CKM

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 30

(SENATE AUTHORS: MCEWEN, Pappas, Dziedzic, Abeler and Boldon)					
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS			
01/04/2023	76	Introduction and first reading			
		Referred to Jobs and Economic Development			
01/19/2023	309	Author added Pappas			
01/23/2023	352	Author added Dziedzic			
01/25/2023	382	Author added Abeler			
02/27/2023	1146	Author added Boldon			
03/13/2023	1583a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Health and Human Services			
03/20/2023	1991a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance			
04/11/2023	3645a	Comm report: To pass as amended			
	4247	Second reading			
		Referred to for comparison with HF24			
04/25/2023	6026a	Rule 45-amend, subst. General Orders HF24, SF indefinitely postponed			

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to capital investment; establishing a grant program to replace lead drinking
1.3	water service lines; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota
1.4	Statutes 2022, sections 144.383; 446A.081, subdivisions 8, 9; proposing coding
1.5	for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 446A.

1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.383, is amended to read:

1.8 **144.383 AUTHORITY OF COMMISSIONER.**

- 1.9 In order to insure ensure safe drinking water in all public water supplies, the commissioner
- 1.10 has the following powers:
- 1.11 (a) To approve the site, design, and construction and alteration of all public water supplies
- and, for community and nontransient noncommunity water systems as defined in Code of
- 1.13 Federal Regulations, title 40, section 141.2, to approve documentation that demonstrates
- 1.14 the technical, managerial, and financial capacity of those systems to comply with rules
- 1.15 adopted under this section;
- 1.16 (b) To enter the premises of a public water supply, or part thereof, to inspect the facilities
- 1.17 and records kept pursuant to rules promulgated by the commissioner, to conduct sanitary
- 1.18 surveys and investigate the standard of operation and service delivered by public water
- 1.19 supplies;
- 1.20 (c) To contract with community health boards as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision
- 1.21 5, for routine surveys, inspections, and testing of public water supply quality;

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2.1	(d) To develop an emergency plan to protect the public when a decline in water quality
2.2	or quantity creates a serious health risk, and to issue emergency orders if a health risk is
2.3	imminent;
2.4	(e) To promulgate rules, pursuant to chapter 14 but no less stringent than federal
2.5	regulation, which may include the granting of variances and exemptions; and
2.6	(f) To maintain an asset management database of community public water supply systems,
2.7	provide technical assistance to community systems, and ensure the lead service line inventory
2.8	data is accessible to the public with relevant educational materials about health risks related
2.9	to lead and ways to reduce exposure.
2.10	Sec. 2. [446A.077] LEAD SERVICE LINE REPLACEMENT; GRANT PROGRAM.
2.11	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority must establish a program to replace lead
2.12	drinking water service lines in the state by 2033 and must provide grants to entities for this
2.13	purpose. The program must be structured to maximize use of federal funds available for the
2.14	purposes described in subdivision 3.
2.15	Subd. 2. Eligible recipients. (a) The following are eligible recipients of grants under
2.16	this section:
2.17	(1) community public water suppliers of a community water system as defined in Code
2.18	of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 141.2, as amended;
2.19	(2) municipalities;
2.20	(3) suppliers of other residential drinking water systems; and
2.21	(4) any applicant eligible for loans and grants under the federal Safe Drinking Water
2.22	<u>Act.</u>
2.23	(b) All eligible recipients as part of the grant application process must apply to be listed
2.24	on the Department of Health project priority list.
2.25	Subd. 3. Eligible uses. (a) An eligible recipient may use a grant provided under this
2.26	program for:
2.27	(1) removing and replacing lead drinking water service lines;
2.28	(2) repaying debt incurred for the purposes described in clauses (1), (3), and (4);
2.29	(3) providing information to residents on the benefits of removing lead service lines; or
2.30	(4) performing necessary construction activities required for and associated with removing
2.31	and replacing lead service lines.

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3.1	(b) Grant	t money used for rem	oving and replac	ing lead drinking wate	r service lines under		
3.2	paragraph (a), clause (1), must pay for 100 percent of the cost of replacing the privately						
3.3	owned porti	ons of those lines.					
3.4	(c) Grant	money used for rem	oving and replac	ing lead drinking wate	r service lines under		
3.5	paragraph (a	ı), clause (1), may pa	ay for not more t	han 50 percent of the c	ost of replacing the		
3.6	publicly ow	ned portions of those	e lines.				
3.7	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	<u>Grant priorities. (a</u>	a) Each applican	t must submit a plan to	the Department of		
3.8	Health for re	eplacement of all lea	d service lines in	n the service area that	describes how the		
3.9	recipient wil	l prioritize the expen	diture of grant m	oney received under thi	s section, including:		
3.10	<u>(1) remo</u>	ving lead service lin	es that are an im	minent threat to public	e health and safety;		
3.11	<u>(2) targe</u>	ting areas with child	ren with elevate	d blood lead levels;			
3.12	(3) targe	ting areas with child	ren under the ag	e of five;			
3.13	(4) how	the recipient will tar	get the removal	and replacement of lea	d service lines that		
3.14	provide drinking water to schools, daycare facilities, or other properties known to the						
3.15	recipient to be used by disproportionately large numbers of children;						
3.16	<u>(5) targe</u>	ting areas with lowe	r-income resider	nts and other disadvant	aged communities;		
3.17	<u>(6) coord</u>	linating the replacen	nent of publicly	owned and privately o	wned portions of		
3.18	lead service	lines; and					
3.19	(7) coord	inating the replacem	ent of lead servic	e lines with needed wat	er main replacement		
3.20	projects for	the most efficient us	e of money.				
3.21	<u>(b)</u> The a	uthority must use av	vailable money r	eceived for the program	n under this section		
3.22	first for grar	its to repay debt inci	urred under subd	ivision 3, paragraph (a	a), clause (2).		
3.23	Subd. 5.	<u>Workforce plan.</u> <u>A</u>	pplicants who se	erve 15,000 service con	nnections or more		
3.24	<u>must submit</u>	a workforce plan as	part of their app	lication. The workforc	e plan must include		
3.25	a description	1 of how the applica	nt will maximize	e the use of registered	apprentices, along		
3.26	with popula	tions under-represen	ted in the constr	uction industry in the	ead removal and		
3.27	replacement	work.					
3.28	<u>Subd. 6.</u>	Reporting. By Aug	ust 1 each year,	the authority must repo	ort to the chairs and		
3.29	ranking min	ority members of the	legislative com	nittees and divisions w	ith jurisdiction over		
3.30	environment	and natural resource	es policy and fina	nce on the operation of	the program during		
3.31	the previous	fiscal year. The rep	ort must also inc	lude:			

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<u>c</u>	drinking water systems in Minnesota, an estimate of the total cost to remove and re
3	all privately owned lead drinking water service lines in Minnesota, and a computat
1	he amount the estimates changed since the program was created. If either of the co
	estimates changed since the most recent previous report was submitted, the report n
1	nclude an explanation of the reasons the estimate changed;
	(2) the number of Minnesota schools served by lead service lines, including a service lines, including a service lines.
)	reakdown of the number of elementary schools served by lead service lines;
	(3) the number of daycare facilities that are served by lead service lines; and
	(4) any amounts appropriated for the grant program that remain unspent.
	Subd. 7. Prevailing wage. Laborers and mechanics performing work on a project
	by a grant under this section, including removing and replacing lead drinking water
	ines and installing replacement drinking water service lines, must be paid the prev
	wage rate for the work as defined in section 177.42, subdivision 6. The project is s
-	to the requirements and enforcement provisions of sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32,
	to 177.435, and 177.45.
	Subd. 8. Mapping and inventory costs. The authority may spend up to ten per
t	the amounts appropriated for the grant program for costs related to mapping and inv
3	activities that will be used in identifying lead service lines for replacement under this
]	The authority may enter into interagency agreements with the Department of Healt
i	including agreements to transfer funds, for the Department of Health to provide tec
8	assistance to community public water supplies, as defined in the federal Safe Drink
١	Water Act, for producing an inventory of publicly and privately owned lead service
8	and associated replacement plans within their jurisdiction. Any amounts not spent on n
8	and inventory work must be used by the authority for replacement of lead service li
ι	under this section.

4.28 <u>It is the goal of the state of Minnesota to remove all lead service lines in public drinking</u> 4.29 <u>water systems by 2033.</u>

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 446A.081, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

- 5.2 Subd. 8. Loan conditions. (a) When making loans from the drinking water revolving
 5.3 fund, the authority shall comply with the conditions of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act,
 5.4 including the criteria in this subdivision.
- (b) Loans must be made at or below market interest rates, including zero interest loans,
 for terms not to exceed those allowed under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act.

(c) The annual principal and interest payments must begin no later than one year after
completion of the project. Loans must be amortized no later than 20 years after project
completion, unless the recipient's average annual residential drinking water system cost
after completion of the project would exceed 1.2 percent of median household income in
the recipient governmental unit or entity, in which case the loan must be fully amortized
no later than 30 years after project completion.

(d) A loan recipient must identify and establish a dedicated source of revenue for
repayment of the loan, and provide for a source of revenue to properly operate, maintain,
and repair the water system.

(e) The fund must be credited with all payments of principal and interest on all loans,
except the costs as permitted under section 446A.04, subdivision 5, paragraph (a).

(f) A loan may not be used to pay operating expenses or current obligations, unless
specifically allowed by the federal Safe Drinking Water Act.

(g) A loan made by the authority must be secured by notes or bonds of the governmentalunit and collateral to be determined by the authority for private borrowers.

5.22 (h) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, for projects to replace lead service

5.23 <u>lines, loan and grant agreements must not exceed ten years. The interest rate for loans to</u>

5.24 replace lead service lines shall be zero percent with principal payments commencing not

5.25 later than 18 months after completion of the project.

5.26

5.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 5.27 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 446A.081, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 5.28 Subd. 9. Other uses of fund. (a) The drinking water revolving loan fund may be used
 5.29 as provided in the act, including the following uses:
- (1) to buy or refinance the debt obligations, at or below market rates, of public water
 systems for drinking water systems, where the debt was incurred after the date of enactment

of the act, for the purposes of construction of the necessary improvements to comply with
the national primary drinking water regulations under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act;
(2) to purchase or guarantee insurance for local obligations to improve credit market

(3) to provide a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and interest
on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the authority if the bond proceeds are
deposited in the fund;

6.8 (4) to provide loans or loan guarantees for similar revolving funds established by a6.9 governmental unit or state agency;

6.10 (5) to earn interest on fund accounts;

access or reduce interest rates;

6.4

6.11 (6) to pay the reasonable costs incurred by the authority, the Department of Employment
6.12 and Economic Development, and the Department of Health for conducting activities as
6.13 authorized and required under the act up to the limits authorized under the act;

6.14 (7) to develop and administer programs for water system supervision, source water
6.15 protection, and related programs required under the act;

6.16 (8) to provide principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the federal
6.17 Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal law, based on the criteria and requirements
6.18 established for drinking water projects under the water infrastructure funding program under
6.19 section 446A.072;

6.20 (9) to provide loans, principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the
6.21 federal Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal law to address green infrastructure, water
6.22 or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities;

(10) to provide principal forgiveness, or grants for 80 percent of project costs up to a
maximum of \$100,000 for projects needed to comply with national primary drinking water
standards for an existing nonmunicipal community public water system; and

(11) to provide principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the federal
Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal laws for 50 percent of the project costs up to a
maximum of \$250,000 for projects to replace the privately owned portion of drinking water
lead service lines-; and

6.30 (12) to provide principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the federal
 6.31 Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal laws for 50 percent of project costs up to a

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7.1	maximum	of \$3,000,000 for pro	jects to address e	emerging contaminan	ts in drinking water
7.2	as defined	by the United States	Environmental P	rotection Agency.	
7.3	(b) Prin	ncipal forgiveness or g	grants provided u	nder paragraph (a), c	lause (9), may not
7.4	exceed 25	percent of the eligible	e project costs as	determined by the De	epartment of Health
7.5	for project	components directly	related to green i	nfrastructure, water c	or energy efficiency
7.6	improvem	ents, or other environ	mentally innovat	ive activities, up to a	maximum of
7.7	\$1,000,00	0.			
7.8	EFFE	C TIVE DATE. This s	section is effectiv	e the day following f	inal enactment.
7.9	Sec. 6. <u>A</u>	APPROPRIATION.			
7.10	\$120,0	00,000 in fiscal year 2	2024 and \$120,00	0,000 in fiscal year 20	025 are appropriated
7.11	from the g	eneral fund to the Pub	olic Facilities Aut	hority to provide gran	nts under Minnesota
7.12	Statutes, se	ection 446A.077. The	se appropriations	are onetime and are	available until June
7.13	30, 2033.				