CHAPTER 172—S.F.No. 1570

An act relating to the organization and operation of state government; appropriating money for environmental, natural resource, and agricultural purposes; transferring responsibilities to the commissioner of natural resources; continuing the citizen's council on Voyageurs national park; establishing the Cuyuna country state recreation area; modifying provisions relating to timber sales; providing for crop protection assistance; establishing a grant program to determine how to manage motor vehicle shredder residue; imposing a solid waste assessment; modifying the hazardous waste generator tax; establishing a hazardous waste generator loan program; expanding the number of facilities subject to pollution prevention requirements; requiring reports relating to toxic air contaminants; amending Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 17.59, subdivision 5; 17A.11; 18B.05, subdivision 2; 18C.131; 21.115; 21.92; 25.39, subdivision 4; 27.07, subdivision 6; 32.394, subdivision 9; 41A.09, subdivisions 1 and 3; 84.027, by adding a subdivision; 84B.11, subdivision 1; 85.045, subdivision 2; 85.22, subdivision 2a; 86A.04; 86A.05, subdivisions 2 and 3; 86A.08, subdivision 1; 88.79, subdivision 2; 90.031, subdivision 4; 90.041, by adding a subdivision; 90.101, subdivision 1; 90.121; 90.201, by adding a subdivision; 92.46, subdivision 1; 94.165; 97A.055, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 97A.071, subdivision 2; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.441, by adding a subdivision; 97A.475, subdivision 12; 97C.355, subdivision 2; 115A.90, by adding a subdivision; 115A.908, subdivisions 2 and 3; 115A.96, subdivisions 3 and 4; 115B.22, by adding subdivisions; 115B.24, subdivision 6; 115B.42, subdivision 2; 115D.07, subdivision 1; 115D.10; 115D.12, subdivision 2; 116.07, by adding a subdivision; 116J.401; 116P.10; 297A.45, by adding a subdivision; 299K.08, by adding subdivisions; and 473.351, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 85; 97A; 115A; 115B; and 115D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 115B.21; 115B.22; 115B.23; 115B.24; and 116J.406.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES; APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are appropriated from the general fund, or another fund named, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this act, to be available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "1993," "1994," and "1995," where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or appropriations listed under them are available for the year ending June 30, 1993, June 30, 1994, or June 30, 1995, respectively.

SUMMARY BY FUND

•	1994	1995	TOTAL
General \$	\$147,433,000	\$143,836,000	\$291,269,000
Environmental	29,568,000	30,028,000	59,596,000
Metro Landfill			
Contingency Trust	797,000	797,000	1,594,000
Special Revenue	10,316,000	10,351,000	20,667,000
Natural Resources	18,066,000	17,547,000	35,613,000
Game and Fish	52,110,000	53,201,000	105,311,000

Trust	374,000	104,000	478,000
Minnesota Resources	14,662,000	-	14,662,000
Environmental Trust	24,600,000		24,600,000
Oil Overcharge	2,012,000		2,012,000
TOTAL	299,938,000	255,864,000	555,802,000

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
1994
1995

Sec. 2. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		38,888,000	37,140,000
	Summary by Fund		
General	9,230,000	6,822,000	
Environmental	28,006,000	28,666,000	
Metro Landfill			
Contingency	797,000	797,000	
Special Revenue	855,000	855,000	

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Water Pollution Control 7,865,000 5,418,000

5	Summary by Fund	
General	5,873,000	3,426,000
Environmental	1,992,000	1,992,000

\$1,946,000 the first year is for grants to local units of government for the clean water partnership program. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year of the biennium.

\$500,000 the first year is appropriated for Minnesota's contribution to the Great Lakes Protection Fund. This is the final payment of a \$1,500,000 obligation. * (The preceding paragraph beginning "\$500,000" was vetoed by the governor.)

General fund money appropriated for the nonpoint source pollution Minnesota River project must be matched by federal dollars.

Subd. 3. Air Pollut	tion Control	
6,222,000	6,398,000	
	Summary by Fund	
Environmental	5,367,000	5,543,000
Special Revenue	855,000	855,000
Subd. 4. Groundwa	ater and Solid Waste	
Pollution Control		
13,137,000	13,329,000	
	Summary by Fund	
Environmental	12,348,000	12,540,000
Metro Landfill		
Contingency	789,000	789,000

All money in the environmental response, compensation, and compliance account in the environmental fund not otherwise appropriated is appropriated to the commissioners of the pollution control agency and the department of agriculture for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), (3), (4), (11), (12), and (13). At the beginning of each fiscal year, the two commissioners shall jointly submit an annual spending plan to the commissioner of finance that maximizes the utilization of resources and appropriately allocates the money between the two agencies. This appropriation is available until June 30, 1995.

\$3,800,000 the first year and \$4,000,000 the second year is from the landfill cleanup account in the environmental fund for the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.42. This appropriation may be used for staff costs related to response actions at landfills under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115B.

All money in the metropolitan landfill abatement account in the environmental fund not otherwise appropriated is appropriated to the pollution control agency for payment to the metropolitan

council and may be used by the council for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844. The council shall report to the legislative commission on waste management its budget and work program for spending this appropriation.

The commissioner of the pollution control agency shall evaluate the feasibility of using a 900 telephone number as a means of ensuring that the agency recovers its costs for the property transfer program under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.17, subdivision 14.

Any unencumbered balance from the metropolitan landfill contingency action trust fund remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Subd. 5. Hazardous Waste Pollution Control

4,988,000 5,027,000 Summary by Fund

General 1,595,000 1,634,000 Environmental 3,393,000 3,393,000

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year is from the environmental fund for the purposes of the hazardous waste generator loan program established in section 115B.223.

The commissioner of the pollution control agency shall evaluate the feasibility of using a 900 telephone number as a means of ensuring that the agency recovers its costs of providing assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 115C.03, subdivision 9.

Subd. 6. Regional Support 52,000 52,000

This appropriation is from the environmental fund.

Subd.	7.	General	Support
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6,624,000	6,916,000	
	Summary by Fund	
General	1,762,000	1,762,000
Environmental	4,854,000	5,146,000
Metro Landfill		
Contingency	8,000	8,000

(a) The following amounts are appropriated for Phase I of an environmental computer compliance management system:

General	400,000	400,000
Environmental	1,309,000	1,599,000

From the environmental fund, \$381,000 the first year and \$420,000 the second year are appropriated from the agency's indirect cost account; \$350,000 the first year is appropriated from the balance in the hazardous waste fee account; \$200,000 the first year is appropriated from the balance in the low level radiation fee account; \$790,000 the second year is appropriated from the unexpended balance in the motor vehicle transfer fee account; and \$378,000 the first year and \$389,000 are appropriated proportionately from all salary accounts in the environmental fund.

The project must be coordinated to access department of natural resources computer information. The commissioner must report on the project to the house ways and means and senate finance committee by July 1, 1995.

(b) \$150,000 is appropriated in each of fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to the commissioner of the pollution control agency from the motor vehicle transfer account in the environmental fund for the purpose of making grants for development of management alternatives for shredder residue under article 2, section 29. The unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but

is available for the second year and any amount of this appropriation not used to make grants under article 2, section 29 reverts to the motor vehicle transfer account on June 30, 1995.

- (c) \$140,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of the pollution control agency from the motor vehicle transfer account in the environmental fund for the purpose of studying management of shredder residue from motor vehicles, appliances, and other sources of recyclable steel and administering the grants authorized under article 2, section 29.
- (d) None of the money appropriated in paragraphs (b) and (c) may be spent unless the legislative commission on waste management has approved a work program prepared by the commissioner of the pollution control agency.

Sec. 3. OFFICE OF WASTE MANAGEMENT

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

Summary by Fund

General Environmental 19,139,000 19,124,000 1,090,000 1,090,000

20,229,000

20,214,000

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any outstanding obligations that may be held in St. Louis county for grants and loans issued to the county for construction or operation of the Babbitt waste tire facility under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 116M.07; Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.54, subdivision 2a; or 298.22; shall be suspended until June 30, 1995.

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following sections.

Subd. 2. Business Assistance 2,960,000 2,819,000

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Summary by Fund

General 1,870,000 1,729,000 Environmental 1,090,000 1,090,000

\$1,327,000 the first year and \$1,332,000 the second year are for grants for market development, source reduction, and pollution prevention. Of these amounts, \$103,000 the first year and \$190,000 the second year from the environmental fund, and \$47,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year from the general fund, are for pollution prevention grants. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are from the environmental fund for payment of a grant to the Minnesota technical assistance program and for pollution prevention assistance.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A, money from this appropriation may, at the discretion of the director, be used for demonstration or pilot programs for farm animal waste management techniques or facilities. This money may not be used for these programs unless the director has notified the chairs of the legislative committees or divisions with jurisdiction over appropriations for environmental and natural resources activities.

Subd. 3. Citizen Outreach 696,000 696,000

Subd. 4. Local Government Assistance 15,437,000 15,556,000

\$14,008,000 the first year and \$14,008,000 the second year are for the SCORE block grants to counties.

Subd. 5. Research and Policy Development

324,000 324,000

Subd. 6. Administrative Assistance 812,000 819,000

Sec. 4. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

5,048,000 5,051,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Biological Programs 755,000 651,000

Subd. 3. Enterprise Program

92,000 94,000

Subd. 4. Operations

4,201,000 4,306,000

Sec. 5. NATURAL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation 151,154,000 151,192,000

Summary by Fund

 General
 80,604,000
 80,340,000

 Game and Fish
 52,110,000
 53,201,000

 Natural Resources
 18,066,000
 17,547,000

 Permanent School
 374,000
 104,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Any unencumbered balances remaining in the first year from appropriations made in this section for organizational realignment do not cancel, but are available for the second year.

Subd. 2. Mineral Resources Management

4,751,000 4,714,000

\$311,000 the first year and \$311,000 the second year are for iron ore cooperative research, of which \$225,000 the first year and \$225,000 the second year are available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate money for each \$1 of state money. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$375,000 the first year and \$375,000 the second year are for mineral diversification. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year. The commissioner is authorized one position in the unclassified service for minerals diversification.

The commissioner of natural resources, before adopting amendments to the mineland reclamation rules governing permits to mine for taconite and iron ore mining operations, shall study how to effectively implement the financial assurance requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 93.49. The commissioner, by June 30, 1994, shall submit a report to the legislature containing:

- (1) an analysis of the types of financial assurance used for mineland reclamation, including the availability, strengths, and weaknesses of the different types;
- (2) an analysis of the feasibility of establishing financial assurance pools; and
- (3) recommendations for procedures to phase financial assurance requirements in over a period of years for ferrous mine operations.

The commissioner shall solicit and receive advice from the ferrous mining industry, environmental organizations, the state investment board, the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, and the Minnesota pollution control agency.

\$30,000 the first year and \$45,000 the second year are for minerals cooperative environmental research, of which \$20,000 the first year and \$35,000 the second year are available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate money for each \$1 of state money. Any unencum-

bered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

\$20,000 is appropriated in 1994 for a project to be completed in cooperation with the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board and the department of trade and economic development utilizing available information on iron product production in Minnesota, steel production using the newest mini mill technology and steel market projections to produce a report on the feasibility of locating a steel mill in northern Minnesota. This report is to be completed by March 31, 1994.

Subd. 3. Water Resources Management 7,985,000 7,747,000

Summary by Fund

General 7,884,000 Natural Resources 101,000 7,643,000 104,000

\$35,000 the first year is for reimbursement of the cost of emergency flood damage repairs to the dike on the Root river in Hokah township, section 32. The commissioner of natural resources shall pursue any federal funds that might be available for this project.

\$180,000 is for payment of a grant to the metropolitan council for development of a mathematical, state-of-the-art groundwater model for the seven-county metropolitan area. The funds are available for the biennium ending June 30, 1995. This appropriation is available only if matched by \$150,000 from non-state sources. * (The preceding paragraph beginning "\$180,000" was vetoed by the governor.)

\$40,000 is appropriated in 1994 for bank stabilization on the Middle River-Snake River Watershed. The money must be matched by nonstate funds.

Subd. 4. Forest Management

27 200 000

	_0,000,000	
Si	ummary by Fund	
General	26,546,000	26,130,000
Game and Fish	321,000	331,000
Natural Resources	333.000	344.000

26 805 000

\$735,000 the first year and \$735,000 the second year are for presuppression and suppression costs of emergency fire fighting. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. If these appropriations are insufficient to cover all costs of suppression, the amount necessary to pay for emergency firefighting expenses during the biennium is appropriated from the general fund.

\$114,000 the first year and \$114,000 the second year are for transfer to the board of water and soil resources for grants to soil and water conservation districts for cost-sharing with landowners in the state forest improvement program. This appropriation is not subject to any budget reductions made in the agency. * (The preceding paragraph beginning "\$114,000" was vetoed by the governor.)

The commissioner of natural resources shall continue the oak regeneration technical assistance program described in Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 14, subdivision 7, paragraph (e).

Subd. 5. Parks and Recreation Management

22,237,000	22,717,000	
	Summary by Fund	
General	21,631,000	22,345,000
Natural Resources	608,000	629,000
	, ,	,

\$608,000 the first year and \$629,000 the second year are from the water recreation account in the natural resources fund for state park development proj-

ects. If the appropriation in either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$2,238,000 the first year and \$2,238,000 the second year are for payment of a grant to the metropolitan council for metropolitan area regional parks maintenance and operation.

The commissioner of natural resources shall study the management and operational costs of the state park system and evaluate alternative funding approaches for the system. Results of the study must be reported to the legislature by July 1, 1994, and must include a review of the size, type, and number of units within the system; alternative management strategies and organizational structures; revenue generating alternatives; potential stable funding sources; and potential alternatives for reducing costs and improving self-sufficiency.

Any increase in general fund appropriations for state parks for each year of the biennium ending June 30, 1995, above the amount appropriated for fiscal year 1993 must be used only for state park field operations.

\$5,000 is appropriated in 1994 for the development and completion of the management plan for the Cuyuna Country State Recreational Area.

The commissioner of natural resources may not operate a work training program for unemployed and underemployed individuals during the biennium ending June 30, 1995, unless the terms and conditions of employment of such individuals have been negotiated with the exclusive bargaining representatives of employees pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 179A.

Subd. 6. Trails and Waterways

Sun	nmary by Fund	
General	1,125,000	1,163,000
Game and Fish	836,000	859,000
Natural Resources	9,078,000	8,704,000

\$2,249,000 the first year and \$2,249,000 the second year are from the snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund for snowmobile grants-in-aid.

11,039,000 10,726,000

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are from the water recreation account in the natural resources fund for a safe harbor program on Lake Superior. Any unencumbered balance at the end of the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

Subd. 7. Fish and Wildlife Management

36,613,000	37,537,000	
Si	ummary by Fund	
General	2,496,000	2,460,000
Game and Fish	32,339,000	33,234,000
Natural Resources	1.778.000	1.843.000

\$874,000 the first year and \$874,000 the second year are appropriated from the game and fish fund for payments to counties in lieu of taxes on acquired wildlife lands and are not subject to transfer.

\$984,000 the first year and \$1,020,000 the second year are from the nongame wildlife management account in the natural resources fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife management. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel but is available the second year. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit to the legislature by January 15, 1994, a budget request to spend any excess receipts from the nongame checkoff.

\$1,310,000 the first year and \$1,310,000 the second year are for the reinvest in Minnesota programs of game and fish, critical habitat, and wetlands established under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.95, subdivision 2. Any unencumbered balance for the first year does not cancel but is available for use the second year.

\$810,000 the first year and \$2,618,000 the second year are from the fish management intensification account and \$1,440,000 the first year is from the game and fish fund for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.065, subdivision 3.

\$1,342,000 the first year and \$1,342,000 the second year are from the wildlife acquisition account for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.071, subdivision 3. Of these amounts, \$540,000 the first year and \$360,000 the second year are for acquisition, \$360,000 the first year and \$540,000 the second year are for development, and \$120,000 each year is for ditch assessments. \$322,000 each year is for development work performed by participants in youth programs.

\$975,000 the first year and \$1,041,000 the second year are from the deer habitat improvement account, and \$225,000 the first year and \$159,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund, for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

\$424,000 the first year and \$424,000 the second year are from the deer and bear management account for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

\$130,000 the first year and \$130,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund for deer and bear management to include emergency deer feeding. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

\$222,000 the first year and \$485,000 the second year are from the waterfowl habitat improvement account, and \$486,000 the first year and \$224,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund, for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 2.

\$531,000 the first year and \$531,000 the second year are from the trout stream management account for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 3.

\$605,000 the first year and \$605,000 the second year are from the pheasant habitat improvement account for only the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 4.

\$390,000 the first year and \$370,000 the second year are from the game and fish fund for activities relating to reduction and prevention of property damage by wildlife. Of these amounts, \$110,000 and two full-time equivalent positions each year is for technical assistance, \$95,000 and two full-time equivalent positions each year is for continued development of the geographic information system for wildlife management, and \$100,000 each year is for emergency damage abatement materials.

The commissioner shall report to the house environment and natural resource finance and the senate environment and natural resource committee on the activities and budgeting of the deer population management program by February 15, 1994.

\$44,000 is appropriated in 1994 for the construction of barrier reefs on the west traverse bay of the Lake of the Woods, for fish habitat improvement.

\$8,000 is appropriated in 1994 for construction of an interpretive display in the Thief Lake WMA.

The department of natural resources shall establish a task force to examine the feasibility of creating an urban trout fishing site in St. Paul. Potential sites shall include, but not be limited to, Swede Hollow, the historic Trout Brook, or a route from near downtown to the department of natural resources metro fish hatchery. The task force shall include representatives of the city of St. Paul, the office of tourism, the Minnesota chapter of Trout Unlimited, the University of Minnesota, and other interested parties. A report shall be presented to the house and senate committees on environment and natural resources by February 15, 1994.

Subd. 8. Enforcement

13,930,000	10,141,000	
Su	mmary by Fund	
General	2,945,000	2,916,000
Game and Fish	10,386,000	10,556,000
Natural Resources	2,599,000	2,649,000

16 121 000

\$1,082,000 the first year and \$1,082,000 the second year are from the water recreation account in the natural resources fund for grants to counties for boat and water safety.

\$80,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are for costs related to the 1837 Treaty with the Chippewa.

The commissioner shall study the county sheriff's water patrol grant funding, including but not limited to the aid formula and county level activities, and make recommendations for any needed legislation. The commissioner shall report to the house environment and natural resources finance and senate environment and natural resources committees by January 15, 1994.

Subd. 9. Operations Support

25,397,000	24,568,000					
Summary by Fund						
General	13,226,000	12,969,000				
Game and Fish	8,228,000	8,221,000				
Natural Resources	3,569,000	3,274,000				
Permanent School	374,000	104,000				

\$95,000 the first year and \$95,000 the second year are for a grant to the Mississippi headwaters board for up to 50 percent of the cost of implementing the comprehensive plan for the upper Mississippi within areas under its jurisdiction.

\$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the second year are for payment to the Leech Lake Band of Chippewa Indians to implement its portion of the comprehensive plan for the upper Mississippi.

The commissioner of natural resources shall have the authority to contract with and make grants to nonprofit agencies to carry out the purposes, plans, and programs of the office of youth programs, Minnesota conservation corps.

The commissioner of natural resources shall complete a study of the payment in lieu of taxes program. The commissioner shall compare the amount of payments that would be made under an ad valorem system to the current payments to counties. The findings of the study must be reported by January 15, 1994, to the environment and natural

resources and finance committees of the senate and the environment and natural resources and ways and means committees of the house of representatives.

\$286,000 the first year and \$104,000 the second year are from the lakeshore sales account in the permanent school fund for land sale costs under Minnesota Statutes, section 92.67, subdivision 3. \$88,000 the first year is from the permanent school fund suspense account, and must be repaid to the suspense account from closing costs collected at the August 1993 lease sale. Any unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is available for the second year.

The commissioner of natural resources shall prepare a report on the support service costs incurred by each department program by fund. The report must include a history of these costs for the past four years and measures the department has taken to reduce and manage these costs. The report must be submitted to the senate environment and natural resources finance division and the house of representatives committee on environment and natural resources finance by December 31, 1993.

The appropriation in Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 5, subdivision 9, from the land acquisition account is available until expended.

\$100,000 is appropriated in 1994 to the commissioner of natural resources for transfer to the environment quality board. The money is to be used for the coordination of the preparation of a strategic plan for Minnesota's environment based on sustainable human and economic development.

The department of natural resources, with the cooperation of other state agencies, shall identify state employees who are potentially eligible for approval as certified ecologists under guidelines of the Ecological Society of America. Employees shall be eligible for reimbursement in accordance with personnel regulations for expenses directly related to becoming certified ecologists.

Subd. 10. Deficiency Appropriations

\$240,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of the department of natural resources. Of this amount, \$120,000 is from the permanent school fund suspense account and is to be added to the appropriation in, and used for the purposes of Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 5, subdivision 9, and \$120,000 is to pay legal costs of litigation and settlement of disputes relating to the 1837 Treaty. The amounts appropriated are for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1993.

Sec. 6. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES

\$5,003,000 the first year and \$5,353,000 the second year are for natural resources block grants to local governments. Of this amount, \$50,000 in each year is for a grant to the north shore management board.

Grants must be matched with a combination of local cash or in-kind contributions. The base grant portion related to water planning must be matched by an amount that would be raised by a levy under Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.3369.

\$1,599,000 the first year and \$1,599,000 the second year are for grants to soil and water conservation districts for general purposes and for implementation of

11,874,000 12,126,000

the RIM conservation reserve program. Upon approval of the board, expenditures may be made from these appropriations for supplies and services benefiting soil and water conservation districts.

\$2,220,000 the first year and \$2,120,000 the second year are for grants to soil and water conservation districts for cost-sharing contracts for erosion control and water quality management. This appropriation is available until expended.

Any unencumbered balance in the board's program of grants to soil and water conservation districts and counties does not cancel at the end of the first year and is available for the second year for the same grant program.

Funds may not be used by the board for providing assistance for individual onsite household waste treatment systems.

\$189,000 the first year and \$189,000 the second year are for grants to watershed districts and other local units of government in the southern Minnesota river basin study area 2 for flood plain management.

Sec. 7. AGRICULTURE

Special Revenue

 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation
 23,669,000
 22,572,000

 Summary by Fund

 General
 13,936,000
 12,804,000

 Environmental
 272,000
 272,000

9,461,000

9,496,000

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Protection Service 15,709,000 15,744,000

Summary by Fund

General	6,159,000	6,159,000
Environmental	272,000	272,000
Special Revenue	9,278,000	9,313,000

\$272,000 the first year and \$272,000 the second year are from the environmental response, compensation, and compliance account in the environmental fund.

\$4,500,000 the first year and \$4,500,000 the second year are appropriated from the pesticide regulatory account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.05 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18B.

The commissioner shall continue to operate a tractor and machinery safety training program for youth.

The unexpended balance appropriated for farm safety projects and programs at the discretion of the commissioner in Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 7, subdivision 5, does not cancel and is reappropriated to the commissioner for the biennium ending June 30, 1995, to carry out farm safety projects and programs. These funds can be used in either year of the biennium.

\$650,000 the first year and \$650,000 the second year are appropriated from the fertilizer inspection account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.131 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18C.

\$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the second year are appropriated from the seed potato inspection fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 21.115 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, sections 21.111 to 21.122.

\$600,000 the first year and \$600,000 the second year are appropriated from the seed inspection fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 21.92 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, sections 21.80 to 21.92.

\$650,000 the first year and \$650,000 the second year are appropriated from the commercial feed inspection account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 25.39, subdivision 4 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, sections 25.35 to 25.44.

\$620,000 the first year and \$620,000 the second year are appropriated from the fruit and vegetables inspection account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 27.07, subdivision 6 for administration and enforcement of Minnesota Statutes, section 27.07.

\$1,563,000 the first year and \$1,598,000 the second year are appropriated from the dairy services account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 32.394, subdivision 9, for the purpose of dairy services under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 32.

\$295,000 the first year and \$295,000 the second year are appropriated from the livestock weighing fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 17A.11 for the purpose of livestock weighing costs under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 17A.

 Subd. 3. Promotion and Marketing

 2,142,000
 1,142,000

 Summary by Fund

 General
 1,959,000

 Special Revenue
 183,000

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.09, subdivision 3, the total payments from the ethanol develop-

959,000 183,000 ment account to all producers may not exceed \$15,800,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 1995. In fiscal year 1994, the commissioner shall first reimburse producers up to \$981,024 for eligible, unpaid claims accumulated through June 30, 1993.

\$1,000,000 is appropriated in 1994 for use by the rural finance authority for purposes of assisting in the finance of ethanol production facilities in Minnesota. Any amount of this appropriation that remains unencumbered at the end of any biennium does not revert to the general fund but remains available as a revolving account.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for ethanol promotion and public education.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year must be spent for the WIC coupon program.

\$45,000 is appropriated in each year for a project to expand agriculture opportunities for the Hmong and other Southeast Asian farmers by expansion of the existing market base and to target new wholesale and retail markets. The money may also be used to expand the wholesale and retail market for other groups involved in direct marketing efforts such as alternative meat and food products. The department must report on the project to the finance committees by January 15, 1995.

\$71,000 the first year and \$71,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota grown matching account and may be used as grants for Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.109.

\$183,000 the first year and \$183,000 the second year are from the commodi-

ties research and promotion account in the special revenue fund.

Subd. 4. Administration and Financial Service

5,818,000

5,686,000

\$1,200,000 from the balance in the special account created in Minnesota Statutes, section 41.61, shall be transferred to the general fund by June 30, 1994.

\$389,000 the first year and \$389,000 the second year are for family farm security interest payment adjustments. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. No new loans may be approved in fiscal year 1994 or 1995.

\$199,000 the first year and \$199,000 the second year are to manage the family farm advocacy program.

\$80,000 the first year and \$80,000 the second year are for grants to farmers for demonstration projects involving sustainable agriculture. If a project cost is more than \$25,000, the amount above \$25,000 must be cost-shared at a state-applicant ratio of one to one. Priorities must be given for projects involving multiple parties. Up to \$20,000 each year may be used for dissemination of information about the demonstration grant projects. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other is available.

\$70,000 the first year and \$70,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute. These appropriations may be spent to purchase equipment and are available until spent.

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are for grants to agriculture information centers. The grants are

only available on a match basis. The funds may be released at the rate of two state dollars for each \$1 of matching nonstate money that is raised. Any appropriated amounts not matched by April 1 of each year are available for other purposes within the department.

\$45,000 the first year and \$45,000 the second year are for payment of claims relating to livestock damaged by endangered animal species and agricultural crops damaged by elk. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

\$80,000 the first year and \$80,000 the second year are for the seaway port authority of Duluth.

\$19,000 the first year and \$19,000 the second year is for a grant to the Minnesota livestock breeder's association.

Money from this appropriation may, at the discretion of the commissioner, be used for demonstration or pilot programs for farm animal waste management techniques or facilities. This money may not be used for these programs unless the commissioner has notified the chairs of the legislative committees or divisions with jurisdiction over appropriations for environmental and natural resources activities.

The unencumbered balance on June 1, 1993, of amounts authorized under Laws 1992, chapter 513, article 2, section 6, subdivision 5, for legal challenges to discriminatory aspects of the federal milk market order system are transferred to the supreme court for the same purposes.

Sec. 8. BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH

2,071,000

2,071,000

This appropriation includes \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second year for payment of indemnities. If the appropriation for indemnities for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it. Indemnities of less than \$1 must not be paid.

\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are for an integrated pseudorabies control and research program. The board of animal health must consult with the pseudorabies advisory council about how this money should be spent. The appropriation is available only as matched, dollar for dollar, by money from nonstate sources.

Sec. 9. MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN BOUNDARY AREA COMMISSION

129,000 130,000

This appropriation is only available to the extent it is matched by an equal amount from the state of Wisconsin.

Sec. 10. CITIZEN'S COUNCIL ON VOYAGEURS NATIONAL PARK

72,000

72,000*

* (The appropriation of \$72,000 for the year ending June 30, 1995, was vetoed by the governor.)

The council shall have an executive committee composed of the legislative members and the chair. The executive committee shall act on matters of personnel, out-of-state trips by members of the council, and nonroutine monetary issues.

Sec. 11. SCIENCE MUSEUM OF MINNESOTA

1,114,000

1,108,000

\$6,000 is appropriated for a project to study the creation of a freshwater aquarium on the Mississippi river in downtown St. Paul. The project will look at displaying and interpreting the aquatic life and surrounding cultures of the great river of the world. The science

museum will work with groups including but not limited to the department of natural resources, Minnesota tourism office, University of Minnesota, city of St. Paul, the Minnesota alliance for geographic education, and other interested parties. A report must be submitted to the appropriate finance committees of the house and senate by February 1, 1994. This appropriation is contingent upon securing matching funds.

Sec.	12.	MINNESOTA	ACADEMY	OF
SCH	ENC	TE.		

36,000 36,000

Sec. 13. MINNESOTA HORTICUL-TURAL SOCIETY

72,000 72,000

Sec. 14. MINNESOTA RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation
Summary by Fund

41,274,000

Minnesota Future

Resources Fund

14,662,000

Minnesota

Environment and

Natural Resources
Trust Fund 24,600,000

Of this appropriation \$10,298,000 is for trust fund acceleration.

Oil Overcharge

Money in the Special

Revenue Fund

2,012,000

The appropriations in this section are available until June 30, 1995.

In this section:

- (a) "Future resources fund" means the Minnesota future resources fund referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.13.
- (b) "Trust fund" means the Minnesota environment and natural resources trust fund referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.02, subdivision 6.

- (c) "Trust fund acceleration" means the Minnesota environment and natural resources trust fund to be expended only for capital investments in parks and trails referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.11, paragraph (b), clause (3).
- (d) "Oil overcharge money" means the money referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 4.071, subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. Legislative Commission on Minnesota Resources

\$425,000 of this appropriation is from the future resources fund and \$270,000 is from the trust fund pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.09, subdivision 5.

For the biennium ending June 30, 1995, the commission shall monitor the programs in this section; assess the status of the state's natural resources; convene a state resource congress; establish priorities for, request, review, and recommend programs for the 1995-1997 biennium from the future resources fund, environment and natural resources trust fund, and oil overcharge money, and for support of the citizen advisory committee activities.

Subd. 3. Agriculture

(a) Biological Control of Plant and Animal Pests

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for transfer to the commissioner of agriculture to develop, test, and implement biological control agents to reduce the use of petroleum-based chemicals. A grant request to supplement this appropriation must be submitted to the United States Department of Agriculture and the results reported to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources.

695,000

880,000

(b) Cover Crops in a Corn and Soybean Rotation

150,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture for a contract with the University of Minnesota for the development of economic management strategies of cover crops for corn and soybean rotations to reduce soil erosion, nitrate leaching, and pesticide use.

(c) Increasing Utilization of Federal Cost Share Feedlot Funds

480,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture to provide technical assistance for the rehabilitation of priority feedlots with water quality concerns.

(d) Demonstration of Production Scale Waste Collection in Aquaculture

100,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of the pollution control agency for a contract with Minnesota aquafarms to evaluate operational efficiencies of a fish waste collection system and to evaluate the potential for the waste collection system to meet state water quality requirements.

(e) Reinvest in Minnesota - Conservation Reserve Fasements

823,000

\$500,000 of this appropriation is from the trust fund and \$323,000 of this appropriation is from the future resources fund to the board of water and soil resources to accelerate the RIM program to acquire perpetual conservation easements on marginal agricultural lands. Up to \$165,000 may be used to implement conservation practices on the easements. None of this appropriation may be used for administrative costs.

(f) Alternative Aquaculture Methods

230,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture to develop and evaluate alternative methods of raising fish, focusing on water conservation through waste removal, and collection involving recirculating aquaculture systems. Grant requests to supplement this appropriation must be submitted to the United States Department of Agriculture and the national Sea Grant program and the results reported to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources.

(g) Minnesota Aquaculture Development Program

230,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture to conduct a grant program for the evaluation and development of environmentally sound aquaculture systems.

(h) Managing Agricultural Environments of North-Central Minnesota Sandy Soils

480,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture for a contract with the University of Minnesota to develop improved management strategies for water, nitrogen, and herbicide use on sandy soils in north central Minnesota.

(i) Nutrient Availability From Land-Applied Manure

280,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture for a contract with the University of Minnesota to determine nutrient availability from manure/soil/crop systems to improve manure utilization by crops, reduce environmental impacts on water resources, and provide best management practices (BMPs) to guide manure management decisions.

(j) Effective Manure Management in Conservation Tillage Systems for Karst Areas

500,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture for a contract with the University of Minnesota to investigate factors that influence losses of contaminants to surface and groundwater. The emphasis will be on soil, crop residue, and manure management to maximize crop recovery of nitrogen and minimize losses to surface and groundwater.

(k) Nutrient Recycling Through Plants and Animals

260,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture for a contract with the University of Minnesota to improve techniques to predict nitrogen mineralization from manure and soil organic matter in west central Minnesota.

(1) Developing Soil Specific Nitrogen Management as a Best Management Practice (BMP)

294,000

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for transfer to the commissioner of agriculture for development of new soil specific, variable rate nitrogen applications that will increase operating efficiency and reduce applied nitrogen without reducing yield.

Subd. 4. Energy

(a) Reducing Energy and CO2

230,000

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for a contract with the center for energy and urban environment to develop a comprehensive action plan that will focus on energy efficiency, alternative energy, and fuel switching through an assessment of opportunities for the reduction of CO2 and other greenhouse gases.

(b) Photovoltaic Demonstration Project

230,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of public service for a grant to the St. Paul school district for purchase and installation of a photovoltaic demonstration system at the Battle Creek environmental magnet school.

(c) Operational Implications of Alternate Transit Bus Fuels

78,000

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for a contract with the metropolitan transit commission to test alternate bus fuels to evaluate their potential for reduced fuel consumption and increased operational efficiency.

(d) The Bus, Bike, or Car Pool (B-BOP) Challenge

150,000

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for a contract with the center for energy and urban environment to reduce energy use by the delivery of an employer-based program that cost effectively reduces the use of single occupant vehicles by commuters who pledge to B-BOP or telecommute regularly during the summer.

(e) Tree and Grass Production for Ethanol

380,000

This appropriation is from the oil overcharge money to the commissioner of administration for a contract with the agricultural utilization research institute to implement a program to supply biomass feedstock derived from trees and grass to a national renewable energy laboratory (NREL), United States Department of Energy Engineering Development facility for converting biomass to ethanol and thermochemical fuels. This appropriation is contingent on a NREL agreement by January 1, 1994, to purchase biomass.

Subd. 5. Forestry

(a) Development of Tree Seed Orchard Complex

80,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for production of genetically improved forest tree seed.

(b) Como Park Replanting Program

93,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the city of St. Paul to replant areas in Como Park that have lost trees due to disease, age, or other causes.

(c) Reforestation in Ramsey County Parks and Open Space

50,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Ramsey county to accelerate the reforestation program in Ramsey county regional and county parks to replace trees lost to storm damage, drought, and disease and begin establishment of new plantings. None of this appropriation is to be used for administration.

(d) Developing Quality Hardwood Forests

210,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the University of Minnesota to conduct research on the effects of different canopy gap sizes and site preparation methods on natural hardwood regeneration.

Subd. 6. General (a) Minnesota County Biological Survey - Continuation

900,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to continue the Minnesota county biological survey of systematic collection (\$432,000) and management of data on the distribution of rare plants, animals, and natural habitats (\$288,000) and to provide for distribution and integration of rare features information (\$180,000).

(b) Minnesota's Forest-Bird Diversity Initiative - Continuation

500,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to monitor forest songbird populations and to utilize geographic information system tools to correlate forest bird populations with dynamics of the forest landscape.

(c) Description and Evaluation of Minnesota Old Growth Forests - Continuation

250,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate the evaluation of old growth candidate stands (\$90,000), develop detailed descriptions of old growth forest types (\$110,000), and determine habitat relations of forest fungi in old growth forests (\$50,000) for completion of the implementation of the department of natural resources old growth guidelines.

(d) Mississippi Headwaters River Inquiry and Education Project

75,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the Mississippi headwaters board to provide for the investigation of river corridor biology, hydrology, and cultural issues, training of local government officials, and public education on river protection strategies.

(e) Anadromous Fish Monitoring

137,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for biologic monitoring to improve the management of the steelhead population on the north shore of Lake Superior.

(f) Land and Water Conservation Fund Administration

80,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for administration of the federal land and water conservation program and other contract administration activities assigned to the commissioner in this section.

Subd. 7. Information/Education

(a) Quantify Pesticide and Fertilizer Runoff from Golf Courses

49,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of the pollution control agency for a contract with suburban Hennepin Regional Park district for a study of the quantity of pesticide and fertilizer runoff water from golf courses and an assessment of the impact of these contaminants on downstream waterbodies. This appropriation must be matched by \$49,000 of nonstate funds.

(b) Developing Multi-Use Urban Green Space

220,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the Minneapolis park and recreation board to develop city tax forfeited lands into neighborhood gardens, orchards, alternative landscape demonstration areas, and tree nurseries.

(c) K-12 Prairie Wetland Field Study Program - Ecology Bus

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with Heron Lake Environmental Learning Center, Inc., to purchase, equip, and operate an ecology bus to deliver an interdisciplinary K-12 school environmental education program in southwest Minnesota. This appropriation is contingent on the learning center employing a specialist to guide student and teacher participation in the ecology bus.

(d) The On-Line Museum: Computer and Interactive Video

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with the science museum of Minnesota to create an interactive video data base of selected cultural and natural history collections as a prototype for a unique learning experience in environmental education for museum visitors and school children.

(e) Environmental Education Outreach Program

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with metropolitan waste control commission (MWCC) to develop a multidisciplinary environmental science and math curriculum for grades K-12 and team-taught by private sector volunteers, teachers, and MWCC volunteer staff. A grant request to supplement this appropriation must be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the results reported to the legislative

270,000

260,000

215,000

commission on Minnesota resources. This appropriation must be matched by an equal amount of nonstate funds.

(f) Summer Youth History Program

100,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the Minnesota state historical society to provide summer employment for high school students of at least 50 percent minority or disadvantaged at historic sites.

(g) The Ecology of Minnesota - Book

51,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the University of Minnesota for a grant to the university press to assist in the preparation and production of a book presenting a comprehensive overview of Minnesota's natural environment.

(h) Green Street: An Urban Environmental Awareness Project

550,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with the science museum of Minnesota to develop a comprehensive, coordinated urban environmental education project, which will be a core exhibit and outreach program focused on revealing the links between modern lifestyles and major environmental issues.

(i) Minnehaha Park Environmental Interpretive Center

300,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the Minneapolis park and recreation board to adaptively reuse the Longfellow house in Minnehaha Park as an urban interpretive center. This appropriation must be matched by \$37,000 from the Minneapolis park and recreation board.

conservatory, and Crosby Farm Nature Park.

(n) Multiple-Use Forest Management Learning Kit

15,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with Deep Portage environmental learning center to develop a multiple use forest management learning kit. This appropriation must be matched by \$5,500 of nonstate funds.

(o) An Outdoor Classroom to Improve Rural Environmental Education

60,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with the Faribault County Environmental Learning Center, Inc., in cooperation with area 4-H, communities and schools, for an outdoor classroom project using native Minnesota vegetation, to train instructors, educate youth and community members, and evaluate changes in environmental awareness.

Subd. 8. Land

(a) Base Maps for 1990s - Continuation

710,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of administration to provide the state share of a 50/50 match program with the United States Geological Survey to continue statewide coverage of orthophoto maps, update mapping for the state major urban areas, and plan for future cooperative mapping and air photos programs.

(b) Rural County Use of National Aerial Photography Program Flight

90,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of administration for a contract with Houston county to evaluate the quality (j) Nicollet Conservation Club Swan Lake Interpretive Room

18,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the Nicollet conservation club to equip a Swan Lake interpretive center at the Nicollet conservation club. Facilities will be open for use by local school groups and state agencies for interpretive programs and meetings at no charge. This appropriation must be matched by an equal amount of non-state funds.

(k) Project City Camp: Experiential Urban Environmental Education

130,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with Pillsbury Neighborhood Services, Inc., to implement Project City Camp, to help inner city poor and minority youth and adults understand the urban environment and its impact on human development.

(l) Granite Quarry Park and Interpretive Center Planning

50,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Stearns county to study the features of the quarry sites and plan for the development of an interpretive and recreational regional park. This appropriation must be matched by \$50,000 of nonstate funds.

(m) Expanded Crosby Farm Park Nature Program

91,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with the city of St. Paul to accelerate the nature study program established at Crosby Farm Park utilizing the Como zoo, Como

of digital planimetric map products and the effectiveness of national aerial photography program products in meeting the needs of Houston county users and to assist other counties in the future use of the products. This project must comply with the data compatibility requirements set forth in subdivision 14.

(c) Recreational Resource Planning in the Metro Mississippi Corridor

175,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the University of Minnesota to investigate the potential for enhancing and enriching the recreational opportunities along the Mississippi river in the metropolitan corridors of the Mississippi National River and Recreation Area (MNRRA). This appropriation must be matched by \$25,000 of nonstate funds.

Subd. 9. Minerals Mitigating Concrete Aggregate Problems in Minnesota

179,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of transportation for a contract with the University of Minnesota to study means of mitigating concrete aggregate problems in southern Minnesota.

Subd. 10. Recreation

The appropriations in items (a) to (l) are for trust fund acceleration.

(a) State Park Betterment

3,000,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to develop, improve, and rehabilitate state park facilities to meet growing user demand as well as prevent further deterioration of outstanding historically significant structures.

(b) Americans With Disabilities Act: Retrofitting Regional Parks

220,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council to make subgrants to regional park implementing agencies to retrofit existing facilities to meet federal Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

(c) Trail Linkages, Metropolitan Regional Network

2,327,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council to make subgrants to acquire and improve regional trails which link existing and planned regional, local, and state parks and trails.

(d) Initiate Gateway Segment of the Willard Munger State Trail into Downtown St. Paul

254,000

Of this appropriation, \$200,000 is from the trust fund and \$54,000 is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for acquisition and development of the trail right-of-way of the gateway segment of the Willard Munger state trail into downtown St. Paul. This appropriation is for acquisition and development only and must be done in cooperation with the city of St. Paul.

(e) Birch Lake Regional Bikeway/ Walkway

450,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to Ramsey county which shall cooperate with the city of White Bear Lake to develop a bikeway/walkway linking trunk highway 96 regional bikeway with Tamarack nature center and business centers, and a trailside interpretive program. This

appropriation is contingent on this facility being designated part of the metropolitan regional park and open space system.

(f) Cedar Lake Trail Development

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the Minneapolis park and recreation board to plan and construct Cedar Lake recreational and nonmotorized commuter trail from Highway 100 to downtown Minneapolis intersecting with the chain of lakes. This appropriation must be matched by \$200,000 of nonstate funds. This appropriation is contingent on this facility being designated part of the metropolitan regional park and open space system.

(g) State Trail Development

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to start development of the Paul Bunyan state trail, the development of an abandoned railroad grade located between Barnum and Carlton, and provide for the acquisition and development of a trail connection from Harmony to the Root river state trail.

(h) Shingle Creek Trail Improvement

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the Minneapolis park and recreation board to develop the Shingle Creek trail connection between Minneapolis and Hennepin county regional trail.

(i) Lilydale/Harriet Island Regional Park Trail

This appropriation is from the trust

610,000

1

2,327,000

130,000

246,000

fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a contract with the city of St. Paul to plan and construct a pedestrian bicycle trail in the Lilydale/ Harriet Island Regional Park.

(j) Como Park East Lakeshore Reclamation

163,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the city of St. Paul to provide site improvements for reclamation and restoration of severely eroded areas on east lakeshore in Como Park.

(k) Acquisition of Palace Restaurant Site on Mississippi River

325,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the metropolitan council for a subgrant to the Minneapolis park and recreation board to acquire the Palace Restaurant property located on the east bank of the Mississippi for open space and recreational opportunities. This appropriation is contingent on this facility being designated part of the metropolitan regional park and open space system.

(l) Access to Lakes and Rivers - Continuation

1,000,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate access to lakes and rivers statewide. \$500,000 is for boat access to lakes and rivers and \$500,000 is for shoreline access and fishing piers statewide.

(m) Saint Louis River Land Acquisition

1,000,000

This appropriation is from the trust

fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire and protect undeveloped lands known for their resource and recreation values located along the Saint Louis, Cloquet, and Whiteface rivers. Up to \$50,000 of this appropriation may be used as a grant to the Saint Louis river board for the implementation of the Saint Louis river management plan.

(n) Lake Minnetonka Water Access Acquisition

944,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire land for a water access site on Maxwell and Crystal Bays in Lake Minnetonka.

(o) Lake Superior Safe Harbors - Continuation

1,000,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire a site not to exceed 25 acres and construct a Lake Superior safe harbor site at Silver Bay in cooperation with the north shore management board. This appropriation is contingent on additional funding being requested from the IRRRB, the United States Army Corps of Engineers and other federal/local sources as described in the north shore harbors plan.

(p) Cooperative Trails Grant Program

800,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a grant program to assist in the acquisition and development of local connections to planned and existing state trails and other public recreation facilities.

(q) Agassiz Recreational Trails (ART)

650,000

This appropriation is from the future

resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Agassiz Recreational Trail Joint Powers Board to plan, purchase, and develop Agassiz recreational trails and improve up to five local parks.

(r) Mesabi Trail Acquisition, Planning and Development

700,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the St. Louis and Lake county regional rail authority to plan and begin acquiring and developing a 132-mile multipurpose trail linking the Mesabi iron range between Grand Rapids and Ely. This appropriation must be matched by \$350,000 cash from IRRRB or nonstate funds.

(s) Recreational Programming: Inclusiveness for Persons with Disabilities

160,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of education for a contract with Vinland National Center to provide staff training and consultation, targeted outreach and resource education, to enhance the inclusiveness, accessibility, and utilization of existing recreational programs by persons with disabilities.

(t) Enhanced Recreational Opportunities for Southeast Asian Ethnic Communities

300,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to provide community education, develop bilingual communication exchanges, and cultural and sensitivity training with community members and natural resource professionals.

(u) Urban Community Gardening Program

110,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the Sustainable Resources center to provide technical assistance and information to neighborhood based groups, special populations, and municipalities for community gardening, including the rehabilitation of urban open space.

(v) National Register Grants Program

165,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the Minnesota state historical society to assist in the preservation of outstanding historical properties such as Pickwick Mill (1854-58), Sibley County Courthouse (1879), Wendelin Grimm Farmstead (1876), and Tugboat Edna G (1896), and other emergency needs of properties of national or statewide historic significance.

(w) Historical Research and Planning for Traverse Des Sioux

68,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the Minnesota state historical society to research and develop a master plan for Traverse des Sioux, a historic site owned by the Minnesota historical society and located in Nicollet county.

(x) Peninsula Point Two Rivers Historical Park

435,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the city of Anoka to develop Peninsula Point Two Rivers Historical Park located at the confluence of the Rum and Mississippi rivers.

Subd. 11. Water

(a) Minnesota River Implementation - Continuation

1,100,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of the pollution control agency to accelerate the adoption of best management practices (BMPs) and to accelerate related state and local implementation activities for the Minnesota river basin.

(b) Local River Planning - Continuation

480,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for contracts of up to two-thirds of the cost to counties or groups of counties acting pursuant to a joint powers agreement, to develop comprehensive plans for the management and protection of rivers in northern and central Minnesota. The commissioner of natural resources shall include in the work plan for review and approval by the legislative commission on Minnesota resources a proposed list of rivers and a planning process developed by the consensus of the affected counties. All plans must meet or exceed the requirements of state shoreland and floodplain laws. Up to \$100,000 is available for administration and technical assistance.

(c) Mercury Reduction in Fish - Continuation

200,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of the pollution control agency for a contract with the University of Minnesota to complete pilot studies testing mercury reduction in fish for Minnesota waters. Grant requests to supplement this appropriation must be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the results reported to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources.

(d) Stream Flow Protection

280,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to collect stream habitat data (width, depth, velocity, substrate, water elevation) in up to 39 watersheds to develop community-based flows that protect stream resources. This project must comply with the data compatibility requirements set forth in subdivision 15.

(e) The South Central Minnesota Groundwater Contamination Susceptibility Project - Continuation

290,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Mankato state university to couple surface hydrology, subsurface geology, and hydrogeology for environmental analysis to assess present environmental conditions, establish benchmarks, and develop regional priorities for south central Minnesota. This project must comply with the data compatibility requirements set forth in subdivision 14.

(f) White Bear Lake Levels Feasibility Study

228,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources to install additional observation wells at White Bear Lake (\$50,000), to study lake and groundwater relationships, to conduct a feasibility study to address lake level issues (\$50,000), and to abandon or retrofit existing augmentation wells (\$128,000).

(g) County Geologic Atlases and Regional Hydrogeologic Assessments -Continuation

\$425,000 is from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota, Minnesota geologic survey, and \$425,000 is from the trust fund to the commissioner of

850,000

natural resources to expand production of county geologic atlases and regional hydrogeologic assessments. This project must comply with the data compatibility requirements set forth in subdivision 14.

(h) Septic System Replacement for Water Related Tourism Businesses

500,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of trade and economic development to provide matching grants of up to \$10,000 to resorts and related tourism businesses located on lakes and rivers for replacement of failing or nonconforming septic systems. Businesses that begin replacement of failing or nonconforming septic systems after the effective date of this act are eligible for these grants.

(i) Optical Brighteners: Indicators of Sewage Contamination of Groundwaters

157,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of the pollution control agency for a contract with Dakota county to study the correlation of optical brighteners present in domestic sewage from detergent use with nonagricultural nitrogen as interferences with atrazine detection.

Subd. 12. Wildlife, Fisheries, Plants

(a) Reinvest in Minnesota - Critical Habitat Match, Scientific and Natural Area, Wildlife, and Prairie Acquisition

4,000,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate the reinvest in Minnesota program. \$2,600,000 is to protect and improve critical fish, wild-life, and native plant habitat through critical habitat match; \$1,000,000 is to acquire land for scientific and natural

areas; \$300,000 is to acquire North American waterfowl management plan projects; and \$100,000 is to acquire prairie bank easements to protect native prairie on private lands.

(b) Reinvest in Minnesota - Wildlife Habitat Stewardship and Property Development

900,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate the reinvest in Minnesota program, to develop state land, to protect wildlife and native plant populations, restore native plant communities, and enhance wildlife habitat.

(c) Reinvest in Minnesota - Statewide Fisheries Habitat Development

687,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate the reinvest in Minnesota program through the development of trout, walleye, and smallmouth bass habitat in streams, removal of the Flandrau dam on the Cottonwood river to allow migration of fish, and the installation of aeration systems on winterkill-prone lakes.

(d) Establishment of Critical Winter Habitat Areas on Intensively Farmed Land

100,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Pheasants Forever, Inc., to acquire and establish areas of critical winter habitat for wildlife on farmland in Scott county. This appropriation must be matched by \$60,000 nonstate funds.

(e) Wild Turkey Hunting Safety/ Education

39,000

This appropriation is from the future

resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the wild turkey federation to develop a program to promote safety in the sport of wild turkey hunting, to minimize accidents, and improve hunter/landowner relationships.

(f) Niemackl Watershed Restoration

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for the restoration of the Niemackl watershed by improvement of water quality, flood reduction, fish and wildlife habitat, and recreation through citizen participation with federal, state, and local governments, and nongovernment agencies. \$200,000 is available to begin the project and the remaining \$300,000 is contingent on a match of \$300,000 of nonstate funds.

(g) Deer Critical Habitat Survey -Koochiching County

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources in cooperation with Koochiching county to conduct an intensive survey of deer winter cover in Koochiching county to identify critical habitat for deer for improved timber management and for deer population management. This appropriation must be matched by \$5,000 of nonstate funds.

(h) Reinvest in Minnesota - Fisheries Acquisition for Angler Access and Habitat Development

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate the reinvest in Minnesota program. \$50,000 is for trout stream easements; \$50,000 is for warm water stream easements; and \$200,000 is for aquatic management areas acquisition.

500,000

75,000

300,000

(i) Establishing Goose Nesting Sites in Northern Minnesota and Relocation of Giant Canada Goslings

21,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with Geese International, Inc., to manufacture and place 160 permanent goose nesting sites in the Squaw Lake and Baudette areas and to purchase a fourwheel drive vehicle capable of towing a trailer for 400 goslings. This appropriation must be matched by \$31,890 from Geese International, Inc.

(j) Prairie Ecosystem Restoration in the Minneapolis Park System

60,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the Minneapolis park and recreation board to restore and rehabilitate the remnant, secondary, and introduced prairie tracts in the Minneapolis park system. This appropriation must be matched by \$60,000 from nonstate funds.

(k) Theodore Wirth Park Tamarack Bog Preservation Project

40,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the People for Minneapolis Parks fund in cooperation with the Minneapolis park and recreation board to restore the Theodore Wirth park tamarack bog, improve the access trail, construct a boardwalk, and develop and install selfguided interpretive signage.

(l) Biological Control of Eurasian Water Milfoil and Purple Loosestrife

400,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to research biological control for purple loosestrife and Eurasian water milfoil. The purple loosestrife research must be done in cooperation with the commissioner of agriculture. \$100,000 is for the propagation, release, and evaluation of insects for purple loosestrife control; \$50,000 is for the development of mycoherbicides to control purple loosestrife; \$200,000 is for evaluation of biocontrol agents for Eurasian water milfoil fungi and insects; and \$50,000 is to research the biology of Eurasian water milfoil. The \$250,000 for Eurasian water milfoil must be matched by \$200,000 of nonstate funds.

(m) Replacement of Eurasian Water Milfoil with Native Minnesota Plants

40,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the White Bear Lake conservation district to research the replanting of areas treated for Eurasian water milfoil with native aquatic plants.

(n) Integrated Control of Purple Loose-strife

90,000

This appropriation is from the future resources fund to the commissioner of agriculture in cooperation with the commissioner of natural resources to accelerate evaluation of integrated biological control agents for purple loosestrife infestations in Houston, Hennepin, Wabasha, and Goodhue counties.

(o) Ecological Impacts of Releasing Genetically Engineered Fishes

175,000

This appropriation is from the trust fund to the commissioner of agriculture in cooperation with the commissioner of natural resources for a contract with the University of Minnesota to assess impacts of the release of genetically engineered fish on Minnesota's game fish and aquatic ecosystems and formulate recommendations to reduce detrimental impacts through measurement of bioenergetic and behavioral traits.

Subd. 13. MFRF Contingent Account

If cancellations or increased revenue, or both, create an excess balance in the future resources fund, up to \$600,000 for the biennium is appropriated from the fund for acquisition or development of state land or other projects that are part of a natural resources acceleration activity, when deemed to be of an emergency or critical nature. This appropriation is also available for projects initiated by the legislative commission on Minnesota resources that are found to be proper in order for the commission to carry out its legislative charge.

This appropriation is not available until the legislative commission on Minnesota resources has made a recommendation to the legislative advisory commission regarding each expenditure from the account. The legislative advisory commission must then hold a meeting and provide its recommendation on each item, which may be spent only with the approval of the governor.

Subd. 14. Data Compatibility Requirements

During the biennium ending June 30, 1995, the data collected by the projects funded under this section that have common value for natural resource planning and management must conform to information architecture as defined in guidelines and standards adopted by the information policy office. Data review committees may be established to develop or comment on plans for data integration and distribution and shall submit semiannual status reports to the legislative commission on Minnesota resources on their findings. In addition, the data must be provided

to and integrated with the Minnesota land management information center's geographic data bases with the integration costs borne by the activity receiving funding under this section.

Subd. 15. Work Program

It is a condition of acceptance of the appropriations in this section that any agency or entity receiving the appropriation must submit a work program and semiannual progress reports in the form determined by the legislative commission on Minnesota resources. None of the money provided may be spent unless the commission has approved the pertinent work program.

Subd. 16. Temporary Positions

Persons employed by a state agency and paid by an appropriation in this section are in the unclassified civil service, and their continued employment is contingent upon the availability of money from the appropriation. The positions are in addition to any other approved complement for the agency. Part-time employment of persons is authorized.

Subd. 17. Match Requirements

Appropriations in this section that must be matched and for which the match has not been committed by January 1, 1994, must be canceled.

Subd. 18. Purchase of Recycled and Recyclable Materials

A political subdivision, public or private corporation, or other entity that receives an appropriation in this section must use the appropriation in compliance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.121 to 16B.125, regarding the purchase of recycled, repairable, and durable materials, the purchase of uncoated paper stock, and the use of soy-based

ink, the same as if it were a state agency.

Subd. 19. Carryforward

The appropriation in Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 14, subdivision 7, paragraph (e), Private Forest Management Oak Regeneration, is available until December 31, 1993.

Sec. 15. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

3,958,000

3,930,000

\$28,000 the first year is appropriated from the general fund for a grant to the southwest regional development commission to pay for the planning and final system design for connecting four rural water systems to the federal Lewis and Clark Rural Water System. Any funds not spent in the first year may be spent in the second year.

Sec. 16. PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY

\$150,000

\$150,000

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are for the individual on-site treatment program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.18, subdivision 3c. In awarding grants, the public facilities authority shall give priority to projects within the Minnesota river watershed.

The commissioner of the pollution control agency shall report to the legislative committees on environment and natural resources by December 15, 1993, on the advisability and feasibility of expanding the individual on-site treatment systems program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.18, subdivision 3c, to include areas outside municipalities. The report must include an assessment of alternative means of providing assistance to individuals for on-site treatment systems.

Sec. 17. COMMERCE

200,000

This appropriation is from the landfill cleanup account in the environmental fund for development of the insurance buyout formula under section 88.

Sec. 18. TRANSFERS.

Subdivision 1. GENERAL PROCEDURE. If the appropriation in this act to an agency in the executive branch is specified by program, the agency may transfer unencumbered balances among the programs specified in that section after getting the approval of the commissioner of finance. The commissioner shall not approve a transfer unless the commissioner believes that it will carry out the intent of the legislature. The transfer must be reported immediately to the committee on finance of the senate and the committee on ways and means of the house of representatives. If the appropriation in this act to an agency in the executive branch is specified by activity, the agency may transfer unencumbered balances among the activities specified in that section using the same procedure as for transfers among programs.

Subd. 2. TRANSFER PROHIBITED. If an amount is specified in this act for an item within an activity, that amount must not be transferred or used for any other purpose.

Sec. 19. INFORMATION POLICY OFFICE (IPO) APPROVAL.

Appropriations for information systems shall not be allotted until the commissioner of the agency certifies to the commissioner of finance that all IPO project requirements have been met or will be met. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

Sec. 20. TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITIES TO COMMISSIONER OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

The responsibilities of the commissioner of trade and economic development relating to conservation and recreation grants under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.401, clause (5), and 116J.406, are transferred to the commissioner of natural resources under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 17.59, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. COMMODITIES RESEARCH AND PROMOTION ACCOUNT. All fees collected by the department under sections 17.51 to 17.69 and any other fees and income received by the department in the administration of these statutes shall be deposited in a separate account known as the commodity research and promotion account in the special revenue fund. These funds shall be appropriated to the department for the purpose of defraying the expenses of administering and enforcing the sections listed in this subdivision.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 17A.11, is amended to read:

17A.11 FEES FOR LIVESTOCK WEIGHING.

The commissioner shall prescribe the fee necessary to cover the cost of state weighing, to be assessed and collected from the seller in the manner the commissioner may prescribe. The fee assessed must be the same, and the manner of collection of the fee must be uniform at all facilities. At any location where state weighing is performed in accordance with this chapter and the total annual fees collected are insufficient to pay the cost of the weighing, the annual deficit shall be assessed and collected in the manner the commissioner may prescribe. Additional money arising from the weighing of animals by the commissioner, which has been collected and retained by any person, shall be paid on demand to the commissioner. All money collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the livestock weighing fund; and shall be paid out only on the order of the commissioner and the state's warrant.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 18B.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. ANNUAL APPROPRIATION EXPENDITURES. Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the account, including the amount of interest attributable to money in the account and any money appropriated for the purposes of this chapter, is annually appropriated to may be used by the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of this chapter.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 18C.131, is amended to read:

18C.131 FERTILIZER INSPECTION ACCOUNT.

A fertilizer inspection account is established in the state treasury. The fees collected under this chapter and interest attributable to money in the account must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the fertilizer inspection account. Money in that account, including interest earned and money appropriated for the purposes of this chapter, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration of this chapter.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 21.115, is amended to read:

21.115 FEES; SEED POTATO INSPECTION FUND.

The commissioner shall fix the fees for all inspections and certifications in such amounts as from time to time may be found necessary to pay the expenses of carrying out and enforcing the purposes of sections 21.111 to 21.122, with a reasonable reserve, and shall require the same to be paid before such inspections or certifications are made. All moneys collected as fees or as penalties for violations of any of the provisions of such sections shall be paid into the state treasury and therein credited to the seed potato inspection fund of the commissioner, which fund is hereby created and appropriated for earrying out the purposes of such sections. Interest, if any, received on deposits of these moneys shall be credited to such fund, and there shall be paid into this fund any sum

provided by the legislature for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of such sections.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 21.92, is amended to read:

21.92 SEED INSPECTION FUND.

There is established in the state treasury an account known as the seed inspection fund. Fees and penalties collected by the commissioner under sections 21.80 to 21.92 and interest attributable to money in the account shall be deposited into this account. The rates at which the fees are charged may be adjusted pursuant to section 16A.128. Money in this account, including interest earned and any appropriations made by the legislature for the purposes of sections 21.80 to 21.92, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of sections 21.80 to 21.92.

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 25.39, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. COMMERCIAL FEED INSPECTION ACCOUNT. A commercial feed inspection account is established in the state treasury. Fees and penalties collected under sections 25.35 to 25.44 and interest attributable to money in the account must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the commercial feed inspection account. Money in that account, including interest earned and money appropriated for the enforcement and administration of sections 25.35 to 25.44, is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of sections 25.35 to 25.44.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 27.07, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS; FEES; ACCOUNT. The commissioner may collect fees as provided for in cooperative agreements between the commissioner and the United States Department of Agriculture for the inspection of fresh fruits, vegetables, and other products. The fees and interest attributable to money in the account must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a fruit and vegetables inspection account. The money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner to carry out the cooperative agreements.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 32.394, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. PAYMENTS; REFUNDS; DISPOSITION. Fees are payable by a processor or marketing organization by July 1 of each year for Grade A, and by January 1 of each year for manufacturing grade, and if not paid within 30 days of the due date, the service must be discontinued, and permission to market manufacturing grade or Grade A milk or milk products or use the Grade A label must be withdrawn. A processor may terminate payment and service without

loss of the Grade A label if written notice of that intention is given prior to the due date of the payment of an assessment and if the continuous inspection of the plant is assumed by a city whose milk control ordinance is substantially equivalent to Minnesota law and rule and is enforced with equal effectiveness. If a farm discontinues the production of milk within six months of the billing date, a request for a refund based on inspection services not received may be made by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. This request must be made in writing by July 1 for manufacturing grade, or by December 31 for Grade A, and on approval by the commissioner refunds must be made to the processor or marketing organization.

The fees for services performed by the activities of this section must be deposited in the state treasury and constitute a separate account to be known as the milk inspection service account, which is hereby created, set uside, and appropriated as a revolving fund to be used to help to defray the cost of administration, refunds and expenses of the preliminary and continuous milk inspection services and is in addition to and not in substitution for the sums appropriated or otherwise made available for this purpose to the department of agriculture.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 41A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. APPROPRIATION. A sum sufficient to make the payments required by this section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue agriculture and all money so appropriated is available until expended.

- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 41A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. PAYMENTS FROM ACCOUNT. The commissioner of revenue agriculture shall make cash payments from the account to producers of ethanol or wet alcohol located in the state. These payments shall apply only to ethanol or wet alcohol fermented in the state. The amount of the payment for each producer's annual production shall be as follows:
- (a) For each gallon of ethanol produced on or before June 30, 2000, 20 cents per gallon.
- (b) For each gallon produced of wet alcohol on or before June 30, 2000, a payment in cents per gallon calculated by the formula "alcohol purity in percent divided by five," and rounded to the nearest cent per gallon, but not less than 11 cents per gallon. The producer payment for wet alcohol under this section may be paid to either the original producer of wet alcohol or the secondary processor, at the option of the original producer, but not to both.
- (c) The total payments from the account to all producers during the period beginning July 1, 1991, and ending June 30, 1993 may not exceed \$8,550,000.

This amount may be paid in either fiscal year of the biennium. Total payments from the account to any producer in each fiscal year may not exceed \$3,000,000.

(d) The total payments from the account to all producers may not exceed \$10,000,000 in any fiscal year during the period beginning July 1, 1993, and ending June 30, 2000. Total payments from the account to any producer in any fiscal year may not exceed \$3,000,000.

By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each producer shall file a claim for payment for production during the preceding three calendar months. The volume of production must be verified by a certified financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant using generally accepted accounting procedures.

Payments shall be made November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15.

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 84.027, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 11. FEDERAL CONSERVATION GRANTS. The commissioner of natural resources shall receive and administer grants under the land and water conservation grant program authorized by Congress in the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended.
- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 84B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The governor shall appoint, except for the legislative members, a citizen's council on Voyageurs National Park, consisting of 17 members as follows:

Four residents of Koochiching county;

Four residents of St. Louis county;

Five residents of the state at large from outside Koochiching and St. Louis counties;

Two members of the state senate to be appointed by the committee on committees;

Two members of the state house of representatives to be appointed by the speaker of the house.

The governor shall designate one of the appointees to serve as chair and the committee may elect such other officers as it deems necessary. Members shall be appointed so as to represent differing viewpoints and interest groups on the facilities included in and around the park. Legislator members shall serve for the term of the legislative office to which they were elected. The terms, compensa-

tion and removal of nonlegislator members, and expiration of the council shall be as provided in section 15.059. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, the council shall continue to exist.

Sec. 34. CUYUNA COUNTRY STATE RECREATION AREA.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> [85.013] [Subd. 5c.] CUYUNA COUNTRY STATE RECREATION AREA. <u>Cuyuna country state recreation area is established in Crow Wing county.</u>

- Subd. 2. ACQUISITION. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized to acquire by gift or purchase the lands for Cuyuna country state recreation area. The commissioner must manage the area for multiple recreational use, including allowance of hunting, and provide for limited timber harvesting.
- Subd. 3. MINING. The commissioner shall recognize the possibility that mining may be conducted in the future within the Cuyuna country state recreation area, and that use of portions of the surface estate and control of the flowage of water may be necessary for future mining operations.
- Subd. 4. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) A local area advisory committee is established to provide direction on the establishment, planning, development, and operation of the Cuyuna country state recreation area.
 - (b) Membership on the advisory committee shall include:
- (1) a representative of the Cuyuna range mineland recreation area joint powers board;
 - (2) a representative of the Croft Mine historical park joint powers board;
- (3) <u>a designee of the Cuyuna range mineland reclamation committee who has worked as a miner in the local area;</u>
 - (4) a representative of the Crow Wing county board;
- (5) a state representative appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
 - (6) a state senator appointed by the senate committee on committees;
- (7) a representative of the Brainerd regional office of the department of natural resources;
 - (8) a designee of the Iron Range resources and rehabilitation board;
- (9) <u>a designee of the local business community selected by the area chambers of commerce;</u>
- (10) <u>a designee of the local environmental community selected by the Cuyuna country conservation club;</u>

- (11) <u>a designee of a local education organization selected by the school board; and</u>
- (12) a designee of the local tourism community selected by the Cuyuna country tourism group.
- (c) The advisory committee shall elect its own chair and meetings shall be at the call of the chair.
- (d) The advisory committee shall serve as volunteers and accept no per diem.
- Subd. 5. MANAGEMENT PLAN. The commissioner and local area advisory committee must cooperatively develop a comprehensive management plan that provides for multiple use recreation, protection of natural resources, allowance of hunting, snowmobiling, horse trails and forest management, interpretation of cultural and historic resources, land acquisition needs, fee structure, and road and facility development. The completed management plan shall serve as the master plan for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.09.
- Subd. 6. BOUNDARIES. The following described lands are located within the boundaries of Cuyuna country state recreation area:

That part of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, lying within:

Section 1, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT that part of the Northwest Quarter lying west of the easterly right-of-way line of the Soo Line Railroad.

EXCEPT the South Half of the Southeast Quarter.

EXCEPT that part of the SE1/4 of the SW1/4 lying east of the easterly line of the Croft Mine Tract.

The Southeast Quarter of Section 2, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

All of Sections 3 and 4, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT Government Lot 2, Section 4, Township 46, Range 29.

That part of Section 5, Township 46 North, Range 29 West, lying southeasterly of the existing Township Road running through said Section 5.

Section 8, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT the Southwest Quarter.

EXCEPT the South Half of the Northwest Quarter.

EXCEPT that part of the North Half of the Northwest Quarter, lying west of an existing Township Road thereof.

All of Section 9, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

Section 10, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT the East Half of the Southeast Quarter.

EXCEPT the SW1/4 of the SE1/4.

EXCEPT the SE1/4 of the SW1/4 thereof.

Section 11, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT the South Half.

EXCEPT the South Half of the Northeast Quarter.

EXCEPT the SE1/4 of the NW1/4.

EXCEPT the North Half of the North Half of the Northwest Quarter.

EXCEPT that part of the NE1/4 of the NE1/4 lying southeasterly of the easterly right-of-way line of the railroad thereof.

That part of Section 16, Township 46 North, Range 29 West, lying northwest of Black Hoof Lake.

Section 19, Township 46 North, Range 29 West.

EXCEPT that part of the Southeast Quarter, lying southerly of the northerly right-of-way line of an existing Township Road.

That part of Section 34, Township 47 North, Range 29 West, bounded as follows:

On the North by the southerly right-of-way line of County State-Aid Highway No. 30.

On the West by the easterly right-of-way line of County State-Aid Highway No. 34.

On the East by the east line of said Section 34.

On the South by the south line of said Section 34.

That part of Section 33, Township 47 North, Range 29 West, lying southeasterly of the easterly right-of-way line of County State-Aid Highway No. 34.

Subject to easements of record for the following County Roads. An easement for C.S.A.H. No. 31 right-of-way purposes over, under and across the east line of said Section 1, also C.S.A.H. No. 30 easement for right-of-way purposes over, under and across the West Half of the Northwest Quarter and the Section line between said Sections 2 and 3, Township 46 North, Range 29 West and the Section line between Sections 34 and 35, Township 47 North, Range 29 West,

also for County Road No. 128 right-of-way purposes over, under and across the Section line between said Sections 16 and 17 and between Sections 8 and 17, also C.S.A.H. No. 34 right-of-way purposes over, under and across the Section line between said Sections 4 of Township 46 North, Range 29 West and Section 33 of Township 47 North, Range 29 West; subject to an easement of record for State Highway No. 6 right-of-way purposes over, under and across the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 1 and the Section line between said Sections 1 and 2; subject to any other easements, reservations and restrictions of record; subject to an easement for City of Ironton Street right-of-way purposes over, under and across the SW1/4 of the NW1/4 in Section 11, Township 46 North, Range 29 West, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Subject to easements of record for the following state roads, all Trunk Highway 6 and Trunk Highway 210 rights-of-way, in fee or easement, in the described land are exempted.

- Subd. 7. FEE. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 85.053, subdivision 2, no fee may be charged by the commissioner for use of the Cuyuna country state recreation area before May 1, 1994.
- Subd. 8. ADOPT-A-RECREATION AREA. The commissioner must utilize Minnesota Statutes, section 85.045, as much as possible in development and operation of the Cuyuna country state recreation area.
- Sec. 35. [85.019] GRANTS-IN-AID FOR RECREATIONAL BETTER-MENT.

Subdivision 1. DEFINITIONS. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given, except as otherwise expressly provided or indicated by the context.

- (b) "Athletic courts" means special surface area and supporting equipment or structures, such as nets, hoops, and walls, that can be used for active games that have definite boundaries and are played on a marked surface, limited to basketball, volleyball, handball, and tennis.
- (c) "Metropolitan council" and "metropolitan area" have the meanings given in section 473.121.
- (d) "Unit of government" means a county, city and home rule charter city, town, school district, public post-secondary educational institution, special park district, or an elected park and recreation board having control over parks, parkways, playgrounds, and trees in a city of the first class.
- Subd. 2. GRANTS FOR PARKS AND TRAILS. The commissioner shall administer a program to provide grants to units of government located within standard metropolitan statistical areas, as designated by the United States Office of Management and Budget, but outside of the metropolitan area defined in section 473.121. The grants shall be for acquisition and betterment by units of gov-

- ernment of public land and improvements needed for parks, trails, conservatories, zoos, and other special use facilities having recreational significance for the entire population of the particular standard metropolitan statistical area. Appropriations made for this purpose shall be expended with the approval of the governor after consultation with the legislative advisory commission. The legislative commission on Minnesota resources shall make recommendations to the legislative advisory commission regarding the expenditures. The local contribution required shall be not less than ten percent. The program shall be administered so as to ensure the maximum possible use of available federal money.
- Subd. 3. GRANTS FOR TRAILS IN LOCAL PARKS. The commissioner shall administer a program to provide grants to units of government for the betterment of public land and improvements needed for recreational trails in parks owned and operated by units of government. A grant shall not exceed 40 percent of the costs of the betterment of the trail. To be eligible for a grant, a unit of government must provide at least ten percent of the cost of the betterment of the trail.
- Subd. 4. GRANTS FOR LOCAL OUTDOOR ATHLETIC COURTS. The commissioner shall administer a program to provide grants to units of government for the betterment of public land and improvements needed for local athletic courts. A grant may not exceed 50 percent of the costs of the betterment of the athletic court. To be eligible for a grant, a unit of government must provide at least 50 percent of the costs of the betterment of the athletic court. In making grants the commissioner shall consider, among other factors, evidence of cooperation between units of government, local need and available financial resources, and court locations that encourage maximum use, patronage, and availability.
- Subd. 5. POWERS; RULES. The commissioner has all powers necessary and convenient to establish programs for recreational betterment grants-in-aid for parks, trails, and athletic courts under this section, including the authority to adopt rules for the program under chapter 14.
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 85.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **PURPOSE.** The purpose of the program is to encourage business and civic groups or individuals to assist, on a volunteer basis, in improving and maintaining state parks, <u>state recreation areas</u>, monuments, historic sites, and trails.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 85.22, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. RECEIPTS, APPROPRIATION. All receipts derived from the rental or sale of state park items and operation of Douglas Lodge shall be deposited in the state treasury and be credited to the state parks working capital account. Receipts and expenses from Douglas Lodge shall be tracked separately within the account. Money in the account is annually appropriated for the purchase and payment of expenses attributable to items for resale or rental and operation of Douglas Lodge. Any excess receipts in this account are annually appropriated for state park management and interpretive programs.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 86A.04, is amended to read:

86A.04 COMPOSITION OF SYSTEM.

The outdoor recreation system shall consist of all natural state parks; recreational state parks recreation areas; state trails established pursuant to sections 84.029, subdivision 2, and 85.015; state scientific and natural areas; state wilderness areas; state forests; state wildlife management areas; state water access sites, which include all lands and facilities established by the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner of transportation to provide public access to water; state wild, scenic, and recreational rivers; state historic sites; and state rest areas, which include all facilities established by the commissioner of transportation for the safety, rest, comfort and use of the highway traveler, and shall include all existing facilities designated as rest areas and waysides by the commissioner of transportation. Each individual natural state park, recreational state park recreation area, and so forth is called a "unit."

- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 86A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. NATURAL STATE PARK; PURPOSE; RESOURCE AND SITE QUALIFICATIONS; ADMINISTRATION. (a) A natural state park shall be established to protect and perpetuate extensive areas of the state possessing those resources which illustrate and exemplify Minnesota's natural phenomena and to provide for the use, enjoyment, and understanding of such resources without impairment for the enjoyment and recreation of future generations.
- (b) No unit shall be authorized as a natural state park unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
- (1) Exemplifies the natural characteristics of the major landscape regions of the state, as shown by accepted classifications, in an essentially unspoiled or restored condition or in a condition that will permit restoration in the foreseeable future; or contains essentially unspoiled natural resources of sufficient extent and importance to meaningfully contribute to the broad illustration of the state's natural phenomena; and
- (2) Contains natural resources, sufficiently diverse and interesting to attract people from throughout the state; and
- (3) Is sufficiently large to permit protection of the plant and animal life and other natural resources which give the park its qualities and provide for a broad range of opportunities for human enjoyment of these qualities.
- (c) Natural State parks shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision to preserve, perpetuate, and interpret natural features that existed in the area of the park prior to settlement and other significant natural, scenic, scientific, or historic features that are present. Management shall seek to maintain a balance

among the plant and animal life of the park and to reestablish desirable plants and animals that were formerly indigenous to the park area but are now missing. Programs to interpret the natural features of the park shall be provided. Outdoor recreation activities to utilize the natural features of the park that can be accommodated without material disturbance of the natural features of the park or the introduction of undue artificiality into the natural scene may be permitted. Park use shall be primarily for aesthetic, cultural, and educational purposes, and shall not be designed to accommodate all forms or unlimited volumes of recreational use. Physical development shall be limited to those facilities necessary to complement the natural features and the values being preserved.

- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 86A.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. RECREATIONAL STATE PARK RECREATION AREA; PURPOSE; RESOURCE AND SITE QUALIFICATIONS; ADMINISTRATION. (a) A recreational state park recreation area shall be established to provide a broad selection of outdoor recreation opportunities in a natural setting which may be used by large numbers of people.
- (b) No unit shall be authorized as a recreational state park recreation area unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
- (1) Contains natural or artificial resources which provide outstanding outdoor recreational opportunities that will attract visitors from beyond the local area;
- (2) Contains resources which permit intensive recreational use by large numbers of people; and
- (3) May be located in areas which have serious deficiencies in public outdoor recreation facilities, provided that recreational state parks recreation areas should not be provided in lieu of municipal, county, or regional facilities.
- (c) Recreational State parks recreation areas shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision primarily to provide as broad a selection of opportunities for outdoor recreation as is consistent with maintaining a pleasing natural environment. Scenic, historic, scientific, scarce, or disappearing resources within recreational state parks recreation areas shall be recommended for authorization as historic sites or designated scientific and natural areas pursuant to section 86A.08 to preserve and protect them. Physical development shall enhance and promote the use and enjoyment of the natural recreational resources of the area.
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 86A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. SECONDARY AUTHORIZATION; WHEN PERMITTED. A unit of the outdoor recreation system may be authorized wholly or par-

tially within the boundaries of another unit only when the authorization is consistent with the purposes and objectives of the respective units and only in the instances permitted below:

- (a) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a natural state park: historic site, scientific and natural area, wilderness area, wild, scenic, and recreational river, trail, rest area, and water access site.
- (b) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a recreational state park recreation area: historic site, scientific and natural area, wild, scenic, and recreational river, trail, rest area, and water access site.
- (c) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a state forest: natural state park, recreational state park recreation area, historic site, wildlife management area, scientific and natural area, wilderness area, wild, scenic, and recreational river, trail, rest area, and water access site.
- (d) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a state historic site: wild, scenic, and recreational river, trail, rest area, and water access site.
- (e) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a state wildlife management area: state water access site.
- (f) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a state wild, scenic, or recreational river: natural state park, historic site, scientific and natural area, wilderness area, trail, rest area, and water access site.
- (g) The following units may be authorized wholly or partially within a state rest area: historic site, trail, wild, scenic, and recreational river, and water access site.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 88.79, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. CHARGE FOR SERVICE; RECEIPTS TO GENERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND. The commissioner of natural resources may charge the owner receiving such services such sums as the commissioner shall determine to be fair and reasonable. The charges must account for differences in the value of timber. The receipts from such services shall be credited to the general special revenue fund and are annually appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes specified in subdivision 1.
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 90.031, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. The executive council may formulate and establish, from time to time, rules it deems advisable for the transaction of timber business of the state, including approval of the sale of timber on any tract in a lot exceeding \$20,000 \$50,000 when the sale is in the best interests of the state, and may abrogate, modify, or suspend rules at its pleasure.

- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 90.041, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. The commissioner may sell at public auction timber that has been damaged by fire, windstorm, flood, or other natural cause on notice that the commissioner considers reasonable when there is a high risk that the salvage value of the timber would be lost.
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 90.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

90.101 TIMBER SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, MAXIMUM LOTS OF \$20,000 \$50,000.

Subdivision 1. The commissioner may sell the timber on any tract of state land in lots not exceeding \$20,000 \$50,000 in appraised value and may determine the number of sections or fractional sections of land to be covered by any one permit issued to the purchaser of timber on state lands, or in any one contract or other instrument relating thereto. No timber shall be sold, except (1) to the highest bidder at public auction, or (2) if unsold at public auction the commissioner may offer the timber for private sale for a period of no more than 90 days after the public auction to any person who pays the appraised value for the timber. The minimum price shall be the appraised value as fixed by the report of the state appraiser. All sales shall be held in the county in which the tract is located. In adjoining counties, sales may not be held less than two hours apart.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 90.121, is amended to read:

90.121 INTERMEDIATE AUCTION SALES; MAXIMUM LOTS OF \$7,000 \$15,000.

The commissioner may sell the timber on any tract of state land in lots not exceeding \$7,000 \$15,000 in appraised value, in the same manner as timber sold at public auction under section 90.101, and related laws, subject to the following special exceptions and limitations:

- (1) sales shall be at the forest office or other public facility most accessible to potential bidders or close to where the tract is located;
- (2) the commissioner's list describing the tract, quantity of timber, and appraised price shall be compiled not less than 30 days before the date of sale and a copy of the list posted not less than 30 days before the date of the sale;
- (3) notice of the sale shall be published once, not less than one week before the date of the sale;
- (4) no bidder may be awarded more than 25 percent of the total tracts offered at the first round of bidding unless fewer than four tracts are offered, in which case not more than one tract shall be awarded to one bidder. Any tract not sold shall be available for a period of 90 days for purchase by persons eligible under this section at the appraised value;

- (5) the bond or deposit required pursuant to section 90.161 or 90.173 shall be given or deposited before any cutting begins or not later than nine months after the date of sale, whichever is earlier;
- (6) in lieu of the placing of the marks M I N on cut products as prescribed under section 90.151, subdivision 2, all landings of cut products shall be legibly marked with the name of the permit holder and the assigned permit number;
- (7) no person may hold more than six permits issued under this section and no sale may be made to a person holding six permits which are still in effect or to a person having more than 20 employees;
 - (8) the permit may not exceed one year in duration;
- (9) if the purchaser for good and sufficient reason is unable to cut the timber within the one year permit period, the commissioner may grant one extension for a period of up to one year from the date of expiration of the original permit without interest, and one additional extension of one year with interest at the rate in effect under section 549.09 at the time the extension is granted;
- (10) if all cut timber, equipment, and buildings, are not removed at the end of any 120-day extension period which the commissioner may grant for removal, the commissioner may grant a second period of time not to exceed 120 days for the removal of cut timber, equipment, and buildings upon receipt of a request by the permit holder for hardship reasons only.

The auction sale procedure set forth in this section constitutes an additional alternative timber sale procedure available to the commissioner and is not intended to replace other authority possessed by the commissioner to sell timber in lots of \$7,000 \$15,000 or less.

- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 90.201, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. When standing timber under a valid permit is damaged through fire, windstorm, flood, or other natural cause, the commissioner may reappraise the timber and modify the permit. The commissioner shall ensure that the reappraisal is in the best interest of the state and the trust.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 92.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. PUBLIC CAMPGROUNDS. (a) The director may designate suitable portions of the state lands withdrawn from sale and not reserved, as provided in section 92.45, as permanent state public campgrounds. The director may have the land surveyed and platted into lots of convenient size, and lease them for cottage and camp purposes under terms and conditions the director prescribes, subject to the provisions of this section.
 - (b) A lease may not be for a term more than 20 years. The lease may allow

renewal, from time to time, for additional terms of no longer than 20 years each. The lease may be canceled by the commissioner 90 days after giving the person leasing the land written notice of violation of lease conditions. The lease rate shall be based on the appraised value of leased land as determined by the commissioner of natural resources and shall be adjusted by the commissioner at the fifth, tenth, and 15th anniversary of the lease, if the appraised value has increased or decreased. For leases that are renewed in 1991 and following years, the lease rate shall be five percent of the appraised value of the leased land. The appraised value shall be the value of the leased land without any private improvements and must be comparable to similar land without any improvements within the same county. The minimum appraised value that the commissioner assigns to the leased land must be substantially equal to the county assessor's estimated market value of similar land adjusted by the assessment/sales ratio as determined by the department of revenue.

- (c) By July 1, 1986, the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules under chapter 14 to establish procedures for leasing land under this section. The rules shall be subject to review and approval by the commissioners of revenue and administration prior to the initial publication pursuant to chapter 14 and prior to their final adoption. The rules must address at least the following:
 - (1) method of appraising the property; and
 - (2) an appeal procedure for both the appraised values and lease rates.
- (d) All money received from these leases must be credited to the fund to which the proceeds of the land belong.

Notwithstanding section 16A.125 or any other law to the contrary, 50 percent of the money received from the lease of permanent school fund lands leased pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited into the permanent school trust fund. However, in fiscal years 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, and 1994 and 1995, the this money received from the lease of permanent school fund lands that would otherwise be deposited into must be credited to the lakeshore sales account in the permanent school fund is hereby appropriated and, subject to appropriation, may be used to survey, appraise, and pay associated selling costs of lots as required in section 92.67, subdivision 3. The money appropriated may not be used to pay the cost of surveying lots not scheduled for sale. Any money designated for deposit in the permanent school fund that is not needed to survey, appraise, and pay associated selling costs of lots, as required in section 92.67, shall be deposited in the permanent school fund. The commissioner shall add to the appraised value of any lot offered for sale the costs of surveying, appraising, and selling the lot, and shall first deposit into the permanent school fund an amount equal to the costs of surveying, appraising, and selling any lot paid out of the permanent school fund. Any remaining money shall be deposited into any other contributing funds in proportion to the contribution from each fund. In no case may the commissioner add to the appraised value of any lot offered for sale an amount more than \$700 for the costs of surveying and appraising the lot.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 94.165, is amended to read:

94.165 LAND ACQUISITION ACCOUNT.

There is created in the state treasury a land acquisition account. Subject to appropriation by law, Money in the account is available appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for the acquisition of natural resource lands or interests in lands within the outdoor recreation system established in chapter 86A. The commissioner must file a report to the house ways and means and the senate finance committees and the environment and natural resources committees of the senate and house of representatives by October 1 of each year indicating all purchases and sales from this account.

Sec. 50. [97A.028] CROP PROTECTION ASSISTANCE.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> **DEFINITIONS.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

- (b) "Agricultural crops" means annually seeded crops, legumes, fruit orchards, tree farms and nurseries, turf farms, and apiaries.
- (c) "Specialty crops" means fruit orchards, vegetables, tree farms and nurseries, turf farms, and apiaries.
- Subd. 2. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. The commissioner shall establish a statewide program to provide technical assistance to persons for the protection of agricultural crops from destruction by wild animals. As part of the program, the commissioner shall develop and identify the latest and most effective abatement techniques; acquire appropriate demonstration supplies and materials required to meet specialized needs; train property owners, field staff, public land managers, extension agents, pest control operators, and others; provide technical manuals and brochures; and provide field personnel with supplies and materials for damage abatement demonstrations and short-term assistance and for the establishment of food or lure crops where appropriate.
- Subd. 3. EMERGENCY DETERRENT MATERIALS ASSISTANCE. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, "cooperative damage management agreement" means an agreement between a landowner and the commissioner that establishes a program for addressing the problem of destruction of specialty crops by wild animals on the landowner's property.
- (b) A person may apply to the commissioner for emergency deterrent materials assistance in controlling destruction of specialty crops by wild animals. Subject to the availability of money appropriated for this purpose, the commissioner shall provide suitable deterrent materials, up to \$3,000 in value per individual or corporation, when the commissioner determines that:
- (1) immediate action is necessary to prevent significant damage from continuing; and

- (2) a cooperative damage management agreement cannot be implemented immediately.
- (c) As a condition of receiving emergency deterrent materials assistance under this subdivision, a landowner shall enter into a cooperative damage management agreement with the commissioner. Deterrent materials provided by the commissioner may include repellents, fencing materials, or other materials recommended in the agreement to alleviate the damage problem. A landowner may not receive emergency deterrent materials assistance under this subdivision more than once. A landowner who receives emergency deterrent materials assistance under this subdivision shall comply with the terms of the cooperative damage management agreement.
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. ESTABLISHMENT; PURPOSES. The game and fish fund is established as a fund in the state treasury. The money in the fund is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the activities of the division of fish and wildlife and the division of enforcement.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd.</u> <u>4. ANNUAL REPORT. (a) By November 15 each year, the commissioner shall report to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over appropriations and the environment and natural resources on:</u>
- (1) the amount of revenue from the following and purposes for which expenditures were made:
 - (i) the fishing license surcharge under section 97A.475, subdivision 9;
 - (ii) the small game license surcharge under section 97A.475, subdivision 4;
- (iii) the Minnesota migratory waterfowl stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 5, clause (1);
 - (iv) the trout and salmon stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 10; and
 - (v) the pheasant stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 5, clause (2); and
- (2) the amounts available under section 97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (c), and the purposes for which these amounts were spent.
- (b) The report must include the commissioner's recommendations, if any, for changes in the laws relating to the stamps and surcharges referenced in paragraph (a).
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.071, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Ch. 172

- Subd. 2. REVENUE FROM THE SMALL GAME LICENSE SUR-CHARGE. Revenue from the small game surcharge shall be credited to the wildlife acquisition account and the money in the account shall be used by the commissioner for the purposes of this section, and acquisition and development of wildlife lands under section 97A.145, in accordance with appropriations made by the legislature.
- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **DEER AND BEAR LICENSES.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (4) and (5), and 3, clauses (2) and (3).
- (b) At least \$2 from each deer license shall be used for deer habitat improvement or deer management programs.
- (c) At least \$1 from each resident deer license and each resident bear license shall be used for deer and bear management programs, including a computerized licensing system.
- Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.441, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. OWNERS OR TENANTS OF AGRICULTURAL LAND. (a) The commissioner may issue, without an additional fee, a license to take additional deer with firearms under section 97B.301, subdivision 4, to a person who is an owner or tenant and lives on at least ten acres of agricultural land, as defined in section 97B.001, in an area where the commissioner has made these licenses available. Landowners and tenants applying for a license under this subdivision must receive preference over other applicants for the licenses.
- (b) Persons who obtain a license under paragraph (a) must allow public deer hunting on their land during that deer hunting season.
- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97A.475, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. FISH HOUSES; NONRESIDENT. The fee Fees for a fish house licenses for a nonresident is \$21.50 are:
 - (1) annual, \$25; and
 - (2) seven consecutive days, \$14.
- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 97C.355, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. LICENSE REQUIRED. A person may not take fish from a dark house or fish house unless the house is licensed and has a metal license tag attached to the exterior as prescribed by the commissioner, except as provided

in this subdivision. The commissioner must issue a metal tag that is at least two inches in diameter with a 3/16 inch hole in the center with a dark house or fish house license. The metal tag must be stamped with a number to correspond with the license and the year of issue. A dark house or fish house license is not required of a resident on boundary waters where the adjacent state does not charge a fee for the same activity.

- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115A.90, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. SHREDDER RESIDUE. "Shredder residue" means the residue generated by shredding a motor vehicle, an appliance, or other source of recyclable steel after removing the reusable and recyclable materials.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115A.908, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **DEPOSIT OF REVENUE.** Revenue collected shall be credited to the motor vehicle transfer account in the environmental fund.
- Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115A.908, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. REPEALER. This section is repealed on December 31, 1994 1996.
 - Sec. 61. [115A.909] SHREDDER RESIDUE; MANAGEMENT.

The commissioner, in consultation with persons who are engaged in the business of shredding motor vehicles, appliances, and other sources of recyclable steel, shall study management of shredder residue. To the extent possible under state and federal law, the commissioner shall encourage reduction in the amount of residue generated, allow beneficial use of the residue, and minimize costs of management and disposal. The commissioner shall study all reasonably ascertainable alternatives for management of the residue, including use as cover material at solid waste disposal facilities, use in manufacture of refuse derived fuel, and any other resource recovery management technique.

- Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115A.96, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. OTHER PARTICIPANTS. (a) The agency may establish or operate all or part of the management program or may provide for services by contract or other agreement with public or private entities.
- (b) The agency shall allow these programs to accept up to 100 pounds of waste per year from a hazardous waste generator that generates 220 pounds or less of hazardous waste per month.
- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115A.96, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. MANAGEMENT. Any person who establishes or operates all or part of a household hazardous waste management program shall manage collected waste in compliance with standards applicable to a hazardous waste generator. If collected waste must be stored for a time exceeding those standards, the agency or other entity shall obtain the approval of the commissioner of the agency and shall manage the waste in compliance with applicable standards for the use and management of containers, but no facility permit is required. Waste accepted under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), must be managed in accordance with standards applicable to the waste.
- Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 1a. TAXES IMPOSED. Until January 1, 2004, a generator of hazardous waste shall pay a tax in an amount equal to the greater of the applicable base tax under subdivision 2a or the quantity tax determined under subdivision 3a.</u>
- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. BASE TAX. (a) The base tax for large quantity generators, as defined in rules of the agency, is \$500.
- (b) The base tax for small quantity generators, as defined in rules of the agency, is \$200.
- (c) The base tax for very small quantity generators, as defined in rules of the agency, that produce more than 100 pounds per year of hazardous waste is \$50.
- (d) There is no base tax for very small quantity generators, as defined in rules of the agency, that produce 100 pounds or less per year of hazardous waste.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd.</u> 3a. QUANTITY TAX. (a) The quantity tax does not apply to very small quantity generators, as defined in the rules of the agency. The quantity tax is determined as provided in paragraphs (b) to (d).
- (b) Generators of hazardous waste managed using either of the following methods as defined in rules adopted under sections 115.03, 116.07, and 116.37 shall pay taxes on the waste at the rate of 1.5 cents per pound of solid or 15 cents per gallon of liquid:
- (1) hazardous wastes that are hazardous prior to discharge to a publicly owned wastewater treatment works; and
- (2) <u>hazardous wastes managed as a hazardous waste fuel or using thermal</u> treatment.

- (c) Generators of hazardous waste managed using any of the following methods as defined in rules adopted under sections 115.03, 116.07, and 116.37 are exempt from paying taxes on the wastes:
- (1) hazardous wastes that are destined for recycling, including waste accumulated, stored, or treated prior to recycling;
- (2) hazardous waste that is destined for incineration at a permitted hazardous waste incineration facility in Minnesota;
- (3) hazardous wastes that are either (i) pretreated to a nonhazardous state prior to discharge to a publicly owned treatment works, or (ii) treated to a nonhazardous state after treatment in an on-site treatment system, if the publicly owned treatment works or on-site treatment system is operated in accordance with a national pollution discharge elimination system permit, state disposal system permit, or both, issued by the agency; and
- (4) <u>hazardous wastes that are neutralized and are not otherwise hazardous</u> waste after neutralizing.
- (d) Generators of hazardous waste shall pay taxes on hazardous wastes managed using any other method not mentioned in this subdivision at the rate of three cents per pound of solid or 30 cents per gallon of liquid.
- Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd.</u> <u>4a.</u> HAZARDOUS WASTES NOT SUBJECT TO TAX. <u>The taxes imposed by this section do not apply to hazardous wastes generated as a result of a response action or hazardous wastes generated as a result of lead acid battery smelting.</u>
- Sec. 68. [115B.223] HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR LOAN PROGRAM.
- Subdivision 1. ESTABLISHMENT. A hazardous waste generator revolving loan program is established to provide loans to small businesses for the purpose of conducting response actions to clean up releases of hazardous waste.
- <u>Subd.</u> <u>2.</u> RULES. (a) <u>The commissioner of the pollution control agency may adopt rules regarding practices and procedures including, but not limited to:</u>
 - (1) form and procedure for loan application;
 - (2) terms for loans and loan repayment; and
 - (3) criteria for eligibility.
- (b) The commissioner of the pollution control agency may adopt emergency rules under this subdivision for one year following the effective date of this section.

- <u>Subd.</u> 3. ELIGIBLE BORROWER. To be eligible for a loan under this section, a borrower must:
 - (1) be a generator of hazardous waste;
 - (2) have a release or suspected release of hazardous waste;
- (3) own or operate the facility at which the release of hazardous waste occurred;
 - (4) have less than 50 full-time employees;
 - (5) have an after-tax profit of less than \$500,000; and
 - (6) have a net worth of less than \$1,000,000.
- Subd. 4. LOAN APPLICATION PROCEDURE. An eligible borrower may apply for a loan after the commissioner approves a plan for the response actions. Loans will be awarded to eligible borrowers in the order that applications are received by the pollution control agency.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> LIMITATION ON LOAN OBLIGATION. A <u>loan made under this section is limited to the money available in the hazardous waste generator loan account.</u>
- <u>Subd.</u> <u>6.</u> LOAN CONDITIONS. <u>A loan made under this section must include:</u>
 - (1) an interest rate of one percent less than the prime rate;
 - (2) a term of payment of not more than five years; and
 - (3) an amount not less than \$1,000 or exceeding \$50,000.
- Sec. 69. [115B.224] HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR LOAN ACCOUNT.

The hazardous waste generator loan account is established in the environmental response, compensation, and compliance account for the purposes described in section 115B.223. Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of the pollution control agency for the purposes of this section. Loan repayments must be credited to the hazardous waste generator loan account.

- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.24, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. PAYMENT BY OUT-OF-STATE GENERATORS. A generator of any hazardous waste which is generated outside of this state and is transported into this state for long-term containment or treatment as described in section 115B.22, subdivisions 2 to 5 treatment or disposal shall pay the tax

New language is indicated by <u>underline</u>, deletions by strikeout.

imposed by section 115B.22 at the first point at which the hazardous wastes are received by a person in this state for storage, treatment or long-term containment treatment or disposal. The tax shall be paid to the person who first receives the wastes in this state at the time the waste is received and shall be remitted by that person to the commissioner of revenue quarterly in the form and manner provided by the commissioner.

- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **EXPENDITURES.** Subject to appropriation, money in the account may be spent for:
 - (1) inspection of mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities to:
- (1) (i) evaluate the adequacy of final cover, slopes, vegetation, and erosion control;
- (2) (ii) determine the presence and concentration of hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, and decomposition gases; and
 - (3) (iii) determine the boundaries of fill areas; and
- (2) response actions at mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities under chapter 115B.
- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115D.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. REQUIREMENT TO PREPARE AND MAINTAIN A PLAN. (a) Persons who operate a facility required by United States Code, title 42, section 11023, or section 299K.08, subdivision 3, to submit a toxic chemical release form shall prepare a toxic pollution prevention plan for that facility. The plan must contain the information listed in subdivision 2.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), for facilities that release less than a total of 10,000 pounds or more of toxic pollutants annually, the plan must be completed as follows:
- (1) on or before July 1, 1991, for facilities having a two-digit standard industrial classification of 35 to 39;
- (2) by January 1, 1992, for facilities having a two-digit standard industrial classification of 28 to 34; and
- (3) by July 1, 1992, for all other persons required to prepare a plan under this subdivision.
- (c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), facilities that release less than a total of 10,000 pounds of toxic pollutants annually must complete their plans by July 1, 1992.

- (d) For the following facilities, the plan must be completed as follows:
- (1) by January 1, 1995, for facilities required to report under section 299K.08, subdivision 3, that have a two-digit standard industrial classification of 01 to 50; and
- (2) by July 1, 1995, for facilities required to report under section 299K.08, subdivision 3, that have a two-digit standard industrial classification of 51 to 99.
- (e) For facilities that become subject to this subdivision after July 1, 1993, the plan must be completed by six months after the first submittal for the facility under United States Code, title 42, section 11023, or section 299K.08, subdivision 3.
- (f) Each plan must be updated every two years and must be maintained at the facility to which it pertains.
 - Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115D.10, is amended to read:

115D.10 TOXIC POLLUTION PREVENTION EVALUATION REPORT.

The director, in cooperation with the commissioner and commission, shall report to the environment and natural resources committees of the legislature annually on progress being made in achieving the objectives of sections 115D.01 to 115D.12. The report must be submitted by December 15 February 1 of each even-numbered year, beginning in 1992.

- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115D.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. FEES. (a) Persons required by United States Code, title 42, section 11023, to submit a toxic chemical release form to the commission, and owners or operators of facilities listed in section 299K.08, subdivision 3, shall pay a pollution prevention fee of \$150 for each toxic pollutant reported released plus a fee based on the total pounds of toxic pollutants reported as released from each facility. Facilities reporting less than 25,000 pounds annually of toxic pollutants released per facility shall be assessed a fee of \$500. Facilities reporting annual releases of toxic pollutants in excess of 25,000 pounds shall be assessed a graduated fee at the rate of two cents per pound of toxic pollutants reported.
- (b) Persons who generate more than 1,000 kilograms of hazardous waste per month but who are not subject to the fee under paragraph (a) must pay a pollution prevention fee of \$500 per facility. Hazardous waste as used in this paragraph has the meaning given it in section 116.06, subdivision 11, and Minnesota Rules, chapter 7045.
- (c) Fees required under this subdivision must be paid to the director by January 1 of each year. The fees shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the environmental fund.

- Sec. 75. [115D.14] DEFINITIONS.
- Subdivision 1. SCOPE. As used in sections 64 and 65, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given.
 - Subd. 2. AGENCY. "Agency" means the pollution control agency.
- Subd. 3. INTEGRITY OF AQUATIC OR TERRESTRIAL ECO-SYSTEMS. "Integrity of aquatic or terrestrial ecosystems" means the maintenance of mutually beneficial species of plants and animals and of other natural characteristics so that the biological viability of the ecosystem is ensured.
- Subd. 4. TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT. "Toxic air contaminant" means an air contaminant that may cause or contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in a chronic or an acute illness, or which may pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the integrity of aquatic or terrestrial ecosystems.
 - Sec. 76. [115D.15] REPORTS TO THE LEGISLATURE.
- <u>Subdivision 1. INITIAL REPORT. By January 1, 1995, the agency must submit to the environment and natural resources committees of the legislature a report that includes:</u>
- (1) a five-year regulatory strategy to protect the public health and the environment from emissions of toxic air contaminants; and
- (2) a list prioritizing and categorizing facilities emitting toxic air contaminants.
- <u>Subd.</u> 2. CONTINUING REPORTS. <u>Beginning January 1, 1997, and every two years thereafter, the agency shall submit to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resource issues a report that provides an update of the following:</u>
- (1) an analysis of the achievements, shortfalls, and resource needs for implementing the agency's strategy under subdivision 1, clause (1);
- (2) an analysis of the data collected from the agency's statewide monitoring and inventory program under section 116.454;
 - (3) an analysis of reductions in emissions of toxic air contaminants; and
- (4) an updated list prioritizing and categorizing facilities emitting toxic air contaminants.
- Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 10. SOLID WASTE ASSESSMENTS. (a) A person that collects mixed municipal solid waste shall collect and remit to the commissioner of reve-

nue a solid waste assessment from each of the person's customers as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).

- (b) The amount of the assessment for each residential customer is \$2 per year. Each waste collector shall collect the assessment annually from each residential customer that is receiving waste collection service on July 1 of each year and shall remit the amount collected along with the collector's first remittance of the sales tax on solid waste collection services, described in section 297A.45, made after October 1 of each year. Any amount of the assessment that is received by the waste collector after October 1 of each year must be remitted along with the collector's next remittance of sales tax after receipt of the assessment.
- (c) The amount of the assessment for each nonresidential customer is 12 cents per noncompacted cubic yard of periodic waste collection capacity purchased by the customer. Each waste collector shall collect the assessment from each nonresidential customer as part of each statement for payment of waste collection charges and shall remit the amount collected along with the next remittance of sales tax after receipt of the assessment.
- (d) The commissioner of revenue shall redesign sales tax forms for solid waste collectors to accommodate payment of the assessment. The commissioner of revenue shall deposit the amounts remitted under this subdivision in the environmental fund and shall credit four-sevenths of the receipts to the landfill cleanup account established in section 115B.42.
- (e) For the purposes of this subdivision, a "person that collects mixed municipal solid waste" means each person that pays sales tax on solid waste collection services under section 297A.45.
- (f) The audit, penalty, enforcement, and administrative provisions applicable to taxes imposed under chapter 297A apply to the assessments imposed under this subdivision.
 - Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 116J.401, is amended to read:

116J.401 POWERS AND DUTIES.

The commissioner of trade and economic development shall:

- (1) provide regional development commissions, the metropolitan council, and units of local government with information, technical assistance, training, and advice on using federal and state programs;
- (2) receive and administer the small cities community development block grant program authorized by Congress under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended;
- (3) receive and administer the section 107 technical assistance program grants authorized by Congress under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended;

- (4) receive and administer grants for the Minnesota jail resource center authorized by Congress under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended;
- (5) receive and administer the land and water conservation grant program authorized by Congress under the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, as amended:
- (6) receive and administer other state and federal grants and grant programs for planning, community affairs, community development purposes, and other state and federal programs assigned to the department by law or by the governor in accordance with section 4.07; and
- (7) (6) receive applications for state and federal grants and grant programs for planning, community affairs, and community development purposes, and other state and federal programs assigned to the department by law or by the governor in accordance with section 4.07.
 - Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 116P.10, is amended to read:

116P.10 ROYALTIES, COPYRIGHTS, PATENTS.

This section applies to projects supported by the trust fund, the Minnesota future resources fund, and the oil overcharge money referred to in section 4.071, subdivision 2, each of which is referred to in this section as a "fund." The trust fund owns and shall take title to the percentage of a royalty, copyright, or patent resulting from a project supported by the trust fund equal to the percentage of the project's total funding provided by the trust fund. Cash receipts resulting from a royalty, copyright, or patent, or the sale of the trust fund's rights to a royalty, copyright, or patent, must be credited immediately to the principal of the trust fund. Before a project is included in the budget plan, the commission may vote to relinquish the ownership or rights to a royalty, copyright, or patent resulting from a project supported by the trust fund to the project's proposer when the amount of the original grant or loan, plus interest, has been repaid to the trust fund.

- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 297A.45, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. SEPARATE ACCOUNTING. The commissioner shall account for revenue collected from public and private mixed municipal solid waste collection and disposal services under this section separately from other tax revenue collected under this chapter.
- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 299K.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), in addition to facilities specified in the federal act, the following facilities shall comply with the toxic chemical release reporting requirements of section 11023 of the federal act and United States Code, title 42, section 13106, to the same extent as facilities that are required by federal law to comply with these requirements: facilities having a two-digit standard industrial classification of 10, 40, 45, or 49; a three-digit standard industrial

- classification of 806, 807, or 822; or a four-digit standard industrial classification of 5161, 5162, 5169, 7384, 7389 (solvent recovery facilities only), 8734, or 9223.
- (b) For the facilities added in this section, the toxic chemical release reporting requirements of section 11023 of the federal act, and sections 115D.07, 115D.08, and 115D.12, do not apply to substances that are associated with or incidental to the combustion of fossil fuels or other fuels for the generation of electricity or the production of steam.
- Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 299K.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. EXEMPTIONS. (a) A person may petition the commission to:

- (1) exempt all facilities having a standard industrial classification listed in subdivision 3, or a classification within one of the listed classifications, from the reporting requirements of subdivision 3; or
 - (2) review a previously granted exemption.
- (b) In making a determination on a petition under paragraph (a), the commission shall consider:
- (1) the reported or estimated releases and transfers from facilities within the affected classification;
 - (2) the quality of the data submitted;
- (3) the extent to which facilities within the affected classification report no releases or transfers;
 - (4) the number of reporting facilities in the affected classification;
- (5) the percentage of all releases and transfers in the state that are reported by facilities in the affected classification;
- (6) hazards to public safety and the environment posed by releases and transfers from facilities in the affected classification; and
 - (7) other factors identified by the commission.
- (c) The commission shall hold at least one public meeting to receive testimony on the petition. The commission shall publish in the State Register notice of granted exemptions. The commission shall report on the status of petitions and exemptions as part of the annual toxic release inventory report.
- (d) A facility specified in paragraph (a) that is not within a classification exempted under paragraph (b) and does not release or transfer chemicals subject to reporting under section 11023 of the federal act is exempt from reporting under subdivision 3 if the owner or operator of the facility certifies in writing to

the commission that there are no releases or transfers at the facility. The certification must be submitted to the commission by the first reporting date for the facility under the federal act. The facility is exempt from further reporting unless there is a release or transfer from the facility or there is a change in the facility's standard industrial classification. Facilities that qualify for this exemption shall maintain documentation supporting the exemption and shall provide this documentation at the request of the commission.

- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 473.351, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL OBLIGATION. Annually before August 1 the metropolitan council shall distribute grant money received from the commissioner of trade and economic development natural resources to fund the operation and maintenance expenditures of the implementing agencies for the operation and maintenance of regional park and open space systems. The metropolitan council shall annually report to the legislature the amount distributed to each implementing agency and its estimate of the percentage of operation and maintenance expenditures paid for with operation and maintenance money.

Sec. 84. ADMINISTRATION OF EXISTING UNITS NOT AFFECTED.

This act does not affect the administration, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.03, subdivision 4, of state parks and recreation areas in existence before July 1, 1993.

Sec. 85. MODIFICATION OF TIMBER PERMITS.

The commissioner may modify a timber permit covering standing timber that was damaged as a result of windstorms that occurred on September 16, 1992. This subdivision expires June 1, 1995.

Sec. 86. LAKE SUPERIOR DIVER ACCESS.

The \$20,000 appropriated by Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 14, subdivision 3(h), for diver access at Split Rock Lighthouse state park may be used for diver access at other areas along the north shore of Lake Superior.

Sec. 87. INFORMATION POLICY OFFICE (IPO) APPROVAL.

Appropriations for information systems shall not be allotted until the commissioner of the agency certifies to the commissioner of finance that all IPO project requirements have been met or will be met. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

Sec. 88. INSURANCE BUYOUT FORMULA FOR LANDFILL LIABILITY.

The commissioner of commerce shall prepare a recommended formula for

determining a specific amount an insurance company may tender to the state in lieu of payment of benefits, if any, under all policies issued by the company which may be claimed to provide coverage for damages arising out of contamination at permitted mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities. By November 1, 1993, the commissioner shall submit the recommended formula to the senate committees on environment and natural resources and commerce and consumer protection and the house of representatives committees on environment and natural resources and financial institutions and insurance. The formula must take into account the likelihood and extent of coverage, if any, under the policies, and other factors determined by the commissioner to be relevant. The commissioner shall also report on the fiscal impact of the formula on insurance companies which may have issued policies. The commissioner shall consult with insurance industry representatives in developing the formula. The commissioner may contract with actuaries and other consultants in developing the formula. The commissioner of the pollution control agency shall cooperate with the commissioner of commerce in developing the formula.

Sec. 89. CLAIMS OF MARSHALL COUNTY RELATING TO CONSOLIDATED CONSERVATION LANDS.

The commissioner of natural resources shall review claims from Marshall county for road construction and maintenance costs from 1986 to 1992 that are payable under Minnesota Statutes, section 84A.32, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), and shall pay appropriate amounts from the state portion of Marshall county receipts. The commissioner shall prepare a five-year projection of receipts available to pay the claims and report the amounts to the county and the legislature. Claims for calendar year 1993 and subsequent years must be submitted on forms provided by the commissioner by April 15 of the following calendar year.

Sec. 90. SHREDDER RESIDUE; GRANTS.

The commissioner of the pollution control agency may make a grant to a person engaged in the business of shredding and recycling motor vehicles, appliances, and other sources of recyclable steel for the purposes of studying the feasibility of alternative methods of managing shredder residue left over after the reusable and recyclable materials are removed. A person applying for a grant shall include in the application a list of the activities the person will undertake and reasonable estimates of the costs of those activities. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the grant, not to exceed \$300,000 or 50 percent of the total cost of the studies proposed in the grant application, whichever is less.

A person receiving a grant under this section may use the proceeds of the grant for the costs of:

- (1) determining and testing methods of reducing the amount of shredder residue and the amount of hazardous constituents in the residue;
- (2) periodic testing of shredder residue for hazardous constituents over a limited time period to be determined by the commissioner, but not less than six months;

- (3) research and development of potential beneficial uses of the residue, including any preprocessing methods that may be applied to the residue to enable it to be beneficially used; and
- (4) any necessary testing of alternative management technologies to determine the environmental and economic effects of the technologies.

Sec. 91. STUDY; WEIGHTING HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES BY SEVERITY OF HAZARD.

The commissioner of the pollution control agency shall study the feasibility and advisability of weighting hazardous substances by the severity of the hazards associated with the substances for the purposes of assessing hazardous waste generator fees under Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 116.12, hazardous waste generator taxes under Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115B.22, toxic pollution prevention fees under Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 115D.12, and any other fees paid by persons who use, store, transport, or treat hazardous substances or who generate hazardous waste or emit hazardous substances to the air, land, or waters of the state. By January 15, 1994, the commissioner shall report the findings of the study to the legislative commission on waste management and to each chair and member of the environment and natural resources policy and finance committees of the legislature.

Sec. 92. SOLID WASTE FEE STUDY.

The director of the office of waste management, in consultation with the commissioner of the pollution control agency, shall conduct a study of all taxes, surcharges, service charges, service fees, license fees, utility fees, permit fees, and all other taxes, surcharges, or fees imposed on solid waste collection, processing, or disposal by state, county, and local units of government. The study shall include the rate and amount of each charge collected and shall include analysis of the use of all the money collected. The study shall be completed by December 1, 1994, and shall be submitted to the legislative commission on waste management and the environment and natural resources finance committees and divisions of the legislature. The study shall recommend appropriate sources of revenue for funding of:

- (1) agency solid waste regulatory activities;
- (2) solid waste management activities of local units of government; and
- (3) the appropriateness of redirecting existing waste management fees to the cleanup of landfills.

Sec. 93. REPEALER.

- (a) Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 115B.21, subdivisions 4 and 6; and 115B.22, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, are repealed on January 1, 1994.
 - (b) Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 116J.406, is repealed.

(c) Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 115B.21 to 115B.24, are repealed effective January 1, 2004.

Sec. 94. EFFECTIVE DATES.

Sections 5, subdivision 10; 44; 47; 85; and 86 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 43; 45; and 46 are effective August 1, 1993. Sections 64 and 80 are effective January 1, 1994.

Presented to the governor May 10, 1993

Signed by the governor May 13, 1993, 5:25 p.m.

CHAPTER 173—H.F.No. 163 VETOED

CHAPTER 174—H.F.No. 947

VETOED

CHAPTER 175-H.F.No. 1402

An act relating to natural resources; defining as "repair" under the drainage code certain incidental straightening of tiles and use of larger tile sizes under certain circumstances; amending requirements relating to replacement of wetlands; modifying exemptions; requiring the wetland heritage advisory committee to meet at least twice per year; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 103E.701, subdivision 1; 103G.222; 103G.2241; 103G.2242, subdivisions 2 and 11; and 103G.2369, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision; Laws 1991, chapter 354, article 7, section 2.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 103E.701, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **DEFINITION.** The term "repair," as used in this section, means to restore all or a part of a drainage system as nearly as practicable to the same condition as originally constructed and subsequently improved, including resloping of ditches and leveling of waste banks if necessary to prevent further deterioration, realignment to original construction if necessary to restore the