#### CHAPTER 183—H.F.No. 1742

An act relating to health; insurance; providing for certain breast cancer coverage; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62A.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [62A.309] BREAST CANCER COVERAGE.

Subdivision 1. SCOPE OF COVERAGE. This section applies to all health plans as defined in section 62A.011.

- Subd. 2. REQUIRED COVERAGE. Every health plan included in subdivision 1 must provide to each covered person who is a resident of Minnesota coverage for the treatment of breast cancer by high-dose chemotherapy with autologous bone marrow transplantation and for expenses arising from the treatment.
- Subd. 3. GREATER COINSURANCE OR COPAYMENT PROHIBITED.

  Coverage under this section shall not be subject to any greater coinsurance or copayment than that applicable to any other coverage provided by the health plan.
- <u>Subd.</u> <u>4.</u> GREATER DEDUCTIBLE PROHIBITED. Coverage under this section shall not be subject to any greater deductible than that applicable to any other coverage provided by the health plan.

# Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment and applies to health plans offered, issued, sold, or renewed to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident on or after that date.

Presented to the governor May 16, 1995

Signed by the governor May 18, 1995, 11:45 a.m.

#### CHAPTER 184-H.F.No. 1238

An act relating to waters; planning, development, review, reporting, and coordination of surface and groundwater management in the metropolitan area; amending Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 103B.205, by adding a subdivision; 103B.211, subdivision 1; 103B.231, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, and by adding a subdivision; 103B.255, subdivisions 3; 103B.241, subdivision 1; 103B.245, subdivisions 1 and 4; 103B.251, subdivisions 3 and 7; 103B.255, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 12; 103B.311, subdivisions 4 and 6; 103B.3369, subdivisions 5 and 6; 103B.355; and 103B.611, subdivisions 1 and 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 103B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 103B.227, subdivision 6; 103B.231, subdivisions 5 and 12; and 103B.3365.

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.205, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd.</u> 10b. STATE REVIEW AGENCIES. "State review agencies" means the commissioners of natural resources, the pollution control agency, agriculture, and health.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. AUTHORITY. (a) Any agreement under section 471.59 to jointly or cooperatively manage or plan for the management of surface water in a watershed delineated pursuant to subdivision 2, as required by sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, may provide, in addition to other provisions authorized by section 471.59, for a joint board having:
- (1) the authority to prepare, adopt, and implement a plan for the watershed meeting the requirements of section 103B.231;
- (2) the authority to review and approve local water management plans as provided in section 103B.235;
- (3) the authority of a watershed district under chapter 103D to regulate the use and development of land in the watershed when one or more of the following conditions exists:
- (i) the local government unit exercising planning and zoning authority over the land under sections 366.10 to 366.19, 394.21 to 394.37, or 462.351 to 462.364, does not have a local water management plan approved and adopted in accordance with the requirements of section 103B.235 or has not adopted the implementation program described in the plan;
- (ii) an application to the local government unit for a permit for the use and development of land requires an amendment to or variance from the adopted local water management plan or implementation program of the local unit; or
- (iii) the local government unit has authorized the organization to require permits for the use and development of land;
- (4) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.625, to accept the transfer of drainage systems in the watershed, to repair, improve, and maintain the transferred drainage systems, and to construct all new drainage systems and improvements of existing drainage systems in the watershed, provided that: (i) projects may be carried out under the powers granted in sections 103B.205 to 103B.255 or chapter 103D or 103E; and (ii) proceedings of the board with respect to the systems must be in conformance with the watershed plan adopted under section 103B.231; and

- (5) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.911 to adopt a budget, and decide on the total amount necessary to be raised from ad valorem tax levies to meet the budget;
- (6) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D,915 to certify its budget with the auditor of each county having territory within the joint powers watershed management organization;
- (7) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.901 to file approved assessment statements with each affected county; and
- (8) other powers necessary to exercise the authority under clauses (1) to (3), including the power to enter into contracts for the performance of functions with governmental units or persons.
- (b) The board of water and soil resources shall adopt rules prescribing minimum requirements for the content of watershed management organization joint powers agreements.
- (c) Decisions by a joint powers board may not require more than a majority vote, except a decision on a capital improvement project, which may require no more than a two-thirds vote.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **RESPONSIBLE UNITS.** (a) Where a watershed management organization exists, the plan for the watershed must be prepared and adopted by the organization.
- (b) If a watershed management organization is not established by July 1, 1985, for any minor watershed unit located wholly outside of Hennepin and Ramsey counties, is terminated, or the board of water and soil resources determines a plan is not being implemented in accordance with its rules, the county or counties containing the watershed unit shall prepare, adopt, and implement the watershed plan and for this purpose the county or counties have the planning, review, permitting, and financing authority of a watershed management organization specified in sections 103B.211 to 103B.255.
- (c) If a watershed management organization is not established by July 1, 1985, for any minor watershed unit within the metropolitan area and wholly or partly within Hennepin or Ramsey counties, the county or counties containing the watershed unit shall petition for the establishment of a watershed district under chapter 103D provided, however, that a district established pursuant to a petition: is terminated or the board of water and soil resources determines a plan is not being implemented the county or counties shall petition for the establishment of a watershed district under chapter 103D.
- (1) may not cross a primary river or a river forming the boundary between a metropolitan county and a county outside the metropolitan area; and

- (2) must have boundaries that are based upon negotiations among all local government units that may have territory within the district and adjacent watersheds; and
- (3) may not cross county boundaries to include territory whose distinguishing characteristic is multiple drainage points into a primary river.
- (d) A watershed management organization may request a county to prepare all or part of a plan.
- (e) A county may delegate the preparation of all or part of a plan to the county soil and water conservation district.
- (f) Upon request of a statutory or home rule charter city or town, a county may delegate the preparation of all or part of a plan to the city or town.
- (g) If the board of water and soil resources determines that a <u>watershed</u> <u>management organization or county has not developed a draft plan, is not implementing the plan, has not delegated implementation of the plan, and has not petitioned for the creation of a watershed district:</u>
- (1) state agencies may withhold from local government units state funding for water programs for projects within the watershed;
- (2) state agencies may withhold from local government units delegation of state water resource regulatory authority within the watershed; and
- (3) state agencies may suspend issuance of water-related permits within the watershed; and
- (4) the board may request state agencies to withhold portions of state aid funding used for the installation of curb and gutter and other drainage facilities of public transportation projects within the watershed.

The provisions of this paragraph apply until the board of water and soil resources determines that a plan is being implemented in accordance with its rules.

- (h) Appeals from the board of water and soil resources determination are made in the same manner as appeals under section 103B.345, subdivision 5.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. PRIORITY SCHEDULE. (a) The board of water and soil resources in consultation with the state review agencies and the metropolitan council shall develop a priority schedule for the revision of plans required under this chapter.
- (b) The prioritization should be based on but not be limited to status of current plan, scheduled revision dates, anticipated growth and development, existing and potential problems, and regional water quality goals and priorities.

- (c) The schedule will be used by the board of water and soil resources in consultation with the state review agencies and the metropolitan council to direct watershed management organizations of when they will be required to revise their plans.
- (d) Upon notification from the board of water and soil resources that a revision of a plan is required, a watershed management organization shall have 24 months from the date of notification to revise and submit a plan for review.
- (e) In the event that a plan expires prior to notification from the board of water and soil resources under this section, the existing plan, authorities, and official controls of a watershed management organization shall remain in full force and effect until a revision is approved.
- (f) A one-year extension to submit a revised plan may be granted by the board.
- (g) Watershed management organizations submitting plans and draft plan amendments for review prior to the board's priority review schedule, may proceed to adopt and implement the plan revisions without formal board approval if the board fails to adjust its priority review schedule for plan review, and commence its statutory review process within 45 days of submittal of the plan revision or amendment.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. GENERAL STANDARDS. (a) The watershed management plan must specify the period covered by the plan and must extend through the year 1990 or any later year that is evenly divisible by five at least five years but no more than ten years from the date the board approves the plan. Plans that contain revision dates inconsistent with this section must comply with that date, provided it is not more than ten years beyond the date of board approval.
- (b) The plan must be updated before the expiration of the period covered by the plan. The plan must be reviewed for consistency with an adopted county groundwater plan, and revised as necessary, whenever the watershed plan undergoes substantial revision or updating. In counties that adopt or amend groundwater plans within five years following August 1, 1987, watershed plans must be reviewed for consistency with the county groundwater plan; and revised as necessary, not later than six years following August 1, 1987. In counties that adopt or amend groundwater plans after five years following August 1, 1987, watershed plans must be reviewed for consistency with the county groundwater plan, and revised as necessary; not later than one year following the adoption or amendment of the groundwater plan to the degree necessary to become compliant with the groundwater plan no later than two years after adoption by the county. A one-year extension may be granted by the board. Upon the request of a watershed management organization, the county shall provide a written statement that:

- (1) identifies any substantial inconsistencies between the watershed plan and the groundwater plan and any substantial adverse effects of the watershed plan on the groundwater plan; and
- (2) evaluates, estimates the cost of, and recommends alternatives for amending the watershed plan to rectify any substantial inconsistencies and adverse effects.
- (c) The plan shall contain the elements required by subdivision 6. Each element shall be set out in the degree of detail and prescription necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, considering the character of existing and anticipated physical and hydrogeologic conditions, land use, and development and the severity of existing and anticipated water management problems in the watershed.
- (d) The plan shall be prepared and submitted for review under subdivision 7 not later than December 31, 1986.
- (e) Existing plans of a watershed management organization shall remain in force and effect until amended or superseded by plans adopted under sections 103B.205 to 103B.255. Existing or amended plans of a watershed management organization which meet the requirements of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255 may be submitted for review under subdivision 7.
- (f) (e) Watershed management organizations shall coordinate their planning activities with contiguous watershed management organizations and counties conducting water planning and implementation under sections 103B.101 and 103B.301 to 103B.355.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

## Subd. 6. CONTENTS. (a) The plan shall:

- (1) describe the existing physical environment, land use, and development in the area and the environment, land use, and development proposed in existing local and metropolitan comprehensive plans;
- (2) present information on the hydrologic system and its components, including drainage systems previously constructed under chapter 103E, and existing and potential problems related thereto;
- (3) state objectives and policies, including management principles, alternatives and modifications, water quality, and protection of natural characteristics;
- (4) set forth a management plan, including the hydrologic and water quality conditions that will be sought and significant opportunities for improvement;
  - (5) describe the effect of the plan on existing drainage systems;

- (6) identify high priority areas for wetland preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment and describe any conflicts with wetlands and land use in these areas:
- (7) describe conflicts between the watershed plan and existing plans of local government units;
- (8) set forth an implementation program consistent with the management plan, which includes a capital improvement program and standards and schedules for amending the comprehensive plans and official controls of local government units in the watershed to bring about conformance with the watershed plan; and
  - (9) set out a procedure procedures and timelines for amending the plan.
- (b) The board shall adopt rules to establish standards and requirements for amendments to watershed plans. The rules must include:
- (1) performance standards for the watershed plans, which may distinguish between plans for urban areas and rural areas;
- (2) minimum requirements for the content of watershed plans and plan amendments, including public participation process requirements for amendment and implementation of watershed plans;
- (3) standards for the content of capital improvement programs to implement watershed plans, including a requirement that capital improvement programs identify structural and nonstructural alternatives that would lessen capital expenditures; and
- (4) how watershed plans are to specify the nature of the official controls required to be adopted by the local units of government, including uniform erosion control, stormwater retention, and wetland protection ordinances in the metropolitan area.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **LOCAL REVIEW OF THE DRAFT PLAN.** (a) Upon completion of the plan but before final adoption by the organization, the organization must submit the <u>draft</u> plan for <u>a 60-day</u> review and comment <u>period</u> to all counties, the <u>metropolitan council</u>, the <u>state review agencies</u>, the <u>board of water and soil resources</u>, soil and water conservation districts, towns, and statutory and home rule charter cities having territory within the watershed. A local government unit that expects that substantial amendment of its local comprehensive plan will be necessary to bring local water management into conformance with the watershed plan must describe as specifically as possible, within its comments, the amendments to the local plan that it expects will be necessary. If the county has a groundwater plan, the county must review and comment on the consistency of the watershed plan with the county groundwater plan. Differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan must be mediated. Notwithstanding

- sections 103D.401, 103D.405, and 473.165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided for the council's review of the comprehensive plans of local government units under section 473.175. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to local comprehensive plans. The council shall advise the board of water and soil resources on whether the plan conforms with the management objectives and target pollution loads stated in the council's water resources plan and shall recommend changes in the plan that would satisfy the council's plan.
- (b) Sixty days after the submission to local government units for comment, the organization shall submit the plan, any comments received, and any appropriate amendments to the plan, to the board of the county or counties having territory within the watershed The watershed management organization must respond in writing to any concerns expressed by the review agencies within 30 days of receipt thereof.
- (c) The watershed management organization must hold a public hearing on the draft plan no sooner than 30 days and no later than 45 days after the 60-day review period of the draft plan. The county board or boards of the affected counties shall approve or disapprove projects in the capital improvement program which may require the provision of county funds pursuant to section 103B.251 or 103D.901, subdivision 2. The Each county has 60 days up until the date of the public hearing on the draft plan to complete its review of the capital improvement program. If the county fails to complete its review within the prescribed period, unless an extension is agreed to by the organization the program shall be deemed approved. If the watershed extends into more than one county and one or more counties disapprove of all or part of a capital improvement program while the other county or counties approve, the program shall be submitted to the board of water and soil resources for review pursuant to subdivision 9.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. REVIEW BY METROPOLITAN COUNCIL AND STATE REVIEW AGENCIES. After completion of the review under subdivision 7, the draft plan and, any amendments thereto, all written comments received on the plan, a record of the public hearing, and a summary of changes incorporated as a result of the review process shall be submitted to the metropolitan council, the state review agencies, and the board of water and soil resources for final review. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in sections 103D.401, 103D.405, and 473,165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided for the council's review of the comprehensive plans of local government units under section 473.175. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to local comprehensive plans. The council shall advise the board of water and soil resources on whether the plan conforms with the management objectives and target pollution loads stated in the council's water resources plan and shall recommend changes in the plan that would satisfy the council's plan. The council may mediate and attempt to resolve differences

among local governmental agencies regarding the plan. The state review agencies shall review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources. The state review agencies shall forward their comments within 45 days after they receive the final review draft of the plan to the board. A state review agency may request and receive up to a 30-day extension of this review period from the board.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. REVIEW BY STATE AGENCIES APPROVAL BY THE BOARD. After completion of the review under subdivision 8, the plan and all comments received shall be submitted to the commissioners of natural resources; health, and the pollution control agency for review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources; and to the board of water and soil resources for review under sections 103D.401 and 103D.405: Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the board of water and soil resources shall review the plan as provided in sections 103D.401 and 103D.405. The board shall review the plan for conformance with the requirements of sections 103B,205 to 103B,255, and chapter 103D. The board shall not prescribe a plan, but may disapprove all or parts of a plan which it determines is not in conformance with the requirements of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, and chapter 103D. If the capital improvement program is the subject of a dispute between counties, the board of water and soil resources shall make a final decision on the issue. The decision shall be binding on the organization and the counties involved. The board shall complete its review under this section within 90 days.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.231, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. AMENDMENTS. To the extent and in the manner required by the adopted plan, all amendments to the adopted plan shall be submitted to the towns, cities, county, and other the metropolitan council, the state review agencies, and the board of water and soil resources for review in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 7, 8, and 9. Amendments necessary to revise the plan to be consistent with the county groundwater plan, as required by subdivision 4, must be submitted for review in accordance with subdivisions 7, 8, and 9. Minor amendments to a plan shall be reviewed in accordance with standards prescribed in the watershed management plan.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.235, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. REVIEW. After consideration but before adoption by the governing body, each local unit shall submit its water management plan to the watershed management organization for review for consistency with the watershed plan adopted pursuant to section 103B.231. If the county or counties having territory within the local unit have a state-approved and locally adopted groundwater plan, the local unit shall submit its plan to the county or counties for review. The county or counties have 45 days to review and comment on the

<u>plan</u>. The organization shall approve or disapprove the local plan or parts of the plan. The organization shall have 60 days to complete its review. If the organization fails to complete its review within the prescribed period, the local plan shall be deemed approved unless an extension is agreed to by the local unit.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.241, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. WATERSHED PLANS AND PROJECTS. A levy to pay the increased costs to Notwithstanding chapter 103D, a local government unit or watershed management organization of implementing sections 103B.231 and 103B.235 or to pay costs of improvements and maintenance of improvements identified in an approved and adopted plan shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in chapter 103D, a watershed district may levy a tax sufficient to pay the increased costs to the district of implementing sections 103B.231 and 103B.235 may levy a tax to pay the increased costs of preparing a plan under sections 103B.231 and 103B.235 or for projects identified in an approved and adopted plan necessary to implement the purposes of section 103B.201. The proceeds of any tax levied under this section shall be deposited in a separate fund and expended only for the purposes authorized by this section. Watershed management organizations and local government units may accumulate the proceeds of levies as an alternative to issuing bonds to finance improvements.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.245, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. WATERSHED MANAGEMENT TAX DISTRICT. (a) Any local government unit planning for water management under sections 103B.231 and 103B.235 may establish a watershed management tax district in the territory within the watershed, for the purpose of paying the costs of the planning required under sections 103B.231 and 103B.235.

- (b) Any local government unit which has part of its territory within a watershed for which a plan has been adopted in accordance with section 103B.231 and which has a local water management plan adopted in accordance with section 103B.235 may establish a watershed management tax district in the territory within the watershed or a subwatershed unit in the watershed, for the purpose of paying capital costs of the water management facilities described in the capital improvement program of the plans and for the purpose of paying for normal and routine maintenance of the facilities.
- (c) A county or counties required by section 103B.231, subdivision 3, to prepare, adopt, and implement a watershed plan shall apportion the costs of planning, capital improvements, and maintenance proportionate to benefits. The county may apportion the costs among the subwatershed units in the watershed, or among the statutory and home rule charter cities and towns having territory in the watershed, and for this purpose may establish more than one watershed management tax district in the watershed.

- (d) Notification of new watershed management <u>tax</u> districts established under this subdivision must be made to the county auditor by July 1 in order to be effective for taxes payable in the following year.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. BONDS. After adoption of the ordinance under subdivision 2, and after a contract for the construction of all or part of an improvement has been entered into or the work has been ordered done by day labor, the local government unit may issue obligations in the amount it deems necessary to pay in whole or in part the capital cost incurred and estimated to be incurred in making the improvement project. The obligations shall be payable out of the proceeds of the tax levied pursuant to subdivision 3. The local unit may by resolution of its governing body adopted prior to the sale of obligations pledge the full faith, credit and taxing power of the local unit to assure payment of the principal and interest in the event the proceeds of the tax levy in the district are insufficient to pay principal and interest. The amount of any taxes which are required to be levied outside of the territory of the tax district or taken from the general funds of the local unit to pay principal and interest on the obligations shall be reimbursed to the local unit from taxes levied within the territory of the tax district. Obligations shall be issued in accordance with chapter 475, except that an election is not required and the amount of any obligations shall not be included in determining the net indebtedness of the local unit under the provisions of any law or charter limiting indebtedness.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.251, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. IMPROVEMENT HEARING NOTICE. (a) The organization shall then hold a public hearing on the proposed improvement, following publication once each week for two successive weeks before the date of the hearing in a legal newspaper published in the county or counties in which a part or all of the affected waters and lands are located. The last publication shall occur not more than 30 days nor less than ten days before the hearing.
- (b) The notice shall state the time and place of hearing, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost, and the method by which the cost of the improvement is to be paid, including the cost to be allocated to each county or minor watershed unit under subdivision 5. The eost must be apportioned according to the benefits received by property in the county.
- (c) At least ten days before the hearing, notice by mail shall be given to the counties and to each home rule charter or statutory city or town located wholly or partly within the territory of the watershed management organization.
- (d) Failure to give mailed notice or defects in the notice shall not invalidate the proceedings.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.251, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **BONDS.** In order to make the payment required by subdivision 6, the county board of each county may issue general obligation bonds of the county in the amount necessary to pay all or part of the cost of improvements projects certified to the county board or to refund general obligation bonds issued for this purpose. The bonds shall be sold, issued, and secured in accordance with the provisions of chapter 475 for general obligation bonds, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision. No election shall be required.

# Sec. 17. [103B.252] EMERGENCY PROJECTS.

Subdivision 1. GENERAL AUTHORITY. Notwithstanding chapter 103D, a local government unit or a watershed management organization which has an approved and adopted plan may undertake and perform emergency projects under this section.

- Subd. 2. DECLARATION OF EMERGENCY. If the joint powers board, watershed district managers, or local government unit find that conditions exist that present a clear and imminent danger to the health or welfare of the people of the watershed management organization or local government unit, and that to delay action would prejudice the interests of the people of the watershed management organization or local government unit, or would likely cause permanent harm, the joint powers board, watershed district managers, or local government unit may declare the existence of an emergency and designate the location, watershed or subwatershed unit, nature, and extent of the emergency.
- Subd. 3. PROJECT ORDER. If an emergency has been declared to the extent necessary to protect the interests of the watershed management organization or the local government unit, the joint powers board, watershed district managers, or local government unit may order that the work be done under the direction of the joint powers board, watershed district managers, or local government unit and their engineer, without a contract.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. GENERAL STANDARDS. (a) The groundwater plan must specify the period covered by the plan and must extend through the year 1995 or any later year that is evenly divisible by five at least five years but no more than ten years from the date the board approves the plan. The plan must contain the elements required by subdivision 7. Each element must be set out in the degree of detail and prescription necessary to accomplish the purposes of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, considering the character of existing and anticipated physical and hydrogeologic conditions, land use, and development and the severity of existing and anticipated groundwater management problems in the county.

- (b) To the fullest extent possible in a manner consistent with groundwater protection, a county shall make maximum use of existing and available data and studies in preparing the groundwater plan and incorporate into its groundwater plan relevant data from existing plans and studies and the relevant provisions of existing plans adopted by watershed management organizations having jurisdiction wholly or partly within the county.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

# Subd. 7. CONTENTS. A groundwater plan must:

- (1) cover the entire area within the county;
- (2) describe existing and expected changes to the physical environment, land use, and development in the county;
- (3) summarize available information about the groundwater and related resources in the county, including existing and potential distribution, availability, quality, and use;
- (4) state the goals, objectives, scope, and priorities of groundwater protection in the county;
- (5) contain standards, criteria, and guidelines for the protection of groundwater from pollution and for various types of land uses in environmentally sensitive areas, critical areas, or previously contaminated areas;
- (6) describe relationships and possible conflicts between the groundwater plan and the plans of other counties, local government units, and watershed management organizations in the affected groundwater system;
- (7) set forth standards and, guidelines, and official controls for implementation of the plan by watershed management organizations and local units of government; and
- (8) include a procedure procedures and timelines for amending the ground-water plan.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **LOCAL REVIEW AND COMMENT OF THE DRAFT PLAN.**(a) Upon completion of the groundwater plan but before final adoption by the county, the county shall submit the <u>draft</u> plan for <u>a 60-day</u> review and comment <u>period</u> to <u>adjoining counties</u>, the <u>metropolitan council</u>, the <u>state review agencies</u>, the <u>board of water and soil resources</u>, each soil and water conservation district, town, statutory and home rule charter city, and watershed management organization having territory within the county. The county also shall submit the plan to any other county or watershed management organization or district in the

affected groundwater system that could affect or be affected by implementation of the plan. Any political subdivision or watershed management organization that expects that substantial amendment of its plans would be necessary in order to bring them into conformance with the county groundwater plan shall describe as specifically as possible, within its comments, the amendments that it expects would be necessary and the cost of amendment and implementation. Reviewing entities have 60 days to review and comment. Differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan must be mediated. Notwithstanding sections 103D.401, 103D.405, and 473.165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided in section 473.175 for review of the comprehensive plans of local government units. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to watershed plans and local comprehensive plans. The council shall advise the board of water and soil resources on whether the plan conforms with the management objectives stated in the council's water resources plan and shall recommend changes in the plan that would satisfy the council's plan.

- (b) The county must respond in writing to any concerns expressed by the reviewing agencies within 30 days of receipt thereof.
- (c) The county shall hold a public hearing on the draft plan no sooner than 30 days and no later than 45 days after the 60-day review period of the draft plan.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. REVIEW BY METROPOLITAN COUNCIL AND STATE AGENCIES. After completion of the review under subdivision 8, the draft plan and, any amendments thereto, all written comments received on the plan, a record of the public hearing, and a summary of changes incorporated as part of the review process must be submitted to the metropolitan council, the state review agencies, and the board of water and soil resources for final review. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in sections 103D.401, 103D.405, and 473.165, the council shall review the plan in the same manner and with the same authority and effect as provided for the council's review of the comprehensive plans of local government units under section 473.175. The council shall comment on the apparent conformity with metropolitan system plans of any anticipated amendments to watershed plans and local comprehensive plans. The council shall summarize and evaluate the cost of rectifying inconsistencies between the groundwater plan and watershed plans. If the council finds that significant funding problems, needs, or inequities will result from the groundwater. plan, the council shall report to the legislature on the matter and on appropriate means of allocating and paying costs. The council may mediate and attempt to resolve differences among local governmental agencies regarding the plan. The state review agencies shall review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources. The state

- review agencies shall forward their comments to the board within 45 days after they receive the final review draft of the plan. A state review agency may request and receive up to a 30-day extension of this review period from the board.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. REVIEW BY STATE AGENCIES APPROVAL BY THE BOARD. (a) After completion of the review under subdivision 9, the plan and all comments received must be submitted to the commissioners of natural resources, health, and the pollution control agency for review and comment on the consistency of the plan with state laws and rules relating to water and related land resources, and to the board of water and soil resources for review under sections 103D:401 and 103D:405.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the board of water and soil resources shall review the plan as provided in section 103D.401. The board shall review the plan for conformance with the requirements of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, and chapter 103D. The board may not prescribe a plan but may disapprove all or parts of a plan which it determines is not in conformance with the requirements of sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, and chapter 103D.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.255, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. AMENDMENTS. To the extent and in the manner required by the adopted plan, all amendments to the adopted plan must be submitted to the towns, cities, counties, and other the metropolitan council, the state review agencies, and the board of water and soil resources for review in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 8 to 10.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.311, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. WATER PLAN REQUIREMENTS. (a) A comprehensive water plan must:
  - (1) cover the entire area within a county;
- (2) address water problems in the context of watershed units and ground-water systems;
- (3) be based upon principles of sound hydrologic management of water, effective environmental protection, and efficient management;
- (4) be consistent with comprehensive water plans prepared by counties and watershed management organizations wholly or partially within a single watershed unit or groundwater system; and

- (5) apply to every year through the year 1995 or any later year that is evenly divisible by five and be updated before the period covered expires: the comprehensive water plan must specify the period covered by the comprehensive water plan and must extend at least five years but no more than ten years from the date the board approves the comprehensive water plan. Comprehensive water plans that contain revision dates inconsistent with this section must comply with that date, provided it is not more than ten years beyond the date of board approval. A two-year extension of the revision date of a comprehensive water plan may be granted by the board, provided no projects are ordered or commenced during the period of the extension.
- (b) Existing water and related land resources plans, including plans related to agricultural land preservation programs developed pursuant to chapter 40A, must be fully utilized in preparing the comprehensive water plan. Duplication of the existing plans is not required.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.311, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

#### Subd. 6. SCOPE OF PLANS. Comprehensive water plans must include:

- (1) a description of the existing and expected changes to physical environment, land use, and development in the county;
- (2) available information about the surface water, groundwater, and related land resources in the county, including existing and potential distribution, availability, quality, and use;
- (3) objectives for future development, use, and conservation of water and related land resources, including objectives that concern water quality and quantity, and sensitive areas, wellhead protection areas, high priority areas for wetland preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment, stormwater management for developing areas, and related land use conditions, and a description of actions that will be taken in affected watersheds or groundwater systems to achieve the objectives;
- (4) a description of potential changes in state programs, policies, and requirements considered important by the county to management of water resources in the county;
- (5) a description of conflicts between the comprehensive water plan and existing plans of other local units of government;
- (6) a description of possible conflicts between the comprehensive water plan and existing or proposed comprehensive water plans of other counties in the affected watershed units or groundwater systems;
- (7) a program for implementation of the plan that is consistent with the plan's management objectives and includes schedules for amending official controls and water and related land resources plans of local units of government to

conform with the comprehensive water plan, and the schedule, components, and expected state and local costs of any projects to implement the comprehensive water plan that may be proposed, although this does not mean that projects are required by this section; and

- (8) a procedure for amending the comprehensive water plan.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.3369, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE. The board may award grants to watershed management organizations in the seven-county metropolitan area or counties only to carry out water resource protection and management programs identified as priorities in comprehensive local water plans. Grants may be used to employ persons and to obtain and use information necessary to:
- (1) develop comprehensive local water plans under sections 103B.255 and 103B.311 that have not received state funding for water resources planning as provided for in Laws 1987, chapter 404, section 30, subdivision 5, clause (a); and
  - (2) revise comprehensive local water plans under section 103B.201; and
  - (3) implement comprehensive local water plans.

A base grant shall be awarded to a county that levies a <u>water implementation</u> tax at the <u>a</u> rate <u>established under section 275.50</u>; <u>subdivision 5</u>; <u>paragraph (z)</u>, <u>which shall be determined by the board. The minimum amount of the water implementation tax shall be a tax rate times the adjusted net tax capacity of the county for the preceding year. The rate shall be the rate, rounded to the nearest .001 of a percent, that, when applied to the adjusted net tax capacity for all counties, raises the amount of \$1,500,000. The base grant will be in an amount equal to \$37,500 less the amount raised by that levy. If the amount necessary to implement the local water plan for the county is less than \$37,500, the amount of the base grant shall be the amount requals to implement the plan. For counties where the tax rate generates an amount equal to or greater than \$18,750, the base grant shall be in an amount equal to \$18,750.</u>

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.3369, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **LIMITATIONS.** (a) Grants provided to implement programs under this section must be reviewed by the state agency having statutory program authority to assure compliance with minimum state standards. At the request of the state agency commissioner, the board shall revoke the portion of a grant used to support a program not in compliance.
- (b) Grants provided to develop or revise comprehensive local water plans may not be awarded for a time longer than two years.

- (c) A county may not request or be awarded grants for project implementation unless a comprehensive water plan has been adopted.
  - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.355, is amended to read:

#### 103B.355 APPLICATION.

Sections 103B.301 to 103B.355 do not apply in areas subject to the requirements of sections 103B.201 to 103B.255 under section 103B.231, subdivision 1, and in areas covered by an agreement entered into by December 31, 1985, under section 103B.231, subdivision 2, except as otherwise provided in sections 103B.311, subdivision 4, clause (4); and 103B.315, subdivisions 1, clauses (3) and (4), and 2, clause (b).

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.611, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **COMPOSITION.** The district is governed by a board composed of members elected appointed by the governing bodies of the municipalities included in the district. Each municipality shall elect may appoint one member.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 103B.611, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **TERM.** The term of office of each board member is three years unless the appointing municipality recalls the member and either appoints another member for the balance of the term or leaves the office vacant for the balance of the term. This subdivision applies both to members serving on the effective date of this act and to members appointed after the effective date of this act.

# Sec. 31. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.

In the next and subsequent editions of Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall renumber section 103B.205, subdivision 10a, as subdivision 10b, and shall renumber section 103B.205, subdivision 10b, as subdivision 10a.

#### Sec. 32. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 103B.227, subdivision 6; 103B.231, subdivisions 5 and 12; and 103B.3365, are repealed.

# Sec. 33. EFFECTIVE DATE.

<u>Under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, clause (a), section 29 takes effect, without local approval, the day following final enactment.</u>

Presented to the governor May 16, 1995

Signed by the governor May 18, 1995, 3:00 p.m.