

WHEREAS there is now pending before congress measures which provide for the adoption of a universal service act which provides for the conscription of capital and industry as well as man power in time of war and the use of each in the service of the nation, without special preference or profit, and

WHEREAS by taking profits out of war it would automatically destroy one of the greatest incentives of war, Now, Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the state of Minnesota, the Senate concurring, that we earnestly urge the Congress of the United States to adopt a universal service act which will take profits out of war and provide for the conscription of capital and industry as well as man power in time of war.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the secretary of state of Minnesota be instructed to send copies of this resolution to the president of the United States, to both Houses of Congress and to each member in Congress from the state of Minnesota.

Approved March 25, 1935.

RESOLUTION No. 20 (H. F. No. 35)

A joint resolution providing for the designation of the 9th day of July, 1935, as a Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Day; for the observance and commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission: and the appointment of a commission to be known as "The Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Centennial Commission."

WHEREAS, on the 9th day of July, 1835, the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission was duly established by Dr. Thomas S. Williamson, a regular appointee of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions and of the Presbyterian Church, and

WHEREAS, the establishment thereof was of great importance to the development of the western part of the State of Minnesota, and

WHEREAS, the State of Minnesota recognized the significance and the importance of the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission when it provided for the establishment of the Chippewa Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Park as a state park, and

WHEREAS, the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission will be on the 9th day of July, 1935, and

WHEREAS, it is fitting that the 100th anniversary thereof be commemorated with suitable public observance thereof and for the dedication of the park;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Minnesota concurring therein, that the 9th day of July, 1935 shall be known and designated as "The Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Day".

RESOLVED, FURTHER, that there is hereby established a commission to be known as "The Minnesota Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Centennial Commission" to be composed of the governor, the Superintendent of the State Historical Society, and five other citizens of this state who shall be appointed by the governor, and who are of high standing and character, and have a known interest in suitably observing and commemorating the events connected with the establishment of the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission. The commissioners to serve without compensation. The commission shall select a chairman from among its members.

Any vacancy caused shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments.

When the Minnesota Lac qui Parle Indian Mission Centennial Commission shall have finally completed the observance of the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Lac qui Parle Indian Mission, which may have been arranged for in connection herewith, the Governor, upon request of the commission, shall declare the commission dissolved.

Approved April 1, 1935.

RESOLUTION No. 21 (H. F. No. 1711)

A concurrent resolution memorializing the Interstate Commerce Commission, the RFC, the Minnesota Railway Commission and other authority having power in this matter to prevent the proposed dismemberment of the M. and St. L. Railway.

WHEREAS, The M. and St. L. Ry. lines have for many years been a unified, independent railway system with 1600 miles of trackage, more than 400 miles of which are located within the state of Minnesota, and