SF2893 REVISOR JRM S2893-2 2nd Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETIETH SESSION

S.F. No. 2893

(SENATE AUTHORS:	WESTROM)
------------------	----------

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/01/2018	6246	Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Agriculture, Rural Development, and Housing Policy
03/14/2018	6474a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Agriculture, Rural Development, and Housing
		Finance
04/19/2018	7334a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance
		Rule 21, referred to Rules and Administration
04/23/2018	7887	Comm report: Adopt previous comm report
		See SF3536, Sec. 16-17, 19

1.1 A bill for an act

relating to state government; providing for financing of agriculture, rural 1.2 development, and housing; modifying agriculture, rural development, and housing 13 provisions; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1.4 2016, sections 17.494; 17.4982, by adding subdivisions; 18.83, subdivision 7; 1.5 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18C.80, subdivision 2; 21.89, subdivision 2; 41A.16, 1.6 subdivisions 1, 2; 41A.17, subdivisions 1, 2; 103H.275, subdivision 1; 327.31, by 1.7 adding a subdivision; 327C.095, subdivisions 4, 6, 12, 13, by adding a subdivision; 1.8 462A.33, subdivisions 1, 2; 462A.37, subdivisions 1, 2; 474A.02, by adding 1.9 subdivisions; 474A.03, subdivision 1; 474A.04, subdivision 1a; 474A.047, 1.10 subdivision 2; 474A.061, subdivisions 1, 2a, 2b, 2c, 4, by adding subdivisions; 1.11 474A.062; 474A.091, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, by adding a subdivision; 474A.131, 1.12 subdivisions 1, 1b, 2; 474A.14; Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, sections 1.13 18C.70, subdivision 5; 18C.71, subdivision 4; 462A.2035, subdivisions 1, 1b; 1.14 Laws 2017, chapter 88, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2; proposing coding for 1.15 new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 327. 1.16

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.18 ARTICLE 1

AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

1.17

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

1.25

1.26

1.27

1.28

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to the appropriations in Laws 2017, chapter 88, or appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The figures "2018" and "2019" used in this article mean that the addition to the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, or June 30, 2019, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2018. "The second year" is fiscal year 2019. Appropriations for fiscal year 2018 are effective the day following final enactment.

					C
2.1				APPROPRIATIO	<u>ONS</u>
2.2				Available for the Y	<u>Year</u>
2.3				Ending June 3	<u>0</u>
2.4				<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
2.5	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF	AGRICUL	<u>ΓURE.</u> <u>\$</u>	<u></u> §	<u></u>
2.6	(a) \$200,000 the second year	is for additio	<u>onal</u>		
2.7	statewide mental health couns	seling suppor	t to		
2.8	farm families and business op	perators. This	<u>S</u>		
2.9	amount is added to the approp	oriation in La	aws_		
2.10	2017, chapter 88, article 1, se	ection 2,			
2.11	subdivision 5, paragraph (h),	and to the			
2.12	department's base budget.				
2.13	(b) \$200,000 the second year	is a reduction	n to		
2.14	the administration and financi				
2.14	division.	tar assistance	<u>-</u>		
2.13	division.				
2.16	Sec. 3. Laws 2017, chapter	88, article 1,	section 2, subd	ivision 2, is amende	d to read:
2.17	Subd. 2. Protection Services			17,821,000	17,825,000
2.18	Appropriations	s by Fund			
2.19	201	·	2019		
2.20			17,428,000		
2.21	,	393,000	397,000		
2 22	(a) \$25,000 the first year and	\$25,000 the			
2.22	(a) \$25,000 the first year and				
2.23	second year are to develop an		1		
2.24	cottage food license exemption	on outreach a	and		
2.25	training materials.				
2.26	(b) \$75,000 the first year and	\$75,000 the			
2.27	second year are to coordinate	the correction	onal		
2.28	facility vocational training program and to				
2.29	assist entities that have explore	ed the feasibi	lity		
2.30	of establishing a USDA-certif	fied or state			
2.31	"equal to" food processing facility within 30				
2.32	miles of the Northeast Region	nal Correctio	ns		
2.33	Center.				

SF2893

REVISOR

JRM

S2893-2

2nd Engrossment

3.1	(c) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
3.2	second year are for additional funding for the
3.3	noxious weed and invasive plant program.
3.4	These are onetime appropriations.
3.5	(d) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
3.6	second year are for transfer to the pollinator
3.7	habitat and research account in the agricultural
3.8	fund. These are onetime transfers.
3.9	(e) \$393,000 the first year and \$397,000 the
3.10	second year are from the remediation fund for
3.11	administrative funding for the voluntary
3.12	cleanup program.
3.13	(f) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the
3.14	second year are for the industrial hemp pilot
3.15	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
3.16	18K.09. These are onetime appropriations.
3.17	(g) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the
3.18	second year are for compensation for
3.19	destroyed or crippled livestock under
3.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. This
3.21	appropriation may be spent to compensate for
3.22	livestock that were destroyed or crippled
3.23	during fiscal year 2017. If the amount in the
3.24	first year is insufficient, the amount in the
3.25	second year is available in the first year. The
3.26	commissioner may use up to \$5,000 of this

3.31 (h) \$155,000 the first year and \$155,000 the
3.32 second year are for compensation for crop
3.33 damage under Minnesota Statutes, section

3.7371. If the amount in the first year is

appropriation the second year to reimburse

expenses incurred by university extension

agents to provide fair market values of

destroyed or crippled livestock.

3.27

3.28

3.29

3.30

insufficient, the amount in the second year is

available in the first year. The commissioner

may use up to \$30,000 of the appropriation

each year to reimburse expenses incurred by

4.5 the commissioner or the commissioner's

approved agent to investigate and resolve

4.7 claims.

4.4

4.6

4.9

4.12

4.16

4.17

4.21

4.22

4.24

4.27

4.8 If the commissioner determines that claims

made under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737

or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts

appropriated for either program may be

transferred to the appropriation for the other

4.13 program.

4.14 (i) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the

second year are to expand current capabilities

for rapid detection, identification, containment,

control, and management of high priority plant

4.18 pests and pathogens. These are onetime

4.19 appropriations.

4.20 (j) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the

second year are for transfer to the noxious

weed and invasive plant species assistance

4.23 account in the agricultural fund to award

grants to local units of government under

4.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 18.90, with

4.26 preference given to local units of government

responding to Palmer amaranth or other weeds

on the eradicate list. These are onetime

4.29 transfers.

4.30 (k) \$120,000 the first year and \$120,000 the

4.31 second year are for wolf-livestock conflict

prevention grants under article 2, section 89.

4.33 The commissioner must submit a report to the

4.34 chairs and ranking minority members of the

4.35 legislative committees with jurisdiction over

5.1	agriculture policy and finance by January 15,
5.2	2020, on the outcomes of the wolf-livestock
5.3	conflict prevention grants and whether
5.4	livestock compensation claims were reduced
5.5	in the areas that grants were awarded. These
5.6	are onetime appropriations.
5.7	ARTICLE 2
5.8	AGRICULTURE STATUTORY CHANGES
5.9	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 17.494, is amended to read:
5.10	17.494 AQUACULTURE PERMITS; RULES.
5.11	(a) The commissioner shall act as permit or license coordinator for aquatic farmers and
5.12	shall assist aquatic farmers to obtain licenses or permits.
5.13	By July 1, 1992, (b) A state agency issuing multiple permits or licenses for aquaculture
5.14	shall consolidate the permits or licenses required for every aquatic farm location. The
5.15	Department of Natural Resources transportation permits are exempt from this requirement.
5.16	State agencies shall adopt rules or issue commissioner's orders that establish permit and
5.17	license requirements, approval timelines, and compliance standards. Saltwater aquatic farms,
5.18	as defined in section 17.4982, and processing facilities for saltwater aquatic life, as defined
5.19	in section 17.4982, must be classified as agricultural operations for purposes of any
5.20	construction, discharge, or other permit issued by the Pollution Control Agency.
5.21	Nothing in this section modifies any state agency's regulatory authority over aquaculture
5.22	production.
5.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 17.4982, is amended by adding a subdivision to
5.24	read:
5.25	Subd. 20a. Saltwater aquaculture. "Saltwater aquaculture" means the commercial
5.26	propagation and rearing of saltwater aquatic life including, but not limited to, crustaceans,
5.27	primarily for consumption as human food.
5.28	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 17.4982, is amended by adding a subdivision to
5.29	read:
5.30	Subd. 20b. Saltwater aquatic farm. "Saltwater aquatic farm" means a facility used for
5.31	saltwater aquaculture including but not limited to artificial ponds, vats, tanks, raceways,

SF2893

REVISOR

JRM

S2893-2

2nd Engrossment

and other facilities that an aquatic farmer owns or has exclusive control of for the sole
purpose of producing saltwater aquatic life.
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 17.4982, is amended by adding a subdivision to
read:
Subd. 20c. Saltwater aquatic life. "Saltwater aquatic life" means aquatic species that
are saltwater obligates or perform optimally when raised in salinities closer to that of natural
seawater and need saltwater to survive.
Sec. 5. [17.499] TRANSPORTATION OR IMPORTATION OF SALTWATER
AQUATIC LIFE; QUARANTINE REQUIREMENT.
Subdivision 1. Purpose. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to increase
private saltwater aquaculture production and processing in this state under the coordination
of the commissioner of agriculture. Additional private production will reduce dependence
on foreign suppliers and benefit the rural economy by creating new jobs and economic
activity.
Subd. 2. Transportation permit. (a) Notwithstanding the requirements in section
17.4985, saltwater aquatic life transportation and importation requirements are governed
by this section. A transportation permit is required prior to any importation or intrastate
transportation of saltwater aquatic life not exempted under subdivision 3. A transportation
permit may be used for multiple shipments within the 30-day term of the permit if the source
and the destination remain the same. Transportation permits must be obtained from the
commissioner prior to shipment of saltwater aquatic life.
(b) An application for a transportation permit must be made in the form required by the
commissioner. The commissioner may reject an incomplete application.
(c) An application for a transportation permit must be accompanied by satisfactory
evidence, as determined by the commissioner, that the shipment is free of any nonindigenous
species of animal other than the saltwater aquatic species and either:
(1) the facility from which the saltwater aquatic life originated has provided
documentation of 36 or more consecutive months of negative testing by an approved
laboratory as free of any disease listed by OIE - the World Organisation for Animal Health

or

6.31

6.32

Code for crustaceans or the AFS Fish Health Blue Book for other species, as appropriate;

JRM

7.1	(2) the saltwater aquatic life to be imported or transported includes documentation of
7.2	negative testing for that specific lot by an approved laboratory as free of any disease listed
7.3	by OIE - the World Organisation for Animal Health for crustaceans or in the AFS Fish
7.4	Health Blue Book for other species, as appropriate.
7.5	If a shipment authorized by the commissioner under clause (1) includes saltwater aquatic
7.6	life that originated in a foreign country, the shipment must be quarantined at the receiving
7.7	facility according to a quarantine plan approved by the commissioner. A shipment authorized
7.8	by the commissioner under clause (2) must be quarantined at the receiving facility according
7.9	to a quarantine plan approved by the commissioner.
7.10	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved
7.11	by the commissioner or the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant
7.12	Health Inspection Services.
7.13	(e) No later than 14 calendar days after a completed transportation permit application
7.14	is received, the commissioner must approve or deny the transportation permit application.
7.15	(f) A copy of the transportation permit must accompany a shipment of saltwater aquation
7.16	life while in transit and must be available for inspection by the commissioner.
7.17	(g) A vehicle used by a licensee for transporting aquatic life must be identified with the
7.18	license number and the licensee's name and town of residence as it appears on the license
7.19	A vehicle used by a licensee must have identification displayed so that it is readily visible
7.20	from either side of the vehicle in letters and numbers not less than 2-1/2 inches high and
7.21	three-eighths inch wide. Identification may be permanently affixed to vehicles or displayed
7.22	on removable plates or placards placed on opposite doors of the vehicle or on the tanks
7.23	carried on the vehicle.
7.24	(h) An application to license a vehicle for brood stock or larvae transport or for use as
7.25	a saltwater aquatic life vendor that is received by the commissioner is a temporary license
7.26	until approved or denied by the commissioner.
7.27	Subd. 3. Exemptions. (a) A transportation permit is not required to transport or impor-
7.28	saltwater aquatic life:
7.29	(1) previously processed for use as food or other purposes unrelated to propagation;
7.30	(2) transported directly to an outlet for processing as food or for other food purposes in
7.31	accompanied by shipping documents;
7.32	(3) that is being exported if accompanied by shipping documents;

8.2

83

8.4

8.5

8.6

8.7

8.8

8.9

8.10

8.11

8.12

8.13

8.14

8.15

8.16

8.17

8.18

8.19

8.20

8.21

8.22

8.23

8.24

8.25

8.26

8.27

8.28

8.29

8.30

8.31

8.32

	(4) that is being	ng transported	through th	e state if	accompanie	d by shipping	g documents;
or							
or							

JRM

- (5) transported intrastate within or between facilities licensed for saltwater aquaculture by the commissioner if accompanied by shipping documents.
- (b) Shipping documents required under paragraph (a) must include the place of origin, owner or consignee, destination, number, species, and satisfactory evidence, as determined by the commissioner, of the disease-free certification required under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2).
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 18.83, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Expenses; reimbursements. A claim for the expense of controlling or eradicating noxious weeds, which may include the costs of serving notices, is a legal charge against the county in which the land is located. The officers having the work done must file with the county auditor a verified and itemized statement of cost for all services rendered on each separate tract or lot of land. The county auditor shall immediately issue proper warrants to the persons named on the statement as having rendered services. To reimburse the county for its expenditure in this regard, the county auditor shall certify the total amount due and, unless an appeal is made in accordance with section 18.84, enter it on the tax roll as a tax upon the land and it must be collected as other real estate taxes are collected.

If public publicly owned or managed land is involved, the amount due must be paid from funds provided money appropriated for maintenance of the land or from the general revenue or operating fund of the agency responsible for the land. Each claim for control or eradication of noxious weeds on public lands must first be approved by the commissioner of agriculture.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Payment of inspection fee. (a) The person who registers and distributes in the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.
- (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
- (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee of

9.9

9.1	39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019 2029, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer,
9.2	soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of
9.3	\$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner must deposit
9.4	all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee in the agricultural fertilizer research and
9.5	education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to manufacturers or
9.6	exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision
9.7	if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.

- (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period of three years.
- 9.11 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 18C.70, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 9.13 Subd. 5. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2020 2030.
- 9.14 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 18C.71, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 9.16 Subd. 4. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2020 2030.
- 9.17 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 18C.80, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 9.18 Subd. 2. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2020 2030.
- 9.19 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Permits; issuance and revocation.** The commissioner shall issue a permit to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92. The categories of permits are as follows:
- yaar caargaaaa aa paasaa aa aa aa aa
- 9.24 (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each calendar 9.25 year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph 9.26 (b);
- 9.27 (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for use 9.28 in home gardens or household plantings, and initial labelers who sell native grasses and 9.29 wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities, an annual permit issued for a fee

10.2

10.3

10.4

10.5

10.6

10.7

10.8

10.9

10.10

10.11

10.12

10.13

10.14

10.15

10.16

10.17

10.18

10.19

10.20

10.21

10.22

10.23

10.24

10.25

10.26

10.27

established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross sales from the previous year; and

JRM

(3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed each calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure to comply with applicable laws and rules.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 41A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the state border, raw materials may be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and must not begin operating above 23,750 1,500 MMbtu of quarterly advanced biofuel production before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding advanced biofuel production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and facilities. Production of conventional corn ethanol and conventional biodiesel is not eligible. Eligible advanced biofuel facilities must produce at least 23,750 1,500 MMbtu of advanced biofuel quarterly.
- (b) No payments shall be made for advanced biofuel production that occurs after June 30, 2035, for those eligible biofuel producers under paragraph (a).
- (c) An eligible producer of advanced biofuel shall not transfer the producer's eligibility 10.28 for payments under this section to an advanced biofuel facility at a different location. 10.29
- (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments 10.30 under this section until the producer resumes production. 10.31

11.2

11.3

11.4

11.5

11.6

11.7

11.8

11.9

11.10

11.11

11.12

11.13

11.14

11.15

11.16

11.17

11.19

11.20

11.21

11.22

11.23

11.24

11.25

11.26

11.27

11.28

11.29

11.30

- (e) Renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under section 41A.17, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section.
 - (f) Biobutanol is eligible under this section.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 41A.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Payment amounts; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments to eligible producers of advanced biofuel. The amount of the payment for each eligible producer's annual production is \$2.1053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from cellulosic biomass, and \$1.053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from sugar or, starch, oil, or animal fat at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
- (b) Total payments under this section to an eligible biofuel producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 2,850,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. Total payments under this section to all eligible biofuel producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 17,100,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of available funding.
- (c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than one advanced biofuel facility is considered a single eligible producer.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 41A.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 11.18
 - Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this program must source at least 80 percent of the biobased content used to produce a renewable chemical from the state of Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the state border, the facility must source at least 80 percent of the biobased content must be sourced used to produce a renewable chemical from within a 100-mile radius of the facility. Biobased content must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and must not begin production of 750,000 250,000 pounds of chemicals quarterly before January 1, 2015 2013. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and facilities. Eligible renewable chemical facilities must produce at least 750,000 250,000 pounds of renewable chemicals quarterly. Renewable chemicals produced through processes that are fully commercial before January 1, 2000, are not eligible.

12.4

12.11

12.12

12.13

12.14

12.15

12.16

12.17

12.18

12.19

12.20

12.21

12.22

12.23

12.24

- (b) No payments shall be made for renewable chemical production that occurs after June 12.1 30, 2035, for those eligible renewable chemical producers under paragraph (a). 12.2
 - (c) An eligible producer of renewable chemicals shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this section to a renewable chemical facility at a different location.
- 12.5 (d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments under this section until the producer resumes production. 12.6
- 12.7 (e) Advanced biofuel production for which payment has been received under section 41A.16, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under section 12.8 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section. 12.9
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 41A.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 12.10
 - Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments to eligible producers of renewable chemicals located in the state. The amount of the payment for each producer's annual production is \$0.03 per pound of sugar-derived renewable chemical, \$0.03 per pound of cellulosic sugar, and \$0.06 per pound of cellulosic-derived renewable chemical produced at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
 - (b) An eligible facility producing renewable chemicals using agricultural cellulosic biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each pound produced from agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass.
 - (c) Total payments under this section to an eligible renewable chemical producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 99,999,999 pounds of renewable chemical production. Total payments under this section to all eligible renewable chemical producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 599,999,999 pounds of renewable chemical production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of available funding:
 - (1) first for production that begins on or after January 1, 2015; and
- (2) after awarding payments for all eligible capacity under clause (1), for production 12.26 that began on or after January 1, 2013, and before January 1, 2015. 12.27
- (d) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than 12.28 one renewable chemical production facility is considered a single eligible producer. 12.29

13.2

13.3

13.4

13.5

13.6

13.7

13.8

13.9

13.10

13.11

13.12

13.13

13.14

13.17

13.18

13.19

13.21

13.22

13.23

13.24

13.25

13.26

13.27

13.28

13.29

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103H.275, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

JRM

Subdivision 1. Areas where groundwater pollution is detected. (a) If groundwater pollution is detected, a state agency or political subdivision that regulates an activity causing or potentially causing a contribution to the pollution identified shall promote implementation of best management practices to prevent or minimize the source of pollution to the extent practicable.

- (b) The Pollution Control Agency, or for agricultural chemicals and practices, the commissioner of agriculture may adopt water source protection requirements under subdivision 2 that are consistent with the goal of section 103H.001 and are commensurate with the groundwater pollution if the implementation of best management practices has proven to be ineffective.
 - (c) The water resources protection requirements must be:
- (1) designed to prevent and minimize the pollution to the extent practicable;
 - (2) designed to prevent the pollution from exceeding the health risk limits; and
- (3) submitted to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction 13.15 over the environment, natural resources, and agriculture. 13.16
 - (d) The commissioner of agriculture shall not adopt water resource protection requirements under subdivision 2 for nitrogen fertilizer unless the water resource protection requirements are specifically approved by law.

13.20 **ARTICLE 3**

HOUSING STATUTORY CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 23. **Modular home.** "Modular home" means a building or structural unit of closed construction that has been substantially manufactured or constructed, in whole or in part, at an off-site location, with the final assembly occurring on site alone or with other units and attached to a foundation designed to the State Building Code and occupied as a single-family dwelling. Modular home construction must comply with applicable standards adopted in Minnesota Rules, chapter 1360 or 1361.

14.2

14.3

14.4

14.5

14.6

14.7

14.8

14.9

14.10

14.11

14.12

14.13

14.14

14.15

14.16

14.17

14.18

14.19

14.20

14.21

14.22

14.23

14.24

14.25

14.26

14.27

14.28

14.29

14.30

14.31

14.32

14.33

14.34

Sec. 2. [327.335] PLACEMENT OF MODULAR HOMES.

JRM

A modular home may be placed in a manufactured home park as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3. A modular home placed in a manufactured home park is a manufactured home for purposes of chapters 327C and 504B and all rights, obligations, and duties, under those chapters apply. A modular home may not be placed in a manufactured home park without prior written approval of the park owner. Nothing in this section shall be construed to inhibit the application of zoning, subdivision, architectural, or esthetic requirements pursuant to chapters 394 and 462 that otherwise apply to manufactured homes and manufactured home parks. A modular home placed in a manufactured home park under this section shall be assessed and taxed as a manufactured home.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327C.095, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Public hearing; relocation compensation; neutral third party. Within 60 days after receiving notice of a closure statement, the governing body of the affected municipality shall hold a public hearing to review the closure statement and any impact that the park closing may have on the displaced residents and the park owner. At the time of, and in the notice for, the public hearing, displaced residents must be informed that they may be eligible for payments from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under section 462A.35 as compensation for reasonable relocation costs under subdivision 13, paragraphs (a) and (e).

The governing body of the municipality may also require that other parties, including the municipality, but excluding the park owner or its purchaser, involved in the park closing provide additional compensation to residents to mitigate the adverse financial impact of the park closing upon the residents.

At the public hearing, the municipality shall appoint a qualified neutral third party, to be agreed upon by both the manufactured home park owner and manufactured home owners, whose hourly cost must be reasonable and paid from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. The neutral third party shall act as a paymaster and arbitrator, with decision-making authority to resolve any questions or disputes regarding any contributions or disbursements to and from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund by either the manufactured home park owner or the manufactured home owners. If the parties cannot agree on a neutral third party, the municipality will make a determination determine who shall act as the neutral third party.

The qualified neutral third party shall be familiar with manufactured housing and the requirements of this section. The neutral third party shall keep an overall receipts and cost summary together with a detailed accounting, for each manufactured lot, of the payments received by the manufactured home park owner, and expenses approved and payments disbursed to the manufactured home owners, pursuant to subdivisions 12 and 13, as well as a record of all services and hours it provided and at what hourly rate it charged to the Minnesota manufactured home trust fund. This detailed accounting shall be provided to the manufactured home park owner, the municipality, and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to be included in its yearly October 15 report as required in subdivision 13, paragraph (h), not later than 30 days after the expiration of the nine-month notice provided in the closure statement.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327C.095, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Intent to convert use of park at time of purchase. Before the execution of an agreement to purchase a manufactured home park, the purchaser must notify the park owner, in writing, if the purchaser intends to close the manufactured home park or convert it to another use within one year of the execution of the agreement. The park owner shall provide a resident of each manufactured home with a 45-day written notice of the purchaser's intent to close the park or convert it to another use. The notice must state that the park owner will provide information on the cash price and the terms and conditions of the purchaser's offer to residents requesting the information. The notice must be sent by first class mail to a resident of each manufactured home in the park. The notice period begins on the postmark date affixed to the notice and ends 45 days after it begins. During the notice period required in this subdivision, the owners of at least 51 percent of the manufactured homes in the park or a nonprofit organization which has the written permission of the owners of at least 51 percent of the manufactured homes in the park to represent them in the acquisition of the park shall have the right to meet the cash price and execute an agreement to purchase the park for the purposes of keeping the park as a manufactured housing community, provided that the owners or nonprofit organization will covenant and warrant to the park owner in the agreement that they will continue to operate the park for not less than six years from the date of closing. The park owner must accept the offer if it meets the cash price and the same terms and conditions set forth in the purchaser's offer except that the seller is not obligated to provide owner financing. For purposes of this section, cash price means the cash price offer or equivalent cash offer as defined in section 500.245, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).

15.1

15.2

15.3

15.4

15.5

15.6

15.7

15.8

15.9

15.10

15.11

15.12

15.13

15.14

15.15

15.16

15.17

15.18

15.19

15.20

15.21

15.22

15.23

15.24

15.25

15.26

15.27

15.28

15.29

15.30

15.31

16.2

16.3

16.4

16.5

16.6

16.7

16.8

16.9

16.10

16.11

16.12

16.13

16.14

16.15

16.16

16.17

16.18

16.19

16.20

16.21

16.22

16.23

16.24

16.25

16.26

16.27

16.28

16.29

16.30

16.31

16.32

16.33

16.34

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327C.095, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. (a) If a manufactured home owner is required to move due to the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park, the manufactured park owner shall, upon the change in use, pay to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under section 462A.35, the lesser amount of the actual costs of moving or purchasing the manufactured home approved by the neutral third party and paid by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), or \$3,250 for each single section manufactured home, and \$6,000 for each multisection manufactured home, for which a manufactured home owner has made application for payment of relocation costs under subdivision 13, paragraph (c). The manufactured home park owner shall make payments required under this section to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund within 60 days of receipt of invoice from the neutral third party.

- (b) A manufactured home park owner is not required to make the payment prescribed under paragraph (a), nor is a manufactured home owner entitled to compensation under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), if:
- (1) the manufactured home park owner relocates the manufactured home owner to another space in the manufactured home park or to another manufactured home park at the park owner's expense;
- (2) the manufactured home owner is vacating the premises and has informed the manufactured home park owner or manager of this prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1;
- (3) a manufactured home owner has abandoned the manufactured home, or the manufactured home owner is not current on the monthly lot rental, personal property taxes;
- (4) the manufactured home owner has a pending eviction action for nonpayment of lot rental amount under section 327C.09, which was filed against the manufactured home owner prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1, and the writ of recovery has been ordered by the district court;
- (5) the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park is the result of a taking or exercise of the power of eminent domain by a governmental entity or public utility; or

17.2

17.3

17.4

17.5

17.6

17.7

17.8

17.9

17.10

17.11

17.12

17.13

17.14

17.15

17.16

17.17

17.18

17.19

17.20

17.21

17.22

17.23

17.24

17.25

17.26

17.27

17.28

17.29

17.30

17.31

17.32

17.33

- (6) the owner of the manufactured home is not a resident of the manufactured home park, as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 9, or the owner of the manufactured home is a resident, but came to reside in the manufactured home park after the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1.
- (c) If the unencumbered fund balance in the manufactured home relocation trust fund is less than \$1,000,000 \$3,000,000 as of June 30 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall assess each manufactured home park owner by mail the total amount of \$15 for each licensed lot in their park, payable on or before September November 15 of that year. The commissioner of management Failure to notify and budget shall deposit any payments in the Minnesota timely assess the manufactured home relocation trust fund. On or before July 15 of park owner by August 30 of any year shall waive the assessment and payment obligations of the manufactured home park owner for that year. Together with said assessment notice, each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall prepare and distribute to park owners a letter explaining whether funds are being collected for that year, information about the collection, an invoice for all licensed lots, and a sample form for the park owners to collect information on which park residents have been accounted for. If assessed under this paragraph, the park owner may recoup the cost of the \$15 assessment as a lump sum or as a monthly fee of no more than \$1.25 collected from park residents together with monthly lot rent as provided in section 327C.03, subdivision 6. Park owners may adjust payment for lots in their park that are vacant or otherwise not eligible for contribution to the trust fund under section 327C.095, subdivision 12, paragraph (b), and for park residents who have not paid the \$15 assessment to the park owner by October 15, and deduct from the assessment accordingly. The commissioner of management and budget shall deposit any payments in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund.
- (d) This subdivision and subdivision 13, paragraph (c), clause (5), are enforceable by the neutral third party, on behalf of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, or by action in a court of appropriate jurisdiction. The court may award a prevailing party reasonable attorney fees, court costs, and disbursements.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327C.095, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. Change in use, relocation expenses; payments by park owner. (a) If a manufactured home owner is required to relocate due to the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a manufactured home park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park under subdivision 1, and the

18.2

18.3

18.4

18.5

18.6

18.7

18.8

18.9

18.10

18.11

18.12

18.13

18.14

18.15

18.16

18.17

18.18

18.19

18.26

18.27

18.28

18.29

18.30

manufactured home owner complies with the requirements of this section, the manufactured home owner is entitled to payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund equal to the manufactured home owner's actual relocation costs for relocating the manufactured home to a new location within a 25 50-mile radius of the park that is being closed, up to a maximum of \$7,000 for a single-section and \$12,500 for a multisection manufactured home. The actual relocation costs must include the reasonable cost of taking down, moving, and setting up the manufactured home, including equipment rental, utility connection and disconnection charges, minor repairs, modifications necessary for transportation of the home, necessary moving permits and insurance, moving costs for any appurtenances, which meet applicable local, state, and federal building and construction codes.

JRM

- (b) A manufactured home owner is not entitled to compensation under paragraph (a) if the manufactured home park owner is not required to make a payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under subdivision 12, paragraph (b).
- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (e), in order to obtain payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, the manufactured home owner shall submit to the neutral third party and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, with a copy to the park owner, an application for payment, which includes:
 - (1) a copy of the closure statement under subdivision 1;
- 18.20 (2) a copy of the contract with a moving or towing contractor, which includes the relocation costs for relocating the manufactured home;
- 18.22 (3) a statement with supporting materials of any additional relocation costs as outlined in subdivision 1;
- 18.24 (4) a statement certifying that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under subdivision 12, paragraph (b), apply to the manufactured home owner;
 - (5) a statement from the manufactured park owner that the lot rental is current and that the annual \$15 payments payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund have has been paid when due; and
 - (6) a statement from the county where the manufactured home is located certifying that personal property taxes for the manufactured home are paid through the end of that year.
- (d) The neutral third party shall promptly process all payments for completed applications within 14 days. If the neutral third party has acted reasonably and does not approve or deny payment within 45 days after receipt of the information set forth in paragraph (c), the

19.2

19.3

19.4

19.5

19.6

19.7

19.8

19.9

19.10

19.11

19.12

19.13

19.14

19.15

19.16

19.17

19.18

19.19

19.20

19.21

19.22

19.23

19.24

19.25

19.26

19.27

19.28

19.29

19.30

19.31

19.32

19.33

19.34

19.35

19.36

payment is deemed approved. Upon approval and request by the neutral third party, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall issue two checks in equal amount for 50 percent of the contract price payable to the mover and towing contractor for relocating the manufactured home in the amount of the actual relocation cost, plus a check to the home owner for additional certified costs associated with third-party vendors, that were necessary in relocating the manufactured home. The moving or towing contractor shall receive 50 percent upon execution of the contract and 50 percent upon completion of the relocation and approval by the manufactured home owner. The moving or towing contractor may not apply the funds to any other purpose other than relocation of the manufactured home as provided in the contract. A copy of the approval must be forwarded by the neutral third party to the park owner with an invoice for payment of the amount specified in subdivision 12, paragraph (a).

JRM

(e) In lieu of collecting a relocation payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under paragraph (a), the manufactured home owner may collect an amount from the fund after reasonable efforts to relocate the manufactured home have failed due to the age or condition of the manufactured home, or because there are no manufactured home parks willing or able to accept the manufactured home within a 25-mile radius. A manufactured home owner may tender title of the manufactured home in the manufactured home park to the manufactured home park owner, and collect an amount to be determined by an independent appraisal. The appraiser must be agreed to by both the manufactured home park owner and the manufactured home owner. If the appraised market value cannot be determined, the tax market value, averaged over a period of five years, can be used as a substitute. The maximum amount that may be reimbursed under the fund is \$8,000 for a single-section and \$14,500 for a multisection manufactured home. The minimum amount that may be reimbursed under the fund is \$2,000 for a single section and \$4,000 for a multisection manufactured home. The manufactured home owner shall deliver to the manufactured home park owner the current certificate of title to the manufactured home duly endorsed by the owner of record, and valid releases of all liens shown on the certificate of title, and a statement from the county where the manufactured home is located evidencing that the personal property taxes have been paid. The manufactured home owner's application for funds under this paragraph must include a document certifying that the manufactured home cannot be relocated, that the lot rental is current, that the annual \$15 payments to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund have been paid when due, that the manufactured home owner has chosen to tender title under this section, and that the park owner agrees to make a payment to the commissioner of management and budget in the amount established in subdivision 12, paragraph (a), less any documented costs submitted

20.2

20.3

20.4

20.5

20.6

20.7

20.8

20.9

20.10

20.11

20.12

20.13

20.14

20.15

20.16

20.17

20.18

20.19

20.20

20.21

20.22

20.23

20.24

20.25

20.26

20.27

20.28

20.29

20.30

20.31

to the neutral third party, required for demolition and removal of the home, and any debris or refuse left on the lot, not to exceed \$1,000 \$3,000. The manufactured home owner must also provide a copy of the certificate of title endorsed by the owner of record, and certify to the neutral third party, with a copy to the park owner, that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under subdivision 12, paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (6), apply to the manufactured home owner, and that the home owner will vacate the home within 60 days after receipt of payment or the date of park closure, whichever is earlier, provided that the monthly lot rent is kept current.

JRM

- (f) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must make a determination of the amount of payment a manufactured home owner would have been entitled to under a local ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the manufactured home owner's compensation for relocation costs from the fund under section 462A.35, is the greater of the amount provided under this subdivision, or the amount under the local ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007, that is applicable to the manufactured home owner. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to increase the liability of the park owner.
- (g) Neither the neutral third party nor the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall be liable to any person for recovery if the funds in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund are insufficient to pay the amounts claimed. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall keep a record of the time and date of its approval of payment to a claimant.
- (h) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall post on its Web site and report to the chairs of the senate Finance Committee and house of representatives Ways and Means Committee by January October 15 of each year on the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, including the aggregate account balance, the aggregate assessment payments received, summary information regarding each closed park including the total payments to claimants and payments received from each closed park, the amount of any advances to the fund, the amount of any insufficiencies encountered during the previous ealendar fiscal year, reports of neutral third parties provided pursuant to subdivision 4, and any itemized administrative charges or expenses deducted from the trust fund balance, all of which should be reconciled to the previous year's trust fund balance. If sufficient funds become available, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall pay the manufactured home owner whose unpaid claim is the earliest by time and date of approval.

JRM

21.1	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 327C.095, is amended by adding a subdivision
21.2	to read:
21.3	Subd. 16. Reporting of licensed manufactured home parks. The Department of Health
21.4	or, if applicable, local units of government that have entered into a delegation of authority
21.5	agreement with the Department of Health as provided in section 145A.07 shall provide, by
21.6	March 31 of each year, a list of names and addresses of the manufactured home parks
21.7	licensed in the previous year, and for each manufactured home park, the current licensed
21.8	owner, the owner's address, the number of licensed manufactured home lots, and other data
21.9	as they may request for the Department of Management and Budget to invoice each licensed
21.10	manufactured home park in the state of Minnesota.
21.11	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 462A.2035, subdivision 1, is amended
21.12	to read:
21.13	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The agency shall establish a manufactured home park
21.14	redevelopment program for the purpose of making manufactured home park redevelopment
21.15	grants or loans to cities, counties, community action programs, nonprofit organizations, and
21.16	cooperatives created under chapter 308A or 308B for the purposes specified in this section.
21.17	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 462A.2035, subdivision 1b, is
21.18	amended to read:
21.19	Subd. 1b. Manufactured home park infrastructure grants. Eligible recipients may
21.20	use manufactured home park infrastructure grants under this program for:
21.21	(1) <u>acquisition of and improvements in manufactured home parks; and</u>
21.22	(2) infrastructure, including storm shelters and community facilities.
21.23	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 462A.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
21.24	Subdivision 1. Created. The economic development and housing challenge program is
21.25	created to be administered by the agency.
21.26	(a) The program shall provide grants or loans for the purpose of construction, acquisition,
21.27	rehabilitation, demolition or removal of existing structures, construction financing, permanent
21.28	financing, interest rate reduction, refinancing, and gap financing of housing <u>or manufactured</u>
21.29	home parks, as defined in section 327C.01, to support economic development and
21.30	redevelopment activities or job creation or job preservation within a community or region
21.31	by meeting locally identified housing needs.

22.1 Gap financing is either:

22.2

22.3

22.4

22.5

22.6

22.7

22.8

22.9

22.10

22.11

22.12

22.13

22.14

22.15

22.16

22.17

22.19

22.20

22.21

22.22

22.23

22.24

- (1) the difference between the costs of the property, including acquisition, demolition, rehabilitation, and construction, and the market value of the property upon sale; or
- (2) the difference between the cost of the property and the amount the targeted household can afford for housing, based on industry standards and practices.
- (b) Preference for grants and loans shall be given to comparable proposals that include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost reductions, such as increased density, flexibility in site development standards, or zoning code requirements. Preference must also be given among comparable proposals to proposals for projects that are accessible to transportation systems, jobs, schools, and other services.
- (c) If a grant or loan is used for demolition or removal of existing structures, the cleared land must be used for the construction of housing to be owned or rented by persons who meet the income limits of this section or for other housing-related purposes that primarily benefit the persons residing in the adjacent housing. In making selections for grants or loans for projects that demolish affordable housing units, the agency must review the potential displacement of residents and consider the extent to which displacement of residents is minimized.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 462A.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Eligible recipients.** Challenge grants or loans may be made to a city, a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in Minnesota, a tribal housing corporation, a private developer, a nonprofit organization, or the owner of the housing or the manufactured home park, including individuals. For the purpose of this section, "city" has the meaning given it in section 462A.03, subdivision 21. To the extent practicable, grants and loans shall be made so that an approximately equal number of housing units are financed in the metropolitan area and in the nonmetropolitan area.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 462A.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Abandoned property" has the meaning given in section 117.025, subdivision 5.
- (c) "Community land trust" means an entity that meets the requirements of section 462A.31, subdivisions 1 and 2.

	SF2893 R	EVISOR	JRM	S2893-2	2nd Engrossment
23.1	(d) "Debt service	e" means the am	nount payable	in any fiscal year of pr	incipal, premium,
23.2	if any, and interest of	n housing infra	structure bond	ls and the fees, charges	s, and expenses
23.3	related to the bonds				
23.4	(e) "Foreclosed 1	property" means	s residential pr	operty where foreclos	ure proceedings
23.5	have been initiated of	or have been con	npleted and tit	le transferred or where	title is transferred
23.6	in lieu of foreclosur	e.			
23.7	(f) "Housing infi	astructure bond	s" means bond	ls issued by the agency	under this chapter
23.8	that are qualified 50	1(c)(3) bonds, v	within the mea	ning of Section 145(a)	of the Internal
23.9	Revenue Code, fina	nce qualified res	sidential renta	l projects within the m	eaning of Section
23.10	142(d) of the Intern	al Revenue Cod	e, or are tax-e	xempt bonds that are n	ot private activity
23.11	bonds, within the m	eaning of Sectio	on 141(a) of the	e Internal Revenue Co	de, for the purpose
23.12	of financing or refin	ancing affordab	ole housing aut	thorized under this cha	pter.
23.13	(g) "Internal Rev	enue Code" me	eans the Intern	al Revenue Code of 19	986, as amended.
23.14	(h) "Senior" mea	ns a person 62 y	years of age or	older with an annual	ncome not greater
23.15	than 50 percent of:				
23.16	(1) the metropol	itan area mediar	n income for p	ersons in the metropol	itan area; or
23.17	(2) the statewide	median income	e for persons o	outside the metropolita	n area.
23.18	(i) "Senior housi	ng" means hous	ing intended a	nd operated for occupa	ncy by at least one
23.19	senior per unit with	at least 80 perce	ent of the units	s occupied by at least of	one senior per unit,
	1.6 1:1.4	1.1:	C 1 11		1 41 4

- e
- and for which there is publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures that 23.20
- demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing for seniors. Senior 23.21 housing may be developed in conjunction with and as a distinct portion of mixed-income 23.22
- senior housing developments that use a variety of public or private financing sources. 23.23
- (h) (j) "Supportive housing" means housing that is not time-limited and provides or 23.24 coordinates with linkages to services necessary for residents to maintain housing stability 23.25
- and maximize opportunities for education and employment. 23.26
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 462A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 23.27
- Subd. 2. Authorization. (a) The agency may issue up to \$30,000,000 in aggregate 23.28 principal amount of housing infrastructure bonds in one or more series to which the payment 23.29 made under this section may be pledged. The housing infrastructure bonds authorized in 23.30 this subdivision may be issued to fund loans or grants for the purposes of clause (4), on 23.31

terms and conditions the agency deems appropriate, made for one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) to finance the costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of supportive housing for individuals and families who are without a permanent residence;
- (2) to finance the costs of the acquisition and rehabilitation of foreclosed or abandoned housing to be used for affordable rental housing and the costs of new construction of rental housing on abandoned or foreclosed property where the existing structures will be demolished or removed;
- 24.9 (3) to finance that portion of the costs of acquisition of property that is attributable to
 24.10 the land to be leased by community land trusts to low- and moderate-income homebuyers;
 24.11 and
 - (4) to finance that portion of the acquisition, improvement, and infrastructure of manufactured home parks under section 462A.2035, subdivision 1b, that is attributable to land to be leased to low- and moderate-income manufactured home owners;
 - (5) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of senior housing; and
 - (6) to finance the costs of acquisition and rehabilitation of federally assisted rental housing and for the refinancing of costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of federally assisted rental housing, including providing funds to refund, in whole or in part, outstanding bonds previously issued by the agency or another government unit to finance or refinance such costs.
- 24.22 (b) Among comparable proposals for permanent supportive housing, preference shall be given to permanent supportive housing for veterans and other individuals or families who:
- 24.25 (1) either have been without a permanent residence for at least 12 months or at least four times in the last three years; or
- 24.27 (2) are at significant risk of lacking a permanent residence for 12 months or at least four times in the last three years.
- 24.29 (c) Among comparable proposals for senior housing, the agency must give priority to
 24.30 requests for projects that:
- 24.31 (1) demonstrate a commitment to maintaining the housing financed as affordable to 24.32 seniors;

24.1

24.2

24.3

24.4

24.5

24.6

247

24.8

24.12

24.13

24.14

24.15

24.16

24.17

24.18

24.19

24.20

25.1	(2) leverage other sources of funding to finance the project, including the use of
25.2	low-income housing tax credits;
25.3	(3) provide access to services to residents and demonstrate the ability to increase physical
25.4	supports and support services as residents age and experience increasing levels of disability;
25.5	(4) provide a service plan containing the elements of clause (3) reviewed by the housing
25.6	authority, economic development authority, public housing authority, or community
25.7	development agency that has an area of operation for the jurisdiction in which the project
25.8	is located; and
25.9	(5) include households with incomes that do not exceed 30 percent of the median
25.10	household income for the metropolitan area.
25.11	To the extent practicable, the agency shall balance the loans made between projects in the
25.12	metropolitan area and projects outside the metropolitan area. Of the loans made to projects
25.13	outside the metropolitan area, the agency shall, to the extent practicable, balance the loans
25.14	made between projects in counties or cities with a population of 20,000 or less, as established
25.15	by the most recent decennial census, and projects in counties or cities with populations in
25.16	excess of 20,000.
25.17	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.18	to read:
25.19	Subd. 30. Preservation project. "Preservation project" means any residential rental
25.20	project, regardless of whether or not the project is restricted to persons of a certain age or
25.21	older that receive federal project-based rental subsidies. In addition, to qualify as a
25.22	preservation project, the amount of bonds requested in the application must not exceed the
25.23	aggregate bond limitation.
25.24	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.25	to read:
25.26	Subd. 31. 30 percent AMI residential rental project. "30 percent AMI residential
25.27	rental project" means a residential rental project that does not otherwise qualify as a
25.28	preservation project, is expected to generate low-income housing tax credits under section
25.29	42 of the Internal Revenue Code from 100 percent of its residential units, and: (1) in which
25.30	all the residential units of the project: (i) are reserved for tenants whose income, on average
25.31	is 30 percent of AMI or less; (ii) are rent restricted in accordance with section 42(g)(2) of
25.32	the Internal Revenue Code; and (iii) are subject to the rent and income restrictions for a

period of not less than 30 years; or (2)(i) is located within a home rule charter or statutory city located outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, with a population exceeding 500; a community that has a combined population of 1,500 residents located within 15 miles of a home rule charter or statutory city located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, and that has a current area median gross income that is less than the statewide area median income for the state of Minnesota; (ii) all of the units of the project are rent restricted in accordance with section 42(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (iii) all of the units of the project are subject to the applicable rent and income restrictions for a period of not less than 30 years. In addition, to qualify as a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, the amount of bonds requested in the application must not exceed the aggregate bond limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, "on average" means the average of the applicable income limitation level for a project determined on a unit-by-unit basis e.g., a project with one-half of its units subject to income limitations of not greater than 20 percent AMI and one-half subject to income limitations of not greater than 40 percent AMI would be subject to an income limitation on average of not greater than 30 percent AMI.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 32. **50** percent AMI residential rental project. "50 percent AMI residential rental project" means a residential rental project that does not qualify as a preservation project or a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, is expected to generate low-income housing tax credits under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code from 100 percent of its residential units, and in which all the residential units of the project: (1) are reserved for tenants whose income on average is 50 percent of AMI or less; (2) are rent restricted in accordance with section 42(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (3) are subject to the rent and income restrictions for a period of not less than 30 years. In addition, to qualify as a 50 percent AMI residential rental project, the amount of bonds requested in the application must not exceed the aggregate bond limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, "on average" means the average of the applicable income limitation level for a project determined on a unit-by-unit basis e.g., a project with one-half of its units subject to income limitations of not greater than 40 percent AMI and one-half subject to income limitations of not greater than 60 percent AMI would be subject to an income limitation on average of not greater than 50 percent AMI.

26.1

26.2

26.3

26.4

26.5

26.6

26.7

26.8

26.9

26.10

26.11

26.12

26.13

26.14

26.15

26.16

26.17

26.18

26.19

26.20

26.21

26.22

26.23

26.24

26.25

26.26

26.27

26.28

26.29

26.30

26.31

26.32

JRM

27.1	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.2	to read:
7.3	Subd. 33. 100 percent LIHTC project. "100 percent LIHTC project" means a residential
7.4	rental project that is expected to generate low-income housing tax credits under section 42
7.5	of the Internal Revenue Code from 100 percent of its residential units and does not otherwise
27.6	qualify as a preservation project, a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, or a 50 percent
7.7	AMI residential rental project. In addition, to qualify as a 100 percent LIHTC project, the
27.8	amount of bonds requested in the application must not exceed the aggregate bond limitation.
27.9	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.10	to read:
7.11	Subd. 34. 20 percent LIHTC project. "20 percent LIHTC project" means a residential
7.12	rental project that is expected to generate low-income housing tax credits under section 42
7.13	of the Internal Revenue Code from at least 20 percent of its residential units and does not
7.14	otherwise qualify as a preservation project, a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, a
7.15	50 percent AMI residential rental project, or a 100 percent LIHTC project. In addition, to
7.16	qualify as a 20 percent LIHTC project, the amount of bonds requested in the application
7.17	must not exceed the aggregate bond limitation.
7.18	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.19	to read:
7.20	Subd. 35. AMI. "AMI" means the area median income for the applicable county or
7.21	metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as
7.22	adjusted for household size.
27.23	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.24	to read:
7.25	Subd. 36. Aggregate bond limitation. "Aggregate bond limitation" means up to 55
7.26	percent of the reasonably expected aggregate basis of a residential rental project and the
7.27	land on which the project is or will be located.
.7.28	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
27.29	Subdivision 1. Under federal tax law; allocations. At the beginning of each calendar
27.30	year after December 31, 2001, the commissioner shall determine the aggregate dollar amount

28.2

28.3

28.4

28.5

28.6

28.8

28.9

28.10

28.11

28.12

28.13

28.14

28.15

28.16

28.17

28.18

28.19

28.20

28.21

28.22

28.23

28.24

28.25

28.26

28.27

28.28

28.29

28.30

28.31

of the annual volume cap under federal tax law for the calendar year, and of this amount the commissioner shall make the following allocation:

- (1) \$74,530,000 to the small issue pool;
- (2) \$122,060,000 to the housing pool, of which 31 percent of the adjusted allocation is reserved until the last Monday in July June for single-family housing programs;
- (3) \$12,750,000 to the public facilities pool; and
- 28.7 (4) amounts to be allocated as provided in subdivision 2a.

If the annual volume cap is greater or less than the amount of bonding authority allocated under clauses (1) to (4) and subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), the allocation must be adjusted so that each adjusted allocation is the same percentage of the annual volume cap as each original allocation is of the total bonding authority originally allocated.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.04, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Entitlement reservations.** Any amount returned by an entitlement issuer before <u>July June</u> 15 shall be reallocated through the housing pool. Any amount returned on or after <u>July June</u> 15 shall be reallocated through the unified pool. An amount returned after the last Monday in November shall be reallocated to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.047, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **15-year agreement.** Prior to the issuance of residential rental bonds, the developer of the project for which the bond proceeds will be used must enter into a 15-year agreement with the issuer that specifies the maximum rental rates of the rent-restricted units in the project and the income levels of the residents of the project occupying income-restricted units and in which the developer will agree to maintain the project as a preservation project, a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, a 50 percent AMI residential rental project, a 100 percent LIHTC project, or a 20 percent LIHTC project, as applicable and as described in its application. Such The rental rates and income levels must be within the limitations established under subdivision 1. The developer must annually certify to the issuer over the term of the agreement that the rental rates for the rent-restricted units are within the limitations under subdivision 1. The issuer may request individual certification of the income of residents of the income-restricted units. The commissioner may request from the issuer a copy of the annual certification prepared by the developer. The commissioner may require the issuer to request individual certification of all residents of the income-restricted units.

29.2

29.3

29.4

29.5

29.6

29.7

29.8

29.9

29.10

29.11

29.12

29.13

29.14

29.15

29.16

29.17

29.18

29.19

29.20

29.21

29.22

29.23

29.24

29.25

29.26

29.27

29.28

29.29

29.30

29.31

29.32

29.33

29.34

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

JRM

Subdivision 1. Allocation application; small issue pool and public facilities pool. (a) For any requested allocations from the small issue pool or the public facilities pool, an issuer may apply for an allocation under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department, accompanied by (1) a preliminary resolution, (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code, (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued, (4) an application deposit in the amount of one percent of the requested allocation before the last Monday in July June, or in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation on or after the last Monday in July, June; and (5) a public purpose scoring worksheet for manufacturing project and enterprise zone facility project applications, and (6) for residential rental projects, a statement from the applicant or bond counsel as to whether the project preserves existing federally subsidized housing for residential rental project applications and whether the project is restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older. The issuer must pay the application deposit by a check made payable to the Department of Management and Budget. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Rural Finance Authority, and the Minnesota Office of Higher Education may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without submitting an application deposit.

(b) An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation from the public facilities pool under this subdivision unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount of bonding authority carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, an entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.

An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation from the housing pool unless it either has permanently issued bonds equal to any amount of bonding authority carried forward from a previous year or has returned for reallocation any unused bonding authority carried forward from a previous year. For purposes of this subdivision, its entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6. This paragraph does not apply to an application from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for an allocation under subdivision 2a for cities who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf.

(c) If an application is rejected under this section, the commissioner must notify the applicant and return the application deposit to the applicant within 30 days unless the

30.2

30.3

30.4

30.5

30.6

30.7

30.8

30.9

30.10

30.11

30.12

30.13

30.14

30.15

30.16

30.17

30.18

30.19

30.20

30.21

30.22

30.23

30.24

30.25

30.26

30.27

30.28

30.29

30.30

30.31

applicant requests in writing that the application be resubmitted. The granting of an allocation of bonding authority under this section must be evidenced by a certificate of allocation.

JRM

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 1a. Allocation application; housing pool. (a) For any requested allocations from the housing pool, an issuer may apply for an allocation under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department, accompanied by: (1) a preliminary resolution; (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code; (3) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation; (4) a sworn statement from the applicant identifying the project as either a preservation project, a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, a 50 percent AMI residential rental project, a 100 percent LIHTC project, a 20 percent LIHTC project, or any other residential rental project; and (5) a certification from the applicant or the applicant's accountant stating whether the requested allocation exceeds the aggregate bond limitation. The issuer must pay the application deposit by a check made payable to the Department of Management and Budget. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without submitting an application deposit.
- (b) An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation from the housing pool unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to any amount of bonding authority carried forward from a previous year or returned for reallocation any unused bonding authority carried forward from a previous year. For purposes of this subdivision, an entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6. This paragraph does not apply to an application from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for an allocation under subdivision 2a for cities that choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf.
- (c) If an application is rejected under this section, the commissioner must notify the applicant and return the application deposit to the applicant within 30 days unless the applicant requests in writing that the application be resubmitted. The granting of an allocation of bonding authority under this section must be evidenced by a certificate of allocation.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Housing pool allocation.** (a) Commencing on the second Tuesday in January 30.32 and continuing on each Monday through July 15 June 15, the commissioner shall allocate 30.33

31.2

31.3

31.4

31.5

31.6

31.7

31.8

31.9

31.10

31.11

31.12

31.13

31.14

31.15

31.16

31.17

31.18

31.19

31.20

31.21

31.22

31.23

31.24

31.25

31.26

31.27

31.28

31.29

31.30

31.31

31.32

31.33

31.34

31.35

31.36

available bonding authority from the housing pool to applications received on or before the Monday of the preceding week for residential rental projects that meet the eligibility criteria under section 474A.047. Allocations of available bonding authority from the housing pool for eligible residential rental projects shall be awarded in the following order of priority: (1) projects that preserve existing federally subsidized housing; (2) projects that are not restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older; and preservation projects; (2) 30 percent AMI residential rental projects; (3) 50 percent AMI residential rental projects; (4) 100 percent LIHTC projects; (5) 20 percent LIHTC projects; and (6) other residential rental projects. Prior to May 15, no allocation shall be made to a project restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older. If an for which the amount of bonds requested in their respective applications do not exceed the aggregate bond limitation. If there are two or more applications for residential rental projects at the same priority level and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all the projects in any one allocation period, available bonding authority shall be randomly awarded by lot but only for projects that can receive the full amount of their respective requested allocations. If a residential rental project does not receive any of its requested allocation pursuant to this paragraph, the remaining bonding authority not allocated to the project shall be reserved by the commissioner, or by the Minnesota Housing Financing Agency if the authority is carried forward pursuant to section 474A.131, for the project for up to 24 months thereafter, and if the project applies in the future to the housing pool or unified pool for additional allocation of bonds, the project shall be fully funded up to the remaining amount of its original application request for bonding authority before any new project, applying in the same allocation period, that has an equal priority shall receive bonding authority. An issuer that receives an allocation under this paragraph does not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received within 120 days of the allocation must issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received on or before the later of 180 days of the allocation or within 18 months after the allocation date if the applicant submits an additional application deposit equal to one percent of the allocation amount on or prior to 180 days after the allocation date. If an issuer that receives an allocation under this paragraph does not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received within the time period provided in this paragraph or returns the allocation to the commissioner, the amount of the allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the housing pool or to the unified pool after July 15. 1. If an issuer that receives an allocation under this paragraph issues obligations within the time period provided in this paragraph, the commissioner shall refund 50 percent of any application deposit previously paid within 30 days of the issuance of the obligations and the remaining 50 percent of the application deposit: (i) within 30 days after the date on which IRS Form

- 8609(s) are issued with respect to projects generating low-income housing tax credits; or

 (ii) within 90 days after the issuer provides a certification and any other reasonable

 documentation requested by the commissioner evidencing that construction of the project
 has been completed.
 - (b) After January 1, and through January 15, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may accept applications from cities for single-family housing programs which meet program requirements as follows:
 - (1) the housing program must meet a locally identified housing need and be economically viable;
- (2) the adjusted income of home buyers may not exceed 80 percent of the greater of statewide or area median income as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for household size AMI;
- (3) house price limits may not exceed the federal price limits established for mortgage revenue bond programs. Data on the home purchase price amount, mortgage amount, income, household size, and race of the households served in the previous year's single-family housing program, if any, must be included in each application; and
- (4) for applicants who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf, an application fee pursuant to section 474A.03, subdivision 4, and an application deposit equal to one percent of the requested allocation must be submitted to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency before the agency forwards the list specifying the amounts allocated to the commissioner under paragraph (d). The agency shall submit the city's application fee and application deposit to the commissioner when requesting an allocation from the housing pool.
- Applications by a consortium shall include the name of each member of the consortium and the amount of allocation requested by each member.
- (c) Any amounts remaining in the housing pool after July June 15 are available for single-family housing programs for cities that applied in January and received an allocation under this section in the same calendar year. For a city that chooses to issue bonds on its own behalf or pursuant to a joint powers agreement, the agency must allot available bonding authority based on the formula in paragraphs (d) and (f). Allocations will be made loan by loan, on a first-come, first-served basis among cities on whose behalf the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency issues bonds.

32.2

32.3

32.4

32.5

32.6

32.7

32.8

32.9

32.10

32.11

32.12

32.13

32.14

32.15

32.16

32.17

32.18

32.19

32.20

32.21

32.22

32.23

32.24

32.25

32.26

32.27

32.28

32.29

32.30

32.31

33.2

33.3

33.4

33.5

33.6

33.7

33.8

33.9

33.10

33.11

33.12

33.13

33.14

33.15

33.16

33.17

33.18

33.19

33.20

33.21

33.22

33.23

33.24

33.25

33.26

33.27

33.28

33.29

33.30

33.31

33.32

33.33

33.34

Any city that received an allocation pursuant to paragraph (f) in the same calendar year that wishes to issue bonds on its own behalf or pursuant to a joint powers agreement for an amount becoming available for single-family housing programs after <u>July June</u> 15 shall notify the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency by <u>July June</u> 15. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall notify each city making a request of the amount of its allocation within three business days after <u>July June</u> 15. The city must comply with paragraph (f).

For purposes of paragraphs (a) to (h), "city" means a county or a consortium of local government units that agree through a joint powers agreement to apply together for single-family housing programs, and has the meaning given it in section 462C.02, subdivision 6. "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.

(d) The total amount of allocation for mortgage bonds for one city is limited to the lesser of: (i) the amount requested, or (ii) the product of the total amount available for mortgage bonds from the housing pool, multiplied by the ratio of each applicant's population as determined by the most recent estimate of the city's population released by the state demographer's office to the total of all the applicants' population, except that each applicant shall be allocated a minimum of \$100,000 regardless of the amount requested or the amount determined under the formula in clause (ii). If a city applying for an allocation is located within a county that has also applied for an allocation, the city's population will be deducted from the county's population in calculating the amount of allocations under this paragraph.

Upon determining the amount of each applicant's allocation, the agency shall forward to the commissioner a list specifying the amounts allotted to each application with all application fees and deposits from applicants who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf.

Total allocations from the housing pool for single-family housing programs may not exceed 31 percent of the adjusted allocation to the housing pool until after <u>July June</u> 15.

(e) The agency may issue bonds on behalf of participating cities. The agency shall request an allocation from the commissioner for all applicants who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf and the commissioner shall allocate the requested amount to the agency. The agency may request an allocation at any time after the second Tuesday in January and through the last Monday in July June. After awarding an allocation and receiving a notice of issuance for the mortgage bonds issued on behalf of the participating cities, the commissioner shall transfer the application deposits to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to be returned to the participating cities. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall return any application deposit to a city that paid an application deposit under paragraph

34.2

34.3

34.4

34.5

34.6

34.7

34.8

34.9

34.10

34.11

34.12

34.13

34.14

34.15

34.16

34.17

34.18

34.19

34.20

34.21

34.22

34.23

34.24

34.25

34.26

34.27

34.28

34.29

34.30

34.31

34.32

34.33

34.34

34.35

(b), clause (4), but was not part of the list forwarded to the commissioner under paragraph (d).

(f) A city may choose to issue bonds on its own behalf or through a joint powers agreement and may request an allocation from the commissioner by forwarding an application with an application fee pursuant to section 474A.03, subdivision 4, and a one percent application deposit to the commissioner no later than the Monday of the week preceding an allocation. If the total amount requested by all applicants exceeds the amount available in the pool, the city may not receive a greater allocation than the amount it would have received under the list forwarded by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to the commissioner. No city may request or receive an allocation from the commissioner until the list under paragraph (d) has been forwarded to the commissioner. A city must request an allocation from the commissioner no later than the last Monday in July June. No city may receive an allocation from the housing pool for mortgage bonds which has not first applied to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. The commissioner shall allocate the requested amount to the city or cities subject to the limitations under this paragraph.

If a city issues mortgage bonds from an allocation received under this paragraph, the issuer must provide for the recycling of funds into new loans. If the issuer is not able to provide for recycling, the issuer must notify the commissioner in writing of the reason that recycling was not possible and the reason the issuer elected not to have the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency issue the bonds. "Recycling" means the use of money generated from the repayment and prepayment of loans for further eligible loans or for the redemption of bonds and the issuance of current refunding bonds.

- (g) No entitlement city or county or city in an entitlement county may apply for or be allocated authority to issue mortgage bonds or use mortgage credit certificates from the housing pool. No city in an entitlement county may apply for or be allocated authority to issue residential rental bonds from the housing pool or the unified pool.
- (h) A city that does not use at least 50 percent of its allotment by the date applications are due for the first allocation that is made from the housing pool for single-family housing programs in the immediately succeeding calendar year may not apply to the housing pool for a single-family mortgage bond or mortgage credit certificate program allocation that exceeds the amount of its allotment for the preceding year that was used by the city in the immediately preceding year or receive an allotment from the housing pool in the succeeding calendar year that exceeds the amount of its allotment for the preceding year that was used in the preceding year. The minimum allotment is \$100,000 for an allocation made prior to July June 15, regardless of the amount used in the preceding calendar year, except that a

35.2

35.3

35.4

35.5

35.6

35.7

35.8

35.9

35.10

35.11

35.12

35.13

35.14

35.15

35.16

35.17

35.18

35.19

35.20

35.21

35.22

35.23

35.24

35.25

35.26

35.27

35.28

35.29

35.30

35.31

city whose allocation in the preceding year was the minimum amount of \$100,000 and who did not use at least 50 percent of its allocation from the preceding year is ineligible for an allocation in the immediate succeeding calendar year. Each local government unit in a consortium must meet the requirements of this paragraph.

JRM

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. **Small issue pool allocation.** Commencing on the second Tuesday in January and continuing on each Monday through the last Monday in <u>July June</u>, the commissioner shall allocate available bonding authority from the small issue pool to applications received on or before the Monday of the preceding week for manufacturing projects and enterprise zone facility projects. From the second Tuesday in January through the last Monday in <u>July June</u>, the commissioner shall reserve \$5,000,000 of the available bonding authority from the small issue pool for applications for agricultural development bond loan projects of the Minnesota Rural Finance Authority.

Beginning in calendar year 2002, On the second Tuesday in January through the last Monday in July June, the commissioner shall reserve \$10,000,000 of available bonding authority in the small issue pool for applications for student loan bonds of or on behalf of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education. The total amount of allocations for student loan bonds from the small issue pool may not exceed \$10,000,000 per year.

The commissioner shall reserve \$10,000,000 until the day after the last Monday in February, \$10,000,000 until the day after the last Monday in April, and \$10,000,000 until the day after the last Monday in June in the small issue pool for enterprise zone facility projects and manufacturing projects. The amount of allocation provided to an issuer for a specific enterprise zone facility project or manufacturing project will be based on the number of points received for the proposed project under the scoring system under section 474A.045.

If there are two or more applications for manufacturing and enterprise zone facility projects from the small issue pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week, the available bonding authority shall be awarded based on the number of points awarded a project under section 474A.045, with those projects receiving the greatest number of points receiving allocation first. If two or more applications receive an equal number of points, available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

36.2

36.3

36.4

36.5

36.6

36.7

36.8

36.9

36.10

36.11

36.12

36.13

36.14

36.15

36.16

36.17

36.18

36.19

36.20

36.21

36.22

36.23

36.24

36.25

36.26

36.27

36.28

36.29

36.30

36.31

36.32

36.33

36.34

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

JRM

Subd. 2c. **Public facilities pool allocation.** From the beginning of the calendar year and continuing for a period of 120 days, the commissioner shall reserve \$5,000,000 of the available bonding authority from the public facilities pool for applications for public facilities projects to be financed by the Western Lake Superior Sanitary District. Commencing on the second Tuesday in January and continuing on each Monday through the last Monday in July June, the commissioner shall allocate available bonding authority from the public facilities pool to applications for eligible public facilities projects received on or before the Monday of the preceding week. If there are two or more applications for public facilities projects from the pool and there is insufficient available bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week, the available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Return of allocation; deposit refund for small issue pool or public facilities **pool.** (a) For any requested allocations from the small issue pool or the public facilities pool, if an issuer that receives an allocation under this section determines that it will not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received under this section within 120 days of allocation or within the time period permitted by federal tax law, whichever is less, the issuer must notify the department. If the issuer notifies the department or the 120-day period since allocation has expired prior to the last Monday in July June, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the pool from which it was originally allocated. If the issuer notifies the department or the 120-day period since allocation has expired on or after the last Monday in July June, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the unified pool. If the issuer notifies the department after the last Monday in November, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. To encourage a competitive application process, the commissioner shall reserve, for new applications, the amount of allocation that is canceled and returned for reallocation under this section for a minimum of seven calendar days.

- (b) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation received under this section subdivision within 120 days of allocation shall receive within 30 days a refund equal to:
- (1) one-half of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned within 30 days of receiving allocation;

- (2) one-fourth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned between 31 and 60 days of receiving allocation; and
- (3) one-eighth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned between 61 and 120 days of receiving allocation.
- 37.5 (c) No refund shall be available for allocations returned 120 or more days after receiving the allocation or beyond the last Monday in November.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.061, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 7. Return of allocation; deposit refund for housing pool. (a) For any requested allocations from the housing pool, if an issuer that receives an allocation under this section determines that it will not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received under this section within the time period provided under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), or within the time period permitted by federal tax law, whichever is less, the issuer must notify the department. If the issuer notifies the department or the time period provided under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), has expired prior to the last Monday in June, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the pool from which it was originally allocated. If the issuer notifies the department or the time period provided under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), has expired on or after the last Monday in June, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the unified pool. If the issuer notifies the department after the last Monday in November, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. To encourage a competitive application process, the commissioner shall reserve, for new applications, the amount of allocation that is canceled and returned for reallocation under this section for a minimum of seven calendar days.
 - (b) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation received under this subdivision within 180 days of allocation shall receive within 30 days a refund equal to:
- 37.28 (1) one-half of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned within 45 days of receiving allocation;
- 37.30 (2) one-fourth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
 37.31 between 46 and 90 days of receiving allocation; and
- 37.32 (3) one-eighth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned between 91 and 180 days of receiving allocation.

37.2

37.3

37.4

37.9

37.10

37.11

37.12

37.13

37.14

37.15

37.16

37.17

37.18

37.19

37.20

37.21

37.22

37.23

37.24

37.25

37.26

37.27

38.3

38.4

38.5

38.6

38.7

38.8

38.9

38.10

38.11

38.12

38.13

38.14

38.15

38.16

38.17

38.18

38.19

38.20

38.21

38.22

38.23

38.24

38.25

38.26

38.27

38.28

38.29

38.30

38.31

(c) No refund shall be available for allocations returned 180 or more days after receiving the allocation or beyond the last Monday in November.

S2893-2

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.062, is amended to read:

474A.062 MINNESOTA OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION 120-DAY ISSUANCE **EXEMPTION.**

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education is exempt from the 120-day any time limitation on issuance requirements of bonds set forth in this chapter and may carry forward allocations for student loan bonds, subject to carryforward notice requirements of section 474A.131, subdivision 2.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Unified pool amount. On the day after the last Monday in July June any bonding authority remaining unallocated from the small issue pool, the housing pool, and the public facilities pool is transferred to the unified pool and must be reallocated as provided in this section.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Application for residential rental projects. (a) Issuers may apply for an allocation under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department accompanied by (1) a preliminary resolution, (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code, (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued, (4) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation, (5) a public purpose scoring worksheet for manufacturing and enterprise zone applications, and (6) for residential rental projects, a statement from the applicant or bond counsel as to whether the project preserves existing federally subsidized housing and whether the project is restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older. The issuer must pay the application deposit by check. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for public facility bonds, residential rental project bonds, or mortgage bonds under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, its entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.

39.2

39.3

39.4

39.5

39.6

39.7

39.8

39.9

39.10

39.11

39.12

39.13

39.14

39.15

39.16

39.17

39.18

39.19

39.20

39.21

39.22

39.23

39.24

39.25

39.26

39.27

39.28

39.29

39.30

39.31

39.32

39.33

39.34

39.35

39.36

Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed on entitlement issuers under this subdivision,

the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may not receive an allocation for mortgage bonds under this section prior to the first Monday in October, but may be awarded allocations for mortgage bonds from the unified pool on or after the first Monday in October. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, and the Minnesota Rural Finance Authority may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without submitting an application deposit. for residential rental bonds under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department accompanied by: (1) a preliminary resolution; (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code; (3) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation; (4) a sworn statement from the applicant identifying the project as a preservation project, a 30 percent AMI residential rental project, a 50 percent AMI residential rental project, a 100 percent LIHTC project, a 20 percent LIHTC project, or any other residential rental project; and (5) a certification from the applicant or its accountant stating whether the requested allocation exceeds the aggregate bond limitation. Applications for projects requesting bonds in excess of the aggregate bond limitation may not apply or be allocated bonding authority until after September 1 each year. The issuer must pay the application deposit by check. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for residential rental bonds under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, an entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6. (b) An issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision must issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received on or before the later of 180 days of the allocation or within 18 months after the allocation date if the applicant submits an additional application deposit equal to one percent of the allocation amount on or prior to 180 days after the allocation date. If an issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision does not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received within the time period provided in this paragraph or returns the allocation to the commissioner, the amount of the allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the unified pool. If an issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision issues obligations within the time period provided in this paragraph, the commissioner shall refund 50 percent of any application deposit previously paid: (i) within 30 days after the date on which IRS Form 8609(s) are issued with respect to projects generating low-income housing tax credits; or (ii) within 90 days after the issuer provides a certification and any other reasonable documentation

40.2

40.3

40.4

40.5

40.6

40.7

40.8

40.9

40.12

40.13

40.14

40.15

40.16

40.17

40.18

40.19

40.20

40.21

40.22

40.23

40.24

40.25

requested by the commissioner evidencing that construction of the project has been completed. The obligations and the remaining 50 percent of the application deposit within 30 days after completion of construction of the project.

- (c) Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed on entitlement issuers under this subdivision, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may not receive an allocation for mortgage bonds under this section prior to the first Monday in October, but may be awarded allocations for mortgage bonds from the unified pool on or after the first Monday in October. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without submitting an application deposit.
- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 2a. Application for all other types of qualified bonds. (a) Issuers may apply for an allocation for all types of qualified bonds other than residential rental bonds under this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the department accompanied by: (1) a preliminary resolution; (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code; (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued; (4) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation; and (5) a public purpose scoring worksheet for manufacturing and enterprise zone applications. The issuer must pay the application deposit by check. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for public facility bonds or mortgage bonds under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, an entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.
- (b) Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed on entitlement issuers under this subdivision,
 the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may not receive an allocation for mortgage bonds
 under this section prior to the first Monday in October, but may be awarded allocations for
 mortgage bonds from the unified pool on or after the first Monday in October. The Minnesota
 Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, and the Minnesota
 Rural Finance Authority may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without
 submitting an application deposit.

REVISOR JRM S2893-2 2nd Engrossment Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 41.1 Subd. 3. Allocation procedure. (a) The commissioner shall allocate available bonding 41.2 authority under this section on the Monday of every other week beginning with the first 41.3 Monday in August July through and on the last Monday in November. Applications for 41.4 allocations must be received by the department by 4:30 p.m. on the Monday preceding the 41.5 Monday on which allocations are to be made. If a Monday falls on a holiday, the allocation 41.6 will be made or the applications must be received by the next business day after the holiday. 41.7 (b) Prior to October 1, only the following applications shall be awarded allocations from 41.8 the unified pool. Allocations shall be awarded in the following order of priority: 41.9 (1) applications for residential rental project bonds; 41.10 (2) applications for small issue bonds for manufacturing projects; and 41.11 (3) applications for small issue bonds for agricultural development bond loan projects. 41.12 (c) On the first Monday in October through the last Monday in November, allocations 41.13 shall be awarded from the unified pool in the following order of priority: 41.14 (1) applications for student loan bonds issued by or on behalf of the Minnesota Office 41.15 of Higher Education; 41.16 (2) applications for mortgage bonds; 41.17 (3) applications for public facility projects funded by public facility bonds; 41.18 (4) applications for small issue bonds for manufacturing projects; 41.19 (5) applications for small issue bonds for agricultural development bond loan projects; 41.20 (6) applications for residential rental project bonds; 41.21 (7) applications for enterprise zone facility bonds; 41.22 (8) applications for governmental bonds; and 41.23 (9) applications for redevelopment bonds. 41.24 (d) If there are two or more applications for manufacturing projects from the unified 41.25 pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all manufacturing 41.26

41.27

41.28

41.29

41.30

41.31

projects in any one allocation period, the available bonding authority shall be awarded based

receiving the greatest number of points receiving allocation first. If two or more applications

for manufacturing projects receive an equal amount of points, available bonding authority

shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

on the number of points awarded a project under section 474A.045 with those projects

42.2

42.3

42.4

42.5

42.6

42.7

42.8

42.9

42.10

42.11

42.12

42.13

42.14

42.15

42.16

42.17

42.18

42.19

42.20

42.21

42.22

42.23

42.24

42.25

42.26

42.27

42.28

42.29

42.30

42.31

42.32

42.33

42.34

42.35

(e) If there are two or more applications for enterprise zone facility projects from the unified pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all enterprise zone facility projects in any one allocation period, the available bonding authority shall be awarded based on the number of points awarded a project under section 474A.045 with those projects receiving the greatest number of points receiving allocation first. If two or more applications for enterprise zone facility projects receive an equal amount of points, available bonding authority shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.

(f) If there are two or more applications for residential rental projects from the unified pool and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all residential rental projects in any one allocation period, the available bonding authority shall be awarded in the following order of priority: (1) projects that preserve existing federally subsidized housing; (2) projects that are not restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older; and (3) preservation projects; (2) 30 percent AMI residential rental projects; (3) 50 percent AMI residential rental projects; (4) 100 percent LIHTC projects; (5) 20 percent LIHTC projects; (6) other residential rental projects for which the amount of bonds requested in their respective applications do not exceed the aggregate bond limitation; and (7) other residential rental projects for which the amount of bonds requested in their respective applications exceed the aggregate bond limitation and that apply on or after September 1 of a calendar year. If there are two or more applications for residential rental projects at the same priority level and there is insufficient bonding authority to provide allocations for all the projects in any one allocation period, available bonding authority shall be randomly awarded by lot but only for projects that received the full amount of their respective requested allocations. If a residential rental project does not receive any of its requested allocation pursuant to this paragraph, the remaining bonding authority not allocated to the project shall be reserved by the commissioner, or by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency if the authority is carried forward pursuant to section 474A.131, for the project for up to 24 months thereafter, and if the project applies in the future to the housing pool or unified pool for additional allocation of bonds, the project shall be fully funded up to the remaining amount of its original application request for bonding authority before any new project, applying in the same allocation period, that has an equal priority shall receive bonding authority.

(g) From the first Monday in August July through the last Monday in November, \$20,000,000 of bonding authority or an amount equal to the total annual amount of bonding authority allocated to the small issue pool under section 474A.03, subdivision 1, less the amount allocated to issuers from the small issue pool for that year, whichever is less, is

43.2

43.3

43.4

43.6

43.13

43.14

43.15

43.19

43.20

43.21

43.22

43.23

43.24

43.25

43.26

43.27

43.28

43.29

43.30

- reserved within the unified pool for small issue bonds to the extent such the amounts are available within the unified pool.
- (h) The total amount of allocations for mortgage bonds from the housing pool and the unified pool may not exceed:
- 43.5 (1) \$10,000,000 for any one city; or
 - (2) \$20,000,000 for any number of cities in any one county.
- 43.7 (i) The total amount of allocations for student loan bonds from the unified pool may not exceed \$25,000,000 per year.
- (j) If there is insufficient bonding authority to fund all projects within any qualified bond category other than enterprise zone facility projects, manufacturing projects, and residential rental projects, allocations shall be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective issuers.
 - (k) If an application is rejected, the commissioner must notify the applicant and return the application deposit to the applicant within 30 days unless the applicant requests in writing that the application be resubmitted.
- 43.16 (l) The granting of an allocation of bonding authority under this section must be evidenced by issuance of a certificate of allocation.
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Return of allocation; deposit refund.** (a) If an issuer that receives an allocation under this section determines that it will not issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received under this section within 120 the applicable number of days of after the allocation required in this chapter or within the time period permitted by federal tax law, whichever is less, the issuer must notify the department. If the issuer notifies the department or the 120-day period since allocation has expired prior to the last Monday in November, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the unified pool. If the issuer notifies the department on or after the last Monday in November, the amount of allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. To encourage a competitive application process, the commissioner shall reserve, for new applications, the amount of allocation that is canceled and returned for reallocation under this section for a minimum of seven calendar days.

S2893-2

JRM

44.1	(b) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation for all types
44.2	of bonds other than residential rental project bonds received under this section within 120
44.3	days of the allocation shall receive within 30 days a refund equal to:
44.4	(1) one-half of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.5	within 30 days of receiving the allocation;
44.6	(2) one-fourth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.7	between 31 and 60 days of receiving the allocation; and
44.8	(3) one-eighth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.9	between 61 and 120 days of receiving the allocation.
44.10	(c) No refund of the application deposit shall be available for allocations returned on or
44.11	after the last Monday in November.
44.12	(d) An issuer that returns for reallocation all or a portion of an allocation for residential
44.13	rental project bonds received under this section within 180 days of the allocation shall
44.14	receive within 30 days a refund equal to:
44.15	(1) one-half of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.16	within 45 days of receiving the allocation;
44.17	(2) one-fourth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.18	between 46 and 90 days of receiving the allocation; and
44.19	(3) one-eighth of the application deposit for the amount of bonding authority returned
44.20	between 91 and 180 days of receiving the allocation.
44.21	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.091, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
44.22	Subd. 6. Final allocation; carryforward. Notwithstanding the notice requirements of
44.23	section 474A.131, subdivision 2, any bonding authority remaining unissued by the Minnesota
44.24	Housing Finance Agency on the last business day in December shall be carried forward
44.25	into the next calendar year by the commissioner for the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.
44.26	Any authority carried forward shall be allocated to utilize the authority that is closest to
44.27	expiring first, and in all events, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall allocate its
44.28	bonding authority to utilize the authority carried forward prior to any current year's allocation.

45.3

45.4

45.5

45.13

45.14

45.15

45.16

45.17

45.18

45.19

45.20

45.21

45.22

45.29

45.30

45.31

45.32

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notice of issue.** Each issuer that issues bonds with an allocation received under this chapter shall provide a notice of issue to the department on forms provided by the department stating:

- (1) the date of issuance of the bonds;
- 45.6 (2) the title of the issue;
- 45.7 (3) the principal amount of the bonds;
- 45.8 (4) the type of qualified bonds under federal tax law;
- 45.9 (5) the dollar amount of the bonds issued that were subject to the annual volume cap; 45.10 and
- 45.11 (6) for entitlement issuers, whether the allocation is from current year entitlement authority or is from carryforward authority.

For obligations that are issued as a part of a series of obligations, a notice must be provided for each series. A penalty of one-half of the amount of the application deposit not to exceed \$5,000 shall apply to any issue of obligations for which a notice of issue is not provided to the department within five business days after issuance or before 4:30 p.m. on the last business day in December, whichever occurs first. Within 30 days after receipt of a notice of issue the department shall refund a portion of the application deposit equal to one percent of the amount of the bonding authority actually issued if a one percent application deposit was made, or equal to two percent of the amount of the bonding authority actually issued if a two percent the applicable application deposit was made, less any penalty amount.

- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.131, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Deadline for issuance of qualified bonds.** (a) If an issuer fails to notify the department before 4:30 p.m. on the last business day in December of issuance of obligations pursuant to an allocation received for any qualified bond project or issuance of an entitlement allocation other than those involving residential rental bonds, the allocation is canceled and the bonding authority is allocated to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for carryforward by the commissioner under section 474A.091, subdivision 6.
 - (b) With respect to: (1) an allocation received for a residential rental project for which the obligations have not been issued before 4:30 p.m. on the last business day in December and the time period for issuance of the obligations provided under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, or 474A.091, subdivision 2a, as applicable, has not expired; and (2) bonding

6.1	authority reserved for a project for up to 24 months under section 474A.061, subdivision
6.2	2a, or section 471A.091, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), as of 4:30 p.m. on the last business
6.3	day of December, the bonding authority shall be allocated to the Minnesota Housing Finance
6.4	Agency for carryforward by the commissioner under section 474A.091, subdivision 6;
6.5	provided, however, that the allocation shall remain reserved by the Minnesota Housing
6.6	Finance Agency for the residential rental project described in the original application and
6.7	the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency will have the fiduciary duty to issue the bonds as
6.8	intended by the originally intended issuer. In addition, any obligations issued by the
6.9	Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for a residential rental project that is subject to this
6.10	paragraph shall not be subject to the debt management policies of the Minnesota Housing
6.11	Finance Agency, as adopted and amended from time to time.
6.12	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.131, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
6.13	Subd. 2. Carryforward notice. If an issuer intends to carry forward an allocation received
6.14	under this chapter, it must notify the department in writing before 4:30 p.m. on the last
6.15	business day in December. This notice requirement does not apply to the Minnesota Housing
6.16	Finance Agency for the carryforward of unallocated unified pool balances or for the
6.17	carryforward of allocations of residential rental project bonds pursuant to section 474A.131,
6.18	subdivision 1b.
6.19	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 474A.14, is amended to read:
6.20	474A.14 NOTICE OF AVAILABLE AUTHORITY.
6.21	The department shall provide at its official Web site a written notice of the amount of
6.22	bonding authority in the housing, small issue, and public facilities pools as soon after January
6.23	1 as possible. The department shall provide at its official Web site a written notice of the
6.24	amount of bonding authority available for allocation in the unified pool as soon after August
6.25	July 1 as possible.
6.26	Sec. 42. ADVANCES TO THE MINNESOTA MANUFACTURED HOME
6.27	RELOCATION TRUST FUND.
6.28	(a) Until June 30, 2020, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or Department of
6.29	Management and Budget as determined by the commissioner of management and budget,
6.30	is authorized to advance up to \$400,000 from state appropriations or other resources to the
6.31	Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund established under Minnesota Statutes,
6.32	section 462A.35, if the account balance in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation

trust fund is insufficient to pay the amounts claimed under Minnesota Statutes, section 327C.095, subdivision 13.

(b) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or Department of Management and Budget shall be reimbursed from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund for any money advanced by the agency under paragraph (a) to the fund. Approved claims for payment to manufactured home owners shall be paid prior to the money being advanced by the agency or the department to the fund.

Sec. 43. HOUSING AFFORDABILITY FUND; 2019 ALLOCATIONS.

Allocations from the Housing Finance Agency's housing affordability fund, pool 3, in 2019, shall include a set-aside of ten percent for single-family home ownership development in municipalities with a population under 10,000 or for manufactured housing projects. The set-aside shall remain until June 1, 2019, after which any money remaining in the set-aside shall be available to all eligible projects.

Sec. 44. REPORT; COSTS OF LOCAL ZONING ON AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

By January 15, 2019, the commissioner of the Housing Finance Agency shall report to
the members of the legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction over housing
on the effects of local regulatory, fee, and zoning decisions that raise the cost of development
of affordable housing.

47.3

47.4

47.5

47.6

47.7

47.8

47.9

47.10

47.11

47.12

47.13

47.14

APPENDIX Article locations in SF2893-2

e.Ln 1.18
e.Ln 5.7
e.Ln 13.20
(