funds as they become available, and each year the resulting additional federal funds must be divided equally between the vocational rehabilitation program and the Centers for Independent Living.

The maximum amount of federal vocational rehabilitation funds that may be shared with the Centers for Independent Living is \$2,438,000. The vocational rehabilitation program may not use the Centers for Independent Living's share of the additional federal funds for any other purpose than to fund the Centers for Independent Living.

# Subd. 3. Data Sharing

The Centers for Independent Living must share data with the vocational rehabilitation program to ensure that the transfer of funds under subdivision 1 and the related contracts meet all legal requirements.

#### Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor May 10, 2004

Signed by the governor May 13, 2004, 12:15 p.m.

## CHAPTER 189—S.F.No. 2453

An act relating to motor fuels; establishing testing and inspection criteria for liquefied petroleum gas-measuring equipment; increasing petroleum inspection fee and appropriating money from that increase; regulating oxygenated, nonoxygenated, and blended gasolines; abolishing a fee and certain requirements and powers of Department of Commerce relating to utility measuring equipment; amending Minnesota Statutes 2002, sections 239.011, by adding a subdivision; 239.101, subdivision 3; 239.791, subdivision 12, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2002, sections 239.12; 239.25.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 239.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 3. LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS. (a) The annual testing and inspection requirements for liquefied petroleum gas measuring equipment, as set forth in section 239.10, subdivision 3, shall be deemed to have been met by an owner or seller who has testing and inspection performed annually in compliance with this subdivision. The testing and inspection must meet the following requirements:
- (1) all equipment subject to inspection and testing requirements must be inspected and tested annually;
- (2) inspection testing must only be done by persons who have demonstrated to the director that they are competent to inspect and test liquefied petroleum gas measuring equipment. Competency may be established by passage of a competency examination, which the director must establish, or by other recognized credentialing processes approved by the director. Persons taking tests established by the director may be charged for the costs of the testing procedure;
- (3) testing and inspection procedures must comply with inspection protocol, which must be established by the director. The director may use existing protocol or recognize any other scientifically established and recognized protocol;
- (4) persons who inspect or test liquefied petroleum gas measuring equipment must use testing equipment that meets any specifications issued by the director;
- (5) equipment used for testing and inspection must be submitted to the director for calibration by the division whenever ordered by the director; and
- (6) all inspectors, equipment, and inspection protocol must comply with all relevant requirements of Minnesota Statutes, department rules, and written procedures issued by the director.
- (b) Owners or sellers of liquefied petroleum gas may perform their own tests and inspections or have employees do so as long as they meet the requirements of this subdivision. Persons performing inspection and testing may also perform repairs and maintenance on inspected equipment if authorized by the owner. However, they shall not be allowed to take equipment out of service.
- (c) Inspectors shall tag meters that fail the testing process as "out of tolerance." For equipment that has passed inspection, the inspector shall provide to the owner or seller a seal indicating that the equipment has been inspected and the date of the inspection. Whenever an inspector issues a seal to an owner or seller, the inspector shall submit to the director written verification that the equipment was tested by procedures and testing equipment meeting the requirements of this subdivision. The director shall issue seals (stickers) to inspectors for the purposes of this subdivision. The issuance of a seal to an owner or seller establishes only that the equipment was inspected by a certified inspector using qualified equipment and procedures, and that the equipment was found to be within allowable tolerance on the date tested.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 239.101, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **PETROLEUM INSPECTION FEE.** (a) An inspection fee is imposed (1) on petroleum products when received by the first licensed distributor, and (2) on petroleum products received and held for sale or use by any person when the petroleum products have not previously been received by a licensed distributor. The petroleum inspection fee is \$5 cents \$1 for every 1,000 gallons received. The commissioner of revenue shall collect the fee. The revenue from the fee must first be applied to cover the amounts appropriated. Fifteen cents of the inspection fee must be deposited in an account in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of commerce for the cost of petroleum product quality inspection expenses, and for the inspection and testing of petroleum product measuring equipment, and for petroleum supply monitoring under chapter 216C. The remainder of the fee must be deposited in the general fund.
- (b) The commissioner of revenue shall credit a person for inspection fees previously paid in error or for any material exported or sold for export from the state upon filing of a report as prescribed by the commissioner of revenue.
- (c) The commissioner of revenue may collect the inspection fee along with any taxes due under chapter 296A.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 239.791, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. EXEMPTION FOR COLLECTOR VEHICLE AND OFF-ROAD USE. (a) A person responsible for the product may offer for sale, sell, or dispense at a retail gasoline station for use in collector vehicles or vehicles eligible to be licensed as collector vehicles, off-road vehicles, motorcycles, boats, snowmobiles, or small engines, gasoline that is not oxygenated in accordance with subdivision 1 if the person meets the conditions in paragraphs (b) to (e). If the nonoxygenated gasoline is for use in a small engine, it must be dispensed into a can with a capacity of six or fewer gallons.
- (b) The nonoxygenated gasoline must be unleaded premium grade as defined in section 239.751, subdivision 4.
- (c) No more than one storage tank on the premises of the retail gasoline station may be used for storage of the nonoxygenated gasoline offered for sale, sold, or dispensed by the station.
- (d) The pump stands must be posted with a permanent notice stating: "NON-OXYGENATED GASOLINE. FOR USE IN COLLECTOR VEHICLES OR VEHICLES ELIGIBLE TO BE LICENSED AS COLLECTOR VEHICLES, OFF-ROAD VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES, BOATS, SNOWMOBILES, OR SMALL ENGINES ONLY."
- (e) For a retail gasoline station located in the county of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Washington, or Wright, a person responsible for the product must annually register with the director, on forms provided by the director, an intent to sell nonoxygenated gasoline during the period of October 1 through January 31. Such person must register on or before August 1 of each year, and

must report to the director before April 1 of the following year the total number of gallons of nonoxygenated premium grade gasoline sold during the period of October 1 through January 31. Data submitted to the department under this paragraph shall be considered nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 13. This notice must be posted at least two feet above the ground. A retail gasoline station that sells nonoxygenated premium gasoline as defined in section 239.791, subdivision 15, must register every two years with the director, or an entity appointed by the director, on forms approved by the director, the total amount of nonoxygenated premium gasoline sold annually.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 239.791, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 15. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN BLEND PUMPS. A person responsible for the product, who offers for sale, sells, or dispenses nonoxygenated premium gasoline under one or more of the exemptions in subdivisions 10 to 14, may sell, offer for sale, or dispense oxygenated gasoline that contains less than the minimum amount of ethanol required under subdivision 1 if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) the blended gasoline has an octane rating of 88 or greater;
- (2) the gasoline is a blend of oxygenated gasoline meeting the requirements of subdivision 1 with nonoxygenated premium gasoline;
- (3) the blended gasoline contains not more than ten percent nonoxygenated premium gasoline;

This subdivision applies only to those persons who meet the conditions in clauses

(1) through (5) on the effective date of this act and have registered with the director within three months of the effective date of this act.

#### Sec. 5. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2002, sections 239.12 and 239.25, are repealed.

Presented to the governor May 10, 2004

Signed by the governor May 12, 2004, 5:15 p.m.

### CHAPTER 190-H.F.No. 1425

An act relating to judgments; regulating stays of execution on money judgments; limiting bond amounts; amending Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 550.36.