commissioner. Upon notice from the county auditor, 117.29 the commissioner shall cause to be prepared a supplemental contract executed by the 117.30 commissioner on behalf of the state and by the owner of the fee title or the holder of 117.31 a state deed and by all other persons having any liens on the land and witnessed and 117.32 acknowledged as provided by law for the execution of recordable deeds of conveyance. 117.33 Notices sent by certified mail to the owner in fee at the address given in the application 117.34 117.35 is deemed notice to all persons executing the supplemental contract. The supplemental contract must be prepared by the director of the Division of Forestry on a recordable 117.36

form approved by an attorney appointed by the commissioner. Every supplemental 118.1 118.2 contract must be approved by the Executive Council. The commissioner shall submit the supplemental contract to the owner of the land. If the owner indicates to the commissioner 118.3 an unwillingness to execute the supplemental contract, or if the owner or any of the 118.4 persons with an interest in the land or a lien upon the land fail to execute the contract 118.5 within 60 days from the time of submission of the contract to the owner for execution, all 118.6 proceedings relating back to the withdrawal of the land from an auxiliary forest shall be at 118.7 an end. When the supplemental contract is executed, it must be recorded in the office of 118.8 the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land is registered, the 118.9 supplemental contract must be recorded with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract 118.10 is recorded with the county recorder, the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with 118.11 118.12 the county recorder a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in record title to the land has occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed 118.13 on the land, and that no taxes have accrued on the land since the making of the previous 118.14 118.15 certificate. The county attorney must furnish this certificate without further compensation. Upon execution and recording of the supplemental contract, the land described in the 118.16 supplemental contract shall cease that is to be withdrawn from the auxiliary forest ceases 118.17 to be part of the auxiliary forest, and, together with the timber thereon, shall be the owner 118.18 is liable to taxes and assessments of the withdrawn portion together with the timber on the 118.19 withdrawn portion in like manner as upon cancellation of an auxiliary forest contract. 118.20

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 118.21 118.22 Subd. 11. Auxiliary forests; transfer of title; procedure on division. The title to 118.23 the land in an auxiliary forest or any part thereof of an auxiliary forest is subject to transfer in the same manner as the title to other real estate, subject to the auxiliary forest contract 118.24 118.25 therefor and to applicable provisions of law. In case If the ownership of such a an auxiliary forest is divided into two or more parts by any transfer or transfers of title and the owners 118.26 of all such the parts desire to have the same parts made separate auxiliary forests, they the 118.27 owners may join in a verified application therefor to the county board of the county in 118.28 which the forest is situated in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources. 118.29 If the county board determines that each of the parts into which the forest has been divided 118.30 is suitable and sufficient for a separate auxiliary forest as provided by law, it may, in 118.31 its discretion, grant the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon 118.32 such approval, the commissioner shall prepare a new auxiliary forest contract for each 118.33 part transferred, with like provisions and for the remainder of the same term as the prior 118.34 contract in force for the entire forest at the time of the transfer, and shall also prepare a 118.35

modification of such the prior contract, eliminating therefrom the part or parts of the land 119.1 119.2 transferred but otherwise leaving the remaining land subject to all the provisions of such the contract. The new contract or contracts and modification of the prior contract shall 119.3 must be executed and otherwise dealt with in like manner as provided for an original a 119.4 supplemental auxiliary forest contract in subdivision 9, but no such instrument shall must 119.5 take effect until all of them, covering together all parts of the forest existing before the 119.6 transfer, have been executed, filed, and recorded or registered, as the case may require. 119.7 Upon the taking effect of When all such the instruments take effect, the owner of the 119.8 forest prior to the transfer shall be is divested of all rights and relieved from all liabilities 119.9 under the contract then in force with respect to the parts transferred except such those as 119.10 may have existed or accrued at the time of the taking effect of such instruments, and 119.11 thereafter the several tracts into which the forest has been divided and the respective 119.12 owners thereof shall be are subject to the new contract or contracts or the modified prior 119.13 contract relating thereto, as the case may be, as provided for an original auxiliary forest 119.14 119.15 contract. The provisions of this subdivision shall not supersede or affect the application of any other provision of law to any auxiliary forest which is divided by transfer of title 119.16 unless the procedure herein authorized is fully consummated. 119.17

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.491, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 119.18 Subd. 2. Effect of expired contract. When auxiliary forest contracts expire, 119.19 or prior to expiration by mutual agreement between the land owner landowner and the 119.20 appropriate county office, the lands previously covered by an auxiliary forest contract 119.21 119.22 automatically qualify for inclusion under the provisions of the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act; provided that when such lands are included in the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act 119.23 prior to expiration of the auxiliary forest contract, they will be transferred and a tax paid as 119.24 119.25 provided in section 88.49, subdivision 5, upon application and inclusion in the sustainable forest incentive program. The land owner landowner shall pay taxes in an amount equal to 119.26 the difference between: 119.27

119.28 (1) the sum of:

(i) the amount which would have been paid from the date of the recording of the
contract had the land under contract been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax
Law; plus

(ii) beginning with taxes payable in 2003, the taxes that would have been paid if theland had been enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program; and

(2) the amount actually paid under section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and
 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2.

120.1 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.50, is amended to read:

# 120.2 **88.50 TAXATION.**

Every auxiliary forest in this state shall must be taxed in the manner and to the extent 120.3 hereinafter provided according to sections 88.49 to 88.53 and not otherwise. Except as 120.4 expressly permitted by sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, no auxiliary forest shall be taxed 120.5 for, or in any manner, directly or indirectly made to contribute to, or become liable for 120.6 the payment of, any tax or assessment, general or special, or any bond, certificate of 120.7 120.8 indebtedness, or other public obligation of any name or kind, made, issued, or created subsequent to the filing of the contract creating the auxiliary forest, provided that 120.9 temporary buildings, structures, or other fixtures of whatsoever kind located upon land 120.10 120.11 within an auxiliary forest shall be valued and assessed as personal property and classified as class 3 under the general system of ad valorem taxation. In any proceeding for the 120.12 making of a special improvement under the laws of this state by which any auxiliary forest 120.13 will be benefited, the owner thereof may subject the lands therein to assessment therefor in 120.14 the manner provided by law, by filing the owner's written consent in writing to the making 120.15 of the assessment in the tribunal in which the proceeding is pending, whereupon. The lands 120.16 shall for the purposes of the improvement and assessment not be treated as lands not in an 120.17 auxiliary forest; but the lien of any assessment so levied on lands in any auxiliary forest shall 120.18 120.19 be is subject to the provisions of the contract creating the auxiliary forest and subordinate to the lien of any tax imposed under the provisions of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53. 120.20

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 120.21 Subdivision 1. Annual tax, ten cents per acre. (a) From and after the filing of the 120.22 contract creating any tract of land an auxiliary forest under sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53 120.23 and hereafter upon any tract heretofore created as an auxiliary forest, the surface of the 120.24 land therein, exclusive of mineral or anything of value thereunder, shall must be taxed 120.25 annually at the rate of 10 cents per acre. This tax shall must be levied and collected, and 120.26 the payment thereof of the tax, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as 120.27 other taxes on real estate, and shall must be credited to the funds of the taxing districts 120.28 affected in the proportion of their interest in the taxes on this land if it had not been so 120.29 made an auxiliary forest; provided, that such tax shall be is due in full on or before May 120.30 31, after the levy thereof. Failure to pay when due any tax so levied shall be is cause 120.31 for cancellation of the contract. 120.32

(b) The levy upon the land of the taxes provided for by section 88.49, subdivision 5,
upon the cancellation of a contract, shall discharge and annul discharges and annuls all
unpaid taxes levied or assessed thereon on the land.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Determination of estimated market value.** In determining the net tax capacity of property within any taxing district, the value of the surface of lands within any auxiliary forest therein in the taxing district, as determined by the county board <del>under the</del> provisions of section 88.48, subdivision 3, shall, for all purposes except the levying of taxes on lands within any such forest, be deemed the estimated market value thereof <u>of</u> those surface lands.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 121.8 Subd. 2. Examination, report. When any timber growing or standing in any 121.9 auxiliary forest shall have become is suitable for merchantable forest products, the 121.10 commissioner shall, at the written request of the owner, a copy of which shall at the time be 121.11 filed in the office of the county auditor, make an examination of the timber and designate 121.12 for the owner the kind and number of trees most suitable to be cut if in the judgment of 121.13 121.14 the commissioner there be any, and. The cutting and removal of these designated trees so designated shall must be in accordance with the instructions of the commissioner. The 121.15 commissioner shall inspect the cutting or removal and determine whether it or the manner 121.16 121.17 of its performance constitute a violation of the terms of the contract creating the auxiliary forest or of the laws applicable thereto laws, or of the instructions of the commissioner 121.18 relative to the cutting and removal. Any such violation shall be is ground for cancellation 121.19 of the contract by the commissioner; otherwise the contract shall continue continues in 121.20 force for the remainder of the period therein stated in the contract, regardless of the cutting 121.21 121.22 and removal. Within 90 days after the completion of any cutting or removal operation, the commissioner shall make a report of findings thereon and transmit copies of such the 121.23 report to the county auditor and the surveyor general. 121.24

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Kinds, permit, scale report, assessment and payment of tax. (a) Upon
the filing of the <u>owner's written</u> request of the <u>owner as provided in subdivision 2</u>, the
director of <del>lands and</del> forestry, with the county board or the county land commissioner,
shall determine within 30 days the kinds, quantities, and value on the stump of the timber
proposed to be cut.

Before the cutting is to begin, the director of lands and forestry shall file with the county auditor a report showing the kinds, quantities, and value of the timber proposed to be cut or removed and approved by the director of lands and forestry for cutting within two years after the date of approval of the report by the director of lands and forestry. The

county auditor shall assess and levy the estimated yield tax thereon, make proper record 122.1 of this assessment and levy in the auditor's office, and notify the owner of the auxiliary 122.2 forest of the tax amount thereof. The owner shall, before any timber in the forest is cut or 122.3 removed, give a bond payable to the state of Minnesota, or in lieu thereof, a deposit in 122.4 cash with the county treasurer, in the amount required by the report, which shall be and not 122.5 less than 150 percent of the amount of the levy, conditioned for the payment of all taxes on 122.6 the timber to be cut or removed. Upon receipt of notification from the county auditor that 122.7 the bond or cash requirement has been deposited, the director of lands and forestry will 122.8 issue a cutting permit in accordance with the report. The owner shall keep an accurate 122.9 count or scale of all timber cut. On or before the fifteenth day of April 15 following 122.10 issuance of such the cutting permit, and on or before the fifteenth day of April 15 of each 122.11 succeeding year in which any merchantable wood products were cut on auxiliary forest 122.12 lands prior to the termination of such the permit, the owner of the timber covered by the 122.13 permit shall file with the director of lands and forestry a sworn statement, submitted in 122.14 122.15 duplicate, on a form prepared by the director of lands and forestry, one copy of which shall must be transmitted to the county auditor, specifying the quantity and value of each 122.16 variety of timber and kind of product cut during the preceding year ending on March 31, 122.17 as shown by the scale or measurement thereof made on the ground as cut, skidded, or 122.18 loaded as the case may be. If no such scale or measurement shall have been was made on 122.19 the ground, an estimate thereof shall must be made and such estimate corrected by the first 122.20 scale or measurement, made in the due course of business, and such. The correction must 122.21 at once be filed with the director of lands and forestry who shall immediately transmit it to 122.22 122.23 the county auditor. On or before the fifteenth day of May 15 following the filing of the sworn statement covering the quantity and value of timber cut under an authorized permit, 122.24 the auditor shall assess and levy a yield (severance) tax, according to Minnesota Statutes 122.25 122.26 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2, of the timber cut during the year ending on the March 31st 31 preceding the date of assessing and levying this tax. This tax is payable and must 122.27 be paid to the county treasurer on or before the following May 31 next following. Copies 122.28 of the yield (severance) tax assessment and of the yield (severance) tax payment shall must 122.29 be filed with the director of lands and forestry and the county auditor. Except as otherwise 122.30 provided, all yield (severance) taxes herein provided for shall must be levied and collected, 122.31 and payment thereof, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as taxes 122.32 imposed under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, and shall must be credited to 122.33 the funds of the taxing districts affected in the proportion of their interests in the taxes on 122.34 the land producing the yield (severance) tax. At any time On deeming it necessary, the 122.35 director of lands and forestry may order an inspection of any or all cutting areas within 122.36

an auxiliary forest and <del>also</del> may require the owner of the auxiliary forest to produce for inspection by the director of <del>lands and</del> forestry <del>of</del> any or all cutting records pertaining to timber cutting operations within an auxiliary forest for the purpose of determining the accuracy of scale or measurement reports, and if intentional error in scale or measurement reports is found to exist, shall levy and assess a tax triple the yield (severance) tax on the stumpage value of the timber cut in excess of the quantity and value reported.

(b) The following alternative method of assessing and paying annually the yield tax
on an auxiliary forest is to be available to an auxiliary forest owner upon application and
upon approval of the county board of the county within which the auxiliary forest is located.

For auxiliary forests entered under this subdivision paragraph, the county auditor 123.10 shall assess and levy the yield tax by multiplying the acreage of each legal description 123.11 included within the auxiliary forest by the acre quantity of the annual growth by species, 123.12 calculated in cords, or in thousands of feet board measure Minnesota standard log scale 123.13 rule, whichever is more reasonably usable, for the major species found in each type by 123.14 123.15 the from year-to-year appraised stumpage prices for each of these species, used by the Division of Lands and Forestry, Department of Natural Resources, in selling trust fund 123.16 timber located within the district in which the auxiliary forest is located. The assessed 123.17 value of the annual growth of the auxiliary forest, thus determined, shall be is subject to 123.18 a ten percent of stumpage value yield tax, payable annually on or before May 31. In all 123.19 other respects the assessment, levying and collection of the yield tax, as provided for in 123.20 this subdivision shall must follow the procedures specified in elause paragraph (a). 123.21

Forest owners operating under this subdivision shall be paragraph are subject to all other provisions of the auxiliary forest law except such the provisions of elause paragraph (a) as that are in conflict with this subdivision paragraph. Penalties for intentional failure by the owner to report properly the quantity and value of the annual growth upon an auxiliary forest entered under this subdivision paragraph and for failure to pay the yield tax when due shall be are the same as the penalties specified in other subdivisions of this law for like failure to abide by its provisions.

To qualify for the assessment and levying of the yield tax by this method, the 123.29 owner of the forest requesting this method of taxation must submit a map or maps 123.30 and a tabulation in acres and in quantity of growth by legal descriptions showing the 123.31 division of the area covered by the auxiliary forest for which this method of taxation is 123.32 requested into the following forest types, namely: white and Norway red pine; jack pine; 123.33 aspen-birch; spruce-balsam fir; swamp black spruce; tamarack; cedar; upland hardwoods; 123.34 lowland hardwoods; upland brush and grass (temporarily nonproductive); lowland brush 123.35 (temporarily nonproductive); and permanently nonproductive (open bogs, stagnant 123.36

swamps, rock outcrops, flowage, etc.). Definition of these types and determination of the 124.1 average rate or rates of growth (in cords or thousand feet, board measure, Minnesota 124.2 standard log scale rule, which ever whichever is more logically applicable for each of 124.3 them) shall must be made by the director of the Division of Lands and Forestry, Minnesota 124.4 Department of Natural Resources, with the advice and assistance of the land commissioner 124.5 of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located; the director of the United States 124.6 Forest Service's North Central Forest Experiment Station; and the director of the School of 124.7 Forestry, University of Minnesota. Before the approval of the application of the owner of 124.8 an auxiliary forest to have the auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest taxed under provisions 124.9 of this subdivision paragraph is submitted to the county board, the distribution between 124.10 types of the area as shown on the maps and in the tabulations submitted by the owner of the 124.11 auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest shall must be examined and their accuracy determined 124.12 by the director of the Division of Lands and Forestry, Department of Natural Resources, 124.13 with the assistance of the county board of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located. 124.14 124.15 During the life of the auxiliary forest, contract timber cutting operations within the

various types shown upon the type map accepted as a part of the approved auxiliary forest
application shall do not bring about a reclassification of the forest types shown upon that
map or those maps until after the passage of ten years following the termination of said the
timber cutting operations and then only upon proof of a change in type.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 124.20 Subd. 4. Hearing, procedure. The owner of any land or timber upon which a yield 124.21 124.22 tax is assessed and levied as provided in this section may, within 15 days after mailing of notice of the amount of the tax, file with the county auditor a demand for hearing 124.23 thereon on the tax before the county board. The county auditor shall thereupon fix a date 124.24 124.25 of hearing, which shall must be held within 30 days after the filing of the demand, and mail to the owner notice of the time and place of the hearing. The owner may appear at 124.26 the meeting and present evidence and argument as to the amount of the tax and as to any 124.27 related matter relating thereto. The county board shall thereupon determine whether the 124.28 tax as levied is proper in amount and make its order thereon. The county auditor shall 124.29 forthwith mail to the owner a notice of the order. If the amount of the tax is increased or 124.30 reduced by the order, the county auditor shall make a supplemental assessment and levy 124.31 thereof, as in this subdivision provided. 124.32

124.33 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Yield tax, a prior lien. Throughout the life of any such auxiliary forest, 125.1 the yield tax accruing thereon shall constitute and be yield tax constitutes and is a first and 125.2 prior lien upon all the merchantable timber and forest products growing or grown thereon; 125.3 and, if not paid when due, this yield tax, together with penalties and interest thereon as 125.4 otherwise provided by law and all expenses of collecting same, shall continue continues to 125.5 be a lien upon the timber and forest products and every part and parcel thereof wherever 125.6 the same may be or however much changed in form or otherwise improved until the yield 125.7 tax is fully paid. Such The lien may be foreclosed and the property subject thereto to 125.8 the lien dealt with by action in the name of the state, brought by the county attorney at 125.9 the request of the county auditor. 125.10

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 125.11 Subd. 6. Timber held exempt from yield tax. Timber cut from an auxiliary forest 125.12 by an owner and used by the owner for fuel, fencing, or building on land occupied by the 125.13 125.14 owner which is within or contiguous to the auxiliary forest where cut shall be is exempt from the yield tax, and, as to timber so cut and used, the requirements of subdivisions 125.15 1 and 2 shall do not be applicable and in lieu thereof apply. The owner shall, prior to 125.16 125.17 cutting, file with the county auditor, on a form prepared by the commissioner, a statement showing the quantity of each kind of forest products proposed to be cut and the purposes 125.18 for which the same the products will be used. 125.19

125.20 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.523, is amended to read:

# 125.21 **88.523 AUXILIARY FOREST CONTRACTS; SUPPLEMENTAL**

125.22 AGREEMENTS.

Upon application of the owner, any auxiliary forest contract heretofore or hereafter 125.23 executed may be made subject to any provisions of law enacted subsequent to the execution 125.24 of the contract and in force at the time of application, so far as not already applicable, with 125.25 the approval of the county board and the commissioner of natural resources. As evidence 125.26 thereof A supplemental agreement in a form prescribed by the commissioner and approved 125.27 by the attorney general shall must be executed by the commissioner in behalf of the state 125.28 and by the owner. Such The supplemental agreement shall must be filed and recorded in 125.29 like manner as the original supplemental contract under section 88.49, subdivision 9, and 125.30 shall thereupon take takes effect upon filing and recording. 125.31

125.32 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Time for disposal.** Any corporation, association, or organization may acquire and hold any amount of land without restriction and without limit as to acreage or quantity for the purpose of including same within and holding same as an auxiliary forest under the provisions of sections 88.47 to 88.53. When the same shall cease land ceases to be an auxiliary forest, the owners shall have five years within which to dispose of the land, any provisions of general law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 126.7 Subd. 2. Rules. The director shall make rules and adopt and prescribe such forms 126.8 and procedure as shall be is necessary in carrying out the provisions of sections 88.47 126.9 88.49 to 88.53; and the director and every county board, county recorder, registrar of titles, 126.10 assessor, tax collector, and every other person in official authority having any duties to 126.11 perform under or growing out of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53 are hereby severally vested 126.12 with full power and authority to enforce such rules, employ help and assistance, acquire 126.13 126.14 and use equipment and supplies, or do any other act or thing reasonably necessary to the proper performance of duties under or arising from the administration and enforcement of 126.15 sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53. It shall be the duty of The director to must cause periodic 126.16 126.17 inspections to be made of all auxiliary forests for the purpose of determining whether relative contract and statutory provisions relative thereto are being complied with. 126.18

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.6435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Forest bough account; disposition of fees. (a) The forest bough account
is established in the state treasury within the natural resources fund.

(b) Fees for permits issued under this section shall must be deposited in the state
treasury and credited to the forest bough account and, except for the electronic licensing
system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision
15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for costs associated
with balsam bough educational special forest product information and education programs
for harvesters and buyers.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.14, is amended to read:

126.29

## 90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.

(a) All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it
was appraised. No tract shall be sold to any person other than the purchaser in whose name
the bid was made. The commissioner may refuse to approve any and all bids received and
cancel a sale of state timber for good and sufficient reasons.

(b) The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the
bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section
90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the
appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be
liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for
sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.

(c) In lieu of the scaling of state timber required by this chapter, a purchaser of state 127.7 timber may, at the time of payment by the purchaser to the commissioner of 15 percent 127.8 of the appraised value, elect in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to 127.9 purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described 127.10 in the permit, provided that the commissioner has expressly designated the availability of 127.11 such option for that tract on the list of tracts available for sale as required under section 127.12 90.101. A purchaser who elects in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general 127.13 to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber 127.14 127.15 described on the permit does not have recourse to the provisions of section 90.281.

(d) In the case of a public auction sale conducted by a sealed bid process, tracts shall be awarded to the high bidder, who shall pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the appraised value that must be received or postmarked within 14 days of the date of the sealed bid opening. If a purchaser fails to make the down payment, the purchaser is liable for the down payment to the state and the commissioner may offer the timber for sale to the next highest bidder as though no higher bid had been made.

(e) Except as otherwise provided by law, at the time the purchaser signs a permit 127.22 127.23 issued under section 90.151, the commissioner shall require the purchaser to make a bid guarantee payment to the commissioner in an amount equal to 15 percent of the total 127.24 purchase price of the permit less the down payment amount required by paragraph (b) 127.25 for any bid increase in excess of \$5,000 \$10,000 of the appraised value. If a required bid 127.26 guarantee payment is not submitted with the signed permit, no harvesting may occur, the 127.27 permit cancels, and the down payment for timber forfeits to the state. The bid guarantee 127.28 payment forfeits to the state if the purchaser and successors in interest fail to execute 127.29 an effective permit. 127.30

# 127.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2015, and applies to permits 127.32 sold on or after that date.

127.33 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.193, is amended to read:

# 127.34 **90.193 EXTENSION OF TIMBER PERMITS.**

The commissioner may, in the case of an exceptional circumstance beyond the control of the timber permit holder which makes it unreasonable, impractical, and not feasible to complete cutting and removal under the permit within the time allowed, grant one regular extension for one year. A written request for the regular extension must be received by the commissioner before the permit expires. The request must state the reason the extension is necessary and be signed by the permit holder. An interest rate of eight five percent may be charged for the period of extension.

128.8

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

### 128.9 Sec. 63. [92.83] CONDEMNATION OF SCHOOL TRUST LAND.

Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to extinguish the school trust 128.10 128.11 interest in school trust lands where long-term economic return is prohibited by designation or policy while producing economic benefits for Minnesota's public schools. For the 128.12 purposes of satisfying the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, which limits the 128.13 sale of school trust lands to a public sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall 128.14 acquire school trust lands through condemnation, as provided in subdivision 2. 128.15 128.16 Subd. 2. Commencement of condemnation proceedings. When the commissioner of natural resources has determined sufficient money is available to acquire any of the 128.17 lands identified under section 84.027, subdivision 18, paragraph (c), the commissioner 128.18 shall proceed to extinguish the school trust interest by condemnation action. When 128.19 requested by the commissioner, the attorney general shall commence condemnation of 128.20 the identified school trust lands. 128.21 Subd. 3. **Payment.** The portion of the payment of the award and judgment that 128.22 is for the value of the land shall be deposited into the permanent school fund. The 128.23 remainder of the award and judgment payment shall first be remitted for reimbursement 128.24 to the accounts from which expenses were paid, with any remainder deposited into the 128.25 permanent school fund. 128.26 Subd. 4. Account. The school trust lands account is created in the state treasury. 128.27

Money credited to the account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
 for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Public sale requirements.** (a) After complying with subdivision 1 and before any public sale of surplus state-owned land is made and at least 30 days before the sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice of the sale in a newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the real property to be sold is situated. The notice shall specify the time and place at which the sale will commence, a
general description of the lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms
of sale. The commissioner shall also provide electronic notice of sale.

- (b) The minimum bid for a parcel of land must include the estimated value or
  appraised value of the land and any improvements and, if any of the land is valuable for
  merchantable timber, the value of the merchantable timber. The minimum bid may include
  expenses incurred by the commissioner in rendering the property salable, including
  survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, and other expenses.
- (c) Except as provided under paragraph (d), parcels remaining unsold after the
  offering may be sold to anyone agreeing to pay <u>at least 75 percent of the appraised</u>
  value. The sale shall continue until all parcels are sold or until the commissioner orders a
  reappraisal or withdraws the remaining parcels from sale.
- 129.13 (d) The commissioner may retain the services of a licensed real estate broker to find
- 129.14 <u>a buyer for parcels remaining unsold after the offering</u>. The sale price may be negotiated

129.15 by the broker, but must not be less than 90 percent of the appraised value as determined by

- 129.16 the commissioner. The broker's fee must be established by prior agreement between the
- 129.17 commissioner and the broker and must not exceed ten percent of the sale price for sales of
- 129.18 <u>\$10,000 or more.</u> The broker's fee must be paid to the broker from the proceeds of the sale.
- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Payment of expenses. A portion of the proceeds from the sale equal
  in amount to the survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, real estate broker fee, and other
  expenses incurred by the commissioner of natural resources in rendering the property
  salable and sold shall be remitted to the account from which the expenses were paid,
  and are appropriated and immediately available for expenditure in the same manner as
  other money in the account.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  Subd. 3. Proceeds from natural resources land. (a) Except as provided in
  paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c), the remainder of the proceeds from the sale of lands
  classified as a unit of the outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 that were under
  the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to
  the land acquisition account in the natural resources fund.
- (b) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of administrative sites under the
  control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to the
  facilities management account established under section 84.0857 and used to acquire

130.1 facilities or renovate existing buildings for administrative use or to acquire land for,

design, and construct administrative buildings for the Department of Natural Resources.

130.3 (c) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of land not within a unit of the

130.4 outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 and not an administrative site, but under

130.5 the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources, shall be credited to

the school trust lands account established under section 92.83.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
Subd. 4b. Citizen oversight committees. (a) The commissioner shall appoint
committees of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review
the proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies,
activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information;
and make recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in
the management and use of money in the game and fish fund.

(b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprisedof at least ten affected persons:

(1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures,
 including activities related to trout and salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and

(2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures,
including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management
and deer and big game management.

(c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary
Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight
committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad
level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum
to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.

(d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a
biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15
of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations
to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with
jurisdiction over natural resources finance.

(e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary
Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of
either of the other oversight committees.

# (f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures.

(g) The committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or
committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee
members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage
expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan
adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily
compensation for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife
Oversight Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee expire June 30, 2015 2020.

131.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

131.12 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.668, is amended to read:

### 131.13 97B.668 CANADA GEESE GAME BIRDS CAUSING DAMAGE.

Notwithstanding sections 97B.091 and 97B.805, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person or 131.14 agent of that person on lands and nonpublic waters owned or operated by the person 131.15 may nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass Canada geese game birds that are causing 131.16 property damage from March 11 to August 31 or to protect a disease risk at any time or 131.17 place that a hunting season for the game birds is not open. This section does not apply to 131.18 public waters as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or. This section does not 131.19 131.20 apply to migratory waterfowl on nests and other federally protected game birds on nests, except ducks and geese on nests unless when a permit is obtained under section 97A.401. 131.21

131.22 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.301, is amended by adding a131.23 subdivision to read:

131.24 <u>Subd. 2a.</u> <u>Aquatic invasive species affirmation.</u> (a) A nonresident license to

131.25 <u>take fish issued under section 97A.475</u>, subdivision 7, includes aquatic invasive species

- 131.26 affirmation as provided in section 84D.106.
- 131.27 (b) The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
   131.28 with the signed nonresident license to take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision
   131.29 7. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be provided at the time of purchase of a
- 131.30 <u>new or duplicate nonresident license.</u>
- (c) If a license is purchased online, the aquatic invasive species affirmation may be
   completed electronically as part of the online sales process, and the electronic record of
- 131.33 the license sale is sufficient for documenting the affirmation.

- (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is
   subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
- 132.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 132.4 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a132.5 subdivision to read:
- 132.6 Subd. 12a. Authority to issue penalty orders. (a) A county or watershed district
- 132.7 with jurisdiction or the Board of Water and Soil Resources may issue an order requiring
- 132.8 violations of the water resources riparian protection requirements under sections 103F.48,
- 132.9 <u>103F.415</u>, and 103F.421, to be corrected and administratively assessing monetary
- 132.10 penalties up to \$500 for noncompliance commencing on day one of the 11th month
- 132.11 after the noncompliance notice was issued. One-half of the proceeds collected from an
- 132.12 administrative penalty order issued under this section must be remitted to the county or
- 132.13 watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site.
- 132.14 (b) Administrative penalties may be reissued and appealed under paragraph (a)
- according to section 103F.48, subdivision 9.
- 132.16 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a132.17 subdivision to read:
- 132.18 Subd. 16. Wetland stakeholder coordination. The board shall work with
- 132.19 wetland stakeholders to foster mutual understanding and provide recommendations for
- 132.20 improvements to the management of wetlands and related land and water resources,
- 132.21 including recommendations for updating the Wetland Conservation Act, developing
- 132.22 an in-lieu fee program as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 10g, and related
- 132.23 provisions. The board may convene informal working groups or work teams to provide
- 132.24 information and education and to develop recommendations.

#### 132.25 Sec. 72. [103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS.

- 132.26 Subdivision 1. Accounts established; sources. (a) The water and soil conservation
- 132.27 easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are
- 132.28 created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the
- 132.29 accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of
- 132.30 Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain.
- (b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the
- 132.32 account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation
- 132.33 easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees

designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments

133.2 <u>authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account</u>

- as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardshipaccount.
- Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on
  July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and
  five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship
  account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs
  of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring,
  landowner contacts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices,
  requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with
- 133.12 easement management activities.
- 133.13Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The board shall seek a financial contribution
- 133.14 to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation
- 133.15 <u>easement acquired by the board.</u> The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an

133.16 <u>easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each</u>

- 133.17 wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law,
- 133.18 <u>the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an</u>
- 133.19 amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at
- 133.20 <u>a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs</u>. In determining

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133.21 the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:
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- 133.22 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
   133.23 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
- 133.24 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees
- 133.25 expected to manage the easement;
- 133.26 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;
- 133.27 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including

133.28 supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;

- (5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
  easement in the event of a violation; and
- 133.31 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
- 133.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day

133.33 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation

- 133.34 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
- 133.35 of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as
- 133.36 provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.

134.1	Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.3355, is amended to read:
134.2	103B.3355 WETLAND FUNCTIONS FOR DETERMINING PUBLIC
134.3	VALUES.
134.4	(a) The public values of wetlands must be determined based upon the functions of
134.5	wetlands for:
134.6	(1) water quality, including filtering of pollutants to surface and groundwater,
134.7	utilization of nutrients that would otherwise pollute public waters, trapping of sediments,
134.8	shoreline protection, and utilization of the wetland as a recharge area for groundwater;
134.9	(2) floodwater and storm water retention, including the potential for flooding in
134.10	the watershed, the value of property subject to flooding, and the reduction in potential
134.11	flooding by the wetland;
134.12	(3) public recreation and education, including hunting and fishing areas, wildlife
134.13	viewing areas, and nature areas;
134.14	(4) commercial uses, including wild rice and cranberry growing and harvesting
134.15	and aquaculture;
134.16	(5) fish, wildlife, native plant habitats;
134.17	(6) low-flow augmentation;
134.18	(7) carbon sequestration; and
134.19	(8) other public uses.
134.20	(b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners of
134.21	natural resources and agriculture and local government units, shall adopt rules establishing:
134.22	(1) scientific methodologies for determining the functions of wetlands; and
134.23	(2) criteria for determining the resulting public values of wetlands.
134.24	(c) The methodologies and criteria established under this section or other
134.25	methodologies and criteria that include the functions in paragraph (a) and are approved
134.26	by the board, in consultation with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture
134.27	and local government units, must be used to determine the functions and resulting public
134.28	values of wetlands in the state. The functions listed in paragraph (a) are not listed in
134.29	order of priority.
134.30	(d) Public value criteria established or approved by the board under this section do
134.31	not apply in areas subject to local comprehensive wetland protection and management
134.32	plans established under section 103G.2243.
134.33	(e) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners
134.34	of natural resources and agriculture and local government units, may must identify regions
134.35	areas of the state where preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment

134.36 of wetlands would have high public value. The board, in consultation with the

commissioners, may must identify high priority wetland regions areas for wetland 135.1 135.2 replacement using available information relating to the factors listed in paragraph (a), the historic loss and abundance of wetlands, current applicable state and local 135.3 government water management and natural resource plans, and studies using a watershed 135.4 approach to identify current and future watershed needs. The board shall notify local 135.5 units of government with water planning authority of these high priority regions areas. 135.6 Designation of high priority areas is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter 135.7 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. Designation of high priority areas is not effective 135.8 until 30 days after publication in the State Register. 135.9 (f) Local units of government, as part of a state-approved comprehensive local 135.10

135.11 water management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3, a state-approved

135.12 comprehensive watershed management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision

135.13 3a, or a state-approved local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan

135.14 under section 103G.2243, may identify priority areas for wetland replacement and provide

135.15 them for consideration under paragraph (e).

135.16 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103D.335, subdivision 21, is amended to 135.17 read:

Subd. 21. Contracts. The managers may make contracts or other arrangements with 135.18 the federal government, persons, railroads or other corporations, political subdivisions, 135.19 and the state or other states, with drainage authorities, flood control, soil conservation, 135.20 or other improvement districts in this state or other states, for cooperation or assistance 135.21 135.22 in constructing, maintaining, and operating the projects of the watershed district, or for the control of its waters, or for making surveys and investigations or reports on them. 135.23 Property acquired for flood damage reduction purposes by the watershed district may be 135.24 135.25 operated or leased by the district for agricultural purposes during periods the property is not needed for flood control, provided it remains subject to use by the watershed district 135.26 as necessary for flood control purposes. Notwithstanding section 16A.695, revenue 135.27 received by the watershed district from the operation or lease of state bond financed 135.28 property acquired for flood control purposes shall be retained by the district in a separate 135.29 project-specific account and used solely for flood control operation, maintenance, and 135.30 replacement purposes within the related project area and, if the district determines that the 135.31 account contains adequate reserves for future operation, maintenance, and replacement, 135.32 any excess may be used for the construction, operation, maintenance, or replacement of 135.33 135.34 other flood control projects as approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.421, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 136.1 Subd. 4. Application for cost-sharing funds. The landowner has 90 days after a 136.2 mediated settlement is filed complaint is substantiated to apply for state cost-sharing funds 136.3 that will provide 75 percent of the cost of the permanent conservation practices. Only 50 136.4 Fifty percent of the cost share will be provided if the application is not made within 90 136.5 days after the settlement is filed, unless the soil and water conservation district or the 136.6 board provides an extension. An extension must be granted if funds are not available. The 136.7 landowner must apply for 50 percent of the cost share within 270 days after the mediated 136.8 settlement is filed. 136.9

136.10 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.421, is amended by adding a136.11 subdivision to read:

136.12 Subd. 6. Application of state and federal law. Nothing in this section is intended
136.13 to preclude the application of other applicable state or federal law.

# 136.14 Sec. 77. [103F.48] RIPARIAN PROTECTION AND WATER QUALITY

## 136.15 **PRACTICES.**

136.16 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
136.17 have the meanings given them.

136.18 (b) "Board" means the Board of Water and Soil Resources.

136.19 (c) "Buffer" means an area consisting of perennial vegetation, excluding invasive

136.20 plants and noxious weeds, adjacent to all bodies of water within the state and that protects

136.21 the water resources of the state from runoff pollution; stabilizes soils, shores, and banks;

- 136.22 and protects or provides riparian corridors.
- (d) "Buffer protection map" means buffer maps established and maintained by the
   commissioner of natural resources.

136.25 (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.

- 136.26 (f) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Board of Water and
- 136.27 Soil Resources.
- 136.28 (g) "Local water management authority" means a watershed district, metropolitan
- 136.29 water management organization, or county operating separately or jointly in its role as
- 136.30 local water management authority under chapter 103B or 103D.
- 136.31 (h) "Normal water level" means the level evidenced by the long-term presence of

136.32 surface water as indicated directly by hydrophytic plants or hydric soils or indirectly

- 136.33 determined via hydrological models or analysis.
- (i) "Public waters" has the meaning given in section 103G.005, subdivision 15.

137.1	Subd. 2. Purpose. It is the policy of the state to establish riparian buffers and
137.2	water quality practices to:
137.3	(1) protect state water resources from erosion and runoff pollution;
137.4	(2) stabilize soils, shores, and banks; and
137.5	(3) protect or provide riparian corridors.
137.6	Subd. 3. Water resources riparian protection requirements on public waters
137.7	and public drainage systems. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), landowners
137.8	owning property adjacent to a water body identified and mapped on a buffer protection
137.9	map must maintain a buffer to protect the state's water resources as follows:
137.10	(1) for all public waters, the more restrictive of:
137.11	(i) a 50-foot average width, 30-foot minimum width, continuous buffer of
137.12	perennially rooted vegetation; or
137.13	(ii) the state shoreland standards and criteria adopted by the commissioner under
137.14	section 103F.211; and
137.15	(2) for public drainage systems established under chapter 103E, a 16.5-foot
137.16	minimum width continuous buffer of perennially rooted vegetation on ditches within the
137.17	benefited area of public drainage systems.
137.18	(b) A landowner owning property adjacent to a water body identified in a buffer
137.19	protection map and whose property is used for cultivation farming may meet the
137.20	requirements under paragraph (a) by adopting an alternative riparian water quality
137.21	practice, or combination of structural, vegetative, and management practices, based on the
137.22	Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide or other practices
137.23	approved by the board, that provide water quality protection comparable to the buffer
137.24	protection for the water body that the property abuts.
137.25	(c) The width of a buffer must be measured from the top or crown of the bank. Where
137.26	there is no defined bank, measurement must be from the edge of the normal water level.
137.27	(d) Upon request by a landowner or authorized agent or operator of a landowner,
137.28	a technical professional employee or contractor of the soil and water conservation
137.29	district or its delegate may issue a validation of compliance with the requirements of
137.30	this subdivision. The soil and water conservation district validation may be appealed to
137.31	the board as described in subdivision 9.
137.32	(e) Buffers or alternative water quality practices required under paragraph (a) or
137.33	(b) must be in place on or before:
137.34	(1) November 1, 2017, for public waters; and
137.35	(2) November 1, 2018, for public drainage systems.

138.1	Subd. 4. Local water resources riparian protection. On or before July 1, 2017,
138.2	the soil and water conservation district shall develop, adopt, and submit to each local
138.3	water management authority within its boundary a summary of watercourses for inclusion
138.4	in the local water management authority's plan. A local water management authority that
138.5	receives a summary of watercourses identified under this subdivision must revise its
138.6	comprehensive local water management plan or comprehensive watershed management
138.7	plan to incorporate the soil and water conservation district recommendations.
138.8	Subd. 5. Exemptions. Land adjacent to waters subject to subdivision 3 is exempt
138.9	from the water resource protection requirements under subdivision 3, to the extent these
138.10	exemptions are not inconsistent with the requirements of the state shoreland rules adopted
138.11	by the commissioner pursuant to section 103F.211, if it is:
138.12	(1) enrolled in the federal Conservation Reserve Program;
138.13	(2) used as a public or private water access or recreational use area including
138.14	stairways, landings, picnic areas, access paths, beach and watercraft access areas, and
138.15	permitted water-oriented structures as provided in the shoreland model standards and
138.16	criteria adopted pursuant to section 103F.211 or as provided for in an approved local
138.17	government shoreland ordinance;
138.18	(3) covered by a road, trail, building, or other structures; or
138.19	(4) regulated by a national pollutant discharge elimination system/state disposal
138.20	system (NPDES/SDS) permit under Minnesota Rules, chapter 7090, and provides water
138.21	resources riparian protection, in any of the following categories:
138.22	(i) municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4);
138.23	(ii) construction storm water (CSW); or
138.24	(iii) industrial storm water (ISW);
138.25	(5) part of a water-inundation cropping system; or
138.26	(6) in a temporary nonvegetated condition due to drainage tile installation and
138.27	maintenance, alfalfa or other perennial crop or plant seeding, or construction or
138.28	conservation projects authorized by a federal, state, or local government unit.
138.29	Subd. 6. Local implementation and assistance. (a) Soil and water conservation
138.30	districts must assist landowners with implementation of the water resource riparian
138.31	protection requirements established in this section. For the purposes of this subdivision,
138.32	assistance includes planning, technical assistance, implementation of approved alternative
138.33	practices, and tracking progress towards compliance with the requirements.
138.34	(b) The commissioner or the board must provide sufficient funding to soil and water
138.35	conservation districts to implement this section.

139.1 Subd. 7. Corrective actions. (a) If the soil and water conservation district 139.2 determines a landowner is not in compliance with this section, the district must notify the county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site. The county or 139.3 139.4 watershed district must provide the landowner with a list of corrective actions needed to come into compliance and a practical timeline to meet the requirements in this section. 139.5 The county or watershed district with jurisdiction must provide a copy of the corrective 139.6 action notice to the board. 139.7 (b) If the landowner does not comply with the list of actions and timeline provided, 139.8 the county or watershed district may enforce this section under the authority granted in 139.9 section 103B.101, subdivision 12a. Before exercising this authority, a county or watershed 139.10 district must adopt a plan containing procedures for the issuance of administrative penalty 139.11 139.12 orders and may issue orders beginning November 1, 2017. If a county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site has not adopted a plan under this 139.13 paragraph, the board may enforce this section under the authority granted in section 139.14 139.15 103B.101, subdivision 12a. (c) If the county, watershed district, or board determines that sufficient steps have 139.16 been taken to fully resolve noncompliance, all or part of the penalty may be forgiven. 139.17 (d) An order issued under paragraph (b) may be appealed to the board as provided 139.18 under subdivision 9. 139.19 139.20 (e) A corrective action is not required for conditions resulting from a flood or other act of nature. 139.21 (f) A landowner agent or operator of a landowner may not remove or willfully degrade 139.22 139.23 a riparian buffer or water quality practice, wholly or partially, unless the agent or operator has obtained a signed statement from the property owner stating that the permission for the 139.24 work has been granted by the unit of government authorized to approve the work in this 139.25 section or that a buffer or water quality practice is not required as validated by the soil and 139.26 water conservation district. Removal or willful degradation of a riparian buffer or water 139.27 quality practice, wholly or partially, by an agent or operator is a separate and independent 139.28 offense and may be subject to the corrective actions and penalties in this subdivision. 139.29 Subd. 8. Funding subject to withholding. The state may withhold funding from a 139.30 local water management authority or a soil and water conservation district that fails to 139.31 implement this section. Funding subject to withholding includes soil and water program 139.32 aid, a natural resources block grant, and other project or program funding. Funding may 139.33 be restored upon the board's approval of a corrective action plan. 139.34 139.35 Subd. 9. Appeals of validations and penalty orders. A landowner or agent or operator may appeal the terms and conditions of a soil and water conservation district 139.36

validation or an administrative penalty order to the board within 30 days of receipt of 140.1 140.2 written or electronic notice of the validation or order. The request for appeal must be in writing. The appealing party must provide a copy of the validation or order that is being 140.3 appealed, the basis for the appeal, and any supporting evidence. The request for appeal 140.4 may be submitted personally, by first class mail, or electronically to the executive director. 140.5 If a written or electronic request for appeal is not submitted within 30 days, the validation 140.6 or order is final. The executive director shall review the request and supporting evidence 140.7 and issue a decision within 60 days of receipt of an appeal. The executive director's 140.8 decision is appealable directly to the Court of Appeals pursuant to sections 14.63 to 14.69. 140.9 Subd. 10. Landowner financial assistance and public drainage system procedure. 140.10 (a) A landowner or drainage authority may contact the soil and water conservation district 140.11 140.12 for information on how to apply for local, state, or federal cost-share grants, contracts, or loans that are available to establish buffers or other water resource protection measures. 140.13 (b) The provisions of sections 103E.011, subdivision 5; 103E.021, subdivision 6; 140.14 140.15 and 103E.715 may be used in advance or retroactively to acquire or provide compensation for all or part of the buffer strip establishment or alternative riparian water quality 140.16 practices as required under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), within the benefited area of a 140.17 public drainage system. Implementation of this subdivision is not subject to limitation of 140.18 project costs to the current benefits adopted for the drainage system. 140.19 140.20 Subd. 11. State lands. This section applies to the state and its departments and

140.21 agencies.

140.22 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.612, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. (a) A wetland owner may apply to the county where a 140.23 wetland is located for designation of a wetland preservation area in a high priority wetland 140.24 140.25 area identified in a comprehensive local water plan, as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3, and located within a high priority wetland region designated by the Board 140.26 of Water and Soil Resources, if the county chooses to accept wetland preservation area 140.27 applications. The application must be made on forms provided by the board. If a wetland 140.28 is located in more than one county, the application must be submitted to the county where 140.29 the majority of the wetland is located. 140.30

(b) The application shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner required
by law to execute and acknowledge a deed and must contain at least the following
information and other information the Board of Water and Soil Resources requires:

(1) legal description of the area to be approved, which must include an upland strip
at least 16-1/2 feet in width around the perimeter of wetlands within the area and may
include total upland area of up to four acres for each acre of wetland;
(2) parcel identification numbers where designated by the county auditor;

141.5 (3) name and address of the owner;

(4) a statement by the owner covenanting that the land will be preserved as a wetland
and will only be used in accordance with conditions prescribed by the Board of Water and
Soil Resources and providing that the restrictive covenant will be binding on the owner
and the owner's successors or assigns, and will run with the land.

(c) The upland strip required in paragraph (b), clause (1), must be planted withpermanent vegetation other than a noxious weed.

141.12 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a 141.13 subdivision to read:

141.14Subd. 10g. In-lieu fee program. "In-lieu fee program" means a program in which141.15wetland replacement requirements of section 103G.222 are satisfied through payment of141.16money to the board or a board-approved sponsor to develop replacement credits according

141.17 to section 103G.2242, subdivision 12.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 141.18 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) Wetlands must not be drained or filled, wholly or 141.19 partially, unless replaced by restoring or creating wetland areas of actions that provide 141.20 141.21 at least equal public value under a replacement plan approved as provided in section 103G.2242, a replacement plan under a local governmental unit's comprehensive wetland 141.22 protection and management plan approved by the board under section 103G.2243, or, if a 141.23 141.24 permit to mine is required under section 93.481, under a mining reclamation plan approved by the commissioner under the permit to mine. For project-specific wetland replacement 141.25 completed prior to wetland impacts authorized or conducted under a permit to mine within 141.26 the Great Lakes and Rainy River watershed basins, those basins shall be considered a single 141.27 watershed for purposes of determining wetland replacement ratios. Mining reclamation 141.28 plans shall apply the same principles and standards for replacing wetlands by restoration 141.29 or creation of wetland areas that are applicable to mitigation plans approved as provided 141.30 in section 103G.2242. Public value must be determined in accordance with section 141.31 103B.3355 or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established 141.32 under section 103G.2243. Sections 103G.221 to 103G.2372 also apply to excavation in 141.33 permanently and semipermanently flooded areas of types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands. 141.34

(b) Replacement must be guided by the following principles in descending orderof priority:

(1) avoiding the direct or indirect impact of the activity that may destroy or diminishthe wetland;

(2) minimizing the impact by limiting the degree or magnitude of the wetlandactivity and its implementation;

142.7 (3) rectifying the impact by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected142.8 wetland environment;

(4) reducing or eliminating the impact over time by preservation and maintenanceoperations during the life of the activity;

142.11 (5) compensating for the impact by restoring a wetland; and

(6) compensating for the impact by replacing or providing substitute wetlandresources or environments.

For a project involving the draining or filling of wetlands in an amount not exceeding
10,000 square feet more than the applicable amount in section 103G.2241, subdivision 9,
paragraph (a), the local government unit may make an on-site sequencing determination
without a written alternatives analysis from the applicant.

(c) If a wetland is located in a cultivated field, then replacement must be accomplished
through restoration only without regard to the priority order in paragraph (b), provided
that the altered wetland is not converted to a nonagricultural use for at least ten years.

(d) If a wetland is replaced under paragraph (c), or drained under section 103G.2241,
subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (e), the local government unit may require a deed
restriction that prohibits nonagricultural use for at least ten years. The local government
unit may require the deed restriction if it determines the wetland area drained is at risk of
conversion to a nonagricultural use within ten years based on the zoning classification,
proximity to a municipality or full service road, or other criteria as determined by the
local government unit.

(e) Restoration and replacement of wetlands must be accomplished in accordance with the ecology of the landscape area affected and ponds that are created primarily to fulfill storm water management, and water quality treatment requirements may not be used to satisfy replacement requirements under this chapter unless the design includes pretreatment of runoff and the pond is functioning as a wetland.

(f) Except as provided in paragraph (g), for a wetland or public waters wetland
located on nonagricultural land, replacement must be in the ratio of two acres of replaced
wetland for each acre of drained or filled wetland.

(g) For a wetland or public waters wetland located on agricultural land or in a greater
than 80 percent area, replacement must be in the ratio of one acre of replaced wetland
for each acre of drained or filled wetland.

(h) Wetlands that are restored or created as a result of an approved replacement planare subject to the provisions of this section for any subsequent drainage or filling.

(i) Except in a greater than 80 percent area, only wetlands that have been 143.6 restored from previously drained or filled wetlands, wetlands created by excavation in 143.7 nonwetlands, wetlands created by dikes or dams along public or private drainage ditches, 143.8 or wetlands created by dikes or dams associated with the restoration of previously 143.9 drained or filled wetlands may be used in a statewide banking program established in for 143.10 wetland replacement according to rules adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1. 143.11 Modification or conversion of nondegraded naturally occurring wetlands from one type to 143.12 another are not eligible for enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank wetland replacement. 143.13

(j) The Technical Evaluation Panel established under section 103G.2242, subdivision
2, shall ensure that sufficient time has occurred for the wetland to develop wetland
characteristics of soils, vegetation, and hydrology before recommending that the wetland
be deposited in the statewide wetland bank. If the Technical Evaluation Panel has reason
to believe that the wetland characteristics may change substantially, the panel shall
postpone its recommendation until the wetland has stabilized.

(k) This section and sections 103G.223 to 103G.2242, 103G.2364, and 103G.2365apply to the state and its departments and agencies.

(1) For projects involving draining or filling of wetlands associated with a new public
transportation project, and for projects expanded solely for additional traffic capacity,
public transportation authorities may purchase credits from the board at the cost to the
board to establish credits. Proceeds from the sale of credits provided under this paragraph
are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph. For the purposes of this
paragraph, "transportation project" does not include an airport project.

(m) A replacement plan for wetlands is not required for individual projects that
result in the filling or draining of wetlands for the repair, rehabilitation, reconstruction,
or replacement of a currently serviceable existing state, city, county, or town public road
necessary, as determined by the public transportation authority, to meet state or federal
design or safety standards or requirements, excluding new roads or roads expanded solely
for additional traffic capacity lanes. This paragraph only applies to authorities for public
transportation projects that:

(1) minimize the amount of wetland filling or draining associated with the projectand consider mitigating important site-specific wetland functions on site;

(2) except as provided in clause (3), submit project-specific reports to the board, the
Technical Evaluation Panel, the commissioner of natural resources, and members of the
public requesting a copy at least 30 days prior to construction that indicate the location,
amount, and type of wetlands to be filled or drained by the project or, alternatively,
convene an annual meeting of the parties required to receive notice to review projects to
be commenced during the upcoming year; and

(3) for minor and emergency maintenance work impacting less than 10,000 square
feet, submit project-specific reports, within 30 days of commencing the activity, to the board
that indicate the location, amount, and type of wetlands that have been filled or drained.

Those required to receive notice of public transportation projects may appeal minimization, delineation, and on-site mitigation decisions made by the public transportation authority to the board according to the provisions of section 103G.2242, subdivision 9. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall review minimization and delineation decisions made by the public transportation authority and provide recommendations regarding on-site mitigation if requested to do so by the local government unit, a contiguous landowner, or a member of the Technical Evaluation Panel.

Except for state public transportation projects, for which the state Department of Transportation is responsible, the board must replace the wetlands, and wetland areas of public waters if authorized by the commissioner or a delegated authority, drained or filled by public transportation projects on existing roads.

Public transportation authorities at their discretion may deviate from federal and 144.21 state design standards on existing road projects when practical and reasonable to avoid 144.22 144.23 wetland filling or draining, provided that public safety is not unreasonably compromised. The local road authority and its officers and employees are exempt from liability for 144.24 any tort claim for injury to persons or property arising from travel on the highway and 144.25 144.26 related to the deviation from the design standards for construction or reconstruction under this paragraph. This paragraph does not preclude an action for damages arising from 144.27 negligence in construction or maintenance on a highway. 144.28

(n) If a landowner seeks approval of a replacement plan after the proposed project
has already affected the wetland, the local government unit may require the landowner to
replace the affected wetland at a ratio not to exceed twice the replacement ratio otherwise
required.

(o) A local government unit may request the board to reclassify a county or
watershed on the basis of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. After
receipt of satisfactory documentation from the local government, the board shall change
the classification of a county or watershed. If requested by the local government unit,

the board must assist in developing the documentation. Within 30 days of its action toapprove a change of wetland classifications, the board shall publish a notice of the change

in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor.

(p) One hundred citizens who reside within the jurisdiction of the local government
unit may request the local government unit to reclassify a county or watershed on the basis
of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. In support of their petition, the
citizens shall provide satisfactory documentation to the local government unit. The local
government unit shall consider the petition and forward the request to the board under
paragraph (o) or provide a reason why the petition is denied.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Wetland replacement siting. (a) Impacted wetlands in a 50 to 80 percent
area must be replaced in a 50 to 80 percent area or in a less than 50 percent area. Impacted
wetlands in a less than 50 percent area must be replaced in a less than 50 percent area.
All wetland replacement must follow this priority order:

145.15 (1) on site or in the same minor watershed as the impacted wetland;

145.16 (2) in the same watershed as the impacted wetland;

145.17 (3) in the same county or wetland bank service area as the impacted wetland; and

145.18 (4) in another wetland bank service area<del>; and</del>.

(5) statewide for public transportation projects, except that wetlands impacted in 145.19 less than 50 percent areas must be replaced in less than 50 percent areas, and wetlands 145.20 impacted in the seven-county metropolitan area must be replaced at a ratio of two to one in: 145.21 145.22 (i) the affected county or, (ii) in another of the seven metropolitan counties, or (iii) in one 145.23 of the major watersheds that are wholly or partially within the seven-county metropolitan area, but at least one to one must be replaced within the seven-county metropolitan area. 145.24 145.25 (b) The exception in paragraph (a), clause (5), does not apply to replacement completed using wetland banking credits established by a person who submitted a 145.26 complete wetland banking application to a local government unit by April 1, 1996. 145.27 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), wetland banking credits approved according to 145.28 a complete wetland banking application submitted to a local government unit by April 145.29 1, 1996, may be used to replace wetland impacts resulting from public transportation 145.30 projects statewide. 145.31 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), the priority order for 145.32 replacement by wetland banking begins at paragraph (a), clause (3), according to rules 145.33

145.34 adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1.

(e) (d) When reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial replacement
 opportunities are not available in siting priorities listed in paragraph (a), the applicant
 may seek opportunities at the next level.

146.4 (d) (e) For the purposes of this section, "reasonable, practicable, and environmentally
 146.5 beneficial replacement opportunities" are defined as opportunities that:

(1) take advantage of naturally occurring hydrogeomorphological conditions andrequire minimal landscape alteration;

146.8 (2) have a high likelihood of becoming a functional wetland that will continue146.9 in perpetuity;

(3) do not adversely affect other habitat types or ecological communities that areimportant in maintaining the overall biological diversity of the area; and

146.12 (4) are available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost,

146.13 existing technology, and logistics consistent with overall project purposes.

146.14 (c) Applicants and local government units shall rely on board-approved

146.15 comprehensive inventories of replacement opportunities and watershed conditions,

146.16 including the Northeast Minnesota Wetland Mitigation Inventory and Assessment (January

- 146.17 2010), in determining whether reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial
- 146.18 replacement opportunities are available.

(f) Regulatory agencies, local government units, and other entities involved in
wetland restoration shall collaborate to identify potential replacement opportunities within
their jurisdictional areas.

(g) The board must establish wetland replacement ratios and wetland bank service
area priorities to implement the siting and targeting of wetland replacement and encourage
the use of high priority areas for wetland replacement.

146.25 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 1, is amended to 146.26 read:

Subdivision 1. Rules. (a) The board, in consultation with the commissioner, shall 146.27 adopt rules governing the approval of wetland value replacement plans under this section 146.28 and public waters work permits affecting public waters wetlands under section 103G.245. 146.29 These rules must address the criteria, procedure, timing, and location of acceptable 146.30 replacement of wetland values; and may address the state establishment and administration 146.31 of a wetland banking program for public and private projects, which may include including 146.32 provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland banking program for alteration of 146.33 wetlands on agricultural land for an in-lieu fee program; the administrative, monitoring, and 146.34 enforcement procedures to be used; and a procedure for the review and appeal of decisions 146.35

under this section. In the case of peatlands, the replacement plan rules must consider the 147.1 147.2 impact on carbon balance described in the report required by Laws 1990, chapter 587, and include the planting of trees or shrubs. Any in-lieu fee program established by the board 147.3 must conform with Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, section 332.8, as amended. 147.4 (b) After the adoption of the rules, a replacement plan must be approved by a 147.5 resolution of the governing body of the local government unit, consistent with the 147.6 provisions of the rules or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan 147.7 approved under section 103G.2243. 147.8

(c) If the local government unit fails to apply the rules, or fails to implement a
local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established under section
103G.2243, the government unit is subject to penalty as determined by the board.

147.12 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 2, is amended to 147.13 read:

147.14 Subd. 2. Evaluation. (a) Questions concerning the public value, location, size, or type of a wetland shall be submitted to and determined by a Technical Evaluation 147.15 Panel after an on-site inspection. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall be composed of 147.16 147.17 a technical professional employee of the board, a technical professional employee of the local soil and water conservation district or districts, a technical professional with 147.18 expertise in water resources management appointed by the local government unit, and 147.19 a technical professional employee of the Department of Natural Resources for projects 147.20 affecting public waters or wetlands adjacent to public waters. The panel shall use the 147.21 147.22 "United States Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual" (January 1987), including updates, supplementary guidance, and replacements, if any, "Wetlands of 147.23 the United States" (United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular 39, 1971 edition), 147.24 147.25 and "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States" (1979 edition). The panel shall provide the wetland determination and recommendations on 147.26 other technical matters to the local government unit that must approve a replacement plan, 147.27 wetland banking plan sequencing, exemption determination, no-loss determination, or 147.28 wetland boundary or type determination and may recommend approval or denial of the 147.29 plan. The authority must consider and include the decision of the Technical Evaluation 147.30 Panel in their approval or denial of a plan or determination. 147.31

(b) Persons conducting wetland or public waters boundary delineations or type
determinations are exempt from the requirements of chapter 326. The board may develop
a professional wetland delineator certification program.

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- 148.1 (c) The board must establish an interagency team to assist in identifying and
- 148.2 <u>evaluating potential wetland replacement sites.</u> The team must consist of members
- 148.3 of the Technical Evaluation Panel and representatives from the Department of Natural
- 148.4 <u>Resources; the Pollution Control Agency; the United States Army Corps of Engineers, St.</u>
- 148.5 Paul district; and other organizations as determined by the board.
- 148.6 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 3, is amended to148.7 read:
- 148.8Subd. 3. Replacement completion. (a) Replacement of wetland values must be148.9completed prior to or concurrent with the actual draining or filling of a wetland, unless:148.10(1) an irrevocable bank letter of credit or other security financial assurance148.11acceptable to the local government unit or the board is given to the local government unit148.12or the board to guarantee the successful completion of the replacement-; or
- 148.13(2) the replacement is approved under an in-lieu fee program according to rules148.14adopted under subdivision 1. In the case of an in-lieu fee program established by a
- 148.15 board-approved sponsor, the board may require that a financial assurance in an amount
- and method acceptable to the board be given to the board to ensure the approved sponsor
- 148.17 <u>fulfills the sponsor's obligation to complete the required wetland replacement.</u>
- The board may establish, sponsor, or administer a wetland banking program, which 148.18 148.19 may include provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland bank for impacts to wetlands on agricultural land, for impacts that occur in greater than 80 percent areas, and 148.20 for public road projects. (b) The board may acquire land in fee title, purchase or accept 148.21 148.22 easements, enter into agreements, and purchase existing wetland replacement credits to 148.23 facilitate the wetland banking program. The board may establish in-lieu fee payment amounts and hold money in an account in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated 148.24 148.25 to the board to be used solely for establishing replacement wetlands and administering the wetland banking program. 148.26
- (c) The board shall coordinate the establishment and operation of a wetland bank
  with the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the Natural Resources Conservation
  Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the commissioners of natural
  resources, agriculture, and the Pollution Control Agency.
- 148.31 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 4, is amended to 148.32 read:
- 148.33Subd. 4. Decision. Upon receiving and considering all required data, the local148.34government unit reviewing replacement plan applications, banking plan sequencing

applications, and exemption or no-loss determination requests must act on all replacement

149.2 plan applications, banking plan sequencing applications, and exemption or no-loss

149.3 determination requests in compliance with section 15.99.

149.4 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 12, is amended to 149.5 read:

Subd. 12. Replacement credits. (a) No public or private wetland restoration,
enhancement, or construction may be allowed for replacement unless specifically
designated for replacement and paid for by the individual or organization performing the
wetland restoration, enhancement, or construction, and is completed prior to any draining
or filling of the wetland.

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a wetland whose owner has paid back withinterest the individual or organization restoring, enhancing, or constructing the wetland.

(c) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraph (i), the following
actions, and others established in rule, that are consistent with criteria in rules adopted by
the board in conjunction with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture, are
eligible for replacement credit as determined by the local government unit or the board,
including enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank:

(1) reestablishment of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover on a wetland
on agricultural land that was planted with annually seeded crops, was in a crop rotation
seeding of pasture grasses or legumes, or was in a land retirement program during the
past ten years;

(2) buffer areas of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover established orpreserved on upland adjacent to replacement wetlands;

(3) wetlands restored for conservation purposes under terminated easements orcontracts; and

(4) water quality treatment ponds constructed to pretreat storm water runoff prior
to discharge to wetlands, public waters, or other water bodies, provided that the water
quality treatment ponds must be associated with an ongoing or proposed project that
will impact a wetland and replacement credit for the treatment ponds is based on the
replacement of wetland functions and on an approved storm water management plan for
the local government<del>;</del> and

(5) in a greater than 80 percent area, restoration and protection of streams and
 riparian buffers that are important to the functions and sustainability of aquatic resources.

- 150.1(d) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraphs (f) and (g), the150.2board may establish by rule different replacement ratios for restoration projects with
- 150.3 exceptional natural resource value.
- 150.4 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to 150.5 read:

Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bankaccounts and transactions as follows:

- (1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not toexceed \$500;
- (2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not
  to exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and

150.12 (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn.

- (b) The board may establish fees at or below the amounts in paragraph (a) forsingle-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts.
- 150.15 (c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established
- 150.16 pursuant to section 103G.005, subdivision 10e, clause (4), are limited to establishment
- 150.17 of a wetland banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of
- 150.18 the credits not to exceed \$1,000.
- (d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing
   conservation easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules
   adopted under subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement.

150.22 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2251, is amended to read:

### 150.23 103G.2251 STATE CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; WETLAND BANK 150.24 CREDIT.

In greater than 80 percent areas, preservation of wetlands, riparian buffers, and 150.25 watershed areas essential to maintaining important functions and sustainability of aquatic 150.26 resources in the watershed that are protected by a permanent conservation easement 150.27 as defined under section 84C.01 and held by the board may be eligible for wetland 150.28 replacement or mitigation credits, according to rules adopted by the board. To be eligible 150.29 for credit under this section, a conservation easement must be established after May 24, 150.30 2008, and approved by the board. Wetland areas on private lands preserved under this 150.31 section are not eligible for replacement or mitigation credit if the area has been protected 150.32 using public conservation funds. 150.33

- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Exceptions. A public waters work permit is not required for:
  (1) work in altered natural watercourses that are part of drainage systems established
  under chapter 103D or 103E if the work in the waters is undertaken according to chapter
  103D or 103E; or
  (2) a drainage project for a drainage system established under shorter 102E that does
- 151.6 (2) a drainage project for a drainage system established under chapter 103E that does
  151.7 not substantially affect public waters-; or
- 151.8 (3) culvert restoration or replacement of the same size and elevation, if the

151.9

restoration or replacement does not impact a designated trout stream.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Permit restriction during summer months. The commissioner must not
modify or restrict the amount of appropriation from a groundwater source authorized in a
water use permit issued to irrigate agricultural land between May April 1 and October
1, or, for agricultural land with a crop, until November 15, unless the commissioner
determines the authorized amount of appropriation endangers a domestic water supply.

151.16 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Prohibition on once-through water use permits. (a) Except as provided 151.17 in paragraph (c), the commissioner may not issue a water use permit to increase the 151.18 volume of appropriation from a groundwater source for a once-through cooling system. 151.19 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), once-through system water use permits 151.20 151.21 using in excess of 5,000,000 gallons annually must be terminated by the commissioner, unless the discharge is into a public water basin within a nature preserve approved by the 151.22 commissioner and established prior to January 1, 2001. The commissioner may issue a 151.23 151.24 permit for a system in existence prior to January 1, 2015, for up to 5,000,000 gallons annually. Existing once-through systems must not be expanded and are required to convert 151.25 to water efficient alternatives within the design life of existing equipment. 151.26 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the commissioner, with the approval of 151.27 the commissioners of health and the Pollution Control Agency, may issue once-through 151.28 system water use permits on an annual basis for groundwater thermal exchange devices 151.29 or aquifer storage and recovery systems that return all once-through system water to the 151.30 151.31 source aquifer. Water use permit processing fees in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), apply

to all water withdrawals under this paragraph, including any reuse of water returned tothe source aquifer.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 6a, is amended to read: 152.1 Subd. 6a. Payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations. An entity that 152.2 appropriates water without a required permit under subdivision 1 must pay the applicable 152.3 water use permit processing fee specified in subdivision 6 for the period during which the 152.4 unpermitted appropriation occurred. The fees for unpermitted appropriations are required 152.5 for the previous seven calendar years after being notified of the need for a permit. This 152.6 fee is in addition to any other fee or penalty assessed. The commissioner may waive 152.7 payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations for a residential system permitted 152.8 under subdivision 5, paragraph (b). 152.9

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.287, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Applications for groundwater appropriations; preliminary well
 construction approval. (a) Groundwater use permit applications are not complete until
 the applicant has supplied:

(1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information
on the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer
that will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to
locate the site of the production well;

(2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes beingrequested;

(3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality
commonly specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary
for the proposed use;

(4) an inventory of existing wells within 1-1/2 miles of the proposed production well
or within the area of influence, as determined by the commissioner. The inventory must
include information on well locations, depths, geologic formations, depth of the pump or
intake, pumping and nonpumping water levels, and details of well construction;

152.27 (5)(4) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved 152.28 by the commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested 152.29 in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other 152.30 wells and surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible 152.31 for all costs related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and 152.32 surface water monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after 152.33 the aquifer test; and

 $\frac{(6) (5)}{(5)}$  the results of any assessments conducted by the commissioner under paragraph (c).

(b) The commissioner may waive an application requirement in this subdivision
if the information provided with the application is adequate to determine whether the
proposed appropriation and use of water is sustainable and will protect ecosystems, water
quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

(c) The commissioner shall provide an assessment of a proposed well needing a groundwater appropriation permit. The commissioner shall evaluate the information submitted as required under section 103I.205, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), and determine whether the anticipated appropriation request is likely to meet the applicable requirements of this chapter. If the appropriation request is likely to meet applicable requirements, the commissioner shall provide the person submitting the information with a letter providing preliminary approval to construct the well.

#### 153.12 Sec. 94. [103G.289] WELL INTERFERENCE; WELL SEALING.

153.13The commissioner shall not validate a well interference claim if the affected well has153.14been sealed prior to the completion of the commissioner's investigation of the complaint.153.15If the well is sealed prior to completion of the investigation, the commissioner must153.16dismiss the complaint.

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.291, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 153.17 Subd. 3. Water supply plans; demand reduction. (a) Every public water supplier 153.18 serving more than 1,000 people must submit a water supply plan to the commissioner 153.19 for approval by January 1, 1996. In accordance with guidelines developed by the 153.20 153.21 commissioner, the plan must address projected demands, adequacy of the water supply system and planned improvements, existing and future water sources, natural resource 153.22 impacts or limitations, emergency preparedness, water conservation, supply and demand 153.23 153.24 reduction measures, and allocation priorities that are consistent with section 103G.261. Public water suppliers must update their plan and, upon notification, submit it to the 153.25 commissioner for approval every ten years. 153.26

(b) The water supply plan in paragraph (a) is required for all communities in the
metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, with a municipal water supply system
and is a required element of the local comprehensive plan required under section 473.859.
Water supply plans or updates submitted after December 31, 2008, must be consistent
with the metropolitan area master water supply plan required under section 473.1565,
subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2).

(c) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must encouragewater conservation by employing water use demand reduction measures, as defined in

subdivision 4, paragraph (a), before requesting approval from the commissioner of health
under section 144.383, paragraph (a), to construct a public water supply well or requesting
an increase in the authorized volume of appropriation. The commissioner of natural
resources and the water supplier shall use a collaborative process to achieve demand
reduction measures as a part of a water supply plan review process.

(d) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must submit records
that indicate the number of connections and amount of use by customer category and
volume of water unaccounted for with the annual report of water use required under
section 103G.281, subdivision 3.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "public water supplier" means an entity that owns,
manages, or operates a public water supply, as defined in section 144.382, subdivision 4.

#### 154.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.301, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
Subd. 5a. Town fees limited exemption. Notwithstanding this section or any
other law, no permit application, general permit notification, or field inspection fee shall
be charged to a town in connection with the construction or alteration of a town road,
bridge, or culvert shall exceed \$100.

#### 154.18 Sec. 97. [114C.40] VOLUNTARY SELF REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS.

154.19Subdivision 1.Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms154.20have the meaning given.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.

154.22 (c) "Environmental requirement" means a requirement in a law administered by the 154.23 agency, a rule adopted by the agency, a permit or order issued by the agency, an agreement

154.24 entered into with the agency, or a court order issued pursuant to any of the foregoing.

154.25 (d) "Regulated entity" means a public or private organization that is subject to

154.26 environmental requirements.

- 154.27 Subd. 2. Enforcement delay. The commissioner must defer for at least 90 days
   154.28 enforcement of an environmental requirement against a regulated entity if:
- (1) violation of the environmental requirement was first identified by the regulated
   entity or an employee of or person contracted by the regulated entity;
- 154.31 (2) the regulated entity notified the commissioner of the violation within two
- 154.32 business days of it coming to the regulated entity's attention;
- (3) the regulated entity has not been subject to an enforcement action within the past
   two years from the date of the notification under clause (2); and

155.1	(4) the regulated entity has committed, in writing, to correct the violation as
155.2	expeditiously as possible under the circumstances.
155.3	Subd. 3. <b>Penalties waived.</b> The commissioner must not impose or bring an action
155.4	for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalties against a regulated entity if, after the
155.5	90-day delay provided under subdivision 2, the regulated entity has corrected the violation
155.6	or has a schedule to correct the violation approved by the commissioner.
155.7	Subd. 4. Exceptions. Notwithstanding subdivisions 2 and 3, the commissioner
155.8	may, at any time, bring:
155.9	(1) a criminal enforcement action against any person who commits a violation
155.10	under section 609.671;
155.11	(2) a civil or administrative enforcement action, which may include a penalty, under
155.12	section 115.071 or 116.072, against the regulated entity if:
155.13	(i) a violation caused serious harm to, or presents an imminent and substantial
155.14	endangerment to, human health or the environment;
155.15	(ii) a violation is of the specific terms of an administrative order, a judicial order or
155.16	consent decree, a stipulation agreement, or a schedule of compliance;
155.17	(iii) a violation has resulted in a substantial economic benefit which gives the
155.18	regulated entity a clear advantage over its business competitors; or
155.19	(iv) a violation is identified through a legally mandated monitoring or sampling
155.20	requirement prescribed by statute, regulation, permit, judicial or administrative order,
155.21	or consent agreement; or
155.22	(3) an enforcement action against a regulated entity to enjoin an imminent and
155.23	substantial danger under section 116.11.
155.24	Subd. 5. Reporting required by law. Nothing in this section alters the obligation of
155.25	any regulated entity to report releases, violations, or other matters that are required to be
155.26	reported by state or federal law, rule, permit, or enforcement action.
155.27	Sec. 98. [115.035] INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY
155.28	STANDARDS.
155.29	(a) For the purposes of this section, "independent peer review" means a peer review
155.30	conducted by an expert or experts in an area related to the work being reviewed who was
155.31	not directly or indirectly involved with the work conducted or contracted by the agency
155.32	and who is not currently employed by the agency.
155.33	(b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall ensure that any
155.34	proposed change to a water quality standard under this chapter or chapter 116 is subject to
155.35	an independent peer review when:

156.1	(1) the estimated financial impact to affected permittees is \$50,000,000 or more, in
156.2	total, within the first five years of implementation;
156.3	(2) the change supports or proposes a significant new precedent, model, or
156.4	methodology; or
156.5	(3) the change addresses a significant controversial issue.
156.6	(c) The commissioner must provide notice and take public comment on the charge
156.7	questions for independent peer review and must allow written and oral public comment as
156.8	part of the independent peer review process and the peer review report. Documentation of
156.9	compliance with the notice and comment requirements and the peer review report must
156.10	be included in the statement of need and reasonableness.
156.11	(d) The commissioner shall ensure that peer review is conducted in accordance
156.12	with the guidance contained in the United States Environmental Protection Agency's
156.13	Peer Review Handbook.
156.14	Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.44, is amended by adding a subdivision
156.15	to read:
156.16	Subd. 9. Annual report. (a) By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall
156.17	post on the Pollution Control Agency's Web site a report on the agency's activities
156.18	the previous calendar year to implement standards and classification requirements into
156.19	national pollutant discharge elimination system and state disposal system permits held by
156.20	municipalities. The report must include:
156.21	(1) a summary of permits issued or reissued over the previous calendar year,
156.22	including any changes to permitted effluent limits due to water quality standards adopted
156.23	or revised during the previous permit term;
156.24	(2) highlights of innovative approaches employed by the agency and municipalities
156.25	to develop and achieve permit requirements in a cost-effective manner;
156.26	(3) a summary of standards development and water quality rulemaking activities
156.27	over the previous calendar year, including economic analyses;
156.28	(4) a summary of standards development and water quality rulemaking activities
156.29	anticipated for the next three years, including economic analyses;
156.30	(5) a process and timeframe for municipalities to provide input to the agency
156.31	regarding their needs based on the information provided in the report; and
156.32	(6) a list of anticipated permitting initiatives in the next calendar year that may
156.33	impact municipalities and the agency's plan for involving the municipalities throughout
156.34	the planning and decision making process. The plan must include opportunities for input
156.35	and public comment from municipalities on rulemaking initiatives prior to preparation of

- a statement of need and reasonableness required under section 14.131. The commissioner
- 157.2 <u>must ensure the agency's plan under this clause is implemented.</u>
- 157.3 (b) For the purposes of this section, "economic analyses" must include assessments
- 157.4 of the potential costs to regulated municipalities associated with water quality standards
- 157.5 or rules proposed by the agency.
- 157.6 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.55, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  157.7 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to sections
  157.8 115.55 to 115.56.
- (b) "Advisory committee" means the Advisory Committee on Subsurface Sewage
  Treatment Systems established under the subsurface sewage treatment system rules. The
  advisory committee must be appointed to ensure geographic representation of the state
  and include elected public officials.
- 157.13 (c) "Applicable requirements" means:
- 157.14 (1) local ordinances that comply with the subsurface sewage treatment system rules,157.15 as required in subdivision 2; or
- 157.16 (2) in areas without compliant ordinances described in clause (1), the subsurface157.17 sewage treatment system rules.
- (d) "Building sewer connected to a subsurface sewage treatment system" means the
   pipe that connects a structure to a subsurface sewage treatment system. Building sewers
   connected to subsurface sewage treatment systems are codefined as both plumbing and
   subsurface sewage treatment system components.
- 157.22 (d) (e) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
- (e) (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- (f) (g) "Dwelling" means a building or place used or intended to be used by human
   occupants as a single-family or two-family unit.
- (g) (h) "Subsurface sewage treatment system" or "system" means a sewage treatment
   system, or part thereof, that uses subsurface soil treatment and disposal, or a holding tank,
   serving a dwelling, other establishment, or a group thereof, and that does not require a
- 157.29 state permit. Subsurface sewage treatment system includes a building sewer connected
- 157.30 to a subsurface sewage treatment system.
- 157.31 (h) (i) "Subsurface sewage treatment system professional" means an inspector,
   157.32 installer, designer, service provider, or maintainer.
- (i) (j) "Subsurface sewage treatment system rules" means rules adopted by the
   agency that establish minimum standards and criteria for the design, location, installation,
   use, maintenance, and closure of subsurface sewage treatment systems.

158.1 (j) (k) "Inspector" means a person who inspects subsurface sewage treatment 158.2 systems for compliance with the applicable requirements.

(k) (l) "Installer" means a person who constructs or repairs subsurface sewage
 treatment systems.

158.5

(h) (m) "Local unit of government" means a township, city, or county.

(m) (n) "Performance-based system" means a system that is designed specifically
for environmental conditions on a site and is designed to adequately protect the public
health and the environment and provide consistent, reliable, long-term performance. At a
minimum, a performance based system must ensure that applicable water quality standards
are met in both ground and surface water that ultimately receive the treated sewage.

(n) (o) "Maintainer " means a person who removes solids and liquids from and
 maintains and repairs components of subsurface sewage treatment systems including, but
 not limited to, sewage, aerobic, and holding tanks.

(o) (p) "Seasonal dwelling" means a dwelling that is occupied or used for less than
 180 days per year and less than 120 consecutive days.

158.16 (p)(q) "Septic system tank" means any covered receptacle designed, constructed, 158.17 and installed as part of a subsurface sewage treatment system.

158.18 (q) (r) "Designer" means a person who:

(1) investigates soils and site characteristics to determine suitability, limitations, andsizing requirements; and

158.21 (2) designs subsurface sewage treatment systems.

158.22 (r) (s) "Straight-pipe system" means a sewage disposal system that transports raw or 158.23 partially treated sewage directly to a lake, a stream, a drainage system, or ground surface.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 158.24 158.25 Subd. 2. License required. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person may not design, install, maintain, pump, inspect, or provide service to a subsurface sewage 158.26 treatment system without a license issued by the commissioner. Licenses issued under this 158.27 section allow work on subsurface sewage treatment systems that do not require a state 158.28 permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by the agency. Licensees 158.29 who design systems using these prescriptive designs and design guidances are not subject 158.30 to the additional licensing requirements of section 326.03. 158.31

(b) A license is not required for a person who complies with the applicablerequirements if the person is:

(1) a qualified employee of state or local government who is a certified professional;

(2) an individual who constructs a subsurface sewage treatment system on land that
is owned or leased by the individual and functions solely as the individual's dwelling or
seasonal dwelling, unless specifically disallowed in local ordinance. A person constructing
a subsurface sewage treatment system under this clause must comply with all local
administrative and technical requirements. In addition, the system must be inspected
before being covered and a compliance report must be provided to the local unit of
government after the inspection;

(3) a farmer who pumps and disposes of sewage waste from subsurface sewage
treatment systems, holding tanks, and privies on land that is owned or leased by the
farmer; or

(4) an individual who performs labor or services for a licensed business under this
section in connection with the design, installation, operation, pumping, or inspection of a
subsurface sewage treatment system at the direction and under the personal supervision of
a person certified under this section.

(c) The commissioner, in conjunction with the University of Minnesota Extension
Service or another higher education institution, shall ensure adequate training and design
guidance exists for subsurface sewage treatment system certified professionals.

(d) The commissioner shall conduct examinations to test the knowledge of applicantsfor certification and shall issue documentation of certification.

(e) Licenses may be issued only upon submission of general liability insurance, a corporate surety bond in the amount of at least \$10,000 \$25,000, and the name of the individual who will be the designated certified individual for that business. The bond may be for both plumbing work and subsurface sewage treatment work if the bond complies with the requirements of this section and satisfies the requirements and references identified in section 326B.46, subdivision 2.

(f) Local units of government may not require additional local licenses forsubsurface sewage treatment system businesses.

(g) No other professional license under section 326.03 is required to design, install, maintain, inspect, or provide service for a subsurface sewage treatment system that does not require a state permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by the agency if the system designer, installer, maintainer, inspector, or service provider is licensed under this subdivision and the local unit of government has not adopted additional requirements.

159.34 Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, is amended to 159.35 read:

Subd. 25a. **Recyclable materials.** "Recyclable materials" means materials that are separated from mixed municipal solid waste for the purpose of recycling or composting, including paper, glass, plastics, metals, automobile oil, batteries, <del>and</del> source-separated compostable materials, and sole source food waste streams that are managed through <u>biodegradative processes</u>. Refuse-derived fuel or other material that is destroyed by incineration is not a recyclable material.

160.7 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.03, subdivision 32a, is amended to 160.8 read:

160.9 Subd. 32a. Source-separated compostable materials. "Source-separated160.10 compostable materials" means materials that:

160.11 (1) are separated at the source by waste generators for the purpose of preparing160.12 them for use as compost;

(2) are collected separately from mixed municipal solid waste, and are governed bythe licensing provisions of section 115A.93;

(3) are comprised of food wastes, fish and animal waste, plant materials, diapers,
sanitary products, and paper that is not recyclable because the commissioner has
determined that no other person is willing to accept the paper for recycling;

(4) are delivered to a facility to undergo controlled microbial degradation to yield
a humus-like product meeting the agency's class I or class II, or equivalent, compost
standards and where process residues rejects do not exceed 15 percent by weight of the
total material delivered to the facility; and

(5) may be delivered to a transfer station, mixed municipal solid waste processing
facility, or recycling facility only for the purposes of composting or transfer to a
composting facility, unless the commissioner determines that no other person is willing
to accept the materials.

160.26 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, is amended to 160.27 read:

Subdivision 1. **Registration fee.** (a) Each manufacturer who registers under section 160.29 115A.1312 must, by September 1, 2007, and each year thereafter, pay to the commissioner of revenue an annual registration fee. The commissioner of revenue must deposit the fee in the state treasury and credit the fee to the environmental fund.

(b) The registration fee is equal to a base fee of \$2,500, plus a variable recyclingfee calculated according to the formula:

160.34  $((A \times B) - (C + D)) \times E$ , where:

(1) A = the number of pounds of a manufacturer's video display devices sold to
households during the previous program year, as reported to the department under section
115A.1316, subdivision 1;

161.4 (2) B = the proportion of sales of video display devices required to be recycled, set at 161.5 0.6 for the first program year and 0.8 for the second program year and every year thereafter;

161.6 (3) C = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices recycled by a 161.7 manufacturer from households during the previous program year, as reported to the 161.8 department under section 115A.1316, subdivision 1;

(4) D = the number of recycling credits a manufacturer elects to use to calculate the
variable recycling fee, as reported to the department under section 115A.1316, subdivision
1; and

161.12 (5) E = the estimated per-pound cost of recycling, initially set at \$0.50 per pound for 161.13 manufacturers who recycle less than 50 percent of the product (A x B); \$0.40 per pound 161.14 for manufacturers who recycle at least 50 percent but less than 90 percent of the product 161.15 (A x B); and \$0.30 per pound for manufacturers who recycle at least 90 percent but less 161.16 than 100 percent of the product (A x B).

(c) If, as specified in paragraph (b), the term C - (A x B) equals a positive number of 161.17 pounds, that amount is defined as the manufacturer's recycling credits. A manufacturer 161.18 may retain recycling credits to be added, in whole or in part, to the actual value of C, as 161.19 reported under section 115A.1316, subdivision 2, during any succeeding program year, 161.20 provided that no more than 25 percent of a manufacturer's obligation (A x B) for any 161.21 program year may be met with recycling credits generated in a prior program year. A 161.22 161.23 manufacturer may sell any portion or all of its recycling credits to another manufacturer, at a price negotiated by the parties, who may use the credits in the same manner. 161.24

(d) For the purpose of calculating a manufacturer's variable recycling fee under
paragraph (b), the weight of covered electronic devices collected from households located
outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (c), is
calculated at 1.5 times their actual weight.

(e) The registration fee for the initial program year and the base registration fee
thereafter for a manufacturer who produces fewer than 100 video display devices for sale
annually to households is \$1,250.

(f) For the ninth program year, the agency shall publish a statewide recycling goal of
 161.33 16,000,000 pounds.

161.34 (g) For the ninth program year, the agency shall determine each registered

161.35 manufacturer's market share of video display devices to be collected and recycled based

161.36 on the manufacturer's percentage share of the total weight of video display devices sold

as reported to the department for the eighth program year as reported to the agency by 162.1 162.2 July 15, 2015. By July 30, 2015, the agency shall provide each manufacturer with a determination of its share of video display devices to be collected and recycled, which 162.3 is the quotient of the total weight of the manufacturer's video display devices sold to 162.4 households in the eighth program year, divided by the total weight of all manufacturers' 162.5 video display devices sold to households in this state based on reporting to the agency for 162.6 the eighth program year, then applied proportionally to the statewide recycling goal of 162.7 16,000,000 pounds as specified in paragraph (f). 162.8 (h) If a manufacturer's obligation for the recycling of video display devices as 162.9 determined in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), by weight is higher than the obligation 162.10 determined by the agency in paragraph (g), then the higher number is the obligation for 162.11 program year nine. 162.12 (i) For the ninth program year, a manufacturer that did not report sales data to the 162.13 department for the eighth or ninth program years shall be subject to a recycling obligation 162.14 162.15 that is equal to 80 percent by weight of the manufacturer's video display devices sold to households. 162.16

162.17 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.1415, subdivision 16, is amended to 162.18 read:

Subd. 16. Administrative fee. (a) The stewardship organization or individual producer submitting a stewardship plan shall pay an annual administrative fee to the commissioner. The agency may establish a variable fee based on relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the portion of architectural paint sold in the state by members of the organization compared to the total amount of architectural paint sold in the state by all organizations submitting a stewardship plan.

(b) Prior to July 1, 2014, and before July 1 annually thereafter, the agency shall
identify the costs it incurs under this section. The agency shall set the fee at an amount
that, when paid by every stewardship organization or individual producer that submits a
stewardship plan, is adequate to reimburse the agency's full costs of administering this
section. The total amount of annual fees collected under this subdivision must not exceed
the amount necessary to reimburse costs incurred by the agency to administer this section.
(c) A stewardship organization or individual producer subject to this subdivision

must pay the agency's administrative fee under paragraph (a) on or before July 1, 2014,
and annually thereafter. Each year after the initial payment, the annual administrative fee
may not exceed five percent of the aggregate stewardship assessment added to the cost of
all architectural paint sold by producers in the state for the preceding calendar year.

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163.1 (d) All fees received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and

163.2 credited to a product stewardship account in the special revenue fund. For fiscal years

163.3 2014 and 2015, 2016, and 2017, the amount collected under this section is annually

163.4 appropriated to the agency to implement and enforce this section.

- 163.5 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.551, subdivision 2a, is amended to 163.6 read:
- Subd. 2a. County recycling goals. (a) By December 31, 2030, each county will
  have as a goal to recycle the following amounts:
- 163.9 (1) for a county outside of the metropolitan area, 35 percent by weight of total163.10 solid waste generation; and

163.11 (2) for a metropolitan county, 75 percent by weight of total solid waste generation.

(b) Each county will develop and implement or require political subdivisions within
the county to develop and implement programs, practices, or methods designed to meet its
recycling goal. Nothing in this section or in any other law may be construed to prohibit a
county from establishing a higher recycling goal.

163.16 (c) Any quantified recyclable materials that meet the definition in subdivision 1,

163.17 paragraph (a), or section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, are eligible to be counted toward a

- 163.18 <u>county's recycling goal under this subdivision.</u>
- 163.19 Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.557, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
   163.20 Subd. 2. Purposes for which money may be spent. (a) A county receiving money
   163.21 distributed by the commissioner under this section may use the money only for the
   163.22 development and implementation of programs to:
- 163.23 (1) reduce the amount of solid waste generated;

163.24 (2) recycle the maximum amount of solid waste technically feasible;

163.25 (3) create and support markets for recycled products;

163.26 (4) remove problem materials from the solid waste stream and develop proper

163.27 disposal options for them;

(5) inform and educate all sectors of the public about proper solid waste managementprocedures;

(6) provide technical assistance to public and private entities to ensure proper solidwaste management;

163.32 (7) provide educational, technical, and financial assistance for litter prevention;

(8) process mixed municipal solid waste generated in the county at a resource

163.34 recovery facility located in Minnesota; and

## (9) compost source-separated compostable materials, including the provision of receptacles for residential composting-;

### 164.3 (10) prevent food waste or collect and transport food donated to humans or to be 164.4 fed to animals; and

164.5 (11) process source-separated compostable materials that are to be used to produce
 164.6 Class I or Class II compost, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 7035.2836, after being

164.7 processed in an anaerobic digester, but not to construct buildings or acquire equipment.

(b) Beginning in fiscal year 2015 and continuing thereafter, of any money distributed by the commissioner under this section to a metropolitan county, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, that exceeds the amount the county was eligible to receive under this section in fiscal year 2014: (1) at least 50 percent must be expended on activities in paragraph (a), <u>clause clauses</u> (9) to (11); and (2) the remainder must be expended on activities in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) that advance the county toward achieving its recycling goal under section 115A.551.

164.15

164.17

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner shall make

#### 164.16 Sec. 108. [115A.565] RECYCLING COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

#### competitive grants to political subdivisions to establish curbside recycling or composting, 164.18 increase recycling or composting, reduce the amount of recyclable materials entering 164.19 disposal facilities, or reduce the costs associated with hauling waste by locating collection 164.20 164.21 sites as close as possible to the site where the waste is generated. To be eligible for grants under this section, a political subdivision must be located outside the seven-county 164.22 metropolitan area and a city must have a population of less than 45,000. 164.23 164.24 Subd. 2. Application. (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section. 164.25 (b) The determination of whether to make a grant under this section is within the 164.26

164.27 discretion of the commissioner, subject to subdivision 4. The commissioner's decisions
 164.28 are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.

# 164.29 Subd. 3. Priorities; eligible projects. (a) If applications for grants exceed the 164.30 available appropriations, grants must be made for projects that, in the commissioner's 164.31 judgment, provide the highest return in public benefits.

- 164.32 (b) To be eligible to receive a grant, a project must:
- 164.33 (1) be locally administered;
- 164.34 (2) have an educational component and measurable outcomes;
- 164.35 (3) request \$250,000 or less;

165.1	(4) demonstrate local direct and indirect matching support of at least a quarter
165.2	amount of the grant request; and
165.3	(5) include at least one of the following elements:
165.4	(i) transition to residential recycling through curbside or centrally located collection
165.5	sites;
165.6	(ii) development of local recycling systems to support curbside recycling; or
165.7	(iii) development or expansion of local recycling systems to support recycling bulk
165.8	materials, including, but not limited to, electronic waste.
165.9	Subd. 4. Cancellation of grant. If a grant is awarded under this section and
165.10	funds are not encumbered for the grant within four years after the award date, the grant
165.11	must be canceled.
165.12	Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.93, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
165.13	Subdivision 1. License and registration required; reporting. (a) A person may
165.14	not collect mixed municipal solid waste for hire without a license from the jurisdiction
165.15	where the mixed municipal solid waste is collected. The local licensing entity shall submit
165.16	a list of licensed collectors to the agency.
165.17	(b) A person may not collect recyclable materials for hire unless registered with the
165.18	agency. If a person is licensed under paragraph (a), the person need not register with
165.19	the agency under this paragraph.
165.20	(c) The agency, in consultation with the Solid Waste Management Coordinating
165.21	Board, the Association of Minnesota Counties, the Minnesota Solid Waste Administrators
165.22	Association, and representatives from the waste industry shall, by July 1, 2016, develop
165.23	uniform short and long reporting forms that will reduce duplicative reporting to
165.24	governmental units by collectors of solid waste and recyclable materials.
165.25	(d) A collector of mixed municipal solid waste or recyclable materials shall separately
165.26	report to the agency on an annual basis information including, but not limited to, the
165.27	quantity of mixed municipal solid waste and the quantity of recyclable materials collected:
165.28	(1) from commercial customers;
165.29	(2) from residential customers;
165.30	(3) by county of origin; and
165.31	(4) by destination of the material.

165.32 Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115B.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

166.1 Subd. 2. **Property damage losses.** (a) Losses compensable by the fund for property 166.2 damage are limited to the following losses caused by damage to the principal residence of 166.3 the claimant:

(1) the reasonable cost of replacing or decontaminating the primary source of
drinking water for the property not to exceed the amount actually expended by the
claimant or assessed by a local taxing authority, if the Department of Health has confirmed
that the remedy provides safe drinking water and advised that the water not be used for
drinking or determined that the replacement or decontamination of the source of drinking
water was necessary, up to a maximum of \$25,000;

(2) the reasonable cost to install a mitigation system for the claimant's principal
residence, not to exceed the amount actually expended by the claimant, if the agency has
recommended such installation to protect human health due to soil vapor intrusion into
the residence from releases of harmful substances. Reimbursement of eligible claims
shall not exceed \$25,000;

(2) (3) losses incurred as a result of a bona fide sale of the property at less than
the appraised market value under circumstances that constitute a hardship to the owner,
limited to 75 percent of the difference between the appraised market value and the selling
price, but not to exceed \$25,000; and

 $\frac{(3)(4)}{(4)}$  losses incurred as a result of the inability of an owner in hardship circumstances to sell the property due to the presence of harmful substances, limited to the increase in costs associated with the need to maintain two residences, but not to exceed \$25,000.

(b) In computation of the loss under paragraph (a), clause (3) (4), the agency shall
offset the loss by the amount of any income received by the claimant from the rental
of the property.

166.25 (c) For purposes of paragraph (a), the following definitions apply:

(1) "appraised market value" means an appraisal of the market value of the property
disregarding any decrease in value caused by the presence of a harmful substance in
or on the property; and

(2) "hardship" means an urgent need to sell the property based on a special
circumstance of the owner including catastrophic medical expenses, inability of the owner
to physically maintain the property due to a physical or mental condition, and change of
employment of the owner or other member of the owner's household requiring the owner
to move to a different location.

(d) Appraisals are subject to agency approval. The agency may adopt rules
governing approval of appraisals, criteria for establishing a hardship, and other matters
necessary to administer this subdivision.

- 167.1 Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115B.48, is amended by adding a167.2 subdivision to read:
- 167.3 Subd. 9. Owner or operator. "Owner or operator" means a person who:

167.4 (1) owns or has owned a dry cleaning facility; or

167.5 (2) owns or owned real property on which a dry cleaning facility operates or operated.

167.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective only upon enactment of a transfer

167.7 of \$743,000 in fiscal year 2016 from the general account in the remediation fund to the

167.8 dry cleaner environmental response and reimbursement account for reimbursement

167.9 of remediation costs by persons other than responsible parties, as specified in article 3,

167.10 section 2, subdivision 4.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Creation. A pollution control agency, designated as the Minnesota
Pollution Control Agency, is hereby created. The agency shall consist of the commissioner
and eight members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
senate. One of such members shall be a person knowledgeable in the field of agriculture
and one shall be representative of organized labor.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 167.17 Subd. 5. Agency is successor to commission. The Pollution Control Agency is 167.18 the successor of the Water Pollution Control Commission, and all powers and duties 167.19 now vested in or imposed upon said commission by chapter 115, or any act amendatory 167.20 thereof or supplementary thereto, are hereby transferred to, imposed upon, and vested in 167.21 the Minnesota commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, except as to those matters 167.22 167.23 pending before the commission in which hearings have been held and evidence has been adduced. The Water Pollution Commission shall complete its action in such pending 167.24 matters not later than six months from May 26, 1967. The Water Pollution Control 167.25 167.26 Commission, as heretofore constituted, is hereby abolished, (a) effective upon completion of its action in the pending cases, as hereinbefore provided for; or (b) six months from 167.27 May 26, 1967, whichever is the earlier. 167.28

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Office. (a) The Office of Commissioner of the Pollution Control
Agency is created and is under the supervision and control of the commissioner, who is
appointed by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.

- (b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner and assistantcommissioners who shall be in the unclassified service.
- (c) The commissioner shall make all decisions on behalf of the agency that are not
   required to be made by the agency under section 116.02.
- Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
   Subd. 2a. Mission; efficiency. It is part of the agency's mission that within the
   agency's resources the commissioner and the members of the agency shall endeavor to:
- 168.8 (1) prevent the waste or unnecessary spending of public money;
- 168.9 (2) use innovative fiscal and human resource practices to manage the state's168.10 resources and operate the agency as efficiently as possible;
- 168.11 (3) coordinate the agency's activities wherever appropriate with the activities of168.12 other governmental agencies;
- (4) use technology where appropriate to increase agency productivity, improve
   customer service, increase public access to information about government, and increase
   public participation in the business of government;
- (5) utilize constructive and cooperative labor-management practices to the extentotherwise required by chapters 43A and 179A;
- (6) report to the legislature on the performance of agency operations and the
  accomplishment of agency goals in the agency's biennial budget according to section
  168.20 16A.10, subdivision 1; and
- (7) recommend to the legislature appropriate changes in law necessary to carry outthe mission and improve the performance of the agency.
- Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read: 168.23 168.24 Subd. 4d. Permit fees. (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting 168.25 upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of 168.26 the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation. 168.27 The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated 168.28 with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional 168.29 enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs 168.30 of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency. 168.31 Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund. 168.32 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from 168.33 the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air 168.34

contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage 169.1 169.2 facilities, or storage facilities subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of 169.3 the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 169.4 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct 169.5 and indirect reasonable costs, including attorney general legal costs, required to develop 169.6 and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of subchapter 169.7 this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 169.8 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the or rules adopted under 169.9 this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder. Those costs include the 169.10 reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing 169.11 169.12 and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to 169.13 federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and 169.14 169.15 tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.

169.16

(c) The agency shall set fees that:

(1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph
(b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant
regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112
of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a
national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;

(2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph
(b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is
regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and

(3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the
amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title
42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).

The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

(d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall provide
in the rules promulgated under paragraph (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year
by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar

year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price
Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index
for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers
published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period
ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that
is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.

(e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) must be deposited in theenvironmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph (b).

(f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may 170.9 offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to 170.10 expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review 170.11 documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by 170.12 law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit 170.13 application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with 170.14 170.15 permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing 170.16 the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit 170.17 170.18 applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included 170.19 in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit 170.20 determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review. 170.21 (g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285. 170.22

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4j, is amended to read: 170.23 Subd. 4j. Permits; solid waste facilities. (a) The agency may not issue a permit 170.24 170.25 for new or additional capacity for a mixed municipal solid waste resource recovery or disposal facility as defined in section 115A.03 unless each county using or projected in 170.26 the permit to use the facility has in place a solid waste management plan approved under 170.27 section 115A.46 or 473.803 and amended as required by section 115A.96, subdivision 6. 170.28 The agency shall issue the permit only if the capacity of the facility is consistent with the 170.29 needs for resource recovery or disposal capacity identified in the approved plan or plans. 170.30 Consistency must be determined by the Pollution Control Agency. Plans approved before 170.31 January 1, 1990, need not be revised if the capacity sought in the permit is consistent 170.32 with the approved plan or plans. 170.33

(b) The agency shall require as part of the permit application for a waste incinerationfacility identification of preliminary plans for ash management and ash leachate treatment

or ash utilization. The permit issued by the agency must include requirements for ashmanagement and ash leachate treatment.

- (c) Within 180 days of receipt of a completed application, the agency shall approve,
  disapprove, or delay decision on the application, with reasons for the delay, in writing.
- 171.5 (d) The agency may not issue a permit for a new disposal facility, as defined in
- 171.6 <u>section 115A.03</u>, subdivision 10, or a permit to expand an existing disposal facility unless:

171.7 (1) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising

their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have

granted approval for and provided any required public notices of the new or expanded

171.10 <u>facility prior to the issuance of the permit;</u>

171.11 (2) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising

171.12 their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have

authorized the permit to be issued prior to or concurrent with the required approval by

171.14 the local unit of government; or

171.15 (3) the new or expanded facility is part of and will be sited on land already identified
171.16 in an approved solid waste management plan as described in paragraph (a).

(e) The commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency and natural resources shall

171.18 apply Minnesota Rules, parts 7001.3050, subpart 3, item G, and 7035.2525, subpart 2,

171.19 item G, to solid waste facilities permitted under and in compliance with those rules and in

171.20 compliance with Minnesota Rules, chapter 6132.

#### 171.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Counties; processing of applications for animal lot permits. Any
Minnesota county board may, by resolution, with approval of the Pollution Control
Agency, assume responsibility for processing applications for permits required by the
Pollution Control Agency under this section for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other
animal lots. The responsibility for permit application processing, if assumed by a county,
may be delegated by the county board to any appropriate county officer or employee.

171.29

(a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" includes:

(1) the distribution to applicants of forms provided by the Pollution Control Agency;

(2) the receipt and examination of completed application forms, and the certification,in writing, to the Pollution Control Agency either that the animal lot facility for which a

permit is sought by an applicant will comply with applicable rules and standards, or, if

the facility will not comply, the respects in which a variance would be required for the

171.35 issuance of a permit; and

(3) rendering to applicants, upon request, assistance necessary for the propercompletion of an application.

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" may include, at the 172.3 option of the county board, issuing, denying, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or 172.4 revoking permits pursuant to the provisions of this section or rules promulgated pursuant 172.5 to it, subject to review, suspension, and reversal by the Pollution Control Agency. The 172.6 Pollution Control Agency shall, after written notification, have 15 days to review, suspend, 172.7 modify, or reverse the issuance of the permit. After this period, the action of the county 172.8 board is final, subject to appeal as provided in chapter 14. For permit applications filed 172.9 after October 1, 2001, section 15.99 applies to feedlot permits issued by the agency or a 172.10 county pursuant to this subdivision. 172.11

(c) For the purpose of administration of rules adopted under this subdivision, the
commissioner and the agency may provide exceptions for cases where the owner of a
feedlot has specific written plans to close the feedlot within five years. These exceptions
include waiving requirements for major capital improvements.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, a discharge caused by an extraordinary natural
event such as a precipitation event of greater magnitude than the 25-year, 24-hour event,
tornado, or flood in excess of the 100-year flood is not a "direct discharge of pollutants."

(e) In adopting and enforcing rules under this subdivision, the commissioner shallcooperate closely with other governmental agencies.

(f) The Pollution Control Agency shall work with the Minnesota Extension Service, the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, producer groups, local units of government, as well as with appropriate federal agencies such as the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Farm Service Agency, to notify and educate producers of rules under this subdivision at the time the rules are being developed and adopted and at least every two years thereafter.

(g) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules governing the issuance and 172.27 denial of permits for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots pursuant to this 172.28 section. Pastures are exempt from the rules authorized under this paragraph. A feedlot 172.29 permit is not required for livestock feedlots with more than ten but less than 50 animal 172.30 units; provided they are not in shoreland areas. A livestock feedlot permit does not 172.31 become required solely because of a change in the ownership of the buildings, grounds, 172.32 or feedlot. These rules apply both to permits issued by counties and to permits issued 172.33 by the Pollution Control Agency directly. 172.34

(h) The Pollution Control Agency shall exercise supervising authority with respectto the processing of animal lot permit applications by a county.

(i) Any new rules or amendments to existing rules proposed under the authority
granted in this subdivision, or to implement new fees on animal feedlots, must be
submitted to the members of legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction
over agriculture and the environment prior to final adoption. The rules must not become
effective until 90 days after the proposed rules are submitted to the members.

(j) Until new rules are adopted that provide for plans for manure storage structures,
any plans for a liquid manure storage structure must be prepared or approved by a
registered professional engineer or a United States Department of Agriculture, Natural
Resources Conservation Service employee.

(k) A county may adopt by ordinance standards for animal feedlots that are morestringent than standards in Pollution Control Agency rules.

(1) After January 1, 2001, a county that has not accepted delegation of the feedlot
permit program must hold a public meeting prior to the agency issuing a feedlot permit
for a feedlot facility with 300 or more animal units, unless another public meeting has
been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted.

(m) After the proposed rules published in the State Register, volume 24, number 25,
are finally adopted, the agency may not impose additional conditions as a part of a feedlot
permit, unless specifically required by law or agreed to by the feedlot operator.

(n) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, a discharge from land-applied manure
or a manure stockpile that is managed according to agency rule must not be subject to
a fine for a discharge violation.

(o) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, manure that is land applied, or a manure
stockpile that is managed according to agency rule, must not be considered a discharge
into waters of the state, unless the discharge is to waters of the state, as defined by
section 103G.005, subdivision 17, except type 1 or type 2 wetlands, as defined in section
103G.005, subdivision 17b, and does not meet discharge standards established for feedlots
under agency rule.

(p) Unless the upgrade is needed to correct an immediate public health threat under
section 145A.04, subdivision 8, or the facility is determined to be a concentrated animal
feeding operation under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.23, in effect on
April 15, 2003, the agency may not require a feedlot operator:

(1) to spend more than \$3,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with less than 300
animal units unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 percent of
the cost of the upgrade; or

(2) to spend more than \$10,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with between 300
and 500 animal units, unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75
percent of the cost of the upgrade or \$50,000, whichever is less.

(q) For the purposes of this section, "pastures" means areas, including winter feeding
areas as part of a grazing area, where grass or other growing plants are used for grazing
and where the concentration of animals allows a vegetative cover to be maintained during
the growing season except that vegetative cover is not required:

174.8 (1) in the immediate vicinity of supplemental feeding or watering devices;

(2) in associated corrals and chutes where livestock are gathered for the purpose of
sorting, veterinary services, loading and unloading trucks and trailers, and other necessary
activities related to good animal husbandry practices; and

174.12 (3) in associated livestock access lanes used to convey livestock to and from areas174.13 of the pasture.

(r) A feedlot operator who stores and applies up to 100,000 gallons per calendar year

174.15 of private truck wash wastewater resulting from trucks that transport animals or supplies

174.16 to and from the feedlot does not require a permit to land-apply industrial by-products

174.17 if the feedlot operator stores and applies the wastewater in accordance with Pollution

174.18 Control Agency requirements for land applications of industrial by-product that do not
174.19 require a permit.

(s) A feedlot operator who holds a permit from the Pollution Control Agency to
land-apply industrial by-products from a private truck wash is not required to have a
certified land applicator apply the private truck wash wastewater if the wastewater is
applied by the feedlot operator to cropland owned or leased by the feedlot operator or

174.24 by a commercial animal waste technician licensed by the commissioner of agriculture

174.25 <u>under chapter 18C.</u>

174.26 For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (r), "private truck wash" means a truck

174.27 washing facility owned or leased, operated, and used only by a feedlot operator to wash

174.28 trucks owned or leased by the feedlot operator and used to transport animals or supplies

174.29 to and from the feedlot.

Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

#### 174.32 Subd. 13. Limitation regarding certain policies, guidelines, and other

174.33 **nonbinding interpretive statements.** The commissioner shall not seek to implement or

174.34 enforce against any entity or permittee a policy, guideline, or other nonbinding interpretive

174.35 statement that meets the definition of a rule under chapter 14 if the policy, guideline, or

175.1 <u>other nonbinding interpretive statement has not been adopted as a rule in accordance</u>

175.2 with chapter 14.

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116C.991, is amended to read:

#### 175.4 **116C.991 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW; SILICA SAND PROJECTS.**

(a) Until July 1, 2015 <u>a final rule is adopted pursuant to Laws 2013, chapter 114,</u>
article 4, section 105, paragraph (d), an environmental assessment worksheet must be
prepared for any silica sand project that meets or exceeds the following thresholds,
unless the project meets or exceeds the thresholds for an environmental impact statement
under rules of the Environmental Quality Board and an environmental impact statement
must be prepared:

(1) excavates 20 or more acres of land to a mean depth of ten feet or more during itsexistence. The local government is the responsible governmental unit; or

(2) is designed to store or is capable of storing more than 7,500 tons of silica sand or
has an annual throughput of more than 200,000 tons of silica sand and is not required to
receive a permit from the Pollution Control Agency. The Pollution Control Agency is the
responsible governmental unit.

(b) In addition to the contents required under statute and rule, an environmentalassessment worksheet completed according to this section must include:

(1) a hydrogeologic investigation assessing potential groundwater and surface water
effects and geologic conditions that could create an increased risk of potentially significant
effects on groundwater and surface water;

(2) for a project with the potential to require a groundwater appropriation permit
from the commissioner of natural resources, an assessment of the water resources
available for appropriation;

(3) an air quality impact assessment that includes an assessment of the potentialeffects from airborne particulates and dust;

(4) a traffic impact analysis, including documentation of existing transportation
systems, analysis of the potential effects of the project on transportation, and mitigation
measures to eliminate or minimize adverse impacts;

(5) an assessment of compatibility of the project with other existing uses; and
(6) mitigation measures that could eliminate or minimize any adverse environmental
effects for the project.

#### 175.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

176.1	Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116D.04, is amended by adding a
176.2	subdivision to read:
176.3	Subd. 17. Discretionary review notification. The commissioners of natural
176.4	resources and the Pollution Control Agency, when ordering the preparation of a
176.5	discretionary environmental impact statement or discretionary environmental assessment
176.6	worksheet for a proposed action, must notify the proposer of the action by certified mail at
176.7	least 21 calendar days prior to making the order.
176.8	Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.353, subdivision 1, is amended to
176.9	read:
176.10	Subdivision 1. Appointment. The school trust lands director shall be appointed
176.11	by the governor. The commissioner of administration shall provide office space for
176.12	the director. The commissioner shall provide human resources, payroll, accounting,
176.13	procurement, and other similar administrative services to the school trust lands director.
176.14	The director's appointment is subject to the advice and consent of the senate.
176.15	Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
176.16	to read:
176.17	Subd. 4. Camper cabins and bunk houses. Camper cabins and bunk houses are
176.18	exempt from floor space, air space, or bed spacing requirements applicable to lodging
176.19	establishments adopted by the commissioner. For the purposes of this section:
176.20	(1) "bunk house" means a building, structure, or enclosure intended to sleep more
176.21	than one person for up to three nights that does not include a kitchen or bathroom; and
176.22	(2) "camper cabin" means a permanent rustic enclosure with walls and a floor
176.23	that does not include a kitchen or bath; is located in a state park administered by the
176.24	commissioner of natural resources, at a resort as defined under section 157.15, subdivision
176.25	11, or at a recreational camping area as defined under section 327.14, subdivision 8; and is
176.26	intended to be a place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public.
176.27	Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision
176.28	to read:
176.29	Subd. 18. All-terrain vehicle safety certificate. (a) The department shall maintain
176.30	in its records information transmitted electronically from the commissioner of natural

176.31 resources identifying each person to whom the commissioner has issued an all-terrain

176.32 vehicle safety certificate. The records transmitted from the Department of Natural

176.33 Resources must contain the full name and date of birth as required for the driver's license

or identification card. Records that are not matched to a driver's license or identification
card record may be deleted after seven years.

(b) After receiving information under paragraph (a) that a person has received an

all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, the department shall include, on all drivers' licenses

- 177.5 or Minnesota identification cards subsequently issued to the person, a graphic or written
- indication that the person has received the certificate.
- 177.7 (c) If a person who has received an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate applies
- 177.8 for a driver's license or Minnesota identification card before that information has been
- 177.9 transmitted to the department, the department may accept a copy of the certificate as proof
- 177.10 of its issuance and shall then follow the procedures in paragraph (b).

# 177.11EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new177.12driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever177.13comes later.

Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 282.011, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 177.14 Subd. 3. Title examination. The commissioner of revenue shall, if requested by the 177.15 purchaser or the county attorney of the county where all or a portion of the land is situated, 177.16 deliver the deed to the county attorney for use under Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 177.17 88.48, subdivision 5, but such delivery shall not be considered delivery to the purchaser. 177.18 The county attorney shall be instructed when taking the transferral of the deed that said 177.19 deed shall not be delivered to the purchaser unless the land involved is accepted as and 177.20 placed into an auxiliary forest. 177.21

177.22 Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 1, is amended to 177.23 read:

177.24 Subdivision 1. **Program established.** When money is appropriated for grants 177.25 under this program, the authority shall award grants up to a maximum of \$3,000,000 to 177.26 governmental units to cover up to one-half the cost of <del>wastewater treatment or storm</del> water 177.27 infrastructure projects made necessary by:

(1) a wasteload reduction prescribed under a total maximum daily load plan required
by section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section
1313(d);

(2) a phosphorus concentration or mass limit which requires discharging one
milligram per liter or less at permitted design flow which is incorporated into a permit
issued by the Pollution Control Agency;

178.1 (3) any other water quality-based effluent limit established under section 115.03,

subdivision 1, paragraph (e), clause (8), and incorporated into a permit issued by the

178.3 Pollution Control Agency that exceeds secondary treatment limits; or

(4) a total nitrogen limit of ten milligrams per liter or less for a land-based treatmentsystem.

178.6 Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 3, is amended to 178.7 read:

Subd. 3. **Project priorities.** When money is appropriated for grants under this program, the authority shall accept applications during the month of July and reserve money for projects expected to proceed with construction by the end of the fiscal year in the order listed on the Pollution Control Agency's project priority list and in an amount based on the cost estimate submitted to the authority in the grant application or the as-bid costs, whichever is less. <u>Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, chapter 7077, the Pollution</u> Control Agency may rank a drinking water infrastructure project on the agency's project

priority list if the project is necessary to meet an applicable requirement in subdivision 1.

Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Grant approval. The authority must make a grant for an eligible projectonly after:

(1) the applicant has submitted the as-bid cost for the wastewater treatment or storm
water infrastructure project;

(2) the Pollution Control Agency has approved the as-bid costs and certified thegrant eligible portion of the project; and

(3) the authority has determined that the additional financing necessary to completethe project has been committed from other sources.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.1565, is amended to read:

#### 178.27 473.1565 METROPOLITAN AREA WATER SUPPLY PLANNING

#### 178.28 ACTIVITIES; ADVISORY COMMITTEE COMMITTEES.

Subdivision 1. Planning activities. (a) The Metropolitan Council must carry out
planning activities addressing the water supply needs of the metropolitan area as defined
in section 473.121, subdivision 2. The planning activities must include, at a minimum:
(1) development and maintenance of a base of technical information needed for
sound water supply decisions including surface and groundwater availability analyses,

water demand projections, water withdrawal and use impact analyses, modeling, and 179.1 179.2 similar studies; (2) development and periodic update of a metropolitan area master water supply 179.3 plan, prepared in cooperation with and subject to the approval of the commissioner of 179.4 natural resources policy advisory committee established in this section, that: 179.5 (i) provides guidance for local water supply systems and future regional investments; 179.6 (ii) emphasizes conservation, interjurisdictional cooperation, and long-term 179.7 sustainability; and 179.8 (iii) addresses the reliability, security, and cost-effectiveness of the metropolitan area 179.9 water supply system and its local and subregional components; 179.10 (3) recommendations for clarifying the appropriate roles and responsibilities of 179.11 local, regional, and state government in metropolitan area water supply; 179.12 (4) recommendations for streamlining and consolidating metropolitan area water 179.13 supply decision-making and approval processes; and 179.14 179.15 (5) recommendations for the ongoing and long-term funding of metropolitan area water supply planning activities and capital investments. 179.16 (b) The council must carry out the planning activities in this subdivision in 179.17 179.18 consultation with the Metropolitan Area Water Supply Policy and Technical Advisory Committee Committees established in subdivision 2 this section. 179.19 Subd. 2. Policy advisory committee. (a) A Metropolitan Area Water Supply 179.20 Policy Advisory Committee is established to assist the council in its planning activities in 179.21 subdivision 1. The policy advisory committee has the following membership: 179.22 179.23 (1) the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's designee; (2) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee; 179.24 (3) the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner's designee; 179.25 179.26 (4) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's designee; 179.27 (5) two officials of counties that are located in the metropolitan area, appointed by 179.28 the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties; 179.29 (6) five officials of noncounty local governmental units that are located in the 179.30 metropolitan area, appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of 179.31 Metropolitan Municipalities; 179.32 (7) the chair of the Metropolitan Council or the chair's designee, who is chair of the 179.33 advisory committee; and 179.34

(8) one official each from the counties of Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright, 180.1 180.2 appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties and the League of Minnesota Cities; and 180.3 (9) a representative of the Saint Paul Regional Water Services, appointed by and 180.4 serving at the pleasure of the Saint Paul Regional Water Services, and a representative 180.5 of the Minneapolis Water Department, appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the 180.6 mayor of the city of Minneapolis. 180.7 A local government unit in each of the seven counties in the metropolitan area 180.8 and Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright Counties must be represented in the 11 180.9 appointments made under clauses (5), (6), and (8). 180.10 (b) Members of the advisory committee appointed by the governor serve at the 180.11 pleasure of the governor. Members of the advisory committee serve without compensation 180.12 but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as determined by the Metropolitan 180.13 Council. The advisory committee expires December 31, 2016. 180.14 180.15 (c) The council must consider the work and recommendations of the policy advisory committee when the council is preparing its regional development framework. 180.16 Subd. 2a. Technical advisory committee. A Metropolitan Area Water Supply 180.17 Technical Advisory Committee is established to inform the policy advisory committee's 180.18 work by providing scientific and engineering expertise necessary to provide the region 180.19 an adequate and sustainable water supply. The technical advisory committee consists of 180.20 15 members appointed by the policy advisory committee, with the majority of members 180.21 representing single-city and multicity public water supply systems in the metropolitan 180.22 180.23 area and including experts in: (1) water resources analysis and modeling; 180.24 (2) hydrology; and 180.25 180.26 (3) the engineering, planning, design, and construction of water systems or water systems finance. 180.27 Members of the technical advisory committee serve at the pleasure of the policy advisory 180.28 committee, without compensation, but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as 180.29 determined by the council. 180.30 Subd. 3. Reports to legislature. (a) The council must submit reports to the 180.31 legislature regarding its findings, recommendations, and continuing planning activities 180.32 under subdivision 1. These reports shall be included in the "Minnesota Water Plan" 180.33 required in section 103B.151, and five-year interim reports may be provided as necessary. 180.34 (b) By February 15, 2017, and at least every five years thereafter, the policy advisory 180.35

180.36 committee shall report to the council, the Legislative Water Commission, and the chairs

- and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and
- 181.2 divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources with the information
- 181.3 required under this section. The policy advisory committee's report and recommendations
- 181.4 <u>must include information provided by the technical advisory committee.</u>
- 181.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
- 181.6 <u>final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,</u>
- 181.7 <u>Scott, and Washington.</u>

#### 181.8 Sec. 130. SURPLUS STATE LAND SALES.

- 181.9The school trust lands director shall identify, in consultation with the commissioner
- 181.10 of natural resources, at least \$5,000,000 in state-owned lands suitable for sale. The lands
- 181.11 identified shall not be within a unit of the outdoor recreation system under Minnesota
- 181.12 Statutes, section 86A.05, an administrative site, or trust land. The commissioner shall
- 181.13 sell at least \$3,000,000 worth of lands identified under this section by June 30, 2017.
- 181.14 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.16, subdivision 3, or any other law to the
- 181.15 contrary, the amount of the proceeds from the sale of lands that exceeds the actual expenses
- 181.16 of selling the lands must be deposited in the school trust lands account and used to
- 181.17 extinguish the school trust interest as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 92.83, on
- 181.18 school trust lands that have public water access sites or old growth forests located on them.

# 181.19 Sec. 131. <u>REQUIRED RULEMAKING; SUBSURFACE SEWAGE TREATMENT</u> 181.20 SYSTEMS.

- 181.21The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the181.22expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that set forth
- 181.23 procedures to conform with the changes to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115, under this act
- and to streamline the subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) license application and
- 181.25 renewal process in a manner that:
- 181.26(1) surety bond and insurance requirements of licensed SSTS businesses meet the181.27requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115 and section 326B.46, subdivision 2; and
- 181.28 (2) properly trained SSTS installers may complete work on a building sewer with
- 181.29 respect to the Plumbing Code and plumbing program and SSTS designers and inspectors
- 181.30 may complete work on a building sewer connected to an SSTS with respect to the
- 181.31 Plumbing Code and plumbing program.

#### 181.32 Sec. 132. WETLAND CONSERVATION ACT REPORT.

### By March 15, 2016, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the Department of Natural Resources, shall report to the committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources on the proposals to implement high priority areas for wetland replacement and in-lieu fees for replacement and modify wetland replacement siting and actions eligible for credit. In developing the report, the board and department shall consult with stakeholders and agencies.

#### 182.7 Sec. 133. ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE REGISTRATION TRANSITION.

(a) A person must have an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road
 vehicle registration and may continue to display the unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain
 vehicle or off-road vehicle registration until the electronic licensing system has been
 upgraded to conform with the amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section 84.92, under

182.12 <u>this act.</u>

182.13 (b) When the electronic licensing system has been upgraded, a person who possesses

182.14 <u>an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration may</u>

182.15 continue to display that unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle

182.16 registration until the class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration is

182.17 renewed, transferred, or replacement registration is applied for.

#### 182.18 Sec. 134. COST ANALYSIS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

(a) The commissioner of management and budget, after consultation with the
 commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, shall issue a request for proposal not to

exceed \$500,000 to contract with a nonstate entity for an engineering cost analysis of

182.22 current and recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to water quality standards182.23 and rules, including:

(1) recently adopted or proposed changes to total suspended solid, nutrient, chloride,

182.25 <u>nitrate</u>, and sulfate standards;

182.26 (2) proposed nondegradation rulemaking provisions; and

182.27 (3) proposed changes to water quality standards to incorporate a tiered aquatic

182.28 <u>life use framework.</u>

- (b) The contractor may employ engineering subcontractors serving local
- 182.30 governments to complete the analysis. The analysis must include a cost analysis for a
- 182.31 representative sample of at least 15 communities and provide an estimate of the cost impact
- 182.32 to average residential and commercial connections in those communities. The sample
- 182.33 must include a diverse set of communities based on geography, watersheds, community

183.1 size, wastewater facility types and operators, storm water system types, and other factors 183.2 to ensure the analysis is representative of the state as a whole. The analysis must include: (1) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs to maintain and upgrade 183.3 wastewater and storm water systems for existing water quality standards; 183.4 (2) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs likely to be incurred 183.5 to upgrade wastewater and storm water systems for recently adopted, proposed, or 183.6 anticipated changes to water quality standards; and 183.7 (3) an estimate of the incremental effect to overall water quality in the receiving 183.8 waters as a direct result of the recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to 183.9 water quality standards. 183.10 (c) The commissioner shall submit the analysis to the chairs and ranking minority 183.11 members of the committees and divisions of the house of representatives and senate with 183.12 jurisdiction over water quality standards no later than January 1, 2017. 183.13 (d) Any appropriation for the contract under paragraph (a) does not cancel and is 183.14 183.15 available until expended. Any money in excess of the \$500,000 needed must be paid from the agency's base budget. 183.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 183.17 Sec. 135. RED RIVER MINIMUM WATER QUALITY STANDARDS. 183.18 As part of achieving phosphorous reductions needed to protect the Red River and 183.19 Lake Winnipeg, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency shall work with the North Dakota 183.20 Department of Health and the United States Environmental Protection Agency Regions 5 183.21 and 8 and with wastewater treatment plants in the Red River Basin that discharge more 183.22 than 1,800 pounds of phosphorus per year to place wastewater treatment plants on a 183.23 183.24 schedule to achieve a one milligram per liter total phosphorus effluent limit no sooner than 2025, unless a sooner date is mutually agreed to for a treatment plant by the agencies. 183.25 183.26 Sec. 136. WILD RICE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

### (a) Until the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency amends rules refining the wild rice water quality standard in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2, to consider all independent research and publicly funded research and to include criteria for identifying waters and a list of waters subject to the standard, implementation of the wild rice water quality standard in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2, shall be limited

183.32 to the following, unless the permittee requests additional conditions:

#### (1) when issuing, modifying, or renewing national pollutant discharge elimination 184.1 184.2 system (NPDES) or state disposal system (SDS) permits, the agency shall endeavor to protect wild rice, and in doing so shall be limited by the following conditions: 184.3 (i) the agency shall not require permittees to expend money for design or 184.4 implementation of sulfate treatment technologies or other forms of sulfate mitigation; and 184.5 (ii) the agency may require sulfate minimization plans in permits; and 184.6 (2) the agency shall not list waters containing natural beds of wild rice as impaired 184.7 for sulfate under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 184.8 33, section 1313, until the rulemaking described in this paragraph takes effect. 184.9 (b) Upon the rule described in paragraph (a) taking effect, the agency may reopen 184.10 permits issued or reissued after the effective date of this section as needed to include 184.11 184.12 numeric permit limits based on the wild rice water quality standard. (c) The commissioner shall complete the rulemaking described in paragraph (a) by 184.13 January 15, 2018. 184.14

## 184.15 Sec. 137. FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 404 PERMIT PROGRAM 184.16 FEASIBILITY STUDY.

#### 184.17 (a) The Board of Water and Soil Resources and the commissioner of natural

184.18 resources shall study the feasibility of the state assuming administration of the section

184.19 404 permit program of the federal Clean Water Act. The United States Army Corps of

184.20 Engineers, St. Paul District; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall

184.21 <u>be consulted with during the development of the study. The study shall</u> identify:

184.22 (1) the federal requirements for state assumption of the 404 program;

- (2) the potential extent of assumption, including those waters that would remain under
   the jurisdiction of the United States Army Corps of Engineers due to the prohibition of 404
- assumption in certain waters as defined in section 404(g)(1) of the federal Clean Water Act;

184.26 (3) differences in waters regulated under Minnesota laws compared to waters of the

184.27 United States, including complications and potential solutions to address the current

184.28 <u>uncertainties relating to determining waters of the United States;</u>

184.29 (4) measures to ensure the protection of aquatic resources consistent with the Clean

184.30 <u>Water Act, Wetland Conservation Act, and the public waters program administered by the</u>

184.31 Department of Natural Resources;

- 184.32 (5) changes to existing state law, including changes to current implementation
- 184.33 structure and processes, that would need to occur to allow for state assumption of the
- 184.34 <u>404 program;</u>

- (6) new agency responsibilities for implementing federal requirements and
   procedures that would become the obligation of the state under assumption, including the
   staff and resources needed for implementation;
- 185.4 (7) the estimated costs and savings that would accrue to affected units of government;
- 185.5 (8) the effect on application review and approval processes and time frames;
- 185.6 (9) alternatives to assumption that would also achieve the goals of regulatory
- 185.7 simplification, efficiency, and reduced permitting times;
- 185.8 (10) options for financing any additional costs of implementation; and
- 185.9 (11) other information as determined by the board and commissioner.
- 185.10 (b) The board and commissioner shall involve stakeholders in the development of
- 185.11 the plan of study consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.101, subdivision 16.
- (c) By January 15, 2017, the board and commissioner must report the study to the
- 185.13 legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment
- 185.14 and natural resources.

#### 185.15 Sec. 138. METROPOLITAN PARKS; INTEREST EARNINGS.

- 185.16 Notwithstanding Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 5, subdivision
- 185.17 <u>2</u>, paragraph (b), and Laws 1987, chapter 384, article 3, section 45, the Metropolitan
- 185.18 Council shall use the interest earnings in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15,
- 185.19 section 5, subdivision 2, for the use and betterment of all regional recreational open space
- 185.20 lands under the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Council.
- 185.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

#### 185.22 Sec. 139. **REFUNDS; YOUTH BEAR LICENSES.**

- 185.23The commissioner of natural resources may issue refunds for youth bear licenses
- 185.24 that were purchased between August 1, 2013, and June 30, 2014, to individuals who were
- 185.25 <u>10, 11, or 12 years old at the time of purchase until June 30, 2016.</u>

#### 185.26 Sec. 140. WATER RETENTION PROJECTS.

- 185.27 By August 1, 2015, the commissioner of natural resources, in cooperation with
- 185.28 the commissioners of agriculture and the Pollution Control Agency, the Board of Water
- and Soil Resources, and other interested parties, shall develop proposals for significant
- 185.30 large-scale projects that provide flood water retention, water quality improvements,
- 185.31 <u>nutrient and sediment reduction, and wildlife habitat for submission to the Lessard-Sams</u>
- 185.32 Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, and the Legislative-Citizen Commission
- 185.33 on Minnesota Resources for funding in fiscal year 2017. Any deadlines established by the

- 186.1 Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, or the Legislative-Citizen
- 186.2 Commission on Minnesota Resources are waived for purposes of the submissions.

186.3 Sec. 141. WILD TURKEY CRITICAL HABITAT PLATE.

186.4The commissioner of natural resources and the commissioner of public safety must186.5select a design depicting wild turkey when selecting designs for the next selection of critical186.6habitat plates as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 168.1296, subdivision 2.

#### 186.7 Sec. 142. BASE BUDGET REPORT.

186.8The commissioners of agriculture, natural resources, and the Pollution Control186.9Agency shall each submit a report that contains the details of their base budgets,186.10including prior appropriation riders, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the186.11house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the186.12environment and natural resources by October 15, 2016.

#### 186.13 Sec. 143. <u>NEGATIVE SURFACE WATER IMPACTS; RECOMMENDATIONS.</u>

- By December 15, 2015, the commissioner of natural resources shall consult with 186.14 interested stakeholders and submit a report to the Legislative Water Commission and 186.15 the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate 186.16 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources 186.17 policy and finance on recommendations for statutory or rule definitions and thresholds for 186.18 negative impacts to surface waters as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 103G.285 186.19 186.20 and 103G.287, subdivision 2. Stakeholders must include but are not limited to agricultural 186.21 interests; environmental interests; businesses; community water suppliers; state, federal,
- 186.22 and local agencies; universities; and other interested stakeholders.

#### 186.23 Sec. 144. <u>RULEMAKING; SSTS; EXISTING CAMPGROUNDS AND</u>

### 186.24 **RESORTS.**

186.25(a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the186.26expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, to eliminate the need186.27for existing campgrounds and resorts that are open for 180 days or less per year to estimate186.28wastewater flow rates to subsurface sewage treatment systems as required by Minnesota186.29Rules, part 7081.0040, subpart 1, item B. The rules shall establish flow monitoring and186.30recording for subsurface sewage treatment systems at existing campgrounds and resorts

186.31 that are open for 180 days or less per year as provided in paragraphs (b) to (f).

187.1	(b) The rules shall provide that existing campgrounds and resorts are allowed to use		
187.2	the following flow measurement methods:		
187.3	(1) sewage lift station pump with runtime meter and counter;		
187.4	(2) sewage flow meter;		
187.5	(3) flow meters on wells; and		
187.6	(4) water softener system with flow measurement when the measurement includes		
187.7	all flow to the subsurface soil treatment system, including backwash.		
187.8	(c) The measured flow rate must include the total of all treatment systems that are		
187.9	located on the resort or campground. If fewer than 25 percent of the systems are not		
187.10	measured, an average of the metered systems can be used to determine the flow from		
187.11	the unmetered systems.		
187.12	(d) A daily flow rate and daily campground occupancy rate must be recorded for a		
187.13	minimum of two weeks, centered on and including July 4. Weekly monitoring must also		
187.14	be done for an additional continuous two weeks prior and two weeks following July 4.		
187.15	5 (e) If no flow data exists, the existing campground or resort owner or operator shall		
187.16	6 implement an acceptable flow measurement plan and start measuring and recording flow		
187.17	data within 120 days of notification.		
187.18	(f) Flow measurement devices must be calibrated before start-up of monitoring and		
187.19	another calibration during the test to verify results.		
187.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
187.21	Sec. 145. RULEMAKING; SEPTIC SYSTEM PROFESSIONALS;		
187.22	ELIGIBILITY.		
187.23	The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the		
187.24	expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, to create a procedure		
187.25	for previously or currently certification-eligible septic system professionals to apply to		
187.26	re-establish or maintain certification eligibility. The conditional eligibility shall begin upon		
187.27	acceptance of an application by the Pollution Control Agency and end upon completion of		
187.28	recertification procedures, including completion of necessary continuing education and		
187.29	examinations. The length of the conditional eligibility shall be limited to one year.		
187.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
187.31	Sec. 146. INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION; WAIVERS.		
187.32	A soil and water conservation district must grant a conditional compliance waiver		

187.33 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.48, to landowners who have applied for and</u>

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maintained eligibility for financial assistance within one year of the dates listed in

188.2 Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.48, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), according to Minnesota

188.3 <u>Statutes, section 103F.48</u>. A conditional compliance waiver also must be granted to

188.4 landowners who are subject to a drainage proceeding commenced under Minnesota

188.5 Statutes, sections 103E.011, subdivision 5; 103E.021, subdivision 6; and 103E.715. The

188.6 <u>conditional compliance waiver is valid until financial assistance is available for buffer</u>

188.7 installation, but not later than November 1, 2018.

188.8 Sec. 147. **TRANSFERS.** 

(a) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer

188.10 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in

188.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance in the forests for the future

188.12 conservation easement account under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.68.

(b) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in

188.15 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the following amounts:

188.16 (1) \$114,840 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section

188.17 <u>2, subdivision 3, paragraph (a);</u>

188.18 (2) \$25,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5,

188.19 paragraph (a); and

188.20 (3) \$14,000 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
 188.21 paragraph (c).

188.22 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer additional

188.23 amounts from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph

188.24 (c), to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in

188.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the

188.26 <u>appropriation</u>, provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$42,000.

188.27(d) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer amounts from188.28Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), to the natural

188.29 resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes,

188.30 section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the appropriation,

188.31 provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$112,000.

(e) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer to

188.33 the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota

188.34 Statutes, section 103B.103, the following amounts:

189.1	(1) \$191,667 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section	
189.2	2, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);	
189.3	(2) \$57,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section	
189.4	2, subdivision 4, paragraph (a);	
189.5	(3) \$15,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section	
189.6	2, subdivision 4, paragraph (c);	
189.7	(4) \$48,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,	
189.8	paragraph (a);	
189.9	(5) \$1,821 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,	
189.10	paragraph (a);	
189.11	(6) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,	
189.12	paragraph (b);	
189.13	<u>(7) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,</u>	
189.14	a paragraph (e);	
189.15	5 (8) \$4,800 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 4,	
189.16	6 paragraph (d); and	
189.17	(9) \$4,500 from Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,	
189.18	paragraph (f).	
189.19	(f) The commissioner of management and budget shall continue to transfer money,	
189.20		
189.21	for conservation easement monitoring and enforcement funds to the water and soil	
189.22	conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes, section	
189.23	<u>103B.103</u> , upon closing on conservation easements, provided that total transfers to the	
189.24	account shall not exceed the "up to" amount specified in each appropriation.	
189.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.	
189.26	Sec. 148. <b>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTIONS.</b>	
189.27	(a) The revisor of statutes shall delete the range reference "88.47 to 88.53" wherever	
189.28	it appears in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and insert "88.49 to 88.53."	
189.29	(b) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes,	
189.30	section 103G.005, to retain alphabetical order and shall correct cross-references to the	
189.31	renumbered subdivisions.	
189.32	Sec. 149. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.	

189.33The revisor of statutes shall prepare draft legislation to amend statutes to conform189.34with structural changes to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency under sections 110

- to 113 and 147. The revisor shall submit the proposed legislation to the chairs of the 190.1 190.2 house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over environment policy by January 1, 2016. 190.3 Sec. 150. REPEALER. 190.4 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 84.68; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2, 190.5 and 10; 88.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; and 282.013, are repealed. 190.6 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.13, subdivisions 2 and 4, are repealed. 190.7 (c) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 190.8 10, are repealed. 190.9 (d) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 103F.421, subdivision 5; 103F.451; and 190.10 114D.50, subdivision 4a, are repealed. 190.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) of this section is effective the day following 190.12 final enactment. 190.13 **ARTICLE 5** 190.14 GAME AND FISH 190.15 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.027, subdivision 13a, is amended to read: 190.16 Subd. 13a. Game and fish expedited permanent rules. (a) In addition to the 190.17 authority granted in subdivision 13, the commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules 190.18 under section 14.389 that are authorized under: 190.19 (1) chapters 97A, 97B, and 97C to describe zone or permit area boundaries, to 190.20 designate fish spawning beds or fish preserves, to select hunters or anglers for areas, 190.21 to provide for registration of game or fish, to prevent or control wildlife disease, or to 190.22 correct errors or omissions in rules that do not have a substantive effect on the intent or 190.23 application of the original rule; or 190.24 190.25 (2) section 84D.12 to list prohibited invasive species, regulated invasive species, and unregulated nonnative species. 190.26 (b) The commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules under section 14.389 190.27 that are authorized under chapters 97A, 97B, and 97C, for purposes in addition to those 190.28 listed in paragraph (a), clause (1), subject to the notice and public hearing provisions 190.29
- of section 14.389, subdivision 5. 190.30
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 190.31
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.0274, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 190.32

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191.1 Subd. 3. Condemnation limits. No lands shall be acquired by the commissioner

of natural resources by means of condemnation unless the owner requests that the

191.3 owner's lands be condemned or the condemnation is specifically authorized by law.

191.4 Notwithstanding subdivision 5, paragraph (g), and sections 117.52 and 117.521, the owner

191.5 shall not be paid relocation costs when the owner requests that their lands be condemned.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.0274, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Owner's rights. When the state proposes to purchase in fee or any lesser
interest in land which will be administered by the commissioner of natural resources, the
landowner shall have the following rights:

(a) the right to be informed of the specific intended use of the property and of any
change in the intended use of the property which occurs during the acquisition process.
The owner shall also be informed that the documents regarding the purchase will be public
records if the land is purchased by the state;

(b) the right to be paid a fair price for the property. The price shall include thefair market value of the land plus:

(1) all necessary incidental costs such as abstracting and recording fees related
to the sale. The costs of clearing title defects, paying taxes, and attorney's fees are not
reimbursable; and

(2) any penalties incurred by the owner where the property is security for a loan or
advance of credit that contains a provision requiring or permitting the imposition of a
penalty if the loan or advance of credit is prepaid;

(c) the right to payment, at the owner's election, in a lump sum or in up to fourannual installments;

(d) the right to have the property fairly appraised by the state. The state's appraiser
shall physically inspect the property and the owner shall be allowed to accompany the
appraiser when the appraisal is made. The state's appraiser shall certify in the appraisal
report to having physically inspected the property and having given the landowner an
opportunity to accompany the appraiser on inspections. Notwithstanding section 13.44,
subdivision 3, before an offer is made, the landowner shall be informed of the value
determined pursuant to section 84.0272;

(e) the right to retain a qualified independent appraiser to conduct an appraisal at any
time prior to certification of the state's appraisal of the property and to be reimbursed for
appraisal fees as provided in section 117.232, subdivision 1, if the land is sold to the state
and to have that appraisal considered along with the state's in certifying the selling price
and the right to be reimbursed for appraisal fees up to \$1,500 if the land is sold to the state;

(f) the right to have the state acquire the property by means of condemnation uponthe owner's request with the agreement of the commissioner;

(g) when the property is being acquired by condemnation or the condemnation is
specifically authorized by law, the right to receive or waive relocation assistance, services,
payments and benefits as provided in sections 117.52 and 117.521 and to contest the state's
offer for relocation and moving expenses;

(h) the right to accept the state's offer for the property and contest the state's offer for
relocation and moving expenses;

(i) the right to continue occupancy of the property until full payment is received,
provided that when the owner elects to receive payment in annual installments pursuant to
clause (c), the owner may retain occupancy until the first payment is made; and

192.12 (j) the right to seek the advice of counsel regarding any aspect of the land transaction.

192.13 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

192.14 Subd. 3. **Bait harvest from infested waters.** (a) Taking wild animals from infested 192.15 waters for bait or aquatic farm purposes is prohibited, except as provided in paragraph (b)<sub>2</sub> 192.16 (c), or (d), and section 97C.341.

(b) In waters that are listed as infested waters, except those listed because they
contain as infested with prohibited invasive species of fish or certifiable diseases of fish, as
defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6, taking wild animals may be permitted for:

(1) commercial taking of wild animals for bait and aquatic farm purposes according
to as provided in a permit issued under section 84D.11, subject to rules adopted by the
commissioner; and

(2) bait purposes for noncommercial personal use in waters that contain Eurasian
water milfoil, when the infested waters are listed solely because they contain Eurasian
water milfoil and if the equipment for taking is limited to cylindrical minnow traps not
exceeding 16 inches in diameter and 32 inches in length; and.

(3) (c) In streams or rivers that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as
infested with certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6,
the harvest of bullheads, goldeyes, mooneyes, sheepshead (freshwater drum), and suckers
for bait from streams or rivers listed as infested waters, by hook and line for noncommercial
personal use. Other provisions that apply to this clause are is allowed as follows:

(i) (1) fish taken under this elause paragraph must be used on the same body of water
where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river or stream is divided by
barriers such as dams, the fish must be caught and used on the same section of the river

192.35 or stream;

193.1	(ii) (2) fish taken under this elause paragraph may not be transported live from or	
193.2	off the water body;	
193.3	(iii) (3) fish harvested under this elause paragraph may only be used in accordance	
193.4	with this section;	
193.5	$\frac{(iv)}{(4)}$ any other use of wild animals used for bait from infested waters is prohibited;	
193.6	(v) (5) fish taken under this elause paragraph must meet all other size restrictions	
193.7	and requirements as established in rules; and	
193.8	(vi) (6) all species listed under this elause paragraph shall be included in the person's	
193.9	daily limit as established in rules, if applicable.	
193.10	(d) In the Mississippi River downstream of St. Anthony Falls and the St.	
193.11	Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls, including portions described as	
193.12	Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules, part 6266.0500, subpart 1,	
193.13	items A and B, the harvest of gizzard shad by cast net for noncommercial personal use as	
193.14	4 bait for angling, as provided in a permit issued under section 84D.11, is allowed as follows:	
193.15	5 (1) nontarget species must immediately be returned to the water;	
193.16	(2) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water	
193.17	where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river is divided by barriers	
193.18	such as dams, the gizzard shad must be caught and used on the same section of the river;	
193.19	(3) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph may not be transported off the water	
193.20		
193.21	(4) gizzard shad harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance	
193.22	with this section.	
193.23	This paragraph expires December 1, 2017.	
193.24	(e) (e) Equipment authorized for minnow harvest in a listed infested water by permit	
193.25	issued under paragraph (b) may not be transported to, or used in, any waters other than	
193.26	waters specified in the permit.	
193.27	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.201, is amended by adding a subdivision	
193.28	to read:	
193.29	Subd. 4. Construction area restrictions. The commissioner, after consulting with	
193.30	the governmental units and contractors involved in a construction project, may adopt,	
193.31	by written order, temporary water surface use controls for recreational uses at public	
193.32	construction and maintenance sites that cross or are adjacent to waters of the state for a	
193.33	period of time not to exceed the duration of the construction or maintenance project.	
193.34	Temporary controls adopted under this subdivision are exempt from the rulemaking	

193.35 requirements of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.313, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  Subdivision 1. General requirements. (a) In addition to requirements of other laws
  relating to watercraft, a person may not operate or permit the operation of a personal
  watercraft:
- 194.5 (1) without each person on board the personal watercraft wearing a United States

194.6 Coast Guard (USCG) approved Type I, II, III, or V wearable personal flotation device

194.7 with a USCG label indicating it either is approved for or does not prohibit use with

194.8 personal watercraft or water skiing;

- 194.9 (2) between one hour before sunset and 9:30 a.m.;
- 194.10 (3) at greater than slow-no wake speed within 150 feet of:
- 194.11 (i) a shoreline;
- 194.12 (ii) a dock;

194.13 (iii) a swimmer;

194.14 (iv) a raft used for swimming or diving; or

194.15 (v) a moored, anchored, or nonmotorized watercraft;

- (4) while towing a person on water skis, a kneeboard, an inflatable craft, or anyother device unless:
- 194.18 (i) an observer is on board; or

(ii) the personal watercraft is equipped with factory-installed or factory-specified

194.20 accessory mirrors that give the operator a wide field of vision to the rear;

- (5) without the lanyard-type engine cutoff switch being attached to the person,clothing, or personal flotation device of the operator, if the personal watercraft is equipped
- 194.23 by the manufacturer with such a device;
- (6) if any part of the spring-loaded throttle mechanism has been removed, altered, ortampered with so as to interfere with the return-to-idle system;

194.26 (7) to chase or harass wildlife;

194.27 (8) through emergent or floating vegetation at other than a slow-no wake speed;

(9) in a manner that unreasonably or unnecessarily endangers life, limb, or property,

including weaving through congested watercraft traffic, jumping the wake of anotherwatercraft within 150 feet of the other watercraft, or operating the watercraft while

194.31 facing backwards;

194.32 (10) in any other manner that is not reasonable and prudent; or

(11) without a personal watercraft rules decal, issued by the commissioner, attachedto the personal watercraft so as to be in full view of the operator.

(b) Paragraph (a), clause (3), does not apply to a person operating a personal
watercraft to launch or land a person on water skis, a kneeboard, or similar device by the
most direct route to open water.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.313, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Dealers and rental operations. (a) A dealer of personal watercraft shall
distribute a summary of the laws and rules governing the operation of personal watercraft
and, upon request, shall provide instruction to a purchaser regarding:

195.8 (1) the laws and rules governing personal watercraft; and

195.9 (2) the safe operation of personal watercraft.

195.10 (b) A person who offers personal watercraft for rent:

(1) shall provide a summary of the laws and rules governing the operation of
personal watercraft and provide instruction regarding the laws and rules and the safe
operation of personal watercraft to each person renting a personal watercraft;

195.14 (2) shall provide a United States Coast Guard (USCG) approved Type I, II, III, or V wearable personal flotation device with a USCG label indicating it either is approved for 195.15 or does not prohibit use with personal watercraft or water skiing and any other required 195.16 195.17 safety equipment to all persons who rent a personal watercraft at no additional cost; and (3) shall require that a watercraft operator's permit from this state or from the 195.18 operator's state of residence be shown each time a personal watercraft is rented to any 195.19 person younger than age 18 and shall record the permit on the form provided by the 195.20 commissioner. 195.21

(c) Each dealer of personal watercraft or person offering personal watercraft for rent
shall have the person who purchases or rents a personal watercraft sign a form provided
by the commissioner acknowledging that the purchaser or renter has been provided a copy
of the laws and rules regarding personal watercraft operation and has read them. The form
must be retained by the dealer or person offering personal watercraft for rent for a period
of six months following the date of signature and must be made available for inspection
by sheriff's deputies or conservation officers during normal business hours.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.315, is amended to read:

#### 195.30 **86B.315 TOWING PERSON ON WATER SKIS OR OTHER DEVICE.**

Subdivision 1. Observer or mirror required. A person may not operate a
watercraft on waters of this state and create a wake for a wake surfer or tow a person on
water skis, an aquaplane, a surfboard, a saucer, or a similar device unless:

<sup>195.29</sup> 

- (1) there is another person in the watercraft in addition to the operator who is in aposition to continually observe the person being towed; or
- 196.3 (2) the boat is equipped with a mirror providing the operator a wide field of vision196.4 to the rear.
- Subd. 2. <u>Prohibited night skiing or towing prohibited activities</u>. On waters of this
  state, from one-half hour after sunset to sunrise of the following day, a person may not:
- 196.7 <u>(1) wake surf;</u>
- 196.8 (2) operate a watercraft creating a wake for a wake surfer;
- 196.9 (3) be towed by a watercraft; or
- 196.10 (4) operate a watercraft towing a person on water skis, an aquaplane, a surfboard, a
- 196.11 saucer, or another device on waters of this state from one hour after sunset to sunrise of196.12 the following day.
- 196.13 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.015, subdivision 49, is amended to read:

196.14 Subd. 49. Undressed bird. "Undressed bird" means:

- 196.15 (1) a bird, excluding including ducks, with a fully feathered wing intact; or
- 196.16 (2) a duck with a fully feathered wing and head attached; or
- 196.17 (3) a pheasant, Hungarian partridge, or wild turkey with one leg and foot intact.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.045, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 196.18 Subd. 11. Power to prevent or control wildlife disease. (a) If the commissioner 196.19 determines that action is necessary to prevent or control a wildlife disease, the 196.20 196.21 commissioner may prevent or control wildlife disease in a species of wild animal in addition to the protection provided by the game and fish laws by further limiting, closing, 196.22 expanding, or opening seasons or areas of the state; by reducing or increasing limits in 196.23 196.24 areas of the state; by establishing disease management zones; by authorizing free licenses; by allowing shooting from motor vehicles by persons designated by the commissioner; 196.25 by issuing replacement licenses for sick animals; by requiring sample collection from 196.26 hunter-harvested animals; by limiting wild animal possession, transportation, and 196.27 disposition; and by restricting wildlife feeding. 196.28

(b) The commissioner shall restrict wildlife feeding within the modified accredited
bovine tuberculosis zone proposed by the Board of Animal Health. In addition to any
other penalties provided by law, a person who violates wildlife feeding restrictions
required under this paragraph may not obtain a hunting license to take a wild animal
for two years after the date of conviction.

(c) The commissioner may prevent or control wildlife disease in a species of wild 197.1 197.2 animal in the state by posting restrictions on public access to active disease areas or by emergency rule adopted under section 84.027, subdivision 13. 197.3

197.4

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.057, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 197.5 Subdivision 1. Compliance with federal law. The commissioner shall take any 197.6 action necessary to comply with the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, United 197.7 States Code, title 16, sections 669 to 669i, and the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, 197.8 United States Code, title 16, sections 777 to 777k. Notwithstanding section 16E.145 or 197.9 any other law to the contrary, an appropriation for an information or telecommunications 197.10 197.11 technology project from the game and fish fund, as established in section 97A.055, must be made to the commissioner. Any assets acquired with or expenditures made from the 197.12 game and fish fund must remain under control of the commissioner. 197.13

197.14

197.24

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

197.15 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Notice to appear in court. (a) A person must be given notice to 197.16 appear in court for a misdemeanor violation of the game and fish laws; chapter 84, 84D, 197.17 103E, or 103G; sections 103F.201 to 103F.221; or section 103F.601 or 609.68 if: 197.18

(1) the person is arrested and is released from custody prior to appearing before a 197.19 197.20 court; or

(2) the person is subject to a lawful arrest and is not arrested because it reasonably 197.21 appears to the enforcement officer that arrest is unnecessary to prevent further criminal 197.22 conduct and that there is a substantial likelihood that the person will respond to a notice. 197.23 (b) The enforcement officer shall prepare, in quadruplicate, a written or electronic

notice to appear in court as provided by Rules of Criminal Procedure and section 169.99. 197.25 The notice must be in the form and has the effect of a summons and complaint. The notice 197.26 must contain the name and address of the person charged, and the offense, and. The notice 197.27 must contain the time and the place to appear in court. The court must have jurisdiction 197.28 within the county where the offense is alleged to have been committed or must direct the 197.29 defendant to contact the court or violations bureau to schedule an appearance. 197.30

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 197.31

Subd. 2. Release after arrest. A person arrested for a misdemeanor violation of
the game and fish laws; chapter 84, 84D, 103E, or 103G; sections 103F.201 to 103F.221;
or section 103F.601 or 609.68 may obtain release by signing the written notice prepared
by the arresting officer promising to appear in court. The officer shall deliver a copy
marked "SUMMONS" notice to the person arrested. The officer must then release the
person from custody.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.255, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Each violation a separate offense; prosecution of aggregated offenses.
(a) Except as allowed in paragraph (b), each wild animal unlawfully taken, bought,
sold, transported, or possessed is a separate offense. If acquitted, a person may not be
prosecuted for a similar offense involving another animal in the same incident.
(b) In any prosecution that involves two or more offenses committed by the same

198.13 person within six months in two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted in any

198.14 <u>county in which one of the offenses was committed for all of the offenses in aggregate.</u>

198.15

15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.411, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Deer license. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a license
to take deer by archery, firearms, or muzzleloader issued after the opening of the related
archery, firearms, or muzzleloader deer season, respectively, is not valid until the second
day after unless it is was issued prior to legal shooting hours on the day of its first use.

(b) The commissioner may issue a license to take additional deer under section
97B.301, subdivision 4, that is <u>not</u> valid <u>immediately upon issuance unless it was issued</u>
prior to legal shooting hours on the day the license is first used.

(c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to deer licenses for discharged military personnelunder section 97A.465, subdivision 4.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.435, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 198.26 Subd. 4. Separate selection of eligible licensees. (a) The commissioner may 198.27 conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the turkey licenses to be issued for any 198.28 area. Only persons who are owners or tenants of and who live on at least 40 acres of land 198.29 in the permit area, and their family members who live on the qualifying land, are eligible 198.30 applicants for turkey licenses for the separate selection. The qualifying land may be 198.31 noncontiguous. Persons who are unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in 198.32 198.33 the selection for the remaining licenses. Persons who obtain a license in a separate selection must allow public turkey hunting on their land during that turkey season. A license issued
under this subdivision is restricted to the permit area where the qualifying land is located.
(b) The commissioner may by rule establish criteria for determining eligible family
members under this subdivision.

- 199.5 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.465, is amended by adding a199.6 subdivision to read:
- 199.7 Subd. 7. Residents of veterans homes. (a) A resident from a Minnesota veterans
   199.8 home may obtain a firearm or muzzleloader deer license during the season and take
   199.9 antlerless deer without a permit in all areas of the state open during the respective regular
- 199.10 firearms or muzzleloader deer seasons in any permit area. This subdivision does not
- 199.11 <u>authorize the taking of an antlerless deer by another member of a party under section</u>
- 199.12 <u>97B.301</u>, subdivision 3, in an area closed to taking antlerless deer or where the number of
- 199.13 antlerless deer that may be taken is limited by a quota on the number of permits.
- 199.14(b) A person may assist a Minnesota veterans home resident during the firearms or199.15muzzleloader deer season without having a deer hunting license, but the person may
- 199.16 <u>not shoot a deer.</u>
- 199.17 Sec. 18. **[97A.56] FERAL SWINE.**
- 199.18 Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "feral swine" means a
  199.19 member of the genus and species *Sus scrofa* that lives in the wild.
- 199.20 Subd. 2. **Prohibited actions; penalty.** (a) A person may not possess or release
- 199.21 feral swine or swine that were feral during any part of the swines' lifetime or allow feral
  199.22 swine to run at large.
- (b) A person may not hunt or trap feral swine, except as authorized by the
- 199.24 commissioner for feral swine control or eradication. It is not a violation of this section if a
- 199.25 person shoots a feral swine and reports the taking to the commissioner within 24 hours.

199.26 All swine taken in this manner must be surrendered to the commissioner.

199.27 (c) A person who violates this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- 199.28 Subd. 3. Authorized removal of feral swine. A person authorized under game and
- 199.29 fish laws to take feral swine is not liable to the owner for the value of the animals.

#### 199.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

199.31 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.041, is amended to read:

200.1	97B.041 POSSESSION OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION RESTRICTED	
200.2	IN DEER ZONES.	
200.3	(a) A person may not possess a firearm or ammunition outdoors during the period	
200.4	beginning the fifth day before the open firearms season and ending the second day after	
200.5	the close of the season within an area where deer may be taken by a firearm, except:	
200.6	(1) during the open season and in an area where big game may be taken, a firearm	
200.7	and ammunition authorized for taking big game in that area may be used to take big game	
200.8	in that area if the person has a valid big game license in possession;	
200.9	(2) an unloaded firearm that is in a case or in a closed trunk of a motor vehicle;	
200.10	(3) a shotgun and shells containing No. 4 buckshot or smaller diameter lead shot	
200.11	or steel shot;	
200.12	(4) a handgun or rifle capable of firing only rimfire cartridges of .17 and .22 caliber,	
200.13	including .22 magnum caliber cartridges;	
200.14	(5) handguns possessed by a person authorized to carry a handgun under sections	
200.15	624.714 and 624.715 for the purpose authorized; and	
200.16	(6) on a target range operated under a permit from the commissioner.	
200.17	(b) This section does not apply during an open firearms season in an area where deer	
200.18	may be taken only by muzzleloader, except that muzzle-loading firearms lawful for the	
200.19	taking of deer may be possessed only by persons with a valid license to take deer by	
200.20	muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season. While muzzleloader hunting, a person with	
200.21	a valid license to take deer by muzzleloader may not possess a firearm other than:	
200.22	(1) a muzzleloader that is legal for taking deer under section 97B.031, subdivision	
200.23	1; and	
200.24	(2) a firearm as described in paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (5).	
200.25	(c) A first violation of paragraph (a) is punishable by a warning.	
200.26	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.063, is amended to read:	
200.27	97B.063 HUNTER SATISFACTION SURVEY.	
200.28	The commissioner shall <u>annually</u> administer the collection of hunter information	
200.29	related to participation and satisfaction. This may include information on preferences,	
200.30	values, interests, participation rates and patterns, barriers to participation, or other factors.	
200.31	The data shall be collected using established social science methods. The commissioner	
200.32	shall annually submit a summary of the information gathered under this section to	
200.33	the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate	
200.34	committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources no	

201.1	later than January 1 for the preceding fiscal year. The commissioner shall also make the	
201.2	summary information available on the department's Web site.	
201.3	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:	
201.4	Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) It is not a violation of this section for a person to:	
201.5	(1) cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight, or other artificial light to take raccoons	
201.6	according to section 97B.621, subdivision 3, or tend traps according to section 97B.931;	
201.7	(2) hunt fox or coyote from January 1 to March 15 while using a handheld artificial	
201.8	light, provided that the person is:	
201.9	(i) on foot;	
201.10	(ii) using a shotgun;	
201.11	(iii) not within a public road right-of-way;	
201.12	(iv) using a handheld or electronic calling device; and	
201.13	(v) not within 200 feet of a motor vehicle; or	
201.14	(3) cast the rays of a handheld artificial light to retrieve wounded or dead big game	
201.15	5 animals, provided that the person is:	
201.16	(i) on foot; and	
201.17	(ii) not in possession of a firearm or bow.	
201.18	(b) It is not a violation of subdivision 2 for a person to cast the rays of a spotlight,	
201.19	headlight, or other artificial light to:	
201.20	(1) carry out any agricultural, safety, emergency response, normal vehicle operation,	
201.21	or occupation-related activities that do not involve taking wild animals; or	
201.22	(2) carry out outdoor recreation as defined in section 97B.001 that is not related to	
201.23	spotting, locating, or taking a wild animal.	
201.24	(c) Except as otherwise provided by the game and fish laws, it is not a violation of	
201.25	this section for a person to use an electronic range finder device from one-half hour before	
201.26	sunrise until one-half hour after sunset while lawfully hunting wild animals.	
201.27	(d) It is not a violation of this section for a licensed bear hunter to cast the rays of a	
201.28	handheld artificial light to track or retrieve a wounded or dead bear while possessing a	
201.29	firearm, provided that the person:	
201.30	(1) has the person's valid bear hunting license in possession;	
201.31	(2) is on foot; and	
201.32	(3) is following the blood trail of a bear that was shot during legal shooting hours.	
201.33	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.085, subdivision 2, is amended to read:	

- Subd. 2. **Taking unprotected wild animals; permit required.** A person may not use radio equipment to take unprotected wild animals without a permit. The commissioner may issue a permit to take unprotected animals with radio equipment. The commissioner shall cancel the permit upon receiving a valid complaint of misconduct regarding the permittee's hunting activities.
- 202.6 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.301, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 202.8Subd. 9.Residents age 84 or over may take deer of either sex. A resident age 84202.9or over may take a deer of either sex. This subdivision does not authorize the taking of an202.10antlerless deer by another member of a party under subdivision 3.

#### 202.11 Sec. 24. [97B.722] POSSESSION OF FIREARMS; HUNTING TURKEY.

202.12 (a) While afield hunting turkeys, licensees may not have in possession or control
 202.13 any firearm or bow and arrow except those defined as legal for taking turkeys in rules
 202.14 adopted by the commissioner.

202.15 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person carrying a handgun in compliance 202.16 with section 624.714.

#### 202.17 Sec. 25. [97B.9251] BEAVER SEASON.

202.18The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking beaver from202.199:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 26 in the North Zone and from 9:00 a.m. on the202.20Saturday nearest October 30 in the South Zone. The seasons shall be open until May 15.

- 202.21 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.345, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 202.23 Subd. 3a. Cast nets for gizzard shad. (a) Cast nets may be used only to take 202.24 gizzard shad for use as bait for angling:
- 202.25 (1) from July 1 to November 30; and
- 202.26 (2) from the Mississippi River downstream of St. Anthony Falls and the St.
- 202.27 Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls, including portions described as
- 202.28 Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules, part 6266.0500, subpart
- 202.29 1, items A and B, that are listed as infested waters as allowed under section 84D.03,
- 202.30 subdivision 3.

- (b) Cast nets used under this subdivision must be monofilament and may not exceed
   seven feet in diameter, and mesh size must be from three-eighths to five-eighths inch bar
   <u>measure.</u>
- (c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2017. The commissioner must report
   to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
   committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources by March 1, 2018,
   on the number of permits issued, conservation impacts from the use of cast nets, and
   recommendations for any necessary changes in statutes or rules.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.501, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Minnow dealers. (a) A person may not be a minnow dealer without a
  minnow dealer license except as provided in subdivision 3.
- (b) A minnow dealer must obtain a minnow dealer's vehicle license for each motor
  vehicle used to transport minnows. The serial number, motor vehicle license number,
  make, and model must be on the license. The license must be conspicuously displayed
  in the vehicle.
- (c) A minnow dealer may not transport minnows out of the state without an
  exporting minnow dealer license. A minnow dealer must obtain an exporting minnow
  dealer's vehicle license for each motor vehicle used to transport minnows out of the state.
  The serial number, motor vehicle license number, make, and model must be on the license.
  The license must be conspicuously displayed in the vehicle.
- (d) A person with a minnow dealer's license may sell minnows at one retail outlet.
  A minnow dealer must obtain a minnow retailer license for each additional retail outlet
  operated. A minnow dealer operating a retail outlet under a minnow dealer's license must
  list the following information for the retail outlet: name of the business; city; state; zip
  code; and legal description or fire number. The retail outlet name and location may be
  changed by making application to the commissioner.
- (e) A minnow dealer may designate employees as helpers who are authorized to
  take, buy, sell, and transport minnows on behalf of the minnow dealer. The employees
  designated as helpers must be listed on the minnow dealer's license, and a copy of the
  license designating the employee as a helper must be in the helper's possession when
  acting on behalf of the minnow dealer. The minnow dealer may add and delete helpers
  listed on the dealer's license within a license year by notifying the commissioner in writing
  of the change to the license. Employees who are acting under the direction and control of
- 203.34 the minnow dealer but who are not designated as helpers may not buy or sell minnows on

- 204.1 behalf of the minnow dealer. This paragraph does not apply to employees selling minnows
- 204.2 <u>at the retail outlet location under paragraph (d).</u>
- 204.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.

## 204.4 Sec. 28. <u>RULEMAKING; LIFTING SPEARING BANS AND NORTHERN PIKE</u> 204.5 REGULATIONS.

- 204.6 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, parts
- 204.7 <u>6262.0575</u>, subpart 9, and 6264.0400, subparts 70 and 72, to delete the language
- 204.8 prohibiting spearing.
- 204.9 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 97C.007, the commissioner of
- 204.10 <u>natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subpart 71, to delete the</u>
- 204.11 <u>language prohibiting spearing and modify the northern pike protected slot to 26 to 40 inches.</u>
- 204.12 (c) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
- 204.13 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
- 204.14 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply.
- 204.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

#### 204.16 Sec. 29. **RULEMAKING; WATER SURFACE USE RESTRICTIONS.**

- 204.17 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part
- 204.18 <u>6110.3700</u>, subpart 9, to allow a longer period of temporary special controls in situations
- 204.19 of local emergency by deleting "five" and inserting "30" and deleting "five-day" and
- 204.20 <u>inserting "30-day."</u>
- 204.21 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
- 204.22 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
- 204.23 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
- 204.24 <u>section 14.388</u>.

#### 204.25 Sec. 30. RULEMAKING; PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICES.

- 204.26 (a) To conform with changes in federal regulation, the commissioner of natural
- 204.27 resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6110.1200, subpart 3, as follows:
- 204.28 (1) delete the term "Type I, II, or III" and insert "wearable";
- 204.29 (2) delete the term "Type IV" and insert "throwable";
- 204.30 (3) delete items B and D and reletter the remaining items; and
- 204.31 (4) insert a new item that reads:
- 204.32 <u>"C. All personal flotation devices required by this subpart must be:</u>

205.1	(1) approved by the U.S. Coast Guard;		
205.2	(2) legibly marked with any requirements and the approval number issued by the		
205.3	U.S. Coast Guard;		
205.4	(3) in serviceable condition free of tears, rot, punctures, or waterlogging, and with		
205.5	all straps and fasteners present and in good condition;		
205.6	(4) of the appropriate size for the intended wearer, if the device is designed to be worn		
205.7	and in compliance with any requirements listed on the U.S. Coast Guard approval label;		
205.8	(5) for wearable devices, either readily accessible or worn, except when:		
205.9	(a) devices are required to be worn to be accepted as U.S. Coast Guard-approved; or		
205.10	(b) wearing a U.S. Coast Guard-approved wearable personal flotation device is		
205.11	mandatory; and		
205.12	(6) for throwable devices, immediately available.		
205.13	"Readily accessible" means easily retrievable within a reasonable amount of time		
205.14	in an emergency. "Immediately available" means easily reached in time of emergency.		
205.15	Personal flotation devices located in locked containers, under heavy objects, or left in		
205.16	shipping bags are not considered readily accessible or immediately available."		
205.17	(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,		
205.18	section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota		
205.19	Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,		
205.20	section 14.388.		
205.21	Sec. 31. RULEMAKING; MOTORIZED TRAIL ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.		
205.22	(a) The Environmental Quality Board shall amend Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410, to		
205.23	allow the following without preparing a mandatory environmental assessment worksheet:		
205.24	(1) constructing a recreational trail less than 25 miles long on forested or other		
205.25	naturally vegetated land for a recreational use;		
205.26	(2) adding a new motorized recreational use or a seasonal motorized recreational		
205.27	use to an existing motorized recreational trail if the treadway width is not expanded as a		
205.28	result of the added use; and		
205.29	(3) designating an existing, legally constructed route, such as a logging road, for		
205.30	motorized recreational trail use.		
205.31	(b) The board may use the good cause exemption rulemaking procedure under		
205.32	Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this		
205.33	section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under		
205.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.		

206.1 Sec. 32. **REPEALER.** 

206.2 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.475, subdivision 25, is repealed.

- 206.3 (b) Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subparts 27 and 28, are repealed.
- 206.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) is effective July 1, 2015."

206.5 Amend the title as follows:

206.6 Page 1, delete lines 2 to 17

Page 1, line 18, delete everything before "amending" and insert "relating to state 206.7 government; appropriating money for agriculture, environment, and natural resources; 206.8 modifying public entity purchasing requirements; modifying solid waste provisions; 206.9 modifying subsurface sewage treatment systems provisions; modifying Dry Cleaner 206.10 Environmental Response and Reimbursement Law; modifying environmental review; 206.11 206.12 modifying structure of Minnesota Pollution Control Agency; modifying disposition of certain revenue; providing for temporary water surface use controls; providing for riparian 206.13 206.14 buffers; providing for self-reporting of certain environmental violations; modifying compensable losses due to harmful substances; modifying invasive species provisions; 206.15 modifying landowners' bill of rights; modifying state parks and trails provisions; 206.16 206.17 modifying recreational vehicle provisions; modifying land sale and acquisition provisions; modifying forestry and timber provisions; modifying regulation of camper cabins and bunk 206.18 houses; providing for all-terrain vehicle safety training indication on drivers' licenses and 206.19 identification cards; creating accounts; modifying certain grant, permit, and fee provisions; 206.20 modifying Water Law; modifying personal flotation device provisions; regulating wake 206.21 206.22 surfing; modifying game and fish laws; modifying metropolitan area water supply planning provisions; regulating water quality standards; making policy and technical changes to 206.23 various agricultural related provisions, including provisions related to pesticides, plant 206.24 206.25 protection, fertilizers, nursery law, seeds, dairy, food handlers, food, farmland, farming, and loans; authorizing the Industrial Hemp Development Act; modifying license exclusions 206.26 for the direct sale of certain prepared food; establishing the agriculture research, education, 206.27 extension, and technology transfer grant program; providing incentive payments; providing 206.28 a vocational training pilot program; establishing the farm opportunity loan program; 206.29 requiring studies and reports; requiring rulemaking; providing criminal penalties;" 206.30 206.31 Correct the title numbers accordingly

	We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.		
	House Conferees:		
	Denny McNamara	Rod Hamilton	
		Rod Hamilton	
	Tom Hackbarth	Dan Fabian	
	David Dill		
	Senate Conferees:		
)			
1	David J. Tomassoni	Dan Sparks	
2			
3	John A. Hoffman	John Marty	
4			
5	Bill Weber		