## CHAPTER 492 - S.F.No. 1740

An act relating to real estate; providing an exception for certain restrictions based on familial status in cooperative housing; permitting administrators of rental housing to petition the court for certain powers; clarifying the court's discretion to make certain orders; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 363.01, by adding a subdivision; 363.02, Subdivision 2; 566.25; and 566.29, Subdivision 4.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 363.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 32. COOPERATIVE APARTMENT CORPORATION. "Cooperative apartment corporation" means a corporation or association organized under sections 308.05 to 308.18 or chapter 317, the shareholders or members of which are entitled, solely by reason of their ownership of stock or membership certificates in the corporation or association, to occupy one or more residential units in a building owned or leased by the corporation or association.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 363.02, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **HOUSING.** (1) The provisions of section 363.03, subdivision 2, shall not apply to:
- (a) rooms in a temporary or permanent residence home run by a nonprofit organization, if the discrimination is by sex; or
- (b) the rental by an owner or occupier of a one-family accommodation in which he resides of a room or rooms in the accommodation to another person or persons if the discrimination is by sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance or disability. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require any person or group of persons selling, renting or leasing property to modify the property in any way, or exercise a higher degree of care for a person having a disability than for a person who does not have a disability; nor shall this chapter be construed to relieve any person or persons of any obligations generally imposed on all persons regardless of any disability in a written lease, rental agreement, or contract of purchase or sale, or to forbid distinctions based on the inability to fulfill the terms and conditions, including financial obligations of the lease, agreement or contract.
- (2) The provisions of section 363.03, subdivision 2, prohibiting discrimination because of familial status shall not be construed to defeat the applicability of any local, state or federal restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling unit and shall not apply to:
- (a) any unoccupied dwelling unit in one building of a housing complex consisting of two buildings or, in a housing complex consisting of three or more

buildings, any unoccupied dwelling unit in up to one-third of all buildings in the housing complex. For the purposes of this clause, "housing complex" means a group of buildings each containing five or more units on a contiguous parcel of land owned by the same person; a building shall not be exempt from section 363.03, subdivision 2, pursuant to this clause unless the owner has filed an election to designate the building as exempt with the commissioner; an election made by an owner pursuant to this clause may not be withdrawn for purposes of designating another building in the housing complex as exempt for a period of one year from the filing of the election: or

- (b) any unit in a condominium created prior to April 12, 1980, any unit in a condominium, other than a condominium converted from a residential building, created on or after April 12, 1980, and any unit in an adults-only condominium created from an existing adults-only rental building on or after April 12, 1980; or
- (c) an unoccupied dwelling unit in any building in which at least a majority of the dwelling units are occupied by elderly persons or are unoccupied and available for occupancy solely by households of which at least one member is an elderly person; or
- (d) any owner occupied building containing four or fewer dwelling units; or
- (e) an unoccupied dwelling unit in any building which is the subject of a valid certificate filed with the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this clause. To be valid, a certificate must be on a form provided by the commissioner, be received by the commissioner, state that on the date that the certificate is received by the commissioner at least a majority of the dwelling units in the building are occupied by elderly persons or are unoccupied and available for occupancy solely by households of which at least one member is an elderly person, state that on the date that the certificate is received by the commissioner there is on file with the owner of the building or a specified duly authorized agent of the owner for each occupied unit relied upon in support of the certificate a signed statement by an elderly person occupying the unit on the date that the certificate is received by the commissioner that the person is an elderly person, state that for a period of 180 days following the receipt of the certificate by the commissioner the owner or duly authorized agent will preserve the signed statements of the elderly persons and will, upon request, make the statements available for inspection by the commissioner or by any local commission having jurisdiction over the building, be signed by the owner or the duly authorized agent, and be in all respects true and accurate. A valid certificate shall remain valid for a period of 180 days following the date on which it is received by the commissioner. Any owner or authorized agent who files a certificate containing statements or information that the owner or authorized agent knows or should reasonably know to be false shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; or
- (f) any unoccupied dwelling unit of up to one-third of the units in a building that is not part of a multi-building complex; or

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- (g) any dwelling unit in a building owned by a cooperative apartment corporation, other than a building converted from a residential rental building to a cooperative apartment corporation building on or after April 12, 1980, unless that conversion was from an existing adults-only residential rental building.
  - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 566.25, is amended to read: 566.25 JUDGMENT.

Upon finding the complaint proved, the court, may, in its discretion, do any or all of the following, either alone or in combination:

- (a) Order the owner to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist if the court is satisfied that corrective action will be undertaken promptly; or
- (b) Order the tenant to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist and deduct the cost thereof from his rent subject to such the terms as the court determines to be just; or
  - (c) Appoint an administrator with powers as set out in section 566.29, and
  - (1) direct that rents due:
- (a) (i) on and from the day of entry of judgment, in the case of petitioning tenants, and
- (b) (ii) on and from the day of service of the judgment on all other tenants and commercial tenants of the building, if there be any, shall be deposited with the administrator appointed by the court, and
- (2) direct that the administrator use the rents collected for the purpose of remedying the violations found to exist by the court paying the debt service, taxes and insurance, and providing the services necessary to the ordinary operation and maintenance of the building which the owner is obligated to provide but which he fails or refuses to provide; or
- (d) Find the extent to which any uncorrected violations impair the tenants' use and enjoyment of the premises contracted for and order the rent therefor abated accordingly. Should the court choose to enter judgment under this paragraph the parties shall be informed and the court shall find the amount by which the rent shall be abated; and
- (e) Grant such any other relief as to the court may seem deems just and proper.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 566.29, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. POWERS. The administrator shall be empowered to:
- (a) Collect rents from tenants and commercial tenants, evict tenants and commercial tenants for nonpayment of rent or other cause, rent vacant dwelling units on a month to month basis, rent vacant commercial units with the consent

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of the owner and exercise all other powers necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 611;

- (b) Contract for the reasonable cost of such materials, labor and services as are necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist, and make disbursements for payment therefor from funds available for the purpose;
- (c) Provide any services to the tenants which the owner is obligated to provide but which he refuses or fails to provide, and to make disbursements for payment thereof pay for them from funds available for the purpose;
- (d) Petition the court, after notice to the parties, for an order allowing the administrator to encumber the premise to secure funds to the extent necessary to cover the cost of materials, labor, and services necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist, and to pay for them from funds derived from the encumbrance; and
- (e) Petition the court, after notice to the parties, for an order allowing the administrator to receive funds made available for this purpose by the municipality to the extent necessary to cover the cost of materials, labor, and services necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist, and pay for them from funds derived from the municipal sources. The municipality shall recover disbursements by special assessment on the real estate affected, bearing interest at the rate determined by the municipality, not exceeding the rate established for finance charges for open-end credit sales under section 334.16, subdivision 1, clause (b), with the assessment, interest and any penalties to be collected the same as special assessments made for other purposes under state statute or municipal charter.

## Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective the day following its final enactment.

Approved March 19, 1982

## CHAPTER 493 - S.F.No. 1765

An act relating to game and fish; removing the restriction upon issuance of wild turkey licenses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 100.271, Subdivision 3a; and Minnesota Statutes 1981 Supplement, Section 98.46, Subdivision 4; proposing new law coded in Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 98.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: Section 1. [98.456] TURKEY HUNTER GUIDE LICENSE.

No person shall for compensation engage in the business or occupation of guiding hunters in seeking to take turkeys without an annual license from the

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