

SECTION 1. That the clerk of the district court in counties having more than two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants, shall, in open court on the second day of any general term of said district court, under the direction of the judge or judges of said court, draw from the names on the list of persons selected to serve as petit jurors, made, certified and prepared for drawing as in the case of grand jurors, the names of as many persons as the court or judge shall direct, to serve as petit jurors for a period of two weeks in such term, commencing with the second Monday of such term; and shall then continue in like manner to draw the names of other persons for each panel for as many successive panels of petit jurors as the court or judge may direct for successive periods of two weeks, covering the time that petit jurors are expected to be needed during such general term. Such clerk shall forthwith issue to the proper officers venirens for such panels of petit jurors, returnable on the proper Mondays as to each, respectively, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, and the officer shall forthwith thereafter, as soon as may be, serve all such venirens and summon all such jurors and shall be entitled to the same mileage, and no more, that would be the case if the names of all the jurors in all the venirens were contained in a single venire. If there be a deficiency of petit jurors, the clerk shall, in open court, under the direction of the judge, draw from the box containing the names on the petit jury list the names of additional persons to supply such deficiency; and writs of venire facias shall issue summoning such persons, and returnable forthwith, or at such time as the judge of the court may direct.

Jurors, how drawn and assigned to duty.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1899.

CHAPTER 241.

H. F. No. 445.

An act to provide for a division of property wherever any regularly organized village has heretofore separated, or may hereafter separate, itself from the town in which it is situated.

Towns and villages, separation of.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Property acquired by general tax to be joint property of town and village after separation.

SECTION 1. That wherever any regularly organized village has heretofore separated or may hereafter separate itself, for all purposes, from the town in which it is situated, in the way and manner provided by law, and has complied with the laws of this state for the purpose of effecting such separation, and there has been prior to such separation purchased, built or erected any property, which has been paid for by a tax collected from an assessment in common of the property within said village and said town, and which said property is located within, and upon separation remains within, the corporate limits of said village, such property, and all thereof after such separation, shall be and remain the joint property of such town and village, and after such separation the same shall be and remain the common property of such town and village, notwithstanding the fact that such property is within the corporate limits of said village.

May be divided when practical.

SEC. 2. That whenever a division of any such property is practical, it shall be divided between said town and village in such proportion as the taxable property of such village bears to the taxable property of said town, according to the last assessment thereof preceding such separation, and such property and all thereof shall be owned by such town and village after such separation in the proportion hereinbefore in this section stated; and in case said joint property is to be divided, sold or disposed of, and the supervisors of any such town and the council of such village are unable to agree on the value of any such joint property, then in such case the chairman of the board of the town and the president of the council of such village shall each appoint a suitable person as arbitrators, who shall jointly select a third person to act with them as a board of arbitration, and the value placed upon such property, by a majority of such board, shall be binding on the respective parties.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 17, 1899.

H. F. No. 565.

CHAPTER 242.

Game and fish, propagation and preservation of.

An act to amend chapter two hundred and twenty-one (221) of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (1897), entitled "An act for the preservation, propagation, protection, taking, use and transportation of game and fish."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota: