sample or samples of seed to said Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station for examination, analysis and tests, and such examination, analysis or tests, shall be reported upon free of

charge.

Sec. 9. Certificates presumptive evidence.—The certificate of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station giving results of any examinations, analysis or tests of any seed sample made under the authority of said Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station shall be presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated.

- Sec. 10. Attorney general and county attorney to be informed of violations.—When said Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station shall find by its examinations, analysis, or tests, that any person, firm or corporation has violated any of the provisions of this act, it shall transmit the fact so found to the attorney general or to the county attorney of the county in which the offense was committed.
- Sec. 11. Duty to prosecute.—It shall be the duty of the attorney general and the county attorney to prosecute all persons violating any of the provisions of this act, when evidence thereof has been presented by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station.
- Sec. 12. Report to governor.—The said Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station shall make an annual report to the governor of the state of Minnesota upon the work done under

this act, and shall publish the same in pamphlet form.

Sec. 13. \$10,000 appropriatel.—There is hereby appropriated from the state treasury out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated the sum of five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1914, and the same amount for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1915, the said money to be expended under the direction of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station in carrying out the provisions of this act.

Sec. 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and

after July 1st, 1913.

Approved March 31, 1913.

## CHAPTER 142-H. F. No. 367.

An Act to amend Section 1306, Revised Laws of 1905, relating to special school meetings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. County superintendent may call meeting.—That Section 1306, Revised Laws 1905, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Upon the written request of five freeholders and voters of a district, specifying the business to be acted upon, or upon the adoption of a proper resolution, so specifying, by the school board, or upon a request, so specifying, signed by a majority of the members of the school board, the clerk shall call a special meeting of such district upon ten days' posted notice and one week's published notice, if there be a newspaper printed in such district, and shall specify in such notice the business named in such request or resolution and the time and place of meeting. If there be no clerk in the district, or if he fails for three days after receiving such request or resolution to give notice of such meeting, it may be called by like notice signed by five freeholders and voters of the district. No business except that named in the notice shall be transacted at such meeting.

In case it shall be made to appear by affidavit that there are not five voters who are frecholders in any school district, or that there is not a legal school board therein, the county superintendent of schools of the county in which such district is located, shall, if in his opinion there is need for such school meeting, call such meeting by giving notice thereof as hereinbefore provided.

Approved March 31, 1913.

## CHAPTER 143-H. F. No. 463.

An Act to provide for the filing of chattel mortgages, bills of sale of chattels, and conditional sale contracts in the office of the register of deeds of the several counties; providing for the transfer of such instruments now on file with clerks and recorders of municipalities, and the records and record books of the same, to the offices of registers of deeds, and providing for mileage and fees for making such transfers, and providing for fees of the registers of deeds for filing such instruments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Chattel mortgages, etc., not to be filed with clerk or recorder.—On and after July 1, 1913, no chattel mortgage, bill of sale of chattels, or conditional sale contract, shall be filed with the clerk or recorder of any municipality of this state.

Sec. 2. To be filed with register of deeds.—On and after July 1st, 1913, chattel mortgages, bills of sale of chattels, and conditional sale contracts may be filed with the register of deeds of the county in which the mortgagor or vendor resides, if a resident of the state, and if the mortgagor or vendor, is a non-resident of the state, then in the county in which the property mortgaged or sold is then situate. Duplicates of such chattel mortgage, bill of sale of chattels, or conditional sale contract, or