essary absence from the county, he shall be unable to attend to the duties of his office, he may, and upon the presenting in said court of a duly verified petition of any person interested or his attorney setting forth facts showing the existence of any of the grounds therefor hereinbefore mentioned, he shall receive and file such petition and make an entry in his record reciting the grounds of Duty of ansuch disqualification or disability, and shall thereupon, to act. in writing, which shall be made a record in said court, request some qualified probate judge of an adjoining county to hear, try and determine the matter or matters in which he is so disqualified to act, or to attend to all the duties of his office, while he is so sick, absent or disqualified as the case may be. Upon such written request being so made to him, it shall be the duty of the probate judge of such adjoining county to act for and in the stead of the judge making such request as to all matters in which the latter is so disqualified or disabled, and for that purpose, shall at such reasonable time or times as may be necessary therefor, attend at and preside over and discharge the duties of the probate court in the county of the judge so disqualified, absent or sick. The expenses of such substituted judge while acting as aforesaid shall be audited, allowed and paid by the county in which he shall be so called to act.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1901.

## CHAPTER 332.

H. F. No. 446.

An act to amend section one (1) of chapter two hun-Amendment. dred and seventeen (217) of the General Laws of 1897, adulteration entitled "An act to prevent the adulteration of and deception in the sale of flax seed or linseed oil."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section one (1) of chapter two hundred and seventeen (217) of the General Laws of 1897, entitled "An act to prevent the adulteration of and deception in the sale of flax seed or linseed oil," shall be amended to read as follows:

No person, firm or corporation shall manufacture for sale, or offer or expose for sale, in this state, any flax seed or linseed oil, unless the same answers a chemical test for purity, recognized in the United States pharmacopoeia, and any other test that will discover impurities and adulterations in linseed oil. All linseed oil that shall show more than two per cent shrinkage when subjected to an evaporation test by exposing it to a temperature of three hundred (300) or more degrees of heat, Fahrenheit, for a period of three hours, shall be deemed adulterated within the meaning of this act.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after its passage.

Approved April 13, 1901.

H. F. No. 462.

## CHAPTER 333.

Amendment, Prevent adulteration of honey.

An act to amend chapter twenty-one (21), General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-three (1893), entitled "An act in relation to the sale of honey compounded or adulterated, and to prevent fraud and to preserve the public health."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That section six (6) of chapter twenty-one (21) of the General Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-three (1893), entitled "An act in relation to the sale of honey compounded or adulterated, and to prevent fraud and to preserve the public health," be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

"The said commissioner and his assistants, experts, chemists and others by him appointed, shall have access, ingress and egress to all places of business and buildings where the same is kept for sale. They shall also have power and authority to open any package, car or vessel containing such articles which may be manufactured, sold or exposed for sale in violation of the provisions of this act, and may inspect the contents therein, and take samples therefrom for analyses. All clerks, bookkeepers, express agents, railroad agents or officials, employes or common carriers, or other persons, shall render them all the assistance in their power, when so requested, in tracing, finding or discovering the presence of any prohibited article named in this act. Any neglect or refusal on the part of such clerk, bookkeeper, express agent, railroad agents, employes, or common carriers to render such friendly aid, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars, or more than fifty (50) dollars for each and every