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S1356-1

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1356

(SENATE AUTHORS: SHERAN and Lourey)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/04/2015	530	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health, Human Services and Housing
03/11/2015 03/16/2015	648a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading

	A bill for an est
1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to human services; providing for human services policy modifications
1.3	relating to children and family services, chemical and mental health services,
1.4	direct care and treatment, operations, health care, and continuing care; making
1.5	changes to child care assistance programs, home and community-based services
1.6	standards, medical assistance, the alternative care program, Northstar Care
1.7	for Children, children's therapeutic services and supports, human services
1.8	licensing provisions, and the community first services and supports program;
1.9	modifying requirements for background studies; extending a council; modifying
1.10	the Minnesota Indian Family Preservation Act; making changes to provisions
1.11	governing child out-of-home placement; modifying reporting requirements for
1.12	maltreatment of children and vulnerable adults; making technical changes;
1.13	requiring reports; modifying requirements for administrative sanctions and
1.14	hearings; authorizing rulemaking; providing criminal penalties; amending
1.15	Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 119B.011, subdivision 16; 119B.025,
1.16	subdivision 1; 119B.09, subdivision 9; 119B.125, subdivisions 1, 6, by
1.17	adding subdivisions; 144.0724, subdivision 12; 148E.065, subdivision 4a;
1.18	168.012, subdivision 1; 245.462, subdivision 4; 245A.02, subdivision 13, by
1.19	adding subdivisions; 245A.035, subdivisions 1, 5; 245A.04, subdivision 15a;
1.20	245A.07, subdivisions 2, 2a; 245A.11, subdivision 4; 245A.12; 245A.13;
1.21	245A.14, subdivision 14; 245A.148; 245A.16, subdivision 1; 245A.175;
1.22	245A.1915; 245A.192, subdivisions 3, 5, 10, 11, by adding subdivisions;
1.23	245A.40, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 245A.50, subdivision 1; 245C.02, subdivision
1.24	2; 245C.04, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 245C.05, subdivision 1; 245C.07; 245C.09,
1.25	subdivision 1; 245C.10, by adding a subdivision; 245C.20, subdivision 2, by
1.26	adding a subdivision; 245C.22, subdivision 7; 245D.10, subdivision 3; 245E.01,
1.27	subdivision 8, by adding a subdivision; 245E.02, subdivisions 1, 4, by adding
1.28	a subdivision; 245E.06, subdivisions 2, 3; 253B.212, subdivision 2, by adding
1.29	a subdivision; 254B.05, subdivision 5; 256.01, subdivisions 4, 14b; 256.045,
1.30	subdivisions 3, 6; 256.046, subdivision 1; 256.975, subdivision 7; 256B.0625,
1.31	subdivision 31, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0911, subdivisions 1a, 2b, 3,
1.32	3a; 256B.0913, subdivisions 4, 5, 5a, 6, 10, 11, 12, by adding a subdivision;
1.33	256B.0943, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11; 256B.0946, subdivision 1;
1.34	256B.0947, subdivision 7a; 256B.85; 256N.02, subdivision 18; 256N.23,
1.35	subdivision 6; 257.85, subdivision 3; 259A.01, subdivision 25; 259A.10,
1.36	subdivision 6; 260.755, subdivisions 8, 14, by adding subdivisions; 260.761,
1.37	subdivisions 1, 2; 260.771, subdivision 3; 260B.007, subdivision 12; 260C.007,
1.38	subdivision 27, by adding a subdivision; 260C.168; 260C.178, subdivision 1;
1.39	260C.201, subdivision 5; 260C.212, subdivisions 1, 2; 260C.511; 402A.12;

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2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9	7, 10, 11 Laws 20 in Minneso 3; 256B 9505.03 9535.22	d; 626.557, subdiv 013, chapter 108, an esota Statutes, chap ota Statutes 2014, so .0911, subdivision 65, subpart 2; 9505	visions 9a, 9b, 1 rticle 7, section oters 245; 245A ections 245D.06 6a; Minnesota I .1696, subpart 1 35.2400; 9535.2	346; 609.821; 626.556 0; 626.5572, subdivisi 58; proposing coding ; 256; 256B; 260; 609 1, subdivision 3; 245E Rules, parts 9505.0175 10; 9505.1709; 9535.2 2500; 9535.2600; 9535 400; 9555.7500.	ions 5, 6, 21; for new law ; repealing 2.07, subdivision 5, subpart 32; 000; 9535.2100;
2.10	BE IT ENAC	CTED BY THE LE	GISLATURE C	OF THE STATE OF M	INNESOTA:
2.11			ARTICI	LE 1	
2.12		CHILD	REN AND FA	MILY SERVICES	
2.13	Section 1.	Minnesota Statute	s 2014, section	119B.011, subdivisior	16, is amended to
2.14	read:				
2.15	Subd.	16. Legal nonlicer	sed child care	provider. "Legal nonl	icensed child care
2.16	provider" me	eans: (1) a child car	re provider who	is excluded from licer	nsing requirements
2.17	under sectior	n 245A.03, subdivis	sion 2 <u>; or (2) a c</u>	child care provider aut	horized to provide
2.18	care in a chil	d's home under sec	tion 119B.09, s	ubdivision 13, provide	d the provider only
2.19	cares for rela	ted children, child	en from a single	e, unrelated family, or	both related children
2.20	and children	from a single, unre	elated family.		
2.21	EFFE (C TIVE DATE. Th	is section is effe	ective the day followin	g final enactment.
2.22	Sec. 2. M	innesota Statutes 2	014, section 119	9B.025, subdivision 1,	is amended to read:
2.23	Subdiv	ision 1. Factors w	hich must be v	erified. (a) The count	y shall verify the
2.24	following at	all initial child care	e applications us	sing the universal appl	ication:
2.25	(1) iden	ntity of adults;			
2.26	(2) pres	sence of the minor	child in the hon	ne, if questionable;	
2.27	(3) rela	tionship of minor of	child to the pare	ent, stepparent, legal g	uardian, eligible
2.28	relative caret	aker, or the spouse	s of any of the	foregoing;	
2.29	(4) age	,			
2.30	(5) imr	nigration status, if	related to eligib	ility;	
2.31	(6) Soc	ial Security number	er, if given;		
2.32	(7) inco	ome;			
2.33	(8) spo	usal support and cl	nild support pay	ments made to person	is outside the
2.34	household;				
2.35	(9) resi	dence; and			
2.36	(10) in	consistent informat	ion, if related to	o eligibility.	

(b) If a family did not use the universal application or child care addendum to apply 3.1 for child care assistance, the family must complete the universal application or child care 3.2 addendum at its next eligibility redetermination and the county must verify the factors 3.3 listed in paragraph (a) as part of that redetermination. Once a family has completed a 3.4 universal application or child care addendum, the county shall use the redetermination 3.5 form described in paragraph (c) for that family's subsequent redeterminations. Eligibility 3.6 must be redetermined at least every six months. A family is considered to have met 3.7 the eligibility redetermination requirement if a complete redetermination form and all 3.8 required verifications are received within 30 days after the date the form was due. 3.9 When the 30th day after the date the form was due falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal 3.10 holiday, the 30-day time period is extended to include the next succeeding day that is not 3.11 a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Assistance shall be payable retroactively from the 3.12 redetermination due date. For a family where at least one parent is under the age of 21, 3.13 does not have a high school or general equivalency diploma, and is a student in a school 3.14 district or another similar program that provides or arranges for child care, as well as 3.15 parenting, social services, career and employment supports, and academic support to 3.16 achieve high school graduation, the redetermination of eligibility shall be deferred beyond 3.17 six months, but not to exceed 12 months, to the end of the student's school year. If a 3.18 family reports a change in an eligibility factor before the family's next regularly scheduled 3.19 redetermination, the county must recalculate eligibility without requiring verification of 3.20 any eligibility factor that did not change. 3.21

3.22 (c) The commissioner shall develop a redetermination form to redetermine eligibility
3.23 and a change report form to report changes that minimize paperwork for the county and
3.24 the participant.

3.25 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read: Subd. 9. Licensed and legal nonlicensed family child care providers; assistance. 3.26 This subdivision applies to any provider providing care in a setting other than a child care 3.27 center. Licensed and legal nonlicensed family child care providers and their employees 3.28 are not eligible to receive child care assistance subsidies under this chapter for their own 3.29 children or children in their family during the hours they are providing child care or being 3.30 paid to provide child care. Child care providers and their employees are eligible to receive 3.31 child care assistance subsidies for their children when they are engaged in other activities 3.32 that meet the requirements of this chapter and for which child care assistance can be paid. 3.33 The hours for which the provider or their employee receives a child care subsidy for their 3.34 own children must not overlap with the hours the provider provides child care services. 3.35

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

4.2 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
4.3 Subdivision 1. Emergency placement. Notwithstanding section 245A.03,
4.4 subdivision 2a, or 245C.13, subdivision 2, a county agency may place a child with a
4.5 relative who is not licensed to provide foster care, provided the requirements of this
4.6 section are met. As used in this section, the term "relative" has the meaning given it under
4.7 section 260C.007, subdivision 26b or 27.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.035, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 4.8 Subd. 5. Child foster care license application. (a) The relatives with whom the 4.9 emergency placement has been made shall complete the child foster care license application 4.10 and necessary paperwork within ten days of the placement. The county agency shall assist 4.11 the applicant to complete the application. The granting of a child foster care license to a 4.12 relative shall be under the procedures in this chapter and according to the standards in 4.13 Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960. In licensing a relative, the commissioner shall consider 4.14 the importance of maintaining the child's relationship with relatives as an additional 4.15 significant factor in determining whether a background study disqualification should be 4.16 set aside under section 245C.22, or a variance should be granted under section 245C.30. 4.17

(b) When the county or private child-placing agency is processing an application 4.18 for child foster care licensure of a relative as defined in section 260B.007, subdivision 4.19 12, or 260C.007, subdivision 26b or 27, the county agency or child-placing agency must 4.20 explain the licensing process to the prospective licensee, including the background study 4.21 process and the procedure for reconsideration of an initial disqualification for licensure. 4.22 The county or private child-placing agency must also provide the prospective relative 4.23 licensee with information regarding appropriate options for legal representation in the 4.24 pertinent geographic area. If a relative is initially disqualified under section 245C.14, the 4.25 commissioner must provide written notice of the reasons for the disqualification and the 4.26 right to request a reconsideration by the commissioner as required under section 245C.17. 4.27 (c) The commissioner shall maintain licensing data so that activities related to 4.28 applications and licensing actions for relative foster care providers may be distinguished 4.29

4.30 from other child foster care settings.

4.31 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
4.32 Subd. 7. Classification of certain data. (a) Notwithstanding section 13.46, except
4.33 as provided in paragraph (f), upon setting aside a disqualification under this section, the

5.1	identity of the disqualified individual who received the set-aside and the individual's
5.2	disqualifying characteristics are public data if the set-aside was:
5.3	(1) for any disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15, when the set-aside
5.4	relates to a child care center or a family child care provider licensed under chapter 245A; or
5.5	(2) for a disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15, subdivision 2.
5.6	(b) Notwithstanding section 13.46, upon granting a variance to a license holder
5.7	under section 245C.30, the identity of the disqualified individual who is the subject of
5.8	the variance, the individual's disqualifying characteristics under section 245C.15, and the
5.9	terms of the variance are public data, when the variance:
5.10	(1) is issued to a child care center or a family child care provider licensed under
5.11	chapter 245A; or
5.12	(2) relates to an individual with a disqualifying characteristic under section 245C.15,
5.13	subdivision 2.
5.14	(c) The identity of a disqualified individual and the reason for disqualification
5.15	remain private data when:
5.16	(1) a disqualification is not set aside and no variance is granted, except as provided
5.17	under section 13.46, subdivision 4;
5.18	(2) the data are not public under paragraph (a) or (b);
5.19	(3) the disqualification is rescinded because the information relied upon to disqualify
5.20	the individual is incorrect;
5.21	(4) the disqualification relates to a license to provide relative child foster care.
5.22	As used in this clause, "relative" has the meaning given it under section 260C.007,
5.23	subdivision <u>26b or 27;</u> or
5.24	(5) the disqualified individual is a household member of a licensed foster care
5.25	provider and:
5.26	(i) the disqualified individual previously received foster care services from this
5.27	licensed foster care provider;
5.28	(ii) the disqualified individual was subsequently adopted by this licensed foster
5.29	care provider; and
5.30	(iii) the disqualifying act occurred before the adoption.
5.31	(d) Licensed family child care providers and child care centers must provide notices
5.32	as required under section 245C.301.
5.33	(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the identity of household members who
5.34	are the subject of a disqualification related set-aside or variance is not public data if:
5.35	(1) the household member resides in the residence where the family child care is
5.36	provided;

6.1 (2) the subject of the set-aside or variance is under the age of 18 years; and
6.2 (3) the set-aside or variance only relates to a disqualification under section 245C.15,
6.3 subdivision 4, for a misdemeanor-level theft crime as defined in section 609.52.

- 6.4 (f) When the commissioner has reason to know that a disqualified individual has
 6.5 received an order for expungement for the disqualifying record that does not limit the
 6.6 commissioner's access to the record, and the record was opened or exchanged with the
 6.7 commissioner for purposes of a background study under this chapter, the data that would
 6.8 otherwise become public under paragraph (a) or (b) remain private data.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, subdivision 14b, is amended to read: 6.9 Subd. 14b. American Indian child welfare projects. (a) The commissioner 6.10 of human services may authorize projects to test tribal delivery of child welfare 6.11 services to American Indian children and their parents and custodians living on the 6.12 reservation. The commissioner has authority to solicit and determine which tribes may 6.13 participate in a project. Grants may be issued to Minnesota Indian tribes to support the 6.14 projects. The commissioner may waive existing state rules as needed to accomplish the 6.15 projects. Notwithstanding section 626.556, The commissioner may authorize projects 6.16 to use alternative methods of investigating and assessing reports of child maltreatment 6.17 and alternative administrative and judicial appeal processes for child maltreatment 6.18 determinations, provided that the projects comply with the provisions of section sections 6.19 256.045 and 626.556 dealing with the rights of individuals who are subjects of reports or 6.20 investigations, including notice and appeal rights and data practices requirements. The 6.21 6.22 commissioner may seek any federal approvals necessary to carry out the projects as well as seek and use any funds available to the commissioner, including use of federal funds, 6.23 foundation funds, existing grant funds, and other funds. The commissioner is authorized 6.24 to advance state funds as necessary to operate the projects. Federal reimbursement 6.25 applicable to the projects is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of the 6.26 projects. The projects must be required to address responsibility for safety, permanency, 6.27 and well-being of children. 6.28
- 6.29

6.30

6.31

(b) For the purposes of this section, "American Indian child" means a person under 21years old and who is a tribal member or eligible for membership in one of the tribes chosenfor a project under this subdivision and who is residing on the reservation of that tribe.

(c) In order to qualify for an American Indian child welfare project, a tribe must:

- 6.32
- 6.33
- (1) be one of the existing tribes with reservation land in Minnesota;
- 6.34 (2) have a tribal court with jurisdiction over child custody proceedings;

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(3) have a substantial number of children for whom determinations of maltreatment 7.1 have occurred; 7.2 (4) have capacity to respond to reports of abuse and neglect under section 626.556; 7.3 (5) provide a wide range of services to families in need of child welfare services; and 7.4 (6) have a tribal-state title IV-E agreement in effect. 7.5 (d) Grants awarded under this section may be used for the nonfederal costs of 7.6 providing child welfare services to American Indian children on the tribe's reservation, 7.7 including costs associated with: 7.8 (1) assessment and prevention of child abuse and neglect; 7.9 (2) family preservation; 7.10 (3) facilitative, supportive, and reunification services; 7.11 (4) out-of-home placement for children removed from the home for child protective 7.12 purposes; and 7.13 (5) other activities and services approved by the commissioner that further the goals 7.14 of providing safety, permanency, and well-being of American Indian children. 7.15 (e) When a tribe has initiated a project and has been approved by the commissioner 7.16 to assume child welfare responsibilities for American Indian children of that tribe under 7.17 this section, the affected county social service agency is relieved of responsibility for 7.18 responding to reports of abuse and neglect under section 626.556 for those children 7.19 during the time within which the tribal project is in effect and funded. The commissioner 7.20 shall work with tribes and affected counties to develop procedures for data collection, 7.21 evaluation, and clarification of ongoing role and financial responsibilities of the county 7.22 7.23 and tribe for child welfare services prior to initiation of the project. Children who have not been identified by the tribe as participating in the project shall remain the responsibility 7.24 of the county. Nothing in this section shall alter responsibilities of the county for law 7.25 7.26 enforcement or court services. (f) Participating tribes may conduct children's mental health screenings under section 7.27 245.4874, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (13), for children who are eligible for the 7.28 initiative and living on the reservation and who meet one of the following criteria: 7.29

7.30

(1) the child must be receiving child protective services;

7.31

(2) the child must be in foster care; or

7.32 (3) the child's parents must have had parental rights suspended or terminated.

7.33 Tribes may access reimbursement from available state funds for conducting the screenings.

Nothing in this section shall alter responsibilities of the county for providing servicesunder section 245.487.

(g) Participating tribes may establish a local child mortality review panel. In 8.1 establishing a local child mortality review panel, the tribe agrees to conduct local child 8.2 mortality reviews for child deaths or near-fatalities occurring on the reservation under 8.3 subdivision 12. Tribes with established child mortality review panels shall have access 8.4 to nonpublic data and shall protect nonpublic data under subdivision 12, paragraphs (c) 8.5 to (e). The tribe shall provide written notice to the commissioner and affected counties 8.6 when a local child mortality review panel has been established and shall provide data upon 8.7 request of the commissioner for purposes of sharing nonpublic data with members of the 88 state child mortality review panel in connection to an individual case. 8.9

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(h) The commissioner shall collect information on outcomes relating to child safety,
permanency, and well-being of American Indian children who are served in the projects.
Participating tribes must provide information to the state in a format and completeness
deemed acceptable by the state to meet state and federal reporting requirements.

(i) In consultation with the White Earth Band, the commissioner shall develop
and submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
with jurisdiction over health and human services a plan to transfer legal responsibility
for providing child protective services to White Earth Band member children residing in
Hennepin County to the White Earth Band. The plan shall include a financing proposal,
definitions of key terms, statutory amendments required, and other provisions required to
implement the plan. The commissioner shall submit the plan by January 15, 2012.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.02, subdivision 18, is amended to read: 8.21 8.22 Subd. 18. Relative. "Relative," as described in section 260C.007, subdivision 27, means a person related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption, or an individual 8.23 who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact. 8.24 8.25 For an Indian child, relative, as described in section 260C.007, subdivision 26b, includes members a person who is a member of the Indian child's extended family as defined by 8.26 the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of law or custom, nicces, 8.27 nephews, or first or second cousins, as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, 8.28 United States Code, title 25, section 1903. 8.29

- 8.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.23, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 8.31 Subd. 6. Exclusions. The commissioner must not enter into an adoption assistance
 8.32 agreement with the following individuals:
- 8.33 (1) a child's biological parent or stepparent;

9.1 (2) a child's relative under section 260C.007, subdivision <u>26b or 27</u>, with whom the
9.2 child resided immediately prior to child welfare involvement unless:

- 9.3 (i) the child was in the custody of a Minnesota county or tribal agency pursuant to
 9.4 an order under chapter 260C or equivalent provisions of tribal code and the agency had
 9.5 placement and care responsibility for permanency planning for the child; and
- 9.6 (ii) the child is under guardianship of the commissioner of human services according
 9.7 to the requirements of section 260C.325, subdivision 1 or 3, or is a ward of a Minnesota
 9.8 tribal court after termination of parental rights, suspension of parental rights, or a finding
 9.9 by the tribal court that the child cannot safely return to the care of the parent;
- 9.10 (3) an individual adopting a child who is the subject of a direct adoptive placement9.11 under section 259.47 or the equivalent in tribal code;
- 9.12 (4) a child's legal custodian or guardian who is now adopting the child; or

9.13 (5) an individual who is adopting a child who is not a citizen or resident of the
9.14 United States and was either adopted in another country or brought to the United States
9.15 for the purposes of adoption.

- 9.16 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.85, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 9.17 Subd. 3. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
 9.18 subdivision have the meanings given them.
- 9.19 (a) "MFIP standard" means the transitional standard used to calculate assistance
 9.20 under the MFIP program, or, if permanent legal and physical custody of the child is given
 9.21 to a relative custodian residing outside of Minnesota, the analogous transitional standard
 9.22 or standard of need used to calculate assistance under the TANF program of the state
 9.23 where the relative custodian lives.
- 9.24 (b) "Local agency" means the county social services agency or tribal social services
 9.25 agency with legal custody of a child prior to the transfer of permanent legal and physical
 9.26 custody.

9.27 (c) "Permanent legal and physical custody" means permanent legal and physical
9.28 custody ordered by a Minnesota Juvenile Court under section 260C.515, subdivision 4.
9.29 (d) "Palative" has the magning given in gastian 260C 007, subdivision 26 or 27.

9.29

(d) "Relative" has the meaning given in section 260C.007, subdivision $\underline{26b \text{ or } 27}$.

9.30 (e) "Relative custodian" means a person who has permanent legal and physical
9.31 custody of a child. When siblings, including half-siblings and stepsiblings, are placed
9.32 together in permanent legal and physical custody, the person receiving permanent legal
9.33 and physical custody of the siblings is considered a relative custodian of all of the siblings
9.34 for purposes of this section.

(f) "Relative custody assistance agreement" means an agreement entered into
between a local agency and a person who has been or will be awarded permanent legal
and physical custody of a child.

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(g) "Relative custody assistance payment" means a monthly cash grant made to a
 relative custodian pursuant to a relative custody assistance agreement and in an amount
 calculated under subdivision 7.

(h) "Remains in the physical custody of the relative custodian" means that the
relative custodian is providing day-to-day care for the child and that the child lives with
the relative custodian; absence from the relative custodian's home for a period of more
than 120 days raises a presumption that the child no longer remains in the physical
custody of the relative custodian.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 259A.01, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 10.12 Subd. 25. Relative. "Relative" means a person related to the child by blood, 10.13 10.14 marriage, or adoption, or an individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant contact. For an Indian child, relative includes members a person 10.15 who is a member of the Indian child's extended family as defined by law or custom of the 10.16 10.17 Indian child's tribe, or, in the absence of law or custom, shall be a person who has reached the age of 18 and who is the Indian child's grandparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, 10.18 brother-in-law or sister-in-law, niece or nephew, first or second cousin, or stepparent, as 10.19 provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1903. 10.20

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 259A.10, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 Subd. 6. Exclusions. The commissioner shall not enter into an adoption assistance
 agreement with:
- 10.24 (1) a child's biological parent or stepparent;

10.25 (2) a child's relative, according to section 260C.007, subdivision <u>26b or 27</u>, with
10.26 whom the child resided immediately prior to child welfare involvement unless:

(i) the child was in the custody of a Minnesota county or tribal agency pursuant to
an order under chapter 260C or equivalent provisions of tribal code and the agency had
placement and care responsibility for permanency planning for the child; and

(ii) the child is under guardianship of the commissioner of human services according
to the requirements of section 260C.325, subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b), or
subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), or is a ward of a Minnesota tribal court after
termination of parental rights, suspension of parental rights, or a finding by the tribal court
that the child cannot safely return to the care of the parent;

- (3) a child's legal custodian or guardian who is now adopting the child; 11.1 (4) an individual adopting a child who is the subject of a direct adoptive placement 11.2 under section 259.47 or the equivalent in tribal code; or 11.3 (5) an individual who is adopting a child who is not a citizen or resident of the 11.4 United States and was either adopted in another country or brought to this country for 11.5 the purposes of adoption. 11.6 Sec. 13. [260.753] PURPOSES. 11.7 The purposes of this act are to (1) protect the long-term interests, as defined by 11.8 the tribes, of Indian children, their families as defined by law or custom, and the child's 11.9 tribe; and (2) preserve the Indian family and tribal identity, including an understanding 11.10 11.11 that Indian children are damaged if family and child tribal identity and contact are denied. Indian children are the future of the tribes and are vital to their very existence. 11.12 11.13 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.755, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 11.14 Subd. 1a. Active efforts. "Active efforts" means a rigorous and concerted level 11.15 of effort that is ongoing throughout the involvement of the local social services agency 11.16 to continuously involve the Indian child's tribe and that uses the prevailing social and 11.17 cultural values, conditions, and way of life of the Indian child's tribe to preserve the 11.18 Indian child's family and prevent placement of an Indian child and, if placement occurs, to 11.19 return the Indian child to the child's family at the earliest possible time. Active efforts 11.20 11.21 sets a higher standard than reasonable efforts to preserve the family, prevent breakup of the family, and reunify the family, according to section 260.762. Active efforts includes 11.22 reasonable efforts as required by Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, United States 11.23 11.24 Code, title 42, sections 670 to 679c. Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.755, is amended by adding a subdivision 11.25 to read: 11.26 Subd. 2a. Best interests of an Indian child. "Best interests of an Indian child" 11.27 means compliance with the Indian Child Welfare Act and the Minnesota Indian Family 11.28
- 11.29 Preservation Act to preserve and maintain an Indian child's family. The best interests of
- 11.30 an Indian child support the child's sense of belonging to family, extended family, and
- 11.31 tribe. The best interests of an Indian child are interwoven with the best interests of the
- 11.32 Indian child's tribe.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.755, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
 Subd. 8. Indian child. "Indian child" means an unmarried person who is under
 age 18 and is:
 (1) a member of an Indian tribe; or
 (2) eligible for membership in an Indian tribe.
- 12.6 <u>A determination by a tribe that a child is a member of the Indian tribe or is eligible</u>
- 12.7 for membership in the Indian tribe is conclusive. For purposes of this chapter and chapters
- 12.8 <u>256N, 260C, and 260D, Indian child also includes an unmarried person who satisfies</u>
- 12.9 <u>either clause (1) or (2), is under age 21, and is in foster care pursuant to section 260C.451.</u>
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.755, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
 Subd. 14. Parent. "Parent" means the biological parent of an Indian child, or any
 Indian person who has lawfully adopted an Indian child, including a person who has
 adopted a child by tribal law or custom. H Parent includes a father as defined by tribal
 <u>law or custom. Parent</u> does not include an unmarried father whose paternity has not been
 acknowledged or established. Paternity has been acknowledged when an unmarried father
 takes any action to hold himself out as the biological father of an Indian child.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.761, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 12.17 Subdivision 1. Determination of Indian child's tribe Inquiry of tribal lineage. 12.18 The local social services agency or private licensed child-placing agency shall determine 12.19 whether a child brought to its attention for the purposes described in this section is an Indian 12.20 12.21 child and the identity of the Indian child's tribe inquire of the child, the child's parents and custodians, and other appropriate persons whether there is any reason to believe that a 12.22 child brought to the agency's attention may have lineage to an Indian tribe. This inquiry 12.23 12.24 shall occur at the time the child comes to the attention of the local social services agency.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.761, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 12.25 Subd. 2. Agency and court notice of potential out-of-home placement to tribes. 12.26 (a) When a local social services agency or private child-placing agency determines that 12.27 an Indian child is in a dependent or other condition that could lead to an out-of-home 12.28 placement and requires the continued involvement of the agency with the child for a 12.29 period in excess of 30 days, the agency shall send notice of the condition and of the initial 12.30 steps taken to remedy it to the Indian child's tribal social services agency within seven 12.31 days of the determination. has information that a family assessment or investigation being 12.32 conducted may involve an Indian child, the local social services agency shall notify the 12.33

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Indian child's tribe of the family assessment or investigation according to section 626.556, 13.1 subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clause (5). Initial notice shall be provided by telephone 13.2 and by e-mail or facsimile. The local social services agency shall request that the tribe 13.3 or a designated tribal representative participate in evaluating the family circumstances, 13.4 identifying family and tribal community resources, and developing case plans. 13.5 (b) When a local social services agency has information that a child receiving 13.6 services may be an Indian child, the local social services agency shall notify the tribe by 13.7 telephone and by e-mail or facsimile of the child's full name and date of birth, the full 13.8 names and dates of birth of the child's biological parents, and, if known, the full names 13.9 and dates of birth of the child's grandparents and of the child's Indian custodian. This 13.10 notification must be provided so the tribe can determine if the child is enrolled in the tribe 13.11 or eligible for membership, and must be provided within seven days. If information 13.12 regarding the child's grandparents or Indian custodian is not available within the seven-day 13.13 period, the local social services agency shall continue to request this information and shall 13.14 13.15 notify the tribe when it is received. Notice shall be provided to all tribes to which the child may have any tribal lineage. If the identity or location of the child's parent or Indian 13.16 custodian and tribe cannot be determined, the local social services agency shall provide 13.17 the notice required in this paragraph to the United States secretary of the interior. 13.18 (c) In accordance with sections 260C.151 and 260C.152, when a court has reason 13.19 13.20 to believe that a child placed in emergency protective care is an Indian child, the court administrator or a designee shall, as soon as possible and before a hearing takes place, 13.21 notify the tribal social services agency by telephone and by e-mail or facsimile of the date, 13.22 13.23 time, and location of the emergency protective case hearing. The court shall make efforts to 13.24 allow appearances by telephone for tribal representatives, parents, and Indian custodians. (d) A local social services agency must provide the notices required under this 13.25 13.26 subdivision at the earliest possible time to facilitate involvement of the Indian child's tribe. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to hinder the ability of the local social services 13.27 agency and the court to respond to an emergency situation. Lack of participation by a tribe 13.28 shall not prevent the tribe from intervening in services and proceedings at a later date. A 13.29 tribe may participate at any time. At this and any subsequent stage of its the local social 13.30 services agency's involvement with an Indian child, the agency shall, upon request, give 13.31 provide full cooperation to the tribal social services agency full cooperation, including 13.32 access to all files disclosure of all data concerning the Indian child. If the files contain 13.33 confidential or private data, the agency may require execution of an agreement with the 13.34 tribal social services agency that the tribal social services agency shall maintain the data 13.35 according to statutory provisions applicable to the data. This subdivision applies whenever 13.36

14.1	the court transfers legal custody of an Indian child under section 260B.198, subdivision
14.2	1, elause (3), item (i), (ii), or (iii), following an adjudication for a misdemeanor-level
14.3	delinquent act. Nothing in this subdivision relieves the local social services agency of
14.4	satisfying the notice requirements in the Indian Child Welfare Act.
14.5	Sec. 20. [260.762] DUTY TO PREVENT OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENT AND
14.6	PROMOTE FAMILY REUNIFICATION; ACTIVE EFFORTS.
14.7	Subdivision 1. Active efforts. Active efforts includes acknowledging traditional
14.8	helping and healing systems of an Indian child's tribe and using these systems as the core
14.9	to help and heal the Indian child and family.
14.10	Subd. 2. Requirements for local social services agencies. A local social services
14.11	agency shall:
14.12	(1) work with the Indian child's tribe and family to develop an alternative plan to
14.13	out-of-home placement;
14.14	(2) before making a decision that may affect an Indian child's safety and well-being
14.15	or when contemplating out-of-home placement of an Indian child, seek guidance from
14.16	the Indian child's tribe on family structure, how the family can seek help, what family
14.17	and tribal resources are available, and what barriers the family faces at that time that
14.18	could threaten its preservation; and
14.19	(3) request participation of the Indian child's tribe at the earliest possible time and
14.20	request the tribe's active participation throughout the case.
14.21	Subd. 3. Required findings that active efforts were provided. A court shall not
14.22	order an out-of-home or permanency placement for an Indian child unless the court finds
14.23	that the local social services agency made active efforts to the Indian child's family. In
14.24	determining whether the local social services agency made active efforts for purposes
14.25	of out-of-home placement and permanency, the court shall make findings regarding
14.26	whether the following activities were appropriate and whether the local social services
14.27	agency made appropriate and meaningful services available to the family based upon that
14.28	family's specific needs:
14.29	(1) whether the local social services agency made efforts at the earliest point
14.30	possible to (i) identify whether a child may be an Indian child as defined in the Indian
14.31	Child Welfare Act, United States Code, title 25, section 1903, and section 260.755,
14.32	subdivision 8; and (ii) identify and request participation of the Indian child's tribe at the
14.33	earliest point possible and throughout the investigation or assessment, case planning,
14.34	provision of services, and case completion;

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15.1	(2) whether the local social services agency requested that a tribally designated
15.2	representative with substantial knowledge of prevailing social and cultural standards
15.3	and child-rearing practices within the tribal community evaluate the circumstances of
15.4	the Indian child's family and assist in developing a case plan that uses tribal and Indian
15.5	community resources;
15.6	(3) whether the local social services agency provided concrete services and access
15.7	to both tribal and nontribal services to members of the Indian child's family, including
15.8	but not limited to financial assistance, food, housing, health care, transportation, in-home
15.9	services, community support services, and specialized services; and whether these services
15.10	are being provided in an ongoing manner throughout the agency's involvement with the
15.11	family, to directly assist the family in accessing and utilizing services to maintain the
15.12	Indian family, or reunify the Indian family as soon as safety can be assured if out-of-home
15.13	placement has occurred;
15.14	(4) whether the local social services agency notified and consulted with the Indian
15.15	child's extended family members, as identified by the child, the child's parents, or the
15.16	tribe; whether extended family members were consulted to provide support to the child
15.17	and parents, to inform the local social services agency and court as to cultural connections
15.18	and family structure, to assist in identifying appropriate cultural services and supports for
15.19	the child and parents, and to identify and serve as a placement and permanency resource
15.20	for the child; and if there was difficulty contacting or engaging with extended family
15.21	members, whether assistance was sought from the tribe, the Department of Human
15.22	Services, or other agencies with expertise in working with Indian families;
15.23	(5) whether the local social services agency provided services and resources to
15.24	relatives who are considered the primary placement option for an Indian child, as agreed
15.25	by the local social services agency and the tribe, to overcome barriers to providing care
15.26	to an Indian child. Services and resources shall include but are not limited to child care
15.27	assistance, financial assistance, housing resources, emergency resources, and foster care
15.28	licensing assistance and resources; and
15.29	(6) whether the local social services agency arranged for visitation to occur, whenever
15.30	possible, in the home of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or other family member
15.31	or in another noninstitutional setting, in order to keep the child in close contact with
15.32	parents, siblings, and other relatives regardless of the child's age and to allow the child and
15.33	those with whom the child visits to have natural, unsupervised interaction when consistent
15.34	with protecting the child's safety; and whether the local social services agency consulted
15.35	with a tribal representative to determine and arrange for visitation in the most natural
15.36	setting that ensures the child's safety, when the child's safety requires supervised visitation.

16.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260.771, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 16.2 Subd. 3. **Transfer of proceedings.** (a) In a proceeding for: (1) the termination of 16.3 parental rights; or (2) the involuntary foster care placement of an Indian child not within 16.4 the jurisdiction of subdivision 1, the court, in the absence of good cause to the contrary, 16.5 shall transfer the proceeding to the jurisdiction of the tribe absent objection by either 16.6 parent, upon the petition of either parent σ_{r_2} the Indian custodian₂ or the Indian child's 16.7 tribe. The transfer is subject to declination by the tribal court of the tribe.

(b) In a proceeding for the preadoptive or adoptive placement of an Indian child not
within the jurisdiction of subdivision 1, the court, in the absence of good cause to the
contrary, shall transfer the proceeding to the jurisdiction of the tribe. The transfer is
subject to declination by the tribal court of the tribe. For the purposes of this subdivision,
"preadoptive placement" and "adoptive placement" have the meanings give in section
260.755, subdivision 3.

(c) At any point in a proceeding for finalizing a permanency plan, the court, in the
absence of good cause to the contrary and in the absence of an objection by either parent,
shall transfer the proceeding to tribal court for the purpose of achieving a customary
adoption or other culturally appropriate permanency option. This transfer shall be made
upon the petition of a parent whose parental rights have not been terminated, the Indian
custodian, or the Indian child's tribe. The transfer is subject to declination by the tribal
court of the tribe.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260B.007, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
Subd. 12. Relative. "Relative" means a parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother,
sister, uncle, or aunt of the minor. This relationship may be by blood or marriage. For an
Indian child, relative includes members a person who is a member of the Indian child's
extended family as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the
absence of laws or custom, nicces, nephews, or first or second cousins, as provided in the
Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1903.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

16.30 <u>Subd. 26b.</u> <u>Relative of an Indian child.</u> "Relative of an Indian child" means a
16.31 person who is a member of the Indian child's family as defined in the Indian Child Welfare
16.32 <u>Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1903, paragraphs (2), (6), and (9).</u>

16.33 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

Subd. 27. Relative. "Relative" means a person related to the child by blood,
marriage, or adoption, or an individual who is an important friend with whom the child
has resided or had significant contact. For an Indian child, relative includes members of
the extended family as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the
absence of law or custom, nicces, nephews, or first or second cousins, as provided in the
Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1903.

- 17.7 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.168, is amended to read:

17.8 260C.168 COMPLIANCE WITH INDIAN CHILD WELFARE ACT AND 17.9 MINNESOTA INDIAN FAMILY PRESERVATION ACT.

17.10 The provisions of this chapter must be construed consistently with the Indian

17.11 Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, sections 1901 to 1963, and the

17.12 Minnesota Indian Family Preservation Act, sections 260.751 to 260.835.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.178, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Hearing and release requirements. (a) If a child was taken into
custody under section 260C.175, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), item (ii), the court shall
hold a hearing within 72 hours of the time the child was taken into custody, excluding
Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, to determine whether the child should continue in
custody.

(b) Unless there is reason to believe that the child would endanger self or others or
not return for a court hearing, or that the child's health or welfare would be immediately
endangered, the child shall be released to the custody of a parent, guardian, custodian,
or other suitable person, subject to reasonable conditions of release including, but not
limited to, a requirement that the child undergo a chemical use assessment as provided in
section 260C.157, subdivision 1.

(c) If the court determines there is reason to believe that the child would endanger 17.25 self or others or not return for a court hearing, or that the child's health or welfare would 17.26 be immediately endangered if returned to the care of the parent or guardian who has 17.27 custody and from whom the child was removed, the court shall order the child into 17.28 foster care under the legal responsibility of the responsible social services agency or 17.29 responsible probation or corrections agency for the purposes of protective care as that term 17.30 is used in the juvenile court rules or into the home of a noncustodial parent and order the 17.31 noncustodial parent to comply with any conditions the court determines to be appropriate 17.32 to the safety and care of the child, including cooperating with paternity establishment 17.33 proceedings in the case of a man who has not been adjudicated the child's father. The 17.34

court shall not give the responsible social services legal custody and order a trial home
visit at any time prior to adjudication and disposition under section 260C.201, subdivision
1, paragraph (a), clause (3), but may order the child returned to the care of the parent or
guardian who has custody and from whom the child was removed and order the parent or
guardian to comply with any conditions the court determines to be appropriate to meet
the safety, health, and welfare of the child.

(d) In determining whether the child's health or welfare would be immediately
endangered, the court shall consider whether the child would reside with a perpetrator
of domestic child abuse.

(e) The court, before determining whether a child should be placed in or continue 18.10 in foster care under the protective care of the responsible agency, shall also make a 18.11 determination, consistent with section 260.012 as to whether reasonable efforts were made 18.12 to prevent placement or whether reasonable efforts to prevent placement are not required. 18.13 In the case of an Indian child, the court shall determine whether active efforts, according 18.14 18.15 to section 260.762 and the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1912(d), were made to prevent placement. The court shall enter a finding that 18.16 the responsible social services agency has made reasonable efforts to prevent placement 18.17 when the agency establishes either: 18.18

(1) that it has actually provided services or made efforts in an attempt to prevent
the child's removal but that such services or efforts have not proven sufficient to permit
the child to safely remain in the home; or

(2) that there are no services or other efforts that could be made at the time of the 18.22 18.23 hearing that could safely permit the child to remain home or to return home. When reasonable efforts to prevent placement are required and there are services or other efforts 18.24 that could be ordered which would permit the child to safely return home, the court shall 18.25 18.26 order the child returned to the care of the parent or guardian and the services or efforts put in place to ensure the child's safety. When the court makes a prima facie determination 18.27 that one of the circumstances under paragraph (g) exists, the court shall determine that 18.28 reasonable efforts to prevent placement and to return the child to the care of the parent or 18.29 guardian are not required. 18.30

18.31 If the court finds the social services agency's preventive or reunification efforts
18.32 have not been reasonable but further preventive or reunification efforts could not permit
18.33 the child to safely remain at home, the court may nevertheless authorize or continue
18.34 the removal of the child.

(f) The court may not order or continue the foster care placement of the child unless
the court makes explicit, individualized findings that continued custody of the child by

the parent or guardian would be contrary to the welfare of the child and that placement is 19.1 in the best interest of the child. 19.2 (g) At the emergency removal hearing, or at any time during the course of the 19.3 proceeding, and upon notice and request of the county attorney, the court shall determine 19.4 whether a petition has been filed stating a prima facie case that: 19.5 (1) the parent has subjected a child to egregious harm as defined in section 19.6 260C.007, subdivision 14; 19.7 (2) the parental rights of the parent to another child have been involuntarily 19.8 terminated; 19.9 (3) the child is an abandoned infant under section 260C.301, subdivision 2, 19.10 paragraph (a), clause (2); 19.11 (4) the parents' custodial rights to another child have been involuntarily transferred 19.12 to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph 19.13 (e), clause (1); section 260C.515, subdivision 4; or a similar law of another jurisdiction; 19.14 19.15 (5) the parent has committed sexual abuse as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2, against the child or another child of the parent; 19.16 (6) the parent has committed an offense that requires registration as a predatory 19.17 offender under section 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b); or 19.18 (7) the provision of services or further services for the purpose of reunification is 19.19 futile and therefore unreasonable. 19.20 (h) When a petition to terminate parental rights is required under section 260C.301, 19.21 subdivision 4, or 260C.503, subdivision 2, but the county attorney has determined not to 19.22 19.23 proceed with a termination of parental rights petition, and has instead filed a petition to transfer permanent legal and physical custody to a relative under section 260C.507, the 19.24 court shall schedule a permanency hearing within 30 days of the filing of the petition. 19.25 19.26 (i) If the county attorney has filed a petition under section 260C.307, the court shall schedule a trial under section 260C.163 within 90 days of the filing of the petition except 19.27 when the county attorney determines that the criminal case shall proceed to trial first under 19.28 section 260C.503, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). 19.29

(j) If the court determines the child should be ordered into foster care and the child's
parent refuses to give information to the responsible social services agency regarding
the child's father or relatives of the child, the court may order the parent to disclose the
names, addresses, telephone numbers, and other identifying information to the responsible
social services agency for the purpose of complying with sections 260C.151, 260C.212,
260C.215, and 260C.221.

(k) If a child ordered into foster care has siblings, whether full, half, or step, who 20.1 are also ordered into foster care, the court shall inquire of the responsible social services 20.2 agency of the efforts to place the children together as required by section 260C.212, 20.3 subdivision 2, paragraph (d), if placement together is in each child's best interests, unless 20.4 a child is in placement for treatment or a child is placed with a previously noncustodial 20.5 parent who is not a parent to all siblings. If the children are not placed together at the time 20.6 of the hearing, the court shall inquire at each subsequent hearing of the agency's reasonable 20.7 efforts to place the siblings together, as required under section 260.012. If any sibling is 20.8 not placed with another sibling or siblings, the agency must develop a plan to facilitate 20.9 visitation or ongoing contact among the siblings as required under section 260C.212, 20.10 subdivision 1, unless it is contrary to the safety or well-being of any of the siblings to do so. 20.11

(1) When the court has ordered the child into foster care or into the home of a
noncustodial parent, the court may order a chemical dependency evaluation, mental health
evaluation, medical examination, and parenting assessment for the parent as necessary
to support the development of a plan for reunification required under subdivision 7 and
section 260C.212, subdivision 1, or the child protective services plan under section
626.556, subdivision 10, and Minnesota Rules, part 9560.0228.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.201, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 20.18 Subd. 5. Visitation. If the court orders the child into foster care, the court shall 20.19 review and either modify or approve the agency's plan for supervised or unsupervised 20.20 visitation that contributes to the objectives of the court-ordered case plan and the 20.21 20.22 maintenance of the familial relationship, and that meets the requirements of section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (5). No parent may be denied visitation 20.23 unless the court finds at the disposition hearing that the visitation would endanger the 20.24 20.25 child's physical or emotional well-being, is not in the child's best interests, or is not required under section 260C.178, subdivision 3, paragraph (c) or (d). The court shall 20.26 review and either modify or approve the agency plan for visitation for any relatives as 20.27 defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 26b or 27, and with siblings of the child, if 20.28 visitation is consistent with the best interests of the child. 20.29

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Out-of-home placement; plan. (a) An out-of-home placement plan
shall be prepared within 30 days after any child is placed in foster care by court order or a
voluntary placement agreement between the responsible social services agency and the
child's parent pursuant to section 260C.227 or chapter 260D.

(b) An out-of-home placement plan means a written document which is prepared 21.1 by the responsible social services agency jointly with the parent or parents or guardian 21.2 of the child and in consultation with the child's guardian ad litem, the child's tribe, if the 21.3 child is an Indian child, the child's foster parent or representative of the foster care facility, 21.4 and, where appropriate, the child. For a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under 21.5 chapter 260D, preparation of the out-of-home placement plan shall additionally include 21.6 the child's mental health treatment provider. As appropriate, the plan shall be: 21.7 (1) submitted to the court for approval under section 260C.178, subdivision 7; 21.8 (2) ordered by the court, either as presented or modified after hearing, under section 21.9 260C.178, subdivision 7, or 260C.201, subdivision 6; and 21.10 (3) signed by the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the child's guardian ad 21.11 litem, a representative of the child's tribe, the responsible social services agency, and, if 21.12 possible, the child. 21.13 (c) The out-of-home placement plan shall be explained to all persons involved in its 21.14 21.15 implementation, including the child who has signed the plan, and shall set forth: (1) a description of the foster care home or facility selected, including how the 21.16 out-of-home placement plan is designed to achieve a safe placement for the child in the 21.17 least restrictive, most family-like, setting available which is in close proximity to the home 21.18 of the parent or parents or guardian of the child when the case plan goal is reunification, 21.19 and how the placement is consistent with the best interests and special needs of the child 21.20 according to the factors under subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 21.21 (2) the specific reasons for the placement of the child in foster care, and when 21.22 21.23 reunification is the plan, a description of the problems or conditions in the home of the parent or parents which necessitated removal of the child from home and the changes the 21.24 parent or parents must make in order for the child to safely return home; 21.25 21.26 (3) a description of the services offered and provided to prevent removal of the child from the home and to reunify the family including: 21.27 (i) the specific actions to be taken by the parent or parents of the child to eliminate 21.28 or correct the problems or conditions identified in clause (2), and the time period during 21.29 which the actions are to be taken; and 21.30

(ii) the reasonable efforts, or in the case of an Indian child, active efforts to be made
to achieve a safe and stable home for the child including social and other supportive
services to be provided or offered to the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the
child, and the residential facility during the period the child is in the residential facility;

21.35 (4) a description of any services or resources that were requested by the child or the21.36 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, or custodian since the date of the child's placement

in the residential facility, and whether those services or resources were provided and ifnot, the basis for the denial of the services or resources;

(5) the visitation plan for the parent or parents or guardian, other relatives as defined
in section 260C.007, subdivision <u>26b or 27</u>, and siblings of the child if the siblings are not
placed together in foster care, and whether visitation is consistent with the best interest
of the child, during the period the child is in foster care;

(6) when a child cannot return to or be in the care of either parent, documentation ofsteps to finalize the permanency plan for the child, including:

(i) reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption. At a minimum, the
documentation must include consideration of whether adoption is in the best interests of
the child, child-specific recruitment efforts such as relative search and the use of state,
regional, and national adoption exchanges to facilitate orderly and timely placements in
and outside of the state. A copy of this documentation shall be provided to the court in the
review required under section 260C.317, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

(ii) documentation necessary to support the requirements of the kinship placement
agreement under section 256N.22 when adoption is determined not to be in the child's
best interests;

22.18

(7) efforts to ensure the child's educational stability while in foster care, including:

(i) efforts to ensure that the child remains in the same school in which the child was
enrolled prior to placement or upon the child's move from one placement to another,
including efforts to work with the local education authorities to ensure the child's
educational stability; or

(ii) if it is not in the child's best interest to remain in the same school that the child
was enrolled in prior to placement or move from one placement to another, efforts to
ensure immediate and appropriate enrollment for the child in a new school;

22.26 (8) the educational records of the child including the most recent information22.27 available regarding:

(i) the names and addresses of the child's educational providers;

(ii) the child's grade level performance;

22.30 (iii) the child's school record;

(iv) a statement about how the child's placement in foster care takes into account

22.32 proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; and

22.33 (v) any other relevant educational information;

(9) the efforts by the local agency to ensure the oversight and continuity of healthcare services for the foster child, including:

(i) the plan to schedule the child's initial health screens;

23.1	(ii) how the child's known medical problems and identified needs from the screens,
23.2	including any known communicable diseases, as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision
23.3	2, will be monitored and treated while the child is in foster care;
23.4	(iii) how the child's medical information will be updated and shared, including
23.5	the child's immunizations;
23.6	(iv) who is responsible to coordinate and respond to the child's health care needs,
23.7	including the role of the parent, the agency, and the foster parent;
23.8	(v) who is responsible for oversight of the child's prescription medications;
23.9	(vi) how physicians or other appropriate medical and nonmedical professionals
23.10	will be consulted and involved in assessing the health and well-being of the child and
23.11	determine the appropriate medical treatment for the child; and
23.12	(vii) the responsibility to ensure that the child has access to medical care through
23.13	either medical insurance or medical assistance;
23.14	(10) the health records of the child including information available regarding:
23.15	(i) the names and addresses of the child's health care and dental care providers;
23.16	(ii) a record of the child's immunizations;
23.17	(iii) the child's known medical problems, including any known communicable
23.18	diseases as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision 2;
23.19	(iv) the child's medications; and
23.20	(v) any other relevant health care information such as the child's eligibility for
23.21	medical insurance or medical assistance;
23.22	(11) an independent living plan for a child age 16 or older. The plan should include,
23.23	but not be limited to, the following objectives:
23.24	(i) educational, vocational, or employment planning;
23.25	(ii) health care planning and medical coverage;
23.26	(iii) transportation including, where appropriate, assisting the child in obtaining a
23.27	driver's license;
23.28	(iv) money management, including the responsibility of the agency to ensure that
23.29	the youth annually receives, at no cost to the youth, a consumer report as defined under
23.30	section 13C.001 and assistance in interpreting and resolving any inaccuracies in the report;
23.31	(v) planning for housing;
23.32	(vi) social and recreational skills; and
23.33	(vii) establishing and maintaining connections with the child's family and
23.34	community; and

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24.1 (12) for a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under chapter 260D, diagnostic
24.2 and assessment information, specific services relating to meeting the mental health care
24.3 needs of the child, and treatment outcomes.

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(d) The parent or parents or guardian and the child each shall have the right to legal
counsel in the preparation of the case plan and shall be informed of the right at the time
of placement of the child. The child shall also have the right to a guardian ad litem.
If unable to employ counsel from their own resources, the court shall appoint counsel
upon the request of the parent or parents or the child or the child's legal guardian. The
parent or parents may also receive assistance from any person or social services agency
in preparation of the case plan.

After the plan has been agreed upon by the parties involved or approved or ordered by the court, the foster parents shall be fully informed of the provisions of the case plan and shall be provided a copy of the plan.

24.14 Upon discharge from foster care, the parent, adoptive parent, or permanent legal and 24.15 physical custodian, as appropriate, and the child, if appropriate, must be provided with 24.16 a current copy of the child's health and education record.

- 24.17 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Placement decisions based on best interests of the child. (a) The 24.18 policy of the state of Minnesota is to ensure that the child's best interests are met by 24.19 requiring an individualized determination of the needs of the child and of how the selected 24.20 placement will serve the needs of the child being placed. The authorized child-placing 24.21 24.22 agency shall place a child, released by court order or by voluntary release by the parent or parents, in a family foster home selected by considering placement with relatives and 24.23 important friends in the following order: 24.24
- (1) with an individual who is related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption; or
 (2) with an individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or
 had significant contact.

For an Indian child, the agency shall follow the order of placement preferences in the
Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, United States Code, title 25, section 1915.

- 24.30 (b) Among the factors the agency shall consider in determining the needs of the24.31 child are the following:
- 24.32 (1) the child's current functioning and behaviors;
- 24.33 (2) the medical needs of the child;
- 24.34 (3) the educational needs of the child;
- 24.35 (4) the developmental needs of the child;

25.1 (5) the child's history and past experience;

- 25.2 (6) the child's religious and cultural needs;
- 25.3 (7) the child's connection with a community, school, and faith community;
- 25.4 (8) the child's interests and talents;
- 25.5 (9) the child's relationship to current caretakers, parents, siblings, and relatives; and
- 25.6 (10) the reasonable preference of the child, if the court, or the child-placing agency
- in the case of a voluntary placement, deems the child to be of sufficient age to express
 preferences-; and
- 25.9 (11) for an Indian child, the best interests of an Indian child as defined in section
 25.10 260.755, subdivision 2a.
- 25.11 (c) Placement of a child cannot be delayed or denied based on race, color, or national25.12 origin of the foster parent or the child.
- (d) Siblings should be placed together for foster care and adoption at the earliest
 possible time unless it is documented that a joint placement would be contrary to the
 safety or well-being of any of the siblings or unless it is not possible after reasonable
 efforts by the responsible social services agency. In cases where siblings cannot be placed
 together, the agency is required to provide frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction
 between siblings unless the agency documents that the interaction would be contrary to
 the safety or well-being of any of the siblings.
- (e) Except for emergency placement as provided for in section 245A.035, the
 following requirements must be satisfied before the approval of a foster or adoptive
 placement in a related or unrelated home: (1) a completed background study under section
 245C.08; and (2) a completed review of the written home study required under section
 260C.215, subdivision 4, clause (5), or 260C.611, to assess the capacity of the prospective
 foster or adoptive parent to ensure the placement will meet the needs of the individual child.
- 25.26 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.511, is amended to read:
- 25.27
- 260C.511 BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD.
- (a) The "best interests of the child" means all relevant factors to be considered and
 evaluated. In the case of an Indian child, best interests of the child includes best interests
 of an Indian child as defined in section 260.755, subdivision 2a.
- (b) In making a permanency disposition order or termination of parental rights,
 the court must be governed by the best interests of the child, including a review of the
 relationship between the child and relatives and the child and other important persons with
 whom the child has resided or had significant contact.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 26.1 Subd. 7. Report; information provided to parent. (a) An oral report shall be 26.2 made immediately by telephone or otherwise. An oral report made by a person required 26.3 under subdivision 3 to report shall be followed within 72 hours, exclusive of weekends 26.4 and holidays, by a report in writing to the appropriate police department, the county 26.5 sheriff, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, or the local 26.6 welfare agency. The local welfare agency shall determine if the report is accepted for an 26.7 assessment or investigation as soon as possible but in no event longer than 24 hours 268 after the report is received. 26.9

(b) Any report shall be of sufficient content to identify the child, any person believed 26.10 to be responsible for the abuse or neglect of the child if the person is known, the nature 26.11 and extent of the abuse or neglect and the name and address of the reporter. The local 26.12 welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall 26.13 accept a report made under subdivision 3 notwithstanding refusal by a reporter to provide 26.14 26.15 the reporter's name or address as long as the report is otherwise sufficient under this paragraph. Written reports received by a police department or the county sheriff shall be 26.16 forwarded immediately to the local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing 26.17 or investigating the report. The police department or the county sheriff may keep copies of 26.18 reports received by them. Copies of written reports received by a local welfare department 26.19 or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall be forwarded 26.20 immediately to the local police department or the county sheriff. 26.21

(c) When requested, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating a report
shall inform the reporter within ten days after the report was made, either orally or in
writing, whether the report was accepted or not. If the responsible agency determines the
report does not constitute a report under this section, the agency shall advise the reporter
the report was screened out. A screened-out report must not be used for any purpose other
than making an offer of social services to the subjects of the screened-out report.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner of education must inform the
parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child who is the subject of a report of alleged
maltreatment in a school facility within ten days of receiving the report, either orally or
in writing, whether the commissioner is assessing or investigating the report of alleged
maltreatment.

(e) Regardless of whether a report is made under this subdivision, as soon as
practicable after a school receives information regarding an incident that may constitute
maltreatment of a child in a school facility, the school shall inform the parent, legal
guardian, or custodian of the child that an incident has occurred that may constitute

27.1 maltreatment of the child, when the incident occurred, and the nature of the conduct27.2 that may constitute maltreatment.

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(f) A written copy of a report maintained by personnel of agencies, other than
welfare or law enforcement agencies, which are subject to chapter 13 shall be confidential.
An individual subject of the report may obtain access to the original report as provided
by subdivision 11.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Duties of local welfare agency and local law enforcement agency upon
receipt of report. (a) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall determine
whether to conduct a family assessment or an investigation as appropriate to prevent or
provide a remedy for child maltreatment. The local welfare agency:

27.12 (1) shall conduct an investigation on reports involving substantial child27.13 endangerment;

(2) shall begin an immediate investigation if, at any time when it is using a family
assessment response, it determines that there is reason to believe that substantial child
endangerment or a serious threat to the child's safety exists;

(3) may conduct a family assessment for reports that do not allege substantial child
endangerment. In determining that a family assessment is appropriate, the local welfare
agency may consider issues of child safety, parental cooperation, and the need for an
immediate response; and

(4) may conduct a family assessment on a report that was initially screened and
assigned for an investigation. In determining that a complete investigation is not required,
the local welfare agency must document the reason for terminating the investigation and
notify the local law enforcement agency if the local law enforcement agency is conducting
a joint investigation-; and

27.26 (5) shall provide immediate notice, according to section 260.761, subdivision 2, to
27.27 an Indian child's tribe when the agency has reason to believe the family assessment or
27.28 investigation may involve an Indian child. For purposes of this clause, "immediate notice"
27.29 means notice provided within 24 hours.

If the report alleges neglect, physical abuse, or sexual abuse by a parent, guardian, or individual functioning within the family unit as a person responsible for the child's care, or sexual abuse by a person with a significant relationship to the child when that person resides in the child's household or by a sibling, the local welfare agency shall immediately conduct a family assessment or investigation as identified in clauses (1) to (4). In conducting a family assessment or investigation, the local welfare agency shall

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gather information on the existence of substance abuse and domestic violence and offer 28.1 services for purposes of preventing future child maltreatment, safeguarding and enhancing 28.2 the welfare of the abused or neglected minor, and supporting and preserving family 28.3 life whenever possible. If the report alleges a violation of a criminal statute involving 28.4 sexual abuse, physical abuse, or neglect or endangerment, under section 609.378, the 28.5 local law enforcement agency and local welfare agency shall coordinate the planning and 28.6 execution of their respective investigation and assessment efforts to avoid a duplication of 28.7 fact-finding efforts and multiple interviews. Each agency shall prepare a separate report of 28.8 the results of its investigation. In cases of alleged child maltreatment resulting in death, 28.9 the local agency may rely on the fact-finding efforts of a law enforcement investigation 28.10 to make a determination of whether or not maltreatment occurred. When necessary the 28.11 local welfare agency shall seek authority to remove the child from the custody of a parent, 28.12 guardian, or adult with whom the child is living. In performing any of these duties, the 28.13 local welfare agency shall maintain appropriate records. 28.14

If the family assessment or investigation indicates there is a potential for abuse of
alcohol or other drugs by the parent, guardian, or person responsible for the child's care,
the local welfare agency shall conduct a chemical use assessment pursuant to Minnesota
Rules, part 9530.6615.

(b) When a local agency receives a report or otherwise has information indicating 28.19 that a child who is a client, as defined in section 245.91, has been the subject of physical 28.20 abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect at an agency, facility, or program as defined in section 28.21 245.91, it shall, in addition to its other duties under this section, immediately inform the 28.22 28.23 ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97. The commissioner of education shall inform the ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97 of reports 28.24 regarding a child defined as a client in section 245.91 that maltreatment occurred at a 28.25 28.26 school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and 124D.10.

(c) Authority of the local welfare agency responsible for assessing or investigating 28.27 the child abuse or neglect report, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating 28.28 the report, and of the local law enforcement agency for investigating the alleged abuse or 28.29 neglect includes, but is not limited to, authority to interview, without parental consent, 28.30 the alleged victim and any other minors who currently reside with or who have resided 28.31 with the alleged offender. The interview may take place at school or at any facility or 28.32 other place where the alleged victim or other minors might be found or the child may be 28.33 transported to, and the interview conducted at, a place appropriate for the interview of a 28.34 child designated by the local welfare agency or law enforcement agency. The interview 28.35 may take place outside the presence of the alleged offender or parent, legal custodian, 28.36

guardian, or school official. For family assessments, it is the preferred practice to request 29.1 a parent or guardian's permission to interview the child prior to conducting the child 29.2 interview, unless doing so would compromise the safety assessment. Except as provided in 29.3 this paragraph, the parent, legal custodian, or guardian shall be notified by the responsible 29.4 local welfare or law enforcement agency no later than the conclusion of the investigation 29.5 or assessment that this interview has occurred. Notwithstanding rule 32 of the Minnesota 29.6 Rules of Procedure for Juvenile Courts, the juvenile court may, after hearing on an ex parte 29.7 motion by the local welfare agency, order that, where reasonable cause exists, the agency 29.8 withhold notification of this interview from the parent, legal custodian, or guardian. If the 29.9 interview took place or is to take place on school property, the order shall specify that 29.10 school officials may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, or guardian the contents 29.11 of the notification of intent to interview the child on school property, as provided under 29.12 this paragraph, and any other related information regarding the interview that may be a 29.13 part of the child's school record. A copy of the order shall be sent by the local welfare or 29.14 29.15 law enforcement agency to the appropriate school official.

(d) When the local welfare, local law enforcement agency, or the agency responsible 29.16 for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment determines that an interview should 29.17 take place on school property, written notification of intent to interview the child on school 29.18 property must be received by school officials prior to the interview. The notification 29.19 shall include the name of the child to be interviewed, the purpose of the interview, and 29.20 a reference to the statutory authority to conduct an interview on school property. For 29.21 interviews conducted by the local welfare agency, the notification shall be signed by the 29.22 29.23 chair of the local social services agency or the chair's designee. The notification shall be private data on individuals subject to the provisions of this paragraph. School officials 29.24 may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, or guardian the contents of the notification 29.25 or any other related information regarding the interview until notified in writing by the 29.26 local welfare or law enforcement agency that the investigation or assessment has been 29.27 concluded, unless a school employee or agent is alleged to have maltreated the child. 29.28 Until that time, the local welfare or law enforcement agency or the agency responsible 29.29 for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment shall be solely responsible for any 29.30 disclosures regarding the nature of the assessment or investigation. 29.31

Except where the alleged offender is believed to be a school official or employee, the time and place, and manner of the interview on school premises shall be within the discretion of school officials, but the local welfare or law enforcement agency shall have the exclusive authority to determine who may attend the interview. The conditions as to time, place, and manner of the interview set by the school officials shall be reasonable and

the interview shall be conducted not more than 24 hours after the receipt of the notification unless another time is considered necessary by agreement between the school officials and the local welfare or law enforcement agency. Where the school fails to comply with the provisions of this paragraph, the juvenile court may order the school to comply. Every effort must be made to reduce the disruption of the educational program of the child, other students, or school staff when an interview is conducted on school premises.

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30.7 (e) Where the alleged offender or a person responsible for the care of the alleged
30.8 victim or other minor prevents access to the victim or other minor by the local welfare
30.9 agency, the juvenile court may order the parents, legal custodian, or guardian to produce
30.10 the alleged victim or other minor for questioning by the local welfare agency or the local
30.11 law enforcement agency outside the presence of the alleged offender or any person
30.12 responsible for the child's care at reasonable places and times as specified by court order.

30.13 (f) Before making an order under paragraph (e), the court shall issue an order to 30.14 show cause, either upon its own motion or upon a verified petition, specifying the basis for 30.15 the requested interviews and fixing the time and place of the hearing. The order to show 30.16 cause shall be served personally and shall be heard in the same manner as provided in 30.17 other cases in the juvenile court. The court shall consider the need for appointment of a 30.18 guardian ad litem to protect the best interests of the child. If appointed, the guardian ad 30.19 litem shall be present at the hearing on the order to show cause.

(g) The commissioner of human services, the ombudsman for mental health and 30.20 developmental disabilities, the local welfare agencies responsible for investigating reports, 30.21 the commissioner of education, and the local law enforcement agencies have the right to 30.22 30.23 enter facilities as defined in subdivision 2 and to inspect and copy the facility's records, including medical records, as part of the investigation. Notwithstanding the provisions of 30.24 chapter 13, they also have the right to inform the facility under investigation that they are 30.25 30.26 conducting an investigation, to disclose to the facility the names of the individuals under investigation for abusing or neglecting a child, and to provide the facility with a copy of 30.27 the report and the investigative findings. 30.28

(h) The local welfare agency responsible for conducting a family assessment or 30.29 investigation shall collect available and relevant information to determine child safety, 30.30 risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs and share not public 30.31 information with an Indian's tribal social services agency without violating any law of the 30.32 state that may otherwise impose duties of confidentiality on the local welfare agency in 30.33 order to implement the tribal state agreement. The local welfare agency or the agency 30.34 responsible for investigating the report shall collect available and relevant information 30.35 to ascertain whether maltreatment occurred and whether protective services are needed. 30.36

Information collected includes, when relevant, information with regard to the person 31.1 reporting the alleged maltreatment, including the nature of the reporter's relationship to the 31.2 child and to the alleged offender, and the basis of the reporter's knowledge for the report; 31.3 the child allegedly being maltreated; the alleged offender; the child's caretaker; and other 31.4 collateral sources having relevant information related to the alleged maltreatment. The 31.5 local welfare agency or the agency responsible for investigating the report may make a 31.6 determination of no maltreatment early in an investigation, and close the case and retain 31.7 immunity, if the collected information shows no basis for a full investigation. 31.8

31.9 Information relevant to the assessment or investigation must be asked for, and31.10 may include:

31.11 (1) the child's sex and age, prior reports of maltreatment, information relating
31.12 to developmental functioning, credibility of the child's statement, and whether the
31.13 information provided under this clause is consistent with other information collected
31.14 during the course of the assessment or investigation;

31.15 (2) the alleged offender's age, a record check for prior reports of maltreatment, and
31.16 criminal charges and convictions. The local welfare agency or the agency responsible for
31.17 assessing or investigating the report must provide the alleged offender with an opportunity
31.18 to make a statement. The alleged offender may submit supporting documentation relevant
31.19 to the assessment or investigation;

(3) collateral source information regarding the alleged maltreatment and care of the 31.20 child. Collateral information includes, when relevant: (i) a medical examination of the 31.21 child; (ii) prior medical records relating to the alleged maltreatment or the care of the 31.22 31.23 child maintained by any facility, clinic, or health care professional and an interview with the treating professionals; and (iii) interviews with the child's caretakers, including the 31.24 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, child care provider, teachers, counselors, family 31.25 31.26 members, relatives, and other persons who may have knowledge regarding the alleged maltreatment and the care of the child; and 31.27

31.28 (4) information on the existence of domestic abuse and violence in the home of31.29 the child, and substance abuse.

Nothing in this paragraph precludes the local welfare agency, the local law enforcement agency, or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report from collecting other relevant information necessary to conduct the assessment or investigation. Notwithstanding sections 13.384 or 144.291 to 144.298, the local welfare agency has access to medical data and records for purposes of clause (3). Notwithstanding the data's classification in the possession of any other agency, data acquired by the local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report

during the course of the assessment or investigation are private data on individuals and
must be maintained in accordance with subdivision 11. Data of the commissioner of
education collected or maintained during and for the purpose of an investigation of
alleged maltreatment in a school are governed by this section, notwithstanding the data's
classification as educational, licensing, or personnel data under chapter 13.

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In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect investigative reports and data that are relevant to a report of maltreatment and are from local law enforcement and the school facility.

(i) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall conduct a face-to-face 32.10 contact with the child reported to be maltreated and with the child's primary caregiver 32.11 sufficient to complete a safety assessment and ensure the immediate safety of the child. 32.12 The face-to-face contact with the child and primary caregiver shall occur immediately 32.13 if substantial child endangerment is alleged and within five calendar days for all other 32.14 32.15 reports. If the alleged offender was not already interviewed as the primary caregiver, the local welfare agency shall also conduct a face-to-face interview with the alleged offender 32.16 in the early stages of the assessment or investigation. At the initial contact, the local child 32.17 welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report must 32.18 inform the alleged offender of the complaints or allegations made against the individual in 32.19 a manner consistent with laws protecting the rights of the person who made the report. 32.20 The interview with the alleged offender may be postponed if it would jeopardize an active 32.21 law enforcement investigation. 32.22

(j) When conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall use a question
and answer interviewing format with questioning as nondirective as possible to elicit
spontaneous responses. For investigations only, the following interviewing methods and
procedures must be used whenever possible when collecting information:

32.27 (1) audio recordings of all interviews with witnesses and collateral sources; and
32.28 (2) in cases of alleged sexual abuse, audio-video recordings of each interview with
32.29 the alleged victim and child witnesses.

(k) In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility as
defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect
available and relevant information and use the procedures in paragraphs (i), (k), and
subdivision 3d, except that the requirement for face-to-face observation of the child
and face-to-face interview of the alleged offender is to occur in the initial stages of the
assessment or investigation provided that the commissioner may also base the assessment
or investigation on investigative reports and data received from the school facility and

33.1	local law enforcement, to the extent those investigations satisfy the requirements of
33.2	paragraphs (i) and (k), and subdivision 3d.
33.3	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 11d, is amended to read:
33.4	Subd. 11d. Disclosure in child fatality or near-fatality cases. (a) The definitions
33.5	in this paragraph apply to this section.
33.6	(1) "Child fatality" means the death of a child from suspected child abuse; or
33.7	neglect, or maltreatment.
33.8	(2) "Near fatality" means a case in which a physician determines that a child is in
33.9	serious or critical condition as the result of sickness or injury caused by suspected child
33.10	abuse <u>, or</u> neglect , or maltreatment .
33.11	(3) "Findings and information" means a written summary described in paragraph
33.12	(c) of actions taken or services rendered by a local social services agency following
33.13	receipt of a report.
33.14	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to this subdivision, a
33.15	public agency shall disclose to the public, upon request, the findings and information
33.16	related to a child fatality or near fatality if:
33.17	(1) a person is criminally charged with having caused the child fatality or near
33.18	fatality; or
33.19	(2) a county attorney certifies that a person would have been charged with having
33.20	caused the child fatality or near fatality but for that person's death-; or
33.21	(3) a child protection investigation resulted in a determination of child abuse or
33.22	neglect.
33.23	(c) Findings and information disclosed under this subdivision consist of a written
33.24	summary that includes any of the following information the agency is able to provide:
33.25	(1) the dates, outcomes, and results of any actions taken or services rendered cause
33.26	and circumstances regarding the child fatality or near fatality;
33.27	(2) the age and gender of the child;
33.28	(3) information on any previous reports of child abuse or neglect that are pertinent to
33.29	the abuse or neglect that led to the child fatality or near fatality;
33.30	(4) information on any previous investigations that are pertinent to the abuse or
33.31	neglect that led to the child fatality or near fatality;
33.32	(5) the results of any investigations described in clause (4);
33.33	(6) actions of and services provided by the local social services agency on behalf
33.34	of a child that are pertinent to the child abuse or neglect that led to the child fatality
33.35	or near fatality; and

34.1 (2) (7) the results of any review of the state child mortality review panel, a local child
34.2 mortality review panel, a local community child protection team, or any public agency; and.
34.3 (3) confirmation of the receipt of all reports, accepted or not accepted, by the
34.4 local welfare agency for assessment of suspected child abuse, neglect, or maltreatment,
34.5 including confirmation that investigations were conducted, the results of the investigations,
34.6 a description of the conduct of the most recent investigation and the services rendered,
34.7 and a statement of the basis for the agency's determination.

34.8 (d) Nothing in this subdivision authorizes access to the private data in the custody of
a local social services agency, or the disclosure to the public of the records or content of
any psychiatric, psychological, or therapeutic evaluations, or the disclosure of information
that would reveal the identities of persons who provided information related to suspected
abuse, or neglect, or maltreatment of the child.

(e) A person whose request is denied may apply to the appropriate court for an
order compelling disclosure of all or part of the findings and information of the public
agency. The application must set forth, with reasonable particularity, factors supporting
the application. The court has jurisdiction to issue these orders. Actions under this section
must be set down for immediate hearing, and subsequent proceedings in those actions
must be given priority by the appellate courts.

34.19 (f) A public agency or its employees acting in good faith in disclosing or declining
34.20 to disclose information under this section are immune from criminal or civil liability that
34.21 might otherwise be incurred or imposed for that action.

34.22 Sec. 34. **REVIVAL AND REENACTMENT.**

34.23 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 518A.53, subdivision 7, is revived and reenacted</u>
34.24 <u>retroactively from August 1, 2014. Income withholding implemented after July 31, 2014,</u>
34.25 and before the enactment of this section is ratified by the enactment of this section.

34.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

34.27

34.28

ARTICLE 2

CHEMICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

34.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 168.012, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34.30 Subdivision 1. Vehicles exempt from tax, fees, or plate display. (a) The following
34.31 vehicles are exempt from the provisions of this chapter requiring payment of tax and
34.32 registration fees, except as provided in subdivision 1c:

35.1	(1) vehicles owned and used solely in the transaction of official business by the
35.2	federal government, the state, or any political subdivision;
35.3	(2) vehicles owned and used exclusively by educational institutions and used solely
35.4	in the transportation of pupils to and from those institutions;
35.5	(3) vehicles used solely in driver education programs at nonpublic high schools;
35.6	(4) vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used exclusively to transport disabled
35.7	persons for charitable, religious, or educational purposes;
35.8	(5) vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used exclusively for disaster response
35.9	and related activities;
35.10	(6) vehicles owned by ambulance services licensed under section 144E.10 that
35.11	are equipped and specifically intended for emergency response or providing ambulance
35.12	services; and
35.13	(7) vehicles owned by a commercial driving school licensed under section 171.34,
35.14	or an employee of a commercial driving school licensed under section 171.34, and the
35.15	vehicle is used exclusively for driver education and training.
35.16	(b) Provided the general appearance of the vehicle is unmistakable, the following
35.17	vehicles are not required to register or display number plates:
35.18	(1) vehicles owned by the federal government;
35.19	(2) fire apparatuses, including fire-suppression support vehicles, owned or leased by
35.20	the state or a political subdivision;
35.21	(3) police patrols owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision; and
35.22	(4) ambulances owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision.
35.23	(c) Unmarked vehicles used in general police work, liquor investigations, or arson
35.24	investigations, and passenger automobiles, pickup trucks, and buses owned or operated by
35.25	the Department of Corrections or by conservation officers of the Division of Enforcement
35.26	and Field Service of the Department of Natural Resources, must be registered and must
35.27	display appropriate license number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost. Original and
35.28	renewal applications for these license plates authorized for use in general police work and
35.29	for use by the Department of Corrections or by conservation officers must be accompanied
35.30	by a certification signed by the appropriate chief of police if issued to a police vehicle,
35.31	the appropriate sheriff if issued to a sheriff's vehicle, the commissioner of corrections if
35.32	issued to a Department of Corrections vehicle, or the appropriate officer in charge if
35.33	issued to a vehicle of any other law enforcement agency. The certification must be on a
35.34	form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicle will be used exclusively
35.35	for a purpose authorized by this section.

(d) Unmarked vehicles used by the Departments of Revenue and Labor and Industry, 36.1 fraud unit, in conducting seizures or criminal investigations must be registered and must 36.2 display passenger vehicle classification license number plates, furnished at cost by the 36.3 registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates 36.4 must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner of revenue or the 36.5 commissioner of labor and industry. The certification must be on a form prescribed by 36.6 the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the purposes 36.7 authorized by this section. 36.8

(e) Unmarked vehicles used by the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the
Department of Health must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification
license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original
and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied
by a certification signed by the commissioner of health. The certification must be on a
form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively
for the official duties of the Division of Disease Prevention and Control.

(f) Unmarked vehicles used by staff of the Gambling Control Board in gambling
investigations and reviews must be registered and must display passenger vehicle
classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the
registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must
be accompanied by a certification signed by the board chair. The certification must be on a
form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively
for the official duties of the Gambling Control Board.

36.23 (g) Unmarked vehicles used in general investigation, surveillance, supervision, and monitoring by the Department of Human Services' Office of Special Investigations' staff; 36.24 the Minnesota sex offender program's executive director and the executive director's 36.25 36.26 staff; and the Office of Inspector General's staff, including, but not limited to, county fraud prevention investigators, must be registered and must display passenger vehicle 36.27 classification license number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost. Original and 36.28 renewal applications for passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a 36.29 certification signed by the commissioner of human services. The certification must be on a 36.30 form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles must be used exclusively 36.31 for the official duties of the Office of Special Investigations' staff; the Minnesota sex 36.32 offender program's executive director and the executive director's staff; and the Office 36.33 of the Inspector General's staff, including, but not limited to, contract and county fraud 36.34 prevention investigators. 36.35

(h) Each state hospital and institution for persons who are mentally ill and 37.1 developmentally disabled may have one vehicle without the required identification on 37.2 the sides of the vehicle. The vehicle must be registered and must display passenger 37.3 vehicle classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the 37.4 registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must 37.5 be accompanied by a certification signed by the hospital administrator. The certification 37.6 must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used 37.7 exclusively for the official duties of the state hospital or institution. 37.8

(i) Each county social service agency may have vehicles used for child and 37.9 vulnerable adult protective services without the required identification on the sides of the 37.10 vehicle. The vehicles must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification 37.11 license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original 37.12 and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied 37.13 by a certification signed by the agency administrator. The certification must be on a form 37.14 37.15 prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the official duties of the social service agency. 37.16

(j) Unmarked vehicles used in general investigation, surveillance, supervision, and 37.17 monitoring by tobacco inspector staff of the Department of Human Services' Alcohol and 37.18 Drug Abuse Division for the purposes of tobacco inspections, investigations, and reviews 37.19 must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number 37.20 plates, furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for passenger 37.21 vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner 37.22 37.23 of human services. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively by tobacco inspector staff for the 37.24 duties specified in this paragraph. 37.25

37.26 (i) (k) All other motor vehicles must be registered and display tax-exempt number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost, except as provided in subdivision 1c. All 37.27 vehicles required to display tax-exempt number plates must have the name of the state 37.28 department or political subdivision, nonpublic high school operating a driver education 37.29 program, licensed commercial driving school, or other qualifying organization or entity, 37.30 plainly displayed on both sides of the vehicle. This identification must be in a color 37.31 giving contrast with that of the part of the vehicle on which it is placed and must endure 37.32 throughout the term of the registration. The identification must not be on a removable 37.33 plate or placard and must be kept clean and visible at all times; except that a removable 37.34 plate or placard may be utilized on vehicles leased or loaned to a political subdivision or 37.35 to a nonpublic high school driver education program. 37.36

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245.462, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Case management service provider. (a) "Case management service
provider" means a case manager or case manager associate employed by the county or
other entity authorized by the county board to provide case management services specified
in section 245.4711.

38.6 (b) A case manager must:

38.7 (1) be skilled in the process of identifying and assessing a wide range of client needs;

38.8 (2) be knowledgeable about local community resources and how to use those38.9 resources for the benefit of the client;

38.10 (3) have a bachelor's degree in one of the behavioral sciences or related fields
38.11 including, but not limited to, social work, psychology, or nursing from an accredited
38.12 college or university or meet the requirements of paragraph (c); and

38.13 (4) meet the supervision and continuing education requirements described in38.14 paragraphs (d), (e), and (f), as applicable.

38.15 (c) Case managers without a bachelor's degree must meet one of the requirements in
38.16 clauses (1) to (3):

38.17 (1) have three or four years of experience as a case manager associate as defined38.18 in this section;

38.19 (2) be a registered nurse without a bachelor's degree and have a combination
38.20 of specialized training in psychiatry and work experience consisting of community
38.21 interaction and involvement or community discharge planning in a mental health setting
38.22 totaling three years; or

(3) be a person who qualified as a case manager under the 1998 Department of
Human Service waiver provision and meet the continuing education and mentoring
requirements in this section.

38.26 (d) A case manager with at least 2,000 hours of supervised experience in the delivery of services to adults with mental illness must receive regular ongoing supervision and 38.27 clinical supervision totaling 38 hours per year of which at least one hour per month must 38.28 be clinical supervision regarding individual service delivery with a case management 38.29 supervisor. The remaining 26 hours of supervision may be provided by a case manager with 38.30 two years of experience. Group supervision may not constitute more than one-half of the 38.31 required supervision hours. Clinical supervision must be documented in the client record. 38.32 (e) A case manager without 2,000 hours of supervised experience in the delivery of 38.33

38.33 (e) A case manager without 2,000 hours of supervised experience in the derivery of
 38.34 services to adults with mental illness must:

39.1	(1) receive clinical supervision regarding individual service delivery from a mental
39.2	health professional at least one hour per week until the requirement of 2,000 hours of
39.3	experience is met; and
39.4	(2) complete 40 hours of training approved by the commissioner in case management
39.5	skills and the characteristics and needs of adults with serious and persistent mental illness.
39.6	(f) A case manager who is not licensed, registered, or certified by a health-related
39.7	licensing board must receive 30 hours of continuing education and training in mental
39.8	illness and mental health services every two years.
39.9	(g) A case manager associate (CMA) must:
39.10	(1) work under the direction of a case manager or case management supervisor;
39.11	(2) be at least 21 years of age;
39.12	(3) have at least a high school diploma or its equivalent; and
39.13	(4) meet one of the following criteria:
39.14	(i) have an associate of arts degree in one of the behavioral sciences or human
39.15	services;
39.16	(ii) be a certified peer specialist under section 256B.0615;
39.17	(ii) (iii) be a registered nurse without a bachelor's degree;
39.18	(iii) (iv) within the previous ten years, have three years of life experience with
39.19	serious and persistent mental illness as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 20; or as
39.20	a child had severe emotional disturbance as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 6;
39.21	or have three years life experience as a primary caregiver to an adult with serious and
39.22	persistent mental illness within the previous ten years;
39.23	$\frac{(iv)}{(v)}$ have 6,000 hours work experience as a nondegreed state hospital technician;
39.24	or
39.25	(v) (vi) be a mental health practitioner as defined in section 245.462, subdivision
39.26	17, clause (2).
39.27	Individuals meeting one of the criteria in items (i) to $(iv)(v)$, may qualify as a case
39.28	manager after four years of supervised work experience as a case manager associate.
39.29	Individuals meeting the criteria in item (v) (vi), may qualify as a case manager after three
39.30	years of supervised experience as a case manager associate.
39.31	(h) A case management associate must meet the following supervision, mentoring,
39.32	and continuing education requirements:
39.33	(1) have 40 hours of preservice training described under paragraph (e), clause (2);
39.34	(2) receive at least 40 hours of continuing education in mental illness and mental
39.35	health services annually; and
39.36	(3) receive at least five hours of mentoring per week from a case management mentor.

40.1 A "case management mentor" means a qualified, practicing case manager or case
40.2 management supervisor who teaches or advises and provides intensive training and
40.3 clinical supervision to one or more case manager associates. Mentoring may occur while
40.4 providing direct services to consumers in the office or in the field and may be provided
40.5 to individuals or groups of case manager associates. At least two mentoring hours per
40.6 week must be individual and face-to-face.

40.7 (i) A case management supervisor must meet the criteria for mental health
40.8 professionals, as specified in section 245.462, subdivision 18.

40.9 (j) An immigrant who does not have the qualifications specified in this subdivision
40.10 may provide case management services to adult immigrants with serious and persistent
40.11 mental illness who are members of the same ethnic group as the case manager if the person:

40.12 (1) is currently enrolled in and is actively pursuing credits toward the completion of
40.13 a bachelor's degree in one of the behavioral sciences or a related field including, but not
40.14 limited to, social work, psychology, or nursing from an accredited college or university;

40.15 (2) completes 40 hours of training as specified in this subdivision; and

40.16 (3) receives clinical supervision at least once a week until the requirements of this40.17 subdivision are met.

40.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 254B.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

40.19 Subd. 5. Rate requirements. (a) The commissioner shall establish rates for
40.20 chemical dependency services and service enhancements funded under this chapter.

40.21 (b) Eligible chemical dependency treatment services include:

40.22 (1) outpatient treatment services that are licensed according to Minnesota Rules,
40.23 parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6480, or applicable tribal license;

40.24 (2) medication-assisted therapy services that are licensed according to Minnesota
40.25 Rules, parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6480 and 9530.6500, or applicable tribal license;

40.26 (3) medication-assisted therapy plus enhanced treatment services that meet the
40.27 requirements of clause (2) and provide nine hours of clinical services each week;

40.28 (4) high, medium, and low intensity residential treatment services that are licensed
40.29 according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6480 and 9530.6505, or applicable
40.30 tribal license which provide, respectively, 30, 15, and five hours of clinical services each
40.31 week;

40.32 (5) hospital-based treatment services that are licensed according to Minnesota Rules,
40.33 parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6480, or applicable tribal license and licensed as a hospital under
40.34 sections 144.50 to 144.56;

(6) adolescent treatment programs that are licensed as outpatient treatment programs 41.1 according to Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6485, or as residential treatment 41.2 programs according to Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.0010 to 2960.0220, and 2960.0430 to 41.3 2960.0490, or applicable tribal license; and 41.4 (7) room and board facilities that meet the requirements of section 254B.05, 41.5 subdivision 1a. 41 6 (c) The commissioner shall establish higher rates for programs that meet the 41.7 requirements of paragraph (b) and the following additional requirements: 41.8 (1) programs that serve parents with their children if the program: 41.9 (i) provides on-site child care during hours of treatment activity that meets the 41.10 requirements in Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6490, or and meets a criterion to be excluded 41.11 41.12 from licensure under section 245A.03, subdivision 2; or (ii) arranges for off-site child care during hours of treatment activity at a facility that 41.13 is licensed under chapter 245A as: 41.14 41.15 (A) a child care center under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503; or (B) a family child care home under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502; 41.16 (2) culturally specific programs as defined in section 254B.01, subdivision 8 4a, if 41.17 the program meets the requirements in Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6605, subpart 13; 41.18 (3) programs that offer medical services delivered by appropriately credentialed 41.19 health care staff in an amount equal to two hours per client per week if the medical 41.20 needs of the client and the nature and provision of any medical services provided are 41.21 documented in the client file; and 41.22 41.23 (4) programs that offer services to individuals with co-occurring mental health and 41.24 chemical dependency problems if: (i) the program meets the co-occurring requirements in Minnesota Rules, part 41.25 41.26 9530.6495; (ii) 25 percent of the counseling staff are licensed mental health professionals, as 41.27 defined in section 245.462, subdivision 18, clauses (1) to (6), or are students or licensing 41.28 candidates under the supervision of a licensed alcohol and drug counselor supervisor and 41.29 licensed mental health professional, except that no more than 50 percent of the mental 41.30 health staff may be students or licensing candidates with time documented to be directly 41.31 related to provisions of co-occurring services; 41.32 (iii) clients scoring positive on a standardized mental health screen receive a mental 41.33

41.34 health diagnostic assessment within ten days of admission;

41.35 (iv) the program has standards for multidisciplinary case review that include a
41.36 monthly review for each client that, at a minimum, includes a licensed mental health

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42.1	professional and licensed alcohol and drug counselor, and their involvement in the review
42.2	is documented;
42.3	(v) family education is offered that addresses mental health and substance abuse
42.4	disorders and the interaction between the two; and
42.5	(vi) co-occurring counseling staff will receive eight hours of co-occurring disorder
42.6	training annually.
42.7	(d) In order to be eligible for a higher rate under paragraph (c), clause (1), a program
42.8	that provides arrangements for off-site child care must maintain current documentation at
42.9	the chemical dependency facility of the child care provider's current licensure to provide
42.10	child care services. Programs that provide child care according to paragraph (c), clause
42.11	(1), must be deemed in compliance with the licensing requirements in Minnesota Rules,
42.12	part 9530.6490.
42.13	(e) Adolescent residential programs that meet the requirements of Minnesota
42.14	Rules, parts 2960.0430 to 2960.0490 and 2960.0580 to 2960.0690, are exempt from the
42.15	requirements in paragraph (c), clause (4), items (i) to (iv).
42.16	(f) Subject to federal approval, chemical dependency services that are otherwise
42.17	covered as direct face-to-face services may be provided via two-way interactive video.
42.18	The use of two-way interactive video must be medically appropriate to the condition and
42.19	needs of the person being served. Reimbursement shall be at the same rates and under the
42.20	same conditions that would otherwise apply to direct face-to-face services. The interactive
42.21	video equipment and connection must comply with Medicare standards in effect at the
42.22	time the service is provided.
42.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (f) is effective the day following final enactment.
42.24	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
42.25	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have
42.26	the meanings given them.
42.27	(a) "Children's therapeutic services and supports" means the flexible package of
42.28	mental health services for children who require varying therapeutic and rehabilitative

42.29 levels of intervention to treat a diagnosed emotional disturbance, as defined in section

42.30 <u>245.4871</u>, subdivision 15, or a diagnosed mental illness, as defined in section 245.462,

42.31 <u>subdivision 20</u>. The services are time-limited interventions that are delivered using
42.32 various treatment modalities and combinations of services designed to reach treatment
42.33 outcomes identified in the individual treatment plan.

42.34 (b) "Clinical supervision" means the overall responsibility of the mental health42.35 professional for the control and direction of individualized treatment planning, service

delivery, and treatment review for each client. A mental health professional who is an
enrolled Minnesota health care program provider accepts full professional responsibility
for a supervisee's actions and decisions, instructs the supervisee in the supervisee's work,
and oversees or directs the supervisee's work.

43.5 (c) "County board" means the county board of commissioners or board established
43.6 under sections 402.01 to 402.10 or 471.59. "Clinical trainee" means a mental health
43.7 practitioner who meets the qualifications specified in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371,
43.8 subpart 5, item C.

(d) "Crisis assistance" has the meaning given in section 245.4871, subdivision
9a. Crisis assistance entails the development of a written plan to assist a child's family
to contend with a potential future crisis and is distinct from the immediate provision of
crisis intervention services.

(e) "Culturally competent provider" means a provider who understands and can
utilize to a client's benefit the client's culture when providing services to the client. A
provider may be culturally competent because the provider is of the same cultural or
ethnic group as the client or the provider has developed the knowledge and skills through
training and experience to provide services to culturally diverse clients.

(f) "Day treatment program" for children means a site-based structured mental health
program consisting of psychotherapy for three or more individuals and individual or
group skills training provided by a multidisciplinary team, under the clinical supervision
of a mental health professional.

43.22 (g) "Diagnostic assessment" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part
43.23 9505.0372, subpart 1.

(h) "Direct service time" means the time that a mental health professional, clinical 43.24 trainee, mental health practitioner, or mental health behavioral aide spends face-to-face 43.25 43.26 with a client and the client's family or providing covered telemedicine services. Direct service time includes time in which the provider obtains a client's history, develops a client's 43.27 treatment plan, records individual treatment outcomes, or provides service components of 43.28 children's therapeutic services and supports. Direct service time does not include time 43.29 doing work before and after providing direct services, including scheduling, or maintaining 43.30 clinical records, consulting with others about the client's mental health status, preparing 43.31 reports, receiving clinical supervision, and revising the client's individual treatment plan. 43.32 (i) "Direction of mental health behavioral aide" means the activities of a mental 43.33

43.34 health professional or mental health practitioner in guiding the mental health behavioral
43.35 aide in providing services to a client. The direction of a mental health behavioral aide

must be based on the client's individualized treatment plan and meet the requirements in 44.1 subdivision 6, paragraph (b), clause (5). 44.2 (j) "Emotional disturbance" has the meaning given in section 245.4871, subdivision 44.3 15. For persons at least age 18 but under age 21, mental illness has the meaning given in 44.4 section 245.462, subdivision 20, paragraph (a). 44.5 (k) "Individual behavioral plan" means a plan of intervention, treatment, and 44.6 services for a child written by a mental health professional or mental health practitioner, 44.7 under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional, to guide the work of the 44.8 mental health behavioral aide. 44.9 (1) "Individual treatment plan" has the meaning given in section 245.4871, 44.10 subdivision 21 Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371, subpart 7. 44.11 (m) "Mental health behavioral aide services" means medically necessary one-on-one 44.12 activities performed by a trained paraprofessional qualified as provided in subdivision 7, 44.13 paragraph (b), clause (3), to assist a child retain or generalize psychosocial skills as taught 44.14 44.15 previously trained by a mental health professional or mental health practitioner and as described in the child's individual treatment plan and individual behavior plan. Activities 44.16 involve working directly with the child or child's family as provided in subdivision 9, 44.17 paragraph (b), clause (4). 44.18 (n) "Mental health practitioner" means an individual as defined in section 245.4871, 44.19 subdivision 26 Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0370, subpart 17. 44.20 (o) "Mental health professional" means an individual as defined in section 245.4871, 44.21 subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6), or tribal vendor as defined in section 256B.02, 44.22 subdivision 7, paragraph (b) Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0370, subpart 18. 44.23 (p) "Mental health service plan development" includes: 44.24 (1) the development, review, and revision of a child's individual treatment plan, 44.25 as provided in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371, subpart 7, including involvement of 44.26 the client or client's parents, primary caregiver, or other person authorized to consent to 44.27 mental health services for the client, and including arrangement of treatment and support 44.28 activities specified in the individual treatment plan; and 44.29 (2) administering standardized outcome measurement instruments, determined 44.30 and updated by the commissioner, as periodically needed to evaluate the effectiveness 44.31 of treatment for children receiving clinical services and reporting outcome measures, 44.32 as required by the commissioner. 44.33 (q) "Mental illness," for persons at least age 18 but under age 21, has the meaning 44.34 given in section 245.462, subdivision 20, paragraph (a). 44.35

(r) "Psychotherapy" means the treatment of mental or emotional disorders or 45.1 maladjustment by psychological means. Psychotherapy may be provided in many 45.2 modalities in accordance with Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0372, subpart 6, including 45.3 patient and/or family psychotherapy; family psychotherapy; psychotherapy for 45.4 crisis; group psychotherapy; or multiple-family psychotherapy. Beginning with the 45.5 American Medical Association's Current Procedural Terminology, standard edition, 45.6 2014, the procedure "individual psychotherapy" is replaced with "patient and/or family 45.7 psychotherapy," a substantive change that permits the therapist to work with the client's 45.8 family without the client present to obtain information about the client or to explain the 45.9 client's treatment plan to the family. Psychotherapy is appropriate for crisis response 45.10 when a child has become dysregulated or experienced new trauma since the diagnostic 45.11 45.12 assessment was completed and needs psychotherapy to address issues not currently included in the child's individual treatment plan. 45.13 (s) "Rehabilitative services" or "psychiatric rehabilitation services" means a series 45.14 45.15 or multidisciplinary combination of psychiatric and psychosocial interventions to: (1) restore a child or adolescent to an age-appropriate developmental trajectory that had been 45.16 disrupted by a psychiatric illness; or (2) enable the child to self-monitor, compensate 45.17 for, cope with, counteract, or replace psychosocial skills deficits or maladaptive skills 45.18 acquired over the course of a psychiatric illness. Psychiatric rehabilitation services 45.19 for children combine psychotherapy to address internal psychological, emotional, 45.20 and intellectual processing deficits, and skills training to restore personal and social 45.21 functioning. Psychiatric rehabilitation services establish a progressive series of goals 45.22 45.23 with each achievement building upon a prior achievement. Continuing progress toward 45.24 goals is expected, and rehabilitative potential ceases when successive improvement is not

45.25 <u>observable over a period of time.</u>

45.26 (q) (t) "Skills training" means individual, family, or group training, delivered by or under the direction supervision of a mental health professional, designed to facilitate the 45.27 acquisition of psychosocial skills that are medically necessary to rehabilitate the child to 45.28 an age-appropriate developmental trajectory heretofore disrupted by a psychiatric illness 45.29 or to enable the child to self-monitor, compensate for, cope with, counteract, or replace 45.30 skills deficits or maladaptive skills acquired over the course of a psychiatric illness. Skills 45.31 training is subject to the following requirements: service delivery requirements under 45.32 subdivision 9, paragraph (b), clause (2). 45.33

45.34 (1) a mental health professional or a mental health practitioner must provide skills
45.35 training;

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46.1 (2) the child must always be present during skills training; however, a brief absence
46.2 of the child for no more than ten percent of the session unit may be allowed to redirect or
46.3 instruct family members;

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- 46.4 (3) skills training delivered to children or their families must be targeted to the
 46.5 specific deficits or maladaptations of the child's mental health disorder and must be
 46.6 prescribed in the child's individual treatment plan;
- 46.7 (4) skills training delivered to the child's family must teach skills needed by parents
 46.8 to enhance the child's skill development and to help the child use in daily life the skills
 46.9 previously taught by a mental health professional or mental health practitioner and to
 46.10 develop or maintain a home environment that supports the child's progressive use skills;
- 46.11 (5) group skills training may be provided to multiple recipients who, because of the
 46.12 nature of their emotional, behavioral, or social dysfunction, can derive mutual benefit from
 46.13 interaction in a group setting, which must be staffed as follows:
- 46.14 (i) one mental health professional or one mental health practitioner under supervision
 46.15 of a licensed mental health professional must work with a group of four to eight elients; or
 46.16 (ii) two mental health professionals or two mental health practitioners under
 46.17 supervision of a licensed mental health professional, or one professional plus one
- 46.18 practitioner must work with a group of nine to 12 elients.
- 46.19 **E**

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2. Covered service components of children's therapeutic services and
 supports. (a) Subject to federal approval, medical assistance covers medically necessary
 children's therapeutic services and supports as defined in this section that an eligible
 provider entity certified under subdivision 4 provides to a client eligible under subdivision
 3.
- 46.26
- (b) The service components of children's therapeutic services and supports are:
- 46.27 (1) patient <u>and/or family member psychotherapy</u>, family <u>psychotherapy</u>,
- 46.28 psychotherapy for crisis, and group psychotherapy;
- 46.29 (2) individual, family, or group skills training provided by a mental health46.30 professional or mental health practitioner;
- 46.31 (3) crisis assistance;
- 46.32 (4) mental health behavioral aide services;
- 46.33 (5) direction of a mental health behavioral aide;
- (6) mental health service plan development; and
- 46.35 (7) children's day treatment.

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47.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 47.2 Subd. 3. Determination of client eligibility. A client's eligibility to receive 47.3 children's therapeutic services and supports under this section shall be determined based 47.4 on a diagnostic assessment by a mental health professional or a mental health practitioner 47.5 who meets the requirements as of a clinical trainee as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 47.6 9505.0371, subpart 5, item C, that is performed within one year before the initial start of 47.7 service. The diagnostic assessment must meet the requirements for a standard or extended 47.8 diagnostic assessment as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0372, subpart 1, items 47.9 B and C, and: 47.10 (1) include current diagnoses on all five axes of the client's current mental health 47.11 status, including any differential diagnosis, in accordance with all criteria for a complete 47.12 diagnosis and diagnostic profile as specified in the current edition of the Diagnostic and 47.13 47.14 Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, or, for children under age five, as specified in the current edition of the Diagnostic Classification of Mental Health 47.15 Disorders of Infancy and Early Childhood; 47.16 (2) determine whether a child under age 18 has a diagnosis of emotional disturbance 47.17 or, if the person is between the ages of 18 and 21, whether the person has a mental illness; 47.18 (3) document children's therapeutic services and supports as medically necessary to 47.19 address an identified disability, functional impairment, and the individual client's needs 47.20 and goals; 47.21 47.22 (4) be used in the development of the individualized treatment plan; and (5) be completed annually until age 18. A client with autism spectrum disorder or 47.23 pervasive developmental disorder may receive a diagnostic assessment once every three 47.24 47.25 years, at the request of the parent or guardian, if a mental health professional agrees there has been little change in the condition and that an annual assessment is not needed. 47.26 For individuals between age 18 and 21, unless a client's mental health condition has 47.27 changed markedly since the client's most recent diagnostic assessment, annual updating is 47.28 necessary. For the purpose of this section, "updating" means an adult diagnostic update as 47.29 defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371, subpart 2, item E. 47.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 47.31

47.32 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
47.33 Subd. 4. Provider entity certification. (a) Effective July 1, 2003, The

47.34 commissioner shall establish an initial provider entity application and certification process

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and recertification process to determine whether a provider entity has an administrative 48.1 48.2 and clinical infrastructure that meets the requirements in subdivisions 5 and 6. A provider entity must be certified for the three core rehabilitation services of psychotherapy, skills 48.3 training, and crisis assistance. The commissioner shall recertify a provider entity at least 48.4 every three years. The commissioner shall establish a process for decertification of a 48.5 provider entity and shall require corrective action, medical assistance repayment, or 48.6 decertification of a provider entity that no longer meets the requirements in this section or 48.7 that fails to meet the clinical quality standards or administrative standards provided by the 48.8 commissioner in the application and certification process. 48.9 (b) For purposes of this section, a provider entity must be: 48.10

48.11 (1) an Indian health services facility or a facility owned and operated by a tribe or
48.12 tribal organization operating as a 638 facility under Public Law 93-638 certified by the state;

48.13 (2) a county-operated entity certified by the state; or

48.14 (3) a noncounty entity certified by the state.

48.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 48.16 Subd. 5. Provider entity administrative infrastructure requirements. (a) To be 48.17 an eligible provider entity under this section, a provider entity must have an administrative 48.18 infrastructure that establishes authority and accountability for decision making and 48.19 oversight of functions, including finance, personnel, system management, clinical practice, 48.20 and performance individual treatment outcomes measurement. An eligible provider entity 48.21 shall demonstrate the availability, by means of employment or contract, of at least one 48.22 backup mental health professional in the event of the primary mental health professional's 48.23 absence. The provider must have written policies and procedures that it reviews and 48.24 updates every three years and distributes to staff initially and upon each subsequent update. 48.25 (b) The administrative infrastructure written policies and procedures must include: 48.26 (1) personnel procedures, including a process for: (i) recruiting, hiring, training, and 48.27 retention of culturally and linguistically competent providers; (ii) conducting a criminal 48.28 background check on all direct service providers and volunteers; (iii) investigating, 48.29

48.30 reporting, and acting on violations of ethical conduct standards; (iv) investigating,

reporting, and acting on violations of data privacy policies that are compliant with

48.32 federal and state laws; (v) utilizing volunteers, including screening applicants, training

- 48.33 and supervising volunteers, and providing liability coverage for volunteers; and (vi)
 48.34 documenting that each mental health professional, mental health practitioner, or mental
- 48.35 health behavioral aide meets the applicable provider qualification criteria, training criteria

49.1	under subdivision 8, and clinical supervision or direction of a mental health behavioral
49.2	aide requirements under subdivision 6;
49.3	(2) fiscal procedures, including internal fiscal control practices and a process for
49.4	collecting revenue that is compliant with federal and state laws;
49.5	(3) a performance measurement system, including monitoring to determine cultural
49.6	appropriateness of services identified in the individual treatment plan, as determined
49.7	by the elient's eulture, beliefs, values, and language, and family-driven services a
49.8	client-specific treatment outcomes measurement system, including baseline measures, to
49.9	measure a client's progress toward achieving mental health rehabilitation goals. Effective
49.10	July 1, 2017, to be eligible for medical assistance payment, a provider entity must report
49.11	individual client outcomes to the commissioner, using instruments and protocols approved
49.12	by the commissioner; and
49.13	(4) a process to establish and maintain individual client records. The client's records
49.14	must include:
49.15	(i) the client's personal information;
49.16	(ii) forms applicable to data privacy;
49.17	(iii) the client's diagnostic assessment, updates, results of tests, individual treatment
49.18	plan, and individual behavior plan, if necessary;
49.19	(iv) documentation of service delivery as specified under subdivision 6;
49.20	(v) telephone contacts;
49.21	(vi) discharge plan; and
49.22	(vii) if applicable, insurance information.
49.23	(c) A provider entity that uses a restrictive procedure with a client must meet the
49.24	requirements of section 245.8261.
49.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
49.26	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
49.27	Subd. 6. Provider entity clinical infrastructure requirements. (a) To be
49.28	an eligible provider entity under this section, a provider entity must have a clinical

- 49.29 infrastructure that utilizes diagnostic assessment, individualized treatment plans,
- 49.30 service delivery, and individual treatment plan review that are culturally competent,
- 49.31 child-centered, and family-driven to achieve maximum benefit for the client. The provider
- 49.32 entity must review, and update as necessary, the clinical policies and procedures every
- 49.33 three years and, must distribute the policies and procedures to staff initially and upon each
- 49.34 subsequent update, and must train staff accordingly.

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50.1	(b) The clinical infrastructure written policies and procedures must include policies
50.2	and procedures for:
50.3	(1) providing or obtaining a client's diagnostic assessment, including a diagnostic
50.4	assessment performed by an outside or independent clinician, that identifies acute and
50.5	chronic clinical disorders, co-occurring medical conditions, and sources of psychological
50.6	and environmental problems, including baselines, and a functional assessment. The
50.7	functional assessment component must clearly summarize the client's individual strengths
50.8	and needs. When baseline measures cannot be attained in a one-session standard
50.9	diagnostic assessment, the provider entity must determine baselines within 30 days and
50.10	amend the child's diagnostic assessment or incorporate the baselines into the child's
50.11	individual treatment plan;
50.12	(2) developing an individual treatment plan that:
50.13	(i) is based on the information in the client's diagnostic assessment and baselines;
50.14	(ii) identified goals and objectives of treatment, treatment strategy, schedule for
50.15	accomplishing treatment goals and objectives, and the individuals responsible for
50.16	providing treatment services and supports;
50.17	(iii) is developed after completion of the client's diagnostic assessment by a mental
50.18	health professional or clinical trainee and before the provision of children's therapeutic
50.19	services and supports;
50.20	(iv) is developed through a child-centered, family-driven, culturally appropriate
50.21	planning process, including allowing parents and guardians to observe or participate in
50.22	individual and family treatment services, assessment, and treatment planning;
50.23	(v) is reviewed at least once every 90 days and revised, if necessary to document
50.24	treatment progress on each treatment objective and next goals or, if progress is not
50.25	documented, to document changes in treatment; and
50.26	(vi) is signed by the clinical supervisor and by the client or by the client's parent
50.27	or other person authorized by statute to consent to mental health services for the client.
50.28	A client's parent may approve the client's individual treatment plan by secure electronic
50.29	signature or by documented oral approval that is later verified by written signature;
50.30	(3) developing an individual behavior plan that documents treatment strategies to be
50.31	provided by the mental health behavioral aide. The individual behavior plan must include:
50.32	(i) detailed instructions on the treatment strategies to be provided;
50.33	(ii) time allocated to each treatment strategy;
50.34	(iii) methods of documenting the child's behavior;
50.35	(iv) methods of monitoring the child's progress in reaching objectives; and

(v) goals to increase or decrease targeted behavior as identified in the individual
treatment plan;

(4) providing clinical supervision of the plans for mental health practitioner 51.3 practitioners and mental health behavioral aide aides. A mental health professional must 51.4 document the clinical supervision the professional provides by cosigning individual 51.5 treatment plans and making entries in the client's record on supervisory activities. The 51.6 clinical supervisor also shall document supervisee-specific supervision in the supervisee's 51.7 personnel file. Clinical supervision does not include the authority to make or terminate 51.8 court-ordered placements of the child. A clinical supervisor must be available for 51.9 urgent consultation as required by the individual client's needs or the situation. Clinical 51.10 supervision may occur individually or in a small group to discuss treatment and review 51.11 progress toward goals. The focus of clinical supervision must be the client's treatment 51.12 needs and progress and the mental health practitioner's or behavioral aide's ability to 51.13 provide services; 51.14

51.15 (4a) meeting day treatment and therapeutic preschool programs program conditions
51.16 in items (i) to (iii):

51.17 (i) the <u>clinical supervisor must be present and available on the premises more than</u>
50 percent of the time in a five-working-day period provider's standard working week
51.19 during which the supervisee is providing a mental health service;

(ii) the diagnosis and the client's individual treatment plan or a change in the
diagnosis or individual treatment plan must be made by or reviewed, approved, and signed
by the <u>clinical</u> supervisor; and

(iii) every 30 days, the <u>clinical</u> supervisor must review and sign the record indicating
the supervisor has reviewed the client's care for all activities in the preceding 30-day period;
(4b) meeting the clinical supervision standards in items (i) to (iv) for all other
services provided under CTSS:

(i) medical assistance shall reimburse for services provided by a mental health
practitioner who maintains a consulting relationship with is delivering services that fall
within the scope of the practitioner's practice and who is supervised by a mental health
professional who accepts full professional responsibility;

(ii) medical assistance shall reimburse for services provided by a mental health
behavioral aide who maintains a consulting relationship with is delivering services that fall
within the scope of the aide's practice and who is supervised by a mental health professional
who accepts full professional responsibility and has an approved plan for clinical
supervision of the behavioral aide. Plans will must be developed in accordance with
supervision standards defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371, subpart 4, items A to D;

(iii) the mental health professional is required to be present on site at the site
 of service delivery for observation as clinically appropriate when the mental health
 practitioner or mental health behavioral aide is providing CTSS services; and

(iv) when conducted, the on-site presence of the mental health professional must be
documented in the child's record and signed by the mental health professional who accepts
full professional responsibility;

(5) providing direction to a mental health behavioral aide. For entities that employ 52.7 mental health behavioral aides, the clinical supervisor must be employed by the provider 52.8 entity or other eertified children's therapeutic supports and services provider entity certified 52.9 to provide mental health behavioral aide services to ensure necessary and appropriate 52.10 oversight for the client's treatment and continuity of care. The mental health professional or 52.11 mental health practitioner giving direction must begin with the goals on the individualized 52.12 treatment plan, and instruct the mental health behavioral aide on how to construct 52.13 implement therapeutic activities and interventions that will lead to goal attainment. The 52.14 52.15 professional or practitioner giving direction must also instruct the mental health behavioral aide about the client's diagnosis, functional status, and other characteristics that are likely 52.16 to affect service delivery. Direction must also include determining that the mental health 52.17 behavioral aide has the skills to interact with the client and the client's family in ways that 52.18 convey personal and cultural respect and that the aide actively solicits information relevant 52.19 to treatment from the family. The aide must be able to clearly explain the activities the 52.20 aide is doing with the client and the activities' relationship to treatment goals. Direction is 52.21 more didactic than is supervision and requires the professional or practitioner providing 52.22 52.23 it to continuously evaluate the mental health behavioral aide's ability to carry out the activities of the individualized treatment plan and the individualized behavior plan. When 52.24 providing direction, the professional or practitioner must: 52.25

(i) review progress notes prepared by the mental health behavioral aide for accuracy
and consistency with diagnostic assessment, treatment plan, and behavior goals and the
professional or practitioner must approve and sign the progress notes;

(ii) identify changes in treatment strategies, revise the individual behavior plan,
and communicate treatment instructions and methodologies as appropriate to ensure
that treatment is implemented correctly;

- (iii) demonstrate family-friendly behaviors that support healthy collaboration among
 the child, the child's family, and providers as treatment is planned and implemented;
- (iv) ensure that the mental health behavioral aide is able to effectively communicate
 with the child, the child's family, and the provider; and

(v) record the results of any evaluation and corrective actions taken to modify thework of the mental health behavioral aide;

53.3 (6) providing service delivery that implements the individual treatment plan and53.4 meets the requirements under subdivision 9; and

(7) individual treatment plan review. The review must determine the extent to 53.5 which the services have met each of the goals and objectives in the previous treatment 53.6 plan. The review must assess the client's progress and ensure that services and treatment 53.7 goals continue to be necessary and appropriate to the client and the client's family or 538 foster family. Revision of the individual treatment plan does not require a new diagnostic 53.9 assessment unless the client's mental health status has changed markedly. The updated 53.10 treatment plan must be signed by the clinical supervisor and by the client, if appropriate, 53.11 and by the client's parent or other person authorized by statute to give consent to the 53.12 mental health services for the child. 53.13

53.14

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

53.15 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
53.16 Subd. 9. Service delivery criteria. (a) In delivering services under this section, a
53.17 certified provider entity must ensure that:

(1) each individual provider's caseload size permits the provider to deliver services
to both clients with severe, complex needs and clients with less intensive needs. The
provider's caseload size should reasonably enable the provider to play an active role in
service planning, monitoring, and delivering services to meet the client's and client's
family's needs, as specified in each client's individual treatment plan;

(2) site-based programs, including day treatment and preschool programs, provide
staffing and facilities to ensure the client's health, safety, and protection of rights, and that
the programs are able to implement each client's individual treatment plan; and

(3) a day treatment program is provided to a group of clients by a multidisciplinary 53.26 team under the clinical supervision of a mental health professional. The day treatment 53.27 program must be provided in and by: (i) an outpatient hospital accredited by the Joint 53.28 Commission on Accreditation of Health Organizations and licensed under sections 144.50 53.29 to 144.55; (ii) a community mental health center under section 245.62; or (iii) an entity 53.30 that is certified under subdivision 4 to operate a program that meets the requirements of 53.31 section 245.4884, subdivision 2, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0170 to 9505.0475. The 53.32 day treatment program must stabilize the client's mental health status while developing 53.33 and improving the client's independent living and socialization skills. The goal of the day 53.34 53.35 treatment program must be to reduce or relieve the effects of mental illness and provide

training to enable the client to live in the community. The program must be available 54.1 year-round at least three to five days per week, two or three hours per day, except as the 54.2 normal five-day school week is foreshortened by a holiday, weather-related cancellation, 54.3 or other district-wide reduction in a school week. A child transitioning into or out of day 54.4 treatment must receive a minimum treatment of one day a week for a two-hour time block. 54.5 The two-hour time block must include at least one hour of individual patient and/or family 54.6 or group psychotherapy. The remainder of the structured treatment program may include 54.7 individual patient and/or family or group psychotherapy, and individual or group skills 54.8 training, if included in the client's individual treatment plan. Day treatment programs are 54.9 not part of inpatient or residential treatment services. When a day treatment group that 54.10 meets the minimum group size requirement temporarily falls below the minimum group 54.11 54.12 size because of a member's temporary absence, medical assistance covers a group session conducted for the group members in attendance. A day treatment program may provide 54.13 fewer than the minimally required hours for a particular child during a billing period in 54.14 54.15 which the child is transitioning into, or out of, the program; and.

(4) a therapeutic preschool program is a structured treatment program offered 54.16 to a child who is at least 33 months old, but who has not yet reached the first day of 54.17 kindergarten, by a preschool multidisciplinary team in a day program licensed under 54.18 Minnesota Rules, parts 9503.0005 to 9503.0175. The program must be available two 54.19 hours per day, five days per week, and 12 months of each calendar year. The structured 54.20 treatment program may include individual or group psychotherapy and individual or 54.21 group skills training, if included in the client's individual treatment plan. A therapeutic 54.22 54.23 preschool program may provide fewer than the minimally required hours for a particular 54.24 child during a billing period in which the child is transitioning into, or out of, the program. (b) To be eligible for medical assistance payment, a provider entity must deliver the 54.25 54.26 service components of children's therapeutic services and supports in compliance with the

54.27 following requirements:

(1) individual patient and/or family, family, and group psychotherapy must be 54.28 delivered as specified in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0372, subpart 6. Psychotherapy to 54.29 address the child's underlying mental health disorder must be documented as part of the 54.30 child's ongoing treatment. A provider must deliver, or arrange for, medically necessary 54.31 psychotherapy, unless the child's parent or caregiver chooses not to receive it. When a 54.32 provider delivering other services to a child under this section deems it not medically 54.33 necessary to provide psychotherapy to the child for a period of 90 days or longer, the 54.34 provider entity must document the medical reasons why psychotherapy is not necessary. 54.35

54.36 When a provider determines that a child needs psychotherapy but psychotherapy cannot

55.1	be delivered due to a shortage of licensed mental health professionals in the child's
55.2	community, the provider must document the lack of access in the child's medical record;
55.3	(2) individual, family, or group skills training must be provided by a mental health
55.4	professional or a mental health practitioner who has a consulting relationship with is
55.5	delivering services that fall within the scope of the provider's practice and is supervised by
55.6	a mental health professional who accepts full professional responsibility for the training;
55.7	Skills training is subject to the following requirements:
55.8	(i) a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner shall
55.9	provide skills training;
55.10	(ii) skills training delivered to a child or the child's family must be targeted to the
55.11	specific deficits or maladaptations of the child's mental health disorder and must be
55.12	prescribed in the child's individual treatment plan;
55.13	(iii) the mental health professional delivering or supervising the delivery of skills
55.14	training must document any underlying psychiatric condition and must document how
55.15	skills training is being used in conjunction with psychotherapy to address the underlying
55.16	condition;
55.17	(iv) skills training delivered to the child's family must teach skills needed by parents
55.18	to enhance the child's skill development, to help the child utilize daily life skills taught by
55.19	a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner, and to develop
55.20	or maintain a home environment that supports the child's progressive use of skills;
55.21	(v) group skills training may be provided to multiple recipients who, because of the
55.22	nature of their emotional, behavioral, or social dysfunction, can derive mutual benefit from
55.23	interaction in a group setting, which must be staffed as follows:
55.24	(A) one mental health professional or one clinical trainee or mental health
55.25	practitioner under supervision of a licensed mental health professional must work with a
55.26	group of three to eight clients; or
55.27	(B) two mental health professionals, two clinical trainees or mental health
55.28	practitioners under supervision of a licensed mental health professional, or one mental
55.29	health professional or clinical trainee and one mental health practitioner must work with a
55.30	group of nine to 12 clients;
55.31	(vi) a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner must
55.32	have taught the psychosocial skill before a mental health behavioral aide may practice that
55.33	skill with the client; and
55.34	(vii) for group skills training, when a skills group that meets the minimum group
55.35	size requirement temporarily falls below the minimum group size because of a group

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56.1 member's temporary absence, the provider may conduct the session for the group members
 56.2 in attendance;

(3) crisis assistance to a child and family must be time-limited and designed include 56.3 development of a written plan that anticipates the particular factors specific to the child 56.4 that may precipitate a psychiatric crisis for the child in the near future. The written plan 56.5 must document actions that the family should be prepared to take to resolve or stabilize a 56.6 crisis through, such as advance arrangements for direct intervention and support services 56.7 to the child and the child's family. Crisis assistance must utilize include preparing 56.8 resources designed to address abrupt or substantial changes in the functioning of the child 56.9 or the child's family as evidenced by a when sudden change in behavior with negative 56.10 consequences for well being, or a loss of usual coping mechanisms is observed, or the 56.11 presentation of child begins to present a danger to self or others; 56.12

(4) mental health behavioral aide services must be medically necessary treatment 56.13 services, identified in the child's individual treatment plan and individual behavior plan, 56.14 56.15 which are performed minimally by a paraprofessional qualified according to subdivision 7, paragraph (b), clause (3), and which are designed to improve the functioning of the 56.16 child in the progressive use of developmentally appropriate psychosocial skills. Activities 56.17 involve working directly with the child, child-peer groupings, or child-family groupings 56.18 to practice, repeat, reintroduce, and master the skills defined in subdivision 1, paragraph 56.19 (p), as previously taught by a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health 56.20 practitioner including: 56.21

(i) providing cues or prompts in skill-building peer-to-peer or parent-child
interactions so that the child progressively recognizes and responds to the cues
independently;

56.25 (ii) performing as a practice partner or role-play partner;

56.26 (iii) reinforcing the child's accomplishments;

56.27 (iv) generalizing skill-building activities in the child's multiple natural settings;

56.28 (v) assigning further practice activities; and

56.29 (vi) intervening as necessary to redirect the child's target behavior and to de-escalate 56.30 behavior that puts the child or other person at risk of injury.

56.31 A mental health behavioral aide must document the delivery of services in written progress

56.32 notes. To be eligible for medical assistance payment, mental health behavioral aide services

56.33 must be delivered to a child who has been diagnosed with an emotional disturbance or a

56.34 mental illness, as provided in subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The mental health behavioral

so.35 aide must implement treatment strategies in the individual treatment plan and the individual

56.36 behavior plan as developed by the mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental

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health practitioner providing direction for the mental health behavioral aide. The mental 57.1 health behavioral aide must document the delivery of services in written progress notes. 57.2 Progress notes must reflect implementation of the treatment strategies, as performed by 57.3 the mental health behavioral aide and the child's responses to the treatment strategies; and 57.4 (5) direction of a mental health behavioral aide must include the following: 57.5 (i) a clinical supervision plan approved by the responsible mental health professional; 57.6 (ii) (i) ongoing face-to-face observation of the mental health behavioral aide 57.7 delivering services to a child by a mental health professional or mental health practitioner 57.8 for at least a total of one hour during every 40 hours of service provided to a child; and 57.9 (iii) immediate accessibility of the mental health professional, clinical trainee, or 57.10 mental health practitioner to the mental health behavioral aide during service provision-; 57.11 (6) mental health service plan development must be performed in consultation 57.12 with the child's family and, when appropriate, with other key participants in the child's 57.13 life by the child's treating mental health professional or clinical trainee or by a mental 57.14 57.15 health practitioner and approved by the treating mental health professional. Treatment plan drafting consists of development, review, and revision by face-to-face or electronic 57.16 communication. The provider must document events, including the time spent with 57.17 the family and other key participant's in the child's life to review, revise, and sign the 57.18 individual treatment plan; and 57.19 (7) to be eligible for payment, a diagnostic assessment must be complete with regard 57.20 to all required components, including multiple assessment appointments required for an 57.21 extended diagnostic assessment and the written report. Dates of the multiple assessment 57.22

- 57.23 appointments must be noted in the client's clinical record.
- 57.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

57.25 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0943, subdivision 11, is amended to 57.26 read:

Subd. 11. Documentation and billing. (a) A provider entity must document the 57.27 services it provides under this section. The provider entity must ensure that the entity's 57.28 documentation standards meet the requirements of federal and state laws documentation 57.29 complies with Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2175 and 9505.2197. Services billed under 57.30 this section that are not documented according to this subdivision shall be subject to 57.31 monetary recovery by the commissioner. The provider entity may not bill for Billing 57.32 for covered service components under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), must not include 57.33 anything other than direct service time. 57.34

58.1	(b) An individual mental health provider must promptly document the following
58.2	in a client's record after providing services to the client:
58.3	(1) each occurrence of the client's mental health service, including the date, type,
58.4	length, and start and stop times, scope of the service as described in the child's individual
58.5	treatment plan, and outcome of the service compared to baselines and objectives;
58.6	(2) the name, dated signature, and credentials of the person who gave delivered
58.7	the service;
58.8	(3) contact made with other persons interested in the client, including representatives
58.9	of the courts, corrections systems, or schools. The provider must document the name
58.10	and date of each contact;
58.11	(4) any contact made with the client's other mental health providers, case manager,
58.12	family members, primary caregiver, legal representative, or the reason the provider did
58.13	not contact the client's family members, primary caregiver, or legal representative, if
58.14	applicable; and
58.15	(5) required clinical supervision directly related to the identified client's services and
58.16	needs, as appropriate, with co-signatures of the supervisor and supervisee; and
50.15	(6) the date when services are discontinued and reasons for discontinuation of
58.17	(0) the date when services are discontinued and reasons for discontinuation of
58.17 58.18	services.
58.18	services.
58.18 58.19	services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
58.18 58.19 58.20	services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21	 services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Required covered service components. (a) Effective May 23, 2013,
58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21 58.22	services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Required covered service components. (a) Effective May 23, 2013, and subject to federal approval, medical assistance covers medically necessary intensive
58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21 58.22 58.22 58.23	 services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Required covered service components. (a) Effective May 23, 2013, and subject to federal approval, medical assistance covers medically necessary intensive treatment services described under paragraph (b) that are provided by a provider entity
 58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21 58.22 58.23 58.24 	services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Required covered service components. (a) Effective May 23, 2013, and subject to federal approval, medical assistance covers medically necessary intensive treatment services described under paragraph (b) that are provided by a provider entity eligible under subdivision 3 to a client eligible under subdivision 2 who is placed in a foster
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58.18 58.19 58.20 58.21 58.22 58.23 58.23 58.24 58.25 58.26 58.26 58.27 58.28 58.28 58.29	 services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0946, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Required covered service components. (a) Effective May 23, 2013, and subject to federal approval, medical assistance covers medically necessary intensive treatment services described under paragraph (b) that are provided by a provider entity eligible under subdivision 3 to a client eligible under subdivision 2 who is placed in a foster home licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3340, or placed in a foster home licensed under the regulations established by a federally recognized Minnesota tribe. (b) Intensive treatment services to children with mental illness residing in foster family settings that comprise specific required service components provided in clauses (1) to (5) are reimbursed by medical assistance when they meet the following standards:

58.33 (2) crisis assistance provided according to standards for children's therapeutic
58.34 services and supports in section 256B.0943;

59.1	(3) individual, family, and group psychoeducation services, defined in subdivision				
59.2	1a, paragraph (q), provided by a mental health professional or a clinical trainee;				
59.3	(4) clinical care consultation, as defined in subdivision 1a, and provided by a mental				
59.4	health professional or a clinical trainee; and				
59.5	(5) service delivery payment requirements as provided under subdivision 4.				
59.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
59.7	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0947, subdivision 7a, is amended to				
59.8	read:				
59.9	Subd. 7a. Noncovered services. (a) The rate for intensive rehabilitative mental				
59.10	health services must exclude does not include medical assistance payment for services not				
59.11	eovered under this section in clauses (1) to (7). Services not covered under this section				
59.12	paragraph may be billed separately-:				
59.13	(1) inpatient psychiatric hospital treatment;				
59.14	(2) partial hospitalization;				
59.15	(3) children's mental health day treatment services;				
59.16	(4) physician services outside of care provided by a psychiatrist serving as a member				
59.17	of the treatment team;				
59.18	(5) room and board costs, as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 6;				
59.19	(6) home and community-based waiver services; and				
59.20	(7) other mental health services identified in the child's individualized education				
59.21	program.				
59.22	(b) The following services are not covered under this section and are not eligible				
59.23	for medical assistance payment under the per-client, per-day payment while youth are				
59.24	receiving intensive rehabilitative mental health services:				
59.25	(1) inpatient psychiatric hospital treatment;				
59.26	(2) (1) mental health residential treatment; and				
59.27	(3) partial hospitalization;				
59.28	(4) physician services outside of care provided by a psychiatrist serving as a member				
59.29	of the treatment team;				
59.30	(5) room and board costs, as defined in section 2561.03, subdivision 6;				
59.31	(6) children's mental health day treatment services; and				
59.32	(7) (2) mental health behavioral aide services, as defined in section 256B.0943,				
59.33	subdivision 1, paragraph (m).				
59.34	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				

Sec. 14. REPORT ON THE USE OF CERTIFIED PEER SPECIALISTS. 60.1 The commissioner of human services shall study and report on the use of certified 60.2 peer specialists in the mental health system. The study and report shall include an 60.3 60.4 assessment of the use of certified peer specialists within existing resources, an evaluation of the benefits of using certified peer specialists in hospital settings and intensive 60.5 residential treatment services (IRTS), an analysis of the existing duties of certified peer 60.6 specialists, options for expanding their duties and the benefits of expanding their duties, 60.7 methods for obtaining reimbursement for services they provide, an analysis of the cost 60.8 of expanding reimbursement, and any necessary proposed legislation. In assessing the 60.9 use of certified peer specialists in hospital settings and IRTS, the commissioner shall 60.10 make recommendations on how to obtain reimbursement for wraparound services by 60.11 60.12 these specialists and warm handoffs to community services that facilitate the successful transition of persons with mental illness to the next level of care. The commissioner shall 60.13 include stakeholder input in the study and development of the report. The report and any 60.14 60.15 necessary proposed legislation shall be submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction 60.16 over health and human services finance by February 1, 2016. 60.17 Sec. 15. **<u>REPEALER.</u>** 60.18 Minnesota Rules, parts 9535.2000; 9535.2100; 9535.2200; 9535.2300; 9535.2400; 60.19 9535.2500; 9535.2600; 9535.2700; 9535.2800; 9535.2900; and 9535.3000, are repealed. 60.20 ARTICLE 3 60.21 **DIRECT CARE AND TREATMENT** 60.22 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 253B.212, is amended by adding a 60.23 subdivision to read: 60.24 Subd. 1b. Cost of care; commitment by tribal court order; any federally 60.25 recognized Indian tribe within the state of Minnesota. The commissioner of human 60.26 services may contract with and receive payment from the Indian Health Service of the 60.27 United States Department of Health and Human Services for the care and treatment of 60.28 those members of any federally recognized Indian tribe within the state, who have been 60.29 committed by tribal court order to the Indian Health Service for care and treatment of 60.30 mental illness, developmental disability, or chemical dependency. The tribe may also 60.31 contract directly with the commissioner for treatment of those members of any federally 60.32 recognized Indian tribe within the state who have been committed by tribal court order 60.33 60.34 to the respective tribal Department of Health for care and treatment of mental illness,

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61.1 <u>developmental disability, or chemical dependency</u>. The contract shall provide that the

61.2 Indian Health Service and any federally recognized Indian tribe within the state shall not

61.3 transfer any person for admission to a regional center unless the commitment procedure

61.4 <u>utilized by the tribal court provided due process protections similar to those afforded</u>

61.5 by sections 253B.05 to 253B.10.

61.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 253B.212, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 61.7 Subd. 2. Effect given to tribal commitment order. When, under an agreement 61.8 entered into pursuant to subdivisions $1 \text{ }_{9\text{F}_2}$ 1a, or 1b, the Indian Health Service or the 61.9 placing tribe applies to a regional center for admission of a person committed to the 61.10 jurisdiction of the health service by the tribal court as a person who is mentally ill, 61.11 developmentally disabled, or chemically dependent, the commissioner may treat the 61.12 patient with the consent of the Indian Health Service or the placing tribe.

A person admitted to a regional center pursuant to this section has all the rights 61.13 61.14 accorded by section 253B.03. In addition, treatment reports, prepared in accordance with the requirements of section 253B.12, subdivision 1, shall be filed with the Indian Health 61.15 Service or the placing tribe within 60 days of commencement of the patient's stay at the 61.16 61.17 facility. A subsequent treatment report shall be filed with the Indian Health Service or the placing tribe within six months of the patient's admission to the facility or prior to 61.18 discharge, whichever comes first. Provisional discharge or transfer of the patient may be 61.19 authorized by the head of the treatment facility only with the consent of the Indian Health 61.20 Service or the placing tribe. Discharge from the facility to the Indian Health Service or the 61.21 61.22 placing tribe may be authorized by the head of the treatment facility after notice to and consultation with the Indian Health Service or the placing tribe. 61.23

61.24

61.25

ARTICLE 4

OPERATIONS

61.26 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.125, subdivision 1, is amended to 61.27 read:

61.28 Subdivision 1. Authorization. Except as provided in subdivision 5, a county or the 61.29 <u>commissioner must authorize the provider chosen by an applicant or a participant before</u> 61.30 the county can authorize payment for care provided by that provider. The commissioner 61.31 must establish the requirements necessary for authorization of providers. A provider 61.32 must be reauthorized every two years. A legal, nonlicensed family child care provider 61.33 also must be reauthorized when another person over the age of 13 joins the household, a 61.34 current household member turns 13, or there is reason to believe that a household member

has a factor that prevents authorization. The provider is required to report all family
changes that would require reauthorization. When a provider has been authorized for
payment for providing care for families in more than one county, the county responsible
for reauthorization of that provider is the county of the family with a current authorization
for that provider and who has used the provider for the longest length of time.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.125, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 62.6 Subd. 6. Record-keeping requirement. All providers receiving child care 62.7 assistance payments must keep daily attendance records at the site where services are 62.8 delivered for children receiving child care assistance and must make those records available 62.9 immediately to the county or the commissioner upon request. The attendance records must 62.10 be completed daily and include the date, the first and last name of each child in attendance, 62.11 and the times when each child is dropped off and picked up. To the extent possible, the 62.12 times that the child was dropped off to and picked up from the child care provider must be 62.13 62.14 entered by the person dropping off or picking up the child. The daily attendance records must be retained at the site where services are delivered for six years after the date of 62.15 service. A county or the commissioner may deny authorization as a child care provider to 62.16 any applicant or, rescind authorization of any provider, or establish an overpayment claim 62.17 in the system against a current or former provider, when the county or the commissioner 62.18 knows or has reason to believe that the provider has not complied with the record-keeping 62.19 requirement in this subdivision. A provider's failure to produce attendance records as 62.20 requested on more than one occasion constitutes grounds for disqualification as a provider. 62.21

62.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.125, is amended by adding a subdivision
62.23 to read:

62.24 Subd. 7. Overpayment claim for failure to comply with access to records requirement. (a) In establishing an overpayment claim under subdivision 6 for failure 62.25 to provide access to attendance records, the county or commissioner is limited to the six 62.26 years prior to the date the county or the commissioner requested the attendance records. 62.27 (b) When the commissioner or county establishes an overpayment claim against a 62.28 current or former provider, the commissioner or county must provide notice of the claim to 62.29 the provider. A notice of overpayment claim must specify the reason for the overpayment, 62.30 the authority for making the overpayment claim, the time period in which the overpayment 62.31 occurred, the amount of the overpayment, and the provider's right to appeal. 62.32 (c) The commissioner or county may seek to recover overpayments paid to a current 62.33

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63.1	theft under section 609.52, or a federal crime relating to theft of state funds or fraudulent								
63.2	billing for a program administered by the commissioner or a county, recovery may be								
63.3		less of the amount							
00.0	<u></u>			<u></u>					
63.4	Sec. 4. Mi	nnesota Statutes 20	14, section 119	B.125, is amended by	adding a subdivision				
63.5	to read:								
63.6	Subd. 8. Reporting required for child's part-time attendance. A provider must								
63.7	report to the county and report on the billing form as required when a child's attendance in								
63.8	child care falls to less than half of the child's authorized hours or days for a four-week								
63.9	period. If requested by the county or the commissioner, the provider must provide								
63.10	additional info	ormation to the cour	nty or commiss	sioner on the attendance	e of specific children.				
63.11	Sec. 5. [24	5.095] LIMITS O	N RECEIVIN	NG PUBLIC FUNDS.					
63.12	Subdivi	sion 1. Prohibition	. If a provider	, vendor, or individual	enrolled, licensed, or				
63.13	receiving fund	ds under a grant co	ntract in any p	rogram administered by	y the commissioner				
63.14	is excluded from any program administered by the commissioner, including under the								
63.15	commissioner's powers and authorities in section 256.01, the commissioner shall prohibit								
63.16	the excluded provider, vendor, or individual from enrolling or becoming licensed in any								
63.17	other program	administered by the	ne commissior	er. The duration of thi	s prohibition must				
63.18	last for the longest applicable sanction or disqualifying period in effect for the provider,								
63.19	vendor, or inc	lividual permitted b	by state or fede	eral law.					
63.20	Subd. 2	<u>.</u> Definitions. (a) I	For purposes o	f this section, the follo	wing definitions				
63.21	have the mean	nings given them.							
63.22	<u>(b) "Exc</u>	cluded" means dise	nrolled, subjec	et to license revocation	or suspension,				
63.23	disqualified, o	or subject to vendor	debarment un	der Minnesota Rules, p	part 1230.1150.				
63.24	(c) "Individual" means a natural person providing products or services as a provider								
63.25	or vendor.								
63.26	<u>(d)</u> "Pro	vider" means an ov	vner, controlli	ng individual, license h	older, director, or				
63.27	managerial official.								
63.28	Sec. 6. Mi	nnesota Statutes 20	14, section 24	5A.02, subdivision 13,	is amended to read:				
63.29	Subd. 1	3. Individual who	is related. "In	ndividual who is related	d" means a spouse,				
			1 1 1 1	1 1 1					

- 63.30 a parent, a <u>natural birth</u> or adopted child or stepchild, a stepparent, a stepbrother, a
- 63.31 stepsister, a niece, a nephew, an adoptive parent, a grandparent, a sibling, an aunt, an63.32 uncle, or a legal guardian.

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64.1	Sec. 7. Min	nesota Statutes 20	14, section 24;	5A.02, is amended by	adding a subdivision				
64.2	to read:		,	, <u>,</u>	U				
64.3	Subd. 20. Weekly. "Weekly" means at least every seven days.								
64.4	Sec. 8. Min	inesota Statutes 20	14, section 24:	5A.02, is amended by	adding a subdivision				
64.5	to read:								
64.6	Subd. 21. Monthly. "Monthly" means at least every 30 days.								
64.7	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision								
64.8	to read:								
64.9	Subd. 22. Quarterly. "Quarterly" means at least every 90 days.								
64.10			-	5A.04, subdivision 15					
64.11	Subd. 15a. Plan for transfer of clients and records upon closure. (a) Except for								
64.12	license holders	s who reside on the	e premises and	child care providers,	an applicant for				
64.13	initial or continuing licensure or certification must submit a written plan indicating how								
64.14	the agency program will provide for ensure the transfer of clients and records for both								
64.15	open and closed cases if the agency program closes. The plan must provide for managing								
64.16	private and confidential information concerning agency program clients. The plan must								
64.17	also provide for notifying affected clients of the closure at least 25 days prior to closure,								
64.18	including information on how to access their medical records. A controlling individual of								
64.19	the agency pro	ogram must annual	ly review and	sign the plan.					
64.20	(b) Plans	for the transfer of	open cases an	d case records must sj	pecify arrangements				
64.21	the agency pro	ogram will make to	transfer clien	ts to another agency p	rovider or county				
64.22	agency for con	tinuation of servic	es and to trans	fer the case record wi	th the client.				
64.23	(c) Plans for the transfer of closed case records must be accompanied by a signed								
64.24	agreement or o	other documentatio	on indicating th	at a county or a simila	arly licensed agency				
64.25	provider has ag	greed to accept and	l maintain the	agency's program's clo	osed case records and				
64.26	to provide foll	ow-up services as	necessary to a	ffected clients.					
64.27	Sec. 11. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	014, section 24	45A.07, subdivision 2	is amended to read:				
64.28	Subd. 2.	Temporary imm	ediate suspen	sion. (a) The commis	sioner shall act				
64.29	immediately to	o temporarily suspe	end a license i	f <u>:</u>					
64.30	<u>(1)</u> the li	cense holder's activ	ons or failure t	to comply with application	able law or rule, or				
64.31	the actions of other individuals or conditions in the program, pose an imminent risk of								
64.32	harm to the he	alth, safety, or righ	nts of persons s	served by the program	; or				

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(2) if while the program continues to operate pending an appeal of an order of 65.1 revocation, the commissioner identifies one or more subsequent violations of law or rule 65.2 which may adversely affect the health or safety of persons served by the program, the 65.3 commissioner shall act immediately to temporarily suspend the license. 65.4

(b) No state funds shall be made available or be expended by any agency or 65.5 department of state, county, or municipal government for use by a license holder regulated 65.6 under this chapter while a license is under immediate suspension. A notice stating the 65.7 reasons for the immediate suspension and informing the license holder of the right to an 65.8 expedited hearing under chapter 14 and Minnesota Rules, parts 1400.8505 to 1400.8612, 65.9 must be delivered by personal service to the address shown on the application or the last 65.10 known address of the license holder. The license holder may appeal an order immediately 65.11 65.12 suspending a license. The appeal of an order immediately suspending a license must be made in writing by certified mail or personal service. If mailed, the appeal must be 65.13 postmarked and sent to the commissioner within five calendar days after the license holder 65.14 65.15 receives notice that the license has been immediately suspended. If a request is made by personal service, it must be received by the commissioner within five calendar days after 65.16 the license holder received the order. A license holder and any controlling individual 65.17 shall discontinue operation of the program upon receipt of the commissioner's order to 65.18 immediately suspend the license. 65.19

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.07, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 65.20 Subd. 2a. Immediate suspension expedited hearing. (a) Within five working days 65.21 65.22 of receipt of the license holder's timely appeal, the commissioner shall request assignment of an administrative law judge. The request must include a proposed date, time, and place 65.23 of a hearing. A hearing must be conducted by an administrative law judge within 30 65.24 65.25 calendar days of the request for assignment, unless an extension is requested by either party and granted by the administrative law judge for good cause. The commissioner shall 65.26 issue a notice of hearing by certified mail or personal service at least ten working days 65.27 before the hearing. The scope of the hearing shall be limited solely to the issue of whether 65.28 the temporary immediate suspension should remain in effect pending the commissioner's 65.29 final order under section 245A.08, regarding a licensing sanction issued under subdivision 65.30 3 following the immediate suspension. For suspensions under subdivision 2, paragraph 65.31 (a), clause (1), the burden of proof in expedited hearings under this subdivision shall be 65.32 limited to the commissioner's demonstration that reasonable cause exists to believe that 65.33 the license holder's actions or failure to comply with applicable law or rule poses, or if the 65.34 actions of other individuals or conditions in the program poses an imminent risk of harm to 65.35

the health, safety, or rights of persons served by the program. "Reasonable cause" means 66.1 there exist specific articulable facts or circumstances which provide the commissioner 66.2 with a reasonable suspicion that there is an imminent risk of harm to the health, safety, or 66.3 rights of persons served by the program. When the commissioner has determined there is 66.4 reasonable cause to order the temporary immediate suspension of a license based on a 66.5 violation of safe sleep requirements, as defined in section 245A.1435, the commissioner is 66.6 not required to demonstrate that an infant died or was injured as a result of the safe sleep 66.7 violations. For suspensions under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2), the burden of 66.8 proof in expedited hearings under this subdivision shall be limited to the commissioner's 66.9 demonstration by a preponderance of evidence that, since the license was revoked, the 66.10 license holder committed additional violations of law or rule which may adversely affect 66.11 the health or safety of persons served by the program. 66.12

(b) The administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and a 66.13 recommendation within ten working days from the date of hearing. The parties shall 66.14 have ten calendar days to submit exceptions to the administrative law judge's report. 66.15 The record shall close at the end of the ten-day period for submission of exceptions. 66.16 The commissioner's final order shall be issued within ten working days from the close 66.17 of the record. When an appeal of a temporary immediate suspension is withdrawn or 66.18 dismissed, the commissioner shall issue a final order affirming the temporary immediate 66.19 suspension within ten calendar days of the commissioner's receipt of the withdrawal or 66.20 dismissal. Within 90 calendar days after a final order affirming an immediate suspension, 66.21 the commissioner shall make a determination regarding whether a final licensing sanction 66.22 66.23 shall be issued under subdivision 3. The license holder shall continue to be prohibited from operation of the program during this 90-day period. 66.24

(c) When the final order under paragraph (b) affirms an immediate suspension, and a
final licensing sanction is issued under subdivision 3 and the license holder appeals that
sanction, the license holder continues to be prohibited from operation of the program
pending a final commissioner's order under section 245A.08, subdivision 5, regarding the
final licensing sanction.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Location of residential programs. In determining whether to grant
a license, the commissioner shall specifically consider the population, size, land use
plan, availability of community services, and the number and size of existing licensed
residential programs in the town, municipality, or county in which the applicant seeks
to operate a residential program. The commissioner shall not grant an initial license

to any residential program if the residential program will be within 1,320 feet of an 67.1 existing residential program unless one of the following conditions apply: (1) the existing 67.2 residential program is located in a hospital licensed by the commissioner of health; (2) the 67.3 town, municipality, or county zoning authority grants the residential program a conditional 67.4 use or special use permit; (3) the program serves six or fewer persons and is not located 67.5 in a city of the first class; or (4) the program is foster care, or a community residential 67.6

- setting as defined under section 245D.02, subdivision 4a. 67.7
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.12, is amended to read: 67.8

67.9

245A.12 VOLUNTARY RECEIVERSHIP FOR RESIDENTIAL OR NONRESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS. 67.10

Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section and section 245A.13, the 67.11 following terms have the meanings given them. 67.12

(a) "Controlling individual" has the meaning in section 245A.02, subdivision 5a. 67.13 When used in this section and section 245A.13, it means only those individuals controlling 67.14 67.15 the residential or nonresidential program prior to the commencement of the receivership period. 67.16

(b) "Physical plant" means the building or buildings in which a residential or 67.17 67.18 nonresidential program is located; all equipment affixed to the building and not easily subject to transfer as specified in the building and fixed equipment tables of the 67.19 depreciation guidelines; and auxiliary buildings in the nature of sheds, garages, and storage 67.20 buildings located on the same site if used for purposes related to resident or client care. 67.21

(c) "Related party" means a person who is a close relative of a provider or a provider 67.22 group; an affiliate of a provider or a provider group; a close relative of an affiliate of a 67.23 provider or provider group; or an affiliate of a close relative of an affiliate of a provider 67.24 or provider group. For the purposes of this paragraph, the following terms have the 67.25 meanings given them. 67.26

(1) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more 67.27 intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with another 67.28 person. 67.29

(2) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a 67.30 trust, an unincorporated organization, or a government or political subdivision. 67.31

(3) "Close relative of an affiliate of a provider or provider group" means an 67.32 individual whose relationship by blood, marriage, or adoption to an individual who is an 67.33 67.34 affiliate to a provider or a provider group is no more remote than first cousin.

(4) "Control" includes the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common
control with" and means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause
the direction of the management, operations, or policies of a person, whether through the
ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

68.5 (5) "Provider or provider group" means the license holder or controlling individual
68.6 prior to the effective date of the receivership.

Subd. 2. Receivership agreement. A majority of controlling individuals of a 68.7 residential or nonresidential program licensed or certified by the commissioner may at 68.8 any time ask the commissioner to assume operation of the residential program through 68.9 appointment of a receiver. On receiving the request for a receiver, the commissioner may 68.10 enter into an agreement with a majority of controlling individuals and become the receiver 68.11 68.12 and operate the residential or nonresidential program under conditions acceptable to both the commissioner and the majority of controlling individuals. The agreement must specify 68.13 the terms and conditions of the receivership and preserve the rights of the persons being 68.14 68.15 served by the residential program. A receivership set up under this section terminates at the time specified by the parties to the agreement. 68.16

Subd. 3. **Management agreement.** When the commissioner agrees to become the receiver of a residential <u>or nonresidential program</u>, the commissioner may enter into a management agreement with another entity or group to act as the managing agent during the receivership period. The managing agent will be responsible for the day-to-day operations of the residential program subject at all times to the review and approval of the commissioner. A reasonable fee may be paid to the managing agent for the performance of these services.

68.24 Subd. 4. Rate adjustment. The provisions of section 245A.13, subdivisions 7 and
68.25 8, shall also apply to voluntary receiverships.

68.26 Subd. 5. **Controlling individuals; restrictions on licensure.** No controlling 68.27 individual of a residential <u>or nonresidential program placed into receivership under this</u> 68.28 section shall apply for or receive a license <u>or certification from the commissioner to</u> 68.29 operate a residential <u>or nonresidential program for five years from the commencement of</u> 68.30 the receivership period. This subdivision does not apply to residential programs that are 68.31 owned or operated by controlling individuals, that were in existence prior to the date of 68.32 the receivership agreement, and that have not been placed into receivership.

Subd. 6. Liability. The controlling individuals of a residential or nonresidential
program placed into receivership remain liable for any claims made against the residential
program that arose from incidents or events that occurred prior to the commencement

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69.1 of the receivership period. Neither the commissioner nor the managing agent of the69.2 commissioner assumes this liability.

Subd. 7. Liability for financial obligations. Neither the commissioner nor the 69.3 managing agent of the commissioner shall be liable for payment of any financial obligations 69.4 of the residential or nonresidential program or of its controlling individuals incurred prior 69.5 to the commencement of the receivership period unless such liability is expressly assumed 69.6 in the receivership agreement. Those financial obligations remain the liability of the 69.7 residential program and its controlling individuals. Financial obligations of the residential 69.8 program incurred after the commencement of the receivership period are the responsibility 69.9 of the commissioner or the managing agent of the commissioner to the extent such 69.10 obligations are expressly assumed by each in the receivership or management agreements. 69.11 The controlling individuals of the residential or nonresidential program remain liable for 69.12 any financial obligations incurred after the commencement of the receivership period to 69.13 the extent these obligations are not reimbursed in the rate paid to the residential program 69.14 69.15 and are reasonable and necessary to the operation of the residential program. These financial obligations, or any other financial obligations incurred by the residential program 69.16 prior to the commencement of the receivership period which are necessary to the continued 69.17 operation of the residential program, may be deducted from any rental payments owed to 69.18 the controlling individuals of the residential program as part of the receivership agreement. 69.19

69.20 Subd. 8. Physical plant of the residential <u>or nonresidential program</u>. Occupation
69.21 of the physical plant after commencement of the receivership period shall be controlled
69.22 by paragraphs (a) and (b).

69.23 (a) If the physical plant of a residential or nonresidential program placed in receivership is owned by a controlling individual or related party, the physical plant may 69.24 be used by the commissioner or the managing agent for purposes of the receivership as 69.25 69.26 long as the receivership period continues. A fair monthly rental for the physical plant shall be paid by the commissioner or managing agent to the owner of the physical plant. This 69.27 fair monthly rental shall be determined by considering all relevant factors necessary to 69.28 meet required arm's-length obligations of controlling individuals such as the mortgage 69.29 payments owed on the physical plant, the real estate taxes, and special assessments. This 69.30 rental shall not include any allowance for profit or be based on any formula that includes 69.31 an allowance for profit. 69.32

(b) If the owner of the physical plant of a residential <u>or nonresidential program</u>
placed in receivership is not a related party, the controlling individual shall continue as the
lessee of the property. However, during the receivership period, rental payments shall be
made to the owner of the physical plant by the commissioner or the managing agent on

behalf of the controlling individual. Neither the commissioner nor the managing agent

assumes the obligations of the lease unless expressly stated in the receivership agreement.

Should the lease expire during the receivership, the commissioner or the managing agent
may negotiate a new lease for the term of the receivership period.

Subd. 9. Receivership accounting. The commissioner may use the medical
assistance account and funds for receivership cash flow and accounting purposes.

Subd. 10. Receivership costs. The commissioner may use the accounts and funds
that would have been available for the room and board, services, and program costs of
persons in the residential program for costs, cash flow, and accounting purposes related
to the receivership.

70.11 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.13, is amended to read:

70.12 245A.13 INVOLUNTARY RECEIVERSHIP FOR RESIDENTIAL OR 70.13 NONRESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. Application. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the 70.14 70.15 commissioner may petition the district court in Ramsey County for an order directing the controlling individuals of the a residential or nonresidential program licensed or certified 70.16 by the commissioner to show cause why the commissioner should not be appointed 70.17 70.18 receiver to operate the residential program. The petition to the district court must contain proof by affidavit: (1) that the commissioner has either begun license suspension or 70.19 revocation proceedings, proceedings to suspend or revoke a license or certification, has 70.20 suspended or revoked a license or certification, or has decided to deny an application for 70.21 licensure or certification of the residential program; or (2) it appears to the commissioner 70.22 that the health, safety, or rights of the residents or persons receiving care from the program 70.23 may be in jeopardy because of the manner in which the residential program may close, 70.24 the residential program's financial condition, or violations committed by the residential 70.25 program of federal or state laws or rules. If the license holder, applicant, or controlling 70.26 individual operates more than one residential program, the commissioner's petition must 70.27 specify and be limited to the residential program for which it seeks receivership. The 70.28 affidavit submitted by the commissioner must set forth alternatives to receivership that 70.29 have been considered, including rate adjustments. The order to show cause is returnable 70.30 not less than five days after service is completed and must provide for personal service of 70.31 a copy to the residential program administrator and to the persons designated as agents by 70.32 the controlling individuals to accept service on their behalf. 70.33

70.34Subd. 2. Appointment of receiver. If the court finds that involuntary receivership is70.35necessary as a means of protecting the health, safety, or rights of persons being served by

71.1 the residential program, the court shall appoint the commissioner as receiver to operate the 71.2 residential program. The commissioner as receiver may contract with another entity or 71.3 group to act as the managing agent during the receivership period. The managing agent 71.4 will be responsible for the day-to-day operations of the residential program subject at all 71.5 times to the review and approval of the commissioner.

Subd. 3. Powers and duties of the receiver. Within 36 months after the receivership 71.6 order, the receiver shall provide for the orderly transfer of the persons served by the 71.7 residential program to other residential programs or make other provisions to protect their 71.8 health, safety, and rights. The receiver or the managing agent shall correct or eliminate 71.9 deficiencies in the residential program that the commissioner determines endanger the 71.10 health, safety, or welfare of the persons being served by the residential program unless the 71.11 71.12 correction or elimination of deficiencies at a residential program involves major alteration in the structure of the physical plant. If the correction or elimination of the deficiencies 71.13 at a residential program requires major alterations in the structure of the physical plant, 71.14 71.15 the receiver shall take actions designed to result in the immediate transfer of persons served by the residential program. During the period of the receivership, the receiver 71.16 and the managing agent shall operate the residential or nonresidential program in a 71.17 manner designed to preserve the health, safety, rights, adequate care, and supervision of 71.18 the persons served by the residential program. The receiver or the managing agent may 71.19 make contracts and incur lawful expenses. The receiver or the managing agent shall 71.20 collect incoming payments from all sources and apply them to the cost incurred in the 71.21 performance of the functions of the receivership including the fee set under subdivision 4. 71.22 71.23 No security interest in any real or personal property comprising the residential program or contained within it, or in any fixture of the physical plant, shall be impaired or diminished 71.24 in priority by the receiver or the managing agent. 71.25

Subd. 3a. Liability. The provisions contained in section 245A.12, subdivision 6,
shall also apply to receiverships ordered according to this section.

Subd. 3b. Liability for financial obligations. The provisions contained in section
245A.12, subdivision 7, also apply to receiverships ordered according to this section.

Subd. 3c. Physical plant of the residential program. Occupation of the physical
plant under an involuntary receivership shall be governed by paragraphs (a) and (b).

(a) The physical plant owned by a controlling individual of the residential program
or related party must be made available for the use of the residential program throughout
the receivership period. The court shall determine a fair monthly rental for the physical
plant, taking into account all relevant factors necessary to meet required arm's-length
obligations of controlling individuals such as mortgage payments, real estate taxes,

and special assessments. The rental fee must be paid by the receiver to the appropriate
controlling individuals or related parties for each month that the receivership remains in
effect. No payment made to a controlling individual or related party by the receiver or the
managing agent or any state agency during a period of the receivership shall include any
allowance for profit or be based on any formula that includes an allowance for profit.

(b) If the owner of the physical plant of a residential program is not a related party,
the court shall order the controlling individual to continue as the lessee of the property
during the receivership period. Rental payments during the receivership period shall be
made to the owner of the physical plant by the commissioner or the managing agent on
behalf of the controlling individual.

Subd. 4. Fee. A receiver appointed under an involuntary receivership or themanaging agent is entitled to a reasonable fee as determined by the court.

Subd. 5. Termination. An involuntary receivership terminates 36 months after the
date on which it was ordered or at any other time designated by the court or when any
of the following events occurs:

(1) the commissioner determines that the residential program's license or certification
application should be granted or should not be suspended or revoked;

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(2) a new license or certification is granted to the residential program;

(3) the commissioner determines that all persons residing in the <u>a</u> residential
program have been provided with alternative residential programs <u>or that all persons</u>
receiving services in a nonresidential program have been referred to other programs; or

(4) the residential program closes court determines that the receivership is no longer
 necessary because the conditions which gave rise to the receivership no longer exist.

Subd. 6. Emergency procedure. If it appears from the petition filed under 72.24 subdivision 1, from an affidavit or affidavits filed with the petition, or from testimony of 72.25 72.26 witnesses under oath if the court determines it necessary, that there is probable cause to believe that an emergency exists in a residential or nonresidential program, the court shall 72.27 issue a temporary order for appointment of a receiver within five days after receipt of the 72.28 petition. Notice of the petition must be served on the residential program administrator 72.29 and on the persons designated as agents by the controlling individuals to accept service on 72.30 their behalf. A hearing on the petition must be held within five days after notice is served 72.31 unless the administrator or designated authorized agent consents to a later date. After the 72.32 hearing, the court may continue, modify, or terminate the temporary order. 72.33

Subd. 7. Rate recommendation. The commissioner of human services may review
rates of a residential <u>or nonresidential program participating in the medical assistance</u>
program which is in receivership and that has needs or deficiencies documented by the

Department of Health or the Department of Human Services. If the commissioner of
human services determines that a review of the rate established under sections 256B.5012
and 256B.5013 is needed, the commissioner shall:

(1) review the order or determination that cites the deficiencies or needs; and
(2) determine the need for additional staff, additional annual hours by type of
employee, and additional consultants, services, supplies, equipment, repairs, or capital
assets necessary to satisfy the needs or deficiencies.

Subd. 8. Adjustment to the rate. Upon review of rates under subdivision 7, the 73.8 commissioner may adjust the residential program's payment rate. The commissioner shall 73.9 review the circumstances, together with the residential program's most recent income and 73.10 expense report, to determine whether or not the deficiencies or needs can be corrected 73.11 or met by reallocating residential program staff, costs, revenues, or any other resources 73.12 including investments. If the commissioner determines that any deficiency cannot be 73.13 corrected or the need cannot be met with the payment rate currently being paid, the 73.14 73.15 commissioner shall determine the payment rate adjustment by dividing the additional annual costs established during the commissioner's review by the residential program's 73.16 actual resident client days from the most recent income and expense report or the estimated 73.17 resident client days in the projected receivership period. The payment rate adjustment 73.18 remains in effect during the period of the receivership or until another date set by the 73.19 commissioner. Upon the subsequent sale, closure, or transfer of the residential program, 73.20 the commissioner may recover amounts that were paid as payment rate adjustments under 73.21 this subdivision. This recovery shall be determined through a review of actual costs and 73.22 73.23 resident client days in the receivership period. The costs the commissioner finds to be allowable shall be divided by the actual resident client days for the receivership period. 73.24 This rate shall be compared to the rate paid throughout the receivership period, with 73.25 73.26 the difference multiplied by resident client days, being the amount to be repaid to the commissioner. Allowable costs shall be determined by the commissioner as those ordinary, 73.27 necessary, and related to resident client care by prudent and cost-conscious management. 73.28 The buyer or transferee shall repay this amount to the commissioner within 60 days after 73.29 the commissioner notifies the buyer or transferee of the obligation to repay. This provision 73.30 does not limit the liability of the seller to the commissioner pursuant to section 256B.0641. 73.31 Subd. 9. Receivership accounting. The commissioner may use the medical 73.32

assistance account and funds for receivership cash flow and accounting purposes.
Subd. 10. Receivership costs. The commissioner may use the accounts and funds

that would have been available for the room and board, services, and program costs of

persons in the residential program for costs, cash flow, and accounting purposes related
to the receivership.

Subd. 11. Controlling individuals; restrictions on licensure. No controlling
individual of a residential program placed into receivership under this section may apply
for or receive a license or certification to operate a residential or nonresidential program
for five years from the commencement of the receivership period. This subdivision does
not apply to residential programs that are owned or operated by controlling individuals
that were in existence before the date of the receivership agreement, and that have not
been placed into receivership.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.14, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
Subd. 14. Attendance records for publicly funded services. (a) A child care
center licensed under this chapter and according to Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503, must
maintain documentation of actual attendance for each child receiving care for which the
license holder is reimbursed by a governmental program. The records must be accessible
to the commissioner during the program's hours of operation, they must be completed on
the actual day of attendance, and they must include:

74.17

(1) the first and last name of the child;

74.18 (2) the time of day that the child was dropped off; and

74.19 (3) the time of day that the child was picked up.

(b) A family child care provider licensed under this chapter and according to
Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502, must maintain documentation of actual attendance for
each child receiving care for which the license holder is reimbursed <u>for the care of that</u>
<u>child by a governmental program</u>. The records must be accessible to the commissioner
during the program's hours of operation, they must be completed on the actual day of
attendance, and they must include:

74.26 (1) the first and last name of the child;

74.27 (2) the time of day that the child was dropped off; and

74.28

(3) the time of day that the child was picked up.

(c) An adult day services program licensed under this chapter and according to
Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5105 to 9555.6265, must maintain documentation of actual
attendance for each adult day service recipient for which the license holder is reimbursed
by a governmental program. The records must be accessible to the commissioner during
the program's hours of operation, they must be completed on the actual day of attendance,
and they must include:

74.35 (1) the first, middle, and last name of the recipient;

- (2) the time of day that the recipient was dropped off; and
 (3) the time of day that the recipient was picked up.
 (d) The commissioner shall not issue a correction for attendance record errors that
- 75.4 occur before August 1, 2013.

75.5 Sec. 17. [245A.1443] CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY PROGRAMS THAT SERVE 75.6 PARENTS WITH THEIR CHILDREN.

- 75.7Subdivision 1.Application.This section applies to chemical dependency treatment75.8facilities that are licensed under this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 9530, and that
- 75.9 provide services in accordance with Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6490.
- 75.10 Subd. 2. Requirements for providing education. (a) On or before the date of a
- 75.11 <u>child's initial physical presence at the facility, the license holder must provide education</u>
- 75.12 to the child's parent related to safe bathing and reducing the risk of sudden unexpected
- 75.13 infant death and abusive head trauma from shaking infants and young children. At a
- 75.14 <u>minimum, the education must address:</u>
- 75.15 (1) instruction that a child or infant should never be left unattended around water, a
- 75.16 <u>tub should be filled with only two to four inches of water for infants, and an infant should</u>
- 75.17 <u>never be put into a tub when the water is running; and</u>
- (2) the risk factors related to sudden unexpected infant death and abusive head trauma
 from shaking infants and young children, and means of reducing the risks, including the
- 75.20 safety precautions identified in section 245A.1435 and the dangers of co-sleeping.
- 75.21(b) The license holder must document the parent's receipt of the education and keep75.22the documentation in the parent's file. The documentation must indicate whether the
- parent agrees to comply with the safeguards. If the parent refuses to comply, program staff
- 75.24 <u>must provide additional education to the parent at appropriate intervals, at least weekly</u>
- 75.25 for the duration of the parent's participation in the program or until the parent agrees
- 75.26 <u>to comply with the safeguards.</u>
- 75.27 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Parental supervision of children. (a) On or before the date of a child's
 75.28 initial physical presence at the facility, the license holder must complete and document an
 75.29 assessment of the parent's capacity to meet the health and safety needs of the child while
 76 and the facility premises including identifying since since at the safety needs of the child while
- 75.30 on the facility premises, including identifying circumstances when the parent may be
- 75.31 <u>unable to adequately care for their child due to:</u>
- 75.32 (1) the parent's physical or mental health;
- 75.33 (2) the parent being under the influence of drugs, alcohol, medications, or other
 75.34 chemicals;
- 75.35 (3) the parent being unable to provide appropriate supervision for the child; or

76.1	(4) any other information available to the license holder that indicate the parent may
76.2	not be able to adequately care for the child.
76.3	(b) The license holder must have written procedures specifying the actions to be
76.4	taken by staff if a parent is or becomes unable to adequately care for the parent's child.
76.5	Subd. 4. Alternative supervision arrangements. The license holder must
76.6	have written procedures addressing whether the program permits a parent to arrange
76.7	for supervision of the parent's child by another client in the program. If permitted, the
76.8	facility must have a procedure that requires staff approval of the supervision arrangement
76.9	before the supervision by the nonparental client occurs. The procedure for approval must
76.10	include an assessment of the nonparental client's capacity to assume the supervisory
76.11	responsibilities using the criteria in subdivision 3. The license holder must document
76.12	the license holder's approval of the supervisory arrangement and the assessment of the
76.13	nonparental client's capacity to supervise the child, and must keep this documentation in
76.14	the file of the parent of the child being supervised.
76.15	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.148, is amended to read:
76.16	245A.148 FAMILY CHILD CARE DIAPERING AREA DISINFECTION.
76.17	Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9502.0435, a family child care provider may
76.18	disinfect the diaper changing surface with chlorine bleach in a manner consistent with label
76.19	directions for disinfection or with a surface disinfectant that meets the following criteria:
76.20	(1) the manufacturer's label or instructions state that the product is registered with
76.21	the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
76.22	(2) the manufacturer's label or instructions state that the disinfectant is effective
76.23	against Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella eholeraesuis enterica, and Pseudomonas
76.24	aeruginosa;
76.25	(3) the manufacturer's label or instructions state that the disinfectant is effective with
76.26	a ten minute or less contact time;
76.27	(4) the disinfectant is clearly labeled by the manufacturer with directions for mixing
76.28	and use;
76.29	(5) the disinfectant is used only in accordance with the manufacturer's directions; and
76.30	(6) the product does not include triclosan or derivatives of triclosan.
76.31	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
76.32	Subdivision 1. Delegation of authority to agencies. (a) County agencies and
76.33	private agencies that have been designated or licensed by the commissioner to perform
76.34	licensing functions and activities under section 245A.04 and background studies for family

child care under chapter 245C; to recommend denial of applicants under section 245A.05;
to issue correction orders, to issue variances, and recommend a conditional license under
section 245A.06; or to recommend suspending or revoking a license or issuing a fine
under section 245A.07, shall comply with rules and directives of the commissioner

77.5 governing those functions and with this section. The following variances are excluded

from the delegation of variance authority and may be issued only by the commissioner:

(1) dual licensure of family child care and child foster care, dual licensure of child
and adult foster care, and adult foster care and family child care;

77.9 (2) adult foster care maximum capacity;

77.10 (3) adult foster care minimum age requirement;

77.11 (4) child foster care maximum age requirement;

(5) variances regarding disqualified individuals except that county agencies may
issue variances under section 245C.30 regarding disqualified individuals when the county
is responsible for conducting a consolidated reconsideration according to sections 245C.25
and 245C.27, subdivision 2, clauses (a) and (b), of a county maltreatment determination
and a disqualification based on serious or recurring maltreatment;

- (6) the required presence of a caregiver in the adult foster care residence duringnormal sleeping hours; and
- (7) variances for community residential setting licenses under chapter 245D to
 requirements relating to chemical use problems of a license holder or a household member
 of a license holder.

Except as provided in section 245A.14, subdivision 4, paragraph (e), a county agency
must not grant a license holder a variance to exceed the maximum allowable family child
care license capacity of 14 children.

(b) County agencies must report information about disqualification reconsiderations
under sections 245C.25 and 245C.27, subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (b), and variances
granted under paragraph (a), clause (5), to the commissioner at least monthly in a format
prescribed by the commissioner.

- (c) For family day care programs, the commissioner may authorize licensing reviews
 every two years after a licensee has had at least one annual review.
- (d) For family adult day services programs, the commissioner may authorizelicensing reviews every two years after a licensee has had at least one annual review.
- (e) A license issued under this section may be issued for up to two years.
- (f) During implementation of chapter 245D, the commissioner shall consider:
- (1) the role of counties in quality assurance;
- (2) the duties of county licensing staff; and

(3) the possible use of joint powers agreements, according to section 471.59, with
counties through which some licensing duties under chapter 245D may be delegated by
the commissioner to the counties.

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Any consideration related to this paragraph must meet all of the requirements of thecorrective action plan ordered by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

(g) Licensing authority specific to section 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8, or
successor provisions; and section 245D.061 or successor provisions, for family child
foster care programs providing out-of-home respite, as identified in section 245D.03,
subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), is excluded from the delegation of authority

78.10 to county and private agencies.

78.11 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.175, is amended to read:

78.12 **245A.175 MENTAL HEALTH TRAINING REQUIREMENT.**

Prior to a nonemergency placement of a child in a foster care home, the child foster 78.13 care provider, licensed after July 1, 2007, license holder and all other caregivers and staff 78.14 in the program must complete two hours of training that addresses the causes, symptoms, 78.15 and key warning signs of mental health disorders; cultural considerations; and effective 78.16 approaches for dealing with a child's behaviors. At least one hour of the annual 12-hour 78.17 training requirement for foster parents, caregivers, and staff must be on children's mental 78.18 health issues and treatment. Training curriculum shall be approved by the commissioner 78.19 of human services. 78.20

78.21 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.1915, is amended to read:

78.22 245A.1915 OPIOID ADDICTION TREATMENT EDUCATION 78.23 REQUIREMENT FOR PROVIDERS LICENSED TO PROVIDE CHEMICAL 78.24 DEPENDENCY TREATMENT SERVICES.

All programs <u>serving persons with substance use issues</u> licensed by the commissioner must provide educational information concerning: treatment options for opioid addiction, including the use of a medication for the use of opioid addiction; and recognition of and response to opioid overdose and the use and administration of naloxone, to clients identified as having or seeking treatment for opioid addiction. The commissioner shall develop educational materials that are supported by research and updated periodically that must be used by programs to comply with this requirement.

78.32

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

79.1	Subd. 3. Medication orders. Prior to the program administering or dispensing a
79.2	medication used for the treatment of opioid addiction:
79.3	(1) a client-specific order must be received from an appropriately credentialed
79.4	physician who is enrolled as a Minnesota health care programs provider and meets all
79.5	applicable provider standards;
79.6	(2) the signed order must be documented in the client's record; and
79.7	(3) if the order is not directly issued by the physician, such as a verbal order, the
79.8	physician that issued the order must review the documentation and sign the order in the
79.9	elient's record within 72 hours of the medication being administered or dispensed. The
79.10	physician must document whether the medication was administered or dispensed as
79.11	ordered. The license holder must report to the commissioner any medication error that
79.12	endangers a patient's health, as determined by the medical director. if the physician that
79.13	issued the order is not able to sign the order when issued, the unsigned order must be
79.14	entered in the client record at the time it was received, and the physician must review the
79.15	documentation and sign the order in the client's record within 72 hours of the medication
79.16	being ordered. The license holder must report to the commissioner any medication error
79.17	that endangers a patient's health, as determined by the medical director.
79.18	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, is amended by adding a
79.19	subdivision to read:
79.20	Subd. 3a. High dose requirements. A client being administered or dispensed
79.21	a dose, beyond that set forth in subdivision 5, paragraph (a), clause (1), that exceeds
79.22	150 milligrams of methadone or 24 milligrams of buprenorphine daily, and for each
79.23	subsequent increase, must meet face to face with a prescribing physician. The meeting
79.24	must occur before the administering or dispensing of the increased dose.
79.25	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
79.26	Subd. 5. Criteria for unsupervised use. (a) To limit the potential for diversion
79.27	of medication used for the treatment of opioid addiction to the illicit market, any such
79.28	medications dispensed to patients for unsupervised use shall be subject to the following
79.29	requirements:
79.30	(1) any patient in an opioid treatment program may receive a single take-home dose

79.31 for a day that the clinic is closed for business, including Sundays and state and federal79.32 holidays; and

- (2) treatment program decisions on dispensing medications used to treat opioid 80.1 80.2 addiction to patients for unsupervised use beyond that set forth in clause (1) shall be determined by the medical director. 80.3 (b) The medical director A physician with authority to prescribe must consider the 80.4 criteria in this subdivision in determining whether a client may be permitted unsupervised 80.5 or take-home use of such medications. The criteria must also be considered when 80.6 determining whether dispensing medication for a client's unsupervised use is appropriate to 80.7 increase or to extend the amount of time between visits to the program. The criteria include: 80.8 (1) absence of recent abuse of drugs including but not limited to opioids, 80.9 nonnarcotics, and alcohol; 80.10 (2) regularity of program attendance; 80.11 (3) absence of serious behavioral problems at the program; 80.12 (4) absence of known recent criminal activity such as drug dealing; 80.13 (5) stability of the client's home environment and social relationships; 80.14 80.15 (6) length of time in comprehensive maintenance treatment; (7) reasonable assurance that take-home medication will be safely stored within the 80.16 client's home; and 80.17 (8) whether the rehabilitative benefit the client derived from decreasing the frequency 80.18 of program attendance outweighs the potential risks of diversion or unsupervised use. 80.19 (c) The determination, including the basis of the determination, must be consistent 80.20 with the criteria in this subdivision and must be documented in the client's medical record. 80.21 80.22 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 80.23 Subd. 10. Nonmedication treatment services; documentation. (a) The program 80.24 80.25 must offer at least 50 consecutive minutes of individual or group therapy treatment services as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6430, subpart 1, item A, subitem (1), per week, 80.26 for the first ten weeks following admission, and at least 50 consecutive minutes per month 80.27 thereafter. As clinically appropriate, the program may offer these services cumulatively 80.28 and not consecutively in increments of no less than 15 minutes over the required time 80.29 period, and for a total of 60 minutes of treatment services over the time period, and must 80.30 document the reason for providing services cumulatively in the client's record. The 80.31 program may offer additional levels of service when deemed clinically necessary. 80.32 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of comprehensive assessments in Minnesota 80.33
- 80.34 Rules, part 9530.6422, the assessment must be completed within 21 days of service
- 80.35 initiation.

81.1 (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of individual treatment plans set forth in 81.2 Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6425:

81.3 (1) treatment plan contents for maintenance clients are not required to include goals
81.4 the client must reach to complete treatment and have services terminated;

81.5 (2) treatment plans for clients in a taper or detox status must include goals the client
81.6 must reach to complete treatment and have services terminated;

(3) for the initial ten weeks after admission for all new admissions, readmissions, and 81.7 transfers, progress notes must be entered in a client's file at least weekly and be recorded 81.8 in each of the six dimensions upon the development of the treatment plan and thereafter. 81.9 Subsequently, the counselor must document progress no less than one time monthly, 81.10 recorded in the six dimensions or when clinical need warrants more frequent notations; and 81.11 (4) upon the development of the treatment plan and thereafter, treatment plan 81.12 reviews must occur weekly, or after each treatment service, whichever is less frequent, 81.13 for the first ten weeks of treatment for all new admissions, readmissions, and transfers 81.14 81.15 after the treatment plan is developed. Following the first ten weeks of treatment, treatment plan reviews, reviews may occur monthly, unless the client has needs that warrant more 81.16 frequent revisions or documentation. 81.17

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 81.18 81.19 Subd. 11. Prescription monitoring program. (a) Upon admission to a methadone elinic outpatient treatment program, elients shall be notified that the Department of Human 81.20 Services and the medical director will monitor the prescription monitoring program to 81.21 81.22 review the prescribed controlled drugs the clients have received. The medical director or the medical director's delegate must review data from the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy 81.23 prescription monitoring program (PMP) established under section 152.126 prior to the 81.24 81.25 elient being ordered any controlled substance as defined under section 152.126, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), including medications used for the treatment of opioid addiction. The 81.26 subsequent reviews of the PMP data must occur quarterly and be documented in the 81.27 elient's individual file. When the PMP data shows a recent history of multiple prescribers 81.28 or multiple prescriptions for controlled substances, then subsequent reviews of the PMP 81.29 data must occur monthly and be documented in the client's individual file. If, at any time, 81.30 the medical director believes the use of the controlled substances places the client at risk 81.31 of harm, the program must seek the client's consent to discuss the client's opioid treatment 81.32 with other prescribers and must seek consent for the other prescriber to disclose to the 81.33 opioid treatment program's medical director the client's condition that formed the basis of 81.34 the other prescriptions. Additionally, any findings from the PMP data that are relevant to 81.35

82.1 the medical director's course of treatment for the client must be documented in the client's 82.2 individual file. A review of the PMP is not required for every medication dose adjustment. The program must develop and maintain a policy and procedure that requires the ongoing 82.3 82.4 monitoring of the data from the prescription monitoring program for each client. The policy and procedure must include how the program will meet the requirements in paragraph (b). 82.5 (b) If a medication used for the treatment of opioid addiction is administered or 82.6 dispensed to a client, the license holder shall be subject to the following requirements: 82.7 (1) upon admission to a methadone clinic outpatient treatment program, clients must 82.8 be notified in writing that the commissioner of human services and the medical director 82.9 will monitor the prescription monitoring program to review the prescribed controlled 82.10 drugs the clients have received; 82.11 82.12 (2) the medical director or the medical director's delegate must review the data from the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy prescription monitoring program (PMP) established 82.13 under section 152.126 prior to the client being ordered any controlled substance, as 82.14 82.15 defined under section 152.126, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), including medications used for the treatment of opioid addiction, and subsequent reviews of the PMP data must occur 82.16 at least every 90 days; 82.17 (3) a copy of the PMP data reviewed must be maintained in the client file; 82.18 (4) when the PMP data contains a recent history of multiple prescribers or multiple 82.19 82.20 prescriptions for controlled substances, the physician's review of the data and subsequent actions must be documented in the client's individual file within 72 hours and must contain 82.21 the medical director's determination of whether or not the prescriptions place the client at 82.22 82.23 risk of harm and the actions to be taken in response to the PMP findings. In addition, the provider must conduct subsequent reviews of the PMP on a monthly basis; and 82.24 (5) if at any time the medical director believes the use of the controlled substances 82.25 82.26 places the client at risk of harm, the program must seek the client's consent to discuss the client's opioid treatment with other prescribers and must seek consent for the other 82.27 prescriber to disclose to the opioid treatment program's medical director the client's 82.28 condition that formed the basis of the other prescriptions. If the information is not 82.29 obtained within seven days, the medical director must document whether or not changes 82.30 to the client's medication dose or number of take-home doses are necessary until the 82.31 information is obtained. 82.32 (c) The commissioner shall collaborate with the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy 82.33

(c) The commissioner shall collaborate with the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy
 to develop and implement an electronic system through which the commissioner shall
 routinely access the data from the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy prescription monitoring
 program established under section 152.126 for the purpose of determining whether

83.1	any client enrolled in an opioid addiction treatment program licensed according to this
83.2	section has also been prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance in addition to
83.3	that administered or dispensed by the opioid addiction treatment program. When the
83.4	commissioner determines there have been multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of
83.5	controlled substances, the commissioner shall:
83.6	(1) inform the medical director of the opioid treatment program only that the
83.7	commissioner determined the existence of multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions of
83.8	controlled substances; and
83.9	(2) direct the medical director of the opioid treatment program to access the data
83.10	directly, review the effect of the multiple prescribers or multiple prescriptions, and
83.11	document the review.
83.12	(c) (d) If determined necessary, the commissioner shall seek a federal waiver of, or
83.13	exception to, any applicable provision of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section
83.14	2.34(c), prior to implementing this subdivision.
83.15	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, is amended by adding a
83.16	subdivision to read:
83.17	Subd. 15. A program's duty to report suspected drug diversion. (a) To the
83.18	fullest extent permitted under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections 2.1 to 2.67,
83.19	a program shall report to law enforcement any credible evidence that the program or its
83.20	personnel knows, or reasonably should know, that is directly related to a diversion crime
83.21	on the premises of the program, or a threat to commit a diversion crime.
83.22	(b) "Diversion crime" for the purposes of this section, means diverting, attempting
83.23	to divert, or conspiring to divert schedule I, II, III, or IV drugs, as defined in section
83.24	152.02, on the program's premises.
83.25	(c) The program must document its compliance with the requirement in paragraph
83.26	(a) in either a client's record or an incident report.
83.27	(d) Failure to comply with the duty in paragraph (a) may result in sanctions as
83.28	provided in sections 245A.06 and 245A.07.
83.29	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.192, is amended by adding a
83.30	subdivision to read:
83.31	Subd. 16. Variance. The commissioner may grant a variance to the requirements
83.32	of this section.

83.33 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

84.1	Subd. 3. First aid. (a) All teachers and assistant teachers in a child care center
84.2	governed by Minnesota Rules, parts 9503.0005 to 9503.0170, and at least one staff person
84.3	during field trips and when transporting children in care, must satisfactorily complete first
84.4	aid training within 90 days of the start of work, unless the training has been completed
84.5	within the previous three years.
84.6	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), which allows 90 days to complete training, at
84.7	least one staff person who has satisfactorily completed first aid training must be present at
84.8	all times in the center, during field trips, and when transporting children in care.
84.9	(c) The first aid training must be repeated at least every three years, documented in
84.10	the person's personnel record and indicated on the center's staffing chart, and provided by
84.11	an individual approved as a first aid instructor. This training may be less than eight hours.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.40, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 84.12 Subd. 4. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation. (a) All teachers and assistant teachers 84.13 84.14 in a child care center governed by Minnesota Rules, parts 9503.0005 to 9503.0170, and at least one staff person during field trips and when transporting children in care, must 84.15 satisfactorily complete training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) that includes CPR 84.16 84.17 techniques for infants and children and in the treatment of obstructed airways that includes CPR techniques for infants and children. The CPR training must be completed within 90 84.18 days of the start of work, unless the training has been completed within the previous 84.19 three years. The CPR training must have been provided by an individual approved to 84.20 provide CPR instruction, must be repeated at least once every three years, and must be 84.21 84.22 documented in the staff person's records.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), which allows 90 days to complete training, at 84.23 least one staff person who has satisfactorily completed cardiopulmonary resuscitation 84.24 84.25 training must be present at all times in the center, during field trips, and when transporting children in care. 84.26
- (b) (c) CPR training may be provided for less than four hours. 84.27
- (c) (d) Persons providing CPR training must use CPR training that has been 84.28 developed: 84.29
- (1) by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross and incorporates 84.30 psychomotor skills to support the instruction; or 84.31
- (2) using nationally recognized, evidence-based guidelines for CPR and incorporates 84.32 psychomotor skills to support the instruction. 84.33
- 84.34

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Sudden unexpected infant death and abusive head trauma training. (a) 85.1 85.2 License holders must document that before staff persons and volunteers care for infants, they are instructed on the standards in section 245A.1435 and receive training on reducing 85.3 the risk of sudden unexpected infant death. In addition, license holders must document 85.4 that before staff persons care for infants or children under school age, they receive training 85.5 on the risk of abusive head trauma from shaking infants and young children. The training 85.6 in this subdivision may be provided as orientation training under subdivision 1 and 85.7 in-service training under subdivision 7. 85.8

(b) Sudden unexpected infant death reduction training required under this
subdivision must be at least one-half hour in length and must be completed at least once
every year. At a minimum, the training must address the risk factors related to sudden
unexpected infant death, means of reducing the risk of sudden unexpected infant death in
child care, and license holder communication with parents regarding reducing the risk of
sudden unexpected infant death.

(c) Abusive head trauma training under this subdivision must be at least one-half
hour in length and must be completed at least once every year. At a minimum, the training
must address the risk factors related to shaking infants and young children, means to
reduce the risk of abusive head trauma in child care, and license holder communication
with parents regarding reducing the risk of abusive head trauma.

(d) The commissioner shall make available for viewing a video presentation on 85.20 the dangers associated with shaking infants and young children, which may be used in 85.21 conjunction with the annual training required under paragraph (c). The video presentation 85.22 85.23 must be part of the orientation and annual in-service training of licensed child care center staff persons caring for children under school age. The commissioner shall provide to 85.24 child care providers and interested individuals, at cost, copies of a video approved by the 85.25 85.26 commissioner of health under section 144.574 on the dangers associated with shaking infants and young children. 85.27

- 85.28 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245A.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 85.29 Subdivision 1. Initial training. (a) License holders, caregivers, and substitutes must
 85.30 comply with the training requirements in this section.
- (b) Helpers who assist with care on a regular basis must complete six hours oftraining within one year after the date of initial employment.
- 85.33 (c) Training requirements established under this section that must be completed prior
- 85.34 to initial licensure must be satisfied only by a newly licensed child care provider or by
- 85.35 <u>a child care provider who has not held an active child care license in Minnesota in the</u>

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86.1	previous 12 mo	nths A child care r	rovider who	relocates within the sta	te or who voluntarily		
	previous 12 months. A child care provider who relocates within the state or who voluntarily cancels a license or allows the license to lapse for a period of less than 12 months and						
86.2			-				
86.3				led license within 12 m			
86.4				raining requirements, a			
86.5	satisfy the train	ing requirements ti	hat must be c	ompleted prior to initia	al licensure.		
	See 22 Mir	magata Statutas 20	14 gostion 2	45C 02 subdivision 2	is amonded to read		
86.6				45C.02, subdivision 2,			
86.7				program. "Access to			
86.8				eiving services or, acc			
86.9		•	•	sonal, financial, or hea	lith information,		
86.10	without continu	ious, direct supervi	sion, as defin	ed in subdivision 8.			
	G., 24 M.	Q	14	450.04 - 1.1	· 1. 1 1		
86.11				45C.04, subdivision 4,			
86.12			-	s agencies. (a) The co			
86.13	-			quired to be studied un			
86.14	-	t least upon application	ation for regis	stration under section 1	44A.71, subdivision		
86.15	1.						
86.16			C	gency must initiate bac	C		
86.17	C	2		ly before an individual			
86.18	allowing direct	contact with perso	ns served by	the agency and annual	ly thereafter.		
86.19	<u>(c)</u> A supp	plemental nursing s	services agen	cy that initiates backgro	ound studies through		
86.20	NETStudy 2.0 i	s exempt from the	requirement	to initiate annual back	ground studies under		
86.21	paragraph (b) fo	or individuals who	are on the ag	gency's active roster.			
86.22	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This s	section is effe	ective the day followin	g final enactment.		
86.23	Sec. 35. Mir	nnesota Statutes 20	14, section 24	45C.04, subdivision 5,	is amended to read:		
86.24	Subd. 5.	Personnel agencie	es; educatior	al programs; profess	ional services		
86.25	agencies. <u>(a)</u> A	gencies, programs,	, and individu	als who initiate backg	round studies under		
86.26	section 245C.03	3, subdivision 4, m	ust initiate th	e studies annually usin	ng the electronic		
86.27	system known a	as NETStudy.					
86.28	(b) Agenc	eies, programs, and	l individuals	who initiate backgroun	d studies through		
86.29	<u> </u>			t to initiate annual bac			
86.30				the agency's or program			
	<u>_</u>						

86.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Unlicensed home and community-based waiver providers of service to
seniors and individuals with disabilities. (a) Providers required to initiate background
studies under section 256B.4912 must initiate a study using the electronic system known
as NETStudy before the individual begins in a position allowing direct contact with
persons served by the provider.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph paragraphs (c) and (d), the providers must
initiate a background study annually of an individual required to be studied under section
245C.03, subdivision 6.

(c) After an initial background study under this subdivision is initiated on an
individual by a provider of both services licensed by the commissioner and the unlicensed
services under this subdivision, a repeat annual background study is not required if:

(1) the provider maintains compliance with the requirements of section 245C.07, 87.13 paragraph (a), regarding one individual with one address and telephone number as the 87.14 person to receive sensitive background study information for the multiple programs that 87.15 depend on the same background study, and that the individual who is designated to receive 87.16 the sensitive background information is capable of determining, upon the request of the 87.17 commissioner, whether a background study subject is providing direct contact services 87.18 in one or more of the provider's programs or services and, if so, at which location or 87.19 locations; and 87.20

(2) the individual who is the subject of the background study provides direct
contact services under the provider's licensed program for at least 40 hours per year so
the individual will be recognized by a probation officer or corrections agent to prompt
a report to the commissioner regarding criminal convictions as required under section
245C.05, subdivision 7.

87.26 (d) A provider who initiates background studies through NETStudy 2.0 is exempt 87.27 from the requirement to initiate annual background studies under paragraph (b) for

87.28 individuals who are on the provider's active roster.

87.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Individual studied. (a) The individual who is the subject of the
background study must provide the applicant, license holder, or other entity under section
245C.04 with sufficient information to ensure an accurate study, including:

87.34 (1) the individual's first, middle, and last name and all other names by which the87.35 individual has been known;

(2) current home address, city, and state of residence; 88.1 (3) current zip code; 88.2 (4) sex; 88.3 (5) date of birth; 88.4 (6) Minnesota driver's license number or state identification number; and 88.5 (7) upon implementation of NETStudy 2.0, the home address, city, county, and 88.6 state of residence for the past five years. 88.7 (b) Every subject of a background study conducted or initiated by counties or private 88.8 agencies under this chapter must also provide the home address, city, county, and state of 88.9 residence for the past five years. 88.10 (c) Every subject of a background study related to private agency adoptions or 88.11 related to child foster care licensed through a private agency, who is 18 years of age 88.12 or older, shall also provide the commissioner a signed consent for the release of any 88.13 information received from national crime information databases to the private agency that 88.14 88.15 initiated the background study. (d) The subject of a background study shall provide fingerprints and a photograph as 88.16

- required in subdivision 5.
- 88.18

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

88.19 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.07, is amended to read:

88.20 **245C.07 STUDY SUBJECT AFFILIATED WITH MULTIPLE FACILITIES.**

(a) Subject to the conditions in paragraph (d), when a license holder, applicant, or
other entity owns multiple programs or services that are licensed by the Department
of Human Services, Department of Health, or Department of Corrections, only one
background study is required for an individual who provides direct contact services in one
or more of the licensed programs or services if:

(1) the license holder designates one individual with one address and telephone
number as the person to receive sensitive background study information for the multiple
licensed programs or services that depend on the same background study; and

(2) the individual designated to receive the sensitive background study information
is capable of determining, upon request of the department, whether a background study
subject is providing direct contact services in one or more of the license holder's programs
or services and, if so, at which location or locations.

(b) When a license holder maintains background study compliance for multiplelicensed programs according to paragraph (a), and one or more of the licensed programs

closes, the license holder shall immediately notify the commissioner which staff must be
transferred to an active license so that the background studies can be electronically paired
with the license holder's active program.

(c) When a background study is being initiated by a licensed program or service or a
foster care provider that is also registered under chapter 144D, a study subject affiliated
with multiple licensed programs or services may attach to the background study form a
cover letter indicating the additional names of the programs or services, addresses, and
background study identification numbers.

89.9 When the commissioner receives a notice, the commissioner shall notify each 89.10 program or service identified by the background study subject of the study results.

89.11 The background study notice the commissioner sends to the subsequent agencies
89.12 shall satisfy those programs' or services' responsibilities for initiating a background study
89.13 on that individual.

(d) If a background study was conducted on an individual related to child foster care
and the requirements under paragraph (a) are met, the background study is transferable
across all licensed programs. If a background study was conducted on an individual under
a license other than child foster care and the requirements under paragraph (a) are met, the
background study is transferable to all licensed programs except child foster care.

(e) The provisions of this section that allow a single background study in one
or more licensed programs or services do not apply to background studies submitted
by adoption agencies, supplemental nursing services agencies, personnel agencies,
educational programs, professional services agencies, and unlicensed personal care
provider organizations.

(f) For an entity operating under NETStudy 2.0, the entity's active roster must be
the system used to document when a background study subject is affiliated with multiple
entities. For a background study to be transferable:

89.27 (1) the background study subject must be on and moving to a roster for which the
89.28 person designated to receive sensitive background study information is the same; and

(2) the same entity must own or legally control both the roster from which the
 transfer is occurring and the roster to which the transfer is occurring. For an entity that
 holds or controls multiple licenses, or unlicensed personal care provider organizations,

89.32 there must be a common highest level entity that has a legally identifiable structure that

89.33 <u>can be verified through records available from the secretary of state.</u>

89.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

89.35 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

90.1	Subdivision 1. Disqualification; licensing action. An applicant's, license holder's,
90.2	or other entity's failure or refusal to cooperate with the commissioner, including failure to
90.3	provide required fingerprints and photograph under section 245C.05, subdivision 5, within
90.4	14 days of a background study's initiation or failure to provide additional information
90.5	required under section 245C.05, subdivision 3, is reasonable cause to disqualify a subject,
90.6	deny a license application, or immediately suspend or revoke a license or registration.
90.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
90.8	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.10, is amended by adding a
90.9	subdivision to read:
90.10	Subd. 1a. Expenses. Section 181.645 does not apply to background studies
90.11	completed under this chapter.
90.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
90.13	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
90.14	Subd. 2. Background studies initiated by others; personnel pool agencies,
90.15	temporary personnel agencies, or professional services agencies. When a license
90.16	holder relies on a background study initiated by a personnel pool agency, a temporary
90.17	personnel agency, an educational program, or a professional services agency for a person
90.18	required to have a background study completed under section 245C.03, the license holder
90.19	must maintain a copy of the background study results in the license holder's files.
90.20	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.20, is amended by adding a
90.21	subdivision to read:
90.22	Subd. 2a. Background studies initiated by others; educational programs. When
90.23	a license holder relies on a background study initiated by an educational program for a
90.24	person required to have a background study completed under section 245C.03 and the
90.25	person is on the educational program's active roster, the license holder is responsible
90.26	for ensuring that the background study has been completed. The license holder may
90.27	satisfy the documentation requirements through a written agreement with the educational
90.28	program verifying that documentation of the background study may be provided upon
90.29	request and that the educational program will inform the license holder if there is a change
90.30	in the person's background study status. The license holder remains responsible for
90.31	ensuring that all background study requirements are met.

91.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
91.2 Subd. 8. Financial misconduct or misconduct. "Financial misconduct" or
91.3 "misconduct" means an entity's or individual's acts or omissions that result in fraud and
91.4 abuse or error against the Department of Human Services. Financial misconduct includes
91.5 acting as a recruiter offering conditional employment on behalf of a provider that has
91.6 received funds from the child care assistance program.

- 91.7 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
 91.8 to read:
- 91.9 Subd. 13a. Recruiter offering conditional employment. "Recruiter offering
- 91.10 <u>conditional employment" means a child care provider, center owner, director, manager,</u>
- 91.11 license holder, or other controlling individual or agent who, for pecuniary gain, directly
- 91.12 procures or solicits an applicant or a prospective employee and requires as a condition of
- 91.13 employment that the applicant or prospective employee has one or more children who are
- 91.14 <u>eligible for or receive child care assistance.</u>
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 91.15 Subdivision 1. Investigating provider or recipient financial misconduct. The 91.16 department shall investigate alleged or suspected financial misconduct by providers and 91.17 errors related to payments issued by the child care assistance program under this chapter. 91.18 Recipients, employees, and staff may be investigated when the evidence shows that their 91.19 conduct is related to the financial misconduct of a provider, license holder, or controlling 91.20 91.21 individual. When the alleged or suspected financial misconduct relates to acting as a recruiter offering conditional employment on behalf of a provider that has received funds 91.22 from the child care assistance program, the department may investigate the provider, 91.23 91.24 center owner, director, manager, license holder, or other controlling individual or agent, who is alleged to have acted as a recruiter offering conditional employment. 91.25 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.02, is amended by adding a subdivision 91.26 to read: 91.27 Subd. 3a. Prohibited hiring practice. It is prohibited to hire a child care center 91.28 employee when, as a condition of employment, the employee is required to have one or 91.29 more children who are eligible for or receive child care assistance, if: 91.30
- 91.31 (1) the individual hiring the employee is, or is acting at the direction of or in
- 91.32 <u>cooperation with, a child care center provider, center owner, director, manager, license</u>
- 91.33 holder, or other controlling individual; and

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92.1	(2) th	e individual hiring the	e employee kr	lows or has reason to k	now the purpose in
92.2	hiring the e	mployee is to obtain	child care assi	stance program funds.	
92.3	Sec. 47.	Minnesota Statutes 2	014, section 2	45E.02, subdivision 4,	is amended to read:
92.4	Subd.	4. Actions or adm	inistrative sa	nctions. (a) After com	pleting the
92.5	determinati	on under subdivision	3, the departm	nent may take one or n	nore of the actions
92.6	or sanctions	s specified in this sub	division.		
92.7	(b) Tł	ne department may ta	ke the followi	ng actions:	
92.8	(1) re	fer the investigation t	to law enforce	ment or a county attor	ney for possible
92.9	criminal pro	osecution;			
92.10	(2) re	fer relevant informati	on to the depa	rtment's licensing divi	sion, the child care
92.11	assistance p	program, the Departm	ent of Educat	ion, the federal child an	nd adult care food
92.12	program, or	appropriate child or	adult protection	on agency;	
92.13	(3) en	ter into a settlement	agreement wit	h a provider, license h	older, controlling
92.14	individual,	or recipient; or			
92.15	(4) re:	fer the matter for revi	ew by a prosec	cutorial agency with ap	propriate jurisdiction
92.16	for possible	e civil action under th	e Minnesota F	alse Claims Act, chapt	er 15C.
92.17	(c) In	addition to section 2:	56.98, the dep	artment may impose sa	inctions by:
92.18	(1) pu	rsuing administrative	e disqualificati	on through hearings or	waivers;
92.19	(2) es	tablishing and seekin	g monetary re	covery or recoupment;	or
92.20	(3) iss	suing an order of corr	ective action	hat states the practices	that are violations
92.21	of child car	e assistance program	policies, laws	, or regulations, and th	nat they must be
92.22	corrected . ;	or			
92.23	<u>(4) su</u>	spending, denying, o	r terminating	payments to a provider	1
92.24	<u>(d)</u> U	pon a finding by the c	commissioner	that any child care pro-	vider, center owner,
92.25	director, ma	anager, license holder	, or other cont	rolling individual of a	child care center has
92.26	employed,	used, or acted as a rec	cruiter offering	g conditional employm	ent for a child care
92.27	center that	has received child car	e assistance p	rogram funding, the co	mmissioner shall:
92.28	<u>(1) in</u>	mediately suspend a	ll program pay	ments to all child care	centers in which
92.29	the person of	employing, using, or	acting as a rec	eruiter offering condition	onal employment
92.30	is an owner	, director, manager, 1	icense holder,	or other controlling in	dividual. The
92.31	commission	ner shall suspend prog	gram payment	s under this clause eve	n if services have
92.32	already bee	n provided; and			
92.33	<u>(2) in</u>	mediately and perma	anently revoke	the licenses of all chi	ld care centers
92.34	of which th	e person employing,	using, or actin	ng as a recruiter offerin	ng conditional

92.35 <u>employment is an owner, director, manager, license holder, or other controlling individual.</u>

93.1	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
93.2	Subd. 2. Written notice of department sanction; sanction effective date;
93.3	informal meeting. (a) The department shall give notice in writing to a person of an
93.4	administrative sanction that is to be imposed. The notice shall be sent by mail as defined
93.5	in section 245E.01, subdivision 11.
93.6	(b) The notice shall state:
93.7	(1) the factual basis for the department's determination;
93.8	(2) the sanction the department intends to take;
93.9	(3) the dollar amount of the monetary recovery or recoupment, if any;
93.10	(4) how the dollar amount was computed;
93.11	(5) the right to dispute the department's determination and to provide evidence;
93.12	(6) the right to appeal the department's proposed sanction; and
93.13	(7) the option to meet informally with department staff, and to bring additional
93.14	documentation or information, to resolve the issues.
93.15	(c) In cases of determinations resulting in denial or termination of payments, in
93.16	addition to the requirements of paragraph (b), the notice must state:
93.17	(1) the length of the denial or termination;
93.18	(2) the requirements and procedures for reinstatement; and
93.19	(3) the provider's right to submit documents and written arguments against the
93.20	denial or termination of payments for review by the department before the effective date
93.21	of denial or termination.
93.22	(d) The submission of documents and written argument for review by the department
93.23	under paragraph (b), clause (5) or (7), or paragraph (c), clause (3), does not stay the
93.24	deadline for filing an appeal.
93.25	(e) Unless timely appealed Notwithstanding section 245E.03, subdivision 4, the
93.26	effective date of the proposed sanction shall be 30 days after the license holder's, provider's,
93.27	controlling individual's, or recipient's receipt of the notice, unless timely appealed. If a
93.28	timely appeal is made, the proposed sanction shall be delayed pending the final outcome
93.29	of the appeal. Implementation of a proposed sanction following the resolution of a timely
93.30	appeal may be postponed if, in the opinion of the department, the delay of sanction is
93.31	necessary to protect the health or safety of children in care. The department may consider
93.32	the economic hardship of a person in implementing the proposed sanction, but economic
93.33	hardship shall not be a determinative factor in implementing the proposed sanction.
93.34	(f) Requests for an informal meeting to attempt to resolve issues and requests
93.35	for appeals must be sent or delivered to the department's Office of Inspector General,
93.36	Financial Fraud and Abuse Division.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 94.1 Subd. 3. Appeal of department sanction. (a) If the department does not pursue 94.2 a criminal action against a provider, license holder, controlling individual, or recipient 94.3 for financial misconduct, but the department imposes an administrative sanction under 94.4 section 245E.02, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), any individual or entity against whom 94.5 the sanction was imposed may appeal the department's administrative sanction under 94.6 this section pursuant to section 119B.16 or 256.045 with the additional requirements in 94.7 clauses (1) to (4). An appeal must specify: 94.8 (1) each disputed item, the reason for the dispute, and an estimate of the dollar 94.9 amount involved for each disputed item, if appropriate; 94.10 (2) the computation that is believed to be correct, if appropriate; 94.11 (3) the authority in the statute or rule relied upon for each disputed item; and 94.12 (4) the name, address, and phone number of the person at the provider's place of 94.13 business with whom contact may be made regarding the appeal. 94.14 94.15 (b) Notwithstanding section 245E.03, subdivision 4, an appeal is considered timely only if postmarked or received by the department's Appeals Division within 30 days after 94.16 receiving a notice of department sanction. 94.17 (c) Before the appeal hearing, the department may deny or terminate authorizations 94.18 or payment to the entity or individual if the department determines that the action is 94.19 necessary to protect the public welfare or the interests of the child care assistance program. 94.20 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 94.21 94.22 Subd. 4. Duties as state agency. (a) The state agency shall: (1) supervise the administration of assistance to dependent children under Laws 94.23 1937, chapter 438, by the county agencies in an integrated program with other service for 94.24 94.25 dependent children maintained under the direction of the state agency; (2) establish adequate standards for personnel employed by the counties and the 94.26 state agency in the administration of Laws 1937, chapter 438, and make the necessary 94.27 rules to maintain such standards; 94.28 (3) prescribe the form of and print and supply to the county agencies blanks for 94.29 applications, reports, affidavits, and such other forms as it may deem necessary and 94.30 advisable; 94.31

94.32 (4) cooperate with the federal government and its public welfare agencies in
94.33 any reasonable manner as may be necessary to qualify for federal aid for temporary
94.34 assistance for needy families and in conformity with title I of Public Law 104-193, the
94.35 Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 and successor

amendments, including the making of such reports and such forms and containing such

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- 95.2 information as the Federal Social Security Board may from time to time require, and
- 95.3 comply with such provisions as such board may from time to time find necessary to assure
 95.4 the correctness and verification of such reports;
- 95.5 (5) on or before October 1 in each even-numbered year make a biennial report to the95.6 governor concerning the activities of the agency;
- 95.7 (6) enter into agreements with other departments of the state as necessary to meet all95.8 requirements of the federal government; and
- 95.9 (7) cooperate with the commissioner of education to enforce the requirements for
 95.10 program integrity and fraud prevention for investigation for child care assistance under
 95.11 chapter 119B.

95.12 (b) The state agency may:

95.13 (1) subpoena witnesses and administer oaths, make rules, and take such action as
95.14 may be necessary or desirable for carrying out the provisions of Laws 1937, chapter 438.
95.15 All rules made by the state agency shall be binding on the counties and shall be complied
95.16 with by the respective county agencies;

- 95.17 (2) cooperate with other state agencies in establishing reciprocal agreements in
 95.18 instances where a child receiving Minnesota family investment program assistance moves
 95.19 or contemplates moving into or out of the state, in order that the child may continue
 95.20 to receive supervised aid from the state moved from until the child has resided for one
 95.21 year in the state moved to; and
- (3) administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and
 issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of individuals and the production of documents
 and other personal property necessary in connection with the administration of programs
 administered by, or for the purpose of any investigation, hearing, proceeding, or inquiry
 related to the duties and responsibilities of, the Department of Human Services.
- 95.27 (c) The fees for service of a subpoena in paragraph (b), clause (3), must be paid in
 95.28 the same manner as prescribed by law for a service of process issued by a district court.
 95.29 Witnesses must receive the same fees and mileage as in civil actions.
- 95.30 (d) The subpoena in paragraph (b), clause (3), shall be enforceable through the95.31 district court in the district where the subpoena is issued.
- 95.32 (e) A subpoena issued under this subdivision must state that the person to whom the
 95.33 subpoena is directed may not disclose the fact that the subpoena was issued or the fact
- 95.34 that the requested records have been given to law enforcement personnel or agents of
- 95.35 <u>the commissioner except:</u>

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96.1	(1) insc	ofar as the disclosure	is necessary	and agreed upon by the	e commissioner, to
96.2		lose the records; or			, <u> </u>
96.3		suant to court order.			
96.4	Sec. 51. [2	256.041] CULTURA	AL AND ETH	INIC COMMUNITI	ES LEADERSHIP
96.5	COUNCIL.				
96.6	Subdiv	ision 1. Establishm	ent; purpose.	There is hereby estab	lished the Cultural
96.7	and Ethnic C	ommunities Leaders	hip Council fo	or the Department of H	luman Services. The
96.8	purpose of th	e council is to advis	e the commis	sioner of human servic	ces on reducing
96.9	disparities the	at affect racial and e	thnic groups.		
96.10	Subd. 2	2. Members. (a) Th	e council mus	t consist of:	
96.11	<u>(1) the</u>	chairs and ranking n	ninority meml	pers of the committees	in the house of
96.12	representativ	es and the senate wit	th jurisdiction	over human services;	and
96.13	<u>(2) no f</u>	ewer than 15 and no	more than 25	members appointed b	y the commissioner
96.14	of human ser	vices, in consultation	n with county.	tribal, cultural, and et	hnic communities;
96.15	diverse progr	am participants; and	l parent repres	entatives from these co	ommunities.
96.16	<u>(b) In n</u>	naking appointments	s under this se	ction, the commissione	er shall give priority
96.17	consideration	to public members	of the legislat	ive councils of color e	stablished under
96.18	chapter 3.				
96.19	<u>(c) Mer</u>	nbers must be appoi	nted to allow	for representation of th	e following groups:
96.20	<u>(1) raci</u>	al and ethnic minori	ty groups <u>;</u>		
96.21	(2) the	American Indian con	mmunity, whic	ch must be represented	by two members;
96.22	<u>(3) cult</u>	urally and linguistic	ally specific a	dvocacy groups and se	rvice providers;
96.23	<u>(4) hun</u>	nan services progran	n participants;		
96.24	<u>(5) pub</u>	lic and private instit	utions;		
96.25	<u>(6)</u> pare	ents of human servic	es program pa	articipants;	
96.26	<u>(7) mer</u>	mbers of the faith co	mmunity;		
96.27	<u>(8)</u> Dep	partment of Human S	Services emplo	oyees; and	
96.28	<u>(9)</u> any	other group the con	nmissioner de	ems appropriate to fac	ilitate the goals
96.29	and duties of	the council.			
96.30	Subd. 3	<u>Guidelines.</u> The c	commissioner	shall direct the develop	pment of guidelines
96.31	defining the 1	nembership of the co	ouncil; setting	out definitions; and definitions; and definitions	eveloping duties of
96.32	the commissi	oner, the council, an	d council men	nbers regarding racial a	and ethnic disparities
96.33	reduction. The	ne guidelines must b	e developed in	n consultation with:	
96.34	<u>(1) the</u>	chairs of relevant co	ommittees; and	1	

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97.1	(2) count	ty, tribal, and cultu	ral communit	ies and program partici	pants from these			
97.2	communities.	communities.						
97.3	Subd. 4.	Chair. The comm	nissioner shall	appoint a chair.				
97.4	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	Terms for first a	ppointees. <u>Th</u>	ne initial members appo	inted shall serve			
97.5	until January 1	.5, 2016.						
97.6	Subd. 6.	Terms. A term sh	all be for two	years and appointees n	nay be reappointed			
97.7	to serve two ac	ditional terms. Th	ne commission	ner shall make appointr	nents to replace			
97.8	members vaca	ting their positions	by January 1	5 of each year.				
97.9	<u>Subd.</u> 7.	Duties of commis	ssioner. <u>(a)</u> Tl	ne commissioner of hur	nan services or the			
97.10	commissioner'	s designee shall:						
97.11	<u>(1) maint</u>	tain the council est	tablished in th	is section;				
97.12	<u>(2)</u> super	vise and coordinat	te policies for	persons from racial, et	hnic, cultural,			
97.13	linguistic, and	tribal communities	s who experie	nce disparities in access	s and outcomes;			
97.14	<u>(3)</u> appro	ove compensation t	o public mem	bers of the council as re	ecommended by the			
97.15	council chair;							
97.16	(4) identi	ify human services	s rules or statu	tes affecting persons fr	om racial, ethnic,			
97.17	cultural, lingui	stic, and tribal con	nmunities that	may need to be revised	<u>l;</u>			
97.18	(5) inves	tigate and implement	ent cost-effect	tive models of service d	lelivery such as			
97.19	careful adaptat	ion of clinically pro	oven services	hat constitute one strate	gy for increasing the			
97.20	number of cult	urally relevant services	vices available	e to currently underserv	ed populations; and			
97.21	<u>(6)</u> based	l on recommendati	ions of the co	uncil, review identified	department			
97.22	policies that m	aintain racial, ethn	nic, cultural, li	nguistic, and tribal disp	parities, and make			
97.23	adjustments to	ensure those dispa	arities are not	perpetuated.				
97.24	<u>(b)</u> The c	commissioner of hu	uman services	or the commissioner's	designee shall			
97.25	consult with th	e council and rece	ive recommer	dations from the counc	il when meeting the			
97.26	requirements in	n this subdivision.						
97.27	<u>Subd. 8.</u>	Duties of council	I. The council	shall:				
97.28	<u>(1) recon</u>	amend to the comm	nissioner for 1	eview identified policie	es in the Department			
97.29	of Human Serv	vices that maintain	racial, ethnic	cultural, linguistic, and	d tribal disparities;			
97.30	(2) identit	ify issues regarding	g disparities b	y engaging diverse pop	ulations in human			
97.31	services progra	ams;						
97.32	(3) engag	ge in mutual learni	ng essential f	or achieving human ser	vices parity and			
97.33	optimal wellne	ess for service recip	pients;					
97.34	<u>(</u> 4) raise	awareness about h	uman services	disparities to the legisl	lature and media;			
97.35	<u>(5) provi</u>	de technical assist	ance and cons	sultation support to cou	nties, private			
97.36	nonprofit agen	cies, and other serv	vice providers	to build their capacity	to provide equitable			

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98.1	human servic	es for persons from	racial, ethnic	, cultural, linguistic, an	d tribal communities	
98.2	who experience disparities in access and outcomes;					
98.3	<u>(6)</u> prov	vide technical assist	ance to prome	ote statewide developm	nent of culturally	
98.4	and linguistic	ally appropriate, ac	cessible, and	cost-effective human s	ervices and related	
98.5	policies;					
98.6	<u>(7) prov</u>	vide training and ou	treach to facil	itate access to cultural	ly and linguistically	
98.7	appropriate, a	accessible, and cost	-effective hum	an services to prevent	disparities;	
98.8	<u>(8) faci</u>	litate culturally app	ropriate and c	ulturally sensitive adm	issions, continued	
98.9	services, disc	harges, and utilizati	ion review for	human services agenc	ies and institutions;	
98.10	<u>(9) forn</u>	n work groups to he	elp carry out the	ne duties of the council	that include, but are	
98.11	not limited to	, persons who prov	ide and receiv	e services and represer	ntatives of advocacy	
98.12	groups, and p	provide the work gro	oups with clea	r guidelines, standardiz	zed parameters, and	
98.13	tasks for the	work groups to acco	omplish;			
98.14	<u>(10) pro</u>	mote information s	sharing in the	human services commu	unity and statewide;	
98.15	and					
98.16	<u>(11) by</u>	February 15 each y	ear, prepare a	nd submit to the chairs	and ranking minority	
98.17	members of t	he committees in th	e house of rep	presentatives and the se	nate with jurisdiction	
98.18	over human s	services a report that	t summarizes	the activities of the co	ouncil, identifies	
98.19	the major pro	blems and issues co	onfronting rac	ial and ethnic groups in	n accessing human	
98.20	services, mak	tes recommendation	ns to address i	ssues, and lists the spec	cific objectives that	
98.21	the council se	eks to attain during	the next bien	nium. The report must	also include a list of	
98.22	programs, gro	oups, and grants use	ed to reduce d	isparities, and statistica	ally valid reports of	
98.23	outcomes on	the reduction of the	e disparities.			
98.24	Subd. 9	<u>Duties of council</u>	<u>members.</u> <u>T</u>	he members of the cou	incil shall:	
98.25	(1) atten	nd and participate in	n scheduled n	neetings and be prepare	ed by reviewing	
98.26	meeting notes	<u>s;</u>				
98.27	<u>(2) main</u>	ntain open commun	ication chann	els with respective con	stituencies;	
98.28	<u>(3) iden</u>	tify and communic	ate issues and	l risks that could impac	ct the timely	
98.29	completion of	<u>f tasks;</u>				
98.30	(4) colla	aborate on disparity	reduction eff	<u>`orts;</u>		
98.31	<u>(5)</u> com	imunicate updates of	of the council	s work progress and st	tatus on the	
98.32	Department of	of Human Services	Web site; and			
98.33	<u>(6) part</u>	icipate in any activi	ties the counc	il or chair deems appro	opriate and necessary	
98.34	to facilitate th	ne goals and duties	of the council	<u>-</u>		
98.35	Subd. 1	0. Expiration. The	e council expi	res on June 30, 2020.		
98.36	EFFEC	CTIVE DATE. This	s section is eff	ective retroactively fro	m March 15, 2015.	

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99.1	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.046, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
99.2	Subdivision 1. Local agency hearing authority. A local agency must initiate
99.3	an administrative fraud disqualification hearing for individuals, including child care
99.4	providers caring for children receiving child care assistance, accused of wrongfully
99.5	obtaining assistance or intentional program violations, in lieu of a criminal action when it
99.6	has not been pursued, in:
99.7	(1) the Minnesota family investment program and any affiliated program to include
99.8	the diversionary work program and the work participation cash benefit program;
99.9	(2) child care assistance programs;
99.10	(3) general assistance;
99.11	(4) family general assistance program formerly codified in section 256D.05,
99.12	subdivision 1, clause (15);
99.13	(5) Minnesota supplemental aid;
99.14	(6) food stamp programs;
99.15	(7) general assistance medical care;
99.16	(8) MinnesotaCare for adults without children, and;
99.17	(9) upon federal approval, all categories of medical assistance and remaining
99.18	categories of MinnesotaCare except for children through age 18-; and
99.19	(10) emergency general assistance and emergency assistance.
99.20	Subd. 1a. State hearing authority. The Department of Human Services, in lieu of a
99.21	local agency, may initiate an administrative fraud disqualification hearing when the state
99.22	agency is directly responsible for administration or investigation of the program for which
99.23	benefits were wrongfully obtained. The hearing is subject to the requirements of section
99.24	256.045 and the requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 273.16.
99.25	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a
99.26	subdivision to read:
99.27	Subd. 17b. Documentation required. (a) As a condition for payment,
99.28	nonemergency medical transportation providers must document each occurrence of a
99.29	service provided to a recipient according to this subdivision. Program funds paid for
99.30	transportation that is not documented according to this subdivision shall be recovered
99.31	by the department.
99.32	(b) A nonemergency medical transportation provider must compile transportation
99.33	records that meet the following requirements:
99.34	(1) the record must be in English and must be legible according to the standard
99.35	of a reasonable person;

100.1	(2) the recipient's name must be on each page of the record; and
100.2	(3) each entry in the record must document:
100.3	(i) the date on which the entry is made;
100.4	(ii) the date or dates the service is provided;
100.5	(iii) the printed last name, first name, and middle initial of the driver;
100.6	(iv) the signature of the driver attesting to the following: "I certify that I have
100.7	accurately reported in this mileage log the miles I actually drove and the dates and times I
100.8	actually drove them. I understand that misreporting the miles driven and hours worked is
100.9	fraud for which I could face criminal prosecution or civil proceedings.";
100.10	(v) the signature of the recipient attesting to the following: "I certify that I received
100.11	the reported transportation service.";
100.12	(vi) the description and address of both the origin and destination, and the mileage
100.13	for the most direct route from the origin to the destination;
100.14	(vii) the mode of transportation in which the service is provided;
100.15	(viii) the license plate number of the vehicle used to transport the recipient;
100.16	(ix) whether the recipient is ambulatory or nonambulatory;
100.17	(x) the time of the pickup and the time of the drop-off with "a.m." and "p.m."
100.18	designations;
100.19	(xi) the number of occupants in the vehicle;
100.20	(xii) the name of the extra attendant when an extra attendant is used to provide
100.21	special transportation service;
100.22	(xiii) the odometer reading at the origin and the destination and total miles traveled;
100.23	(xiv) unscheduled stops or detours between the origin and final destination; and
100.24	(xv) the electronic source documentation used to calculate driving directions and
100.25	mileage.
100.26	Sec. 54. [256B.0705] PERSONAL CARE ASSISTANCE SERVICES;
100.27	MANDATED SERVICE VERIFICATION.
100.28	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
100.29	have the meanings given them.
100.30	(b) "Personal care assistance services" or "PCA services" means services provided
100.31	according to section 256B.0659.
100.32	(c) "Personal care assistant" or "PCA" has the meaning given in section 256B.0659,
100.33	subdivision 1.
100.34	(d) "Service verification" means a random, unscheduled telephone call made for the
100.35	purpose of verifying that the individual personal care assistant is present at the location

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101.1	where personal care assistance services are being provided and is providing services
101.2	as scheduled.
101.3	Subd. 2. Verification schedule. An agency that submits claims for reimbursement
101.4	for PCA services under this chapter must develop and implement administrative policies
101.5	and procedures by which the agency verifies the services provided by a PCA. For each
101.6	service recipient, the agency must conduct at least one service verification every 90 days.
101.7	If more than one PCA provides services to a single service recipient, the agency must
101.8	conduct a service verification for each PCA providing services before conducting a service
101.9	verification for a PCA whose services were previously verified by the agency. Service
101.10	verification must occur on an ongoing basis while the agency provides PCA services to
101.11	the recipient. During service verification, the agency must speak with both the PCA and
101.12	the service recipient or recipient's authorized representative. Service verifications are not
101.13	eligible for reimbursement. An agency may substitute a visit by a qualified professional
101.14	that is eligible for reimbursement under section 256B.0659, subdivision 14 or 19, for no
101.15	more than two service verifications for a PCA within a 12-month period, when the PCA is
101.16	present during the visit.
101.17	Subd. 3. Documentation of verification. An agency must fully document service
101.18	verifications in a legible manner and must maintain the documentation on site for at least
101.19	five years from the date of documentation. For each service verification, documentation
101.20	must include:
101.21	(1) the names and signatures of the service recipient or recipient's authorized
101.22	representative, the PCA and any other agency staff present with the PCA during the
101.23	service verification, and the staff person conducting the service verification; and
101.24	(2) the start and end time, day, month, and year of the service verification, and the
101.25	corresponding PCA time sheet.
101.26	Subd. 4. Variance. The Office of Inspector General at the Department of Human
101.27	Services may grant a variance to the service verification requirements in this section
101.28	if an agency uses an electronic monitoring system that verifies a PCA is present at the
101.29	location where services are provided and is providing services according to the prescribed
101.30	schedule. A decision to grant or deny a variance request is final and not subject to appeal
101.31	under chapter 14.

101.32 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 402A.12, is amended to read:

101.33 **402A.12 ESTABLISHMENT OF A PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT**

101.34 SYSTEM FOR HUMAN SERVICES.

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By January 1, 2014, the commissioner shall implement a performance management system for essential human services as described in sections 402A.16 and 402A.18 that includes initial performance measures and standards thresholds consistent with the recommendations of the Steering Committee on Performance and Outcome Reforms in the December 2012 report to the legislature.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 402A.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Duties. The Human Services Performance Council shall:

102.8 (1) hold meetings at least quarterly that are in compliance with Minnesota's Open102.9 Meeting Law under chapter 13D;

102.10 (2) annually review the annual performance data submitted by counties or service102.11 delivery authorities;

(3) review and advise the commissioner on department procedures related to the
implementation of the performance management system and system process requirements
and on barriers to process improvement in human services delivery;

(4) advise the commissioner on the training and technical assistance needs of countyor service delivery authority and department personnel;

102.17 (5) review instances in which a county or service delivery authority has not made
102.18 adequate progress on a performance improvement plan and make recommendations to
102.19 the commissioner under section 402A.18;

(6) consider appeals from counties or service delivery authorities that are in theremedies process and make recommendations to the commissioner on resolving the issue;

(7) convene working groups to update and develop outcomes, measures, and
performance standards thresholds for the performance management system and,
on an annual basis, present these recommendations to the commissioner, including
recommendations on when a particular essential human services program has a balanced
set of program measures in place;

102.27 (8) make recommendations on human services administrative rules or statutes that102.28 could be repealed in order to improve service delivery;

(9) provide information to stakeholders on the council's role and regularly collectstakeholder input on performance management system performance; and

(10) submit an annual report to the legislature and the commissioner, which
includes a comprehensive report on the performance of individual counties or service
delivery authorities as it relates to system measures; a list of counties or service delivery
authorities that have been required to create performance improvement plans and the areas
identified for improvement as part of the remedies process; a summary of performance

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improvement training and technical assistance activities offered to the county personnel
by the department; recommendations on administrative rules or state statutes that could be
repealed in order to improve service delivery; recommendations for system improvements,
including updates to system outcomes, measures, and standards thresholds; and a response
from the commissioner.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 402A.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Commissioner duties. The commissioner shall:

(1) implement and maintain the performance management system for human services;
 (2) establish and regularly update the system's outcomes, measures, and standards
 thresholds, including the minimum performance standard threshold for each performance
 measure;

103.12 (3) determine when a particular program has a balanced set of measures;

(4) receive reports from counties or service delivery authorities at least annually on
their performance against system measures, provide counties with data needed to assess
performance and monitor progress, and provide timely feedback to counties or service
delivery authorities on their performance;

103.17 (5) implement and monitor the remedies process in section 402A.18;

103.18 (6) report to the Human Services Performance Council on county or service delivery103.19 authority performance on a semiannual basis;

103.20 (7) provide general training and technical assistance to counties or service delivery103.21 authorities on topics related to performance measurement and performance improvement;

103.22 (8) provide targeted training and technical assistance to counties or service delivery103.23 authorities that supports their performance improvement plans; and

103.24 (9) provide staff support for the Human Services Performance Council.

103.25 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 402A.18, is amended to read:

103.26 402A.18 COMMISSIONER POWER TO REMEDY FAILURE TO MEET 103.27 PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES.

103.28 Subdivision 1. Underperforming county; specific service. If the commissioner 103.29 determines that a county or service delivery authority is deficient in achieving minimum 103.30 performance standards thresholds for a specific essential human services program, the 103.31 commissioner may impose the following remedies and adjust state and federal program 103.32 allocations accordingly:

(1) voluntary incorporation of the administration and operation of the specificessential human services program with an existing service delivery authority or another

104.1 county. A service delivery authority or county incorporating an underperforming county
104.2 shall not be financially liable for the costs associated with remedying performance
104.3 outcome deficiencies;

(2) mandatory incorporation of the administration and operation of the specific
essential human services program with an existing service delivery authority or another
county. A service delivery authority or county incorporating an underperforming county
shall not be financially liable for the costs associated with remedying performance
outcome deficiencies; or

104.9 (3) transfer of authority for program administration and operation of the specific104.10 essential human services program to the commissioner.

104.11Subd. 2. Underperforming county; more than one-half of services. If the104.12commissioner determines that a county or service delivery authority is deficient in104.13achieving minimum performance standards thresholds for more than one-half of the defined104.14essential human services programs, the commissioner may impose the following remedies:

(1) voluntary incorporation of the administration and operation of essential human
services programs with an existing service delivery authority or another county. A
service delivery authority or county incorporating an underperforming county shall
not be financially liable for the costs associated with remedying performance outcome
deficiencies;

(2) mandatory incorporation of the administration and operation of essential human
services programs with an existing service delivery authority or another county. A
service delivery authority or county incorporating an underperforming county shall
not be financially liable for the costs associated with remedying performance outcome
deficiencies; or

104.25 (3) transfer of authority for administration and operation of essential human services104.26 programs to the commissioner.

104.27 Subd. 2a. **Financial responsibility of underperforming county.** A county subject 104.28 to remedies under subdivision 1 or 2 shall provide to the entity assuming administration of 104.29 the essential human services program or programs the amount of nonfederal and nonstate 104.30 funding needed to remedy performance outcome deficiencies.

104.31 Subd. 3. **Conditions prior to imposing remedies.** (a) The commissioner 104.32 shall notify a county or service delivery authority that it must submit a performance 104.33 improvement plan if:

104.34 (1) the county or service delivery authority does not meet the minimum performance
 104.35 standard threshold for a measure; or

(2) the county or service delivery authority does not meet the minimum performance
standard threshold for one or more racial or ethnic subgroup for which there is a
statistically valid population size for three or more measures, even if the county or service
delivery authority met the standard threshold for the overall population.

The commissioner must approve the performance improvement plan. The county or
service delivery authority may negotiate the terms of the performance improvement plan
with the commissioner.

105.8 (b) When the department determines that a county or service delivery authority does not meet the minimum performance standard threshold for a given measure, the 105.9 commissioner must advise the county or service delivery authority that fiscal penalties 105.10 105.11 may result if the performance does not improve. The department must offer technical assistance to the county or service delivery authority. Within 30 days of the initial 105.12 advisement from the department, the county or service delivery authority may claim 105.13 and the department may approve an extenuating circumstance that relieves the county 105.14 or service delivery authority of any further remedy. If a county or service delivery 105.15 105.16 authority has a small number of participants in an essential human services program such that reliable measurement is not possible, the commissioner may approve extenuating 105.17 circumstances or may average performance over three years. 105.18

105.19 (c) If there are no extenuating circumstances, the county or service delivery authority 105.20 must submit a performance improvement plan to the commissioner within 60 days of the 105.21 initial advisement from the department. The term of the performance improvement plan 105.22 must be two years, starting with the date the plan is approved by the commissioner. This 105.23 plan must include a target level for improvement for each measure that did not meet 105.24 the minimum performance standard threshold. The commissioner must approve the 105.25 performance improvement plan within 60 days of submittal.

(d) The department must monitor the performance improvement plan for two
years. After two years, if the county or service delivery authority meets the minimum
performance standard threshold, there is no further remedy. If the county or service
delivery authority fails to meet the minimum performance standard threshold, but
meets the improvement target in the performance improvement plan, the county or
service delivery authority shall modify the performance improvement plan for further
improvement and the department shall continue to monitor the plan.

(e) If, after two years of monitoring, the county or service delivery authority fails
to meet both the minimum performance standard threshold and the improvement target
identified in the performance improvement plan, the next step of the remedies process
shall be invoked by the commissioner. This phase of the remedies process may include:

(1) fiscal penalties for the county or service delivery authority that do not exceed
one percent of the county's human services expenditures and that are negotiated in the
performance improvement plan, based on what is needed to improve outcomes. Counties
or service delivery authorities must reinvest the amount of the fiscal penalty into the
essential human services program that was underperforming. A county or service delivery
authority shall not be required to pay more than three fiscal penalties in a year; and

106.7 (2) the department's provision of technical assistance to the county or service106.8 delivery authority that is targeted to address the specific performance issues.

106.9 The commissioner shall continue monitoring the performance improvement plan for a106.10 third year.

(f) If, after the third year of monitoring, the county or service delivery authority meets the minimum performance standard threshold, there is no further remedy. If the county or service delivery authority fails to meet the minimum performance standard threshold, but meets the improvement target for the performance improvement plan, the county or service delivery authority shall modify the performance improvement plan for further improvement and the department shall continue to monitor the plan.

(g) If, after the third year of monitoring, the county or service delivery authority 106.17 fails to meet the minimum performance standard threshold and the improvement target 106.18 106.19 identified in the performance improvement plan, the Human Services Performance Council shall review the situation and recommend a course of action to the commissioner. 106.20 (h) If the commissioner has determined that a program has a balanced set of program 106.21 measures and a county or service delivery authority is subject to fiscal penalties for more 106.22 than one-half of the measures for that program, the commissioner may apply further 106.23 remedies as described in subdivisions 1 and 2. 106.24

106.25 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.346, is amended to read:

106.26

471.346 PUBLICLY OWNED AND LEASED VEHICLES IDENTIFIED.

All motor vehicles owned or leased by a statutory or home rule charter city, county, 106.27 town, school district, metropolitan or regional agency, or other political subdivision, 106.28 except for unmarked vehicles used in general police and fire work, arson investigations, 106.29 and Department of Human Services investigations including conducted by central office 106.30 staff, and county fraud prevention investigations conducted by county or contract fraud 106.31 prevention investigators, shall have the name of the political subdivision plainly displayed 106.32 on both sides of the vehicle in letters not less than 2-1/2 inches high and one-half inch wide. 106.33 The identification must be in a color that contrasts with the color of the part of the vehicle 106.34 106.35 on which it is placed and must remain on and be clean and visible throughout the period of

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which the vehicle is owned or leased by the political subdivision. The identification must
not be on a removable plate or placard except on leased vehicles but the plate or placard
must not be removed from a leased vehicle at any time during the term of the lease.

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107.4 Sec. 60. [609.816] WRONGFUL EMPLOYMENT AT A CHILD CARE CENTER.

107.5 <u>A person is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more</u>

107.6 than three years, to payment of a fine of not more than \$6,000, or both, if the person:

107.7 (1) is a child care center owner, director, manager, license holder, or other controlling
 107.8 individual or agent of a child care center;

107.9 (2) engages in the recruitment or screening of potential employees or applicants or

107.10 instructs other persons engaged in the recruitment or screening of potential employees107.11 or applicants; and

107.12 (3) requires, as a condition of obtaining or continuing employment at the child care
 107.13 center, that the applicant, potential employee, or employee has one or more children who
 107.14 are eligible for or receive child care assistance.

107.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 107.16 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

107.17 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 609.821, is amended to read:

107.18 609.821 FINANCIAL TRANSACTION CARD FRAUD.

107.19 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms107.20 have the meanings given them:

(a) "Financial transaction card" means any instrument or device, whether known as
a credit card, credit plate, charge plate, courtesy card, bank services card, banking card,
check guarantee card, debit card, electronic benefit system (EBS) card, electronic benefit
transfer (EBT) card, assistance transaction card, or by any other name, issued with or
without fee by an issuer for the use of the cardholder in obtaining credit, money, goods,
services, public assistance benefits, or anything else of value, and includes the account or
identification number or symbol of a financial transaction card.

107.28 (b) "Cardholder" means a person in whose name a card is issued.

107.29 (c) "Issuer" means a person, firm, or governmental agency, or a duly authorized107.30 agent or designee, that issues a financial transaction card.

107.31 (d) "Property" includes money, goods, services, public assistance benefit, or107.32 anything else of value.

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108.1	(e) "Public assistance benefit" means any money, goods or services, or anything else
108.2	of value, issued under chapters 256, 256B, 256D, or section 393.07, subdivision 10.
108.3	(f) "Trafficking of SNAP benefits" means:
108.4	(1) the buying, selling, stealing, or otherwise effecting an exchange of Supplemental
108.5	Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits issued and accessed via an electronic
108.6	benefit transfer (EBT) card, card number and personal identification number (PIN), or
108.7	manual voucher and signature, for cash or consideration other than eligible food, either
108.8	directly, indirectly, in complicity or collusion with others, or acting alone;
108.9	(2) the exchange of one of the following for SNAP benefits: firearms, ammunition,
108.10	explosives, or controlled substances as defined in United States Code, title 21, section 802;
108.11	(3) purchasing a product with SNAP benefits that has a container requiring a return
108.12	deposit with the intent of obtaining cash by discarding the product and returning the
108.13	container for the deposit amount, intentionally discarding the product, and intentionally
108.14	returning the container for the deposit amount;
108.15	(4) purchasing a product with SNAP benefits with the intent of obtaining cash or
108.16	consideration other than eligible food by reselling the product, and intentionally reselling
108.17	the product purchased with SNAP benefits in exchange for cash or consideration other
108.18	than eligible food;
108.19	(5) intentionally purchasing products originally purchased with SNAP benefits in
108.20	exchange for cash or consideration other than eligible food; or
108.21	(6) attempting to buy, sell, steal, or otherwise effect an exchange of SNAP benefits
108.22	issued and accessed via an EBT card, card number and PIN number, or manual voucher
108.23	and signature, for cash or consideration other than eligible food, either directly, indirectly,
108.24	in complicity or collusion with others, or acting alone.
108.25	Subd. 2. Violations; penalties. A person who does any of the following commits
108.26	financial transaction card fraud:
108.27	(1) without the consent of the cardholder, and knowing that the cardholder has not
108.28	given consent, uses or attempts to use a card to obtain the property of another, or a public
108.29	assistance benefit issued for the use of another;
108.30	(2) uses or attempts to use a card knowing it to be forged, false, fictitious, or obtained
108.31	in violation of clause (6);
108.32	(3) sells or transfers a card knowing that the cardholder and issuer have not
108.33	authorized the person to whom the card is sold or transferred to use the card, or that the
108.34	card is forged, false, fictitious, or was obtained in violation of clause (6);
108.35	(4) without a legitimate business purpose, and without the consent of the cardholders,
108.36	receives or possesses, with intent to use, or with intent to sell or transfer in violation of

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clause (3), two or more cards issued in the name of another, or two or more cards knowing 109.1 109.2 the cards to be forged, false, fictitious, or obtained in violation of clause (6); (5) being authorized by an issuer to furnish money, goods, services, or anything else 109.3

(i) furnishes money, goods, services, or anything else of value upon presentation of a 109.5 financial transaction card knowing it to be forged, expired, or revoked, or knowing that it 109.6 is presented by a person without authority to use the card; or

of value, knowingly and with an intent to defraud the issuer or the cardholder:

(ii) represents in writing to the issuer that the person has furnished money, goods, 109.8 services, or anything else of value which has not in fact been furnished; 109.9

(6) upon applying for a financial transaction card to an issuer, or for a public 109.10 assistance benefit which is distributed by means of a financial transaction card: 109.11

(i) knowingly gives a false name or occupation; 109.12

(ii) knowingly and substantially overvalues assets or substantially undervalues 109.13 indebtedness for the purpose of inducing the issuer to issue a financial transaction card; or 109.14

109.15 (iii) knowingly makes a false statement or representation for the purpose of inducing an issuer to issue a financial transaction card used to obtain a public assistance benefit; 109.16

(7) with intent to defraud, falsely notifies the issuer or any other person of a theft, 109.17 109.18 loss, disappearance, or nonreceipt of a financial transaction card; or

(8) without the consent of the cardholder and knowing that the cardholder has not 109.19 given consent, falsely alters, makes, or signs any written document pertaining to a card 109.20 transaction to obtain or attempt to obtain the property of another-; or 109.21

109.22

109.4

109.7

(9) engages in trafficking of SNAP benefits.

109.23 Subd. 3. Sentence. (a) A person who commits financial transaction card fraud may be sentenced as follows: 109.24

(1) for a violation of subdivision 2, clause (1), (2), (5), $\frac{1}{2}$ (8), or (9): 109.25

109.26 (i) to imprisonment for not more than 20 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$100,000, or both, if the value of the property the person obtained or attempted to 109.27 obtain was more than \$35,000, or the aggregate amount of the transactions under this 109.28 subdivision was more than \$35,000; or 109.29

(ii) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more 109.30 than \$20,000, or both, if the value of the property the person obtained or attempted to 109.31 obtain was more than \$2,500, or the aggregate amount of the transactions under this 109.32 subdivision was more than \$2,500; or 109.33

(iii) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not 109.34 more than \$10,000, or both, if the value of the property the person obtained or attempted 109.35

to obtain was more than \$250 but not more than \$2,500, or the aggregate amount of the
transactions under this subdivision was more than \$250 but not more than \$2,500; or

(iv) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not 110.3 more than \$10,000, or both, if the value of the property the person obtained or attempted 110.4 to obtain was not more than \$250, or the aggregate amount of the transactions under 110.5 this subdivision was not more than \$250, and the person has previously been convicted 110.6 within the preceding five years for an offense under this section, section 609.24; 609.245; 110.7 609.52; 609.53; 609.582, subdivision 1, 2, or 3; 609.625; 609.63; or 609.631, or a statute 110.8 from another state in conformity with any of those sections, and the person received a 110.9 felony or gross misdemeanor sentence for the offense, or a sentence that was stayed under 110.10 section 609.135 if the offense to which a plea was entered would allow imposition of a 110.11 110.12 felony or gross misdemeanor sentence; or

(v) to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the value of the property the person obtained or attempted to obtain was not more than \$250, or the aggregate amount of the transactions under this subdivision was not more than \$250;

(2) for a violation of subdivision 2, clause (3) or (4), to imprisonment for not morethan three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both; or

110.19 (3) for a violation of subdivision 2, clause (6) or (7):

(i) if no property, other than a financial transaction card, has been obtained by the
defendant by means of the false statement or false report, to imprisonment for not more
than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both; or

(ii) if property, other than a financial transaction card, is so obtained, in the mannerprovided in clause (1).

(b) In any prosecution under paragraph (a), clause (1), the value of the transactions made or attempted within any six-month period may be aggregated and the defendant charged accordingly in applying the provisions of this section. When two or more offenses are committed by the same person in two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted in any county in which one of the card transactions occurred for all of the transactions aggregated under this paragraph.

110.31**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment110.32and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

110.33 Sec. 62. **REPEALER.**

110.34 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245E.07, subdivision 3, is repealed.

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111.1			ARTICL	JE 5	
111.2			HEALTH	CARE	
111.3		. Minnesota Statute	es 2014, section 2	256B.0625, subdivisio	n 31, is amended to
111.4	read:				
111.5				ent. (a) Medical assist	
111.6				side of the facility's pa	-
111.7				ories for recipients wh	
111.8			_	entally disabled. Reim	
111.9	wheelchairs	and wheelchair acc	essories for ICF	/DD recipients shall be	e subject to the same
111.10	conditions a	nd limitations as co	verage for recip	ients who do not resid	e in institutions. A
111.11	wheelchair p	purchased outside of	f the facility's pa	syment rate is the prop	erty of the recipient.
111.12	The commis	ssioner may set rein	nbursement rates	s for specified categori	les of medical
111.13	supplies at l	evels below the Me	dicare payment	rate.	
111.14	(b) Ve	ndors of durable me	dical equipment	, prosthetics, orthotics	, or medical supplies
111.15	must enroll	as a Medicare provi	ider.		
111.16	(c) Wł	nen necessary to ens	sure access to du	arable medical equipm	ent, prosthetics,
111.17	orthotics, or	medical supplies, the	he commissione	r may exempt a vendo	r from the Medicare
111.18	enrollment r	requirement if:			
111.19	(1) the	e vendor supplies or	nly one type of c	lurable medical equipr	nent, prosthetic,
111.20	orthotic, or	medical supply;			
111.21	(2) the	e vendor serves ten d	or fewer medical	l assistance recipients	per year;
111.22	(3) the	commissioner find	s that other vend	lors are not available t	o provide same or
111.23	similar dura	ble medical equipm	ent, prosthetics,	orthotics, or medical s	supplies; and
111.24	(4) the	vendor complies w	vith all screening	g requirements in this c	hapter and Code of
111.25	Federal Reg	ulations, title 42, pa	art 455. The com	missioner may also ex	cempt a vendor from
111.26	the Medicar	e enrollment require	ement if the vend	dor is accredited by a C	Centers for Medicare
111.27	and Medical	id Services approve	d national accre	ditation organization a	s complying with
111.28	the Medicar	e program's supplie	r and quality sta	ndards and the vendor	serves primarily
111.29	pediatric par	tients.			
111.30	(d) Du	rable medical equip	oment means a d	evice or equipment the	at:
111.31	(1) car	n withstand repeated	d use;		
111.32	(2) is g	generally not useful	in the absence of	of an illness, injury, or	disability; and
111.33	(3) is j	provided to correct	or accommodate	e a physiological disor	der or physical
111.34	condition or	is generally used p	rimarily for a m	edical purpose.	

(e) Electronic tablets may be considered durable medical equipment if the electronic
tablet will be used as an augmentative and alternative communication system as defined
under subdivision 31a, paragraph (a). To be covered by medical assistance, the device
must be locked in order to prevent use not related to communication.

(f) Notwithstanding the requirement in paragraph (e) that an electronic tablet must
be locked to prevent use not as an augmentative communication device, a recipient of
waiver services may use an electronic tablet for a use not related to communication when
the recipient has been authorized under the waiver to receive one or more additional
applications that can be loaded onto the electronic tablet, such that allowing the additional

112.10 <u>use prevents the purchase of a separate electronic tablet with waiver funds.</u>

112.11 Sec. 2. OBSOLETE RULES REGARDING PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS FOR 112.12 MEDICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall amend Minnesota Rules, part

112.14 <u>9505.0310</u>, subpart 3, to remove the following medical supplies and equipment from the

112.15 list for which prior authorization is required as a condition of medical assistance payment:

112.16 <u>a nondurable medical supply that costs more than the performance agreement limit;</u>

112.17 and durable medical equipment, prostheses, and orthoses if the cost of their purchase,

112.18 projected cumulative rental for the period of the recipient's expected use, or repairs

112.19 exceeds the performance agreement limit.

(b) The commissioner of human services shall amend Minnesota Rules, part

112.21 9505.0365, subpart 3, to remove the requirement that prior authorization for an ambulatory

112.22 <u>aid is required for an aid that costs in excess of the limits specified in the provider's</u>

112.23 performance agreement.

112.24 (c) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption in Minnesota Statutes,

112.25 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section. Minnesota

112.26 <u>Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section</u>

112.27 <u>14.388.</u>

112.28 Sec. 3. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

 112.29
 Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0175, subpart 32; 9505.0365, subpart 2; 9505.1696,

 112.30
 subpart 10; and 9505.1709, are repealed.

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113.1			ARTICL	Е б	
113.2			CONTINUIN	G CARE	
113.3	Section 1. I	Minnesota Statutes	s 2014, section	144.0724, subdivision 1	2, is amended to
113.4	read:				
113.5	Subd. 12	2. Appeal of nursi	ing facility leve	l of care determination	n. (a) A resident or
113.6	prospective res	sident whose level	of care determi	nation results in a denia	l of long-term care
113.7	services can aj	ppeal the determin	ation as outline	d in section 256B.0911,	, subdivision 3a,
113.8	paragraph (h),	clause (9).			
113.9	(b) The o	commissioner of h	uman services s	shall ensure that notice	of changes in
113.10	eligibility due	to a nursing facilit	ty level of care	determination is provide	ed to each affected
113.11	recipient or the	e recipient's guardi	ian at least 30 da	ays before the effective	date of the change.
113.12	The notice sha	all include the follo	owing informati	on:	
113.13	(1) how	to obtain further ir	nformation on tl	ne changes;	
113.14	(2) how	to receive assistant	ce in obtaining	other services;	
113.15	(3) a list	of community res	ources; and		
113.16	(4) appea	al rights.			
113.17	A recipient wh	no meets the criter	ia in section 25	6B.0922, subdivision 2,	, paragraph (a),
113.18	clauses (1) and	1 (2), may request	continued servi	ces pending appeal with	in the time period
113.19	allowed to req	uest an appeal und	ler section 256.0	045, subdivision 3, para	graph (h<u>)</u> (i) . This
113.20	paragraph is ir	effect for appeals	filed between J	anuary 1, 2015, and De	cember 31, 2016.
113.21			-	E.065, subdivision 4a, i	
113.22				vorkers. (a) Beginning	•
113.23	licensure of cit	ty, county, and stat	e agency social	workers is voluntary, ex	xcept an individual
113.24	who is newly	employed by a city	y or state agenc	y after July 1, 2016, mu	ist be licensed
113.25	if the individu	al who provides so	ocial work servi	ices, as those services a	re defined in
113.26				, is presented to the pub	olic by any title
113.27	incorporating	the words "social v	work" or "social	l worker."	
113.28	(b) City,	county, and state a	agencies employ	ying social workers and	l staff who are
113.29	designated to	perform mandated	duties under so	ections 256.01, subdivis	tion 24, and
113.30	256.975, subd	ivisions 7 to 7c, ar	e not required to	o employ licensed socia	l workers.
113.31				D.10, subdivision 3, is a	
113.32		-		termination. (a) The li	
113.33	establish polic	ies and procedures	s for temporary s	service suspension and s	service termination

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114.1	that promote continuity of care and service coordination with the person and the case
114.2	manager and with other licensed caregivers, if any, who also provide support to the person.
114.3	(b) The license holder must limit temporary service suspension to situations in which
114.4	the person's conduct poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and less
114.5	restrictive or positive support strategies would not achieve and maintain safety. If, based on
114.6	a review by the person's support team or expanded support team, that team determines the
114.7	person no longer poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others, the person has a
114.8	right to return to receiving services. If, at the time of the service suspension or at any time
114.9	during the suspension, the person is receiving treatment related to the conduct that resulted
114.10	in the service suspension, the support team or expanded support team must consider the
114.11	recommendation of the licensed health professional, mental health professional, or other
114.12	licensed professional involved in the person's care or treatment when determining whether
114.13	the person no longer poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and can
114.14	return to the program. If the support team or expanded support team makes a determination
114.15	that is contrary to the recommendation of a licensed professional treating the person, the
114.16	license holder must document the specific reasons why a contrary decision was made.
114.17	(c) The license holder must permit each person to remain in the program and must
114.18	not terminate services unless:
114.19	(1) the termination is necessary for the person's welfare and the person's needs
114.20	cannot be met in the facility;
114.21	(2) the safety of the person or others in the program is endangered and positive
114.22	support strategies were attempted and have not achieved and effectively maintained safety
114.23	for the person or others;
114.24	(3) the health of the person or others in the program would otherwise be endangered;
114.25	(4) the program has not been paid for services;
114.26	(5) the program ceases to operate; or
114.27	(6) the person has been terminated by the lead agency from waiver programs or
114.28	services.
114.29	(b) (d) The policy must include the following requirements:
114.30	(1) the license holder must notify the person or the person's legal representative and
114.31	case manager in writing of the intended termination or temporary service suspension, and
114.32	the person's right to seek a temporary order staying the termination of service according
114.33	to the procedures in section 256.045, subdivision 4a, or 6, paragraph (c);. If the service
114.34	termination or temporary service suspension is from residential supports and services as
114.35	defined in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (3), the license holder
114.36	must also notify the commissioner in writing. The notice must include:

115.1	(i) the reason for the action;
115.2	(ii) except for a service termination under paragraph (c), clause (5), or temporary
115.3	service suspension under paragraph (b), a summary of actions taken to minimize or
115.4	eliminate the need for service termination or temporary service suspension as required
115.5	under clause (5) of this paragraph, and why these measures failed to prevent the
115.6	termination or suspension;
115.7	(iii) the person's right to seek a temporary order staying the termination of services
115.8	according to the procedures in section 256.045, subdivision 4a or 6, paragraph (c); and
115.9	(iv) the person's right to appeal the termination of services under section 256.045,
115.10	subdivision 3, paragraph (a);
115.11	(2) notice of the proposed termination of services, including those situations that
115.12	began with a temporary service suspension, must be given at least 60 days before the
115.13	proposed termination is to become effective when a license holder is providing intensive
115.14	supports and services identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), and 30
115.15	days prior to termination for all other services licensed under this chapter. This notice may
115.16	be given in conjunction with a notice of temporary service suspension;
115.17	(3) notice of temporary service suspension must be given on the first day of the
115.18	service suspension;
115.19	(4) the license holder must provide information requested by the person or case
115.20	manager when services are temporarily suspended or upon notice of termination;
115.21	(5) prior to giving notice of service termination or temporary service suspension,
115.22	the license holder must document actions taken to minimize or eliminate the need for
115.23	service suspension or termination;. If, based on the best interests of the individual, the
115.24	circumstances at the time of the notice were such that the license holder was unable to
115.25	take the action specified in items (i) and (ii), the license holder must document the specific
115.26	circumstances and the reason for being unable to do so. Action taken by the license holder
115.27	must include, at a minimum:
115.28	(i) consultation with the person's support team or expanded support team to identify
115.29	and resolve issues leading to issuance of the notice; and
115.30	(ii) a request to the case manager for intervention services identified in section
115.31	245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (1), or other professional consultation or
115.32	intervention services to support the person in the program;
115.33	(6) during the temporary service suspension or service termination notice period,
115.34	the license holder must work with the support team or expanded support team to develop
115.35	reasonable alternatives to protect the person and others; and to support continuity of care
115.36	for the person during the transition; and

(7) the license holder must maintain information about the service suspension or
termination, including the written termination notice, in the service recipient record; and.
(8) the license holder must restrict temporary service suspension to situations in
which the person's conduct poses an imminent risk of physical harm to self or others and
less restrictive or positive support strategies would not achieve and maintain safety.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. State agency hearings. (a) State agency hearings are available for the
following:

(1) any person applying for, receiving or having received public assistance, medical
care, or a program of social services granted by the state agency or a county agency or
the federal Food Stamp Act whose application for assistance is denied, not acted upon
with reasonable promptness, or whose assistance is suspended, reduced, terminated, or
claimed to have been incorrectly paid;

(2) any patient or relative aggrieved by an order of the commissioner under section252.27;

(3) a party aggrieved by a ruling of a prepaid health plan;

(4) except as provided under chapter 245C, any individual or facility determined by a
lead investigative agency to have maltreated a vulnerable adult under section 626.557 after
they have exercised their right to administrative reconsideration under section 626.557;

(5) any person whose claim for foster care payment according to a placement of the
 child resulting from a child protection assessment under section 626.556 is denied or not
 acted upon with reasonable promptness, regardless of funding source;

(6) any person to whom a right of appeal according to this section is given by otherprovision of law;

(7) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application for a hardshipwaiver under section 256B.15;

(8) an applicant aggrieved by an adverse decision to an application or redetermination
for a Medicare Part D prescription drug subsidy under section 256B.04, subdivision 4a;

(9) except as provided under chapter 245A, an individual or facility determined
to have maltreated a minor under section 626.556, after the individual or facility has
exercised the right to administrative reconsideration under section 626.556;

(10) except as provided under chapter 245C, an individual disqualified under sections
245C.14 and 245C.15, following a reconsideration decision issued under section 245C.23,
on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment; a preponderance of the evidence that
the individual has committed an act or acts that meet the definition of any of the crimes

listed in section 245C.15, subdivisions 1 to 4; or for failing to make reports required 117.1 under section 626.556, subdivision 3, or 626.557, subdivision 3. Hearings regarding a 117.2 maltreatment determination under clause (4) or (9) and a disqualification under this clause 117.3 in which the basis for a disqualification is serious or recurring maltreatment, shall be 117.4 consolidated into a single fair hearing. In such cases, the scope of review by the human 117.5 services judge shall include both the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. 117.6 The failure to exercise the right to an administrative reconsideration shall not be a bar to a 117.7 hearing under this section if federal law provides an individual the right to a hearing to 117.8 dispute a finding of maltreatment; or 117.9

(11) any person with an outstanding debt resulting from receipt of public assistance,
medical care, or the federal Food Stamp Act who is contesting a setoff claim by the
Department of Human Services or a county agency. The scope of the appeal is the
validity of the claimant agency's intention to request a setoff of a refund under chapter
270A against the debt.;

(12) a person issued a notice of service termination under section 245D.10,
subdivision 3, from residential supports and services as defined in section 245D.03,
subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (3), that is not otherwise subject to appeal under

117.18 subdivision 4a; or

117.19 (13) an individual disability waiver recipient based on a denial of a request for a
117.20 rate exception under section 256B.4914.

(b) The hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clause (4), (9), or 117.21 (10), is the only administrative appeal to the final agency determination specifically, 117.22 117.23 including a challenge to the accuracy and completeness of data under section 13.04. Hearings requested under paragraph (a), clause (4), apply only to incidents of maltreatment 117.24 that occur on or after October 1, 1995. Hearings requested by nursing assistants in nursing 117.25 homes alleged to have maltreated a resident prior to October 1, 1995, shall be held as a 117.26 contested case proceeding under the provisions of chapter 14. Hearings requested under 117.27 paragraph (a), clause (9), apply only to incidents of maltreatment that occur on or after 117.28 July 1, 1997. A hearing for an individual or facility under paragraph (a), clauses (4), (9), 117.29 and (10), is only available when there is no district court action pending. If such action is 117.30 filed in district court while an administrative review is pending that arises out of some 117.31 or all of the events or circumstances on which the appeal is based, the administrative 117.32 review must be suspended until the judicial actions are completed. If the district court 117.33 proceedings are completed, dismissed, or overturned, the matter may be considered in 117.34 an administrative hearing. 117.35

118.1 (c) For purposes of this section, bargaining unit grievance procedures are not an 118.2 administrative appeal.

- (d) The scope of hearings involving claims to foster care payments under paragraph
 (a), clause (5), shall be limited to the issue of whether the county is legally responsible for a
 child's placement under court order or voluntary placement agreement and, if so, the correct
 amount of foster care payment to be made on the child's behalf and shall not include review
 of the propriety of the county's child protection determination or child placement decision.
- 118.8 (e) The scope of hearings under paragraph (a), clause (12), shall be limited to

118.9 whether the proposed termination of services is authorized under section 245D.10,

118.10 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), and whether the requirements of section 245D.10,

118.11 <u>subdivision 3, paragraph (d), clause (5), were met.</u>

(e) (f) A vendor of medical care as defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 7, or a
 vendor under contract with a county agency to provide social services is not a party and
 may not request a hearing under this section, except if assisting a recipient as provided in
 subdivision 4.

118.16 (f) (g) An applicant or recipient is not entitled to receive social services beyond the 118.17 services prescribed under chapter 256M or other social services the person is eligible 118.18 for under state law.

(g) (h) The commissioner may summarily affirm the county or state agency's
 proposed action without a hearing when the sole issue is an automatic change due to
 a change in state or federal law.

(h) (i) Unless federal or Minnesota law specifies a different time frame in which to file 118.22 118.23 an appeal, an individual or organization specified in this section may contest the specified action, decision, or final disposition before the state agency by submitting a written request 118.24 for a hearing to the state agency within 30 days after receiving written notice of the action, 118.25 118.26 decision, or final disposition, or within 90 days of such written notice if the applicant, recipient, patient, or relative shows good cause, as defined in section 256.0451, subdivision 118.27 13, why the request was not submitted within the 30-day time limit. The individual filing 118.28 the appeal has the burden of proving good cause by a preponderance of the evidence. 118.29

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.045, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Additional powers of commissioner; subpoenas. (a) The commissioner
of human services, or the commissioner of health for matters within the commissioner's
jurisdiction under subdivision 3b, may initiate a review of any action or decision of a
county agency and direct that the matter be presented to a state human services judge
for a hearing held under subdivision 3, 3a, 3b, or 4a. In all matters dealing with human

services committed by law to the discretion of the county agency, the commissioner's
judgment may be substituted for that of the county agency. The commissioner may order
an independent examination when appropriate.

(b) Any party to a hearing held pursuant to subdivision 3, 3a, 3b, or 4a may request
that the commissioner issue a subpoena to compel the attendance of witnesses and the
production of records at the hearing. A local agency may request that the commissioner
issue a subpoena to compel the release of information from third parties prior to a request
for a hearing under section 256.046 upon a showing of relevance to such a proceeding.
The issuance, service, and enforcement of subpoenas under this subdivision is governed
by section 357.22 and the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure.

(c) The commissioner may issue a temporary order staying a proposed demission by
a residential facility licensed under chapter 245A:

119.13 (1) while an appeal by a recipient under subdivision 3 is pending or for the period of 119.14 time necessary for the county agency to implement the commissioner's order-; or

119.15 (2) when a recipient has been issued a notice of service termination pursuant to section 245D.10, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), from residential supports and services as 119.16 defined in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (3), and the county agency 119.17 has not yet finalized arrangements for a residential facility, a program, or services that will 119.18 meet the assessed needs of the recipient by the effective date of the service termination. 119.19 Except as otherwise provided by law, the stay of the demission must be limited to a 119.20 period of no more than 60 calendar days from the effective date of the proposed service 119.21 termination. At the end of that time, the stay shall end by operation of law. During the 119.22 119.23 period of the stay of demission, the county agency must ensure that additional services and supports are provided to protect the health and safety of the recipient and others in the 119.24 program, and must finalize the plan for services for the recipient. 119.25

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.975, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 119.26 Subd. 7. Consumer information and assistance and long-term care options 119.27 counseling; Senior LinkAge Line. (a) The Minnesota Board on Aging shall operate a 119.28 statewide service to aid older Minnesotans and their families in making informed choices 119.29 about long-term care options and health care benefits. Language services to persons 119.30 with limited English language skills may be made available. The service, known as 119.31 Senior LinkAge Line, shall serve older adults as the designated Aging and Disability 119.32 Resource Center under United States Code, title 42, section 3001, the Older Americans 119.33 Act Amendments of 2006 in partnership with the Disability Linkage Line under section 119.34 256.01, subdivision 24, and must be available during business hours through a statewide 119.35

toll-free number and the Internet. The Minnesota Board on Aging shall consult with,
and when appropriate work through, the area agencies on aging counties, and other
entities that serve aging and disabled populations of all ages, to provide and maintain
the telephone infrastructure and related support for the Aging and Disability Resource
Center partners which agree by memorandum to access the infrastructure, including the

designated providers of the Senior LinkAge Line and the Disability Linkage Line.

(b) The service must provide long-term care options counseling by assisting older
adults, caregivers, and providers in accessing information and options counseling about
choices in long-term care services that are purchased through private providers or available
through public options. The service must:

(1) develop and provide for regular updating of a comprehensive database that
includes detailed listings in both consumer- and provider-oriented formats that can provide
search results down to the neighborhood level;

(2) make the database accessible on the Internet and through other telecommunicationand media-related tools;

(3) link callers to interactive long-term care screening tools and make these toolsavailable through the Internet by integrating the tools with the database;

(4) develop community education materials with a focus on planning for long-termcare and evaluating independent living, housing, and service options;

(5) conduct an outreach campaign to assist older adults and their caregivers infinding information on the Internet and through other means of communication;

(6) implement a messaging system for overflow callers and respond to these callersby the next business day;

(7) link callers with county human services and other providers to receive morein-depth assistance and consultation related to long-term care options;

(8) link callers with quality profiles for nursing facilities and other home and
community-based services providers developed by the commissioners of health and
human services;

(9) develop an outreach plan to seniors and their caregivers with a particular focuson establishing a clear presence in places that seniors recognize and:

(i) place a significant emphasis on improved outreach and service to seniors and
their caregivers by establishing annual plans by neighborhood, city, and county, as
necessary, to address the unique needs of geographic areas in the state where there are
dense populations of seniors;

(ii) establish an efficient workforce management approach and assign community
living specialist staff and volunteers to geographic areas as well as aging and disability

resource center sites so that seniors and their caregivers and professionals recognize theSenior LinkAge Line as the place to call for aging services and information;

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(iii) recognize the size and complexity of the metropolitan area service system by
working with metropolitan counties to establish a clear partnership with them, including
seeking county advice on the establishment of local aging and disabilities resource center
sites; and

(iv) maintain dashboards with metrics that demonstrate how the service is expanding
and extending or enhancing its outreach efforts in dispersed or hard to reach locations in
varied population centers;

(10) incorporate information about the availability of housing options, as well as 121.10 registered housing with services and consumer rights within the MinnesotaHelp.info 121.11 network long-term care database to facilitate consumer comparison of services and costs 121.12 among housing with services establishments and with other in-home services and to 121.13 support financial self-sufficiency as long as possible. Housing with services establishments 121.14 121.15 and their arranged home care providers shall provide information that will facilitate price comparisons, including delineation of charges for rent and for services available. The 121.16 commissioners of health and human services shall align the data elements required by 121.17 section 144G.06, the Uniform Consumer Information Guide, and this section to provide 121.18 consumers standardized information and ease of comparison of long-term care options. 121.19 The commissioner of human services shall provide the data to the Minnesota Board on 121.20 Aging for inclusion in the MinnesotaHelp.info network long-term care database; 121.21

121.22 (11) provide long-term care options counseling. Long-term care options counselors121.23 shall:

(i) for individuals not eligible for case management under a public program or public
funding source, provide interactive decision support under which consumers, family
members, or other helpers are supported in their deliberations to determine appropriate
long-term care choices in the context of the consumer's needs, preferences, values, and
individual circumstances, including implementing a community support plan;

(ii) provide Web-based educational information and collateral written materials to
familiarize consumers, family members, or other helpers with the long-term care basics,
issues to be considered, and the range of options available in the community;

(iii) provide long-term care futures planning, which means providing assistance to
individuals who anticipate having long-term care needs to develop a plan for the more
distant future; and

(iv) provide expertise in benefits and financing options for long-term care, including
Medicare, long-term care insurance, tax or employer-based incentives, reverse mortgages,

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private pay options, and ways to access low or no-cost services or benefits throughvolunteer-based or charitable programs;

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(12) using risk management and support planning protocols, provide long-term 122.3 care options counseling to current residents of nursing homes deemed appropriate for 122.4 discharge by the commissioner, former residents of nursing homes who were discharged 122.5 to community settings, and older adults who request service after consultation with the 122.6 Senior LinkAge Line under clause (13). The Senior LinkAge Line shall also receive 122.7 referrals from the residents or staff of nursing homes. The Senior LinkAge Line shall 122.8 identify and contact residents deemed appropriate for discharge by developing targeting 122.9 criteria in consultation with the commissioner who shall provide designated Senior 122.10 LinkAge Line contact centers with a list of nursing home residents that meet the criteria 122.11 as being appropriate for discharge planning via a secure Web portal. Senior LinkAge 122.12 Line shall provide these residents, if they indicate a preference to receive long-term care 122.13 options counseling, with initial assessment and, if appropriate, a referral to: 122.14

122.15

(i) long-term care consultation services under section 256B.0911;

(ii) designated care coordinators of contracted entities under section 256B.035 forpersons who are enrolled in a managed care plan; or

(iii) the long-term care consultation team for those who are eligible for relocation 122.18 service coordination due to high-risk factors or psychological or physical disability; and 122.19 (13) develop referral protocols and processes that will assist certified health care 122.20 homes and hospitals to identify at-risk older adults and determine when to refer these 122.21 individuals to the Senior LinkAge Line for long-term care options counseling under this 122.22 122.23 section. The commissioner is directed to work with the commissioner of health to develop protocols that would comply with the health care home designation criteria and protocols 122.24 available at the time of hospital discharge. The commissioner shall keep a record of the 122.25 number of people who choose long-term care options counseling as a result of this section. 122.26 (c) Nursing homes shall provide contact information to the Senior LinkAge Line 122.27 for residents identified in paragraph (b), clause (12), to provide long-term care options 122.28 counseling pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (11). The contact information for residents 122.29 shall include all information reasonably necessary to contact residents, including first and 122.30

122.31 last names, permanent and temporary addresses, telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0911, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
(a) Until additional requirements apply under paragraph (b), "long-term care
consultation services" means:

(1) intake for and access to assistance in identifying services needed to maintain anindividual in the most inclusive environment;

(2) providing recommendations for and referrals to cost-effective communityservices that are available to the individual;

123.5 (3) development of an individual's person-centered community support plan;

123.6 (4) providing information regarding eligibility for Minnesota health care programs;

(5) face-to-face long-term care consultation assessments, which may be completed
in a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for persons with developmental
disabilities (ICF/DDs), regional treatment centers, or the person's current or planned
residence;

(6) determination of home and community-based waiver and other service eligibility
as required under sections 256B.0913, 256B.0915, and 256B.49, including level of
care determination for individuals who need an institutional level of care as determined
under subdivision 4e, based on assessment and community support plan development,
appropriate referrals to obtain necessary diagnostic information, and including an
eligibility determination for consumer-directed community supports;

(7) providing recommendations for institutional placement when there are nocost-effective community services available;

(8) providing access to assistance to transition people back to community settingsafter institutional admission; and

(9) providing information about competitive employment, with or without supports, 123.21 for school-age youth and working-age adults and referrals to the Disability Linkage 123.22 123.23 Line and Disability Benefits 101 to ensure that an informed choice about competitive employment can be made. For the purposes of this subdivision, "competitive employment" 123.24 means work in the competitive labor market that is performed on a full-time or part-time 123.25 basis in an integrated setting, and for which an individual is compensated at or above the 123.26 minimum wage, but not less than the customary wage and level of benefits paid by the 123.27 employer for the same or similar work performed by individuals without disabilities. 123.28

(b) Upon statewide implementation of lead agency requirements in subdivisions 2b,2c, and 3a, "long-term care consultation services" also means:

123.31 (1) service eligibility determination for state plan home care services identified in:

(i) section 256B.0625, subdivisions 7, 19a, and 19c; or

123.33 (ii) consumer support grants under section 256.476; or

123.34 (iii) section 256B.85;

(2) notwithstanding provisions in Minnesota Rules, parts 9525.0004 to 9525.0024,

123.36 determination of eligibility for case management services available under sections

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256B.0621, subdivision 2, paragraph (4), and 256B.0924 and Minnesota Rules, part
9525.0016;

(3) determination of institutional level of care, home and community-based service
waiver, and other service eligibility as required under section 256B.092, determination
of eligibility for family support grants under section 252.32, semi-independent living
services under section 252.275, and day training and habilitation services under section
256B.092; and

(4) obtaining necessary diagnostic information to determine eligibility under clauses(2) and (3).

(c) "Long-term care options counseling" means the services provided by the linkage
lines as mandated by sections 256.01, subdivision 24, and 256.975, subdivision 7, and
also includes telephone assistance and follow up once a long-term care consultation
assessment has been completed.

(d) "Minnesota health care programs" means the medical assistance program underchapter 256B and the alternative care program under section 256B.0913.

(e) "Lead agencies" means counties administering or tribes and health plans under
 contract with the commissioner to administer long-term care consultation assessment and
 support planning services.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0911, subdivision 2b, is amended to read: 124.19 Subd. 2b. MnCHOICES certified assessors. (a) Each lead agency shall use 124.20 certified assessors who have completed MnCHOICES training and the certification 124.21 124.22 processes determined by the commissioner in subdivision 2c. Certified assessors shall 124.23 demonstrate best practices in assessment and support planning including person-centered planning principals and have a common set of skills that must ensure consistency 124.24 124.25 and equitable access to services statewide. A lead agency may choose, according to departmental policies, to contract with a qualified, certified assessor to conduct 124.26 assessments and reassessments on behalf of the lead agency. 124.27

(b) <u>MnCHOICES</u> certified assessors are persons with a minimum of a bachelor's degree in social work, nursing with a public health nursing certificate, or other closely related field with at least one year of home and community-based experience, or a registered nurse without public health certification with at least two years of home and community-based experience that <u>who</u> has received training and certification specific to assessment and consultation for long-term care services in the state.

124.34 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0911, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

125.1 Subd. 3. Long-term care consultation team. (a) A long-term care consultation 125.2 team shall be established by the county board of commissioners. Two or more counties 125.3 may collaborate to establish a joint local consultation team or teams.

(b) Certified assessors must be part of a multidisciplinary long-term care consultation 125.4 Each lead agency shall establish and maintain a team of professionals that includes public 125.5 health nurses, social workers, and other professionals as defined in certified assessors 125.6 qualified under subdivision 2b, paragraph (b). Each team member is responsible for 125.7 providing consultation with other team members upon request. The team is responsible 125.8 for providing long-term care consultation services to all persons located in the county who 125.9 request the services, regardless of eligibility for Minnesota health care programs. The 125.10 team of certified assessors must include, at a minimum: 125.11

125.12 (1) a social worker; and

125.13 (2) a public health nurse or registered nurse.

(c) The commissioner shall allow arrangements and make recommendations that
encourage counties and tribes to collaborate to establish joint local long-term care
consultation teams to ensure that long-term care consultations are done within the
timelines and parameters of the service. This includes integrated service models as
required in subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(d) Tribes and health plans under contract with the commissioner must providelong-term care consultation services as specified in the contract.

(e) The lead agency must provide the commissioner with an administrative contactfor communication purposes.

125.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a, is amended to 125.24 read:

125.25 Subd. 3a. Assessment and support planning. (a) Persons requesting assessment, services planning, or other assistance intended to support community-based living, 125.26 including persons who need assessment in order to determine waiver or alternative care 125.27 program eligibility, must be visited by a long-term care consultation team within 20 125.28 calendar days after the date on which an assessment was requested or recommended. 125.29 Upon statewide implementation of subdivisions 2b, 2c, and 5, this requirement also 125.30 applies to an assessment of a person requesting personal care assistance services and home 125.31 care nursing. The commissioner shall provide at least a 90-day notice to lead agencies 125.32 prior to the effective date of this requirement. Face-to-face assessments must be conducted 125.33 according to paragraphs (b) to (i). 125.34

(b) The lead agency may utilize a team of either the social worker or public health
nurse, or both. Upon implementation of subdivisions 2b, 2c, and 5, lead agencies shall
use certified assessors to conduct the assessment. The consultation team members must
confer regarding the most appropriate care for each individual screened or assessed. For
a person with complex health care needs, a public health or registered nurse from the
team must be consulted.

126.7 (c) The <u>MnCHOICES</u> assessment provided by the commissioner to lead agencies 126.8 must be used to complete a comprehensive and include a, person-centered assessment of. 126.9 <u>The assessment must include</u> the health, psychological, functional, environmental, and 126.10 social needs of referred individuals and provide information the individual necessary to 126.11 develop a community support plan that meets the consumers individual's needs, using an 126.12 assessment form provided by the commissioner and preferences.

(d) The assessment must be conducted in a face-to-face interview with the person 126.13 being assessed and the person's legal representative, and other individuals as requested by 126.14 126.15 the person, who can provide information on the needs, strengths, and preferences of the person necessary to develop a community support plan that ensures the person's health and 126.16 safety, but who is not a provider of service or has any financial interest in the provision 126.17 of services. For persons who are to be assessed for elderly waiver customized living 126.18 services under section 256B.0915, with the permission of the person being assessed or 126.19 the person's designated or legal representative, the client's current or proposed provider 126.20 of services may submit a copy of the provider's nursing assessment or written report 126.21 outlining its recommendations regarding the client's care needs. The person conducting 126.22 126.23 the assessment will must notify the provider of the date by which this information is to be submitted. This information shall be provided to the person conducting the assessment 126.24 prior to the assessment. For a person who is to be assessed for waiver services under 126.25 section 256B.092 or 256B.49, with the permission of the person being assessed or the 126.26 person's designated legal representative, the person's current provider of services may 126.27 submit a written report outlining recommendations regarding the person's care needs 126.28 prepared by a direct service employee with at least 20 hours of service to that client. The 126.29 person conducting the assessment or reassessment must notify the provider of the date 126.30 by which this information is to be submitted. This information shall be provided to the 126.31 person conducting the assessment and the person or the person's legal representative, and 126.32 must be considered prior to the finalization of the assessment or reassessment. 126.33 (e) If the person chooses to use community-based services, The person or the person's 126.34

126.35 legal representative must be provided with a written community support plan within 40

calendar days of the assessment visit, regardless of whether the individual is eligible for

127.2 Minnesota health care programs. The written community support plan must include:

127.3 (1) a summary of assessed needs as defined in paragraphs (c) and (d);

(2) the individual's options and choices to meet identified needs, including allavailable options for case management services and providers;

(3) identification of health and safety risks and how those risks will be addressed,including personal risk management strategies;

127.8 (4) referral information; and

127.9 (5) informal caregiver supports, if applicable.

For a person determined eligible for state plan home care under subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), clause (1), the person or person's representative must also receive a copy of the home care service plan developed by the certified assessor.

(f) A person may request assistance in identifying community supports without participating in a complete assessment. Upon a request for assistance identifying community support, the person must be transferred or referred to long-term care options counseling services available under sections 256.975, subdivision 7, and 256.01,

127.17 subdivision 24, for telephone assistance and follow up.

(g) The person has the right to make the final decision between institutional
placement and community placement after the recommendations have been provided,
except as provided in section 256.975, subdivision 7a, paragraph (d).

(h) The lead agency must give the person receiving assessment or support planning,
or the person's legal representative, materials, and forms supplied by the commissioner
containing the following information:

(1) written recommendations for community-based services and consumer-directedoptions;

(2) documentation that the most cost-effective alternatives available were offered to
the individual. For purposes of this clause, "cost-effective" means community services and
living arrangements that cost the same as or less than institutional care. For an individual
found to meet eligibility criteria for home and community-based service programs under
section 256B.0915 or 256B.49, "cost-effectiveness" has the meaning found in the federally
approved waiver plan for each program;

(3) the need for and purpose of preadmission screening conducted by long-term care
options counselors according to section 256.975, subdivisions 7a to 7c, if the person selects
nursing facility placement. If the individual selects nursing facility placement, the lead
agency shall forward information needed to complete the level of care determinations and

screening for developmental disability and mental illness collected during the assessment
to the long-term care options counselor using forms provided by the commissioner;

(4) the role of long-term care consultation assessment and support planning in
eligibility determination for waiver and alternative care programs, and state plan home
care, case management, and other services as defined in subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a),
clause (6), and (b);

128.7 (5) information about Minnesota health care programs;

128.8

(6) the person's freedom to accept or reject the recommendations of the team;

(7) the person's right to confidentiality under the Minnesota Government DataPractices Act, chapter 13;

(8) the certified assessor's decision regarding the person's need for institutional
level of care as determined under criteria established in subdivision 4e and the certified
assessor's decision regarding eligibility for all services and programs as defined in
subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a), clause (6), and (b); and

(9) the person's right to appeal the certified assessor's decision regarding eligibility for all services and programs as defined in subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a), clauses (6), (7), and (8), and (b), and incorporating the decision regarding the need for institutional level of care or the lead agency's final decisions regarding public programs eligibility according to section 256.045, subdivision 3.

(i) Face-to-face assessment completed as part of eligibility determination for
the alternative care, elderly waiver, community alternatives for disabled individuals,
community alternative care, and brain injury waiver programs under sections 256B.0913,
256B.0915, and 256B.49 is valid to establish service eligibility for no more than 60
calendar days after the date of assessment.

(j) The effective eligibility start date for programs in paragraph (i) can never be prior
to the date of assessment. If an assessment was completed more than 60 days before
the effective waiver or alternative care program eligibility start date, assessment and
support plan information must be updated and documented in the department's Medicaid
Management Information System (MMIS). Notwithstanding retroactive medical assistance
coverage of state plan services, the effective date of eligibility for programs included in
paragraph (i) cannot be prior to the date the most recent updated assessment is completed.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Eligibility for funding for services for nonmedical assistance recipients.
(a) Funding for services under the alternative care program is available to persons who
meet the following criteria:

(1) the person is a citizen of the United States or a United States national;

(1) (2) the person has been determined by a community assessment under section
256B.0911 to be a person who would require the level of care provided in a nursing
facility, as determined under section 256B.0911, subdivision 4e, but for the provision of
services under the alternative care program;

129.6 (2) (3) the person is age 65 or older;

129.7 (3) (4) the person would be eligible for medical assistance within 135 days of 129.8 admission to a nursing facility;

 $\frac{(4)(5)}{(5)}$ the person is not ineligible for the payment of long-term care services by the medical assistance program due to an asset transfer penalty under section 256B.0595 or equity interest in the home exceeding \$500,000 as stated in section 256B.056;

129.12 (5)(6) the person needs long-term care services that are not funded through other 129.13 state or federal funding, or other health insurance or other third-party insurance such as 129.14 long-term care insurance;

129.15 (6) (7) except for individuals described in clause (7) (8), the monthly cost of the alternative care services funded by the program for this person does not exceed 75 percent 129.16 of the monthly limit described under section 256B.0915, subdivision 3a. This monthly 129.17 limit does not prohibit the alternative care client from payment for additional services, 129.18 but in no case may the cost of additional services purchased under this section exceed the 129.19 difference between the client's monthly service limit defined under section 256B.0915, 129.20 subdivision 3, and the alternative care program monthly service limit defined in this 129.21 paragraph. If care-related supplies and equipment or environmental modifications and 129.22 129.23 adaptations are or will be purchased for an alternative care services recipient, the costs may be prorated on a monthly basis for up to 12 consecutive months beginning with the 129.24 month of purchase. If the monthly cost of a recipient's other alternative care services 129.25 exceeds the monthly limit established in this paragraph, the annual cost of the alternative 129.26 care services shall be determined. In this event, the annual cost of alternative care services 129.27 shall not exceed 12 times the monthly limit described in this paragraph; 129.28

(7) (8) for individuals assigned a case mix classification A as described under 129.29 section 256B.0915, subdivision 3a, paragraph (a), with (i) no dependencies in activities 129.30 of daily living, or (ii) up to two dependencies in bathing, dressing, grooming, walking, 129.31 and eating when the dependency score in eating is three or greater as determined by an 129.32 assessment performed under section 256B.0911, the monthly cost of alternative care 129.33 services funded by the program cannot exceed \$593 per month for all new participants 129.34 enrolled in the program on or after July 1, 2011. This monthly limit shall be applied to 129.35 all other participants who meet this criteria at reassessment. This monthly limit shall be 129.36

increased annually as described in section 256B.0915, subdivision 3a, paragraph (a). This

130.2 monthly limit does not prohibit the alternative care client from payment for additional

130.3 services, but in no case may the cost of additional services purchased exceed the difference

between the client's monthly service limit defined in this clause and the limit described in

130.5 clause (6) (7) for case mix classification A; and

130.6 (8)(9) the person is making timely payments of the assessed monthly fee.

A person is ineligible if payment of the fee is over 60 days past due, unless the personagrees to:

(i) the appointment of a representative payee;

(ii) automatic payment from a financial account;

(iii) the establishment of greater family involvement in the financial management ofpayments; or

(iv) another method acceptable to the lead agency to ensure prompt fee payments.

The lead agency may extend the client's eligibility as necessary while making arrangements to facilitate payment of past-due amounts and future premium payments. Following disenrollment due to nonpayment of a monthly fee, eligibility shall not be reinstated for a period of 30 days.

(b) Alternative care funding under this subdivision is not available for a person who 130.18 130.19 is a medical assistance recipient or who would be eligible for medical assistance without a spenddown or waiver obligation. A person whose initial application for medical assistance 130.20 and the elderly waiver program is being processed may be served under the alternative care 130.21 program for a period up to 60 days. If the individual is found to be eligible for medical 130.22 assistance, medical assistance must be billed for services payable under the federally 130.23 130.24 approved elderly waiver plan and delivered from the date the individual was found eligible for the federally approved elderly waiver plan. Notwithstanding this provision, alternative 130.25 care funds may not be used to pay for any service the cost of which: (i) is payable by 130.26 medical assistance; (ii) is used by a recipient to meet a waiver obligation; or (iii) is used to 130.27 pay a medical assistance income spenddown for a person who is eligible to participate in the 130.28 federally approved elderly waiver program under the special income standard provision. 130.29

(c) Alternative care funding is not available for a person who resides in a licensed
nursing home, certified boarding care home, hospital, or intermediate care facility, except
for case management services which are provided in support of the discharge planning
process for a nursing home resident or certified boarding care home resident to assist with
a relocation process to a community-based setting.

(d) Alternative care funding is not available for a person whose income is greater
than the maintenance needs allowance under section 256B.0915, subdivision 1d, but equal

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131.4	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
131.5	Subd. 5. Services covered under alternative care. Alternative care funding may
131.6	be used for payment of costs of:
131.7	(1) adult day eare services and adult day services bath;
131.8	(2) home health aide care;
131.9	(3) homemaker services;
131.10	(4) personal care;
131.11	(5) case management and conversion case management;
131.12	(6) respite care;
131.13	(7) eare-related specialized supplies and equipment;
131.14	(8) meals delivered to the home_home-delivered meals;
131.15	(9) nonmedical transportation;
131.16	(10) nursing services;
131.17	(11) chore services;
131.18	(12) companion services;
131.19	(13) nutrition services;
131.20	(14) training for direct informal caregivers family caregiver training, education,
131.21	coaching, and counseling;
131.22	(15) telehome care to provide services in their own homes in conjunction with
131.23	in-home visits;
131.24	(16) consumer-directed community services supports under the alternative care
131.25	programs which are available statewide and limited to the average monthly expenditures
131.26	representative of all alternative care program participants for the same case mix resident
131.27	class assigned in the most recent fiscal year for which complete expenditure data is
131.28	available;
131.29	(17) environmental modifications accessibility and adaptations; and
131.30	(18) discretionary services, for which lead agencies may make payment from their
131.31	alternative care program allocation for services not otherwise defined in this section or
131.32	section 256B.0625, following approval by the commissioner.
131.33	Total annual payments for discretionary services for all clients served by a lead
131.34	agency must not exceed 25 percent of that lead agency's annual alternative care program
131.35	base allocation, except that when alternative care services receive federal financial

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participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration, funding shall be allocated inaccordance with subdivision 17.

132.3 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 5a, is amended to132.4 read:

Subd. 5a. Services; service definitions; service standards. (a) Unless specified in statute, the services, service definitions, and standards for alternative care services shall be the same as the services, service definitions, and standards specified in the federally approved elderly waiver plan, except alternative care does not cover transitional support services, assisted living services, adult foster care services, and residential care and benefits defined under section 256B.0625 that meet primary and acute health care needs.

(b) The lead agency must ensure that the funds are not used to supplant or 132.11 supplement services available through other public assistance or services programs, 132.12 including supplementation of client co-pays, deductibles, premiums, or other cost-sharing 132.13 132.14 arrangements for health-related benefits and services or entitlement programs and services that are available to the person, but in which they have elected not to enroll. The 132.15 lead agency must ensure that the benefit department recovery system in the Medicaid 132.16 Management Information System (MMIS) has the necessary information on any other 132.17 health insurance or third-party insurance policy to which the client may have access. 132.18 Supplies and equipment may be purchased from a vendor not certified to participate in the 132.19 Medicaid program if the cost for the item is less than that of a Medicaid vendor. 132.20

(c) Personal care services must meet the service standards defined in the federally 132.21 132.22 approved elderly waiver plan, except that a lead agency may authorize services to be provided by a client's relative who meets the relative hardship waiver requirements or a 132.23 relative who meets the criteria and is also the responsible party under an individual service 132.24 132.25 plan that ensures the client's health and safety and supervision of the personal care services by a qualified professional as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19c. Relative 132.26 hardship is established by the lead agency when the client's care causes a relative caregiver 132.27 to do any of the following: resign from a paying job, reduce work hours resulting in lost 132.28 wages, obtain a leave of absence resulting in lost wages, incur substantial client-related 132.29 expenses, provide services to address authorized, unstaffed direct care time, or meet 132.30 special needs of the client unmet in the formal service plan. 132.31

132.32(d) Minnesota health care programs cover sign language interpreter services and132.33spoken language interpreter services for recipients eligible for alternative care when

132.34 the services are necessary to help deaf and hard-of-hearing recipients or recipients with

132.35 limited English proficiency obtain covered services.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 133.1 Subd. 6. Alternative care program administration. (a) The alternative care 133.2 program is administered by the county agency. This agency is the lead agency responsible 133.3 for the local administration of the alternative care program as described in this section. 133.4 However, it may contract with the public health nursing service to be the lead agency. The 133.5 commissioner may contract with federally recognized Indian tribes with a reservation in 133.6 Minnesota to serve as the lead agency responsible for the local administration of the 133.7 alternative care program as described in the contract. When the commissioner determines 133.8 that an overpayment has been made by the state, the commissioner shall recover the 133.9 overpayment. 133.10

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(b) Alternative care pilot projects operate according to this section and the provisions
of Laws 1993, First Special Session chapter 1, article 5, section 133, under agreement
with the commissioner. Each pilot project agreement period shall begin no later than the
first payment cycle of the state fiscal year and continue through the last payment cycle of
the state fiscal year.

133.16 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 10, is amended to133.17 read:

Subd. 10. Allocation formula. (a) By July 15 of each year, the commissioner
shall allocate to county agencies the state funds available for alternative care for persons
eligible under subdivision 2, except that when alternative care services receive federal
financial participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration, funding shall be allocated in
accordance with subdivision 17.

(b) The adjusted base for each lead agency is the lead agency's current fiscal 133.23 year base allocation plus any targeted funds approved during the current fiscal year. 133.24 133.25 Calculations for paragraphs (c) and (d) are to be made as follows: for each lead agency, the determination of alternative care program expenditures shall be based on payments 133.26 for services rendered from April 1 through March 31 in the base year, to the extent that 133.27 claims have been submitted and paid by June 1 of that year, except that when alternative 133.28 care services receive federal financial participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration, 133.29 funding shall be allocated in accordance with subdivision 17. 133.30

(c) If the alternative care program expenditures as defined in paragraph (b) are 95
percent or more of the lead agency's adjusted base allocation, the allocation for the next
fiscal year is 100 percent of the adjusted base, plus inflation to the extent that inflation
is included in the state budget.

(d) If the alternative care program expenditures as defined in paragraph (b) are
less than 95 percent of the lead agency's adjusted base allocation, the allocation for the
next fiscal year is the adjusted base allocation less the amount of unspent funds below
the 95 percent level.

(e) If the annual legislative appropriation for the alternative care program is
inadequate to fund the combined lead agency allocations for a biennium, the commissioner
shall distribute to each lead agency the entire annual appropriation as that lead agency's
percentage of the computed base as calculated in paragraphs (c) and (d).

(f) On agreement between the commissioner and the lead agency, the commissioner
may have discretion to reallocate alternative care base allocations distributed to lead
agencies in which the base amount exceeds program expenditures.

134.12 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 11, is amended to 134.13 read:

Subd. 11. **Targeted funding.** (a) The purpose of targeted funding is to make additional money available to lead agencies with the greatest need. Targeted funds are not intended to be distributed equitably among all lead agencies, but rather, allocated to those with long-term care strategies that meet state goals.

(b) The funds available for targeted funding shall be the total appropriation for each
fiscal year minus lead agency allocations determined under subdivision 10 as adjusted
for any inflation increases provided in appropriations for the biennium, except that when
alternative care services receive federal financial participation under the 1115 waiver
demonstration, funding shall be allocated in accordance with subdivision 17.

(c) The commissioner shall allocate targeted funds to lead agencies that demonstrate
to the satisfaction of the commissioner that they have developed feasible plans to increase
alternative care spending, except that when alternative care services receive federal
financial participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration, funding shall be allocated in
accordance with subdivision 17. In making targeted funding allocations, the commissioner
shall use the following priorities:

(1) lead agencies that received a lower allocation in fiscal year 1991 than in fiscal
year 1990. Counties remain in this priority until they have been restored to their fiscal
year 1990 level plus inflation;

(2) lead agencies that sustain a base allocation reduction for failure to spend 95
percent of the allocation if they demonstrate that the base reduction should be restored;
(3) lead agencies that propose projects to divert community residents from nursing
home placement or convert nursing home residents to community living; and

(4) lead agencies that can otherwise justify program growth by demonstrating theexistence of waiting lists, demographically justified needs, or other unmet needs.

(d) Lead agencies that would receive targeted funds according to paragraph (c) must
demonstrate to the commissioner's satisfaction that the funds would be appropriately spent
by showing how the funds would be used to further the state's alternative care goals
as described in subdivision 1, and that the county has the administrative and service
delivery capability to use them.

(e) The commissioner shall make applications available for targeted funds by 135.8 November 1 of each year, except that when alternative care services receive federal 135.9 financial participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration, funding shall be allocated 135.10 in accordance with subdivision 17. The lead agencies selected for targeted funds shall 135.11 be notified of the amount of their additional funding. Targeted funds allocated to a lead 135.12 agency in one year shall be treated as part of the lead agency's base allocation for that 135.13 year in determining allocations for subsequent years. No reallocations between lead 135.14 135.15 agencies shall be made.

135.16 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, subdivision 12, is amended to135.17 read:

135.18 Subd. 12. **Client fees.** (a) A fee is required for all alternative care eligible clients 135.19 to help pay for the cost of participating in the program. The amount of the fee for the 135.20 alternative care client shall be determined as follows:

(1) when the alternative care client's income less recurring and predictable medical
expenses is less than 100 percent of the federal poverty guideline effective on July 1 of
the state fiscal year in which the fee is being computed, and total assets are less than
\$10,000, the fee is zero;

(2) when the alternative care client's income less recurring and predictable medical
expenses is equal to or greater than 100 percent but less than 150 percent of the federal
poverty guideline effective on July 1 of the state fiscal year in which the fee is being
computed, and total assets are less than \$10,000, the fee is five percent of the cost of
alternative care services;

(3) when the alternative care client's income less recurring and predictable medical
expenses is equal to or greater than 150 percent but less than 200 percent of the federal
poverty guidelines effective on July 1 of the state fiscal year in which the fee is being
computed and assets are less than \$10,000, the fee is 15 percent of the cost of alternative
care services;

(4) when the alternative care client's income less recurring and predictable medical
expenses is equal to or greater than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines effective
on July 1 of the state fiscal year in which the fee is being computed and assets are less than
\$10,000, the fee is 30 percent of the cost of alternative care services; and

(5) when the alternative care client's assets are equal to or greater than \$10,000, the
fee is 30 percent of the cost of alternative care services.

For married persons, total assets are defined as the total marital assets less the estimated community spouse asset allowance, under section 256B.059, if applicable. For married persons, total income is defined as the client's income less the monthly spousal allotment, under section 256B.058.

All alternative care services shall be included in the estimated costs for the purposeof determining the fee.

136.13Fees are due and payable each month alternative care services are received unless the136.14actual cost of the services is less than the fee, in which case the fee is the lesser amount.

136.15 (b) The fee shall be waived by the commissioner when:

136.16 (1) a person is residing in a nursing facility;

(2) a married couple is requesting an asset assessment under the spousalimpoverishment provisions;

(3) a person is found eligible for alternative care, but is not yet receiving alternative
care services including case management services; or

(4) a person has chosen to participate in a consumer-directed service plan for which
the cost is no greater than the total cost of the person's alternative care service plan less the
monthly fee amount that would otherwise be assessed.; or

136.24

(5) a person is receiving temporary alternative care services.

(c) The commissioner will bill and collect the fee from the client. Money collected 136.25 must be deposited in the general fund and is appropriated to the commissioner for the 136.26 alternative care program. The client must supply the lead agency with the client's Social 136.27 Security number at the time of application. The lead agency shall supply the commissioner 136.28 with the client's Social Security number and other information the commissioner requires 136.29 to collect the fee from the client. The commissioner shall collect unpaid fees using the 136.30 Revenue Recapture Act in chapter 270A and other methods available to the commissioner. 136.31 The commissioner may require lead agencies to inform clients of the collection procedures 136.32 that may be used by the state if a fee is not paid. 136.33

136.34 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0913, is amended by adding a136.35 subdivision to read:

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137.1Subd. 17.Allocation under 1115 waiver demonstration.When alternative care137.2services receive federal financial participation under the 1115 waiver demonstration,137.3alternative care funding shall be distributed in accordance with the projected demand for137.4services based on service and financial eligibility. Discretionary alternative care services137.5not listed in subdivision 5 or section 256B.0625 require approval from the commissioner.

137.6 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.85, is amended to read:

137.7

256B.85 COMMUNITY FIRST SERVICES AND SUPPORTS.

Subdivision 1. Basis and scope. (a) Upon federal approval, the commissioner
shall establish a medical assistance state plan option for the provision of home and
community-based personal assistance service and supports called "community first
services and supports (CFSS)."

(b) CFSS is a participant-controlled method of selecting and providing services
and supports that allows the participant maximum control of the services and supports.
Participants may choose the degree to which they direct and manage their supports by
choosing to have a significant and meaningful role in the management of services and
supports including by directly employing support workers with the necessary supports
to perform that function.

137.18 (c) CFSS is available statewide to eligible individuals people to assist with accomplishing activities of daily living (ADLs), instrumental activities of daily living 137.19 (IADLs), and health-related procedures and tasks through hands-on assistance to 137.20 accomplish the task or constant supervision and cueing to accomplish the task; and to 137.21 assist with acquiring, maintaining, and enhancing the skills necessary to accomplish 137.22 ADLs, IADLs, and health-related procedures and tasks. CFSS allows payment for certain 137.23 supports and goods such as environmental modifications and technology that are intended 137.24 to replace or decrease the need for human assistance. 137.25

(d) Upon federal approval, CFSS will replace the personal care assistance program
under sections 256.476, 256B.0625, subdivisions 19a and 19c, and 256B.0659.

137.28 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in137.29 this subdivision have the meanings given.

(b) "Activities of daily living" or "ADLs" means eating, toileting, grooming,dressing, bathing, mobility, positioning, and transferring.

(c) "Agency-provider model" means a method of CFSS under which a qualified
agency provides services and supports through the agency's own employees and policies.
The agency must allow the participant to have a significant role in the selection and

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dismissal of support workers of their choice for the delivery of their specific services 138.1 and supports. 138.2 (d) "Behavior" means a description of a need for services and supports used to 138.3 determine the home care rating and additional service units. The presence of Level I 138.4 behavior is used to determine the home care rating. "Level I behavior" means physical 138.5 aggression towards self or others or destruction of property that requires the immediate 138.6 response of another person. If qualified for a home care rating as described in subdivision 138.7 8, additional service units can be added as described in subdivision 8, paragraph (f), for 138.8 the following behaviors: 138.9 (1) Level I behavior; 138.10 (2) increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate 138.11 behavior; or 138.12 (3) increased need for assistance for participants who are verbally aggressive or 138.13 resistive to care so that time needed to perform activities of daily living is increased. 138.14 138.15 (e) "Budget model" means a service delivery method of CFSS that allows the use of a service budget and assistance from a financial management services (FMS) contractor 138.16 provider for a participant to directly employ support workers and purchase supports and 138.17 goods. 138.18 (f) "Complex health-related needs" means an intervention listed in clauses (1) to 138.19 (8) that has been ordered by a physician, and is specified in a community services and 138.20 support plan, including: 138.21 (1) tube feedings requiring: 138.22 138.23 (i) a gastrojejunostomy tube; or (ii) continuous tube feeding lasting longer than 12 hours per day; 138.24 (2) wounds described as: 138.25 138.26 (i) stage III or stage IV; (ii) multiple wounds; 138.27 (iii) requiring sterile or clean dressing changes or a wound vac; or 138.28 (iv) open lesions such as burns, fistulas, tube sites, or ostomy sites that require 138.29 specialized care; 138.30 (3) parenteral therapy described as: 138.31 (i) IV therapy more than two times per week lasting longer than four hours for 138.32 each treatment; or 138.33 (ii) total parenteral nutrition (TPN) daily; 138.34 (4) respiratory interventions, including: 138.35 (i) oxygen required more than eight hours per day; 138.36

(ii) respiratory vest more than one time per day;

(iii) bronchial drainage treatments more than two times per day;

(iv) sterile or clean suctioning more than six times per day;

139.4 (v) dependence on another to apply respiratory ventilation augmentation devices

139.5 such as BiPAP and CPAP; and

139.6 (vi) ventilator dependence under section 256B.0652 256B.0651;

139.7 (5) insertion and maintenance of catheter, including:

(i) sterile catheter changes more than one time per month;

(ii) clean intermittent catheterization, and including self-catheterization more thansix times per day; or

139.11 (iii) bladder irrigations;

(6) bowel program more than two times per week requiring more than 30 minutes toperform each time;

139.14 (7) neurological intervention, including:

(i) seizures more than two times per week and requiring significant physicalassistance to maintain safety; or

(ii) swallowing disorders diagnosed by a physician and requiring specializedassistance from another on a daily basis; and

(8) other congenital or acquired diseases creating a need for significantly increaseddirect hands-on assistance and interventions in six to eight activities of daily living.

(g) "Community first services and supports" or "CFSS" means the assistance and
supports program under this section needed for accomplishing activities of daily living,
instrumental activities of daily living, and health-related tasks through hands-on assistance
to accomplish the task or constant supervision and cueing to accomplish the task, or
the purchase of goods as defined in subdivision 7, clause (3), that replace the need for
human assistance.

(h) "Community first services and supports service delivery plan" or "<u>CFSS</u> service delivery plan" means a written document detailing the services and supports chosen by the participant to meet assessed needs that are within the approved CFSS service authorization amount, as determined in subdivision 8. Services and supports are based on the community support plan identified in section 256B.0911 and coordinated services and support plan and budget identified in section 256B.0915, subdivision 6, if applicable, that is determined by the participant to meet the assessed needs, using a person-centered planning process.

(i) "Consultation services" means a Minnesota health care program enrolled provider
organization that is under contract with the department and has the knowledge, skills,
and ability to assist CFSS participants in using either the agency-provider model under

140.1 subdivision 11 or the budget model under subdivision 13. provides assistance to the

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140.2 participant in making informed choices about CFSS services in general and self-directed

140.3 tasks in particular, and in developing a person-centered CFSS service delivery plan to

140.4 <u>achieve quality service outcomes.</u>

(j) "Critical activities of daily living" means transferring, mobility, eating, andtoileting.

(k) "Dependency" in activities of daily living means a person requires hands-on
assistance or constant supervision and cueing to accomplish one or more of the activities
of daily living every day or on the days during the week that the activity is performed;
however, a child may not be found to be dependent in an activity of daily living if,
because of the child's age, an adult would either perform the activity for the child or assist
the child with the activity and the assistance needed is the assistance appropriate for
a typical child of the same age.

(1) "Extended CFSS" means CFSS services and supports provided under CFSS
that are included in a the CFSS service delivery plan through one of the home and
community-based services waivers and as approved and authorized under sections
256B.0915; 256B.092, subdivision 5; and 256B.49, which exceed the amount, duration,
and frequency of the state plan CFSS services for participants.

(m) "Financial management services contractor or vendor provider" or "FMS 140.19 contractor provider" means a qualified organization required for participants using the 140.20 budget model under subdivision 13 that has a written contract is an enrolled provider with 140.21 the department to provide vendor fiscal/employer agent financial management services 140.22 140.23 (FMS). Services include but are not limited to: filing and payment of federal and state 140.24 payroll taxes on behalf of the participant; initiating criminal background checks; billing for approved CFSS services with authorized funds; monitoring expenditures; accounting 140.25 140.26 for and disbursing CFSS funds; providing assistance in obtaining and filing for liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment coverage; and providing participant instruction 140.27 and technical assistance to the participant in fulfilling employer-related requirements in 140.28 accordance with Section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and 140.29 interpretations, including Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 31.3504-1. 140.30

(n) "Health-related procedures and tasks" means procedures and tasks related to
the specific <u>assessed health needs of an individual a participant</u> that can be taught or
assigned by a state-licensed health care or mental health professional and performed
by a support worker.

(o) "Instrumental activities of daily living" means activities related to living
independently in the community, including but not limited to: meal planning, preparation,

and cooking; shopping for food, clothing, or other essential items; laundry; housecleaning;
assistance with medications; managing finances; communicating needs and preferences
during activities; arranging supports; and assistance with traveling around and

141.4 participating in the community.

(p) "Lead agency" has the meaning given in section 256B.0911, subdivision 1a,
paragraph (e).

(p) (q) "Legal representative" means parent of a minor, a court-appointed guardian,
or another representative with legal authority to make decisions about services and
supports for the participant. Other representatives with legal authority to make decisions
include but are not limited to a health care agent or an attorney-in-fact authorized through
a health care directive or power of attorney.

141.12(r) "Level I behavior" means physical aggression towards self or others or141.13destruction of property that requires the immediate response of another person.

(q) (s) "Medication assistance" means providing verbal or visual reminders to take
regularly scheduled medication, and includes any of the following supports listed in clauses
(1) to (3) and other types of assistance, except that a support worker may not determine
medication dose or time for medication or inject medications into veins, muscles, or skin:
(1) under the direction of the participant or the participant's representative, bringing

medications to the participant including medications given through a nebulizer, opening a
container of previously set-up medications, emptying the container into the participant's
hand, opening and giving the medication in the original container to the participant, or
bringing to the participant liquids or food to accompany the medication;

(2) organizing medications as directed by the participant or the participant'srepresentative; and

141.25

(3) providing verbal or visual reminders to perform regularly scheduled medications.

141.26 (t) "Participant" means a person who is eligible for CFSS.

(r) (u) "Participant's representative" means a parent, family member, advocate, 141.27 or other adult authorized by the participant or participant's legal representative, if any, 141.28 to serve as a representative in connection with the provision of CFSS as described in 141.29 subdivision 20b. This authorization must be in writing or by another method that clearly 141.30 indicates the participant's free choice and may be withdrawn at any time. The participant's 141.31 representative must have no financial interest in the provision of any services included in 141.32 the participant's CFSS service delivery plan and must be capable of providing the support 141.33 necessary to assist the participant in the use of CFSS. If through the assessment process 141.34 described in subdivision 5 a participant is determined to be in need of a participant's 141.35 representative, one must be selected. If the participant is unable to assist in the selection of 141.36

142.1	a participant's representative, the legal representative shall appoint one. Two persons may
142.2	be designated as a participant's representative for reasons such as divided households and
142.3	court-ordered custodies. Duties of a participant's representatives may include:
142.4	(1) being available while services are provided in a method agreed upon by the
142.5	participant or the participant's legal representative and documented in the participant's
142.6	CFSS service delivery plan;
142.7	(2) monitoring CFSS services to ensure the participant's CFSS service delivery
142.8	plan is being followed; and
142.9	(3) reviewing and signing CFSS time sheets after services are provided to provide
142.10	verification of the CFSS services.
142.11	(s)(v) "Person-centered planning process" means a process that is directed by the
142.12	participant to plan for <u>CFSS</u> services and supports. The person-centered planning process
142.13	must:
142.14	(1) include people chosen by the participant;
142.15	(2) provide necessary information and support to ensure that the participant directs
142.16	the process to the maximum extent possible, and is enabled to make informed choices
142.17	and decisions;
142.18	(3) be timely and occur at time and locations of convenience to the participant;
142.19	(4) reflect cultural considerations of the participant;
142.20	(5) include strategies for solving conflict or disagreement within the process,
142.21	including clear conflict-of-interest guidelines for all planning;
142.22	(6) provide the participant choices of the services and supports they receive and the
142.23	staff providing those services and supports;
142.24	(7) include a method for the participant to request updates to the plan; and
142.25	(8) record the alternative home and community-based settings that were considered
142.26	by the participant.
142.27	(w) "Service budget" means the authorized dollar amount used for the budget model
142.28	or for the purchase of goods.
142.29	(t) (x) "Shared services" means the provision of CFSS services by the same CFSS
142.30	support worker to two or three participants who voluntarily enter into an agreement to
142.31	receive services at the same time and in the same setting by the same employer.
142.32	(u) (y) "Support worker" means a qualified and trained employee of the
142.33	agency-provider as required by subdivision 11b or of the participant employer under the
142.34	budget model as required by subdivision 14 who has direct contact with the participant
142.35	and provides services as specified within the participant's <u>CFSS</u> service delivery plan.

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143.1 (z) "Unit" means the increment of service based on hours or minutes identified
143.2 in the service agreement.
143.3 (aa) "Vendor fiscal employer agent" means an agency that provides financial
143.4 management services.

(v) (bb) "Wages and benefits" means the hourly wages and salaries, the employer's 143.5 share of FICA taxes, Medicare taxes, state and federal unemployment taxes, workers' 143.6 compensation, mileage reimbursement, health and dental insurance, life insurance, 143.7 disability insurance, long-term care insurance, uniform allowance, contributions to 143.8 employee retirement accounts, or other forms of employee compensation and benefits. 143.9 (w) (cc) "Worker training and development" means services provided according to 143.10 subdivision 18a for developing workers' skills as required by the participant's individual 143.11 CFSS service delivery plan that are arranged for or provided by the agency-provider or 143.12 purchased by the participant employer. These services include training, education, direct 143.13 observation and supervision, and evaluation and coaching of job skills and tasks, including 143.14

143.15 supervision of health-related tasks or behavioral supports.

143.16 Subd. 3. Eligibility. (a) CFSS is available to a person who meets one of the143.17 following:

(1) is an enrollee of medical assistance as determined under section 256B.055,
256B.056, or 256B.057, subdivisions 5 and 9;

143.20 (2) is a participant in the alternative care program under section 256B.0913;

(3) is a waiver participant as defined under section 256B.0915, 256B.092, 256B.093,
or 256B.49; or

(4) has medical services identified in a participant's person's individualized education
program and is eligible for services as determined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 26.

(b) In addition to meeting the eligibility criteria in paragraph (a), a person must alsomeet all of the following:

(1) require assistance and be determined dependent in one activity of daily living orLevel I behavior based on assessment under section 256B.0911; and

143.29 (2) is not a participant under a family support grant under section 252.32.

Subd. 4. Eligibility for other services. Selection of CFSS by a participant must not
restrict access to other medically necessary care and services furnished under the state
plan medical assistance benefit or other services available through alternative care.

Subd. 5. Assessment requirements. (a) The assessment of functional need must:
(1) be conducted by a certified assessor according to the criteria established in

143.35 section 256B.0911, subdivision 3a;

(2) be conducted face-to-face, initially and at least annually thereafter, or when there
is a significant change in the participant's condition or a change in the need for services
and supports, or at the request of the participant when the participant experiences a change
in condition or needs a change in the services or supports; and

144.5

(3) be completed using the format established by the commissioner.

(b) The results of the assessment and any recommendations and authorizations for CFSS must be determined and communicated in writing by the lead agency's certified assessor as defined in section 256B.0911 to the participant and the agency-provider or FMS contractor provider chosen by the participant within 40 calendar days and must include the participant's right to appeal under section 256.045, subdivision 3.

144.11 (c) The lead agency assessor may authorize a temporary authorization for CFSS 144.12 services to be provided under the agency-provider model. Authorization for a temporary 144.13 level of CFSS services under the agency-provider model is limited to the time specified by 144.14 the commissioner, but shall not exceed 45 days. The level of services authorized under 144.15 this paragraph shall have no bearing on a future authorization. Participants approved for a 144.16 temporary authorization shall access the consultation service to complete their orientation 144.17 and selection of a service model.

Subd. 6. Community first services and support supports service delivery 144 18 plan. (a) The CFSS service delivery plan must be developed and evaluated through a 144.19 person-centered planning process by the participant, or the participant's representative 144.20 or legal representative who may be assisted by a consultation services provider. The 144.21 CFSS service delivery plan must reflect the services and supports that are important to 144.22 144.23 the participant and for the participant to meet the needs assessed by the certified assessor 144.24 and identified in the community support plan under section 256B.0911, subdivision 3, or the coordinated services and support plan identified in section 256B.0915, subdivision 6-144.25 144.26 if applicable. The CFSS service delivery plan must be reviewed by the participant, the consultation services provider, and the agency-provider or FMS eontractor provider prior 144.27 to starting services and at least annually upon reassessment, or when there is a significant 144.28 change in the participant's condition, or a change in the need for services and supports. 144.29

(b) The commissioner shall establish the format and criteria for the CFSS servicedelivery plan.

144.32 (c) The CFSS service delivery plan must be person-centered and:

144.33 (1) specify the consultation services provider, agency-provider, or FMS contractor
144.34 provider selected by the participant;

(2) reflect the setting in which the participant resides that is chosen by the participant;
(3) reflect the participant's strengths and preferences;

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(4) include the means methods and supports used to address the elinical and support 145.1 145.2 needs as identified through an assessment of functional needs; (5) include individually the participant's identified goals and desired outcomes; 145.3 (6) reflect the services and supports, paid and unpaid, that will assist the participant 145.4 to achieve identified goals, including the costs of the services and supports, and the 145.5 providers of those services and supports, including natural supports; 145.6 (7) identify the amount and frequency of face-to-face supports and amount and 145.7 frequency of remote supports and technology that will be used; 145.8 (8) identify risk factors and measures in place to minimize them, including 145.9 individualized backup plans; 145.10 (9) be understandable to the participant and the individuals providing support; 145.11 (10) identify the individual or entity responsible for monitoring the plan; 145.12 (11) be finalized and agreed to in writing by the participant and signed by all 145.13 individuals and providers responsible for its implementation; 145.14 145.15 (12) be distributed to the participant and other people involved in the plan; (13) prevent the provision of unnecessary or inappropriate care; 145.16 (14) include a detailed budget for expenditures for budget model participants or 145.17 participants under the agency-provider model if purchasing goods; and 145.18 (15) include a plan for worker training and development provided according to 145.19 subdivision 18a detailing what service components will be used, when the service 145.20 components will be used, how they will be provided, and how these service components 145.21 relate to the participant's individual needs and CFSS support worker services. 145.22 145.23 (d) The total units of agency-provider services or the service budget amount for the budget model include both annual totals and a monthly average amount that cover 145.24 the number of months of the service authorization agreement. The amount used each 145.25 145.26 month may vary, but additional funds must not be provided above the annual service authorization amount, determined according to subdivision 8, unless a change in condition 145.27 is assessed and authorized by the certified assessor and documented in the eommunity 145.28 support plan, coordinated services and supports plan, and CFSS service delivery plan. 145.29 (e) In assisting with the development or modification of the CFSS service delivery 145.30 plan during the authorization time period, the consultation services provider shall: 145.31 (1) consult with the FMS contractor provider on the spending budget when 145.32 applicable; and 145.33 (2) consult with the participant or participant's representative, agency-provider, and 145.34

145.35 case manager/care coordinator.

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146.1	(f) The <u>CFSS</u> service <u>delivery</u> plan must be approved by the consultation services
146.2	provider for participants without a case manager/care manager or care coordinator who is
146.3	responsible for authorizing services. A case manager/care manager or care coordinator
146.4	must approve the plan for a waiver or alternative care program participant.
146.5	Subd. 6a. Person-centered planning process. The person-centered planning
146.6	process must:
146.7	(1) include people chosen by the participant;
146.8	(2) provide necessary information and support to ensure that the participant directs
146.9	the process to the maximum extent possible, and is enabled to make informed choices
146.10	and decisions;
146.11	(3) be timely and occur at times and locations convenient to the participant;
146.12	(4) reflect cultural considerations of the participant;
146.13	(5) include within the process strategies for solving conflict or disagreement,
146.14	including clear conflict-of-interest guidelines as identified in Code of Federal Regulations,
146.15	title 42, section 441.500, for all planning;
146.16	(6) provide the participant choices of the services and supports the participant
146.17	receives and the staff providing those services and supports;
146.18	(7) include a method for the participant to request updates to the plan; and
146.19	(8) record the alternative home and community-based settings that were considered
146.20	by the participant.
146.21	Subd. 7. Community first services and supports; covered services. Within the
146.22	service unit authorization or service budget amount, Services and supports covered under
146.23	CFSS include:
146.24	(1) assistance to accomplish activities of daily living (ADLs), instrumental activities
146.25	of daily living (IADLs), and health-related procedures and tasks through hands-on
146.26	assistance to accomplish the task or constant supervision and cueing to accomplish the task;
146.27	(2) assistance to acquire, maintain, or enhance the skills necessary for the participant
146.28	to accomplish activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, or
146.29	health-related tasks;
146.30	(3) expenditures for items, services, supports, environmental modifications, or
146.31	goods, including assistive technology. These expenditures must:
146.32	(i) relate to a need identified in a participant's CFSS service delivery plan; and
146.33	(ii) increase independence or substitute for human assistance to the extent that
146.34	expenditures would otherwise be made for human assistance for the participant's assessed
146.35	needs;

(4) observation and redirection for behavior or symptoms where there is a need for 147.1 assistance. An assessment of behaviors must meet the criteria in this clause. A participant 147.2 qualifies as having a need for assistance due to behaviors if the participant's behavior 147.3 requires assistance at least four times per week and shows one or more of the following 147.4 behaviors:; 147.5 (i) physical aggression towards self or others, or destruction of property that requires 147.6 the immediate response of another person; 147.7 (ii) increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate 147.8 behavior; or 147.9 (iii) increased need for assistance for participants who are verbally aggressive or 147.10 resistive to care so that time needed to perform activities of daily living is increased; 147.11 (5) back-up systems or mechanisms, such as the use of pagers or other electronic 147.12 devices, to ensure continuity of the participant's services and supports; 147.13 (6) services provided by a consultation services provider as defined under 147.14 147.15 subdivision 17, that is under contract with the department and enrolled as a Minnesota health care program provider as defined under subdivision 17; 147.16 (7) services provided by an FMS contractor under contract provider as defined 147.17 under subdivision 13a, that is an enrolled provider with the department as defined under 147.18 subdivision 13; 147.19 (8) CFSS services provided by a qualified support worker who is a parent, stepparent, 147.20 or legal guardian of a participant under age 18, or who is the participant's spouse. These 147.21 support workers shall not provide any medical assistance home and community-based 147.22 147.23 services in excess of 40 hours per seven-day period regardless of the number of parents providing services, combination of parents and spouses providing services, or number 147.24 of children who receive medical assistance services; and 147.25 147.26 (9) worker training and development services as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (w), and described in subdivision 18a. 147.27 Subd. 8. Determination of CFSS service methodology authorization amount. (a) 147.28 All community first services and supports must be authorized by the commissioner or the 147.29 commissioner's designee before services begin, except for the assessments established in 147.30 section 256B.0911. The authorization for CFSS must be completed as soon as possible 147.31 following an assessment but no later than 40 calendar days from the date of the assessment. 147.32 (b) The amount of CFSS authorized must be based on the participant's home care 147.33

rating described in paragraphs (d) and (e) and any additional service units for which theparticipant qualifies as described in paragraph (f).

(c) The home care rating shall be determined by the commissioner or the 148.1 commissioner's designee based on information submitted to the commissioner identifying 148.2 the following for a participant: 148.3 (1) the total number of dependencies of activities of daily living as defined in 148.4 subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 148.5 (2) the presence of complex health-related needs as defined in subdivision 2, 148.6 paragraph (f); and 148.7 (3) the presence of Level I behavior as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (d). 148.8 (d) The methodology to determine the total service units for CFSS for each home 148.9 care rating is based on the median paid units per day for each home care rating from 148.10 fiscal year 2007 data for the PCA program. 148.11 (e) Each home care rating is designated by the letters P through Z and EN and has 148.12 the following base number of service units assigned: 148.13 (1) P home care rating requires Level I behavior or one to three dependencies in 148.14 148.15 ADLs and qualifies one the person for five service units; (2) Q home care rating requires Level I behavior and one to three dependencies in 148.16 ADLs and qualifies one the person for six service units; 148.17 (3) R home care rating requires a complex health-related need and one to three 148.18 dependencies in ADLs and qualifies one the person for seven service units; 148.19 148.20 (4) S home care rating requires four to six dependencies in ADLs and qualifies one the person for ten service units; 148.21 (5) T home care rating requires four to six dependencies in ADLs and Level I 148.22 148.23 behavior and qualifies one the person for 11 service units; (6) U home care rating requires four to six dependencies in ADLs and a complex 148.24 health-related need and qualifies one the person for 14 service units; 148.25 (7) V home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and qualifies 148.26 one the person for 17 service units; 148.27 (8) W home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and Level I 148.28 behavior and qualifies one the person for 20 service units; 148.29 (9) Z home care rating requires seven to eight dependencies in ADLs and a complex 148.30 health-related need and qualifies one the person for 30 service units; and 148.31 (10) EN home care rating includes ventilator dependency as defined in section 148.32 256B.0651, subdivision 1, paragraph (g). Participants A person who meet meets the 148.33 definition of ventilator-dependent and the EN home care rating and utilize a combination 148.34 of CFSS and other home care nursing services are is limited to a total of 96 service units 148.35 per day for those services in combination. Additional units may be authorized when 148.36

a participant's person's assessment indicates a need for two staff to perform activities. 149.1 149.2 Additional time is limited to 16 service units per day. (f) Additional service units are provided through the assessment and identification of 149.3 the following: 149.4 (1) 30 additional minutes per day for a dependency in each critical activity of daily 149.5 living as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (j); 149.6 (2) 30 additional minutes per day for each complex health-related function as defined 149.7 in subdivision 2, paragraph (f) need; and 149.8 (3) 30 additional minutes per day for each behavior issue as defined in subdivision 149.9 2, paragraph (d). when the behavior requires assistance at least four times per week for 149.10 one or more of the following behaviors: 149.11 (i) level I behavior; 149.12 (ii) increased vulnerability due to cognitive deficits or socially inappropriate 149.13 behavior; or 149.14 149.15 (iii) increased need for assistance for participants who are verbally aggressive or resistive to care so that the time needed to perform activities of daily living is increased. 149.16 (g) The service budget for budget model participants shall be based on: 149.17 149.18 (1) assessed units as determined by the home care rating; and (2) an adjustment needed for administrative expenses. 149.19 149.20 Subd. 9. Noncovered services. (a) Services or supports that are not eligible for payment under this section include those that: 149.21 (1) are not authorized by the certified assessor or included in the written CFSS 149.22 149.23 service delivery plan; (2) are provided prior to the authorization of services and the approval of the written 149.24 CFSS service delivery plan; 149.25 149.26 (3) are duplicative of other paid services in the written CFSS service delivery plan; (4) supplant natural unpaid supports that appropriately meet a need in the CFSS 149.27 service delivery plan, are provided voluntarily to the participant, and are selected by the 149.28 participant in lieu of other services and supports; 149.29 (5) are not effective means to meet the participant's needs; and 149.30 (6) are available through other funding sources, including, but not limited to, funding 149.31 through title IV-E of the Social Security Act. 149.32 (b) Additional services, goods, or supports that are not covered include: 149.33 (1) those that are not for the direct benefit of the participant, except that services for 149.34 caregivers such as training to improve the ability to provide CFSS are considered to directly 149.35 benefit the participant if chosen by the participant and approved in the support plan;

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(2) any fees incurred by the participant, such as Minnesota health care programs fees 150.1 150.2 and co-pays, legal fees, or costs related to advocate agencies; (3) insurance, except for insurance costs related to employee coverage; 150.3 (4) room and board costs for the participant; 150.4 (5) services, supports, or goods that are not related to the assessed needs; 150.5 (6) special education and related services provided under the Individuals with 150.6 Disabilities Education Act and vocational rehabilitation services provided under the 150.7 Rehabilitation Act of 1973: 150.8 (7) assistive technology devices and assistive technology services other than those 150.9 for back-up systems or mechanisms to ensure continuity of service and supports listed in 150.10 subdivision 7; 150.11 (8) medical supplies and equipment covered under medical assistance; 150.12 (9) environmental modifications, except as specified in subdivision 7; 150.13 (10) expenses for travel, lodging, or meals related to training the participant or the 150.14 150.15 participant's representative or legal representative; (11) experimental treatments; 150.16 (12) any service or good covered by other medical assistance state plan services, 150.17 150.18 including prescription and over-the-counter medications, compounds, and solutions and related fees, including premiums and co-payments; 150.19 (13) membership dues or costs, except when the service is necessary and appropriate 150.20 to treat a health condition or to improve or maintain the participant's health condition. The 150.21 condition must be identified in the participant's CFSS service delivery plan and monitored 150.22 150.23 by a Minnesota health care program enrolled physician; (14) vacation expenses other than the cost of direct services; 150.24 (15) vehicle maintenance or modifications not related to the disability, health 150.25 150.26 condition, or physical need; (16) tickets and related costs to attend sporting or other recreational or entertainment 150.27 150.28 events; (17) services provided and billed by a provider who is not an enrolled CFSS provider; 150.29 (18) CFSS provided by a participant's representative or paid legal guardian; 150.30 (19) services that are used solely as a child care or babysitting service; 150.31 (20) services that are the responsibility or in the daily rate of a residential or program 150.32 license holder under the terms of a service agreement and administrative rules; 150.33 (21) sterile procedures; 150.34 (22) giving of injections into veins, muscles, or skin; 150.35 (23) homemaker services that are not an integral part of the assessed CFSS service; 150.36

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151.1	(24) home maintenance or chore services;
151.2	(25) home care services, including hospice services if elected by the participant,
151.3	covered by Medicare or any other insurance held by the participant;
151.4	(26) services to other members of the participant's household;
151.5	(27) services not specified as covered under medical assistance as CFSS;
151.6	(28) application of restraints or implementation of deprivation procedures;
151.7	(29) assessments by CFSS provider organizations or by independently enrolled
151.8	registered nurses;
151.9	(30) services provided in lieu of legally required staffing in a residential or child
151.10	care setting; and
151.11	(31) services provided by the residential or program license holder in a residence
151.12	for more than four persons participants.
151.13	Subd. 10. Agency-provider and FMS contractor provider qualifications,
151.14	general requirements, and duties. (a) Agency-providers delivering services under the
151.15	agency-provider model under identified in subdivision 11 or and FMS contractors under
151.16	providers identified in subdivision 13 13a shall:
151.17	(1) enroll as a medical assistance Minnesota health care programs provider and meet
151.18	all applicable provider standards and requirements;
151.19	(2) demonstrate compliance with federal and state laws and policies for CFSS as
151.20	determined by the commissioner;
151.21	(3) comply with background study requirements under chapter 245C and maintain
151.22	documentation of background study requests and results;
151.23	(4) verify and maintain records of all services and expenditures by the participant,
151.24	including hours worked by support workers;
151.25	(5) not engage in any agency-initiated direct contact or marketing in person, by
151.26	telephone, or other electronic means to potential participants, guardians, family members,
151.27	or participants' representatives;
151.28	(6) directly provide services and not use a subcontractor or reporting agent;
151.29	(7) meet the financial requirements established by the commissioner for financial
151.30	solvency;
151.31	(8) have never had a lead agency contract or provider agreement discontinued due to
151.32	fraud, or have never had an owner, board member, or manager fail a state or FBI-based
151.33	criminal background check while enrolled or seeking enrollment as a Minnesota health
151.34	care programs provider; and

152.1	(9) have established business practices that include written policies and procedures,
152.2	internal controls, and a system that demonstrates the organization's ability to deliver
152.3	quality CFSS; and
152.4	(10) (9) have an office located in Minnesota.
152.5	(b) In conducting general duties, agency-providers and FMS eontractors providers
152.6	shall:
152.7	(1) pay support workers based upon actual hours of services provided;
152.8	(2) pay for worker training and development services based upon actual hours of
152.9	services provided or the unit cost of the training session purchased;
152.10	(3) withhold and pay all applicable federal and state payroll taxes;
152.11	(4) make arrangements and pay unemployment insurance, taxes, workers'
152.12	compensation, liability insurance, and other benefits, if any;
152.13	(5) enter into a written agreement with the participant, participant's representative, or
152.14	legal representative that assigns roles and responsibilities to be performed before services,
152.15	supports, or goods are provided using a format established by the commissioner;
152.16	(6) report maltreatment as required under sections 626.556 and 626.557; and
152.17	(7) provide the participant with a copy of the service-related rights under subdivision
152.18	20 at the start of services and supports; and
152.19	(8) (7) comply with any data requests from the department consistent with the
152.20	Minnesota Government Data Practices Act under chapter 13.
152.21	Subd. 11. Agency-provider model. (a) The agency-provider model includes
152.22	services provided by support workers and staff providing worker training and development
152.23	services who are employed by an agency-provider that is licensed according to chapter
152.24	245A or meets other the criteria established by the commissioner, including required
152.25	training.
152.26	(b) The agency-provider shall allow the participant to have a significant role in the
152.27	selection and dismissal of the support workers for the delivery of the services and supports
152.28	specified in the participant's <u>CFSS</u> service delivery plan.
152.29	(c) A participant may use authorized units of CFSS services as needed within a
152.30	service authorization agreement that is not greater than 12 months. Using authorized units
152.31	in a flexible manner in either the agency-provider model or the budget model does not
152.32	increase the total amount of services and supports authorized for a participant or included
152.33	in the participant's CFSS service delivery plan.
152.34	(d) A participant may share CFSS services. Two or three CFSS participants may
152.35	share services at the same time provided by the same support worker.

(e) The agency-provider must use a minimum of 72.5 percent of the revenue generated 153.1 153.2 by the medical assistance payment for CFSS for support worker wages and benefits. The agency-provider must document how this requirement is being met. The revenue generated 153.3 by the worker training and development services and the reasonable costs associated with 153.4 the worker training and development services must not be used in making this calculation. 153.5 (f) The agency-provider model must be used by individuals who have been are 153.6 restricted by the Minnesota restricted recipient program under Minnesota Rules, parts 153.7 9505.2160 to 9505.2245. 153.8 (g) Participants purchasing goods under this model, along with support worker 153.9 services, must: 153.10 (1) specify the goods in the CFSS service delivery plan and detailed budget for 153.11 expenditures that must be approved by the consultation services provider or the, case 153.12 manager/care manager, or care coordinator; and 153.13 (2) use the FMS contractor provider for the billing and payment of such goods. 153.14 153.15 Subd. 11a. Agency-provider model; evaluation of CFSS services. (a) The agency-provider is responsible to work with the participant and the participant's 153.16 representative, if any, in the evaluation of the CFSS goals and CFSS service delivery 153.17 plan. The agency-provider must complete an evaluation of CFSS services within 90 days 153.18 of service initiation and at least quarterly thereafter. Quarterly evaluations during the 153.19 first year must be completed in person. Following the first year of service, at least one 153.20 quarterly evaluation each year must be completed in person. An in-person evaluation must 153.21 also be completed within 30 calendar days of the discovery or receipt of information of 153.22 153.23 any changes in the participant's condition for which CFSS is provided. (b) Each CFSS evaluation required in paragraph (a) must evaluate and document 153.24 the required elements in clauses (1) to (5): 153.25 (1) whether the CFSS service delivery plan accurately identifies the participant's 153.26 current service needs; 153.27 (2) whether services are supporting accomplishment of the goals identified in the 153.28 CFSS service delivery plan; 153.29 (3) whether workers are competent in providing services identified in the CFSS 153.30 153.31 service delivery plan; (4) whether the agency-provider, the participant, or the participant's representative, 153.32 if any, has any additional concerns with the CFSS service delivery plan, goals, service 153.33 delivery, or worker competency not identified in clauses (1) to (3); and 153.34 (5) based on the evaluation required in clauses (1) to (4), whether revisions are 153.35 needed to the CFSS service delivery plan or goals or how CFSS is used or delivered, 153.36

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154.1	whether there i	s a need for additic	onal worker t	raining, or whether any	other actions are
154.2				S and who will take the	
				he evaluation, a revised	
154.3 154.4				to the participant or participant	
154.4		if any, within 30 ca			interpant s
154.6				pport worker compete	ency (a) The
154.7				ters are competent to me	
154.8				ents as written in the C	
154.9				vorker beginning to prov	
154.10				te the competency of the	
154.11				ormance of the job func	
154.12		cipant is using CFS			
154.13				maintain evidence of s	upport worker
154.14		cluding documenta			
154.15				the job responsibilities	assigned to the
154.16	<u> </u>	and the needs of the			
154.17	(2) releva	int training received	d from source	- es other than the agency	-provider;
154.18	(3) orient	ation and instruction	on to implem	ent services and support	ts to participant
154.19	needs and prefe	erences as identified	d in the CFS	S service delivery plan;	and
154.20	(4) period	lic performance rev	views comple	eted by the agency-prov	ider at least
154.21	annually, inclue	ding any evaluation	is required ui	nder subdivision 11a, pa	ragraph (a).
154.22	If a support wo	rker is a minor, all	evaluations of	f worker competency m	ust be completed in
154.23	person and in a	setting where the	participant is	using CFSS.	
154.24	<u>(c)</u> The a	gency-provider mu	st develop a	worker training and dev	elopment plan
154.25	with the partici	pant to ensure supp	port worker o	competency. The worke	r training and
154.26	development p	lan must be update	d when:		
154.27	(1) the su	pport worker begin	ns providing	services;	
154.28	(2) there	is any change in co	ndition or a	modification to the CFS	S service delivery
154.29	plan; or				
154.30	<u>(3) a perf</u>	ormance review inc	dicates that a	dditional training is nee	ded.
154.31	Subd. 12	. Requirements for	r enrollmen	t of CFSS agency-prov	iders. (a) All CFSS
154.32	agency-provide	ers must provide, at	the time of o	enrollment, reenrollmen	t, and revalidation
154.33	as a CFSS ager	ncy-provider in a fo	ormat determ	ined by the commission	er, information and
154.34	documentation	that includes, but i	s not limited	to, the following:	
154.35	(1) the C	FSS agency-provid	er's current c	ontact information inclu	iding address,
154.26	telenhone num	her and e-mail add	rece		

(2) proof of surety bond coverage. Upon new enrollment, or if the agency-provider's
Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is less than or equal to \$300,000, the
agency-provider must purchase a surety bond of \$50,000. If the agency-provider's
Medicaid revenue in the previous calendar year is greater than \$300,000, the
agency-provider must purchase a surety bond of \$100,000. The surety bond must be in
a form approved by the commissioner, must be renewed annually, and must allow for
recovery of costs and fees in pursuing a claim on the bond;

155.8 (3) proof of fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$20,000;

155.9 (4) proof of workers' compensation insurance coverage;

155.10 (5) proof of liability insurance;

(6) a description of the CFSS agency-provider's organization identifying the names
of all owners, managing employees, staff, board of directors, and the affiliations of the
directors and owners to other service providers;

(7) a copy of the CFSS agency-provider's written policies and procedures including:
hiring of employees; training requirements; service delivery; and employee and consumer
safety, including the process for notification and resolution of consumer participant
grievances, incident response, identification and prevention of communicable diseases,

155.18 and employee misconduct;

(8) copies of all other forms the CFSS agency-provider uses in the course of dailybusiness including, but not limited to:

(i) a copy of the CFSS agency-provider's time sheet if the time sheet varies from
 the standard time sheet for CFSS services approved by the commissioner, and a letter
 requesting approval of the CFSS agency-provider's nonstandard time sheet; and

(ii) a copy of the participant's individual CFSS service delivery plan;

(9) a list of all training and classes that the CFSS agency-provider requires of itsstaff providing CFSS services;

(10) documentation that the CFSS agency-provider and staff have successfullycompleted all the training required by this section;

155.29 (11) documentation of the agency-provider's marketing practices;

(12) disclosure of ownership, leasing, or management of all residential propertiesthat are used or could be used for providing home care services;

(13) documentation that the agency-provider will use at least the following
percentages of revenue generated from the medical assistance rate paid for CFSS services
for CFSS support worker wages and benefits: 72.5 percent of revenue from CFSS
providers. The revenue generated by the worker training and development services and

the reasonable costs associated with the worker training and development services shallnot be used in making this calculation; and

(14) documentation that the agency-provider does not burden participants' free
exercise of their right to choose service providers by requiring CFSS support workers to
sign an agreement not to work with any particular CFSS participant or for another CFSS
agency-provider after leaving the agency and that the agency is not taking action on any
such agreements or requirements regardless of the date signed.

(b) CFSS agency-providers shall provide to the commissioner the informationspecified in paragraph (a).

(c) All CFSS agency-providers shall require all employees in management and 156.10 supervisory positions and owners of the agency who are active in the day-to-day 156.11 management and operations of the agency to complete mandatory training as determined 156.12 by the commissioner. Employees in management and supervisory positions and owners 156.13 who are active in the day-to-day operations of an agency who have completed the required 156.14 156.15 training as an employee with a CFSS agency-provider do not need to repeat the required training if they are hired by another agency, if they have completed the training within 156.16 the past three years. CFSS agency-provider billing staff shall complete training about 156.17 CFSS program financial management. Any new owners or employees in management 156.18 and supervisory positions involved in the day-to-day operations are required to complete 156.19 mandatory training as a requisite of working for the agency. 156.20

(d) The commissioner shall send annual review notifications to agency-providers 30days prior to renewal. The notification must:

(1) list the materials and information the agency-provider is required to submit;

156.24 (2) provide instructions on submitting information to the commissioner; and

(3) provide a due date by which the commissioner must receive the requestedinformation.

Agency-providers shall submit the <u>all</u> required documentation for annual review within
30 days of notification from the commissioner. If no documentation is submitted,

156.29 the agency-provider enrollment number must be terminated or suspended If an

156.30 <u>agency-provider fails to submit all the required documentation, the commissioner may</u>

156.31 take action under subdivision 23a.

156.32 Subd. 12a. CFSS agency-provider requirements; policies for complaint process

156.33 **and incident response.** (a) The CFSS agency-provider must establish policies and

156.34 procedures that promote service recipient rights by providing a simple complaint process

156.35 for participants served by the program and their authorized representatives to bring a

156.36 grievance. The complaint process must:

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157.1	(1) provide staff assistance with the compla	unt process when reque	sted;
157.2	(2) allow the participant to bring the compl	aint to the highest level	of authority in
157.3	the program if the grievance cannot be resolved b	by other staff members,	and provide the
157.4	name, address, and telephone number of that per	son;	
157.5	(3) provide the addresses and telephone num	mbers of outside agenci	es to assist the
157.6	participant;		
157.7	(4) require a prompt response to all compla	ints affecting a particip	ant's health and
157.8	safety and a timely response to all other complain	<u>nts;</u>	
157.9	(5) require an evaluation of whether:		
157.10	0 (i) related policies and procedures were fol	lowed and adequate;	
157.11	1 (ii) there is a need for additional staff training	ng;	
157.12	2 (iii) the complaint is similar to past compla	ints with the persons, st	aff, or services
157.13	3 <u>involved; and</u>		
157.14	4 (iv) there is a need for corrective action by	the agency-provider to	protect the health
157.15	5 and safety of participants receiving services;		
157.16	6 (6) provide a written summary of the comp	plaint and a notice of th	e complaint
157.17	7 resolution to the participant and, if applicable, ca	se manager or care coor	dinator; and
157.18	(7) require that the complaint summary and	l resolution notice be m	aintained in
157.19	9 <u>the participant's service record.</u>		
157.20	0 (b) The CFSS agency-provider must establi	sh policies and procedu	res for responding
157.21	to incidents that occur while services are being p	rovided. When a partic	pipant has a
157.22	2 legal representative or a participant's representati	ve, incidents must be re	ported to these
157.23	3 representatives. For the purposes of this paragrap	oh, "incident" means an	occurrence that
157.24	4 <u>involves a participant and requires a response tha</u>	t is not a part of the ord	inary provision of
157.25	5 the services to that participant, and includes:		
157.26	6 (1) serious injury of a participant as determ	ined by section 245.91,	subdivision 6;
157.27	7 (2) a participant's death;		
157.28	8 (3) any medical emergency, unexpected ser	ious illness, or significa	int unexpected
157.29	9 change in a participant's illness or medical condit	tion that requires a call	to 911, physician
157.30	0 treatment, or hospitalization;		
157.31	1 (4) any mental health crisis that requires a	call to 911 or a mental	health crisis
157.32	2 <u>intervention team;</u>		
157.33	3 (5) an act or situation involving a participa	nt that requires a call to	o 911, law
157.34	4 <u>enforcement</u> , or the fire department;		
157.35	5 (6) a participant's unexplained absence;		
157.36	(7) behavior that creates an imminent risk c	of harm to the participar	t or another; and

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158.1	(8) a repo	rt of alleged or sus	pected child or v	ulnerable adult maltrea	atment under
158.2	section 626.556 or 626.557.				
158.3	Subd. 12t	D. CFSS agency-pr	ovider requiren	ients; notice regardin	g termination
158.4				written notice when it	
158.5	terminate service	es with a participa	nt at least ten cale	endar days before the p	proposed service
158.6	termination is t	o become effective,	except in cases	where:	
158.7	<u>(1) the pa</u>	rticipant engages in	conduct that sig	nificantly alters the ter	ms of the CFSS
158.8	service delivery	v plan with the agen	ncy-provider;		
158.9	<u>(2) the pa</u>	rticipant or other pe	ersons at the setti	ng where services are	being provided
158.10	engage in cond	uct that creates an i	mminent risk of	harm to the support we	orker or other
158.11	agency-provide	r staff; or			
158.12	<u>(3)</u> an em	ergency or a signific	cant change in th	e participant's conditio	on occurs within
158.13	a 24-hour perio	d that results in the	participant's serv	vice needs exceeding th	ne participant's
158.14	identified needs	in the current CFS	S service deliver	y plan so that the ager	ncy-provider
158.15	cannot safely m	neet the participant's	s needs.		
158.16	(b) When	a participant initiat	tes a request to te	erminate CFSS service	s with the
158.17	agency-provide	r, the agency-provid	ler must give the	participant a written ac	knowledgement
158.18	of the participation	nt's service termina	tion request that	includes the date the r	equest was
158.19	received by the	agency-provider ar	nd the requested	late of termination.	
158.20	<u>(c)</u> The ag	gency-provider mus	t participate in a	coordinated transfer of	f the participant
158.21	to a new agency	y-provider to ensure	e continuity of ca	re.	
158.22	Subd. 13.	Budget model. (a) Under the budg	et model participants	may exercise
158.23	responsibility a	nd control over the	services and sup	ports described and bu	dgeted within
158.24	the CFSS service	ce delivery plan. Pa	articipants must u	se services specified in	n subdivision
158.25	<u>13a</u> provided by	y an FMS contracto	r as defined in su	bdivision 2, paragraph	r (m) provider.
158.26	Under this mod	el, participants may	use their approv	red service budget allo	cation to:
158.27	(1) directl	y employ support v	vorkers, and pay	wages, federal and star	te payroll taxes,
158.28	and premiums f	for workers' comper	nsation, liability,	and health insurance c	overage; and
158.29	(2) obtain	supports and good	s as defined in su	bdivision 7.	
158.30	(b) Partici	ipants who are unab	ble to fulfill any c	f the functions listed i	n paragraph (a)
158.31	may authorize a	a legal representativ	e or participant's	representative to do so	on their behalf.
158.32	(c) The co	ommissioner shall d	isenroll or exclue	le participants from th	e budget model
158.33	and transfer the	m to the agency-pre-	ovider model und	ler, but not limited to,	the following
158.34	circumstances:				

(1) when a participant has been restricted by the Minnesota restricted recipient 159.1 159.2 program, in which case the participant may be excluded for a specified time period under Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245; 159.3 (2) when a participant exits the budget model during the participant's service plan 159.4 year. Upon transfer, the participant shall not access the budget model for the remainder of 159.5 that service plan year; or 159.6 (3) when the department determines that the participant or participant's representative 159.7 or legal representative cannot manage participant is unable to fulfill the responsibilities 159.8 under the budget model, as specified in subdivision 14. The commissioner must develop 159.9 policies for determining if a participant is unable to manage responsibilities under the 159.10 budget model. 159.11 (d) A participant may appeal in writing to the department under section 256.045, 159.12 subdivision 3, to contest the department's decision under paragraph (c), clause (3), to 159.13 disenroll or exclude the participant from the budget model. 159.14 159.15 Subd. 13a. Financial management services. (a) Services provided by an FMS provider include but are not limited to: filing and payment of federal and state payroll taxes 159.16 on behalf of the participant; initiating criminal background checks; billing for approved 159.17 CFSS services with authorized funds; monitoring expenditures; accounting for and 159.18 disbursing CFSS funds; providing assistance in obtaining and filing for liability, workers' 159.19 compensation, and unemployment coverage; and providing participant instruction and 159.20 technical assistance to the participant in fulfilling employer-related requirements in 159.21 accordance with section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and 159.22 159.23 interpretations, including Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 31.3504-1. (e) (b) The FMS contractor provider shall not provide CFSS services and supports 159.24 under the agency-provider service model. 159.25 159.26 (f) (c) The FMS contractor provider shall provide service functions as determined by the commissioner for budget model participants that include but are not limited to: 159.27 (1) assistance with the development of the detailed budget for expenditures portion 159.28 of the CFSS service delivery plan as requested by the consultation services provider 159.29 or participant; 159.30 (2) billing and making payments for budget model expenditures; 159.31 (3) assisting participants in fulfilling employer-related requirements according to 159.32 section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and interpretations, 159.33 including Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 31.3504-1, which includes 159.34 159.35 assistance with filing and paying payroll taxes, and obtaining worker compensation

159.36 coverage;

160.1 (4)(2) data recording and reporting of participant spending;

160.2 (5)(3) other duties established in the contract with by the department, including

160.3 with respect to providing assistance to the participant, participant's representative, or

160.4 legal representative in performing their employer responsibilities regarding support

160.5 workers. The support worker shall not be considered the employee of the FMS contractor

160.6 provider; and

160.7 (6) (4) billing, payment, and accounting of approved expenditures for goods for
 agency-provider participants.

(d) The FMS provider shall obtain an assurance statement from the participant
 employer agreeing to follow state and federal regulations and CFSS policies regarding
 employment of support workers.

160.12 (g) (e) The FMS contractor provider shall:

(1) not limit or restrict the participant's choice of service or support providers orservice delivery models consistent with any applicable state and federal requirements;

(2) provide the participant, consultation services provider, and the case manager
 or care coordinator, if applicable, with a monthly written summary of the spending for
 services and supports that were billed against the spending budget;

160.18 (3) be knowledgeable of state and federal employment regulations, including those under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, and comply with the requirements under 160.19 section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and interpretations, 160.20 including Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 31.3504-1, regarding agency 160.21 employer tax liability for vendor or fiscal employer fiscal/employer agent, and any 160.22 160.23 requirements necessary to process employer and employee deductions, provide appropriate and timely submission of employer tax liabilities, and maintain documentation to support 160.24 medical assistance claims; 160.25

(4) have current and adequate liability insurance and bonding and sufficient cash
flow as determined by the commissioner and have on staff or under contract a certified
public accountant or an individual with a baccalaureate degree in accounting;

(5) assume fiscal accountability for state funds designated for the program and be
held liable for any overpayments or violations of applicable statutes or rules, including but
not limited to the Minnesota False Claims Act, chapter 15C; and

(6) maintain documentation of receipts, invoices, and bills to track all services and
supports expenditures for any goods purchased and maintain time records of support
workers. The documentation and time records must be maintained for a minimum of
five years from the claim date and be available for audit or review upon request by the
commissioner. Claims submitted by the FMS contractor provider to the commissioner

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for payment must correspond with services, amounts, and time periods as authorized in 161.1 161.2 the participant's service budget and service plan and must contain specific identifying information as determined by the commissioner. 161.3 (h) (f) The commissioner of human services shall: 161.4 (1) establish rates and payment methodology for the FMS contractor provider; 161.5 (2) identify a process to ensure quality and performance standards for the FMS 161.6 161.7 eontractor provider and ensure statewide access to FMS eontractors providers; and (3) establish a uniform protocol for delivering and administering CFSS services to 161.8 be used by eligible FMS contractors providers. 161.9 Subd. 14. Participant's responsibilities under budget model. (a) A participant 161.10 using the budget model must use an FMS contractor or vendor that is under contract with 161.11 161.12 the department. Upon a determination of eligibility and completion of the assessment and community support plan, the participant shall choose a FMS contractor from a 161.13 list of eligible vendors maintained by the department. The participant or participant's 161.14 161.15 representative is responsible for: (1) orienting support workers to individual needs and preferences and providing 161.16 direction during the delivery of services; 161.17 161.18 (2) tracking the services provided and all expenditures for goods or other supports; (3) preparing, verifying, and submitting time sheets according to the requirements 161.19 161.20 in subdivision 15; (4) reporting any problems resulting from the failure of the CFSS service delivery 161.21 plan to be implemented or the quality of services rendered by the support worker to the 161.22 161.23 agency-provider, consultation services provider, FMS provider, and case manager or care 161.24 coordinator if applicable; (5) notifying the agency-provider or the FMS provider within ten days of any 161.25 161.26 changes in circumstances affecting the CFSS service delivery plan, including but not limited to changes in the participant's place of residence or hospitalization; and 161.27 (6) under the agency-provider model, participating in the evaluation of CFSS 161.28 services and support workers according to subdivision 11a. 161.29 (b) When the participant, participant's representative, or legal representative 161.30 chooses to be the employer of the support worker, they are responsible for the hiring and 161.31 supervision of the support worker, including but not limited to recruiting, interviewing, 161.32 161.33 training, scheduling, and discharging the support worker consistent with federal and state laws and regulations. For a participant using the budget model, the participant or 161.34 161.35 participant's representative is responsible for:

162.1	(1) using an FMS provider that is enrolled with the department. Upon a
162.2	determination of eligibility and completion of the assessment and community and services
162.3	support plan, the participant shall choose an FMS provider from a list of eligible providers
162.4	maintained by the department;
162.5	(2) complying with policies and procedures of the FMS provider as required to meet
162.6	state and federal regulations for CFSS and the employment of support workers;
162.7	(3) the hiring and supervision of the support worker, including but not limited
162.8	to recruiting, interviewing, training, scheduling, and discharging the support worker
162.9	consistent with federal and state laws and regulations;
162.10	(4) notifying the FMS provider of any changes in the employment status of each
162.11	support worker;
162.12	(5) ensuring that support workers are competent to meet the participant's assessed
162.13	needs and additional requirements as written in the CFSS service delivery plan;
162.14	(6) determining the competency of the support worker through evaluation within
162.15	30 days of any support worker beginning to provide services and with any change in the
162.16	participant's condition or modification to the CFSS service delivery plan;
162.17	(7) verifying and maintaining evidence of support worker competency, including
162.18	documentation of the support worker's:
162.19	(i) education and experience relevant to the job responsibilities assigned to the
162.20	support worker and the needs of the participant;
162.21	(ii) training received from sources other than the participant;
162.22	(iii) orientation and instruction to implement defined services and supports to meet
162.23	participant needs and preferences as detailed in the CFSS service delivery plan; and
162.24	(iv) periodic written performance reviews completed by the participant at least
162.25	annually based on the direct observation of the support worker's ability to perform the
162.26	job functions;
162.27	(8) developing and communicating to each support worker a worker training and
162.28	development plan to ensure the support worker is competent when:
162.29	(i) the support worker begins providing services;
162.30	(ii) there is any change in the participant's condition or modification to the CFSS
162.31	service delivery plan; or
162.32	(iii) a performance review indicates that additional training is needed; and
162.33	(9) participating in the evaluation of CFSS services.
162.34	(c) In addition to the employer responsibilities in paragraph (b), the participant,
162.35	participant's representative, or legal representative is responsible for:
162.36	(1) tracking the services provided and all expenditures for goods or other supports;

(2) preparing and submitting time sheets, signed by both the participant and support
 worker, to the FMS contractor on a regular basis and in a timely manner according to
 the FMS contractor's procedures;

163.4 (3) notifying the FMS contractor within ten days of any changes in circumstances
 163.5 affecting the CFSS service plan or in the participant's place of residence including, but
 163.6 not limited to, any hospitalization of the participant or change in the participant's address,
 163.7 telephone number, or employment;

163.8 (4) notifying the FMS contractor of any changes in the employment status of each
 163.9 participant support worker; and

(5) reporting any problems resulting from the quality of services rendered by the
support worker to the FMS contractor. If the participant is unable to resolve any problems
resulting from the quality of service rendered by the support worker with the assistance of
the FMS contractor, the participant shall report the situation to the department.

Subd. 15. Documentation of support services provided; time sheets. (a) Support 163.14 163.15 CFSS services provided to a participant by a support worker employed by either an agency-provider or the participant acting as the employer must be documented daily by each 163.16 support worker, on a time sheet form approved by the commissioner. All documentation 163.17 may be Web-based, electronic, or paper documentation. The completed form must be 163.18 submitted on a regular basis to the provider or the participant and the FMS contractor 163.19 selected by the participant to provide assistance with meeting the participant's employer 163.20 obligations and kept in the participant's record. Time sheets may be created, submitted, 163.21 and maintained electronically. Time sheets must be submitted by the support worker to the: 163.22 163.23 (1) agency-provider when the participant is using the agency-provider model. The agency-provider must maintain a record of the time sheet and provide a copy of the time 163.24 sheet to the participant; or 163.25 163.26 (2) participant and the participant's FMS provider when the participant is using

163.27 <u>the budget model. The participant and the FMS provider must maintain a record of the</u>
 163.28 time sheet.

(b) The activity documentation on the time sheet must correspond to the written
service delivery plan and be reviewed by the agency-provider or the participant and the
FMS contractor when the participant is the employer of the support worker. participant's
assessed needs within the scope of CFSS covered services. The accuracy of the time

163.33 sheets must be verified by the:

163.34 (1) agency-provider when the participant is using the agency-provider model; or
 163.35 (2) participant employer and the participant's FMS provider when the participant is
 163.36 using the budget model.

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164.1	(c) The time sheet must be on a form approved by the commissioner documenting
164.2	document the time the support worker provides services to the participant. The following
164.3	eriteria elements must be included in the time sheet:
164.4	(1) the support worker's full name of the support worker and individual provider
164.5	number;
164.6	(2) agency-provider the agency-provider's name and telephone numbers, if when
164.7	responsible for <u>CFSS service</u> delivery services under the written service plan;
164.8	(3) <u>the participant's</u> full name of the participant;
164.9	(4) consecutive the dates within the pay period established by the agency-provider or
164.10	<u>FMS provider</u> , including month, day, and year, and arrival and departure times with a.m.
164.11	or p.m. notations for days worked within the established pay period;
164.12	(5) the covered services provided to the participant on each date of service;
164.13	(5) signatures of (6) a signature line for the participant or the participant's
164.14	representative and a statement that the participant's or participant's representative's
164.15	signature is verification of the time sheet's accuracy;
164.16	(6) (7) the personal signature of the support worker;
164.17	(7) (8) any shared care provided, if applicable;
164.18	(8) (9) a statement that it is a federal crime to provide false information on CFSS
164.19	billings for medical assistance payments; and
164.20	(9) (10) dates and location of participant stays in a hospital, care facility, or
164.21	incarceration occurring within the established pay period.
164.22	Subd. 16. Support workers requirements. (a) Support workers shall:
164.23	(1) enroll with the department as a support worker after a background study under
164.24	chapter 245C has been completed and the support worker has received a notice from
164.25	the commissioner that the support worker:
164.26	(i) the support worker is not disqualified under section 245C.14; or
164.27	(ii) is disqualified, but the support worker has received a set-aside of the
164.28	disqualification under section 245C.22;
164.29	(2) have the ability to effectively communicate with the participant or the
164.30	participant's representative;
164.31	(3) have the skills and ability to provide the services and supports according to the
164.32	participant's CFSS service delivery plan and respond appropriately to the participant's
164.33	needs;
164.34	(4) not be a participant of CFSS, unless the support services provided by the support
164.35	worker differ from those provided to the support worker;

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(5) (4) complete the basic standardized CFSS training as determined by the 165.1 165.2 commissioner before completing enrollment. The training must be available in languages other than English and to those who need accommodations due to disabilities. CFSS 165.3 support worker training must include successful completion of the following training 165.4 components: basic first aid, vulnerable adult, child maltreatment, OSHA universal 165.5 precautions, basic roles and responsibilities of support workers including information 165.6 about basic body mechanics, emergency preparedness, orientation to positive behavioral 165.7 practices, orientation to responding to a mental health crisis, fraud issues, time cards and 165.8 documentation, and an overview of person-centered planning and self-direction. Upon 165.9 completion of the training components, the support worker must pass the certification 165.10 test to provide assistance to participants; 165.11

165.12 (6) (5) complete employer-directed training and orientation on the participant's
 165.13 individual needs; and

165.14 (7) (6) maintain the privacy and confidentiality of the participant; and

165.15 (7) not independently determine the medication dose or time for medications for165.16 the participant.

(b) The commissioner may deny or terminate a support worker's provider enrollmentand provider number if the support worker:

(1) lacks the skills, knowledge, or ability to adequately or safely perform the
 required work does not meet the requirements in paragraph (a);

165.21 (2) fails to provide the authorized services required by the participant employer;

(3) has been intoxicated by alcohol or drugs while providing authorized services tothe participant or while in the participant's home;

(4) has manufactured or distributed drugs while providing authorized services to theparticipant or while in the participant's home; or

(5) has been excluded as a provider by the commissioner of human services, or <u>by</u>
the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General,
from participation in Medicaid, Medicare, or any other federal health care program.

(c) A support worker may appeal in writing to the commissioner to contest thedecision to terminate the support worker's provider enrollment and provider number.

(d) A support worker must not provide or be paid for more than 275 hours of
CFSS per month, regardless of the number of participants the support worker serves or
the number of agency-providers or participant employers by which the support worker
is employed. The department shall not disallow the number of hours per day a support
worker works unless it violates other law.

Subd. 16a. Exception to support worker requirements for continuity of services. 166.1 166.2 The support worker for a participant may be allowed to enroll with a different CFSS agency-provider or FMS eontractor provider upon initiation, rather than completion, of a 166.3 new background study according to chapter 245C, if the following conditions are met: 166.4 (1) the commissioner determines that the support worker's change in enrollment or 166.5 affiliation is needed to ensure continuity of services and protect the health and safety 166.6 of the participant; 166.7 (2) the chosen agency-provider or FMS contractor provider has been continuously 166.8 enrolled as a CFSS agency-provider or FMS eontractor provider for at least two years or 166.9 since the inception of the CFSS program, whichever is shorter; 166.10 (3) the participant served by the support worker chooses to transfer to the CFSS 166.11 agency-provider or the FMS contractor provider to which the support worker is transferring; 166.12 (4) the support worker has been continuously enrolled with the former CFSS 166.13 agency-provider or FMS contractor provider since the support worker's last background 166.14 166.15 study was completed; and (5) the support worker continues to meet requirements of subdivision 16, excluding 166.16 paragraph (a), clause (1). 166.17 Subd. 17. Consultation services description and duties. (a) Consultation services 166.18 means providing assistance to the participant in making informed choices regarding 166.19 CFSS services in general, and self-directed tasks in particular, and in developing a 166.20 person-centered service delivery plan to achieve quality service outcomes. 166.21 (b) Consultation services is a required service that may include but is not limited to 166.22 166.23 that includes: (1) entering into a written agreement with the participant, participant's representative, 166.24 or legal representative that includes but is not limited to the details of services, service 166.25 delivery methods, dates of services, and contact information; 166.26 (1) (2) providing an initial and annual orientation to CFSS information and policies, 166.27 including selecting a service model; 166.28 (3) assisting with accessing FMS providers or agency-providers; 166.29 (2) (4) providing assistance with the development, implementation, management, 166.30 documentation, and evaluation of the person-centered CFSS service delivery plan; 166.31 (3) consultation on recruiting, selecting, training, managing, directing, evaluating, 166.32

166.33 and supervising support workers;

166.34 (4) reviewing the use of and access to informal and community supports, goods, or
 166.35 resources;

167.1	(5) approving the CFSS service delivery plan for a participant without a case
167.2	manager or care coordinator who is responsible for authorizing services;
167.3	(6) maintaining documentation of the approved CFSS service delivery plan;
167.4	(7) distributing copies of the final CFSS service delivery plan to the participant and
167.5	to the agency-provider or FMS provider, case manager or care coordinator, and other
167.6	designated parties;
167.7	(5) assistance with fulfilling (8) assisting to fulfill responsibilities and requirements of
167.8	CFSS, including modifying CFSS service delivery plans and changing service models; and
167.9	(6) assistance with accessing FMS contractors or agency-providers.
167.10	(c) Duties of a consultation services provider shall include but are not limited to:
167.11	(1) review and finalization of the CFSS service delivery plan by the consultation
167.12	services provider organization;
167.13	(2) distribution of copies of the final service delivery plan to the participant and
167.14	to the agency-provider or FMS contractor, case manager/care coordinator, and other
167.15	designated parties;
167.16	(9) if requested, providing consultation or recruiting, selecting, training, managing,
167.17	directing, supervising, and evaluating support workers;
167.18	(3) an evaluation of (10) evaluating services upon receiving information from an
167.19	FMS contractor provider indicating spending or participant employer concerns;
167.20	(11) reviewing the use of and access to informal and community supports, goods, or
167.21	resources;
167.22	(4) (12) a semiannual review of services if the participant does not have a case
167.23	manager/care manager or care coordinator and when the support worker is a paid parent of
167.24	a minor participant or the participant's spouse;
167.25	(5) collection (13) collecting and reporting of data as required by the department; and
167.26	(6) (14) providing the participant with a copy of the service-related rights participant
167.27	protections under subdivision 20 at the start of consultation services-;
167.28	(15) providing assistance to resolve issues of noncompliance with the requirements
167.29	of CFSS;
167.30	(16) providing recommendations to the commissioner for changes to services when
167.31	support to participants to resolve issues of noncompliance have been unsuccessful; and
167.32	(17) other duties as assigned by the commissioner.
167.33	Subd. 17a. Consultation services provider qualifications and requirements.
167.34	The commissioner shall develop the qualifications and requirements for providers of
167.35	eonsultation services under subdivision 17. These Consultation services providers must
167.36	satisfy at least meet the following qualifications and requirements:

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168.1	(1) meet the requirements under subdivision 10, paragraph (a) excluding clauses
168.2	<u>(4) and (5);</u>
168.3	(1) (2) are under contract with the department;
168.4	(2) (3) are not the FMS contractor provider as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph
168.5	(m), the lead agency, or the CFSS or home and community-based services waiver vendor
168.6	or agency-provider or vendor to the participant, or a lead agency;
168.7	(3) (4) meet the service standards as established by the commissioner;
168.8	(4) (5) employ lead professional staff with a minimum of three years of experience
168.9	in providing services such as support planning, support broker, case management or care
168.10	coordination, or consultation services and consumer education to participants using a
168.11	self-directed program using FMS under medical assistance;
168.12	(5) are knowledgeable about CFSS roles and responsibilities including those of the
168.13	certified assessor, FMS contractor, agency-provider, and case manager/care coordinator;
168.14	(6) comply with medical assistance provider requirements;
168.15	(7) understand the CFSS program and its policies;
168.16	(8) are knowledgeable about self-directed principles and the application of the
168.17	person-centered planning process;
168.18	(9) have general knowledge of the FMS contractor provider duties and participant
168.19	employment the vendor fiscal/employer agent model, including all applicable federal,
168.20	state, and local laws and regulations regarding tax, labor, employment, and liability and
168.21	workers' compensation coverage for household workers; and
168.22	(10) have all employees, including lead professional staff, staff in management
168.23	and supervisory positions, and owners of the agency who are active in the day-to-day
168.24	management and operations of the agency, complete training as specified in the contract
168.25	with the department.
168.26	Subd. 18. Service unit and budget allocation requirements and limits. (a) For the
168.27	agency-provider model, services will be are authorized in units of service. The total service
168.28	unit amount must be established based upon the assessed need for CFSS services, and must
168.29	not exceed the maximum number of units available as determined under subdivision 8.
168.30	(b) For the budget model, the service budget allocation allowed for services and
168.31	supports is defined in subdivision 8, paragraph (g).
168.32	Subd. 18a. Worker training and development services. (a) The commissioner
168.33	shall develop the scope of tasks and functions, service standards, and service limits for
168.34	worker training and development services.

(b) Worker training and development services costs are in addition to the participant's
assessed service units or service budget. Services provided according to this subdivision
must:

(1) help support workers obtain and expand the skills and knowledge necessary to
 ensure competency in providing quality services as needed and defined in the participant's
 <u>CFSS</u> service delivery plan and as required under subdivisions 11b and 14;

169.7 (2) be provided or arranged for by the agency-provider under subdivision 11_2 or 169.8 purchased by the participant employer under the budget model <u>under as identified in</u> 169.9 subdivision 13; and

(3) be described in the participant's CFSS service delivery plan and documented inthe participant's file.

169.12 (c) Services covered under worker training and development shall include:

(1) support worker training on the participant's individual assessed needs;
<u>and</u> condition, or both, provided individually or in a group setting by a skilled and
knowledgeable trainer beyond any training the participant or participant's representative
provides;

169.17 (2) tuition for professional classes and workshops for the participant's support 169.18 workers that relate to the participant's assessed needs, and condition, or both; and

(3) direct observation, monitoring, coaching, and documentation of support worker
job skills and tasks, beyond any training the participant or participant's representative
provides, including supervision of health-related tasks or behavioral supports that is
conducted by an appropriate professional based on the participant's assessed needs.
These services must be provided within 14 days of <u>at</u> the start of services or the start of
a new support worker except as provided in paragraph (d) and must be specified in the
participant's <u>CFSS</u> service delivery plan; and

(4) reporting service and support concerns to the appropriate provider the
 activities to evaluate CFSS services and ensure support worker competency described in
 subdivisions 11a and 11b.

(d) The services in paragraph (c), clause (3), are not required to be provided for a
new support worker providing services for a participant due to staffing failures, unless the
support worker is expected to provide ongoing backup staffing coverage.

(e) Worker training and development services shall not include:

169.33 (1) general agency training, worker orientation, or training on CFSS self-directed169.34 models;

169.35 (2) payment for preparation or development time for the trainer or presenter;

169.36 (3) payment of the support worker's salary or compensation during the training;

170.1	(4) training or supervision provided by the participant, the participant's support
170.2	worker, or the participant's informal supports, including the participant's representative; or
170.3	(5) services in excess of 96 units per annual service authorization agreement, unless
170.4	approved by the department.
170.5	Subd. 19. Support system. (a) The commissioner shall provide information,
170.6	consultation, training, and assistance to ensure the participant is able to manage the
170.7	services and supports and budgets, if applicable. This support shall include individual
170.8	consultation on how to select and employ workers, manage responsibilities under CFSS,
170.9	and evaluate personal outcomes.
170.10	(b) The commissioner shall provide assistance with the development of risk
170.11	management agreements.
170.12	Subd. 20. Service-related rights Participant protections. (a) All CFSS
170.13	participants have the protections identified in this subdivision.
170.14	(a) (b) Participants or participant's representatives must be provided with adequate
170.15	information, counseling, training, and assistance, as needed, to ensure that the participant
170.16	is able to choose and manage services, models, and budgets. This information must
170.17	be provided by the consultation services provider at the time of the initial or annual
170.18	orientation to CFSS, at the time of reassessment, or when requested by the participant or
170.19	participant's representative. This support shall include information regarding must explain:
170.20	(1) person-centered planning;
170.21	(2) the range and scope of individual participant choices, including the differences
170.22	between the agency-provider model and the budget model, available CFSS providers, and
170.23	other services available in the community to meet the participant's needs;
170.24	(3) the process for changing plans, services, and budgets;
170.25	(4) the grievance process;
170.26	(5) individual rights;
170.27	(6) (4) identifying and assessing appropriate services; and
170.28	(7) (5) risks to and responsibilities; and of the participant under the budget model.
170.29	(8) risk management.
170.30	(b) (c) The commissioner consultation services provider must ensure that the
170.31	participant has a copy of the most recent community support plan and service delivery
170.32	plan chooses freely between the agency-provider model and the budget model and among
170.33	available agency-providers and that the participant may change agency-providers after
170.34	services have begun.

(e) (d) A participant who appeals a reduction in previously authorized CFSS services 171.1 may continue previously authorized services pending an appeal in accordance with section 171.2 256.045. 171.3 (d) (e) If the units of service or budget allocation for CFSS are reduced, denied, or 171.4 terminated, the commissioner must provide notice of the reasons for the reduction in the 171.5 participant's notice of denial, termination, or reduction. 171.6 (e) (f) If all or part of a CFSS service delivery plan is denied approval by the 171.7 consultation services provider, the commissioner consultation services provider must 171.8 provide a notice that describes the basis of the denial. 171.9 Subd. 20a. Notice of participant rights from an agency-provider. A participant 171.10 receiving CFSS from an agency-provider has the rights identified in this subdivision and 171.11 in subdivisions 20b and 20c. The agency-provider must: 171.12 (1) within five working days of service initiation and annually thereafter, provide 171.13 each participant or participant's representative with a written notice that identifies the 171.14 171.15 service recipient rights in subdivisions 20b and 20c, and an explanation of those rights; (2) make reasonable accommodations to provide this information in other formats or 171.16 languages as needed to facilitate understanding of the rights by the participant and the 171.17 participant's legal representative, if any; 171.18 (3) maintain documentation of the receipt of a copy and an explanation of the rights 171.19 171.20 by the participant or participant's representative; and (4) ensure the exercise and protection of the participant's rights in the services 171.21 provided by the agency-provider and as authorized in the CFSS service delivery plan. 171.22 171.23 Subd. 20b. Service-related rights under an agency-provider. A participant 171.24 receiving CFSS from an agency-provider has service-related rights to: (1) participate in and approve the initial development and ongoing modification and 171.25 171.26 evaluation of CFSS services provided to the participant; (2) refuse or terminate services and be informed of the consequences of refusing 171.27 or terminating services; 171.28 (3) before services are initiated, be told the limits to the services available from the 171.29 agency-provider, including the agency-provider's knowledge, skill, and ability to meet the 171.30 participant's needs identified in the CFSS service delivery plan; 171.31 (4) a coordinated transfer of services when there will be a change in the 171.32 agency-provider; 171.33 (5) before services are initiated, be told what the agency-provider charges for the 171.34 171.35 services;

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172.1	(6) before services are initiated, be told to what extent payment may be expected					
172.2	from health insurance, public programs, or other sources, if known; and what charges the					
172.3	participant may be responsible for paying;					
172.4	(7) receive services from an individual who is competent and trained, who has					
172.5	professional certification or licensure, as required, and who meets additional qualifications					
172.6	identified in the participant's CFSS service delivery plan;					
172.7	(8) have the participant's preferences for support workers identified and documented,					
172.8	and have those preferences met when possible; and					
172.9	(9) before services are initiated, be told the choices that are available from the					
172.10	agency-provider for meeting the participant's assessed needs identified in the CFSS service					
172.11	delivery plan, including but not limited to which support worker staff will be providing					
172.12	services and the proposed frequency and schedule of visits.					
172.13	Subd. 20c. Protection-related rights under an agency-provider. A participant					
172.14	receiving CFSS from an agency provider has protection-related rights to:					
172.15	(1) access records and recorded information about the participant in accordance with					
172.16	applicable state and federal law, regulation, or rule;					
172.17	(2) know how to contact an individual associated with the agency-provider who is					
172.18	responsible for handling problems, know the agency-provider's policies and procedures					
172.19	for resolving grievances as required by subdivision 12a, and have the agency-provider					
172.20	investigate and attempt to resolve the grievance or complaint;					
172.21	(3) know the name, telephone number, and address of the state or county agency,					
172.22	the Office of the Ombudsman for Long-Term Care, and the state protection and advocacy					
172.23	service to contact for additional information or assistance;					
172.24	(4) have personal, financial, and medical information kept private, and be advised of					
172.25	disclosure of this information by the agency-provider and the agency-provider's policies					
172.26	and procedures regarding data privacy;					
172.27	(5) be treated with courtesy and respect, and have the participant's property treated					
172.28	with respect;					
172.29	(6) be free from maltreatment; and					
172.30	(7) assert these rights personally, or have them asserted by the participant's					
172.31	representative or by anyone authorized by the participant to act on behalf of the participant,					
172.32	without retaliation.					
172.33	Subd. 21. Development and Implementation Council. The commissioner shall					
172.34	establish a Development and Implementation Council of which the majority of members					
172.35	are individuals participants with disabilities, elderly individuals participants, and their					
172.36	representatives. The commissioner shall consult and collaborate with the council when					

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developing and implementing this section for at least the first five years of operation. The
 commissioner, in consultation with the council, shall provide recommendations on how to
 improve the quality and integrity of CFSS, reduce the paper documentation required in

173.4 subdivisions 10, 12, and 15, make use of electronic means of documentation and online

173.5 reporting in order to reduce administrative costs, and improve training to the legislative

173.6 chairs of the health and human services policy and finance committees by February 1, 2014.

Subd. 22. Quality assurance and risk management system. (a) The commissioner
shall establish quality assurance and risk management measures for use in developing and
implementing CFSS, including those that:

(1) recognize the roles and responsibilities of those involved in obtaining CFSS; and
(2) ensure the appropriateness of such plans and budgets based upon a recipient's
resources and capabilities.

173.13 Risk management measures must include background studies and backup and emergency173.14 plans, including disaster planning.

(b) The commissioner shall provide ongoing technical assistance and resource andeducational materials for CFSS participants.

(c) <u>The commissioner shall develop performance assessment measures</u>, such as a
participant's satisfaction with the services and supports, and ongoing monitoring of health
and well-being shall be identified and data reporting requirements in consultation with
the council established in subdivision 21.

(d) Data reporting requirements will be developed in consultation with the council
established in subdivision 21.

Subd. 23. Commissioner's access. (a) When the commissioner is investigating a 173.23 possible overpayment of Medicaid funds, the commissioner must be given immediate 173.24 access without prior notice to the agency-provider, consultation services provider, or 173.25 FMS eontractor's provider's office during regular business hours and to documentation 173.26 and records related to services provided and submission of claims for services provided. 173.27 Denying the commissioner access to records is cause for immediate suspension of 173.28 payment and terminating the agency-provider's enrollment or FMS provider's enrollment 173.29 according to section 256B.064 or terminating the FMS contract consultation services 173.30 provider contract. 173.31 (b) The commissioner has the authority to request proof of compliance with laws, 173.32

rules, and policies from agency-providers, consultation services providers, FMS providers,

and participants.

(c) When relevant to an investigation conducted by the commissioner, the
 commissioner must be given access to the business office, documents, and records of the

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agency-provider, consultation services provider, or FMS provider, including records 174.1 maintained in electronic format; participants served by the program; and staff during 174.2 regular business hours. The commissioner must be given access without prior notice and 174.3 174.4 as often as the commissioner considers necessary if the commissioner is investigating an alleged violation of applicable laws or rules. The commissioner may request and shall 174.5 receive assistance from lead agencies and other state, county, and municipal agencies 174.6 and departments. The commissioner's access includes being allowed to photocopy, 174.7 photograph, and make audio and video recordings at the commissioner's expense. 174.8 Subd. 23a. Sanctions; information for participants upon termination of services. 174.9 (a) The commissioner may withhold payment from the provider or suspend or terminate 174.10 the provider enrollment number if the provider fails to comply fully with applicable laws 174.11 or rules. The provider has the right to appeal the decision of the commissioner under 174.12 section 256B.064. 174.13 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 13, paragraph (c), if a participant employer fails to 174.14 174.15 comply fully with applicable laws or rules, the commissioner may disenroll the participant from the budget model. A participant may appeal in writing to the department under 174.16 section 256.045, subdivision 3, to contest the department's decision to disenroll the 174.17 participant from the budget model. 174.18 (c) Agency-providers of CFSS services must provide each participant with a copy of 174.19 174.20 participant protections in subdivision 20a at least 30 days prior to terminating services to a participant, if the termination results from sanctions under this subdivision or section 174.21 256B.064, such as a payment withhold or a suspension or termination of the provider 174.22 174.23 enrollment number. If a CFSS agency-provider determines it is unable to continue providing services to a participant because of an action under this subdivision or section 174.24 256B.064, the agency-provider must notify the participant, the participant's representative, 174.25 and the commissioner 30 days prior to terminating services to the participant, and must 174.26 assist the commissioner and lead agency in supporting the participant in transitioning to 174.27 another CFSS agency-provider of the participant's choice. 174.28 (d) In the event the commissioner withholds payment from a CFSS agency-provider, 174.29 or suspends or terminates a provider enrollment number of a CFSS agency-provider 174.30 under this subdivision or section 256B.064, the commissioner may inform the Office of 174.31 Ombudsman for Long-Term Care and the lead agencies for all participants with active 174.32 service agreements with the agency-provider. At the commissioner's request, the lead 174.33 agencies must contact participants to ensure that the participants are continuing to receive 174.34 needed care, and that the participants have been given free choice of agency-provider if 174.35 they transfer to another CFSS agency-provider. In addition, the commissioner or the 174.36

175.1 <u>commissioner's delegate may directly notify participants who receive care from the</u>

175.2 <u>agency-provider that payments have been withheld or that the provider's participation in</u>

175.3 <u>medical assistance has been suspended or terminated, if the commissioner determines that</u>

175.4 the notification is necessary to protect the welfare of the participants.

Subd. 24. CFSS agency-providers and FMS providers; background studies.
CFSS agency-providers and FMS providers enrolled to provide CFSS services under the
medical assistance program shall comply with the following:

(1) owners who have a five percent interest or more and all managing employees
are subject to a background study as provided in chapter 245C. This applies to currently
enrolled CFSS agency-providers providers and those agencies seeking enrollment as a
CFSS agency-provider. "Managing employee" has the same meaning as given in Code
of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 455 455.101. An organization is barred from
enrollment if:

(i) the organization has not initiated background studies on owners <u>and</u> managingemployees; or

(ii) the organization has initiated background studies on owners and managing
employees, but the commissioner has sent the organization a notice that an owner or
managing employee of the organization has been disqualified under section 245C.14, and
the owner or managing employee has not received a set-aside of the disqualification
under section 245C.22;

(2) a background study must be initiated and completed for all staff who will havedirect contact with the participant to provide worker training and development; and

(3) a background study must be initiated and completed for all support workers.

175.24 Subd. 25. Commissioner recommendations required. In consultation with

175.25 the Development and Implementation Council described in subdivision 21 and other

175.26 stakeholders, the commissioner shall develop recommendations for revisions to

175.27 subdivisions 12, 15, and 16 that promote self-direction in the following areas:

(1) CFSS provider and support worker enrollment, qualification, and disqualification
 eriteria;

175.30 (2) documentation requirements that are consistent with state and federal
 175.31 requirements; and

175.32 (3) provisions to maintain program integrity and assure fiscal accountability for
 175.33 goods and services purchased through CFSS.

175.34 The recommendations shall be provided to the chairs and ranking minority members

- 175.35 of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health and human
- 175.36 services policy and finance by November 15, 2013.

176.1	Subd. 26. Licensure plan. In consultation with the Development and				
176.2	Implementation Council described in subdivision 21 and other stakeholders, the				
176.3	commissioner shall develop a plan to implement licensure of CFSS.				
176.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments to this section are effective upon federal				
176.5	approval. The service will begin 90 days after federal approval. The commissioner of				
176.6	human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when this occurs.				
176.7	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.557, subdivision 9a, is amended to read:				
176.8	Subd. 9a. Evaluation and referral of reports made to common entry point unit.				
176.9	(a) The common entry point must screen the reports of alleged or suspected maltreatment				
176.10	for immediate risk and make all necessary referrals as follows:				
176.11	(1) if the common entry point determines that there is an immediate need for				
176.12	emergency adult protective services, the common entry point agency shall immediately				
176.13	notify the appropriate county agency;				
176.14	(2) if the report contains suspected criminal activity against a vulnerable adult, the				
176.15	common entry point shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agency;				
176.16	(3) the common entry point shall refer all reports of alleged or suspected				
176.17	maltreatment to the appropriate lead investigative agency as soon as possible, but in any				
176.18	event no longer than two working days; and				
176.19	(4) if the report contains information about a suspicious death, the common entry				
176.20	point shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the local				
176.21	medical examiner, and the ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities				
176.22	established under section 245.92. Law enforcement agencies shall coordinate with the				
176.23	local medical examiner and the ombudsman as provided by law-; and				
176.24	(5) for reports involving multiple locations or changing circumstances, the common				
176.25	entry point shall determine the county agency responsible for emergency adult protective				
176.26	services and the county responsible as the lead investigative agency, using referral				
176.27	guidelines established by the commissioner.				
176.28	(b) If the lead investigative agency receiving a report believes the report was referred				
176.29	by the common entry point in error, the lead investigative agency shall immediately notify				
176.30	the common entry point of the error, including the basis for the lead investigative agency's				
176.31	belief that the referral was made in error. The common entry point shall review the				
176.32	information submitted by the lead investigative agency and immediately refer the report to				
176.33	the appropriate lead investigative agency.				
176.34	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.557, subdivision 9b, is amended to read:				

Subd. 9b. Response to reports. Law enforcement is the primary agency to conduct 177.1 investigations of any incident in which there is reason to believe a crime has been 177.2 committed. Law enforcement shall initiate a response immediately. If the common entry 177.3 point notified a county agency for emergency adult protective services, law enforcement 177.4 shall cooperate with that county agency when both agencies are involved and shall 177.5 exchange data to the extent authorized in subdivision 12b, paragraph (g). County adult 177.6 protection shall initiate a response immediately. Each lead investigative agency shall 177.7 complete the investigative process for reports within its jurisdiction. A lead investigative 177.8 agency, county, adult protective agency, licensed facility, or law enforcement agency 177.9 shall cooperate in coordinating its investigation with other agencies in the provision of 177.10 protective services, coordinating its investigations, and may assist assisting another agency 177.11 177.12 upon request within the limits of its resources and expertise and shall exchange data to the extent authorized in subdivision 12b, paragraph (g). The lead investigative agency shall 177.13 obtain the results of any investigation conducted by law enforcement officials. The lead 177.14 177.15 investigative agency has the right to enter facilities and inspect and copy records as part of investigations. The lead investigative agency has access to not public data, as defined in 177.16 section 13.02, and medical records under sections 144.291 to 144.298, that are maintained 177.17 by facilities to the extent necessary to conduct its investigation. Each lead investigative 177.18 agency shall develop guidelines for prioritizing reports for investigation. 177.19

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.557, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 177.20 Subd. 10. Duties of county social service agency. (a) Upon receipt of a report 177.21 177.22 from When the common entry point staff refers a report to the county social service agency as the lead investigative agency or makes a referral to the county social service 177.23 agency for emergency adult protective services, or when another lead investigative agency 177.24 177.25 requests assistance from the county social service agency for adult protective services, the county social service agency shall immediately assess and offer emergency and 177.26 continuing protective social services for purposes of preventing further maltreatment and 177.27 for safeguarding the welfare of the maltreated vulnerable adult. The county shall use a 177.28 standardized tool made available by the commissioner. The information entered by the 177.29 county into the standardized tool must be accessible to the Department of Human Services. 177.30 In cases of suspected sexual abuse, the county social service agency shall immediately 177.31 arrange for and make available to the vulnerable adult appropriate medical examination 177.32 and treatment. When necessary in order to protect the vulnerable adult from further harm, 177.33 the county social service agency shall seek authority to remove the vulnerable adult from 177.34 the situation in which the maltreatment occurred. The county social service agency 177.35

may also investigate to determine whether the conditions which resulted in the reported
maltreatment place other vulnerable adults in jeopardy of being maltreated and offer
protective social services that are called for by its determination.

(b) County social service agencies may enter facilities and inspect and copy records
as part of an investigation. The county social service agency has access to not public
data, as defined in section 13.02, and medical records under sections 144.291 to 144.298,
that are maintained by facilities to the extent necessary to conduct its investigation. The
inquiry is not limited to the written records of the facility, but may include every other
available source of information.

(c) When necessary in order to protect a vulnerable adult from serious harm, the
county social service agency shall immediately intervene on behalf of that adult to help
the family, vulnerable adult, or other interested person by seeking any of the following:

(1) a restraining order or a court order for removal of the perpetrator from the
residence of the vulnerable adult pursuant to section 518B.01;

(2) the appointment of a guardian or conservator pursuant to sections 524.5-101 to
524.5-502, or guardianship or conservatorship pursuant to chapter 252A;

(3) replacement of a guardian or conservator suspected of maltreatment and
appointment of a suitable person as guardian or conservator, pursuant to sections
524.5-101 to 524.5-502; or

(4) a referral to the prosecuting attorney for possible criminal prosecution of theperpetrator under chapter 609.

The expenses of legal intervention must be paid by the county in the case of indigent persons, under section 524.5-502 and chapter 563.

In proceedings under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, if a suitable relative or 178.24 other person is not available to petition for guardianship or conservatorship, a county 178.25 employee shall present the petition with representation by the county attorney. The county 178.26 shall contract with or arrange for a suitable person or organization to provide ongoing 178.27 guardianship services. If the county presents evidence to the court exercising probate 178.28 jurisdiction that it has made a diligent effort and no other suitable person can be found, 178.29 a county employee may serve as guardian or conservator. The county shall not retaliate 178.30 against the employee for any action taken on behalf of the ward or protected person even 178.31 if the action is adverse to the county's interest. Any person retaliated against in violation 178.32 of this subdivision shall have a cause of action against the county and shall be entitled to 178.33 reasonable attorney fees and costs of the action if the action is upheld by the court. 178.34

178.35

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.5572, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Common entry point. "Common entry point" means the entity designated
by each county responsible for receiving reports of alleged or suspected maltreatment of a
vulnerable adult under section 626.557.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.5572, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 179.4 Subd. 6. Facility. (a) "Facility" means a hospital or other entity required to be 179.5 licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58; a nursing home required to be licensed to serve 179.6 adults under section 144A.02; a residential or nonresidential facility or service required to 179.7 be licensed to serve adults under sections 245A.01 to 245A.16 chapter 245A; a home care 179.8 provider licensed or required to be licensed under section 144A.46; a hospice provider 179.9 licensed under sections 144A.75 to 144A.755; or a person or organization that exclusively 179.10 offers, provides, or arranges for personal care assistance services under the medical 179.11 assistance program as authorized under sections section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, 179.12 sections 256B.0651 to 256B.0654, and section 256B.0659, or section 256B.85. 179.13 179.14 (b) For home care providers and personal care attendants services identified in paragraph (a) that are provided in the vulnerable adult's own home or in another 179.15 unlicensed location, the term "facility" refers to the provider or, person, or organization 179.16 179.17 that exclusively offers, provides, or arranges for personal care services, and does not refer to the elient's vulnerable adult's home or other location at which services are rendered. 179.18

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.5572, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
Subd. 21. Vulnerable adult. (a) "Vulnerable adult" means any person 18 years of
age or older who:

(1) is a resident or inpatient of a facility;

(2) receives services at or from a facility required to be licensed to serve adults under 179.23 sections 245A.01 to 245A.15 chapter 245A, except that a person receiving outpatient 179.24 services for treatment of chemical dependency or mental illness, or one who is served in the 179.25 Minnesota sex offender program on a court-hold order for commitment, or is committed as 179.26 a sexual psychopathic personality or as a sexually dangerous person under chapter 253B, 179.27 is not considered a vulnerable adult unless the person meets the requirements of clause (4); 179.28 (3) receives services from a home care provider required to be licensed under section 179.29 144A.46; or from a person or organization that exclusively offers, provides, or arranges 179.30 for personal care assistance services under the medical assistance program as authorized 179.31 under sections section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a, 256B.0651, 256B.0653, 256B.0654, 179.32 and 256B.0659, or 256B.85; or 179.33

- (4) regardless of residence or whether any type of service is received, possesses a
 physical or mental infirmity or other physical, mental, or emotional dysfunction:
 (i) that impairs the individual's ability to provide adequately for the individual's
- 180.4 own care without assistance, including the provision of food, shelter, clothing, health180.5 care, or supervision; and
- (ii) because of the dysfunction or infirmity and the need for care or services, theindividual has an impaired ability to protect the individual's self from maltreatment.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "care or services" means care or services for thehealth, safety, welfare, or maintenance of an individual.
- 180.10 Sec. 26. Laws 2013, chapter 108, article 7, section 58, is amended to read:

180.11 Sec. 58. NURSING HOME LEVEL OF CARE REPORT.

(a) The commissioner of human services shall report on the impact of the
modification to the nursing facility level of care to be implemented January 1, 2014 2015,
including the following:

- (1) the number of individuals who lose eligibility for home and community-based
 services waivers under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.0915 and 256B.49, and
 alternative care under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0913;
- 180.18 (2) the number of individuals who lose eligibility for medical assistance; and
- 180.19 (3) for individuals reported under clauses (1) and (2), and to the extent possible:
- (i) their living situation before and after nursing facility level of care implementation;and
- (ii) the programs or services they received before and after nursing facility level of
 care implementation, including, but not limited to, personal care assistant services and
 essential community supports.
- (b) The commissioner of human services shall report to the chairs and ranking
 minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health
 and human services policy and finance with the information required under paragraph
 (a). A preliminary report shall be submitted on October 1, 2014 2015, and a final report
 shall be submitted February 15, 2015 2016.

180.30 Sec. 27. HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SETTINGS TRANSITION PLAN.

180.31 Upon federal approval, the Department of Human Services must take initial steps to

- 180.32 come into compliance with the home and community-based settings transition plan for the
- 180.33 home and community-based services waiver authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections
- 180.34 <u>256B.0915</u>, 256B.092, and 256B.49. By January 15, 2016, and annually thereafter

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181.1 181.2 181.3	during the transition period ending on or before March 17, 2019, the commissioner of human services must report on this process to the chairs and ranking minority members of the policy and finance committees in the house of representatives and the senate with						
181.4	jurisdiction ov	ver health and hum	an services for	seniors and people wit	h disabilities.		
181.5	5 Sec. 28. <u>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>						
181.6	The rev	isor of statutes sha	ll change the te	rm "community alterna	tives for disabled		
181.7	individuals" to "community access for disability inclusion" wherever it appears in						
181.8	Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245D and 256B, and sections 144G.05; 256N.26, subdivision						
181.9	17; and 260C	.4411, subdivision	2. The revisor	shall also make related	d grammatical		
181.10	changes and c	hanges in headnot	es.				
181.11	Sec. 29. <u>R</u>	REPEALER.					
181.12	(a) Mini	nesota Statutes 201	4, sections 245	D.061, subdivision 3;	and 256B.0911,		

- 181.13 <u>subdivision 6a, are repealed.</u>
- 181.14 (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.7400; and 9555.7500, are repealed.

APPENDIX Article locations in S1356-1

ARTICLE 1	CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES	Page.Ln 2.11
ARTICLE 2	CHEMICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES	Page.Ln 34.27
ARTICLE 3	DIRECT CARE AND TREATMENT	Page.Ln 60.21
ARTICLE 4	OPERATIONS	Page.Ln 61.24
ARTICLE 5	HEALTH CARE	Page.Ln 111.1
ARTICLE 6	CONTINUING CARE	Page.Ln 113.1

245D.061 EMERGENCY USE OF MANUAL RESTRAINTS.

Subd. 3. Restrictions when implementing emergency use of manual restraint. (a) Emergency use of manual restraint procedures must not:

(1) be implemented with a child in a manner that constitutes sexual abuse, neglect, physical abuse, or mental injury, as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2;

(2) be implemented with an adult in a manner that constitutes abuse or neglect as defined in section 626.5572, subdivisions 2 and 17;

(3) be implemented in a manner that violates a person's rights and protections identified in section 245D.04;

(4) restrict a person's normal access to a nutritious diet, drinking water, adequate ventilation, necessary medical care, ordinary hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, or necessary clothing, or to any protection required by state licensing standards and federal regulations governing the program;

(5) deny the person visitation or ordinary contact with legal counsel, a legal representative, or next of kin;

(6) be used as a substitute for adequate staffing, for the convenience of staff, as punishment, or as a consequence if the person refuses to participate in the treatment or services provided by the program; or

(7) use prone restraint. For the purposes of this section, "prone restraint" means use of manual restraint that places a person in a face-down position. This does not include brief physical holding of a person who, during an emergency use of manual restraint, rolls into a prone position, and the person is restored to a standing, sitting, or side-lying position as quickly as possible. Applying back or chest pressure while a person is in the prone or supine position or face-up is prohibited.

245E.07 MONETARY RECOVERY.

Subd. 3. **Office of Inspector General recoveries.** Overpayment recoveries resulting from child care provider fraud investigations initiated by the department's Office of Inspector General's fraud investigations staff are excluded from the county recovery provision in section 119B.11, subdivision 3.

256B.0911 LONG-TERM CARE CONSULTATION SERVICES.

Subd. 6a. **Withholding.** If any provider obligated to pay the long-term care consultation amount as described in subdivision 6 is more than two months delinquent in the timely payment of the monthly installment, the commissioner may withhold payments, penalties, and interest in accordance with the methods outlined in section 256.9657, subdivision 7a. Any amount withheld under this provision must be returned to the county to whom the delinquent payments were due.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rule: S1356-1

9505.0175 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 32. **Performance agreement.** "Performance agreement" means a written agreement between the department and a provider that states the provider's contractual obligations for the sale and repair of medical equipment and medical supplies eligible for medical assistance payment. An example of a performance agreement is an agreement between the department and a provider of nondurable medical supplies or durable medical equipment as specified in part 9505.0310, subpart 3, items A and B.

9505.0365 PROSTHETIC AND ORTHOTIC DEVICES.

Subp. 2. Eligible providers; medical supply agreement. To be eligible for medical assistance payment, a supplier of a prosthetic or orthotic device must sign a performance agreement as defined in part 9505.0175, subpart 32.

9505.1696 DEFINITIONS.

Subp. 10. **EPSDT screening form.** "EPSDT screening form" means a form supplied by the department that contains the information required under part 9505.1709.

9505.1709 EPSDT SCREENING FORM.

A screening provider must complete and submit to the department an EPSDT screening form for each screening the provider completes. The form must report the findings of the screening and the provider's charge for services.

9535.2000 SCOPE AND PURPOSE.

Parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 apply to county boards that apply individually or jointly to the commissioner of human services for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73. These grants are for eligible expenditures to be incurred by the county, by an eligible residential facility with which the county board contracts, or by a public or private organization or a combination of public and private organizations with which the eligible residential facility contracts.

9535.2100 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The terms used in parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 have the meanings given them in subparts 2 to 5.

Subp. 2. Adult. "Adult" means a person who is 18 years old or older.

Subp. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services or a designated representative.

Subp. 4. **County board.** "County board" means the county board of commissioners or a designated representative.

Subp. 5. **Person who is mentally ill.** "Person who is mentally ill" means a person who has been diagnosed by a physician, a licensed psychologist, or a licensed consulting psychologist as having a condition:

A. which results in an inability to interpret the environment realistically and in impaired functioning in primary aspects of daily living, such as personal relations, living arrangements, work, and recreation; or

B. which is listed in the code range 290, 293-302.9 or 306-314.9 of the International Classification of Diseases, (ICD-9-CM) issued by the National Center for Health Statistics (Ann Arbor, Michigan: Edwards Brothers, 1978) or in the corresponding code on Axes I, II, or III in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, (DSM-III) issued by the American Psychiatric Association (Washington, D.C., 1980).

9535.2200 ALLOCATION OF GRANTS.

Subpart 1. **Deadlines for applications.** The commissioner shall set the deadlines for grant applications made under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73. The commissioner shall inform county boards of the deadlines. If the commissioner establishes more than one review cycle, the term "deadline for applications" as used in subpart 2, items C to E shall mean the deadline for the cycle in which application is made.

Subp. 2. **Priorities.** In response to applications and budgets that meet the requirements of parts 9535.2300 and 9535.2400, the commissioner shall allocate grants to county boards

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for specific eligible facilities. If the appropriation is not sufficient to fund all applications, the commissioner shall use the following order of descending priorities:

A. facilities previously funded under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73, unless otherwise indicated by law;

B. facilities operating on July 1, 1980;

C. facilities operating at the deadline for applications;

D. new facilities opening after the deadline for applications and planning to provide a Category I program, as defined in parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0670;

E. new facilities opening after the deadline for applications and planning to provide a Category II program, as defined in parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0670.

Subp. 3. **First consideration.** In each priority, for the biennium ending June 30, 1983, the commissioner shall give first consideration to facilities within the Rochester State Hospital catchment area counties of Dakota, Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Goodhue, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Rice, Steele, Wabasha, and Winona.

Subp. 4. More than one facility in a priority. If two or more eligible facilities fall within the same priority and if the appropriation is not sufficient to fund all facilities within that priority, the commissioner shall allocate grants for those facilities which he or she deems most appropriate within the statewide continuum of care for adults who are mentally ill.

Subp. 5. Eligible facilities. The commissioner shall limit grants to facilities that can show that they will:

A. submit a completed application for a license under parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 within three months of the effective date of the grant award;

B. attain at least a provisional license under parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 within six months of the effective date of the grant award; and

C. maintain the license for the remainder of the grant period.

Subp. 6. **Approval of applications and budgets.** The commissioner shall base his or her approval of applications and budgets on the applications' and budgets' compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73 and parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 and on the availability of funds within the allocation priorities in subparts 2 to 4.

Subp. 7. **Compliance with other rules and laws.** To the extent that the county board, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors are also subject to other laws and rules, they shall also meet the standards of those laws and rules to be eligible for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73.

9535.2300 APPLICATION CRITERIA.

In order to qualify for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73, the county board shall submit to the commissioner six completed copies of the application and budget. The county board shall complete a separately identifiable application for each facility for which a grant is requested. The application must at least:

A. describe the persons to be served under the grant;

B. state the measurable time-specified objectives to be accomplished with the grant (these objectives must comply with part 9535.2200, subpart 5);

- C. explain how the requirements of parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0670 will be complied with;
- D. explain how the proposed services will fit into the local continuum of care;
- E. name the proposed sites and providers to be used;

F. explain how alternative service and funding resources, including public school community education programs, will be used to the maximum extent possible in meeting the requirements of parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0670;

G. explain how the county board will determine the effectiveness of the services in helping adults who are mentally ill remain and function in their own communities; and

H. briefly describe the evaluation results to date for facilities previously funded under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73.

9535.2400 BUDGETS.

Subpart 1. **Income and expenditures.** A budget must accompany each application for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73 and must be completed on budget forms provided by the commissioner. For each facility for which a grant is requested a separate budget must

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be submitted showing the total projected income and expenditures for that facility. Except for depreciation, the budget must represent projected cash transactions by the county, the facility, and the subcontractors. Straight-line depreciation, calculated according to generally accepted accounting principles, may be included if the purchase of the item being depreciated is not included as an expenditure in the budget for the current period or for any other budget periods.

Subp. 2. Separate expenditure categories. Each budget must separate expenditures according to the following categories, as further defined in subparts 3 to 6:

A. room and board and previously funded program costs;

B. new program costs separated into new direct service costs and other new program costs; and

C. other costs including program costs for residents who are not adult, not mentally ill, or not Minnesota residents.

Subp. 3. Room and board costs. Room and board costs must include the following costs:

A. all directly identifiable costs of normal and special diet food preparation and service;

B. all directly identifiable costs of linen, bedding, laundering, and laundry supplies;

C. all directly identifiable costs of housekeeping, including cleaning and lavatory supplies;

D. all directly identifiable costs for maintenance and operation of the building and grounds, including fuel, electricity, water, supplies, and parts and tools to repair and maintain equipment and facilities; and

E. a reasonable allocation of salaries and other costs related to items A to D.

However, costs which are new since June 1, 1981, and which are required by parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 are other new program costs and are not room and board costs.

Subp. 4. **Previously funded program costs.** Previously funded program costs must include costs for any services provided before June 1, 1981, at least at the level of funding used for those services during May 1981.

Subp. 5. New direct service costs. Within the limits in part 9535.2600, subpart 1, new direct service costs are the only costs which may be paid with state funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73. New direct service costs may include the following if the costs are required by parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 and if the costs are new since June 1, 1981:

A. salaries and related expenses including payroll taxes, health insurance, retirement contributions, telephone, personal liability insurance, postage, recruitment, staff training, and in-state travel of personnel providing services directly to adult residents who are mentally ill. Support personnel are included to the extent they perform client related duties such as client record keeping, individual program planning, and on-site program supervision;

B. consumable supplies used by the personnel described in item A in performing client related duties and by clients in carrying out program activities; and

C. minor expenditures which are shown by the county board to be essential for the facility to meet requirements of parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690, and which cannot be paid for from local matching funds.

Subp. 6. **Other new program costs.** Other new program costs must include all new program costs other than those already included in new direct service costs. These costs must include, but not be limited to, the costs of renovation, construction or rent of buildings, and purchase or lease of vehicles or equipment, if these costs are new since June 1, 1981, and are required by parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690. These costs may be paid for with local matching funds, but may not be paid for with state funds provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73.

Subp. 7. **Cost allocation.** The application shall include an explanation of the allocation of indirect costs to the various budget categories.

Subp. 8. Elimination or reduction in funds by state or federal government. If there has been a state or federal decision to reduce the previous level of funding for an existing program, expenditures which would otherwise be included under previously funded program costs may be included under new direct service costs or other new program costs. An application must include documentation of the elimination or reduction in funds by the state or federal government. If the previous funding was from a block grant type of funding source, the percentage reduction used for this exception must not exceed the average percentage reduction for all other services funded by the applicant county board from that funding source.

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Subp. 9. Limits on dollar amounts for items. The dollar amounts for the various items included in the budget must not exceed the prevailing cost of like items in the local county and the costs that prudent and cost-conscious management would pay for a given item or service.

Subp. 10. **Time frame for budget.** The budget shall relate to a time period set by the county board within the time limits set by the appropriation.

Subp. 11. **Client-days.** The budget shall include the projected number of client-days of service per facility and the projected cost per client per day.

9535.2500 LINES OF ACCOUNTABILITY AND FLOW OF FUNDS.

Subpart 1. **Payments to county board.** The county board shall be the primary local entity responsible to the commissioner for use of all funds paid to it under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73. The commissioner shall pay funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73 solely to county boards submitting an application and budget approved under part 9535.2200, subpart 5. Payments shall be in the form of an initial advance, with subsequent quarterly payments contingent upon receipt of a completed quarterly financial report from the county board on forms provided by the commissioner. If actual expenditures by the county, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors are less than provided in the approved budget, the commissioner shall reduce the quarterly payments so that the grant remains within the limits in part 9535.2600, subpart 1.

Subp. 2. Local review of applications. If a county board elects to apply for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73, then before submission of the application and budget to the commissioner, the county board shall determine which facilities shall be included in the application and budget, and shall review and approve the completed application and budget.

Subp. 3. **Payment to residential facility.** Payment from the county board to the residential facility must be based on a contract between the county board and the facility. If this contract and the requirements of parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 are complied with, the county board shall, except as provided in subpart 6, item B, pay to the facility all funds received by the county board for that facility. The county board shall determine the method of payment to the facility.

Subp. 4. **County board and facility contract.** The contract between the county board and the facility must specify how the county board will monitor the facility's compliance with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 and how the county board and the facility will monitor the subcontractors' compliance with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000.

Subp. 5. **Joint applications for grant.** If two or more county boards apply jointly for a grant, they shall designate a host county board that will carry out the responsibilities in subparts 1, 3, and 4. The assignment of these responsibilities must be agreed to in a contract between the host county board and the other counties.

Subp. 6. **Other service providers.** If funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73 are to be used by a service provider other than the contracting facility in subpart 3, then:

A. the amount and planned use of those funds must be identified in the application and budget for the facility whose residents will receive the service; and

B. payments to the service provider must be based on a subcontract between the facility and the service provider. This subcontract must include an agreement by the service provider to comply with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000. If the county board and the facility agree, payments may be made directly from the county board to the service provider.

9535.2600 STATE AND LOCAL SHARES.

Subpart 1. **Amount of grant.** After approval of an application and budget, the commissioner shall award a grant equal to the lesser of 75 percent of the new program costs as defined in part 9535.2400, subpart 2, item B; or the new direct service costs, as defined in part 9535.2400, subpart 5.

Subp. 2. Varying percentages of funds for more than one facility. A county board that applies for a grant for more than one facility may request varying percentages of state and local funds for each facility. The commissioner shall approve the request if the total request for all facilities for that county complies with subpart 1 and if state funds are used only for new direct service costs.

Subp. 3. Amounts specified for each facility. The commissioner's award shall specify the amounts awarded for each facility.

Subp. 4. **Other income.** If the county board, the facility, or the subcontractor receives any income other than county funds as a reimbursement for costs also funded through state or local matching funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73, then:

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A. except as provided in item C, the commissioner shall consider this income to be applied first to the local share;

B. if the income exceeds the local share of the approved new program costs, the commissioner shall reduce the state grant by whatever amount the income exceeds the local share; and

C. if the income is from state grants under parts 9535.0200 to 9535.1600, the commissioner shall reduce the state grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73. The amount of the reduction shall equal the amount by which the other state grants are paying for costs which are also funded by state or local matching funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73.

9535.2700 REPORTING AND MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS.

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** The county board, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors shall maintain records to document compliance with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000 and with the objectives in the approved application.

Subp. 2. **Reporting forms.** The county board shall use forms provided by the commissioner to report the use of funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73, including the number and kinds of persons served, the cost of providing each service, results achieved, and other data deemed necessary by the commissioner. Wherever possible the commissioner shall use the same data which is required for reporting under parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690. The commissioner shall use these reports and the evaluation from the county board to develop the report to the legislature required by Minnesota Statutes, section 245.73.

Subp. 3. **Financial records.** The county board, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors shall maintain financial records, using generally accepted accounting principles, in a way so that expenditures can be easily compared with the approved budget, that all sources of income can be readily identified, and that documentation is available for all expenditures.

Subp. 4. **Availability for audit inspection.** The county board, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors shall make available for audit inspection all records required by parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000, upon request by the commissioner.

Subp. 5. **Minimum retention period.** Unless an audit in process requires a longer retention period, the county board, its contracting facilities, and subcontractors shall use the following schedule in retaining a copy of all records required by parts 9535.2000to 9535.3000:

- A. summary reports relating to the facility, at least ten years;
- B. records of specific payments made and income received, at least ten years; and
- C. all other records, at least four years.

9535.2800 REVISION PROCEDURES FOR APPROVED BUDGETS AND OBJECTIVES.

Subpart 1. **Definitions.** The terms "approved new program costs" and "approved objectives," as used in subparts 2, item A, and 3, mean those new program costs and objectives contained in an application for a grant approved by the commissioner under part 9535.2200, subpart 6.

Subp. 2. **Budget revision.** After a grant award is made and as long as state funds are used for eligible expenditures under parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000, budget revisions, including transfers between approved facilities within a county, may be made under the following conditions:

A. Revisions totaling up to ten percent of a facility's approved new program costs may be made with county board approval only. Revisions totaling in excess of that amount require both county board and commissioner's approval.

B. All requests for budget revision approval must include the reason for the revision and a statement as to how the revision will affect program objectives.

Subp. 3. **Revision of objectives.** Approved objectives may be revised under the following conditions:

A. When a facility becomes aware that it will not be able to attain or maintain licensure as required by part 9535.2200, subpart 5, it shall immediately notify the county board and the commissioner. The facility and the county board shall either:

(1) immediately repay to the commissioner the remainder of the grant; or

(2) obtain approval from the commissioner to meet the required objectives at a later date.

B. The commissioner shall grant the approval required under item A, subitem 2 if, in the commissioner's judgment:

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(1) the failure to meet the required objectives is due to circumstances beyond the control of the facility and the county board; and

(2) the facility submits a realistic, time-specified plan which includes revised objectives to attain licensure under parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690 as soon as possible, but no later than 12 months from the effective date of the grant award.

C. The facility shall request county board and commissioner's approval at least 20 days prior to: a change in licensed capacity, a move to another location, or a major change in programming, such as a change in the target population or a shift from internal to external provision of services.

D. The facility shall consult with the commissioner prior to hiring or changing the program director, to assure compliance with the qualifications in parts 9520.0500to 9520.0690.

E. The facility shall notify the county board and the commissioner prior to a change in ownership.

F. The facility may revise objectives other than those relating to items in subpart 3, items A to C without the commissioner's approval, as long as the revised objectives do not conflict with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000.

Subp. 4. **Delegation of county board approval.** The county board may delegate its approval of budget and objective revisions if the delegation is specified in the county board minutes.

Subp. 5. **Commissioner's approval.** The commissioner shall not grant approval for revisions unless the revisions are consistent with parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000.

9535.2900 TERMINATION OR RETURN OF GRANT.

Subpart 1. **Funds not needed.** If the commissioner determines that funds are not needed to implement the approved application, and if the county board agrees the funds are not needed, then the county board shall return the unneeded portion of the grant immediately.

Subp. 2. **Funds not properly used.** If the commissioner determines that funds are not being used according to the approved application and budget, all or part of the grant may be terminated upon 30 days notice to the affected county board with a copy to the affected facility. The commissioner may require repayment of any funds not used according to the approved application and budget. If the commissioner receives a written appeal from the county board within the 30-day period, opportunity for a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, shall be provided before the grant is terminated or is required to be repaid. The 30-day period shall begin upon the county board's receipt of the commissioner's notice by certified mail.

Subp. 3. Use of returned funds. The commissioner may use the funds returned under subpart 1 or 2 to make new awards for other applications and budgets approved under part 9535.2200, subpart 6.

Subp. 4. **Delayed payments.** If the commissioner's grant award letter states that a grant payment is contingent upon compliance with specific conditions required by parts 9535.2000 to 9535.3000; and if the affected county board, its contracting facilities, or subcontractors fail to meet the conditions, the commissioner may delay the grant payment until the conditions are met or until the conditions are revised through the process in part 9535.2800. The commissioner shall not delay the payment longer than three months unless he or she first issues a grant termination notice pursuant to subpart 2. After this notice is issued, the commissioner may continue to delay the payment until completion of the hearing provided in subpart 2.

9535.3000 SEVERABILITY.

If a paragraph or clause of a rule is declared void, the paragraph or clause is severable without effect to the other paragraphs or clauses in the rule.

9555.7400 EMERGENCY PROTECTIVE SERVICES.

The local social services agency shall offer emergency and continuing protective social services for purposes of preventing further abuse or neglect and for safeguarding and enhancing the welfare of the abused or neglected vulnerable adult.

9555.7500 CLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS.

Within 90 days of receiving the initial complaint, the local social services agency shall assess, make a finding, and classify all complaints as either substantiated, false, or inconclusive.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rule: S1356-1

At the conclusion of the assessment, the alleged victim of maltreatment and the alleged perpetrator shall be notified in writing as to whether the complaint was substantiated, false, or inconclusive.