and Red Lake) community corrections agency.

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to Dakota county for the community justice zone pilot project described in article 2, section 24. This is a one-time appropriation.

\$230,000 the first year is for grants related to restorative justice programs. The commissioner may make grants to fund new as well as existing programs. This is a one-time appropriation.

The money appropriated for restorative justice program grants under this subdivision may be used to fund the use of restorative justice in domestic abuse cases, except in cases where the restorative justice process that is used includes a meeting at which the offender and victim are both present at the same time. "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

\$25,000 each year is for the juvenile mentoring project. This is a one-time appropriation.

Presented to the governor March 24, 2000 Signed by the governor March 28, 2000, 2:42 p.m.

CHAPTER 300-S.F.No. 2903

An act relating to gambling; changing paddlewheel location and prize requirements; allowing lawful gambling organizations to pay for premises; expanding the definition of lawful purpose; requiring manufacturers to sell gambling supplies in certain cases; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 349.12, subdivisions 19 and 25; 349.15, by adding a subdivision; 349.163, by adding a subdivision; 349.18, subdivisions 1 and 2; 349.211, subdivision 4; and 349.213, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.12, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
- Subd. 19. **GAMBLING MANAGER.** "Gambling manager" means a person who has been designated by the organization to supervise the lawful gambling conducted by it and who:
- (1) has been an active member of the organization for at least two years and has been designated by the organization to supervise lawful gambling conducted by it; or
 - (2) meets other qualifications as prescribed by the board by rule.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.12, subdivision 25, is amended to read:
- Subd, 25. LAWFUL PURPOSE. (a) "Lawful purpose" means one or more of the following:
- (1) any expenditure by or contribution to a 501(c)(3) or festival organization, as defined in subdivision 15a, provided that the organization and expenditure or contribution are in conformity with standards prescribed by the board under section 349.154, which standards must apply to both types of organizations in the same manner and to the same extent;
- (2) a contribution to an individual or family suffering from poverty, homelessness, or physical or mental disability, which is used to relieve the effects of that poverty, homelessness, or disability;
- (3) a contribution to an individual for treatment for delayed posttraumatic stress syndrome or a contribution to a program recognized by the Minnesota department of human services for the education, prevention, or treatment of compulsive gambling;
- (4) a contribution to or expenditure on a public or private nonprofit educational institution registered with or accredited by this state or any other state;
- (5) a contribution to a scholarship fund for defraying the cost of education to individuals where the funds are awarded through an open and fair selection process;
- (6) activities by an organization or a government entity which recognize humanitarian or military service to the United States, the state of Minnesota, or a community, subject to rules of the board, provided that the rules must not include mileage reimbursements in the computation of the per occasion reimbursement limit and must impose no aggregate annual limit on the amount of reasonable and necessary expenditures made to support:
- (i) members of a military marching or color guard unit for activities conducted within the state; Θ
- (ii) members of an organization solely for services performed by the members at funeral services; or
- (iii) members of military marching, color guard, or honor guard units may be reimbursed for participating in color guard, honor guard, or marching unit events

within the state at a per participant rate of up to \$35 per occasion;

- (7) recreational, community, and athletic facilities and activities intended primarily for persons under age 21, provided that such facilities and activities do not discriminate on the basis of gender and the organization complies with section 349.154;
- (8) payment of local taxes authorized under this chapter, taxes imposed by the United States on receipts from lawful gambling, the taxes imposed by section 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, and 6, and the tax imposed on unrelated business income by section 290.05, subdivision 3;
- (9) payment of real estate taxes and assessments on permitted gambling premises wholly owned by the licensed organization paying the taxes, not to exceed:
- (i) for premises used for bingo, the amount that an organization may expend under board rules on rent for bingo; and
 - (ii) \$35,000 per year for premises used for other forms of lawful gambling;
- (10) a contribution to the United States, this state or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than a direct contribution to a law enforcement or prosecutorial agency;
- (11) a contribution to or expenditure by a nonprofit organization which is a church or body of communicants gathered in common membership for mutual support and edification in piety, worship, or religious observances;
- (12) payment of one-half of the reasonable costs of an audit required in section 297E.06, subdivision 4;
- (13) a contribution to or expenditure on a wildlife management project that benefits the public at-large, provided that the state agency with authority over that wildlife management project approves the project before the contribution or expenditure is made;
- (14) expenditures, approved by the commissioner of natural resources, by an organization for grooming and maintaining snowmobile trails that are (1) grant-in-aid trails established under section 85.019, or (2) other trails open to public use, including purchase or lease of equipment for this purpose; or
- (15) conducting nutritional programs, food shelves, and congregate dining programs primarily for persons who are age 62 or older or disabled.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), "lawful purpose" does not include:
- (1) any expenditure made or incurred for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of a candidate for public office or for the purpose of promoting or defeating a ballot question;
- (2) any activity intended to influence an election or a governmental decision-making process;

- (3) the erection, acquisition, improvement, expansion, repair, or maintenance of real property or capital assets owned or leased by an organization, unless the board has first specifically authorized the expenditures after finding that (i) the real property or capital assets will be used exclusively for one or more of the purposes in paragraph (a); (ii) with respect to expenditures for repair or maintenance only, that the property is or will be used extensively as a meeting place or event location by other nonprofit organizations or community or service groups and that no rental fee is charged for the use; (iii) with respect to expenditures, including a mortgage payment or other debt service payment, for erection or acquisition only, that the erection or acquisition is necessary to replace with a comparable building, a building owned by the organization and destroyed or made uninhabitable by fire or natural disaster, provided that the expenditure may be only for that part of the replacement cost not reimbursed by insurance; (iv) with respect to expenditures, including a mortgage payment or other debt service payment, for erection or acquisition only, that the erection or acquisition is necessary to replace with a comparable building a building owned by the organization that was acquired from the organization by eminent domain or sold by the organization to a purchaser that the organization reasonably believed would otherwise have acquired the building by eminent domain, provided that the expenditure may be only for that part of the replacement cost that exceeds the compensation received by the organization for the building being replaced; or (v) with respect to an expenditure to bring an existing building into compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act under item (ii), an organization has the option to apply the amount of the boardapproved expenditure to the erection or acquisition of a replacement building that is in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act;
- (4) an expenditure by an organization which is a contribution to a parent organization, foundation, or affiliate of the contributing organization, if the parent organization, foundation, or affiliate has provided to the contributing organization within one year of the contribution any money, grants, property, or other thing of value;
- (5) a contribution by a licensed organization to another licensed organization unless the board has specifically authorized the contribution. The board must authorize such a contribution when requested to do so by the contributing organization unless it makes an affirmative finding that the contribution will not be used by the recipient organization for one or more of the purposes in paragraph (a); or
- (6) a contribution to a statutory or home rule-charter city, county, or town by a licensed organization with the knowledge that the governmental unit intends to use the contribution for a pension or retirement fund.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. ALTERNATIVE PREMISES PAYMENT. An organization eligible to expend gross profits on real estate taxes and assessments under section 349.12, subdivision 25, paragraph (a), clause (9), may in the alternative, elect on a calendar year basis to pay itself up to \$1,000 per month for the use of its premises for lawful

gambling. Any payments made under this subdivision shall be considered an allowable expense.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.163, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- - (1) a specific game sold on an exclusive basis is at issue;
- - (3) a Minnesota statute or rule prohibits the sale; or
 - (4) the distributor is delinquent on any payment owed to the manufacturer.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. LEASE OR OWNERSHIP REQUIRED. (a) An organization may conduct lawful gambling only on premises it owns or leases. Leases must be on a form prescribed by the board. Except for leases entered into before August 1, 1994, the term of the lease may not begin before the effective date of the premises permit and must expire on the same day that the premises permit expires. Copies of all leases must be made available to employees of the board and the division of alcohol and gambling enforcement on request. A lease may not provide for payments determined directly or indirectly by the receipts or profits from lawful gambling. The board may prescribe by rule limits on the amount of rent which an organization may pay to a lessor for premises leased for lawful gambling provided that no rule of the board may prescribe a limit of less than \$1,000 per month on rent paid for premises used for lawful gambling other than bingo. Any rule adopted by the board limiting the amount of rent to be paid may only be effective for leases entered into, or renewed, after the effective date of the rule.

- (b) No person, distributor, manufacturer, lessor, or organization other than the licensed organization leasing the space may conduct any activity other than the sale or serving of food and beverages on the leased premises during times when lawful gambling is being conducted on the premises.
- (c) At a site where the leased premises consists of an area on or behind a bar at which alcoholic beverages are sold and employees of the lessor are employed by the organization as pull-tab sellers at the site, pull-tabs and tipboard tickets may be sold and redeemed by those employees at any place on or behind the bar, but the tipboards and receptacles for pull-tabs and cash drawers for lawful gambling receipts must be maintained only within the leased premises.
- (d) Employees of a lessor may participate in lawful gambling on the premises provided (1) if pull-tabs or tipboards are sold, the organization voluntarily posts, or is required to post, the major prizes as specified in section 349.172; and (2) any employee

of the lessor participating in lawful gambling is not a gambling employee for the organization conducting lawful gambling on the premises.

- (e) A gambling employee may purchase pull-tabs at the site of the employee's place of employment provided:
- (1) the organization voluntarily posts, or is required to post, the major prizes for pull-tab or tipboard games as specified in section 349.172; and
 - (2) the employee is not involved in the sale of pull-tabs at that site.
- (f) At a leased site where an organization uses a paddlewheel consisting of 30 numbers or less or a tipboard consisting of 30 tickets or less, tickets may be sold throughout the permitted premises, but winning tickets must be redeemed, the paddlewheel must be located, and the tipboard seal must be opened within the leased premises.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **EXCEPTIONS.** (a) An organization may conduct raffles on a premise it does not own or lease.
- (b) An organization may, with the permission of the board, conduct bingo on premises it does not own or lease for up to 12 consecutive days in a calendar year, in connection with a county fair, the state fair, or a civic celebration.
- (c) A licensed organization may, after compliance with section 349.213, conduct lawful gambling on premises other than the organization's permitted premises for one day per calendar year for not more than 12 hours that day or up to 12 consecutive days in a calendar year in connection with a county fair, the state fair, a church festival, or a civic celebration. A lease for that time period for the exempted premises must accompany the request to the board.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.211, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **PRIZE VALUE.** (a) Merchandise prizes must be valued at their fair market value. For purposes of sections 349.11 to 349.22 "prizes" do not include free plays awarded.
- (b) Merchandise prizes for a paddlewheel consisting of 30 numbers or less or a tipboard consisting of 30 tickets or less may be paid for by the organization up to 30 days after the prize is received by the organization.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 349.213, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **LOCAL REGULATION.** (a) A statutory or home rule city or county has the authority to adopt more stringent regulation of lawful gambling within its jurisdiction, including the prohibition of lawful gambling, and may require a permit for the conduct of gambling exempt from licensing under section 349.166. The fee for

a permit issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$100. The authority granted by this subdivision does not include the authority to require a license or permit to conduct gambling by organizations or sales by distributors licensed by the board. The authority granted by this subdivision does not include the authority to require an organization to make specific expenditures of more than ten percent from its net profits derived from lawful gambling. For the purposes of this subdivision, net profits are gross profits less amounts expended for allowable expenses and paid in taxes assessed on lawful gambling. A statutory or home rule charter city or a county may not require an organization conducting lawful gambling within its jurisdiction to make an expenditure to the city or county as a condition to operate within that city or county, except as authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 8, or 297E.02; provided, however, that an ordinance requirement that such organizations must contribute ten percent of their net profits derived from lawful gambling conducted at premises within the city's or county's jurisdiction to a fund administered and regulated by the responsible local unit of government without cost to such fund, for disbursement by the responsible local unit of government of the receipts for (i) lawful purposes, or (ii) police, fire, and other emergency or public safety-related services, equipment, and training, excluding pension obligations, is not considered an expenditure to the city or county nor a tax under section 297E.02, and is valid and lawful. A city or county making expenditures authorized under this paragraph must by March 15 of each year file a report with the board, on a form the board prescribes, that lists all such revenues collected and expenditures for the previous calendar year.

- (b) A statutory or home rule city or county may by ordinance require that a licensed organization conducting lawful gambling within its jurisdiction expend all or a portion of its expenditures for lawful purposes on lawful purposes conducted or located within the city's or county's trade area. Such an ordinance must be limited to lawful purpose expenditures of gross profits derived from lawful gambling conducted at premises within the city's or county's jurisdiction, must define the city's or county's trade area, and must specify the percentage of lawful purpose expenditures which must be expended within the trade area. A trade area defined by a city under this subdivision must include each city and township contiguous to the defining city.
- (c) A more stringent regulation or prohibition of lawful gambling adopted by a political subdivision under this subdivision must apply equally to all forms of lawful gambling within the jurisdiction of the political subdivision, except a political subdivision may prohibit the use of paddlewheels.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 8 are effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor March 28, 2000

Signed by the governor March 31, 2000, 2:40 p.m.