Presented to the governor May 24, 1991

Became law without the governor's signature May 29, 1991

[Revisor's Note: While the governor attempted to veto this chapter, the Ramsev County District Court found the attempted veto to be invalid.]

CHAPTER 247—H.F.No. 1422

VETOED

CHAPTER 248—H.F.No. 126

An act relating to highways; designating the Paul Bunyan Expressway from Little Falls through Cass Lake to Bemidji; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 161.14, by adding a subdivision.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 25. PAUL BUNYAN EXPRESSWAY. That portion of trunk highway marked No. 371 from Little Falls to its intersection with trunk highway marked No. 2 in Cass Lake and that portion of trunk highway marked No. 2 from its intersection with trunk highway marked No. 371 in Cass Lake to Bemidji, is named and designated the "Paul Bunyan Expressway." The commissioner shall adopt a suitable marking design to mark this highway and shall erect the appropriate signs.

Presented to the governor May 24, 1991

Signed by the governor May 28, 1991, 10:00 a.m.

CHAPTER 249-H.F.No. 683

An act relating to alcoholic beverages; prohibiting a retailer from having an interest in a manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler; prohibiting a retailer from renting space to a manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler; providing that brand registration is for a three-year period; specifying that club on-sale licenses are subject to approval of the commissioner of public safety; consolidating provisions of law relating to seasonal on-sale licenses; providing for sale of intoxicating liquor at a sports arena in Minneapolis; providing extended duration of seasonal licenses in certain counties; removing certain restrictions on location of off-sale and combination licenses issued by counties; providing for the issuance of retailer identification

cards to certain licensees; clarifying law on issuance of off-sale licenses by counties; allowing gambling on licensed premises when governed by tribal ordinance or a tribal-state compact; clarifying language on certain prohibitions on issuance of multiple licenses and repealing obsolete provisions relating thereto; prohibiting off-site storage of intoxicating liquor; specifying applicability of license limits to certain fourth-class cities; changing the expiration date for consumption and display permits; raising the minimum age for keeping intoxicating liquor in bottle clubs; authorizing commissioner of public safety to impose civil penalties for conducting or permitting unlawful gambling on licensed premises, or for failure to remove impure products; specifying applicability to municipal liquor stores of prohibitions against permitting consumption of alcoholic beverages by underage persons; clarifying language on sales of intoxicating liquor on Christmas day; providing for Sunday liquor elections in counties; prohibiting sale of certain beverages; authorizing commissioner of public safety to inspect alcoholic beverages for purity of contents and to order the removal of impure products; specifying that a split liquor referendum is not required for issuance of club licenses; repealing restrictions on wine sales at Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport; authorizing issuance of an on-sale intoxicating malt liquor license in St. Louis county; authorizing the issuance of on-sale Sunday liquor licenses by the city of Alexandria; specifying the number of on-sale licenses which may be issued in the cities of Virginia and Hibbing; changing the name of nonintoxicating malt liquor; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 340A.301, subdivision 7; 340A.311; 340A.402; 340A.404, subdivisions 1, 2, 6, and by adding a subdivision; 340A.405, subdivisions 2 and 6; 340A.4055; 340A.408, subdivision 2; 340A.410, subdivision 5; 340A.412, subdivisions 2, 3, and by adding a subdivision; 340A.413, subdivision 1; 340A.414, subdivisions 4 and 8; 340A.415; 340A.503, subdivision 1; 340A.504, subdivisions 2 and 3; 340A.506; 340A.508, by adding a subdivision; 340A.601, subdivision 5; and 340A.604; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, subdivision 6a; Laws 1974, chapter 501, section 1; and Laws 1989, chapter 72.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.301, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. INTEREST IN OTHER BUSINESS. (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, a holder of a license as a manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler may not have any ownership, in whole or in part, in a business holding a retail intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor license; but. The commissioner may not issue a license under this section to a manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler if a retailer of intoxicating liquor has a direct or indirect interest in the manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler. A manufacturer or wholesaler of intoxicating liquor may use or have property rented for retail intoxicating liquor sales only if the manufacturer or wholesaler has owned the property continuously since November 1, 1933. A retailer of intoxicating liquor may not use or have property rented for the manufacture or wholesaling of intoxicating liquor.
- (b) A licensed brewer of malt liquor described in subdivision 6, clause (d) may be issued an on-sale intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor license by a municipality for a restaurant operated in or immediately adjacent to the place of manufacture.

- (c) Except as provided in subdivision 7a, no brewer as defined in subdivision 7a may have any interest, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, in the license, business, assets, or corporate stock of a licensed malt liquor wholesaler.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A,311, is amended to read:

340A.311 BRAND REGISTRATION.

- (a) A brand of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor may not be manufactured or, imported into, or sold in the state unless the brand label has been registered with and approved by the commissioner. A brand registration must be renewed every three years in order to remain in effect. The fee for an initial brand registration is \$20. The brand label of a brand of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor which has not been sold in the state for two years or more must be reregistered before its sale can be resumed. The brand label of a brand of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor which has not been sold in the state for at least three years for which the brand registration has expired, is conclusively deemed abandoned by the manufacturer or importer.
- (b) In this section "brand" and "brand label" include trademarks and designs used in connection with labels.
- (c) A brand The label of any brand of wine or intoxicating or nonintoxicating malt beverage may be registered only by the brand owner or authorized agent. No such brand may be imported into the state for sale without the consent of the brand owner or authorized agent. This section does not limit the provisions of section 340A.307.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.402, is amended to read:

340A.402 PERSONS ELIGIBLE.

No retail license may be issued to:

- (1) a person not a citizen of the United States or a resident alien;
- (2) a person under 21 years of age;
- (3) a person who has had an intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating liquor license revoked within five years of the license application, or to any person who at the time of the violation owns any interest, whether as a holder of more than five percent of the capital stock of a corporation licensee, as a partner or otherwise, in the premises or in the business conducted thereon, or to a corporation, partnership, association, enterprise, business, or firm in which any such person is in any manner interested; or
 - (4) a person not of good moral character and repute; or
- (5) a person who has a direct or indirect interest in a manufacturer, brewer, or wholesaler.

In addition, no new retail license may be issued to, and the governing body of a municipality may refuse to renew the license of, a person who, within five years of the license application, has been convicted of a willful violation of a federal or state law or local ordinance governing the manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession for sale or distribution of an alcoholic beverage.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. CITIES. A city may issue an on-sale intoxicating liquor license to the following establishments located within its jurisdiction:

- (1) hotels;
- (2) restaurants;
- (3) bowling centers;
- (4) clubs or congressionally chartered veterans organizations with the approval of the commissioner, provided that the organization has been in existence for at least three years and liquor sales will only be to members and bona fide guests;
- (5) sports facilities located on land owned by the metropolitan sports commission; and
 - (6) exclusive liquor stores.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. SPECIAL PROVISION; CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS. (a) The city of Minneapolis may issue an on-sale intoxicating liquor license to the Guthrie Theatre, the Cricket Theatre, the Orpheum Theatre, and the State Theatre, not-withstanding the limitations of law, or local ordinance, or charter provision relating to zoning or school or church distances. The licenses authorize sales on all days of the week to holders of tickets for performances presented by the theatres and to members of the nonprofit corporations holding the licenses and to their guests.
- (b) The city of Minneapolis may issue an intoxicating liquor license to 510 Groveland Associates, a Minnesota cooperative, for use by a restaurant on the premises owned by 510 Groveland Associates, notwithstanding limitations of law, or local ordinance, or charter provision.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other law, local ordinance, or charter provision, the city of Minneapolis may issue one or more on-sale intoxicating liquor licenses to the owner of the sports arena located at 600 First Avenue North in the city of Minneapolis or an entity holding a concessions contract with the owner for use on the premises of that sports arena. The license authorizes sales on all days of the week to holders of tickets for sporting events or other events at the sports

arena and to the owner of the sports arena and the owner's guests. The licensee may not dispense intoxicating liquor to any person attending or participating in an amateur athletic event held on the premises.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS; ARENA. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, local ordinance, or charter provision, the city of Minneapolis may issue one or more on-sale or combination on-sale and off-sale intoxicating liquor licenses to the owner of the sports arena located at 600 First Avenue North in Minneapolis, or to an entity holding a concessions contract with the owner for use on the premises of that sports arena.
- (b) The license authorizes sales on all days of the week to holders of tickets for events at the sports arena, and to the owners of the sports arena and the owners' guests.
- (c) The licensee may not dispense intoxicating liquor to any person attending or participating in an amateur athletic event held on the premises unless such dispensing is authorized by the city. The city may not authorize the dispensing of intoxicating liquor at any event held under the auspices of the Minnesota state high school league.
- (d) The license authorized by this subdivision may be issued for space that is not compact and contiguous, provided that all such space is within the sports arena building and is included in the description of the licensed premises on the approved license application.
- (e) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, a person licensed to make off-sales within the sports arena building may deliver alcoholic beverages to rooms and suites within the sports arena building (1) between midnight and 8:00 a.m. on Monday through Thursday, and (2) between midnight and 8:00 a.m. and between 10:00 p.m. and midnight on Friday through Sunday. No delivery authorized by this paragraph may be made to a room or suite within the building at any time when an event utilizing the room or suite is in progress.
- (f) The holder of a license issued under this subdivision may dispense intoxicating liquor in miniature bottles if the intoxicating liquor is poured from the miniature bottles, mixed into another beverage, and dispensed on the premises by employees of the licensee.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. COUNTIES. (a) A county board may issue an annual on-sale intoxicating liquor license within the area of the county that is unorganized or unincorporated to a bowling center, restaurant, or club with the approval of the commissioner.

- (b) A county board may also with the approval of the commissioner issue up to ten seasonal on-sale licenses to restaurants and clubs for the sale of intoxicating liquor within the area of the county that is unorganized or unincorporated to a restaurant or club with the approval of the commissioner. Notwithstanding section 340A.412, subdivision 8, a seasonal license is valid for a period specified by the board, not to exceed six nine months. Not more than one license may be issued for any one premises during any consecutive 12-month period.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.405, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. COUNTIES. (a) A county may issue an off-sale intoxicating license with the approval of the commissioner to exclusive liquor stores located within unorganized territory of the county.
- (b) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town exercising powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue an off-sale license to an exclusive liquor store within that town with the approval of the commissioner. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.
- (c) A county board of any county except Ramsey county containing a town that may not exercise powers under section 368.01, subdivision 1, may issue a combination off-sale and on-sale license to restaurants within that town with the approval of the commissioner pursuant to section 340A.404, subdivision 6. No license may be issued under this paragraph unless the town board adopts a resolution supporting the issuance of the license.
- (d) No license may be issued under this subdivision unless a public hearing is held on the issuance of the license. Notice must be given to all interested parties and to any city located within three miles of the premises proposed to be licensed. At the hearing the county board shall consider testimony and exhibits presented by interested parties and may base its decision to issue or deny a license upon the nature of the business to be conducted and its impact upon any municipality, the character and reputation of the applicant, and the propriety of the location. Any hearing held under this paragraph is not subject to chapter 14.
- (e) A county board may not issue a license under this subdivision to a person for an establishment located less than one mile by the most direct route from the boundary of any statutory or home rule city except eities of the first class or within Pine; Carlton, Carver, Itasea, or Red Lake county within one mile of a statutory or home rule city with that had established a municipal liquor store before August 1, 1991, provided, that a county board may not issue a new license under this subdivision to a person for an establishment located less than three miles by the most direct route from the boundary of a city that (1) is located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, (2) has a population over 5,000 according to the most recent federal decennial census, and (3) had established a municipal liquor store before August 1, 1991.

- (f) The town board may impose an additional license fee in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the county license fee.
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision of this subdivision or Laws 1973, chapter 566, as amended by Laws 1974, chapter 200, a county board may transfer or renew a license that was issued by a town board under Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, subdivision 10b, prior to January 1, 1985.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.405, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **AIRPORTS COMMISSION.** The metropolitan airports commission may with the approval of the commissioner issue licenses for the off-sale of Minnesota-produced wine at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.4055, is amended to read:

340A.4055 LICENSES IN INDIAN COUNTRY.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, on-sale or off-sale licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor issued by the governing body of an Indian tribe in accordance with United States Code, title 18, section 1161, to an Indian tribal member or Indian tribal entity for an establishment located within Indian country as defined under United States Code, title 18, section 1154, is valid with the approval of the commissioner. The commissioner shall approve the license if the establishment has complied with sections 340A.402; 340A.409; 340A.410, subdivisions 4, 5, and 7; 340A.412, subdivisions 1 to 7, 9, and 10; 340A.413; 340A.501; 340A.502; 340A.503; 340A.504; and 340A.506. When a license is issued under this section, the issuing authority shall notify the commissioner of public safety of the name and address of the licensee. Upon receipt of the notice, the commissioner shall issue a retailer's identification card to the licensee to permit the licensee to purchase distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages. An establishment issued a license under this subdivision section is not required to obtain a license from any municipality, county, or town.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.408, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. INTOXICATING LIQUOR; ON-SALE. (a) The license fee for a retail on-sale intoxicating liquor license is the fee set by the city or county issuing the license subject to the limitations imposed under this subdivision.
- (b) The annual license fee for an on-sale intoxicating liquor license issued by a eity municipality to a club must be no greater than:
 - (1) \$300 for a club with under 200 members;

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(2) \$500 for a club with between 201 and 500 members;

- (3) \$650 for a club with between 501 and 1,000 members;
- (4) \$800 for a club with between 1,001 and 2,000 members;
- (5) \$1,000 for a club with between 2,001 and 4,000 members;
- (6) \$2,000 for a club with between 4,001 and 6,000 members; or
- (7) \$3,000 for a club with over 6,000 members.
- (c) The license fee for the issuance of a wine license may not exceed one-half of the license fee charged for an on-sale intoxicating liquor license, or \$2,000, whichever is less.
- (d) The town board of a town in which an on-sale establishment has been licensed by a county may impose an additional license fee on each such establishment in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the county license fee.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.410, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. GAMBLING PROHIBITED. (a) No retail establishment licensed to sell alcoholic beverages may keep, possess, or operate, or permit the keeping, possession, or operation on the licensed premises of dice or any gambling device as defined in section 349.30, or permit gambling therein except as provided in this subdivision.
- (b) Gambling equipment may be kept or operated and raffles conducted on licensed premises and adjoining rooms when the use of the gambling equipment is authorized under by (1) chapter 349, (2) a tribal ordinance in conformity with the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, Public Law Number 100-497, or (3) a tribal-state compact authorized under section 3.9221.
- (c) Lottery tickets may be purchased and sold within the licensed premises as authorized by the director of the lottery under chapter 349A.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.412, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. INVESTIGATION OF ON-SALE LICENSES. (a) The city or county having jurisdiction over on-sale licenses to sell intoxicating liquor shall on initial application for an on-sale license or on application for a transfer of an existing license conduct a preliminary background and financial investigation of the applicant. The application must be in the form prescribed by the bureau of criminal apprehension commissioner and with any additional information as the governing body of the city or county having jurisdiction over the license requires. If the governing body of the city or county having jurisdiction determines or if the bureau of criminal apprehension commissioner on its the commissioner's own initiative determines that a comprehensive background and investigation of the applicant is necessary, the governing body may conduct the

investigation itself or contract with the bureau of eriminal apprehension commissioner for the investigation. In addition, an investigation may be required prior to renewal of an existing on-sale license when the governing body of the city or county deems it in the public interest. An investigation fee not to exceed \$500 shall be charged an applicant by the city or county if the investigation is conducted within the state, or the actual cost not to exceed \$10,000 if the investigation is required outside the state.

- (b) No license may be issued, transferred, or renewed if the results of the investigation show, to the satisfaction of the governing body, that issuance, transfer, or renewal would not be in the public interest.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.412, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. LIMITATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF LICENSES TO ONE PER-SON OR PLACE. (a) No more than one off-sale intoxicating liquor license may be directly or indirectly issued to any one person or for any one place in each city or county.
 - (b) For the purpose of this subdivision, the term "interest":
- (1) includes any pecuniary interest in the ownership, operation, management, or profits of a retail liquor establishment, and a person who receives money from time to time directly or indirectly from a licensee, in the absence of consideration and excluding gifts or donations, has a pecuniary interest in the retail license; and
- (2) does not include loans; rental agreements; open accounts or other obligations held with or without security arising out of the ordinary and regular course of business of selling or leasing merchandise, fixtures, supplies to the establishment; an interest in a corporation owning or operating a hotel but having at least 150 or more rental units holding a liquor license in conjunction therewith; or ten percent or less interest in any other corporation holding a license.
- (e) In determining whether an "interest" exists, the transaction must have been bona fide and the reasonable value of the goods and things received as consideration for a payment by the licensee and all other facts reasonably tending to prove or disprove the existence of a purposeful scheme or arrangement to evade the restrictions of this subdivision must be considered. A municipality may not issue more than one off-sale intoxicating liquor license to any one person or for any one place.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.412, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd.</u> 12. OFF-SITE STORAGE PROHIBITION. A holder of a retail intoxicating liquor license or a municipal liquor store may not store any intoxicating liquor at any location other than the licensed premises except with the written permission of the commissioner.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.413, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. ON-SALE LICENSES. No on-sale intoxicating liquor license may be issued in any city except as provided in this section in excess of the following limits:

- (1) in cities of the first class, one license for every 1,500 population, up to 200 licenses;
- (2) in cities of the second class, not more than 18 licenses plus one for every 2,500 population over 45,000;
 - (3) in cities of the third class, not more than 12 licenses;
- (4) in cities of the fourth class, <u>including cities whose acts of incorporation</u> were repealed by <u>Laws 1973</u>, chapter 123, article <u>V</u>, section <u>5</u>, not more than seven licenses;
- (5) in statutory cities of 5,000 to 10,000 population, not more than six licenses;
- (6) in statutory cities of 2,500 to 5,000 population, not more than five licenses;
- (7) in statutory cities of 500 to 2,500 population, not more than four licenses; and
 - (8) in statutory cities under 500 population, not more than three licenses.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.414, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **PERMIT EXPIRATION.** All permits issued under this section expire on June 30 March 31 of each year.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.414, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. LOCKERS. A club issued a permit under this section may allow members to bring and keep a personal supply of intoxicating liquor in lockers on the club's premises. All bottles kept on the premises must have attached to it a label signed by the member. No person under 19 21 years of age may keep a supply of intoxicating liquor on club premises.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.415, is amended to read:

340A.415 LICENSE REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION.

The authority issuing or approving any retail license or permit under this chapter shall either suspend for up to 60 days or revoke the license or permit or

impose a civil fine not to exceed \$2,000 for each violation on a finding that the license or permit holder has failed to comply with an applicable statute, rule, or ordinance relating to alcoholic beverages. No suspension or revocation takes effect until the license or permit holder has been afforded an opportunity for a hearing under sections 14.57 to 14.69 of the administrative procedure act. This section does not require a political subdivision to conduct the hearing before an employee of the office of administrative hearing. The issuing authority or the commissioner may impose the penalties provided in this section on a retail licensee who knowingly (1) sells alcoholic beverages to another retail licensee for the purpose of resale, or on a retail licensee who (2) purchases alcoholic beverages from another retail licensee for the purpose of resale, (3) conducts or permits the conduct of gambling on the licensed premises in violation of the law, or (4) fails to remove or dispose of alcoholic beverages when ordered by the commissioner to do so under section 24.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.503, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. CONSUMPTION. It is unlawful for any:

- (1) retail intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating liquor licensee, <u>municipal liquor store</u>, or bottle club permit holder under section 340A.414, to permit any person under the age of 21 years to consume alcoholic beverages on the licensed premises <u>or within the municipal liquor store</u>; or
- (2) person under the age of 21 years to consume any alcoholic beverages. If proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it is an affirmative defense to a violation of this clause that the defendant consumed the alcoholic beverage in the household of the defendant's parent or guardian and with the consent of the parent or guardian.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.504, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. INTOXICATING LIQUOR; ON-SALE. No sale of intoxicating liquor for consumption on the licensed premises may be made:
- (1) between 1:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. on the days of Monday through Saturday;
 - (2) after 1:00 a.m. on Sundays, except as provided by subdivision 3;
- (3) between 8:00 p.m. on December 24 and 8:00 a.m. on December 25, except as provided that when December 25 occurs on a Sunday on-sales on that day are governed by subdivision 3.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.504, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. INTOXICATING LIQUOR; SUNDAY SALES; ON-SALE. (a) A

restaurant, club, bowling center, or hotel with a seating capacity for at least 30 persons and which holds an on-sale intoxicating liquor license may sell intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises in conjunction with the sale of food between the hours of 12:00 noon on Sundays and 1:00 a.m. on Mondays.

- (b) The governing body of a municipality may after one public hearing by ordinance permit a restaurant, hotel, bowling center, or club to sell intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises in conjunction with the sale of food between the hours of 10:00 a.m. on Sundays and 1:00 a.m. on Mondays, provided that the licensee is in conformance with the Minnesota clean air act.
- (c) An establishment serving intoxicating liquor on Sundays must obtain a Sunday license. The license must be issued by the governing body of the municipality for a period of one year, and the fee for the license may not exceed \$200.
- (d) A municipality city may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor license only if authorized to do so by the voters of the municipality city voting on the question at a general or special election. A county may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor license in a town only if authorized to do so by the voters of the town as provided in paragraph (e). A county may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor license in unorganized territory only if authorized to do so by the voters of the election precinct that contains the licensed premises, voting on the question at a general or special election.
- (e) An election conducted in a town on the question of the issuance by the county of Sunday sales licenses to establishments located in the town must be held on the day of the annual election of town officers.
- (f) Voter approval is not required for licenses issued by the metropolitan airports commission or common carrier licenses issued by the commissioner. Common carriers serving intoxicating liquor on Sunday must obtain a Sunday license from the commissioner at an annual fee of \$50, plus \$5 for each duplicate.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.506, is amended to read:

340A.506 SALES OF ETHYL ALCOHOL AND NEUTRAL SPIRITS PROHIBITED.

Subdivision 1. ETHYL ALCOHOL; NEUTRAL SPIRITS. No person may sell at retail for beverage purposes ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, or substitutes thereof, possessing the taste, aroma, and characteristics generally attributed to ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits. Nothing in this section prohibits the manufacture or sale of other products obtained by use of ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits as defined in United States Treasury Department, Bureau of Internal Revenue, Regulations 125, Article II, Standards of Identity for Distilled Spirits.

<u>Subd. 2. MAXIMUM ALCOHOL CONTENT. No person may sell for beverage purposes any spirits, distilled from grain or corn, with an alcohol content</u>

of 80 percent or more, which equals 160 proof or more, unless such spirits have been aged in wood casks for not less than two years.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.508, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. PURITY OF CONTENTS. The commissioner may examine the contents of any container of alcoholic beverages on the premises of any licensee under this chapter or any municipal liquor store, for the purpose of determining the purity of the alcoholic beverages. The commissioner may remove any container, or remove all or part of the contents thereof, for the purpose of conducting tests of purity. The commissioner may order the removal from inventory of any container the contents of which fail to meet standards of purity established by rules adopted under this subdivision, and may order the disposal of the contents. The commissioner may adopt rules that (1) provide standards of purity for alcoholic beverages and procedures for testing for purity, and (2) govern the removal from inventory and disposal of alcoholic beverages that do not meet the commissioner's standards of purity.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.601, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. ISSUANCE OF LICENSES TO PRIVATE PERSONS. A city owning and operating a municipal liquor store may issue on-sale liquor licenses to hotels, clubs, and restaurants. A city issuing on-sale licenses under this subdivision may continue to operate the municipal liquor store or may resume operation of a municipal liquor store previously discontinued.

The number of on-sale licenses issued under this section by a city is governed by section 340A.413.

A city may not issue licenses under this section, other than a license issued to a club under section 340A.404, subdivision 1, clause (4), until authorized by the voters of the city voting on the question at a special election called for that purpose.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.604, is amended to read:

340A.604 SUSPENSION OF OPERATION.

A court shall notify the commissioner in writing within ten days whenever a municipal officer or employee has been convicted of any of the following offenses committed in a municipal liquor store:

- (1) selling alcoholic beverages to persons or at times prohibited by law;
- (2) selling alcoholic beverages for resale;
- (3) selling alcoholic beverages on which state taxes have not been paid; or

(4) violating the provisions of section 340A.410, subdivision 65, relating to gambling and gambling devices.

On receiving the notice of conviction the commissioner may suspend for up to 30 days the operation of the municipal liquor store where the offense occurred. The commissioner must notify in writing the municipality operating the store of the effective dates of the suspension. An appeal of the suspension is a contested case under sections 14.57 to 14.69 of the administrative procedure act.

Sec. 27. ST. LOUIS COUNTY LICENSE.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the St. Louis county board may issue a license for the on-sale of intoxicating malt liquor to an establishment located in township 61, range 18, section 29, parcel no. 2150010050251. The county board shall set the fee for the license. All provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A, not inconsistent with this section, apply to the license authorized by this section.

Sec. 28. CITY OF ALEXANDRIA; SUNDAY LIQUOR LICENSE.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.504, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), the city of Alexandria may issue licenses authorizing on-sales of intoxicating liquor on Sunday to restaurants and bowling centers in the city without authorization by the voters of the city. All other provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A, apply to a license issued under this section.

Sec. 29. ON-SALE LICENSES: CITY OF VIRGINIA.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.413, subdivision 1, the city of Virginia may issue not more than 21 on-sale intoxicating liquor licenses. The licenses authorized by this section include any licenses which the city may issue by special law or by a referendum conducted under Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.413, subdivision 3, before the effective date of this section. All other provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A, including section 340A.413, subdivision 4, not inconsistent with this section apply to licenses issued under this section.

Sec. 30. ON-SALE LICENSES; CITY OF HIBBING.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.413, subdivision 1, the city of Hibbing may issue not more than 20 on-sale intoxicating liquor licenses. All other provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340A, not inconsistent with this section apply to licenses issued under this section.

Sec. 31. INSTRUCTION TO REVISOR.

The revisor of statutes shall change in the next and subsequent editions of Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules the term "nonintoxicating malt liquor" wherever it occurs to "3.2 percent malt liquor."

Sec. 32. TRANSITION.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 340A.414, subdivision 4, all consumption and display permits issued by the commissioner of public safety that expire June 30, 1991, are extended and are valid until March 31, 1992.

Sec. 33. REPEALER.

Subdivision 1. SEASONAL LICENSE AUTHORITY. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 340A.404, subdivision 6a, is repealed.

Subd. 2. VIRGINIA SPECIAL LAW. Laws 1974, chapter 501, section 1, is repealed.

Subd. 3. HIBBING SPECIAL LAW. Laws 1989, chapter 72, is repealed.

Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 8 applies to new licenses issued on or after August 1, 1991. Sections 17 and 30 are effective June 1, 1991. Section 27 is effective on approval of the St. Louis county board and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Section 28 is effective on approval by the Alexandria city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Sections 29 and 33, subdivision 2, are effective on approval by the Virginia city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Sections 30 and 33, subdivision 3, are effective on approval by the Hibbing city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Sections 30 and 33, subdivision 3, are effective on approval by the Hibbing city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021.

Presented to the governor May 28, 1991

Signed by the governor May 31, 1991, 4:43 p.m.

CHAPTER 250-H.F.No. 1129

An act relating to agriculture; regulating genetically engineered plants, pesticides, fertilizers, soil amendments, and plant amendments; rules of the environmental quality board governing release of genetically engineered organisms; reimbursement of release permit costs; imposing a penalty; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 18B.01, by adding subdivisions; 18C.005, by adding subdivisions; 18C.425, by adding a subdivision; 18D.01, subdivisions 1 and 9; 18D.301, subdivisions 1 and 2; 18D.325, subdivisions 1 and 2; 18D.331, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 116C.91, by adding a subdivision; and 116C.94; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 18B; 18C; and 116C; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18F.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [18F.01] PURPOSE.