SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

S.F. No. 508

(SENATE AUTHORS: CHAMBERLAIN, Scheid, Gerlach, Reinert and Kruse)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/28/2011	309	Introduction and first reading Referred to Commerce and Consumer Protection
04/14/2011	1284a 1338	Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading
05/12/2011 05/14/2011	2006a 2042	General Orders: To pass as amended Calendar: Third reading Passed
05/21/2011	3065	Returned from House

1.1	A bill for an act		
1.2	relating to insurance; prohibiting motor vehicle insurance companies from		
1.3	restricting an insured's choice of rental vehicle company as a source of a temporary replacement vehicle; requiring that insurers inform insured, of that		
1.4 1.5	temporary replacement vehicle; requiring that insurers inform insureds of that right; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 72A.201, subdivision 6;		
1.6	proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 65B.		
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:		
1.8	Section 1. [65B.137] COVERAGE FOR TEMPORARY REPLACEMENT		
1.9	VEHICLE; CHOICE OF SOURCE.		
1.10	(a) For purposes of this section, "rental vehicle reimbursement coverage" means		
1.11	insurance coverage for the cost of renting a vehicle used as substitute transportation if		
1.12	the insured vehicle is damaged and temporarily out of use due to a covered loss, until the		
1.13	insured vehicle is repaired or declared a total loss.		
1.14	(b) Whenever a motor vehicle collision or comprehensive loss has been suffered by		
1.15	an insured, an insurer providing rental vehicle reimbursement coverage shall not require		
1.16	that the insured obtain a rental vehicle from a specific rental vehicle company, rental		
1.17	vehicle location, or rental vehicle franchisee or other provider.		
1.18	(c) In processing a claim described in this section, the insurer shall promptly		
1.19	disclose to the insured that the insured may obtain a rental vehicle from any rental vehicle		
1.20	company, location, or franchisee or other provider.		
1.21	(d) When issuing or renewing an insurance policy that includes rental vehicle		
1.22	reimbursement coverage, the insurer shall include the coverage required under this section		
1.23	and shall separately inform the insured in writing of the insured's right under this section		
1.24	and under the policy to choose a rental vehicle company to use in the event that the		
1.25	insured uses that coverage.		

- 2.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011, and applies to
 2.2 policies issued or renewed on or after that date.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 72A.201, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 Subd. 6. Standards for automobile insurance claims handling, settlement offers,
 and agreements. In addition to the acts specified in subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 8, and 9, the
 following acts by an insurer, adjuster, or a self-insured or self-insurance administrator
 constitute unfair settlement practices:

(1) if an automobile insurance policy provides for the adjustment and settlement
of an automobile total loss on the basis of actual cash value or replacement with like
kind and quality and the insured is not an automobile dealer, failing to offer one of the
following methods of settlement:

(a) comparable and available replacement automobile, with all applicable taxes,
license fees, at least pro rata for the unexpired term of the replaced automobile's license,
and other fees incident to the transfer or evidence of ownership of the automobile paid, at
no cost to the insured other than the deductible amount as provided in the policy;

- (b) a cash settlement based upon the actual cost of purchase of a comparable
 automobile, including all applicable taxes, license fees, at least pro rata for the unexpired
 term of the replaced automobile's license, and other fees incident to transfer of evidence
 of ownership, less the deductible amount as provided in the policy. The costs must be
 determined by:
- (i) the cost of a comparable automobile, adjusted for mileage, condition, and options,
 in the local market area of the insured, if such an automobile is available in that area; or
- (ii) one of two or more quotations obtained from two or more qualified sources
 located within the local market area when a comparable automobile is not available in
 the local market area. The insured shall be provided the information contained in all
 quotations prior to settlement; or

2.27 (iii) any settlement or offer of settlement which deviates from the procedure above
2.28 must be documented and justified in detail. The basis for the settlement or offer of
2.29 settlement must be explained to the insured;

(2) if an automobile insurance policy provides for the adjustment and settlement
of an automobile partial loss on the basis of repair or replacement with like kind and
quality and the insured is not an automobile dealer, failing to offer one of the following
methods of settlement:

(a) to assume all costs, including reasonable towing costs, for the satisfactory repairof the motor vehicle. Satisfactory repair includes repair of both obvious and hidden

3.1 damage as caused by the claim incident. This assumption of cost may be reduced by3.2 applicable policy provision; or

- 3.3 (b) to offer a cash settlement sufficient to pay for satisfactory repair of the vehicle.
 3.4 Satisfactory repair includes repair of obvious and hidden damage caused by the claim
 3.5 incident, and includes reasonable towing costs;
- 3.6 (3) regardless of whether the loss was total or partial, in the event that a damaged
 3.7 vehicle of an insured cannot be safely driven, failing to exercise the right to inspect
 3.8 automobile damage prior to repair within five business days following receipt of
 3.9 notification of claim. In other cases the inspection must be made in 15 days;
- 3.10 (4) regardless of whether the loss was total or partial, requiring unreasonable travel
 3.11 of a claimant or insured to inspect a replacement automobile, to obtain a repair estimate,
 3.12 to allow an insurer to inspect a repair estimate, to allow an insurer to inspect repairs made
 3.13 pursuant to policy requirements, or to have the automobile repaired;
- 3.14 (5) regardless of whether the loss was total or partial, if loss of use coverage
 3.15 exists under the insurance policy, failing to notify an insured at the time of the insurer's
 3.16 acknowledgment of claim, or sooner if inquiry is made, of the fact of the coverage,
 3.17 including the policy terms and conditions affecting the coverage and the manner in which
 3.18 the insured can apply for this coverage;
- (6) regardless of whether the loss was total or partial, failing to include the insured's 3.19 deductible in the insurer's demands under its subrogation rights. Subrogation recovery 3.20 must be shared at least on a proportionate basis with the insured, unless the deductible 3.21 amount has been otherwise recovered by the insured, except that when an insurer is 3.22 3.23 recovering directly from an uninsured third party by means of installments, the insured must receive the full deductible share as soon as that amount is collected and before any 3.24 part of the total recovery is applied to any other use. No deduction for expenses may be 3.25 made from the deductible recovery unless an attorney is retained to collect the recovery, in 3.26 which case deduction may be made only for a pro rata share of the cost of retaining the 3.27 attorney. An insured is not bound by any settlement of its insurer's subrogation claim with 3.28 respect to the deductible amount, unless the insured receives, as a result of the subrogation 3.29 settlement, the full amount of the deductible. Recovery by the insurer and receipt by the 3.30 insured of less than all of the insured's deductible amount does not affect the insured's 3.31 rights to recover any unreimbursed portion of the deductible from parties liable for the loss; 3.32
- 3.33 (7) requiring as a condition of payment of a claim that repairs to any damaged
 3.34 vehicle must be made by a particular contractor or repair shop or that parts, other than
 3.35 window glass, must be replaced with parts other than original equipment parts or engaging
 3.36 in any act or practice of intimidation, coercion, threat, incentive, or inducement for or

4.1 against an insured to use a particular contractor or repair shop. Consumer benefits included
4.2 within preferred vendor programs must not be considered an incentive or inducement.
4.3 At the time a claim is reported, the insurer must provide the following advisory to the
4.4 insured or claimant:

4.5 "You have the legal right to choose a repair shop to fix your vehicle. Your policy
4.6 will cover the reasonable costs of repairing your vehicle to its pre-accident condition no
4.7 matter where you have repairs made. Have you selected a repair shop or would you
4.8 like a referral?"

4.9 After an insured has indicated that the insured has selected a repair shop, the insurer
4.10 must cease all efforts to influence the insured's or claimant's choice of repair shop;

4.11 (8) where liability is reasonably clear, failing to inform the claimant in an automobile
4.12 property damage liability claim that the claimant may have a claim for loss of use of
4.13 the vehicle;

4.14 (9) failing to make a good faith assignment of comparative negligence percentages
4.15 in ascertaining the issue of liability;

4.16 (10) failing to pay any interest required by statute on overdue payment for an4.17 automobile personal injury protection claim;

(11) if an automobile insurance policy contains either or both of the time limitation
provisions as permitted by section 65B.55, subdivisions 1 and 2, failing to notify the
insured in writing of those limitations at least 60 days prior to the expiration of that time
limitation;

4.22 (12) if an insurer chooses to have an insured examined as permitted by section
4.23 65B.56, subdivision 1, failing to notify the insured of all of the insured's rights and
4.24 obligations under that statute, including the right to request, in writing, and to receive
4.25 a copy of the report of the examination;

(13) failing to provide, to an insured who has submitted a claim for benefits 4.26 described in section 65B.44, a complete copy of the insurer's claim file on the insured, 4.27 excluding internal company memoranda, all materials that relate to any insurance fraud 4.28 investigation, materials that constitute attorney work product or that qualify for the 4.29 attorney-client privilege, and medical reviews that are subject to section 145.64, within ten 4.30 business days of receiving a written request from the insured. The insurer may charge 4.31 the insured a reasonable copying fee. This clause supersedes any inconsistent provisions 4.32 of sections 72A.49 to 72A.505; 4.33

4.34 (14) if an automobile policy provides for the adjustment or settlement of an
4.35 automobile loss due to damaged window glass, failing to provide payment to the insured's

chosen vendor based on a competitive price that is fair and reasonable within the localindustry at large.

5.3 Where facts establish that a different rate in a specific geographic area actually served 5.4 by the vendor is required by that market, that geographic area must be considered. This 5.5 clause does not prohibit an insurer from recommending a vendor to the insured or from 5.6 agreeing with a vendor to perform work at an agreed-upon price, provided, however, 5.7 that before recommending a vendor, the insurer shall offer its insured the opportunity to 5.8 choose the vendor. If the insurer recommends a vendor, the insurer must also provide 5.9 the following advisory:

5.10

5.11

"Minnesota law gives you the right to go to any glass vendor you choose, and prohibits me from pressuring you to choose a particular vendor.";

(15) requiring that the repair or replacement of motor vehicle glass and related
products and services be made in a particular place or shop or by a particular entity, or by
otherwise limiting the ability of the insured to select the place, shop, or entity to repair or
replace the motor vehicle glass and related products and services; or

(16) engaging in any act or practice of intimidation, coercion, threat, incentive, or
inducement for or against an insured to use a particular company or location to provide
the motor vehicle glass repair or replacement services or products. For purposes of this
section, a warranty shall not be considered an inducement or incentive; or

5.20 (17) failing to inform an insured making a claim that includes rental vehicle
5.21 reimbursement coverage of the insured's right under section 65B.137 to select the source
5.22 of the rental vehicle.

5.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011, and applies to claims
 5.24 incurred on or after that date under policies issued or renewed on or after that date.