trict court and may be filed with the clerk of any district court in any county in the state, or a judicial district in which said contest is to be had. The contestant shall within ten days after the filing of such notice of appeal give notice of said contest in writing to the person whose election or right to a seat he intends to contest, which notice shall be served in the same manner provided for the service of a summons in a civil action, and in and by said notice he shall specify the points upon which said contest is based. If the person whose elec- Notice tion is contested desires to offer testimony upon points ments thernot specified in the notice of contestant he shall within ten days after the service of said notice of contest by said contestant serve upon said contestant or his attorney, an answer specifying such additional points or grounds upon which he so desires to offer evidence. Upon such notices, which are not to be taken as true until proved, and which may be amended in the same manner provided for the amendment of pleadings in civil actions, all testimony shall be taken as in civil actions and all matters relating to said contest shall be heard and tried by the district court wherein said notice of appeal shall have been filed, in the manner that civiactions are tried by the court.

and amend-

SEC. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1901.

CHAPTER 366.

H. F. No. 668.

An act to amend section five (5) of chapter 106 of Amendment. the General Laws of Minnesota of one thousand eight Ilbraries. hundred and seventy-nine (1879), as amended by chapter forty-eight (48), General Laws of Minnesota of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (1899), relating to the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries and reading rooms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section five (5) of chapter 106 of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine (1879), as amended by chapter forty-eigh: (48). General Laws of 1899, be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Said board, with the consent of the common council or other governing body of any such city or villag[c], expressed by resolution or ordinance adopted by said body, in accepting any donation for library purposes, which may be donated, devised or bequeathed by any person, company or corporation, may enter into any agreement with such donor, his or their legal representatives, affecting such donation, bequest or devise as may be proposed or imposed concerning the same, and any such agreement shall have the full and binding effect of a contract between such donor and his or their legal representatives and said city or village."

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1901.

H. F. No. 676.

CHAPTER 367.

Amendment, Teachers' certificates. An act to amend section two (2) of chapter thirtyfour (34) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (1893), being section three thousand seven hundred and forty-nine (3749) of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to teachers' certificates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section two (2) of chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (1893), being section thirty-seven hundred and forty-nine (3749) of the General Statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to teachers' certificates, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Professional state certificate.

Sec. 3749. Permanent teachers of high character and board scholarship and who have a successful experience, may, upon the examination by the state superintendent or by a committee of three competent teachers appointed by him, receive a professional state certificate, which shall authorize the holder to teach in any public school in the state without further examination; provided, that no life certificate shall be in force after its holder shall permit a space of three years to lapse without following some educational pursuit, unless said certificate be indorsed by the state superintendent; provided further, that graduates of colleges and univesities of good standing who