

required licenses and who has a temporary or permanent physical disability, that is more substantial than discomfort from walking. The permit recipient must be:

(1) unable to step from a vehicle without aid of a wheelchair, crutches, braces, or other mechanical support or prosthetic device; or

(2) unable to walk any distance because of a permanent lung, heart, or other internal disease that requires the person to use supplemental oxygen to assist breathing.

(b) The permanent physical disability must be established by medical evidence verified in writing by a licensed physician or chiropractor. The commissioner may request additional information from the physician or chiropractor if needed to verify the applicant's eligibility for the permit. Notwithstanding section 97A.418, the commissioner may, in consultation with appropriate advocacy groups, establish reasonable minimum standards for permits to be issued under this section. In addition to providing the medical evidence of a permanent disability, the applicant must possess a valid disability parking certificate authorized by section 169.345 or license plates issued under section 168.021. A person with a temporary disability may be issued an annual permit and a person with a permanent disability may be issued a permanent permit.

(c) A person issued a special permit under this subdivision and hunting deer may take a deer of either sex, except in those antlerless permit areas and seasons where no antlerless permits are offered. This subdivision does not authorize another member of a party to take an antlerless deer under section 97B.301, subdivision 3.

(d) A permit issued under this subdivision is valid for five years.

(e) The commissioner may deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit issued under this section for cause, including a violation of the game and fish laws or rules.

(f) A person who knowingly makes a false application or assists another in making a false application for a permit under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. A physician or chiropractor who fraudulently certifies to the commissioner that a person is permanently disabled as described in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 and 2 are effective January 1, 2001. Any temporary or permanent permits issued prior to January 1, 2001, under Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 97B.055, subdivision 3, are automatically rescinded effective January 1, 2001.

Presented to the governor March 16, 2000

Signed by the governor March 20, 2000, 4:10 p.m.

CHAPTER 266—H.F.No. 2723

An act relating to McLeod county; extending the authority to temporarily office in Glencoe

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

township; amending Laws 1995, chapter 207, article 2, section 37.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Laws 1995, chapter 207, article 2, section 37, is amended to read:

Sec. 37. MCLEOD COUNTY; COUNTY OFFICES OUTSIDE COUNTY SEAT.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 382.04 to the contrary, the McLeod county auditor, treasurer, social service director, and recorder may temporarily office at a location in Glencoe township. The authority provided in this section expires six years after final enactment in 2002.

Presented to the governor March 20, 2000

Signed by the governor March 23, 2000, 10:38 a.m.

CHAPTER 267—H.F.No. 3236

An act relating to health; modifying provisions for issuing certified copies of vital records; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 144.225, subdivision 7.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 144.225, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **CERTIFIED COPY OF BIRTH OR DEATH CERTIFICATE.** The state or local registrar shall issue a certified copy of a birth or death certificate or a statement of no record found to an individual upon the individual's proper completion of an affidavit attestation provided by the commissioner:

(1) to a person who has a tangible interest in the requested certificate. A person who has a tangible interest is:

(i) the subject of the certificate;

(ii) a child of the subject;

(iii) the spouse of the subject;

(iv) a parent of the subject, ~~unless the parent is a birth parent whose parental rights have been terminated;~~

(v) the grandparent or grandchild of the subject;

(vi) the party responsible for filing the certificate;

(vii) the legal custodian or guardian of the subject;

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by ~~strikeout~~.