

1915 to 1920 inclusive, which have accrued by reason of the declaring of said Chapter 184 of the Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1915 to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the State of Minnesota, and any such unpaid taxes for said years are hereby cancelled and declared null and void.

Sec. 3. Law repealed.—Chapter 196, Laws 1917, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. Effective June 1, 1921.—This act shall be in force and effect from and after June 1, 1921.

Approved April 18, 1921.

CHAPTER 342—S. F. No. 763.

An act relating to fire insurance policies on motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Certain insurance policies exempt from provisions of Sec. 3318, G. S. 1913.—Insurance on automobiles, motor cycles, and other motor vehicles, against loss or damage by fire, when combined in one policy with insurance against one or more of the other hazards mentioned in subdivision 12 of Section 1 of Chapter 138, Laws 1915, need not be in accordance with Section 3318, General Statutes 1913.

Approved April 18, 1921.

CHAPTER 343—S. F. No. 857.

An act to amend Section 1345, General Statutes of Minnesota 1913 as amended by Chapter 120, Laws of 1921, relating to home rule charters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Proposed charter—How framed—Limit of bonded indebtedness.—That section 1345, General Statutes of Minnesota 1913 as amended by Chapter 120, Laws of 1921, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"1345. Within six months after such appointment, the board of freeholders shall deliver to the chief executive of said city or village the draft of a proposed charter, signed by at least a majority of its members. Such draft shall fix the corporate name and the boundaries of the proposed city, and provide for a mayor, and for a council, consisting of either one or two branches; one in either case to be elected by the people. Subject to the limitations in this chapter provided, it may provide

for any scheme of municipal government not inconsistent with the constitution, and may provide for the establishment and administration of all departments of a city government, and for the regulation of all local municipal functions, as fully as the legislature might have done before the adoption of section 33, article 4 of the constitution. It may omit provisions in reference to any department contained in special or general laws then operative in said city or village, and provide that such special or general laws, or such parts thereof as are specified, shall continue and be in force therein, including any such special or general laws authorizing the city or village to incur indebtedness or issue its bonds for municipal purposes. It may prescribe methods of procedure in respect to the operation of the government thereby created, and the duties thereunder of all courts and officers of the district and county in which the city is situated, which duties such courts and officers shall perform. And by such charter the city may be authorized to acquire, by gift, devise, purchase, or condemnation, any property, within or without its boundaries, needed for the full discharge of any public function which it is permitted to exercise. Nothing in this section shall authorize a change of boundaries, except that boundaries may be changed so as to include lands and property contiguous thereto when not lying at a distance of more than three miles from the boundaries of the original corporation and when used for industrial or mining purposes or occupied or leased for such purposes, if the person, association or corporation so using, occupying or leasing the same by writing presented to the board of freeholders at any time before a draft of the proposed charter is delivered to the chief executive of such city or village so request.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1921.

CHAPTER 344—S. F. No. 291.

An act, relating to live stock exchanges and to the rules and regulations of such exchanges.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Live stock exchanges to be open market.—Any rule, by-law, regulation or requirement of a live stock exchange or association maintaining a place of business for its members where any live stock is bought, sold or exchanged for themselves or for others, to the effect that no member thereof shall buy, sell or exchange live stock with a person who is not a member thereof, is hereby declared to be contrary to public