this act and recommend any changes that should be considered if the legislature were to enact statewide legislation for the establishment of special service districts.

# Sec. 18. [164,152] BARRICADED ROADS; LIABILITY.

When a town board, by resolution, closes and barricades a road under its jurisdiction to motor vehicle use, for seasonal recreation use or other purposes, the town board and its officers and employees are exempt from liability for any claim for injury to person or property arising from any use, whether recreational or otherwise, of the barricaded road.

#### Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 3 are effective the day following final enactment. Section 4 is effective on approval by the town board of the town of Cannon Falls. Section 5 is effective on approval by the Pine county board. Section 6 is effective on approval by the Kanabec county board. Sections 7 to 17 are effective on approval by the Mora city council. All approvals must comply with section 645.021.

Approved June 7, 1985

#### CHAPTER 308 — S.F.No. 1183

An act relating to intoxicating liquor; providing for issuance of licenses within Indian country; allowing the sales between collectors of discontinued brands of beer in cans; requiring the licensing of liquor brokers; changing the effective dates for licensing by the charitable gambling board; authorizing the issuance of on-sale licenses in certain theaters in Minneapolis; amending Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, subdivision 15, and by adding a subdivision; Laws 1984, chapter 502, article 12, section 26, as amended; and Laws 1985, chapter 3, section 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 340.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. LICENSES NOT REQUIRED. It is lawful for a brewer to sell intoxicating malt beverages to his employee or to a former employee who is retired because of age or physical disability. Such beverages shall be sold for consumption off the premises only, and the amount sold to any one person in any one week shall not exceed 768 fluid ounces. The requirements of law relating to minimum prices for the sale of intoxicating malt beverages shall not apply to sales made under this subdivision, nor shall any license be required for the making of such sales. It is also lawful for a collector of commemorative bottles, as these

terms are defined in section 340.44, to sell commemorative bottles to another collector without obtaining a license. It is also lawful for a collector of beer cans to sell unopened cans of a brand which has not been sold commercially for at least two years to another collector without obtaining a license. The amount sold to any one collector in any one month shall not exceed 768 fluid ounces. It is also lawful for an off-sale licensee or municipal liquor store to provide samples of wine, liqueurs, and cordials which the licensee or municipal liquor store currently has in stock and is offering for sale to the general public without obtaining an additional license, provided the wine, liqueur, and cordial samples are dispensed at no charge and consumed on the licensed premises during the permitted hours of off-sale in a quantity less than 50 milliliters of wine per variety per customer and 25 milliliters of liqueur or cordial per variety per customer.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 340.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 24. ON-SALE AND OFF-SALE LICENSES; INDIAN COUNTRY. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, on-sale or off-sale licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor or nonintoxicating malt liquor issued by the governing body of an Indian tribe in accordance with United States Code, title 18, section 1161, to an Indian tribal member or Indian tribal entity for an establishment located within Indian country as defined under United States Code, title 18, section 1154, is valid with the approval of the commissioner. The commissioner shall approve the license if the establishment has complied with subdivisions 5a and 21, and sections 340.12, 340.13, 340.14, 340.73, and 340.731. An establishment issued a license under this subdivision is not required to obtain a license from any municipality, county, or town.

## Sec. 3. [340A.317] LICENSING OF BROKERS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> **DEFINITION.** "Broker" means a person who represents a distillery, winery, or importer, and is not an employee of the distillery, winery, or importer.

Subd. 2. LICENSE REQUIRED. All brokers and their employees must obtain a license from the commissioner. The annual license fee for a broker is \$300, for an employee of a broker the license fee is \$12. An application for a broker's license must be accompanied by a written statement from the distillery, winery, or importer the applicant proposes to represent verifying the applicant's contractual arrangement, and must contain a statement that the distillery, winery, or importer is responsible for the actions of the broker. The license shall be issued for one year. The broker, or employee of the broker may promote a vendor's product and may call upon licensed retailers to insure product identification, give advance notice of new products or product changes, and share other pertinent market information. The commissioner may revoke or suspend for up to 60 days a broker's license or the license of an employee of a broker if the broker or employee has violated any provision of chapter 340, or a rule of the

commissioner relating to alcoholic beverages. The commissioner may suspend for up to 60 days, the importation license of a distillery or winery on a finding by the commissioner that its broker or employee of its broker has violated any provision of chapter 340, or rule of the commissioner relating to alcoholic beverages.

Subd. 3. REPORTS. A distillery, winery, or broker must furnish within 60 days after the end of each month a report to the commissioner specifying for that month the type, quantity, date, and licensed retailers who received samples from the distillery, winery, or broker.

### Sec. 4. ON-SALE THEATER LICENSE.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 340.11, subdivision 11, or a charter provision limiting the type of premises to be licensed, the city of Minneapolis may issue or renew an on-sale intoxicating liquor license issued to a person operating a theater that has a seating capacity in excess of 2,500. The license shall permit sale and consumption of liquor in any portion of the building comprising the licensed premises. All provisions of law and ordinance shall apply to a license issued or renewed under this section.

Sec. 5. Laws 1984, chapter 502, article 12, section 26, as amended by Laws 1985, chapter 3, section 3, is amended to read:

#### Section 26. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 7 and 24 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 9 and 10 are effective June July 1, 1985. All other sections of this article are effective March 1, 1985. All licenses issued by local units of government under Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 349.16 and 349.26 expire on February 28, 1985. An organization which held a local license to conduct lawful gambling on February 28, 1985, or which holds a license granted under section 4 may continue to conduct the forms of gambling authorized by the local license without a license from the board until June July 1, 1985, provided that the organization complies with the terms and conditions of the license in effect on February 28, 1985, or is in compliance with the emergency ordinance adopted under section 4 this act, if applicable.

Sec. 6. Laws 1985, chapter 3, section 4, is amended to read:

# Sec. 4. CITIES AND COUNTIES; TEMPORARY LICENSING AUTHORITY.

A county or home rule charter or statutory city may by emergency ordinance establish a system for the licensing of organizations to operate gambling devices and to conduct raffles from February 28 May 31, 1985, to May 31 June 30, 1985. The system must be consistent with Minnesota Statutes 1982, chapter 349, and may include provisions to extend licenses in effect on February 28 May 31, 1985 until May 31 June 30, 1985 and charge a fee for the extension.

The emergency ordinance may go into effect without hearing, notice, or publication, but the county or city shall promptly, after adoption, hold hearings to consider any necessary alterations in the ordinance. No ordinance may remain in effect after May 31 June 30, 1985. This section supersedes any inconsistent provision of law, charter, or ordinance.

#### Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 2 is effective within any Indian reservation where the governing body of the tribe having jurisdiction over that reservation has adopted an amendment to its tribal ordinance as provided by this section. The amendment to the tribal ordinance must provide that a nonintoxicating malt liquor or intoxicating liquor license issued to a non-Indian by a city, county, or town for an establishment located within Indian country, as defined under United States Code, title 18, section 1154, will be approved by the governing body of the tribe. The ordinance must also provide that no fee may be charged for approval.

Section 4 is effective upon approval by the Minneapolis city council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021. Sections 5 and 6 are effective the day following final enactment.

Approved June 7, 1985

#### CHAPTER 309 — H.F.No. 265

An act relating to commerce; providing for uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage; authorizing annual aggregate policy limits for dram shop insurance; providing for practices and procedures relating to dram shop actions; modifying provisions relating to the assigned risk plan; amending Minnesota Statutes 1984, sections 65B.43, by adding subdivisions; 65B.49, subdivision 4, and by adding a subdivision; 340.11, subdivisions 21 and 23, and by adding a subdivision; 340.12; 340.135; 340.95; and 340.951.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 65B.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 16. "Uninsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or motorcycle for which a plan of reparation security meeting the requirements of sections 65B.41 to 65B.71 is not in effect.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 65B.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 17. "Underinsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or motorcycle to which a bodily injury liability policy applies at the time of the