Section 1. Settlement of claims.—An employe or dependent may by a stipulation or agreement settle a claim for compensation with the employer or his insurer, but no such settlement shall be of any force or validity whatsoever until such settlement has been reduced to writing, signed by the parties, approved by the Industrial Commission, and an award has been made thereon by the Commission. All awards pursuant to such settlement shall be subject to reopening in accordance with Section 4319, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, notwithstanding any statement or agreement to the contrary which may be contained in any such settlement. Such settlement shall be approved by the Industrial Commission only where the terms thereof except as to the amount conform to the Compensation Act.

The matter of the approving or disapproving proposed settlements shall rest in the discretion of the Industrial Commission and the burden of showing that any proposed settlement is fair, reasonable and in conformity with the act except as to the amount shall be on the parties.

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 29, 1935.

CHAPTER 314-S. F. No. 109

An act to amend Section 4818, Mason's 1927 Statutes, relating to the entry of judgment upon awards of the Industrial Commission after default.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Entry of judgment upon awards.—That Section 4318, Mason's 1927 Statutes be amended so as to read as follows:

4318. On at least thirty days' default in the payment of compensation due under any award made under part 2 of this act, the employe or dependents entitled to such compensation may file a certified copy of such award with the clerk of the district court of any county in the state, and on ten days' notice in writing to the adverse parties, served as provided by law for service of a summons, may apply to the judge of any district court for judgment thereon. On such hearing the judge of such court shall have the right to determine only the facts of said award and the regularity of the proceedings upon

which said award is based, and shall order judgment accordingly, and such judgment shall have the same force and effect, and may be vacated, set aside, or satisfied as other judgments of the same court; provided, that no judgment shall be entered on an award while an appeal is pending. There shall be but one fee of 25c charged by said clerk for services in each case under this section, and said fee shall cover all services performed by him. An employe or dependent shall be entitled to entry of judgment for only such sums as are by the award payable to him. If any such award provides for the payment of money to a person other than such employe or dependent, such other person may by the same procedure obtain an entry of judgment for such sum as is payable to him by such award.

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 29, 1935.

CHAPTER 315-S. F. No. 106

. An'act to amend Section 4337-1, Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, relating to the payment of compensation to injured employees of the State of Minnesota, and repealing Sections 4331, 4332, 4333, 4334 and 4334-1 of Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927 and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Application of act.—That Section 4337-1 Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4337-1. The Workmen's Compensation Act of Minnesota shall apply to all employees of the State of Minnesota employed in any department thereof. It shall be the primary duty of the Industrial Commission to defend the state and its several departments against workmen's compensation claims whenever, after investigation, it shall deem such defense necessary or advisable. But the Attorney General may at any time and at any stage of a compensation proceeding take over and assume such defense, and upon request of the Industrial Commission or any department of the state, shall take over and assume such defense. For the purpose of such defense, the Industrial Commission shall have authority to provide for medical examinations of injured employes, procure the attend-