person may petition the court for review. The petition shall be filed with the district court administrator in the county where the alleged offense occurred, together with proof of service of a copy on the commissioner of public safety, and accompanied by the standard filing fee for civil actions. No responsive pleading shall be required of the commissioner of public safety, and no court fees shall be charged for the appearance of the commissioner of public safety in the matter.

- (b) The petition must:
- (1) be captioned in the full name of the person making the petition as petitioner and the commissioner of public safety as respondent;
- (2) include the petitioner's date of birth, driver's license number, and date of the offense; and
- (3) state with specificity the grounds upon which the petitioner seeks rescission of the order of revocation, disqualification, or denial and state the facts underlying each claim asserted.
- (c) The filing of the petition shall not stay the revocation, disqualification, or denial. The reviewing court may order a stay of the balance of the revocation or disqualification if the hearing has not been conducted within 60 days after filing of the petition upon terms the court deems proper.
- (d) Judicial reviews shall be conducted according to the rules of civil procedure except that prehearing discovery is mandatory and is limited to:
 - (1) the notice of revocation;
 - (2) the test record, or in the case of blood or urine tests, the certificate of analysis;
- (3) the peace officer's certificate and any accompanying documentation submitted by the arresting officer to the commissioner of public safety; and
- (4) disclosure of potential witnesses, including experts, and the basis of their testimony.

Other types of discovery are not available only upon order of the court.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor May 3, 1999

Signed by the governor May 6, 1999, 3:32 p.m.

CHAPTER 125—H.F.No. 359

An act relating to utilities; authorizing public utilities commission to establish and delegate powers to subcommittees and to designate lead commissioners; allowing petitions to be deemed approved unless set aside for affirmative action by the commission; authorizing a quorum of the com-

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

mission to discuss a docket without complying with certain statutory law when acting as an administrative court; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 216A.03, by adding subdivisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 216A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 7. FILINGS APPROVED WITHOUT HEARING. A filing with the commission may be deemed approved by the commission after 60 days of filing, unless the commission, a commissioner, or any other person requests the filing be set aside for action by the commission. The commission may designate, by standing order, categories or types of filings that are eligible for approval under this subdivision. Complaint filings, petitions for rulemakings, or petitions to increase rates are not eligible for designation. The commission must publish a weekly notice of the filings that are approved without other action by the commission, and shall issue a written order approving the filing upon passage of the 60-day term. Orders approved under this subdivision are subject to reconsideration, as provided in section 216B.27 or the commission's rules of practice and procedure, and nothing in this subdivision affects the rights of any entity under section 216B.17 or 237.081.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 216A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. DELEGATIONS TO COMMISSION SUBCOMMITTEES. (a) The commission may create and appoint members to standing or ad hoc subcommittees of the commission consisting of at least one commissioner. The commission, at a regularly scheduled agenda hearing, may delegate any of the commission's legislative, administrative, or quasi-judicial functions, as defined in section 216A.02, to a subcommittee of the commission.
- (b) Upon objection by a party, a participant, or a commissioner, a decision by a subcommittee must be referred to the full commission. Subcommittee decisions for which no objection is filed with the commission within ten days from the date of receipt of the written decision of the subcommittee are deemed decisions of the full commission. If referred to the full commission, the full commission may rely on the record developed by the subcommittee but shall treat the subcommittee decision as advisory.
- (c) In either their initial or reply filings with the commission, a party or a participant may request that the commission not delegate the proceeding to a commission subcommittee. The request must be granted.
 - (d) For the purposes of this subdivision:
- (1) a "party" means a person by or against whom a proceeding before the commission is commenced or a person permitted to intervene in a proceeding under this chapter; and
- (2) a "participant" means a person who files comments or appears to present views without becoming a party in a proceeding, other than public hearings held in contested cases and other commission proceedings conducted to receive general public comments.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 216A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

Subd. 9. **DESIGNATION OF LEAD COMMISSIONER.** The commission may designate a commissioner to be the lead commissioner for a docket, a type of docket, or for a particular subject area. The commission shall allow interested persons to be heard on a proposed designation prior to making the designation. The lead commissioner is authorized to exercise the commission's authority to develop an evidentiary record for a proceeding, including holding hearings and requesting written or oral comments. At the request of the commission, the lead commissioner shall provide the commission and the service list for the proceeding with a written summary of the evidentiary record developed by the lead commissioner for the case, including any recommendations of the commissioner. Any findings of fact, conclusions of law, or recommendations of the lead commissioner are advisory only and are not binding on the commission. The commission may delegate its authority to designate lead commissioners to the chair. Nothing in this subdivision affects a person's opportunity to request a contested case proceeding under chapter 14.

Sec. 4. SUNSETS.

Sections 1 to 3 expire as of June 30, 2002.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 3 are effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor May 3, 1999

Became law without the governor's signature May 6, 1999

CHAPTER 126-H.F.No. 1553

An act relating to corrections; authorizing offenders conditionally released to perform community work service to file claims for injuries sustained during compensated service; repealing a requirement for a report on training funds; authorizing expenditure of funds for staff working in licensed juvenile facilities; authorizing deduction from an inmate's account of restitution ordered for damage to staff property and personal injuries to another; authorizing the commissioner to require any inmate to participate in rehabilitative programs and impose disciplinary sanctions for refusal to participate; clarifying that sentence for imprisonment is only for felonies; making certain criminal justice agency records available to commissioner of corrections and probation officers; specifying criteria for commitment of juvenile male offenders at the Minnesota correctional facility—Red Wing; repealing the law authorizing the mutual agreement rehabilitative program; prohibiting use of state funds to acquire art for state correctional facilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 3.739, subdivision 1; 16B.35, by adding a subdivision; 241.01, subdivision 5; 241.0221, subdivisions 1 and 2; 241.26, subdivision 5; 243.23, subdivision 3; 244.03; 244.05, subdivision 1b; 609.105, subdivision 1; and 609.115, subdivision 3; Laws 1997, chapter 239, article 9, section 45; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1998; section 244.02.