section, the order is limited to issues or matters contained in the appealed determination. The order is appealable to the Minnesota tax court under section 271.06.

- Subd. 9. APPEAL WHERE NO DETERMINATION. If the commissioner does not make a determination within six months of the filing of an administrative appeal, the taxpayer may elect to appeal to tax court.
- Subd. 10. EXEMPTION FROM ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT. This section is not subject to chapter 14.

Sec. 26. REPEALER.

 $\frac{\text{Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 287.06; 287.07; 287.09; 287.21, subdivisions 2}}{4; 287.34; 287.35; and 287.36, are repealed.}$ 

Sec. 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.

 $\frac{Sections~1~to~26~are~effective~for~documents~executed,~recorded,~or~registered~after}{30,~1999.}$ 

Presented to the governor March 30, 1999

Signed by the governor April 1, 1999, 1:37 p.m.

## **CHAPTER 32—H.F.No. 183**

An act relating to civil commitment; modifying provisions governing parental consent to chemical dependency treatment for minors; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 253B.04, subdivision 1.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 253B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **VOLUNTARY ADMISSION AND TREATMENT.** (a) Voluntary admission is preferred over involuntary commitment and treatment. Any person 16 years of age or older may request to be admitted to a treatment facility as a voluntary patient for observation, evaluation, diagnosis, care and treatment without making formal written application. Any person under the age of 16 years may be admitted as a voluntary patient with the consent of a parent or legal guardian if it is determined by independent examination that there is reasonable evidence that (a) (1) the proposed patient is mentally ill, mentally retarded, or chemically dependent; and (b) (2) the proposed patient is suitable for treatment. The head of the treatment facility shall not arbitrarily refuse any person seeking admission as a voluntary patient.

(b) In addition to the consent provisions of paragraph (a), a person who is 16 or 17 years of age who refuses to consent personally to admission may be admitted as a patient for chemical dependency treatment with the consent of a parent or legal guardian if it is determined by an independent examination that there is reasonable evidence that the proposed patient is chemically dependent and suitable for treatment. The person conducting

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout,

the examination shall notify the proposed patient and the parent or legal guardian of this determination.

Presented to the governor April 8, 1999

Signed by the governor April 12, 1999, 2:05 p.m.

## **CHAPTER 33—H.F.No. 413**

An act relating to professions; modifying certain licensing and registration requirements for physicians, acupuncturists, and athletic trainers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 147.02, subdivision 1; 147.03, subdivision 1; 147.03, subdivision 1; 147.03, subdivisions 4 and 9; 147.05, subdivision 2; 148.7808, subdivisions 4 and 5; and 148.7815, subdivisions 1 and 2.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 147.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. UNITED STATES OR CANADIAN MEDICAL SCHOOL GRADUATES. The board shall issue a license to practice medicine to a person who meets the requirements in paragraphs (a) to (h).

- (a) An applicant for a license shall file a written application on forms provided by the board, showing to the board's satisfaction that the applicant is of good moral character and satisfies the requirements of this section.
- (b) The applicant shall present evidence satisfactory to the board of being a graduate of a medical or osteopathic school located in the United States, its territories or Canada, and approved by the board based upon its faculty, curriculum, facilities, accreditation by a recognized national accrediting organization approved by the board, and other relevant data, or is currently enrolled in the final year of study at the school.
- (c) The applicant must have passed an examination as described in  $\frac{\text{paragraph}}{\text{clause}}$  (1) or (2).
- (1) The applicant must have passed a comprehensive examination for initial licensure prepared and graded by the National Board of Medical Examiners or the Federation of State Medical Boards. The board shall by rule determine what constitutes a passing score in the examination.
- (2) The applicant taking the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) must have passed steps one, two, and three within a seven—year period. This seven—year period begins when the applicant first passes either step one or two, as applicable. Applicants actively enrolled in or graduated from accredited MD/PhD, MD/JD, MD/MBA, or MD/MPH dual degree programs or osteopathic equivalents must have passed each of steps one, two, and three within three attempts in seven years plus the time taken to obtain the non—MD degree or ten years, whichever occurs first. The applicant must pass each of steps one, two, and three with passing scores as recommended by the USMLE program within three attempts. The applicant taking combinations of Federa-

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