malt liquor between the hours of 1:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m., while a person is within a disorderly house, is prima facie evidence that the person knew it to be a disorderly house.

Subd. 5. LOCAL REGULATION. Subdivisions 1 to 4 do not prohibit or restrict a local governmental unit from imposing more restrictive provisions.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective August 1, 1985, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Approved May 31, 1985

CHAPTER 278 — H.F.No. 83

An act relating to courts; authorizing the chief judge in Hennepin and Ramsey counties to extend the principal assignment of certain juvenile court judges.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [260,0191] DESIGNATION OF JUVENILE COURT JUDGE.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 260.019, subdivision 3, the chief judge in Hennepin and Ramsey counties may designate any judge to hear cases under sections 260.011 to 260.301 as a principal assignment regardless of how long the judge has served on that assignment.

Sec. 2. REPEALER.

Section 1 is repealed effective August 1, 1989.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following final enactment.

Approved May 31, 1985

CHAPTER 279 — H.F.No. 535

An act relating to health; restricting the use of lead in pipes, solders, and flux; requiring schools to flush certain pipes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 123.36, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 123.36, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

Subd. 4a. WATER PIPES. The board shall require that all schools in the district which have lead solder pipe joints shall flush their pipes and faucets to ensure that any potable water which may contain lead which exceeds the safe drinking water levels, as established by the state health department, be flushed out of the school's potable water system. Until the state department of health determines guidelines for frequency of flushing under this subdivision, at a minimum, each school with lead solder pipe joints shall flush its pipes carrying potable water at least once each year immediately prior to the commencement of the regular school year, or after any period in excess of two weeks during which the school building is not in use.

Sec. 2. [326.371] BAN ON LEAD IN PLUMBING.

Lead pipe, solders, and flux containing more than 0.2 percent lead shall not be used in any plumbing installation which conveys a potable water supply. A Minnesota seller of lead solder, except for a seller whose primary business is contracting in plumbing, heating, and air conditioning, shall not sell any solder containing 0.2 percent lead unless the seller displays a sign which states,

"Contains Lead

Minnesota law prohibits the use of this solder in any plumbing installation which is connected to a potable water supply."

Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH GUIDELINES.

By July 1, 1986, the state department of health shall determine guidelines for the necessity and frequency of flushing lead solder pipes carrying potable water under section 1.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Approved May 31, 1985

CHAPTER 280 — H.F.No. 633

An act relating to traffic regulations; providing for a temporary definition of school bus; providing for book racks and "MN" designation on school buses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 169.44, by adding subdivisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1984, section 169.44, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.