

to this Act shall become ineffective upon the termination of such emergency and thereupon all the existing law which may have been suspended or superseded pursuant to this Act shall become effective.

Sec. 5. Effective—termination.—The period of the emergency herein provided for shall be from the date of the taking effect of this Act until such date as the legislature may, by joint resolution, designate to be the termination thereof or, if the legislature be not in session, the date so designated by proclamation of the Governor.

Sec. 6. Violation a misdemeanor.—Any violation of the provisions of this Act or of any rule or regulation adopted by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant thereto, shall be a misdemeanor.

Sec. 7. Definitions.—The word “insurer” as used in this Act includes all corporations, associations, societies, and orders to which any provision of the laws relating to insurance is applicable.

Sec. 8. Provisions separable.—If any provision of this Act, or the application of such provision to any insurer or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Act, or the application of such provision to insurers or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 9. Effective March 15, 1933.—This Act, being an emergency Act, shall be of no force or effect after March 15, 1935.

Approved March 13, 1933.

CHAPTER 79—H. F. No. 1473

An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 5697, Subsection 1. (A) Relating to the removal or suspension of attorneys at law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Removal or suspension of attorney.—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 5697, Subsection 1. (A) be amended so as to read as follows:

“5697. Subsection 1. (A) Upon his being convicted of a felony, or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; in either of which cases the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence—, *but this section shall not be construed to apply to a conviction for contempt of court.*”

Approved March 14, 1933.