Such convention shall be held before the termination of the time for filing for nomination for primary elections preceding the general state election, and such change shall be agreed by resolution of a majority of such convention.

A copy of the resolutions determining upon such change of name, certified by the chairman and secretary of such convention, shall be filed with the secretary of state within five days after the holding of such convention. Thereafter such political party shall be known by the new name called for by said resolution, and said party under its new name shall have all the rights that it had under its former name.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and

after its passage.

Approved April 21, 1913.

CHAPTER 407-S. F. No. 639.

An Act providing for the consolidation of villages in cases where their boundary lines are adjacent or coincident for one and one-half miles or more.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Consolidation of villages.—Whenever the boundary lines of two villages may be adjacent or coincident for one and one-half miles or more, said villages may be consolidated

on agreeing as follows:

Sec. 2. Proceedings for consolidation.—The council of either village may agree with the other village to such consolidation, or may, of its own motion, and upon petition of twentyfive (25) resident voters forthwith shall, order a special election upon the question of consolidation, the general terms of which shall be stated in such petition and in the question submitted to vote, and in case a majority of the votes cast at such election is in favor of consolidation the same shall be effectual on the agreement thereto by the other village, either by vote of its council, or, if an election is held therein, then in case a majority of the votes cast thereat are in favor thereof, provided that, if the council of either village, without first holding such special election therein, shall vote to consolidate, then on petition of twenty-five (25) per cent of the number of voters voting at the last preceding annual village election, filed with the village clerk within fifteen (15) days of such vote, a special election forthwith shall be called therein and the question of such consolidation shall be submitted at such election, and if a majority of the votes cast thereat are against such consolidation the vote of the council thereon shall be of no effect, and such consolidation shall not take place.

Sec. 3. Agreements to be binding.—The agreements between such villages with reference to the terms of consolidation shall be binding upon the consolidated village.

Sec. 4. This act shall be in force and take effect from and

after its passage.

Approved April 21, 1913.

CHAPTER 408-S. F. No. 673.

An Act to amend Section 1756 of the Revised Laws 1905, as amended by Chapter 428 of the General Laws 1909, relating to adulterants and preservatives of dairy products, providing for penaltics for violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Adding a renovator, neutralizer, alcohol, etc., to milk and cream declared a misdemeanor.—That Section 1756, Revised Laws 1905, as amended by Chapter 428 of the General

Laws 1909, be amended to read as follows:

"Section 1756. No person shall manufacture for sale, advertise or sell, any mixture or compound designed, or offered for sale or use, as an adulterant, preservative or renovator of milk, cream, butter or cheese, or as a neutralizer of the acidity of milk, cream, butter or cheese; nor shall any person add or apply to milk, cream, butter or cheese, any borax, boric acid, salicylic acid, formaldehyde, formalin or other antiferment or preservative nor any alcohol, viscogen, lime, saltpeter, sal soda, soda ash, or other neutralizer; provided, however, that this section shall not apply to pure salt added to butter or cheese.

Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than twentyfive dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten nor more than thirty days for the first offense, and for the second offense, a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail, for not less than twenty nor more

than sixty days for each offense."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 21, 1913.