GENERAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MINNESOTA

PASSED DURING THE

TWENTY-EIGHTH SESSION:

OF THE

STATE LEGISLATURE

(INCLUDING ALL SPECIAL LAWS.)

COMMENCING JANUARY THIRD, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

THE PIONESS PRESS COMPARY, 1893.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF STATE. ADOPTED IN THE YEAR 1892.

An Amendment to section thirty-three of article four of the constitution of the state of Minnesota, prohibiting special legislation.

Sec. 33. In all cases when a general law can be made applicable no special law shall be enacted; and whether a general law could have been made applicable in any case is hereby declared a judicial question, and as such shall be judicially determined without regard to any legislative assertion on that subject. The legislature shall pass no local or special law regulating the affairs of, or incorporating, erecting or changing the lines of any county, city, village, township, ward or school district, or creating the offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of the officers of, or fixing or relating to the compensation, salary or fees of the same, or the mode of election or appointment thereto; authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, vacating or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys; remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures; regulating the powers, duties and practice of justices of the peace, magistrates and constables; changing the names of persons, places, lakes or rivers; for opening and conducting of elections, or flxing or changing the places of voting; authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children; changing the law of descent or succession; conferring rights upon minors; declaring any named person of age; giving effect to informal or invalid wills or deeds, or affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability; locating or changing county seats; regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of schoolhouses, and the raising of money for such purposes; exempting property from taxation, or regulating the rate of interest on money; creating corporations, or amending, renewing, extending or explaining the charters thereof; granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever, or authorizing public taxation for a private purpose; provided, however, that the inhibitions of local or special laws in this section shall not be construed to prevent the passage of general laws on any of the subjects enumerated. The legislature may repeal any existing special or local law, but shall not amend, extend or modify any of the same.

[Being Chapter 1 of the General Laws of 1891.]

Voted upon at the general election held November eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and adopted by a vote of 77,614 in favor of said amendment, and a vote of 49,583 against the same.

Proclamation of the vote issued by the governor December twenty-

third, eighteen hundred and ninety-two (1892).

ERRATA.

The letters and words included in brackets [] in this volume of General Laws are not in the enrolled copies of the acts approved by the Governor and filed with the Secretary of State; they are found in the original or engrossed copies that were voted upon by the legislature, but were omitted or incorrectly copied in the enrolled acts.

Errors in grammatical construction and omissions of words, in the printed copy, may be traced to the fact that the errors and omissions appear in the original and subse-

quent copies of the acts as engrossed and enrolled.

CHAPTER 2 OF THE GENERAL LAWS OF 1891—Amendment to section 3 of article 9 of the constitution, providing for the taxation of sleeping car companies and other companies, was defeated; the official vote being 53,372 votes for and 82,910 votes against the amendment.