

SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1484

(SENATE AUTHORS: SHERAN, Hayden and Nienow)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/20/2013	1356	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health, Human Services and Housing
03/19/2014	6387	Chief author stricken, shown as co-author Hayden Chief author added Sheran
03/24/2014	6664a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance
04/10/2014		Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading

A bill for an act

1.1 relating to health; making changes to dental licensing provisions; improving
1.2 access to health care delivered by advanced practice registered nurses;
1.3 providing penalties; modifying grounds for disciplinary action by the Board
1.4 of Nursing; modifying the health professionals services program; modifying
1.5 the compensation paid to the health-related licensing board members; making
1.6 changes to the Minnesota prescription monitoring program; adding and
1.7 modifying definitions; changing the requirements for pharmacist participation
1.8 in immunizations; changing the powers and duties of the Board of Pharmacy;
1.9 changing licensing requirements for businesses regulated by the Board
1.10 of Pharmacy; clarifying requirements for compounding; allowing certain
1.11 educational institutions to purchase legend drugs in limited circumstances;
1.12 allowing certain entities to handle drugs in preparation for emergency use;
1.13 clarifying the requirement that drug manufacturers report certain payments to the
1.14 Board of Pharmacy; adding certain substances to the schedules for controlled
1.15 substances; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 148.171, subdivisions
1.16 3, 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 21, by adding subdivisions; 148.181, subdivision 1;
1.17 148.191, subdivision 2; 148.211, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 148.231,
1.18 subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 148.233, subdivision 2; 148.234; 148.235, by adding
1.19 subdivisions; 148.251, subdivision 1; 148.261, subdivisions 1, 4, by adding a
1.20 subdivision; 148.262, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 148.281, subdivision 1, by adding a
1.21 subdivision; 148.283; 150A.01, subdivision 8a; 150A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1c,
1.22 1d, 2, 2a, 2d, 3, 8; 150A.091, subdivisions 3, 8, 16; 150A.10; 151.01; 151.06;
1.23 151.211; 151.26; 151.34; 151.35; 151.361, subdivision 2; 151.37, as amended;
1.24 151.44; 151.58, subdivisions 2, 3, 5; 152.02, subdivision 8b; 152.12; 152.126,
1.25 as amended; 214.09, subdivision 3; 214.32, by adding a subdivision; 214.33,
1.26 subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 148.271; 151.252,
1.27 by adding a subdivision; 152.02, subdivision 2; 364.09; proposing coding for
1.28 new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 148; 151; repealing Minnesota Statutes
1.29 2012, sections 148.171, subdivision 6; 148.235, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 4, 4a,
1.30 4b, 6, 7; 148.284.

1.32 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.1 **ARTICLE 1**

2.2 **HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS**

2.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.261, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2.4 Subdivision 1. **Grounds listed.** The board may deny, revoke, suspend, limit, or
2.5 condition the license and registration of any person to practice professional, advanced
2.6 practice registered, or practical nursing under sections 148.171 to 148.285, or to otherwise
2.7 discipline a licensee or applicant as described in section 148.262. The following are
2.8 grounds for disciplinary action:

2.9 (1) Failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license
2.10 contained in sections 148.171 to 148.285 or rules of the board. In the case of a person
2.11 applying for a license, the burden of proof is upon the applicant to demonstrate the
2.12 qualifications or satisfaction of the requirements.

2.13 (2) Employing fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a permit, license,
2.14 or registration certificate to practice professional or practical nursing or attempting to
2.15 subvert the licensing examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert
2.16 the licensing examination process includes, but is not limited to:

2.17 (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing
2.18 examination materials from the examination room or having unauthorized possession of
2.19 any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination;

2.20 (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating
2.21 with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying another
2.22 examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or possessing
2.23 unauthorized materials; or

2.24 (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an impersonator to take the
2.25 examination on one's own behalf.

2.26 (3) Conviction of a felony or gross misdemeanor reasonably related to the practice
2.27 of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical nursing. Conviction as used in
2.28 this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would
2.29 be considered a felony or gross misdemeanor without regard to its designation elsewhere,
2.30 or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the
2.31 adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered.

2.32 (4) Revocation, suspension, limitation, conditioning, or other disciplinary action
2.33 against the person's professional or practical nursing license or advanced practice
2.34 registered nursing credential, in another state, territory, or country; failure to report to the
2.35 board that charges regarding the person's nursing license or other credential are pending in

3.1 another state, territory, or country; or having been refused a license or other credential by
3.2 another state, territory, or country.

3.3 (5) Failure to or inability to perform professional or practical nursing as defined in
3.4 section 148.171, subdivision 14 or 15, with reasonable skill and safety, including failure
3.5 of a registered nurse to supervise or a licensed practical nurse to monitor adequately the
3.6 performance of acts by any person working at the nurse's direction.

3.7 (6) Engaging in unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to, a departure
3.8 from or failure to conform to board rules of professional or practical nursing practice that
3.9 interpret the statutory definition of professional or practical nursing as well as provide
3.10 criteria for violations of the statutes, or, if no rule exists, to the minimal standards of
3.11 acceptable and prevailing professional or practical nursing practice, or any nursing
3.12 practice that may create unnecessary danger to a patient's life, health, or safety. Actual
3.13 injury to a patient need not be established under this clause.

3.14 (7) Failure of an advanced practice registered nurse to practice with reasonable
3.15 skill and safety or departure from or failure to conform to standards of acceptable and
3.16 prevailing advanced practice registered nursing.

3.17 (8) Delegating or accepting the delegation of a nursing function or a prescribed
3.18 health care function when the delegation or acceptance could reasonably be expected to
3.19 result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.

3.20 (9) Actual or potential inability to practice nursing with reasonable skill and safety
3.21 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other material, or
3.22 as a result of any mental or physical condition.

3.23 (10) Adjudication as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, a chemically dependent
3.24 person, or a person dangerous to the public by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or
3.25 without this state.

3.26 (11) Engaging in any unethical conduct, including, but not limited to, conduct likely
3.27 to deceive, defraud, or harm the public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard
3.28 for the health, welfare, or safety of a patient. Actual injury need not be established under
3.29 this clause.

3.30 (12) Engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be
3.31 interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually
3.32 demeaning to a patient, or engaging in sexual exploitation of a patient or former patient.

3.33 (13) Obtaining money, property, or services from a patient, other than reasonable
3.34 fees for services provided to the patient, through the use of undue influence, harassment,
3.35 duress, deception, or fraud.

4.1 (14) Revealing a privileged communication from or relating to a patient except when
4.2 otherwise required or permitted by law.

4.3 (15) Engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of
4.4 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws.

4.5 (16) Improper management of patient records, including failure to maintain adequate
4.6 patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant to sections 144.291 to
4.7 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law.

4.8 (17) Knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing an unlicensed person to
4.9 engage in the unlawful practice of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical
4.10 nursing.

4.11 (18) Violating a rule adopted by the board, an order of the board, or a state or federal
4.12 law relating to the practice of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical
4.13 nursing, or a state or federal narcotics or controlled substance law.

4.14 (19) Knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related
4.15 to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the
4.16 administration of a placebo.

4.17 (20) Aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as
4.18 established by any of the following:

4.19 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in
4.20 violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

4.21 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an
4.22 injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;

4.23 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,
4.24 subdivision 5; or

4.25 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision
4.26 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215,
4.27 subdivision 1 or 2.

4.28 (21) Practicing outside the scope of practice authorized by section 148.171,
4.29 subdivision 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, or 21.

4.30 (22) Practicing outside the specific field of nursing practice for which an advanced
4.31 practice registered nurse is certified unless the practice is authorized under section 148.284.

4.32 (23) Making a false statement or knowingly providing false information to the
4.33 board, failing to make reports as required by section 148.263, or failing to cooperate with
4.34 an investigation of the board as required by section 148.265.

4.35 (24) Engaging in false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading advertising.

5.1 (25) Failure to inform the board of the person's certification status as a nurse
5.2 anesthetist, nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.

5.3 (26) Engaging in clinical nurse specialist practice, nurse-midwife practice, nurse
5.4 practitioner practice, or registered nurse anesthetist practice without current certification
5.5 by a national nurse certification organization acceptable to the board, except during the
5.6 period between completion of an advanced practice registered nurse course of study and
5.7 certification, not to exceed six months or as authorized by the board.

5.8 (27) Engaging in conduct that is prohibited under section 145.412.

5.9 (28) Failing to report employment to the board as required by section 148.211,
5.10 subdivision 2a, or knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing a person to fail to
5.11 report as required by section 148.211, subdivision 2a.

5.12 (29) Discharge from the health professionals services program as described in
5.13 sections 214.31 to 214.37, or any other alternative monitoring or diversion program for
5.14 reasons other than satisfactory completion of the program as set forth in the participation
5.15 agreement.

5.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.261, is amended by adding a subdivision
5.17 to read:

5.18 Subd. 1a. **Conviction of a felony-level criminal sexual offense.** (a) Except as
5.19 provided in paragraph (e), the board may not grant or renew a license to practice nursing
5.20 to any person who has been convicted on or after August 1, 2014, of any of the provisions
5.21 of sections 609.342, subdivision 1, 609.343, subdivision 1, 609.344, subdivision 1,
5.22 paragraphs (c) to (o), or 609.345, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) to (o), or a similar statute
5.23 in another jurisdiction.

5.24 (b) A license to practice nursing is automatically revoked if the licensee is convicted
5.25 of an offense listed in paragraph (a) of this section.

5.26 (c) A license to practice nursing that has been denied or revoked under this
5.27 subdivision is not subject to chapter 364.

5.28 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "conviction" means a plea of guilty, a verdict of
5.29 guilty by a jury, or a finding of guilty by the court, unless the court stays imposition or
5.30 execution of the sentence and final disposition of the case is accomplished at a nonfelony
5.31 level.

5.32 (e) The board may establish criteria whereby an individual convicted of an offense
5.33 listed in paragraph (a) of this subdivision may become licensed provided that the criteria:

5.34 (1) utilize a rebuttable presumption that the applicant is not suitable for licensing;

5.35 (2) provide a standard for overcoming the presumption; and

6.1 (3) require that a minimum of ten years has elapsed since the applicant's sentence
6.2 was discharged.

6.3 The board shall not consider an application under this paragraph if the board
6.4 determines that the victim involved in the offense was a patient or a client of the applicant
6.5 at the time of the offense.

6.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.261, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

6.7 Subd. 4. **Evidence.** In disciplinary actions alleging a violation of subdivision 1,
6.8 clause (3) or (4), or subdivision 1a, a copy of the judgment or proceeding under the seal
6.9 of the court administrator or of the administrative agency that entered the same shall be
6.10 admissible into evidence without further authentication and shall constitute prima facie
6.11 evidence of the violation concerned.

6.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.01, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:

6.13 Subd. 8a. **Resident dentist.** "Resident dentist" means a person who is licensed to
6.14 practice dentistry as an enrolled graduate student or student of an advanced education
6.15 program accredited by the ~~American Dental Association~~ Commission on Dental
6.16 Accreditation.

6.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.18 Subdivision 1. **Dentists.** A person of good moral character who has graduated from
6.19 a dental program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation ~~of the American~~
6.20 ~~Dental Association~~, having submitted an application and fee as prescribed by the board,
6.21 may be examined by the board or by an agency pursuant to section 150A.03, subdivision
6.22 1, in a manner to test the applicant's fitness to practice dentistry. A graduate of a dental
6.23 college in another country must not be disqualified from examination solely because of
6.24 the applicant's foreign training if the board determines that the training is equivalent to or
6.25 higher than that provided by a dental college accredited by the Commission on Dental
6.26 Accreditation ~~of the American Dental Association~~. In the case of examinations conducted
6.27 pursuant to section 150A.03, subdivision 1, applicants shall take the examination prior to
6.28 applying to the board for licensure. The examination shall include an examination of the
6.29 applicant's knowledge of the laws of Minnesota relating to dentistry and the rules of the
6.30 board. An applicant is ineligible to retake the clinical examination required by the board
6.31 after failing it twice until further education and training are obtained as specified by the
6.32 board by rule. A separate, nonrefundable fee may be charged for each time a person applies.
6.33 An applicant who passes the examination in compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by

7.1 professional ethical conduct requirements, and meets all other requirements of the board
7.2 shall be licensed to practice dentistry and granted a general dentist license by the board.

7.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

7.4 Subd. 1a. **Faculty dentists.** (a) Faculty members of a school of dentistry must be
7.5 licensed in order to practice dentistry as defined in section 150A.05. The board may
7.6 issue to members of the faculty of a school of dentistry a license designated as either a
7.7 "limited faculty license" or a "full faculty license" entitling the holder to practice dentistry
7.8 within the terms described in paragraph (b) or (c). The dean of a school of dentistry and
7.9 program directors of a Minnesota dental hygiene or dental assisting school accredited by
7.10 the Commission on Dental Accreditation ~~of the American Dental Association~~ shall certify
7.11 to the board those members of the school's faculty who practice dentistry but are not
7.12 licensed to practice dentistry in Minnesota. A faculty member who practices dentistry as
7.13 defined in section 150A.05, before beginning duties in a school of dentistry or a dental
7.14 hygiene or dental assisting school, shall apply to the board for a limited or full faculty
7.15 license. Pursuant to Minnesota Rules, chapter 3100, and at the discretion of the board,
7.16 a limited faculty license must be renewed annually and a full faculty license must be
7.17 renewed biennially. The faculty applicant shall pay a nonrefundable fee set by the board
7.18 for issuing and renewing the faculty license. The faculty license is valid during the time
7.19 the holder remains a member of the faculty of a school of dentistry or a dental hygiene or
7.20 dental assisting school and subjects the holder to this chapter.

7.21 (b) The board may issue to dentist members of the faculty of a Minnesota school
7.22 of dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting accredited by the Commission on Dental
7.23 Accreditation ~~of the American Dental Association~~, a license designated as a limited
7.24 faculty license entitling the holder to practice dentistry within the school and its affiliated
7.25 teaching facilities, but only for the purposes of teaching or conducting research. The
7.26 practice of dentistry at a school facility for purposes other than teaching or research is not
7.27 allowed unless the dentist was a faculty member on August 1, 1993.

7.28 (c) The board may issue to dentist members of the faculty of a Minnesota school
7.29 of dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting accredited by the Commission on Dental
7.30 Accreditation ~~of the American Dental Association~~ a license designated as a full faculty
7.31 license entitling the holder to practice dentistry within the school and its affiliated teaching
7.32 facilities and elsewhere if the holder of the license is employed 50 percent time or more by
7.33 the school in the practice of teaching or research, and upon successful review by the board
7.34 of the applicant's qualifications as described in subdivisions 1, 1c, and 4 and board rule.
7.35 The board, at its discretion, may waive specific licensing prerequisites.

8.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

8.2 Subd. 1c. **Specialty dentists.** (a) The board may grant a one or more specialty
8.3 license licenses in the specialty areas of dentistry that are recognized by the ~~American~~
8.4 ~~Dental Association~~ Commission on Dental Accreditation.

8.5 (b) An applicant for a specialty license shall:

8.6 (1) have successfully completed a postdoctoral specialty ~~education~~ program
8.7 accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation ~~of the American Dental~~
8.8 ~~Association~~, or have announced a limitation of practice before 1967;

8.9 (2) have been certified by a specialty ~~examining~~ board approved by the Minnesota
8.10 Board of Dentistry, or provide evidence of having passed a clinical examination for
8.11 licensure required for practice in any state or Canadian province, or in the case of oral and
8.12 maxillofacial surgeons only, have a Minnesota medical license in good standing;

8.13 (3) have been in active practice or a postdoctoral specialty education program or
8.14 United States government service at least 2,000 hours in the 36 months prior to applying
8.15 for a specialty license;

8.16 (4) if requested by the board, be interviewed by a committee of the board, which
8.17 may include the assistance of specialists in the evaluation process, and satisfactorily
8.18 respond to questions designed to determine the applicant's knowledge of dental subjects
8.19 and ability to practice;

8.20 (5) if requested by the board, present complete records on a sample of patients
8.21 treated by the applicant. The sample must be drawn from patients treated by the applicant
8.22 during the 36 months preceding the date of application. The number of records shall be
8.23 established by the board. The records shall be reasonably representative of the treatment
8.24 typically provided by the applicant for each specialty area;

8.25 (6) at board discretion, pass a board-approved English proficiency test if English is
8.26 not the applicant's primary language;

8.27 (7) pass all components of the National Board Dental Examinations;

8.28 (8) pass the Minnesota Board of Dentistry jurisprudence examination;

8.29 (9) abide by professional ethical conduct requirements; and

8.30 (10) meet all other requirements prescribed by the Board of Dentistry.

8.31 (c) The application must include:

8.32 (1) a completed application furnished by the board;

8.33 (2) at least two character references from two different dentists for each specialty
8.34 area, one of whom must be a dentist practicing in the same specialty area, and the other
8.35 from the director of ~~the~~ each specialty program attended;

9.1 (3) a licensed physician's statement attesting to the applicant's physical and mental
9.2 condition;

9.3 (4) a statement from a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist attesting to the
9.4 applicant's visual acuity;

9.5 (5) a nonrefundable fee; and

9.6 (6) a notarized, unmounted passport-type photograph, three inches by three inches,
9.7 taken not more than six months before the date of application.

9.8 (d) A specialty dentist holding a one or more specialty license licenses is limited to
9.9 practicing in the dentist's designated specialty area or areas. The scope of practice must be
9.10 defined by each national specialty board recognized by the ~~American Dental Association~~
9.11 Commission on Dental Accreditation.

9.12 (e) A specialty dentist holding a general ~~dentist~~ dental license is limited to practicing
9.13 in the dentist's designated specialty area or areas if the dentist has announced a limitation
9.14 of practice. The scope of practice must be defined by each national specialty board
9.15 recognized by the ~~American Dental Association~~ Commission on Dental Accreditation.

9.16 (f) All specialty dentists who have fulfilled the specialty dentist requirements and
9.17 who intend to limit their practice to a particular specialty area or areas may apply for
9.18 a one or more specialty license licenses.

9.19 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

9.20 Subd. 1d. **Dental therapists.** A person of good moral character who has graduated
9.21 with a baccalaureate degree or a master's degree from a dental therapy education program
9.22 that has been approved by the board or accredited by the ~~American Dental Association~~
9.23 Commission on Dental Accreditation or another board-approved national accreditation
9.24 organization may apply for licensure.

9.25 The applicant must submit an application and fee as prescribed by the board and a
9.26 diploma or certificate from a dental therapy education program. Prior to being licensed,
9.27 the applicant must pass a comprehensive, competency-based clinical examination that is
9.28 approved by the board and administered independently of an institution providing dental
9.29 therapy education. The applicant must also pass an examination testing the applicant's
9.30 knowledge of the Minnesota laws and rules relating to the practice of dentistry. An
9.31 applicant who has failed the clinical examination twice is ineligible to retake the clinical
9.32 examination until further education and training are obtained as specified by the board. A
9.33 separate, nonrefundable fee may be charged for each time a person applies. An applicant
9.34 who passes the examination in compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by professional

10.1 ethical conduct requirements, and meets all the other requirements of the board shall
10.2 be licensed as a dental therapist.

10.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

10.4 Subd. 2. **Dental hygienists.** A person of good moral character, who has graduated
10.5 from a dental hygiene program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of
10.6 ~~the American Dental Association~~ and established in an institution accredited by an agency
10.7 recognized by the United States Department of Education to offer college-level programs,
10.8 may apply for licensure. The dental hygiene program must provide a minimum of two
10.9 academic years of dental hygiene education. The applicant must submit an application and
10.10 fee as prescribed by the board and a diploma or certificate of dental hygiene. Prior to being
10.11 licensed, the applicant must pass the National Board of Dental Hygiene examination and a
10.12 board approved examination designed to determine the applicant's clinical competency. In
10.13 the case of examinations conducted pursuant to section 150A.03, subdivision 1, applicants
10.14 shall take the examination before applying to the board for licensure. The applicant must
10.15 also pass an examination testing the applicant's knowledge of the laws of Minnesota relating
10.16 to the practice of dentistry and of the rules of the board. An applicant is ineligible to retake
10.17 the clinical examination required by the board after failing it twice until further education
10.18 and training are obtained as specified by board rule. A separate, nonrefundable fee may
10.19 be charged for each time a person applies. An applicant who passes the examination in
10.20 compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by professional ethical conduct requirements, and
10.21 meets all the other requirements of the board shall be licensed as a dental hygienist.

10.22 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

10.23 Subd. 2a. **Licensed dental assistant.** A person of good moral character, who has
10.24 graduated from a dental assisting program accredited by the Commission on Dental
10.25 Accreditation of ~~the American Dental Association~~, may apply for licensure. The applicant
10.26 must submit an application and fee as prescribed by the board and the diploma or
10.27 certificate of dental assisting. In the case of examinations conducted pursuant to section
10.28 150A.03, subdivision 1, applicants shall take the examination before applying to the board
10.29 for licensure. The examination shall include an examination of the applicant's knowledge
10.30 of the laws of Minnesota relating to dentistry and the rules of the board. An applicant is
10.31 ineligible to retake the licensure examination required by the board after failing it twice
10.32 until further education and training are obtained as specified by board rule. A separate,
10.33 nonrefundable fee may be charged for each time a person applies. An applicant who
10.34 passes the examination in compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by professional ethical

11.1 conduct requirements, and meets all the other requirements of the board shall be licensed
11.2 as a dental assistant.

11.3 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

11.4 Subd. 2d. **Continuing education and professional development waiver.** (a) The
11.5 board shall grant a waiver to the continuing education requirements under this chapter for
11.6 a licensed dentist, licensed dental therapist, licensed dental hygienist, or licensed dental
11.7 assistant who documents to the satisfaction of the board that the dentist, dental therapist,
11.8 dental hygienist, or licensed dental assistant has retired from active practice in the state
11.9 and limits the provision of dental care services to those offered without compensation
11.10 in a public health, community, or tribal clinic or a nonprofit organization that provides
11.11 services to the indigent or to recipients of medical assistance, general assistance medical
11.12 care, or MinnesotaCare programs.

11.13 (b) The board may require written documentation from the volunteer and retired
11.14 dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or licensed dental assistant prior to granting
11.15 this waiver.

11.16 (c) The board shall require the volunteer and retired dentist, dental therapist, dental
11.17 hygienist, or licensed dental assistant to meet the following requirements:

11.18 (1) a licensee seeking a waiver under this subdivision must complete and document
11.19 at least five hours of approved courses in infection control, medical emergencies, and
11.20 medical management for the continuing education cycle; and

11.21 (2) provide documentation of current CPR certification from completion of the
11.22 American Heart Association healthcare provider course; or the American Red Cross
11.23 professional rescuer course; ~~or an equivalent entity.~~

11.24 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

11.25 Subd. 3. **Waiver of examination.** (a) All or any part of the examination for
11.26 dentists or dental hygienists, except that pertaining to the law of Minnesota relating to
11.27 dentistry and the rules of the board, may, at the discretion of the board, be waived for an
11.28 applicant who presents a certificate of having passed all components of the National Board
11.29 Dental Examinations or evidence of having maintained an adequate scholastic standing
11.30 as determined by the board, in dental school as to dentists, or dental hygiene school as
11.31 to dental hygienists.

11.32 (b) The board shall waive the clinical examination required for licensure for any
11.33 dentist applicant who is a graduate of a dental school accredited by the Commission on
11.34 Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association, who has passed all components

12.1 of the National Board Dental Examinations, and who has satisfactorily completed a
12.2 Minnesota-based postdoctoral general dentistry residency program (GPR) or an advanced
12.3 education in general dentistry (AEGD) program after January 1, 2004. The postdoctoral
12.4 program must be accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation ~~of the American~~
12.5 ~~Dental Association~~, be of at least one year's duration, and include an outcome assessment
12.6 evaluation assessing the resident's competence to practice dentistry. The board may require
12.7 the applicant to submit any information deemed necessary by the board to determine
12.8 whether the waiver is applicable. ~~The board may waive the clinical examination for an~~
12.9 ~~applicant who meets the requirements of this paragraph and has satisfactorily completed an~~
12.10 ~~accredited postdoctoral general dentistry residency program located outside of Minnesota.~~

12.11 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

12.12 Subd. 8. **Licensure by credentials.** (a) Any dental assistant may, upon application
12.13 and payment of a fee established by the board, apply for licensure based on an evaluation
12.14 of the applicant's education, experience, and performance record in lieu of completing a
12.15 board-approved dental assisting program for expanded functions as defined in rule, and
12.16 may be interviewed by the board to determine if the applicant:

12.17 (1) has graduated from an accredited dental assisting program accredited by the
12.18 Commission ~~of~~ on Dental Accreditation ~~of the American Dental Association~~, or is
12.19 currently certified by the Dental Assisting National Board;

12.20 (2) is not subject to any pending or final disciplinary action in another state or
12.21 Canadian province, or if not currently certified or registered, previously had a certification
12.22 or registration in another state or Canadian province in good standing that was not subject
12.23 to any final or pending disciplinary action at the time of surrender;

12.24 (3) is of good moral character and abides by professional ethical conduct
12.25 requirements;

12.26 (4) at board discretion, has passed a board-approved English proficiency test if
12.27 English is not the applicant's primary language; and

12.28 (5) has met all expanded functions curriculum equivalency requirements of a
12.29 Minnesota board-approved dental assisting program.

12.30 (b) The board, at its discretion, may waive specific licensure requirements in
12.31 paragraph (a).

12.32 (c) An applicant who fulfills the conditions of this subdivision and demonstrates the
12.33 minimum knowledge in dental subjects required for licensure under subdivision 2a must
12.34 be licensed to practice the applicant's profession.

13.1 (d) If the applicant does not demonstrate the minimum knowledge in dental subjects
 13.2 required for licensure under subdivision 2a, the application must be denied. If licensure is
 13.3 denied, the board may notify the applicant of any specific remedy that the applicant could
 13.4 take which, when passed, would qualify the applicant for licensure. A denial does not
 13.5 prohibit the applicant from applying for licensure under subdivision 2a.

13.6 (e) A candidate whose application has been denied may appeal the decision to the
 13.7 board according to subdivision 4a.

13.8 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

13.9 Subd. 3. **Initial license or permit fees.** Along with the application fee, each of the
 13.10 following applicants shall submit a separate ~~prorated~~ initial license or permit fee. The
 13.11 ~~prorated~~ initial fee shall be established by the board ~~based on the number of months of the~~
 13.12 ~~applicant's initial term as described in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.1700, subpart 1a,~~ not to
 13.13 exceed the following monthly nonrefundable fee amounts:

13.14 (1) dentist or full faculty dentist, ~~\$14 times the number of months of the initial~~
 13.15 ~~term~~ \$168;

13.16 (2) dental therapist, ~~\$10 times the number of months of the initial term~~ \$120;

13.17 (3) dental hygienist, ~~\$5 times the number of months of the initial term~~ \$60;

13.18 (4) licensed dental assistant, ~~\$3 times the number of months of the initial term~~
 13.19 \$36; and

13.20 (5) dental assistant with a permit as described in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.8500,
 13.21 subpart 3, ~~\$1 times the number of months of the initial term~~ \$12.

13.22 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.091, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

13.23 Subd. 8. **Duplicate license or certificate fee.** Each applicant shall submit, with
 13.24 a request for issuance of a duplicate of the original license, or of an annual or biennial
 13.25 renewal certificate for a license or permit, a fee in the following amounts:

13.26 (1) original dentist, full faculty dentist, dental therapist, dental hygiene, or dental
 13.27 assistant license, \$35; ~~and~~

13.28 (2) annual or biennial renewal certificates, \$10; ~~and~~

13.29 (3) wallet-sized license and renewal certificate, \$15.

13.30 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.091, subdivision 16, is amended to
 13.31 read:

13.32 Subd. 16. **Failure of professional development portfolio audit.** ~~A licensee shall~~
 13.33 ~~submit a fee as established by the board not to exceed the amount of \$250 after failing two~~

14.1 ~~consecutive professional development portfolio audits and, thereafter, for each failed~~ (a) If
 14.2 a licensee fails a professional development portfolio audit under Minnesota Rules, part
 14.3 3100.5300, the board is authorized to take the following actions:

14.4 (1) for the first failure, the board may issue a warning to the licensee;

14.5 (2) for the second failure within ten years, the board may assess a penalty of not
 14.6 more than \$250; and

14.7 (3) for any additional failures within the ten year period, the board may assess a
 14.8 penalty of not more than \$1000.

14.9 (b) In addition to the penalty fee, the board may initiate the complaint process to
 14.10 address multiple failed audits.

14.11 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 150A.10, is amended to read:

14.12 **150A.10 ALLIED DENTAL PERSONNEL.**

14.13 Subdivision 1. **Dental hygienists.** Any licensed dentist, licensed dental therapist,
 14.14 public institution, or school authority may obtain services from a licensed dental hygienist.
 14.15 The licensed dental hygienist may provide those services defined in section 150A.05,
 14.16 subdivision 1a. The services provided shall not include the establishment of a final
 14.17 diagnosis or treatment plan for a dental patient. All services shall be provided under
 14.18 supervision of a licensed dentist. Any licensed dentist who shall permit any dental service
 14.19 by a dental hygienist other than those authorized by the Board of Dentistry, shall be deemed
 14.20 to be violating the provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, and any unauthorized dental
 14.21 service by a dental hygienist shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.

14.22 Subd. 1a. **Limited authorization for dental hygienists.** (a) Notwithstanding
 14.23 subdivision 1, a dental hygienist licensed under this chapter may be employed or retained
 14.24 by a health care facility, program, or nonprofit organization to perform dental hygiene
 14.25 services described under paragraph (b) without the patient first being examined by a
 14.26 licensed dentist if the dental hygienist:

14.27 (1) has been engaged in the active practice of clinical dental hygiene for not less than
 14.28 2,400 hours in the past 18 months or a career total of 3,000 hours, including a minimum of
 14.29 200 hours of clinical practice in two of the past three years;

14.30 (2) has entered into a collaborative agreement with a licensed dentist that designates
 14.31 authorization for the services provided by the dental hygienist;

14.32 (3) has documented participation in courses in infection control and medical
 14.33 emergencies within each continuing education cycle; and

15.1 (4) maintains current CPR certification from completion of the American Heart
15.2 Association healthcare provider course, or the American Red Cross professional rescuer
15.3 course, ~~or an equivalent entity.~~

15.4 (b) The dental hygiene services authorized to be performed by a dental hygienist
15.5 under this subdivision are limited to:

15.6 (1) oral health promotion and disease prevention education;

15.7 (2) removal of deposits and stains from the surfaces of the teeth;

15.8 (3) application of topical preventive or prophylactic agents, including fluoride
15.9 varnishes and pit and fissure sealants;

15.10 (4) polishing and smoothing restorations;

15.11 (5) removal of marginal overhangs;

15.12 (6) performance of preliminary charting;

15.13 (7) taking of radiographs; and

15.14 (8) performance of scaling and root planing.

15.15 The dental hygienist may administer injections of local anesthetic agents or nitrous
15.16 oxide inhalation analgesia as specifically delegated in the collaborative agreement with
15.17 a licensed dentist. The dentist need not first examine the patient or be present. If the
15.18 patient is considered medically compromised, the collaborative dentist shall review the
15.19 patient record, including the medical history, prior to the provision of these services.

15.20 Collaborating dental hygienists may work with unlicensed and licensed dental assistants
15.21 who may only perform duties for which licensure is not required. The performance of
15.22 dental hygiene services in a health care facility, program, or nonprofit organization as
15.23 authorized under this subdivision is limited to patients, students, and residents of the
15.24 facility, program, or organization.

15.25 (c) A collaborating dentist must be licensed under this chapter and may enter into
15.26 a collaborative agreement with no more than four dental hygienists unless otherwise
15.27 authorized by the board. The board shall develop parameters and a process for obtaining
15.28 authorization to collaborate with more than four dental hygienists. The collaborative
15.29 agreement must include:

15.30 (1) consideration for medically compromised patients and medical conditions for
15.31 which a dental evaluation and treatment plan must occur prior to the provision of dental
15.32 hygiene services;

15.33 (2) age- and procedure-specific standard collaborative practice protocols, including
15.34 recommended intervals for the performance of dental hygiene services and a period of
15.35 time in which an examination by a dentist should occur;

15.36 (3) copies of consent to treatment form provided to the patient by the dental hygienist;

16.1 (4) specific protocols for the placement of pit and fissure sealants and requirements
16.2 for follow-up care to assure the efficacy of the sealants after application; and

16.3 (5) a procedure for creating and maintaining dental records for the patients that are
16.4 treated by the dental hygienist. This procedure must specify where these records are
16.5 to be located.

16.6 The collaborative agreement must be signed and maintained by the dentist, the dental
16.7 hygienist, and the facility, program, or organization; must be reviewed annually by the
16.8 collaborating dentist and dental hygienist; and must be made available to the board
16.9 upon request.

16.10 (d) Before performing any services authorized under this subdivision, a dental
16.11 hygienist must provide the patient with a consent to treatment form which must include a
16.12 statement advising the patient that the dental hygiene services provided are not a substitute
16.13 for a dental examination by a licensed dentist. If the dental hygienist makes any referrals
16.14 to the patient for further dental procedures, the dental hygienist must fill out a referral form
16.15 and provide a copy of the form to the collaborating dentist.

16.16 (e) For the purposes of this subdivision, a "health care facility, program, or
16.17 nonprofit organization" is limited to a hospital; nursing home; home health agency; group
16.18 home serving the elderly, disabled, or juveniles; state-operated facility licensed by the
16.19 commissioner of human services or the commissioner of corrections; and federal, state, or
16.20 local public health facility, community clinic, tribal clinic, school authority, Head Start
16.21 program, or nonprofit organization that serves individuals who are uninsured or who are
16.22 Minnesota health care public program recipients.

16.23 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, a "collaborative agreement" means a written
16.24 agreement with a licensed dentist who authorizes and accepts responsibility for the
16.25 services performed by the dental hygienist. The services authorized under this subdivision
16.26 and the collaborative agreement may be performed without the presence of a licensed
16.27 dentist and may be performed at a location other than the usual place of practice of the
16.28 dentist or dental hygienist and without a dentist's diagnosis and treatment plan, unless
16.29 specified in the collaborative agreement.

16.30 Subd. 2. **Dental assistants.** Every licensed dentist and dental therapist who uses the
16.31 services of any unlicensed person for the purpose of assistance in the practice of dentistry
16.32 or dental therapy shall be responsible for the acts of such unlicensed person while engaged
16.33 in such assistance. The dentist or dental therapist shall permit the unlicensed assistant to
16.34 perform only those acts which are authorized to be delegated to unlicensed assistants
16.35 by the Board of Dentistry. The acts shall be performed under supervision of a licensed
16.36 dentist or dental therapist. A licensed dental therapist shall not supervise more than four

17.1 ~~registered~~ licensed or unlicensed dental assistants at any one practice setting. The board
17.2 may permit differing levels of dental assistance based upon recognized educational
17.3 standards, approved by the board, for the training of dental assistants. The board may also
17.4 define by rule the scope of practice of licensed and unlicensed dental assistants. The
17.5 board by rule may require continuing education for differing levels of dental assistants,
17.6 as a condition to their license or authority to perform their authorized duties. Any
17.7 licensed dentist or dental therapist who permits an unlicensed assistant to perform any
17.8 dental service other than that authorized by the board shall be deemed to be enabling an
17.9 unlicensed person to practice dentistry, and commission of such an act by an unlicensed
17.10 assistant shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.

17.11 Subd. 3. **Dental technicians.** Every licensed dentist and dental therapist who uses
17.12 the services of any unlicensed person, other than under the dentist's or dental therapist's
17.13 supervision and within the same practice setting, for the purpose of constructing, altering,
17.14 repairing or duplicating any denture, partial denture, crown, bridge, splint, orthodontic,
17.15 prosthetic or other dental appliance, shall be required to furnish such unlicensed person
17.16 with a written work order in such form as shall be prescribed by the rules of the board. The
17.17 work order shall be made in duplicate form, a duplicate copy to be retained in a permanent
17.18 file of the dentist or dental therapist at the practice setting for a period of two years, and
17.19 the original to be retained in a permanent file for a period of two years by the unlicensed
17.20 person in that person's place of business. The permanent file of work orders to be kept
17.21 by the dentist, dental therapist, or unlicensed person shall be open to inspection at any
17.22 reasonable time by the board or its duly constituted agent.

17.23 Subd. 4. **Restorative procedures.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1, 1a, and
17.24 2, a licensed dental hygienist or licensed dental assistant may perform the following
17.25 restorative procedures:

17.26 (1) place, contour, and adjust amalgam restorations;

17.27 (2) place, contour, and adjust glass ionomer;

17.28 (3) adapt and cement stainless steel crowns; ~~and~~

17.29 (4) place, contour, and adjust class I and class V supragingival composite restorations
17.30 where the margins are entirely within the enamel; and

17.31 (5) place, contour, and adjust class II and class V supragingival composite
17.32 restorations on primary teeth.

17.33 (b) The restorative procedures described in paragraph (a) may be performed only if:

17.34 (1) the licensed dental hygienist or licensed dental assistant has completed a
17.35 board-approved course on the specific procedures;

18.1 (2) the board-approved course includes a component that sufficiently prepares the
18.2 licensed dental hygienist or licensed dental assistant to adjust the occlusion on the newly
18.3 placed restoration;

18.4 (3) a licensed dentist or licensed advanced dental therapist has authorized the
18.5 procedure to be performed; and

18.6 (4) a licensed dentist or licensed advanced dental therapist is available in the clinic
18.7 while the procedure is being performed.

18.8 (c) The dental faculty who teaches the educators of the board-approved courses
18.9 specified in paragraph (b) must have prior experience teaching these procedures in an
18.10 accredited dental education program.

18.11 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 214.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

18.12 Subd. 3. **Compensation.** (a) Members of the boards may be compensated at the rate
18.13 of ~~\$55~~ \$75 a day spent on board activities, when authorized by the board, plus expenses in
18.14 the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under
18.15 section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Members who, as a result of time spent attending board
18.16 meetings, incur child care expenses that would not otherwise have been incurred, may be
18.17 reimbursed for those expenses upon board authorization.

18.18 (b) Members who are state employees or employees of the political subdivisions
18.19 of the state must not receive the daily payment for activities that occur during working
18.20 hours for which they are also compensated by the state or political subdivision. However,
18.21 a state or political subdivision employee may receive the daily payment if the employee
18.22 uses vacation time or compensatory time accumulated in accordance with a collective
18.23 bargaining agreement or compensation plan for board activity. Members who are state
18.24 employees or employees of the political subdivisions of the state may receive the expenses
18.25 provided for in this subdivision unless the expenses are reimbursed by another source.
18.26 Members who are state employees or employees of political subdivisions of the state
18.27 may be reimbursed for child care expenses only for time spent on board activities that
18.28 are outside their working hours.

18.29 (c) Each board must adopt internal standards prescribing what constitutes a day
18.30 spent on board activities for purposes of making daily payments under this subdivision.

18.31 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 214.32, is amended by adding a subdivision
18.32 to read:

18.33 Subd. 6. **Duties of a participating board.** Upon receiving a report from the program
18.34 manager in accordance with section 214.33, subdivision 3, that a regulated person has been

19.1 discharged from the program due to noncompliance based on allegations that the regulated
 19.2 person has engaged in conduct that might cause risk to the public, the participating board
 19.3 may temporarily suspend the regulated person's professional license until the completion of
 19.4 a disciplinary investigation. The board must complete the disciplinary investigation within
 19.5 60 days of receipt of the report from the program. If the investigation is not completed by
 19.6 the board within 60 days, the temporary suspension shall be lifted, unless the regulated
 19.7 person requests a delay in the disciplinary proceedings for any reason, upon which the
 19.8 temporary suspension shall remain in place until the completion of the investigation.

19.9 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 214.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

19.10 Subd. 3. **Program manager.** (a) The program manager shall report to the
 19.11 appropriate participating board a regulated person who:

19.12 (1) does not meet program admission criteria;

19.13 (2) violates the terms of the program participation agreement;~~or;~~

19.14 (3) leaves or is discharged from the program except upon fulfilling the terms for
 19.15 successful completion of the program as set forth in the participation agreement;

19.16 (4) is subject to the provisions of sections 214.17 to 214.25;

19.17 (5) causes identifiable patient harm;

19.18 (6) unlawfully substitutes or adulterates medications;

19.19 (7) writes a prescription or causes a prescription to be dispensed in the name of a

19.20 person, other than the prescriber, or veterinary patient for the personal use of the prescriber;

19.21 (8) alters a prescription without the knowledge of the prescriber for the purpose of
 19.22 obtaining a drug for personal use;

19.23 (9) unlawfully uses a controlled or mood-altering substance or uses alcohol while
 19.24 providing patient care or during the period of time in which the regulated person may be
 19.25 contacted to provide patient care or is otherwise on duty, if current use is the reason for
 19.26 participation in the program or the use occurs while the regulated person is participating
 19.27 in the program; or

19.28 ~~The program manager shall report to the appropriate participating board a regulated~~
 19.29 ~~person who~~ (10) is alleged to have committed violations of the person's practice act that
 19.30 are outside the authority of the health professionals services program as described in
 19.31 sections 214.31 to 214.37.

19.32 (b) The program manager shall inform any reporting person of the disposition of the
 19.33 person's report to the program.

19.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2014, and applies to
 19.35 violations that occur after the effective date.

20.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 364.09, is amended to read:

20.2 **364.09 EXCEPTIONS.**

20.3 (a) This chapter does not apply to the licensing process for peace officers; to law
20.4 enforcement agencies as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f); to fire
20.5 protection agencies; to eligibility for a private detective or protective agent license; to the
20.6 licensing and background study process under chapters 245A and 245C; to eligibility
20.7 for school bus driver endorsements; to eligibility for special transportation service
20.8 endorsements; to eligibility for a commercial driver training instructor license, which is
20.9 governed by section 171.35 and rules adopted under that section; to emergency medical
20.10 services personnel, or to the licensing by political subdivisions of taxicab drivers, if the
20.11 applicant for the license has been discharged from sentence for a conviction within the ten
20.12 years immediately preceding application of a violation of any of the following:

20.13 (1) sections 609.185 to 609.21, 609.221 to 609.223, 609.342 to 609.3451, or 617.23,
20.14 subdivision 2 or 3;

20.15 (2) any provision of chapter 152 that is punishable by a maximum sentence of
20.16 15 years or more; or

20.17 (3) a violation of chapter 169 or 169A involving driving under the influence, leaving
20.18 the scene of an accident, or reckless or careless driving.

20.19 This chapter also shall not apply to eligibility for juvenile corrections employment, where
20.20 the offense involved child physical or sexual abuse or criminal sexual conduct.

20.21 (b) This chapter does not apply to a school district or to eligibility for a license
20.22 issued or renewed by the Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education.

20.23 (c) Nothing in this section precludes the Minnesota Police and Peace Officers
20.24 Training Board or the state fire marshal from recommending policies set forth in this
20.25 chapter to the attorney general for adoption in the attorney general's discretion to apply to
20.26 law enforcement or fire protection agencies.

20.27 (d) This chapter does not apply to a license to practice medicine that has been denied
20.28 or revoked by the Board of Medical Practice pursuant to section 147.091, subdivision 1a.

20.29 (e) This chapter does not apply to any person who has been denied a license to
20.30 practice chiropractic or whose license to practice chiropractic has been revoked by the
20.31 board in accordance with section 148.10, subdivision 7.

20.32 (f) This chapter does not apply to any license, registration, or permit that has
20.33 been denied or revoked by the Board of Nursing in accordance with section 148.261,
20.34 subdivision 1a.

22.1 Subd. 6. **Medicine.** The term "medicine" means any remedial agent that has the
22.2 property of curing, preventing, treating, or mitigating diseases, or that is used for that
22.3 purpose.

22.4 Subd. 7. **Poisons.** The term "poisons" means any substance ~~which~~ that, when
22.5 introduced into the system, directly or by absorption, produces violent, morbid, or fatal
22.6 changes, or ~~which~~ that destroys living tissue with which it comes in contact.

22.7 Subd. 8. **Chemical.** The term "chemical" means all medicinal or industrial
22.8 substances, whether simple or compound, or obtained through the process of the science
22.9 and art of chemistry, whether of organic or inorganic origin.

22.10 Subd. 9. **Board or State Board of Pharmacy.** The term "board" or "State Board of
22.11 Pharmacy" means the Minnesota State Board of Pharmacy.

22.12 Subd. 10. **Director.** The term "director" means the executive director of the
22.13 Minnesota State Board of Pharmacy.

22.14 Subd. 11. **Person.** The term "person" means an individual, firm, partnership,
22.15 company, corporation, trustee, association, agency, or other public or private entity.

22.16 Subd. 12. **Wholesale.** The term "wholesale" means and includes any sale for the
22.17 purpose of resale.

22.18 Subd. 13. **Commercial purposes.** The phrase "commercial purposes" means the
22.19 ordinary purposes of trade, agriculture, industry, and commerce, exclusive of the practices
22.20 of medicine ~~and~~ pharmacy, and other health care professions.

22.21 Subd. 14. **Manufacturing.** The term "manufacturing" ~~except in the case of bulk~~
22.22 ~~compounding, prepackaging or extemporaneous compounding within a pharmacy,~~ means
22.23 ~~and includes the production, quality control and standardization by mechanical, physical,~~
22.24 ~~chemical, or pharmaceutical means, packing, repacking, tableting, encapsulating, labeling,~~
22.25 ~~relabeling, filling or by any other process, of all drugs, medicines, chemicals, or poisons,~~
22.26 ~~without exception, for medicinal purposes.~~ preparation, propagation, conversion, or
22.27 processing of a drug, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural
22.28 origin or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis. Manufacturing
22.29 includes the packaging or repackaging of a drug, or the labeling or relabeling of
22.30 the container of a drug, for resale by pharmacies, practitioners, or other persons.
22.31 Manufacturing does not include the prepackaging, extemporaneous compounding, or
22.32 anticipatory compounding of a drug within a licensed pharmacy or by a practitioner,
22.33 nor the labeling of a container within a pharmacy or by a practitioner for the purpose of
22.34 dispensing a drug to a patient pursuant to a valid prescription.

22.35 Subd. 14a. **Manufacturer.** The term "manufacturer" means any person engaged
22.36 in manufacturing.

23.1 Subd. 14b. **Outsourcing facility.** "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is
23.2 registered by the United States Food and Drug Administration pursuant to United States
23.3 Code, title 21, section 353b.

23.4 Subd. 15. **Pharmacist intern.** The term "pharmacist intern" means (1) a natural
23.5 person satisfactorily progressing toward the degree in pharmacy required for licensure, or
23.6 (2) a graduate of the University of Minnesota College of Pharmacy, or other pharmacy
23.7 college approved by the board, who is registered by the State Board of Pharmacy for the
23.8 purpose of obtaining practical experience as a requirement for licensure as a pharmacist,
23.9 or (3) a qualified applicant awaiting examination for licensure.

23.10 Subd. 15a. **Pharmacy technician.** The term "pharmacy technician" means a person
23.11 not licensed as a pharmacist or a pharmacist intern, who assists the pharmacist in the
23.12 preparation and dispensing of medications by performing computer entry of prescription
23.13 data and other manipulative tasks. A pharmacy technician shall not perform tasks
23.14 specifically reserved to a licensed pharmacist or requiring professional judgment.

23.15 Subd. 16. **Prescription drug order.** The term "prescription drug order" means a
23.16 signed lawful written order, or an oral, or electronic order reduced to writing, given by of
23.17 a practitioner licensed to prescribe drugs for patients in the course of the practitioner's
23.18 practice, issued for an individual patient and containing the following: the date of issue,
23.19 name and address of the patient, name and quantity of the drug prescribed, directions
23.20 for use, and the name and address of the prescriber. for a drug for a specific patient.
23.21 Prescription drug orders for controlled substances must be prepared in accordance with the
23.22 provisions of section 152.11 and the federal Controlled Substances Act and the regulations
23.23 promulgated thereunder.

23.24 Subd. 16a. **Prescription.** The term "prescription" means a prescription drug order
23.25 that is written or printed on paper, an oral order reduced to writing by a pharmacist, or an
23.26 electronic order. To be valid, a prescription must be issued for an individual patient by
23.27 a practitioner within the scope and usual course of the practitioner's practice, and must
23.28 contain the date of issue, name and address of the patient, name and quantity of the drug
23.29 prescribed, directions for use, the name and address of the practitioner, and a telephone
23.30 number at which the practitioner can be reached. A prescription written or printed on
23.31 paper that is given to the patient or an agent of the patient or that is transmitted by fax
23.32 must contain the practitioner's manual signature. An electronic prescription must contain
23.33 the practitioner's electronic signature.

23.34 Subd. 16b. **Chart order.** The term "chart order" means a prescription drug order for
23.35 a drug that is to be dispensed by a pharmacist, or by a pharmacist intern under the direct
23.36 supervision of a pharmacist, and administered by an authorized person only during the

24.1 patient's stay in a hospital or long-term care facility. The chart order shall contain the name
24.2 of the patient, another patient identifier such as birth date or medical record number, the
24.3 drug ordered, and any directions that the practitioner may prescribe concerning strength,
24.4 dosage, frequency, and route of administration. The manual or electronic signature of the
24.5 practitioner must be affixed to the chart order at the time it is written or at a later date in
24.6 the case of verbal chart orders.

24.7 Subd. 17. **Legend drug.** "Legend drug" means a drug ~~which~~ that is required by
24.8 federal law to ~~bear the following statement, "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing~~
24.9 ~~without prescription."~~ be dispensed only pursuant to the prescription of a licensed
24.10 practitioner.

24.11 Subd. 18. **Label.** "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter
24.12 upon the immediate container of any drug or medicine; ~~and a requirement made by or~~
24.13 ~~under authority of Laws 1969, chapter 933 that.~~ Any word, statement, or other information
24.14 ~~appearing~~ required by or under the authority of this chapter to appear on the label shall ~~not~~
24.15 ~~be considered to be complied with unless such word, statement, or other information also~~
24.16 ~~appears~~ appear on the outside container or wrapper, if any there be, of the retail package of
24.17 such drug or medicine, or ~~is~~ be easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

24.18 Subd. 19. **Package.** "Package" means any container or wrapping in which any
24.19 drug or medicine is enclosed for use in the delivery or display of that article to retail
24.20 purchasers, but does not include:

24.21 (a) shipping containers or wrappings used solely for the transportation of any such
24.22 article in bulk or in quantity to manufacturers, packers, processors, or wholesale or
24.23 retail distributors;

24.24 (b) shipping containers or outer wrappings used by retailers to ship or deliver any
24.25 such article to retail customers if such containers and wrappings bear no printed matter
24.26 pertaining to any particular drug or medicine.

24.27 Subd. 20. **Labeling.** "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or
24.28 graphic matter (a) upon a drug or medicine or any of its containers or wrappers, or (b)
24.29 accompanying such article.

24.30 Subd. 21. **Federal act.** "Federal act" means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
24.31 Act, United States Code, title 21, section 301, et seq., as amended.

24.32 Subd. 22. **Pharmacist in charge.** "Pharmacist in charge" means a duly licensed
24.33 pharmacist in the state of Minnesota who has been designated in accordance with the rules
24.34 of the State Board of Pharmacy to assume professional responsibility for the operation
24.35 of the pharmacy in compliance with the requirements and duties as established by the
24.36 board in its rules.

25.1 Subd. 23. **Practitioner.** "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed
25.2 doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of dentistry,
25.3 licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, or licensed veterinarian. For purposes of
25.4 sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs
25.5 (b), (e), and (f); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a physician assistant authorized to
25.6 prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse
25.7 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. For purposes of
25.8 sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.252, subdivision 3; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraph
25.9 (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to dispense and
25.10 administer under chapter 150A.

25.11 Subd. 24. **Brand name.** "Brand name" means the registered trademark name given
25.12 to a drug product by its manufacturer, labeler or distributor.

25.13 Subd. 25. **Generic name.** "Generic name" means the established name or official
25.14 name of a drug or drug product.

25.15 Subd. 26. **Finished dosage form.** "Finished dosage form" means that form of a
25.16 drug ~~which~~ that is or is intended to be dispensed or administered to the patient and requires
25.17 no further manufacturing or processing other than packaging, reconstitution, or labeling.

25.18 Subd. 27. **Practice of pharmacy.** "Practice of pharmacy" means:

25.19 (1) interpretation and evaluation of prescription drug orders;

25.20 (2) compounding, labeling, and dispensing drugs and devices (except labeling by
25.21 a manufacturer or packager of nonprescription drugs or commercially packaged legend
25.22 drugs and devices);

25.23 (3) participation in clinical interpretations and monitoring of drug therapy for
25.24 assurance of safe and effective use of drugs, including the performance of laboratory tests
25.25 that are waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act of 1988, United
25.26 States Code, title 42, section 263a et seq., provided that a pharmacist may interpret the
25.27 results of laboratory tests but may modify drug therapy only pursuant to a protocol or
25.28 collaborative practice agreement;

25.29 (4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first
25.30 dosage and medical emergencies; drug regimen reviews; and drug or drug-related research;

25.31 (5) participation in administration of influenza vaccines to all eligible individuals ten
25.32 years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 18 years of age and older ~~under~~
25.33 ~~standing orders from a physician licensed under chapter 147 or by written protocol with a~~
25.34 physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe drugs
25.35 under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe drugs under
25.36 section 148.235, provided that:

- 26.1 (i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:
- 26.2 (A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;
- 26.3 (B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;
- 26.4 (C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
- 26.5 (D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;
- 26.6 (E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or
- 26.7 advanced nurse practitioner;
- 26.8 (F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced
- 26.9 nurse practitioner can be contacted; and
- 26.10 (G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid;
- 26.11 ~~(i)~~ (ii) the pharmacist ~~is trained in~~ has successfully completed a program approved
- 26.12 by the American Accreditation Council of Pharmaceutical for Pharmacy Education
- 26.13 specifically for the administration of immunizations or ~~graduated from a college of~~
- 26.14 pharmacy in 2001 or thereafter a program approved by the board; and
- 26.15 ~~(ii)~~ (iii) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the patient's
- 26.16 primary physician or clinic or to the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection; and
- 26.17 (iv) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations
- 26.18 established by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a
- 26.19 pharmacist does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish
- 26.20 immunization schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific
- 26.21 order issued by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to
- 26.22 prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe
- 26.23 drugs under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States
- 26.24 Food and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine;
- 26.25 (6) participation in the ~~practice of managing drug therapy and modifying initiation,~~
- 26.26 management, modification, and discontinuation of drug therapy, ~~according to section~~
- 26.27 151.21, subdivision 1, according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement
- 26.28 between the specific pharmacist: (i) one or more pharmacists and the individual dentist,
- 26.29 optometrist, physician, podiatrist, or veterinarian who is responsible for the patient's
- 26.30 care and authorized to independently prescribe drugs one or more dentists, optometrists,
- 26.31 physicians, podiatrists, or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more
- 26.32 physician assistants authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A,
- 26.33 or advanced practice nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under
- 26.34 section 148.235. Any significant changes in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or
- 26.35 collaborative practice agreement must be ~~reported~~ documented by the pharmacist to in

27.1 the patient's medical record or reported by the pharmacist to a practitioner responsible
 27.2 for the patient's care;

27.3 (7) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records;

27.4 (8) ~~responsibility for participation in~~ patient counseling on therapeutic values,
 27.5 content, hazards, and uses of drugs and devices; and

27.6 (9) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary
 27.7 in the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy.

27.8 Subd. 27a. **Protocol.** "Protocol" means:

27.9 (1) a specific written plan that describes the nature and scope of activities that a
 27.10 pharmacist may engage in when initiating, managing, modifying, or discontinuing drug
 27.11 therapy as allowed in subdivision 27, clause (6); or

27.12 (2) a specific written plan that authorizes a pharmacist to administer vaccines and
 27.13 that complies with subdivision 27, clause (5).

27.14 Subd. 27b. **Collaborative practice.** "Collaborative practice" means patient care
 27.15 activities, consistent with subdivision 27, engaged in by one or more pharmacists who
 27.16 have agreed to work in collaboration with one or more practitioners to initiate, manage,
 27.17 and modify drug therapy under specified conditions mutually agreed to by the pharmacists
 27.18 and practitioners.

27.19 Subd. 27c. **Collaborative practice agreement.** "Collaborative practice agreement"
 27.20 means a written and signed agreement between one or more pharmacists and one or more
 27.21 practitioners that allows the pharmacist or pharmacists to engage in collaborative practice.

27.22 Subd. 28. **Veterinary legend drug.** "Veterinary legend drug" means a drug that is
 27.23 required by federal law to bear the following statement: "Caution: Federal law restricts
 27.24 this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian." be dispensed only pursuant
 27.25 to the prescription of a licensed veterinarian.

27.26 Subd. 29. **Legend medical gas.** "Legend medical gas" means a liquid or gaseous
 27.27 substance used for medical purposes and that is required by federal law to bear the
 27.28 following statement: "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without a prescription."
 27.29 be dispensed only pursuant to the prescription of a licensed practitioner.

27.30 Subd. 30. **Dispense or dispensing.** "Dispense or dispensing" means the ~~preparation~~
 27.31 or delivery of a drug pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner in a suitable container
 27.32 appropriately labeled for subsequent administration to or use by a patient or other individual
 27.33 entitled to receive the drug. interpretation, evaluation, and processing of a prescription
 27.34 drug order and includes those processes specified by the board in rule that are necessary
 27.35 for the preparation and provision of a drug to a patient or patient's agent in a suitable
 27.36 container appropriately labeled for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.

28.1 Subd. 31. **Central service pharmacy.** "Central service pharmacy" means a
28.2 pharmacy that may provide dispensing functions, drug utilization review, packaging,
28.3 labeling, or delivery of a prescription product to another pharmacy for the purpose of
28.4 filling a prescription.

28.5 Subd. 32. **Electronic signature.** "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound,
28.6 symbol, or process attached to or associated with a record and executed or adopted by a
28.7 person with the intent to sign the record.

28.8 Subd. 33. **Electronic transmission.** "Electronic transmission" means transmission
28.9 of information in electronic form.

28.10 Subd. 34. **Health professional shortage area.** "Health professional shortage area"
28.11 means an area designated as such by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services,
28.12 as provided under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 5, and United States Code,
28.13 title 42, section 254E.

28.14 Subd. 35. **Compounding.** "Compounding" means preparing, mixing, assembling,
28.15 packaging, and labeling a drug for an identified individual patient as a result of
28.16 a practitioner's prescription drug order. Compounding also includes anticipatory
28.17 compounding, as defined in this section, and the preparation of drugs in which all bulk
28.18 drug substances and components are nonprescription substances. Compounding does
28.19 not include mixing or reconstituting a drug according to the product's labeling or to the
28.20 manufacturer's directions. Compounding does not include the preparation of a drug for the
28.21 purpose of, or incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis, provided that the drug
28.22 is not prepared for dispensing or administration to patients. All compounding, regardless
28.23 of the type of product, must be done pursuant to a prescription drug order unless otherwise
28.24 permitted in this chapter or by the rules of the board.

28.25 Subd. 36. **Anticipatory compounding.** "Anticipatory compounding" means the
28.26 preparation by a pharmacy of a supply of a compounded drug product that is sufficient to
28.27 meet the short-term anticipated need of the pharmacy for the filling of prescription drug
28.28 orders. In the case of practitioners only, anticipatory compounding means the preparation
28.29 of a supply of a compounded drug product that is sufficient to meet the practitioner's
28.30 short-term anticipated need for dispensing or administering the drug to patients treated
28.31 by the practitioner. Anticipatory compounding is not the preparation of a compounded
28.32 drug product for wholesale distribution.

28.33 Subd. 37. **Extemporaneous compounding.** "Extemporaneous compounding"
28.34 means the compounding of a drug product pursuant to a prescription drug order for a specific
28.35 patient that is issued in advance of the compounding. Extemporaneous compounding is
28.36 not the preparation of a compounded drug product for wholesale distribution.

29.1 Subd. 38. **Compounded positron emission tomography drug.** "Compounded
 29.2 positron emission tomography drug" means a drug that:

29.3 (1) exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei by the emission of
 29.4 positrons and is used for the purpose of providing dual photon positron emission
 29.5 tomographic diagnostic images;

29.6 (2) has been compounded by or on the order of a practitioner in accordance with the
 29.7 relevant parts of Minnesota Rules, chapters 4731 and 6800, for a patient or for research,
 29.8 teaching, or quality control; and

29.9 (3) includes any nonradioactive reagent, reagent kit, ingredient, nuclide generator,
 29.10 accelerator, target material, electronic synthesizer, or other apparatus or computer program
 29.11 to be used in the preparation of such a drug.

29.12 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.06, is amended to read:

29.13 **151.06 POWERS AND DUTIES.**

29.14 Subdivision 1. **Generally; rules.** (a) Powers and duties. The Board of Pharmacy
 29.15 shall have the power and it shall be its duty:

29.16 (1) to regulate the practice of pharmacy;

29.17 (2) to regulate the manufacture, wholesale, and retail sale of drugs within this state;

29.18 (3) to regulate the identity, labeling, purity, and quality of all drugs and medicines
 29.19 dispensed in this state, using the United States Pharmacopeia and the National Formulary,
 29.20 or any revisions thereof, or standards adopted under the federal act as the standard;

29.21 (4) to enter and inspect by its authorized representative any and all places where
 29.22 drugs, medicines, medical gases, or veterinary drugs or devices are sold, vended, given
 29.23 away, compounded, dispensed, manufactured, wholesaled, or held; it may secure samples
 29.24 or specimens of any drugs, medicines, medical gases, or veterinary drugs or devices
 29.25 after paying or offering to pay for such sample; it shall be entitled to inspect and make
 29.26 copies of any and all records of shipment, purchase, manufacture, quality control, and
 29.27 sale of these items provided, however, that such inspection shall not extend to financial
 29.28 data, sales data, or pricing data;

29.29 (5) to examine and license as pharmacists all applicants whom it shall deem qualified
 29.30 to be such;

29.31 (6) to license wholesale drug distributors;

29.32 (7) to ~~deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew~~ take disciplinary action against any
 29.33 registration or license required under this chapter, ~~to any applicant or registrant or licensee~~
 29.34 upon any of the following grounds: listed in section 151.071, and in accordance with
 29.35 the provisions of section 151.071;

- 30.1 ~~(i) fraud or deception in connection with the securing of such license or registration;~~
 30.2 ~~(ii) in the case of a pharmacist, conviction in any court of a felony;~~
 30.3 ~~(iii) in the case of a pharmacist, conviction in any court of an offense involving~~
 30.4 ~~moral turpitude;~~
 30.5 ~~(iv) habitual indulgence in the use of narcotics, stimulants, or depressant drugs;~~
 30.6 ~~or habitual indulgence in intoxicating liquors in a manner which could cause conduct~~
 30.7 ~~endangering public health;~~
 30.8 ~~(v) unprofessional conduct or conduct endangering public health;~~
 30.9 ~~(vi) gross immorality;~~
 30.10 ~~(vii) employing, assisting, or enabling in any manner an unlicensed person to~~
 30.11 ~~practice pharmacy;~~
 30.12 ~~(viii) conviction of theft of drugs, or the unauthorized use, possession, or sale thereof;~~
 30.13 ~~(ix) violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules of the State~~
 30.14 ~~Board of Pharmacy;~~
 30.15 ~~(x) in the case of a pharmacy license, operation of such pharmacy without a~~
 30.16 ~~pharmacist present and on duty;~~
 30.17 ~~(xi) in the case of a pharmacist, physical or mental disability which could cause~~
 30.18 ~~incompetency in the practice of pharmacy;~~
 30.19 ~~(xii) in the case of a pharmacist, the suspension or revocation of a license to practice~~
 30.20 ~~pharmacy in another state; or~~
 30.21 ~~(xiii) in the case of a pharmacist, aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in~~
 30.22 ~~violation of section 609.215 as established by any of the following:~~
 30.23 ~~(A) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in~~
 30.24 ~~violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;~~
 30.25 ~~(B) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an~~
 30.26 ~~injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;~~
 30.27 ~~(C) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,~~
 30.28 ~~subdivision 5; or~~
 30.29 ~~(D) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision~~
 30.30 ~~1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215,~~
 30.31 ~~subdivision 1 or 2;~~
 30.32 (8) to employ necessary assistants and adopt rules for the conduct of its business;
 30.33 (9) to register as pharmacy technicians all applicants who the board determines are
 30.34 qualified to carry out the duties of a pharmacy technician; and
 30.35 (10) to perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as the provisions of
 30.36 the act may require; and

31.1 (11) to enter and inspect any business to which it issues a license or registration.

31.2 ~~(b) Temporary suspension. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the board~~
31.3 ~~may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend a license for not more than 60 days if the board~~
31.4 ~~finds that a pharmacist has violated a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce~~
31.5 ~~and continued practice by the pharmacist would create an imminent risk of harm to others.~~
31.6 ~~The suspension shall take effect upon written notice to the pharmacist, specifying the~~
31.7 ~~statute or rule violated. At the time it issues the suspension notice, the board shall schedule~~
31.8 ~~a disciplinary hearing to be held under the Administrative Procedure Act. The pharmacist~~
31.9 ~~shall be provided with at least 20 days' notice of any hearing held under this subdivision.~~

31.10 ~~(e)~~ (b) Rules. For the purposes aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the board to make
31.11 and publish uniform rules not inconsistent herewith for carrying out and enforcing
31.12 the provisions of this chapter. The board shall adopt rules regarding prospective drug
31.13 utilization review and patient counseling by pharmacists. A pharmacist in the exercise of
31.14 the pharmacist's professional judgment, upon the presentation of a new prescription by a
31.15 patient or the patient's caregiver or agent, shall perform the prospective drug utilization
31.16 review required by rules issued under this subdivision.

31.17 ~~(d)~~ (c) Substitution; rules. If the United States Food and Drug Administration
31.18 (FDA) determines that the substitution of drugs used for the treatment of epilepsy or
31.19 seizures poses a health risk to patients, the board shall adopt rules in accordance with
31.20 accompanying FDA interchangeability standards regarding the use of substitution for
31.21 these drugs. If the board adopts a rule regarding the substitution of drugs used for the
31.22 treatment of epilepsy or seizures that conflicts with the substitution requirements of
31.23 section 151.21, subdivision 3, the rule shall supersede the conflicting statute. If the rule
31.24 proposed by the board would increase state costs for state public health care programs,
31.25 the board shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Health
31.26 and Human Services Budget Division and the house of representatives Health Care and
31.27 Human Services Finance Division the proposed rule and the increased cost associated
31.28 with the proposed rule before the board may adopt the rule.

31.29 Subd. 1a. **Disciplinary action Cease and desist orders.** It shall be grounds for
31.30 ~~disciplinary action by the Board of Pharmacy against the registration of the pharmacy if~~
31.31 ~~the Board of Pharmacy determines that any person with supervisory responsibilities at the~~
31.32 ~~pharmacy sets policies that prevent a licensed pharmacist from providing drug utilization~~
31.33 ~~review and patient counseling as required by rules adopted under subdivision 1. The~~
31.34 ~~Board of Pharmacy shall follow the requirements of chapter 14 in any disciplinary actions~~
31.35 ~~taken under this section.~~ (a) Whenever it appears to the board that a person has engaged in
31.36 an act or practice constituting a violation of a law, rule, or other order related to the duties

32.1 and responsibilities entrusted to the board, the board may issue and cause to be served
32.2 upon the person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from violations.

32.3 (b) The cease and desist order must state the reasons for the issuance of the order
32.4 and must give reasonable notice of the rights of the person to request a hearing before
32.5 an administrative law judge. A hearing must be held not later than ten days after the
32.6 request for the hearing is received by the board. After the completion of the hearing,
32.7 the administrative law judge shall issue a report within ten days. Within 15 days after
32.8 receiving the report of the administrative law judge, the board shall issue a further order
32.9 vacating or making permanent the cease and desist order. The time periods provided in
32.10 this provision may be waived by agreement of the executive director of the board and the
32.11 person against whom the cease and desist order was issued. If the person to whom a cease
32.12 and desist order is issued fails to appear at the hearing after being duly notified, the person
32.13 is in default, and the proceeding may be determined against that person upon consideration
32.14 of the cease and desist order, the allegations of which may be considered to be true. Unless
32.15 otherwise provided, all hearings must be conducted according to chapter 14. The board
32.16 may adopt rules of procedure concerning all proceedings conducted under this subdivision.

32.17 (c) If no hearing is requested within 30 days of service of the order, the cease and
32.18 desist order will become permanent.

32.19 (d) A cease and desist order issued under this subdivision remains in effect until
32.20 it is modified or vacated by the board. The administrative proceeding provided by this
32.21 subdivision, and subsequent appellate judicial review of that administrative proceeding,
32.22 constitutes the exclusive remedy for determining whether the board properly issued the
32.23 cease and desist order and whether the cease and desist order should be vacated or made
32.24 permanent.

32.25 Subd. 1b. **Enforcement of violations of cease and desist orders.** (a) Whenever
32.26 the board under subdivision 1a seeks to enforce compliance with a cease and desist
32.27 order that has been made permanent, the allegations of the cease and desist order are
32.28 considered conclusively established for purposes of proceeding under subdivision 1a for
32.29 permanent or temporary relief to enforce the cease and desist order. Whenever the board
32.30 under subdivision 1a seeks to enforce compliance with a cease and desist order when a
32.31 hearing or hearing request on the cease and desist order is pending, or the time has not
32.32 yet expired to request a hearing on whether a cease and desist order should be vacated or
32.33 made permanent, the allegations in the cease and desist order are considered conclusively
32.34 established for the purposes of proceeding under subdivision 1a for temporary relief to
32.35 enforce the cease and desist order.

33.1 (b) Notwithstanding this subdivision or subdivision 1a, the person against whom
 33.2 the cease and desist order is issued and who has requested a hearing under subdivision 1a
 33.3 may, within 15 days after service of the cease and desist order, bring an action in Ramsey
 33.4 County District Court for issuance of an injunction to suspend enforcement of the cease
 33.5 and desist order pending a final decision of the board under subdivision 1a to vacate or
 33.6 make permanent the cease and desist order. The court shall determine whether to issue
 33.7 such an injunction based on traditional principles of temporary relief.

33.8 Subd. 2. **Application.** In the case of a facility licensed or registered by the board,
 33.9 the provisions of subdivision 1 shall apply to an individual owner or sole proprietor and
 33.10 shall also apply to the following:

33.11 (1) In the case of a partnership, each partner thereof;

33.12 (2) In the case of an association, each member thereof;

33.13 (3) In the case of a corporation, each officer or director thereof and each shareholder
 33.14 owning 30 percent or more of the voting stock of such corporation.

33.15 ~~Subd. 3. **Application of Administrative Procedure Act.** The board shall comply~~
 33.16 ~~with the provisions of chapter 14, before it fails to issue, renew, suspends, or revokes any~~
 33.17 ~~license or registration issued under this chapter.~~

33.18 ~~Subd. 4. **Reinstatement.** Any license or registration which has been suspended~~
 33.19 ~~or revoked may be reinstated by the board provided the holder thereof shall pay all costs~~
 33.20 ~~of the proceedings resulting in the suspension or revocation, and, in addition thereto,~~
 33.21 ~~pay a fee set by the board.~~

33.22 ~~Subd. 5. **Costs; penalties.** The board may impose a civil penalty not exceeding~~
 33.23 ~~\$10,000 for each separate violation, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as~~
 33.24 ~~to deprive a licensee or registrant of any economic advantage gained by reason of~~
 33.25 ~~the violation, to discourage similar violations by the licensee or registrant or any other~~
 33.26 ~~licensee or registrant, or to reimburse the board for the cost of the investigation and~~
 33.27 ~~proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees paid for services provided by the Office of~~
 33.28 ~~Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative services provided by the Office of the~~
 33.29 ~~Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction of records, board members'~~
 33.30 ~~per diem compensation, board staff time, and travel costs and expenses incurred by board~~
 33.31 ~~staff and board members.~~

33.32 Sec. 3. **[151.071] DISCIPLINARY ACTION.**

33.33 Subdivision 1. **Forms of disciplinary action.** When the board finds that a licensee,
 33.34 registrant, or applicant has engaged in conduct prohibited under subdivision 2, it may
 33.35 do one or more of the following:

- 34.1 (1) deny the issuance of a license or registration;
34.2 (2) refuse to renew a license or registration;
34.3 (3) revoke the license or registration;
34.4 (4) suspend the license or registration;
34.5 (5) impose limitations, conditions, or both on the license or registration, including
34.6 but not limited to: the limitation of practice designated settings; the imposition of
34.7 retraining or rehabilitation requirements; the requirement of practice under supervision;
34.8 the requirement of participation in a diversion program such as that established pursuant to
34.9 section 214.31 or the conditioning of continued practice on demonstration of knowledge
34.10 or skills by appropriate examination or other review of skill and competence;
34.11 (6) impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the
34.12 amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive a licensee or registrant of any
34.13 economic advantage gained by reason of the violation, to discourage similar violations
34.14 by the licensee or registrant or any other licensee or registrant, or to reimburse the board
34.15 for the cost of the investigation and proceeding, including but not limited to, fees paid
34.16 for services provided by the Office of Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative
34.17 services provided by the Office of the Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses,
34.18 reproduction of records, board members' per diem compensation, board staff time, and
34.19 travel costs and expenses incurred by board staff and board members; and
34.20 (7) reprimand the licensee or registrant.

34.21 Subd. 2. **Grounds for disciplinary action.** The following conduct is prohibited and
34.22 is grounds for disciplinary action:

- 34.23 (1) failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license
34.24 or registration contained in this chapter or the rules of the board. The burden of proof is on
34.25 the applicant to demonstrate such qualifications or satisfaction of such requirements;
34.26 (2) obtaining a license by fraud or by misleading the board in any way during
34.27 the application process or obtaining a license by cheating, or attempting to subvert
34.28 the licensing examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the
34.29 licensing examination process includes, but is not limited to: (i) conduct that violates the
34.30 security of the examination materials, such as removing examination materials from the
34.31 examination room or having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current,
34.32 or previously administered licensing examination; (ii) conduct that violates the standard of
34.33 test administration, such as communicating with another examinee during administration
34.34 of the examination, copying another examinee's answers, permitting another examinee
34.35 to copy one's answers, or possessing unauthorized materials; or (iii) impersonating an
34.36 examinee or permitting an impersonator to take the examination on one's own behalf;

35.1 (3) for a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, pharmacist intern, applicant for a
35.2 pharmacist or pharmacy license, or applicant for a pharmacy technician or pharmacist
35.3 intern registration, conviction of a felony reasonably related to the practice of pharmacy.
35.4 Conviction as used in this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed
35.5 in this state would be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere, or
35.6 a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the
35.7 adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered thereon. The board may delay the
35.8 issuance of a new license or registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony
35.9 until the matter has been adjudicated;

35.10 (4) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed or registered by the board, if an
35.11 owner or applicant is convicted of a felony reasonably related to the operation of the
35.12 facility. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if the owner or
35.13 applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter has been adjudicated;

35.14 (5) for a controlled substance researcher, conviction of a felony reasonably related
35.15 to controlled substances or to the practice of the researcher's profession. The board may
35.16 delay the issuance of a registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until
35.17 the matter has been adjudicated;

35.18 (6) disciplinary action taken by another state or by one of this state's health licensing
35.19 agencies:

35.20 (i) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against
35.21 a license or registration in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report to the board that
35.22 charges or allegations regarding the person's license or registration have been brought in
35.23 another state or jurisdiction, or having been refused a license or registration by any other
35.24 state or jurisdiction. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if
35.25 an investigation or disciplinary action is pending in another state or jurisdiction until the
35.26 investigation or action has been dismissed or otherwise resolved; and

35.27 (ii) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against
35.28 a license or registration issued by another of this state's health licensing agencies, failure
35.29 to report to the board that charges regarding the person's license or registration have been
35.30 brought by another of this state's health licensing agencies, or having been refused a
35.31 license or registration by another of this state's health licensing agencies. The board may
35.32 delay the issuance of a new license or registration if a disciplinary action is pending before
35.33 another of this state's health licensing agencies until the action has been dismissed or
35.34 otherwise resolved;

35.35 (7) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacy technician, or pharmacist intern, violation
35.36 of any order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules of the

36.1 board or violation of any federal, state, or local law or rule reasonably pertaining to the
36.2 practice of pharmacy;

36.3 (8) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed by the board, violations of any
36.4 order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board or
36.5 violation of any federal, state, or local law relating to the operation of the facility;

36.6 (9) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm
36.7 the public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety
36.8 of a patient; or pharmacy practice that is professionally incompetent, in that it may create
36.9 unnecessary danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof
36.10 of actual injury need not be established;

36.11 (10) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of pharmacy, except
36.12 that it is not a violation of this clause for a pharmacist to supervise a properly registered
36.13 pharmacy technician or pharmacist intern if that person is performing duties allowed
36.14 by this chapter or the rules of the board;

36.15 (11) for an individual licensed or registered by the board, adjudication as mentally ill
36.16 or developmentally disabled, or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous
36.17 to the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic
36.18 personality, by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such
36.19 adjudication shall automatically suspend a license for the duration thereof unless the
36.20 board orders otherwise;

36.21 (12) for a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, engaging in unprofessional conduct as
36.22 specified in the board's rules. In the case of a pharmacy technician, engaging in conduct
36.23 specified in board rules that would be unprofessional if it were engaged in by a pharmacist
36.24 or pharmacist intern or performing duties specifically reserved for pharmacists under this
36.25 chapter or the rules of the board;

36.26 (13) for a pharmacy, operation of the pharmacy without a pharmacist present and on
36.27 duty except as allowed by a variance approved by the board;

36.28 (14) for a pharmacist, the inability to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and
36.29 safety to patients by reason of illness, drunkenness, use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or
36.30 any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including
36.31 deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills. In the case of registered
36.32 pharmacy technicians, pharmacist interns, or controlled substance researchers, the
36.33 inability to carry out duties allowed under this chapter or the rules of the board with
36.34 reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, drunkenness, use of drugs,
36.35 narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical
36.36 condition, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills;

37.1 (15) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, medical
37.2 gas distributor, or controlled substance researcher, revealing a privileged communication
37.3 from or relating to a patient except when otherwise required or permitted by law;

37.4 (16) for a pharmacist or pharmacy, improper management of patient records,
37.5 including failure to maintain adequate patient records, to comply with a patient's request
37.6 made pursuant to sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report
37.7 required by law;

37.8 (17) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive, a commission, rebate,
37.9 kickback, or other form of remuneration, directly or indirectly, for the referral of patients
37.10 or the dispensing of drugs or devices;

37.11 (18) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the
37.12 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws or rules;

37.13 (19) engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be
37.14 interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually
37.15 demeaning to a patient;

37.16 (20) failure to make reports as required by section 151.072 or to cooperate with an
37.17 investigation of the board as required by section 151.074;

37.18 (21) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related
37.19 to the care of a patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the
37.20 dispensing and administration of a placebo;

37.21 (22) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as
37.22 established by any of the following:

37.23 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in
37.24 violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

37.25 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an
37.26 injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;

37.27 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,
37.28 subdivision 5; or

37.29 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision
37.30 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215,
37.31 subdivision 1 or 2;

37.32 (23) for a pharmacist, practice of pharmacy under a lapsed or nonrenewed license.
37.33 For a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher,
37.34 performing duties permitted to such individuals by this chapter or the rules of the board
37.35 under a lapsed or nonrenewed registration. For a facility required to be licensed under this
37.36 chapter, operation of the facility under a lapsed or nonrenewed license or registration; and

38.1 (24) for a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or pharmacy technician, termination
38.2 or discharge from the health professional services program for reasons other than the
38.3 satisfactory completion of the program.

38.4 Subd. 3. **Automatic suspension.** (a) A license or registration issued under this
38.5 chapter to a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance
38.6 researcher is automatically suspended if: (1) a guardian of a licensee or registrant is
38.7 appointed by order of a court pursuant to sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, for reasons
38.8 other than the minority of the licensee or registrant; or (2) the licensee or registrant is
38.9 committed by order of a court pursuant to chapter 253B. The license or registration
38.10 remains suspended until the licensee is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition
38.11 by the licensee or registrant, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing.

38.12 (b) For a pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician, upon notice to the
38.13 board of a judgment of, or a plea of guilty to, a felony reasonably related to the practice
38.14 of pharmacy, the license or registration of the regulated person may be automatically
38.15 suspended by the board. The license or registration will remain suspended until, upon
38.16 petition by the regulated individual and after a hearing, the suspension is terminated by
38.17 the board. The board may indefinitely suspend or revoke the license or registration of the
38.18 regulated individual if, after a hearing before the board, the board finds that the felonious
38.19 conduct would cause a serious risk of harm to the public.

38.20 (c) For a facility that is licensed or registered by the board, upon notice to the
38.21 board that an owner of the facility is subject to a judgment of, or a plea of guilty to,
38.22 a felony reasonably related to the operation of the facility, the license or registration of
38.23 the facility may be automatically suspended by the board. The license or registration will
38.24 remain suspended until, upon petition by the facility and after a hearing, the suspension
38.25 is terminated by the board. The board may indefinitely suspend or revoke the license or
38.26 registration of the facility if, after a hearing before the board, the board finds that the
38.27 felonious conduct would cause a serious risk of harm to the public.

38.28 (d) For licenses and registrations that have been suspended or revoked pursuant
38.29 to paragraphs (a) and (b), the regulated individual may have a license or registration
38.30 reinstated, either with or without restrictions, by demonstrating clear and convincing
38.31 evidence of rehabilitation, as provided in section 364.03. If the regulated individual has
38.32 the conviction subsequently overturned by court decision, the board shall conduct a
38.33 hearing to review the suspension within 30 days after the receipt of the court decision.
38.34 The regulated individual is not required to prove rehabilitation if the subsequent court
38.35 decision overturns previous court findings of public risk.

39.1 (e) For licenses and registrations that have been suspended or revoked pursuant to
39.2 paragraph (c), the regulated facility may have a license or registration reinstated, either with
39.3 or without restrictions, conditions, or limitations, by demonstrating clear and convincing
39.4 evidence of rehabilitation of the convicted owner, as provided in section 364.03. If the
39.5 convicted owner has the conviction subsequently overturned by court decision, the board
39.6 shall conduct a hearing to review the suspension within 30 days after receipt of the court
39.7 decision. The regulated facility is not required to prove rehabilitation of the convicted
39.8 owner if the subsequent court decision overturns previous court findings of public risk.

39.9 (f) The board may, upon majority vote of a quorum of its appointed members,
39.10 suspend the license or registration of a regulated individual without a hearing if the
39.11 regulated individual fails to maintain a current name and address with the board, as
39.12 described in paragraphs (h) and (i), while the regulated individual is: (1) under board
39.13 investigation, and a notice of conference has been issued by the board; (2) party to a
39.14 contested case with the board; (3) party to an agreement for corrective action with the
39.15 board; or (4) under a board order for disciplinary action. The suspension shall remain
39.16 in effect until lifted by the board to the board's receipt of a petition from the regulated
39.17 individual, along with the current name and address of the regulated individual.

39.18 (g) The board may, upon majority vote of a quorum of its appointed members,
39.19 suspend the license or registration of a regulated facility without a hearing if the regulated
39.20 facility fails to maintain a current name and address of the owner of the facility with the
39.21 board, as described in paragraphs (h) and (i), while the regulated facility is: (1) under
39.22 board investigation, and a notice of conference has been issued by the board; (2) party
39.23 to a contested case with the board; (3) party to an agreement for corrective action with
39.24 the board; or (4) under a board order for disciplinary action. The suspension shall remain
39.25 in effect until lifted by the board pursuant to the board's receipt of a petition from the
39.26 regulated facility, along with the current name and address of the owner of the facility.

39.27 (h) An individual licensed or registered by the board shall maintain a current name
39.28 and home address with the board and shall notify the board in writing within 30 days of
39.29 any change in name or home address. An individual regulated by the board shall also
39.30 maintain a current business address with the board as required by section 214.073. For
39.31 an individual, if a name change only is requested, the regulated individual must request
39.32 a revised license or registration. The board may require the individual to substantiate
39.33 the name change by submitting official documentation from a court of law or agency
39.34 authorized under law to receive and officially record a name change. In the case of an
39.35 individual, if an address change only is requested, no request for a revised license or

40.1 registration is required. If the current license or registration of an individual has been lost,
40.2 stolen, or destroyed, the individual shall provide a written explanation to the board.

40.3 (i) A facility licensed or registered by the board shall maintain a current name and
40.4 address with the board. A facility shall notify the board in writing within 30 days of any
40.5 change in name. A facility licensed or registered by the board but located outside of the
40.6 state must notify the board within 30 days of an address change. A facility licensed or
40.7 registered by the board and located within the state must notify the board at least 60
40.8 days in advance of a change of address that will result from the move of the facility to a
40.9 different location and must pass an inspection at the new location as required by the board.
40.10 If the current license or registration of a facility has been lost, stolen, or destroyed, the
40.11 facility shall provide a written explanation to the board.

40.12 Subd. 4. **Effective dates.** A suspension, revocation, condition, limitation,
40.13 qualification, or restriction of a license or registration shall be in effect pending
40.14 determination of an appeal. A revocation of a license pursuant to subdivision 1 is not
40.15 appealable and shall remain in effect indefinitely.

40.16 Subd. 5. **Conditions on reissued license.** In its discretion, the board may restore
40.17 and reissue a license or registration issued under this chapter, but as a condition thereof
40.18 may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure that it might originally have imposed.

40.19 Subd. 6. **Temporary suspension of license for pharmacists.** In addition to any
40.20 other remedy provided by law, the board may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend the
40.21 license of a pharmacist if the board finds that the pharmacist has violated a statute or rule
40.22 that the board is empowered to enforce and continued practice by the pharmacist would
40.23 create a serious risk of harm to the public. The suspension shall take effect upon written
40.24 notice to the pharmacist, specifying the statute or rule violated. The suspension shall
40.25 remain in effect until the board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing. At the
40.26 time it issues the suspension notice, the board shall schedule a disciplinary hearing to be
40.27 held pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act. The pharmacist shall be provided with
40.28 at least 20 days' notice of any hearing held pursuant to this subdivision. The hearing shall
40.29 be scheduled to begin no later than 30 days after the issuance of the suspension order.

40.30 Subd. 7. **Temporary suspension of license for pharmacist interns, pharmacy**
40.31 **technicians, and controlled substance researchers.** In addition to any other remedy
40.32 provided by law, the board may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend the registration of
40.33 a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher if the board
40.34 finds that the registrant has violated a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce
40.35 and continued registration of the registrant would create a serious risk of harm to the
40.36 public. The suspension shall take effect upon written notice to the registrant, specifying

41.1 the statute or rule violated. The suspension shall remain in effect until the board issues a
41.2 final order in the matter after a hearing. At the time it issues the suspension notice, the
41.3 board shall schedule a disciplinary hearing to be held pursuant to the Administrative
41.4 Procedure Act. The licensee or registrant shall be provided with at least 20 days' notice of
41.5 any hearing held pursuant to this subdivision. The hearing shall be scheduled to begin no
41.6 later than 30 days after the issuance of the suspension order.

41.7 **Subd. 8. Temporary suspension of license for pharmacies, drug wholesalers,**
41.8 **drug manufacturers, medical gas manufacturers, and medical gas distributors.**
41.9 In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the board may, without a hearing,
41.10 temporarily suspend the license or registration of a pharmacy, drug wholesaler, drug
41.11 manufacturer, medical gas manufacturer, or medical gas distributor if the board finds
41.12 that the licensee or registrant has violated a statute or rule that the board is empowered
41.13 to enforce and continued operation of the licensed facility would create a serious risk of
41.14 harm to the public. The suspension shall take effect upon written notice to the licensee or
41.15 registrant, specifying the statute or rule violated. The suspension shall remain in effect
41.16 until the board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing. At the time it issues the
41.17 suspension notice, the board shall schedule a disciplinary hearing to be held pursuant to
41.18 the Administrative Procedure Act. The licensee or registrant shall be provided with at
41.19 least 20 days' notice of any hearing held pursuant to this subdivision. The hearing shall be
41.20 scheduled to begin no later than 30 days after the issuance of the suspension order.

41.21 **Subd. 9. Evidence.** In disciplinary actions alleging a violation of subdivision 2,
41.22 clause (4), (5), (6), or (7), a copy of the judgment or proceeding under the seal of the court
41.23 administrator or of the administrative agency that entered the same shall be admissible
41.24 into evidence without further authentication and shall constitute prima facie evidence
41.25 of the contents thereof.

41.26 **Subd. 10. Mental examination; access to medical data.** (a) If the board has
41.27 probable cause to believe that an individual licensed or registered by the board falls under
41.28 subdivision 2, clause (14), it may direct the individual to submit to a mental or physical
41.29 examination. For the purpose of this subdivision, every licensed or registered individual is
41.30 deemed to have consented to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in
41.31 writing by the board and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the
41.32 examining practitioner's testimony or examination reports on the grounds that the same
41.33 constitute a privileged communication. Failure of a licensed or registered individual to
41.34 submit to an examination when directed constitutes an admission of the allegations against
41.35 the individual, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond the individual's control,
41.36 in which case a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or

42.1 presentation of evidence. Pharmacists affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable
42.2 intervals be given an opportunity to demonstrate that they can resume the competent
42.3 practice of the profession of pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety to the public.
42.4 Pharmacist interns, pharmacy technicians, or controlled substance researchers affected
42.5 under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be given an opportunity to demonstrate
42.6 that they can competently resume the duties that can be performed, under this chapter or
42.7 the rules of the board, by similarly registered persons with reasonable skill and safety to
42.8 the public. In any proceeding under this paragraph, neither the record of proceedings nor
42.9 the orders entered by the board shall be used against a licensed or registered individual
42.10 in any other proceeding.

42.11 (b) In addition to ordering a physical or mental examination, the board may,
42.12 notwithstanding section 13.384, 144.651, or any other law limiting access to medical or
42.13 other health data, obtain medical data and health records relating to an individual licensed
42.14 or registered by the board, or to an applicant for licensure or registration, without the
42.15 individual's consent, if the board has probable cause to believe that the individual falls
42.16 under subdivision 2, clause (14). The medical data may be requested from a provider,
42.17 as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (h), an insurance company, or a
42.18 government agency, including the Department of Human Services. A provider, insurance
42.19 company, or government agency shall comply with any written request of the board under
42.20 this subdivision and is not liable in any action for damages for releasing the data requested
42.21 by the board if the data are released pursuant to a written request under this subdivision,
42.22 unless the information is false and the provider giving the information knew, or had reason
42.23 to believe, the information was false. Information obtained under this subdivision is
42.24 classified as private under sections 13.01 to 13.87.

42.25 Subd. 11. **Tax clearance certificate.** (a) In addition to the provisions of subdivision
42.26 1, the board may not issue or renew a license or registration if the commissioner of
42.27 revenue notifies the board and the licensee or applicant for a license that the licensee or
42.28 applicant owes the state delinquent taxes in the amount of \$500 or more. The board may
42.29 issue or renew the license or registration only if (1) the commissioner of revenue issues a
42.30 tax clearance certificate, and (2) the commissioner of revenue or the licensee, registrant, or
42.31 applicant forwards a copy of the clearance to the board. The commissioner of revenue
42.32 may issue a clearance certificate only if the licensee, registrant, or applicant does not owe
42.33 the state any uncontested delinquent taxes.

42.34 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given.

42.35 (1) "Taxes" are all taxes payable to the commissioner of revenue, including penalties
42.36 and interest due on those taxes.

43.1 (2) "Delinquent taxes" do not include a tax liability if (i) an administrative or court
43.2 action that contests the amount or validity of the liability has been filed or served, (ii) the
43.3 appeal period to contest the tax liability has not expired, or (iii) the licensee or applicant
43.4 has entered into a payment agreement to pay the liability and is current with the payments.

43.5 (c) In lieu of the notice and hearing requirements of subdivision 1, when a licensee,
43.6 registrant, or applicant is required to obtain a clearance certificate under this subdivision,
43.7 a contested case hearing must be held if the licensee or applicant requests a hearing in
43.8 writing to the commissioner of revenue within 30 days of the date of the notice provided
43.9 in paragraph (a). The hearing must be held within 45 days of the date the commissioner of
43.10 revenue refers the case to the Office of Administrative Hearings. Notwithstanding any law
43.11 to the contrary, the licensee or applicant must be served with 20 days' notice in writing
43.12 specifying the time and place of the hearing and the allegations against the licensee or
43.13 applicant. The notice may be served personally or by mail.

43.14 (d) A licensee or applicant must provide the licensee's or applicant's Social Security
43.15 number and Minnesota business identification number on all license applications. Upon
43.16 request of the commissioner of revenue, the board must provide to the commissioner of
43.17 revenue a list of all licensees and applicants that includes the licensee's or applicant's
43.18 name, address, Social Security number, and business identification number. The
43.19 commissioner of revenue may request a list of the licensees and applicants no more than
43.20 once each calendar year.

43.21 Subd. 12. **Limitation.** No board proceeding against a regulated person or facility
43.22 shall be instituted unless commenced within seven years from the date of the commission
43.23 of some portion of the offense or misconduct complained of except for alleged violations
43.24 of subdivision 2, clause (21).

43.25 **Sec. 4. [151.072] REPORTING OBLIGATIONS.**

43.26 Subdivision 1. **Permission to report.** A person who has knowledge of any conduct
43.27 constituting grounds for discipline under the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the
43.28 board may report the violation to the board.

43.29 Subd. 2. **Pharmacies.** A pharmacy located in this state must report to the board any
43.30 discipline that is related to an incident involving conduct that would constitute grounds
43.31 for discipline under the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board, that is taken
43.32 by the pharmacy or any of its administrators against a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or
43.33 pharmacy technician, including the termination of employment of the individual or the
43.34 revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or conditioning of an individual's ability
43.35 to practice or work at or on behalf of the pharmacy. The pharmacy shall also report the

44.1 resignation of any pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or technician prior to the conclusion of
44.2 any disciplinary proceeding, or prior to the commencement of formal charges but after the
44.3 individual had knowledge that formal charges were contemplated or in preparation. Each
44.4 report made under this subdivision must state the nature of the action taken and state in
44.5 detail the reasons for the action. Failure to report violations as required by this subdivision
44.6 is a basis for discipline pursuant to section 151.071, subdivision 2, clause (8).

44.7 Subd. 3. **Licensees and registrants of the board.** A licensee or registrant of
44.8 the board shall report to the board personal knowledge of any conduct that the person
44.9 reasonably believes constitutes grounds for disciplinary action under this chapter or
44.10 the rules of the board by any pharmacist, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or
44.11 controlled substance researcher, including any conduct indicating that the person may be
44.12 professionally incompetent, or may have engaged in unprofessional conduct or may be
44.13 medically or physically unable to engage safely in the practice of pharmacy or to carry
44.14 out the duties permitted to the person by this chapter or the rules of the board. Failure
44.15 to report violations as required by this subdivision is a basis for discipline pursuant to
44.16 section 151.071, subdivision 2, clause (20).

44.17 Subd. 4. **Courts.** The court administrator of a district court or any other court of
44.18 competent jurisdiction shall report to the board any judgment or other determination of
44.19 the court that: adjudges or includes a finding that a licensee or registrant of the board is
44.20 mentally ill, mentally incompetent, guilty of a felony, or guilty of a violation of federal
44.21 or state narcotics laws or controlled substances act, guilty of an abuse or fraud under
44.22 Medicare or Medicaid; appoints a guardian of the licensee or registrant pursuant to sections
44.23 524.5-101 to 524.5-502; or commits a licensee or registrant pursuant to chapter 253B.

44.24 Subd. 5. **Self-reporting.** A licensee or registrant of the board shall report to the
44.25 board any personal action that would require that a report be filed with the board pursuant
44.26 to subdivision 2 or 4.

44.27 Subd. 6. **Deadlines; forms.** Reports required by subdivisions 2 to 5 must be
44.28 submitted not later than 30 days after the occurrence of the reportable event or transaction.
44.29 The board may provide forms for the submission of reports required by this section, may
44.30 require that reports be submitted on the forms provided, and may adopt rules necessary
44.31 to assure prompt and accurate reporting.

44.32 Subd. 7. **Subpoenas.** The board may issue subpoenas for the production of any
44.33 reports required by subdivisions 2 to 5 or any related documents.

44.34 Sec. 5. **[151.073] IMMUNITY.**

45.1 Subdivision 1. **Reporting.** Any person, health care facility, business, or organization
 45.2 is immune from civil liability or criminal prosecution for submitting in good faith a report
 45.3 to the board under section 151.072 or for otherwise reporting in good faith to the board
 45.4 violations or alleged violations of this chapter or the rules of the board. All such reports
 45.5 are investigative data as defined in chapter 13.

45.6 Subd. 2. **Investigation.** (a) Members of the board and persons employed by the board
 45.7 or engaged on behalf of the board in the investigation of violations and in the preparation
 45.8 and management of charges or violations of this chapter of the rules of the board, or persons
 45.9 participating in the investigation or testifying regarding charges of violations, are immune
 45.10 from civil liability and criminal prosecution for any actions, transactions, or publications
 45.11 in the execution of, or relating to, their duties under this chapter or the rules of the board.

45.12 (b) Members of the board and persons employed by the board or engaged in
 45.13 maintaining records and making reports regarding adverse health care events are immune
 45.14 from civil liability and criminal prosecution for any actions, transactions, or publications
 45.15 in the execution of, or relating to, their duties under section 151.301.

45.16 **Sec. 6. [151.074] LICENSEE OR REGISTRANT COOPERATION.**

45.17 An individual who is licensed or registered by the board, who is the subject of an
 45.18 investigation by or on behalf of the board, shall cooperate fully with the investigation.
 45.19 An owner or employee of a facility that is licensed or registered by the board, when the
 45.20 facility is the subject of an investigation by or on behalf of the board, shall cooperate
 45.21 fully with the investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully and promptly to any
 45.22 question raised by, or on behalf of, the board relating to the subject of the investigation and
 45.23 providing copies of patient pharmacy records and other relevant records, as reasonably
 45.24 requested by the board, to assist the board in its investigation. The board shall maintain
 45.25 any records obtained pursuant to this section as investigative data pursuant to chapter 13.

45.26 **Sec. 7. [151.075] DISCIPLINARY RECORD ON JUDICIAL REVIEW.**

45.27 Upon judicial review of any board disciplinary action taken under this chapter, the
 45.28 reviewing court shall seal the administrative record, except for the board's final decision,
 45.29 and shall not make the administrative record available to the public.

45.30 **Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.211, is amended to read:**

45.31 **151.211 RECORDS OF PRESCRIPTIONS.**

45.32 Subdivision 1. **Retention of prescription drug orders.** All prescriptions dispensed
 45.33 prescription drug orders shall be kept on file at the location ~~in~~ from which such dispensing

46.1 ~~occurred~~ of the ordered drug occurs for a period of at least two years. Prescription drug
 46.2 orders that are electronically prescribed must be kept on file in the format in which
 46.3 they were originally received. Written or printed prescription drug orders and verbal
 46.4 prescription drug orders reduced to writing, must be kept on file as received or transcribed,
 46.5 except that such orders may be kept in an electronic format as allowed by the board.
 46.6 Electronic systems used to process and store prescription drug orders must be compliant
 46.7 with the requirements of this chapter and the rules of the board. Prescription drug orders
 46.8 that are stored in an electronic format, as permitted by this subdivision, may be kept on
 46.9 file at a remote location provided that they are readily and securely accessible from the
 46.10 location at which dispensing of the ordered drug occurred.

46.11 Subd. 2. Refill requirements. ~~No~~ A prescription shall drug order may be refilled
 46.12 except only with the written, electronic, or verbal consent of the prescriber and in
 46.13 accordance with the requirements of this chapter, the rules of the board, and where
 46.14 applicable, section 152.11. The date of such refill must be recorded and initialed upon
 46.15 the original prescription drug order, or within the electronically maintained record of the
 46.16 original prescription drug order, by the pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or practitioner
 46.17 who refills the prescription.

46.18 Sec. 9. [151.251] COMPOUNDING.

46.19 Subdivision 1. Exemption from manufacturing licensure requirement. Section
 46.20 151.252 shall not apply to:

46.21 (1) a practitioner engaged in extemporaneous compounding, anticipatory
 46.22 compounding, or compounding not done pursuant to a prescription drug order when
 46.23 permitted by this chapter or the rules of the board; and

46.24 (2) a pharmacy in which a pharmacist is engaged in extemporaneous compounding,
 46.25 anticipatory compounding, or compounding not done pursuant to a prescription drug order
 46.26 when permitted by this chapter or the rules of the board.

46.27 Subd. 2. Compounded drug. A drug product may be compounded under this
 46.28 section if a pharmacist or practitioner:

46.29 (a) compounds the drug product using bulk drug substances, as defined in the federal
 46.30 regulations published in Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 207.3(a)(4):

46.31 (1) that:

46.32 (i) comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia
 46.33 or National Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States
 46.34 Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy compounding;

47.1 (ii) if such a monograph does not exist, are drug substances that are components of
47.2 drugs approved for use in this country by the United States Food and Drug Administration;
47.3 or

47.4 (iii) if such a monograph does not exist and the drug substance is not a component of
47.5 a drug approved for use in this country by the United States Food and Drug Administration,
47.6 that appear on a list developed by the United States Food and Drug Administration through
47.7 regulations issued by the secretary of the federal Department of Health and Human
47.8 Services pursuant to section 503a of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act under paragraph (d);

47.9 (2) that are manufactured by an establishment that is registered under section 360
47.10 of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, including a foreign establishment that is
47.11 registered under section 360(i) of that act; and

47.12 (3) that are accompanied by valid certificates of analysis for each bulk drug substance;

47.13 (b) compounds the drug product using ingredients, other than bulk drug substances,
47.14 that comply with the standards of an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or National
47.15 Formulary monograph, if a monograph exists, and the United States Pharmacopoeia
47.16 chapters on pharmacy compounding;

47.17 (c) does not compound a drug product that appears on a list published by the secretary
47.18 of the federal Department of Health and Human Services in the Federal Register of drug
47.19 products that have been withdrawn or removed from the market because such drug products
47.20 or components of such drug products have been found to be unsafe or not effective;

47.21 (d) does not compound any drug products that are essentially copies of a
47.22 commercially available drug product; and

47.23 (e) does not compound any drug product that has been identified pursuant to
47.24 United States Code, title 21, section 353a, as a drug product that presents demonstrable
47.25 difficulties for compounding that reasonably demonstrate an adverse effect on the safety
47.26 or effectiveness of that drug product.

47.27 The term "essentially a copy of a commercially available drug product" does not
47.28 include a drug product in which there is a change, made for an identified individual
47.29 patient, that produces for that patient a significant difference, as determined by the
47.30 prescribing practitioner, between the compounded drug and the comparable commercially
47.31 available drug product.

47.32 Subd. 3. **Exceptions.** This section shall not apply to:

47.33 (1) compounded positron emission tomography drugs as defined in section 151.01,
47.34 subdivision 38; or

47.35 (2) radiopharmaceuticals.

48.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 151.252, is amended by adding
48.2 a subdivision to read:

48.3 Subd. 1a. **Outsourcing facility.** (a) No person shall act as an outsourcing facility
48.4 without first obtaining a license from the board and paying any applicable manufacturer
48.5 licensing fee specified in section 151.065.

48.6 (b) Application for an outsourcing facility license under this section shall be made
48.7 in a manner specified by the board and may differ from the application required of other
48.8 drug manufacturers.

48.9 (c) No license shall be issued or renewed for an outsourcing facility unless the
48.10 applicant agrees to operate in a manner prescribed for outsourcing facilities by federal and
48.11 state law and according to Minnesota Rules.

48.12 (d) No license shall be issued or renewed for an outsourcing facility unless the
48.13 applicant supplies the board with proof of such registration by the United States Food and
48.14 Drug Administration as required by United States Code, title 21, section 353b.

48.15 (e) No license shall be issued or renewed for an outsourcing facility that is required
48.16 to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located unless the
48.17 applicant supplies the board with proof of such licensure or registration. The board may
48.18 establish, by rule, standards for the licensure of an outsourcing facility that is not required
48.19 to be licensed or registered by the state in which it is physically located.

48.20 (f) The board shall require a separate license for each outsourcing facility located
48.21 within the state and for each outsourcing facility located outside of the state at which drugs
48.22 that are shipped into the state are prepared.

48.23 (g) The board shall not issue an initial or renewed license for an outsourcing facility
48.24 unless the facility passes an inspection conducted by an authorized representative of the
48.25 board. In the case of an outsourcing facility located outside of the state, the board may
48.26 require the applicant to pay the cost of the inspection, in addition to the license fee in
48.27 section 151.065, unless the applicant furnishes the board with a report, issued by the
48.28 appropriate regulatory agency of the state in which the facility is located or by the United
48.29 States Food and Drug Administration, of an inspection that has occurred within the 24
48.30 months immediately preceding receipt of the license application by the board. The board
48.31 may deny licensure unless the applicant submits documentation satisfactory to the board
48.32 that any deficiencies noted in an inspection report have been corrected.

48.33 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.26, is amended to read:

48.34 **151.26 EXCEPTIONS.**

49.1 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** Nothing in this chapter shall subject a person duly
49.2 licensed in this state to practice medicine, dentistry, or veterinary medicine, to inspection
49.3 by the State Board of Pharmacy, nor prevent the person from administering drugs,
49.4 medicines, chemicals, or poisons in the person's practice, nor prevent a duly licensed
49.5 practitioner from furnishing to a patient properly packaged and labeled drugs, medicines,
49.6 chemicals, or poisons as may be considered appropriate in the treatment of such patient;
49.7 unless the person is engaged in the dispensing, sale, or distribution of drugs and the board
49.8 provides reasonable notice of an inspection.

49.9 Except for the provisions of section 151.37, nothing in this chapter applies to or
49.10 interferes with the dispensing, in its original package and at no charge to the patient, of
49.11 a legend drug, ~~other than a controlled substance~~, that was packaged by a manufacturer
49.12 and provided to the dispenser for ~~distribution~~ dispensing as a professional sample, so
49.13 long as the sample is prepared and distributed pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations,
49.14 title 21, section 203, subpart D.

49.15 Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the sale of drugs, medicines, chemicals, or
49.16 poisons at wholesale to licensed physicians, dentists and veterinarians for use in their
49.17 practice, nor to hospitals for use therein.

49.18 Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the sale of drugs, chemicals, or poisons either
49.19 at wholesale or retail for use for commercial purposes, or in the arts, nor interfere with the
49.20 sale of insecticides, as defined in Minnesota Statutes 1974, section 24.069, and nothing in
49.21 this chapter shall prevent the sale of common household preparations and other drugs,
49.22 chemicals, and poisons sold exclusively for use for nonmedicinal purposes; provided
49.23 that this exception does not apply to any compound, substance, or derivative that is not
49.24 approved for human consumption by the United States Food and Drug Administration
49.25 or specifically permitted for human consumption under Minnesota law and, when
49.26 introduced into the body, induces an effect similar to that of a Schedule I or Schedule II
49.27 controlled substance listed in section 152.02, subdivisions 2 and 3, or Minnesota Rules,
49.28 parts 6800.4210 and 6800.4220, regardless of whether the substance is marketed for the
49.29 purpose of human consumption.

49.30 Nothing in this chapter shall apply to or interfere with the vending or retailing of
49.31 any nonprescription medicine or drug not otherwise prohibited by statute ~~which~~ that is
49.32 prepackaged, fully prepared by the manufacturer or producer for use by the consumer, and
49.33 labeled in accordance with the requirements of the state or federal Food and Drug Act; nor
49.34 to the manufacture, wholesaling, vending, or retailing of flavoring extracts, toilet articles,
49.35 cosmetics, perfumes, spices, and other commonly used household articles of a chemical
49.36 nature, for use for nonmedicinal purposes; provided that this exception does not apply

50.1 to any compound, substance, or derivative that is not approved for human consumption
 50.2 by the United States Food and Drug Administration or specifically permitted for human
 50.3 consumption under Minnesota law that, when introduced into the body, induces an effect
 50.4 similar to that of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance listed in section 152.02,
 50.5 subdivisions 2 and 3, or Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 and 6800.4220, regardless of
 50.6 whether the substance is marketed for the purpose of human consumption. Nothing in
 50.7 this chapter shall prevent the sale of drugs or medicines by licensed pharmacists at a
 50.8 discount to persons over 65 years of age.

50.9 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.34, is amended to read:

50.10 **151.34 PROHIBITED ACTS.**

50.11 It shall be unlawful to:

50.12 (1) manufacture, sell or deliver, hold or offer for sale any drug that is adulterated
 50.13 or misbranded;

50.14 (2) adulterate or misbrand any drug;

50.15 (3) receive in commerce any drug that is adulterated or misbranded, and to deliver or
 50.16 proffer delivery thereof for pay or otherwise;

50.17 (4) refuse to permit entry or inspection, or to permit the taking of a sample, or to
 50.18 permit access to or copying of any record as authorized by this chapter;

50.19 (5) remove or dispose of a detained or embargoed article in violation of this chapter;

50.20 (6) alter, mutilate, destroy, obliterate, or remove the whole or any part of the labeling
 50.21 of, or to do any other act with respect to a drug, if such act is done while such drug is held
 50.22 for sale and results in such drug being adulterated or misbranded;

50.23 (7) use for a person's own advantage or to reveal other than to the board or its
 50.24 authorized representative or to the courts when required in any judicial proceeding under
 50.25 this chapter any information acquired under authority of this chapter concerning any
 50.26 method or process ~~which~~ that is a trade secret and entitled to protection;

50.27 (8) use on the labeling of any drug any representation or suggestion that an
 50.28 application with respect to such drug is effective under the federal act or that such drug
 50.29 complies with such provisions;

50.30 (9) in the case of a manufacturer, packer, or distributor offering legend drugs for sale
 50.31 within this state, fail to maintain for transmittal or to transmit, to any practitioner licensed
 50.32 by applicable law to administer such drug who makes written request for information as to
 50.33 such drug, true and correct copies of all printed matter ~~which~~ that is required to be included
 50.34 in any package in which that drug is distributed or sold, or such other printed matter as is

51.1 approved under the federal act. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to exempt
 51.2 any person from any labeling requirement imposed by or under provisions of this chapter;

51.3 (10) conduct a pharmacy without a pharmacist in charge;

51.4 (11) dispense a legend drug without first obtaining a valid prescription for that drug;

51.5 (12) conduct a pharmacy without proper registration with the board;

51.6 (13) practice pharmacy without being licensed to do so by the board; ~~or~~

51.7 (14) sell at retail federally restricted medical gases without proper registration with
 51.8 the board except as provided in this chapter; or

51.9 (15) sell any compound, substance, or derivative that is not approved for human
 51.10 consumption by the United States Food and Drug Administration or specifically permitted
 51.11 for human consumption under Minnesota law and, when introduced into the body, induces
 51.12 an effect similar to that of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance listed in
 51.13 section 152.02, subdivisions 2 and 3, or Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 and 6800.4220,
 51.14 regardless of whether the substance is marketed for the purpose of human consumption.

51.15 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.35, is amended to read:

51.16 **151.35 DRUGS, ADULTERATION.**

51.17 A drug shall be deemed to be adulterated:

51.18 (1) if it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid or decomposed substance; or
 51.19 if it has been produced, prepared, packed, or held under unsanitary conditions whereby it
 51.20 may have been rendered injurious to health, or whereby it may have been contaminated
 51.21 with filth; or if the methods used in, or the facilities or controls used for, its manufacture,
 51.22 processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not operated or administered
 51.23 in conformity with current good manufacturing practice as required under the federal
 51.24 act to assure that such drug is safe and has the identity, strength, quality, and purity
 51.25 characteristics, which it purports or is represented to possess; or the facility in which it
 51.26 was produced was not registered by the United States Food and Drug Administration or
 51.27 licensed by the board; or, its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous
 51.28 or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health; or it bears
 51.29 or contains, for purposes of coloring only, a color additive which is unsafe within the
 51.30 meaning of the federal act, or it is a color additive, the intended use of which in or on drugs
 51.31 is for the purposes of coloring only, and is unsafe within the meaning of the federal act;

51.32 (2) if it purports to be or is represented as a drug the name of which is recognized in
 51.33 the United States Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary, and its strength differs from,
 51.34 or its quality or purity falls below, the standard set forth therein. Such determination as
 51.35 to strength, quality, or purity shall be made in accordance with the tests or methods of

52.1 assay set forth in such compendium, or in the absence of or inadequacy of such tests or
 52.2 methods of assay, those prescribed under authority of the federal act. No drug defined
 52.3 in the United States Pharmacopoeia or the National Formulary shall be deemed to be
 52.4 adulterated under this paragraph because it differs from the standard of strength, quality,
 52.5 or purity therefor set forth in such compendium, if its difference in strength, quality, or
 52.6 purity from such standard is plainly stated on its label;

52.7 (3) if it is not subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this section and its
 52.8 strength differs from, or its purity or quality differs from that which it purports or is
 52.9 represented to possess;

52.10 (4) if any substance has been mixed or packed therewith so as to reduce its quality or
 52.11 strength, or substituted wholly or in part therefor.

52.12 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.361, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.13 Subd. 2. **After January 1, 1983.** (a) No legend drug in solid oral dosage form
 52.14 may be manufactured, packaged or distributed for sale in this state after January 1, 1983
 52.15 unless it is clearly marked or imprinted with a symbol, number, company name, words,
 52.16 letters, national drug code or other mark uniquely identifiable to that drug product. An
 52.17 identifying mark or imprint made as required by federal law or by the federal Food and
 52.18 Drug Administration shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section.

52.19 (b) The Board of Pharmacy may grant exemptions from the requirements of this
 52.20 section on its own initiative or upon application of a manufacturer, packager, or distributor
 52.21 indicating size or other characteristics ~~which~~ that render the product impractical for the
 52.22 imprinting required by this section.

52.23 ~~(c) The provisions of clauses (a) and (b) shall not apply to any of the following:~~

52.24 ~~(1) Drugs purchased by a pharmacy, pharmacist, or licensed wholesaler prior to~~
 52.25 ~~January 1, 1983, and held in stock for resale.~~

52.26 ~~(2) Drugs which are manufactured by or upon the order of a practitioner licensed by~~
 52.27 ~~law to prescribe or administer drugs and which are to be used solely by the patient for~~
 52.28 ~~whom prescribed.~~

52.29 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.37, as amended by Laws 2013, chapter
 52.30 43, section 30, Laws 2013, chapter 55, section 2, and Laws 2013, chapter 108, article
 52.31 10, section 5, is amended to read:

52.32 **151.37 LEGEND DRUGS, WHO MAY PRESCRIBE, POSSESS.**

53.1 Subdivision 1. **Prohibition.** Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, it shall be
53.2 unlawful for any person to have in possession, or to sell, give away, barter, exchange, or
53.3 distribute a legend drug.

53.4 Subd. 2. **Prescribing and filing.** (a) A licensed practitioner in the course of
53.5 professional practice only, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a legend drug, and
53.6 may cause the same to be administered by a nurse, a physician assistant, or medical
53.7 student or resident under the practitioner's direction and supervision, and may cause a
53.8 person who is an appropriately certified, registered, or licensed health care professional
53.9 to prescribe, dispense, and administer the same within the expressed legal scope of the
53.10 person's practice as defined in Minnesota Statutes. A licensed practitioner may prescribe a
53.11 legend drug, without reference to a specific patient, by directing a licensed dietitian or
53.12 licensed nutritionist, pursuant to section 148.634; a nurse, pursuant to section 148.235,
53.13 subdivisions 8 and 9; physician assistant; medical student or resident; or pharmacist
53.14 according to section 151.01, subdivision 27, to adhere to a particular practice guideline or
53.15 protocol when treating patients whose condition falls within such guideline or protocol,
53.16 and when such guideline or protocol specifies the circumstances under which the legend
53.17 drug is to be prescribed and administered. An individual who verbally, electronically, or
53.18 otherwise transmits a written, oral, or electronic order, as an agent of a prescriber, shall
53.19 not be deemed to have prescribed the legend drug. This paragraph applies to a physician
53.20 assistant only if the physician assistant meets the requirements of section 147A.18.

53.21 (b) The commissioner of health, if a licensed practitioner, or a person designated
53.22 by the commissioner who is a licensed practitioner, may prescribe a legend drug to an
53.23 individual or by protocol for mass dispensing purposes where the commissioner finds that
53.24 the conditions triggering section 144.4197 or 144.4198, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), exist.
53.25 The commissioner, if a licensed practitioner, or a designated licensed practitioner, may
53.26 prescribe, dispense, or administer a legend drug or other substance listed in subdivision 10
53.27 to control tuberculosis and other communicable diseases. The commissioner may modify
53.28 state drug labeling requirements, and medical screening criteria and documentation, where
53.29 time is critical and limited labeling and screening are most likely to ensure legend drugs
53.30 reach the maximum number of persons in a timely fashion so as to reduce morbidity
53.31 and mortality.

53.32 (c) A licensed practitioner that dispenses for profit a legend drug that is to be
53.33 administered orally, is ordinarily dispensed by a pharmacist, and is not a vaccine, must
53.34 file with the practitioner's licensing board a statement indicating that the practitioner
53.35 dispenses legend drugs for profit, the general circumstances under which the practitioner
53.36 dispenses for profit, and the types of legend drugs generally dispensed. It is unlawful to

54.1 dispense legend drugs for profit after July 31, 1990, unless the statement has been filed
54.2 with the appropriate licensing board. For purposes of this paragraph, "profit" means (1)
54.3 any amount received by the practitioner in excess of the acquisition cost of a legend drug
54.4 for legend drugs that are purchased in prepackaged form, or (2) any amount received
54.5 by the practitioner in excess of the acquisition cost of a legend drug plus the cost of
54.6 making the drug available if the legend drug requires compounding, packaging, or other
54.7 treatment. The statement filed under this paragraph is public data under section 13.03.
54.8 This paragraph does not apply to a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine or a registered
54.9 pharmacist. Any person other than a licensed practitioner with the authority to prescribe,
54.10 dispense, and administer a legend drug under paragraph (a) shall not dispense for profit.
54.11 To dispense for profit does not include dispensing by a community health clinic when the
54.12 profit from dispensing is used to meet operating expenses.

54.13 (d) A prescription or drug order for the following drugs is not valid, unless it can
54.14 be established that the prescription or drug order was based on a documented patient
54.15 evaluation, including an examination, adequate to establish a diagnosis and identify
54.16 underlying conditions and contraindications to treatment:

54.17 (1) controlled substance drugs listed in section 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5;

54.18 (2) drugs defined by the Board of Pharmacy as controlled substances under section
54.19 152.02, subdivisions 7, 8, and 12;

54.20 (3) muscle relaxants;

54.21 (4) centrally acting analgesics with opioid activity;

54.22 (5) drugs containing butalbital; or

54.23 (6) phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitors when used to treat erectile dysfunction.

54.24 (e) For the purposes of paragraph (d), the requirement for an examination shall be
54.25 met if an in-person examination has been completed in any of the following circumstances:

54.26 (1) the prescribing practitioner examines the patient at the time the prescription
54.27 or drug order is issued;

54.28 (2) the prescribing practitioner has performed a prior examination of the patient;

54.29 (3) another prescribing practitioner practicing within the same group or clinic as the
54.30 prescribing practitioner has examined the patient;

54.31 (4) a consulting practitioner to whom the prescribing practitioner has referred the
54.32 patient has examined the patient; or

54.33 (5) the referring practitioner has performed an examination in the case of a
54.34 consultant practitioner issuing a prescription or drug order when providing services by
54.35 means of telemedicine.

55.1 (f) Nothing in paragraph (d) or (e) prohibits a licensed practitioner from prescribing
55.2 a drug through the use of a guideline or protocol pursuant to paragraph (a).

55.3 (g) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a licensed practitioner from issuing a
55.4 prescription or dispensing a legend drug in accordance with the Expedited Partner Therapy
55.5 in the Management of Sexually Transmitted Diseases guidance document issued by the
55.6 United States Centers for Disease Control.

55.7 (h) Nothing in paragraph (d) or (e) limits prescription, administration, or dispensing
55.8 of legend drugs through a public health clinic or other distribution mechanism approved
55.9 by the commissioner of health or a board of health in order to prevent, mitigate, or treat
55.10 a pandemic illness, infectious disease outbreak, or intentional or accidental release of a
55.11 biological, chemical, or radiological agent.

55.12 (i) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy
55.13 licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 1, may dispense a legend drug based on a
55.14 prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would reasonably be expected to know, is not
55.15 valid under paragraph (d).

55.16 (j) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy
55.17 licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 2, may dispense a legend drug to a resident
55.18 of this state based on a prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would reasonably be
55.19 expected to know, is not valid under paragraph (d).

55.20 (k) Nothing in this chapter prohibits the commissioner of health, if a licensed
55.21 practitioner, or, if not a licensed practitioner, a designee of the commissioner who is
55.22 a licensed practitioner, from prescribing legend drugs for field-delivered therapy in the
55.23 treatment of a communicable disease according to the Centers For Disease Control and
55.24 Prevention Partner Services Guidelines.

55.25 Subd. 2a. **Delegation.** A supervising physician may delegate to a physician assistant
55.26 who is registered with the Board of Medical Practice and certified by the National
55.27 Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and who is under the supervising
55.28 physician's supervision, the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer legend drugs
55.29 and medical devices, subject to the requirements in chapter 147A and other requirements
55.30 established by the Board of Medical Practice in rules.

55.31 Subd. 3. **Veterinarians.** A licensed doctor of veterinary medicine, in the course of
55.32 professional practice only and not for use by a human being, may personally prescribe,
55.33 administer, and dispense a legend drug, and may cause the same to be administered or
55.34 dispensed by an assistant under the doctor's direction and supervision.

55.35 Subd. 4. **Research.** (a) Any qualified person may use legend drugs in the course
55.36 of a bona fide research project, but cannot administer or dispense such drugs to human

56.1 beings unless such drugs are prescribed, dispensed, and administered by a person lawfully
56.2 authorized to do so.

56.3 (b) Drugs may be dispensed or distributed by a pharmacy licensed by the board for
56.4 use by, or administration to, patients enrolled in a bona fide research study that is being
56.5 conducted pursuant to either an investigational new drug application approved by the
56.6 United States Food and Drug Administration or that has been approved by an institutional
56.7 review board. For the purposes of this subdivision only:

56.8 (1) a prescription drug order is not required for a pharmacy to dispense a research
56.9 drug, unless the study protocol requires the pharmacy to receive such an order;

56.10 (2) notwithstanding the prescription labeling requirements found in this chapter or
56.11 the rules promulgated by the board, a research drug may be labeled as required by the
56.12 study protocol; ~~and~~

56.13 (3) dispensing and distribution of research drugs by pharmacies shall not be
56.14 considered ~~compounding~~, manufacturing, or wholesaling under this chapter; and

56.15 (4) a pharmacy may compound drugs for research studies as provided in
56.16 this subdivision but must follow applicable standards established by United States
56.17 Pharmacopeia, chapter 795 or 797, for nonsterile and sterile compounding, respectively.

56.18 (c) An entity that is under contract to a federal agency for the purpose of distributing
56.19 drugs for bona fide research studies is exempt from the drug wholesaler licensing
56.20 requirements of this chapter. Any other entity is exempt from the drug wholesaler
56.21 licensing requirements of this chapter if the board finds that the entity is licensed or
56.22 registered according to the laws of the state in which it is physically located and it is
56.23 distributing drugs for use by, or administration to, patients enrolled in a bona fide research
56.24 study that is being conducted pursuant to either an investigational new drug application
56.25 approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or that has been approved
56.26 by an institutional review board.

56.27 Subd. 5. **Exclusion for course of practice.** Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit
56.28 the sale to, or the possession of, a legend drug by licensed drug wholesalers, licensed
56.29 manufacturers, registered pharmacies, local detoxification centers, licensed hospitals,
56.30 bona fide hospitals wherein animals are treated, or licensed pharmacists and licensed
56.31 practitioners while acting within the course of their practice only.

56.32 Subd. 6. **Exclusion for course of employment.** (a) Nothing in this chapter shall
56.33 prohibit the possession of a legend drug by an employee, agent, or sales representative of
56.34 a registered drug manufacturer, or an employee or agent of a registered drug wholesaler,
56.35 or registered pharmacy, while acting in the course of employment.

57.1 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the following entities from possessing a
57.2 legend drug for the purpose of disposing of the legend drug as pharmaceutical waste:

57.3 (1) a law enforcement officer;

57.4 (2) a hazardous waste transporter licensed by the Department of Transportation;

57.5 (3) a facility permitted by the Pollution Control Agency to treat, store, or dispose of
57.6 hazardous waste, including household hazardous waste;

57.7 (4) a facility licensed by the Pollution Control Agency or a metropolitan county as a
57.8 very small quantity generator collection program or a minimal generator;

57.9 (5) a county that collects, stores, transports, or disposes of a legend drug pursuant to
57.10 a program in compliance with applicable federal law or a person authorized by the county
57.11 to conduct one or more of these activities; or

57.12 (6) a sanitary district organized under chapter 115, or a special law.

57.13 **Subd. 7. Exclusion for prescriptions.** (a) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the
57.14 possession of a legend drug by a person for that person's use when it has been dispensed to
57.15 the person in accordance with a valid prescription issued by a practitioner.

57.16 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person, for whom a legend drug has
57.17 been dispensed in accordance with a written or oral prescription by a practitioner, from
57.18 designating a family member, caregiver, or other individual to handle the legend drug for
57.19 the purpose of assisting the person in obtaining or administering the drug or sending
57.20 the drug for destruction.

57.21 (c) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person for whom a prescription drug has
57.22 been dispensed in accordance with a valid prescription issued by a practitioner from
57.23 transferring the legend drug to a county that collects, stores, transports, or disposes of a
57.24 legend drug pursuant to a program in compliance with applicable federal law or to a
57.25 person authorized by the county to conduct one or more of these activities.

57.26 **Subd. 8. Misrepresentation.** It is unlawful for a person to procure, attempt to
57.27 procure, possess, or control a legend drug by any of the following means:

57.28 (1) deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;

57.29 (2) using a false name; or

57.30 (3) falsely assuming the title of, or falsely representing a person to be a manufacturer,
57.31 wholesaler, pharmacist, practitioner, or other authorized person for the purpose of
57.32 obtaining a legend drug.

57.33 **Subd. 9. Exclusion for course of laboratory employment.** Nothing in this chapter
57.34 shall prohibit the possession of a legend drug by an employee or agent of a registered
57.35 analytical laboratory while acting in the course of laboratory employment.

58.1 Subd. 10. **Purchase of drugs and other agents by commissioner of health.** The
58.2 commissioner of health, in preparation for and in carrying out the duties of sections
58.3 144.05, 144.4197, and 144.4198, may purchase, store, and distribute antituberculosis
58.4 drugs, biologics, vaccines, antitoxins, serums, immunizing agents, antibiotics, antivirals,
58.5 antidotes, other pharmaceutical agents, and medical supplies to treat and prevent
58.6 communicable disease.

58.7 Subd. 10a. **Emergency use authorizations.** Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit
58.8 the purchase, possession, or use of a legend drug by an entity acting according to an
58.9 emergency use authorization issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration
58.10 pursuant to United States Code, title 21, section 360.bbb-3. The entity must be specifically
58.11 tasked in a public health response plan to perform critical functions necessary to support
58.12 the response to a public health incident or event.

58.13 Subd. 11. **~~Complaint reporting~~ Exclusion for health care educational programs.**
58.14 ~~The Board of Pharmacy shall report on a quarterly basis to the Board of Optometry any~~
58.15 ~~complaints received regarding the prescription or administration of legend drugs under~~
58.16 ~~section 148.576.~~ Nothing in this section shall prohibit an accredited public or private
58.17 postsecondary school from possessing a legend drug that is not a controlled substance
58.18 listed in section 152.02, provided that:

58.19 (a) the school is approved by the United States secretary of education in accordance
58.20 with requirements of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended;

58.21 (b) the school provides a course of instruction that prepares individuals for
58.22 employment in a health care occupation or profession;

58.23 (c) the school may only possess those drugs necessary for the instruction of such
58.24 individuals; and

58.25 (d) the drugs may only be used in the course of providing such instruction and are
58.26 labeled by the purchaser to indicate that they are not to be administered to patients.

58.27 Those areas of the school in which legend drugs are stored are subject to section
58.28 151.06, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (4).

58.29 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.44, is amended to read:

58.30 **151.44 DEFINITIONS.**

58.31 As used in sections 151.43 to 151.51, the following terms have the meanings given
58.32 in paragraphs (a) to (h):

58.33 (a) "Wholesale drug distribution" means distribution of prescription or
58.34 nonprescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient or reverse distribution
58.35 of such drugs, but does not include:

59.1 (1) a sale between a division, subsidiary, parent, affiliated, or related company under
59.2 the common ownership and control of a corporate entity;

59.3 (2) the purchase or other acquisition, by a hospital or other health care entity that is a
59.4 member of a group purchasing organization, of a drug for its own use from the organization
59.5 or from other hospitals or health care entities that are members of such organizations;

59.6 (3) the sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a
59.7 drug by a charitable organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
59.8 Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1988, to a nonprofit affiliate of the
59.9 organization to the extent otherwise permitted by law;

59.10 (4) the sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug
59.11 among hospitals or other health care entities that are under common control;

59.12 (5) the sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug
59.13 for emergency medical reasons;

59.14 (6) the sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug, or
59.15 the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription;

59.16 (7) the transfer of prescription or nonprescription drugs by a retail pharmacy to
59.17 another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary shortage;

59.18 (8) the distribution of prescription or nonprescription drug samples by manufacturers
59.19 representatives; or

59.20 (9) the sale, purchase, or trade of blood and blood components.

59.21 (b) "Wholesale drug distributor" means anyone engaged in wholesale drug
59.22 distribution including, but not limited to, manufacturers; ~~repackers~~ repackagers; own-label
59.23 distributors; jobbers; brokers; warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors'
59.24 warehouses, chain drug warehouses, and wholesale drug warehouses; independent
59.25 wholesale drug traders; and pharmacies that conduct wholesale drug distribution. A
59.26 wholesale drug distributor does not include a common carrier or individual hired primarily
59.27 to transport prescription or nonprescription drugs.

59.28 (c) "Manufacturer" ~~means anyone who is engaged in the manufacturing, preparing,~~
59.29 ~~propagating, compounding, processing, packaging, repackaging, or labeling of a~~
59.30 prescription drug has the meaning provided in section 151.01, subdivision 14b.

59.31 (d) "Prescription drug" means a drug required by federal or state law or regulation
59.32 to be dispensed only by a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active
59.33 ingredients subject to United States Code, title 21, sections 811 and 812.

59.34 (e) "Blood" means whole blood collected from a single donor and processed either
59.35 for transfusion or further manufacturing.

60.1 (f) "Blood components" means that part of blood separated by physical or
60.2 mechanical means.

60.3 (g) "Reverse distribution" means the receipt of prescription or nonprescription drugs
60.4 received from or shipped to Minnesota locations for the purpose of returning the drugs
60.5 to their producers or distributors.

60.6 (h) "Reverse distributor" means a person engaged in the reverse distribution of drugs.

60.7 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

60.8 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section only, the terms defined in this
60.9 subdivision have the meanings given.

60.10 (a) "Automated drug distribution system" or "system" means a mechanical system
60.11 approved by the board that performs operations or activities, other than compounding or
60.12 administration, related to the storage, packaging, or dispensing of drugs, and collects,
60.13 controls, and maintains all required transaction information and records.

60.14 (b) "Health care facility" means a nursing home licensed under section 144A.02;
60.15 a housing with services establishment registered under section 144D.01, subdivision 4,
60.16 in which a home provider licensed under chapter 144A is providing centralized storage
60.17 of medications; or a ~~community behavioral health hospital or~~ Minnesota sex offender
60.18 program facility operated by the Department of Human Services.

60.19 (c) "Managing pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed by the board that controls and
60.20 is responsible for the operation of an automated drug distribution system.

60.21 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.58, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

60.22 Subd. 3. **Authorization.** A pharmacy may use an automated drug distribution
60.23 system to fill prescription drug orders for patients of a health care facility provided that the
60.24 policies and procedures required by this section have been approved by the board. The
60.25 automated drug distribution system may be located in a health care facility that is not at
60.26 the same location as the managing pharmacy. When located within a health care facility,
60.27 the system is considered to be an extension of the managing pharmacy.

60.28 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.58, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

60.29 Subd. 5. **Operation of automated drug distribution systems.** (a) The managing
60.30 pharmacy and the pharmacist in charge are responsible for the operation of an automated
60.31 drug distribution system.

60.32 (b) Access to an automated drug distribution system must be limited to pharmacy
60.33 and nonpharmacy personnel authorized to procure drugs from the system, except that field

61.1 service technicians may access a system located in a health care facility for the purposes of
61.2 servicing and maintaining it while being monitored either by the managing pharmacy, or a
61.3 licensed nurse within the health care facility. In the case of an automated drug distribution
61.4 system that is not physically located within a licensed pharmacy, access for the purpose
61.5 of procuring drugs shall be limited to licensed nurses. Each person authorized to access
61.6 the system must be assigned an individual specific access code. Alternatively, access to
61.7 the system may be controlled through the use of biometric identification procedures. A
61.8 policy specifying time access parameters, including time-outs, logoffs, and lockouts,
61.9 must be in place.

61.10 (c) For the purposes of this section only, the requirements of section 151.215 are met
61.11 if the following clauses are met:

61.12 (1) a pharmacist employed by and working at the managing pharmacy, or at a
61.13 pharmacy that is acting as a central services pharmacy for the managing pharmacy,
61.14 pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 6800.4075, must review, interpret, and approve all
61.15 prescription drug orders before any drug is distributed from the system to be administered
61.16 to a patient. A pharmacy technician may perform data entry of prescription drug orders
61.17 provided that a pharmacist certifies the accuracy of the data entry before the drug can
61.18 be released from the automated drug distribution system. A pharmacist employed by
61.19 and working at the managing pharmacy must certify the accuracy of the filling of any
61.20 cassettes, canisters, or other containers that contain drugs that will be loaded into the
61.21 automated drug distribution system; and

61.22 (2) when the automated drug dispensing system is located and used within the
61.23 managing pharmacy, a pharmacist must personally supervise and take responsibility for all
61.24 packaging and labeling associated with the use of an automated drug distribution system.

61.25 (d) Access to drugs when a pharmacist has not reviewed and approved the
61.26 prescription drug order is permitted only when a formal and written decision to allow such
61.27 access is issued by the pharmacy and the therapeutics committee or its equivalent. The
61.28 committee must specify the patient care circumstances in which such access is allowed,
61.29 the drugs that can be accessed, and the staff that are allowed to access the drugs.

61.30 (e) In the case of an automated drug distribution system that does not utilize bar
61.31 coding in the loading process, the loading of a system located in a health care facility may
61.32 be performed by a pharmacy technician, so long as the activity is continuously supervised,
61.33 through a two-way audiovisual system by a pharmacist on duty within the managing
61.34 pharmacy. In the case of an automated drug distribution system that utilizes bar coding
61.35 in the loading process, the loading of a system located in a health care facility may be

62.1 performed by a pharmacy technician or a licensed nurse, provided that the managing
62.2 pharmacy retains an electronic record of loading activities.

62.3 (f) The automated drug distribution system must be under the supervision of a
62.4 pharmacist. The pharmacist is not required to be physically present at the site of the
62.5 automated drug distribution system if the system is continuously monitored electronically
62.6 by the managing pharmacy. A pharmacist on duty within a pharmacy licensed by the
62.7 board must be continuously available to address any problems detected by the monitoring
62.8 or to answer questions from the staff of the health care facility. The licensed pharmacy
62.9 may be the managing pharmacy or a pharmacy which is acting as a central services
62.10 pharmacy, pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 6800.4075, for the managing pharmacy.

62.11 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 152.02, subdivision 2, is
62.12 amended to read:

62.13 Subd. 2. **Schedule I.** (a) Schedule I consists of the substances listed in this
62.14 subdivision.

62.15 (b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of
62.16 the following substances, including their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts
62.17 of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the analogs, isomers, esters,
62.18 ethers, and salts is possible:

62.19 (1) acetylmethadol;

62.20 (2) allylprodine;

62.21 (3) alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as
62.22 levomethadyl acetate);

62.23 (4) alphameprodine;

62.24 (5) alphamethadol;

62.25 (6) alpha-methylfentanyl benzethidine;

62.26 (7) betacetylmethadol;

62.27 (8) betameprodine;

62.28 (9) betamethadol;

62.29 (10) betaprodine;

62.30 (11) clonitazene;

62.31 (12) dextromoramide;

62.32 (13) diampromide;

62.33 (14) diethylambutene;

62.34 (15) difenoxin;

62.35 (16) dimenoxadol;

- 63.1 (17) dimepheptanol;
- 63.2 (18) dimethylambutene;
- 63.3 (19) dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 63.4 (20) dipipanone;
- 63.5 (21) ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 63.6 (22) etonitazene;
- 63.7 (23) etoxeridine;
- 63.8 (24) furethidine;
- 63.9 (25) hydroxypethidine;
- 63.10 (26) ketobemidone;
- 63.11 (27) levomoramide;
- 63.12 (28) levophenacilmorphan;
- 63.13 (29) 3-methylfentanyl;
- 63.14 (30) acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl;
- 63.15 (31) alpha-methylthiofentanyl;
- 63.16 (32) benzylfentanyl beta-hydroxyfentanyl;
- 63.17 (33) beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;
- 63.18 (34) 3-methylthiofentanyl;
- 63.19 (35) thenylfentanyl;
- 63.20 (36) thiofentanyl;
- 63.21 (37) para-fluorofentanyl;
- 63.22 (38) morpheridine;
- 63.23 (39) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine;
- 63.24 (40) noracymethadol;
- 63.25 (41) norlevorphanol;
- 63.26 (42) normethadone;
- 63.27 (43) norpipanone;
- 63.28 (44) 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine (PEPAP);
- 63.29 (45) phenadoxone;
- 63.30 (46) phenampromide;
- 63.31 (47) phenomorphan;
- 63.32 (48) phenoperidine;
- 63.33 (49) piritramide;
- 63.34 (50) proheptazine;
- 63.35 (51) properidine;
- 63.36 (52) propiram;

64.1 (53) racemoramide;

64.2 (54) tilidine;

64.3 (55) trimeperidine;

64.4 (56) N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide (acetyl fentanyl).

64.5 (c) Opium derivatives. Any of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers,
64.6 and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule,
64.7 whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

64.8 (1) acetorphine;

64.9 (2) acetyldihydrocodeine;

64.10 (3) benzylmorphine;

64.11 (4) codeine methylbromide;

64.12 (5) codeine-n-oxide;

64.13 (6) cyprenorphine;

64.14 (7) desomorphine;

64.15 (8) dihydromorphine;

64.16 (9) drotebanol;

64.17 (10) etorphine;

64.18 (11) heroin;

64.19 (12) hydromorphanol;

64.20 (13) methyl-desorphine;

64.21 (14) methyldihydromorphine;

64.22 (15) morphine methylbromide;

64.23 (16) morphine methylsulfonate;

64.24 (17) morphine-n-oxide;

64.25 (18) myrophine;

64.26 (19) nicocodeine;

64.27 (20) nicomorphine;

64.28 (21) normorphine;

64.29 (22) pholcodine;

64.30 (23) thebacon.

64.31 (d) Hallucinogens. Any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains
64.32 any quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers (whether optical,
64.33 positional, or geometric), and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted or unless listed
64.34 in another schedule, whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of
64.35 isomers is possible:

64.36 (1) methylenedioxy amphetamine;

- 65.1 (2) methylenedioxyamphetamine;
- 65.2 (3) methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (MDEA);
- 65.3 (4) n-hydroxy-methylenedioxyamphetamine;
- 65.4 (5) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOB);
- 65.5 (6) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (2,5-DMA);
- 65.6 (7) 4-methoxyamphetamine;
- 65.7 (8) 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 65.8 (9) alpha-ethyltryptamine;
- 65.9 (10) bufotenine;
- 65.10 (11) diethyltryptamine;
- 65.11 (12) dimethyltryptamine;
- 65.12 (13) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 65.13 (14) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOM);
- 65.14 (15) ibogaine;
- 65.15 (16) lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD);
- 65.16 (17) mescaline;
- 65.17 (18) parahexyl;
- 65.18 (19) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 65.19 (20) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 65.20 (21) psilocybin;
- 65.21 (22) psilocyn;
- 65.22 (23) tenocyclidine (TCP or TCP);
- 65.23 (24) N-ethyl-1-phenyl-cyclohexylamine (PCE);
- 65.24 (25) 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine (PCPy);
- 65.25 (26) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]-pyrrolidine (TCPy);
- 65.26 (27) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOC);
- 65.27 (28) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOET);
- 65.28 (29) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOI);
- 65.29 (30) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-B);
- 65.30 (31) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-C);
- 65.31 (32) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2-CD);
- 65.32 (33) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-E);
- 65.33 (34) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-I);
- 65.34 (35) 4-propyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-P);
- 65.35 (36) 4-isopropylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-4);
- 65.36 (37) 4-propylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (2C-T-7);

- 66.1 (38) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine
66.2 (2-CB-FLY);
- 66.3 (39) bromo-benzodifuranyl-isopropylamine (Bromo-DragonFLY);
- 66.4 (40) alpha-methyltryptamine (AMT);
- 66.5 (41) N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (DiPT);
- 66.6 (42) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DMT);
- 66.7 (43) 4-acetoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DET);
- 66.8 (44) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-propyltryptamine (4-HO-MPT);
- 66.9 (45) 4-hydroxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (4-HO-DPT);
- 66.10 (46) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (4-HO-DALT);
- 66.11 (47) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT);
- 66.12 (48) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DiPT);
- 66.13 (49) 5-methoxy- α -methyltryptamine (5-MeO-AMT);
- 66.14 (50) 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT);
- 66.15 (51) 5-methylthio-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeS-DMT);
- 66.16 (52) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-propyltryptamine (5-MeO-MiPT);
- 66.17 (53) 5-methoxy- α -ethyltryptamine (5-MeO-AET);
- 66.18 (54) 5-methoxy-N,N-dipropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DPT);
- 66.19 (55) 5-methoxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DET);
- 66.20 (56) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (5-MeO-DALT);
- 66.21 (57) methoxetamine (MXE);
- 66.22 (58) 5-iodo-2-aminoindane (5-IAI);
- 66.23 (59) 5,6-methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane (MDAI);
- 66.24 (60) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine
66.25 (25I-NBOMe).

66.26 (e) Peyote. All parts of the plant presently classified botanically as *Lophophora*
66.27 *williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part
66.28 of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation
66.29 of the plant, its seeds or extracts. The listing of peyote as a controlled substance in
66.30 Schedule I does not apply to the nondrug use of peyote in bona fide religious ceremonies
66.31 of the American Indian Church, and members of the American Indian Church are exempt
66.32 from registration. Any person who manufactures peyote for or distributes peyote to the
66.33 American Indian Church, however, is required to obtain federal registration annually and
66.34 to comply with all other requirements of law.

66.35 (f) Central nervous system depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed
66.36 in another schedule, any material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any

67.1 quantity of the following substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers
 67.2 whenever the existence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

67.3 (1) mecloqualone;

67.4 (2) methaqualone;

67.5 (3) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), including its esters and ethers;

67.6 (4) flunitrazepam.

67.7 (g) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
 67.8 material compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
 67.9 substances, their analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of
 67.10 the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible:

67.11 (1) aminorex;

67.12 (2) cathinone;

67.13 (3) fenethylamine;

67.14 (4) methcathinone;

67.15 (5) methylaminorex;

67.16 (6) N,N-dimethylamphetamine;

67.17 (7) N-benzylpiperazine (BZP);

67.18 (8) methylmethcathinone (mephedrone);

67.19 (9) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (methydone);

67.20 (10) methoxymethcathinone (methedrone);

67.21 (11) methylenedioxypropylamphetamine (MDPV);

67.22 (12) fluoromethcathinone;

67.23 (13) methylethcathinone (MEC);

67.24 (14) 1-benzofuran-6-ylpropan-2-amine (6-APB);

67.25 (15) dimethylmethcathinone (DMMC);

67.26 (16) fluoroamphetamine;

67.27 (17) fluoromethamphetamine;

67.28 (18) α -methylaminobutyrophenone (MABP or buphedrone);

67.29 (19) β -keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylpropylamine (bk-MBDB or butylone);

67.30 (20) 2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)butan-1-one (4-MEMABP or BZ-6378);

67.31 (21) naphthylpyrovalerone (naphyrone); and

67.32 (22) (RS)-1-phenyl-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-pentanone (alpha-PVP or
 67.33 alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone;

67.34 (23) (RS)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-hexanone (4-Me-PHP or

67.35 MPHP); and

68.1 ~~(22)~~ (24) any other substance, except bupropion or compounds listed under a
68.2 different schedule, that is structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution
68.3 at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not
68.4 the compound is further modified in any of the following ways:

68.5 (i) by substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylendioxy, alkoxy,
68.6 haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring
68.7 system by one or more other univalent substituents;

68.8 (ii) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent;

68.9 (iii) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or
68.10 methoxybenzyl groups; or

68.11 (iv) by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.

68.12 (h) Marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, and synthetic cannabinoids. Unless
68.13 specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any natural or synthetic material,
68.14 compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances,
68.15 their analogs, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers,
68.16 whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, or salts is possible:

68.17 (1) marijuana;

68.18 (2) tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis,
68.19 synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant or in the
68.20 resinous extractives of the plant, or synthetic substances with similar chemical structure
68.21 and pharmacological activity to those substances contained in the plant or resinous
68.22 extract, including, but not limited to, 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, 6 cis or trans
68.23 tetrahydrocannabinol, and 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol;

68.24 (3) synthetic cannabinoids, including the following substances:

68.25 (i) Naphthoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole
68.26 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
68.27 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidiny)methyl or
68.28 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any
68.29 extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of
68.30 naphthoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

68.31 (A) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-018 and AM-678);

68.32 (B) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-073);

68.33 (C) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-081);

68.34 (D) 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200);

68.35 (E) 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-015);

68.36 (F) 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-019);

69.1 (G) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-122);

69.2 (H) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-210);

69.3 (I) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-398);

69.4 (J) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM-2201).

69.5 (ii) Naphthylmethyloindoles, which are any compounds containing a
69.6 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom
69.7 of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,
69.8 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further
69.9 substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl
69.10 ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylmethyloindoles include, but are not limited to:

69.11 (A) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-175);

69.12 (B) 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methan (JWH-184).

69.13 (iii) Naphthoylpyrroles, which are any compounds containing a
69.14 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
69.15 pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,
69.16 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not
69.17 further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the
69.18 naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of naphthoylpyrroles include, but are not limited to,
69.19 (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone (JWH-307).

69.20 (iv) Naphthylmethylindenes, which are any compounds containing a
69.21 naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene
69.22 ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,
69.23 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further
69.24 substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl
69.25 ring to any extent. Examples of naphthylmethylindenes include, but are not limited to,
69.26 E-1-[1-(1-naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane (JWH-176).

69.27 (v) Phenylacetylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-phenylacetylindole
69.28 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
69.29 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or
69.30 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to
69.31 any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of
69.32 phenylacetylindoles include, but are not limited to:

69.33 (A) 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (RCS-8);

69.34 (B) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-250);

69.35 (C) 1-pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-251);

69.36 (D) 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (JWH-203).

70.1 (vi) Cyclohexylphenols, which are compounds containing a
70.2 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position
70.3 of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,
70.4 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not
70.5 substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of cyclohexylphenols include,
70.6 but are not limited to:

70.7 (A) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP 47,497);

70.8 (B) 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol

70.9 (Cannabicyclohexanol or CP 47,497 C8 homologue);

70.10 (C) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl]
70.11 -phenol (CP 55,940).

70.12 (vii) Benzoylindoles, which are any compounds containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole
70.13 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
70.14 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or
70.15 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to
70.16 any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of
70.17 benzoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

70.18 (A) 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (RCS-4);

70.19 (B) 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-694);

70.20 (C) (4-methoxyphenyl-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone
70.21 (WIN 48,098 or Pravadoline).

70.22 (viii) Others specifically named:

70.23 (A) (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)
70.24 -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (HU-210);

70.25 (B) (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)
70.26 -6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (Dexanabinol or HU-211);

70.27 (C) 2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]
70.28 -1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl-1-naphthalenylmethanone (WIN 55,212-2);

70.29 (D) (1-pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone (UR-144);

70.30 (E) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone
70.31 (XLR-11);

70.32 (F) 1-pentyl-N-tricyclo[3.3.1.1^{3,7}]dec-1-yl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide
70.33 (AKB-48(APINACA));

70.34 (G) N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide
70.35 (5-Fluoro-AKB-48);

70.36 (H) 1-pentyl-8-quinolinyl ester-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (PB-22);

71.1 (I) 8-quinolinyl ester-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (5-Fluoro
71.2 PB-22);

71.3 (J) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-
71.4 3-carboxamide (AB-PINACA);

71.5 (K) N-[(1S)-1-(aminocarbonyl)-2-methylpropyl]-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-
71.6 1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-FUBINACA).

71.7 (i) A controlled substance analog, to the extent that it is implicitly or explicitly
71.8 intended for human consumption.

71.9 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 152.02, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:

71.10 Subd. 8b. **Board of Pharmacy; expedited scheduling of additional substances.**

71.11 ~~(a)~~ The state Board of Pharmacy may, by rule, add a substance to Schedule I provided that
71.12 it finds that the substance has a high potential for abuse, has no currently accepted medical
71.13 use in the United States, has a lack of accepted safety for use under medical supervision,
71.14 has known adverse health effects, and is currently available for use within the state. For
71.15 the purposes of this subdivision only, the board may use the expedited rulemaking process
71.16 under section 14.389. ~~The scheduling of a substance under this subdivision expires the~~
71.17 ~~day after the adjournment of the legislative session immediately following the substance's~~
71.18 ~~scheduling unless the legislature by law ratifies the action.~~

71.19 ~~(b) If the board schedules a substance under this subdivision, the board shall notify~~
71.20 ~~in a timely manner the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of~~
71.21 ~~representatives committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice and health policy~~
71.22 ~~and finance of the action and the reasons for it. The notice must include a copy of the~~
71.23 ~~administrative law judge's decision on the matter.~~

71.24 ~~(c) This subdivision expires August 1, 2014.~~

71.25 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 152.126, as amended by Laws 2013, chapter
71.26 113, article 3, section 3, is amended to read:

71.27 **~~152.126 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PRESCRIPTION ELECTRONIC~~**
71.28 **~~REPORTING SYSTEM~~ PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM.**

71.29 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in
71.30 this subdivision have the meanings given.

71.31 ~~(a)~~ (b) "Board" means the Minnesota State Board of Pharmacy established under
71.32 chapter 151.

71.33 ~~(b)~~ (c) "Controlled substances" means those substances listed in section 152.02,
71.34 subdivisions 3 to ~~5~~ 6, and those substances defined by the board pursuant to section

72.1 152.02, subdivisions 7, 8, and 12. For the purposes of this section, controlled substances
 72.2 includes tramadol and butalbital.

72.3 (e) (d) "Dispense" or "dispensing" has the meaning given in section 151.01,
 72.4 subdivision 30. Dispensing does not include the direct administering of a controlled
 72.5 substance to a patient by a licensed health care professional.

72.6 (d) (e) "Dispenser" means a person authorized by law to dispense a controlled
 72.7 substance, pursuant to a valid prescription. For the purposes of this section, a dispenser
 72.8 does not include a licensed hospital pharmacy that distributes controlled substances for
 72.9 inpatient hospital care, a licensed pharmacy, located on the same premises as a residential
 72.10 hospice, when the licensed pharmacy is dispensing controlled substances to be used
 72.11 by an individual who is a resident of the hospice or a veterinarian who is dispensing
 72.12 prescriptions under section 156.18.

72.13 (e) (f) "Prescriber" means a licensed health care professional who is authorized to
 72.14 prescribe a controlled substance under section 152.12, subdivision 1 or 2.

72.15 (f) (g) "Prescription" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 16.

72.16 Subd. 1a. **Treatment of intractable pain.** This section is not intended to limit or
 72.17 interfere with the legitimate prescribing of controlled substances for pain. No prescriber
 72.18 shall be subject to disciplinary action by a health-related licensing board for prescribing a
 72.19 controlled substance according to the provisions of section 152.125.

72.20 Subd. 2. **Prescription electronic reporting system.** (a) The board shall establish
 72.21 by January 1, 2010, an electronic system for reporting the information required under
 72.22 subdivision 4 for all controlled substances dispensed within the state.

72.23 (b) The board may contract with a vendor for the purpose of obtaining technical
 72.24 assistance in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the electronic
 72.25 reporting system.

72.26 Subd. 3. **Prescription Electronic Reporting Monitoring Program Advisory**
 72.27 **Committee Task Force.** (a) The board ~~shall convene~~ may appoint an advisory committee.
 72.28 ~~The committee must include~~ task force consisting of at least one representative of:

- 72.29 (1) the Department of Health;
- 72.30 (2) the Department of Human Services;
- 72.31 (3) each health-related licensing board that licenses prescribers;
- 72.32 (4) a professional medical association, which may include an association of pain
 72.33 management and chemical dependency specialists;
- 72.34 (5) a professional pharmacy association;
- 72.35 (6) a professional nursing association;
- 72.36 (7) a professional dental association;

- 73.1 (8) a consumer privacy or security advocate; ~~and~~
 73.2 (9) a consumer or patient rights organization; and
 73.3 (10) an association of medical examiners and coroners.

73.4 (b) The advisory ~~committee~~ task force shall advise the board on the development and
 73.5 operation of the ~~electronic reporting system~~ prescription monitoring program, including,
 73.6 but not limited to:

- 73.7 (1) technical standards for electronic prescription drug reporting;
 73.8 (2) proper analysis and interpretation of prescription monitoring data; ~~and~~
 73.9 (3) an evaluation process for the program; and
 73.10 (4) criteria for the unsolicited provision of prescription monitoring data by the
 73.11 board to prescribers and dispensers.

73.12 (c) The task force is governed by section 15.059. Notwithstanding section 15.059,
 73.13 subdivision 5, the task force shall not expire.

73.14 Subd. 4. **Reporting requirements; notice.** (a) Each dispenser must submit the
 73.15 following data to the board or its designated vendor, ~~subject to the notice required under~~
 73.16 ~~paragraph (d):~~

- 73.17 (1) name of the prescriber;
 73.18 (2) national provider identifier of the prescriber;
 73.19 (3) name of the dispenser;
 73.20 (4) national provider identifier of the dispenser;
 73.21 (5) prescription number;
 73.22 (6) name of the patient for whom the prescription was written;
 73.23 (7) address of the patient for whom the prescription was written;
 73.24 (8) date of birth of the patient for whom the prescription was written;
 73.25 (9) date the prescription was written;
 73.26 (10) date the prescription was filled;
 73.27 (11) name and strength of the controlled substance;
 73.28 (12) quantity of controlled substance prescribed;
 73.29 (13) quantity of controlled substance dispensed; and
 73.30 (14) number of days supply.

73.31 (b) The dispenser must submit the required information by a procedure and in a
 73.32 format established by the board. The board may allow dispensers to omit data listed in this
 73.33 subdivision or may require the submission of data not listed in this subdivision provided
 73.34 the omission or submission is necessary for the purpose of complying with the electronic
 73.35 reporting or data transmission standards of the American Society for Automation in

74.1 Pharmacy, the National Council on Prescription Drug Programs, or other relevant national
74.2 standard-setting body.

74.3 (c) A dispenser is not required to submit this data for those controlled substance
74.4 prescriptions dispensed for:

74.5 (1) ~~individuals residing in licensed skilled nursing or intermediate care facilities;~~

74.6 (2) ~~individuals receiving assisted living services under chapter 144G or through a
74.7 medical assistance home and community-based waiver;~~

74.8 (3) ~~individuals receiving medication intravenously;~~

74.9 (4) ~~individuals receiving hospice and other palliative or end-of-life care; and~~

74.10 (5) ~~individuals receiving services from a home care provider regulated under chapter
74.11 144A.~~

74.12 (1) individuals residing in a health care facility as defined in section 151.58,
74.13 subdivision 2, paragraph (b), when a drug is distributed through the use of an automated
74.14 drug distribution system according to section 151.58; and

74.15 (2) individuals receiving a drug sample that was packaged by a manufacturer and
74.16 provided to the dispenser for dispensing as a professional sample pursuant to Code of
74.17 Federal Regulations, title 21, section 203, subpart D.

74.18 (d) A dispenser must ~~not submit data under this subdivision unless provide to the~~
74.19 patient for whom the prescription was written a conspicuous notice of the reporting
74.20 requirements of this section is given to the patient for whom the prescription was written
74.21 and notice that the information may be used for program administration purposes.

74.22 **Subd. 5. Use of data by board.** (a) The board shall develop and maintain a database
74.23 of the data reported under subdivision 4. The board shall maintain data that could identify
74.24 an individual prescriber or dispenser in encrypted form. Except as otherwise allowed
74.25 under subdivision 6, the database may be used by permissible users identified under
74.26 subdivision 6 for the identification of:

74.27 (1) individuals receiving prescriptions for controlled substances from prescribers
74.28 who subsequently obtain controlled substances from dispensers in quantities or with a
74.29 frequency inconsistent with generally recognized standards of use for those controlled
74.30 substances, including standards accepted by national and international pain management
74.31 associations; and

74.32 (2) individuals presenting forged or otherwise false or altered prescriptions for
74.33 controlled substances to dispensers.

74.34 (b) No permissible user identified under subdivision 6 may access the database
74.35 for the sole purpose of identifying prescribers of controlled substances for unusual or
74.36 excessive prescribing patterns without a valid search warrant or court order.

75.1 (c) No personnel of a state or federal occupational licensing board or agency may
75.2 access the database for the purpose of obtaining information to be used to initiate or
75.3 substantiate a disciplinary action against a prescriber when the disciplinary action relates
75.4 to allegations involving unusual or excessive prescribing of the drugs for which data
75.5 is collected under subdivision 4.

75.6 (d) Data reported under subdivision 4 shall be ~~retained by the board in the~~
75.7 ~~database for a 12-month period, and shall be removed from the database no later than 12~~
75.8 ~~months from the last day of the month during which the data was received.~~ made available
75.9 to permissible users for a 12-month period beginning the day the data was received and
75.10 ending 12 months from the last day of the month in which the data was received, except
75.11 that permissible users defined in subdivision 6, paragraph (b), clauses (6) and (7), may
75.12 use all data collected under this section for the purposes of administering, operating, and
75.13 maintaining the prescription monitoring program and conducting trend analyses and other
75.14 studies necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program.

75.15 (e) The board shall not retain data reported under subdivision 4 for a period longer
75.16 than five years from the date the data was received.

75.17 Subd. 6. **Access to reporting system data.** (a) Except as indicated in this
75.18 subdivision, the data submitted to the board under subdivision 4 is private data on
75.19 individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and not subject to public disclosure.

75.20 (b) Except as specified in subdivision 5, the following persons shall be considered
75.21 permissible users and may access the data submitted under subdivision 4 in the same or
75.22 similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons who are authorized
75.23 to access similar private data on individuals under federal and state law:

75.24 (1) a prescriber or an agent or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has
75.25 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to
75.26 a current patient, to whom the prescriber is prescribing or considering prescribing any
75.27 controlled substance or to whom the prescriber is providing other medical treatment for
75.28 which access to the data may be necessary and with the provision that the prescriber remains
75.29 responsible for the use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

75.30 (2) a dispenser or an agent or employee of the dispenser to whom the dispenser has
75.31 delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically
75.32 to a current patient to whom that dispenser is dispensing or considering dispensing any
75.33 controlled substance and with the provision that the dispenser remains responsible for the
75.34 use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

76.1 (3) a licensed pharmacist who is providing pharmaceutical care for which access to
76.2 the data may be necessary to the extent that the information relates specifically to a current
76.3 patient for whom the pharmacist is providing pharmaceutical care;

76.4 ~~(3)~~ (4) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription for
76.5 which data was submitted under subdivision 4, or a guardian of the individual, parent or
76.6 guardian of a minor, or health care agent of the individual acting under a health care
76.7 directive under chapter 145C;

76.8 ~~(4)~~ (5) personnel of the a health-related licensing board specifically listed in section
76.9 214.01, subdivision 2, or the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, assigned to
76.10 conduct a bona fide investigation of a complaint received by that board alleging that a
76.11 specific licensee is impaired by use of a drug for which data is collected under subdivision
76.12 4, has engaged in activity that would constitute a crime as defined in section 152.025, or
76.13 has engaged in the behavior specified in section 152.126, subdivision 5, paragraph (a);

76.14 ~~(5)~~ (6) personnel of the board engaged in the collection, review, and analysis
76.15 of controlled substance prescription information as part of the assigned duties and
76.16 responsibilities under this section;

76.17 ~~(6)~~ (7) authorized personnel of a vendor under contract with the board state of
76.18 Minnesota who are engaged in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of
76.19 the electronic reporting system prescription monitoring program as part of the assigned
76.20 duties and responsibilities of their employment, provided that access to data is limited to
76.21 the minimum amount necessary to carry out such duties and responsibilities;

76.22 ~~(7)~~ (8) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities acting pursuant to a
76.23 valid search warrant;

76.24 ~~(8)~~ (9) personnel of the medical assistance program Minnesota health care programs
76.25 assigned to use the data collected under this section to identify and manage recipients
76.26 whose usage of controlled substances may warrant restriction to a single primary care
76.27 physician provider, a single outpatient pharmacy, or and a single hospital; and

76.28 ~~(9)~~ (10) personnel of the Department of Human Services assigned to access the
76.29 data pursuant to paragraph (h);

76.30 (11) a coroner or medical examiner, or an agent or employee of the coroner or
76.31 medical examiner to whom the coroner or medical examiner has delegated the task of
76.32 accessing the data, conducting an investigation pursuant to section 390.11, and with the
76.33 provision that the coroner or medical examiner remains responsible for the use or misuse
76.34 of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee; and

76.35 (12) personnel of the health professionals services program established under
76.36 section 214.31, to the extent that the information relates specifically to an individual who

77.1 is currently enrolled in and being monitored by the program. The health professionals
 77.2 services program personnel shall not provide this data to a health-related licensing board
 77.3 or the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board, except as permitted under section
 77.4 214.33, subdivision 3.

77.5 For purposes of clause ~~(3)~~ (4), access by an individual includes persons in the
 77.6 definition of an individual under section 13.02.

77.7 ~~(c) Any~~ A permissible user identified in paragraph (b), ~~who~~ clauses (1), (2), (3), (6),
 77.8 (7), (9), (10), and (11) may directly access the data electronically. If the data
 77.9 is directly accessed electronically, the permissible user shall implement and maintain a
 77.10 comprehensive information security program that contains administrative, technical,
 77.11 and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the user's size and complexity, and the
 77.12 sensitivity of the personal information obtained. The permissible user shall identify
 77.13 reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and
 77.14 integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse,
 77.15 or other compromise of the information and assess the sufficiency of any safeguards in
 77.16 place to control the risks.

77.17 ~~(d) The board shall not release data submitted under this section~~ subdivision 4 unless
 77.18 it is provided with evidence, satisfactory to the board, that the person requesting the
 77.19 information is entitled to receive the data.

77.20 ~~(e) The board shall not release the name of a prescriber without the written consent~~
 77.21 ~~of the prescriber or a valid search warrant or court order. The board shall provide a~~
 77.22 ~~mechanism for a prescriber to submit to the board a signed consent authorizing the release~~
 77.23 ~~of the prescriber's name when data containing the prescriber's name is requested.~~

77.24 ~~(f)~~ (e) The board shall maintain a log of all persons who access the data for a period
 77.25 of at least three years and shall ensure that any permissible user complies with paragraph
 77.26 (c) prior to attaining direct access to the data.

77.27 ~~(g)~~ (f) Section 13.05, subdivision 6, shall apply to any contract the board enters into
 77.28 pursuant to subdivision 2. A vendor shall not use data collected under this section for
 77.29 any purpose not specified in this section.

77.30 (g) The board may participate in an interstate prescription monitoring program data
 77.31 exchange system provided that permissible users in other states have access to the data
 77.32 only as allowed under this section, and that section 13.05, subdivision 6, applies to any
 77.33 contract or memorandum of understanding that the board enters into under this paragraph.

77.34 (h) With available appropriations, the commissioner of human services shall
 77.35 establish and implement a system through which the Department of Human Services shall
 77.36 routinely access the data for the purpose of determining whether any client enrolled in

78.1 an opioid treatment program licensed according to chapter 245A has been prescribed or
78.2 dispensed a controlled substance in addition to that administered or dispensed by the
78.3 opioid treatment program. When the commissioner determines there have been multiple
78.4 prescribers or multiple prescriptions of controlled substances, the commissioner shall:

78.5 (1) inform the medical director of the opioid treatment program only that the
78.6 commissioner determined the existence of multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of
78.7 controlled substances; and

78.8 (2) direct the medical director of the opioid treatment program to access the data
78.9 directly, review the effect of the multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions, and
78.10 document the review.

78.11 If determined necessary, the commissioner of human services shall seek a federal waiver
78.12 of, or exception to, any applicable provision of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part
78.13 2.34, item (c), prior to implementing this paragraph.

78.14 (i) The board may provide data submitted under subdivision 4 for public research,
78.15 policy, or education purposes, but only after the removal of any information that is likely
78.16 to reveal the identity of the patient, prescriber, or dispenser who is the subject of the data.

78.17 (j) The board shall review the data submitted under subdivision 4 on at least a
78.18 quarterly basis and shall establish criteria, in consultation with the advisory task force,
78.19 for referring information about a patient to prescribers and dispensers who prescribed or
78.20 dispensed the prescriptions in question if the criteria are met.

78.21 **Subd. 7. Disciplinary action.** (a) A dispenser who knowingly fails to submit data to
78.22 the board as required under this section is subject to disciplinary action by the appropriate
78.23 health-related licensing board.

78.24 (b) A prescriber or dispenser authorized to access the data who knowingly discloses
78.25 the data in violation of state or federal laws relating to the privacy of health care data
78.26 shall be subject to disciplinary action by the appropriate health-related licensing board,
78.27 and appropriate civil penalties.

78.28 ~~**Subd. 8. Evaluation and reporting.** (a) The board shall evaluate the prescription~~
78.29 ~~electronic reporting system to determine if the system is negatively impacting appropriate~~
78.30 ~~prescribing practices of controlled substances. The board may contract with a vendor to~~
78.31 ~~design and conduct the evaluation.~~

78.32 ~~(b) The board shall submit the evaluation of the system to the legislature by July~~
78.33 ~~15, 2011.~~

78.34 **Subd. 9. Immunity from liability; no requirement to obtain information.** (a) A
78.35 pharmacist, prescriber, or other dispenser making a report to the program in good faith
78.36 under this section is immune from any civil, criminal, or administrative liability, which

79.1 might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of the report, or on the basis that the
79.2 pharmacist or prescriber did or did not seek or obtain or use information from the program.

79.3 (b) Nothing in this section shall require a pharmacist, prescriber, or other dispenser
79.4 to obtain information about a patient from the program, and the pharmacist, prescriber,
79.5 or other dispenser, if acting in good faith, is immune from any civil, criminal, or
79.6 administrative liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for requesting,
79.7 receiving, or using information from the program.

79.8 Subd. 10. **Funding.** (a) The board may seek grants and private funds from nonprofit
79.9 charitable foundations, the federal government, and other sources to fund the enhancement
79.10 and ongoing operations of the prescription electronic reporting system monitoring
79.11 program established under this section. Any funds received shall be appropriated to the
79.12 board for this purpose. The board may not expend funds to enhance the program in a way
79.13 that conflicts with this section without seeking approval from the legislature.

79.14 (b) Notwithstanding any other section, the administrative services unit for the
79.15 health-related licensing boards shall apportion between the Board of Medical Practice, the
79.16 Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, the Board of
79.17 Optometry, the Board of Veterinary Medicine, and the Board of Pharmacy an amount to
79.18 be paid through fees by each respective board. The amount apportioned to each board
79.19 shall equal each board's share of the annual appropriation to the Board of Pharmacy
79.20 from the state government special revenue fund for operating the prescription electronic
79.21 reporting system monitoring program under this section. Each board's apportioned share
79.22 shall be based on the number of prescribers or dispensers that each board identified in
79.23 this paragraph licenses as a percentage of the total number of prescribers and dispensers
79.24 licensed collectively by these boards. Each respective board may adjust the fees that the
79.25 boards are required to collect to compensate for the amount apportioned to each board by
79.26 the administrative services unit.

79.27 **Sec. 23. STUDY REQUIRED; PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM**
79.28 **DATABASE.**

79.29 The Board of Pharmacy, in collaboration with the Prescription Monitoring Program
79.30 Advisory Task Force, shall study the issue of mandatory use of the prescription monitoring
79.31 program database and report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
79.32 health and human services policy and finance division and the house of representatives
79.33 health and human services policy and finance committees by December 15, 2014, with
79.34 recommendations on whether or not to require the use of the prescription monitoring
79.35 program database by prescribers when prescribing or considering prescribing, and

80.1 pharmacists when dispensing or considering dispensing, a controlled substance as defined
 80.2 in Minnesota Statutes, section 152.126, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

80.3 **ARTICLE 3**

80.4 **ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSES**

80.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

80.6 Subd. 3. **Advanced practice registered nurse.** "Advanced practice registered
 80.7 nurse," abbreviated APRN, means an individual licensed as ~~a~~ an advanced practice
 80.8 registered nurse by the board and certified by a national nurse certification organization
 80.9 acceptable to the board to practice as a clinical nurse specialist, nurse anesthetist,
 80.10 nurse-midwife, or nurse practitioner. The national nursing certification organization must:

80.11 (1) be endorsed by a national professional nursing organization that describes
 80.12 scope and standards statements specific to the practice as a clinical nurse specialist,
 80.13 nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or registered nurse anesthetist for the population focus
 80.14 for which the individual will be certified;

80.15 (2) be independent from the national professional nursing organization in
 80.16 decision-making for all matters pertaining to certification or recertification;

80.17 (3) administer a professional nursing certification program that is psychometrically
 80.18 sound, legally defensible, and meets nationally recognized accreditation standards for
 80.19 certification programs; and

80.20 (4) require periodic recertification or be affiliated with an organization that provides
 80.21 recertification.

80.22 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, is amended by adding a subdivision
 80.23 to read:

80.24 Subd. 4a. **Certification.** "Certification" means the formal recognition of knowledge,
 80.25 skills, and experience demonstrated by the achievement of standards identified by the
 80.26 National Professional Nursing Organization acceptable to the Minnesota Board of Nursing.

80.27 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

80.28 Subd. 5. **Clinical nurse specialist practice.** "Clinical nurse specialist practice"
 80.29 ~~means the provision of patient care in a particular specialty or subspecialty of advanced~~
 80.30 ~~practice registered nursing within the context of collaborative management, and includes:~~
 80.31 ~~(1) diagnosing illness and disease; (2) providing nonpharmacologic treatment, including~~
 80.32 ~~psychotherapy; (3) promoting wellness; and (4) preventing illness and disease. The~~

81.1 ~~certified clinical nurse specialist is certified for advanced practice registered nursing in a~~
 81.2 ~~specific field of clinical nurse specialist practice.:~~

81.3 (1) the diagnosis and treatment of health and illness states;

81.4 (2) disease management;

81.5 (3) prescribing pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic therapies;

81.6 (4) ordering, performing, supervising, and interpreting diagnostic studies;

81.7 (5) prevention of illness and risk behaviors;

81.8 (6) nursing care for individuals, families, and communities;

81.9 (7) consulting with, collaborating with, or referring to other health care providers as

81.10 warranted by the needs of the patient; and

81.11 (8) integration of care across the continuum to improve patient outcomes.

81.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, is amended by adding a subdivision
 81.13 to read:

81.14 Subd. 6a. **Collaboration.** "Collaboration" means the process in which two or more
 81.15 health care professionals work together to meet the health care needs of a patient, as
 81.16 warranted by the patient.

81.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

81.18 Subd. 9. **Nurse.** "Nurse" means advanced practice registered nurse, registered
 81.19 nurse, ~~advanced practice registered nurse,~~ and licensed practical nurse unless the context
 81.20 clearly refers to only one category.

81.21 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

81.22 Subd. 10. **Nurse-midwife practice.** "Nurse-midwife practice" means ~~the~~
 81.23 ~~management of women's primary health care, focusing on pregnancy, childbirth, the~~
 81.24 ~~postpartum period, care of the newborn, and the family planning and gynecological needs~~
 81.25 ~~of women and includes diagnosing and providing nonpharmacologic treatment within a~~
 81.26 ~~system that provides for consultation, collaborative management, and referral as indicated~~
 81.27 ~~by the health status of patients.:~~

81.28 (1) the management, diagnosis, and treatment of women's primary health care
 81.29 including pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum period, care of the newborn, family planning,
 81.30 partner care management relating to sexual health, and gynecological care of women
 81.31 across the life span;

81.32 (2) ordering, performing, supervising, and interpreting diagnostic studies;

81.33 (3) prescribing pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic therapies; and

82.1 (4) consulting with, collaborating with, or referring to other health care providers
 82.2 as warranted by the needs of the patient.

82.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

82.4 Subd. 11. **Nurse practitioner practice.** "Nurse practitioner practice" means,
 82.5 ~~within the context of collaborative management: (1) diagnosing, directly managing, and~~
 82.6 ~~preventing acute and chronic illness and disease; and (2) promoting wellness, including~~
 82.7 ~~providing nonpharmacologic treatment. The certified nurse practitioner is certified for~~
 82.8 ~~advanced registered nurse practice in a specific field of nurse practitioner practice. the~~
 82.9 provision of care including:

- 82.10 (1) health promotion, disease prevention, health education, and counseling;
 82.11 (2) providing health assessment and screening activities;
 82.12 (3) diagnosing, treating, and facilitating patients' management of their acute and
 82.13 chronic illnesses and diseases;
 82.14 (4) ordering, performing, supervising, and interpreting diagnostic studies;
 82.15 (5) prescribing pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic therapies; and
 82.16 (6) consulting with, collaborating with, or referring to other health care providers
 82.17 as warranted by the needs of the patient.

82.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, is amended by adding a subdivision
 82.19 to read:

82.20 Subd. 12b. **Population focus.** "Population focus" means the categories of patients
 82.21 for which the advanced practice registered nurse has the educational preparation to
 82.22 provide care and services. The categories of population foci are:

- 82.23 (1) family and individual across the life span;
 82.24 (2) adult gerontology;
 82.25 (3) neonatal;
 82.26 (4) pediatrics;
 82.27 (5) women's and gender-related health; and
 82.28 (6) psychiatric and mental health.

82.29 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

82.30 Subd. 13. **Practice of advanced practice registered nursing.** (a) The "practice
 82.31 of advanced practice registered nursing" means the performance of ~~clinical nurse~~
 82.32 ~~specialist practice, nurse-midwife practice, nurse practitioner practice, or registered~~
 82.33 ~~nurse anesthetist practice as defined in subdivisions 5, 10, 11, and 21~~ an expanded scope

83.1 of nursing in at least one of the recognized advanced practice registered nurse roles
 83.2 for at least one population focus. The scope and practice standards of an advanced
 83.3 practice registered nurse are defined by the national professional nursing organizations
 83.4 specific to the practice as a clinical nurse specialist, nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner,
 83.5 or registered nurse anesthetist in the population focus. The scope of advanced practice
 83.6 registered nursing includes, but is not limited to, performing acts of advanced assessment,
 83.7 diagnosing, prescribing, and ordering. The practice includes functioning as a primary care
 83.8 provider, direct care provider, case manager, consultant, educator, and researcher. The
 83.9 practice of advanced practice registered nursing also includes accepting referrals from,
 83.10 consulting with, cooperating with, or referring to all other types of health care providers,
 83.11 including but not limited to physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, and dentists, provided
 83.12 that the advanced practice registered nurse and the other provider are practicing within
 83.13 their scopes of practice as defined in state law. The advanced practice registered nurse
 83.14 must practice within a health care system that provides for consultation, collaborative
 83.15 management, and referral as indicated by the health status of the patient.

83.16 (b) The practice of advanced practice registered nursing requires the advanced
 83.17 practice registered nurse to be accountable: (1) to patients for the quality of advanced
 83.18 nursing care rendered; (2) for recognizing limits of knowledge and experience; and (3)
 83.19 for planning for the management of situations beyond the advanced practice registered
 83.20 nurse's expertise. The practice of advanced practice registered nursing includes accepting
 83.21 referrals from, consulting with, collaborating with, or referring to other health care
 83.22 providers as warranted by the needs of the patient.

83.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

83.24 Subd. 16. **Prescribing.** "Prescribing" means the act of generating a prescription for
 83.25 the preparation of, use of, or manner of using a drug or therapeutic device in accordance
 83.26 with the provisions of section 148.235. Prescribing does not include recommending the
 83.27 use of a drug or therapeutic device which is not required by the federal Food and Drug
 83.28 Administration to meet the labeling requirements for prescription drugs and devices.
 83.29 Prescribing also does not include recommending or administering a drug or therapeutic
 83.30 device perioperatively for anesthesia care and related services by a certified registered
 83.31 nurse anesthetist.

83.32 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

83.33 Subd. 17. **Prescription.** "Prescription" means a written direction or an oral direction
 83.34 reduced to writing provided to or for an individual patient for the preparation or use of a

84.1 drug or therapeutic device. In the case of a prescription for a drug, the requirements of
84.2 section 151.01, subdivisions 16, 16a, and 16b, shall apply.

84.3 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, is amended by adding a subdivision
84.4 to read:

84.5 Subd. 17a. **Primary care provider.** "Primary care provider" means a licensed health
84.6 care provider who acts as the first point of care for comprehensive health maintenance and
84.7 promotion, preventive care, and undiagnosed health concerns and who provides continuing
84.8 care of varied health conditions not limited by cause, organ systems, or diagnosis.

84.9 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

84.10 Subd. 21. **Registered nurse anesthetist practice.** (a) "Registered nurse anesthetist
84.11 practice" means the provision of anesthesia care and related services ~~within the context~~
84.12 ~~of collaborative management~~, including:

84.13 (1) selecting, obtaining, and administering drugs and therapeutic devices to facilitate
84.14 diagnostic, therapeutic, and surgical procedures upon request, assignment, or referral by a
84.15 patient's physician, dentist, or podiatrist;

84.16 (2) ordering, performing, supervising, and interpreting diagnostic studies;

84.17 (3) prescribing pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic therapies;

84.18 (4) providing anesthesia and analgesia for acute and chronic pain symptoms through
84.19 noninvasive and interventional therapies, including the use of image-guided technology as
84.20 needed for a selected therapy; and

84.21 (5) consulting with, collaborating with, or referring to other health care providers
84.22 as warranted by the needs of the patient.

84.23 (b) Nurse anesthesia practice does not include:

84.24 (1) surgical implantation of intrathecal infusion pumps or spinal cord stimulators;

84.25 (2) surgical implantation of cements or plastics near or around the spinal column;

84.26 (3) nontraumatic laser disectomy;

84.27 (4) nontraumatic endoscopic disectomy;

84.28 (5) percutaneous vertebroplasties;

84.29 (6) percutaneous vertebral augmentation procedures; and

84.30 (7) percutaneous kyphoplasties.

84.31 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.171, is amended by adding a subdivision
84.32 to read:

85.1 Subd. 22a. **Roles of advanced practice registered nurses.** "Role" means one
85.2 of four recognized advanced practice registered nurse roles: certified registered nurse
85.3 anesthetist (CRNA); certified nurse-midwife (CNM); certified clinical nurse specialist
85.4 (CNS); or certified nurse practitioner (CNP).

85.5 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.181, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

85.6 Subdivision 1. **Membership.** The Board of Nursing consists of 16 members
85.7 appointed by the governor, each of whom must be a resident of this state. Eight members
85.8 must be registered nurses, each of whom must have graduated from an approved school of
85.9 nursing, must be licensed and currently registered as a registered nurse in this state, and
85.10 must have had at least five years experience in nursing practice, nursing administration, or
85.11 nursing education immediately preceding appointment. One of the eight must have had
85.12 at least two years executive or teaching experience in a baccalaureate degree nursing
85.13 program approved by the board under section 148.251 during the five years immediately
85.14 preceding appointment, one of the eight must have had at least two years executive or
85.15 teaching experience in an associate degree nursing program approved by the board under
85.16 section 148.251 during the five years immediately preceding appointment, one of the eight
85.17 must be practicing professional nursing in a nursing home at the time of appointment,
85.18 one of the eight must have had at least two years executive or teaching experience in a
85.19 practical nursing program approved by the board under section 148.251 during the five
85.20 years immediately preceding appointment, and one of the eight must be licensed and have
85.21 national certification or recertification as a registered nurse anesthetist, nurse practitioner,
85.22 nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist. Four of the eight must have had at least five
85.23 years of experience in nursing practice or nursing administration immediately preceding
85.24 appointment. Four members must be licensed practical nurses, each of whom must have
85.25 graduated from an approved school of nursing, must be licensed and currently registered
85.26 as a licensed practical nurse in this state, and must have had at least five years experience
85.27 in nursing practice immediately preceding appointment. The remaining four members
85.28 must be public members as defined by section 214.02.

85.29 A member may be reappointed but may not serve more than two full terms
85.30 consecutively. The governor shall attempt to make appointments to the board that reflect
85.31 the geography of the state. The board members who are nurses should as a whole reflect
85.32 the broad mix of practice types and sites of nurses practicing in Minnesota.

85.33 Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of
85.34 membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements are as provided in
85.35 sections 214.07 to 214.09. Any nurse on the board who during incumbency permanently

86.1 ceases to be actively engaged in the practice of nursing or otherwise becomes disqualified
86.2 for board membership is automatically removed, and the governor shall fill the vacancy.
86.3 The provision of staff, administrative services, and office space; the review and processing
86.4 of complaints; the setting of board fees; and other provisions relating to board operations
86.5 are as provided in sections 148.171 to 148.285 and chapter 214. Each member of the
86.6 board shall file with the secretary of state the constitutional oath of office before beginning
86.7 the term of office.

86.8 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.191, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

86.9 Subd. 2. **Powers.** (a) The board is authorized to adopt and, from time to time, revise
86.10 rules not inconsistent with the law, as may be necessary to enable it to carry into effect the
86.11 provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285. The board shall prescribe by rule curricula and
86.12 standards for schools and courses preparing persons for licensure under sections 148.171
86.13 to 148.285. It shall conduct or provide for surveys of such schools and courses at such
86.14 times as it may deem necessary. It shall approve such schools and courses as meet the
86.15 requirements of sections 148.171 to 148.285 and board rules. It shall examine, license,
86.16 and renew the license of duly qualified applicants. It shall hold examinations at least once
86.17 in each year at such time and place as it may determine. It shall by rule adopt, evaluate,
86.18 and periodically revise, as necessary, requirements for licensure and for registration and
86.19 renewal of registration as defined in section 148.231. It shall maintain a record of all
86.20 persons licensed by the board to practice advanced practice, professional, or practical
86.21 nursing ~~and all registered nurses who hold Minnesota licensure and registration and are~~
86.22 ~~certified as advanced practice registered nurses.~~ It shall cause the prosecution of all persons
86.23 violating sections 148.171 to 148.285 and have power to incur such necessary expense
86.24 therefor. It shall register public health nurses who meet educational and other requirements
86.25 established by the board by rule, including payment of a fee. It shall have power to issue
86.26 subpoenas, and to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all necessary
86.27 documents and other evidentiary material. Any board member may administer oaths to
86.28 witnesses, or take their affirmation. It shall keep a record of all its proceedings.

86.29 (b) The board shall have access to hospital, nursing home, and other medical records
86.30 of a patient cared for by a nurse under review. If the board does not have a written consent
86.31 from a patient permitting access to the patient's records, the nurse or facility shall delete
86.32 any data in the record that identifies the patient before providing it to the board. The board
86.33 shall have access to such other records as reasonably requested by the board to assist the
86.34 board in its investigation. Nothing herein may be construed to allow access to any records

87.1 protected by section 145.64. The board shall maintain any records obtained pursuant to
87.2 this paragraph as investigative data under chapter 13.

87.3 (c) The board may accept and expend grants or gifts of money or in-kind services
87.4 from a person, a public or private entity, or any other source for purposes consistent with
87.5 the board's role and within the scope of its statutory authority.

87.6 (d) The board may accept registration fees for meetings and conferences conducted
87.7 for the purposes of board activities that are within the scope of its authority.

87.8 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.211, is amended by adding a subdivision
87.9 to read:

87.10 Subd. 1a. **Advanced practice registered nurse licensure.** (a) Effective January 1,
87.11 2016, no advanced practice nurse shall practice as an advanced practice registered nurse
87.12 unless the advanced practice nurse is licensed by the board under this section.

87.13 (b) An applicant for a license to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse
87.14 (APRN) shall apply to the board in a format prescribed by the board and pay a fee in an
87.15 amount determined under section 148.243.

87.16 (c) To be eligible for licensure an applicant:

87.17 (1) must hold a current Minnesota professional nursing license or demonstrate
87.18 eligibility for licensure as a registered nurse in this state;

87.19 (2) must not hold an encumbered license as a registered nurse in any state or territory;

87.20 (3) must have completed a graduate level APRN program accredited by a nursing
87.21 or nursing-related accrediting body that is recognized by the United States Secretary of
87.22 Education or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation as acceptable to the board.

87.23 The education must be in one of the four APRN roles for at least one population focus;

87.24 (4) must be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the board
87.25 in the APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation;

87.26 (5) must report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford Plea, or other
87.27 plea arrangement in lieu of conviction; and

87.28 (6) must not have committed any acts or omissions which are grounds for
87.29 disciplinary action in another jurisdiction or, if these acts have been committed and would
87.30 be grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in section 148.261, the board has found,
87.31 after investigation, that sufficient restitution has been made.

87.32 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.211, is amended by adding a subdivision
87.33 to read:

88.1 Subd. 1b. **Advanced practice registered nurse grandfather provision.** (a) The
88.2 board shall issue a license to an applicant who does not meet the education requirements
88.3 in subdivision 1a, paragraph (c), clause (3), if the applicant:

88.4 (1) is recognized by the board to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse in
88.5 this state on July 1, 2015;

88.6 (2) submits an application to the board in a format prescribed by the board and the
88.7 applicable fee as determined under section 148.243 by January 1, 2016; and

88.8 (3) meets the requirements under subdivision 1a, paragraph (c), clauses (1), (2),
88.9 (4), (5), and (6).

88.10 (b) An advanced practice registered nurse licensed under this subdivision shall
88.11 maintain all practice privileges provided to licensed advanced practice registered nurses
88.12 under this chapter.

88.13 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

88.14 Subd. 2. **Licensure by endorsement.** (a) The board shall issue a license to practice
88.15 professional nursing or practical nursing without examination to an applicant who has
88.16 been duly licensed or registered as a nurse under the laws of another state, territory, or
88.17 country, if in the opinion of the board the applicant has the qualifications equivalent
88.18 to the qualifications required in this state as stated in subdivision 1, all other laws not
88.19 inconsistent with this section, and rules promulgated by the board.

88.20 (b) Effective January 1, 2016, an applicant for advanced practice registered nurse
88.21 licensure by endorsement is eligible for licensure if the applicant meets the requirements
88.22 in paragraph (a) and demonstrates:

88.23 (1) current national certification or recertification in the advanced role and
88.24 population focus area; and

88.25 (2) compliance with the advanced practice nursing educational requirements that
88.26 were in effect in Minnesota at the time the advanced practice registered nurse completed
88.27 the advanced practice nursing education program.

88.28 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.231, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

88.29 Subdivision 1. **Registration.** (a) Every person licensed to practice advanced
88.30 practice, professional, or practical nursing must maintain with the board a current
88.31 registration for practice as a an advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse, or
88.32 licensed practical nurse which must be renewed at regular intervals established by the
88.33 board by rule. No registration shall be issued by the board to a nurse until the nurse

89.1 has submitted satisfactory evidence of compliance with the procedures and minimum
89.2 requirements established by the board.

89.3 ~~The fee for periodic registration for practice as a nurse shall be determined by the~~
89.4 ~~board by law.~~ (b) Upon receipt of the application and the required fees, as determined
89.5 under section 148.243, the board shall verify the application and the evidence of
89.6 completion of continuing education requirements in effect, and ~~thereupon~~ issue to the
89.7 nurse registration for the next renewal period.

89.8 (c) An applicant for advanced practice registered nursing (APRN) renewal must
89.9 provide evidence of current certification or recertification in the appropriate APRN role
89.10 in at least one population focus by a nationally accredited certifying body recognized
89.11 by the board.

89.12 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.231, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

89.13 Subd. 4. **Failure to register.** Any person licensed under the provisions of sections
89.14 148.171 to 148.285 who fails to register within the required period shall not be entitled
89.15 to practice nursing in this state as an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered
89.16 nurse₂ or a licensed practical nurse.

89.17 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.231, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

89.18 Subd. 5. **Reregistration.** A person whose registration has lapsed desiring to
89.19 resume practice shall make application for reregistration, submit satisfactory evidence
89.20 of compliance with the procedures and requirements established by the board, and pay
89.21 the reregistration fee for the current period to the board. A penalty fee shall be required
89.22 from a person who practiced nursing without current registration. Thereupon, registration
89.23 shall be issued to the person who shall immediately be placed on the practicing list as an
89.24 advanced practice registered nurse, a registered nurse₂ or a licensed practical nurse.

89.25 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.233, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

89.26 Subd. 2. **Advanced practice registered nurse.** ~~An advanced practice registered~~
89.27 ~~nurse certified as a certified clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, certified~~
89.28 ~~nurse practitioner, or certified registered nurse anesthetist shall use the appropriate~~
89.29 ~~designation: RN,CNS; RN,CNM; RN,CNP; or RN,CRNA for personal identification and~~
89.30 ~~in documentation of services provided. Identification of educational degrees and specialty~~
89.31 ~~fields may be added.~~ (a) Only those persons who hold a current license to practice
89.32 advanced practice registered nursing in this state may use the title advanced practice

90.1 registered nurse with the role designation of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified
 90.2 nurse-midwife, certified clinical nurse specialist, or certified nurse practitioner.

90.3 (b) An advanced practice registered nurse shall use the appropriate designation:
 90.4 APRN, CNS; APRN, CNM; APRN, CNP; or APRN, CRNA for personal identification
 90.5 and in documentation of services provided. Identification of educational degrees and
 90.6 specialty fields may be added.

90.7 (c) When providing nursing care, an advanced practice registered nurse shall provide
 90.8 clear identification of the appropriate advanced practice registered nurse designation.

90.9 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.234, is amended to read:

90.10 **148.234 STATE BOUNDARIES CONSIDERATION.**

90.11 A nurse may perform ~~medical patient~~ care procedures and techniques at the direction
 90.12 of a physician, a podiatrist, or a dentist, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed
 90.13 in another state, United States territory, or Canadian province if the physician, podiatrist,
 90.14 ~~or dentist, or advanced practice registered nurse~~ gave the direction after examining the
 90.15 patient and issued the direction in that state, United States territory, or Canadian province.

90.16 Nothing in this section allows a nurse to perform a ~~medical procedure patient care~~
 90.17 procedure or technique at the direction of a physician, a podiatrist, or a dentist, or an
 90.18 advanced practice registered nurse that is illegal in this state.

90.19 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.235, is amended by adding a subdivision
 90.20 to read:

90.21 Subd. 7a. **Diagnosis, prescribing, and ordering.** Advanced practice registered
 90.22 nurses are authorized to:

90.23 (1) diagnose, prescribe, and institute therapy or referrals of patients to health care
 90.24 agencies and providers;

90.25 (2) prescribe, procure, sign for, record, administer, and dispense over-the-counter,
 90.26 legend, and controlled substances, including sample drugs; and

90.27 (3) plan and initiate a therapeutic regimen that includes ordering and prescribing
 90.28 durable medical devices and equipment, nutrition, diagnostic, and supportive services
 90.29 including, but not limited to, home health care, hospice, physical, and occupational therapy.

90.30 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.235, is amended by adding a subdivision
 90.31 to read:

90.32 Subd. 7b. **Drug Enforcement Administration requirements.** (a) Advanced
 90.33 practice registered nurses must:

91.1 (1) comply with federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements
 91.2 related to controlled substances; and

91.3 (2) file any and all of the nurse's DEA registrations and numbers with the board.

91.4 (b) The board shall maintain current records of all advanced practice registered
 91.5 nurses with DEA registration and numbers.

91.6 Sec. 27. **[148.237] PAIN INTERVENTION THERAPIES.**

91.7 (a) The implementation of nonsurgical pain intervention therapies may only be
 91.8 provided upon referral by a physician, dentist, podiatrist, physician assistant, chiropractor,
 91.9 or advanced practice registered nurse to a licensed registered nurse anesthetist who has
 91.10 exhibited the requisite knowledge and competency by submitting to the board the following:

91.11 (1) documented completion of a postgraduate study program in advanced pain
 91.12 management therapies and image-guided technology that is acceptable to the board; or

91.13 (2) an advanced pain management specialty certification by a nationally or regionally
 91.14 accredited organization that is acceptable to the board.

91.15 (b) A registered nurse anesthetist who does not meet the education and certification
 91.16 requirements specified in this section by January 1, 2016, but who has been providing
 91.17 advanced pain management therapies prior to December 31, 2015, may continue to provide
 91.18 these therapies if the registered nurse anesthetist provides the board with documentation
 91.19 of practice in these therapies within the two-year period prior to December 31, 2015.

91.20 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.251, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

91.21 Subdivision 1. **Initial approval.** An institution desiring to conduct a nursing
 91.22 program shall apply to the board and submit evidence that:

91.23 (1) It is prepared to provide a program of theory and practice in advanced practice,
 91.24 professional, or practical nursing that meets the program approval standards adopted by
 91.25 the board. Instruction and required experience may be obtained in one or more institutions
 91.26 or agencies outside the applying institution as long as the nursing program retains
 91.27 accountability for all clinical and nonclinical teaching.

91.28 (2) It is prepared to meet other standards established by law and by the board.

91.29 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.261, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

91.30 Subdivision 1. **Grounds listed.** The board may deny, revoke, suspend, limit,
 91.31 or condition the license and registration of any person to practice advanced practice,
 91.32 professional, ~~advanced practice registered,~~ or practical nursing under sections 148.171 to

92.1 148.285, or to otherwise discipline a licensee or applicant as described in section 148.262.

92.2 The following are grounds for disciplinary action:

92.3 (1) Failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license
92.4 contained in sections 148.171 to 148.285 or rules of the board. In the case of a person
92.5 applying for a license, the burden of proof is upon the applicant to demonstrate the
92.6 qualifications or satisfaction of the requirements.

92.7 (2) Employing fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a permit,
92.8 license, or registration certificate to practice advanced practice, professional₂ or practical
92.9 nursing or attempting to subvert the licensing examination process. Conduct that subverts
92.10 or attempts to subvert the licensing examination process includes, but is not limited to:

92.11 (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing
92.12 examination materials from the examination room or having unauthorized possession of
92.13 any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination;

92.14 (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating
92.15 with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying another
92.16 examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or possessing
92.17 unauthorized materials; or

92.18 (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an impersonator to take the
92.19 examination on one's own behalf.

92.20 (3) Conviction of a felony or gross misdemeanor reasonably related to the practice
92.21 of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical nursing. Conviction as used in
92.22 this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would
92.23 be considered a felony or gross misdemeanor without regard to its designation elsewhere,
92.24 or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the
92.25 adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered.

92.26 (4) Revocation, suspension, limitation, conditioning, or other disciplinary action
92.27 against the person's professional or practical nursing license or advanced practice
92.28 registered nursing credential, in another state, territory, or country; failure to report to the
92.29 board that charges regarding the person's nursing license or other credential are pending in
92.30 another state, territory, or country; or having been refused a license or other credential by
92.31 another state, territory, or country.

92.32 (5) Failure to or inability to perform professional or practical nursing as defined in
92.33 section 148.171, subdivision 14 or 15, with reasonable skill and safety, including failure
92.34 of a registered nurse to supervise or a licensed practical nurse to monitor adequately the
92.35 performance of acts by any person working at the nurse's direction.

93.1 (6) Engaging in unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to, a departure
93.2 from or failure to conform to board rules of professional or practical nursing practice that
93.3 interpret the statutory definition of professional or practical nursing as well as provide
93.4 criteria for violations of the statutes, or, if no rule exists, to the minimal standards of
93.5 acceptable and prevailing professional or practical nursing practice, or any nursing
93.6 practice that may create unnecessary danger to a patient's life, health, or safety. Actual
93.7 injury to a patient need not be established under this clause.

93.8 (7) Failure of an advanced practice registered nurse to practice with reasonable
93.9 skill and safety or departure from or failure to conform to standards of acceptable and
93.10 prevailing advanced practice registered nursing.

93.11 (8) Delegating or accepting the delegation of a nursing function or a prescribed
93.12 health care function when the delegation or acceptance could reasonably be expected to
93.13 result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.

93.14 (9) Actual or potential inability to practice nursing with reasonable skill and safety
93.15 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other material, or
93.16 as a result of any mental or physical condition.

93.17 (10) Adjudication as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, a chemically dependent
93.18 person, or a person dangerous to the public by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or
93.19 without this state.

93.20 (11) Engaging in any unethical conduct, including, but not limited to, conduct likely
93.21 to deceive, defraud, or harm the public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard
93.22 for the health, welfare, or safety of a patient. Actual injury need not be established under
93.23 this clause.

93.24 (12) Engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be
93.25 interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually
93.26 demeaning to a patient, or engaging in sexual exploitation of a patient or former patient.

93.27 (13) Obtaining money, property, or services from a patient, other than reasonable
93.28 fees for services provided to the patient, through the use of undue influence, harassment,
93.29 duress, deception, or fraud.

93.30 (14) Revealing a privileged communication from or relating to a patient except when
93.31 otherwise required or permitted by law.

93.32 (15) Engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of
93.33 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws.

93.34 (16) Improper management of patient records, including failure to maintain adequate
93.35 patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant to sections 144.291 to
93.36 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law.

94.1 (17) Knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing an unlicensed person to
 94.2 engage in the unlawful practice of advanced practice, professional, ~~advanced practice~~
 94.3 ~~registered~~, or practical nursing.

94.4 (18) Violating a rule adopted by the board, an order of the board, or a state or
 94.5 federal law relating to the practice of advanced practice, professional, ~~advanced practice~~
 94.6 ~~registered~~, or practical nursing, or a state or federal narcotics or controlled substance law.

94.7 (19) Knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related
 94.8 to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the
 94.9 administration of a placebo.

94.10 (20) Aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as
 94.11 established by any of the following:

94.12 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in
 94.13 violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

94.14 (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an
 94.15 injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;

94.16 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,
 94.17 subdivision 5; or

94.18 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision
 94.19 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215,
 94.20 subdivision 1 or 2.

94.21 (21) Practicing outside the scope of practice authorized by section 148.171,
 94.22 subdivision 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, or 21.

94.23 ~~(22) Practicing outside the specific field of nursing practice for which an advanced~~
 94.24 ~~practice registered nurse is certified unless the practice is authorized under section 148.284.~~

94.25 ~~(23)~~ (22) Making a false statement or knowingly providing false information to the
 94.26 board, failing to make reports as required by section 148.263, or failing to cooperate with
 94.27 an investigation of the board as required by section 148.265.

94.28 ~~(24)~~ (23) Engaging in false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading advertising.

94.29 ~~(25)~~ (24) Failure to inform the board of the person's certification or recertification
 94.30 status as a certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse-midwife, certified nurse
 94.31 practitioner, or certified clinical nurse specialist.

94.32 ~~(26)~~ (25) Engaging in clinical nurse specialist practice, nurse-midwife practice,
 94.33 nurse practitioner practice, or registered nurse anesthetist practice without a license
 94.34 and current certification or recertification by a national nurse certification organization
 94.35 acceptable to the board, ~~except during the period between completion of an advanced~~

95.1 ~~practice registered nurse course of study and certification, not to exceed six months or as~~
 95.2 ~~authorized by the board.~~

95.3 (27) ~~(26)~~ Engaging in conduct that is prohibited under section 145.412.

95.4 (28) ~~(27)~~ Failing to report employment to the board as required by section 148.211,
 95.5 subdivision 2a, or knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing a person to fail to
 95.6 report as required by section 148.211, subdivision 2a.

95.7 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.262, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

95.8 Subdivision 1. **Forms of disciplinary action.** When the board finds that grounds for
 95.9 disciplinary action exist under section 148.261, subdivision 1, it may take one or more
 95.10 of the following actions:

95.11 (1) deny the license, registration, or registration renewal;

95.12 (2) revoke the license;

95.13 (3) suspend the license;

95.14 (4) impose limitations on the nurse's practice of advanced practice, professional,
 95.15 ~~advanced practice registered~~, or practical nursing including, but not limited to, limitation
 95.16 of scope of practice or the requirement of practice under supervision;

95.17 (5) impose conditions on the retention of the license including, but not limited to, the
 95.18 imposition of retraining or rehabilitation requirements or the conditioning of continued
 95.19 practice on demonstration of knowledge or skills by appropriate examination, monitoring,
 95.20 or other review;

95.21 (6) impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the
 95.22 amount of the civil penalty to be fixed as to deprive the nurse of any economic advantage
 95.23 gained by reason of the violation charged, to reimburse the board for the cost of counsel,
 95.24 investigation, and proceeding, and to discourage repeated violations;

95.25 (7) order the nurse to provide unremunerated service;

95.26 (8) censure or reprimand the nurse; or

95.27 (9) any other action justified by the facts in the case.

95.28 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.262, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

95.29 Subd. 2. **Automatic suspension.** Unless the board orders otherwise, a license to
 95.30 practice advanced practice, professional, or practical nursing is automatically suspended if:

95.31 (1) a guardian of a nurse is appointed by order of a court under sections 524.5-101
 95.32 to 524.5-502;

95.33 (2) the nurse is committed by order of a court under chapter 253B; or

96.1 (3) the nurse is determined to be mentally incompetent, mentally ill, chemically
 96.2 dependent, or a person dangerous to the public by a court of competent jurisdiction within
 96.3 or without this state.

96.4 The license remains suspended until the nurse is restored to capacity by a court and,
 96.5 upon petition by the nurse, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing or
 96.6 upon agreement between the board and the nurse.

96.7 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.262, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

96.8 Subd. 4. **Reissuance.** The board may reinstate and reissue a license or registration
 96.9 certificate to practice advanced practice, professional₂, or practical nursing, but as a
 96.10 condition may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure that it might originally have
 96.11 imposed. Any person whose license or registration has been revoked, suspended, or limited
 96.12 may have the license reinstated and a new registration issued when, in the discretion of the
 96.13 board, the action is warranted, provided that the person shall be required by the board to
 96.14 pay the costs of the proceedings resulting in the revocation, suspension, or limitation of the
 96.15 license or registration certificate and reinstatement of the license or registration certificate,
 96.16 and to pay the fee for the current registration period. The cost of proceedings shall
 96.17 include, but not be limited to, the cost paid by the board to the Office of Administrative
 96.18 Hearings and the Office of the Attorney General for legal and investigative services, the
 96.19 costs of a court reporter and witnesses, reproduction of records, board staff time, travel,
 96.20 and expenses, and board members' per diem reimbursements, travel costs, and expenses.

96.21 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 148.271, is amended to read:

96.22 **148.271 EXEMPTIONS.**

96.23 The provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall not prohibit:

96.24 (1) The furnishing of nursing assistance in an emergency.

96.25 (2) The practice of advanced practice, professional₂, or practical nursing by any
 96.26 legally qualified advanced practice, registered₂, or licensed practical nurse of another state
 96.27 who is employed by the United States government or any bureau, division, or agency
 96.28 thereof while in the discharge of official duties.

96.29 (3) The practice of any profession or occupation licensed by the state, other than
 96.30 advanced practice, professional₂, or practical nursing, by any person duly licensed to
 96.31 practice the profession or occupation, or the performance by a person of any acts properly
 96.32 coming within the scope of the profession, occupation, or license.

97.1 (4) The provision of a nursing or nursing-related service by an unlicensed assistive
 97.2 person who has been delegated or assigned the specific function and is supervised by a
 97.3 registered nurse or monitored by a licensed practical nurse.

97.4 (5) The care of the sick with or without compensation when done in a nursing home
 97.5 covered by the provisions of section 144A.09, subdivision 1.

97.6 (6) Professional nursing practice or advanced practice registered nursing practice by
 97.7 a registered nurse or practical nursing practice by a licensed practical nurse licensed in
 97.8 another state or territory who is in Minnesota as a student enrolled in a formal, structured
 97.9 course of study, such as a course leading to a higher degree, certification in a nursing
 97.10 specialty, or to enhance skills in a clinical field, while the student is practicing in the course.

97.11 (7) Professional or practical nursing practice by a student practicing under the
 97.12 supervision of an instructor while the student is enrolled in a nursing program approved by
 97.13 the board under section 148.251.

97.14 (8) Advanced practice registered nursing as defined in section 148.171, subdivisions
 97.15 5, 10, 11, 13, and 21, by a registered nurse who is licensed and currently registered in
 97.16 Minnesota or another United States jurisdiction and who is enrolled as a student in a
 97.17 formal graduate education program leading to eligibility for certification and licensure
 97.18 as an advanced practice registered nurse; ~~or by a registered nurse licensed and currently~~
 97.19 ~~registered in Minnesota who has completed an advanced practice registered nurse course~~
 97.20 ~~of study and is awaiting certification, the period not to exceed six months.~~

97.21 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.281, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

97.22 Subdivision 1. **Violations described.** It shall be unlawful for any person,
 97.23 corporation, firm, or association, to:

97.24 (1) sell or fraudulently obtain or furnish any nursing diploma, license or record, or
 97.25 aid or abet therein;

97.26 (2) practice advanced practice, professional₂ or practical nursing; or practice
 97.27 as a public health nurse; ~~or practice as a certified clinical nurse specialist, certified~~
 97.28 ~~nurse-midwife, certified nurse practitioner, or certified registered nurse anesthetist~~
 97.29 under cover of any diploma, permit, license, registration certificate, advanced practice
 97.30 credential, or record illegally or fraudulently obtained or signed or issued unlawfully or
 97.31 under fraudulent representation;

97.32 (3) practice advanced practice, professional₂ or practical nursing unless the person has
 97.33 been issued a temporary permit under the provisions of section 148.212 or is duly licensed
 97.34 and currently registered to do so under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285;

98.1 (4) use the professional title nurse unless duly licensed to practice advanced practice,
 98.2 professional, or practical nursing under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285,
 98.3 except as authorized by the board by rule;

98.4 (5) use any abbreviation or other designation tending to imply licensure as a an
 98.5 advanced practice registered nurse, a registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse unless
 98.6 duly licensed and currently registered so to practice advanced practice, professional, or
 98.7 practical nursing under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 except as authorized
 98.8 by the board by rule;

98.9 (6) use any title, abbreviation, or other designation tending to imply certification
 98.10 as a certified registered nurse as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 22, unless duly
 98.11 certified by a national nurse certification organization;

98.12 (7) use any abbreviation or other designation tending to imply registration as a
 98.13 public health nurse unless duly registered by the board;

98.14 (8) practice advanced practice, professional, ~~advanced practice registered,~~ or
 98.15 practical nursing in a manner prohibited by the board in any limitation of a license or
 98.16 registration issued under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285;

98.17 (9) practice advanced practice, professional, ~~advanced practice registered,~~ or
 98.18 practical nursing during the time a license or current registration issued under the
 98.19 provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall be suspended or revoked;

98.20 (10) conduct a nursing program for the education of persons to become advanced
 98.21 practice registered nurses, registered nurses, or licensed practical nurses unless the
 98.22 program has been approved by the board; and

98.23 (11) knowingly employ persons in the practice of advanced practice, professional,
 98.24 or practical nursing who have not been issued a current permit, license, or registration
 98.25 certificate to practice as a nurse in this state; and,

98.26 ~~(12) knowingly employ a person in advanced practice registered nursing unless the~~
 98.27 ~~person meets the standards and practices of sections 148.171 to 148.285.~~

98.28 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.281, is amended by adding a subdivision
 98.29 to read:

98.30 Subd. 3. **Penalty; advanced practice registered nurses.** In addition to subdivision
 98.31 2, an advanced practice registered nurse who practices advanced practice registered
 98.32 nursing without a current license and certification or recertification shall pay a penalty fee
 98.33 of \$200 for the first month or part of a month and an additional \$100 for each subsequent
 98.34 month or parts of months of practice. The amount of the penalty fee shall be calculated
 98.35 from the first day the advanced practice registered nurse practiced without a current

99.1 advanced practice registered nurse license and certification to the last day of practice
 99.2 without a current license and certification, or from the first day the advanced practice
 99.3 registered nurse practiced without a current license and certification on file with the board
 99.4 until the day the current license and certification is filed with the board.

99.5 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 148.283, is amended to read:

99.6 **148.283 UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF PROFESSIONAL, ADVANCED**
 99.7 **PRACTICE REGISTERED, AND PRACTICAL NURSING.**

99.8 The practice of advanced practice, professional, ~~advanced practice registered~~, or
 99.9 practical nursing by any person who has not been licensed to practice advanced practice,
 99.10 professional, or practical nursing under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285,
 99.11 or whose license has been suspended or revoked, or whose registration or national
 99.12 credential has expired, is hereby declared to be inimical to the public health and welfare
 99.13 and to constitute a public nuisance. Upon a complaint being made ~~thereof~~ by the board,
 99.14 or any prosecuting officer, and upon a proper showing of the facts, the district court
 99.15 of the county where such practice occurred may enjoin such acts and practice. Such
 99.16 injunction proceeding shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other penalties and
 99.17 remedies provided by law.

99.18 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

99.19 Subd. 23. **Practitioner.** "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed
 99.20 doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of dentistry,
 99.21 licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, ~~or~~ licensed veterinarian, or a licensed
 99.22 advanced practice registered nurse. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4;
 99.23 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (e), and (f); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means
 99.24 a physician assistant authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A,
 99.25 ~~or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under~~
 99.26 ~~section 148.235~~. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.37, subdivision 2,
 99.27 paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to
 99.28 dispense and administer under chapter 150A.

99.29 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 152.12, is amended to read:

99.30 **152.12 ~~DOCTORS~~ HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS MAY PRESCRIBE.**

99.31 Subdivision 1. **Prescribing, dispensing, administering controlled substances in**
 99.32 **Schedules II through V.** A licensed doctor of medicine, a doctor of osteopathy, duly
 99.33 licensed to practice medicine, a doctor of dental surgery, a doctor of dental medicine, a

100.1 licensed doctor of podiatry, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed
100.2 doctor of optometry limited to Schedules IV and V, and in the course of professional
100.3 practice only, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a controlled substance included
100.4 in Schedules II through V of section 152.02, may cause the same to be administered by
100.5 a nurse, an intern or an assistant under the direction and supervision of the doctor, and
100.6 may cause a person who is an appropriately certified and licensed health care professional
100.7 to prescribe and administer the same within the expressed legal scope of the person's
100.8 practice as defined in Minnesota Statutes.

100.9 Subd. 2. **Doctor of veterinary medicine.** A licensed doctor of veterinary medicine,
100.10 in good faith, and in the course of professional practice only, and not for use by a human
100.11 being, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a controlled substance included in
100.12 Schedules II through V of section 152.02, and may cause the same to be administered by
100.13 an assistant under the direction and supervision of the doctor.

100.14 Subd. 3. **Research project use of controlled substances.** Any qualified person
100.15 may use controlled substances in the course of a bona fide research project but cannot
100.16 administer or dispense such drugs to human beings unless such drugs are prescribed,
100.17 dispensed and administered by a person lawfully authorized to do so. Every person
100.18 who engages in research involving the use of such substances shall apply annually for
100.19 registration by the state Board of Pharmacy and shall pay any applicable fee specified in
100.20 section 151.065, provided that such registration shall not be required if the person is
100.21 covered by and has complied with federal laws covering such research projects.

100.22 Subd. 4. **Sale of controlled substances not prohibited for certain persons and**
100.23 **entities.** Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the sale to, or the possession of, a controlled
100.24 substance in Schedule II, III, IV or V by: Registered drug wholesalers, registered
100.25 manufacturers, registered pharmacies, or any licensed hospital or other licensed institutions
100.26 wherein sick and injured persons are cared for or treated, or bona fide hospitals wherein
100.27 animals are treated; or by licensed pharmacists, licensed doctors of medicine, doctors of
100.28 osteopathy duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctors of dental surgery, licensed
100.29 doctors of dental medicine, licensed doctors of podiatry, licensed doctors of optometry
100.30 limited to Schedules IV and V, or licensed doctors of veterinary medicine when such
100.31 practitioners use controlled substances within the course of their professional practice only.

100.32 Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the possession of a controlled substance in
100.33 Schedule II, III, IV or V by an employee or agent of a registered drug wholesaler, registered
100.34 manufacturer, or registered pharmacy, while acting in the course of employment; by a
100.35 patient of a licensed doctor of medicine, a doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice
100.36 medicine, a licensed doctor of dental surgery, a licensed doctor of dental medicine, or a

101.1 licensed doctor of optometry limited to Schedules IV and V; or by the owner of an animal
101.2 for which a controlled substance has been prescribed by a licensed doctor of veterinary
101.3 medicine, when such controlled substances are dispensed according to law.

101.4 Subd. 5. **Analytical laboratory not prohibited from providing anonymous**
101.5 **analysis service.** Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit an analytical laboratory from
101.6 conducting an anonymous analysis service when such laboratory is registered by the
101.7 Federal Drug Enforcement Administration, nor prohibit the possession of a controlled
101.8 substance by an employee or agent of such analytical laboratory while acting in the course
101.9 of employment.

101.10 Sec. 39. **REPEALER.**

101.11 Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 148.171, subdivision 6; 148.235, subdivisions 1,
101.12 2, 2a, 4, 4a, 4b, 6, and 7; and 148.284, are repealed.

101.13 Sec. 40. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

101.14 Sections 1 to 39 are effective January 1, 2016.

APPENDIX
Article locations in S1484-1

ARTICLE 1	HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS	Page.Ln 2.1
ARTICLE 2	BOARD OF PHARMACY	Page.Ln 21.4
ARTICLE 3	ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSES	Page.Ln 80.3

148.171 DEFINITIONS; TITLE.

Subd. 6. **Collaborative management.** "Collaborative management" is a mutually agreed-upon plan between an advanced practice registered nurse and one or more physicians or surgeons licensed under chapter 147 that designates the scope of collaboration necessary to manage the care of patients. The advanced practice registered nurse and the one or more physicians must have experience in providing care to patients with the same or similar medical problems, except that certified registered nurse anesthetists may continue to provide anesthesia in collaboration with physicians, including surgeons, podiatrists licensed under chapter 153, and dentists licensed under chapter 150A. Certified registered nurse anesthetists must provide anesthesia services at the same hospital, clinic, or health care setting as the physician, surgeon, podiatrist, or dentist.

148.235 PRESCRIBING DRUGS AND THERAPEUTIC DEVICES.

Subdivision 1. **Certified nurse-midwives.** A certified nurse-midwife may prescribe and administer drugs and therapeutic devices within practice as a certified nurse-midwife.

Subd. 2. **Certified nurse practitioners.** A certified nurse practitioner who has a written agreement with a physician based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Medical Association that defines the delegated responsibilities related to the prescription of drugs and therapeutic devices, may prescribe and administer drugs and therapeutic devices within the scope of the written agreement and within practice as a certified nurse practitioner. The written agreement required under this subdivision shall be based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Medical Association as of January 1, 1996, unless both associations agree to revisions.

Subd. 2a. **Certified registered nurse anesthetists.** A certified registered nurse anesthetist who has a written agreement with a physician based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Medical Association that defines the delegated responsibilities related to the prescription of drugs and therapeutic devices, may prescribe and administer drugs and therapeutic devices within the scope of the written agreement and within practice as a certified registered nurse anesthetist.

Subd. 4. **Certified clinical nurse specialists in psychiatric and mental health nursing.** A certified clinical nurse specialist who (1) has successfully completed no less than 30 hours of formal study in the prescribing of psychotropic medications and medications to treat their side effects which included instruction in health assessment, psychotropic classifications, psychopharmacology, indications, dosages, contraindications, side effects, and evidence of application; and (2) has a written agreement with a psychiatrist or other physician based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Psychiatric Association that specifies and defines the delegated responsibilities related to the prescription of drugs in relationship to the diagnosis, may prescribe and administer drugs used to treat psychiatric and behavioral disorders and the side effects of those drugs within the scope of the written agreement and within practice as a certified clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing. The written agreement required under this subdivision shall be based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Psychiatric Association as of January 1, 1996, unless both associations agree to revisions.

Nothing in this subdivision removes or limits the legal professional liability of the treating psychiatrist, certified clinical nurse specialist, mental health clinic or hospital for the prescription and administration of drugs by a certified clinical nurse specialist in accordance with this subdivision.

Subd. 4a. **Other certified clinical nurse specialists.** A certified clinical nurse specialist who: (1) has successfully completed no less than 30 hours of formal study from a college, university, or university health care institution, which included the following: instruction in health assessment, medication classifications, indications, dosages, contraindications, and side effects; supervised practice; and competence evaluation, including evidence of the application of knowledge pertaining to prescribing for and therapeutic management of the clinical type of patients in the certified clinical nurse specialist's practice; and (2) has a written agreement with a physician based on standards established by the Minnesota Nurses Association and the Minnesota Medical Association that defines the delegated responsibilities related to the prescription of drugs and therapeutic devices, may prescribe and administer drugs and therapeutic devices within the scope of the written agreement and within practice as a certified clinical nurse specialist.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S1484-1

Subd. 4b. **Dispensing authority.** An advanced practice registered nurse who is authorized under this section to prescribe drugs is authorized to dispense drugs subject to the same requirements established for the prescribing of drugs. This authority to dispense extends only to those drugs described in the written agreement entered into under this section. The authority to dispense includes, but is not limited to, the authority to receive and dispense sample drugs.

Subd. 6. **Standards for written agreements; review and filing.** Written agreements required under this section shall be maintained at the primary practice site of the advanced practice registered nurse and of the collaborating physician. The written agreement does not need to be filed with the Board of Nursing or the Board of Medical Practice.

Subd. 7. **Federal registration.** Any advanced practice registered nurse who applies to the federal Drug Enforcement Administration for a registration number shall submit to the board:

- (1) proof that requirements of this section are met; and
- (2) a processing fee of \$50.

148.284 CERTIFICATION OF ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSES.

(a) No person shall practice advanced practice registered nursing or use any title, abbreviation, or other designation tending to imply that the person is an advanced practice registered nurse, clinical nurse specialist, nurse anesthetist, nurse-midwife, or nurse practitioner unless the person is certified for such advanced practice registered nursing by a national nurse certification organization.

(b) Paragraphs (a) and (e) do not apply to an advanced practice registered nurse who is within six months after completion of an advanced practice registered nurse course of study and is awaiting certification, provided that the person has not previously failed the certification examination.

(c) An advanced practice registered nurse who has completed a formal course of study as an advanced practice registered nurse and has been certified by a national nurse certification organization prior to January 1, 1999, may continue to practice in the field of nursing in which the advanced practice registered nurse is practicing as of July 1, 1999, regardless of the type of certification held if the advanced practice registered nurse is not eligible for the proper certification.

(d) Prior to July 1, 2007, a clinical nurse specialist may petition the board for waiver from the certification requirement in paragraph (a) if the clinical nurse specialist is academically prepared as a clinical nurse specialist in a specialty area for which there is no certification within the clinical nurse specialist role and specialty or a related specialty. The board may determine that an available certification as a clinical nurse specialist in a related specialty must be obtained in lieu of the specific specialty or subspecialty. The petitioner must be academically prepared as a clinical nurse specialist in a specific field of clinical nurse specialist practice with a master's degree in nursing that included clinical experience in the clinical specialty and must have 1,000 hours of supervised clinical experience in the clinical specialty for which the individual was academically prepared with a minimum of 500 hours of supervised clinical practice after graduation. The board may grant a nonrenewable permit for no longer than 12 months for the supervised postgraduate clinical experience. The board may renew the waiver for three-year periods provided the clinical nurse specialist continues to be ineligible for certification as a clinical nurse specialist by an organization acceptable to the board.

(e) An advanced practice registered nurse who practices advanced practice registered nursing without current certification or current waiver of certification as a clinical nurse specialist, nurse midwife, nurse practitioner, or registered nurse anesthetist, or practices with current certification but fails to notify the board of current certification, shall pay a penalty fee of \$200 for the first month or part of a month and an additional \$100 for each subsequent month or parts of months of practice. The amount of the penalty fee shall be calculated from the first day the advanced practice registered nurse practiced without current advanced practice registered nurse certification or current waiver of certification to the date of last practice or from the first day the advanced practice registered nurse practiced without the current status on file with the board until the day the current certification is filed with the board.