LCB/NB

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

S.F. No. 1001

(SENATE AUTHORS: WIKLUND, Jensen, Marty and Little)						
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS				
02/07/2019	302	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy				

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4	relating to health care; providing for emergency prescription refills; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 151.01, subdivision 23; 151.211, by adding a subdivision.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
1.7	Subd. 23. Practitioner. "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed
1.8	doctor of osteopathic medicine duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of
1.9	dentistry, licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, licensed veterinarian, or licensed
1.10	advanced practice registered nurse. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.252,
1.11	subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (e), and (f); and 151.461, "practitioner"
1.12	also means a physician assistant authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under
1.13	chapter 147A. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.211, subdivision 3;
1.14	151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner"
1.15	also means a dental therapist authorized to dispense and administer under chapter 150A.
1.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.211, is amended by adding a subdivision to
1.17	read:
1.18	Subd. 3. Emergency prescription refills. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 2, a pharmacist
1.19	may dispense a prescription drug, other than a Schedule II controlled substance, without a
1.20	written, electronic, or oral prescription order from a practitioner, if all of the following
1.21	conditions are met:

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2.1	(1) the nations have been on a consistent drug therapy as domonstrated by records								
	(1) the patient has been on a consistent drug therapy as demonstrated by records								
2.2	maintained by the pharmacy;								
2.3	(2) the pharmacy at which the pharmacist works has a record of the prescription for the								
2.4	drug in the name of the patient who is requesting it, but the prescription does not provide								
2.5	for a refill or the time permitted for providing refills has elapsed and the prescriber has not								
2.6	indicated that no refills are authorized;								
2.7	(3) the pharmacist is unable to obtain authorization to refill the prescription from the								
2.8	practitioner who issued the prescription or another practitioner responsible for the patient's								
2.9	care; and								
2.10	(4) in the exercise of the pharmacist's professional judgment:								
2.11	(i) the drug	g is essential to su	stain the life of th	ne patient or continue thera	py for a chronic				
2.12	condition of the patient; and								
2.13	(ii) failure to dispense the drug to the patient could result in harm to the health of the								
2.14	patient.								
2.15	(b) If the c	conditions in para	graph (a) are met	, the amount of the drug d	ispensed or sold				
2.16	by the pharmacist to the patient must not exceed a 30-day supply as provided in the								
2.17	prescription or, if the standard unit of dispensing for the drug exceeds a 30-day supply, the								
2.18	amount of the	drug dispensed of	or sold must not e	exceed the standard unit of	dispensing.				
2.19	(c) A phar	macist shall not d	ispense or sell the	e same drug to the same par	tient as provided				
2.20	in this section	more than one ti	me in any 12-mo	nth period.					
2.21	(d) A phar	macist must notif	y the practitioner	who issued the prescription	on drug order no				
2.22	later than 72 hours after the drug is dispensed.								
2.23	(e) A reco	rd of the drug dis	pensed under this	s section shall be maintain	ed in the same				
2.24	manner requir	red for prescription	on drug orders un	der this section.					