## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 504.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Any deposit of money shall not be considered received in a fiduciary capacity within the meaning of section 82.17, subdivision 7, but shall be held by the landlord for the tenant who is party to the agreement and shall bear simple interest at the rate of five 5-1/2 percent per annum noncompounded, computed from the first day of the next month following the full payment of the deposit to the last day of the month in which the landlord, in good faith, complies with the requirements of subdivision 3 or to the date upon which judgment is entered in any civil action involving the landlord's liability for the deposit, whichever date is earlier. Any interest amount less than \$1 shall be excluded from the provisions of this section.

#### Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective October 1, 1984. Approved April 26, 1984

#### CHAPTER 566 — S.F.No. 1473

An act relating to real property; providing that certain instruments may be recorded without an auditor's certificate; allowing service of summons upon dissolved domestic corporations; amending provisions related to the abolition of dower and curtesy; clarifying when the right of possession passes after a sale on execution or judgment or mortgage foreclosure; providing for a notice in certain cases; requiring storage of abstracts of title to be stored in Minnesota with certain exceptions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 272.12; 508.16, subdivision 1; 519.09; 519.101; and 566.03, subdivision 1.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 272.12, is amended to read:

#### 272.12 CONVEYANCES, TAXES PAID BEFORE RECORDING.

When a deed or other instrument conveying land, or a plat of any town site or addition thereto, or a survey required pursuant to section 508.47, is presented to the county auditor for transfer, he shall ascertain from his records if there be taxes delinquent upon the land described therein, or if it has been sold for taxes. If there are taxes delinquent, he shall certify to the same; and upon payment of such taxes, or in case no taxes are delinquent, he shall transfer the land upon the books of his office, and note upon the instrument, over his official signature, the words, "no delinquent taxes and transfer entered," or, if the land

described has been sold or assigned to an actual purchaser for taxes, the words "paid by sale of land described within;" and, unless such statement is made upon such instrument, the county recorder or the registrar of titles shall refuse to receive or record the same; provided, that sheriff's or referees' certificates of sale on execution or foreclosure of a lien or mortgage, deeds of distribution made by a personal representative in probate proceedings, decrees and judgments, receivers receipts, patents, and copies of town or statutory city plats, in case the original plat filed in the office of the county recorder has been lost or destroyed, and the instruments releasing, removing and discharging reversionary and forfeiture provisions affecting title to land and instruments releasing, removing or discharging easement rights in land or building or other restrictions, may be recorded without such certificate; and, provided that instruments conveying land and, as appurtenant thereto an easement over adjacent tract or tracts of land, may be recorded without such certificate as to the land covered by such easement; and provided further, that any instrument granting an easement made in favor of any public utility or pipe line for conveying gas, liquids or solids in suspension, in the nature of a right of way over, along, across or under a tract of land may be recorded without such certificate as to the land covered by such easement. Any instrument amending or restating the declarations, bylaws, or other enabling documents governing homeowners associations of condominiums, townhouses, and other planned unit developments may be recorded without the auditor's certificate.

A deed of distribution made by a personal representative in a probate proceeding, a decree, or a judgment that conveys land shall be presented to the county auditor, who shall transfer the land upon the books of his office and note upon the instrument, over his official signature, the words, "transfer entered", and the instrument may then be recorded. A decree or judgment that affects title to land but does not convey land may be recorded without presentation to the auditor.

A violation of this section by the county recorder or the registrar of titles shall be a gross misdemeanor, and, in addition to the punishment therefor, he shall be liable to the grantee of any instrument so recorded for the amount of any damages sustained.

When, as a condition to permitting the recording of deed or other instrument affecting the title to real estate previously forfeited to the state under the provisions of sections 281.16 to 281.27, county officials, after such real estate has been purchased or repurchased, have required the payment of taxes erroneously assumed to have accrued against such real estate after forfeiture and before the date of purchase or repurchase, the sum required to be so paid shall be refunded to the persons entitled thereto out of moneys in the funds in which the sum so paid was placed. Delinquent taxes are those taxes deemed delinquent under section 279.02.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 508.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The summons shall be subscribed by the clerk, directed to the defendants, and require them to appear and answer the application of the applicant, within 20 days after the service of the summons, exclusive of the day of such service. It shall be served in the manner as provided by law for the service of a summons in civil actions in the district court, except as herein otherwise provided. It shall be served upon the state by delivering a copy thereof to the attorney general, a deputy attorney general or an assistant attorney general who shall transmit the same to the county attorney of the county in which the land described therein is situated, and thereupon such county attorney shall appear in such proceeding, and represent the state therein. It shall be served upon a domestic corporation governed by chapter 302A whose charter has terminated by dissolution, expiration, or otherwise, by delivering a copy of it to a person, known to the applicant, who held office in the corporation at the time of dissolution and can be found in the state or, if no officer known to the applicant can be found in the state, by publishing the summons in a newspaper printed and published in the county where the application is filed, once each week for three consecutive weeks. It shall be served upon all persons not personally served who are not residents of the state or who cannot be found therein, and upon domestic corporations not governed by chapter 302A whose charter has terminated by dissolution, expiration, or otherwise more than three years prior to the commencement of the action, and upon unknown successors in interests of such corporations, and upon "all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the application herein" by publishing the same in a newspaper printed and published in the county wherein the application is filed, once each week for three consecutive weeks; provided, if the order for summons or a supplemental order of the court, filed before, during or after the publication of the summons, shall so direct, the summons may be personally served without the state upon any one or more of the defendants who are nonresidents of the state or who cannot be found therein, in like manner and with like effect as such service in a summons in a civil action in the district court; and provided further, that any nonresident defendant, natural or corporate, who can be found in the state of Minnesota and can be personally served therein, may be served personally. The clerk shall also, at least 20 days before the entry of the decree which shall be entered in the matter, send a copy of the summons by mail to all defendants not served personally who are not residents of the state, and whose place of address is known to applicant or stated in the application, or in the order directing the issuance of the summons. The certificate of the clerk that he has mailed the summons, as herein provided, shall be conclusive evidence thereof. Other or further notice of the application for registration may be given in such manner and to such persons as the court or any judge thereof may direct. The summons shall be served at the expense of the applicant and proof of the service shall be made in the same manner as in civil actions. The summons shall be substantially in the following form:

#### SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND

State of Minnesota

SS.

County of ......

District Court ..... Judicial District.

Applicant,

VS '

(names of defendants) and "all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein."

Defendants.

### THE STATE OF MINNESOTA TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within 20 days after service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness ...... clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at ......, in said county, this ...... day of ......, 19...

(Seal) Clerk

# Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 519.09, is amended to read: 519.09 DOWER AND CURTESY ABOLISHED.

All inchoate estates or statutory interests in lieu of dower and curtesy in all lands in this state which have been conveyed prior to January 1, 1960 1970, by the husband or wife of the one entitled to such inchoate dower or curtesy, or statutory interest, by a conveyance in writing, are hereby abolished.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 519.101, is amended to read:

#### 519.101 ACTIONS NOT MAINTAINABLE.

No action for the recovery of real property, or of any right therein, or the possession thereof, shall be maintained by any person having any estate in dower or by the curtesy or any estate or statutory interest in lieu of dower or by the curtesy therein, or by anyone claiming, by, through or under any such person,

where it appears that the husband or wife of such person conveyed such real property, or any interest therein, by a conveyance in writing, prior to the first day of January, 4960 1970; and no action shall be maintained for the recovery of real property, or of any right therein, or the possession thereof, by any person claiming by reason of failure of a spouse to join in a conveyance of land which constituted the homestead of the grantor at the time of the conveyance where such conveyance was made prior to January 1, 1960 1970, unless such action shall be commenced on or prior to the first day of January, 1974 1985, and notice thereof filed for record at the time of the commencement of said action in the office of the county recorder in the county where said real property is situate.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 566.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. When any person holds over lands or tenements after a sale thereof on an execution or judgment, or on foreclosure of a mortgage, and expiration of the time for redemption, or after termination of contract to convey the same, provided that if the person holding such lands or tenements after the sale, foreclosure, or termination is a tenant, he has received at least one month's written notice of the termination of his tenancy as a result of the sale, foreclosure, or termination; or when any person holds over lands or tenements after termination of the time for which they are demised or let to him or to the persons under whom he holds possession, or contrary to the conditions or covenants of the lease or agreement under which he holds, or after any rent becomes due according to the terms of such lease or agreement; or when any tenant at will holds over after the determination of any such estate by notice to quit; in all such cases the person entitled to the premises may recover possession thereof in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 6. [386.375] ABSTRACT OF TITLE; STORAGE WITHIN MINNESOTA.

An abstract of title to Minnesota real estate shall be stored within the state of Minnesota. This section does not apply if the holder of the abstract of title is the mortgagor or fee simple owner of the real estate to which the abstract pertains.

Approved April 26, 1984

#### CHAPTER 567 — S.F.No. 1762

An act relating to the human rights department; prohibiting waiver of legal rights; changing the statute of limitations; providing sanctions for intentional delays; permitting award of attorney fees in administrative hearings; changing damage awards; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 363.06, subdivision 3; 363.071, by adding a subdivision; 363.116; 363.117; 363.14, subdivisions 1 and 2; Minnesota Statutes 1983 Supplement, sections 363.06, subdivision 4; 363.071, subdivision 2; and 363.072, subdivision 1; proposing new law coded in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 363.