REVISOR

15-3130

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EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

02/25/2015 Authored by Quam and Drazkowski

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture Policy 03/11/2015 Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Property Tax and Local Government Finance Division

1.1	A bill for an act				
1.2	relating to taxation; property; making various changes in the taxation of				
1.3	agricultural property; creating a valuation exclusion for homeowners over age 65; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 272.02, by adding a subdivision;				
1.4 1.5	273.11, by adding a subdivision; 273.13, subdivision 23, by adding a subdivision;				
1.6	proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 273.				
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:				
1.8	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 272.02, is amended by adding a				
1.9	subdivision to read:				
1.10	Subd. 100. Nonproductive rural vacant land. Real estate that is unplatted, rural in				
1.11	character, not used for agricultural purposes, and not improved with a structure is exempt.				
1.12	Land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products is not				
1.13	eligible for exemption under this subdivision.				
1.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.				
1.14 1.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to				
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2.1	(b) For the purposes of this	subdivision, "rental rat	e" means the median	rent		
2.2	published by the University of Minnesota extension service.					
2.3	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, ownership by a resident is determined by the					
2.4	mailing address of the person or e	entity to whom the prop	erty tax statement is so	ent.		
2.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective begin	nning with taxes payal	ble in 2016.		
2.6	Sec. 3. [273.1112] PRESERV	ATION OF AGRICUI	LTURAL LAND.			
2.7	Subdivision 1. Additional	taxes. (a) When all or a	portion of real proper	rty that is		
2.8	being or has been classified as cla	ass 2a under section 273	.13 no longer qualifies	s for class		
2.9	2a classification, the portion no lo	onger qualifying shall be	e subject to additional	taxes, in		
2.10	an amount equal to the difference	between the taxes that	would have been levie	ed against		
2.11	the property if it were classified a	s class 3a property unde	er section 273.13, and	the taxes		
2.12	actually levied upon the property	<u>.</u>				
2.13	(b) The additional taxes sha	Ill be extended against t	he property on the tax	list for		
2.14	the current year, provided that:					
2.15	(1) no interest or penalties s	hall be levied on the add	ditional taxes if timely	/ paid; and		
2.16	(2) the additional taxes shall	l only be levied with res	spect to the last three	years that		
2.17	the property has been classified a	s class 2a.				
2.18	(c) For the purposes of this	subdivision, taxes "levi	ed against the propert	y if it		
2.19	were classified as class 3a proper	ty" means the tax detern	nined by multiplying t	the net tax		
2.20	capacity of the property as it wou	ld be determined under	section 273.13, subdiv	vision 24,		
2.21	by the appropriate net tax capacity	y tax rates for the local t	axing jurisdictions end	compassing		
2.22	the property, and the market value	e of the property by the	appropriate referendu	m market		
2.23	value tax rates for the local taxing	g jurisdictions encompas	ssing the property.			
2.24	Subd. 2. Lien. The tax imp	oosed by this section sha	all be a lien upon the p	property		
2.25	assessed to the same extent and f	for the same duration as	other taxes imposed u	upon		
2.26	property within this state. The tax	shall be annually exter	nded by the county aud	ditor and if		
2.27	and when payable shall be collect	ted and distributed in the	e manner provided by	law for the		
2.28	collection and distribution of othe	er property taxes.				
2.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective begin	nning with taxes payal	ble in 2016.		
2.30	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 202	14, section 273.13, subd	ivision 23, is amended	d to read:		
2.31	Subd. 23. Class 2. (a) An a					

2.32 land that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to

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and immediately surrounding one acre of land has the same classification rates as class
la or 1b property under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including
improvements up to the first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a
classification rate of 0.5 percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier
has a classification rate of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision,
the "first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means

the limit certified under section 273.11, subdivision 23.

(b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that 38 are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a classification rate of one percent 3.9 of market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class 3.10 2a property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is 3.11 interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind 3.12 shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement, 3.13 and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest of 3.14 the property or that is unlikely to be able to be sold separately from the rest of the property. 3.15

3.16 An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used 3.17 for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

(c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, 3.18 that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes, 3.19 including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products, 3.20 that is not improved with a structure, unless the land is exempt under section 272.02, 3.21 subdivision 100. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by 3.22 the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under 3.23 this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a structure that is not a 3.24 minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and ten acres must be 3.25 assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. Class 2b property has a classification 3.26 rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under 3.27 paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d). 3.28

(d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than 3.29 1,920 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management 3.30 plan that meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable 3.31 forest resource management incentive program. It has a classification rate of .65 percent, 3.32 provided that the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the 3.33 property to initially qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required 3.34 by the assessor to verify that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor 3.35 receives the application and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property 3.36

qualifies beginning with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application
and information after April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until
the next assessment year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the
land is qualified. The commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county
assessors verification information on a timely basis. The presence of a minor, ancillary
nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the
property from classification under this paragraph.

4.8

(e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:

4.9 (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for4.10 agricultural purposes; or

4.11 (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or
4.12 poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing
4.13 does not qualify under this clause.

"Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying, 4.14 or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment 4.15 used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be 4.16 classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products, 4.17 the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as 4.18 the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes 4.19 enrollment in the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535 4.20 or the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a 4.21 similar state or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural 4.22 4.23 (i) under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2003 because of its enrollment in a qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (ii) in the year prior to its enrollment. 4.24 Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of any residential 4.25 structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership. 4.26

4.27 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous
4.28 portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion
4.29 of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.

4.30

(f) Agricultural land under this section also includes:

4.31 (1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres in size and exclusively used in the
4.32 preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products; or

4.33 (2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if
4.34 the contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land
4.35 was used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses:

EAP/AA 15-3130 (i) for an intensive grain drying or storage operation, or for intensive machinery or 5.1 equipment storage activities used to support agricultural activities on other parcels of 5.2 property operated by the same farming entity; 5.3 (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery 5.4 stock are considered agricultural land; or 5.5 (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming" 5.6 means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal or other 5.7 agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization with which 5.8 the farmer is affiliated. 5.9 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as 5.10 described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section 5.11 that are owned by the same person. 5.12 (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural 5.13 use of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes. 5.14 Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under 5.15 section 273.111. 5.16 (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax 5.17 purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that 5.18 define minimum or maximum farm acreage. 5.19 (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production 5.20 for sale of: 5.21 (1) livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fur-bearing 5.22 5.23 animals, horticultural and nursery stock, fruit of all kinds, vegetables, forage, grains, bees, and apiary products by the owner; 5.24 (2) fish bred for sale and consumption if the fish breeding occurs on land zoned 5.25 5.26 for agricultural use; (3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and 5.27 riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture 5.28 to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1); 5.29 (4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for 5.30 equestrian activities, excluding racing; 5.31 (5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under 5.32 section 97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural

Resources, which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates 5.34

that at least 500 birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the 5.35

5.33

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6.1	preceding year and that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F;						
6.2	or (ii) for use on a shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;						
6.3	(6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;						
6.4	(7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not						
6.5	sold for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; and						
6.6	(8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota						
6.7	Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor.						
6.8	(j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrial						
6.9	purposes, including but not limited to:						
6.10	(1) wholesale and retail sales;						
6.11	(2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods;						
6.12	(3) warehousing or storage of	processed goods; and	t				
6.13	(4) office facilities for the supp	port of the activities	enumerated in clauses	(1), (2),			
6.14	and (3),						
6.15	the assessor shall classify the part of	f the parcel used for	agricultural purposes a	s class			
6.16	1b, 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropria	ate, and the remainde	er in the class appropria	ate to its			
6.17	use. The grading, sorting, and packa	aging of raw agricult	ural products for first s	sale is			
6.18	considered an agricultural purpose.	A greenhouse or oth	er building where horti	cultural			
6.19	or nursery products are grown that i	s also used for the co	onduct of retail sales m	ust be			
6.20	classified as agricultural if it is primarily used for the growing of horticultural or nursery						
6.21	products from seed, cuttings, or roots and occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of						
6.22	those products. Use of a greenhouse	e or building only for	the display of already	grown			
6.23	horticultural or nursery products doe	es not qualify as an a	gricultural purpose.				
6.24	(k) The assessor shall determine	ne and list separately	on the records the man	ket value			
6.25	of the homestead dwelling and the o	ne acre of land on w	hich that dwelling is lo	ocated. If			
6.26	any farm buildings or structures are	located on this home	steaded acre of land, th	neir market			
6.27	value shall not be included in this se	parate determination	1.				
6.28	(l) Class 2d airport landing are	a consists of a landin	ng area or public access	s area of a			
6.29	privately owned public use airport.	It has a classification	rate of one percent of	market			
6.30	value. To qualify for classification u	under this paragraph,	a privately owned pub	olic use			
6.31	airport must be licensed as a public	airport under sectior	1 360.018. For purpose	es of			

this paragraph, "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport properly cleared, regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft 6.33 and includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or 6.34 navigational aids. A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface 6.35 and the approach surfaces that comply with all of the following: 6.36

6.32

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(i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of 7.1 the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains 7.2 facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area; 7.3 (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and 7.4

7.5

(iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes.

The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified 7.6 by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified, 7.7 or until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph. 7.8 For purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft 7.9 parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection 7.10 with the airport. 7.11

(m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively 7.12 being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not 7.13 located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as 7.14 provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a classification rate of one percent of 7.15 market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at 7.16 least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the 7.17 county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing: 7.18

7.19

(1) a legal description of the property;

(2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not 7.20 actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled; 7.21

7.22

(3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning ordinance of this property is for mining; and 7.23

(4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government 7.24 or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a 7.25 statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating 7.26 the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit. 7.27

For purposes of this section and section 273.1115, "commercial aggregate deposit" 7.28 means a deposit that will yield crushed stone or sand and gravel that is suitable for use 7.29 as a construction aggregate; and "actively mined" means the removal of top soil and 7.30 overburden in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit. 7.31

(n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins 7.32 to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from 7.33 the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is 7.34 actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified 7.35 under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the 7.36

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aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the

8.2 land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental

8.3 affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the

8.4 Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental

8.5 affidavit must be filed each time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined,

- 8.6 provided that the minimum acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity
- 8.7 constitutes less than five acres.

8.8 (o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are
8.9 not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions
8.10 in section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply.

8.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

8.12 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
8.13 to read:

8.14 Subd. 36. Senior homestead market value exclusion. (a) The first \$150,000 of
8.15 market value of a homestead owned by a person age 65 or older is excluded from market
8.16 value before determining property taxes due and payable upon the property. In order to

8.17 first qualify for this exclusion, the owner must reach the age of 65 on or before December

- 8.18 31 of the year preceding the year in which the taxes are payable.
- (b) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property
 consisting of the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies
 for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- 8.22 (c) In the case of a married couple, only one of the spouses must be 65 or older to
 8.23 qualify for exclusion under this subdivision.

8.24 (d) The first year that a property becomes eligible for the exclusion under this

8.25 <u>subdivision, an application must be filed with the assessor prior to December 1 of the year</u>

8.26 preceding the year that the taxes are payable. Applications received after November 30

8.27 will not be eligible until the following year. An application may be filed by a person who

- 8.28 has not yet reached the age of 65, provided that the person will reach that age prior to
- 8.29 December 31 of the year the application is filed. Once a property qualifies for exclusion
- 8.30 <u>under this subdivision, the property shall remain eligible until the eligible owner disposes</u>
- 8.31 of the property, and no further applications are required.
- 8.32 (e) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not
- 8.33 eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under
- 8.34 <u>subdivision 22</u>, paragraph (b).

9.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.