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Sec. 7. [245,792] RULES.

<u>The commissioner may promulgate permanent rules to implement the</u> provisions of sections 1 to 5. The commissioner of health shall assist the commissioner of public welfare in determining appropriate license requirements.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment.

Approved April 25, 1984

CHAPTER 543 - S.F.No. 1298

An act relating to local government; providing procedures for the publication of legal notices; removing various requirements for publication of notices; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 3.21; 48.48, subdivision 1; 88.48, subdivision 2; 94.10, subdivision 1; 94.344, subdivision 7; 123.33, subdivision 11; 123.71, subdivision 1; 206.17, subdivision 2; 279.07; 279.08; 300.13, subdivision 4; 302A.727, subdivision 1; 306.023, subdivision 2; 306.111, subdivision 2; 306.16, subdivision 2; 306.21, subdivision 1; 307.06; 315.25; 326.18; 346.02; 370.04; 370.07; 371.04; 372.02; 372.08; 374.13; 374.34; 375.025, subdivision 4; 375.12; 375.17; 375.51, subdivision 3; 375.52; 383A.27, subdivision 2; 412.191, subdivisions 3 and 4; 414.09, subdivision 3; 415.021; 429.061, subdivision 2; 430.02, subdivision 3; 7, 11, and 12; 430.04; 430.07, subdivision 5; 430.102, subdivision 1; 471.698, subdivision 1; 471.6985; 472.04, subdivision 2; and 484.30; proposing new law coded in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 375 and 471; proposing new law coded as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 331A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 55.09; 331.01; 331.02; 331.03; 331.04; 331.05; 331.06; 331.07; 331.08; 331.10; 331.11; and 441.51.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 3.21, is amended to read:

3.21 NOTICE.

At least four months preceding the election, the attorney general shall furnish to the secretary of state a statement of the purpose and effect of all amendments proposed showing clearly the form of the existing sections, and of the same as they will read if amended, except that when any section to which an amendment is proposed exceeds 150 words in length, the statement shall show that part of the section in which a change is proposed, both in its existing form and as it will read when amended, together with portions of the context as the attorney general deems necessary to an understanding of the proposed amendment. In the month of October prior to the election, the secretary of state shall give two weeks published notice of the statement in all legal qualified newspapers

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of the state. The secretary of state shall furnish the statement to the newspapers in reproducible form approved by the secretary of state, set in 7-1/2 point type on an eight point body. The maximum rate for publication shall be 17 cents per standard line in 1979 and 18 cents per standard line thereafter as provided in section 25 for the two publications. If any newspaper shall refuse the publication of the amendments, this refusal and failure of the publication shall have no effect on the validity of the amendments. The secretary of state shall also forward to each county auditor copies of the statement, in poster form, in quantities sufficient to supply each election district of his county with two copies thereof. The auditor shall cause two copies to be conspicuously posted at or near each polling place on election day. Wilful or negligent failure by any official named to perform any duty imposed upon him by this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 48.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. SUBMISSION AND PUBLICATION. At least four times in each year, and at any other time when so requested by the commissioner, every bank or trust company shall, within 30 days of the date of notice, make and transmit to the commissioner, in a form he prescribes, a report, verified by its president or vice-president and by its cashier or treasurer, and attested by at least two of its directors, stating in detail, under appropriate heads, as required by the commissioner, its assets and liabilities at the close of business on the day specified in the request. The commissioner may accept a report made to a federal authority having supervision of banks or trust companies in fulfilling this requirement. This statement shall be published once at the expense of the bank or trust company in a newspaper serving the municipality or town in which the bank or trust company is located. The newspaper shall be published in the county in which the bank or trust company is located or in an adjoining county. Proof of publication shall be filed with the commissioner immediately after publication of the report. For the purposes of this subdivision a newspaper serves a municipality or town if it meets the qualifications of section 331.02, subdivision 1, clause (4).

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 88.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. NOTICE. The county auditor shall, upon receipt of the application and prior to the meeting of the county board at which it is presented, publish once in the official newspaper of the county notice of the presentation at the expense of the applicant and mail a copy of the notice to the clerk of the town in which lies the land therein described.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 94.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Before offering any surplus state owned lands for sale, the commissioner of administration may survey such lands, and if the value thereof is estimated to be \$20,000 or less, may have such lands appraised. He shall have the lands appraised if the estimated value is in excess of \$20,000. The appraisal shall be made by not less than three appraisers, at least two of whom shall be residents of the county in which the lands are situated. Each appraiser shall before entering upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath that he will faithfully and impartially discharge his duties as appraiser according to the best of his ability and that he is not interested directly or indirectly in any of the lands to be appraised or the timber or improvements thereon or in the purchase thereof and has entered into no agreement or combination to purchase the same or any part thereof, which oath shall be attached to the report of such appraisal. Before offering such surplus state owned lands for public sale, such lands shall first be offered to the city, county, town, school district, or other public body corporate or politic in which the lands are situated for public purposes and they may be sold for such public purposes for not less than the appraised value thereof. To determine whether a public body desires to purchase the surplus land, the commissioner of administration shall publish notice describing the land on the same day of at least two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the land is located; however, the commissioner shall give a written notice to the governing body of each political subdivision whose jurisdictional boundaries include or are adjacent to the surplus land. If a public body desires to purchase the surplus land it shall submit a written offer to the commissioner not later than two weeks after the last published receipt of notice setting forth in detail its reasons for desiring to acquire and its intended use of the land. In the event that more than one public body tenders an offer, the commissioner shall determine which party shall receive the property, and he shall submit written findings regarding his decision. If lands are offered for sale for such public purposes, and if a public body notifies the commissioner of administration of its desire to acquire such lands, the public body may have not to exceed two years from the date of the accepted offer to commence payment for the lands in the manner provided by law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 94.344, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Before giving final approval to any exchange of Class B land, the county board shall hold a public hearing thereon. At least two weeks before the hearing the county auditor shall post in his office a notice thereof, containing a description of the lands affected, and shall cause a copy of the notice to be published in the newspaper designated for publication of the official proceedings of the county board.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 123.33, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

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Subd. 11. The board shall cause its official proceedings to be published once in the official newspaper of the district. Such publication shall be made within 30 days of the meeting at which such proceedings occurred. If the board determines that publication of a summary of the proceedings would adequately inform the public of the substance of the proceedings, the board may direct that only a summary be published, conforming to the requirements of section 20, subdivision 10.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 123.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Every school board shall, no later than September 1 publish the revenue and expenditure budgets submitted to the commissioner of education in accordance with section 121.908, subdivision 4, for the current year and the actual revenues, expenditures, fund balances for the prior year and projected fund balances for the current year in a form prescribed by the state board of education after consultation with the advisory council on uniform financial accounting and reporting standards. The forms prescribed shall be designed so that year to year comparisons of revenue, expenditures and fund balances shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation and holding a U. S. Post Office Department second class mailing permit or a legal newspaper located in the district, or if there be no such newspaper within the district then in the legal newspaper of general circulation in the district qualified newspaper of general circulation in the district.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 206.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Where electronic voting systems are used, within five days prior to the election day, the election officer in charge shall have the automatic tabulating equipment tested to ascertain that the equipment will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all measures. Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be given at least two days prior thereto by publication once in official newspapers. The test shall be observed by at least two election judges, who shall not be of the same major political party, and shall be open to representatives of the major political parties, candidates, the press and the public. The test shall be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballots so punched or marked as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure, and shall include for each office one or more ballots which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject such votes. If any error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and an errorless count shall be made before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. The test shall be repeated immediately before the start of the official count of the ballots, in the same manner as set forth above. After the completion

of the count, the programs used and ballots shall be sealed, retained, and disposed of as provided for paper ballots.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 279.07, is amended to read:

279.07 PUBLICATION, BIDS.

Prior to the day on which the county board designates a newspaper for the publication of the notice and list, any publisher or proprietor of a legal newspaper, as defined by law, may file with the county auditor an offer to publish such notice and list in such paper, stating the rate at which he will make such publication, which shall not exceed the amounts provided for in section 331.08. The board may in its discretion receive offers presented to it at any time prior to the time when designation is made.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 279.08, is amended to read:

279.08 NEWSPAPER, DESIGNATION.

At their annual meeting in January, and prior to the designation, the county board shall open, examine, and consider all offers for publication filed or presented as provided in section 279.07, and shall thereupon award the publication of the notice and list to the publisher or proprietor of the newspaper whose offer is found to be the lowest, and does not exceed the amounts provided for in section 331.08. The board may reject any offer, if in its judgment the public interest so requires, and thereupon designate a newspaper without regard to any rejected offer. In counties now or hereafter having a population of 450,000 or more, the board shall designate a daily newspaper of general circulation throughout such county. If no such daily newspaper submits a bid at the rate herein provided, the board may designate a weekly newspaper of general circulation throughout the county. In any county in which there is no legal newspaper, the board shall designate any such newspaper printed in the judicial district in which the county is situated, and circulating in the county. Every such designation shall be by resolution, which shall be substantially in the following form:

"Resolved, that (here state the name of the newspaper) is hereby designated by the county board of the county of as the newspaper in which the notice and list of the real estate remaining delinquent on the first Monday of January, 19......, shall be published."

A copy of the resolution certified by the auditor shall be filed with the clerk of the district court. If, for any reason, the board fails to designate a newspaper, or the proprietor of the newspaper fails to give the required bond, the auditor shall thereupon designate the same in writing and immediately file such writing in his office and a certified copy thereof with such clerk.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 300.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by <u>underline</u>, deletions by strikeout.

Subd. 4. **RESOLUTION TO ENLARGE, EFFECT.** Except in the case of a nonprofit cooperative association, or a religious corporation formed under Minnesota Statutes 1949, Chapter 315, the resolution to enlarge the period of corporate existence does not become effective until a duly certified copy of the resolution has been filed, and recorded, and published in the same manner as its original articles or certificate of incorporation. A nonprofit cooperative association and a religious corporation formed under Minnesota Statutes 1949, Chapter 315, need not publish the resolution.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 302A.727, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. WHEN PERMITTED; HOW GIVEN. When a notice of intent to dissolve has been filed with the secretary of state, the corporation may give notice of the filing to each known creditor of and claimant against the corporation at the last known address of each known present, future, or contingent creditor and claimant. The corporation may give published notice to known creditors or claimants whose address is unknown and to unknown present, future, or contingent creditors and claimants, by publishing the notice once each week for four successive weeks in a legal newspaper as defined in section 331.02 in the county or counties where the registered office and the principal executive office of the corporation are located.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 306.023, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. To accomplish such transfer, the board of trustees of such cemetery association shall adopt a resolution to that effect by an unanimous vote of the board of trustees, and thereupon the chairman or president of the board of trustees and the secretary shall be authorized to execute the proper instruments and a deed in the name of the association to evidence the transfer; provided, however, that such transfer must first have been authorized by a majority vote of all members of the association, present and voting, at any regular meeting or at any special meeting called for that purpose, written notice of which meeting shall have been given by publication, for three successive weeks, once each week, in a daily or weekly newspaper published in the county where such cemetery is situated, subscribed by the chairman, president, or secretary of the board of trustees, and to the members specifying the time, place and purpose of such meeting.

In the event said association shall be an unincorporated association, a deed executed in the name of such association by the chairman or president and the secretary or treasurer of the board of trustees shall be deemed a valid conveyance of the lands of the association.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 306.111, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Any three or more lot owners in such cemetery may issue a <u>mail</u> notice signed by them to all the lot owners known to them or whose addresses appear in the cemetery records that a meeting of the lot owners will be held <u>not</u> less than <u>14</u> days after the mailing at a time and place to be fixed by them and designated in the notice, in the county wherein the cemetery is situated, for the purpose of filling the vacancies among the associates. Such notice shall be published at least twice in a legal newspaper published in the county where the meeting is to be held, and the time of the meeting shall be not less than ten days after the second publication thereof.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 306.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. If the owner of such cemetery lot be a resident of the county wherein such cemetery is located, then such The association or any municipallyowned cemetery may cause to be served upon such owner the owner of the lot, in the manner prescribed by law for the service of a summons in a civil action, a notice specifying the amount unpaid for lot care upon such lot, and specifying a time within which the same must be paid to the secretary of such association or the proper officer of the municipally-owned cemetery, which time shall not be less than 30 days from the date of the service of the notice, and further specifying that, upon the failure of the owner of the lot to pay the amount specified in the notice within the time of aforesaid, the association or municipally-owned cemetery will take the necessary steps to reinvest itself with the title to the portion of such cemetery lot not actually used for burial purposes. Upon the failure of the owner of the lot to pay the amount within the time specified in the notice, the board of trustees of any such cemetery may, by resolution duly adopted at any regular meeting of the board of trustees, set forth the failure to pay the charges for lot care, the service of the notice prescribed herein, and declare such portion of the lot unused for burial purposes, describing the same by metes and bounds in such resolution, to be the property of the association or such municipally-owned cemetery.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 306.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. LOTS CONVEYED AND ABANDONED. In all cases where a duly incorporated association has owned a site for a cemetery for more than 40 years and has during that period sold lots and parcels for burial purposes, and has, conveyed cemetery lots or parcels by deed of conveyance with or without restrictions contained therein and the grantee therein, or parties claiming through such grantee, (a) for more than 75 years in counties having a population over 50,000 according to the 1960 federal decennial census, and 50 years in all other counties, have not used portions of such lots or parcels for the purposes of burial and during said time have not made provision for care of said lots beyond that provided uniformly to all lots within the cemetery, and during said time have

not given to said corporation a written notice of claim or interest in such lots or parcels, or (b) have not used portions of such lots or parcels for the purposes of burial and have not kept such lots or plots free of weeds or brush but have allowed the same to remain entirely unimproved for more than 20 years, and such lots or parcels are situate in such portion of the cemetery that they adjoin or are adjacent to improved parts of such cemetery and by reason of their unimproved condition detract from the appearance of such cemetery and interfere with its harmonious improvement and furnish a place for the propagation of growth of weeds and brush, such corporation may, by resolution of its governing board, demand of such owners or holders (a) that they file with the corporation a written notice of claim or interest in and to said lots or parcels supported by satisfactory evidence thereof within 60 days after the service of a copy of such resolution of demand, or (b) that they keep the premises clear of weeds and in a condition in harmony with other plots adjoining, and serve a copy of such resolution upon such party or parties, if they can be found in such county, and if the sheriff of the county make return upon such resolution that such parties, or any of them, cannot be found in this county, then the resolution may be served upon the parties so absent from the county by publication thereof for three successive weeks in a legal newspaper published in the county and mailing a copy thereof within 14 days after the third publication to the last known address of each such party as the same appears on the records of the corporation in the same manner as a complaint in a civil action.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 307.06, is amended to read:

307.06 TRANSFER TO ASSOCIATION; HOW EFFECTED.

Any private cemetery established, platted, and recorded under the laws of this state may consolidate with and transfer its property, for cemetery purposes only, to any cemetery association or corporation organized under the laws of this state which is contiguous to, or adjacent to, such cemetery corporation.

To so consolidate and transfer its property it shall be necessary:

(1) that a resolution be passed by a two-thirds vote of the lot owners and members of such private cemetery, represented, present, and voting at a special meeting called for that purpose, which resolution shall recite with what cemetery corporation or association it is proposed to consolidate with and transfer its property to, and the terms and conditions thereof; and 30 days' notice of such meeting shall be previously given by <u>mail</u> to each lot owner of such private cemetery <u>whose address can be determined using reasonable diligence</u> of the time and place when such meeting is to be held, reciting the purpose thereof, which notice shall be signed by at least five lot owners, and shall be served by publication, by publishing for three successive weeks, once in each week, in some daily or weekly newspaper published in the county where such private cemetery is situated; and

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(2) that the resolution shall be signed and acknowledged by the presiding officer and secretary of such meeting and shall be filed with the county recorder of the county in which the private cemetery is situated.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 315.25, is amended to read:

315.25 ANNUAL MEETING, NOTICE OF, PLACE.

Any such corporation, the membership of which in part resides in other states, may hold its annual meetings at such points outside the state as it may, from time to time, designate at a previous annual meeting, or it may authorize its president to designate such place. At least three months before the time of such annual meeting notice of such time and place shall be given by publication in the recognized organ of such corporation, if it has one; otherwise, by publication in at least two papers of general circulation published at the capital of the state other notice appropriate to inform the membership.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 326.18, is amended to read:

326.18 BOARD, DUTIES, OFFICERS, EXAMINATIONS.

A majority of the board constitutes a quorum. The board shall elect one of its number as chairman, another as vice-chairman, and another as secretary and treasurer, who shall hold their respective offices for a term of one year and until their successors are elected. The affirmative vote of a majority of members of the board is considered the action of the board. The board shall enforce the standard of general education; the standard of special education in the science and art of accounting; the standard of good character and general public experience, as prescribed in sections 326.165 to 326.23, in all examinations conducted thereunder. The board shall make rules for the conduct of applicants' examinations and the character and scope of the examinations, the method and time of filing applications for examinations and their form and contents, and all other rules and regulations proper to carry into effect the purposes of sections 326.165 to 326.23. The board may make use of all or any part of the uniform certified public accountant examination and advisory grading service provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants if it deems it appropriate to assist it in performing its duties. These examinations shall be conducted by the board of accountancy. The time and place of holding examinations shall be advertised for not less than three consecutive days in one daily newspaper published in each of the counties where the examinations are to be held, and not less than 60 days prior to the date of each examination. The examinations shall take place as often as may be convenient in the opinion of the board. The board may make rules necessary to implement and enforce sections 326.165 to 326.23, and 214.12, including but not limited to rules of professional conduct, pertaining to individuals, partnerships and corporations practicing public accounting which it deems consistent with or required by the public welfare and rules of continuing education to be met by persons licensed under sections 326.165 to 326.23.

The board shall keep records of its proceedings, an accurate list of all applications made, licenses and certificates issued, and licenses and certificates revoked, and shall keep proper financial records in which there shall be entered a complete statement of the cash receipts and disbursements. The board shall issue to each person who satisfies the examination requirements of section 326.19, subdivision 1, a certified public accountant certificate and shall maintain a record of that issuance. The board shall issue a license as a certified public accountant to each holder of a certified accountant certificate who satisfies the experience requirements for a license as a certified public accountant or to a person who has been issued a certified public accountant certificate under section 326.19, subdivision 3. The board shall maintain a record of the issuance. It shall adopt and provide itself with a seal with a band inscribed "Certified Public Accountant, State of Minnesota," with the coat of arms of Minnesota in the center, which seal shall be affixed to each certificate of certified public accountant issued under sections 326.17 to 326.23. The board shall issue to each person who qualifies for a license under sections 326.17 to 326.23 as a licensed public accountant a certificate as a licensed public accountant and shall maintain a record of that issuance. It shall adopt and provide itself with a seal with a band inscribed "Licensed Public Accountant, State of Minnesota," with the coat of arms of Minnesota in the center, which seal shall be affixed to each certificate of the licensed public accountant, issued under sections 326.17 to 326.23. All records of the board shall be open to the inspection of the public at the office of its secretary.

Sec. 20. [331A.01] DEFINITIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>As used in sections 20 to 30, the terms defined have the</u> <u>meanings given them except as otherwise expressly provided or indicated by the</u> <u>context.</u>

Subd. 2. "Known office of issue" means the principal office maintained by the publisher or managing officer during a newspaper's regular business hours to gather news and sell advertisements and subscriptions, whether or not printing or any other operations of the newspaper are conducted at or from the office, and devoted primarily to business related to the newspaper. A newspaper may have only one known office of issue.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>"Local public corporation" means a county, municipality,</u> <u>school district, or any other local political subdivision or local or area district,</u> commission, board, or authority.

<u>Subd.</u> <u>4.</u> <u>"Municipality" means a home rule charter or statutory city or</u> town.

Subd. 5. "Newspaper" means a publication issued regularly by the same person, corporation, or his or its successor, whether the name of the publication is the same or different.

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<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>"Proceedings" means the substance of all official actions taken</u> by the governing body of a local public corporation at any regular or special meeting, and at minimum includes the subject matter of a motion, the persons making and seconding a motion, the roll call vote on a motion, the character of resolutions or ordinances offered, including a brief description of their subject matter, and whether defeated or adopted.

Subd. 7. "Public notice" means every notice required or authorized by law or by order of a court to be published by a qualified newspaper, and includes:

(a) every publication of laws, ordinances, resolutions, financial information, and proceedings intended to give notice in a particular area;

(b) every notice and certificate of election, facsimile ballot, notice of referendum, notice of public hearing before a governmental body, and notice of meetings of private and public bodies required by law; and

(c) every summons, order, citation, notice of sale or other notice which is intended to inform a person that he may or shall do an act or exercise a right within a designated period or upon or by a designated date.

(d) this subdivision contains no independent requirement for the publication of any public notice.

<u>Subd. 8. "Qualified newspaper" means a newspaper which complies with</u> <u>all of the provisions of section 21. The following terms, when found in laws</u> <u>referring to the publication of a public notice, shall be taken to mean a qualified</u> <u>newspaper:</u> "qualified legal newspaper," "legal newspaper," "official newspaper," "newspaper," and "medium of official and legal publication."

<u>Subd.</u> 9. "Secondary office" means an office established by a newspaperin a community other than that in which its known office of issue is located, in the same or an adjoining county, to enhance its coverage of and service to that community, open on a regular basis to gather news and sell advertisements and subscriptions, whether or not printing or any other operations of the newspaper are conducted at or from the office, and devoted primarily to business related to the newspaper.

<u>Subd. 10.</u> "Summary" means an accurate and intelligible abstract or synopsis of the essential elements of proceedings, ordinances, resolutions, and other official actions. It shall be written in a clear and coherent manner, and shall, to the extent possible, avoid the use of technical or legal terms not generally familiar to the public. When a summary is published, the publication shall clearly indicate that the published material is only a summary and that the full text is available for public inspection at a designated location. A summary published in conformity with this section shall be deemed to fulfill all legal publication requirements as completely as if the entire matter which was summa-

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rized had been published. No liability shall be asserted against the local public corporation in connection with the publication of a summary or agenda.

Sec. 21. [331A.02] REQUIREMENTS FOR A QUALIFIED NEWS-PAPER.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> QUALIFICATION. No newspaper in this state shall be entitled to any compensation or fee for publishing any public notice unless it is qualified as a medium of official and legal publication. To be qualified as a medium of official and legal publication, a newspaper shall:

(a) Be printed in the English language in newspaper format and in column and sheet form equivalent in printed space to at least 1,000 square inches;

(b) If a daily, be distributed at least five days each week, or if not a daily, be distributed at least once each week, for 50 weeks each year. In any week in which a legal holiday is included, not more than four issues of a daily paper are necessary;

(c) In at least half of its issues each year, have no more than 75 percent of its printed space comprised of advertising material and paid public notices. In all of its issues each year, have 25 percent, if published more often than weekly, or 50 percent, if weekly, of its news columns devoted to news of local interest to the community which it purports to serve. Not more than 25 percent of its total nonadvertising column inches in any issue may wholly duplicate any other publication unless the duplicated material is from recognized general news services;

(d) Be circulated in the local public corporation which it purports to serve, have at least 500 copies regularly delivered to paying subscribers and either have entry as second class matter in its local post office or have at least 500 copies regularly distributed without charge to local residents;

(e) <u>Have its known office of issue established in either the county in which</u> <u>lies, in whole or in part, the local public corporation which the newspaper</u> <u>purports to serve, or in an adjoining county;</u>

(f) File a copy of each issue immediately with the state historical society;

(g) Be made available at single or subscription prices to any person, corporation, partnership, or other unincorporated association requesting the newspaper and making the applicable payment, or be distributed without charge to local residents;

(h) Have complied with all the foregoing conditions of this subdivision for at least one year immediately preceding the date of the notice publication;

(i) The newspaper must before January 1 of each year publish and submit to the secretary of state a sworn United States Post Office second-class statement

of ownership and circulation or a statement of ownership and circulation verified by a recognized independent circulation auditing agency.

<u>Subd.</u> 2. EARLIER QUALIFICATION. <u>Newspapers which have been</u> <u>qualified, on May 20, 1965, as mediums of official and legal publication shall</u> <u>remain qualified only if they meet the requirements of subdivision 1, except as</u> <u>follows:</u>

(a) If on May 20, 1965, any newspaper is a qualified medium of official and legal publication but is printed in a foreign language, or in English and a foreign language, and otherwise qualifies as a medium of official and legal publication pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 1, it shall be a medium of official and legal publication so long as it otherwise qualifies pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 1.

(b) If on May 20, 1965, any newspaper has been circulated in and near the municipality which it purports to serve to the extent of at least 240 but less than 500 copies regularly delivered to paying subscribers and otherwise qualifies as a medium of official and legal publication pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 1, it shall be a medium of official and legal publication so long as at least 240 copies are regularly so circulated and delivered and it otherwise qualifies pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 1.

<u>Subd.</u> <u>3.</u> **PUBLICATION; SUSPENSION; CHANGES.** <u>The follow-</u> ing circumstances shall not affect the qualification of a newspaper, invalidate an</u> otherwise valid publication, or invalidate a designation as official newspaper for publication of county board proceedings.

(a) <u>Suspension of publication for a period of not more than three</u> <u>consecutive months resulting from the destruction of its known office of issue,</u> <u>equipment, or other facility by the elements, unforeseen accident, or acts of God</u> <u>or by reason of a labor dispute.</u>

(b) The consolidation of one newspaper with another published in the same county, or a change in its name or ownership, or a temporary change in its known office of issue.

(c) Change of the day of publication, the frequency of publication, or the change of the known office of issue from one place to another within the same county. Except as provided in this subdivision, suspension of publication, or a change of known office of issue from one county to another, or failure to maintain its known office of issue in the county, shall deprive a newspaper of its standing as a medium of official and legal publication until the newspaper again becomes qualified pursuant to subdivision 1.

Subd. 4. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF LEGALITY. Any person interested in the standing as a medium of official and legal publication of a newspaper, may petition the district court in the county in which the newspaper

has its known office of issue for a declaratory judgment whether the newspaper is qualified as a medium of official and legal publication. Unless filed by the publisher, the petition and summons shall be served on the publisher as in other civil actions. Service in other cases shall be made by publication of the petition and summons once each week for three successive weeks in the newspaper or newspapers the court may order and upon the persons as the court may direct. Publications made in a newspaper after a judgment that it is qualified but before the judgment is vacated or set aside shall be valid. Except as provided in this subdivision, the uniform declaratory judgments act and the rules of civil procedure shall apply to the action.

Sec. 22. [331A.03] WHERE NOTICE PUBLISHED.

<u>A public notice shall be published in a qualified newspaper, and except as</u> otherwise provided by law, in one that is likely to give notice in the affected area or to whom it is directed. When a statute or other law requires publication in a newspaper located in a designated municipality or area and no qualified newspaper is located there, publication shall be made in a qualified newspaper likely to give notice unless the particular statute or law expressly provides otherwise. If no qualified newspaper exists, then publication is not required.

Sec. 23. [331A.04] DESIGNATION OF A NEWSPAPER FOR OFFI-CIAL PUBLICATIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> The governing body of any local public corporation, when authorized or required by statute or charter to designate a newspaper for publication of its official proceedings and public notices, shall designate a newspaper which is a qualified medium of official and legal publication in the following priority.

<u>Subd.</u> 2. If there are one or more qualified newspapers, the known office of issue of which are located within the local public corporation, one of them shall be designated.

Subd. 3. When no qualified newspaper has a known office of issue located in the local public corporation, but one or more qualified newspapers maintain a secondary office there, one of them shall be designated.

<u>Subd.</u> 4. When no qualified newspaper has its known office of issue or a secondary office located within the local public corporation, then a qualified newspaper of general circulation there shall be designated.

Subd. 5. If a local public corporation is without an official newspaper, or if the publisher refuses to publish a particular public notice, matters required to be published shall be published in a newspaper designated as provided in subdivision 4. The governing body of a local public corporation with territory in two or more counties may, if deemed in the public interest, designate a separate qualified newspaper for each county.

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Sec. 24. [331A.05] FORM OF PUBLIC NOTICES.

<u>Subdivision 1. All public notices shall be printed or otherwise dissemi-</u> nated in the English language.

<u>Subd.</u> 2. <u>Unless otherwise specified by a particular statute, or by order</u> of a court, publication of a public notice shall be as follows:

(a) the notice shall be published once;

(b) if the notice is intended to inform the public about a future event, the last publication shall occur not more than 14 days and not less than seven days before the event;

(c) if the notice is intended to inform the public about a past action or event, the last publication shall occur not more than 45 days after occurrence of the action or event.

<u>Subd.</u> 3. Except as otherwise directed by a particular statute requiring publication of a public notice, a public notice shall be printed in a type face no smaller than six point with a lower case alphabet of 90 point. Larger type faces may be used.

<u>Subd. 4.</u> Every public notice shall include a title or caption in a body type no smaller than brevier or eight point referring to the content of the notice. Larger type faces may be used.

Subd. 5. The governing body of a local public corporation may, to better inform the public, increase the frequency of publication of a public notice beyond the minimum required by a particular statute. It may use forms and styles for the notice as it deems appropriate, including the use of display advertisements and graphics. It may publish or disseminate the notice in other newspapers in addition to the newspaper required to be designated under section 23. Regardless of whether a particular statute specifies "legal notice," "public notice," "notice," or uses similar terms, the governing body may use whatever form for the published notice that it deems appropriate in order to adequately inform the public, subject to the requirements of sections 20 to 30. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this subdivision shall require the governing body of a local public corporation to use the options described.

Subd. 6. Nothing in this section shall invalidate or affect any statutory or charter provision imposing additional or special qualifications for publication of particular notices or proceedings.

Sec. 25. [331A,06] FEES FOR PUBLICATION.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> The maximum rate charged for publication of a public notice shall not exceed the lowest classified rate paid by commercial users for comparable space in the newspapers in which the public notice appears, and shall

include all cash discounts, multiple insertion discounts, and similar benefits extended to the newspaper's regular customers.

<u>Subd.</u> 2. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, no newspaper may increase its rates for publication of public notices by more than ten percent per year over the maximum rate actually charged by the newspaper in 1984 for publication of public notices, and in any case the new rate shall not exceed the rate described in subdivision 1 of this section. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to mean that such an increase is required.

<u>Subd.</u> 3. When the governing board of a local public corporation awards a contract for the publication of public notices based on competitive bidding, the rate established by the competitive bidding shall be the rate charged for publication of the public notices.

<u>Subd.</u> 4. When a statute refers to publication of a public notice at the legal rate or at the rate provided in section 331.08, the maximum rate shall be as provided in this section.

Sec. 26. [331A.07] AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION.

No compensation shall be recoverable for publishing legal or official matter in any newspaper not qualified, until there is filed with the county auditor the affidavit of a person having knowledge of the facts, showing the name and location of the newspaper and the existence of conditions constituting its qualifications as a qualified newspaper as set forth in section 21. If the matter published relates to proceedings in another county, a like affidavit must be filed with its auditor. The affidavit, if it states the required facts, shall be prima facie evidence of them and of the qualification. No compensation shall be recoverable for publishing legal or official matter in any newspaper unless the bill is accompanied by an affidavit of the publisher, or printer in charge, of the newspaper having knowledge of the facts, setting forth the fact that the newspaper has complied with all the requirements to consititute a legal newspaper. The affidavit must set forth the dates of the month and year and the day of the week upon which the legal or official matter was published in the newspaper. The affidavit must also include the publisher's lowest classified rate paid by commercial users for comparable space, as determined pursuant to section 25, the maximum charge allowable by law for the publication of the specific legal or official matter in question, and the rate actually charged for that publication.

Sec. 27. [331A.08] COMPUTATION OF TIME.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> The time for publication of public notices shall be computed to exclude the first day of publication and include the day on which the act or event, of which notice is given, is to happen or which completes the full period required for publication.

Subd. 2. The time within which an act is to be done or proceeding had or taken, as prescribed by the rules of procedure, shall be computed by excluding the first day and including the last. If the last day is Sunday or a legal holiday the party shall have the next secular day in which to do the act or take the proceeding.

Sec. 28. [331A.09] PUBLICATION ON SUNDAY.

Any public notice may be printed in a newspaper published on Sunday, and the publication is a lawful publication and a full compliance with the order of the court or officer ordering the publication. Any notice that, by law or the order of any court, is required to be published for any given number of weeks may be published on any day in each week or the term, and if published as many weeks and as many times in each week as required by the law or order, it is a lawful publication.

Sec. 29. [331A.10] CHANGE OF NAME OR DISCONTINUANCE OF NEWSPAPER.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> When a legal notice is required or ordered to be published in a particular newspaper and the name of the newspaper is changed before the publication is completed, the publication shall be made or continued in the newspaper under its new name with the same effect as if the name had not been changed. The proof of the publication, in addition to other requirements, shall state the change of name and specify the period of publication in the newspaper under each name.

Subd. 2. When a newspaper ceases to be published before the publication of a public notice is commenced, or when commenced ceases before the publication is completed, the order for publication, when one is required in the first instance, may be amended by order of the court or judge, to designate another newspaper, as may be necessary. If no order is required in the first instance, publication may be made or completed in any other qualified newspaper. Any time during which the notice is published in the first newspaper shall be calculated as a part of the time required for the publication, proof of which may be made by affidavit of any person acquainted with the facts.

Sec. 30. [331A.11] APPLICATION.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Sections 20 to 30 apply to all municipalities and local</u> <u>public corporations.</u>

Subd. 2. Sections 20 to 30 do not apply to notices required by private agreements or local laws to be published in newspapers, unless they refer to sections 20 to 30, or particular provisions of sections 20 to 30.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 346.02, is amended to read:

346.02 FINDER TO GIVE NOTICE; PENALTY.

Every finder of an estray, within seven days thereafter, shall notify the owner thereof, if to him known, and request him to pay all reasonable charges and take such estray away; but, if such owner be to him unknown, he shall within ten days file a notice with the town clerk. The clerk shall transmit a copy thereof to the county recorder, who shall record the same in a book designated "estray book." If the estray is of less value than \$5, The finder shall give posted notice thereof of the finding of the estray in said town, but, if the value exceeds \$5, he shall give four weeks' published notice thereof. The notice shall briefly describe the estray, giving its marks, natural and artificial, as nearly as practicable, naming the residence of the finder, and specifying the town, section, and time when taken up. For failure to give such notice, the finder shall be liable to the owner of the estray in double the amount of damages sustained by him thereby.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 370.04, is amended to read:

370.04 RECORD PETITION; PUBLISH NOTICE.

Upon issuance of the proclamation, the secretary of state shall record the petitions, affidavits, and proclamation, and shall cause three weeks' published notice of the proclamation to be given at the county-seat of each county whose territory will be affected by the proposed change, and shall also transmit a certified copy of the proclamation, by mail, to the auditor of each county.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 370.07, is amended to read:

370.07 CANVASS; PROCLAMATION; SECRETARY OF STATE; AUDITOR; NOTICE TO COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The state canvassing board shall canvass such returns at the time of canvassing the votes cast for state officers, and in the same manner; and it may resort to the returns received from the election judges for the correction of errors in the returns of the county canvassing board, and for supplying omissions therein. When the canvass is completed, the board shall make and file with the secretary of state its certificate declaring the result of the vote; and, if the certificate shows that the proposition has received a majority of the votes cast thereon in each county to be affected thereby, and also has received a majority of the votes cast thereon in the territory forming the proposed new county, if the proposition was for the establishment of a new county, the governor, within ten days thereafter, shall issue his proclamation declaring the same adopted. The secretary of state shall record the certificate and proclamation in his office, and transmit a certified copy of the proclamation to the auditor of each county whose territory is affected thereby. The auditor shall cause three weeks' published notice thereof to be given, and, if the proposition was for the establishment of a new county, shall serve a certified copy thereof on each of the persons elected as county commissioners of the new county. The proclamation shall also be

published with the general laws enacted at the next session of the legislature thereafter.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 371.04, is amended to read:

371.04 NOTICE OF PROCLAMATION.

Upon the issuing of the proclamation the secretary of state shall record the petitions, affidavits, and proclamation, and shall cause three weeks' published notice of the proclamation to be given in the county-seat of each county affected thereby, and shall transmit a certified copy of the proclamation, by mail, to the auditor of each county.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 372.02, is amended to read:

372.02 FORM OF NOTICE.

When the order is filed the auditor shall forthwith make, seal, subscribe, and file in his office a notice substantially in the following form: "To the legal voters of the county of (here name the county), Minnesota: Notice is hereby given that a petition is on file in my office, signed by legal voters of the county to the number of (here state number as shown by the petition and affidavits). praying that the county-seat of the county be changed to (here designate the place), and that a special meeting of the county board will be held at (name the place of meeting), on the (state time), to consider the petition, at which time and place any legal voter of the county may appear, in person or by counsel, and be heard." The auditor shall cause two weeks' published notice of the meeting to be given in all the newspapers of the county and ten days' posted notice thereof of the meeting to be given in each town therein. Proof of publication and posting may be by the affidavit of any person having personal knowledge thereof, which affidavit shall be filed in the office of the auditor, and thereafter be prima facie evidence of the truth of the facts therein set forth. Two weeks' published posted notice of the intention to circulate such petition shall be given in one or more newspapers of the county, and two weeks' posted notice of such intention shall be given at the county-seat. Proof of the publication and posting shall be made in like manner as in the case of notice of the special meeting of the board.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 372.08, is amended to read:

372.08 CANVASS; CERTIFICATE OF CANVASSING BOARD.

When the canvass is completed the canvassing board shall forthwith make, subscribe, and file with the auditor a certificate setting forth the total number of votes cast at the election, the number cast in each election district in favor of and against the change, and the majority in each for or against the same, the number cast in favor of and against the change in the county, and the majority therein for or against the same. If 55 percent of all the votes cast at the election shall be in favor of the change, the board shall give two weeks' published notice of the result in all the newspapers of the county. The notice shall state that from and after a

date specified therein, which shall be set a <u>date</u> not less than 60 nor more than 90 days after the election, <u>after</u> which the place so chosen shall be the county-seat.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 374.13, is amended to read:

374.13 TO ADVERTISE FOR BIDS.

Upon the completion of such plans and specifications and their approval or adoption by the city council and the board of county commissioners, the commission shall proceed to advertise for, after notice appropriate to inform possible bidders, obtain bids or proposals for all or any portion of the work or materials, or both, to be done, performed, or furnished in the construction of the building. The advertisement for bids or proposals shall be published in the official newspaper of such city, if there be one, and, if not, in any newspaper published in such county to be selected by the commission, and may be published in such other newspapers or publications, either within or without the state, as the commission may deem advisable, and shall be published for such length of time as the commission may determine. All bids or proposals shall be sealed by the bidders or proposers and shall be filed with the commission at or before the time specified in such advertising for the opening of bids or proposals. At the time and place specified in the advertisement for the opening of bids or proposals, the commission shall meet, open the bids or proposals, and tabulate the same, and shall thereupon award the contract or contracts to the responsible bidder whose bid or proposal is the most favorable to the city or county, or reject all bids and proposals. In the event all bids or proposals are rejected, the commission may readvertise for, after similar notice, obtain more bids or proposals or may modify or change the plans and specifications and submit such modified plans and specifications to the city council and the board of county commissioners for approval, and when such modified or changed plans and specifications are satisfactory to both the city council and the board of county commissioners, the plans and specifications shall be returned to the commission and the commission shall proceed to again advertise for, after similar notice, obtain bids or proposals in the manner hereinbefore provided. Any such contract awarded by the commission shall be subject to approval by the city council and the board of county commissioners.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 374.34, is amended to read:

374.34 ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS.

Upon the completion of such plans and specifications and their approval or adoption by the commission, the commission shall proceed to advertise for, <u>after notice appropriate to inform possible bidders, obtain</u> bids or proposals for all or any portion of the work or materials, or both, to be done, performed or furnished in the construction of the building. The advertisement for bids or proposals shall be published in the official newspaper of such city, if there be one, and in the official newspaper of such county, and may be published in such other

newspapers or publications, either within or without the state, as the commission may deem advisable, and shall be published for such length of time as the commission may determine. All bids or proposals shall be sealed by the bidders or proposers and shall be filed with the commission at or before the time specified in such advertising for the opening of bids or proposals, at which time the commission shall meet, open the bids or proposals and tabulate the same, and shall thereupon award the contract or contracts to the responsible bidder whose bid or proposal is the most favorable, or reject all bids and proposals. In the event all bids or proposals are rejected, the commission may re-advertise for, after similar notice, obtain more bids or proposals or may modify or change the specifications, and shall proceed to again advertise for, after similar notice, otain more bids or proposals in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 375.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. REDISTRICTING PLAN; ELECTION FOLLOWING RE-**DISTRICTING.** A redistricting plan whether prepared by the county board or the redistricting commission shall be filed in the office of the county auditor. Notice that the plan is on file shall be published in the newspaper having the contract for publishing the commissioners' proceedings for the current year. A redistricting plan shall be effective on the 31st day after publication of the notice filing unless a later effective date is specified; provided, no redistricting plan shall be effective as to the next election of county commissioners unless the plan shall have been filed with the county auditor not less than 30 days before the first date candidates may file for the office of county commissioner. One commissioner shall be elected in each district who, at the time of the election, shall be a resident thereof and the person so elected shall be entitled to hold the office only while he remains a resident of the commissioner district. The county board or the redistricting commission as appropriate shall determine the number of members of the county board who shall be elected for two year terms and for four year terms in order to provide for staggered terms on the county board. Thereafter, all commissioners shall be elected for four years. When a county is redistricted, there shall be a new election of commissioners in all the districts of the county at the next general election except that where the change made in the boundaries of a district is less than 10 percent of the average of all districts of the county, the commissioner in office at the time of the redistricting shall serve for the full period for which he was elected.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 375.12, is amended to read:

375.12 PUBLICATION OF PROCEEDINGS.

Subdivision 1. The county board shall cause the official proceedings of its sessions to be published in some a qualified newspaper produced and published in its of general circulation in the county, which publication shall be let annually by contract to the lowest bidder, at the first regular session of the board in

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

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January each year. The board may elect to publish all or any part of the official proceedings; provided that in the case of partial publication, the published proceedings shall indicate in what respect they are incomplete If the county board determines that publication of a summary of the proceedings would adequately inform the public of the substance of the proceedings, the county board may direct that only a summary be published, conforming to the requirements of section 20, subdivision 10. In each county whose population exceeds 600,000, the proceedings shall be published in a daily newspaper. The board may reject any offer if, in its judgment, the public interests so require, and may thereupon designate a newspaper without regard to any rejected offer. In any county whose population exceeds 50,000, and is less than 250,000, the proceedings may be published in one daily and one weekly newspaper at their respective county seats. If the official newspaper of the county shall cease to exist for any reason, except by consolidation with another newspaper, the county board shall have authority to designate another newspaper for the remainder of the year. For the purpose of this section, a newspaper is produced and published in the county if it has in the county its known office of issue, as such term is defined in section 331.02, and if it does its typographic composition or presswork or both in the county. The publication shall occur within 30 days of the meeting to which the proceedings relate.

Subd. 2. Individualized itemized accounts, claims or demands allowed by the county board pursuant to section 471.38, subdivision 1, need not be published pursuant to subdivision 1, provided that the amount allowed from each claim is \$100 or less. The official proceedings following the itemization of accounts required shall contain a statement showing the total number of claims that did not exceed \$100, and the total dollar amount of those claims.

Sec. 41. [375.169] PUBLICATION OF SUMMARY BUDGET STATEMENT.

Annually, upon adoption of the county budget, the county board shall cause a summary budget statement to be published in the official newspaper of the county, or if there is none, in a qualified newspaper of general circulation in the county. The statement shall contain information relating to anticipated revenues and expenditures in a form prescribed by the state auditor. The form prescribed shall be designed so that comparisons can be made between the current year and the budget year. A note shall be included that the complete budget is available for public inspection at a designated location within the county.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 375.17, is amended to read:

375.17 PUBLICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Annually, not later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in March, the county board shall make a full and accurate statement of the receipts

and expenditures of the preceding year, which shall contain a statement of the assets and liabilities, a summary of receipts, disbursements, and balances of all county funds together with a detailed statement of each fund account, under the form and style prescribed by and on file with the state auditor, which prescribed form and any changes or modifications thereof shall so far as practical be uniform for all counties and shall be approved by the attorney general and the state printer and within 30 days thereafter before June 1 shall cause the same to be published for one issue in some newspaper within the county, which newspaper must be a duly qualified legal newspaper, as provided by law. The county board may also refrain from publishing an itemized account of amounts paid out, to whom and for what purpose to the extent that the published proceedings of the county board contain such information, provided that all disbursements aggregating \$5,000 or more to any person are set forth in a schedule of major disbursements showing amounts paid out, to whom and for what purpose and are made a part of, and published with, the financial statement. The county board may refrain from publishing the names and amounts of salaries and expenses paid to employees but shall publish the totals of disbursements for salaries and expenses. The county board may refrain from publishing the names of persons receiving poor relief or direct relief and the amounts paid to each, but the totals of the disbursements for such purposes must be published. In addition to the publication thereof in the newspaper designated by the board as the official newspaper for publication of the financial statement, the same shall be published in one other newspaper of the county, if there be one located of general circulation in a different municipality in the county than the official newspaper. The county board shall call for separate bids for each publication. Insofar as any provision of this section is inconsistent with the provisions of section 393.07, the provisions of that section shall prevail.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 375.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **PUBLICATION.** Every ordinance enacted by a county board shall be published at least once as part of the proceedings of the meeting at which the ordinance was enacted. Publication shall be made in the official newspaper of the county but additional publications, either in the official newspaper or other newspaper, may be ordered. An ordinance may be published in its entirety, or otherwise as hereinafter provided.

To the extent of the authority described in subdivision 1 of this section, a county may incorporate in an ordinance by reference any statute of Minnesota, any administrative rule or regulation of any department of the state of Minnesota affecting the county, or any code. The term "code" as used herein means any compilation of regulations or standards or parts thereof prepared by any governmental agency or any trade or professional association for general distribution in printed form as a standard or model on the subject of building construction,

plumbing, electric wiring, inflammable liquids, sanitary provisions, public health, safety, or general welfare.

In the case of lengthy ordinances, or ordinances which include charts or maps, the ordinance need not be published in its entirety if the title of the ordinance and a summary of the ordinance conforming to section 20, subdivision 10, is included in the publication of the proceedings of the meeting at which the ordinance was enacted, with notice that a printed copy of the ordinance is available for inspection by any person during regular office hours at the office of the county auditor. In such case and in the case a statute, administrative rule or regulation or a code is adopted by reference, all requirements of statute for the publication of ordinances shall be satisfied if the summary of the ordinance or the ordinance incorporating the statute, regulation, ordinance or code is published in the required manner and if, prior to such publication, at least one copy of the entire ordinance or of the statute, rule, regulation or code are marked as the official copy and filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the county auditor. Provisions of the entire ordinance or of the statute, rule, regulation or code thus incorporated in such ordinance by reference shall be as much a part of the ordinance as if they had been set out in full therein.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 375.52, is amended to read:

375.52 REVISION AND CODIFICATION.

Any county may revise and codify and print in book, pamphlet or newspaper form any general and special laws, ordinances, resolutions and rules in force in the county. Such codification shall be a sufficient publication of any ordinance included in it and not previously published in a newspaper if a substantial quantity of the codification is printed for general distribution to the public. A notice that copies of the codification are available in the office of the county auditor shall be published in the official county newspaper for at least two successive weeks. The county board is authorized to make a reasonable charge for the cost of printing and distribution of ordinances or a codification of ordinances.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 383A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **RULES; JOURNAL.** The board shall determine its own rules and order of business and shall provide for keeping a journal of its official proceedings. This journal shall be a public record and shall be published according to Minnesota Statutes, Section 375.12, in a newspaper having in the county its own office of issue, as this term is defined in Minnesota Statutes, Section 331.02, and doing its typographic composition and presswork in the county.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 412.191, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. PUBLICATION OF COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS. The council may publish all or any part of the official council proceedings in the official newspaper. In the case of partial publication, the published proceedings shall indicate in what respects they are incomplete after every regular or special meeting shall publish the official council proceedings, a summary conforming to section 20, subdivision 10, or a condensed version of the official minutes which shall include action on motions, resolutions, ordinances, and other official proceedings. As an alternative to publication, the city may mail, at city expense, a copy of the proceedings to any resident upon request. The publication shall occur within 30 days of the meeting to which the proceedings relate. Cities with a population of less than 1,000 according to the latest federal census are not required to comply with this section, but may do so at their discretion.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 412.191, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. ENACTMENT OF ORDINANCES. Every ordinance shall be enacted by a majority vote of all the members of the council except where a larger number is required by law. It shall be signed by the mayor, attested by the clerk and published once in the official newspaper. In the case of lengthy ordinances, or ordinances which include charts or maps, if the city council determines that publication of the title and a summary of an ordinance would clearly inform the public of the intent and effect of the ordinance, the council may by a four-fifths vote of its members direct that only the title of the ordinance and a summary be published, conforming to section 20, subdivision 10, with notice that a printed copy of the ordinance is available for inspection by any person during regular office hours at the office of the city clerk and any other location which the council designates. A copy of the entire text of the ordinance shall be posted in the community library, if there is one, or if not, in any other public location which the council designates. Prior to the publication of the title and summary the council shall approve the text of the summary and determine that it clearly informs the public of the intent and effect of the ordinance. The publishing of the title and summary shall be deemed to fulfill all legal publication requirements as completely as if the entire ordinance had been published. The text of the summary shall be published in a body type no smaller than brevier or eight-point type, as defined in section 331.07. Proof of the publication shall be attached to and filed with the ordinance.

Every ordinance shall be recorded in the ordinance book within 20 days after publication of the ordinance or its title and summary. All ordinances shall be suitably entitled and shall be substantially in the style. "The City Council of ordains:".

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 414.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **ELECTIONS OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.** An order approving an incorporation or consolidation pursuant to this chapter shall set a date for this election of new municipal officers not less than 45 days nor more than 60 days after the issuance of such order. The board shall appoint an acting clerk for election purposes, at least three election judges who shall be residents of the new municipality, and shall designate polling places within the new municipality.

The acting clerk shall prepare the official election ballot. Affidavits of candidacy may be filed by any person eligible to hold municipal office not more than four weeks nor less than two weeks before the date designated by the board for the election. At least one week before the first day to file such affidavits the acting clerk shall publish a notice in a newspaper qualified as a medium of official publication and of general circulation within the new municipality stating the first and last dates on which such affidavits may be filed, the location of the clerk's office, the clerk's office hours, and the amount of the filing fee.

The acting clerk shall publish a notice of election in a newspaper qualified as a medium of official publication and of general circulation within the new municipality for two successive weeks immediately prior to the date designated by the board for the election. The election notice shall state the purpose, date, and polling places for the election, and shall state the time the polls shall be open, which time shall be at least five hours.

The election shall be conducted in conformity with the charter and the laws for conducting municipal elections insofar as applicable. Any person eligible to vote at a township or municipal election within the area of the new municipality, is eligible to vote at such election.

Any excess in the expense of conducting the election over receipts from filing fees shall be a charge against the new municipality; any excess of receipts shall be deposited in the treasury of the new municipality.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 415.021, is amended to read:

415.021 CODIFICATION OF ORDINANCES.

Any city, however organized, may revise and codify and print in book, pamphlet or newspaper form, any ordinances, resolutions, and rules of the city and may include therein for reference any applicable general or special laws. Such codification shall be a sufficient publication of any ordinance included in it and not previously published in a newspaper if a substantial quantity of the codification is printed for general distribution to the public. A notice that copies of the codification are available at the office of the city clerk or recorder shall be published for at least two successive weeks in the official newspaper, or, if there is none, in a newspaper of general circulation in the city.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 429.061, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ADOPTION; INTEREST. At such meeting or at any adjournment thereof the council shall hear and pass upon all objections to the proposed assessment, whether presented orally or in writing. The council may amend the proposed assessment as to any parcel and by resolution adopt the same as the special assessment against the lands named in the assessment roll. Notice of any adjournment of the hearing shall be adequate if the minutes of the meeting so adjourned show the time and place when and where the hearing is to be continued, or if three days notice thereof be published in the newspaper.

The council may consider any objection to the amount of a proposed assessment as to a specific parcel of land at an adjourned hearing upon further notice to the affected property owner as it deems advisable. At the adjourned hearing the council or a committee of it may hear further written or oral testimony on behalf of the objecting property owner and may consider further written or oral testimony from appropriate city officials and other witnesses as to the amount of the assessment. The council or committee shall prepare a record of the proceedings at the adjourned hearing and written findings as to the amount of the assessment. The amount of the assessment as finally determined by the council shall become a part of the adopted assessment roll. All objections to the assessments not received at the assessment hearing in the manner prescribed by this section are waived, unless the failure to object at the assessment hearing is due to a reasonable cause.

The assessment, with accruing interest, shall be a lien upon all private and public property included therein, from the date of the resolution adopting the assessment, concurrent with general taxes; but the lien shall not be enforceable against public property as long as it is publicly owned, and during such period the assessment shall be recoverable from the owner of such property only in the manner and to the extent provided in section 435.19. Except as provided below, all assessments shall be payable in equal annual installments extending over such period, not exceeding 30 years, as the resolution determines, payable on the first Monday in January in each year, but the number of installments need not be uniform for all assessments included in a single assessment roll if a uniform criterion for determining the number of installments is provided by the resolution. The first installment of each assessment shall be included in the first tax rolls completed after its adoption and shall be payable in the same year as the taxes contained therein; except that the payment of the first installment of any assessment levied upon unimproved property may be deferred until a designated future year, or until the platting of the property or the construction of improvements thereon, upon such terms and conditions and based upon such standards and criteria as may be provided by resolution of the council. If special assessments against the property have been deferred pursuant to this subdivision, the governmental unit shall file with the county recorder in the county in which the property is located a certificate containing the legal description of the affected property and of the amount deferred. In any event, every assessment the payment of which is so deferred, when it becomes payable, shall be divided into a

number of installments such that the last installment thereof will be payable not more than 30 years after the levy of the assessment. All assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the resolution determines, not exceeding eight percent per annum, except that the rate may in any event equal the average annual interest rate on bonds issued to finance the improvement for which the assessments are levied. To the first installment of each assessment shall be added interest on the entire assessment from a date specified in the resolution levying the assessment, not earlier than the date of the resolution, until December 31 of the year in which the first installment is payable, and to each subsequent installment shall be added interest for one year on all unpaid installments; or alternatively, any assessment may be made payable in equal annual installments including principal and interest, each in the amount annually required to pay the principal over such period with interest at such rate as the resolution determines, not exceeding the maximum period and rate specified above. In the latter event no prepayment shall be accepted under subdivision 3 without payment of all installments due to and including December 31 of the year of prepayment, together with the original principal amount reduced only by the amounts of principal included in such installments, computed on an annual amortization basis. When payment of an assessment is deferred, as authorized in this subdivision, interest thereon for the period of deferment may be made payable annually at the same times as the principal installments of the assessment would have been payable if not deferred; or interest for this period may be added to the principal amount of the assessment when it becomes payable; or, if so provided in the resolution levying the assessment, interest thereon to December 31 of the year before the first installment is payable may be forgiven.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. NOTICE OF HEARING; HEARING; AWARD AND AP-PRAISEMENT. The commissioners shall give notice, by two publications in the official newspaper of the city in a manner appropriate to inform the public, that the survey and plat and the pedestrian mall ordinance, if any, is on file in the office of the city clerk for the examination of all persons interested and that they will, on a day designated in this notice, which shall be at least ten days after the first publication of the notice, meet at a place designated in the notice on or near the proposed improvement, and view the property proposed to be taken or interfered with for the purposes of these improvements, and ascertain and award therefor compensation and damages, and view the premises to be benefited by this improvement, and assess thereon in proportion to benefits, the amount necessary to pay the compensation and damage and the cost of making the improvement and that they will then and there hear such allegations and proofs as interested persons may offer. These commissioners shall meet and view the premises pursuant to the notice, and may adjourn, from time to time, and, after having viewed the premises, may, for the hearing of evidence and preparation of their award and assessment, adjourn or go to any other convenient place in the city,

and may have the aid and advice of the city engineer and of any other officer of the city, and adjourn from time to time. If a pedestrian mall ordinance is proposed by the council under section 430.011, in connection with an improvement, the commissioners may consider the business uses of abutting property affected by such ordinance and by the improvement to which it relates and the probable effect which the ordinance and improvement will have on the value of such property and such uses and shall consider whether such property has access to some other street or alley for delivering and receiving merchandise and materials and the extent to which the use and value of property without such access will suffer as a result of the adoption of such ordinance and the making of such improvement. After viewing the premises and hearing the evidence offered, these commissioners shall prepare and make a true and impartial appraisement and award of the compensation and damages to be paid to each person whose property is to be taken or injured by the making of the improvement; but if the remainder of the same property, a part of which only is to be taken or damaged by the improvement, shall be benefited by the improvement, then the commissioners, in considering and awarding compensation and damages, shall also consider, estimate, and offset the benefits which will accrue to the same owner, in respect to the remainder of the same property, and award him only the excess of the compensation or damages over and above these benefits.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF HEARING. The commissioners shall, upon the completion of their report, file the same with the city clerk and thereupon it shall be the duty of the city clerk to give notice to all interested parties by publishing, as soon as possible, in the official newspaper of the city a notice containing prepare a list of descriptions of the several lots and parcels of land taken for these proposed improvements, the amount awarded for the taking of each lot or parcel, the names of the owner or owners of the same, descriptions of the several lots or parcels of land upon which benefits have been assessed, the amount assessed against each lot or parcel and the names of the owner or owners of the same the names of all owners referred to herein to be obtained from the commissioners, and, so far as may be necessary, from the records in the office of the county treasurer. If a pedestrian mall ordinance is proposed to be adopted in connection with the improvement under section 430.011, a copy of the proposed ordinance shall be published with the notice and the notice shall refer to the ordinance and shall state that any and all objections to the adoption of the ordinance will be heard and considered The clerk shall give notice of the proceedings appropriate to inform the owners of the proposed action. The published notice shall also designate and fix a place and time, not earlier than three weeks from date of publication of the same, at which a committee therein designated by the board of park commissioners or of the council will meet to hear and consider, from or on the part of the owner or owners of the several lots or parcels of land taken for the proposed improvement and of the several lots or

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parcels of land upon which benefits have been assessed, any and all objections to the making of the improvement, to the amount of damages awarded for the taking of or interference with the property involved, to the amount of the assessment for benefits to any property affected by the proceedings, and any and all claims of irregularities in the proceedings of the city council, board of park commissioners, or the commissioners so appointed by either thereof.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **COMMITTEE REPORT.** Within ten days from the conclusion of the hearing or hearings the committee shall file with the city clerk its report and recommendation on the matter so submitted, and upon such filing the city clerk shall give notice that this report and recommendation has been filed and that the same, together with the report of the commissioners, will be considered by the city council at a meeting thereof to be designated in the notice, which notice shall be published in the official newspapers of the city once a week for two consecutive weeks, the last publication thereof being at least two weeks before the meeting of the city council given in a manner appropriate to inform the persons affected and the public.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. ACTION BY COUNCIL. The city council, upon the day fixed for the consideration of the reports and recommendation or at any subsequent meeting to which the same may stand over or be referred, may, by resolution, annul and abandon the proceedings, or may confirm the awards and assessments or any or either thereof, or annul the same, or send the same back to the commissioners for further consideration; and the commissioners may, in such case, again meet at a time and place to be designated in a notice which shall be published by the city clerk once in the official newspaper of the city, copies of which to be similarly mailed by the city clerk to all interested persons, at least two weeks prior to the meeting, and hear any further evidence that may be adduced by interested persons, and may adjourn from time to time, and may correct any mistakes in the award and assessment and alter and revise the same as they may deem just, and again report the same to the city council, who may thereupon confirm or annul the same. If it shall desire to confirm the awards and assessments, the city council shall then give its final reading to and vote on the adoption of any pedestrian mall ordinance proposed in connection with the improvement pursuant to section 430.011, and if it shall be amended or shall fail of adoption for lack of a sufficient majority of votes or otherwise, any improvement instituted in connection with such proposed ordinance shall either be abandoned or the awards and assessments shall be returned to the commissioners for further consideration.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.04, is amended to read:

430.04 AWARDS; HOW PAID; ASSESSMENTS.

When any award of damages made to appellants upon any appeal to the district court shall exceed the amount of the award appealed from, and when any assessment of benefits made in respect to any appellant upon appeal shall be less than the amount of the assessment of benefits appealed from, the amount of this increase in the amount of the award of damages and the amount of this decrease in the assessment of benefits may be paid by the city from the permanent improvement fund or any fund of the city available therefor, or the city council may cause the same to be assessed upon and against any property benefited by the proposed improvements in addition and without prejudice to prior assessments made thereon in the proceedings, and may refer the matter to the commissioners theretofore appointed by the council in the proceeding or to new commissioners to be appointed by the city council. These commissioners, whether new or old, shall have the same qualifications as required of commissioners appointed by section 430.02 and shall take oath to faithfully discharge their duties as commissioners and give notice of the time and place when and where they will meet to hear persons interested and assess the amounts of the increase of awards of damages and decrease of assessments of benefits upon the land and property, theretofore assessed for these benefits, or assess benefits on lots or parcels of land not theretofore assessed for benefits in the proceeding. The notice, as to the owners of the lots or parcels of land entitled to increase of awards upon any appeal, and as to the owners of any lots or parcels of land to be then assessed for benefits that were not so assessed in the original proceeding by the commissioners, shall be given by these commissioners by depositing the same in the post office of the city, postage postpaid, directed to each of the persons at his last known place of residence, if known to the commissioners, otherwise as obtained from the office of the county treasurer; provided that the failure of any owner to receive this notice shall not in any wise operate to invalidate any of the proceedings covered by this chapter. The commissioners shall meet, at the time and place so designated in their notice, hear all persons interested, and assess the amount of the increased awards of damages and decreased assessments of benefits, or new and original assessments of benefits, upon the property benefited by the proposed improvements, in proportion to the benefits, but in no case shall the amount of this assessment exceed the actual benefit to the lot or parcel of land so assessed, and the commissioners shall prepare and file with the city clerk an assessment list of the assessment so made by them, containing a brief description of each piece of property assessed, the name of the owners thereof, if known, and the amount assessed against the same, and the city clerk shall present this list to the city council for consideration. A brief minute of the presentation of this assessment list to the city council shall be made and published included in the record of the proceedings of the city council, which shall be held to be sufficient notice to all persons concerned. This assessment list shall lie over without action thereon by the city council until the next regular meeting of the council which will occur at least one week thereafter, at which time, or at any

meeting thereafter, the city council may confirm the assessments and assessment roll, or send the same back to the commissioners for further consideration and report thereon. Any person interested who is dissatisfied with the amount of an assessment may appeal from the confirmation of the assessment by the city council to the district court, in like manner and with like proceedings as provided in section 430.03 in respect to filing objections and taking appeals from original appeals made in such proceedings from such order of confirmation. Any decrease made in any assessments upon any appeal may be paid by the city from the permanent improvement fund or from any fund of the city available therefor, or the city council may cause the same to be reassessed as hereinabove provided.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.07, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. If, in any proceedings under this chapter, the actual cost of the improvement of any street, park, or parkway in the manner herein designated is less than the estimated cost thereof, as found and adopted by it, the city council, except as otherwise provided by this subdivision, shall immediately cancel and annul the assessments made in the proceedings to an amount which, in the aggregate, shall not exceed such fractional part of the total amount of the excess of estimated cost over the actual cost as shall be equivalent to the fraction obtained by dividing the total amount of the assessments by the total amount of the estimated cost.

In case the assessments in any proceeding have not been entirely collected or in case the city council deems that any such assessments cannot be fully collected, the city council may direct the city comptroller to retain in the fund in the proceeding a sum sufficient, in the judgment of the city council, to cover the deficiencies in the collection of the assessments, and the city council shall direct that the balance of the excess of estimated cost shall be disposed of in the following manner. The city council shall direct the city comptroller to certify the amount of this balance to the county auditor. The auditor shall thereupon deduct the amount from the first instalment of the assessment to be collected after the receipt of this certificate. This deduction shall be made from the assessment against each piece or parcel of property in the proportion that the excess, as certified by the city comptroller, bears to the total of the instalment of the assessment. If the balance as certified, exceeds one instalment, it shall also be deducted in like manner from succeeding instalments until the same is fully deducted.

If the assessment against a piece or parcel of property has been paid in full, and the amount to be refunded does not exceed \$1, the city council may deposit the amount of the potential refund in the city's permanent improvement fund or bond redemption fund. If the amount to be refunded exceeds \$1, but does not exceed \$20, the city comptroller shall mail to the current owner of the property a notice stating that the refund is available. The notice shall be mailed

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within 60 days after the city council determines the actual cost of the improvement. If the amount to be refunded exceeds \$20 the following notice procedure shall be followed. The city comptroller shall mail to the person who owned the property when the assessment was paid, at his last known address, a notice stating that the refund is available. The notice shall be mailed within 60 days after the city council determines the actual cost of the improvement. If a response is not received from the owner within ten days of the date of mailing, a second notice shall be mailed. If a response is not received from the owner within ten days of the date of the second mailing, a notice of refund containing the name of the person who was the owner when the assessment was paid, and the address of the property shall be published in a newspaper of general eirculation in the city. If the refund is not claimed by the person who owned the property when the assessment was paid, within 30 days of the date of mailing of the last required notice or within 30 days of the date of publication of any required notice, whichever is later, the city council may deposit the amount of the potential refund in the city's permanent improvement fund or bond redemption fund.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 430.102, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ANNUAL IMPROVEMENT ASSESSMENT PROCE-DURE; APPEALS. When the council shall have acted on the estimate of costs, the city engineer, with the assistance of the city assessor, shall prepare an assessment roll setting forth separately the amounts to be specially assessed against the benefited and assessable properties in the district in proportion to the benefits, descriptions of such properties, and the names of the owners of such properties, so far as such names are available to him. The assessment roll, when so prepared, shall be filed in the office of the city clerk and be there available for inspection. The city council shall meet to consider objections to the amounts of such special assessments at least ten days after a notice of hearing has been published once in the official newspaper and mailed to the named owners of all tracts, parcels and lots of property proposed to be assessed. The notice shall set forth the time and place of meeting, and set forth the purpose of such meeting, but may refer to the assessment roll for further particulars. When the city council shall have approved the amounts of the special assessments set forth therein, or as may be changed by it, the city clerk shall forthwith certify a copy of the assessment roll, with such changes, if any, to the county auditor to be extended on the tax lists of the county and to be collected with and in the same manner as other taxes on property for the current year. Within 20 days after the adoption of the assessment, any person aggrieved may appeal to the district court as provided in section 430.03 except that commissioners shall not be appointed to consider the amount of benefits; if the court shall find that the assessment is not arbitrary, unreasonable, or made under a demonstrable mistake of fact or erroneous theory of law, it shall confirm the proceedings, but otherwise shall remand the same to the city council for reconsideration and reassessment of the

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benefits upon like notice and hearing as in the case of original assessments under this subdivision. All objections to the assessment shall be deemed waived unless presented on such appeal.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 435.202, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. REFUND OF ASSESSMENTS. The governing body of the municipality shall also notify the municipal clerk or recorder of such fact, and he shall forthwith publish a provide notice in the official newspaper of the municipality appropriate to inform interested persons describing the improvement and stating that it has been abandoned and that any person who paid any special assessments levied on account of such improvement may file a claim, within six months following the date of publication of the notice, for refund of such assessments paid by him, together with any interest he paid thereon. If the municipality has no official newspaper, such notice may be published in any newspaper published in the municipality or, if no newspaper is published in the municipality, it may be posted. The municipality is not required to, but may, pay such claims filed after the period allowed, and it may require any claimant to furnish satisfactory evidence that he paid the amounts claimed. Such claims may be paid out of moneys in the fund of the improvement which was abandoned, unless obligations have been issued payable therefrom, or they may be paid out of moneys in the general fund.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 441.04, is amended to read:

441.04 ADVERTISE FOR BIDS.

As soon as the plans and specifications are approved by the council of each city the committee shall cause advertisements to be published once in each week for three successive weeks in a daily newspaper of each city for give notice appropriate to inform interested persons requesting public bids for the construction of the bridge, specifying the time and place for opening the bids, the amount and character of deposit required with the bids, together with any reasonable requirements or conditions, and reserving the right to reject any and all bids. No contract shall be let except to the lowest responsible bidder; provided that any such city, acting through its council, may submit a bid and if its bid be the lowest bid the contract shall be awarded to the city, subject to the power of the committee to reject all bids.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 462.427, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **PUBLIC HEARING; NOTICE; PUBLICATION; RESO-LUTION.** The governing body of a political subdivision shall not adopt any resolution authorized by this and section 462.426 unless a public hearing has first been held. The clerk of such political subdivision shall give notice of the time, place, and purpose of the public hearing not less than ten days nor more than 30

days prior to the day on which the hearing is to be held, in a newspaper published in such political subdivision, or if there is no newspaper published in such political subdivision, then in a newspaper published in the state and having a general circulation in such political subdivision manner appropriate to inform the public. Upon the date fixed for such public hearing an opportunity to be heard shall be granted to all residents of such political subdivision and to all other interested persons. The resolution shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the political subdivision.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 465.32, is amended to read:

465.32 NOTICE OF MEETING.

The appraisers shall give notice of their meeting by publication in the official newspaper of the city, once a week for six consecutive weeks, which last publication shall be at least ten days before the day of such meeting in a manner appropriate to inform the public, which notice shall name the stream to be diverted, the point of diversion, the general course of the new channel and the height to which it is proposed to raise or maintain any lake, the location of proposed bridges, culverts, or tunnels, the estimated cost of construction, and contain a description of the lands designated by the city council to be taken for right of way and for flowage purposes, and give notice that a plan of the improvement has been filed in the office of the city clerk, and that the appraisers will meet at a place and time designated in the notice, and thence proceed to view the premises and appraise the damages for property to be taken, or which may be damaged by the diversion of water or otherwise by such improvement, and to assess benefits in the manner hereinafter specified. If any portion of such stream or of the lands to be taken is outside of the county containing such city, then the notice shall be published for a like time in some newspaper in such also be given in the outside county.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 465.38, is amended to read:

465.38 NOTICE OF APPRAISEMENT; CONFIRMATION OR ANNULMENT.

Upon such report being filed, the city clerk shall give notice that such appraisement has been returned and that the same will be considered by the city council at a meeting thereof to be named in the notice, which notice shall contain the schedule of damages awarded and benefits assessed and be published in the official newspaper of the city once a week for two consecutive weeks, and the last publication shall be at least ten days before such meeting given in a manner appropriate to inform the public. Any person interested in any building standing in whole or in part upon any land required to be taken by such improvement shall, on or before the time specified for the meeting in such notice, notify the city council in writing of his election to remove such building, if he so elect. The city council, upon the day fixed for the consideration of such report, or at any

subsequent meeting to which the same may stand over or be referred, shall have power in their discretion to confirm, revise, or annul the appraisement and assessment, giving due consideration to any objections interposed by parties interested in the manner hereinafter specified; provided that the city council shall not have the power to reduce the amount of any award nor increase any assessment. In case the appraisement and assessment is annulled, the city council may thereupon appoint new appraisers, who shall proceed in like manner as in case of the first appraisement, and upon the coming in of their report, the city council shall proceed in a like manner and with the same powers as in the case of the first appraisement.

Sec. 63. [471.6965] PUBLICATION OF SUMMARY BUDGET STATEMENT.

Annually, upon adoption of the city budget, the city council shall publish a summary budget statement in the official newspaper of the city, or if there is none, in a qualified newspaper of general circulation in the city. The statement shall contain information relating to anticipated revenues and expenditures, in a form prescribed by the state auditor. The form prescribed shall be designed so that comparisons can be made between the current year and the budget year. A note shall be included that the complete budget is available for public inspection at a designated location within the city.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 471.697, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. In any city with a population of more than 2,500 according to the latest federal census, the city clerk or chief financial officer shall:

(a) Prepare a financial report covering the city's operations including operations of municipal hospitals and nursing homes, liquor stores, and public utility commissions during the preceding fiscal year after the close of the fiscal year and publish the report or a summary of the report, in a form as prescribed by the state auditor, in a <u>qualified</u> newspaper of <u>general circulation</u> in the city or, if there be is none, post copies in three of the most public places in the city, <u>no</u> <u>later than 30 days after the report is due in the office of the state auditor</u>. The report shall contain financial statements and disclosures which present the city's financial position and the results of city operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The report shall include such information and be in such form as may be prescribed by the state auditor;

(b) File the financial report in his office for public inspection and present it to the city council after the close of the fiscal year. One copy of the financial report shall be furnished to the state auditor after the close of the fiscal year; and

(c) Submit to the state auditor audited financial statements which have been attested to by a certified public accountant, public accountant, or the state auditor within 180 days after the close of the fiscal year, except that the state

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auditor may upon request of a city and a showing of inability to conform, extend the deadline. The state auditor may accept this report in lieu of the report required in clause (b) above.

A municipal hospital or nursing home established before June 6, 1979 whose fiscal year is not a calendar year on August 1, 1980 is not subject to this subdivision but shall submit to the state auditor a detailed statement of its financial affairs audited by a certified public accountant, a public accountant or the state auditor no later than 120 days after the close of its fiscal year. It may also submit a summary financial report for the calendar year.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 471.698, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. In any city with a population of less than 2,500 according to the latest federal census, the city clerk or chief financial officer shall:

(a) Prepare a detailed statement of the financial affairs of the city including operations of municipal hospitals and nursing homes, liquor stores, and public utility commissions in the style and form prescribed by the state auditor, for the preceding fiscal year showing all money received, with the sources, and respective amounts thereof; all disbursements for which orders have been drawn upon the treasurer; the amount of outstanding and unpaid orders; all accounts payable; all indebtedness; contingent liabilities; all accounts receivable; the amount of money remaining in the treasury; and all items necessary to show accurately the revenues and expenditures and financial position of the city;

(b) File the statement in his office for the public inspection and present it to the city council within 45 days after the close of the fiscal year;

(c) (1) Publish the statement within $60 \underline{90}$ days after the close of the fiscal year in a qualified newspaper published of general circulation in the city; or

(2) If there is no <u>qualified</u> newspaper <u>of general circulation</u> in the city, the clerk shall, at the direction of the city council, publish the statement in the official newspaper published elsewhere or post copies in three of the most public places in the city; or

(3) If city council proceedings are published monthly or quarterly, showing to whom and for what purpose orders are drawn upon the treasurer, the annual statement to be published as required by this section may be summarized in such form as the state auditor may prescribe. It is not necessary to publish individual disbursements of less than \$100, if disbursements aggregating \$1,000 or more to any person, firm, or other entity are set forth in a schedule of major disbursements showing amounts paid out, to whom, and for what purpose, and are made a part of and published with the financial statement; and

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(d) Submit within 90 days after the close of the fiscal year a copy of the statement to the state auditor in such summary form as the state auditor may prescribe.

A municipal hospital or nursing home established before June 6, 1979 whose fiscal year is not a calendar year on August 1, 1980 is not subject to this subdivision but shall submit to the state auditor a detailed statement of its financial affairs audited by a certified public accountant, a public accountant or the state auditor no later than 120 days after the close of its fiscal year. It may also submit a summary financial report for the calendar year.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 471.6985, is amended to read:

471.6985 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PUBLICATION; MUNICIPAL LIQUOR STORE.

Any city operating a municipal liquor store shall publish a balance sheet using generally accepted accounting procedures and a statement of operations of the liquor store within 90 days after the close of the fiscal year in the official newspaper of the city. The statement shall be headlined, in a type size no smaller than 18 point: "Analysis of(city)..... municipal liquor store operations for(year)...." and shall be written in clear and easily understandable language. It shall contain the following information: total sales, cost of sales, gross profit, profit as percent of sales, operating expenses, operating income, contributions to and from other funds, capital outlay, interest paid and debt retired. The form and style of the statement shall be prescribed by the state auditor. Non-operating expenses may not be extracted on the reporting form prior to determination of net profits for reporting purposes only. Administrative expenses charged to the liquor store by the city must be actual operating expenses and not used for any other public purpose prior to the determination of net profits. The publication requirements of this section shall be in addition to any publication or posting requirements for financial reports contained in sections 471.697 and 471.698. The statement may at the option of the city council be incorporated into the reports published pursuant to sections 471.697 and 471.698, in accordance with a form and style prescribed by the state auditor.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 472.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The governing body of a municipality shall consider such a resolution only after a public hearing thereon after notice published in a qualified newspaper at least once, appropriate to inform the public given not less than 10 nor more than 30 days prior to the date of the hearing. Opportunity to be heard shall be granted to all residents of the municipality and its environs and to all other interested persons. The resolution shall be published in the same manner in which ordinances are published in the municipality.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 484.30, is amended to read:

484.30 ADJOURNED AND SPECIAL TERMS.

The judges of each district may adjourn court from time to time during any term thereof, and may appoint special terms for the trial of issues of law and fact, and, when necessary, direct petit juries to be drawn therefor. Three weeks' published notice of every special term shall be given in the county wherein it is to be held. They may also appoint special terms for the hearing of all matters except issues of fact, the order for which shall be filed with the clerk, and a copy posted in his office for three weeks prior to the term.

Sec. 69. REPEALER.

<u>Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 55.09; 331.01; 331.02; 331.03; 331.04;</u> 331.05; 331.06; 331.07; 331.08; 331.10; 331.11; and 441.51, are repealed.

Sec. 70. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 69 are effective January 1, 1985, except as they apply to independent school districts, with respect to which Sections 1 to 69 are effective July 1, 1985.

Approved April 25, 1984

CHAPTER 544 --- S.F.No. 1408

An act relating to state government; recodifying the laws governing the department of administration; allowing the commissioner of administration to transfer to local government units certain supplies, materials, and equipment; allowing the commissioner of administration to charge a price sufficient to cover costs when selling copies of laws and resolutions; allowing the commissioner of administration to lease office space and purchase supplies and equipment without the approval of the governor; allowing the commissioner of administration to provide for the use of certain motor vehicles by the governor and lieutenant governor; relating to the use of state vehicles and compensation for use of personal vehicles; including in the definition of the term "employee" for purposes of workers' compensation a voluntary uncompensated worker accepted by the commissioner of administration; providing for criminal and juvenile defense grants to be administered by the board of public defense; specifying the United States department of labor as the entity which designates a labor surplus area; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 15.014, subdivision 2; 15.0593; 15.62, subdivision 2; 16A.065; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 43A.33, subdivisons 1 and 3; and 645.445, subdivision 5; and Minnesota Statutes 1983 Supplement, sections 43A.10, subdivision 8; 43A.23, subdivision 1; 116L.03, subdivision 6; and 176.011, subdivision 9; proposing new law coded in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A and 611; proposing new law coded as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 16.01; 16.011; 16.012; 16.014; 16.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 5, 5a, 6, 6a, 6b, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, and 27; 16.021; 16.022; 16.023; 16.0231; 16.024; 16.025; 16.026; 16.028; 16.03; 16.04; 16.05; 16.06; 16.061; 16.062; 16.063; 16.064; 16.065; 16.066; 16.068; 16.07; 16.073;

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

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