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SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

S.F. No. 3560

(SENATE AUTH	IORS: BENS	ON and Marty)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/24/2020	4891	Introduction and first reading
05/04/2020	6112a	Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy Comm report: To pass as amended Joint rule 2.03, referred to Rules and Administration
05/06/2020		Comm report: Adopt previous comm report Jt. rule 2.03 suspended Second reading
05/07/2020	6435a	Special Order: Amended Third reading Passed
05/17/2020	7258	Returned from House with amendment Laid on table

A bill for an act

relating to human services; modifying policy provisions governing health care; 12 specifying when a provider must furnish requested medical records; modifying 1.3 x-ray equipment provisions; requiring an annual unannounced inspection of medical 1.4 cannabis manufacturers; modifying eligibility for the reduced patient enrollment 1.5 fee for the medical cannabis program; permitting licensed physician assistants to 1.6 practice without a delegation agreement; modifying licensed traditional midwifery 1.7 scope of practice; modifying the request for proposal for a central drug repository; 1.8 authorizing pharmacists to prescribe self-administered hormonal contraceptives, 1.9 nicotine replacement medications, and opiate antagonists; allowing telemedicine 1.10 examinations to be used to prescribe medications for erectile dysfunction and for 1.11 the treatment of substance abuse disorders; changing the terminology and other 1.12 technical changes to the opiate epidemic response account and council; adding 1.13 advanced practice registered nurses to certain statutes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1.14 2018, sections 62A.307, subdivision 2; 62D.09, subdivision 1; 62E.06, subdivision 1.15 1; 62J.17, subdivision 4a; 62J.495, subdivision 1a; 62J.52, subdivision 2; 62J.823, 1.16 1.17 subdivision 3; 62Q.43, subdivisions 1, 2; 62Q.54; 62Q.57, subdivision 1; 62Q.73, subdivision 7; 62Q.733, subdivision 3; 62Q.74, subdivision 1; 62S.08, subdivision 1.18 3; 62S.20, subdivision 5b; 62S.21, subdivision 2; 62S.268, subdivision 1; 62U.03; 1.19 62U.04, subdivision 11; 144.121, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, by adding subdivisions; 1.20 144.292, subdivisions 2, 5; 144.3345, subdivision 1; 144.3352; 144.34; 144.441, 1.21 subdivisions 4, 5; 144.442, subdivision 1; 144.4803, subdivisions 1, 4, 10, by 1.22 adding a subdivision; 144.4806; 144.4807, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 144.50, subdivision 1.23 2; 144.55, subdivision 6; 144.6501, subdivision 7; 144.651, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 1.24 10, 12, 14, 31, 33; 144.652, subdivision 2; 144.69; 144.7402, subdivision 2; 1.25 144.7406, subdivision 2; 144.7407, subdivision 2; 144.7414, subdivision 2; 1.26 144.7415, subdivision 2; 144.9502, subdivision 4; 144.966, subdivisions 3, 6; 1.27 1.28 144A.135; 144A.161, subdivisions 5, 5a, 5e, 5g; 144A.75, subdivisions 3, 6; 144A.752, subdivision 1; 145.853, subdivision 5; 145.892, subdivision 3; 145.94, 1.29 subdivision 2; 145B.13; 145C.02; 145C.06; 145C.07, subdivision 1; 145C.16; 1.30 147A.01, subdivisions 3, 21, 26, 27, by adding a subdivision; 147A.02; 147A.03, 1.31 by adding a subdivision; 147A.05; 147A.09; 147A.13, subdivision 1; 147A.14, 1.32 subdivision 4; 147A.16; 147A.23; 147D.03, subdivision 2; 148.6438, subdivision 1.33 1; 151.01, by adding a subdivision; 151.071, subdivision 8; 151.19, subdivision 1.34 4; 151.21, subdivision 4a; 151.37, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 152.12, 1.35 subdivision 1; 152.32, subdivision 3; 152.35; 245A.143, subdivision 8; 245A.1435; 1.36 245C.02, subdivision 18; 245C.04, subdivision 1; 245D.02, subdivision 11; 1.37 245D.11, subdivision 2; 245D.22, subdivision 7; 245D.25, subdivision 2; 245G.08, 1.38

 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18 2.19 2.20 2.21 2.22 	subdivisions 2, 5; 245G.21, subdivisions 2, 3; 246.711, subdivision 2; 246.715, subdivision 2; 246.716, subdivision 2; 246.721; 246.722; 251.043, subdivision 1; 252A.02, subdivision 12; 252A.04, subdivision 2; 252A.20, subdivision 1; 253B.03, subdivisions 4, 6d; 253B.06, subdivision 2; 253B.23, subdivision 4; 254A.08, subdivision 2; 256.01, subdivision 29; 256.9685, subdivisions 1a, 1b, 1c; 256.975, subdivision 7a, 11; 256B.04, subdivision 14a; 256B.043, subdivision 2; 256B.055, subdivision 12; 256B.056, subdivisions 1a, 4, 7, 10; 256B.0561, subdivision 2; 256B.057, subdivisions 1, 10; 256B.0575, subdivisions 1, 2; 256B.0622, subdivision 2b; 256B.0623, subdivision 2; 256B.0625, subdivisions 1, 12, 13h, 26, 27, 28, 64; 256B.0654, subdivisions 1, 2a, 3, 4; 256B.0659, subdivisions 2, 4, 8; 256B.0751; 256B.0753, subdivisions 1; 256B.69, by adding a subdivision; 256B.73, subdivision 5; 256B.75; 256J.08, subdivision 73a; 256L.03, subdivision 1; 256L.15, subdivision 1; 256R.54, subdivisions 1, 2; 257.63, subdivision 9; Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, sections 16A.151, subdivision 2; 62J.23, subdivision 2; 62Q.184, subdivision 1; 144.121, subdivisions 1a, 5a; 144.55, subdivision 2; 145C.05, subdivision 3; 151.052, subdivision 1; 151.071, subdivision 2; 151.19, subdivision 3; 151.252, subdivision 1; 151.555, subdivision 3; 152.29, subdivision 1; 245G.08, subdivision 3; 245H.11; 256.042, subdivision 2, 4; 256B.056, subdivision 7a; 256B.0625, subdivision 13, 17, 60a; 256B.0659, subdivision 11; 256B.0913, subdivision 8; 256R.44; Laws 2019, chapter 63, article 3, sections 1;
2.22 2.23 2.24 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28	2; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 9, article 11, section 35; Laws 2020, chapter 73, section 4, subdivisions 3, 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62Q; 147A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 62U.15, subdivision 2; 144.121, subdivisions 3, 5b; 147A.01, subdivisions 4, 11, 16a, 17a, 24, 25; 147A.04; 147A.10; 147A.11; 147A.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 147A.20; 256B.057, subdivision 8; 256B.0752; 256L.04, subdivision 13; Minnesota Rules,
2.29 2.30	parts 7380.0280; 9505.0365, subpart 3. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
2.31	ARTICLE 1
2.32	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
2.33	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
2.34	Subdivision 1. Registration; fees. The fee for the registration for x-ray machines
2.35	equipment and other sources of ionizing radiation required to be registered under rules
2.36	adopted by the state commissioner of health pursuant to section 144.12, shall be in an amount
2.37	as described in subdivision 1a pursuant to section 144.122. The registration shall expire and
2.38	be renewed as prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to section 144.122.
2.39	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 144.121, subdivision 1a, is amended
2.40	to read:
2.41	Subd. 1a. Fees for ionizing radiation-producing equipment. (a) A facility with ionizing
2.42	radiation-producing equipment and other sources of ionizing radiation must pay an annual
2.43	initial or annual renewal registration fee consisting of a base facility fee of \$100 and an

2.44 additional fee for each radiation source <u>x-ray tube</u>, as follows:

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3.1	(1) medie	cal or veterinary equij	pment		\$	100
3.2	(2) denta	ll x-ray equipment			\$	40
3.3 3.4	•	equipment not used on animals	on		\$	100
3.5 3.6 3.7	· · ·	es with sources of ior tion not used on huma als	•		\$	100
3.8	(5) secur	ity screening system			\$	100
3.9	(b) A fac	ility with radiation the	erapy and acce	lerator equipment must	pay a	n <u>initial or</u>
3.10	annual regist	tration fee of \$500. A	facility with a	n industrial accelerator	must j	pay an <u>initial</u>
3.11	<u>or</u> annual reg	gistration fee of \$150.				
3.12	(c) Electr	con microscopy equip	ment is exempt	t from the registration f	ee req	uirements of
3.13	this section.					
3.14	(d) For p	urposes of this sectior	n, a security sci	reening system means <u>i</u>	onizin	1 <u>g</u>
3.15	radiation-pro	oducing equipment de	signed and use	d for security screening	g of hi	umans who
3.16	are in the cu	stody of a correctiona	l or detention f	facility, and used by the	facili	ty to image
3.17	and identify o	contraband items conc	ealed within or	on all sides of a human	body.	For purposes

3.18 of this section, a correctional or detention facility is a facility licensed under section 241.021

3.19 and operated by a state agency or political subdivision charged with detection, enforcement,

3.20 or incarceration in respect to state criminal and traffic laws.

3.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.22 read:

3.23 Subd. 1d. Handheld dental x-ray equipment. A facility that uses handheld dental x-ray
3.24 equipment according to section 144.1215 must comply with this section.

3.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

3.26 Subd. 2. **Inspections.** Periodic radiation safety inspections of the <u>x-ray equipment and</u> 3.27 <u>other sources of ionizing radiation shall be made by the state commissioner of health.</u> The 3.28 frequency of safety inspections shall be prescribed by the commissioner on the basis of the 3.29 frequency of use of the <u>x-ray equipment and other source of ionizing radiation</u>; provided 3.30 that each source shall be inspected at least once every four years.

3.31 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

3.32 Subd. 5. Examination for individual operating x-ray equipment systems. (a) After

3.33 January 1, 2008, An individual in a facility with x-ray equipment systems for use on living

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humans that is registered under subdivision 1 may not operate, nor may the facility allow 4.1 the individual to operate, x-ray equipment systems unless the individual has passed a national 4.2 or state examination for limited x-ray machine operators that meets the requirements of 4.3

paragraphs (b) and (c) and is approved by the commissioner of health. 4.4

(b) The commissioner shall establish criteria for the approval of examinations based on 4.5 national standards, such as the examination in radiography from the American Registry of 4.6 Radiologic Technologists, the examination for limited scope of practice in radiography from

the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists for limited x-ray machine operators, 4.8

and the American Registry of Chiropractic Radiography Technologists for limited 4.9

radiography in spines and extremities; or equivalent examinations approved by other states. 4.10

Equivalent examinations may be approved by the commissioner, if the examination is 4.11

consistent with the standards for educational and psychological testing as recommended by 4.12

the American Education Research Association, the American Psychological Association, 4.13

the National Council on Measurement in Education, or the National Commission for 4.14

Certifying Agencies. The organization proposing the use of an equivalent examination shall 4.15

submit a fee to the commissioner of \$1,000 per examination to cover the cost of determining 4.16

- the extent to which the examination meets the examining standards. The collected fee shall 4.17
- be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government special revenue fund. 4.18

(b) Individuals who may operate x-ray systems include: 4.19

(1) an individual who has passed the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists 4.20

(ARRT) registry for radiography examination; 4.21

(2) an individual who has passed the American Chiropractic Registry of Radiologic 4.22

Technologists (ACRRT) registry examination and is limited to radiography of spines and 4.23

extremities; 4.24

4.7

(3) a registered limited scope x-ray operator and a registered bone densitometry equipment 4.25 operator who passed the examination requirements in paragraphs (d) and (e) and practices 4.26 according to subdivision 5a; 4.27

4.28 (4) an x-ray operator who has the original certificate or the original letter of passing the

examination that was required before January 1, 2008, under Minnesota Statutes 2008, 4.29

- 4.30 section 144.121, subdivision 5a, paragraph (b), clause (1);
- (5) an individual who has passed the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists 4.31
- (ARRT) registry for radiation therapy examination according to subdivision 5e; 4.32
- (6) a cardiovascular technologist according to subdivision 5c; 4.33

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5.1	<u>(7)</u> a nuclea	r medicine technolo	ogist according	to subdivision 5d;				
5.2	(8) an indiv	idual who has passe	ed the examinat	tion for a dental hygier	nist under section			
5.3	150A.06 and only operates dental x-ray systems;							
5.4	<u>(9) an indiv</u>	idual who has passe	ed the examinat	tion for a dental therap	ist under section			
5.5	150A.06 and or	nly operates dental	x-ray systems;					
5.6	<u>(10)</u> an indi	vidual who has pas	sed the examination	ation for a dental assis	tant under section			
5.7	150A.06, and c	only operates dental	x-ray systems;					
5.8	(11) an indi	vidual who has pass	sed the examination	ation under Minnesota	Rules, part			
5.9	3100.8500, sub	part 3, and only op	erates dental x-	ray systems; and				
5.10	(12) a quali	fied practitioner wh	o is licensed by	a health-related licen	sing board with			
5.11	<u> </u>	•		e practitioner's scope o				
5.12				d (4), an individual w				
5.13				occupations listed in p				
5.14				the scope and for the				
5.15	^	cational program.						
				1 *				
5.16	include:	<u>Vinnesota</u> examina	tion for limited	scope x-ray machine	operators must			
5.17	menude.							
5.18		-		adiobiology, equipmer				
5.19				acquisition and techni	<u>cal</u> evaluation, and			
5.20	patient care inte	eractions and manage	gement; and					
5.21	(2) at least o	one of the following	regions of the	human anatomy: chest	, extremities, skull			
5.22	and sinus, spine	e, or ankle and foot	podiatry. The e	examinations must incl	lude the anatomy			
5.23	of, and positior	ing radiographic po	ositions and pro	jections for, the specif	fic regions.			
5.24	(e) The example	mination for bone d	lensitometry eq	uipment operators mu	st include:			
5.25	(1) osteopor	osis, bone physiolog	gy, bone health	and patient education, p	patient preparation,			
5.26	fundamental pr	incipals, biological	effects of radia	tion, units of measure	ments, radiation			
5.27	protection in bo	ne densitometry, fun	damentals of x-	ray production, quality	control, measuring			
5.28	bone mineral te	sting, determining	quality in bone	mineral testing, file an	nd database			
5.29	management; a	nd						
5.30	<u>(2) dual x-ra</u>	iy absorptiometry sc	anning of the lu	mbar spine, proximal f	emur, and forearm.			
5.31	The examination	on must include the	anatomy, scan	acquisition, and scan a	nalysis for these			
5.32	three procedure	<u>28.</u>						

Article 1 Sec. 5.

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(d) (f) A limited scope x-ray operator, and a bone densitometry equipment operator,
6.1
       who is are required to take an examination under this subdivision must submit to the
6.2
       commissioner an a registration application for the examination, and a $25 processing fee,
6.3
       and the required examination fee set by the national organization offering the examination.
6.4
       The processing fee and the examination fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and
6.5
       credited to the state government special revenue fund. The commissioner shall submit the
6.6
       fee to the national organization providing the examination.
6.7
         Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 144.121, subdivision 5a, is amended
6.8
       to read:
6.9
           Subd. 5a. Limited scope x-ray machine and bone densitometry equipment operator
6.10
       practice. (a) A registered limited scope x-ray operator and a registered bone densitometry
6.11
       equipment operator may only practice medical radiography on limited regions of the human
6.12
       anatomy for which the operator has successfully passed an examination identified in
6.13
       subdivision 5, unless the operator meets one of the exemptions described in paragraph (b).
6.14
       The operator may practice using only routine radiographic procedures, for the interpretation
6.15
       by and under the direction of a qualified practitioner, excluding paragraphs (d) and (e) and
6.16
       may not operate computed tomography, cone beam computed tomography, the use of contrast
6.17
       media, and the use of fluoroscopic or mammographic equipment x-ray systems.
6.18
6.19
           (b) This subdivision does not apply to:
           (1) limited x-ray machine operators who passed the examination that was required before
6.20
       January 1, 2008;
6.21
           (2) certified radiologic technologists, licensed dental hygienists, registered dental
6.22
       assistants, certified registered nurse anesthetists, and registered physician assistants;
6.23
           (3) individuals who are licensed in Minnesota to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine,
6.24
6.25
       chiropractic, podiatry, or dentistry;
           (4) individuals who are participating in a training course in any of the occupations listed
6.26
6.27
       in clause (2), (3), or (5) for the duration and within the scope of the training course; and
           (5) cardiovascular technologists who assist with the operation of fluoroscopy equipment
6.28
       if they:
6.29
           (i) are credentialed by Cardiovascular Credentialing International as a registered
6.30
       cardiovascular invasive specialist or as a registered cardiac electrophysiology specialist,
6.31
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6.32 are a graduate of an education program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of

6.33 Allied Health Education Programs, which uses the standards and criteria established by the

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7.1	Joint Review Co	mmittee on Educ	ation in Cardio	vascular Technology,	or are designated on
7.2	a variance grante	ed by the commis	sioner, effectiv	e July 31, 2019; and	
7.3	(ii) are under	the personal sup	ervision and in	the physical presence	e of a qualified
7.4	practitioner for c	liagnosing or trea	ting a disease o	or condition of the ca	rdiovascular system
7.5	in fluoroscopical	lly guided interver	ntional procedu	ı res. Cardiovascular t	echnologists may not
7.6	activate the fluor	roscopic system c	or evaluate qua	ity control tests.	
7.7	Sec. 7. Minnes	ota Statutes 2018	, section 144.1	21, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
7.8	read:				
7.9	Subd. 5c. Ca	rdiovascular tec	hnologist prac	tice. (a) Cardiovascu	lar technologists may
7.10	assist with the op	peration of fluoro	scopy equipme	ent if they:	
7.11	(1) are creden	ntialed by Cardio	vascular Crede	ntialing International	as a registered
7.12	cardiovascular in	nvasive specialist	or as a register	ed cardiac electrophy	ysiology specialist,
7.13	are a graduate of	f an educational p	rogram accred	ited by the Commissi	on on Accreditation
7.14	of Allied Health	Education Progra	ams, which use	s the standards and c	riteria established by
7.15	the Joint Review	Committee on E	ducation in Car	diovascular Technolo	ogy, or are designated
7.16	on a variance gra	anted by the com	missioner effec	tive July 31, 2019; an	nd
7.17	(2) are under	the personal supe	ervision and in	the physical presence	e of a qualified
7.18	practitioner for c	liagnosing or trea	ting a disease o	or condition of the ca	rdiovascular system
7.19	in fluoroscopical	lly guided interver	ntional procedu	res. Cardiovascular t	echnologists may not
7.20	activate the fluor	roscopic system c	or evaluate qual	lity control tests.	
7.21	(b) A cardiov	ascular technologi	ist who is partic	ipating in a training or	educational program
7.22	in any of the occ	supations listed in	this subdivision	on is exempt from the	examination
7.23	requirement with	nin the scope and	for the duratio	n of the training or ec	lucational program.
7.24	Sec. 8. Minnes	ota Statutes 2018	, section 144.1	21, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
7.25	read:				
7.26	<u>Subd. 5d.</u> Nu	iclear medicine t	echnologist pr	actice. (a) Nuclear m	edicine technologists
7.27	who have passed	l the primary path	way credential	in Nuclear Medicine	e Technology
7.28	Certification Boa	ard (NMTCB) for	nuclear medici	ne or the American R	egistry of Radiologic
7.29	Technologists (A	ARRT) for nuclear	medicine tech	nology or the America	an Society of Clinical
7.30	Pathologists (NN	M) (ASCP) may o	perate a fusion	imaging device or a	dual imaging device
7.31	that uses radioac	tive material as a	point source in	n transmission scanni	ng and attenuation
7.32	correction.				

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8.1	(b) A nuc	clear medicine techno	ologist in paragr	aph (a) may only ope	erate a stand-alone
8.2	<u> </u>	mography x-ray syste			
8.3	Technology	Certification Board f	or computed tor	nography (CT) or is a	credentialed in
8.4	computed to	mography (CT) from	the American I	Registry of Radiologi	c Technologists
8.5	(ARRT).				
8.6	(c) A nuc	clear medicine techno	logist who mee	ts the requirements u	nder paragraph (a)
8.7		participating in a train			
8.8) is exempt from the			
8.9		he training or educati			<u></u>
			F 8		
8.10	Sec. 9. Min	nnesota Statutes 2018	s, section 144.12	1, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
8.11	read:				
8.12	Subd. 5e.	. Radiation therapy t	technologist pra	ectice. (a) A radiation	therapy technologist
8.13	who has pas	sed the primary pathy	way credential in	n radiation therapy m	ay operate radiation
8.14	therapy acce	lerator and simulator	x-ray systems.		
8.15	<u>(</u> b) A rad	liation therapy techno	ologist in paragr	aph (a) may only ope	rate a stand-alone
8.16	computed to	mography x-ray syste	em if the techno	logist has passed and	is credentialed in
8.17	computed to	mography (CT) from	the American I	Registry of Radiologi	c Technologists
8.18	(ARRT).				
8.19	(c) A rad	iation therapy techno	logist who mee	ts the requirements u	nder paragraph (a)
8.20		participating in a train			
8.21) is exempt from the			
8.22		he training or educati			
8.23	Sec. 10. M	innesota Statutes 201	8, section 144.2	292, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:
8.24	Subd. 2.	Patient access. Upor	n request, a prov	ider shall supply to a	patient within 30
8.25	calendar day	rs of receiving a writt	en request for n	nedical records comp	lete and current
8.26	information	possessed by that pro	vider concernin	g any diagnosis, treat	ment, and prognosis
8.27	of the patien	t in terms and langua	ge the patient ca	an reasonably be exp	ected to understand.
0.00	G., 11 M		0		
8.28	Sec. 11. M	innesota Statutes 201	8, section 144.2	.92, subdivision 3, is	amended to read:
8.29	Subd. 5.	Copies of health rec	ords to patient	s. Except as provided	l in section 144.296,
8.30		nt's written request, a j		•	
8.31		e patient within 30 ca	llendar days of 1	eceiving a written re	quest for medical
8.32	records:				
	Article 1 Sec.	11.	8		

9.1 (1) copies of the patient's health record, including but not limited to laboratory reports,
9.2 x-rays, prescriptions, and other technical information used in assessing the patient's health
9.3 conditions; or

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9.4 (2) the pertinent portion of the record relating to a condition specified by the patient.

9.5 With the consent of the patient, the provider may instead furnish only a summary of the
9.6 record. The provider may exclude from the health record written speculations about the
9.7 patient's health condition, except that all information necessary for the patient's informed
9.8 consent must be provided.

9.9 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 152.29, subdivision 1, is amended
9.10 to read:

Subdivision 1. Manufacturer; requirements. (a) A manufacturer shall may operate 9.11 eight distribution facilities, which may include the manufacturer's single location for 9.12 cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, and processing but is not required to 9.13 include that location. The commissioner shall designate the geographical service areas to 9.14 be served by each manufacturer based on geographical need throughout the state to improve 9.15 9.16 patient access. A manufacturer shall not have more than two distribution facilities in each geographical service area assigned to the manufacturer by the commissioner. A manufacturer 9.17 shall operate only one location where all cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, 9.18 and processing of medical cannabis shall be conducted. This location may be one of the 9.19 manufacturer's distribution facility sites. The additional distribution facilities may dispense 9.20 9.21 medical cannabis and medical cannabis products but may not contain any medical cannabis in a form other than those forms allowed under section 152.22, subdivision 6, and the 9.22 manufacturer shall not conduct any cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or 9.23 processing at the other distribution facility sites. Any distribution facility operated by the 9.24 manufacturer is subject to all of the requirements applying to the manufacturer under sections 9.25 152.22 to 152.37, including, but not limited to, security and distribution requirements. 9.26

9.27 (b) A manufacturer may acquire hemp grown in this state from a hemp grower. A
9.28 manufacturer may manufacture or process hemp into an allowable form of medical cannabis
9.29 under section 152.22, subdivision 6. Hemp acquired by a manufacturer under this paragraph
9.30 is subject to the same quality control program, security and testing requirements, and other
9.31 requirements that apply to medical cannabis under sections 152.22 to 152.37 and Minnesota
9.32 Rules, chapter 4770.

9.33 (c) A medical cannabis manufacturer shall contract with a laboratory approved by the
9.34 commissioner, subject to any additional requirements set by the commissioner, for purposes

Article 1 Sec. 12.

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10.1 of testing medical cannabis manufactured or hemp acquired by the medical cannabis

10.2 manufacturer as to content, contamination, and consistency to verify the medical cannabis

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meets the requirements of section 152.22, subdivision 6. The cost of laboratory testing shall
be paid by the manufacturer.

10.5 (d) The operating documents of a manufacturer must include:

10.6 (1) procedures for the oversight of the manufacturer and procedures to ensure accurate10.7 record keeping;

(2) procedures for the implementation of appropriate security measures to deter and
 prevent the theft of medical cannabis and unauthorized entrance into areas containing medical
 cannabis; and

10.11 (3) procedures for the delivery and transportation of hemp between hemp growers and10.12 manufacturers.

(e) A manufacturer shall implement security requirements, including requirements for
the delivery and transportation of hemp, protection of each location by a fully operational
security alarm system, facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, and
a personnel identification system.

10.17 (f) A manufacturer shall not share office space with, refer patients to a health care10.18 practitioner, or have any financial relationship with a health care practitioner.

10.19 (g) A manufacturer shall not permit any person to consume medical cannabis on the10.20 property of the manufacturer.

10.21 (h) A manufacturer is subject to reasonable inspection by the commissioner.

(i) For purposes of sections 152.22 to 152.37, a medical cannabis manufacturer is not
subject to the Board of Pharmacy licensure or regulatory requirements under chapter 151.

10.24 (j) A medical cannabis manufacturer may not employ any person who is under 21 years of age or who has been convicted of a disqualifying felony offense. An employee of a 10.25 medical cannabis manufacturer must submit a completed criminal history records check 10.26 consent form, a full set of classifiable fingerprints, and the required fees for submission to 10.27 the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension before an employee may begin working with the 10.28 10.29 manufacturer. The bureau must conduct a Minnesota criminal history records check and the superintendent is authorized to exchange the fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of 10.30 Investigation to obtain the applicant's national criminal history record information. The 10.31 bureau shall return the results of the Minnesota and federal criminal history records checks 10.32 to the commissioner. 10.33

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11.1	(k) A manufacturer may not operate in any location, whether for distribution or
11.2	cultivation, harvesting, manufacturing, packaging, or processing, within 1,000 feet of a
11.3	public or private school existing before the date of the manufacturer's registration with the
11.4	commissioner.
11.5	(l) A manufacturer shall comply with reasonable restrictions set by the commissioner
11.6	relating to signage, marketing, display, and advertising of medical cannabis.
11.7	(m) Before a manufacturer acquires hemp from a hemp grower, the manufacturer must
11.8	verify that the hemp grower has a valid license issued by the commissioner of agriculture
11.9	under chapter 18K.
11.10	(n) Until a state-centralized, seed-to-sale system is implemented that can track a specific
11.11	medical cannabis plant from cultivation through testing and point of sale, the commissioner
11.12	shall conduct at least one unannounced inspection per year of each manufacturer that includes
11.13	inspection of:
11.14	(1) business operations;
11.15	(2) physical locations of the manufacturer's manufacturing facility and distribution
11.16	facilities;
11.17	(3) financial information and inventory documentation, including laboratory testing
11.18	results; and
11.19	(4) physical and electronic security alarm systems.
11.20	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.35, is amended to read:
11.21	152.35 FEES; DEPOSIT OF REVENUE.
11.22	(a) The commissioner shall collect an enrollment fee of \$200 from patients enrolled
11.23	under this section. If the patient attests to provides evidence of receiving Social Security
11.24	disability insurance (SSDI), Supplemental Security Insurance Income (SSI), veterans
11.25	disability, or railroad disability payments, or being enrolled in medical assistance or
11.26	MinnesotaCare, then the fee shall be \$50. For purposes of this section:
11.27	(1) a patient is considered to receive SSDI if the patient was receiving SSDI at the time
11.28	the patient was transitioned to retirement benefits by the United States Social Security
11.29	Administration; and
11.30	(2) veterans disability payments include VA dependency and indemnity compensation.

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Unless a patient provides evidence of receiving payments from or participating in one of
the programs specifically listed in this paragraph, the commissioner of health must collect
the \$200 enrollment fee from a patient to enroll the patient in the registry program. The fees
shall be payable annually and are due on the anniversary date of the patient's enrollment.
The fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government
special revenue fund.

(b) The commissioner shall collect an application fee of \$20,000 from each entity
submitting an application for registration as a medical cannabis manufacturer. Revenue
from the fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state government
special revenue fund.

(c) The commissioner shall establish and collect an annual fee from a medical cannabis
manufacturer equal to the cost of regulating and inspecting the manufacturer in that year.
Revenue from the fee amount shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the
state government special revenue fund.

(d) A medical cannabis manufacturer may charge patients enrolled in the registry program
a reasonable fee for costs associated with the operations of the manufacturer. The
manufacturer may establish a sliding scale of patient fees based upon a patient's household
income and may accept private donations to reduce patient fees.

12.19 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 446A.081, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Other uses of fund. (a) The drinking water revolving loan fund may be usedas provided in the act, including the following uses:

(1) to buy or refinance the debt obligations, at or below market rates, of public water
systems for drinking water systems, where the debt was incurred after the date of enactment
of the act, for the purposes of construction of the necessary improvements to comply with
the national primary drinking water regulations under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act;

12.26 (2) to purchase or guarantee insurance for local obligations to improve credit market
12.27 access or reduce interest rates;

(3) to provide a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and interest
on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the authority if the bond proceeds are
deposited in the fund;

(4) to provide loans or loan guarantees for similar revolving funds established by agovernmental unit or state agency;

13.1 (5) to earn interest on fund accounts;

(6) to pay the reasonable costs incurred by the authority, the Department of Employment
and Economic Development, and the Department of Health for conducting activities as
authorized and required under the act up to the limits authorized under the act;

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13.5 (7) to develop and administer programs for water system supervision, source water
13.6 protection, and related programs required under the act;

13.7 (8) notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 7380.0280, to provide principal forgiveness
13.8 or grants to the extent permitted under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal
13.9 law, based on the criteria and requirements established for drinking water projects under
13.10 the water infrastructure funding program under section 446A.072;

(9) to provide loans, principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the
federal Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal law to address green infrastructure, water
or energy efficiency improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities; and

(10) to provide principal forgiveness, or grants for 50 80 percent of the project cost costs
up to a maximum of \$10,000 \$100,000 for projects needed to comply with national primary
drinking water standards for an existing nonmunicipal community or noncommunity public
water system; and

13.18 (11) to provide principal forgiveness or grants to the extent permitted under the federal
 13.19 Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal laws for 50 percent of the project costs up to a
 13.20 maximum of \$250,000 for projects to replace the privately owned portion of drinking water
 13.21 lead service lines.

(b) Principal forgiveness or grants provided under paragraph (a), clause (9), may not
exceed 25 percent of the eligible project costs as determined by the Department of Health
for project components directly related to green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency
improvements, or other environmentally innovative activities, up to a maximum of
\$1,000,000.

13.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

^{13.27} Sec. 15. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 9, article 11, section 35, the effective
13.28 date, is amended to read:

^{13.29} **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2020 January 1, 2021.

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14.1	Sec. 16. <u>REI</u>	PEALER.			
14.2	(a) Minnes	ota Statutes 2018, s	section 144.12	1, subdivisions 3 and 5	b, are repealed.
14.3	(b) Minnes	ota Rules, part 7380	0.0280, is repe	ealed.	
14.4			ARTICL	JE 2	
14.5		HEALTH-R	ELATED LIG	CENSING BOARDS	
14.6	Section 1. M	innesota Statutes 20	018, section 62	2A.307, subdivision 2,	is amended to read:
14.7	Subd. 2. R	equirement. Cover	age described	in subdivision 1 that c	overs prescription
14.8	drugs must pro	wide the same cove	erage for a pre-	scription written by a l	nealth care provider
14.9	authorized to p	prescribe the particu	ılar drug cover	red by the health cover	age described in
14.10	subdivision 1,	regardless of the typ	pe of health car	re provider that wrote the	he prescription. This
14.11	section is inter	ided to prohibit den	nial of coverag	e based on the prescrip	otion having been
14.12	written by an a	idvanced practice n	urse under sec	tion 148.235, a physic	ian assistant under
14.13	section 147A.1	147A.185, or any	y other nonphy	vsician health care prov	vider authorized to
14.14	prescribe the p	articular drug.			
14.15	Sec. 2. <u>[62Q.</u>	<u>529] COVERAGE</u>	E FOR DRUG	S PRESCRIBED AN	D DISPENSED BY
14.16	PHARMACI	ES.			
14.17	(a) A healtl	h plan that provides	s prescription of	coverage must provide	coverage for
14.18	self-administer	red hormonal contra	aceptives, nico	otine replacement medi	cations, and opiate
14.19	antagonists for	the treatment of ar	n acute opiate	overdose prescribed ar	nd dispensed by a
14.20	licensed pharm	nacist in accordance	e with section	51.37, subdivision 14,	15, or 16, under the
14.21	same terms of	coverage that woul	d apply had th	e prescription drug be	en prescribed by a
14.22	licensed physic	cian, physician assi	stant, or advar	nced practice nurse pra	ctitioner.
14.23	(b) A health	h plan is not require	ed to cover the	drug if dispensed by a	an out-of-network
14.24	pharmacy, unle	ess the health plan o	covers prescrip	otion drugs dispensed l	by out-of-network
14.25	pharmacies.				
14.26	Sec. 3. Minn	esota Statutes 2018	s, section 147A		amended to read:
14.27	Subd. 3. Ac	Iminister. "Adminis	ster" means the	e delivery by a physician	n assistant authorized
14.28	to prescribe leg	g end drugs, a single	e dose of a leg	end drug , including co	ntrolled substances,
14.29	to a patient by	injection, inhalatio	n, ingestion, o	r by any other immedi	ate means , and the
14.30	delivery by a p	hysician assistant o	ordered by a pl	hysician a single dose	of a legend drug by
14.31	injection, inhal	lation, ingestion, or	· by any other	immediate means.	

l	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
2	read:
	Subd. 6a. Collaborating physician. "Collaborating physician" means a Minnesota
	licensed physician who oversees the performance, practice, and activities of a physician
	assistant under a collaborative agreement as described in section 147A.02, paragraph (c).
	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.01, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
	Subd. 21. Prescription. "Prescription" means a signed written order, an oral order
	reduced to writing, or an electronic order meeting current and prevailing standards given
1	by a physician assistant authorized to prescribe drugs for patients in the course of the
]	physician assistant's practice, and issued for an individual patient and containing the
	information required in the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.
	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:
	Subd. 26. Therapeutic order. "Therapeutic order" means an a written or verbal order
	given to another for the purpose of treating or curing a patient in the course of a physician
	assistant's practice. Therapeutic orders may be written or verbal, but do not include the
	prescribing of legend drugs or medical devices unless prescribing authority has been
	delegated within the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.
	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
	Subd. 27. Verbal order. "Verbal order" means an oral order given to another for the
]	purpose of treating or curing a patient in the course of a physician assistant's practice. Verbal
(orders do not include the prescribing of legend drugs unless prescribing authority has been
ť	delegated within the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.
	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.02, is amended to read:
	147A.02 QUALIFICATIONS FOR LICENSURE.
	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an individual shall be licensed by the board
	before the individual may practice as a physician assistant.
	(a) The board may grant a license as a physician assistant to an applicant who:
	(1) submits an application on forms approved by the board;
	(2) pays the appropriate fee as determined by the board;

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16.1 (3) has current certification from the National Commission on Certification of Physician
16.2 Assistants, or its successor agency as approved by the board;

(4) certifies that the applicant is mentally and physically able to engage safely in practiceas a physician assistant;

(5) has no licensure, certification, or registration as a physician assistant under current
discipline, revocation, suspension, or probation for cause resulting from the applicant's
practice as a physician assistant, unless the board considers the condition and agrees to
licensure;

(6) submits any other information the board deems necessary to evaluate the applicant'squalifications; and

16.11 (7) has been approved by the board.

(b) All persons registered as physician assistants as of June 30, 1995, are eligible for
 continuing license renewal. All persons applying for licensure after that date shall be licensed
 according to this chapter.

16.15 (c) A physician assistant who qualifies for licensure must practice for at least 2,080

16.16 hours, within the context of a collaborative agreement, within a hospital or integrated clinical

16.17 setting where physician assistants and physicians work together to provide patient care. The

16.18 physician assistant shall submit written evidence to the board with the application, or upon

16.19 completion of the required collaborative practice experience. For purposes of this paragraph,

16.20 a collaborative agreement is a mutually agreed upon plan for the overall working relationship

16.21 and collaborative arrangement between a physician assistant, and one or more physicians

16.22 licensed under chapter 147, that designates the scope of services that can be provided to

16.23 manage the care of patients. The physician assistant and one of the collaborative physicians

16.24 <u>must have experience in providing care to patients with the same or similar medical</u>

16.25 conditions. The collaborating physician is not required to be physically present so long as

16.26 the collaborating physician and physician assistant are or can be easily in contact with each

16.27 other by radio, telephone, or other telecommunication device.

16.28 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to16.29 read:

16.30 Subd. 1a. Licensure required. Except as provided under subdivision 2, it is unlawful

- 16.31 for any person to practice as a physician assistant without being issued a valid license
- 16.32 according to this chapter.

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17.1

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.05, is amended to read:

17.2 **147A.05 INACTIVE LICENSE.**

(a) Physician assistants who notify the board in writing may elect to place their license 17.3 on an inactive status. Physician assistants with an inactive license shall be excused from 17.4 payment of renewal fees and shall not practice as physician assistants. Persons who engage 17.5 in practice while their license is lapsed or on inactive status shall be considered to be 17.6 practicing without a license, which shall be grounds for discipline under section 147A.13. 17.7 Physician assistants who provide care under the provisions of section 147A.23 shall not be 17.8 considered practicing without a license or subject to disciplinary action. Physician assistants 17.9 who notify the board of their intent to resume active practice shall be required to pay the 17.10 current renewal fees and all unpaid back fees and shall be required to meet the criteria for 17.11 renewal specified in section 147A.07. 17.12

17.13 (b) Notwithstanding section 147A.03, subdivision 1, a person with an inactive license
 17.14 may continue to use the protected titles specified in section 147A.03, subdivision 1, so long
 17.15 as the person does not practice as a physician assistant.

17.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 147A.06, is amended to read:

17.17 **147A.06 CANCELLATION OF LICENSE FOR NONRENEWAL.**

Subdivision 1. Cancellation of license. The board shall not renew, reissue, reinstate, or
restore a license that has lapsed on or after July 1, 1996, and has not been renewed within
two annual renewal cycles starting July 1, 1997. A licensee whose license is canceled for
nonrenewal must obtain a new license by applying for licensure and fulfilling all requirements
then in existence for an initial license to practice as a physician assistant.

Subd. 2. Licensure following lapse of licensed status; transition. (a) A licensee whose
license has lapsed under subdivision 1 before January 1, 2020, and who seeks to regain
licensed status after January 1, 2020, shall be treated as a first-time licensee only for purposes
of establishing a license renewal schedule, and shall not be subject to the license cycle
conversion provisions in section 147A.29.

- 17.28 (b) This subdivision expires July 1, 2022.
- 17.29 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.09, is amended to read:

17.30 **147A.09 SCOPE OF PRACTICE, DELEGATION.**

17.31 Subdivision 1. Scope of practice. Physician assistants shall practice medicine only with

17.32 physician supervision. Physician assistants may perform those duties and responsibilities

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18.1	as delegated in the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement and delegation forms
18.2	maintained at the address of record by the supervising physician and physician assistant,
18.3	including the prescribing, administering, and dispensing of drugs, controlled substances,
18.4	and medical devices, excluding anesthetics, other than local anesthetics, injected in
18.5	connection with an operating room procedure, inhaled anesthesia and spinal anesthesia
18.6	under an established practice agreement.
18.7	Patient service must be limited to A physician assistant's scope of practice includes:
18.8	(1) services within the training and experience of the physician assistant;
18.9	(2) <u>patient</u> services customary to the practice of the supervising physician or alternate
18.10	supervising physician physician assistant and the practice agreement; and
18.11	(3) services delegated by the supervising physician or alternate supervising physician
18.12	under the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement; and
18.13	(4) services within the parameters of the laws, rules, and standards of the facilities in
18.14	which the physician assistant practices.
18.15	Nothing in this chapter authorizes physician assistants to perform duties regulated by
18.16	the boards listed in section 214.01, subdivision 2, other than the Board of Medical Practice,
18.17	and except as provided in this section.
18.18	Subd. 2. Delegation Patient services. Patient services may include, but are not limited
18.19	to, the following, as delegated by the supervising physician and authorized in the delegation
18.20	agreement:
18.21	(1) taking patient histories and developing medical status reports;
18.22	(2) performing physical examinations;
18.23	(3) interpreting and evaluating patient data;
18.24	(4) ordering or, performing, or reviewing diagnostic procedures, including the use of
18.25	radiographic imaging systems in compliance with Minnesota Rules 2007, chapter 4732, but
18.26	excluding interpreting computed tomography scans, magnetic resonance imaging scans,
18.27	positron emission tomography scans, nuclear scans, and mammography;
18.28	(5) ordering or performing therapeutic procedures including the use of ionizing radiation
18.29	in compliance with Minnesota Rules 2007, chapter 4732;
18.30	(6) providing instructions regarding patient care, disease prevention, and health
18.31	promotion;

- 19.1 (7) assisting the supervising physician in providing patient care in the home and in health
 19.2 care facilities;
- 19.3 (8) creating and maintaining appropriate patient records;
- 19.4

.4 (9) transmitting or executing specific orders at the direction of the supervising physician;

19.5 (10) prescribing, administering, and dispensing drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices if this function has been delegated by the supervising physician pursuant to and 19.6 19.7 subject to the limitations of section 147A.18 and chapter 151. For physician assistants who have been delegated the authority to prescribe controlled substances, such delegation shall 19.8 be included in the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement, and all schedules of 19.9 controlled substances the physician assistant has the authority to prescribe shall be specified, 19.10 including administering local anesthetics, but excluding anesthetics injected in connection 19.11 with an operating room procedure, inhaled anesthesia, and spinal anesthesia; 19.12

- 19.13 (11) for physician assistants not delegated prescribing authority, administering legend
 19.14 drugs and medical devices following prospective review for each patient by and upon
 19.15 direction of the supervising physician;
- 19.16 (12) functioning as an emergency medical technician with permission of the ambulance
 19.17 service and in compliance with section 144E.127, and ambulance service rules adopted by
 19.18 the commissioner of health;
- 19.19 (13) (12) initiating evaluation and treatment procedures essential to providing an
 19.20 appropriate response to emergency situations;
- 19.21 (14) (13) certifying a patient's eligibility for a disability parking certificate under section
 19.22 169.345, subdivision 2;
- 19.23 (15)(14) assisting at surgery; and

19.24 (16) (15) providing medical authorization for admission for emergency care and treatment
 19.25 of a patient under section 253B.05, subdivision 2.

- 19.26 Orders of physician assistants shall be considered the orders of their supervising
- 19.27 physicians in all practice-related activities, including, but not limited to, the ordering of
- 19.28 diagnostic, therapeutic, and other medical services.
- 19.29 Subd. 3. Practice agreement review. A physician assistant shall have a practice
- 19.30 agreement at the practice level that describes the practice of the physician assistant. The
- 19.31 practice agreement must be reviewed on an annual basis by a licensed physician within the
- 19.32 same clinic, hospital, health system, or other facility as the physician assistant and has

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knowledge of the physician assistant's practice to ensure that the physician assistant's medical 20.1 practice is consistent with the practice agreement. A document stating that the review

- occurred must be maintained at the practice level and made available to the board, upon 20.3
- request. 20.4

20.2

Subd. 4. Scope of practice limitations; spinal injections for acute and chronic 20.5

pain. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, a physician assistant may only perform spinal injections 20.6

to address acute and chronic pain symptoms upon referral and in collaboration with a 20.7

20.8 physician licensed under chapter 147. For purposes of performing spinal injections for acute

or chronic pain symptoms, the physician assistant and one or more physicians licensed under 20.9

chapter 147 must have a mutually agreed upon plan that designates the scope of collaboration 20.10

necessary for treating patients with acute and chronic pain. 20.11

Subd. 5. Scope of practice limitations; psychiatric care for children with emotional 20.12

disturbance or adults with serious mental illness. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, a 20.13

physician assistant may only provide ongoing psychiatric treatment for children with 20.14

emotional disturbance, as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 15, or adults with serious 20.15

mental illness in collaboration with a physician licensed under chapter 147. For purposes 20.16

of providing ongoing psychiatric treatment for children with emotional disturbance or adults 20.17

with serious mental illness, the practice agreement between the physician assistant and one 20.18

or more physicians licensed under chapter 147 must define the collaboration between the 20.19

physician assistant and the collaborating physician, including appropriate consultation or 20.20

referral to psychiatry. 20.21

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 20.22

Subdivision 1. Grounds listed. The board may refuse to grant licensure or may impose 20.23 disciplinary action as described in this subdivision against any physician assistant. The 20.24 following conduct is prohibited and is grounds for disciplinary action: 20.25

(1) failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for licensure 20.26 contained in this chapter or rules of the board. The burden of proof shall be upon the applicant 20.27 to demonstrate such qualifications or satisfaction of such requirements; 20.28

(2) obtaining a license by fraud or cheating, or attempting to subvert the examination 20.29 20.30 process. Conduct which subverts or attempts to subvert the examination process includes, but is not limited to: 20.31

(i) conduct which violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing
examination materials from the examination room or having unauthorized possession of
any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination;

(ii) conduct which violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating
with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying another examinee's
answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or possessing unauthorized
materials; and

(iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an impersonator to take the examination
on one's own behalf;

(3) conviction, during the previous five years, of a felony reasonably related to the
practice of physician assistant. Conviction as used in this subdivision includes a conviction
of an offense which if committed in this state would be deemed a felony without regard to
its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is
made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered;

(4) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against
the person's physician assistant credentials in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report
to the board that charges regarding the person's credentials have been brought in another
state or jurisdiction, or having been refused licensure by any other state or jurisdiction;

(5) advertising which is false or misleading, violates any rule of the board, or claims
without substantiation the positive cure of any disease or professional superiority to or
greater skill than that possessed by another physician assistant;

(6) violating a rule adopted by the board or an order of the board, a state, or federal law
which relates to the practice of a physician assistant, or in part regulates the practice of a
physician assistant, including without limitation sections 604.201, 609.344, and 609.345,
or a state or federal narcotics or controlled substance law;

(7) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the
public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of
a patient; or practice which is professionally incompetent, in that it may create unnecessary
danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of actual injury
need not be established;

21.31 (8) failure to adhere to the provisions of the physician assistant delegation
21.32 agreement;

22.1 (9) (8) engaging in the practice of medicine beyond that what is allowed by the
 22.2 physician assistant delegation agreement under this chapter, or aiding or abetting
 22.3 an unlicensed person in the practice of medicine;

(10) (9) adjudication as mentally incompetent, mentally ill or developmentally disabled,
or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to the public, a sexually dangerous
person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic personality by a court of competent
jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such adjudication shall automatically suspend a
license for its duration unless the board orders otherwise;

(11) (10) engaging in unprofessional conduct. Unprofessional conduct includes any
departure from or the failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing
practice in which proceeding actual injury to a patient need not be established;

(12) (11) inability to practice with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of
illness, drunkenness, use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material, or as
a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through the aging
process or loss of motor skills;

22.16 (13)(12) revealing a privileged communication from or relating to a patient except when
 22.17 otherwise required or permitted by law;

22.18 (14) (13) any identification of a physician assistant by the title "Physician," "Doctor,"
 22.19 or "Dr." in a patient care setting or in a communication directed to the general public;

(15)(14) improper management of medical records, including failure to maintain adequate
 medical records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant to sections 144.291 to
 144.298, or to furnish a medical record or report required by law;

(16) (15) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the
 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws;

22.25 (17)(16) becoming addicted or habituated to a drug or intoxicant;

(18) (17) prescribing a drug or device for other than medically accepted therapeutic,
experimental, or investigative purposes authorized by a state or federal agency or referring
a patient to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to 144.298 for services
or tests not medically indicated at the time of referral;

(19) (18) engaging in conduct with a patient which is sexual or may reasonably be
interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior which is seductive or sexually
demeaning to a patient;

- 23.1 (20) (19) failure to make reports as required by section 147A.14 or to cooperate with an
 23.2 investigation of the board as required by section 147A.15, subdivision 3;
 23.3 (21) (20) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related
 23.4 to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the
 23.5 administration of a placebo;
- 23.6 (22) (21) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as
 23.7 established by any of the following:
- (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation
 of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;
- (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction
 issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;
- 23.12 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,
 23.13 subdivision 5; or
- (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.
 The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1
 or 2; or
- 23.17 (23) (22) failure to maintain annually reviewed and updated physician-physician assistant
 23.18 delegation agreements for each physician-physician assistant practice relationship, or failure
 23.19 to provide copies of such documents upon request by the board failure to maintain the proof
 23.20 of review document as required under section 147A.09, subdivision 3, or to provide a copy
 23.21 of the document upon request of the board.

23.22 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147A.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Licensed professionals. Licensed health professionals and persons holding 23.23 residency permits under section 147.0391, shall report to the board personal knowledge of 23.24 any conduct which the person reasonably believes constitutes grounds for disciplinary action 23.25 under this chapter by a physician assistant, including any conduct indicating that the person 23.26 may be incompetent, or may have engaged in unprofessional conduct or may be medically 23.27 or physically unable to engage safely in practice as a physician assistant. No report shall be 23.28 23.29 required if the information was obtained in the course of a physician-patient provider-patient relationship if the patient is a physician assistant, and the treating physician provider 23.30 successfully counsels the person to limit or withdraw from practice to the extent required 23.31

23.32 by the impairment.

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24.1	Sec. 15. Minne	esota Statutes 2018,	section 147	A.16, is amended to re	ead:		
24.2	147A.16 FO	RMS OF DISCIPI	LINARY A	CTION.			
24.3	When the board finds that a licensed physician assistant has violated a provision of this						
24.4	chapter, it may c	lo one or more of the	e following:				
24.5	(1) revoke th	e license;					
24.6	(2) suspend t	he license;					
24.7	(3) impose li	mitations or condition	ons on the p	hysician assistant's pr	actice, including		
24.8	limiting the scop	be of practice to desi	gnated field	specialties; impose in	nposing retraining or		
24.9	rehabilitation re-	quirements; require	practice und	ler additional supervis	ion; or condition		
24.10	continued limiting	ng practice on until	demonstrati	on of knowledge or sk	tills by appropriate		
24.11	examination or o	other review of skill	and compet	ence;			
24.12	(4) impose a	civil penalty not exc	eeding \$10,	000 for each separate v	violation, the amount		
24.13	of the civil pena	lty to be fixed so as	to deprive t	he physician assistant	of any economic		
24.14	advantage gaine	d by reason of the v	iolation cha	rged or to reimburse tl	ne board for the cost		
24.15	of the investigat	ion and proceeding;	or				
24.16	(5) order the	physician assistant	t o provide u	nremunerated profess	ional service under		
24.17	supervision at a	designated public h	ospital, clini	e, or other health care	institution; or		
24.18	(<u>6) (5)</u> censu	re or reprimand the	licensed phy	ysician assistant.			
24.19	Upon judicia	l review of any boar	rd disciplina	ry action taken under	this chapter, the		
24.20	reviewing court	shall seal the admin	istrative rec	ord, except for the boa	ard's final decision,		
24.21	and shall not ma	ke the administrativ	e record ava	ailable to the public.			
24.22	Sec. 16. [147A		NG DRUG	S AND THERAPEU	TIC DEVICES.		
24.23	Subd. 1. Dia	gnosis, prescribing	, and order	ing. A physician assis	tant is authorized to:		
24.24	(1) diagnose,	prescribe, and institu	ite therapy o	r referrals of patients to	health care agencies		
24.25	and providers;						
24.26	(2) prescribe	, procure, sign for, re	cord, admin	ister, and dispense ove	er-the-counter drugs,		
24.27	legend drugs, an	d controlled substar	nces, includi	ng sample drugs; and			
24.28	(3) plan and i	nitiate a therapeutic	regimen tha	t includes ordering and	d prescribing durable		
24.29	medical devices	and equipment, nut	rition, diagn	ostic services, and sup	portive services		
24.30	including but no	t limited to home he	ealth care, h	ospice, physical therap	by, and occupational		
24.31	therapy.						

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25.1	Subd. 2. D	Prug Enforcement A	dministratio	on requirements. (a) A	A physician assistant
25.2	must:				
25.3	(1) comply	y with federal Drug E	Enforcement A	Administration (DEA)	requirements related
25.4	to controlled s	substances; and			
25.5	(2) file any	y and all of the physi	cian assistant	's DEA registrations a	nd numbers with the
25.6	board.				
25.7	<u>(b)</u> The bo	oard shall maintain cu	urrent records	of all physician assist	ants with DEA
25.8	registration ar	nd numbers.			
25.9	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	Other requirements	and restricti	ons. (a) Each prescript	tion initiated by a
25.10	physician assi	istant shall indicate the	he following:		
25.11	(1) the dat	e of issue;			
25.12	(2) the nar	ne and address of the	e patient;		
25.13	(3) the nar	ne and quantity of th	e drug prescr	ibed;	
25.14	(4) directio	ons for use; and			
25.15	(5) the nar	ne and address of the	e prescribing	physician assistant.	
25.16	(b) In pres	cribing, dispensing,	and administe	ering legend drugs, con	ntrolled substances,
25.17	and medical d	levices, a physician a	ssistant must	comply with this chap	oter and chapters 151
25.18	and 152.				
25.19	Sec. 17. Mir	nnesota Statutes 2018	8, section 147	A.23, is amended to r	ead:
25.20	147A.23 F	RESPONDING TO	DISASTER	SITUATIONS.	
25.21	(a) A phys	sician assistant duly l	icensed or cre	edentialed in a United	States jurisdiction or
25.22	by a federal en	nployer who is respo	nding to a nee	d for medical care crea	ated by an emergency
25.23	according to s	section 604A.01, or a	state or local	l disaster may render s	such care as the
25.24	physician assi	stant is trained to pro	vide, under th	e physician assistant's	license or credential ,
25.25	without the ne	ed of a physician-ph	nysician assist	ant delegation agreem	ent or a notice of
25.26	intent to pract	tice as required under	r section 147	A.20. A physician assi	stant may provide
25.27	emergency ca	re without physician	supervision (or under the supervision	m that is available .
25.28	(b) The ph	ysician who provide	s supervision	to a physician assistan	t while the physician
25.29	assistant is rer	ndering care in accor	dance with th	iis section may do so v	vithout meeting the
25.30	requirements.	of section 147A.20.			

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(c) The supervising physician who otherwise provides supervision to a physician assistant
 under a physician-physician assistant delegation agreement described in section 147A.20
 shall not be held medically responsible for the care rendered by a physician assistant pursuant
 to paragraph (a). Services provided by a physician assistant under paragraph (a) shall be
 considered outside the scope of the relationship between the supervising physician and the
 physician assistant.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 147D.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Scope of practice. The practice of traditional midwifery includes, but is not
limited to:

26.10 (1) initial and ongoing assessment for suitability of traditional midwifery care;

(2) providing prenatal education and coordinating with a licensed health care provider
as necessary to provide comprehensive prenatal care, including the routine monitoring of
vital signs, indicators of fetal developments, and <u>ordering standard prenatal</u> laboratory tests
<u>and imaging</u>, as needed, with attention to the physical, nutritional, and emotional needs of
the woman and her family;

26.16 (3) attending and supporting the natural process of labor and birth;

26.17 (4) postpartum care of the mother and an initial assessment of the newborn; and

(5) providing information and referrals to community resources on childbirth preparation,
breastfeeding, exercise, nutrition, parenting, and care of the newborn-; and

26.20 (6) ordering ultrasounds, providing point-of-care testing, and ordering laboratory tests
 26.21 that conform to the standard prenatal protocol of the licensed traditional midwife's standard
 26.22 of care.

26.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended
26.24 to read:

Subd. 23. Practitioner. "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed 26.25 doctor of osteopathic medicine duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of 26.26 dentistry, licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, licensed veterinarian, or licensed 26.27 advanced practice registered nurse. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.211, 26.28 subdivision 3; 151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (e), and (f); 26.29 and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a, or licensed physician assistant authorized to 26.30 prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A. For purposes of sections 151.15, 26.31 subdivision 4; 151.211, subdivision 3; 151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, 26.32

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paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to dispense 27.1 and administer under chapter 150A. For purposes of sections 151.252, subdivision 3, and 27.2 151.461, "practitioner" also means a pharmacist authorized to prescribe self-administered 27.3 hormonal contraceptives, nicotine replacement medications, or opiate antagonists under 27.4 section 151.37, subdivision 14, 15, or 16. 27.5 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.01, subdivision 27, is amended 27.6 to read: 27.7 Subd. 27. Practice of pharmacy. "Practice of pharmacy" means: 27.8 (1) interpretation and evaluation of prescription drug orders; 27.9 (2) compounding, labeling, and dispensing drugs and devices (except labeling by a 27.10 manufacturer or packager of nonprescription drugs or commercially packaged legend drugs 27.11 and devices); 27.12 (3) participation in clinical interpretations and monitoring of drug therapy for assurance 27.13

of safe and effective use of drugs, including the performance of laboratory tests that are
waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act of 1988, United States Code,
title 42, section 263a et seq., provided that a pharmacist may interpret the results of laboratory
tests but may modify drug therapy only pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice
agreement;

(4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first
dosage and medical emergencies; intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used for
the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence; drug regimen reviews; and drug or
drug-related research;

(5) drug administration, through intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used
to treat mental illnesses as permitted under the following conditions:

(i) upon the order of a prescriber and the prescriber is notified after administration iscomplete; or

(ii) pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement as defined by section
151.01, subdivisions 27b and 27c, and participation in the initiation, management,
modification, administration, and discontinuation of drug therapy is according to the protocol
or collaborative practice agreement between the pharmacist and a dentist, optometrist,
physician, podiatrist, or veterinarian, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized
to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes in drug therapy
or medication administration made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement

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28.1	must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the
28.2	pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care;
28.3	(6) participation in administration of influenza vaccines and vaccines approved by the
28.4	United States Food and Drug Administration related to COVID-19 or SARS-CoV-2 to all
28.5	eligible individuals six years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 13 years of
28.6	age and older by written protocol with a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician
28.7	assistant authorized to prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered
28.8	nurse authorized to prescribe drugs under section 148.235, provided that:
28.9	(i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:
28.10	(A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;
28.11	(B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;
28.12	(C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
28.13	(D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;

of

(E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced 28.14 practice registered nurse; 28.15

(F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice 28.16 registered nurse can be contacted; and 28.17

(G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid; 28.18

(ii) the pharmacist has successfully completed a program approved by the Accreditation 28.19 Council for Pharmacy Education specifically for the administration of immunizations or a 28.20 program approved by the board; 28.21

(iii) the pharmacist utilizes the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection to 28.22 assess the immunization status of individuals prior to the administration of vaccines, except 28.23 when administering influenza vaccines to individuals age nine and older; 28.24

(iv) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the Minnesota 28.25 28.26 Immunization Information Connection: and

(v) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations established 28.27 28.28 by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a pharmacist does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish immunization 28.29 schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific order issued 28.30 by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe 28.31 drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe 28.32

drugs under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States 29.1 Food and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine; 29.2 (7) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of 29.3 drug therapy according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement between: 29.4 (i) one or more pharmacists and one or more dentists, optometrists, physicians, podiatrists, 29.5 or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more physician assistants 29.6 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or advanced practice 29.7 29.8 registered nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement 29.9 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the 29.10 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care; 29.11 (8) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records; 29.12 (9) patient counseling on therapeutic values, content, hazards, and uses of drugs and 29.13 devices; 29.14 (10) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary 29.15 in the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy; and 29.16

(11) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of
therapy with opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, pursuant to:

29.19 (i) a written protocol as allowed under clause (6); or

29.20 (ii) a written protocol with a community health board medical consultant or a practitioner
29.21 designated by the commissioner of health, as allowed under section 151.37, subdivision 13;
29.22 <u>and</u>

29.23 (12) prescribing self-administered hormonal contraceptives; nicotine replacement
 29.24 medications; and opiate antagonists for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose pursuant
 29.25 to section 151.37, subdivision 14, 15, or 16.

29.26 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to29.27 read:

29.28 <u>Subd. 42.</u> Self-administered hormonal contraceptive. "Self-administered hormonal
29.29 contraceptive" means a drug composed of a combination of hormones that is approved by
29.30 the United States Food and Drug Administration to prevent pregnancy and is administered
29.31 by the user.

30.1 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Prescribing and filing. (a) A licensed practitioner in the course of professional 30.2 practice only, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a legend drug, and may cause the 30.3 same to be administered by a nurse, a physician assistant, or medical student or resident 30.4 under the practitioner's direction and supervision, and may cause a person who is an 30.5 appropriately certified, registered, or licensed health care professional to prescribe, dispense, 30.6 and administer the same within the expressed legal scope of the person's practice as defined 30.7 30.8 in Minnesota Statutes. A licensed practitioner may prescribe a legend drug, without reference to a specific patient, by directing a licensed dietitian or licensed nutritionist, pursuant to 30.9 section 148.634; a nurse, pursuant to section 148.235, subdivisions 8 and 9; physician 30.10 assistant; medical student or resident; or pharmacist according to section 151.01, subdivision 30.11 27, to adhere to a particular practice guideline or protocol when treating patients whose 30.12 condition falls within such guideline or protocol, and when such guideline or protocol 30.13 specifies the circumstances under which the legend drug is to be prescribed and administered. 30.14 An individual who verbally, electronically, or otherwise transmits a written, oral, or electronic 30.15 order, as an agent of a prescriber, shall not be deemed to have prescribed the legend drug. 30.16 This paragraph applies to a physician assistant only if the physician assistant meets the 30.17 requirements of section 147A.18. 30.18

(b) The commissioner of health, if a licensed practitioner, or a person designated by the 30.19 commissioner who is a licensed practitioner, may prescribe a legend drug to an individual 30.20 or by protocol for mass dispensing purposes where the commissioner finds that the conditions 30.21 triggering section 144.4197 or 144.4198, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), exist. The 30.22 commissioner, if a licensed practitioner, or a designated licensed practitioner, may prescribe, 30.23 dispense, or administer a legend drug or other substance listed in subdivision 10 to control 30.24 tuberculosis and other communicable diseases. The commissioner may modify state drug 30.25 labeling requirements, and medical screening criteria and documentation, where time is 30.26 critical and limited labeling and screening are most likely to ensure legend drugs reach the 30.27 maximum number of persons in a timely fashion so as to reduce morbidity and mortality. 30.28

30.29 (c) A licensed practitioner that dispenses for profit a legend drug that is to be administered 30.30 orally, is ordinarily dispensed by a pharmacist, and is not a vaccine, must file with the 30.31 practitioner's licensing board a statement indicating that the practitioner dispenses legend 30.32 drugs for profit, the general circumstances under which the practitioner dispenses for profit, 30.33 and the types of legend drugs generally dispensed. It is unlawful to dispense legend drugs 30.34 for profit after July 31, 1990, unless the statement has been filed with the appropriate 30.35 licensing board. For purposes of this paragraph, "profit" means (1) any amount received by

the practitioner in excess of the acquisition cost of a legend drug for legend drugs that are 31.1 purchased in prepackaged form, or (2) any amount received by the practitioner in excess 31.2 of the acquisition cost of a legend drug plus the cost of making the drug available if the 31.3 legend drug requires compounding, packaging, or other treatment. The statement filed under 31.4 this paragraph is public data under section 13.03. This paragraph does not apply to a licensed 31.5 doctor of veterinary medicine or a registered pharmacist. Any person other than a licensed 31.6 practitioner with the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer a legend drug under 31.7 31.8 paragraph (a) shall not dispense for profit. To dispense for profit does not include dispensing by a community health clinic when the profit from dispensing is used to meet operating 31.9 31.10 expenses.

31.11 (d) A prescription drug order for the following drugs is not valid, unless it can be
31.12 established that the prescription drug order was based on a documented patient evaluation,
31.13 including an examination, adequate to establish a diagnosis and identify underlying conditions
31.14 and contraindications to treatment:

31.15 (1) controlled substance drugs listed in section 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5;

31.16 (2) drugs defined by the Board of Pharmacy as controlled substances under section

31.17 152.02, subdivisions 7, 8, and 12;

31.18 (3) muscle relaxants;

31.19 (4) centrally acting analgesics with opioid activity;

31.20 (5) drugs containing butalbital; or

31.21 (6) phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitors when used to treat erectile dysfunction.

31.22 For purposes of prescribing drugs listed in clause (6), the requirement for a documented

31.23 patient evaluation, including an examination, may be met through the use of telemedicine,

31.24 as defined in section 147.033, subdivision 1.

31.25 (e) For the purposes of paragraph (d), the requirement for an examination shall be met 31.26 if an in-person examination has been completed in any of the following circumstances:

31.27 (1) the prescribing practitioner examines the patient at the time the prescription or drug
31.28 order is issued;

31.29 (2) the prescribing practitioner has performed a prior examination of the patient;

31.30 (3) another prescribing practitioner practicing within the same group or clinic as the

31.31 prescribing practitioner has examined the patient;

32.1 (4) a consulting practitioner to whom the prescribing practitioner has referred the patient
32.2 has examined the patient; or

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32.3 (5) the referring practitioner has performed an examination in the case of a consultant
32.4 practitioner issuing a prescription or drug order when providing services by means of
32.5 telemedicine.

32.6 (f) Nothing in paragraph (d) or (e) prohibits a licensed practitioner from prescribing a
32.7 drug through the use of a guideline or protocol pursuant to paragraph (a).

32.8 (g) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a licensed practitioner from issuing a prescription
32.9 or dispensing a legend drug in accordance with the Expedited Partner Therapy in the
32.10 Management of Sexually Transmitted Diseases guidance document issued by the United
32.11 States Centers for Disease Control.

(h) Nothing in paragraph (d) or (e) limits prescription, administration, or dispensing of
legend drugs through a public health clinic or other distribution mechanism approved by
the commissioner of health or a community health board in order to prevent, mitigate, or
treat a pandemic illness, infectious disease outbreak, or intentional or accidental release of
a biological, chemical, or radiological agent.

(i) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy located
within the state and licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 1, may dispense a legend
drug based on a prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would reasonably be expected
to know, is not valid under paragraph (d).

(j) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy located
outside the state and licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 1, may dispense a legend
drug to a resident of this state based on a prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would
reasonably be expected to know, is not valid under paragraph (d).

(k) Nothing in this chapter prohibits the commissioner of health, if a licensed practitioner,
or, if not a licensed practitioner, a designee of the commissioner who is a licensed
practitioner, from prescribing legend drugs for field-delivered therapy in the treatment of
a communicable disease according to the Centers For Disease Control and Prevention Partner
Services Guidelines.

32.30 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
32.31 read:

32.32 Subd. 14. Self-administered hormonal contraceptives. (a) A pharmacist is authorized
 32.33 to prescribe self-administered hormonal contraceptives if the intended use is contraception

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33.1	in accordance with this subdivision. By January 1, 2021, the board shall develop a
33.2	standardized protocol for the pharmacist to follow in prescribing self-administrated hormonal
33.3	contraceptives. In developing the protocol, the board shall consult with the Minnesota Board
33.4	of Medical Practice; the Minnesota Board of Nursing; the commissioner of health; the
33.5	Minnesota section of the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists; professional
33.6	pharmacy associations; and professional associations of physicians, physician assistants,
33.7	and advanced practice registered nurses. The protocol must, at a minimum, include:
33.8	(1) requiring the patient to complete a self-screening tool to identify patient risk factors
33.9	for the use of self-administered hormonal contraceptives, based on the current United States
33.10	Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use developed by the federal Centers for
33.11	Disease Control and Prevention;
33.12	(2) requiring the pharmacist to review the screening tool with the patient;
33.13	(3) other assessments the pharmacist should make before prescribing self-administered
33.14	hormonal contraceptives;
33.15	(4) situations when the prescribing of self-administered hormonal contraceptives by a
33.16	pharmacist is contraindicated;
33.17	(5) situations when the pharmacist must refer a patient to the patient's primary care
33.18	provider or, if the patient does not have a primary care provider, to a nearby clinic or hospital;
33.19	and
33.20	(6) any additional information concerning the requirements and prohibitions in this
33.21	subdivision that the board considers necessary.
33.22	(b) Before a pharmacist is authorized to prescribe a self-administered hormonal
33.23	contraceptive to a patient under this subdivision, the pharmacist shall successfully complete
33.24	a training program on prescribing self-administered hormonal contraceptives that is offered
33.25	by a college of pharmacy or by a continuing education provider that is accredited by the
33.26	Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education, or a program approved by the board. To
33.27	maintain authorization to prescribe, the pharmacist shall complete continuing education
33.28	requirements as specified by the board.
33.29	(c) Before prescribing a self-administered hormonal contraceptive, the pharmacist shall
33.30	follow the standardized protocol developed under paragraph (a), and if appropriate, may
33.31	prescribe a self-administered hormonal contraceptive to a patient, if the patient is:
33.32	(1) 18 years of age or older; or

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34.1	(2) under	the age of 18 if the pa	atient has previ	iously been prescribed	l a self-administered
34.2	<u> </u>		-	physician assistant, o	
34.3	registered nu	irse.			
34.4	(d) The p	harmacist shall provid	le counseling to	o the patient on the use	of self-administered
34.5	hormonal co	ntraceptives and prov	ide the patient	with a fact sheet that	includes but is not
34.6	limited to the	e contraindications fo	r use of the dru	ig, the appropriate me	thod for using the
34.7	drug, the nee	ed for medical follow-	up, and any ac	lditional information l	isted in Minnesota
34.8	Rules, part 68	800.0910, subpart 2, th	at is required to	be given to a patient of	luring the counseling
34.9	process. The	pharmacist shall also	provide the pa	atient with a written re	ecord of the
34.10	self-adminis	tered hormonal contra	aceptive prescr	ibed by the pharmacis	st.
34.11	<u>(e) If a pł</u>	narmacist prescribes a	nd dispenses a	self-administered hor	monal contraceptive
34.12	under this su	bdivision, the pharma	acist shall not p	prescribe a refill to the	e patient unless the
34.13	patient has e	vidence of a clinical v	visit with a phy	vsician, physician assi	stant, or advanced
34.14	practice regi	stered nurse within th	e preceding th	ree years.	
34.15	<u>(f)</u> A pha	rmacist who is author	rized to prescri	be a self-administered	l hormonal
34.16	contraceptive	e is prohibited from de	legating the pro	escribing to any other p	person. A pharmacist
34.17	intern registe	ered pursuant to section	on 151.101 ma	y prepare a prescription	on for a
34.18	self-adminis	tered hormonal contra	aceptive, but be	efore the prescription	is processed or
34.19	dispensed, a	pharmacist authorized	to prescribe un	nder this subdivision m	nust review, approve,
34.20	and sign the	prescription.			
34.21	<u>(g) Nothi</u>	ng in this subdivision	prohibits a pha	rmacist from participa	ting in the initiation,
34.22	management	, modification, and di	scontinuation	of drug therapy accore	ding to a protocol or
34.23	<u>collaborative</u>	e agreement as authori	ized in this sect	tion and in section 151	1.01, subdivision 27.
34.24	Sec. 24. M	innesota Statutes 201	8, section 151.	37, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
34.25	read:				
34.26	Subd. 15.	Nicotine replacemer	nt medications	. (a) A pharmacist is au	thorized to prescribe
34.27	nicotine repl	acement medications	approved by the	he United States Food	and Drug
34.28	Administrati	on in accordance with	n this subdivisi	on. By January 1, 202	21, the board shall
34.29	develop a sta	andardized protocol for	or the pharmac	ist to follow in prescri	ibing nicotine
34.30	replacement	medications. In devel	loping the prot	ocol, the board shall c	consult with the
34.31	Minnesota B	oard of Medical Prac	tice; the Minne	esota Board of Nursin	g; the commissioner
34.32	of health; pro	ofessional pharmacy a	associations; ar	nd professional associa	ations of physicians,
34.33	physician as	sistants, and advanced	l practice regis	stered nurses.	

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35.1	(b) Before a pharmacist is authorized to prescribe nicotine replacement medications
35.2	under this subdivision, the pharmacist shall successfully complete a training program
35.3	specifically developed for prescribing nicotine replacement medications that is offered by
35.4	a college of pharmacy or by a continuing education provider that is accredited by the
35.5	Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education, or a program approved by the board. To
35.6	maintain authorization to prescribe, the pharmacist shall complete continuing education
35.7	requirements as specified by the board.
35.8	(c) Before prescribing a nicotine replacement medication, the pharmacist shall follow
35.9	the appropriate standardized protocol developed under paragraph (a), and if appropriate,
35.10	may dispense to a patient a nicotine replacement medication.
35.11	(d) The pharmacist shall provide counseling to the patient on the use of the nicotine
35.12	replacement medication and provide the patient with a fact sheet that includes but is not
35.13	limited to the indications and contraindications for use of a nicotine replacement medication,
35.14	the appropriate method for using the medication or product, the need for medical follow-up,
35.15	and any additional information listed in Minnesota Rules, part 6800.0910, subpart 2, that
35.16	is required to be given to a patient during the counseling process. The pharmacist shall also
35.17	provide the patient with a written record of the medication prescribed by the pharmacist.
35.18	(e) A pharmacist who is authorized to prescribe a nicotine replacement medication under
35.19	this subdivision is prohibited from delegating the prescribing of the medication to any other
35.20	person. A pharmacist intern registered pursuant to section 151.101 may prepare a prescription
35.21	for the medication, but before the prescription is processed or dispensed, a pharmacist
35.22	authorized to prescribe under this subdivision must review, approve, and sign the prescription.
35.23	(f) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a pharmacist from participating in the initiation,
35.24	management, modification, and discontinuation of drug therapy according to a protocol or
35.25	collaborative agreement as authorized in this section and in section 151.01, subdivision 27.
35.26	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
35.20	read:
55.27	
35.28	Subd. 16. Opiate antagonists for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose. (a) A
35.29	pharmacist is authorized to prescribe opiate antagonists for the treatment of an acute opiate
35.30	overdose. By January 1, 2021, the board shall develop a standardized protocol for the
35.31	pharmacist to follow in prescribing an opiate antagonist. In developing the protocol, the
35.32	board shall consult with the Minnesota Board of Medical Practice; the Minnesota Board of
35.33	Nursing; the commissioner of health; professional pharmacy associations; and professional
35.34	associations of physicians, physician assistants, and advanced practice registered nurses.
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36.1	(b) Before a pharmacist is authorized to prescribe an opiate antagonist under this
36.2	subdivision, the pharmacist shall successfully complete a training program specifically
36.3	developed for prescribing opiate antagonists for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose
36.4	that is offered by a college of pharmacy or by a continuing education provider that is
36.5	accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education, or a program approved
36.6	by the board. To maintain authorization to prescribe, the pharmacist shall complete continuing
36.7	education requirements as specified by the board.
36.8	(c) Before prescribing an opiate antagonist under this subdivision, the pharmacist shall
36.9	follow the appropriate standardized protocol developed under paragraph (a), and if
36.10	appropriate, may dispense to a patient an opiate antagonist.
36.11	(d) The pharmacist shall provide counseling to the patient on the use of the opiate
36.12	antagonist and provide the patient with a fact sheet that includes but is not limited to the
36.13	indications and contraindications for use of the opiate antagonist, the appropriate method
36.14	for using the opiate antagonist, the need for medical follow-up, and any additional
36.15	information listed in Minnesota Rules, part 6800.0910, subpart 2, that is required to be given
36.16	to a patient during the counseling process. The pharmacist shall also provide the patient
36.17	with a written record of the opiate antagonist prescribed by the pharmacist.
36.18	(e) A pharmacist who prescribes an opiate antagonist under this subdivision is prohibited
36.19	from delegating the prescribing of the medication to any other person. A pharmacist intern
36.20	registered pursuant to section 151.101 may prepare the prescription for the opiate antagonist,
36.21	but before the prescription is processed or dispensed, a pharmacist authorized to prescribe
36.22	under this subdivision must review, approve, and sign the prescription.
36.23	(f) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits a pharmacist from participating in the initiation,
36.24	management, modification, and discontinuation of drug therapy according to a protocol as
36.25	authorized in this section and in section 151.01, subdivision 27.
36.26	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.555, subdivision 3, is amended

36.27

to read:

Subd. 3. Central repository requirements. (a) The board shall may publish a request 36.28 for proposal for participants who meet the requirements of this subdivision and are interested 36.29 in acting as the central repository for the drug repository program. The board If the board 36.30 publishes a request for proposal, it shall follow all applicable state procurement procedures 36.31 in the selection process. The board may also work directly with the University of Minnesota 36.32 to establish a central repository. 36.33

- 37.1 (b) To be eligible to act as the central repository, the participant must be a wholesale
 37.2 drug distributor located in Minnesota, licensed pursuant to section 151.47, and in compliance
 37.3 with all applicable federal and state statutes, rules, and regulations.
- 37.4 (c) The central repository shall be subject to inspection by the board pursuant to section
 37.5 151.06, subdivision 1.

37.6 (d) The central repository shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws, rules,
37.7 and regulations pertaining to the drug repository program, drug storage, and dispensing.
37.8 The facility must maintain in good standing any state license or registration that applies to
37.9 the facility.

37.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

37.11 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Prescribing, dispensing, administering controlled substances in 37.12 Schedules II through V. A licensed doctor of medicine, a doctor of osteopathic medicine, 37.13 duly licensed to practice medicine, a doctor of dental surgery, a doctor of dental medicine, 37.14 a licensed doctor of podiatry, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, a licensed 37.15 physician assistant, or a licensed doctor of optometry limited to Schedules IV and V, and 37.16 in the course of professional practice only, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a 37.17 37.18 controlled substance included in Schedules II through V of section 152.02, may cause the same to be administered by a nurse, an intern or an assistant under the direction and 37.19 supervision of the doctor, and may cause a person who is an appropriately certified and 37.20 licensed health care professional to prescribe and administer the same within the expressed 37.21 legal scope of the person's practice as defined in Minnesota Statutes. 37.22

37.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13, is
37.24 amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Drugs.** (a) Medical assistance covers drugs, except for fertility drugs when specifically used to enhance fertility, if prescribed by a licensed practitioner and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist, by a physician enrolled in the medical assistance program as a dispensing physician, or by a physician, physician assistant, or a nurse practitioner employed by or under contract with a community health board as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, for the purposes of communicable disease control.

37.31 (b) The dispensed quantity of a prescription drug must not exceed a 34-day supply,
37.32 unless authorized by the commissioner.

(c) For the purpose of this subdivision and subdivision 13d, an "active pharmaceutical 38.1 ingredient" is defined as a substance that is represented for use in a drug and when used in 38.2 the manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug becomes an active ingredient of the 38.3 drug product. An "excipient" is defined as an inert substance used as a diluent or vehicle 38.4 for a drug. The commissioner shall establish a list of active pharmaceutical ingredients and 38.5 excipients which are included in the medical assistance formulary. Medical assistance covers 38.6 selected active pharmaceutical ingredients and excipients used in compounded prescriptions 38.7 38.8 when the compounded combination is specifically approved by the commissioner or when a commercially available product: 38.9

38.10 (1) is not a therapeutic option for the patient;

38.11 (2) does not exist in the same combination of active ingredients in the same strengths38.12 as the compounded prescription; and

38.13 (3) cannot be used in place of the active pharmaceutical ingredient in the compounded38.14 prescription.

(d) Medical assistance covers the following over-the-counter drugs when prescribed by 38.15 a licensed practitioner or by a licensed pharmacist who meets standards established by the 38.16 commissioner, in consultation with the board of pharmacy: antacids, acetaminophen, family 38.17 planning products, aspirin, insulin, products for the treatment of lice, vitamins for adults 38.18 with documented vitamin deficiencies, vitamins for children under the age of seven and 38.19 pregnant or nursing women, and any other over-the-counter drug identified by the 38.20 commissioner, in consultation with the Formulary Committee, as necessary, appropriate, 38.21 and cost-effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions, or 38.22 disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14. A 38.23 pharmacist may prescribe over-the-counter medications as provided under this paragraph 38.24 for purposes of receiving reimbursement under Medicaid. When prescribing over-the-counter 38.25 38.26 drugs under this paragraph, licensed pharmacists must consult with the recipient to determine necessity, provide drug counseling, review drug therapy for potential adverse interactions, 38.27 and make referrals as needed to other health care professionals. 38.28

(e) Effective January 1, 2006, medical assistance shall not cover drugs that are coverable
under Medicare Part D as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and
Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-2(e), for individuals eligible
for drug coverage as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and
Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-1(a)(3)(A). For these
individuals, medical assistance may cover drugs from the drug classes listed in United States

- Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2), subject to this subdivision and subdivisions 13a to
 13g, except that drugs listed in United States Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2)(E), shall
 not be covered.
- (f) Medical assistance covers drugs acquired through the federal 340B Drug Pricing
 Program and dispensed by 340B covered entities and ambulatory pharmacies under common
 ownership of the 340B covered entity. Medical assistance does not cover drugs acquired
- 39.7 through the federal 340B Drug Pricing Program and dispensed by 340B contract pharmacies.
- 39.8 (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), medical assistance covers self-administered hormonal
 39.9 contraceptives prescribed and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist in accordance with section
- 39.10 <u>151.37</u>, subdivision 14; nicotine replacement medications prescribed and dispensed by a
- 39.11 licensed pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 15; and opiate antagonists
- 39.12 used for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose prescribed and dispensed by a licensed
- 39.13 pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 16.
- 39.14 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13h, is amended to
 39.15 read:
- Subd. 13h. Medication therapy management services. (a) Medical assistance covers
 medication therapy management services for a recipient taking prescriptions to treat or
 prevent one or more chronic medical conditions. For purposes of this subdivision,
 "medication therapy management" means the provision of the following pharmaceutical
 care services by a licensed pharmacist to optimize the therapeutic outcomes of the patient's
 medications:
- 39.22 (1) performing or obtaining necessary assessments of the patient's health status;
- 39.23 (2) formulating a medication treatment plan, which may include prescribing medications
 39.24 or products in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 14, 15, or 16;
- 39.25 (3) monitoring and evaluating the patient's response to therapy, including safety and
 effectiveness;
- 39.27 (4) performing a comprehensive medication review to identify, resolve, and prevent
 39.28 medication-related problems, including adverse drug events;
- 39.29 (5) documenting the care delivered and communicating essential information to the39.30 patient's other primary care providers;
- 39.31 (6) providing verbal education and training designed to enhance patient understanding
 39.32 and appropriate use of the patient's medications;

- 40.1 (7) providing information, support services, and resources designed to enhance patient
 40.2 adherence with the patient's therapeutic regimens; and
- 40.3 (8) coordinating and integrating medication therapy management services within the
 40.4 broader health care management services being provided to the patient.
- 40.5 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to expand or modify the scope of practice of
 40.6 the pharmacist as defined in section 151.01, subdivision 27.
- 40.7 (b) To be eligible for reimbursement for services under this subdivision, a pharmacist
 40.8 must meet the following requirements:
- 40.9 (1) have a valid license issued by the Board of Pharmacy of the state in which the40.10 medication therapy management service is being performed;
- 40.11 (2) have graduated from an accredited college of pharmacy on or after May 1996, or
 40.12 completed a structured and comprehensive education program approved by the Board of
 40.13 Pharmacy and the American Council of Pharmaceutical Education for the provision and
 40.14 documentation of pharmaceutical care management services that has both clinical and
 40.15 didactic elements;
- 40.16 (3) be practicing in an ambulatory care setting as part of a multidisciplinary team or
 40.17 have developed a structured patient care process that is offered in a private or semiprivate
 40.18 patient care area that is separate from the commercial business that also occurs in the setting,
 40.19 or in home settings, including long-term care settings, group homes, and facilities providing
 40.20 assisted living services, but excluding skilled nursing facilities; and
- 40.21 (4) make use of an electronic patient record system that meets state standards.
- 40.22 (c) For purposes of reimbursement for medication therapy management services, the
 40.23 commissioner may enroll individual pharmacists as medical assistance providers. The
 40.24 commissioner may also establish contact requirements between the pharmacist and recipient,
 40.25 including limiting the number of reimbursable consultations per recipient.
- (d) If there are no pharmacists who meet the requirements of paragraph (b) practicing 40.26 40.27 within a reasonable geographic distance of the patient, a pharmacist who meets the requirements may provide the services via two-way interactive video. Reimbursement shall 40.28 be at the same rates and under the same conditions that would otherwise apply to the services 40.29 provided. To qualify for reimbursement under this paragraph, the pharmacist providing the 40.30 services must meet the requirements of paragraph (b), and must be located within an 40.31 ambulatory care setting that meets the requirements of paragraph (b), clause (3). The patient 40.32 must also be located within an ambulatory care setting that meets the requirements of 40.33

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- paragraph (b), clause (3). Services provided under this paragraph may not be transmitted 41.1 into the patient's residence. 41.2 41.3 (e) Medication therapy management services may be delivered into a patient's residence via secure interactive video if the medication therapy management services are performed 41.4 electronically during a covered home care visit by an enrolled provider. Reimbursement 41.5 shall be at the same rates and under the same conditions that would otherwise apply to the 41.6 services provided. To qualify for reimbursement under this paragraph, the pharmacist 41.7 providing the services must meet the requirements of paragraph (b) and must be located 41.8 within an ambulatory care setting that meets the requirements of paragraph (b), clause (3). 41.9 Sec. 30. ISSUANCE OF PRESCRIPTIONS TO TREAT SUBSTANCE USE 41.10 **DISORDERS.** 41.11 Subdivision 1. Applicability during a peacetime emergency. This section applies 41.12 during a peacetime emergency declared by the governor under Minnesota Statutes, section 41.13 12.31, subdivision 2, for an outbreak of COVID-19. 41.14 41.15 Subd. 2. Use of telemedicine allowed. For purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 41.16 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), the requirement for an examination shall be met if the prescribing practitioner has performed a telemedicine examination of the patient before 41.17 issuing a prescription drug order for the treatment of a substance use disorder. 41.18 Subd. 3. Expiration. This section expires 60 days after the peacetime emergency specified 41.19 in subdivision 1 is terminated or rescinded by proper authority. 41.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 41.21 Sec. 31. LICENSE RENEWAL FOR PODIATRISTS; CONTINUING EDUCATION. 41.22 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 153.16, subdivision 5, for purposes of 41.23 obtaining the required hours of continuing education for licensure renewal, any continuing 41.24 education hours obtained by a licensed podiatrist through participation in an internet live 41.25 41.26 online continuing educational activity as defined by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education from March 13, 2020, to the expiration date of this section, shall be classified 41.27 by the board of podiatric medicine in the same manner as if the credits were obtained through 41.28 in-person participation. 41.29 (b) This section expires December 31, 2020, or the day after the peacetime emergency 41.30 declared by the governor under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.31, subdivision 2, for an 41.31
- 41.32 outbreak of COVID-19 is terminated or rescinded by proper authority, whichever is later.

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42.1	<u>EFFECTI</u>	VE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e the day following	final enactment.
42.2	Sec. 32. <u>OB</u>	SERVATION OF	PHYSICAL TH	IERAPIST ASSIST	TANTS.
42.3	Subdivisio	n 1. Applicability	during a peace	time emergency. Th	is section applies
42.4	during a peace	etime emergency by	the governor u	nder Minnesota Stati	utes, section 12.31,
42.5	subdivision 2,	for an outbreak of	COVID-19.		
42.6	<u>Subd. 2.</u> O	n-site requiremen	ts. For purposes	of Minnesota Statut	es, section 148.706,
42.7	subdivision 3,	the on-site observa	tion requiremen	t of treatment compo	onents delegated to a
42.8	physical thera	pist assistant by a p	hysical therapis	t may be met through	n observation via
42.9	telemedicine.				
42.10	<u>Subd. 3.</u> Ex	xpiration. This section	on expires 60 da	ys after the peacetime	e emergency specified
42.11	in subdivision	1 is terminated or 1	rescinded by the	proper authority.	
42.12	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e the day following	final enactment.
42.13	Sec. 33. <u>TH</u>	ERAPEUTIC INT	<u>ERCHANGE.</u>		
42.14	Subdivisio	n 1. Applicability	during a peace	t ime emergency. Th	is section applies
42.15	during a peace	etime emergency de	clared by the go	vernor under Minne	sota Statutes, section
42.16	12.31, subdivi	sion 2, for an outbr	eak of COVID-	<u>19.</u>	
42.17	<u>Subd. 2.</u> T	herapeutic intercha	ange. <u>Notwithsta</u>	anding Minnesota Sta	tutes, section 151.21,
42.18	subdivision 7a	a, paragraph (a), a p	harmacist may o	dispense a therapeuti	cally equivalent and
42.19	interchangeab	le prescribed drug o	or biological pro	duct, without having	g a protocol in place,
42.20	provided:				
42.21	(1) the dru	g prescribed is in sł	nort supply and	the pharmacist is una	able to obtain it from
42.22	the manufactu	rer, drug wholesale	rs, or other loca	l pharmacies;	
42.23	(2) the pha	rmacist is unable to	contact the pres	scriber within a reaso	onable period of time
42.24	to get authoriz	ation to dispense a	drug that is ava	ilable;	
42.25	(3) the pha	rmacist determines	a therapeuticall	y equivalent drug to	the one prescribed is
42.26	available and is	s in the same Americ	can Hospital For	mulary Service pharn	nacologic-therapeutic
42.27	classification;				
42.28	(4) the pha	rmacist informs the	patient as requi	red in Minnesota Stat	tutes, section 151.21,
42.29	subdivision 7a	a, paragraph (b), and	d provides coun	seling to the patient,	as required by the
42.30	Board of Phar	macy rules, about th	he substituted di	rug;	

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43.1	(5) the ph	armacist informs the	prescriber as s	oon as possible that th	e therapeutic
43.2	· · · ·	as been made; and	•	I	
43.3	(6) the the	rapeutic interchange	pursuant to this	section is allowed only	until the expiration
43.4	date under su		<u> </u>		<u></u>
43.5	Subd 3 F	vniration This secti	on expires 60 d	ays after the peacetime e	mergency specified
43.6		n 1 is terminated or r			mergency specified
					1
43.7	<u>EFFECT</u>	IVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	ve the day following fin	nal enactment.
43.8	Sec. 34. <u>RF</u>	CPEALER.			
43.9	Minnesota	a Statutes 2018, sect	ions 147A.01, s	subdivisions 4, 11, 16a	, 17a, 24, and 25;
43.10	<u>147A.04; 147</u>	A.10; 147A.11; 147	A.18, subdivisi	ons 1, 2, and 3; and 147	A.20, are repealed.
43.11			ARTICL	F 3	
43.11			HEALTH C		
43.13	Section 1. N	Ainnesota Statutes 2	019 Supplemen	it, section 16A.151, su	bdivision 2, is
43.14	amended to re	ead:			
43.15	Subd. 2. E	Exceptions. (a) If a st	ate official litig	ates or settles a matter o	on behalf of specific
43.16	injured person	ns or entities, this sec	tion does not pr	ohibit distribution of m	oney to the specific
43.17	injured person	ns or entities on who	se behalf the lit	gation or settlement ef	forts were initiated.
43.18	If money reco	overed on behalf of in	njured persons o	or entities cannot reason	hably be distributed
43.19	to those perso	ons or entities becaus	se they cannot a	readily be located or id	entified or because
43.20	the cost of dis	stributing the money	would outweig	h the benefit to the per	sons or entities, the
43.21	money must l	be paid into the gene	ral fund.		
43.22	(b) Money	y recovered on behal	f of a fund in th	e state treasury other th	an the general fund
43.23	may be depos	sited in that fund.			
43.24	(c) This se	ection does not prohi	bit a state offic	ial from distributing m	oney to a person or
43.25	entity other th	nan the state in litigat	ion or potential	litigation in which the	state is a defendant
43.26	or potential d	efendant.			
43.27	(d) State a	agencies may accept	funds as direct	ed by a federal court fo	or any restitution or
43.28	monetary per	alty under United St	tates Code, title	18, section 3663(a)(3)) <u>,</u> or United States
43.29	Code, title 18	s, section 3663A(a)(3	3). Funds receiv	ed must be deposited i	n a special revenue
43.30	account and a	are appropriated to th	e commissione	r of the agency for the	purpose as directed
43.31	by the federal	l court.			

44.1

44.2

(e) Tobacco settlement revenues as defined in section 16A.98, subdivision 1, paragraph(t), may be deposited as provided in section 16A.98, subdivision 12.

44.3 (f) Any money received by the state resulting from a settlement agreement or an assurance of discontinuance entered into by the attorney general of the state, or a court order in litigation 44.4 brought by the attorney general of the state, on behalf of the state or a state agency, against 44.5 one or more opioid manufacturers or opioid wholesale drug distributors related to alleged 44.6 violations of consumer fraud laws in the marketing, sale, or distribution of opioids in this 44.7 44.8 state or other alleged illegal actions that contributed to the excessive use of opioids, must be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury and the commissioner shall notify 44.9 the chairs and ranking minority members of the Finance Committee in the senate and the 44.10 Ways and Means Committee in the house of representatives that an account has been created. 44.11 This paragraph does not apply to attorney fees and costs awarded to the state or the Attorney 44.12 General's Office, to contract attorneys hired by the state or Attorney General's Office, or to 44.13 other state agency attorneys. If the licensing fees under section 151.065, subdivision 1, 44.14 clause (16), and subdivision 3, clause (14), are reduced and the registration fee under section 44.15 151.066, subdivision 3, is repealed in accordance with section 256.043, subdivision 4, then 44.16 the commissioner shall transfer from the separate account created in this paragraph to the 44.17 opiate epidemic response account fund under section 256.043 an amount that ensures that 44.18 \$20,940,000 each fiscal year is available for distribution in accordance with section 256.043, 44.19 subdivisions 2 and 3. 44.20

44.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.22 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62U.03, is amended to read:

44.23 62

62U.03 PAYMENT RESTRUCTURING; CARE COORDINATION PAYMENTS.

(a) By January 1, 2010, health plan companies shall include health care homes in their 44.24 provider networks and by July 1, 2010, shall pay a care coordination fee for their members 44.25 who choose to enroll in health care homes certified by the commissioners of health and 44.26 human services commissioner under section 256B.0751. Health plan companies shall develop 44.27 payment conditions and terms for the care coordination fee for health care homes participating 44.28 in their network in a manner that is consistent with the system developed under section 44.29 256B.0753. Nothing in this section shall restrict the ability of health plan companies to 44.30 selectively contract with health care providers, including health care homes. Health plan 44.31 companies may reduce or reallocate payments to other providers to ensure that 44.32 implementation of care coordination payments is cost neutral. 44.33

45.1	(b) By July 1, 2010, the commissioner of management and budget shall implement the
45.2	care coordination payments for participants in the state employee group insurance program.
45.3	The commissioner of management and budget may reallocate payments within the health
45.4	care system in order to ensure that the implementation of this section is cost neutral.
45.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
45.6	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62U.04, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
45.7	Subd. 11. Restricted uses of the all-payer claims data. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision
45.8	4, paragraph (b), and subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the commissioner or the commissioner's
45.9	designee shall only use the data submitted under subdivisions 4 and 5 for the following
45.10	purposes:
45.11	(1) to evaluate the performance of the health care home program as authorized under
45.12	sections section 256B.0751, subdivision 6, and 256B.0752, subdivision 2;
45.13	(2) to study, in collaboration with the reducing avoidable readmissions effectively
45.14	(RARE) campaign, hospital readmission trends and rates;
45.15	(3) to analyze variations in health care costs, quality, utilization, and illness burden based
45.16	on geographical areas or populations;
45.17	(4) to evaluate the state innovation model (SIM) testing grant received by the Departments
45.18	of Health and Human Services, including the analysis of health care cost, quality, and
45.19	utilization baseline and trend information for targeted populations and communities; and
45.20	(5) to compile one or more public use files of summary data or tables that must:
45.21	(i) be available to the public for no or minimal cost by March 1, 2016, and available by
45.22	web-based electronic data download by June 30, 2019;
45.23	(ii) not identify individual patients, payers, or providers;
45.24	(iii) be updated by the commissioner, at least annually, with the most current data
45.25	available;
45.26	(iv) contain clear and conspicuous explanations of the characteristics of the data, such
45.27	as the dates of the data contained in the files, the absence of costs of care for uninsured
45.28	patients or nonresidents, and other disclaimers that provide appropriate context; and
45.29	(v) not lead to the collection of additional data elements beyond what is authorized under
45.30	this section as of June 30, 2015.

paragraph (a) so long as the data released publicly do not contain information or descriptions
in which the identity of individual hospitals, clinics, or other providers may be discerned.
(c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from
using the data collected under subdivision 4 to complete the state-based risk adjustment
system assessment due to the legislature on October 1, 2015.
(d) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may use the data submitted under

(b) The commissioner may publish the results of the authorized uses identified in

- subdivisions 4 and 5 for the purpose described in paragraph (a), clause (3), until July 1,
 2023.
- (e) The commissioner shall consult with the all-payer claims database work group
 established under subdivision 12 regarding the technical considerations necessary to create
 the public use files of summary data described in paragraph (a), clause (5).

46.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 46.14 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.065, subdivision 1, as amended
 46.15 by Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 2, section 5, is amended to read:
- 46.16 Subdivision 1. Application fees. Application fees for licensure and registration are as46.17 follows:
- 46.18 (1) pharmacist licensed by examination, \$175;
- 46.19 (2) pharmacist licensed by reciprocity, \$275;
- 46.20 (3) pharmacy intern, \$50;

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- 46.21 (4) pharmacy technician, \$50;
- 46.22 (5) pharmacy, \$260;
- 46.23 (6) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, \$5,260;
- 46.24 (7) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, \$5,260;
- 46.25 (8) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, \$5,260;
- 46.26 (9) drug wholesaler, medical gases, \$5,260 for the first facility and \$260 for each
 46.27 additional facility;
- 46.28 (10) third-party logistics provider, \$260;
- 46.29 (11) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, \$5,260;
- 46.30 (12) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, \$5,260;

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- 47.1 (13) drug manufacturer, nonlegend or veterinary legend drugs, \$5,260;
- 47.2 (14) drug manufacturer, medical gases, \$5,260 for the first facility and \$260 for each
 47.3 additional facility;
- 47.4 (15) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, \$5,260;
- 47.5 (16) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 47.6 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000 <u>\$55,260</u>;
- 47.7 (17) medical gas distributor dispenser, \$260;
- 47.8 (18) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 47.9 (19) pharmacy professional corporation, \$150.

47.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 47.11 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.065, subdivision 3, as amended
- 47.12 by Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 2, section 6, is amended to read:
- 47.13 Subd. 3. Annual renewal fees. Annual licensure and registration renewal fees are as47.14 follows:
- 47.15 (1) pharmacist, \$175;
- 47.16 (2) pharmacy technician, \$50;
- 47.17 (3) pharmacy, \$260;
- 47.18 (4) drug wholesaler, legend drugs only, \$5,260;
- 47.19 (5) drug wholesaler, legend and nonlegend drugs, \$5,260;
- 47.20 (6) drug wholesaler, nonlegend drugs, veterinary legend drugs, or both, \$5,260;
- 47.21 (7) drug wholesaler, medical gases, \$5,260 for the first facility and \$260 for each
 47.22 additional facility;
- 47.23 (8) third-party logistics provider, \$260;
- 47.24 (9) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend drugs only, \$5,260;
- 47.25 (10) drug manufacturer, nonopiate legend and nonlegend drugs, \$5,260;
- 47.26 (11) drug manufacturer, nonlegend, veterinary legend drugs, or both, \$5,260;
- 47.27 (12) drug manufacturer, medical gases, \$5,260 for the first facility and \$260 for each
 47.28 additional facility;

48.1 (13) drug manufacturer, also licensed as a pharmacy in Minnesota, \$5,260;

- 48.2 (14) drug manufacturer of opiate-containing controlled substances listed in section
- 48.3 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5, \$55,000 <u>\$55,260</u>;
- 48.4 (15) medical gas distributor dispenser, \$260;
- 48.5 (16) controlled substance researcher, \$75; and
- 48.6 (17) pharmacy professional corporation, \$100.
- 48.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

48.8 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.065, subdivision 6, is amended
48.9 to read:

48.10 Subd. 6. Reinstatement fees. (a) A pharmacist who has allowed the pharmacist's license
48.11 to lapse may reinstate the license with board approval and upon payment of any fees and
48.12 late fees in arrears, up to a maximum of \$1,000.

(b) A pharmacy technician who has allowed the technician's registration to lapse may
reinstate the registration with board approval and upon payment of any fees and late fees
in arrears, up to a maximum of \$90.

(c) An owner of a pharmacy, a drug wholesaler, a drug manufacturer, third-party logistics
provider, or a medical gas distributor dispenser who has allowed the license of the
establishment to lapse may reinstate the license with board approval and upon payment of
any fees and late fees in arrears.

(d) A controlled substance researcher who has allowed the researcher's registration to
lapse may reinstate the registration with board approval and upon payment of any fees and
late fees in arrears.

(e) A pharmacist owner of a professional corporation who has allowed the corporation's
registration to lapse may reinstate the registration with board approval and upon payment
of any fees and late fees in arrears.

48.26

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

49.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.065, subdivision 7, as amended
49.2 by Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 2, section 7, is amended to read:

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49.3 Subd. 7. Deposit of fees. (a) The license fees collected under this section, with the
49.4 exception of the fees identified in paragraphs (b) and (c), shall be deposited in the state
49.5 government special revenue fund.

49.6 (b) \$5,000 of each fee collected under subdivision 1, clauses (6) to (9), and (11) to (15),
49.7 and subdivision 3, clauses (4) to (7), and (9) to (13), and the fees \$55,000 of each fee
49.8 collected under subdivision 1, clause (16), and subdivision 3, clause (14), shall be deposited
49.9 in the opiate epidemic response account fund established in section 256.043.

- 49.10 (c) If the fees collected under subdivision 1, clause (16), or subdivision 3, clause (14),
 49.11 are reduced <u>under section 256.043</u>, \$5,000 of the reduced fee shall be deposited in the opiate
 49.12 epidemic response account fund in section 256.043.
- 49.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

49.14 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.071, subdivision 2, is amended
49.15 to read:

49.16 Subd. 2. Grounds for disciplinary action. The following conduct is prohibited and is49.17 grounds for disciplinary action:

(1) failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license or
registration contained in this chapter or the rules of the board. The burden of proof is on
the applicant to demonstrate such qualifications or satisfaction of such requirements;

(2) obtaining a license by fraud or by misleading the board in any way during the 49.21 application process or obtaining a license by cheating, or attempting to subvert the licensing 49.22 examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the licensing examination 49.23 process includes, but is not limited to: (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination 49.24 materials, such as removing examination materials from the examination room or having 49.25 unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered 49.26 licensing examination; (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as 49.27 communicating with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying 49.28 another examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or 49.29 possessing unauthorized materials; or (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an 49.30 impersonator to take the examination on one's own behalf; 49.31

49.32 (3) for a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacist intern, applicant for a pharmacist
49.33 or pharmacy license, or applicant for a pharmacy technician or pharmacist intern registration,

50.1 conviction of a felony reasonably related to the practice of pharmacy. Conviction as used 50.2 in this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would 50.3 be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding 50.4 where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either 50.5 withheld or not entered thereon. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or 50.6 registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter has been 50.7 adjudicated;

50.8 (4) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed or registered by the board, if an owner 50.9 or applicant is convicted of a felony reasonably related to the operation of the facility. The 50.10 board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if the owner or applicant has 50.11 been charged with a felony until the matter has been adjudicated;

50.12 (5) for a controlled substance researcher, conviction of a felony reasonably related to 50.13 controlled substances or to the practice of the researcher's profession. The board may delay 50.14 the issuance of a registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter 50.15 has been adjudicated;

50.16 (6) disciplinary action taken by another state or by one of this state's health licensing50.17 agencies:

(i) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a
license or registration in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report to the board that
charges or allegations regarding the person's license or registration have been brought in
another state or jurisdiction, or having been refused a license or registration by any other
state or jurisdiction. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if an
investigation or disciplinary action is pending in another state or jurisdiction until the

(ii) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a 50.25 license or registration issued by another of this state's health licensing agencies, failure to 50.26 report to the board that charges regarding the person's license or registration have been 50.27 brought by another of this state's health licensing agencies, or having been refused a license 50.28 or registration by another of this state's health licensing agencies. The board may delay the 50.29 issuance of a new license or registration if a disciplinary action is pending before another 50.30 of this state's health licensing agencies until the action has been dismissed or otherwise 50.31 resolved; 50.32

50.33 (7) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacy technician, or pharmacist intern, violation of 50.34 any order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules of the board or

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violation of any federal, state, or local law or rule reasonably pertaining to the practice ofpharmacy;

(8) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed by the board, violations of any order
of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board or violation
of any federal, state, or local law relating to the operation of the facility;

(9) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the
public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of
a patient; or pharmacy practice that is professionally incompetent, in that it may create
unnecessary danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of
actual injury need not be established;

(10) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of pharmacy, except that it
is not a violation of this clause for a pharmacist to supervise a properly registered pharmacy
technician or pharmacist intern if that person is performing duties allowed by this chapter
or the rules of the board;

(11) for an individual licensed or registered by the board, adjudication as mentally ill
or developmentally disabled, or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to
the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic
personality, by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such
adjudication shall automatically suspend a license for the duration thereof unless the board
orders otherwise;

(12) for a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, engaging in unprofessional conduct as specified
in the board's rules. In the case of a pharmacy technician, engaging in conduct specified in
board rules that would be unprofessional if it were engaged in by a pharmacist or pharmacist
intern or performing duties specifically reserved for pharmacists under this chapter or the
rules of the board;

(13) for a pharmacy, operation of the pharmacy without a pharmacist present and on
duty except as allowed by a variance approved by the board;

(14) for a pharmacist, the inability to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills. In the case of registered pharmacy technicians, pharmacist interns, or controlled substance researchers, the inability to carry out duties allowed under this chapter or the rules of the board with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type

of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through
the aging process or loss of motor skills;

(15) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, medical gas
distributor dispenser, or controlled substance researcher, revealing a privileged
communication from or relating to a patient except when otherwise required or permitted
by law;

(16) for a pharmacist or pharmacy, improper management of patient records, including
failure to maintain adequate patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant
to sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law;

52.10 (17) fee splitting, including without limitation:

(i) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive, a commission, rebate,
kickback, or other form of remuneration, directly or indirectly, for the referral of patients;

(ii) referring a patient to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to
144.298 in which the licensee or registrant has a financial or economic interest as defined
in section 144.6521, subdivision 3, unless the licensee or registrant has disclosed the
licensee's or registrant's financial or economic interest in accordance with section 144.6521;
and

(iii) any arrangement through which a pharmacy, in which the prescribing practitioner 52.18 does not have a significant ownership interest, fills a prescription drug order and the 52.19 prescribing practitioner is involved in any manner, directly or indirectly, in setting the price 52.20 for the filled prescription that is charged to the patient, the patient's insurer or pharmacy 52.21 benefit manager, or other person paying for the prescription or, in the case of veterinary 52.22 patients, the price for the filled prescription that is charged to the client or other person 52.23 paying for the prescription, except that a veterinarian and a pharmacy may enter into such 52.24 an arrangement provided that the client or other person paying for the prescription is notified, 52.25 in writing and with each prescription dispensed, about the arrangement, unless such 52.26 arrangement involves pharmacy services provided for livestock, poultry, and agricultural 52.27 production systems, in which case client notification would not be required; 52.28

(18) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the
federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws or rules;

(19) engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be interpreted
by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning
to a patient;

(20) failure to make reports as required by section 151.072 or to cooperate with an 53.1 investigation of the board as required by section 151.074; 53.2 (21) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the 53.3 care of a patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the dispensing and 53.4 administration of a placebo; 53.5 (22) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as 53.6 established by any of the following: 53.7 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation 53.8 of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2; 53.9 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction 53.10 issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4; 53.11 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215, 53.12 subdivision 5; or 53.13 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2. 53.14 The board shall must investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 53.15 1 or 2; 53.16 (23) for a pharmacist, practice of pharmacy under a lapsed or nonrenewed license. For 53.17 a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher, performing 53.18 duties permitted to such individuals by this chapter or the rules of the board under a lapsed 53.19

or nonrenewed registration. For a facility required to be licensed under this chapter, operationof the facility under a lapsed or nonrenewed license or registration; and

(24) for a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or pharmacy technician, termination or discharge
from the health professionals services program for reasons other than the satisfactory
completion of the program.

53.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

53.26 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.071, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

53.27 Subd. 8. Temporary suspension of license for pharmacies, drug wholesalers, drug 53.28 manufacturers, medical gas manufacturers, and medical gas distributors dispensers. In 53.29 addition to any other remedy provided by law, the board may, without a hearing, temporarily 53.30 suspend the license or registration of a pharmacy, drug wholesaler, drug manufacturer, 53.31 medical gas manufacturer, or medical gas distributor dispenser if the board finds that the 53.32 licensee or registrant has violated a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce

and continued operation of the licensed facility would create a serious risk of harm to the 54.1 public. The suspension shall must take effect upon written notice to the licensee or registrant, 54.2 specifying the statute or rule violated. The suspension shall must remain in effect until the 54.3 board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing. At the time it issues the suspension 54.4 notice, the board shall must schedule a disciplinary hearing to be held pursuant to the 54.5 Administrative Procedure Act. The licensee or registrant shall must be provided with at 54.6 least 20 days' notice of any hearing held pursuant to this subdivision. The hearing shall must 54.7 54.8 be scheduled to begin no later than 30 days after the issuance of the suspension order.

54.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

54.10 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.19, subdivision 3, is amended54.11 to read:

54.12 Subd. 3. Sale of federally restricted medical gases. (a) A person or establishment not 54.13 licensed as a pharmacy or a practitioner shall <u>must</u> not engage in the retail sale or distribution 54.14 <u>dispensing</u> of federally restricted medical gases without first obtaining a registration from 54.15 the board and paying the applicable fee specified in section 151.065. The registration shall 54.16 <u>must</u> be displayed in a conspicuous place in the business for which it is issued and expires 54.17 on the date set by the board. It is unlawful for a person to sell or <u>distribute dispense</u> federally 54.18 restricted medical gases unless a certificate has been issued to that person by the board.

(b) Application for a medical gas distributor dispenser registration under this section
 shall must be made in a manner specified by the board.

(c) No <u>A</u> registration shall <u>must not</u> be issued or renewed for a medical gas distributor
<u>dispenser</u> located within the state unless the applicant agrees to operate in a manner prescribed
by federal and state law and according to the rules adopted by the board. No <u>A</u> license shall
<u>must not</u> be issued for a medical gas distributor <u>dispenser</u> located outside of the state unless
the applicant agrees to operate in a manner prescribed by federal law and, when distributing
<u>dispensing</u> medical gases for residents of this state, the laws of this state and Minnesota
Rules.

(d) No <u>A</u> registration shall <u>must not</u> be issued or renewed for a medical gas distributor
dispenser that is required to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically
located unless the applicant supplies the board with proof of the licensure or registration.
The board may, by rule, establish standards for the registration of a medical gas distributor
dispenser that is not required to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically
dispenser that is not required to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically
dispenser that is not required to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically
located.

(e) The board shall must require a separate registration for each medical gas distributor
 dispenser located within the state and for each facility located outside of the state from
 which medical gases are distributed dispensed to residents of this state.

(f) Prior to the issuance of an initial or renewed registration for a medical gas distributor 55.4 dispenser, the board may require the medical gas distributor dispenser to pass an inspection 55.5 conducted by an authorized representative of the board. In the case of a medical gas 55.6 distributor dispenser located outside of the state, the board may require the applicant to pay 55.7 55.8 the cost of the inspection, in addition to the license fee in section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes the board with a report, issued by the appropriate regulatory agency of the state 55.9 in which the facility is located, of an inspection that has occurred within the 24 months 55.10 immediately preceding receipt of the license application by the board. The board may deny 55.11 licensure unless the applicant submits documentation satisfactory to the board that any 55.12 deficiencies noted in an inspection report have been corrected. 55.13

55.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

55.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 151.252, subdivision 1, is amended
55.16 to read:

Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) No person shall act as a drug manufacturer without
first obtaining a license from the board and paying any applicable fee specified in section
151.065.

(b) In addition to the license required under paragraph (a), each manufacturer required to pay the registration fee under section 151.066 must pay the fee by June 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2020. In the event of a change of ownership of the manufacturer, the new owner must pay the registration fee specified under section 151.066, subdivision 3, that the original owner would have been assessed had the original owner retained ownership. The registration fee collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the opiate epidemic response account fund established under section 256.043.

(c) Application for a drug manufacturer license under this section shall be made in amanner specified by the board.

(d) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer unless the applicant
agrees to operate in a manner prescribed by federal and state law and according to Minnesota
Rules.

(e) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to beregistered pursuant to United States Code, title 21, section 360, unless the applicant supplies

the board with proof of registration. The board may establish by rule the standards for
licensure of drug manufacturers that are not required to be registered under United States
Code, title 21, section 360.

(f) No license shall be issued or renewed for a drug manufacturer that is required to be
licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located unless the applicant
supplies the board with proof of licensure or registration. The board may establish, by rule,
standards for the licensure of a drug manufacturer that is not required to be licensed or
registered by the state in which it is physically located.

(g) The board shall require a separate license for each facility located within the state at
which drug manufacturing occurs and for each facility located outside of the state at which
drugs that are shipped into the state are manufactured, except a manufacturer of
opiate-containing controlled substances shall not be required to pay the fee under section
151.065, subdivision 1, clause (16), or subdivision 3, clause (14), for more than one facility.

(h) Prior to the issuance of an initial or renewed license for a drug manufacturing facility, 56.14 the board may require the facility to pass a current good manufacturing practices inspection 56.15 conducted by an authorized representative of the board. In the case of a drug manufacturing 56.16 facility located outside of the state, the board may require the applicant to pay the cost of 56.17 the inspection, in addition to the license fee in section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes 56.18 the board with a report, issued by the appropriate regulatory agency of the state in which 56.19 the facility is located or by the United States Food and Drug Administration, of an inspection 56.20 that has occurred within the 24 months immediately preceding receipt of the license 56.21 application by the board. The board may deny licensure unless the applicant submits 56.22 documentation satisfactory to the board that any deficiencies noted in an inspection report 56.23 have been corrected. 56.24

56.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.26 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

Subd. 29. State medical review team. (a) To ensure the timely processing of 56.27 determinations of disability by the commissioner's state medical review team under sections 56.28 256B.055, subdivision subdivisions 7, paragraph (b), and 12, and 256B.057, subdivision 9, 56.29 56.30 and 256B.055, subdivision 12, the commissioner shall review all medical evidence submitted by county agencies with a referral and seek additional information from providers, applicants, 56.31 and enrollees to support the determination of disability where necessary. Disability shall 56.32 be determined according to the rules of title XVI and title XIX of the Social Security Act 56.33 and pertinent rules and policies of the Social Security Administration. 56.34

57.1 (b) Prior to a denial or withdrawal of a requested determination of disability due to 57.2 insufficient evidence, the commissioner shall (1) ensure that the missing evidence is necessary 57.3 and appropriate to a determination of disability, and (2) assist applicants and enrollees to 57.4 obtain the evidence, including, but not limited to, medical examinations and electronic 57.5 medical records.

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(c) The commissioner shall provide the chairs of the legislative committees with
jurisdiction over health and human services finance and budget the following information
on the activities of the state medical review team by February 1 of each year:

57.9 (1) the number of applications to the state medical review team that were denied,57.10 approved, or withdrawn;

57.11 (2) the average length of time from receipt of the application to a decision;

(3) the number of appeals, appeal results, and the length of time taken from the date theperson involved requested an appeal for a written decision to be made on each appeal;

(4) for applicants, their age, health coverage at the time of application, hospitalization
history within three months of application, and whether an application for Social Security
or Supplemental Security Income benefits is pending; and

57.17 (5) specific information on the medical certification, licensure, or other credentials of 57.18 the person or persons performing the medical review determinations and length of time in 57.19 that position.

(d) Any appeal made under section 256.045, subdivision 3, of a disability determination
made by the state medical review team must be decided according to the timelines under
section 256.0451, subdivision 22, paragraph (a). If a written decision is not issued within
the timelines under section 256.0451, subdivision 22, paragraph (a), the appeal must be
immediately reviewed by the chief human services judge.

57.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

57.26 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256.042, subdivision 2, is amended 57.27 to read:

57.28 Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The council shall consist of the following 19 voting members, 57.29 appointed by the commissioner of human services except as otherwise specified, and three 57.30 nonvoting members:

(1) two members of the house of representatives, appointed in the following sequence:the first from the majority party appointed by the speaker of the house and the second from

the minority party appointed by the minority leader. Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the seven-county metropolitan area, and one member must represent a district that includes the seven-county metropolitan area. The appointment by the minority leader must ensure that this requirement for geographic diversity in appointments is met;

(2) two members of the senate, appointed in the following sequence: the first from the majority party appointed by the senate majority leader and the second from the minority party appointed by the senate minority leader. Of these two members, one member must represent a district outside of the seven-county metropolitan area and one member must represent a district that includes the seven-county metropolitan area. The appointment by the minority leader must ensure that this requirement for geographic diversity in appointments is met;

58.13 (3) one member appointed by the Board of Pharmacy;

58.14 (4) one member who is a physician appointed by the Minnesota Medical Association;

58.15 (5) one member representing opioid treatment programs, sober living programs, or
58.16 substance use disorder programs licensed under chapter 245G;

58.17 (6) one member appointed by the Minnesota Society of Addiction Medicine who is an58.18 addiction psychiatrist;

(7) one member representing professionals providing alternative pain managementtherapies, including, but not limited to, acupuncture, chiropractic, or massage therapy;

(8) one member representing nonprofit organizations conducting initiatives to address
the opioid epidemic, with the commissioner's initial appointment being a member
representing the Steve Rummler Hope Network, and subsequent appointments representing
this or other organizations;

(9) one member appointed by the Minnesota Ambulance Association who is serving
with an ambulance service as an emergency medical technician, advanced emergency
medical technician, or paramedic;

(10) one member representing the Minnesota courts who is a judge or law enforcementofficer;

(11) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is in opioid addictionrecovery;

- (12) two members representing Indian tribes, one representing the Ojibwe tribes and 59.1 one representing the Dakota tribes; 59.2 (13) one public member who is a Minnesota resident and who is suffering from chronic 59.3 pain, intractable pain, or a rare disease or condition; 59.4 59.5 (14) one mental health advocate representing persons with mental illness; (15) one member representing appointed by the Minnesota Hospital Association; 59.6 59.7 (16) one member representing a local health department; and (17) the commissioners of human services, health, and corrections, or their designees, 59.8 59.9 who shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the council. (b) The commissioner of human services shall coordinate the commissioner's 59.10 appointments to provide geographic, racial, and gender diversity, and shall ensure that at 59.11 least one-half of council members appointed by the commissioner reside outside of the 59.12 seven-county metropolitan area. Of the members appointed by the commissioner, to the 59.13 extent practicable, at least one member must represent a community of color 59.14 disproportionately affected by the opioid epidemic. 59.15
 - (c) The council is governed by section 15.059, except that members of the council <u>shall</u>
 <u>serve three-year terms and shall receive no compensation other than reimbursement for</u>
 expenses. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the council shall not expire.
 - (d) The chair shall convene the council at least quarterly, and may convene other meetings
 as necessary. The chair shall convene meetings at different locations in the state to provide
 geographic access, and shall ensure that at least one-half of the meetings are held at locations
 outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.
 - 59.23 (e) The commissioner of human services shall provide staff and administrative services59.24 for the advisory council.
 - 59.25 (f) The council is subject to chapter 13D.
 - 59.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

59.27 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256.042, subdivision 4, is amended59.28 to read:

59.29 Subd. 4. **Grants.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall submit a report of the 59.30 grants proposed by the advisory council to be awarded for the upcoming fiscal year to the 59.31 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance, by March 1 of each year, beginning March1, 2020.

(b) The commissioner of human services shall award grants from the opiate epidemic
response account fund under section 256.043. The grants shall be awarded to proposals
selected by the advisory council that address the priorities in subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
clauses (1) to (4), unless otherwise appropriated by the legislature. No more than three
percent of the grant amount may be used by a grantee for administration.

60.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

60.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256.043, is amended to read:

60.10 **256.043 OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE ACCOUNTFUND.**

Subdivision 1. Establishment. The opiate epidemic response account fund is established
in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The registration fees assessed by the Board
of Pharmacy under section 151.066 and the license fees identified in section 151.065,
subdivision 7, paragraphs (b) and (c), shall be deposited into the account fund. Beginning

in fiscal year 2021, for each fiscal year, the funds in the account fund shall be administered
according to this section.

60.17 Subd. 2. Transfers from account to state agencies. (a) The commissioner shall transfer
 60.18 the following amounts to the agencies specified in this subdivision.

60.19 (b) \$126,000 to the Board of Pharmacy for the collection of the registration fees under
 60.20 section 151.066.

60.21 (c) \$672,000 to the commissioner of public safety for the Bureau of Criminal

Apprehension. Of this amount, \$384,000 is for drug scientists and lab supplies and \$288,000
 is for special agent positions focused on drug interdiction and drug trafficking.

60.24 Subd. 3. Appropriations from <u>account fund</u>. (a) After the <u>transfers described in</u> 60.25 <u>subdivision 2, and the</u> appropriations in Laws 2019, chapter 63, article 3, section 1,

60.26 paragraphs (e), (f), (g), and (h) are made, \$249,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of

60.27 human services for the provision of administrative services to the Opiate Epidemic Response

60.28 Advisory Council and for the administration of the grants awarded under paragraph (e) (e).

(b) \$126,000 is appropriated to the Board of Pharmacy for the collection of the registration fees under section 151.066.

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61.1 (c) \$672,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of public safety for the Bureau of 61.2 Criminal Apprehension. Of this amount, \$384,000 is for drug scientists and lab supplies

- and \$288,000 is for special agent positions focused on drug interdiction and drug trafficking.
- (b) (d) After the transfers in subdivision 2 and the appropriations in paragraph paragraphs 61.4 (a) to (c) are made, 50 percent of the remaining amount is appropriated to the commissioner 61.5 of human services for distribution to county social service and tribal social service agencies 61.6 to provide child protection services to children and families who are affected by addiction. 61.7 61.8 The commissioner shall distribute this money proportionally to counties and tribal social service agencies based on out-of-home placement episodes where parental drug abuse is 61.9 the primary reason for the out-of-home placement using data from the previous calendar 61.10 year. County and tribal social service agencies receiving funds from the opiate epidemic 61.11 response account fund must annually report to the commissioner on how the funds were 61.12 used to provide child protection services, including measurable outcomes, as determined 61.13 by the commissioner. County social service agencies and tribal social service agencies must 61.14 not use funds received under this paragraph to supplant current state or local funding received 61.15 for child protection services for children and families who are affected by addiction. 61.16

61.17 (c) (c) After making the transfers in subdivision 2 and the appropriations in paragraphs
61.18 (a) and (b) to (d), the remaining funds in the account are amount in the fund is appropriated
61.19 to the commissioner to award grants as specified by the Opiate Epidemic Response Advisory
61.20 Council in accordance with section 256.042, unless otherwise appropriated by the legislature.

Subd. 4. Settlement; sunset. (a) If the state receives a total sum of \$250,000,000 either 61.21 as a result of a settlement agreement or an assurance of discontinuance entered into by the 61.22 attorney general of the state, or resulting from a court order in litigation brought by the 61.23 attorney general of the state on behalf of the state or a state agency, against one or more 61.24 opioid manufacturers or opioid wholesale drug distributors related to alleged violations of 61.25 consumer fraud laws in the marketing, sale, or distribution of opioids in this state, or other 61.26 alleged illegal actions that contributed to the excessive use of opioids, or from the fees 61.27 collected under sections 151.065, subdivisions 1 and 3, and 151.066, that are deposited into 61.28 61.29 the opiate epidemic response account fund established in this section 256.043, or from a combination of both, the fees specified in section 151.065, subdivisions 1, clause (16), and 61.30 3, clause (14), shall be reduced to \$5,260, and the opiate registration fee in section 151.066, 61.31 subdivision 3, shall be repealed. 61.32

(b) The commissioner of management and budget shall inform the board of pharmacy,
the governor, and the legislature when the amount specified in paragraph (a) has been
reached. The board shall apply the reduced license fee for the next licensure period.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the reduction of the license fee in section 151.065, 62.1 subdivisions 1 and 3, and the repeal of the registration fee in section 151.066 shall not occur 62.2 62.3 before July 1, 2024.
- 62.4

62.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: Subd. 1a. Income and assets generally. (a)(1) Unless specifically required by state law 62.6 or rule or federal law or regulation, the methodologies used in counting income and assets 62.7 to determine eligibility for medical assistance for persons whose eligibility category is based 62.8 on blindness, disability, or age of 65 or more years, the methodologies for the Supplemental 62.9 Security Income program shall be used, except as provided under subdivision 3, paragraph 62.10 62.11 (a), clause (6).

(2) Increases in benefits under title II of the Social Security Act shall not be counted as 62.12 income for purposes of this subdivision until July 1 of each year. Effective upon federal 62.13 approval, for children eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 12, or for home and 62.14 community-based waiver services whose eligibility for medical assistance is determined 62.15 62.16 without regard to parental income, child support payments, including any payments made by an obligor in satisfaction of or in addition to a temporary or permanent order for child 62.17 support, and Social Security payments are not counted as income. 62.18

- (b)(1) The modified adjusted gross income methodology as defined in the Affordable 62.19 Care Act United States Code, title 42, section 1396a(e)(14), shall be used for eligibility 62.20 categories based on: 62.21
- (i) children under age 19 and their parents and relative caretakers as defined in section 62.22 256B.055, subdivision 3a; 62.23

(ii) children ages 19 to 20 as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 16; 62.24

- (iii) pregnant women as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 6; 62.25
- (iv) infants as defined in sections 256B.055, subdivision 10, and 256B.057, subdivision 62.26 81; and 62.27
- (v) adults without children as defined in section 256B.055, subdivision 15. 62.28
- For these purposes, a "methodology" does not include an asset or income standard, or 62.29 accounting method, or method of determining effective dates. 62.30
- (2) For individuals whose income eligibility is determined using the modified adjusted 62.31 gross income methodology in clause (1),: 62.32

63.1 (i) the commissioner shall subtract from the individual's modified adjusted gross income
 63.2 an amount equivalent to five percent of the federal poverty guidelines-; and

63.3 (ii) the individual's current monthly income and household size is used to determine

eligibility for the 12-month eligibility period. If an individual's income is expected to vary
 month to month, eligibility is determined based on the income predicted for the 12-month
 eligibility period.

63.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Income. (a) To be eligible for medical assistance, a person eligible under section
256B.055, subdivisions 7, 7a, and 12, may have income up to 100 percent of the federal
poverty guidelines. Effective January 1, 2000, and each successive January, recipients of
Supplemental Security Income may have an income up to the Supplemental Security Income
standard in effect on that date.

(b) Effective January 1, 2014, To be eligible for medical assistance, under section
256B.055, subdivision 3a, a parent or caretaker relative may have an income up to 133
percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the household size.

(c) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 15, a
person may have an income up to 133 percent of federal poverty guidelines for the household
size.

(d) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 16, a child
age 19 to 20 may have an income up to 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for
the household size.

(e) To be eligible for medical assistance under section 256B.055, subdivision 3a, a child 63.23 under age 19 may have income up to 275 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the 63.24 household size or an equivalent standard when converted using modified adjusted gross 63.25 income methodology as required under the Affordable Care Act. Children who are enrolled 63.26 in medical assistance as of December 31, 2013, and are determined ineligible for medical 63.27 assistance because of the elimination of income disregards under modified adjusted gross 63.28 income methodology as defined in subdivision 1a remain eligible for medical assistance 63.29 under the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009, Public Law 63.30 111-3, until the date of their next regularly scheduled eligibility redetermination as required 63.31 in subdivision 7a. 63.32

(f) In computing income to determine eligibility of persons under paragraphs (a) to (e) 64.1 who are not residents of long-term care facilities, the commissioner shall disregard increases 64.2 in income as required by Public Laws 94-566, section 503; 99-272; and 99-509. For persons 64.3 eligible under paragraph (a), veteran aid and attendance benefits and Veterans Administration 64.4 unusual medical expense payments are considered income to the recipient. 64.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 64.6

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 64.7

Subd. 7. Period of eligibility. (a) Eligibility is available for the month of application 64.8 and for three months prior to application if the person was eligible in those prior months. 64.9 A redetermination of eligibility must occur every 12 months. 64.10

64.11 (b) For a person eligible for an insurance affordability program as defined in section

256B.02, subdivision 19, who reports a change that makes the person eligible for medical 64.12

64.13 assistance, eligibility is available for the month the change was reported and for three months

prior to the month the change was reported, if the person was eligible in those prior months. 64.14

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 64.15

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.056, subdivision 7a, is 64.16 amended to read: 64.17

Subd. 7a. Periodic renewal of eligibility. (a) The commissioner shall make an annual 64.18 redetermination of eligibility based on information contained in the enrollee's case file and 64.19 other information available to the agency, including but not limited to information accessed 64.20 through an electronic database, without requiring the enrollee to submit any information 64.21 when sufficient data is available for the agency to renew eligibility. 64.22

(b) If the commissioner cannot renew eligibility in accordance with paragraph (a), the 64.23 commissioner must provide the enrollee with a prepopulated renewal form containing 64.24 eligibility information available to the agency and permit the enrollee to submit the form 64.25 64.26 with any corrections or additional information to the agency and sign the renewal form via any of the modes of submission specified in section 256B.04, subdivision 18. 64.27

(c) An enrollee who is terminated for failure to complete the renewal process may 64.28 subsequently submit the renewal form and required information within four months after 64.29 the date of termination and have coverage reinstated without a lapse, if otherwise eligible 64.30 under this chapter. The local agency may close the enrollee's case file if the required 64.31 information is not submitted within four months of termination. 64.32

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), individuals a person who is eligible under subdivision
5 shall be required to renew eligibility subject to a review of the person's income every six
months.

65.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.056, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Eligibility verification. (a) The commissioner shall require women who are
applying for the continuation of medical assistance coverage following the end of the 60-day
postpartum period to update their income and asset information and to submit any required
income or asset verification.

(b) The commissioner shall determine the eligibility of private-sector health care coverage for infants less than one year of age eligible under section 256B.055, subdivision 10, or 256B.057, subdivision 1, paragraph (b) (c), and shall pay for private-sector coverage if this is determined to be cost-effective.

65.14 (c) The commissioner shall verify assets and income for all applicants, and for all65.15 recipients upon renewal.

(d) The commissioner shall utilize information obtained through the electronic service
established by the secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services
and other available electronic data sources in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections
435.940 to 435.956, to verify eligibility requirements. The commissioner shall establish
standards to define when information obtained electronically is reasonably compatible with
information provided by applicants and enrollees, including use of self-attestation, to
accomplish real-time eligibility determinations and maintain program integrity.

(e) Each person applying for or receiving medical assistance under section 256B.055, 65.23 subdivision 7, and any other person whose resources are required by law to be disclosed to 65.24 determine the applicant's or recipient's eligibility must authorize the commissioner to obtain 65.25 information from financial institutions to identify unreported accounts as required in section 65.26 65.27 256.01, subdivision 18f. If a person refuses or revokes the authorization, the commissioner may determine that the applicant or recipient is ineligible for medical assistance. For purposes 65.28 of this paragraph, an authorization to identify unreported accounts meets the requirements 65.29 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act, United States Code, title 12, chapter 35, and need not 65.30 be furnished to the financial institution. 65.31

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66.1 66.2 66.3	commissioner subdivision 18	for appropriate use c	of the asset verifi	th the standards estab cation system specific	ed in section 256.01,
66.4	<u>EFFEC11</u>	<u>VE DATE.</u> This see		the day following fi	nai enaciment.
66.5	Sec. 21. Min	nesota Statutes 201	8, section 256B.	0561, subdivision 2,	is amended to read:
66.6	Subd. 2. Po	eriodic data matchi	ing. (a) Beginnii	ng April 1, 2018, The	commissioner shall
66.7	conduct period	lic data matching to	identify recipie	nts who, based on av	vailable electronic
66.8	data, may not r	neet eligibility criter	ia for the public	health care program in	n which the recipient
66.9	is enrolled. Th	e commissioner sha	all conduct data	matching for medica	l assistance or
66.10	MinnesotaCar	e recipients at least	once during a re	cipient's 12-month p	eriod of eligibility.
66.11	(b) If data	matching indicates	a recipient may	no longer qualify for	medical assistance
66.12	or MinnesotaC	Care, the commission	ner must notify	the recipient and allo	w the recipient no
66.13	more than 30 c	lays to confirm the	information obta	ained through the per	iodic data matching
66.14	or provide a rea	asonable explanation	n for the discrepa	ancy to the state or co	unty agency directly
66.15	responsible for	the recipient's case	. If a recipient do	es not respond within	n the advance notice
66.16	period or does	not respond with ir	nformation that c	lemonstrates eligibili	ity or provides a

reasonable explanation for the discrepancy within the 30-day time period, the commissioner
shall terminate the recipient's eligibility in the manner provided for by the laws and
regulations governing the health care program for which the recipient has been identified
as being ineligible.

66.21 (c) The commissioner shall not terminate eligibility for a recipient who is cooperating
66.22 with the requirements of paragraph (b) and needs additional time to provide information in
66.23 response to the notification.

(d) A recipient whose eligibility was terminated according to paragraph (b) may be
 eligible for medical assistance no earlier than the first day of the month in which the recipient
 provides information that demonstrates the recipient's eligibility.

66.27 (d) (e) Any termination of eligibility for benefits under this section may be appealed as
66.28 provided for in sections 256.045 to 256.0451, and the laws governing the health care
66.29 programs for which eligibility is terminated.

66.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.057, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 67.1 Subdivision 1. Infants and pregnant women. (a) An infant less than two years of age 67.2 or a pregnant woman is eligible for medical assistance if the individual's infant's countable 67.3 household income is equal to or less than 275 283 percent of the federal poverty guideline 67.4 for the same household size or an equivalent standard when converted using modified 67.5 adjusted gross income methodology as required under the Affordable Care Act. Medical 67.6 assistance for an uninsured infant younger than two years of age may be paid with federal 67.7 funds available under title XXI of the Social Security Act and the state children's health 67.8 insurance program, for an infant with countable income above 275 percent and equal to or 67.9 less than 283 percent of the federal poverty guideline for the household size. 67.10 67.11 (b) A pregnant woman is eligible for medical assistance if the woman's countable income is equal to or less than 278 percent of the federal poverty guideline for the applicable 67.12 household size. 67.13 (b) (c) An infant born to a woman who was eligible for and receiving medical assistance 67.14 on the date of the child's birth shall continue to be eligible for medical assistance without 67.15 redetermination until the child's first birthday. 67.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 67.17 67.18 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.057, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. Certain persons needing treatment for breast or cervical cancer. (a) 67.19 67.20 Medical assistance may be paid for a person who: (1) has been screened for breast or cervical cancer by the Minnesota any Centers for 67.21 Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection 67.22 Program (NBCCEDP)-funded breast and cervical cancer control program, and program 67.23 funds have been used to pay for the person's screening; 67.24 (2) according to the person's treating health professional, needs treatment, including 67.25 diagnostic services necessary to determine the extent and proper course of treatment, for 67.26 breast or cervical cancer, including precancerous conditions and early stage cancer; 67.27 (3) meets the income eligibility guidelines for the Minnesota any CDC NBCCEDP-funded 67.28 67.29 breast and cervical cancer control program;

67.30 (4) is under age 65;

67.31 (5) is not otherwise eligible for medical assistance under United States Code, title 42,
67.32 section 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i); and

68.1 (6) is not otherwise covered under creditable coverage, as defined under United States
68.2 Code, title 42, section 1396a(aa).

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(b) Medical assistance provided for an eligible person under this subdivision shall be
limited to services provided during the period that the person receives treatment for breast
or cervical cancer.

(c) A person meeting the criteria in paragraph (a) is eligible for medical assistance
without meeting the eligibility criteria relating to income and assets in section 256B.056,
subdivisions 1a to 5a.

68.9 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0575, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

68.10 Subdivision 1. Income deductions. When an institutionalized person is determined
68.11 eligible for medical assistance, the income that exceeds the deductions in paragraphs (a)
68.12 and (b) must be applied to the cost of institutional care.

(a) The following amounts must be deducted from the institutionalized person's incomein the following order:

(1) the personal needs allowance under section 256B.35 or, for a veteran who does not
have a spouse or child, or a surviving spouse of a veteran having no child, the amount of
an improved pension received from the veteran's administration not exceeding \$90 per
month, whichever amount is greater;

68.19 (2) the personal allowance for disabled individuals under section 256B.36;

(3) if the institutionalized person has a legally appointed guardian or conservator, five
percent of the recipient's gross monthly income up to \$100 as reimbursement for guardianship
or conservatorship services;

(4) a monthly income allowance determined under section 256B.058, subdivision 2, but
only to the extent income of the institutionalized spouse is made available to the community
spouse;

(5) a monthly allowance for children under age 18 which, together with the net income of the children, would provide income equal to the medical assistance standard for families and children according to section 256B.056, subdivision 4, for a family size that includes only the minor children. This deduction applies only if the children do not live with the community spouse and only to the extent that the deduction is not included in the personal needs allowance under section 256B.35, subdivision 1, as child support garnished under a court order;

69.1 (6) a monthly family allowance for other family members, equal to one-third of the
69.2 difference between 122 percent of the federal poverty guidelines and the monthly income
69.3 for that family member;

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69.4 (7) reparations payments made by the Federal Republic of Germany and reparations
69.5 payments made by the Netherlands for victims of Nazi persecution between 1940 and 1945;

69.6 (8) all other exclusions from income for institutionalized persons as mandated by federal69.7 law; and

(9) amounts for reasonable expenses, as specified in subdivision 2, incurred for necessary
medical or remedial care for the institutionalized person that are recognized under state law,
not medical assistance covered expenses, and not subject to payment by a third party.

For purposes of clause (6), "other family member" means a person who resides with the
community spouse and who is a minor or dependent child, dependent parent, or dependent
sibling of either spouse. "Dependent" means a person who could be claimed as a dependent
for federal income tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) Income shall be allocated to an institutionalized person for a period of up to three
calendar months, in an amount equal to the medical assistance standard for a family size of
one if:

(1) a physician or advanced practice registered nurse certifies that the person is expected
to reside in the long-term care facility for three calendar months or less;

69.20 (2) if the person has expenses of maintaining a residence in the community; and

69.21 (3) if one of the following circumstances apply:

(i) the person was not living together with a spouse or a family member as defined inparagraph (a) when the person entered a long-term care facility; or

(ii) the person and the person's spouse become institutionalized on the same date, inwhich case the allocation shall be applied to the income of one of the spouses.

69.26 For purposes of this paragraph, a person is determined to be residing in a licensed nursing
69.27 home, regional treatment center, or medical institution if the person is expected to remain
69.28 for a period of one full calendar month or more.

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70.1	Sec. 25. Minnes	sota Statutes 2018	s, section 256B	.0575, subdivision 2	, is amended to read:
70.2	Subd. 2. Reas	sonable expenses	. For the purpo	ses of subdivision 1,	paragraph (a), clause
70.3	(9), reasonable ex	xpenses are limite	d to expenses t	hat have not been p	reviously used as a
70.4	deduction from in	ncome and were r	iot:		
70.5	(1) for long-te	erm care expenses	incurred durir	ng a period of ineligi	bility as defined in
70.6	section 256B.059	95, subdivision 2;			
70.7	(2) incurred m	nore than three mo	onths before the	e month of applicatio	on associated with the
70.8	current period of	eligibility;			
70.9	(3) for expense	ses incurred by a r	ecipient that a	e duplicative of serv	vices that are covered
70.10	under chapter 25	6B; or			
70.11	(4) nursing fa	cility expenses in	curred without	a timely assessment	t as required under
70.12	section 256B.091	1 . ; or			
70.13	(5) for private	e room fees incurr	ed by an assist	ed living client as de	efined in section
70.14	144G.01, subdivi	sion 3.			
70.15	EFFECTIVE	<u>DATE.</u> This sec	tion is effectiv	e the day following	final enactment.
70.16	Sec. 26. Minnes	sota Statutes 2018	s, section 256B	.0625, subdivision 1	, is amended to read:
70.17	Subdivision 1	. Inpatient hospi	tal services. (a	a) Medical assistance	e covers inpatient
70.18	hospital services	performed by hos	pitals holding	Medicare certification	ons for the services
70.19	performed. A seco	ond medical opinio	on is required pr	tior to reimbursemen	t for elective surgeries
70.20	requiring a secon	d opinion. The co	mmissioner sh	all publish in the Sta	ate Register a list of
70.21	elective surgeries	that require a sec	cond medical o	pinion prior to reim	bursement, and the
70.22	eriteria and stand	ards for deciding	whether an ele	etive surgery should	l require a second
70.23	medical opinion.	The list and the c	riteria and star	dards are not subjec	et to the requirements
70.24	of sections 14.00	1 to 14.69. The co	mmissioner's d	ecision whether a sec	cond medical opinion
70.25	is required, made	in accordance wi	th rules govern	ning that decision, is	not subject to
70.26	administrative ap	peal.			

(b) When determining medical necessity for inpatient hospital services, the medical 70.27 review agent shall follow industry standard medical necessity criteria in determining the 70.28 following: 70.29

(1) whether a recipient's admission is medically necessary; 70.30

(2) whether the inpatient hospital services provided to the recipient were medically 70.31 necessary; 70.32

- (3) whether the recipient's continued stay was or will be medically necessary; and
 (4) whether all medically necessary inpatient hospital services were provided to the
 recipient.
- The medical review agent will determine medical necessity of inpatient hospital services, including inpatient psychiatric treatment, based on a review of the patient's medical condition and records, in conjunction with industry standard evidence-based criteria to ensure consistent and optimal application of medical appropriateness criteria.

71.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 71.9 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
- 71.10 Subd. 27. **Organ and tissue transplants.** All organ transplants must be performed at
- 71.11 transplant centers meeting united network for organ sharing criteria or at Medicare-approved
- 71.12 organ transplant centers. Organ and tissue transplants are a covered service. Stem cell or
- 71.13 bone marrow transplant centers must meet the standards established by the Foundation for
- 71.14 the Accreditation of Hematopoietic Cell Therapy.
- 71.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 71.16 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 64, is amended to read:

71.17 Subd. 64. Investigational drugs, biological products, and devices, and clinical

71.18 **trials.** (a) Medical assistance and the early periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment

71.19 (EPSDT) program do not cover the costs of any services that are incidental to, associated

vith, or resulting from the use of investigational drugs, biological products, or devices as

- defined in section 151.375 or any other treatment that is part of an approved clinical trial
- 71.22 as defined in section 62Q.526. Participation of an enrollee in an approved clinical trial does
- 71.23 not preclude coverage of medically necessary services covered under this chapter that are
- 71.24 not related to the approved clinical trial.
- 71.25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), stiripentol may be covered by the EPSDT program
 71.26 if all the following conditions are met:
- 71.27 (1) the use of stiripentol is determined to be medically necessary;
- 71.28 (2) the enrollee has a documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome, regardless of whether
- 71.29 an SCN1A genetic mutation is found, or the enrollee is a child with malignant migrating
- 71.30 partial epilepsy in infancy due to an SCN2A genetic mutation;

72.1	(3) all other available covered prescription medications that are medically necessary for
72.2	the enrollee have been tried without successful outcomes; and
72.3	(4) the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved the treating physician's
72.4	individual patient investigational new drug application (IND) for the use of stiripentol for
72.5	t reatment.
72.6	This paragraph does not apply to MinnesotaCare coverage under chapter 256L.
72.7	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0751, is amended to read:
72.8	256B.0751 HEALTH CARE HOMES.
72.9	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of sections section 256B.0751 to 256B.0753,
72.10	the following definitions apply.
72.11	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services health.
72.12	(c) "Commissioners" means the commissioner of human services and the commissioner
72.13	of health, acting jointly.
72.14	(d) (c) "Health plan company" has the meaning provided in section 62Q.01, subdivision
72.15	4.
72.16	(e) (d) "Personal clinician" means a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician
72.17	assistant licensed and practicing under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse licensed
72.18	and registered to practice under chapter 148.
72.19	(f) "State health care program" means the medical assistance and MinnesotaCare
72.20	programs.
72.21	Subd. 2. Development and implementation of standards. (a) By July 1, 2009, The
72.22	commissioners commissioner of health and human services shall develop and implement
72.23	standards of certification for health care homes for state health care programs. In developing
72.24	these standards, the commissioners commissioner shall consider existing standards developed
72.25	by national independent accrediting and medical home organizations. The standards
72.26	developed by the commissioners commissioner must meet the following criteria:
72.27	(1) emphasize, enhance, and encourage the use of primary care, and include the use of
72.28	primary care physicians, advanced practice nurses, and physician assistants as personal
72.29	clinicians;

72.30 (2) focus on delivering high-quality, efficient, and effective health care services;

(3) encourage patient-centered care, including active participation by the patient and
family or a legal guardian, or a health care agent as defined in chapter 145C, as appropriate
in decision making and care plan development, and providing care that is appropriate to the
patient's race, ethnicity, and language;

(4) provide patients with a consistent, ongoing contact with a personal clinician or team
of clinical professionals to ensure continuous and appropriate care for the patient's condition;

(5) ensure that health care homes develop and maintain appropriate comprehensive care
plans for their patients with complex or chronic conditions, including an assessment of
health risks and chronic conditions;

(6) enable and encourage utilization of a range of qualified health care professionals,
including dedicated care coordinators, in a manner that enables providers to practice to the
fullest extent of their license;

(7) focus initially on patients who have or are at risk of developing chronic healthconditions;

(8) incorporate measures of quality, resource use, cost of care, and patient experience;

(9) ensure the use of health information technology and systematic follow-up, including
the use of patient registries; and

(10) encourage the use of scientifically based health care, patient decision-making aids
that provide patients with information about treatment options and their associated benefits,
risks, costs, and comparative outcomes, and other clinical decision support tools.

(b) In developing these standards, the commissioners commissioner shall consult with
national and local organizations working on health care home models, physicians, relevant
state agencies, health plan companies, hospitals, other providers, patients, and patient
advocates. The commissioners may satisfy this requirement by continuing the provider
directed care coordination advisory committee.

(c) For the purposes of developing and implementing these standards, the commissioners
 <u>commissioner</u> may use the expedited rulemaking process under section 14.389.

Subd. 3. Requirements for clinicians certified as health care homes. (a) A personal
clinician or a primary care clinic may be certified as a health care home. If a primary care
clinic is certified, all of the primary care clinic's clinicians must meet the criteria of a health
care home. In order To be certified as a health care home, a clinician or clinic must meet
the standards set by the commissioners commissioner in accordance with this section.

74.1 Certification as a health care home is voluntary. In order To maintain their status as health
74.2 care homes, clinicians or clinics must renew their certification every three years.

(b) Clinicians or clinics certified as health care homes must offer their health care home
services to all their patients with complex or chronic health conditions who are interested
in participation.

(c) Health care homes must participate in the health care home collaborative establishedunder subdivision 5.

Subd. 4. Alternative models and waivers of requirements. (a) Nothing in this section 74.8 shall preclude precludes the continued development of existing medical or health care home 74.9 projects currently operating or under development by the commissioner of human services 74.10 or preclude precludes the commissioner of human services from establishing alternative 74.11 74.12 models and payment mechanisms for persons who are enrolled in integrated Medicare and Medicaid programs under section 256B.69, subdivisions 23 and 28, are enrolled in managed 74.13 care long-term care programs under section 256B.69, subdivision 6b, are dually eligible for 74.14 Medicare and medical assistance, are in the waiting period for Medicare, or who have other 74.15 primary coverage. 74.16

(b) The commissioner of health shall waive health care home certification requirements
if an applicant demonstrates that compliance with a certification requirement will create a
major financial hardship or is not feasible, and the applicant establishes an alternative way
to accomplish the objectives of the certification requirement.

Subd. 5. Health care home collaborative. By July 1, 2009, The commissioners
<u>commissioner</u> shall establish a health care home collaborative to provide an opportunity for
health care homes and state agencies to exchange information related to quality improvement
and best practices.

Subd. 6. Evaluation and continued development. (a) For continued certification under
this section, health care homes must meet process, outcome, and quality standards as
developed and specified by the commissioners commissioner. The commissioners
<u>commissioner</u> shall collect data from health care homes necessary for monitoring compliance
with certification standards and for evaluating the impact of health care homes on health
care quality, cost, and outcomes.

(b) The commissioners commissioner may contract with a private entity to perform an
evaluation of the effectiveness of health care homes. Data collected under this subdivision
is classified as nonpublic data under chapter 13.

Subd. 7. Outreach. Beginning July 1, 2009, The commissioner of human services shall
encourage state health care program enrollees who have a complex or chronic condition to
select a primary care clinic with clinicians who have been certified as health care homes.

Subd. 8. **Coordination with local services.** The health care home and the county shall coordinate care and services provided to patients enrolled with a health care home who have complex medical needs or a disability, and who need and are eligible for additional local services administered by counties, including but not limited to waivered services, mental health services, social services, public health services, transportation, and housing. The coordination of care and services must be as provided in the plan established by the patient and <u>the</u> health care home.

Subd. 9. Pediatric care coordination. The commissioner of human services shall 75.11 implement a pediatric care coordination service for children with high-cost medical or 75.12 high-cost psychiatric conditions who are at risk of recurrent hospitalization or emergency 75.13 room use for acute, chronic, or psychiatric illness, who receive medical assistance services. 75.14 Care coordination services must be targeted to children not already receiving care 75.15 coordination through another service and may include but are not limited to the provision 75.16 of health care home services to children admitted to hospitals that do not currently provide 75.17 care coordination. Care coordination services must be provided by care coordinators who 75.18 are directly linked to provider teams in the care delivery setting, but who may be part of a 75.19 community care team shared by multiple primary care providers or practices. For purposes 75.20 of this subdivision, the commissioner of human services shall, to the extent possible, use 75.21 the existing health care home certification and payment structure established under this 75.22 section and section 256B.0753. 75.23

Subd. 10. Health care homes advisory committee. (a) The commissioners of health
and human services commissioner shall establish a health care homes advisory committee
to advise the commissioners commissioner on the ongoing statewide implementation of the
health care homes program authorized in this section.

(b) The commissioners commissioner shall establish an advisory committee that includes 75.28 representatives of the health care professions such as primary care providers;, mental health 75.29 providers;, nursing and care coordinators;, certified health care home clinics with statewide 75.30 representation; health plan companies; state agencies; employers; academic researchers; 75.31 consumers;, and organizations that work to improve health care quality in Minnesota. At 75.32 least 25 percent of the committee members must be consumers or patients in health care 75.33 homes. The commissioners commissioner, in making appointments to the committee, shall 75.34 ensure geographic representation of all regions of the state. 75.35

76.9

- (c) The advisory committee shall advise the commissioners commissioner on ongoing 76.1 implementation of the health care homes program, including, but not limited to, the following 76.2 activities: 76.3 (1) implementation of certified health care homes across the state on performance 76.4 management and implementation of benchmarking; 76.5 (2) implementation of modifications to the health care homes program based on results 76.6 of the legislatively mandated health care homes evaluation; 76.7 (3) statewide solutions for engagement of employers and commercial payers; 76.8

(4) potential modifications of the health care homes rules or statutes;

- (5) consumer engagement, including patient and family-centered care, patient activation
 in health care, and shared decision making;
- 76.12 (6) oversight for health care homes subject matter task forces or workgroups; and

76.13 (7) other related issues as requested by the <u>commissioners</u> commissioner.

(d) The advisory committee shall have the ability to establish subcommittees on specific
topics. The advisory committee is governed by section 15.059. Notwithstanding section
15.059, the advisory committee does not expire.

76.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

76.18 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0753, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Development. The commissioner of human services, in coordination 76.19 with the commissioner of health, shall develop a payment system that provides per-person 76.20 care coordination payments to health care homes certified under section 256B.0751 for 76.21 providing care coordination services and directly managing on-site or employing care 76.22 coordinators. The care coordination payments under this section are in addition to the quality 76.23 incentive payments in section 256B.0754, subdivision 1. The care coordination payment 76.24 system must vary the fees paid by thresholds of care complexity, with the highest fees being 76.25 paid for care provided to individuals requiring the most intensive care coordination. In 76.26 developing the criteria for care coordination payments, the commissioner shall consider the 76.27 feasibility of including the additional time and resources needed by patients with limited 76.28 English-language skills, cultural differences, or other barriers to health care. The 76.29 commissioner may determine a schedule for phasing in care coordination fees such that the 76.30 fees will be applied first to individuals who have, or are at risk of developing, complex or 76.31

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chronic healt	h conditions. Develo	opment of the pay	ment system must	be completed by	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.					
Sec. 31. Mi	nnesota Statutes 201	8, section 256B.	69, is amended by a	adding a subdivision	
to read:					
Subd. 6e.	Dental services. (a)	If a dental provi	der is providing ser	vices to an enrollee	
of a managed	care plan or county	-based purchasin	ng plan based on a ti	reatment plan that	
requires more	e than one visit, the r	nanaged care pla	n or county-based p	urchasing plan or the	
plan's subcon	tractor, if the plan su	bcontracts with a	a third party to admi	nister dental services	
to the plan's e	enrollees, must not re	equire the comple	etion of the treatment	nt plan as a condition	
of payment to	of payment to the dental provider for services performed as part of the treatment plan. The				
health plan or subcontractor must reimburse the dental provider for all services performed					
by the provider regardless of whether the treatment plan is completed, as long as the enrollee					
was covered under the plan at the time the service was performed.					
(b) Nothin	ng in paragraph (a) p	revents a health	plan or its subcontra	actor from paying for	
services using a bundled payment method. If a bundled payment method is used and the					
treatment plan covered by the payment is not completed for any reason, the health plan or					
its subcontractor must reimburse the dental provider for the services performed, as long as					
the enrollee was covered under the plan at the time the service was performed.					
Sec. 32. Mi	nnesota Statutes 203	8, section 256B.	75, is amended to r	ead:	
256B.75 I	HOSPITAL OUTP	ATIENT REIM	BURSEMENT.		
(a) For ou	tpatient hospital faci	lity fee payments	for services rendered	ed on or after October	
1, 1992, the c	commissioner of hur	nan services shal	l pay the lower of (1) submitted charge,	
or (2) 32 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992, except for those services for					
which there is a federal maximum allowable payment. Effective for services rendered on					
or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for nonsurgical outpatient hospital facility fees and					
emergency room facility fees shall be increased by eight percent over the rates in effect on				the rates in effect on	
December 31	, 1999, except for tho	se services for wh	nich there is a federal	l maximum allowable	
payment. Ser	vices for which ther	e is a federal max	ximum allowable pa	ayment shall be paid	
at the lower o	of (1) submitted char	ge, or (2) the fed	eral maximum allow	wable payment. Total	
aggregate pay	ment for outpatient	hospital facility f	ee services shall not	exceed the Medicare	
	_	-			
upper limit. I	f it is determined that	at a provision of	this section conflict	s with existing or	
	f it is determined that ements of the United	-		-	
	January 1, 20 EFFECT Sec. 31. Mi to read: Subd. 6e. of a managed requires more plan's subcom to the plan's e of payment to health plan or by the provide was covered 1 (b) Nothin services using treatment plan its subcontract the enrollee w Sec. 32. Mi 256B.75 H (a) For ou 1, 1992, the c or (2) 32 perc which there if or after Janua emergency ro December 31, payment. Ser at the lower of	January 1, 2010. EFFECTIVE DATE. This set Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 201 to read: Subd. 6e. Dental services. (a) of a managed care plan or county requires more than one visit, the replan's subcontractor, if the plan su to the plan's enrollees, must not replan's subcontractor must of payment to the dental provider health plan or subcontractor must by the provider regardless of whet was covered under the plan at the (b) Nothing in paragraph (a) p services using a bundled payment treatment plan covered by the pay its subcontractor must reimburse the enrollee was covered under the Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 201 256B.75 HOSPITAL OUTP (a) For outpatient hospital faci 1, 1992, the commissioner of hum or (2) 32 percent above the rate in which there is a federal maximum or after January 1, 2000, payment emergency room facility fees sha Decemb	January 1, 2010. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B. to read: Subd. 6e. Dental services. (a) If a dental provi of a managed care plan or county-based purchasin requires more than one visit, the managed care pla plan's subcontractor, if the plan subcontracts with a to the plan's enrollees, must not require the comple of payment to the dental provider for services perf health plan or subcontractor must reimburse the de by the provider regardless of whether the treatment was covered under the plan at the time the service (b) Nothing in paragraph (a) prevents a health j services using a bundled payment method. If a bust treatment plan covered by the payment is not com- its subcontractor must reimburse the dental provided the enrollee was covered under the plan at the time Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B. 256B.75 HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT REIME (a) For outpatient hospital facility fee payments 1, 1992, the commissioner of human services shall or (2) 32 percent above the rate in effect on June 3 which there is a federal maximum allowable paym or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for nonsur- emergency room facility fees shall be increased by December 31, 1999, except for those services for wh payment. Services for which there is a federal max- at the lower of (1) submitted charge, or (2) the fed	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.69, is amended by a to read: Subd. 6c. Dental services. (a) If a dental provider is providing set of a managed care plan or county-based purchasing plan based on a to requires more than one visit, the managed care plan or county-based p plan's subcontractor, if the plan subcontracts with a third party to admit to the plan's enrollees, must not require the completion of the treatment of payment to the dental provider for services performed as part of the health plan or subcontractor must reimburse the dental provider for all by the provider regardless of whether the treatment plan is completed, a was covered under the plan at the time the service was performed. (b) Nothing in paragraph (a) prevents a health plan or its subcontra- services using a bundled payment method. If a bundled payment meth treatment plan covered by the payment is not completed for any reased its subcontractor must reimburse the dental provider for the services using a bundled payment method. If a bundled payment meth treatment plan covered by the plan at the time the service was per- services using a bundled payment method. If a bundled for any reased its subcontractor must reimburse the dental provider for the services per the enrollee was covered under the plan at the time the service was per- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.75, is amended to r 256B.75 HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT REIMBURSEMENT. (a) For outpatient hospital facility fee payments for services rendered 1, 1992, the commissioner of human services shall pay the lower of (or (2) 32 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992, except for which there is a federal maximum allowable payment. Effective for s or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for nonsurgical outpatient hospital for services for son after January 1, 2000, payment methods and the payment is payment.	

participation in medical assistance, the federal requirements prevail. The commissioner
may, in the aggregate, prospectively reduce payment rates to avoid reduced federal financial
participation resulting from rates that are in excess of the Medicare upper limitations.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), payment for outpatient, emergency, and ambulatory 78.4 surgery hospital facility fee services for critical access hospitals designated under section 78.5 144.1483, clause (9), shall be paid on a cost-based payment system that is based on the 78.6 cost-finding methods and allowable costs of the Medicare program. Effective for services 78.7 78.8 provided on or after July 1, 2015, rates established for critical access hospitals under this paragraph for the applicable payment year shall be the final payment and shall not be settled 78.9 to actual costs. Effective for services delivered on or after the first day of the hospital's fiscal 78.10 year ending in 2016 2017, the rate for outpatient hospital services shall be computed using 78.11 information from each hospital's Medicare cost report as filed with Medicare for the year 78.12 that is two years before the year that the rate is being computed. Rates shall be computed 78.13 using information from Worksheet C series until the department finalizes the medical 78.14 assistance cost reporting process for critical access hospitals. After the cost reporting process 78.15 is finalized, rates shall be computed using information from Title XIX Worksheet D series. 78.16 The outpatient rate shall be equal to ancillary cost plus outpatient cost, excluding costs 78.17 related to rural health clinics and federally qualified health clinics, divided by ancillary 78.18 charges plus outpatient charges, excluding charges related to rural health clinics and federally 78.19 qualified health clinics. 78.20

(c) Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2003, rates that are based on the
Medicare outpatient prospective payment system shall be replaced by a budget neutral
prospective payment system that is derived using medical assistance data. The commissioner
shall provide a proposal to the 2003 legislature to define and implement this provision.

(d) For fee-for-service services provided on or after July 1, 2002, the total payment,
before third-party liability and spenddown, made to hospitals for outpatient hospital facility
services is reduced by .5 percent from the current statutory rate.

(e) In addition to the reduction in paragraph (d), the total payment for fee-for-service
services provided on or after July 1, 2003, made to hospitals for outpatient hospital facility
services before third-party liability and spenddown, is reduced five percent from the current
statutory rates. Facilities defined under section 256.969, subdivision 16, are excluded from
this paragraph.

(f) In addition to the reductions in paragraphs (d) and (e), the total payment for
fee-for-service services provided on or after July 1, 2008, made to hospitals for outpatient

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hospital facility services before third-party liability and spenddown, is reduced three percent
from the current statutory rates. Mental health services and facilities defined under section
256.969, subdivision 16, are excluded from this paragraph.

79.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

79.5 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256L.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Covered health services. (a) "Covered health services" means the health services reimbursed under chapter 256B, with the exception of special education services, home care nursing services, adult dental care services other than services covered under section 256B.0625, subdivision 9, orthodontic services, nonemergency medical transportation services, personal care assistance and case management services, <u>behavioral health home</u>

79.11 services under section 256B.0757, and nursing home or intermediate care facilities services.

(b) No public funds shall be used for coverage of abortion under MinnesotaCare except
where the life of the female would be endangered or substantial and irreversible impairment
of a major bodily function would result if the fetus were carried to term; or where the
pregnancy is the result of rape or incest.

79.16 (c) Covered health services shall be expanded as provided in this section.

(d) For the purposes of covered health services under this section, "child" means anindividual younger than 19 years of age.

79.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

79.20 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256L.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

79.21 Subdivision 1. Premium determination for MinnesotaCare. (a) Families with children
79.22 and individuals shall pay a premium determined according to subdivision 2.

(b) Members of the military and their families who meet the eligibility criteria for
MinnesotaCare upon eligibility approval made within 24 months following the end of the
member's tour of active duty shall have their premiums paid by the commissioner. The
effective date of coverage for an individual or family who meets the criteria of this paragraph
shall be the first day of the month following the month in which eligibility is approved. This
exemption applies for 12 months.

(c) Beginning July 1, 2009, American Indians enrolled in MinnesotaCare and their
families shall have their premiums waived by the commissioner in accordance with section
5006 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5. An

individual must indicate status as an American Indian, as defined under Code of Federal
Regulations, title 42, section 447.50, to qualify for the waiver of premiums. The
commissioner shall accept attestation of an individual's status as an American Indian as
verification until the United States Department of Health and Human Services approves an
electronic data source for this purpose.

(d) For premiums effective August 1, 2015, and after, the commissioner, after consulting 80.6 with the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction 80.7 80.8 over human services, shall increase premiums under subdivision 2 for recipients based on June 2015 program enrollment. Premium increases shall be sufficient to increase projected 80.9 revenue to the fund described in section 16A.724 by at least \$27,800,000 for the biennium 80.10 ending June 30, 2017. The commissioner shall publish the revised premium scale on the 80.11 Department of Human Services website and in the State Register no later than June 15, 80.12 2015. The revised premium scale applies to all premiums on or after August 1, 2015, in 80.13

80.14 place of the scale under subdivision 2.

(e) By July 1, 2015, the commissioner shall provide the chairs and ranking minority
 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services the revised
 premium scale effective August 1, 2015, and statutory language to codify the revised
 premium schedule.

80.19 (f) Premium changes authorized under paragraph (d) must only apply to enrollees not
 80.20 otherwise excluded from paying premiums under state or federal law. Premium changes
 80.21 authorized under paragraph (d) must satisfy the requirements for premiums for the Basic
 80.22 Health Program under title 42 of Code of Federal Regulations, section 600.505.

80.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 35. Laws 2019, chapter 63, article 3, section 1, is amended to read:

80.25 Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) Board of Pharmacy; administration. \$244,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated
from the general fund to the Board of Pharmacy for onetime information technology and
operating costs for administration of licensing activities under Minnesota Statutes, section
151.066. This is a onetime appropriation.

(b) Commissioner of human services; administration. \$309,000 in fiscal year 2020
is appropriated from the general fund and \$60,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated from
the opiate epidemic response account fund to the commissioner of human services for the

provision of administrative services to the Opiate Epidemic Response Advisory Council
and for the administration of the grants awarded under paragraphs (f), (g), and (h). The
opiate epidemic response account fund base for this appropriation is \$60,000 in fiscal year
2022, \$60,000 in fiscal year 2023, \$60,000 in fiscal year 2024, and \$0 in fiscal year 2025.

81.5 (c) Board of Pharmacy; administration. \$126,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated
81.6 from the general fund to the Board of Pharmacy for the collection of the registration fees
81.7 under section 151.066.

81.8 (d) Commissioner of public safety; enforcement activities. \$672,000 in fiscal year
81.9 2020 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for the
81.10 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Of this amount, \$384,000 is for drug scientists and lab
81.11 supplies and \$288,000 is for special agent positions focused on drug interdiction and drug
81.12 trafficking.

(e) Commissioner of management and budget; evaluation activities. \$300,000 in
fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2021 is
appropriated from the opiate epidemic response account fund to the commissioner of
management and budget for evaluation activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.042,
subdivision 1, paragraph (c). The opiate epidemic response account fund base for this
appropriation is \$300,000 in fiscal year 2022, \$300,000 in fiscal year 2023, \$300,000 in
fiscal year 2024, and \$0 in fiscal year 2025.

(f) Commissioner of human services; grants for Project ECHO. \$400,000 in fiscal 81.20 year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund and \$400,000 in fiscal year 2021 is 81.21 appropriated from the opiate epidemic response account fund to the commissioner of human 81.22 services for grants of \$200,000 to CHI St. Gabriel's Health Family Medical Center for the 81.23 opioid-focused Project ECHO program and \$200,000 to Hennepin Health Care for the 81.24 opioid-focused Project ECHO program. The opiate epidemic response account fund base 81.25 for this appropriation is \$400,000 in fiscal year 2022, \$400,000 in fiscal year 2023, \$400,000 81.26 in fiscal year 2024, and \$0 in fiscal year 2025. 81.27

(g) **Commissioner of human services; opioid overdose prevention grant.** \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated from the general fund and \$100,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated from the opiate epidemic response <u>account fund</u> to the commissioner of human services for a grant to a nonprofit organization that has provided overdose prevention programs to the public in at least 60 counties within the state, for at least three years, has received federal funding before January 1, 2019, and is dedicated to addressing the opioid epidemic. The grant must be used for opioid overdose prevention, community asset mapping,

education, and overdose antagonist distribution. The opiate epidemic response account fund 82.1 base for this appropriation is \$100,000 in fiscal year 2022, \$100,000 in fiscal year 2023, 82.2 \$100,000 in fiscal year 2024, and \$0 in fiscal year 2025.

(h) Commissioner of human services; traditional healing. \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 82.4 2020 is appropriated from the general fund and \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated 82.5 from the opiate epidemic response account fund to the commissioner of human services to 82.6 award grants to tribal nations and five urban Indian communities for traditional healing 82.7 82.8 practices to American Indians and to increase the capacity of culturally specific providers in the behavioral health workforce. The opiate epidemic response account fund base for 82.9 this appropriation is \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022, \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2023, 82.10 \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2024, and \$0 in fiscal year 2025. 82.11

(i) Board of Dentistry; continuing education. \$11,000 in fiscal year 2020 is 82.12 appropriated from the state government special revenue fund to the Board of Dentistry to 82.13 implement the continuing education requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12, 82.14 subdivision 6. 82.15

(j) Board of Medical Practice; continuing education. \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is 82.16 appropriated from the state government special revenue fund to the Board of Medical Practice 82.17 to implement the continuing education requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 82.18 214.12, subdivision 6. 82.19

(k) Board of Nursing; continuing education. \$17,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated 82.20 from the state government special revenue fund to the Board of Nursing to implement the 82.21 continuing education requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12, subdivision 82.22 6. 82.23

(1) Board of Optometry; continuing education. \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 is 82.24 appropriated from the state government special revenue fund to the Board of Optometry to 82.25 implement the continuing education requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 214.12, 82.26 subdivision 6. 82.27

(m) Board of Podiatric Medicine; continuing education. \$5,000 in fiscal year 2020 82.28 is appropriated from the state government special revenue fund to the Board of Podiatric 82.29 Medicine to implement the continuing education requirements under Minnesota Statutes, 82.30 section 214.12, subdivision 6. 82.31

(n) Commissioner of health; nonnarcotic pain management and wellness. \$1,250,000 82.32 is appropriated in fiscal year 2020 from the general fund to the commissioner of health, to 82.33 provide funding for: 82.34

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83.1 (1) statewide mapping and assessment of community-based nonnarcotic pain management83.2 and wellness resources; and

(2) up to five demonstration projects in different geographic areas of the state to provide
community-based nonnarcotic pain management and wellness resources to patients and
consumers.

The demonstration projects must include an evaluation component and scalability analysis. 83.6 The commissioner shall award the grant for the statewide mapping and assessment, and the 83.7 demonstration project grants, through a competitive request for proposal process. Grants 83.8 for statewide mapping and assessment and demonstration projects may be awarded 83.9 83.10 simultaneously. In awarding demonstration project grants, the commissioner shall give preference to proposals that incorporate innovative community partnerships, are informed 83.11 and led by people in the community where the project is taking place, and are culturally 83.12 relevant and delivered by culturally competent providers. This is a onetime appropriation. 83.13

(o) Commissioner of health; administration. \$38,000 in fiscal year 2020 is appropriated
from the general fund to the commissioner of health for the administration of the grants
awarded in paragraph (n).

83.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

83.18 Sec. 36. Laws 2019, chapter 63, article 3, section 2, is amended to read:

83.19 Sec. 2. TRANSFER.

By June 30, 2021, the commissioner of human services shall transfer \$5,439,000 from the opiate epidemic response account fund to the general fund. This is a onetime transfer.

83.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

83.23 Sec. 37. Laws 2020, chapter 73, section 4, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Access to urgent-need insulin. (a) MNsure shall develop an application form 83.24 to be used by an individual who is in urgent need of insulin. The application must ask the 83.25 individual to attest to the eligibility requirements described in subdivision 2. The form shall 83.26 be accessible through MNsure's website. MNsure shall also make the form available to 83.27 pharmacies and health care providers who prescribe or dispense insulin, hospital emergency 83.28 departments, urgent care clinics, and community health clinics. By submitting a completed, 83.29 83.30 signed, and dated application to a pharmacy, the individual attests that the information contained in the application is correct. 83.31

(b) If the individual is in urgent need of insulin, the individual may present a completed,
signed, and dated application form to a pharmacy. The individual must also:

84.3 (1) have a valid insulin prescription; and

(2) present the pharmacist with identification indicating Minnesota residency in the form
of a valid Minnesota identification card, driver's license, or permit, or tribal identification
card as defined in section 171.072, paragraph (b). If the individual in urgent need of insulin
is under the age of 18, the individual's parent or legal guardian must provide the pharmacist
with proof of residency.

(c) Upon receipt of a completed and signed application, the pharmacist shall dispense
the prescribed insulin in an amount that will provide the individual with a 30-day supply.
The pharmacy must notify the health care practitioner who issued the prescription order no
later than 72 hours after the insulin is dispensed.

(d) The pharmacy may submit to the manufacturer of the dispensed insulin product or
to the manufacturer's vendor a claim for payment that is in accordance with the National
Council for Prescription Drug Program standards for electronic claims processing, unless
the manufacturer agrees to send to the pharmacy a replacement supply of the same insulin
as dispensed in the amount dispensed. If the pharmacy submits an electronic claim to the
manufacturer or the manufacturer's vendor, the manufacturer or vendor shall reimburse the
pharmacy in an amount that covers the pharmacy's acquisition cost.

(e) The pharmacy may collect an insulin co-payment from the individual to cover the
pharmacy's costs of processing and dispensing in an amount not to exceed \$35 for the 30-day
supply of insulin dispensed.

(f) The pharmacy shall also provide each eligible individual with the information sheet
described in subdivision 7 and a list of trained navigators provided by the Board of Pharmacy
for the individual to contact if the individual is in need of accessing ongoing insulin coverage
options, including assistance in:

84.27 (1) applying for medical assistance or MinnesotaCare;

84.28 (2) applying for a qualified health plan offered through MNsure, subject to open and84.29 special enrollment periods;

(3) accessing information on providers who participate in prescription drug discount
programs, including providers who are authorized to participate in the 340B program under
section 340b of the federal Public Health Services Act, United States Code, title 42, section
256b; and

- (4) accessing insulin manufacturers' patient assistance programs, co-payment assistance
 programs, and other foundation-based programs.
- (g) The pharmacist shall retain a copy of the application form submitted by the individualto the pharmacy for reporting and auditing purposes.
- 85.5 Sec. 38. Laws 2020, chapter 73, section 4, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Continuing safety net program; general.** (a) Each manufacturer shall make a patient assistance program available to any individual who meets the requirements of this subdivision. Each manufacturer's patient assistance programs must meet the requirements of this section. Each manufacturer shall provide the Board of Pharmacy with information regarding the manufacturer's patient assistance program, including contact information for individuals to call for assistance in accessing their patient assistance program.

(b) To be eligible to participate in a manufacturer's patient assistance program, theindividual must:

(1) be a Minnesota resident with a valid Minnesota identification card that indicates
Minnesota residency in the form of a Minnesota identification card or, driver's license or
permit, or tribal identification card as defined in section 171.072, paragraph (b). If the
individual is under the age of 18, the individual's parent or legal guardian must provide
proof of residency;

85.19 (2) have a family income that is equal to or less than 400 percent of the federal poverty85.20 guidelines;

(3) not be enrolled in medical assistance or MinnesotaCare;

(4) not be eligible to receive health care through a federally funded program or receiveprescription drug benefits through the Department of Veterans Affairs; and

(5) not be enrolled in prescription drug coverage through an individual or group health
plan that limits the total amount of cost-sharing that an enrollee is required to pay for a
30-day supply of insulin, including co-payments, deductibles, or coinsurance to \$75 or less,
regardless of the type or amount of insulin needed.

(c) Notwithstanding the requirement in paragraph (b), clause (4), an individual who is
enrolled in Medicare Part D is eligible for a manufacturer's patient assistance program if
the individual has spent \$1,000 on prescription drugs in the current calendar year and meets
the eligibility requirements in paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (3).

(d) An individual who is interested in participating in a manufacturer's patient assistance
program may apply directly to the manufacturer; apply through the individual's health care
practitioner, if the practitioner participates; or contact a trained navigator for assistance in
finding a long-term insulin supply solution, including assistance in applying to a
manufacturer's patient assistance program.

86.6 Sec. 39. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

86.7 (a) The revisor of statutes shall number the existing language in Minnesota Statutes,
 86.8 section 62U.03, as subdivision 1 and renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed
 86.9 in column A to the references listed in column B.

86.10	Column A	Column B
86.11	256B.0751, subdivision 1	62U.03, subdivision 2
86.12	256B.0751, subdivision 2	62U.03, subdivision 3
86.13	256B.0751, subdivision 3	62U.03, subdivision 4
86.14	256B.0751, subdivision 4	62U.03, subdivision 5
86.15	256B.0751, subdivision 5	62U.03, subdivision 6
86.16	256B.0751, subdivision 6	62U.03, subdivision 7
86.17	256B.0751, subdivision 7	62U.03, subdivision 8
86.18	256B.0751, subdivision 8	62U.03, subdivision 9
86.19	256B.0751, subdivision 9	62U.03, subdivision 10
86.20	256B.0751, subdivision 10	62U.03, subdivision 11

(b) The revisor of statutes shall change the applicable references to Minnesota Statutes,
 section 256B.0751, to section 62U.03. The revisor shall make necessary cross-reference
 changes in Minnesota Statutes consistent with the renumbering. The revisor shall also make
 technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the
 text.

- 86.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 86.27 Sec. 40. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>
- Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 62U.15, subdivision 2; 256B.057, subdivision 8;
 256B.0752; and 256L.04, subdivision 13, are repealed.
- 86.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 4

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87.1

87.2

ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE PROVISIONS

87.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Marketing requirements. (a) Any written marketing materials which 87.4 may be directed toward potential enrollees and which include a detailed description of 87.5 87.6 benefits provided by the health maintenance organization shall include a statement of enrollee information and rights as described in section 62D.07, subdivision 3, clauses (2) and (3). 87.7 Prior to any oral marketing presentation, the agent marketing the plan must inform the 87.8 87.9 potential enrollees that any complaints concerning the material presented should be directed to the health maintenance organization, the commissioner of health, or, if applicable, the 87.10 employer. 87.11

(b) Detailed marketing materials must affirmatively disclose all exclusions and limitations
in the organization's services or kinds of services offered to the contracting party, including
but not limited to the following types of exclusions and limitations:

- 87.15 (1) health care services not provided;
- (2) health care services requiring co-payments or deductibles paid by enrollees;

87.17 (3) the fact that access to health care services does not guarantee access to a particular87.18 provider type; and

(4) health care services that are or may be provided only by referral of a physician or
advanced practice registered nurse.

(c) No marketing materials may lead consumers to believe that all health care needs will 87.21 be covered. All marketing materials must alert consumers to possible uncovered expenses 87.22 with the following language in bold print: "THIS HEALTH CARE PLAN MAY NOT 87.23 COVER ALL YOUR HEALTH CARE EXPENSES; READ YOUR CONTRACT 87.24 CAREFULLY TO DETERMINE WHICH EXPENSES ARE COVERED." Immediately 87.25 following the disclosure required under paragraph (b), clause (3), consumers must be given 87.26 a telephone number to use to contact the health maintenance organization for specific 87.27 information about access to provider types. 87.28

(d) The disclosures required in paragraphs (b) and (c) are not required on billboards or
image, and name identification advertisement.

88.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62E.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. Number three plan. A plan of health coverage shall be certified as a
 number three qualified plan if it otherwise meets the requirements established by chapters
 62A, 62C, and 62Q, and the other laws of this state, whether or not the policy is issued in
 Minnesota, and meets or exceeds the following minimum standards:
- (a) The minimum benefits for a covered individual shall, subject to the other provisions
 of this subdivision, be equal to at least 80 percent of the cost of covered services in excess
 of an annual deductible which does not exceed \$150 per person. The coverage shall include
 a limitation of \$3,000 per person on total annual out-of-pocket expenses for services covered
 under this subdivision. The coverage shall not be subject to a lifetime maximum on essential
 health benefits.
- The prohibition on lifetime maximums for essential health benefits and \$3,000 limitation on total annual out-of-pocket expenses shall not be subject to change or substitution by use of an actuarially equivalent benefit.
- (b) Covered expenses shall be the usual and customary charges for the following services
 and articles when prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse:

88.17 (1) hospital services;

(2) professional services for the diagnosis or treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions,
other than dental, which are rendered by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse
or at the physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's direction;

(3) drugs requiring a physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's prescription;

(4) services of a nursing home for not more than 120 days in a year if the services would
qualify as reimbursable services under Medicare;

- (5) services of a home health agency if the services would qualify as reimbursable
 services under Medicare;
- (6) use of radium or other radioactive materials;
- 88.27 (7) oxygen;
- 88.28 (8) anesthetics;

(9) prostheses other than dental but including scalp hair prostheses worn for hair loss
suffered as a result of alopecia areata;

(10) rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical equipment other than
eyeglasses and hearing aids, unless coverage is required under section 62Q.675;

89.3 (11) diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;

(12) oral surgery for partially or completely unerupted impacted teeth, a tooth root
without the extraction of the entire tooth, or the gums and tissues of the mouth when not
performed in connection with the extraction or repair of teeth;

89.7 (13) services of a physical therapist;

(14) transportation provided by licensed ambulance service to the nearest facility qualified
to treat the condition; or a reasonable mileage rate for transportation to a kidney dialysis
center for treatment; and

89.11 (15) services of an occupational therapist.

89.12 (c) Covered expenses for the services and articles specified in this subdivision do not89.13 include the following:

(1) any charge for care for injury or disease either (i) arising out of an injury in the course
of employment and subject to a workers' compensation or similar law, (ii) for which benefits
are payable without regard to fault under coverage statutorily required to be contained in
any motor vehicle, or other liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance, or (iii)
for which benefits are payable under another policy of accident and health insurance,
Medicare, or any other governmental program except as otherwise provided by section
62A.04, subdivision 3, clause (4);

(2) any charge for treatment for cosmetic purposes other than for reconstructive surgery
when such service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from injury, sickness, or
other diseases of the involved part or when such service is performed on a covered dependent
child because of congenital disease or anomaly which has resulted in a functional defect as
determined by the attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse;</u>

(3) care which is primarily for custodial or domiciliary purposes which would not qualify
as eligible services under Medicare;

(4) any charge for confinement in a private room to the extent it is in excess of the
institution's charge for its most common semiprivate room, unless a private room is prescribed
as medically necessary by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse, provided,
however, that if the institution does not have semiprivate rooms, its most common semiprivate
room charge shall be considered to be 90 percent of its lowest private room charge;

90.1 (5) that part of any charge for services or articles rendered or prescribed by a physician,

advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or other health care personnel which exceeds
 the prevailing charge in the locality where the service is provided; and

- 90.4 (6) any charge for services or articles the provision of which is not within the scope of
 90.5 authorized practice of the institution or individual rendering the services or articles.
- 90.6 (d) The minimum benefits for a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those benefits
 90.7 specified in clauses (a) and (e), benefits for well baby care, effective July 1, 1980, subject
 90.8 to applicable deductibles, coinsurance provisions, and maximum lifetime benefit limitations.
- 90.9 (e) Effective July 1, 1979, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan shall include, in 90.10 addition to those benefits specified in clause (a), a second opinion from a physician on all 90.11 surgical procedures expected to cost a total of \$500 or more in physician, laboratory, and 90.12 hospital fees, provided that the coverage need not include the repetition of any diagnostic 90.13 tests.
- 90.14 (f) Effective August 1, 1985, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan must include, in
 90.15 addition to the benefits specified in clauses (a), (d), and (e), coverage for special dietary
 90.16 treatment for phenylketonuria when recommended by a physician or advanced practice
 90.17 registered nurse.

90.18 (g) Outpatient mental health coverage is subject to section 62A.152, subdivision 2.

90.19 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.17, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. Expenditure reporting. Each hospital, outpatient surgical center, diagnostic
imaging center, and physician or advanced practice registered nurse clinic shall report
annually to the commissioner on all major spending commitments, in the form and manner
specified by the commissioner. The report shall include the following information:

90.24 (1) a description of major spending commitments made during the previous year,
90.25 including the total dollar amount of major spending commitments and purpose of the
90.26 expenditures;

90.27 (2) the cost of land acquisition, construction of new facilities, and renovation of existing90.28 facilities;

90.29 (3) the cost of purchased or leased medical equipment, by type of equipment;

90.30 (4) expenditures by type for specialty care and new specialized services;

90.31 (5) information on the amount and types of added capacity for diagnostic imaging

90.32 services, outpatient surgical services, and new specialized services; and

(6) information on investments in electronic medical records systems.

91.2 For hospitals and outpatient surgical centers, this information shall be included in reports

91.3 to the commissioner that are required under section 144.698. For diagnostic imaging centers,

91.4 this information shall be included in reports to the commissioner that are required under

section 144.565. For all other health care providers that are subject to this reporting

91.6 requirement, reports must be submitted to the commissioner by March 1 each year for the

91.7 preceding calendar year.

91.1

91.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 62J.23, subdivision 2, is amended
91.9 to read:

Subd. 2. Restrictions. (a) From July 1, 1992, until rules are adopted by the commissioner
under this section, the restrictions in the federal Medicare antikickback statutes in section
1128B(b) of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1320a-7b(b), and
rules adopted under the federal statutes, apply to all persons in the state, regardless of whether
the person participates in any state health care program.

(b) Nothing in paragraph (a) shall be construed to prohibit an individual from receiving
a discount or other reduction in price or a limited-time free supply or samples of a prescription
drug, medical supply, or medical equipment offered by a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan company, or pharmacy benefit manager,
so long as:

91.20 (1) the discount or reduction in price is provided to the individual in connection with
91.21 the purchase of a prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment prescribed for
91.22 that individual;

91.23 (2) it otherwise complies with the requirements of state and federal law applicable to91.24 enrollees of state and federal public health care programs;

(3) the discount or reduction in price does not exceed the amount paid directly by theindividual for the prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment; and

91.27 (4) the limited-time free supply or samples are provided by a physician, advanced practice
91.28 registered nurse, or pharmacist, as provided by the federal Prescription Drug Marketing
91.29 Act.

91.30 For purposes of this paragraph, "prescription drug" includes prescription drugs that are91.31 administered through infusion, and related services and supplies.

92.1 (c) No benefit, reward, remuneration, or incentive for continued product use may be
92.2 provided to an individual or an individual's family by a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
92.3 medical supply or device manufacturer, or pharmacy benefit manager, except that this
92.4 prohibition does not apply to:

92.5 (1) activities permitted under paragraph (b);

92.6 (2) a pharmaceutical manufacturer, medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan
92.7 company, or pharmacy benefit manager providing to a patient, at a discount or reduced
92.8 price or free of charge, ancillary products necessary for treatment of the medical condition
92.9 for which the prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment was prescribed or
92.10 provided; and

92.11 (3) a pharmaceutical manufacturer, medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan
92.12 company, or pharmacy benefit manager providing to a patient a trinket or memento of
92.13 insignificant value.

92.14 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a health plan company
92.15 from offering a tiered formulary with different co-payment or cost-sharing amounts for
92.16 different drugs.

92.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.495, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Definitions. (a) "Certified electronic health record technology" means an
electronic health record that is certified pursuant to section 3001(c)(5) of the HITECH Act
to meet the standards and implementation specifications adopted under section 3004 as
applicable.

92.22 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

92.23 (c) "Pharmaceutical electronic data intermediary" means any entity that provides the 92.24 infrastructure to connect computer systems or other electronic devices utilized by prescribing 92.25 practitioners with those used by pharmacies, health plans, third-party administrators, and 92.26 pharmacy benefit managers in order to facilitate the secure transmission of electronic 92.27 prescriptions, refill authorization requests, communications, and other prescription-related 92.28 information between such entities.

(d) "HITECH Act" means the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical
Health Act in division A, title XIII and division B, title IV of the American Recovery and
Reinvestment Act of 2009, including federal regulations adopted under that act.

93.1 (e) "Interoperable electronic health record" means an electronic health record that securely
93.2 exchanges health information with another electronic health record system that meets
93.3 requirements specified in subdivision 3, and national requirements for certification under
93.4 the HITECH Act.

93.5 (f) "Qualified electronic health record" means an electronic record of health-related
93.6 information on an individual that includes patient demographic and clinical health information
93.7 and has the capacity to:

93.8 (1) provide clinical decision support;

93.9 (2) support physician provider order entry;

93.10 (3) capture and query information relevant to health care quality; and

93.11 (4) exchange electronic health information with, and integrate such information from,93.12 other sources.

93.13 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

93.14 Subd. 2. Uniform billing form CMS 1500. (a) On and after January 1, 1996, all
93.15 noninstitutional health care services rendered by providers in Minnesota except dental or
93.16 pharmacy providers, that are not currently being billed using an equivalent electronic billing
93.17 format, must be billed using the most current version of the health insurance claim form
93.18 CMS 1500.

(b) The instructions and definitions for the use of the uniform billing form CMS 1500
shall be in accordance with the manual developed by the Administrative Uniformity
Committee entitled standards for the use of the CMS 1500 form, dated February 1994, as
further defined by the commissioner.

(c) Services to be billed using the uniform billing form CMS 1500 include physician 93.23 services and supplies, durable medical equipment, noninstitutional ambulance services, 93.24 independent ancillary services including occupational therapy, physical therapy, speech 93.25 therapy and audiology, home infusion therapy, podiatry services, optometry services, mental 93.26 health licensed professional services, substance abuse licensed professional services, nursing 93.27 practitioner professional services, certified registered nurse anesthetists advanced practice 93.28 93.29 registered nurse services, chiropractors, physician assistants, laboratories, medical suppliers, waivered services, personal care attendants, and other health care providers such as day 93.30 activity centers and freestanding ambulatory surgical centers. 93.31

94.1 (d) Services provided by Medicare Critical Access Hospitals electing Method II billing
94.2 will be allowed an exception to this provision to allow the inclusion of the professional fees
94.3 on the CMS 1450.

94.4 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62J.823, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Applicability and scope. Any hospital, as defined in section 144.696,
subdivision 3, and outpatient surgical center, as defined in section 144.696, subdivision 4,
shall provide a written estimate of the cost of a specific service or stay upon the request of
a patient, doctor, advanced practice registered nurse, or the patient's representative. The
request must include:

94.10 (1) the health coverage status of the patient, including the specific health plan or other94.11 health coverage under which the patient is enrolled, if any; and

94.12 (2) at least one of the following:

94.13 (i) the specific diagnostic-related group code;

94.14 (ii) the name of the procedure or procedures to be performed;

94.15 (iii) the type of treatment to be received; or

94.16 (iv) any other information that will allow the hospital or outpatient surgical center to

94.17 determine the specific diagnostic-related group or procedure code or codes.

94.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 62Q.184, subdivision 1, is amended94.19 to read:

94.20 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this94.21 subdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Clinical practice guideline" means a systematically developed statement to assist
health care providers and enrollees in making decisions about appropriate health care services
for specific clinical circumstances and conditions developed independently of a health plan
company, pharmaceutical manufacturer, or any entity with a conflict of interest. A clinical
practice guideline also includes a preferred drug list developed in accordance with section
256B.0625.

94.28 (c) "Clinical review criteria" means the written screening procedures, decision abstracts,
94.29 clinical protocols, and clinical practice guidelines used by a health plan company to determine
94.30 the medical necessity and appropriateness of health care services.

95.1 (d) "Health plan company" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4, but
95.2 also includes a county-based purchasing plan participating in a public program under chapter
95.3 256B or 256L and an integrated health partnership under section 256B.0755.

95.4 (e) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol or program that establishes the specific
95.5 sequence in which prescription drugs for a specified medical condition, including
95.6 self-administered and physician-administered drugs and drugs that are administered by a
95.7 physician or advanced practice nurse practitioner, are medically appropriate for a particular
95.8 enrollee and are covered under a health plan.

(f) "Step therapy override" means that the step therapy protocol is overridden in favor
of coverage of the selected prescription drug of the prescribing health care provider because
at least one of the conditions of subdivision 3, paragraph (a), exists.

95.12 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.43, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Closed-panel health plan. For purposes of this section, "closed-panel
health plan" means a health plan as defined in section 62Q.01 that requires an enrollee to
receive all or a majority of primary care services from a specific clinic or physician primary
<u>care provider</u> designated by the enrollee that is within the health plan company's clinic or
<u>physician provider</u> network.

95.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Access requirement. Every closed-panel health plan must allow enrollees 95.19 under the age of 26 years to change their designated clinic or physician primary care provider 95.20 at least once per month, as long as the clinic or physician provider is part of the health plan 95.21 company's statewide clinic or physician provider network. A health plan company shall not 95.22 charge enrollees who choose this option higher premiums or cost sharing than would 95.23 otherwise apply to enrollees who do not choose this option. A health plan company may 95.24 require enrollees to provide 15 days' written notice of intent to change their designated clinic 95.25 or physician primary care provider. 95.26

95.27

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.54, is amended to read:

95.28

62Q.54 REFERRALS FOR RESIDENTS OF HEALTH CARE FACILITIES.

95.29 If an enrollee is a resident of a health care facility licensed under chapter 144A or a
95.30 housing with services establishment registered under chapter 144D, the enrollee's primary
95.31 care physician provider must refer the enrollee to that facility's skilled nursing unit or that

96.1 facility's appropriate care setting, provided that the health plan company and the provider
96.2 can best meet the patient's needs in that setting, if the following conditions are met:

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96.3 (1) the facility agrees to be reimbursed at that health plan company's contract rate
96.4 negotiated with similar providers for the same services and supplies; and

96.5 (2) the facility meets all guidelines established by the health plan company related to
96.6 quality of care, utilization, referral authorization, risk assumption, use of health plan company
96.7 network, and other criteria applicable to providers under contract for the same services and
96.8 supplies.

96.9 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.57, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

96.10 Subdivision 1. Choice of primary care provider. (a) If a health plan company offering 96.11 a group health plan, or an individual health plan that is not a grandfathered plan, requires 96.12 or provides for the designation by an enrollee of a participating primary care provider, the 96.13 health plan company shall permit each enrollee to:

96.14 (1) designate any participating primary care provider available to accept the enrollee;96.15 and

96.16 (2) for a child, designate any participating physician or advanced practice registered
 96.17 <u>nurse</u> who specializes in pediatrics as the child's primary care provider and is available to
 96.18 accept the child.

96.19 (b) This section does not waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions96.20 of the health plan with respect to coverage of pediatric care.

96.21 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.73, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

96.22 Subd. 7. Standards of review. (a) For an external review of any issue in an adverse
96.23 determination that does not require a medical necessity determination, the external review
96.24 must be based on whether the adverse determination was in compliance with the enrollee's
96.25 health benefit plan.

(b) For an external review of any issue in an adverse determination by a health plan
company licensed under chapter 62D that requires a medical necessity determination, the
external review must determine whether the adverse determination was consistent with the
definition of medically necessary care in Minnesota Rules, part 4685.0100, subpart 9b.

96.30 (c) For an external review of any issue in an adverse determination by a health plan
96.31 company, other than a health plan company licensed under chapter 62D, that requires a

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97.1 medical necessity determination, the external review must determine whether the adverse
97.2 determination was consistent with the definition of medically necessary care in section
97.3 62Q.53, subdivision 2.

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97.4 (d) For an external review of an adverse determination involving experimental or
97.5 investigational treatment, the external review entity must base its decision on all documents
97.6 submitted by the health plan company and enrollee, including medical records, the attending
97.7 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or health care professional's recommendation,
97.8 consulting reports from health care professionals, the terms of coverage, federal Food and
97.9 Drug Administration approval, and medical or scientific evidence or evidence-based
97.10 standards.

97.11 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.733, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Health care provider or provider. "Health care provider" or "provider" means
a physician, <u>advanced practice registered nurse</u>, chiropractor, dentist, podiatrist, or other
provider as defined under section 62J.03, other than hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers,
or freestanding emergency rooms.

97.16 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62Q.74, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

97.17 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, "category of coverage"
97.18 means one of the following types of health-related coverage:

97.19 (1) health;

- 97.20 (2) no-fault automobile medical benefits; or
- 97.21 (3) workers' compensation medical benefits.

(b) "Health care provider" or "provider" means a physician, <u>advanced practice registered</u>
 <u>nurse</u>, chiropractor, dentist, podiatrist, hospital, ambulatory surgical center, freestanding
 emergency room, or other provider, as defined in section 62J.03.

97.25 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62S.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

97.26 Subd. 3. Mandatory format. The following standard format outline of coverage must
97.27 be used, unless otherwise specifically indicated:

97.28	COMPANY NAME
97.29	ADDRESS - CITY AND STATE
97.30	TELEPHONE NUMBER
97.31	LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE

98.1	OUTLINE OF COVERAGE
98.2	Policy Number or Group Master Policy and Certificate Number
98.3	(Except for policies or certificates which are guaranteed issue, the following caution
98.4	statement, or language substantially similar, must appear as follows in the outline of
98.5	coverage.)
98.6	CAUTION: The issuance of this long-term care insurance (policy) (certificate) is based
98.7	upon your responses to the questions on your application. A copy of your (application)
98.8	(enrollment form) (is enclosed) (was retained by you when you applied). If your answers
98.9	are incorrect or untrue, the company has the right to deny benefits or rescind your policy.
98.10	The best time to clear up any questions is now, before a claim arises. If, for any reason, any
98.11	of your answers are incorrect, contact the company at this address: (insert address).
98.12	(1) This policy is (an individual policy of insurance) (a group policy) which was issued
98.13	in the (indicate jurisdiction in which group policy was issued).
98.14	(2) PURPOSE OF OUTLINE OF COVERAGE. This outline of coverage provides a
98.15	very brief description of the important features of the policy. You should compare this
98.16	outline of coverage to outlines of coverage for other policies available to you. This is not
98.17	an insurance contract, but only a summary of coverage. Only the individual or group policy
98.18	contains governing contractual provisions. This means that the policy or group policy sets
98.19	forth in detail the rights and obligations of both you and the insurance company. Therefore,
98.20	if you purchase this coverage, or any other coverage, it is important that you READ YOUR
98.21	POLICY (OR CERTIFICATE) CAREFULLY.
98.22	(3) THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE A QUALIFIED LONG-TERM CARE
98.23	INSURANCE CONTRACT AS DEFINED UNDER SECTION 7702(B)(b) OF THE
98.24	INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986.
98.25	(4) TERMS UNDER WHICH THE POLICY OR CERTIFICATE MAY BE
98.26	CONTINUED IN FORCE OR DISCONTINUED.

(a) (For long-term care health insurance policies or certificates describe one of the 98.27 following permissible policy renewability provisions:) 98.28

(1) (Policies and certificates that are guaranteed renewable shall contain the following 98.29 statement:) RENEWABILITY: THIS POLICY (CERTIFICATE) IS GUARANTEED 98.30

98.31 RENEWABLE. This means you have the right, subject to the terms of your policy,

(certificate) to continue this policy as long as you pay your premiums on time. (Company 98.32

name) cannot change any of the terms of your policy on its own, except that, in the future,IT MAY INCREASE THE PREMIUM YOU PAY.

99.3 (2) (Policies and certificates that are noncancelable shall contain the following statement:)
99.4 RENEWABILITY: THIS POLICY (CERTIFICATE) IS NONCANCELABLE. This means
99.5 that you have the right, subject to the terms of your policy, to continue this policy as long
99.6 as you pay your premiums on time. (Company name) cannot change any of the terms of
99.7 your policy on its own and cannot change the premium you currently pay. However, if your
99.8 policy contains an inflation protection feature where you choose to increase your benefits,
99.9 (company name) may increase your premium at that time for those additional benefits.

99.10 (b) (For group coverage, specifically describe continuation/conversion provisions99.11 applicable to the certificate and group policy.)

99.12 (c) (Describe waiver of premium provisions or state that there are not such provisions.)

99.13 (5) TERMS UNDER WHICH THE COMPANY MAY CHANGE PREMIUMS.

- 99.14 (In bold type larger than the maximum type required to be used for the other provisions
 99.15 of the outline of coverage, state whether or not the company has a right to change the
 99.16 premium and, if a right exists, describe clearly and concisely each circumstance under which
 99.17 the premium may change.)
- 99.18 (6) TERMS UNDER WHICH THE POLICY OR CERTIFICATE MAY BE RETURNED99.19 AND PREMIUM REFUNDED.

99.20 (a) (Provide a brief description of the right to return -- "free look" provision of the policy.)

(b) (Include a statement that the policy either does or does not contain provisions
providing for a refund or partial refund of premium upon the death of an insured or surrender
of the policy or certificate. If the policy contains such provisions, include a description of
them.)

99.25 (7) THIS IS NOT MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT COVERAGE. If you are eligible for
99.26 Medicare, review the Medicare Supplement Buyer's Guide available from the insurance
99.27 company.

99.28 (a) (For agents) neither (insert company name) nor its agents represent Medicare, the99.29 federal government, or any state government.

99.30 (b) (For direct response) (insert company name) is not representing Medicare, the federal99.31 government, or any state government.

(8) LONG-TERM CARE COVERAGE. Policies of this category are designed to provide
 coverage for one or more necessary or medically necessary diagnostic, preventive,

100.3 therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or personal care services, provided in a setting

other than an acute care unit of a hospital, such as in a nursing home, in the community, orin the home.

This policy provides coverage in the form of a fixed dollar indemnity benefit for covered long-term care expenses, subject to policy (limitations), (waiting periods), and (coinsurance) requirements. (Modify this paragraph if the policy is not an indemnity policy.)

100.9 (9) BENEFITS PROVIDED BY THIS POLICY.

(a) (Covered services, related deductible(s), waiting periods, elimination periods, andbenefit maximums.)

100.12 (b) (Institutional benefits, by skill level.)

100.13 (c) (Noninstitutional benefits, by skill level.)

100.14 (d) (Eligibility for payment of benefits.)

100.15 (Activities of daily living and cognitive impairment shall be used to measure an insured's
 100.16 need for long-term care and must be defined and described as part of the outline of coverage.)

(Any benefit screens must be explained in this section. If these screens differ for different
benefits, explanation of the screen should accompany each benefit description. If an attending
physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other specified person must certify a certain
level of functional dependency in order to be eligible for benefits, this too must be specified.
If activities of daily living (ADLs) are used to measure an insured's need for long-term care,
then these qualifying criteria or screens must be explained.)

100.23 (10) LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS:

100.24 Describe:

100.25 (a) preexisting conditions;

100.26 (b) noneligible facilities/provider;

100.27 (c) noneligible levels of care (e.g., unlicensed providers, care or treatment provided by100.28 a family member, etc.);

100.29 (d) exclusions/exceptions; and

100.30 (e) limitations.

101.1 (This section should provide a brief specific description of any policy provisions which
101.2 limit, exclude, restrict, reduce, delay, or in any other manner operate to qualify payment of
101.3 the benefits described in paragraph (8).)

101.4 THIS POLICY MAY NOT COVER ALL THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH101.5 YOUR LONG-TERM CARE NEEDS.

(11) RELATIONSHIP OF COST OF CARE AND BENEFITS. Because the costs of
 long-term care services will likely increase over time, you should consider whether and
 how the benefits of this plan may be adjusted. As applicable, indicate the following:

101.9 (a) that the benefit level will not increase over time;

101.10 (b) any automatic benefit adjustment provisions;

(c) whether the insured will be guaranteed the option to buy additional benefits and the
basis upon which benefits will be increased over time if not by a specified amount or
percentage;

(d) if there is such a guarantee, include whether additional underwriting or health
screening will be required, the frequency and amounts of the upgrade options, and any
significant restrictions or limitations; and

(e) whether there will be any additional premium charge imposed and how that is to becalculated.

(12) ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE AND OTHER ORGANIC BRAIN DISORDERS. (State
that the policy provides coverage for insureds clinically diagnosed as having Alzheimer's
disease or related degenerative and dementing illnesses. Specifically, describe each benefit
screen or other policy provision which provides preconditions to the availability of policy
benefits for such an insured.)

101.24 (13) PREMIUM.

101.25 (a) State the total annual premium for the policy.

(b) If the premium varies with an applicant's choice among benefit options, indicate theportion of annual premium which corresponds to each benefit option.

101.28 (14) ADDITIONAL FEATURES.

101.29 (a) Indicate if medical underwriting is used.

101.30 (b) Describe other important features.

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102.1 (15) CONTACT THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OR SENIOR
102.2 LINKAGE LINE IF YOU HAVE GENERAL QUESTIONS REGARDING LONG-TERM
102.3 CARE INSURANCE. CONTACT THE INSURANCE COMPANY IF YOU HAVE
102.4 SPECIFIC QUESTIONS REGARDING YOUR LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE
102.5 POLICY OR CERTIFICATE.

102.6 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62S.20, subdivision 5b, is amended to read:

102.7 Subd. 5b. Benefit triggers. Activities of daily living and cognitive impairment must be used to measure an insured's need for long-term care and must be described in the policy 102.8 or certificate in a separate paragraph and must be labeled "Eligibility for the Payment of 102.9 Benefits." Any additional benefit triggers must also be explained in this section. If these 102.10 triggers differ for different benefits, explanation of the trigger must accompany each benefit 102.11 description. If an attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other specified 102.12 person must certify a certain level of functional dependency in order to be eligible for 102.13 102.14 benefits, this too shall be specified.

102.15 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62S.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Medication information required. If an application for long-term care insurance contains a question which asks whether the applicant has had medication prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse, it must also ask the applicant to list the medication that has been prescribed. If the medications listed in the application were known by the insurer, or should have been known at the time of application, to be directly related to a medical condition for which coverage would otherwise be denied, then the policy or certificate shall not be rescinded for that condition.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62S.268, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
meanings given them:

(a) "Qualified long-term care services" means services that meet the requirements of
section 7702(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows: necessary
diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curative, treatment, mitigation, and rehabilitative services,
and maintenance or personal care services which are required by a chronically ill individual,
and are provided pursuant to a plan of care prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.

(b) "Chronically ill individual" has the meaning prescribed for this term by section
7702B(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Under this provision, a

chronically ill individual means any individual who has been certified by a licensed health
care practitioner as being unable to perform, without substantial assistance from another
individual, at least two activities of daily living for a period of at least 90 days due to a loss
of functional capacity, or requiring substantial supervision to protect the individual from
threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment.

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The term "chronically ill individual" does not include an individual otherwise meeting
these requirements unless within the preceding 12-month period a licensed health care
practitioner has certified that the individual meets these requirements.

(c) "Licensed health care practitioner" means a physician, as defined in section 1861(r)(1)
of the Social Security Act, an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered professional
nurse, licensed social worker, or other individual who meets requirements prescribed by
the Secretary of the Treasury.

(d) "Maintenance or personal care services" means any care the primary purpose of
which is the provision of needed assistance with any of the disabilities as a result of which
the individual is a chronically ill individual, including the protection from threats to health
and safety due to severe cognitive impairment.

103.17 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.3345, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The following definitions are used for the purposes ofthis section.

(b) "Eligible community e-health collaborative" means an existing or newly established
collaborative to support the adoption and use of interoperable electronic health records. A
collaborative must consist of at least two or more eligible health care entities in at least two
of the categories listed in paragraph (c) and have a focus on interconnecting the members
of the collaborative for secure and interoperable exchange of health care information.

103.25 (c) "Eligible health care entity" means one of the following:

103.26 (1) community clinics, as defined under section 145.9268;

103.27 (2) hospitals eligible for rural hospital capital improvement grants, as defined in section
103.28 144.148;

(3) physician or advanced practice registered nurse clinics located in a community with
a population of less than 50,000 according to United States Census Bureau statistics and
outside the seven-county metropolitan area;

103.32 (4) nursing facilities licensed under sections 144A.01 to 144A.27;

104.1 (5) community health boards as established under chapter 145A;

104.2 (6) nonprofit entities with a purpose to provide health information exchange coordination
104.3 governed by a representative, multi-stakeholder board of directors; and

(7) other providers of health or health care services approved by the commissioner for
which interoperable electronic health record capability would improve quality of care,
patient safety, or community health.

104.7 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.3352, is amended to read:

104.8 144.3352 HEPATITIS B MATERNAL CARRIER DATA; INFANT 104.9 IMMUNIZATION.

104.10The commissioner of health or a community health board may inform the physician or104.11advanced practice registered nurse attending a newborn of the hepatitis B infection status104.12of the biological mother.

104.13 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.34, is amended to read:

104.14 **144.34 INVESTIGATION AND CONTROL OF OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES.**

Any physician or advanced practice registered nurse having under professional care any 104.15 person whom the physician or advanced practice registered nurse believes to be suffering 104.16 from poisoning from lead, phosphorus, arsenic, brass, silica dust, carbon monoxide gas, 104.17 wood alcohol, or mercury, or their compounds, or from anthrax or from compressed-air 104.18 illness or any other disease contracted as a result of the nature of the employment of such 104.19 person shall within five days mail to the Department of Health a report stating the name, 104.20 address, and occupation of such patient, the name, address, and business of the patient's 104.21 employer, the nature of the disease, and such other information as may reasonably be required 104.22 by the department. The department shall prepare and furnish the physicians and advanced 104.23 practice registered nurses of this state suitable blanks for the reports herein required. No 104.24 report made pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be admissible as evidence of the 104.25 facts therein stated in any action at law or in any action under the Workers' Compensation 104.26 Act against any employer of such diseased person. The Department of Health is authorized 104.27 to investigate and to make recommendations for the elimination or prevention of occupational 104.28 104.29 diseases which have been reported to it, or which shall be reported to it, in accordance with the provisions of this section. The department is also authorized to study and provide advice 104.30 in regard to conditions that may be suspected of causing occupational diseases. Information 104.31 obtained upon investigations made in accordance with the provisions of this section shall 104.32 not be admissible as evidence in any action at law to recover damages for personal injury 104.33

105.1 or in any action under the Workers' Compensation Act. Nothing herein contained shall be 105.2 construed to interfere with or limit the powers of the Department of Labor and Industry to 105.3 make inspections of places of employment or issue orders for the protection of the health 105.4 of the persons therein employed. When upon investigation the commissioner of health 105.5 reaches a conclusion that a condition exists which is dangerous to the life and health of the 105.6 workers in any industry or factory or other industrial institutions the commissioner shall 105.7 file a report thereon with the Department of Labor and Industry.

105.8 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.441, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Screening of employees. As determined by the commissioner under subdivision
2, a person employed by the designated school or school district shall submit to the
administrator or other person having general control and supervision of the school one of
the following:

(1) a statement from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or public clinic
stating that the person has had a negative Mantoux test reaction within the past year, provided
that the person has no symptoms suggestive of tuberculosis or evidence of a new exposure
to active tuberculosis;

(2) a statement from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or public clinic
stating that a person who has a positive Mantoux test reaction has had a negative chest
roentgenogram (X-ray) for tuberculosis within the past year, provided that the person has
no symptoms suggestive of tuberculosis or evidence of a new exposure to active tuberculosis;

(3) a statement from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or public health
clinic stating that the person (i) has a history of adequately treated active tuberculosis; (ii)
is currently receiving tuberculosis preventive therapy; (iii) is currently undergoing therapy
for active tuberculosis and the person's presence in a school building will not endanger the
health of other people; or (iv) has completed a course of preventive therapy or was intolerant
to preventive therapy, provided the person has no symptoms suggestive of tuberculosis or
evidence of a new exposure to active tuberculosis; or

(4) a notarized statement signed by the person stating that the person has not submitted
the proof of tuberculosis screening as required by this subdivision because of conscientiously
held beliefs. This statement must be forwarded to the commissioner of health.

105.31 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.441, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

105.32 Subd. 5. **Exceptions.** Subdivisions 3 and 4 do not apply to:

(1) a person with a history of either a past positive Mantoux test reaction or active
tuberculosis who has a documented history of completing a course of tuberculosis therapy
or preventive therapy when the school or school district holds a statement from a physician,
<u>advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or public health clinic indicating that such therapy was
provided to the person and that the person has no symptoms suggestive of tuberculosis or
evidence of a new exposure to active tuberculosis; and

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(2) a person with a history of a past positive Mantoux test reaction who has not completed
 a course of preventive therapy. This determination shall be made by the commissioner based
 on currently accepted public health standards and the person's health status.

106.10 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.442, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Administration; notification. In the event that the commissioner designates a school or school district under section 144.441, subdivision 2, the school or school district or community health board may administer Mantoux screening tests to some or all persons enrolled in or employed by the designated school or school district. Any Mantoux screening provided under this section shall be under the direction of a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse.

Prior to administering the Mantoux test to such persons, the school or school district or community health board shall inform in writing such persons and parents or guardians of minor children to whom the test may be administered, of the following:

(1) that there has been an occurrence of active tuberculosis or evidence of a higher than
expected prevalence of tuberculosis infection in that school or school district;

- 106.22 (2) that screening is necessary to avoid the spread of tuberculosis;
- 106.23 (3) the manner by which tuberculosis is transmitted;
- 106.24 (4) the risks and possible side effects of the Mantoux test;
- 106.25 (5) the risks from untreated tuberculosis to the infected person and others;
- 106.26 (6) the ordinary course of further diagnosis and treatment if the Mantoux test is positive;
- 106.27 (7) that screening has been scheduled; and

(8) that no person will be required to submit to the screening if the person submits a
statement of objection due to the conscientiously held beliefs of the person employed or of
the parent or guardian of a minor child.

107.1 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4803, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

107.2 Subdivision 1. Active tuberculosis. "Active tuberculosis" includes infectious and
107.3 noninfectious tuberculosis and means:

107.4 (1) a condition evidenced by a positive culture for mycobacterium tuberculosis taken107.5 from a pulmonary or laryngeal source;

(2) a condition evidenced by a positive culture for mycobacterium tuberculosis taken
from an extrapulmonary source when there is clinical evidence such as a positive skin test
for tuberculosis infection, coughing, sputum production, fever, or other symptoms compatible
with pulmonary tuberculosis; or

(3) a condition in which clinical specimens are not available for culture, but there is
radiographic evidence of tuberculosis such as an abnormal chest x-ray, and clinical evidence
such as a positive skin test for tuberculosis infection, coughing, sputum production, fever,
or other symptoms compatible with pulmonary tuberculosis, that lead a physician <u>or advanced</u>
<u>practice registered nurse</u> to reasonably diagnose active tuberculosis according to currently
accepted standards of medical practice and to initiate treatment for tuberculosis.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4803, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

107.18Subd. 1a. Advanced practice registered nurse. "Advanced practice registered nurse"107.19means a person who is licensed by the Board of Nursing under chapter 148 to practice as107.20an advanced practice registered nurse.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4803, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Clinically suspected of having active tuberculosis. "Clinically suspected of
having active tuberculosis" means presenting a reasonable possibility of having active
tuberculosis based upon epidemiologic, clinical, or radiographic evidence, laboratory test
results, or other reliable evidence as determined by a physician or advanced practice
registered nurse using currently accepted standards of medical practice.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4803, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Endangerment to the public health. "Endangerment to the public health"
means a carrier who may transmit tuberculosis to another person or persons because the
carrier has engaged or is engaging in any of the following conduct:

(1) refuses or fails to submit to a diagnostic tuberculosis examination that is ordered by
 a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and is reasonable according to currently
 accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) refuses or fails to initiate or complete treatment for tuberculosis that is prescribed
by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and is reasonable according to currently
accepted standards of medical practice;

108.7 (3) refuses or fails to keep appointments for treatment of tuberculosis;

(4) refuses or fails to provide the commissioner, upon request, with evidence showing
 the completion of a course of treatment for tuberculosis that is prescribed by a physician or
 <u>advanced practice registered nurse</u> and is reasonable according to currently accepted standards
 of medical practice;

(5) refuses or fails to initiate or complete a course of directly observed therapy that is
prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and is reasonable according
to currently accepted standards of medical practice;

(6) misses at least 20 percent of scheduled appointments for directly observed therapy,
 or misses at least two consecutive appointments for directly observed therapy;

108.17 (7) refuses or fails to follow contagion precautions for tuberculosis after being instructed108.18 on the precautions by a licensed health professional or by the commissioner;

(8) based on evidence of the carrier's past or present behavior, may not complete a course
of treatment for tuberculosis that is reasonable according to currently accepted standards
of medical practice; or

(9) may expose other persons to tuberculosis based on epidemiological, medical, or otherreliable evidence.

108.24 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4806, is amended to read:

108.25 144.4806 PREVENTIVE MEASURES UNDER HEALTH ORDER.

108.26 A health order may include, but need not be limited to, an order:

(1) requiring the carrier's attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or
treatment facility to isolate and detain the carrier for treatment or for a diagnostic examination
for tuberculosis, pursuant to section 144.4807, subdivision 1, if the carrier is an endangerment
to the public health and is in a treatment facility;

(2) requiring a carrier who is an endangerment to the public health to submit to diagnostic 109.1 examination for tuberculosis and to remain in the treatment facility until the commissioner 109.2 receives the results of the examination; 109.3

(3) requiring a carrier who is an endangerment to the public health to remain in or present 109.4 at a treatment facility until the carrier has completed a course of treatment for tuberculosis 109.5 that is prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and is reasonable 109.6 according to currently accepted standards of medical practice; 109.7

(4) requiring a carrier who is an endangerment to the public health to complete a course 109.8 of treatment for tuberculosis that is prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered 109.9 nurse and is reasonable according to currently accepted standards of medical practice and, 109.10 if necessary, to follow contagion precautions for tuberculosis; 109.11

109.12 (5) requiring a carrier who is an endangerment to the public health to follow a course of directly observed therapy that is prescribed by a physician or advanced practice registered 109.13 nurse and is reasonable according to currently accepted standards of medical practice; 109.14

(6) excluding a carrier who is an endangerment to the public health from the carrier's 109.15 place of work or school, or from other premises if the commissioner determines that exclusion 109.16 is necessary because contagion precautions for tuberculosis cannot be maintained in a 109.17 manner adequate to protect others from being exposed to tuberculosis; 109.18

(7) requiring a licensed health professional or treatment facility to provide to the 109.19 commissioner certified copies of all medical and epidemiological data relevant to the carrier's 109.20 tuberculosis and status as an endangerment to the public health; 109.21

109.22 (8) requiring the diagnostic examination for tuberculosis of other persons in the carrier's household, workplace, or school, or other persons in close contact with the carrier if the 109.23 commissioner has probable cause to believe that the persons may have active tuberculosis 109.24 or may have been exposed to tuberculosis based on epidemiological, medical, or other 109.25 reliable evidence; or 109.26

109.27

(9) requiring a carrier or other persons to follow contagion precautions for tuberculosis.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4807, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 109.28

109.29 Subdivision 1. Obligation to isolate. If the carrier is in a treatment facility, the commissioner or a carrier's attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse, after 109.30 obtaining approval from the commissioner, may issue a notice of obligation to isolate to a 109.31 treatment facility if the commissioner or attending physician or advanced practice registered 109.32 nurse has probable cause to believe that a carrier is an endangerment to the public health. 109.33

110.1 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4807, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Obligation to examine.** If the carrier is clinically suspected of having active tuberculosis, the commissioner may issue a notice of obligation to examine to the carrier's attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse to conduct a diagnostic examination for tuberculosis on the carrier.

110.6 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.4807, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

110.7 Subd. 4. Service of health order on carrier. When issuing a notice of obligation to 110.8 isolate or examine to the carrier's physician or advanced practice registered nurse or a 110.9 treatment facility, the commissioner shall simultaneously serve a health order on the carrier 110.10 ordering the carrier to remain in the treatment facility for treatment or examination.

110.11 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.50, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Hospital, sanitarium, other institution; definition. Hospital, sanitarium or 110.12 other institution for the hospitalization or care of human beings, within the meaning of 110.13 sections 144.50 to 144.56 shall mean any institution, place, building, or agency, in which 110.14 any accommodation is maintained, furnished, or offered for five or more persons for: the 110.15 hospitalization of the sick or injured; the provision of care in a swing bed authorized under 110.16 section 144.562; elective outpatient surgery for preexamined, prediagnosed low risk patients; 110.17 emergency medical services offered 24 hours a day, seven days a week, in an ambulatory 110.18 or outpatient setting in a facility not a part of a licensed hospital; or the institutional care of 110.19 human beings. Nothing in sections 144.50 to 144.56 shall apply to a clinic, a physician's or 110.20 advanced practice registered nurse's office or to hotels or other similar places that furnish 110.21 only board and room, or either, to their guests. 110.22

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 144.55, subdivision 2, is amendedto read:

Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision
have the meanings given them.

(b) "Outpatient surgical center" or "center" means a facility organized for the specific purpose of providing elective outpatient surgery for preexamined, prediagnosed, low-risk patients. An outpatient surgical center is not organized to provide regular emergency medical services and does not include a physician's, advanced practice nurse's, or dentist's office or clinic for the practice of medicine, the practice of dentistry, or the delivery of primary care. (c) "Approved accrediting organization" means any organization recognized as an
 accreditation organization by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.55, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

111.4 Subd. 6. **Suspension, revocation, and refusal to renew.** (a) The commissioner may

refuse to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke, a license on any of the following grounds:

(1) violation of any of the provisions of sections 144.50 to 144.56 or the rules or standards

111.7 issued pursuant thereto, or Minnesota Rules, chapters 4650 and 4675;

111.8 (2) permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any illegal act in the institution;

111.9 (3) conduct or practices detrimental to the welfare of the patient; or

111.10 (4) obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by fraud or misrepresentation; or

111.11 (5) with respect to hospitals and outpatient surgical centers, if the commissioner

111.12 determines that there is a pattern of conduct that one or more physicians or advanced practice

111.13 registered nurses who have a "financial or economic interest," as defined in section 144.6521,

111.14 subdivision 3, in the hospital or outpatient surgical center, have not provided the notice and

111.15 disclosure of the financial or economic interest required by section 144.6521.

(b) The commissioner shall not renew a license for a boarding care bed in a residentroom with more than four beds.

111.18 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.6501, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Consent to treatment. An admission contract must not include a clause
requiring a resident to sign a consent to all treatment ordered by any physician or advanced
practice registered nurse. An admission contract may require consent only for routine nursing
care or emergency care. An admission contract must contain a clause that informs the
resident of the right to refuse treatment.

111.24 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's identity. Patients and residents shall have or be given, in writing, the name, business address, telephone number, and specialty, if any, of the physician or advanced practice registered nurse responsible for coordination of their care. In cases where it is medically inadvisable, as documented by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse in a patient's or resident's care record, the information shall be given to the patient's or resident's guardian or other person designated by the patient or resident as a representative. Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Relationship with other health services. Patients and residents who receive 112.2 services from an outside provider are entitled, upon request, to be told the identity of the 112.3 provider. Residents shall be informed, in writing, of any health care services which are 112.4 provided to those residents by individuals, corporations, or organizations other than their 112.5 facility. Information shall include the name of the outside provider, the address, and a 112.6 description of the service which may be rendered. In cases where it is medically inadvisable, 112.7 as documented by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse in a patient's 112.8 or resident's care record, the information shall be given to the patient's or resident's guardian 112.9 or other person designated by the patient or resident as a representative. 112.10

112.11 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Information about treatment. Patients and residents shall be given by their 112.12 physicians or advanced practice registered nurses complete and current information 112.13 concerning their diagnosis, treatment, alternatives, risks, and prognosis as required by the 112.14 physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's legal duty to disclose. This information 112.15 112.16 shall be in terms and language the patients or residents can reasonably be expected to understand. Patients and residents may be accompanied by a family member or other chosen 112.17 representative, or both. This information shall include the likely medical or major 112.18 psychological results of the treatment and its alternatives. In cases where it is medically 112.19 inadvisable, as documented by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse 112.20 in a patient's or resident's medical record, the information shall be given to the patient's or 112.21 resident's guardian or other person designated by the patient or resident as a representative. 112.22 Individuals have the right to refuse this information. 112.23

Every patient or resident suffering from any form of breast cancer shall be fully informed, prior to or at the time of admission and during her stay, of all alternative effective methods of treatment of which the treating physician or advanced practice registered nurse is knowledgeable, including surgical, radiological, or chemotherapeutic treatments or combinations of treatments and the risks associated with each of those methods.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Participation in planning treatment; notification of family members. (a)
Patients and residents shall have the right to participate in the planning of their health care.
This right includes the opportunity to discuss treatment and alternatives with individual
caregivers, the opportunity to request and participate in formal care conferences, and the

right to include a family member or other chosen representative, or both. In the event that
the patient or resident cannot be present, a family member or other representative chosen
by the patient or resident may be included in such conferences. A chosen representative
may include a doula of the patient's choice.

113.5 (b) If a patient or resident who enters a facility is unconscious or comatose or is unable to communicate, the facility shall make reasonable efforts as required under paragraph (c) 113.6 to notify either a family member or a person designated in writing by the patient as the 113.7 person to contact in an emergency that the patient or resident has been admitted to the 113.8 facility. The facility shall allow the family member to participate in treatment planning, 113.9 unless the facility knows or has reason to believe the patient or resident has an effective 113.10 advance directive to the contrary or knows the patient or resident has specified in writing 113.11 that they do not want a family member included in treatment planning. After notifying a 113.12 family member but prior to allowing a family member to participate in treatment planning, 113.13 the facility must make reasonable efforts, consistent with reasonable medical practice, to 113.14 determine if the patient or resident has executed an advance directive relative to the patient 113.15 or resident's health care decisions. For purposes of this paragraph, "reasonable efforts" 113.16 include: 113.17

113.18 (1) examining the personal effects of the patient or resident;

(2) examining the medical records of the patient or resident in the possession of thefacility;

(3) inquiring of any emergency contact or family member contacted under this section
whether the patient or resident has executed an advance directive and whether the patient
or resident has a physician or advanced practice registered nurse to whom the patient or
resident normally goes for care; and

(4) inquiring of the physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> to whom the patient or resident normally goes for care, if known, whether the patient or resident has executed an advance directive. If a facility notifies a family member or designated emergency contact or allows a family member to participate in treatment planning in accordance with this paragraph, the facility is not liable to the patient or resident for damages on the grounds that the notification of the family member or emergency contact or the participation of the family member was improper or violated the patient's privacy rights.

(c) In making reasonable efforts to notify a family member or designated emergency
contact, the facility shall attempt to identify family members or a designated emergency
contact by examining the personal effects of the patient or resident and the medical records

of the patient or resident in the possession of the facility. If the facility is unable to notify 114.1 a family member or designated emergency contact within 24 hours after the admission, the 114.2 facility shall notify the county social service agency or local law enforcement agency that 114.3 the patient or resident has been admitted and the facility has been unable to notify a family 114.4 member or designated emergency contact. The county social service agency and local law 114.5 enforcement agency shall assist the facility in identifying and notifying a family member 114.6 or designated emergency contact. A county social service agency or local law enforcement 114.7 114.8 agency that assists a facility in implementing this subdivision is not liable to the patient or 114.9 resident for damages on the grounds that the notification of the family member or emergency contact or the participation of the family member was improper or violated the patient's 114.10 privacy rights. 114.11

114.12 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Right to refuse care. Competent patients and residents shall have the right 114.13 114.14 to refuse treatment based on the information required in subdivision 9. Residents who refuse treatment, medication, or dietary restrictions shall be informed of the likely medical or major 114 15 psychological results of the refusal, with documentation in the individual medical record. 114.16 In cases where a patient or resident is incapable of understanding the circumstances but has 114.17 not been adjudicated incompetent, or when legal requirements limit the right to refuse 114.18 114.19 treatment, the conditions and circumstances shall be fully documented by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse in the patient's or resident's medical record. 114.20

114.21 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. Freedom from maltreatment. Patients and residents shall be free from 114.22 maltreatment as defined in the Vulnerable Adults Protection Act. "Maltreatment" means 114.23 conduct described in section 626.5572, subdivision 15, or the intentional and nontherapeutic 114.24 114.25 infliction of physical pain or injury, or any persistent course of conduct intended to produce mental or emotional distress. Every patient and resident shall also be free from nontherapeutic 114.26 chemical and physical restraints, except in fully documented emergencies, or as authorized 114.27 in writing after examination by a patient's or resident's physician or advanced practice 114.28 registered nurse for a specified and limited period of time, and only when necessary to 114.29 protect the resident from self-injury or injury to others. 114.30

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 31, is amended to read:
Subd. 31. Isolation and restraints. A minor patient who has been admitted to a
residential program as defined in section 253C.01 has the right to be free from physical

restraint and isolation except in emergency situations involving a likelihood that the patient will physically harm the patient's self or others. These procedures may not be used for disciplinary purposes, to enforce program rules, or for the convenience of staff. Isolation or restraint may be used only upon the prior authorization of a physician, <u>advanced practice</u> <u>registered nurse</u>, psychiatrist, or licensed psychologist, only when less restrictive measures are ineffective or not feasible and only for the shortest time necessary.

115.7 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.651, subdivision 33, is amended to read:

Subd. 33. **Restraints.** (a) Competent nursing home residents, family members of residents who are not competent, and legally appointed conservators, guardians, and health care agents as defined under section 145C.01, have the right to request and consent to the use of a physical restraint in order to treat the medical symptoms of the resident.

(b) Upon receiving a request for a physical restraint, a nursing home shall inform the resident, family member, or legal representative of alternatives to and the risks involved with physical restraint use. The nursing home shall provide a physical restraint to a resident only upon receipt of a signed consent form authorizing restraint use and a written order from the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse that contains statements and determinations regarding medical symptoms and specifies the circumstances under which restraints are to be used.

115.19 (c) A nursing home providing a restraint under paragraph (b) must:

(1) document that the procedures outlined in that paragraph have been followed;

115.21 (2) monitor the use of the restraint by the resident; and

(3) periodically, in consultation with the resident, the family, and the attending physician
 or advanced practice registered nurse, reevaluate the resident's need for the restraint.

(d) A nursing home shall not be subject to fines, civil money penalties, or other state or
federal survey enforcement remedies solely as the result of allowing the use of a physical
restraint as authorized in this subdivision. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude the
commissioner from taking action to protect the health and safety of a resident if:

(1) the use of the restraint has jeopardized the health and safety of the resident; and

(2) the nursing home failed to take reasonable measures to protect the health and safetyof the resident.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "medical symptoms" include:

(1) a concern for the physical safety of the resident; and

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(2) physical or psychological needs expressed by a resident. A resident's fear of fallingmay be the basis of a medical symptom.

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A written order from the attending physician<u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> that contains statements and determinations regarding medical symptoms is sufficient evidence of the medical necessity of the physical restraint.

(f) When determining nursing facility compliance with state and federal standards for 116.6 the use of physical restraints, the commissioner of health is bound by the statements and 116.7 determinations contained in the attending physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's 116.8 order regarding medical symptoms. For purposes of this order, "medical symptoms" include 116.9 the request by a competent resident, family member of a resident who is not competent, or 116.10 legally appointed conservator, guardian, or health care agent as defined under section 116.11 145C.01, that the facility provide a physical restraint in order to enhance the physical safety 116.12 of the resident. 116.13

116.14 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.652, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

116.15 Subd. 2. Correction order; emergencies. A substantial violation of the rights of any 116.16 patient or resident as defined in section 144.651, shall be grounds for issuance of a correction order pursuant to section 144.653 or 144A.10. The issuance or nonissuance of a correction 116.17 order shall not preclude, diminish, enlarge, or otherwise alter private action by or on behalf 116.18 of a patient or resident to enforce any unreasonable violation of the patient's or resident's 116.19 rights. Compliance with the provisions of section 144.651 shall not be required whenever 116.20 emergency conditions, as documented by the attending physician or advanced practice 116.21 116.22 registered nurse in a patient's medical record or a resident's care record, indicate immediate medical treatment, including but not limited to surgical procedures, is necessary and it is 116.23 impossible or impractical to comply with the provisions of section 144.651 because delay 116.24 would endanger the patient's or resident's life, health, or safety. 116.25

116.26 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.69, is amended to read:

116.27 **144.69 CLASSIFICATION OF DATA ON INDIVIDUALS.**

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, including section 13.05, subdivision 9, data collected on individuals by the cancer surveillance system, including the names and personal identifiers of persons required in section 144.68 to report, shall be private and may only be used for the purposes set forth in this section and sections 144.671, 144.672, and 144.68. Any disclosure other than is provided for in this section and sections 144.671, 144.672, and 144.68, is declared to be a misdemeanor and punishable as such. Except as provided by

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rule, and as part of an epidemiologic investigation, an officer or employee of the

117.2 commissioner of health may interview patients named in any such report, or relatives of

any such patient, only after the consent of the attending physician, advanced practice

117.4 <u>registered nurse</u>, or surgeon is obtained.

117.5 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.7402, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Conditions. A facility shall follow the procedures outlined in sections 144.7401
to 144.7415 when all of the following conditions are met:

(1) the facility determines that significant exposure has occurred, following the protocolunder section 144.7414;

(2) the licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse for the emergency
medical services person needs the source individual's blood-borne pathogen test results to
begin, continue, modify, or discontinue treatment, in accordance with the most current
guidelines of the United States Public Health Service, because of possible exposure to a
blood-borne pathogen; and

(3) the emergency medical services person consents to provide a blood sample for testing for a blood-borne pathogen. If the emergency medical services person consents to blood collection, but does not consent at that time to blood-borne pathogen testing, the facility shall preserve the sample for at least 90 days. If the emergency medical services person elects to have the sample tested within 90 days, the testing shall be done as soon as feasible.

117.20 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.7406, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

117.21 Subd. 2. **Procedures without consent.** If the source individual has provided a blood 117.22 sample with consent but does not consent to blood-borne pathogen testing, the facility shall 117.23 test for blood-borne pathogens if the emergency medical services person or emergency 117.24 medical services agency requests the test, provided all of the following criteria are met:

(1) the emergency medical services person or emergency medical services agency has
documented exposure to blood or body fluids during performance of that person's occupation
or while acting as a Good Samaritan under section 604A.01 or executing a citizen's arrest
under section 629.30;

(2) the facility has determined that a significant exposure has occurred and a licensed
physician or advanced practice registered nurse for the emergency medical services person
has documented in the emergency medical services person's medical record that blood-borne
pathogen test results are needed for beginning, modifying, continuing, or discontinuing

medical treatment for the emergency medical services person under section 144.7414,
subdivision 2;

(3) the emergency medical services person provides a blood sample for testing forblood-borne pathogens as soon as feasible;

(4) the facility asks the source individual to consent to a test for blood-borne pathogensand the source individual does not consent;

(5) the facility has provided the source individual with all of the information requiredby section 144.7403; and

(6) the facility has informed the emergency medical services person of the confidentiality
requirements of section 144.7411 and the penalties for unauthorized release of source
information under section 144.7412.

118.12 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.7407, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Procedures without consent.** (a) An emergency medical services agency, or, if there is no agency, an emergency medical services person, may bring a petition for a court order to require a source individual to provide a blood sample for testing for blood-borne pathogens. The petition shall be filed in the district court in the county where the source individual resides or is hospitalized. The petitioner shall serve the petition on the source individual at least three days before a hearing on the petition. The petition shall include one or more affidavits attesting that:

(1) the facility followed the procedures in sections 144.7401 to 144.7415 and attempted
to obtain blood-borne pathogen test results according to those sections;

(2) it has been determined under section 144.7414, subdivision 2, that a significant
 exposure has occurred to the emergency medical services person; and

(3) a physician with specialty training in infectious diseases, including HIV, has
documented that the emergency medical services person has provided a blood sample and
consented to testing for blood-borne pathogens and blood-borne pathogen test results are
needed for beginning, continuing, modifying, or discontinuing medical treatment for the
emergency medical services person.

(b) Facilities shall cooperate with petitioners in providing any necessary affidavits tothe extent that facility staff can attest under oath to the facts in the affidavits.

(c) The court may order the source individual to provide a blood sample for blood-bornepathogen testing if:

(1) there is probable cause to believe the emergency medical services person hasexperienced a significant exposure to the source individual;

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(2) the court imposes appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure that must
specify the persons who have access to the test results and the purposes for which the test
results may be used;

(3) a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse for the emergency medical
services person needs the test results for beginning, continuing, modifying, or discontinuing
medical treatment for the emergency medical services person; and

(4) the court finds a compelling need for the test results. In assessing compelling need,
the court shall weigh the need for the court-ordered blood collection and test results against
the interests of the source individual, including, but not limited to, privacy, health, safety,
or economic interests. The court shall also consider whether the involuntary blood collection
and testing would serve the public interest.

(d) The court shall conduct the proceeding in camera unless the petitioner or the source
individual requests a hearing in open court and the court determines that a public hearing
is necessary to the public interest and the proper administration of justice.

(e) The court shall conduct an ex parte hearing if the source individual does not attendthe noticed hearing and the petitioner complied with the notice requirements in paragraph(a).

(f) The source individual has the right to counsel in any proceeding brought under thissubdivision.

(g) The court may order a source individual taken into custody by a peace officer for
purposes of obtaining a blood sample if the source individual does not comply with an order
issued by the court pursuant to paragraph (c). The source individual shall be held no longer
than is necessary to secure a blood sample. A person may not be held for more than 24 hours
without receiving a court hearing.

119.27 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.7414, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Facility protocol requirements. Every facility shall adopt and follow a
postexposure protocol for emergency medical services persons who have experienced a
significant exposure. The postexposure protocol must adhere to the most current
recommendations of the United States Public Health Service and include, at a minimum,
the following:

(1) a process for emergency medical services persons to report an exposure in a timelyfashion;

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120.3 (2) a process for an infectious disease specialist, or a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse who is knowledgeable about the most current recommendations 120.4 of the United States Public Health Service in consultation with an infectious disease specialist, 120.5 (i) to determine whether a significant exposure to one or more blood-borne pathogens has 120.6 occurred and (ii) to provide, under the direction of a licensed physician or advanced practice 120.7 120.8 registered nurse, a recommendation or recommendations for follow-up treatment appropriate to the particular blood-borne pathogen or pathogens for which a significant exposure has 120.9 been determined; 120.10

(3) if there has been a significant exposure, a process to determine whether the source
individual has a blood-borne pathogen through disclosure of test results, or through blood
collection and testing as required by sections 144.7401 to 144.7415;

(4) a process for providing appropriate counseling prior to and following testing for a
blood-borne pathogen regarding the likelihood of blood-borne pathogen transmission and
follow-up recommendations according to the most current recommendations of the United
States Public Health Service, recommendations for testing, and treatment to the emergency
medical services person;

(5) a process for providing appropriate counseling under clause (4) to the emergencymedical services person and the source individual; and

(6) compliance with applicable state and federal laws relating to data practices,confidentiality, informed consent, and the patient bill of rights.

120.23 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.7415, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Immunity.** A facility, licensed physician, <u>advanced practice registered nurse</u>, and designated health care personnel are immune from liability in any civil, administrative, or criminal action relating to the disclosure of test results to an emergency medical services person or emergency medical services agency and the testing of a blood sample from the source individual for blood-borne pathogens if a good faith effort has been made to comply with sections 144.7401 to 144.7415.

120.30 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.9502, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Blood lead analyses and epidemiologic information. The blood lead analysis
reports required in this section must specify:

121.1 (1) whether the specimen was collected as a capillary or venous sample;

121.2 (2) the date the sample was collected;

121.3 (3) the results of the blood lead analysis;

121.4 (4) the date the sample was analyzed;

121.5 (5) the method of analysis used;

121.6 (6) the full name, address, and phone number of the laboratory performing the analysis;

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121.7 (7) the full name, address, and phone number of the physician, advanced practice
121.8 registered nurse, or facility requesting the analysis;

(8) the full name, address, and phone number of the person with the blood lead level,and the person's birthdate, gender, and race.

121.11 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.966, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Early hearing detection and intervention programs. All hospitals shall
establish an early hearing detection and intervention (EHDI) program. Each EHDI program
shall:

(1) in advance of any hearing screening testing, provide to the newborn's or infant's
parents or parent information concerning the nature of the screening procedure, applicable
costs of the screening procedure, the potential risks and effects of hearing loss, and the
benefits of early detection and intervention;

(2) comply with parental election as described under section 144.125, subdivision 4;

(3) develop policies and procedures for screening and rescreening based on Departmentof Health recommendations;

(4) provide appropriate training and monitoring of individuals responsible for performinghearing screening tests as recommended by the Department of Health;

(5) test the newborn's hearing prior to discharge, or, if the newborn is expected to remain
in the hospital for a prolonged period, testing shall be performed prior to three months of
age or when medically feasible;

(6) develop and implement procedures for documenting the results of all hearing screeningtests;

(7) inform the newborn's or infant's parents or parent, primary care physician or advanced
 practice registered nurse, and the Department of Health according to recommendations of

122.1 the Department of Health of the results of the hearing screening test or rescreening if

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122.2 conducted, or if the newborn or infant was not successfully tested. The hospital that

122.3 discharges the newborn or infant to home is responsible for the screening; and

122.4 (8) collect performance data specified by the Department of Health.

122.5 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144.966, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

122.6 Subd. 6. Civil and criminal immunity and penalties. (a) No physician, advanced

122.7 practice registered nurse, or hospital shall be civilly or criminally liable for failure to conduct

122.8 hearing screening testing.

(b) No physician, midwife, nurse, other health professional, or hospital acting in
compliance with this section shall be civilly or criminally liable for any acts conforming
with this section, including furnishing information required according to this section.

122.12 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.135, is amended to read:

122.13 144A.135 TRANSFER AND DISCHARGE APPEALS.

(a) The commissioner shall establish a mechanism for hearing appeals on transfers and
discharges of residents by nursing homes or boarding care homes licensed by the
commissioner. The commissioner may adopt permanent rules to implement this section.

(b) Until federal regulations are adopted under sections 1819(f)(3) and 1919(f)(3) of the 122.17 Social Security Act that govern appeals of the discharges or transfers of residents from 122.18 nursing homes and boarding care homes certified for participation in Medicare or medical 122.19 assistance, the commissioner shall provide hearings under sections 14.57 to 14.62 and the 122.20 rules adopted by the Office of Administrative Hearings governing contested cases. To appeal 122.21 the discharge or transfer, or notification of an intended discharge or transfer, a resident or 122.22 the resident's representative must request a hearing in writing no later than 30 days after 122.23 receiving written notice, which conforms to state and federal law, of the intended discharge 122.24 122.25 or transfer.

(c) Hearings under this section shall be held no later than 14 days after receipt of the
request for hearing, unless impractical to do so or unless the parties agree otherwise. Hearings
shall be held in the facility in which the resident resides, unless impractical to do so or unless
the parties agree otherwise.

(d) A resident who timely appeals a notice of discharge or transfer, and who resides in
a certified nursing home or boarding care home, may not be discharged or transferred by
the nursing home or boarding care home until resolution of the appeal. The commissioner

123.1 can order the facility to readmit the resident if the discharge or transfer was in violation of 123.2 state or federal law. If the resident is required to be hospitalized for medical necessity before 123.3 resolution of the appeal, the facility shall readmit the resident unless the resident's attending 123.4 physician or advanced practice registered nurse documents, in writing, why the resident's 123.5 specific health care needs cannot be met in the facility.

(e) The commissioner and Office of Administrative Hearings shall conduct the hearingsin compliance with the federal regulations described in paragraph (b), when adopted.

(f) Nothing in this section limits the right of a resident or the resident's representative
to request or receive assistance from the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care or the
Office of Health Facility Complaints with respect to an intended discharge or transfer.

(g) A person required to inform a health care facility of the person's status as a registered
predatory offender under section 243.166, subdivision 4b, who knowingly fails to do so
shall be deemed to have endangered the safety of individuals in the facility under Code of
Federal Regulations, chapter 42, section 483.12. Notwithstanding paragraph (d), any appeal
of the notice and discharge shall not constitute a stay of the discharge.

123.16 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.161, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Licensee responsibilities related to sending the notice in subdivision 5a. (a) The licensee shall establish an interdisciplinary team responsible for coordinating and implementing the plan. The interdisciplinary team shall include representatives from the county social services agency, the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care, the Office of the Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities, facility staff that provide direct care services to the residents, and facility administration.

(b) Concurrent with the notice provided in subdivision 5a, the licensee shall provide an
updated resident census summary document to the county social services agency, the
Ombudsman for Long-Term Care, and the Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental
Disabilities that includes the following information on each resident to be relocated:

123.27 (1) resident name;

123.28 (2) date of birth;

123.29 (3) Social Security number;

123.30 (4) payment source and medical assistance identification number, if applicable;

(5) county of financial responsibility if the resident is enrolled in a Minnesota health

123.32 care program;

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124.1 (6) date of admission to the facility;

124.2 (7) all current diagnoses;

124.3 (8) the name of and contact information for the resident's physician or advanced practice
124.4 registered nurse;

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124.5 (9) the name and contact information for the resident's responsible party;

(10) the name of and contact information for any case manager, managed care coordinator,
or other care coordinator, if known;

124.8 (11) information on the resident's status related to commitment and probation; and

(12) the name of the managed care organization in which the resident is enrolled, ifknown.

124.11 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.161, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

124.12 Subd. 5a. Administrator and licensee responsibility to provide notice. At least 60 days before the proposed date of closing, reduction, or change in operations as agreed to in 124 13 the plan, the administrator shall send a written notice of closure, reduction, or change in 124.14 operations to each resident being relocated, the resident's responsible party, the resident's 124.15 managed care organization if it is known, the county social services agency, the commissioner 124.16 124.17 of health, the commissioner of human services, the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and the Office of Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities, the 124.18 resident's attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse, and, in the case of a 124.19 complete facility closure, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services regional office 124.20 designated representative. The notice must include the following: 124.21

124.22 (1) the date of the proposed closure, reduction, or change in operations;

(2) the contact information of the individual or individuals in the facility responsible forproviding assistance and information;

(3) notification of upcoming meetings for residents, responsible parties, and resident
and family councils to discuss the plan for relocation of residents;

124.27 (4) the contact information of the county social services agency contact person; and

(5) the contact information of the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and theOffice of Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.161, subdivision 5e, is amended to read: Subd. 5e. Licensee responsibility for site visits. The licensee shall assist residents desiring to make site visits to facilities with available beds or other appropriate living options to which the resident may relocate, unless it is medically inadvisable, as documented by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse in the resident's care record. The licensee shall make available to the resident at no charge transportation for up to three site visits to facilities or other living options within the county or contiguous counties.

125.8 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.161, subdivision 5g, is amended to read:

Subd. 5g. Licensee responsibilities for final written discharge notice and records transfer. (a) The licensee shall provide the resident, the resident's responsible parties, the resident's managed care organization, if known, and the resident's attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse with a final written discharge notice prior to the relocation of the resident. The notice must:

125.14 (1) be provided prior to the actual relocation; and

(2) identify the effective date of the anticipated relocation and the destination to whichthe resident is being relocated.

(b) The licensee shall provide the receiving facility or other health, housing, or care 125.17 entity with complete and accurate resident records including contact information for family 125.18 members, responsible parties, social service or other caseworkers, and managed care 125.19 coordinators. These records must also include all information necessary to provide appropriate 125.20 medical care and social services. This includes, but is not limited to, information on 125.21 preadmission screening, Level I and Level II screening, minimum data set (MDS), all other 125.22 assessments, current resident diagnoses, social, behavioral, and medication information, 125.23 required forms, and discharge summaries. 125.24

(c) For residents with special care needs, the licensee shall consult with the receiving
facility or other placement entity and provide staff training or other preparation as needed
to assist in providing for the special needs.

125.28 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Core services. "Core services" means physician services, registered nursing services, advanced practice registered nurse services, medical social services, and counseling services. A hospice must ensure that at least two core services are regularly provided directly by hospice employees. A hospice provider may use contracted staff if necessary to supplement hospice employees in order to meet the needs of patients during peak patientloads or under extraordinary circumstances.

126.3 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Hospice patient.** "Hospice patient" means an individual whose illness has been documented by the individual's attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> and hospice medical director, who alone or, when unable, through the individual's family has voluntarily consented to and received admission to a hospice provider, and who:

(1) has been diagnosed as terminally ill, with a probable life expectancy of under oneyear; or

(2) is 21 years of age or younger; has been diagnosed with a chronic, complex, and
life-threatening illness contributing to a shortened life expectancy; and is not expected to
survive to adulthood.

126.13 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 144A.752, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules for the regulation of hospice
providers according to sections 144A.75 to 144A.755. The rules shall include the following:

(1) provisions to ensure, to the extent possible, the health, safety, well-being, andappropriate treatment of persons who receive hospice care;

(2) requirements that hospice providers furnish the commissioner with specified
information necessary to implement sections 144A.75 to 144A.755;

126.20 (3) standards of training of hospice provider personnel;

(4) standards for medication management, which may vary according to the nature of
the hospice care provided, the setting in which the hospice care is provided, or the status of
the patient;

(5) standards for hospice patient and hospice patient's family evaluation or assessment,
which may vary according to the nature of the hospice care provided or the status of the
patient; and

(6) requirements for the involvement of a patient's physician <u>or advanced practice</u>
registered nurse; documentation of physicians' <u>or advanced practice registered nurses</u>' orders,
if required, and the patient's hospice plan of care; and maintenance of accurate, current
clinical records.

127.1 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.853, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Notification; medical care. A law enforcement officer who determines or has 127.2 reason to believe that a disabled person is suffering from an illness causing the person's 127.3 condition shall promptly notify the person's physician or advanced practice registered nurse, 127.4 if practicable. If the officer is unable to ascertain the physician's or advanced practice 127.5 registered nurse's identity or to communicate with the physician or advanced practice 127.6 registered nurse, the officer shall make a reasonable effort to cause the disabled person to 127.7 127.8 be transported immediately to a medical practitioner or to a facility where medical treatment is available. If the officer believes it unduly dangerous to move the disabled person, the 127.9 officer shall make a reasonable effort to obtain the assistance of a medical practitioner. 127.10

127.11 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.892, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Pregnant woman. "Pregnant woman" means an individual determined by a
licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, midwife, or appropriately trained
registered nurse to have one or more fetuses in utero.

127.15 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.94, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Disclosure of information. The commissioner may disclose to individuals or
to the community, information including data made nonpublic by law, relating to the
hazardous properties and health hazards of hazardous substances released from a workplace
if the commissioner finds:

(1) evidence that a person requesting the information may have suffered or is likely tosuffer illness or injury from exposure to a hazardous substance; or

(2) evidence of a community health risk and if the commissioner seeks to have theemployer cease an activity which results in release of a hazardous substance.

Nonpublic data obtained under subdivision 1 is subject to handling, use, and storage 127.24 according to established standards to prevent unauthorized use or disclosure. If the nonpublic 127.25 data is required for the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of illness or injury, a personal 127.26 physician or advanced practice registered nurse may be provided with this information if 127.27 the physician or advanced practice registered nurse agrees to preserve the confidentiality 127.28 of the information, except for patient health records subject to sections 144.291 to 144.298. 127.29 After the disclosure of any hazardous substance information relating to a particular 127.30 workplace, the commissioner shall advise the employer of the information disclosed, the 127.31

127.32 date of the disclosure, and the person who received the information.

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128.1

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145B.13, is amended to read:

128.2 **145B.13 REASONABLE MEDICAL PRACTICE REQUIRED.**

In reliance on a patient's living will, a decision to administer, withhold, or withdraw medical treatment after the patient has been diagnosed by the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse to be in a terminal condition must always be based on reasonable medical practice, including:

(1) continuation of appropriate care to maintain the patient's comfort, hygiene, and humandignity and to alleviate pain;

(2) oral administration of food or water to a patient who accepts it, except for clearlydocumented medical reasons; and

(3) in the case of a living will of a patient that the attending physician or advanced
practice registered nurse knows is pregnant, the living will must not be given effect as long

128.13 as it is possible that the fetus could develop to the point of live birth with continued

128.14 application of life-sustaining treatment.

128.15 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145C.02, is amended to read:

128.16 **145C.02 HEALTH CARE DIRECTIVE.**

A principal with the capacity to do so may execute a health care directive. A health care directive may include one or more health care instructions to direct health care providers, others assisting with health care, family members, and a health care agent. A health care directive may include a health care power of attorney to appoint a health care agent to make health care decisions for the principal when the principal, in the judgment of the principal's attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u>, lacks decision-making capacity, unless otherwise specified in the health care directive.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 145C.05, subdivision 2, is amendedto read:

Subd. 2. Provisions that may be included. (a) A health care directive may include
provisions consistent with this chapter, including, but not limited to:

(1) the designation of one or more alternate health care agents to act if the named healthcare agent is not reasonably available to serve;

(2) directions to joint health care agents regarding the process or standards by which the
health care agents are to reach a health care decision for the principal, and a statement
whether joint health care agents may act independently of one another;

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(3) limitations, if any, on the right of the health care agent or any alternate health care
agents to receive, review, obtain copies of, and consent to the disclosure of the principal's
medical records or to visit the principal when the principal is a patient in a health care
facility;

(4) limitations, if any, on the nomination of the health care agent as guardian for purposes
of sections 524.5-202, 524.5-211, 524.5-302, and 524.5-303;

(5) a document of gift for the purpose of making an anatomical gift, as set forth in chapter
525A, or an amendment to, revocation of, or refusal to make an anatomical gift;

(6) a declaration regarding intrusive mental health treatment under section 253B.03,
subdivision 6d, or a statement that the health care agent is authorized to give consent for
the principal under section 253B.04, subdivision 1a;

129.15 (7) a funeral directive as provided in section 149A.80, subdivision 2;

(8) limitations, if any, to the effect of dissolution or annulment of marriage or termination
of domestic partnership on the appointment of a health care agent under section 145C.09,
subdivision 2;

(9) specific reasons why a principal wants a health care provider or an employee of a
health care provider attending the principal to be eligible to act as the principal's health care
agent;

(10) health care instructions by a woman of child bearing age regarding how she wouldlike her pregnancy, if any, to affect health care decisions made on her behalf;

(11) health care instructions regarding artificially administered nutrition or hydration;and

(12) health care instructions to prohibit administering, dispensing, or prescribing an
opioid, except that these instructions must not be construed to limit the administering,
dispensing, or prescribing an opioid to treat substance abuse, opioid dependence, or an
overdose, unless otherwise prohibited in the health care directive.

(b) A health care directive may include a statement of the circumstances under which
the directive becomes effective other than upon the judgment of the principal's attending
physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> in the following situations:

(1) a principal who in good faith generally selects and depends upon spiritual means or
prayer for the treatment or care of disease or remedial care and does not have an attending
physician or advanced practice registered nurse, may include a statement appointing an
individual who may determine the principal's decision-making capacity; and

130.5 (2) a principal who in good faith does not generally select a physician or advanced practice registered nurse or a health care facility for the principal's health care needs may 130.6 include a statement appointing an individual who may determine the principal's 130.7 130.8 decision-making capacity, provided that if the need to determine the principal's capacity arises when the principal is receiving care under the direction of an attending physician or 130.9 advanced practice registered nurse in a health care facility, the determination must be made 130.10 by an attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse after consultation with the 130.11 appointed individual. 130.12

If a person appointed under clause (1) or (2) is not reasonably available and the principal is receiving care under the direction of an attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered</u> <u>nurse</u> in a health care facility, an attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> shall determine the principal's decision-making capacity.

(c) A health care directive may authorize a health care agent to make health care decisions
for a principal even though the principal retains decision-making capacity.

130.19 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145C.06, is amended to read:

130.20 **145C.06 WHEN EFFECTIVE.**

130.21 A health care directive is effective for a health care decision when:

130.22 (1) it meets the requirements of section 145C.03, subdivision 1; and

(2) the principal, in the determination of the attending physician or advanced practice
registered nurse of the principal, lacks decision-making capacity to make the health care
decision; or if other conditions for effectiveness otherwise specified by the principal have
been met.

A health care directive is not effective for a health care decision when the principal, in the determination of the attending physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> of the principal, recovers decision-making capacity; or if other conditions for effectiveness otherwise specified by the principal have been met. 131.1 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145C.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Authority. The health care agent has authority to make any particular 131.2 health care decision only if the principal lacks decision-making capacity, in the determination 131.3 of the attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse, to make or communicate 131.4 that health care decision; or if other conditions for effectiveness otherwise specified by the 131.5 principal have been met. The physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other health 131.6 care provider shall continue to obtain the principal's informed consent to all health care 131.7 131.8 decisions for which the principal has decision-making capacity, unless other conditions for effectiveness otherwise specified by the principal have been met. An alternate health care 131.9 agent has authority to act if the primary health care agent is not reasonably available to act. 131.10

131.11 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145C.16, is amended to read:

131.12 **145C.16 SUGGESTED FORM.**

131.13 The following is a suggested form of a health care directive and is not a required form.

131.14 HEALTH CARE DIRECTIVE

I,, understand this document allows me to do ONE OR BOTH of thefollowing:

PART I: Name another person (called the health care agent) to make health care decisions for me if I am unable to decide or speak for myself. My health care agent must make health care decisions for me based on the instructions I provide in this document (Part II), if any, the wishes I have made known to him or her, or must act in my best interest if I have not made my health care wishes known.

131.22 AND/OR

PART II: Give health care instructions to guide others making health care decisions for me. If I have named a health care agent, these instructions are to be used by the agent. These instructions may also be used by my health care providers, others assisting with my health care and my family, in the event I cannot make decisions for myself.

131.27	PART I: APPOINTMENT OF HEALTH CARE AGENT
131.28	THIS IS WHO I WANT TO MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS
131.29	FOR ME IF I AM UNABLE TO DECIDE OR SPEAK FOR MYSELF
131.30	(I know I can change my agent or alternate agent at any time and I know I do not have

131.31 to appoint an agent or an alternate agent)

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132.1	NOTE: If you ap	ppoint an agent, yo	ou should discus	s this health care direc	ctive with your agent
132.2	and give your ag	gent a copy. If you	u do not wish to	appoint an agent, yo	u may leave Part I
132.3	blank and go to	Part II.			
132.4	When I am u	nable to decide o	r speak for myse	elf, I trust and appoin	t to
132.5	make health car	e decisions for m	e. This person is	called my health car	e agent.
132.6	Relationship	of my health car	e agent to me:		
132.7	Telephone n	umber of my heal	th care agent:		
132.8	Address of r	ny health care ag	ent:		
132.9	(OPTIONAL	L) APPOINTMEN	NT OF ALTERN	VATE HEALTH CAF	RE AGENT: If my
132.10	health care agen	t is not reasonably	vavailable, I trus	t and appoint	to be my health
132.11	care agent instea	ad.			
132.12	Relationship	of my alternate l	nealth care agen	t to me:	
132.13	Telephone n	umber of my alter	rnate health care	e agent:	
132.14	Address of r	ny alternate healt	h care agent:		

- 132.15THIS IS WHAT I WANT MY HEALTH CARE AGENT TO BE ABLE TO
- 132.16 DO IF I AM UNABLE TO DECIDE OR SPEAK FOR MYSELF
- 132.17 (I know I can change these choices)

My health care agent is automatically given the powers listed below in (A) through (D). My health care agent must follow my health care instructions in this document or any other instructions I have given to my agent. If I have not given health care instructions, then my agent must act in my best interest.

Whenever I am unable to decide or speak for myself, my health care agent has the powerto:

(A) Make any health care decision for me. This includes the power to give, refuse, or
withdraw consent to any care, treatment, service, or procedures. This includes deciding
whether to stop or not start health care that is keeping me or might keep me alive, and
deciding about intrusive mental health treatment.

132.28 (B) Choose my health care providers.

(C) Choose where I live and receive care and support when those choices relate to myhealth care needs.

133.1	(D) Review my medical records and have the same rights that I would have to give my
133.2	medical records to other people.
133.3	If I DO NOT want my health care agent to have a power listed above in (A) through (D)
133.4	OR if I want to LIMIT any power in (A) through (D), I MUST say that here:
133.5	
133.6	
133.7	
133.8	My health care agent is NOT automatically given the powers listed below in (1) and (2).
133.9	If I WANT my agent to have any of the powers in (1) and (2), I must INITIAL the line in
133.10	front of the power; then my agent WILL HAVE that power.
133.11 133.12	(1) To decide whether to donate any parts of my body, including organs, tissues, and eyes, when I die.
133.13	(2) To decide what will happen with my body when I die (burial, cremation).
133.14	If I want to say anything more about my health care agent's powers or limits on the
133.15	powers, I can say it here:
133.16	
133.17	
133.18	
133.19	PART II: HEALTH CARE INSTRUCTIONS
133.20	NOTE: Complete this Part II if you wish to give health care instructions. If you appointed
133.21	an agent in Part I, completing this Part II is optional but would be very helpful to your agent.
133.22	However, if you chose not to appoint an agent in Part I, you MUST complete some or all
133.23	of this Part II if you wish to make a valid health care directive.
133.24	These are instructions for my health care when I am unable to decide or speak for myself.
133.25	These instructions must be followed (so long as they address my needs).
133.26	THESE ARE MY BELIEFS AND VALUES ABOUT MY HEALTH CARE
133.27	(I know I can change these choices or leave any of them blank)
133.28	I want you to know these things about me to help you make decisions about my health
133.29	care:
133.30	My goals for my health care:
133.31	

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134.1					
134.2	My fears abc	out my health care	·		
134.3					
134.4					
134.5	My spiritual	or religious belief	s and tradition	15:	
134.6					
134.7					
134.8	My beliefs al	oout when life wo	uld be no long	ger worth living:	
134.9					
134.10					
134.11	My thoughts	about how my me	edical condition	n might affect my fam	ily:
134.12					
134.13					
134.14	THIS IS V	WHAT I WANT A	ND DO NOT	WANT FOR MY HEA	ALTH CARE
134.15	(I know I car	change these cho	ices or leave a	my of them blank)	
134.16	Many medica	al treatments may	be used to try	to improve my medica	l condition or to
134.17	prolong my life.	Examples include	artificial brea	thing by a machine co	nnected to a tube in
134.18	the lungs, artifici	al feeding or fluids	through tubes	, attempts to start a stop	ped heart, surgeries,
134.19	dialysis, antibiot	ics, and blood trar	nsfusions. Mos	st medical treatments c	an be tried for a
134.20	while and then s	topped if they do 1	not help.		
134.21	I have these	views about my he	ealth care in th	ese situations:	
134.22	(Note: You ca	an discuss general	feelings, speci	fic treatments, or leave	any of them blank)
134.23	If I had a reas	onable chance of r	ecovery, and	were temporarily unabl	e to decide or speak
134.24	for myself, I wo	uld want:			
134.25					
134.26					
134.27	If I were dyin	ng and unable to d	ecide or speal	t for myself, I would w	/ant:
134.28					

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135.1					
135.2	If I were	e permanently unconsc	tious and unab	le to decide or speak	for myself. I would
135.3				-	-
135.4					
135.5					
135.6	If I were	completely dependen	t on others for 1	my care and unable to	b decide or speak for
135.7		ould want:		-	-
135.8					
135.9					
135.10	In all cire	cumstances, my docto	rs or advanced	practice registered n	urses will try to keep
135.11		able and reduce my pa			
135.12		s or if it could shorten		-	
135.13					
135.14					
135.15	There are	e other things that I wa	ant or do not w	ant for my health car	e, if possible:
135.16	Who I w	ould like to be my do	ctor <u>or advance</u>	ed practice registered	nurse:
135.17					
135.18					
135.19		would like to live to r			
125 20					
135.22		would like to die and			
135.23	•••••				
135.24					
135.25	My wish	es about donating par	ts of my body	when I die:	
135.26					
135.27					
135.28	My wish	es about what happen	s to my body w	when I die (cremation,	burial):

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136.1					
136.2					
136.3	Any other t	hings:			
136.4					
136.5					
136.6				OCUMENT LEGAL	
130.0				OCOMENT LEGAL	
136.7	This docum	ent must be signe	d by me. It also	must either be verifie	d by a notary public
136.8	(Option 1) OR	witnessed by two	witnesses (Optio	on 2). It must be date	d when it is verified
136.9	or witnessed.				
136.10	I am thinkin	g clearly, I agree	with everything t	hat is written in this d	ocument, and I have
136.11	made this docu	ment willingly.			
136.12					
136.13	My Signature				
136.14	Date sig	ned:			
136.15	Date of	birth:			
136.16	Address	:			
136.17					
136.18	If I cannot sign	my name, I can a	ask someone to s	sign this document fo	r me.
136.19					
136.20	Signature of th	e person who I as	ked to sign this o	document for me.	
136.21					
136.22	Printed name o	f the person who	I asked to sign the sign the sign the second s	his document for me.	
136.23			Option 1: Notar	y Public	
136.24	In my prese	nce on	(date),	(name) ackn	owledged his/her
136.25	signature on thi	s document or acl	knowledged that	he/she authorized the	e person signing this
136.26	document to sig	n on his/her beha	lf. I am not name	d as a health care age	nt or alternate health
136.27	care agent in th	is document.			
136.28					
136.29	(Signature of N	lotary)			(Notary Stamp)
136.30			Option 2: Two W	Vitnesses	

137.1	Two witnesses must sign. Only one of the two witnesses can be a health care provider
137.2	or an employee of a health care provider giving direct care to me on the day I sign this
137.3	document.
137.4	Witness One:
137.5	(i) In my presence on (date), (name) acknowledged his/her signature
137.6	on this document or acknowledged that he/she authorized the person signing this document
137.7	to sign on his/her behalf.
137.8	(ii) I am at least 18 years of age.
137.9	(iii) I am not named as a health care agent or an alternate health care agent in this
137.10	document.
137.11	(iv) If I am a health care provider or an employee of a health care provider giving direct
137.12	care to the person listed above in (A), I must initial this box: []
137.13	I certify that the information in (i) through (iv) is true and correct.
137.14	
137.15	(Signature of Witness One)
137.16	Address:
137.17	
137.18	Witness Two:
137.19	(i) In my presence on (date), (name) acknowledged his/her signature
137.20	on this document or acknowledged that he/she authorized the person signing this document
137.21	to sign on his/her behalf.
137.22	(ii) I am at least 18 years of age.
137.23	(iii) I am not named as a health care agent or an alternate health care agent in this
137.24	document.
137.25	(iv) If I am a health care provider or an employee of a health care provider giving direct
137.26	care to the person listed above in (A), I must initial this box: []
137.27	I certify that the information in (i) through (iv) is true and correct.
137.28	
137.29	(Signature of Witness Two)
137.30	Address:
137.31	

REMINDER: Keep this document with your personal papers in a safe place (not in a safe deposit box). Give signed copies to your doctors <u>or advanced practice registered nurses</u>, family, close friends, health care agent, and alternate health care agent. Make sure your doctor<u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> is willing to follow your wishes. This document should be part of your medical record at your physician's <u>or advanced practice registered</u> <u>nurse's</u> office and at the hospital, home care agency, hospice, or nursing facility where you receive your care.

138.8 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 148.6438, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Required notification.** In the absence of a physician or advanced practice registered nurse referral or prior authorization, and before providing occupational therapy services for remuneration or expectation of payment from the client, an occupational therapist must provide the following written notification in all capital letters of 12-point or larger boldface type, to the client, parent, or guardian:

"Your health care provider, insurer, or plan may require a physician or advanced practice
 registered nurse referral or prior authorization and you may be obligated for partial or full
 payment for occupational therapy services rendered."

Information other than this notification may be included as long as the notification
remains conspicuous on the face of the document. A nonwritten disclosure format may be
used to satisfy the recipient notification requirement when necessary to accommodate the
physical condition of a client or client's guardian.

138.21 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Licensing of physicians and advanced practice registered nurses to dispense 138.22 drugs; renewals. (a) The board may grant a license to any physician licensed under chapter 138.23 147 or advanced practice registered nurse licensed under chapter 148 who provides services 138.24 in a health care facility located in a designated health professional shortage area authorizing 138.25 the physician or advanced practice registered nurse to dispense drugs to individuals for 138.26 whom pharmaceutical care is not reasonably available. The license may be renewed annually. 138.27 Any physician or advanced practice registered nurse licensed under this subdivision shall 138.28 be limited to dispensing drugs in a limited service pharmacy and shall be governed by the 138.29 rules adopted by the board when dispensing drugs. 138.30

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, pharmaceutical care is not reasonably available
if the limited service pharmacy in which the physician or advanced practice registered nurse

is dispensing drugs is located in a health professional shortage area, and no other licensedpharmacy is located within 15 miles of the limited service pharmacy.

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(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, section 151.15, subdivision 2, shall not apply,
and section 151.215 shall not apply provided that a physician or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u> granted a license under this subdivision certifies each filled prescription in accordance
with Minnesota Rules, part 6800.3100, subpart 3.

(d) Notwithstanding section 151.102, a physician or advanced practice registered nurse 139.7 granted a license under this subdivision may be assisted by a pharmacy technician if the 139.8 technician holds a valid certification from the Pharmacy Technician Certification Board or 139.9 from another national certification body for pharmacy technicians that requires passage of 139.10 a nationally recognized psychometrically valid certification examination for certification 139.11 as determined by the board. The physician or advanced practice registered nurse may 139.12 supervise the pharmacy technician as long as the physician or advanced practice registered 139.13 nurse assumes responsibility for all functions performed by the technician. For purposes of 139.14 this subdivision, supervision does not require the physician or advanced practice registered 139.15 nurse to be physically present if the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or a 139.16 licensed pharmacist is available, either electronically or by telephone. 139.17

(e) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a physician or advanced
 practice registered nurse from dispensing drugs pursuant to section 151.37 and Minnesota
 Rules, parts 6800.9950 to 6800.9954.

139.21 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.21, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. **Sign.** A pharmacy must post a sign in a conspicuous location and in a typeface easily seen at the counter where prescriptions are dispensed stating: "In order to save you money, this pharmacy will substitute whenever possible an FDA-approved, less expensive, generic drug product, which is therapeutically equivalent to and safely interchangeable with the one prescribed by your doctor or advanced practice registered nurse, unless you object to this substitution."

139.28 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 152.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Discrimination prohibited.** (a) No school or landlord may refuse to enroll or lease to and may not otherwise penalize a person solely for the person's status as a patient enrolled in the registry program under sections 152.22 to 152.37, unless failing to do so would violate federal law or regulations or cause the school or landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or regulations. (b) For the purposes of medical care, including organ transplants, a registry program
enrollee's use of medical cannabis under sections 152.22 to 152.37 is considered the
equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used at the discretion of a physician
<u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> and does not constitute the use of an illicit substance
or otherwise disqualify a patient from needed medical care.

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(c) Unless a failure to do so would violate federal law or regulations or cause an employer
to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or regulations, an employer
may not discriminate against a person in hiring, termination, or any term or condition of
employment, or otherwise penalize a person, if the discrimination is based upon either of
the following:

(1) the person's status as a patient enrolled in the registry program under sections 152.22
to 152.37; or

(2) a patient's positive drug test for cannabis components or metabolites, unless the
patient used, possessed, or was impaired by medical cannabis on the premises of the place
of employment or during the hours of employment.

(d) An employee who is required to undergo employer drug testing pursuant to section
140.17 181.953 may present verification of enrollment in the patient registry as part of the employee's
140.18 explanation under section 181.953, subdivision 6.

(e) A person shall not be denied custody of a minor child or visitation rights or parenting
time with a minor child solely based on the person's status as a patient enrolled in the registry
program under sections 152.22 to 152.37. There shall be no presumption of neglect or child
endangerment for conduct allowed under sections 152.22 to 152.37, unless the person's
behavior is such that it creates an unreasonable danger to the safety of the minor as
established by clear and convincing evidence.

140.25 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.143, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Nutritional services. (a) The license holder shall ensure that food served is nutritious and meets any special dietary needs of the participants as prescribed by the participant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dietitian as specified in the service delivery plan.

(b) Food and beverages must be obtained, handled, and properly stored to preventcontamination, spoilage, or a threat to the health of a resident.

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141.1 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245A.1435, is amended to read:

141.2 245A.1435 REDUCTION OF RISK OF SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH 141.3 IN LICENSED PROGRAMS.

(a) When a license holder is placing an infant to sleep, the license holder must place the 141.4 infant on the infant's back, unless the license holder has documentation from the infant's 141.5 physician or advanced practice registered nurse directing an alternative sleeping position 141.6 for the infant. The physician or advanced practice registered nurse directive must be on a 141.7 form approved by the commissioner and must remain on file at the licensed location. An 141.8 infant who independently rolls onto its stomach after being placed to sleep on its back may 141.9 be allowed to remain sleeping on its stomach if the infant is at least six months of age or 141.10 the license holder has a signed statement from the parent indicating that the infant regularly 141.11 rolls over at home. 141.12

141.13 (b) The license holder must place the infant in a crib directly on a firm mattress with a fitted sheet that is appropriate to the mattress size, that fits tightly on the mattress, and 141 14 overlaps the underside of the mattress so it cannot be dislodged by pulling on the corner of 141.15 the sheet with reasonable effort. The license holder must not place anything in the crib with 141.16 the infant except for the infant's pacifier, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 141.17 141.18 16, part 1511. The requirements of this section apply to license holders serving infants younger than one year of age. Licensed child care providers must meet the crib requirements 141.19 under section 245A.146. A correction order shall not be issued under this paragraph unless 141.20 there is evidence that a violation occurred when an infant was present in the license holder's 141 21 141.22 care.

(c) If an infant falls asleep before being placed in a crib, the license holder must move the infant to a crib as soon as practicable, and must keep the infant within sight of the license holder until the infant is placed in a crib. When an infant falls asleep while being held, the license holder must consider the supervision needs of other children in care when determining how long to hold the infant before placing the infant in a crib to sleep. The sleeping infant must not be in a position where the airway may be blocked or with anything covering the infant's face.

(d) Placing a swaddled infant down to sleep in a licensed setting is not recommended
for an infant of any age and is prohibited for any infant who has begun to roll over
independently. However, with the written consent of a parent or guardian according to this
paragraph, a license holder may place the infant who has not yet begun to roll over on its
own down to sleep in a one-piece sleeper equipped with an attached system that fastens

securely only across the upper torso, with no constriction of the hips or legs, to create a
swaddle. Prior to any use of swaddling for sleep by a provider licensed under this chapter,
the license holder must obtain informed written consent for the use of swaddling from the
parent or guardian of the infant on a form provided by the commissioner and prepared in
partnership with the Minnesota Sudden Infant Death Center.

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142.6 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245C.02, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 18. Serious maltreatment. (a) "Serious maltreatment" means sexual abuse,
maltreatment resulting in death, neglect resulting in serious injury which reasonably requires
the care of a physician or advanced practice registered nurse whether or not the care of a
physician or advanced practice registered nurse was sought, or abuse resulting in serious
injury.

(b) For purposes of this definition, "care of a physician or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u>" is treatment received or ordered by a physician, physician assistant, <u>advanced practice</u>
registered nurse, or nurse practitioner, but does not include:

142.15 (1) diagnostic testing, assessment, or observation;

(2) the application of, recommendation to use, or prescription solely for a remedy thatis available over the counter without a prescription; or

(3) a prescription solely for a topical antibiotic to treat burns when there is no follow-upappointment.

(c) For purposes of this definition, "abuse resulting in serious injury" means: bruises,
bites, skin laceration, or tissue damage; fractures; dislocations; evidence of internal injuries;
head injuries with loss of consciousness; extensive second-degree or third-degree burns and
other burns for which complications are present; extensive second-degree or third-degree
frostbite and other frostbite for which complications are present; irreversible mobility or
avulsion of teeth; injuries to the eyes; ingestion of foreign substances and objects that are
harmful; near drowning; and heat exhaustion or sunstroke.

(d) Serious maltreatment includes neglect when it results in criminal sexual conductagainst a child or vulnerable adult.

142.29 Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245C.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Licensed programs; other child care programs. (a) The commissioner
shall conduct a background study of an individual required to be studied under section

142.32 245C.03, subdivision 1, at least upon application for initial license for all license types.

(b) The commissioner shall conduct a background study of an individual required to be 143.1 studied under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, including a child care background study 143.2 143.3 subject as defined in section 245C.02, subdivision 6a, in a family child care program, licensed child care center, certified license-exempt child care center, or legal nonlicensed child care 143.4 provider, on a schedule determined by the commissioner. Except as provided in section 143.5 245C.05, subdivision 5a, a child care background study must include submission of 143.6 fingerprints for a national criminal history record check and a review of the information 143.7 143.8 under section 245C.08. A background study for a child care program must be repeated within five years from the most recent study conducted under this paragraph. 143.9

143.10 (c) At reapplication for a family child care license:

(1) for a background study affiliated with a licensed family child care center or legal
nonlicensed child care provider, the individual shall provide information required under
section 245C.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (a), (b), and (d), to the county agency, and be
fingerprinted and photographed under section 245C.05, subdivision 5;

(2) the county agency shall verify the information received under clause (1) and forward
the information to the commissioner to complete the background study; and

(3) the background study conducted by the commissioner under this paragraph mustinclude a review of the information required under section 245C.08.

(d) The commissioner is not required to conduct a study of an individual at the time of
reapplication for a license if the individual's background study was completed by the
commissioner of human services and the following conditions are met:

(1) a study of the individual was conducted either at the time of initial licensure or whenthe individual became affiliated with the license holder;

(2) the individual has been continuously affiliated with the license holder since the laststudy was conducted; and

143.26 (3) the last study of the individual was conducted on or after October 1, 1995.

(e) The commissioner of human services shall conduct a background study of an
individual specified under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6),
who is newly affiliated with a child foster care license holder:

(1) the county or private agency shall collect and forward to the commissioner the
information required under section 245C.05, subdivisions 1 and 5, when the child foster
care applicant or license holder resides in the home where child foster care services are
provided;

(2) the child foster care license holder or applicant shall collect and forward to the
commissioner the information required under section 245C.05, subdivisions 1 and 5, when
the applicant or license holder does not reside in the home where child foster care services
are provided; and

(3) the background study conducted by the commissioner of human services under this
paragraph must include a review of the information required under section 245C.08,
subdivisions 1, 3, and 4.

(f) The commissioner shall conduct a background study of an individual specified under
section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (6), who is newly affiliated
with an adult foster care or family adult day services and with a family child care license
holder or a legal nonlicensed child care provider authorized under chapter 119B and:

(1) except as provided in section 245C.05, subdivision 5a, the county shall collect and
forward to the commissioner the information required under section 245C.05, subdivision
1, paragraphs (a) and (b), and subdivision 5, paragraphs (a), (b), and (d), for background
studies conducted by the commissioner for all family adult day services, for adult foster
care when the adult foster care license holder resides in the adult foster care residence, and
for family child care and legal nonlicensed child care authorized under chapter 119B;

(2) the license holder shall collect and forward to the commissioner the information
required under section 245C.05, subdivisions 1, paragraphs (a) and (b); and 5, paragraphs
(a) and (b), for background studies conducted by the commissioner for adult foster care
when the license holder does not reside in the adult foster care residence; and

(3) the background study conducted by the commissioner under this paragraph must
include a review of the information required under section 245C.08, subdivision 1, paragraph
(a), and subdivisions 3 and 4.

(g) Applicants for licensure, license holders, and other entities as provided in this chapter
must submit completed background study requests to the commissioner using the electronic
system known as NETStudy before individuals specified in section 245C.03, subdivision
1, begin positions allowing direct contact in any licensed program.

(h) For an individual who is not on the entity's active roster, the entity must initiate anew background study through NETStudy when:

(1) an individual returns to a position requiring a background study following an absence
of 120 or more consecutive days; or

(2) a program that discontinued providing licensed direct contact services for 120 or
more consecutive days begins to provide direct contact licensed services again.

The license holder shall maintain a copy of the notification provided to the commissioner under this paragraph in the program's files. If the individual's disqualification was previously set aside for the license holder's program and the new background study results in no new information that indicates the individual may pose a risk of harm to persons receiving services from the license holder, the previous set-aside shall remain in effect.

(i) For purposes of this section, a physician licensed under chapter 147 or advanced
practice registered nurse licensed under chapter 148 is considered to be continuously affiliated
upon the license holder's receipt from the commissioner of health or human services of the
physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's background study results.

(j) For purposes of family child care, a substitute caregiver must receive repeatbackground studies at the time of each license renewal.

(k) A repeat background study at the time of license renewal is not required if the family
child care substitute caregiver's background study was completed by the commissioner on
or after October 1, 2017, and the substitute caregiver is on the license holder's active roster
in NETStudy 2.0.

(1) Before and after school programs authorized under chapter 119B, are exempt from
the background study requirements under section 123B.03, for an employee for whom a
background study under this chapter has been completed.

145.21 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Incident. "Incident" means an occurrence which involves a person and requires
the program to make a response that is not a part of the program's ordinary provision of
services to that person, and includes:

145.25 (1) serious injury of a person as determined by section 245.91, subdivision 6;

145.26 (2) a person's death;

(3) any medical emergency, unexpected serious illness, or significant unexpected change
in an illness or medical condition of a person that requires the program to call 911, physician
or advanced practice registered nurse treatment, or hospitalization;

(4) any mental health crisis that requires the program to call 911, a mental health crisis
intervention team, or a similar mental health response team or service when available and
appropriate;

(5) an act or situation involving a person that requires the program to call 911, law
enforcement, or the fire department;
(6) a person's unauthorized or unexplained absence from a program;

(7) conduct by a person receiving services against another person receiving servicesthat:

(i) is so severe, pervasive, or objectively offensive that it substantially interferes with a
 person's opportunities to participate in or receive service or support;

146.8 (ii) places the person in actual and reasonable fear of harm;

(iii) places the person in actual and reasonable fear of damage to property of the person;or

146.11 (iv) substantially disrupts the orderly operation of the program;

(8) any sexual activity between persons receiving services involving force or coercion
as defined under section 609.341, subdivisions 3 and 14;

(9) any emergency use of manual restraint as identified in section 245D.061 or successor
 provisions; or

(10) a report of alleged or suspected child or vulnerable adult maltreatment under section
626.556 or 626.557.

146.18 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Health and welfare. The license holder must establish policies and proceduresthat promote health and welfare by ensuring:

(1) use of universal precautions and sanitary practices in compliance with section
245D.06, subdivision 2, clause (5);

(2) if the license holder operates a residential program, health service coordination and
care according to the requirements in section 245D.05, subdivision 1;

(3) safe medication assistance and administration according to the requirements in
sections 245D.05, subdivisions 1a, 2, and 5, and 245D.051, that are established in
consultation with a registered nurse, nurse practitioner advanced practice registered nurse,
physician assistant, or medical doctor and require completion of medication administration
training according to the requirements in section 245D.09, subdivision 4a, paragraph (d).
Medication assistance and administration includes, but is not limited to:

146.31 (i) providing medication-related services for a person;

147.1	(ii) medication setup;
147.2	(iii) medication administration;
147.3	(iv) medication storage and security;
147.4	(v) medication documentation and charting;
147.5	(vi) verification and monitoring of effectiveness of systems to ensure safe medication
147.6	handling and administration;
147.7	(vii) coordination of medication refills;
147.8	(viii) handling changes to prescriptions and implementation of those changes;
147.9	(ix) communicating with the pharmacy; and
147.10	(x) coordination and communication with prescriber;
147.11	(4) safe transportation, when the license holder is responsible for transportation of
147.12	persons, with provisions for handling emergency situations according to the requirements
147.13	in section 245D.06, subdivision 2, clauses (2) to (4);
147.14	(5) a plan for ensuring the safety of persons served by the program in emergencies as
147.15	defined in section 245D.02, subdivision 8, and procedures for staff to report emergencies
147.16	to the license holder. A license holder with a community residential setting or a day service
147.17	facility license must ensure the policy and procedures comply with the requirements in

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147.18 section 245D.22, subdivision 4;

(6) a plan for responding to all incidents as defined in section 245D.02, subdivision 11;
and reporting all incidents required to be reported according to section 245D.06, subdivision
147.21 1. The plan must:

(i) provide the contact information of a source of emergency medical care andtransportation; and

(ii) require staff to first call 911 when the staff believes a medical emergency may be
life threatening, or to call the mental health crisis intervention team or similar mental health
response team or service when such a team is available and appropriate when the person is
experiencing a mental health crisis; and

(7) a procedure for the review of incidents and emergencies to identify trends or patterns,
and corrective action if needed. The license holder must establish and maintain a
record-keeping system for the incident and emergency reports. Each incident and emergency
report file must contain a written summary of the incident. The license holder must conduct

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a review of incident reports for identification of incident patterns, and implementation of
corrective action as necessary to reduce occurrences. Each incident report must include:

(i) the name of the person or persons involved in the incident. It is not necessary to
identify all persons affected by or involved in an emergency unless the emergency resulted
in an incident;

148.6 (ii) the date, time, and location of the incident or emergency;

148.7 (iii) a description of the incident or emergency;

(iv) a description of the response to the incident or emergency and whether a person's
coordinated service and support plan addendum or program policies and procedures were
implemented as applicable;

(v) the name of the staff person or persons who responded to the incident or emergency;and

(vi) the determination of whether corrective action is necessary based on the results ofthe review.

148.15 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Telephone and posted numbers. A facility must have a non-coin-operated 148.16 148.17 telephone that is readily accessible. A list of emergency numbers must be posted in a prominent location. When an area has a 911 number or a mental health crisis intervention 148.18 team number, both numbers must be posted and the emergency number listed must be 911. 148.19 In areas of the state without a 911 number, the numbers listed must be those of the local 148.20 fire department, police department, emergency transportation, and poison control center. 148.21 The names and telephone numbers of each person's representative, physician or advanced 148.22 practice registered nurse, and dentist must be readily available. 148.23

148.24 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245D.25, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Food. Food served must meet any special dietary needs of a person as prescribed
by the person's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dietitian. Three nutritionally
balanced meals a day must be served or made available to persons, and nutritious snacks
must be available between meals.

148.29 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245G.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

148.30 Subd. 2. **Procedures.** The applicant or license holder must have written procedures for

148.31 obtaining a medical intervention for a client, that are approved in writing by a physician

who is licensed under chapter 147 or advanced practice registered nurse who is licensed
under chapter 148, unless:

149.3 (1) the license holder does not provide a service under section 245G.21; and

(2) a medical intervention is referred to 911, the emergency telephone number, or theclient's physician or advanced practice registered nurse.

149.6 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 245G.08, subdivision 3, is amended149.7 to read:

Subd. 3. **Standing order protocol.** A license holder that maintains a supply of naloxone available for emergency treatment of opioid overdose must have a written standing order protocol by a physician who is licensed under chapter 147<u>or advanced practice registered</u> <u>nurse who is licensed under chapter 148</u>, that permits the license holder to maintain a supply of naloxone on site. A license holder must require staff to undergo training in the specific mode of administration used at the program, which may include intranasal administration, intramuscular injection, or both.

149.15 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245G.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Administration of medication and assistance with self-medication. (a) A
license holder must meet the requirements in this subdivision if a service provided includes
the administration of medication.

(b) A staff member, other than a licensed practitioner or nurse, who is delegated by a
licensed practitioner or a registered nurse the task of administration of medication or assisting
with self-medication, must:

(1) successfully complete a medication administration training program for unlicensed
personnel through an accredited Minnesota postsecondary educational institution. A staff
member's completion of the course must be documented in writing and placed in the staff
member's personnel file;

(2) be trained according to a formalized training program that is taught by a registered
nurse and offered by the license holder. The training must include the process for
administration of naloxone, if naloxone is kept on site. A staff member's completion of the
training must be documented in writing and placed in the staff member's personnel records;
or

(3) demonstrate to a registered nurse competency to perform the delegated activity. A
 registered nurse must be employed or contracted to develop the policies and procedures for
 administration of medication or assisting with self-administration of medication, or both.

(c) A registered nurse must provide supervision as defined in section 148.171, subdivision
23. The registered nurse's supervision must include, at a minimum, monthly on-site
supervision or more often if warranted by a client's health needs. The policies and procedures
must include:

(1) a provision that a delegation of administration of medication is limited to the
administration of a medication that is administered orally, topically, or as a suppository, an
eye drop, an ear drop, or an inhalant;

(2) a provision that each client's file must include documentation indicating whether
staff must conduct the administration of medication or the client must self-administer
medication, or both;

(3) a provision that a client may carry emergency medication such as nitroglycerin as
instructed by the client's physician or advanced practice registered nurse;

(4) a provision for the client to self-administer medication when a client is scheduled tobe away from the facility;

(5) a provision that if a client self-administers medication when the client is present in
the facility, the client must self-administer medication under the observation of a trained
staff member;

(6) a provision that when a license holder serves a client who is a parent with a child,the parent may only administer medication to the child under a staff member's supervision;

(7) requirements for recording the client's use of medication, including staff signatureswith date and time;

(8) guidelines for when to inform a nurse of problems with self-administration of
medication, including a client's failure to administer, refusal of a medication, adverse
reaction, or error; and

(9) procedures for acceptance, documentation, and implementation of a prescription,whether written, verbal, telephonic, or electronic.

150.30 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245G.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

150.31 Subd. 2. Visitors. A client must be allowed to receive visitors at times prescribed by

150.32 the license holder. The license holder must set and post a notice of visiting rules and hours,

including both day and evening times. A client's right to receive visitors other than a personalphysician or advanced practice registered nurse, religious adviser, county case manager,

151.3 parole or probation officer, or attorney may be subject to visiting hours established by the

151.4 license holder for all clients. The treatment director or designee may impose limitations as

151.5 necessary for the welfare of a client provided the limitation and the reasons for the limitation

are documented in the client's file. A client must be allowed to receive visits at all reasonable

151.7 times from the client's personal physician or advanced practice registered nurse, religious

adviser, county case manager, parole or probation officer, and attorney.

151.9 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 245G.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Client property management.** A license holder who provides room and board and treatment services to a client in the same facility, and any license holder that accepts client property must meet the requirements for handling client funds and property in section 245A.04, subdivision 13. License holders:

(1) may establish policies regarding the use of personal property to ensure that treatmentactivities and the rights of other clients are not infringed upon;

151.16 (2) may take temporary custody of a client's property for violation of a facility policy;

(3) must retain the client's property for a minimum of seven days after the client's service
termination if the client does not reclaim property upon service termination, or for a minimum
of 30 days if the client does not reclaim property upon service termination and has received
room and board services from the license holder; and

(4) must return all property held in trust to the client at service termination regardlessof the client's service termination status, except that:

(i) a drug, drug paraphernalia, or drug container that is subject to forfeiture under section
609.5316, must be given to the custody of a local law enforcement agency. If giving the
property to the custody of a local law enforcement agency violates Code of Federal
Regulations, title 42, sections 2.1 to 2.67, or title 45, parts 160 to 164, a drug, drug
paraphernalia, or drug container must be destroyed by a staff member designated by the
program director; and

(ii) a weapon, explosive, and other property that can cause serious harm to the client or
others must be given to the custody of a local law enforcement agency, and the client must
be notified of the transfer and of the client's right to reclaim any lawful property transferred;
and

(iii) a medication that was determined by a physician or advanced practice registered
 <u>nurse</u> to be harmful after examining the client must be destroyed, except when the client's

personal physician or advanced practice registered nurse approves the medication forcontinued use.

152.5 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 245H.11, is amended to read:

152.6 **245H.11 REPORTING.**

(a) The certification holder must comply and must have written policies for staff to
comply with the reporting requirements for abuse and neglect specified in section 626.556.
A person mandated to report physical or sexual child abuse or neglect occurring within a
certified center shall report the information to the commissioner.

152.11 (b) The certification holder must inform the commissioner within 24 hours of:

152.12 (1) the death of a child in the program; and

(2) any injury to a child in the program that required treatment by a physician or advanced
practice registered nurse.

152.15 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.711, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Conditions. The secure treatment facility shall follow the procedures in sections246.71 to 246.722 when all of the following conditions are met:

(1) a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse determines that a significant
exposure has occurred following the protocol under section 246.721;

(2) the licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse for the employee needs
the patient's blood-borne pathogens test results to begin, continue, modify, or discontinue
treatment in accordance with the most current guidelines of the United States Public Health
Service, because of possible exposure to a blood-borne pathogen; and

- (3) the employee consents to providing a blood sample for testing for a blood-bornepathogen.
- 152.26 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.715, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Procedures without consent. If the patient has provided a blood sample, but
does not consent to blood-borne pathogens testing, the secure treatment facility shall ensure
that the blood is tested for blood-borne pathogens if the employee requests the test, provided
all of the following criteria are met:

(1) the employee and secure treatment facility have documented exposure to blood orbody fluids during performance of the employee's work duties;

(2) a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse has determined that a
significant exposure has occurred under section 246.711 and has documented that blood-borne
pathogen test results are needed for beginning, modifying, continuing, or discontinuing
medical treatment for the employee as recommended by the most current guidelines of the
United States Public Health Service;

(3) the employee provides a blood sample for testing for blood-borne pathogens as soonas feasible;

(4) the secure treatment facility asks the patient to consent to a test for blood-bornepathogens and the patient does not consent;

(5) the secure treatment facility has provided the patient and the employee with all ofthe information required by section 246.712; and

(6) the secure treatment facility has informed the employee of the confidentiality
requirements of section 246.719 and the penalties for unauthorized release of patient
information under section 246.72.

153.17 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.716, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Procedures without consent.** (a) A secure treatment facility or an employee of a secure treatment facility may bring a petition for a court order to require a patient to provide a blood sample for testing for blood-borne pathogens. The petition shall be filed in the district court in the county where the patient is receiving treatment from the secure treatment facility. The secure treatment facility shall serve the petition on the patient three days before a hearing on the petition. The petition shall include one or more affidavits attesting that:

(1) the secure treatment facility followed the procedures in sections 246.71 to 246.722
and attempted to obtain blood-borne pathogen test results according to those sections;

(2) a licensed physician <u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> knowledgeable about the most current recommendations of the United States Public Health Service has determined that a significant exposure has occurred to the employee of a secure treatment facility under section 246.721; and

(3) a physician or advanced practice registered nurse has documented that the employee
has provided a blood sample and consented to testing for blood-borne pathogens and

blood-borne pathogen test results are needed for beginning, continuing, modifying, or

154.2 discontinuing medical treatment for the employee under section 246.721.

(b) Facilities shall cooperate with petitioners in providing any necessary affidavits tothe extent that facility staff can attest under oath to the facts in the affidavits.

154.5 (c) The court may order the patient to provide a blood sample for blood-borne pathogen154.6 testing if:

(1) there is probable cause to believe the employee of a secure treatment facility hasexperienced a significant exposure to the patient;

(2) the court imposes appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure that must specify the persons who have access to the test results and the purposes for which the test results may be used;

(3) a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse for the employee of a
secure treatment facility needs the test results for beginning, continuing, modifying, or
discontinuing medical treatment for the employee; and

(4) the court finds a compelling need for the test results. In assessing compelling need,
the court shall weigh the need for the court-ordered blood collection and test results against
the interests of the patient, including, but not limited to, privacy, health, safety, or economic
interests. The court shall also consider whether involuntary blood collection and testing
would serve the public interests.

(d) The court shall conduct the proceeding in camera unless the petitioner or the patient
requests a hearing in open court and the court determines that a public hearing is necessary
to the public interest and the proper administration of justice.

154.23 (e) The patient may arrange for counsel in any proceeding brought under this subdivision.

154.24 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.721, is amended to read:

154.25 **246.721 PROTOCOL FOR EXPOSURE TO BLOOD-BORNE PATHOGENS.**

(a) A secure treatment facility shall follow applicable Occupational Safety and Health
Administration guidelines under Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910.1030, for
blood-borne pathogens.

(b) Every secure treatment facility shall adopt and follow a postexposure protocol for employees at a secure treatment facility who have experienced a significant exposure. The postexposure protocol must adhere to the most current recommendations of the United States Public Health Service and include, at a minimum, the following: 155.1 (1) a process for employees to report an exposure in a timely fashion;

(2) a process for an infectious disease specialist, or a licensed physician or advanced 155.2 practice registered nurse who is knowledgeable about the most current recommendations 155.3 of the United States Public Health Service in consultation with an infectious disease specialist, 155.4 155.5 (i) to determine whether a significant exposure to one or more blood-borne pathogens has occurred, and (ii) to provide, under the direction of a licensed physician or advanced practice 155.6 registered nurse, a recommendation or recommendations for follow-up treatment appropriate 155.7 155.8 to the particular blood-borne pathogen or pathogens for which a significant exposure has been determined; 155.9

(3) if there has been a significant exposure, a process to determine whether the patient
has a blood-borne pathogen through disclosure of test results, or through blood collection
and testing as required by sections 246.71 to 246.722;

(4) a process for providing appropriate counseling prior to and following testing for a
blood-borne pathogen regarding the likelihood of blood-borne pathogen transmission and
follow-up recommendations according to the most current recommendations of the United
States Public Health Service, recommendations for testing, and treatment;

(5) a process for providing appropriate counseling under clause (4) to the employee ofa secure treatment facility and to the patient; and

(6) compliance with applicable state and federal laws relating to data practices,confidentiality, informed consent, and the patient bill of rights.

155.21 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 246.722, is amended to read:

155.22 **246.722 IMMUNITY.**

A secure treatment facility, licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse, and designated health care personnel are immune from liability in any civil, administrative, or criminal action relating to the disclosure of test results of a patient to an employee of a secure treatment facility and the testing of a blood sample from the patient for blood-borne pathogens if a good faith effort has been made to comply with sections 246.71 to 246.722.

155.28 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 251.043, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Duty to seek treatment. If upon the evidence mentioned in the preceding
section, the workers' compensation division finds that an employee is suffering from
tuberculosis contracted in the institution or department by contact with inmates or patients
therein or by contact with tuberculosis contaminated material therein, it shall order the

employee to seek the services of a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or medical 156.1 care facility. There shall be paid to the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or 156.2 facility where the employee may be received, the same fee for the maintenance and care of 156.3 the person as is received by the institution for the maintenance and care of a nonresident 156.4 patient. If the employee worked in a state hospital or nursing home, payment for the care 156.5 shall be made by the commissioner of human services. If employed in any other institution 156.6 or department the payment shall be made from funds allocated or appropriated for the 156.7 156.8 operation of the institution or department. If the employee dies from the effects of the disease of tuberculosis and if the tuberculosis was the primary infection and the authentic cause of 156.9 death, the workers' compensation division shall order payment to dependents as provided 156.10 for under the general provisions of the workers' compensation law. 156.11

156.12 Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 252A.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

156.13 Subd. 12. Comprehensive evaluation. "Comprehensive evaluation" shall consist of:

156.14 (1) a medical report on the health status and physical condition of the proposed ward,

156.15 prepared under the direction of a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse;

(2) a report on the proposed ward's intellectual capacity and functional abilities, specifying
the tests and other data used in reaching its conclusions, prepared by a psychologist who is
qualified in the diagnosis of developmental disability; and

156.19 (3) a report from the case manager that includes:

(i) the most current assessment of individual service needs as described in rules of thecommissioner;

(ii) the most current individual service plan under section 256B.092, subdivision 1b;and

(iii) a description of contacts with and responses of near relatives of the proposed ward
notifying them that a nomination for public guardianship has been made and advising them
that they may seek private guardianship.

Each report shall contain recommendations as to the amount of assistance and supervision required by the proposed ward to function as independently as possible in society. To be considered part of the comprehensive evaluation, reports must be completed no more than one year before filing the petition under section 252A.05.

157.1 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 252A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Medication; treatment. A proposed ward who, at the time the comprehensive 157.2 evaluation is to be performed, has been under medical care shall not be so under the influence 157.3 or so suffer the effects of drugs, medication, or other treatment as to be hampered in the 157.4 testing or evaluation process. When in the opinion of the licensed physician or advanced 157.5 practice registered nurse attending the proposed ward, the discontinuance of medication or 157.6 other treatment is not in the proposed ward's best interest, the physician or advanced practice 157.7 registered nurse shall record a list of all drugs, medication or other treatment which the 157.8 proposed ward received 48 hours immediately prior to any examination, test or interview 157.9 conducted in preparation for the comprehensive evaluation. 157.10

157.11 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 252A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Witness and attorney fees. In each proceeding under sections 252A.01 157.12 to 252A.21, the court shall allow and order paid to each witness subpoenaed the fees and 157.13 mileage prescribed by law; to each physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 157.14 psychologist, or social worker who assists in the preparation of the comprehensive evaluation 157.15 157.16 and who is not in the employ of the local agency or the state Department of Human Services, a reasonable sum for services and for travel; and to the ward's counsel, when appointed by 157.17 the court, a reasonable sum for travel and for each day or portion of a day actually employed 157.18 in court or actually consumed in preparing for the hearing. Upon order the county auditor 157.19

157.20 shall issue a warrant on the county treasurer for payment of the amount allowed.

157.21 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 253B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Special visitation; religion. A patient has the right to meet with or call a
personal physician or advanced practice registered nurse, spiritual advisor, and counsel at
all reasonable times. The patient has the right to continue the practice of religion.

157.25 Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 253B.03, subdivision 6d, is amended to read:

Subd. 6d. Adult mental health treatment. (a) A competent adult may make a declaration
of preferences or instructions regarding intrusive mental health treatment. These preferences
or instructions may include, but are not limited to, consent to or refusal of these treatments.

(b) A declaration may designate a proxy to make decisions about intrusive mental health
treatment. A proxy designated to make decisions about intrusive mental health treatments
and who agrees to serve as proxy may make decisions on behalf of a declarant consistent
with any desires the declarant expresses in the declaration.

(c) A declaration is effective only if it is signed by the declarant and two witnesses. The 158.1 witnesses must include a statement that they believe the declarant understands the nature 158.2 and significance of the declaration. A declaration becomes operative when it is delivered 158.3 to the declarant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other mental health 158.4 treatment provider. The physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or provider must 158.5 comply with it to the fullest extent possible, consistent with reasonable medical practice, 158.6 the availability of treatments requested, and applicable law. The physician, advanced practice 158.7 158.8 registered nurse, or provider shall continue to obtain the declarant's informed consent to all intrusive mental health treatment decisions if the declarant is capable of informed consent. 158.9 A treatment provider may not require a person to make a declaration under this subdivision 158.10 as a condition of receiving services. 158.11

(d) The physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other provider shall make the 158.12 declaration a part of the declarant's medical record. If the physician, advanced practice 158.13 registered nurse, or other provider is unwilling at any time to comply with the declaration, 158.14 the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or provider must promptly notify the 158.15 declarant and document the notification in the declarant's medical record. If the declarant 158.16 has been committed as a patient under this chapter, the physician, advanced practice 158.17 registered nurse, or provider may subject a declarant to intrusive treatment in a manner 158.18 contrary to the declarant's expressed wishes, only upon order of the committing court. If 158.19 the declarant is not a committed patient under this chapter, the physician, advanced practice 158.20 registered nurse, or provider may subject the declarant to intrusive treatment in a manner 158.21 contrary to the declarant's expressed wishes, only if the declarant is committed as mentally 158.22 ill or mentally ill and dangerous to the public and a court order authorizing the treatment 158.23 has been issued. 158.24

(e) A declaration under this subdivision may be revoked in whole or in part at any time and in any manner by the declarant if the declarant is competent at the time of revocation. A revocation is effective when a competent declarant communicates the revocation to the attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other provider. The attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or other provider shall note the revocation as part of the declarant's medical record.

(f) A provider who administers intrusive mental health treatment according to and in
good faith reliance upon the validity of a declaration under this subdivision is held harmless
from any liability resulting from a subsequent finding of invalidity.

(g) In addition to making a declaration under this subdivision, a competent adult may
delegate parental powers under section 524.5-211 or may nominate a guardian under sections
524.5-101 to 524.5-502.

159.4 Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 253B.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Chemically dependent persons. Patients hospitalized as chemically dependent
pursuant to section 253B.04 or 253B.05 shall also be examined within 48 hours of admission.
At a minimum, the examination shall consist of a physical evaluation by facility staff
according to procedures established by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse
and an evaluation by staff knowledgeable and trained in the diagnosis of the alleged disability
related to the need for admission as a chemically dependent person.

159.11 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 253B.23, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Immunity. All persons acting in good faith, upon either actual knowledge or 159.12 information thought by them to be reliable, who act pursuant to any provision of this chapter 159.13 or who procedurally or physically assist in the commitment of any individual, pursuant to 159.14 this chapter, are not subject to any civil or criminal liability under this chapter. Any privilege 159.15 otherwise existing between patient and physician, patient and advanced practice registered 159.16 nurse, patient and registered nurse, patient and psychologist, patient and examiner, or patient 159.17 and social worker, is waived as to any physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 159.18 registered nurse, psychologist, examiner, or social worker who provides information with 159.19 respect to a patient pursuant to any provision of this chapter. 159.20

159.21 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 254A.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Program requirements. For the purpose of this section, a detoxification 159.22 program means a social rehabilitation program licensed by the Department of Human 159.23 Services under chapter 245A, and governed by the standards of Minnesota Rules, parts 159.24 9530.6510 to 9530.6590, and established for the purpose of facilitating access into care and 159.25 treatment by detoxifying and evaluating the person and providing entrance into a 159.26 comprehensive program. Evaluation of the person shall include verification by a professional, 159.27 after preliminary examination, that the person is intoxicated or has symptoms of substance 159.28 159.29 misuse or substance use disorder and appears to be in imminent danger of harming self or others. A detoxification program shall have available the services of a licensed physician 159.30 or advanced practice registered nurse for medical emergencies and routine medical 159.31 surveillance. A detoxification program licensed by the Department of Human Services to 159.32

serve both adults and minors at the same site must provide for separate sleeping areas foradults and minors.

160.3 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.9685, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Administrative reconsideration. Notwithstanding section 256B.04, 160.4 subdivision 15, the commissioner shall establish an administrative reconsideration process 160.5 for appeals of inpatient hospital services determined to be medically unnecessary. A 160.6 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or hospital may request a reconsideration of 160.7 the decision that inpatient hospital services are not medically necessary by submitting a 160.8 written request for review to the commissioner within 30 days after receiving notice of the 160.9 decision. The reconsideration process shall take place prior to the procedures of subdivision 160.10 1b and shall be conducted by the medical review agent that is independent of the case under 160.11 reconsideration. 160.12

160.13 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.9685, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Appeal of reconsideration. Notwithstanding section 256B.72, the 160.14 commissioner may recover inpatient hospital payments for services that have been determined 160.15 to be medically unnecessary after the reconsideration and determinations. A physician, 160.16 advanced practice registered nurse, or hospital may appeal the result of the reconsideration 160.17 process by submitting a written request for review to the commissioner within 30 days after 160.18 receiving notice of the action. The commissioner shall review the medical record and 160.19 information submitted during the reconsideration process and the medical review agent's 160.20 basis for the determination that the services were not medically necessary for inpatient 160.21 hospital services. The commissioner shall issue an order upholding or reversing the decision 160.22 of the reconsideration process based on the review. 160.23

160.24 Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.9685, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. Judicial review. A hospital or, physician, or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u> aggrieved by an order of the commissioner under subdivision 1b may appeal the order
to the district court of the county in which the physician, advanced practice registered nurse,
or hospital is located by:

(1) serving a written copy of a notice of appeal upon the commissioner within 30 daysafter the date the commissioner issued the order; and

(2) filing the original notice of appeal and proof of service with the court administratorof the district court. The appeal shall be treated as a dispositive motion under the Minnesota

161.1 General Rules of Practice, rule 115. The district court scope of review shall be as set forth161.2 in section 14.69.

161.3 Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.975, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. Preadmission screening activities related to nursing facility admissions. (a) 161.4 All individuals seeking admission to Medicaid-certified nursing facilities, including certified 161.5 boarding care facilities, must be screened prior to admission regardless of income, assets, 161.6 161.7 or funding sources for nursing facility care, except as described in subdivision 7b, paragraphs (a) and (b). The purpose of the screening is to determine the need for nursing facility level 161.8 of care as described in section 256B.0911, subdivision 4e, and to complete activities required 161.9 under federal law related to mental illness and developmental disability as outlined in 161.10 161.11 paragraph (b).

(b) A person who has a diagnosis or possible diagnosis of mental illness or developmental
disability must receive a preadmission screening before admission regardless of the
exemptions outlined in subdivision 7b, paragraphs (a) and (b), to identify the need for further
evaluation and specialized services, unless the admission prior to screening is authorized
by the local mental health authority or the local developmental disabilities case manager,
or unless authorized by the county agency according to Public Law 101-508.

161.18 (c) The following criteria apply to the preadmission screening:

161.19 (1) requests for preadmission screenings must be submitted via an online form developed161.20 by the commissioner;

(2) the Senior LinkAge Line must use forms and criteria developed by the commissioner
to identify persons who require referral for further evaluation and determination of the need
for specialized services; and

(3) the evaluation and determination of the need for specialized services must be doneby:

(i) a qualified independent mental health professional, for persons with a primary orsecondary diagnosis of a serious mental illness; or

(ii) a qualified developmental disability professional, for persons with a primary or
secondary diagnosis of developmental disability. For purposes of this requirement, a qualified
developmental disability professional must meet the standards for a qualified developmental
disability professional under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.430.

(d) The local county mental health authority or the state developmental disability authority
under Public Laws 100-203 and 101-508 may prohibit admission to a nursing facility if the
individual does not meet the nursing facility level of care criteria or needs specialized
services as defined in Public Laws 100-203 and 101-508. For purposes of this section,
"specialized services" for a person with developmental disability means active treatment as
that term is defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.440 (a)(1).

162.7 (e) In assessing a person's needs, the screener shall:

162.8 (1) use an automated system designated by the commissioner;

162.9 (2) consult with care transitions coordinators or, physician, or advanced practice registered
 162.10 <u>nurse</u>; and

(3) consider the assessment of the individual's physician or advanced practice registered
 <u>nurse</u>.

162.13 Other personnel may be included in the level of care determination as deemed necessary162.14 by the screener.

162.15 Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256.975, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Regional and local dementia grants.** (a) The Minnesota Board on Aging shall award competitive grants to eligible applicants for regional and local projects and initiatives targeted to a designated community, which may consist of a specific geographic area or population, to increase awareness of Alzheimer's disease and other dementias, increase the rate of cognitive testing in the population at risk for dementias, promote the benefits of early diagnosis of dementias, or connect caregivers of persons with dementia to education and resources.

162.23 (b) The project areas for grants include:

(1) local or community-based initiatives to promote the benefits of physician or advanced
 practice registered nurse consultations for all individuals who suspect a memory or cognitive
 problem;

(2) local or community-based initiatives to promote the benefits of early diagnosis ofAlzheimer's disease and other dementias; and

(3) local or community-based initiatives to provide informational materials and otherresources to caregivers of persons with dementia.

163.1 (c) Eligible applicants for local and regional grants may include, but are not limited to,

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163.2 community health boards, school districts, colleges and universities, community clinics,

163.3 tribal communities, nonprofit organizations, and other health care organizations.

163.4 (d) Applicants must:

163.5 (1) describe the proposed initiative, including the targeted community and how the163.6 initiative meets the requirements of this subdivision; and

163.7 (2) identify the proposed outcomes of the initiative and the evaluation process to be used163.8 to measure these outcomes.

(e) In awarding the regional and local dementia grants, the Minnesota Board on Aging
must give priority to applicants who demonstrate that the proposed project:

163.11 (1) is supported by and appropriately targeted to the community the applicant serves;

(2) is designed to coordinate with other community activities related to other healthinitiatives, particularly those initiatives targeted at the elderly;

163.14 (3) is conducted by an applicant able to demonstrate expertise in the project areas;

(4) utilizes and enhances existing activities and resources or involves innovativeapproaches to achieve success in the project areas; and

163.17 (5) strengthens community relationships and partnerships in order to achieve the project163.18 areas.

(f) The board shall divide the state into specific geographic regions and allocate a
percentage of the money available for the local and regional dementia grants to projects or
initiatives aimed at each geographic region.

(g) The board shall award any available grants by January 1, 2016, and each July 1thereafter.

(h) Each grant recipient shall report to the board on the progress of the initiative at least
once during the grant period, and within two months of the end of the grant period shall
submit a final report to the board that includes the outcome results.

163.27 (i) The Minnesota Board on Aging shall:

(1) develop the criteria and procedures to allocate the grants under this subdivision,
evaluate all applicants on a competitive basis and award the grants, and select qualified
providers to offer technical assistance to grant applicants and grantees. The selected provider

shall provide applicants and grantees assistance with project design, evaluation methods,materials, and training; and

(2) submit by January 15, 2017, and on each January 15 thereafter, a progress report on
the dementia grants programs under this subdivision to the chairs and ranking minority
members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions with jurisdiction
over health finance and policy. The report shall include:

164.7 (i) information on each grant recipient;

164.8 (ii) a summary of all projects or initiatives undertaken with each grant;

(iii) the measurable outcomes established by each grantee, an explanation of the
evaluation process used to determine whether the outcomes were met, and the results of the
evaluation; and

164.12 (iv) an accounting of how the grant funds were spent.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.04, subdivision 14a, is amended to read: 164.13 Subd. 14a. Level of need determination. Nonemergency medical transportation level 164.14 164.15 of need determinations must be performed by a physician, a registered nurse working under direct supervision of a physician, a physician assistant, a nurse practitioner an advanced 164.16 practice registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or a discharge planner. Nonemergency 164.17 medical transportation level of need determinations must not be performed more than 164.18 annually on any individual, unless the individual's circumstances have sufficiently changed 164.19 so as to require a new level of need determination. Individuals residing in licensed nursing 164.20 facilities are exempt from a level of need determination and are eligible for special 164.21 transportation services until the individual no longer resides in a licensed nursing facility. 164.22 If a person authorized by this subdivision to perform a level of need determination determines 164.23 that an individual requires stretcher transportation, the individual is presumed to maintain 164.24 that level of need until otherwise determined by a person authorized to perform a level of 164.25 need determination, or for six months, whichever is sooner. 164.26

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.043, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Access to care. (a) The commissioners of human services and health, as part of their ongoing duties, shall consider the adequacy of the current system of community health clinics and centers both statewide and in urban areas with significant disparities in health status and access to services across racial and ethnic groups, including:

164.32 (1) methods to provide 24-hour availability of care through the clinics and centers;

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(2) methods to expand the availability of care through the clinics and centers;

- (3) the use of grants to expand the number of clinics and centers, the services provided,and the availability of care; and
- (4) the extent to which increased use of physician assistants, <u>nurse practitioners advanced</u>
 practice registered nurses, medical residents and interns, and other allied health professionals
 in clinics and centers would increase the availability of services.
- 165.7 (b) The commissioners shall make departmental modifications and legislative

165.8 recommendations as appropriate on the basis of their considerations under paragraph (a).

165.9 Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.055, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Children with disabilities. (a) A person is eligible for medical assistance if 165.10 the person is under age 19 and qualifies as a disabled individual under United States Code, 165.11 title 42, section 1382c(a), and would be eligible for medical assistance under the state plan 165.12 165.13 if residing in a medical institution, and the child requires a level of care provided in a hospital, nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities, 165 14 for whom home care is appropriate, provided that the cost to medical assistance under this 165.15 section is not more than the amount that medical assistance would pay for if the child resides 165.16 in an institution. After the child is determined to be eligible under this section, the 165.17 commissioner shall review the child's disability under United States Code, title 42, section 165.18 1382c(a) and level of care defined under this section no more often than annually and may 165.19 elect, based on the recommendation of health care professionals under contract with the 165.20 state medical review team, to extend the review of disability and level of care up to a 165.21 maximum of four years. The commissioner's decision on the frequency of continuing review 165.22 of disability and level of care is not subject to administrative appeal under section 256.045. 165.23 The county agency shall send a notice of disability review to the enrollee six months prior 165.24 165.25 to the date the recertification of disability is due. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as affecting other redeterminations of medical assistance eligibility under this 165.26 chapter and annual cost-effective reviews under this section. 165.27

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "hospital" means an institution as defined in section 144.696, subdivision 3, 144.55, subdivision 3, or Minnesota Rules, part 4640.3600, and licensed pursuant to sections 144.50 to 144.58. For purposes of this subdivision, a child requires a level of care provided in a hospital if the child is determined by the commissioner to need an extensive array of health services, including mental health services, for an undetermined period of time, whose health condition requires frequent monitoring and treatment by a health care professional or by a person supervised by a health care professional, who would reside in a hospital or require frequent hospitalization if these
services were not provided, and the daily care needs are more complex than a nursing facility
level of care.

A child with serious emotional disturbance requires a level of care provided in a hospital 166.4 if the commissioner determines that the individual requires 24-hour supervision because 166.5 the person exhibits recurrent or frequent suicidal or homicidal ideation or behavior, recurrent 166.6 or frequent psychosomatic disorders or somatopsychic disorders that may become life 166.7 166.8 threatening, recurrent or frequent severe socially unacceptable behavior associated with psychiatric disorder, ongoing and chronic psychosis or severe, ongoing and chronic 166.9 developmental problems requiring continuous skilled observation, or severe disabling 166.10 symptoms for which office-centered outpatient treatment is not adequate, and which overall 166.11 severely impact the individual's ability to function. 166.12

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "nursing facility" means a facility which provides 166.13 nursing care as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 5, licensed pursuant to sections 166.14 144A.02 to 144A.10, which is appropriate if a person is in active restorative treatment; is 166.15 in need of special treatments provided or supervised by a licensed nurse; or has unpredictable 166.16 episodes of active disease processes requiring immediate judgment by a licensed nurse. For 166.17 purposes of this subdivision, a child requires the level of care provided in a nursing facility 166.18 if the child is determined by the commissioner to meet the requirements of the preadmission 166.19 screening assessment document under section 256B.0911, adjusted to address age-appropriate 166.20 standards for children age 18 and under. 166.21

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "intermediate care facility for persons with 166.22 developmental disabilities" or "ICF/DD" means a program licensed to provide services to 166.23 persons with developmental disabilities under section 252.28, and chapter 245A, and a 166.24 physical plant licensed as a supervised living facility under chapter 144, which together are 166.25 certified by the Minnesota Department of Health as meeting the standards in Code of Federal 166.26 Regulations, title 42, part 483, for an intermediate care facility which provides services for 166.27 persons with developmental disabilities who require 24-hour supervision and active treatment 166.28 for medical, behavioral, or habilitation needs. For purposes of this subdivision, a child 166.29 requires a level of care provided in an ICF/DD if the commissioner finds that the child has 166.30 a developmental disability in accordance with section 256B.092, is in need of a 24-hour 166.31 plan of care and active treatment similar to persons with developmental disabilities, and 166.32 there is a reasonable indication that the child will need ICF/DD services. 166.33

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, a person requires the level of care provided in a
 nursing facility if the person requires 24-hour monitoring or supervision and a plan of mental

health treatment because of specific symptoms or functional impairments associated with
a serious mental illness or disorder diagnosis, which meet severity criteria for mental health
established by the commissioner and published in March 1997 as the Minnesota Mental
Health Level of Care for Children and Adolescents with Severe Emotional Disorders.

(f) The determination of the level of care needed by the child shall be made by the
commissioner based on information supplied to the commissioner by the parent or guardian,
the child's physician or physicians or advanced practice registered nurse or advanced practice
registered nurses, and other professionals as requested by the commissioner. The
commissioner shall establish a screening team to conduct the level of care determinations
according to this subdivision.

167.11 (g) If a child meets the conditions in paragraph (b), (c), (d), or (e), the commissioner167.12 must assess the case to determine whether:

(1) the child qualifies as a disabled individual under United States Code, title 42, section
1382c(a), and would be eligible for medical assistance if residing in a medical institution;
and

(2) the cost of medical assistance services for the child, if eligible under this subdivision,
would not be more than the cost to medical assistance if the child resides in a medical
institution to be determined as follows:

(i) for a child who requires a level of care provided in an ICF/DD, the cost of care for
the child in an institution shall be determined using the average payment rate established
for the regional treatment centers that are certified as ICF's/DD;

(ii) for a child who requires a level of care provided in an inpatient hospital setting
according to paragraph (b), cost-effectiveness shall be determined according to Minnesota
Rules, part 9505.3520, items F and G; and

(iii) for a child who requires a level of care provided in a nursing facility according to
paragraph (c) or (e), cost-effectiveness shall be determined according to Minnesota Rules,
part 9505.3040, except that the nursing facility average rate shall be adjusted to reflect rates
which would be paid for children under age 16. The commissioner may authorize an amount
up to the amount medical assistance would pay for a child referred to the commissioner by
the preadmission screening team under section 256B.0911.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0622, subdivision 2b, is amended toread:

Subd. 2b. Continuing stay and discharge criteria for assertive community
treatment. (a) A client receiving assertive community treatment is eligible to continue
receiving services if:

168.6 (1) the client has not achieved the desired outcomes of their individual treatment plan;

168.7 (2) the client's level of functioning has not been restored, improved, or sustained over168.8 the time frame outlined in the individual treatment plan;

(3) the client continues to be at risk for relapse based on current clinical assessment,history, or the tenuous nature of the functional gains; or

(4) the client is functioning effectively with this service and discharge would otherwisebe indicated but without continued services the client's functioning would decline; and

168.13 (5) one of the following must also apply:

(i) the client has achieved current individual treatment plan goals but additional goalsare indicated as evidenced by documented symptoms;

(ii) the client is making satisfactory progress toward meeting goals and there is
documentation that supports that continuation of this service shall be effective in addressing
the goals outlined in the individual treatment plan;

(iii) the client is making progress, but the specific interventions in the individual treatment
plan need to be modified so that greater gains, which are consistent with the client's potential
level of functioning, are possible; or

(iv) the client fails to make progress or demonstrates regression in meeting goals throughthe interventions outlined in the individual treatment plan.

(b) Clients receiving assertive community treatment are eligible to be discharged if they
 meet at least one of the following criteria:

(1) the client and the ACT team determine that assertive community treatment services
are no longer needed based on the attainment of goals as identified in the individual treatment
plan and a less intensive level of care would adequately address current goals;

(2) the client moves out of the ACT team's service area and the ACT team has facilitated
the referral to either a new ACT team or other appropriate mental health service and has
assisted the individual in the transition process;

(3) the client, or the client's legal guardian when applicable, chooses to withdraw from
assertive community treatment services and documented attempts by the ACT team to
re-engage the client with the service have not been successful;

(4) the client has a demonstrated need for a medical nursing home placement lasting
more than three months, as determined by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse;

(5) the client is hospitalized, in residential treatment, or in jail for a period of greater
than three months. However, the ACT team must make provisions for the client to return
to the ACT team upon their discharge or release from the hospital or jail if the client still
meets eligibility criteria for assertive community treatment and the team is not at full capacity;

(6) the ACT team is unable to locate, contact, and engage the client for a period of greaterthan three months after persistent efforts by the ACT team to locate the client; or

(7) the client requests a discharge, despite repeated and proactive efforts by the ACT
team to engage the client in service planning. The ACT team must develop a transition plan
to arrange for alternate treatment for clients in this situation who have a history of suicide
attempts, assault, or forensic involvement.

(c) For all clients who are discharged from assertive community treatment to another
service provider within the ACT team's service area there is a three-month transfer period,
from the date of discharge, during which a client who does not adjust well to the new service,
may voluntarily return to the ACT team. During this period, the ACT team must maintain
contact with the client's new service provider.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0623, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings
given them.

(a) "Adult rehabilitative mental health services" means mental health services which are
rehabilitative and enable the recipient to develop and enhance psychiatric stability, social
competencies, personal and emotional adjustment, independent living, parenting skills, and
community skills, when these abilities are impaired by the symptoms of mental illness.
Adult rehabilitative mental health services are also appropriate when provided to enable a
recipient to retain stability and functioning, if the recipient would be at risk of significant
functional decompensation or more restrictive service settings without these services.

(1) Adult rehabilitative mental health services instruct, assist, and support the recipient
 in areas such as: interpersonal communication skills, community resource utilization and
 integration skills, crisis assistance, relapse prevention skills, health care directives, budgeting

and shopping skills, healthy lifestyle skills and practices, cooking and nutrition skills,
transportation skills, medication education and monitoring, mental illness symptom
management skills, household management skills, employment-related skills, parenting
skills, and transition to community living services.

(2) These services shall be provided to the recipient on a one-to-one basis in the recipient's
home or another community setting or in groups.

(b) "Medication education services" means services provided individually or in groups
which focus on educating the recipient about mental illness and symptoms; the role and
effects of medications in treating symptoms of mental illness; and the side effects of
medications. Medication education is coordinated with medication management services
and does not duplicate it. Medication education services are provided by physicians, <u>advanced</u>
practice registered nurses, pharmacists, physician assistants, or registered nurses.

(c) "Transition to community living services" means services which maintain continuity
of contact between the rehabilitation services provider and the recipient and which facilitate
discharge from a hospital, residential treatment program under Minnesota Rules, chapter
9505, board and lodging facility, or nursing home. Transition to community living services
are not intended to provide other areas of adult rehabilitative mental health services.

Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 12, is amended toread:

Subd. 12. Eyeglasses, dentures, and prosthetic devices. (a) Medical assistance covers
eyeglasses, dentures, and prosthetic <u>and orthotic devices if prescribed by a licensed</u>
practitioner.

(b) For purposes of prescribing prosthetic and orthotic devices, "licensed practitioner"
 includes a physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a podiatrist.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13, is
amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Drugs.** (a) Medical assistance covers drugs, except for fertility drugs when specifically used to enhance fertility, if prescribed by a licensed practitioner and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist, by a physician enrolled in the medical assistance program as a dispensing physician, or by a physician, <u>a physician assistant</u>, or <u>a nurse practitioner an</u> advanced practice registered nurse employed by or under contract with a community health

board as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, for the purposes of communicabledisease control.

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(b) The dispensed quantity of a prescription drug must not exceed a 34-day supply,
unless authorized by the commissioner.

171.5 (c) For the purpose of this subdivision and subdivision 13d, an "active pharmaceutical ingredient" is defined as a substance that is represented for use in a drug and when used in 171.6 the manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug becomes an active ingredient of the 171.7 drug product. An "excipient" is defined as an inert substance used as a diluent or vehicle 171.8 for a drug. The commissioner shall establish a list of active pharmaceutical ingredients and 171.9 171.10 excipients which are included in the medical assistance formulary. Medical assistance covers selected active pharmaceutical ingredients and excipients used in compounded prescriptions 171.11 when the compounded combination is specifically approved by the commissioner or when 171.12 a commercially available product: 171.13

171.14 (1) is not a therapeutic option for the patient;

(2) does not exist in the same combination of active ingredients in the same strengthsas the compounded prescription; and

(3) cannot be used in place of the active pharmaceutical ingredient in the compoundedprescription.

(d) Medical assistance covers the following over-the-counter drugs when prescribed by 171.19 a licensed practitioner or by a licensed pharmacist who meets standards established by the 171.20 commissioner, in consultation with the board of pharmacy: antacids, acetaminophen, family 171.21 planning products, aspirin, insulin, products for the treatment of lice, vitamins for adults 171.22 with documented vitamin deficiencies, vitamins for children under the age of seven and 171.23 pregnant or nursing women, and any other over-the-counter drug identified by the 171.24 commissioner, in consultation with the Formulary Committee, as necessary, appropriate, 171.25 and cost-effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions, or 171.26 disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14. A 171.27 pharmacist may prescribe over-the-counter medications as provided under this paragraph 171.28 for purposes of receiving reimbursement under Medicaid. When prescribing over-the-counter 171.29 drugs under this paragraph, licensed pharmacists must consult with the recipient to determine 171.30 necessity, provide drug counseling, review drug therapy for potential adverse interactions, 171.31 and make referrals as needed to other health care professionals. 171.32

(e) Effective January 1, 2006, medical assistance shall not cover drugs that are coverable
under Medicare Part D as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and

Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-2(e), for individuals eligible
for drug coverage as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and
Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-1(a)(3)(A). For these
individuals, medical assistance may cover drugs from the drug classes listed in United States
Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2), subject to this subdivision and subdivisions 13a to
13g, except that drugs listed in United States Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2)(E), shall
not be covered.

(f) Medical assistance covers drugs acquired through the federal 340B Drug Pricing
Program and dispensed by 340B covered entities and ambulatory pharmacies under common
ownership of the 340B covered entity. Medical assistance does not cover drugs acquired
through the federal 340B Drug Pricing Program and dispensed by 340B contract pharmacies.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, is
amended to read:

Subd. 17. Transportation costs. (a) "Nonemergency medical transportation service"
means motor vehicle transportation provided by a public or private person that serves
Minnesota health care program beneficiaries who do not require emergency ambulance
service, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 3, to obtain covered medical services.

(b) Medical assistance covers medical transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining
emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by eligible persons in obtaining
emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company,
nonemergency medical transportation company, or other recognized providers of
transportation services. Medical transportation must be provided by:

(1) nonemergency medical transportation providers who meet the requirements of thissubdivision;

172.25 (2) ambulances, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 2;

172.26 (3) taxicabs that meet the requirements of this subdivision;

172.27 (4) public transit, as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 7; or

172.28 (5) not-for-hire vehicles, including volunteer drivers.

172.29 (c) Medical assistance covers nonemergency medical transportation provided by

172.30 nonemergency medical transportation providers enrolled in the Minnesota health care

172.31 programs. All nonemergency medical transportation providers must comply with the

172.32 operating standards for special transportation service as defined in sections 174.29 to 174.30

and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840, and all drivers must be individually enrolled with the 173.1 commissioner and reported on the claim as the individual who provided the service. All 173.2 173.3 nonemergency medical transportation providers shall bill for nonemergency medical transportation services in accordance with Minnesota health care programs criteria. Publicly 173.4 operated transit systems, volunteers, and not-for-hire vehicles are exempt from the 173.5 requirements outlined in this paragraph. 173.6 (d) An organization may be terminated, denied, or suspended from enrollment if: 173.7 (1) the provider has not initiated background studies on the individuals specified in 173.8 section 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3); or 173.9 (2) the provider has initiated background studies on the individuals specified in section 173.10 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), and: 173.11 (i) the commissioner has sent the provider a notice that the individual has been 173.12 disqualified under section 245C.14; and 173.13 (ii) the individual has not received a disqualification set-aside specific to the special 173.14 transportation services provider under sections 245C.22 and 245C.23. 173.15 (e) The administrative agency of nonemergency medical transportation must: 173.16 (1) adhere to the policies defined by the commissioner in consultation with the 173.17 Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee; 173.18 (2) pay nonemergency medical transportation providers for services provided to 173.19 Minnesota health care programs beneficiaries to obtain covered medical services; 173.20 (3) provide data monthly to the commissioner on appeals, complaints, no-shows, canceled 173.21 trips, and number of trips by mode; and 173.22 (4) by July 1, 2016, in accordance with subdivision 18e, utilize a web-based single 173.23 administrative structure assessment tool that meets the technical requirements established 173.24 by the commissioner, reconciles trip information with claims being submitted by providers, 173.25 and ensures prompt payment for nonemergency medical transportation services. 173.26 173.27 (f) Until the commissioner implements the single administrative structure and delivery system under subdivision 18e, clients shall obtain their level-of-service certificate from the 173.28 commissioner or an entity approved by the commissioner that does not dispatch rides for 173.29

173.30 clients using modes of transportation under paragraph (i), clauses (4), (5), (6), and (7).

(g) The commissioner may use an order by the recipient's attending physician, advanced
 practice registered nurse, or a medical or mental health professional to certify that the

recipient requires nonemergency medical transportation services. Nonemergency medical transportation providers shall perform driver-assisted services for eligible individuals, when appropriate. Driver-assisted service includes passenger pickup at and return to the individual's residence or place of business, assistance with admittance of the individual to the medical facility, and assistance in passenger securement or in securing of wheelchairs, child seats, or stretchers in the vehicle.

Nonemergency medical transportation providers must take clients to the health care provider using the most direct route, and must not exceed 30 miles for a trip to a primary care provider or 60 miles for a trip to a specialty care provider, unless the client receives authorization from the local agency.

Nonemergency medical transportation providers may not bill for separate base rates for
the continuation of a trip beyond the original destination. Nonemergency medical
transportation providers must maintain trip logs, which include pickup and drop-off times,
signed by the medical provider or client, whichever is deemed most appropriate, attesting
to mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services. Clients requesting client mileage
reimbursement must sign the trip log attesting mileage traveled to obtain covered medical

(h) The administrative agency shall use the level of service process established by the
commissioner in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory
Committee to determine the client's most appropriate mode of transportation. If public transit
or a certified transportation provider is not available to provide the appropriate service mode
for the client, the client may receive a onetime service upgrade.

174.23 (i) The covered modes of transportation are:

(1) client reimbursement, which includes client mileage reimbursement provided to
clients who have their own transportation, or to family or an acquaintance who provides
transportation to the client;

(2) volunteer transport, which includes transportation by volunteers using their ownvehicle;

(3) unassisted transport, which includes transportation provided to a client by a taxicab
or public transit. If a taxicab or public transit is not available, the client can receive
transportation from another nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(4) assisted transport, which includes transport provided to clients who require assistance
by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(5) lift-equipped/ramp transport, which includes transport provided to a client who is
dependent on a device and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with
a vehicle containing a lift or ramp;

(6) protected transport, which includes transport provided to a client who has received
a prescreening that has deemed other forms of transportation inappropriate and who requires
a provider: (i) with a protected vehicle that is not an ambulance or police car and has safety
locks, a video recorder, and a transparent thermoplastic partition between the passenger and
the vehicle driver; and (ii) who is certified as a protected transport provider; and

(7) stretcher transport, which includes transport for a client in a prone or supine position
and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle that can transport
a client in a prone or supine position.

(j) The local agency shall be the single administrative agency and shall administer and reimburse for modes defined in paragraph (i) according to paragraphs (m) and (n) when the commissioner has developed, made available, and funded the web-based single administrative structure, assessment tool, and level of need assessment under subdivision 18e. The local agency's financial obligation is limited to funds provided by the state or federal government.

175.17 (k) The commissioner shall:

(1) in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee,
verify that the mode and use of nonemergency medical transportation is appropriate;

175.20 (2) verify that the client is going to an approved medical appointment; and

175.21 (3) investigate all complaints and appeals.

(1) The administrative agency shall pay for the services provided in this subdivision and
seek reimbursement from the commissioner, if appropriate. As vendors of medical care,
local agencies are subject to the provisions in section 256B.041, the sanctions and monetary
recovery actions in section 256B.064, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.

(m) Payments for nonemergency medical transportation must be paid based on the client's
assessed mode under paragraph (h), not the type of vehicle used to provide the service. The
medical assistance reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services
that are payable by or on behalf of the commissioner for nonemergency medical

175.30 transportation services are:

175.31 (1) \$0.22 per mile for client reimbursement;

(2) up to 100 percent of the Internal Revenue Service business deduction rate for volunteer
transport;

(3) equivalent to the standard fare for unassisted transport when provided by public
transit, and \$11 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile when provided by a nonemergency
medical transportation provider;

176.6 (4) \$13 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile for assisted transport;

176.7 (5) \$18 for the base rate and \$1.55 per mile for lift-equipped/ramp transport;

176.8 (6) \$75 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for protected transport; and

(7) \$60 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for stretcher transport, and \$9 per trip foran additional attendant if deemed medically necessary.

(n) The base rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined
under RUCA to be super rural is equal to 111.3 percent of the respective base rate in
paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7). The mileage rate for nonemergency medical transportation
services in areas defined under RUCA to be rural or super rural areas is:

(1) for a trip equal to 17 miles or less, equal to 125 percent of the respective mileagerate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7); and

(2) for a trip between 18 and 50 miles, equal to 112.5 percent of the respective mileagerate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7).

(o) For purposes of reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation
services under paragraphs (m) and (n), the zip code of the recipient's place of residence
shall determine whether the urban, rural, or super rural reimbursement rate applies.

(p) For purposes of this subdivision, "rural urban commuting area" or "RUCA" means
a census-tract based classification system under which a geographical area is determined
to be urban, rural, or super rural.

(q) The commissioner, when determining reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical
transportation under paragraphs (m) and (n), shall exempt all modes of transportation listed
under paragraph (i) from Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0445, item R, subitem (2).

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 26, is amended toread:

Subd. 26. Special education services. (a) Medical assistance covers evaluations necessary
in making a determination for eligibility for individualized education program and

individualized family service plan services and for medical services identified in a recipient's 177.1 individualized education program and individualized family service plan and covered under 177.2 the medical assistance state plan. Covered services include occupational therapy, physical 177.3 therapy, speech-language therapy, clinical psychological services, nursing services, school 177.4 psychological services, school social work services, personal care assistants serving as 177.5 management aides, assistive technology devices, transportation services, health assessments, 177.6 and other services covered under the medical assistance state plan. Mental health services 177.7 177.8 eligible for medical assistance reimbursement must be provided or coordinated through a children's mental health collaborative where a collaborative exists if the child is included 177.9 in the collaborative operational target population. The provision or coordination of services 177.10 does not require that the individualized education program be developed by the collaborative. 177.11

The services may be provided by a Minnesota school district that is enrolled as a medical 177.12 assistance provider or its subcontractor, and only if the services meet all the requirements 177.13 otherwise applicable if the service had been provided by a provider other than a school 177.14 district, in the following areas: medical necessity, physician's or advanced practice registered 177.15 nurse's orders, documentation, personnel qualifications, and prior authorization requirements. 177.16 The nonfederal share of costs for services provided under this subdivision is the responsibility 177.17 of the local school district as provided in section 125A.74. Services listed in a child's 177.18 individualized education program are eligible for medical assistance reimbursement only 177.19 if those services meet criteria for federal financial participation under the Medicaid program. 177.20

(b) Approval of health-related services for inclusion in the individualized education
program does not require prior authorization for purposes of reimbursement under this
chapter. The commissioner may require physician or advanced practice registered nurse
review and approval of the plan not more than once annually or upon any modification of
the individualized education program that reflects a change in health-related services.

(c) Services of a speech-language pathologist provided under this section are covered
notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0390, subpart 1, item L, if the person:

177.28 (1) holds a masters degree in speech-language pathology;

(2) is licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board as an
educational speech-language pathologist; and

(3) either has a certificate of clinical competence from the American Speech and Hearing
Association, has completed the equivalent educational requirements and work experience
necessary for the certificate or has completed the academic program and is acquiring
supervised work experience to qualify for the certificate.

(d) Medical assistance coverage for medically necessary services provided under other
 subdivisions in this section may not be denied solely on the basis that the same or similar
 services are covered under this subdivision.

(e) The commissioner shall develop and implement package rates, bundled rates, or per
 diem rates for special education services under which separately covered services are grouped
 together and billed as a unit in order to reduce administrative complexity.

(f) The commissioner shall develop a cost-based payment structure for payment of these 178.7 services. Only costs reported through the designated Minnesota Department of Education 178.8data systems in distinct service categories qualify for inclusion in the cost-based payment 178.9 structure. The commissioner shall reimburse claims submitted based on an interim rate, and 178.10 shall settle at a final rate once the department has determined it. The commissioner shall 178.11 notify the school district of the final rate. The school district has 60 days to appeal the final 178.12 rate. To appeal the final rate, the school district shall file a written appeal request to the 178.13 commissioner within 60 days of the date the final rate determination was mailed. The appeal 178.14 request shall specify (1) the disputed items and (2) the name and address of the person to 178.15 contact regarding the appeal. 178.16

(g) Effective July 1, 2000, medical assistance services provided under an individualized
 education program or an individual family service plan by local school districts shall not
 count against medical assistance authorization thresholds for that child.

(h) Nursing services as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 15, and provided as an 178.20 individualized education program health-related service, are eligible for medical assistance 178.21 payment if they are otherwise a covered service under the medical assistance program. 178.22 Medical assistance covers the administration of prescription medications by a licensed nurse 178.23 who is employed by or under contract with a school district when the administration of 178.24 medications is identified in the child's individualized education program. The simple 178.25 administration of medications alone is not covered under medical assistance when 178.26 administered by a provider other than a school district or when it is not identified in the 178.27 child's individualized education program. 178.28

Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0625, subdivision 28, is amended toread:

178.31 Subd. 28. Certified nurse practitioner Advanced practice registered nurse

178.32 **services.** Medical assistance covers services performed by a certified pediatric nurse

178.33 practitioner advanced practice registered nurse, a certified family nurse practitioner advanced

178.34 practice registered nurse, a certified adult nurse practitioner advanced practice registered

179.1 <u>nurse</u>, a certified obstetric/gynecological nurse practitioner advanced practice registered

179.2 <u>nurse</u>, a certified neonatal nurse practitioner advanced practice registered nurse</u>, or a certified

179.3 geriatric nurse practitioner advanced practice registered nurse in independent practice, if:

(1) the service provided on an inpatient basis is not included as part of the cost for
inpatient services included in the operating payment rate;

179.6 (2) the service is otherwise covered under this chapter as a physician service; and

(3) the service is within the scope of practice of the <u>nurse practitioner's advanced practice</u>
registered nurse's license as a registered nurse, as defined in section 148.171.

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 60a, isamended to read:

179.11 Subd. 60a. **Community emergency medical technician services.** (a) Medical assistance 179.12 covers services provided by a community emergency medical technician (CEMT) who is 179.13 certified under section 144E.275, subdivision 7, when the services are provided in accordance 179.14 with this subdivision.

(b) A CEMT may provide a postdischarge visit, after discharge from a hospital or skilled
nursing facility, when ordered by a treating physician or advanced practice registered nurse.
The postdischarge visit includes:

179.18 (1) verbal or visual reminders of discharge orders;

(2) recording and reporting of vital signs to the patient's primary care provider;

- 179.20 (3) medication access confirmation;
- 179.21 (4) food access confirmation; and

179.22 (5) identification of home hazards.

(c) An individual who has repeat ambulance calls due to falls or has been identified by
the individual's primary care provider as at risk for nursing home placement, may receive
a safety evaluation visit from a CEMT when ordered by a primary care provider in accordance
with the individual's care plan. A safety evaluation visit includes:

- 179.27 (1) medication access confirmation;
- 179.28 (2) food access confirmation; and
- (3) identification of home hazards.

(d) A CEMT shall be paid at \$9.75 per 15-minute increment. A safety evaluation visit
may not be billed for the same day as a postdischarge visit for the same individual.

180.3 Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0654, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Complex home care nursing" means home care nursing services provided to recipients who meet the criteria for regular home care nursing and require life-sustaining interventions to reduce the risk of long-term injury or death.

(b) "Home care nursing" means ongoing physician-ordered hourly nursing ordered by
<u>a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and</u> services performed by a registered
nurse or licensed practical nurse within the scope of practice as defined by the Minnesota
Nurse Practice Act under sections 148.171 to 148.285, in order to maintain or restore a
person's health.

(c) "Home care nursing agency" means a medical assistance enrolled provider licensedunder chapter 144A to provide home care nursing services.

180.14 (d) "Regular home care nursing" means home care nursing provided because:

(1) the recipient requires more individual and continuous care than can be providedduring a skilled nurse visit; or

(2) the cares are outside of the scope of services that can be provided by a home healthaide or personal care assistant.

(e) "Shared home care nursing" means the provision of home care nursing services bya home care nurse to two recipients at the same time and in the same setting.

180.21 Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0654, subdivision 2a, is amended to180.22 read:

180.23 Subd. 2a. Home care nursing services. (a) Home care nursing services must be used:

180.24 (1) in the recipient's home or outside the home when normal life activities require;

(2) when the recipient requires more individual and continuous care than can be providedduring a skilled nurse visit; and

(3) when the care required is outside of the scope of services that can be provided by ahome health aide or personal care assistant.

180.29 (b) Home care nursing services must be:

180.30 (1) assessed by a registered nurse on a form approved by the commissioner;

- (2) ordered by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse and documented in a
 plan of care that is reviewed by the physician at least once every 60 days; and
- 181.3 (3) authorized by the commissioner under section 256B.0652.

181.4 Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0654, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Shared home care nursing option. (a) Medical assistance payments for shared
home care nursing services by a home care nurse shall be limited according to this
subdivision. Unless otherwise provided in this subdivision, all other statutory and regulatory
provisions relating to home care nursing services apply to shared home care nursing services.
Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to reduce the total number of home care
nursing hours authorized for an individual recipient.

(b) Shared home care nursing is the provision of nursing services by a home care nurse
to two medical assistance eligible recipients at the same time and in the same setting. This
subdivision does not apply when a home care nurse is caring for multiple recipients in more
than one setting.

181.15 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "setting" means:

(1) the home residence or foster care home of one of the individual recipients as definedin section 256B.0651;

181.18 (2) a child care program licensed under chapter 245A or operated by a local school181.19 district or private school;

181.20 (3) an adult day care service licensed under chapter 245A; or

(4) outside the home residence or foster care home of one of the recipients when normallife activities take the recipients outside the home.

(d) The home care nursing agency must offer the recipient the option of shared or
one-on-one home care nursing services. The recipient may withdraw from participating in
a shared service arrangement at any time.

(e) The recipient or the recipient's legal representative, and the recipient's physician or
 advanced practice registered nurse, in conjunction with the home care nursing agency, shall
 determine:

(1) whether shared home care nursing care is an appropriate option based on the individualneeds and preferences of the recipient; and

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(2) the amount of shared home care nursing services authorized as part of the overallauthorization of nursing services.

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(f) The recipient or the recipient's legal representative, in conjunction with the home care nursing agency, shall approve the setting, grouping, and arrangement of shared home care nursing care based on the individual needs and preferences of the recipients. Decisions on the selection of recipients to share services must be based on the ages of the recipients, compatibility, and coordination of their care needs.

(g) The following items must be considered by the recipient or the recipient's legal
representative and the home care nursing agency, and documented in the recipient's health
service record:

(1) the additional training needed by the home care nurse to provide care to two recipients
in the same setting and to ensure that the needs of the recipients are met appropriately and
safely;

182.14 (2) the setting in which the shared home care nursing care will be provided;

(3) the ongoing monitoring and evaluation of the effectiveness and appropriateness ofthe service and process used to make changes in service or setting;

(4) a contingency plan which accounts for absence of the recipient in a shared homecare nursing setting due to illness or other circumstances;

182.19 (5) staffing backup contingencies in the event of employee illness or absence; and

(6) arrangements for additional assistance to respond to urgent or emergency care needsof the recipients.

(h) The documentation for shared home care nursing must be on a form approved by
the commissioner for each individual recipient sharing home care nursing. The documentation
must be part of the recipient's health service record and include:

(1) permission by the recipient or the recipient's legal representative for the maximum
 number of shared nursing hours per week chosen by the recipient and permission for shared
 home care nursing services provided in and outside the recipient's home residence;

(2) revocation by the recipient or the recipient's legal representative for the shared home
care nursing permission, or services provided to others in and outside the recipient's
residence; and

(3) daily documentation of the shared home care nursing services provided by eachidentified home care nurse, including:

(i) the names of each recipient receiving shared home care nursing services;

(ii) the setting for the shared services, including the starting and ending times that therecipient received shared home care nursing care; and

(iii) notes by the home care nurse regarding changes in the recipient's condition, problems
that may arise from the sharing of home care nursing services, and scheduling and care
issues.

(i) The commissioner shall provide a rate methodology for shared home care nursing.
For two persons sharing nursing care, the rate paid to a provider must not exceed 1.5 times
the regular home care nursing rates paid for serving a single individual by a registered nurse
or licensed practical nurse. These rates apply only to situations in which both recipients are
present and receive shared home care nursing care on the date for which the service is billed.

183.12 Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0654, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Hardship criteria; home care nursing. (a) Payment is allowed for extraordinary
services that require specialized nursing skills and are provided by parents of minor children,
family foster parents, spouses, and legal guardians who are providing home care nursing
care under the following conditions:

(1) the provision of these services is not legally required of the parents, spouses, or legalguardians;

183.19 (2) the services are necessary to prevent hospitalization of the recipient; and

(3) the recipient is eligible for state plan home care or a home and community-basedwaiver and one of the following hardship criteria are met:

(i) the parent, spouse, or legal guardian resigns from a part-time or full-time job toprovide nursing care for the recipient;

(ii) the parent, spouse, or legal guardian goes from a full-time to a part-time job withless compensation to provide nursing care for the recipient;

(iii) the parent, spouse, or legal guardian takes a leave of absence without pay to providenursing care for the recipient; or

(iv) because of labor conditions, special language needs, or intermittent hours of care
needed, the parent, spouse, or legal guardian is needed in order to provide adequate home
care nursing services to meet the medical needs of the recipient.

(b) Home care nursing may be provided by a parent, spouse, family foster parent, or 184.1 legal guardian who is a nurse licensed in Minnesota. Home care nursing services provided 184.2 by a parent, spouse, family foster parent, or legal guardian cannot be used in lieu of nursing 184.3 services covered and available under liable third-party payors, including Medicare. The 184.4 home care nursing provided by a parent, spouse, family foster parent, or legal guardian must 184.5 be included in the service agreement. Authorized nursing services for a single recipient or 184.6 recipients with the same residence and provided by the parent, spouse, family foster parent, 184.7 184.8 or legal guardian may not exceed 50 percent of the total approved nursing hours, or eight hours per day, whichever is less, up to a maximum of 40 hours per week. A parent or parents, 184.9 spouse, family foster parent, or legal guardian shall not provide more than 40 hours of 184.10 services in a seven-day period. For parents, family foster parents, and legal guardians, 40 184.11 hours is the total amount allowed regardless of the number of children or adults who receive 184.12 services. Nothing in this subdivision precludes the parent's, spouse's, or legal guardian's 184.13 obligation of assuming the nonreimbursed family responsibilities of emergency backup 184.14 184.15 caregiver and primary caregiver.

184.16 (c) A parent, family foster parent, or a spouse may not be paid to provide home care184.17 nursing care if:

184.18 (1) the parent or spouse fails to pass a criminal background check according to chapter184.19 245C;

(2) it has been determined by the home care nursing agency, the case manager, or the
physician or advanced practice registered nurse that the home care nursing provided by the
parent, family foster parent, spouse, or legal guardian is unsafe; or

(3) the parent, family foster parent, spouse, or legal guardian does not follow physician
or advanced practice registered nurse orders.

(d) For purposes of this section, "assessment" means a review and evaluation of a
recipient's need for home care services conducted in person. Assessments for home care
nursing must be conducted by a registered nurse.

184.28 Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Personal care assistance services; covered services.** (a) The personal care assistance services eligible for payment include services and supports furnished to an individual, as needed, to assist in:

184.32 (1) activities of daily living;

184.33 (2) health-related procedures and tasks;

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185.1 (3) observation and redirection of behaviors; and

185.2 (4) instrumental activities of daily living.

185.3 (b) Activities of daily living include the following covered services:

(1) dressing, including assistance with choosing, application, and changing of clothing
and application of special appliances, wraps, or clothing;

(2) grooming, including assistance with basic hair care, oral care, shaving, applying
cosmetics and deodorant, and care of eyeglasses and hearing aids. Nail care is included,
except for recipients who are diabetic or have poor circulation;

185.9 (3) bathing, including assistance with basic personal hygiene and skin care;

(4) eating, including assistance with hand washing and application of orthotics requiredfor eating, transfers, and feeding;

(5) transfers, including assistance with transferring the recipient from one seating orreclining area to another;

(6) mobility, including assistance with ambulation, including use of a wheelchair.
Mobility does not include providing transportation for a recipient;

(7) positioning, including assistance with positioning or turning a recipient for necessarycare and comfort; and

(8) toileting, including assistance with helping recipient with bowel or bladder elimination
and care including transfers, mobility, positioning, feminine hygiene, use of toileting
equipment or supplies, cleansing the perineal area, inspection of the skin, and adjusting
clothing.

185.22 (c) Health-related procedures and tasks include the following covered services:

(1) range of motion and passive exercise to maintain a recipient's strength and musclefunctioning;

(2) assistance with self-administered medication as defined by this section, including
reminders to take medication, bringing medication to the recipient, and assistance with
opening medication under the direction of the recipient or responsible party, including
medications given through a nebulizer;

(3) interventions for seizure disorders, including monitoring and observation; and
(4) other activities considered within the scope of the personal care service and meeting
the definition of health-related procedures and tasks under this section.

(d) A personal care assistant may provide health-related procedures and tasks associated 186.1 with the complex health-related needs of a recipient if the procedures and tasks meet the 186.2 186.3 definition of health-related procedures and tasks under this section and the personal care assistant is trained by a qualified professional and demonstrates competency to safely 186.4 complete the procedures and tasks. Delegation of health-related procedures and tasks and 186.5 all training must be documented in the personal care assistance care plan and the recipient's 186.6 and personal care assistant's files. A personal care assistant must not determine the medication 186.7 186.8 dose or time for medication.

(e) Effective January 1, 2010, for a personal care assistant to provide the health-related
 procedures and tasks of tracheostomy suctioning and services to recipients on ventilator
 support there must be:

(1) delegation and training by a registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse,
certified or licensed respiratory therapist, or a physician;

186.14 (2) utilization of clean rather than sterile procedure;

(3) specialized training about the health-related procedures and tasks and equipment,
 including ventilator operation and maintenance;

186.17 (4) individualized training regarding the needs of the recipient; and

186.18 (5) supervision by a qualified professional who is a registered nurse.

186.19 (f) Effective January 1, 2010, a personal care assistant may observe and redirect the

186.20 recipient for episodes where there is a need for redirection due to behaviors. Training of

186.21 the personal care assistant must occur based on the needs of the recipient, the personal care

186.22 assistance care plan, and any other support services provided.

186.23 (g) Instrumental activities of daily living under subdivision 1, paragraph (i).

186.24 Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Assessment for personal care assistance services; limitations. (a) An
assessment as defined in subdivision 3a must be completed for personal care assistance
services.

186.28 (b) The following limitations apply to the assessment:

(1) a person must be assessed as dependent in an activity of daily living based on theperson's daily need or need on the days during the week the activity is completed for:

186.31 (i) cuing and constant supervision to complete the task; or

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187.1 (ii) hands-on assistance to complete the task; and

(2) a child may not be found to be dependent in an activity of daily living if because of
the child's age an adult would either perform the activity for the child or assist the child
with the activity. Assistance needed is the assistance appropriate for a typical child of the
same age.

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(c) Assessment for complex health-related needs must meet the criteria in this paragraph.
A recipient qualifies as having complex health-related needs if the recipient has one or more
of the interventions that are ordered by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse,
specified in a personal care assistance care plan or community support plan developed under
section 256B.0911, and found in the following:

187.11 (1) tube feedings requiring:

187.12 (i) a gastrojejunostomy tube; or

- 187.13 (ii) continuous tube feeding lasting longer than 12 hours per day;
- 187.14 (2) wounds described as:
- 187.15 (i) stage III or stage IV;

187.16 (ii) multiple wounds;

187.17 (iii) requiring sterile or clean dressing changes or a wound vac; or

- (iv) open lesions such as burns, fistulas, tube sites, or ostomy sites that require specializedcare;
- 187.20 (3) parenteral therapy described as:

(i) IV therapy more than two times per week lasting longer than four hours for each

187.22 treatment; or

- 187.23 (ii) total parenteral nutrition (TPN) daily;
- 187.24 (4) respiratory interventions, including:
- 187.25 (i) oxygen required more than eight hours per day;
- 187.26 (ii) respiratory vest more than one time per day;
- 187.27 (iii) bronchial drainage treatments more than two times per day;
- 187.28 (iv) sterile or clean suctioning more than six times per day;
- 187.29 (v) dependence on another to apply respiratory ventilation augmentation devices such
- 187.30 as BiPAP and CPAP; and

188.1 (vi) ventilator dependence under section 256B.0652;

188.2 (5) insertion and maintenance of catheter, including:

188.3 (i) sterile catheter changes more than one time per month;

(ii) clean intermittent catheterization, and including self-catheterization more than sixtimes per day; or

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188.6 (iii) bladder irrigations;

(6) bowel program more than two times per week requiring more than 30 minutes toperform each time;

188.9 (7) neurological intervention, including:

(i) seizures more than two times per week and requiring significant physical assistanceto maintain safety; or

(ii) swallowing disorders diagnosed by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse
and requiring specialized assistance from another on a daily basis; and

(8) other congenital or acquired diseases creating a need for significantly increased direct
hands-on assistance and interventions in six to eight activities of daily living.

(d) An assessment of behaviors must meet the criteria in this paragraph. A recipient
qualifies as having a need for assistance due to behaviors if the recipient's behavior requires
assistance at least four times per week and shows one or more of the following behaviors:

(1) physical aggression towards self or others, or destruction of property that requiresthe immediate response of another person;

(2) increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate behavior;or

(3) increased need for assistance for recipients who are verbally aggressive or resistive
to care so that the time needed to perform activities of daily living is increased.

188.25 Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.0659, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Communication with recipient's physician or advanced practice registered nurse. The personal care assistance program requires communication with the recipient's physician or advanced practice registered nurse about a recipient's assessed needs for personal care assistance services. The commissioner shall work with the state medical director to develop options for communication with the recipient's physician or advanced practice registered nurse.

Article 4 Sec. 127.

189.1 Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0659, subdivision 11, is189.2 amended to read:

189.3 Subd. 11. Personal care assistant; requirements. (a) A personal care assistant must
189.4 meet the following requirements:

(1) be at least 18 years of age with the exception of persons who are 16 or 17 years ofage with these additional requirements:

(i) supervision by a qualified professional every 60 days; and

(ii) employment by only one personal care assistance provider agency responsible forcompliance with current labor laws;

189.10 (2) be employed by a personal care assistance provider agency;

(3) enroll with the department as a personal care assistant after clearing a background
study. Except as provided in subdivision 11a, before a personal care assistant provides
services, the personal care assistance provider agency must initiate a background study on
the personal care assistant under chapter 245C, and the personal care assistance provider
agency must have received a notice from the commissioner that the personal care assistant
is:

(i) not disqualified under section 245C.14; or

(ii) disqualified, but the personal care assistant has received a set aside of thedisqualification under section 245C.22;

(4) be able to effectively communicate with the recipient and personal care assistanceprovider agency;

(5) be able to provide covered personal care assistance services according to the recipient's
personal care assistance care plan, respond appropriately to recipient needs, and report
changes in the recipient's condition to the supervising qualified professional or, physician,
or advanced practice registered nurse;

189.26 (6) not be a consumer of personal care assistance services;

(7) maintain daily written records including, but not limited to, time sheets undersubdivision 12;

(8) effective January 1, 2010, complete standardized training as determined by the
commissioner before completing enrollment. The training must be available in languages
other than English and to those who need accommodations due to disabilities. Personal care
assistant training must include successful completion of the following training components:

basic first aid, vulnerable adult, child maltreatment, OSHA universal precautions, basic
roles and responsibilities of personal care assistants including information about assistance
with lifting and transfers for recipients, emergency preparedness, orientation to positive
behavioral practices, fraud issues, and completion of time sheets. Upon completion of the
training components, the personal care assistant must demonstrate the competency to provide
assistance to recipients;

190.7 (9) complete training and orientation on the needs of the recipient; and

(10) be limited to providing and being paid for up to 275 hours per month of personal
care assistance services regardless of the number of recipients being served or the number
of personal care assistance provider agencies enrolled with. The number of hours worked
per day shall not be disallowed by the department unless in violation of the law.

(b) A legal guardian may be a personal care assistant if the guardian is not being paidfor the guardian services and meets the criteria for personal care assistants in paragraph (a).

(c) Persons who do not qualify as a personal care assistant include parents, stepparents,
and legal guardians of minors; spouses; paid legal guardians of adults; family foster care
providers, except as otherwise allowed in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a; and staff of
a residential setting.

(d) Personal care assistance services qualify for the enhanced rate described in subdivision
17a if the personal care assistant providing the services:

(1) provides covered services to a recipient who qualifies for 12 or more hours per dayof personal care assistance services; and

(2) satisfies the current requirements of Medicare for training and competency or
competency evaluation of home health aides or nursing assistants, as provided in the Code
of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 483.151 or 484.36, or alternative state-approved
training or competency requirements.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256B.0913, subdivision 8, isamended to read:

Subd. 8. **Requirements for individual coordinated service and support plan.** (a) The case manager shall implement the coordinated service and support plan for each alternative care client and ensure that a client's service needs and eligibility are reassessed at least every 12 months. The coordinated service and support plan must meet the requirements in section 256S.10. The plan shall include any services prescribed by the individual's attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse as necessary to allow the individual to

remain in a community setting. In developing the individual's care plan, the case manager 191.1 should include the use of volunteers from families and neighbors, religious organizations, 191.2 social clubs, and civic and service organizations to support the formal home care services. 191.3 The lead agency shall be held harmless for damages or injuries sustained through the use 191.4 of volunteers under this subdivision including workers' compensation liability. The case 191.5 manager shall provide documentation in each individual's plan and, if requested, to the 191.6 commissioner that the most cost-effective alternatives available have been offered to the 191.7 191.8 individual and that the individual was free to choose among available qualified providers, both public and private, including qualified case management or service coordination 191.9 providers other than those employed by any county; however, the county or tribe maintains 191.10 responsibility for prior authorizing services in accordance with statutory and administrative 191.11 requirements. The case manager must give the individual a ten-day written notice of any 191.12 denial, termination, or reduction of alternative care services. 191.13

(b) The county of service or tribe must provide access to and arrange for case management
services, including assuring implementation of the coordinated service and support plan.
"County of service" has the meaning given it in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0015, subpart
11. The county of service must notify the county of financial responsibility of the approved
care plan and the amount of encumbered funds.

191.19 Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.73, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Enrollee benefits. (a) Eligible persons enrolled by a demonstration provider shall receive a health services benefit package that includes health services which the enrollees might reasonably require to be maintained in good health, including emergency care, inpatient hospital and physician or advanced practice registered nurse care, outpatient health services, and preventive health services.

(b) Services related to chemical dependency, mental illness, vision care, dental care,
and other benefits may be excluded or limited upon approval by the commissioners. The
coalition may petition the commissioner of commerce or health, whichever is appropriate,
for waivers that allow these benefits to be excluded or limited.

(c) The commissioners, the coalition, and demonstration providers shall work together
to design a package of benefits or packages of benefits that can be provided to enrollees for
an affordable monthly premium.

Subd. 73a. Qualified professional. (a) For physical illness, injury, or incapacity, a
"qualified professional" means a licensed physician, a physician assistant, a nurse practitioner
an advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed chiropractor.

(b) For developmental disability and intelligence testing, a "qualified professional"
means an individual qualified by training and experience to administer the tests necessary
to make determinations, such as tests of intellectual functioning, assessments of adaptive
behavior, adaptive skills, and developmental functioning. These professionals include
licensed psychologists, certified school psychologists, or certified psychometrists working
under the supervision of a licensed psychologist.

(c) For learning disabilities, a "qualified professional" means a licensed psychologist or
school psychologist with experience determining learning disabilities.

(d) For mental health, a "qualified professional" means a licensed physician or a qualifiedmental health professional. A "qualified mental health professional" means:

(1) for children, in psychiatric nursing, a registered nurse or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u> who is licensed under sections 148.171 to 148.285, and who is certified as a clinical
specialist in child and adolescent psychiatric or mental health nursing by a national nurse
certification organization or who has a master's degree in nursing or one of the behavioral
sciences or related fields from an accredited college or university or its equivalent, with at
least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services
in the treatment of mental illness;

(2) for adults, in psychiatric nursing, a registered nurse or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u> who is licensed under sections 148.171 to 148.285, and who is certified as a clinical
specialist in adult psychiatric and mental health nursing by a national nurse certification
organization or who has a master's degree in nursing or one of the behavioral sciences or
related fields from an accredited college or university or its equivalent, with at least 4,000
hours of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the
treatment of mental illness;

(3) in clinical social work, a person licensed as an independent clinical social worker
under chapter 148D, or a person with a master's degree in social work from an accredited
college or university, with at least 4,000 hours of post-master's supervised experience in
the delivery of clinical services in the treatment of mental illness;

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(4) in psychology, an individual licensed by the Board of Psychology under sections
148.88 to 148.98, who has stated to the Board of Psychology competencies in the diagnosis
and treatment of mental illness;

(5) in psychiatry, a physician licensed under chapter 147 and certified by the American
Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or eligible for board certification in psychiatry;

(6) in marriage and family therapy, the mental health professional must be a marriage
and family therapist licensed under sections 148B.29 to 148B.39, with at least two years of
post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the treatment of
mental illness; and

(7) in licensed professional clinical counseling, the mental health professional shall be
a licensed professional clinical counselor under section 148B.5301 with at least 4,000 hours
of post-master's supervised experience in the delivery of clinical services in the treatment
of mental illness.

193.14 Sec. 132. Minnesota Statutes 2019 Supplement, section 256R.44, is amended to read:
193.15 256R.44 RATE ADJUSTMENT FOR PRIVATE ROOMS FOR MEDICAL
193.16 NECESSITY.

(a) The amount paid for a private room is 111.5 percent of the established total payment
rate for a resident if the resident is a medical assistance recipient and the private room is
considered a medical necessity for the resident or others who are affected by the resident's
condition, except as provided in Minnesota Rules, part 9549.0060, subpart 11, item C.
Conditions requiring a private room must be determined by the resident's attending physician
<u>or advanced practice registered nurse</u> and submitted to the commissioner for approval or
denial by the commissioner on the basis of medical necessity.

(b) For a nursing facility with a total property payment rate determined under section
256R.26, subdivision 8, the amount paid for a private room is 111.5 percent of the established
total payment rate for a resident if the resident is a medical assistance recipient and the
private room is considered a medical necessity for the resident or others who are affected
by the resident's condition. Conditions requiring a private room must be determined by the
resident's attending physician and submitted to the commissioner for approval or denial by
the commissioner on the basis of medical necessity.

194.1 Sec. 133. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256R.54, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Setting payment; monitoring use of therapy services. (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules under the Administrative Procedure Act to set the amount and method of payment for ancillary materials and services provided to recipients residing in nursing facilities. Payment for materials and services may be made to either the vendor of ancillary services pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0170 to 9505.0475, or to a nursing facility pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0170 to 9505.0475.

(b) Payment for the same or similar service to a recipient shall not be made to both the
nursing facility and the vendor. The commissioner shall ensure: (1) the avoidance of double
payments through audits and adjustments to the nursing facility's annual cost report as
required by section 256R.12, subdivisions 8 and 9; and (2) that charges and arrangements
for ancillary materials and services are cost-effective and as would be incurred by a prudent
and cost-conscious buyer.

(c) Therapy services provided to a recipient must be medically necessary and appropriate 194.14 to the medical condition of the recipient. If the vendor, nursing facility, or ordering physician 194.15 or advanced practice registered nurse cannot provide adequate medical necessity justification, 194.16 as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner may recover or disallow the payment 194.17 for the services and may require prior authorization for therapy services as a condition of 194.18 payment or may impose administrative sanctions to limit the vendor, nursing facility, or 194.19 ordering physician's or advanced practice registered nurse's participation in the medical 194.20 assistance program. If the provider number of a nursing facility is used to bill services 194.21 provided by a vendor of therapy services that is not related to the nursing facility by 194.22 ownership, control, affiliation, or employment status, no withholding of payment shall be 194.23 imposed against the nursing facility for services not medically necessary except for funds 194.24 due the unrelated vendor of therapy services as provided in subdivision 5. For the purpose 194.25 of this subdivision, no monetary recovery may be imposed against the nursing facility for 194.26 funds paid to the unrelated vendor of therapy services as provided in subdivision 5, for 194.27 services not medically necessary. 194.28

(d) For purposes of this section and section 256R.12, subdivisions 8 and 9, therapy
includes physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, audiology, and mental
health services that are covered services according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0170 to
9505.0475.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "ancillary services" includes transportation defined
as a covered service in section 256B.0625, subdivision 17.

195.1 Sec. 134. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256R.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Certification that treatment is appropriate. The physical therapist, 195.2 occupational therapist, speech therapist, mental health professional, or audiologist who 195.3 provides or supervises the provision of therapy services, other than an initial evaluation, to 195.4 a medical assistance recipient must certify in writing that the therapy's nature, scope, duration, 195.5 and intensity are appropriate to the medical condition of the recipient every 30 days. The 195.6 therapist's statement of certification must be maintained in the recipient's medical record 195.7 195.8 together with the specific orders by the physician or advanced practice registered nurse and the treatment plan. If the recipient's medical record does not include these documents, the 195.9 commissioner may recover or disallow the payment for such services. If the therapist 195.10 determines that the therapy's nature, scope, duration, or intensity is not appropriate to the 195.11 medical condition of the recipient, the therapist must provide a statement to that effect in 195.12 writing to the nursing facility for inclusion in the recipient's medical record. The 195.13 commissioner shall make recommendations regarding the medical necessity of services 195.14 195.15 provided.

195.16 Sec. 135. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 257.63, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Medical privilege. Testimony of a physician or advanced practice registered
<u>nurse</u> concerning the medical circumstances of the pregnancy itself and the condition and
characteristics of the child upon birth is not privileged.

195.20 Sec. 136. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 257B.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse. "Attending 195.21 physician or advanced practice registered nurse" means a physician or advanced practice 195.22 registered nurse who has primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the designator. 195.23 If physicians or advanced practice registered nurses share responsibility, another physician 195.24 or advanced practice registered nurse is acting on the attending physician's or advanced 195.25 practice registered nurse's behalf, or no physician or advanced practice registered nurse has 195.26 primary responsibility, any physician or advanced practice registered nurse who is familiar 195.27 with the designator's medical condition may act as an attending physician or advanced 195.28 practice registered nurse under this chapter. 195.29

Sec. 137. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 257B.01, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Determination of debilitation. "Determination of debilitation" means a written
finding made by an attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse which states

that the designator suffers from a physically incapacitating disease or injury. No identificationof the illness in question is required.

196.3 Sec. 138. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 257B.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Determination of incapacity. "Determination of incapacity" means a written
finding made by an attending physician or advanced practice registered nurse which states
the nature, extent, and probable duration of the designator's mental or organic incapacity.

196.7 Sec. 139. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 257B.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Restored capacity.** If a licensed physician or advanced practice registered <u>nurse</u> determines that the designator has regained capacity, the co-custodian's authority that commenced on the occurrence of a triggering event becomes inactive. Failure of a co-custodian to immediately return the child(ren) to the designator's care entitles the designator to an emergency hearing within five days of a request for a hearing.

196.13 Sec. 140. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

196.14 Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0365, subpart 3, is repealed.

62U.15 ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE; PREVALENCE AND SCREENING MEASURES.

Subd. 2. Learning collaborative. By July 1, 2012, the commissioner shall develop a health care home learning collaborative curriculum that includes screening and education on best practices regarding identification and management of Alzheimer's and other dementia patients under section 256B.0751, subdivision 5, for providers, clinics, care coordinators, clinic administrators, patient partners and families, and community resources including public health.

144.121 X-RAY MACHINES; OTHER SOURCES OF IONIZING RADIATION.

Subd. 3. **Exemption.** Notwithstanding rules adopted by the commissioner under section 144.12, subdivision 1, clause (15), practitioners of veterinary medicine are not required to conduct densitometry and sensitometry tests as part of any ionizing radiation quality assurance program.

Subd. 5b. **Variance of scope of practice.** The commissioner may grant a variance according to Minnesota Rules, parts 4717.7000 to 4717.7050, to a facility for the scope of practice of an x-ray operator in cases where the delivery of health care would otherwise be compromised if a variance were not granted. The request for a variance must be in writing, state the circumstances that constitute hardship, state the period of time the facility wishes to have the variance for the scope of practice in place, and state the alternative measures that will be taken if the variance is granted. The commissioner shall set forth in writing the reasons for granting or denying the variance. Variances granted by the commissioner must specify in writing the time limitation and required alternative measures to be taken by the facility. A request for the variance shall be denied if the commissioner finds the circumstances stated by the facility do not support a claim of hardship, the requested time period for the variance is unreasonable, the alternative measures proposed by the facility are not equivalent to the scope of practice, or the request for the variance is not submitted to the commissioner in a timely manner.

147A.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 4. Agreement. "Agreement" means the document described in section 147A.20.

Subd. 11. **Drug category.** "Drug category" means one of the categories listed on the physician assistant delegation agreement.

Subd. 16a. **Notice of intent to practice.** "Notice of intent to practice" means a document sent to the board by a licensed physician assistant that documents the adoption of a physician-physician assistant delegation agreement and provides the names, addresses, and information required by section 147A.20.

Subd. 17a. **Physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.** "Physician-physician assistant delegation agreement" means the document prepared and signed by the physician and physician assistant affirming the supervisory relationship and defining the physician assistant scope of practice. The physician-physician assistant delegation agreement outlines the role of the physician assistant in the practice, describes the means of supervision, and specifies the categories of drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices that the supervising physician delegates to the physician assistant to prescribe. The physician-physician assistant delegation agreement must comply with the requirements of section 147A.20, be kept on file at the address of record, and be made available to the board or its representative upon request.

Subd. 24. **Supervision.** "Supervision" means overseeing the activities of, and accepting responsibility for, the medical services rendered by a physician assistant. The constant physical presence of the supervising physician is not required so long as the supervising physician and physician assistant are or can be easily in contact with one another by radio, telephone, or other telecommunication device. The scope and nature of the supervision shall be defined by the individual physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.

Subd. 25. **Temporary license.** "Temporary license" means a license granted to a physician assistant who meets all of the qualifications for licensure but has not yet been approved for licensure at a meeting of the board.

147A.04 TEMPORARY LICENSE.

The board may issue a temporary license to practice to a physician assistant eligible for licensure under this chapter only if the application for licensure is complete, all requirements have been met, and a nonrefundable fee set by the board has been paid. The temporary license remains valid only until the next meeting of the board at which a decision is made on the application for licensure.

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147A.10 SATELLITE SETTINGS.

Physician assistants may render services in a setting geographically remote from the supervising physician.

147A.11 EXCLUSIONS OF LIMITATIONS ON EMPLOYMENT.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the employment arrangement of a physician assistant licensed under this chapter.

147A.18 DELEGATED AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE, AND ADMINISTER DRUGS AND MEDICAL DEVICES.

Subdivision 1. **Delegation.** (a) A supervising physician may delegate to a physician assistant who is licensed by the board, certified by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants or successor agency approved by the board, and who is under the supervising physician's supervision, the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices subject to the requirements in this section. The authority to dispense includes, but is not limited to, the authority to request, receive, and dispense sample drugs. This authority to dispense extends only to those drugs described in the written agreement developed under paragraph (b).

(b) The delegation agreement between the physician assistant and supervising physician must include a statement by the supervising physician regarding delegation or nondelegation of the functions of prescribing, dispensing, and administering legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices to the physician assistant. The statement must include categories of drugs for which the supervising physician delegates prescriptive and dispensing authority, including controlled substances when applicable. The delegation must be appropriate to the physician assistant's practice and within the scope of the physician assistant's training. Physician assistants who have been delegated the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices shall provide evidence of current certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants or its successor agency when applying for licensure or license renewal as physician assistants. Physician assistants who have been delegated the authority to prescribe controlled substances must also hold a valid DEA registration. Supervising physicians shall retrospectively review the prescribing, dispensing, and administering of legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices by physician assistants, when this authority has been delegated to the physician assistant as part of the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement. The process and schedule for the review must be outlined in the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.

(c) The board may establish by rule:

(1) a system of identifying physician assistants eligible to prescribe, administer, and dispense legend drugs and medical devices;

(2) a system of identifying physician assistants eligible to prescribe, administer, and dispense controlled substances;

(3) a method of determining the categories of legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices that each physician assistant is allowed to prescribe, administer, and dispense; and

(4) a system of transmitting to pharmacies a listing of physician assistants eligible to prescribe legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices.

Subd. 2. **Termination and reinstatement of prescribing authority.** The authority of a physician assistant to prescribe, dispense, and administer legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices shall end immediately when:

(1) the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement is terminated;

(2) the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer is terminated or withdrawn by the supervising physician;

(3) the physician assistant's license is placed on inactive status;

(4) the physician assistant loses National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants or successor agency certification; or

(5) the physician assistant loses or terminates licensure status.

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Subd. 3. **Other requirements and restrictions.** (a) Each prescription initiated by a physician assistant shall indicate the following:

- (1) the date of issue;
- (2) the name and address of the patient;
- (3) the name and quantity of the drug prescribed;
- (4) directions for use; and
- (5) the name and address of the prescribing physician assistant.

(b) In prescribing, dispensing, and administering legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices, a physician assistant must conform with the agreement, chapter 151, and this chapter.

147A.20 PHYSICIAN-PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT AGREEMENT DOCUMENTS.

Subdivision 1. **Physician-physician assistant delegation agreement.** (a) A physician assistant and supervising physician must sign a physician-physician assistant delegation agreement which specifies scope of practice and manner of supervision as required by the board. The agreement must contain:

- (1) a description of the practice setting;
- (2) a listing of categories of delegated duties;
- (3) a description of supervision type; and

(4) a description of the process and schedule for review of prescribing, dispensing, and administering legend and controlled drugs and medical devices by the physician assistant authorized to prescribe.

(b) The agreement must be maintained by the supervising physician and physician assistant and made available to the board upon request. If there is a delegation of prescribing, administering, and dispensing of legend drugs, controlled substances, and medical devices, the agreement shall include a description of the prescriptive authority delegated to the physician assistant. Physician assistants shall have a separate agreement for each place of employment. Agreements must be reviewed and updated on an annual basis. The supervising physician and physician assistant must maintain the physician-physician assistant delegation agreement at the address of record.

(c) Physician assistants must provide written notification to the board within 30 days of the following:

- (1) name change;
- (2) address of record change; and
- (3) telephone number of record change.

Subd. 2. **Practice location notification.** A licensed physician assistant shall submit a practice location notification to the board within 30 business days of starting practice, changing practice location, or changing supervising physician. The notification shall include the name, business address, and telephone number of the supervising physician and the physician assistant. Individuals who practice without submitting a practice location notification shall be subject to disciplinary action under section 147A.13 for practicing without a license, unless the care is provided in response to a disaster or emergency situation pursuant to section 147A.23.

256B.057 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL CATEGORIES.

Subd. 8. **Children under age two.** Medical assistance may be paid for a child under two years of age whose countable household income is above 275 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the same household size but less than or equal to 280 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the same household size or an equivalent standard when converted using modified adjusted gross income methodology as required under the Affordable Care Act.

256B.0752 HEALTH CARE HOME REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Annual reports on implementation and administration. The commissioners shall report annually to the legislature on the implementation and administration of the health care

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home model for state health care program enrollees in the fee-for-service, managed care, and county-based purchasing sectors beginning December 15, 2009, and each December 15 thereafter.

Subd. 2. **Evaluation reports.** The commissioners shall provide to the legislature comprehensive evaluations of the health care home model three years and five years after implementation. The report must include:

(1) the number of state health care program enrollees in health care homes and the number and characteristics of enrollees with complex or chronic conditions, identified by income, race, ethnicity, and language;

(2) the number and geographic distribution of health care home providers;

- (3) the performance and quality of care of health care homes;
- (4) measures of preventive care;

(5) health care home payment arrangements, and costs related to implementation and payment of care coordination fees;

(6) the estimated impact of health care homes on health disparities; and

(7) estimated savings from implementation of the health care home model for the fee-for-service, managed care, and county-based purchasing sectors.

256L.04 ELIGIBLE PERSONS.

Subd. 13. Families with relative caretakers, foster parents, or legal guardians. Beginning January 1, 1999, in families that include a relative caretaker as defined in the medical assistance program, foster parent, or legal guardian, the relative caretaker, foster parent, or legal guardian may apply as a family or may apply separately for the children. If the caretaker applies separately for the children, only the children's income is counted and the provisions of subdivision 1, paragraph (b), do not apply. If the relative caretaker, foster parent, or legal guardian applies with the children, their income is included in the gross family income for determining eligibility and premium amount.

7380.0280 SUPPLEMENTAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES.

Subpart 1. In general. The authority shall provide supplemental assistance, in the form of a reduction in the amount of loan principal which a borrower has to repay, to public water supply systems owned by a governmental or intergovernmental agency, a nonprofit organization, an Indian tribe, or any combination of them that meet the criteria in subpart 2. The total amount of supplemental assistance provided in any one year shall not exceed ten percent of the federal capitalization grants available.

Subp. 2. **Disadvantaged community criteria.** An applicant is eligible for supplemental assistance as described in subpart 1 if:

A. the applicant's project receives public health priority points on the Department of Health's project priority list under part 4720.9020; and

B. after completion of the project, the applicant will have an estimated average annual residential water system cost of 1.4 percent of median household income or more.

Subp. 3. **Amount of supplemental assistance.** The supplemental assistance amount shall be equal to 80 percent of the amount needed to reduce the as-bid average annual residential water system cost to 1.4 percent of median household income. If the current average annual residential water system cost is at or exceeds 1.4 percent of median household income, the supplemental assistance amount shall be 80 percent of the project cost. The supplemental assistance amount provided to a single borrower shall not exceed \$500,000.

9505.0365 PROSTHETIC AND ORTHOTIC DEVICES.

Subp. 3. **Payment limitation; ambulatory aid.** To be eligible for medical assistance payment, an ambulatory aid must be prescribed by a physician who is knowledgeable in orthopedics or physiatrics or by a physician in consultation with an orthopedist, physiatrist, physical therapist, or occupational therapist, or by a podiatrist.

Prior authorization of an ambulatory aid is required for an aid that costs in excess of the limits specified in the provider's performance agreement.