provider of care. In such cases, liability to the insured is satisfied to the extent of benefit payments made to the provider.

- (3) This section applies to an insurer, a vendor of risk management services regulated under section 60A.23, a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C and a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D. Nothing in this section shall require a secondary payor to pay the obligations of the primary payor nor shall it prevent the secondary payor from recovering from the primary payor the amount of any obligation of the primary payor that the secondary payor elects to pay.
- (4) Payments made by an enrollee or by the commissioner on behalf of an enrollee in the children's health plan under section 256.936, or a person receiving benefits under chapter 256B or 256D, for services that are covered by the policy or plan of health insurance shall, for purposes of the deductible, be treated as if made by the insured.
- (5) The commissioner of human services shall recover payments made by the children's health plan from the responsible insurer, for services provided by the children's health plan and covered by the policy or plan of health insurance.
- (6) Insurers, vendors of risk management services, nonprofit health service plan corporations, fraternals, and health maintenance organizations may coordinate benefits to prohibit greater than 100 percent coverage when an insured, subscriber, or enrollee is covered by both an individual and a group contract providing coverage for hospital and medical treatment or expenses. Benefits coordinated under this paragraph must provide for 100 percent coverage of an insured, subscriber, or enrollee. To the extent appropriate, all coordination of benefits provisions currently applicable by law or rule to insurers, vendors of risk management services, nonprofit health service plan corporations, fraternals, and health maintenance organizations, shall apply to coordination of benefits between individual and group contracts, except that the group contract shall always be the primary plan. This paragraph does not apply to specified accident, hospital indemnity, specified disease, or other limited benefit insurance policies.

Presented to the governor April 3, 1990

Signed by the governor April 6, 1990, 10:34 a.m.

CHAPTER 405—H.F.No. 1919

An act relating to ethnic Minnesotans; designating Ethnic American Day; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 10.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [10.50] ETHNIC AMERICAN DAY.

The first Sunday in June is designated Ethnic American Day, in recognition of the diverse population of Minnesota, from the Native Americans who were this land's first inhabitants to other peoples from all parts of the world who also have contributed their cultures, traditions, and values to their fellow citizens. The governor may take any action necessary to promote and encourage the observance of Ethnic American Day. The public schools may offer instruction and programs to foster and preserve ethnic cultures, traditions, and values.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor April 3, 1990

Signed by the governor April 6, 1990, 10:29 a.m.

CHAPTER 406—H.F.No. 1883

An act relating to natural resources; providing legislative approval of certain consumptive uses of water over 2,000,000 gallons per day; exempting legislative approval for consumptive uses over 2,000,000 gallons per day for construction dewatering and pollution abatement or remediation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1988, section 105.405, subdivision 3.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1988, section 105.405, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSUMPTIVE USE. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a permit authorized by sections 105.37 to 105.55 or a plan that requires a permit or the commissioner's approval, involving a consumptive use of more than 2,000,000 gallons per day average in a 30-day period, may not be granted or approved until after: (1) a determination by the commissioner that the water remaining in the basin of origin will be adequate to meet the basin's water resources needs during the specified life of the consumptive use; and (2) approval by the legislature.
- (b) Legislative approval under paragraph (a), clause (2), is not required for a consumptive use in excess of 2,000,000 gallons per day average in a 30-day period for:
- (1) a domestic water supply, excluding industrial and commercial uses of a municipal water supply; and

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.