S1955-3

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

BD

S.F. No. 1955

(SENATE AUTHORS: PUTNAM)				
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS		
02/20/2023	921	Introduction and first reading		
		Referred to State and Local Government and Veterans		
02/27/2023	1149	Withdrawn and re-referred to Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development		
04/03/2023	2959a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance		
	3001	Rule 12.10: report of votes in committee		
04/12/2023	4775a	Comm report: To pass as amended		
	4777	Second reading		
04/13/2023	4955	Special Order		
	4958	Third reading Passed		
04/21/2023	5799	Returned from House with amendment		
	5800	Senate not concur, conference committee of 3 requested		
	5804	Senate conferees Putnam; Kupec; Westrom		
04/24/2023		House conferees Vang; Pursell; Anderson, P.H.		
05/11/2023		Conference committee report, delete everything		
	7395			
	7395	Third reading		
05/12/2023	7425	House adopted SCC report and repassed bill		
		Presentment date 05/16/23		
		Governor's action Approval 05/18/23		
	9374			
		Effective date Various dates		

1.1

A bill for an act

relating to state government; establishing a budget for the Department of 12 Agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, the Agricultural Utilization Research 1.3 Institute, and the Office of Broadband Development; making policy and technical 1.4 changes to agriculture provisions; making policy and technical changes to 1.5 broadband provisions; providing civil penalties; transferring money to the 1.6 border-to-border broadband fund account; establishing the grain indemnity account; 1.7 transferring money to the grain indemnity account; requiring reports; appropriating 1.8 money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 17.055, subdivision 1, by 1.9 adding subdivisions; 17.1016, subdivision 2; 17.116, subdivision 3; 17.133, 1.10 subdivisions 2, 3; 17.457; 17.710; 17.983, subdivision 1; 18.78, subdivision 2; 1.11 18B.01, subdivision 2b, by adding subdivisions; 18B.03, subdivision 3, by adding 1.12 a subdivision; 18B.051; 18B.055; 18B.065, subdivision 8; 18B.26, by adding 1.13 subdivisions; 18B.28, subdivision 3; 18C.005, by adding subdivisions; 18C.111, 1.14 subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 18C.421, subdivision 1; 18C.425, 1.15 subdivision 6; 18D.321, subdivision 1; 18F.01; 18F.02, by adding subdivisions; 1.16 1.17 18F.07; 18F.13; 18G.02, subdivisions 2, 6, 14, 15, 16, 20, 22, 24, 30, by adding a subdivision; 18G.03, subdivision 1; 18G.04, subdivision 2; 18G.05; 18G.06, 1.18 subdivisions 2, 5; 18G.10, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 18G.11, subdivision 1; 18G.12, 1.19 subdivisions 1, 2; 18H.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 8, 9, 12, 12b, 12c, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 1.20 24a, 25, 26, 28, 32, 33, by adding subdivisions; 18H.03, subdivision 6; 18H.04; 1.21 18H.05; 18H.06, subdivision 2; 18H.07, subdivision 4, by adding subdivisions; 1.22 18H.08, subdivisions 1, 2; 18H.09; 18H.10; 18H.12; 18H.13; 18H.14; 18H.15; 1.23 18H.18; 18J.08, subdivision 1; 18K.04, subdivisions 1, 2; 18K.06; 25.39, 1.24 subdivision 1; 25.391, subdivision 2; 28A.08, by adding a subdivision; 28A.082, 1.25 subdivision 1; 28A.09, by adding a subdivision; 32D.02, subdivision 2; 32D.09, 1.26 subdivision 2; 34A.04, subdivision 1; 35.02, subdivision 1; 35.05; 41A.14, 1.27 1.28 subdivision 2; 41A.19; 116J.395, subdivision 7; 116J.396, subdivision 2; 223.16, by adding a subdivision; 223.17, subdivisions 7, 7a; 223.175; 223.19; 232.22, 1.29 1.30 subdivision 5; Laws 2022, chapter 95, article 2, section 29, subdivision 6; article 4, section 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 1.31 18B; 18C; 116J; 223; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 17.055, 1.32 subdivision 2; 17.984; 18F.02, subdivisions 2, 9; 18F.12; 18G.02, subdivisions 1.33 12, 17, 21, 25, 29; 18H.02, subdivisions 10, 12a, 21, 22, 23, 29, 31, 32a, 34; 18H.06, 1.34 subdivision 1; 18H.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 18K.05; 18K.09; 32D.03, subdivision 1.35 5; 32D.24; 32D.25; 32D.26; 32D.27; 32D.28; 35.156, subdivision 2; 41A.12, 1.36 subdivision 4; 41A.21; 223.17, subdivisions 4, 8; 232.22, subdivisions 4, 6, 6a, 7. 1.37

	SF1955	REVISOR	BD	S1955-3	3rd Engrossment
2.1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISLAT	TURE OF THE	E STATE OF MINN	IESOTA:
2.2		A	RTICLE 1		
2.3		APPI	ROPRIATION	IS	
2.4	Section 1. AGR	ICULTURE APPROP	PRIATIONS.		
2.5	The sums sho	own in the columns mark	ed "Appropriat	ions" are appropriat	ed to the agencies
2.6	and for the purpo	oses specified in this art	ticle. The approx	opriations are from	the general fund,
2.7	or another name	d fund, and are availabl	e for the fiscal	years indicated for	each purpose.
2.8	The figures "202	4" and "2025" used in t	his article mea	n that the appropria	tions listed under
2.9	them are availab	le for the fiscal year en	ding June 30, 2	2024, or June 30, 20)25, respectively.
2.10	"The first year"	is fiscal year 2024. "Th	e second year"	is fiscal year 2025.	"The biennium"
2.11	is fiscal years 20)24 and 2025.			
2.12 2.13				APPROPRIA Available for t	
2.13				Ending Ju	
2.15				2024	2025
2.16	Sec. 2. DEPAR	FMENT OF AGRICU	LTURE		
2.17	Subdivision 1. T	otal Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>92,025,000</u> <u>\$</u>	72,223,000
2.18	A	ppropriations by Fund			
2.19		<u>2024</u>	2025		
2.20	General	91,626,000	71,824,000		
2.21	Remediation	399,000	399,000		
2.22	The amounts that	t may be spent for each	l		
2.23	purpose are spec	ified in the following	_		
2.24	subdivisions.				
2.25	Subd. 2. Protect	tion Services			
2.26	A	ppropriations by Fund			
2.27		2024	2025		
2.28	General	32,034,000	18,743,000		
2.29	<u>Remediation</u>	399,000	399,000		
2.30	(a) \$399,000 the	first year and \$399,000) the		
2.31	second year are f	from the remediation fu	nd for		
2.32	administrative fu	unding for the voluntary	7		
2.33	cleanup program	<u>1.</u>			

3.1	(b) \$625,000 the first year and \$625,000 the
3.2	second year are for the soil health financial
3.3	assistance program under Minnesota Statutes,
3.4	section 17.134. The commissioner may award
3.5	no more than \$50,000 of the appropriation
3.6	each year to a single recipient. The
3.7	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
3.8	this appropriation for costs incurred to
3.9	administer the program. Any unencumbered
3.10	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
3.11	year and is available in the second year.
3.12	Appropriations encumbered under contract on
3.13	or before June 30, 2025, for soil health
3.14	financial assistance grants are available until
3.15	June 30, 2027. The base for this appropriation
3.16	is \$639,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
3.17	thereafter.
3.18	(c) \$800,000 the first year is for transfer to the
3.19	pollinator research account established under
3.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.051. The base
3.21	for this transfer is \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026
3.22	and each year thereafter.
3.23	(d) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
3.24	second year are for transfer to the noxious
3.25	weed and invasive plant species assistance
3.26	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
3.27	section 18.89, to award grants under
3.28	Minnesota Statutes, section 18.90, to counties,
3.29	municipalities, and other weed management
3.30	entities, including Minnesota Tribal
3.31	governments as defined in Minnesota Statutes,
3.32	section 10.65. This is a onetime appropriation.
3.33	(e) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the
3.34	second year are for compensation for
3.35	destroyed or crippled livestock under

4.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. The first
4.2	year appropriation may be spent to compensate
4.3	for livestock that were destroyed or crippled
4.4	during fiscal year 2023. If the amount in the
4.5	first year is insufficient, the amount in the
4.6	second year is available in the first year. The
4.7	commissioner may use up to \$5,000 each year
4.8	to reimburse expenses incurred by university
4.9	extension educators to provide fair market
4.10	values of destroyed or crippled livestock. If
4.11	the commissioner receives federal dollars to
4.12	pay claims for destroyed or crippled livestock,
4.13	an equivalent amount of this appropriation
4.14	may be used to reimburse nonlethal prevention
4.15	methods performed by federal wildlife services
4.16	staff.
4.17	(f) \$155,000 the first year and \$155,000 the
4.18	second year are for compensation for crop
4.19	damage under Minnesota Statutes, section
4.20	3.7371. If the amount in the first year is
4.21	insufficient, the amount in the second year is
4.22	available in the first year. The commissioner
4.23	may use up to \$10,000 of the appropriation
4.24	each year to reimburse expenses incurred by
4.25	the commissioner or the commissioner's
4.26	approved agent to investigate and resolve
4.27	claims, as well as for costs associated with
4.28	training for approved agents. The
4.29	commissioner may use up to \$40,000 of the
4.30	appropriation each year to make grants to
4.31	producers for measures to protect stored crops
4.32	from elk damage. If the commissioner
4.32	determines that claims made under Minnesota
4.34	Statutes, section 3.737 or 3.7371, are
4.35	unusually high, amounts appropriated for

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5.1	either program may be transferred to the
5.2	appropriation for the other program.
5.3	(g) \$825,000 the first year and \$825,000 the
5.4	second year are to replace capital equipment
5.5	in the Department of Agriculture's analytical
5.6	laboratory.
5.7	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
5.8	second year are to support a meat processing
5.9	liaison position to assist new or existing meat
5.10	and poultry processing operations in getting
5.11	started, expanding, growing, or transitioning
5.12	into new business models.
5.13	(i) \$2,200,000 the first year and \$1,650,000
5.14	the second year are additional funding to
5.15	maintain the current level of service delivery
5.16	for programs under this subdivision. The base
5.17	for this appropriation is \$1,925,000 for fiscal
5.18	year 2026 and each year thereafter.
5.18 5.19	year 2026 and each year thereafter. (j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
5.19	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
5.19 5.20	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in
5.19 5.20 5.21	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply
5.195.205.215.22	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual cereal grains and oilseeds that have market
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual cereal grains and oilseeds that have market value as harvested or grazed commodities. By
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual cereal grains and oilseeds that have market value as harvested or grazed commodities. By February 1 each year, the commissioner must
 5.19 5.20 5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 5.32 	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to organizations in Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply chains, and markets for continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living cover crops and cropping systems" refers to agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual cereal grains and oilseeds that have market value as harvested or grazed commodities. By February 1 each year, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking

5,165,000

4,985,000

6.1	in this paragraph, including administrative
6.2	costs, and the achievements these funds
6.3	contributed to. The commissioner may use up
6.4	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
6.5	administrative costs. This is a onetime
6.6	appropriation.
6.7	(k) \$45,000 the first year and \$45,000 the
6.8	second year are appropriated for
6.9	wolf-livestock conflict-prevention grants. The
6.10	commissioner may use some of this
6.11	appropriation to support nonlethal prevention
6.12	work performed by federal wildlife services.
6.13	This is a onetime appropriation.
6.14	(1) \$10,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
6.15	the grain indemnity account established in
6.16	Minnesota Statutes, section 223.24. This is a
6.17	onetime transfer.
6.18	(m) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
6.19	second year are for the PFAS in pesticides
6.20	review. This is a onetime appropriation.
6.21	(n) \$1,941,000 the first year is for transfer to
6.22	the food handler license account. This is a
6.23	onetime transfer.
6.24 6.25	Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development
6.26	(a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
6.27	second year are to expand international trade
6.28	opportunities and markets for Minnesota
6.29	agricultural products.
6.30	(b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the
6.31	second year are for transfer to the Minnesota
6.32	grown account and may be used as grants for
6.33	Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota
6.34	Statutes, section 17.102. Notwithstanding

7.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the
7.2	appropriations encumbered under contract on
7.3	or before June 30, 2025, for Minnesota grown
7.4	grants in this paragraph are available until June
7.5	<u>30, 2027.</u>
7.6	(c) \$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
7.7	second year are for the continuation of the
7.8	dairy development and profitability
7.9	enhancement programs, including dairy
7.10	profitability teams and dairy business planning
7.11	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
7.12	<u>32D.30.</u>
7.13	(d) The commissioner may use funds
7.14	appropriated in this subdivision for annual
7.15	cost-share payments to resident farmers or
7.16	entities that sell, process, or package
7.17	agricultural products in this state for the costs
7.18	of organic certification. The commissioner
7.19	may allocate these funds for assistance to
7.20	persons transitioning from conventional to
7.21	organic agriculture.
7.22	(e) \$600,000 the first year and \$420,000 the
7.23	second year are to maintain the current level
7.24	of service delivery. The base for this
7.25	appropriation is \$490,000 for fiscal year 2026
7.26	and each year thereafter.
7.27	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
7.28	second year are for mental health outreach and
7.29	support to farmers, ranchers, and others in the
7.30	agricultural community and for farm safety
7.31	grant and outreach programs under Minnesota
7.32	Statutes, section 17.1195. Mental health
7.33	outreach and support may include a 24-hour
7.34	hotline, stigma reduction, and education.
7.35	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section

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8.1	16A.28, any	unencumbered balan	ce does not		
8.2		e end of the first year			
8.3	available in	the second year. This i	is a onetime		
8.4	appropriatio	on.			
8.5	<u>(g) \$100,000</u>	0 the first year and \$1	00,000 the		
8.6	second year	are to award and admin	nister grants		
8.7	for infrastru	cture to support EBT,	SNAP,		
8.8	SFMNP, and	d related programs at	farmers		
8.9	markets. No	twithstanding Minneso	ota Statutes,		
8.10	section 16A	.28, any unencumbere	ed balance		
8.11	does not can	ncel at the end of the fi	rst year and		
8.12	is available	in the second year. Th	is is a		
8.13	onetime app	propriation.			
8.14	<u>(h) \$200,000</u>	0 the first year and \$2	00,000 the		
8.15	second year	are to award cooperation	tive grants		
8.16	under Minne	esota Statutes, section	17.1016.		
8.17	The commis	ssioner may use up to	6.5 percent		
8.18	of the appro	priation each year to a	administer		
8.19	the grant pro	gram. Notwithstanding	g Minnesota		
8.20	Statutes, sec	ction 16A.28, any une	ncumbered		
8.21	balance doe	s not cancel at the end	l of the first		
8.22	year and is a	available in the second	l year. This		
8.23	is a onetime	appropriation.			
8.24 8.25	Subd. 4. Ag Advanceme	riculture, Bioenergy, ent	and Bioproduct	37,809,000	33,809,000
8.26	<u>(a)</u> \$10,702,	000 the first year and \$	510,702,000		
8.27	the second y	year are for the agricul	lture		
8.28	research, edu	ucation, extension, and	technology		
8.29	transfer prog	gram under Minnesota	a Statutes,		
8.30	section 41A	.14. Except as provide	ed below,		
8.31	the appropri	ation each year is for	transfer to		
8.32	the agricultu	ire research, education	, extension,		
8.33	and technolo	ogy transfer account u	inder		
8.34	Minnesota S	Statutes, section 41A.1	14,		
8.35	subdivision	3, and the commission	ner shall		

9.1	transfer funds each year to the Board of
9.2	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
9.3	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
9.4	41A.14. To the extent practicable, money
9.5	expended under Minnesota Statutes, section
9.6	41A.14, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2),
9.7	must supplement and not supplant existing
9.8	sources and levels of funding. The
9.9	commissioner may use up to one percent of
9.10	this appropriation for costs incurred to
9.11	administer the program.
9.12	Of the amount appropriated for the agriculture
9.13	research, education, extension, and technology
9.14	transfer grant program under Minnesota
9.15	Statutes, section 41A.14:
9.16	(1) \$600,000 the first year and \$600,000 the
9.17	second year are for the Minnesota Agricultural
9.18	Experiment Station's agriculture rapid
9.19	response fund under Minnesota Statutes,
9.20	section 41A.14, subdivision 1, clause (2);
9.21	(2) up to \$1,000,000 the first year and up to
9.22	\$1,000,000 the second year are for research
9.23	on avian influenza, salmonella, and other
9.24	turkey-related diseases and disease prevention
9.25	measures;
9.26	(3) \$2,250,000 the first year and \$2,250,000
9.27	the second year are for grants to the Minnesota
9.28	Agricultural Education Leadership Council to
9.29	enhance agricultural education with priority
9.30	given to Farm Business Management
9.31	challenge grants;
9.32	(4) \$450,000 the first year is for the cultivated
9.33	wild rice breeding project at the North Central

10.1	Research and Outreach Center to include a
10.2	tenure track/research associate plant breeder;
10.3	(5) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
10.4	second year are for potato breeding;
10.5	(6) \$802,000 the first year and \$802,000 the
10.6	second year are to fund the Forever Green
10.7	Initiative and protect the state's natural
10.8	resources while increasing the efficiency,
10.9	profitability, and productivity of Minnesota
10.10	farmers by incorporating perennial and
10.11	winter-annual crops into existing agricultural
10.12	practices. The base for the allocation under
10.13	this clause is \$802,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
10.14	each year thereafter. By February 1 each year,
10.15	the dean of the College of Food, Agricultural
10.16	and Natural Resource Sciences must submit
10.17	a report to the chairs and ranking minority
10.18	members of the legislative committees with
10.19	jurisdiction over agriculture finance and policy
10.20	and higher education detailing uses of the
10.21	funds in this paragraph, including
10.22	administrative costs, and the achievements
10.23	these funds contributed to; and
10.24	(7) \$350,000 each year is for farm-scale winter
10.25	greenhouse research and development
10.26	coordinated by University of Minnesota
10.27	Extension Regional Sustainable Development
10.28	Partnerships. The allocation in this clause is
10.29	onetime.
10.30	(b) The base for the agriculture research,
10.31	education, extension, and technology transfer
10.32	program is \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2026
10.32	and \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2027.

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3rd Engrossment

11.1	(c) \$27,107,000 the first year and \$23,107,000
11.2	the second year are for the agricultural growth,
11.3	research, and innovation program under
11.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. Except
11.5	as provided below, the commissioner may
11.6	allocate this appropriation each year among
11.7	the following areas: facilitating the start-up,
11.8	modernization, improvement, or expansion of
11.9	livestock operations, including beginning and
11.10	transitioning livestock operations with
11.11	preference given to robotic dairy-milking
11.12	equipment; assisting value-added agricultural
11.13	businesses to begin or expand, to access new
11.14	markets, or to diversify, including aquaponics
11.15	systems, with preference given to hemp fiber
11.16	processing equipment; facilitating the start-up,
11.17	modernization, or expansion of other
11.18	beginning and transitioning farms, including
11.19	by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
11.20	section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
11.21	on-farm research and demonstration; the
11.22	development or expansion of food hubs and
11.23	other alternative community-based food
11.24	distribution systems; enhancing renewable
11.25	energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
11.26	including basic and applied turf seed research;
11.27	Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
11.28	and good agricultural practices and good
11.29	handling practices certification assistance. The
11.30	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
11.31	this appropriation for costs incurred to
11.32	administer the program.
11.33	Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
11.33	growth, research, and innovation program
11.35	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:

12.1	(1) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
12.2	the second year are for distribution in equal
12.3	amounts to each of the state's county fairs to
12.4	preserve and promote Minnesota agriculture;
12.5	(2) \$5,750,000 the first year and \$5,750,000
12.6	the second year are for incentive payments
12.7	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16,
12.8	41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20. Notwithstanding
12.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the first
12.10	year appropriation is available until June 30,
12.11	2025, and the second year appropriation is
12.12	available until June 30, 2026. If this
12.13	appropriation exceeds the total amount for
12.14	which all producers are eligible in a fiscal
12.15	year, the balance of the appropriation is
12.16	available for other purposes under this
12.17	paragraph. The base under this clause is
12.18	\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
12.19	thereafter;
12.20	(3) \$3,375,000 the first year and \$3,375,000
12.21	the second year are for grants that enable retail
12.22	petroleum dispensers, fuel storage tanks, and
12.23	other equipment to dispense biofuels to the
12.24	public in accordance with the biofuel
12.25	replacement goals established under
12.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail
12.27	petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use
12.28	in spark ignition engines for vehicle model
12.29	years after 2000 is eligible for grant money
12.30	under this clause if the retail petroleum
12.31	dispenser has no more than 10 retail petroleum
12.32	dispensing sites and each site is located in
12.33	Minnesota. The grant money must be used to
12.34	replace or upgrade equipment that does not
12.35	have the ability to be certified for E25. A grant

13.1	award must not exceed 65 percent of the cost
13.2	of the appropriate technology. A grant award
13.3	must not exceed \$200,000 per station. The
13.4	commissioner must cooperate with biofuel
13.5	stakeholders in the implementation of the grant
13.6	program. The commissioner, in cooperation
13.7	with any economic or community development
13.8	financial institution and any other entity with
13.9	which the commissioner contracts, must
13.10	submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure
13.11	financial assistance program by January 15 of
13.12	each year to the chairs and ranking minority
13.13	members of the legislative committees and
13.14	divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
13.15	policy and finance. The annual report must
13.16	include but not be limited to a summary of the
13.17	following metrics: (i) the number and types
13.18	of projects financed; (ii) the amount of dollars
13.19	leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the
13.20	geographic distribution of financed projects;
13.21	(iv) any market expansion associated with
13.22	upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics
13.23	of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the
13.24	program; and (vii) the number of grants to
13.25	minority-owned or female-owned businesses.
13.26	The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for
13.27	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter;
13.28	(4) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000
13.29	the second year are for grants to facilitate the
13.30	start-up, modernization, or expansion of meat,
13.31	poultry, egg, and milk processing facilities. A
13.32	grant award under this clause must not exceed
13.33	\$200,000. Any unencumbered balance at the
13.34	end of the second year does not cancel until
13.35	June 30, 2026, and may be used for other
13.36	purposes under this paragraph. The base under
15.50	parposes and and paragraph. The base and

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14.1	this clause is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
14.2	each year thereafter;
14.3	(5) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000
14.4	the second year are for providing more fruits,
14.5	vegetables, meat, poultry, grain, and dairy for
14.6	children in school and early childhood
14.7	education centers, including, at the
14.8	commissioner's discretion, providing grants
14.9	to reimburse schools and early childhood
14.10	education centers for purchasing equipment
14.11	and agricultural products. Of the amount
14.12	appropriated, \$150,000 each year is for a
14.13	statewide coordinator of farm-to-institution
14.14	strategy and programming. The coordinator
14.15	must consult with relevant stakeholders and
14.16	provide technical assistance and training for
14.17	participating farmers and eligible grant
14.18	recipients. The base under this clause is
14.19	\$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
14.20	thereafter;
14.21	(6) \$4,000,000 the first year is for Dairy
14.22	Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative
14.23	(DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial
14.24	assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll
14.25	in coverage under a federal dairy risk
14.26	protection program and produced no more
14.27	than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The
14.28	commissioner must make DAIRI payments
14.29	based on the amount of milk produced in
14.30	2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating
14.31	farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner
14.32	within the limits of available funding. Any
14.33	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
14.34	end of the first year and is available in the
14.35	second year. Any unencumbered balance at

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15.1	the end of the second year does not cancel
15.2	until June 30, 2026, and may be used for other
15.3	purposes under this paragraph. The allocation
15.4	in this clause is onetime;
15.5	(7) \$2,000,000 the first year and \$2,000,000
15.6	the second year are for urban youth
15.7	agricultural education or urban agriculture
15.8	community development; and
15.9	(8) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
15.10	the second year are for the good food access
15.11	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
15.12	<u>17.1017.</u>
15.13	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
15.14	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
15.15	cancel at the end of the first year and is
15.16	available for the second year, and
15.17	appropriations encumbered under contract on
15.18	or before June 30, 2025, for agricultural
15.19	growth, research, and innovation grants are
15.20	available until June 30, 2028.
15.21	(d) The base for the agricultural growth,
15.22	research, and innovation program is
15.23	\$16,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
15.24	thereafter and includes \$200,000 each year for
15.25	cooperative development grants.
15.26 15.27	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance
15.28	(a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
15.29	second year are for payments to county and
15.30	district agricultural societies and associations
15.31	under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
15.32	subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
15.33	district agricultural societies and associations
15.34	must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each

16,618,000

14,287,000

16.1	year. These payments are the amount of aid
16.2	from the state for an annual fair held in the
16.3	previous calendar year.
16.4	(b) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
16.5	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
16.6	Agricultural Education and Leadership
16.7	Council for programs of the council under
16.8	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for
16.9	this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year
16.10	2026 and each year thereafter.
16.11	(c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the
16.12	Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is
16.13	a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding
16.14	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
16.15	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
16.16	end of the first year and is available for the
16.17	second year.
16.18	(d) \$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
16.19	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
16.20	Livestock Breeders Association. This is a
16.21	onetime appropriation.
16.22	(e) \$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the
16.23	second year are for grants to the Northern
16.24	Crops Institute that may be used to purchase
16.25	equipment. This is a onetime appropriation.
16.26	(f) \$34,000 the first year and \$34,000 the
16.27	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
16.28	State Horticultural Society. This is a onetime
16.29	appropriation.
16.30	(g) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
16.31	second year are for grants to the Center for
16.32	Rural Policy and Development. This is a
	, <u>,</u> .

16.33 <u>onetime appropriation.</u>

17.1	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
17.2	second year are appropriated from the general
17.3	fund to the commissioner of agriculture for
17.4	grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for
17.5	basic and applied research on: (1) the
17.6	improved production of forage and turf seed
17.7	related to new and improved varieties; and (2)
17.8	native plants, including plant breeding,
17.9	nutrient management, pest management,
17.10	disease management, yield, and viability. The
17.11	Minnesota Turf Seed Council may subcontract
17.12	with a qualified third party for some or all of
17.13	the basic or applied research. Any
17.14	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
17.15	end of the first year and is available in the
17.16	second year. The Minnesota Turf Seed Council
17.17	must prepare a report outlining the use of the
17.18	grant money and related accomplishments. No
17.19	later than January 15, 2025, the council must
17.20	submit the report to the chairs and ranking
17.21	minority members of the legislative
17.22	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
17.23	over agriculture finance and policy. This is a
17.24	onetime appropriation.
17.25	(i) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
17.26	second year are for grants to GreenSeam for
17.27	assistance to agriculture-related businesses to
17.28	support business retention and development,
17.29	business attraction and creation, talent
17.30	development and attraction, and regional
17.31	branding and promotion. These are onetime
17.32	appropriations. No later than December 1,
17.33	2024, and December 1, 2025, GreenSeam
17.34	must report to the chairs and ranking minority
17.35	members of the legislative committees with
17.36	iurisdiction over agriculture and rural

17.36 jurisdiction over agriculture and rural

18.1	development with information on new and
18.2	existing businesses supported, number of new
18.3	jobs created in the region, new educational
18.4	partnerships and programs supported, and
18.5	regional branding and promotional efforts.
18.6	(j) \$1,950,000 the first year and \$1,950,000
18.7	the second year are for grants to Second
18.8	Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's
18.9	six Feeding America food banks for the
18.10	following purposes:
18.11	(1) at least \$850,000 each year must be
18.12	allocated to purchase milk for distribution to
18.13	Minnesota's food shelves and other charitable
18.14	organizations that are eligible to receive food
18.15	from the food banks. Milk purchased under
18.16	the grants must be acquired from Minnesota
18.17	milk processors and based on low-cost bids.
18.18	The milk must be allocated to each Feeding
18.19	America food bank serving Minnesota
18.20	according to the formula used in the
18.21	distribution of United States Department of
18.22	Agriculture commodities under The
18.23	Emergency Food Assistance Program. Second
18.24	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts or
18.25	agreements with food banks for shared funding
18.26	or reimbursement of the direct purchase of
18.27	milk. Each food bank that receives funding
18.28	under this clause may use up to two percent
18.29	for administrative expenses. Notwithstanding
18.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
18.31	unencumbered balance the first year does not
18.32	cancel and is available the second year;
10 22	(2) to compensate agricultural producers and
18.33	(2) to compensate agricultural producers and
18.34	processors for costs incurred to harvest and
18.35	package for transfer surplus fruits, vegetables,

19.1	and other agricultural commodities that would
19.1	otherwise go unharvested, be discarded, or be
19.3	sold in a secondary market. Surplus
19.4	commodities must be distributed statewide to
19.5	food shelves and other charitable organizations
19.6	that are eligible to receive food from the food
19.7	banks. Surplus food acquired under this clause
19.8	must be from Minnesota producers and
19.9	processors. Second Harvest Heartland may
19.10	use up to 15 percent of each grant awarded
19.11	under this clause for administrative and
19.12	transportation expenses; and
19.13	(3) to purchase and distribute protein products,
19.14	including but not limited to pork, poultry, beef,
19.15	dry legumes, cheese, and eggs to Minnesota's
19.16	food shelves and other charitable organizations
19.17	that are eligible to receive food from the food
19.18	banks. Second Harvest Heartland may use up
19.19	to two percent of each grant awarded under
19.20	this clause for administrative expenses. Protein
19.21	products purchased under the grants must be
19.22	acquired from Minnesota processors and
19.23	producers.
19.24	Second Harvest Heartland must submit
19.25	quarterly reports to the commissioner and the
19.26	chairs and ranking minority members of the
19.27	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
19.28	agriculture finance in the form prescribed by
19.29	the commissioner. The reports must include
19.30	but are not limited to information on the
19.31	expenditure of funds, the amount of milk or
19.32	other commodities purchased, and the
19.33	organizations to which this food was
19.34	distributed. The base for this appropriation is

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20.1	\$1,700,000 for fis	scal year 2026 and eac	h year
20.2	thereafter.		
20.3	(k) \$25,000 the fi	rst year and \$25,000	the
20.4	second year are f	or grants to the South	ern
20.5	Minnesota Initiat	ive Foundation to pro	mote
20.6	local foods throug	gh an annual event that	t raises
20.7	public awareness	of local foods and co	nnects
20.8	local food produc	ers and processors w	ith
20.9	potential buyers.		
20.10	<u>(1) \$300,000 the f</u>	first year and \$300,00	0 the
20.11	second year are f	or grants to The Good	l Acre
20.12	for the Local Em	ergency Assistance Fa	armer
20.13	Fund (LEAFF) pr	rogram to compensate	2
20.14	emerging farmers	for crops donated to l	nunger
20.15	relief organization	ns in Minnesota. This	is a
20.16	onetime appropri	ation.	
20.17	(m) \$750,000 the	first year and \$750,0	00 the
20.18	second year are to	o expand the Emergin	g
20.19	Farmers Office and	nd provide services to	<u>)</u>
20.20	beginning and en	nerging farmers to inc	rease
20.21	connections betw	een farmers and mark	tet
20.22	opportunities thro	oughout the state. This	<u>s</u>
20.23	appropriation ma	y be used for grants,	
20.24	translation servic	es, training programs,	, or
20.25	other purposes in	line with the	
20.26	recommendations	s of the Emerging Far	mer
20.27	Working Group e	stablished under Min	nesota
20.28	Statutes, section	17.055, subdivision 1	. The
20.29	base for this appr	opriation is \$1,000,00	00 in
20.30	fiscal year 2026 a	and each year thereaft	er.
20.31	<u>(n) \$50,000 the fi</u>	rst year is to provide	
20.32	technical assistan	ce and leadership in t	he
20.33	development of a	comprehensive and	
20.34	well-documented	state aquaculture pla	n. The
20.35	commissioner mu	ast provide the state	

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21.1	aquaculture plan to the legislative committees
21.2	with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
21.3	policy by February 15, 2025.
21.4	(o) \$337,000 the first year and \$337,000 the
21.5	second year are for farm advocate services.
21.6	Of these amounts, \$50,000 the first year and
21.7	\$50,000 the second year are for the
21.8	continuation of the farmland transition
21.9	programs and may be used for grants to
21.10	farmland access teams to provide technical
21.11	assistance to potential beginning farmers.
21.12	Farmland access teams must assist existing
21.13	farmers and beginning farmers with
21.14	transitioning farm ownership and farm
21.15	operation. Services provided by teams may
21.16	include but are not limited to mediation
21.17	assistance, designing contracts, financial
21.18	planning, tax preparation, estate planning, and
21.19	housing assistance.
21.20	(p) \$260,000 the first year and \$260,000 the
21.21	second year are for a pass-through grant to
21.22	Region Five Development Commission to
21.23	provide, in collaboration with Farm Business
21.24	Management, statewide mental health
21.25	counseling support to Minnesota farm
21.26	operators, families, and employees, and
21.27	individuals who work with Minnesota farmers
21.28	in a professional capacity. Region Five
21.29	Development Commission may use up to 6.5
21.30	percent of the grant awarded under this
21.31	paragraph for administration.
21.32	(q) \$1,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
21.33	the agricultural emergency account established

21.34 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.041.</u>

22.1	(r) \$1,084,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
22.2	second year are to support IT modernization
22.3	efforts, including laying the technology
22.4	foundations needed for improving customer
22.5	interactions with the department for licensing
22.6	and payments. This is a onetime appropriation.
22.7	(s) \$275,000 the first year is for technical
22.8	assistance grants to certified community
22.9	development financial institutions that
22.10	participate in United States Department of
22.11	Agriculture loan or grant programs for small
22.12	or emerging farmers, including but not limited
22.13	to the Increasing Land, Capital, and Market
22.14	Access Program. For purposes of this
22.15	paragraph, "emerging farmer" has the meaning
22.16	given in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
22.17	subdivision 1. The commissioner may use up
22.18	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for costs
22.19	incurred to administer the program.
22.20	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
22.21	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
22.22	cancel at the end of the first year and is
22.23	available in the second year. This is a onetime
22.24	appropriation.
22.25	(t) \$1,425,000 the first year and \$1,425,000
22.26	the second year are for transfer to the
22.27	agricultural and environmental revolving loan
22.28	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
22.29	section 17.117, subdivision 5a, for low-interest
22.30	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
22.31	<u>17.117.</u>
22.32	(u) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
22.33	second year are for administrative support for
22.34	the Rural Finance Authority.

00.1	() The base in $f_{1} = 1 = 2000 - 10007$
23.1	(v) The base in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 is
23.2	\$150,000 each year to coordinate
23.3	climate-related activities and services within
23.4	the Department of Agriculture and
23.5	counterparts in local, state, and federal
23.6	agencies and to hire a full-time climate
23.7	implementation coordinator. The climate
23.8	implementation coordinator must coordinate
23.9	efforts seeking federal funding for Minnesota's
23.10	agricultural climate adaptation and mitigation
23.11	efforts and develop strategic partnerships with
23.12	the private sector and nongovernment
23.13	organizations.
23.14	(w) \$1,200,000 the first year and \$930,000 the
23.15	second year are to maintain the current level
23.16	of service delivery. The base for this
23.17	appropriation is \$1,085,000 in fiscal year 2026
23.18	and \$1,085,000 in fiscal year 2027.
23.19	(x) $250,000$ the first year is for a grant to the
23.20	Board of Regents of the University of
23.21	Minnesota to purchase equipment for the
23.22	Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to test for
23.23	chronic wasting disease, African swine fever,
23.24	avian influenza, and other animal diseases.
23.25	The Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory must
23.26	report expenditures under this paragraph to
23.27	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
23.28	over agriculture finance and higher education
23.29	with a report submitted by January 3, 2024,
23.30	and a final report submitted by December 31,
23.31	2024. The reports must include a list of
23.32	equipment purchased, including the cost of
23.33	each item.
23.34	(y) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
23.35	the second year are to award and administer

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24.1	down payment assistance grants under
24.2	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.133, with
24.3	priority given to emerging farmers as defined
24.4	in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
24.5	subdivision 1. Notwithstanding Minnesota
24.6	Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered
24.7	balance at the end of the first year does not
24.8	cancel and is available in the second year and
24.9	appropriations encumbered under contract by
24.10	June 30, 2025, are available until June 30,
24.11	<u>2027.</u>
24.12	(z) \$222,000 the first year and \$322,000 the
24.13	second year are for meat processing training
24.14	and retention incentive grants under section
24.15	5. The commissioner may use up to 6.5
24.16	percent of this appropriation for costs incurred
24.17	to administer the program. Notwithstanding
24.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
24.19	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
24.20	end of the first year and is available in the
24.21	second year. This is a onetime appropriation.
24.22	(aa) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
24.23	second year are for transfer to the Board of
24.24	Regents of the University of Minnesota to
24.25	evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic
24.26	diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes,
24.27	and other plants including flax, timothy,
24.28	barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass,
24.29	clover, and other species and varieties that
24.30	were in commercial distribution and use in
24.31	Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice.
24.32	This effort must also protect traditional seeds
24.33	brought to Minnesota by immigrant
24.34	communities. This appropriation includes
24.35	funding for associated extension and outreach

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25.1	to small and B	lack, Indigenous, ar						
25.2	Color (BIPOC) farmers. This is a onetime							
25.3	appropriation.							
25.4	(bb) The com	missioner shall cont	inue to					
25.5	increase conne	ections with ethnic n	ninority and					
25.6	immigrant far	mers to farming opp	oortunities					
25.7	and farming p	rograms throughou	t the state.					
25.8	Sec. 3. <u>BOAR</u>	RD OF ANIMAL H	IEALTH	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,241,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>6,401,000</u>		
25.9	(a) \$200,000 t	he first year and \$2	00,000 the					
25.10	second year an	re for agricultural en	mergency					
25.11	preparedness a	and response.						
25.12	<u>(b) \$160,000 t</u>	the first year and \$3	20,000 the					
25.13	second year an	re to maintain the cu	urrent level					
25.14	of service deli	very.						
25.15 25.16		<u>CULTURAL UTII</u> INSTITUTE	LIZATION	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,143,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>4,343,000</u>		
25.17	<u>(a) \$300,000 t</u>	he first year is for e	quipment					
25.18	upgrades, equi	pment replacement,	installation					
25.19	expenses, and	laboratory infrastru	icture at the					
25.20	Agricultural U	Utilization Research	Institute's					
25.21	laboratories in	the cities of Crook	ston,					
25.22	Marshall, and	Waseca.						
25.23	<u>(b) \$1,500,000</u>) the first year is to	replace					
25.24	analytical and	processing equipme	nt and make					
25.25	corresponding	facility upgrades at	Agricultural					
25.26	Utilization Re	search Institute faci	lities in the					
25.27	cities of Marsh	nall, Crookston, and	Waseca. Of					
25.28	this amount, u	p to \$500,000 may	be used for					
25.29	renewable nati	ural gas and anaerob						
25.30	projects. This	is a onetime approp	priation and					
25.31	is available until June 30, 2026.							
25.32	(c) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the							
25.33	second year an	re to maintain the cu	urrent level					
25.34	of service deli	very.						

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26.1	Sec. 5. GRAN	NTS FOR MEAT	PROCESSING	G TRAINING AND	RETENTION				
26.2	INCENTIVES.								
26.3	Subdivision	1. Definitions. (a)	For the purpose	s of this section. the	following terms have				
26.4	the meanings gi		<u> </u>	,,,	8				
26.5	(h) "Partner	organizations" inc	lude						
	<u> </u>								
26.6	(1) foundati	ons engaged in ecc	onomic develop	ment;					
26.7	<u>(2) commun</u>	ity development fi	nancial instituti	ons;					
26.8	(3) federally	recognized econo	mic developme	nt districts; and					
26.9	<u>(4) commun</u>	ity development co	orporations.						
26.10	<u>(c)</u> "Small-	to medium-sized m	neat and poultry	processor" means a	meat and poultry				
26.11	processor licens	sed by the state of I	Minnesota or th	e federal governmer	nt that has fewer than				
26.12	150 employees.								
26.13	<u>Subd. 2.</u> Gr	ants. (a) The comr	nissioner of agr	iculture must provid	le grants to partner				
26.14	organizations to	assist small- to me	edium-sized me	at and poultry proce	ssors with hiring and				
26.15	training new employees. New employees at eligible meat and poultry processing plants may								
26.16	receive up to \$1	0,000 in the form c	of tuition reimbu	rsement for progran	ns at Minnesota State				
26.17	Colleges and U	niversities, sign-on	bonuses, reloca	tion assistance, reten	tion incentives, child				
26.18	care stipends, a	nd other related ex	penses. Employ	vees at any one meat	or poultry processor				
26.19	may not receive	e more than \$50,00	0 under this par	agraph.					
26.20	(b) Up to 20	percent of a grant	to a partner org	anization may be us	ed for direct services				
26.21	to employees, in	ncluding but not lin	mited to transla	tion services.					
26.22	(c) Priority	must be given to ap	oplications from	n partner organizatio	ns working in				
26.23	partnership with	h Minnesota State	Colleges and U	niversities.					
26.24			ARTICLE						
26.25		AGRICULI	URE STATU	FORY CHANGES					
26.26	Section 1. [17	.033] LICENSE A	AND PERMIT	SURCHARGES.					
26.27	The commis	ssioner may collect	license and per	mit surcharges on a	ll licensing and				
26.28	permitting trans	sactions conducted	by the Departn	nent of Agriculture f	or which a fee is				
26.29	charged. The su	urcharge applies to	all initial and re	enewal license and p	ermit applications				
26.30	and is calculated	d based on the licen	ise or permit bas	se fee. Late penalties	or other assessments				
26.31	are not included	l in the calculation	of the surcharg	e. The fee is set at fi	ve percent beginning				

August 1, 2023, with a minimum fee of \$5 for each transaction. The surcharge rate must 27.1 be reviewed and set annually by the commissioner and may be assessed at a rate of between 27.2 three and eight percent of the licensing or permitting fee, with a minimum fee of \$5 for each 27.3 transaction. The fees collected for this surcharge must be deposited in a dedicated account 27.4 in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the 27.5 commissioner for the information technology improvement activities needed to create 27.6 electronic systems for conducting licensing and permitting transactions and to modernize 27.7 27.8 the department's inspection and customer management systems.

27.9 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Emerging farmer working group. To advise the commissioner and 27.10 legislature regarding the development and implementation of programs and initiatives that 27.11 support emerging farmers in this state, the commissioner must periodically convene a 27.12 working group consisting, to the extent possible, of persons who are, and organizations that 27.13 27.14 represent, farmers or aspiring farmers who are women, veterans, persons with disabilities, American Indian or Alaskan Natives, members of a community of color, young, and lesbian, 27.15 gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, intersex, or asexual (LGBTQIA+), or urban, and any 27.16 other emerging farmers as determined by the commissioner. No later than January 15 each 27.17 year, the commissioner must update the chairs and ranking minority members of the 27.18 27.19 legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture regarding the working group's activities and recommendations. 27.20

27.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to 27.22 read:

27.23 Subd. 2a. Emerging Farmers Office. The Emerging Farmers Office exists to support
27.24 emerging farmers. For purposes of this subdivision, "emerging farmer" has the meaning
27.25 given in subdivision 1. At a minimum, the office must coordinate the emerging farmer
27.26 working group under subdivision 1 and the beginning farmer equipment and infrastructure
27.27 grant program under subdivision 3.

27.28 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to 27.29 read:

27.30 Subd. 3. Beginning farmer equipment and infrastructure grants. (a) The commissioner
 27.31 may award and administer equipment and infrastructure grants to beginning farmers. The
 27.32 commissioner shall give preference to applicants who are emerging farmers as defined in
 27.33 subdivision 1. Grant money may be used for equipment and infrastructure development.

27

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28.1	(b) The co	ommissioner shall de	velop competit	ive eligibility criteria	and may allocate				
28.2	grants on a needs basis.								
28.3	(c) Grant	projects may continu	e for up to two	years.					
28.4	Sec. 5. Min	nesota Statutes 2022	, section 17.05	5, is amended by add	ing a subdivision to				
28.5	read:								
28.6	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Report. No later than	February 1 ea	ch year, the commiss	ioner must submit a				
28.7	report to the c	hairs and ranking mir	nority members	of the legislative com	mittees and divisions				
28.8	with jurisdict	ion over agriculture r	regarding the er	nerging farmer worki	ng group's activities,				
28.9	recommendat	tions, and any grants	awarded under	this section.					
28.10	Sec. 6. Min	nesota Statutes 2022	, section 17.10	16, subdivision 2, is a	amended to read:				
28.11	Subd. 2. (Grant program. (a) '	The commissic	ner may establish and	d implement a grant				
28.12	program to he	elp farmers finance n	ew cooperative	es that organize for p	urposes of operating				
28.13	an agricultura	l product processing	facility or mark	eting an agricultural p	roduct or agricultural				
28.14	service.								
28.15	(b) To be	eligible for this prog	ram, a grantee	must:					
28.16	(1) be a co	poperative organized	under chapter	308A <u>or 308B;</u>					
28.17	(2) certify	that all control and	equity in of the	cooperative is from	farmers, family farm				
28.18	partnerships,	family farm limited li	iability compan	ies, or family farm co	rporations as defined				
28.19	in section 500).24, subdivision 2, v	who are activel	y engaged in agricult	ural commodity				
28.20	production;								
28.21	(3) be ope	rated primarily to pr	ocess agricultu	ral commodities or m	arket agricultural				
28.22	products or so	ervices produced in N	Minnesota; and						
28.23	(4) receive	e agricultural commo	odities produce	d primarily by shareh	olders or members				
28.24	of the cooper	ative <u>; and</u>							
28.25	<u>(5) not all</u>	ow nonpatron voting	<u>g rights</u> .						
28.26	(c) The co	mmissioner may rece	eive application	s and make grants up	to \$50,000 to eligible				
28.27	grantees for f	easibility, marketing	analysis, assis	ance with organization	onal development,				
28.28	financing and	l managing new coop	eratives, produ	ct development, deve	elopment of business				
28.29	and marketin	g plans, and predesig	n of facilities,	including site analysi	s, the development				
28.30	of bid specific	cations, preliminary b	olueprints and s	chematics, and the co	mpletion of purchase				
28.31	agreements a	nd other necessary le	egal documents						

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29.1	(d) Grants must be matched dollar-for-dollar with other money or in-kind contributions.
29.2	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.116, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
29.3	Subd. 3. Awarding of grants. (a) Applications for grants must be made to the
29.4	commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
29.5	(b) The applications must be reviewed, ranked, and recommended by a technical review
29.6	panel appointed by the commissioner. The technical review panel shall consist of a soil
29.7	scientist, an agronomist, a representative from a postsecondary educational institution, an
29.8	agricultural marketing specialist, two resident farmers of the state using sustainable
29.9	agriculture methods, two resident farmers of the state using organic agriculture methods,
29.10	and a chair from the department.
29.11	(c) The technical review panel shall rank applications according to the following criteria:
29.12	(1) direct or indirect energy savings or production;
29.13	(2) environmental benefit;
29.14	(3) farm profitability;
29.15	(4) the number of farms able to apply the techniques or the technology proposed;
29.16	(5) the effectiveness of the project as a demonstration;
29.17	(6) the immediate transferability of the project to farms; and
29.18	(7) the ability of the project to accomplish its goals.
29.19	(d) The commissioner shall consider the recommendations of the technical review panel
29.20	and may award grants for eligible projects. Priority must be given to applicants who are
29.21	farmers or groups of farmers.
29.22	(e) Grants for eligible projects may not exceed \$25,000 unless the portion above \$25,000
29.23	is matched on an equal basis by the applicant's cash or in-kind land use contribution.
29.24	contribution or the value of the applicant's in-kind land use, equipment use, or personal
29.25	labor. Grant recipients who are not required to provide a match and grant recipients whose
29.26	in-kind contributions exceed the amount needed to meet matching requirements may submit
29.27	the value of the grant recipients' labor or equipment use as an expense eligible for payment
29.28	from grant money. Grant funding of projects may not exceed \$50,000 under this section,
29.29	but applicants may utilize other funding sources. A portion of each grant must be targeted
29.30	for public information activities of the project.

30.1 (f) A project may continue for up to three years. Multiyear projects must be reevaluated
30.2 by the technical review panel and the commissioner before second or third year funding is
30.3 approved. A project is limited to one grant for its funding.

30.4 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Grants. The commissioner must may award farm down payment assistance 30.5 grants of up to \$15,000 per eligible farmer. An eligible farmer must match the grant with 30.6 at least an equivalent amount Each award must be matched with at least \$8,000 of other 30.7 funding. Grants under this subdivision may be awarded by a randomized selection process 30.8 30.9 after applications are collected over a period of no less than 30 calendar days. An eligible farmer must commit to own and farm the land purchased with assistance provided under 30.10 this section for at least five years. For each year that a grant recipient does not own and 30.11 farm the land during the five-year period, the grant recipient must pay a penalty to the 30.12 commissioner equal to 20 percent of the grant amount. 30.13

30.14 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

30.15 Subd. 3. **Report to legislature.** No later than December 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, 30.16 the commissioner must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the 30.17 legislative committees having jurisdiction over agriculture and rural development, in 30.18 compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the farm down payment assistance grants 30.19 under this section. The report must include:

30.20 (1) background information on beginning farmers in Minnesota and any other information
30.21 that the commissioner and authority find relevant to evaluating the effect of the grants on
30.22 increasing opportunities for and the number of beginning farmers;

30.23 (2) the number and amount of grants;

30.24 (3) the geographic distribution of grants by county;

30.25 (4) the number of grant recipients who are emerging farmers;

30.26 (5) disaggregated data regarding the gender, race, and ethnicity of grant recipients;

30.27 (5)(6) the number of farmers who cease to own land and are subject to payment of a 30.28 penalty, along with the reasons for the land ownership cessation; and

30.29 (6)(7) the number and amount of grant applications that exceeded the allocation available 30.30 in each year.

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31.1	Sec. 10. [17	.134] SOIL HEALT	TH FINANCIA	AL ASSISTANCE PRO	DGRAM.
31.2	Subdivisio	on 1. Establishment	. The commissi	oner must establish and	l administer a
31.3	program to su	pport healthy soil m	anagement prac	ctices in accordance wit	th this section.
31.4	<u>Subd. 2.</u> E	ligible projects. The	e commissioner	r may award a grant und	ler this section for
31.5	any project or	n agricultural land in	Minnesota tha	t will:	
31.6	(1) increas	se the quantity of org	anic carbon in	soil through practices, i	including but not
31.7	limited to redu	uced tillage, cover cr	opping, manure	e management, precision	n agriculture, crop
31.8	rotations, and	changes in grazing	management;		
31.9	(2) integra	ite perennial vegetati	ion into the man	nagement of agricultura	l lands;
31.10	(3) reduce	nitrous oxide and m	ethane emissio	ns through changes to l	ivestock, soil
31.11	management,	or nutrient optimiza	tion;		
31.12	(4) increas	se the usage of precis	sion agricultura	l practices;	
31.13	(5) enable	the development of	site-specific m	anagement plans; or	
31.14	<u>(6)</u> enable	the purchase of equi	ipment, parts ar	nd materials, technology	y, subscriptions,
31.15	technical assist	stance, seeds, seedlin	ngs, or amendm	ents that will further an	ny of the purposes
31.16	in clauses (1)	to (5).			
31.17	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	G rant eligibility. Any	y owner or lesse	e of farmland may apply	y for a grant under
31.18	this section. T	The commissioner m	ust give prefere	ence to owners and lesse	ees that have not
31.19	previously im	plemented an eligible	e project. Local	government units, inclu	ding cities; towns;
31.20	counties; soil	and water conservat	ion districts; M	innesota Tribal governr	ments as defined
31.21	in section 10.	65; and joint powers	boards, are also	o eligible for a grant. A	local government
31.22	unit that recei	ves a grant for equip	ment or technol	logy must make those p	urchases available
31.23	for use by the	public.			
31.24	<u>Subd. 4.</u> R	Report. By January 1	5 each year, the	e commissioner must su	ubmit a report on
31.25	the grants awa	arded under this sect	ion to the chair	s and ranking minority	members of the
31.26	legislative con	mmittees and divisio	ns with jurisdic	ction over agriculture po	olicy and finance.
31.27	The report mu	ist include the numb	er of grants aw	arded by county and the	e combined value
31.28	of those grant	<u>'S.</u>			
31.29	Sec. 11. Min	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 17.45	57, is amended to read:	
31.30	17.457 RI	ESTRICTED SPEC	CIES.		
31.31	Subdivisio	on 1. Definitions. (a)) The definition	s in this subdivision app	ply to this section.

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32.1 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's
32.2 <u>designee</u>.

- 32.3 (c) "Restricted species" means Eurasian wild pigs and their hybrids (*Sus scrofa* subspecies
 32.4 and *Sus scrofa* hybrids), excluding domestic hogs (*S. scrofa domesticus*).
- 32.5 (d) "Release" means an intentional introduction or <u>accidental escape of a species from</u>
 32.6 the control of the owner or responsible party.

32.7 Subd. 2. Importation; possession; release of restricted species. It is unlawful for a
 32.8 person to import, possess, propagate, transport, or release restricted species, except as
 32.9 provided unless the person has a permit as described in subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. Permits. (a) The commissioner may issue permits for the transportation,
possession, purchase, or importation of restricted species for scientific, research, educational,
or commercial purposes. A permit issued under this subdivision may be revoked by the
commissioner if the conditions of the permit are not met by the permittee or for any unlawful
act or omission, including accidental escapes.

32.15 (b) The commissioner may issue permits for a person to possess and raise a restricted 32.16 species for commercial purposes if the person was in possession of the restricted species 32.17 on March 1, 1993. Under the permit, the number of breeding stock of the restricted species 32.18 in the possession of the person may not increase by more than 25 percent and the person 32.19 must comply with the certification requirements in subdivision 7.

32.20 (c) A person may possess a restricted species without a permit for a period not to exceed
 32.21 two days for the purpose of slaughtering the restricted species for human consumption.

32.22 Subd. 4. Notice of <u>escape_release</u> of restricted species. In the event of <u>an escape_a</u> 32.23 <u>release</u> of a restricted species, the owner must notify within 24 hours a conservation officer 32.24 and the Board of Animal Health and is responsible for the recovery of the species. The 32.25 commissioner may capture or destroy the <u>escaped_released</u> animal at the owner's expense.

- Subd. 5. Enforcement. This section may be enforced by an enforcement officer under sections 97A.205 and 97A.211 and by the commissioner under sections 17.982 to 17.984.
- 32.28 Subd. 6. **Penalty.** A person who violates subdivision 2, 4, or 7 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 7. Certification and Identification requirements. (a) A person who possesses
 restricted species on July 1, 1993, must submit certified numbers of restricted species in

32.31 the person's possession to the Board of Animal Health by June 1, 1993.

33.1 (b) <u>A</u> restricted species in the possession of a person must be marked in a permanent
33.2 fashion to identify ownership. The restricted species must be marked as soon as practicable
33.3 after birth or purchase.

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- Subd. 8. Containment. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of
 natural resources, shall develop criteria for approved containment measures for restricted
 species with the assistance of producers of restricted species.
- 33.7 Subd. 9. Bond; security. A person who possesses restricted species must file a bond or
 33.8 deposit provide proof of insurance or file a security bond with the commissioner security
 33.9 in the form and in the an amount determined by the commissioner to pay for the potential
 33.10 costs and damages that would be caused by an escape the release of a restricted species.
- 33.11 Subd. 10. Fee. The commissioner shall may impose a fee for permits in an amount
 33.12 sufficient to cover the costs of issuing the permits and for facility inspections. The fee may
 33.13 not exceed \$50. Fee receipts must be deposited in the general fund.
- 33.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.
- 33.15 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.710, is amended to read:

33.16 **17.710 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION CONTRACTS.**

33.17 (a) A production contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after July 1, 1999,
33.18 between an agricultural producer and a processor of agricultural products must not contain
33.19 provisions that prohibit the producer from disclosing terms, conditions, and prices contained
33.20 in the contract. Any provision prohibiting disclosure by the producer is void.

33.21 (b) A contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after July 1, 2023, between an
agricultural producer and an entity buying, selling, certifying, or otherwise participating in
a market for stored carbon must not contain provisions that prohibit the producer from
disclosing terms, conditions, and prices contained in the contract. Any provision prohibiting
disclosure by the producer is void.

33.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023.

33.27 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.983, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

33.28 Subdivision 1. Administrative penalties; citation. If a person has violated a provision 33.29 of chapter 25, or 31B, or 32D, the commissioner may issue a written citation to the person 33.30 by personal service or by certified mail. The citation must describe the nature of the violation 33.31 and the statute or rule alleged to have been violated; state the time for correction, if

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applicable; and the amount of any proposed fine. The citation must advise the person to
notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days if the person wishes to appeal the citation.
If the person fails to appeal the citation, the citation is the final order and not subject to
further review.

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34.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

34.6 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18.78, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Control of purple loosestrife and nonnative Phragmites. An owner of 34.7 nonfederal lands underlying public waters or wetlands designated under section 103G.201 34.8 is not required to control or eradicate purple loosestrife or nonnative Phragmites below the 34.9 ordinary high water level of the public water or wetland. The commissioner of natural 34.10 resources is responsible for control and eradication of purple loosestrife and nonnative 34.11 Phragmites on public waters and wetlands designated under section 103G.201, except those 34.12 located upon lands owned in fee title or managed by the United States. The officers, 34.13 employees, agents, and contractors of the commissioner of natural resources may enter upon 34.14 public waters and wetlands designated under section 103G.201 and, after providing 34.15 34.16 notification to the occupant or owner of the land, may cross adjacent lands as necessary for the purpose of investigating purple loosestrife or nonnative Phragmites infestations, 34.17 formulating methods of eradication, and implementing control and eradication of purple 34.18 34.19 loosestrife or nonnative Phragmites. The commissioner of natural resources shall, by June 1 of each year, compile a priority list of purple loosestrife and nonnative Phragmites 34.20 infestations to be controlled with herbicides in designated public waters. The commissioner 34.21 of natural resources must distribute the list to county agricultural inspectors, local weed 34.22 inspectors, and their appointed agents. The commissioner of natural resources shall control 34.23 listed purple loosestrife and nonnative Phragmites infestations in priority order within the 34.24 limits of funding allocated for that purpose. This procedure shall supersede the other 34.25 34.26 provisions for control of noxious weeds set forth elsewhere in this chapter. The responsibility of the commissioner of natural resources to control and eradicate purple loosestrife and 34.27 nonnative Phragmites on public waters and wetlands located on private lands and the 34.28 authority to enter upon private lands ends ten days after receipt by the commissioner of a 34.29 34.30 written statement from the landowner that the landowner assumes all responsibility for 34.31 control and eradication of purple loosestrife and nonnative Phragmites under sections 18.78 to 18.88. State officers, employees, agents, and contractors of the commissioner of natural 34.32 resources are not liable in a civil action for trespass committed in the discharge of their 34.33 duties under this section and are not liable to anyone for damages, except for damages 34.34 arising from gross negligence. 34.35

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35.1	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This sec	ction is effective	ve August 1, 2023.	
35.2	Sec. 15 M	innesota Statutes 202'	2 section 18B	.01, subdivision 2b, is	amended to read:
35.3		. Bee owner. "Bee ow	mer" means a	person who owns an a	piary a bee colony
35.4	or colonies.				
35.5	Sec. 16. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	.01, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
35.6	read:				
35.7	Subd. 2c	<u>. Bee kill incident.</u> "B	Bee kill incider	nt" means an acute pes	ticide poisoning of
35.8	a bee colony	or colonies located w	vithin one-half	mile of each other at	a single time point.
35.9		innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	.01, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
35.10	read:				
35.11	Subd. 4d	. <u>Cleaning product.</u> '	'Cleaning proc	luct" means a pesticid	e used primarily for
35.12	domestic, co	mmercial, or institution	onal cleaning	ourposes, including bu	t not limited to an
35.13	air care prod	uct, an automotive ma	intenance proc	luct, a general cleaning	g product, or a polish
35.14	or floor main	ntenance product.			
35.15	Sec. 18. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	.01, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
35.16	read:				
35.17	Subd. 6c	<u>. Currently unavoida</u>	ible use. "Cur	rently unavoidable use	e" means a use of
35.18	PFAS that is	essential for health, s	afety, or the fi	unctioning of society a	nd for which
35.19	alternatives	are not reasonably ava	ailable. Curren	tly unavoidable use m	ay include
35.20	consideration	n of the need to preven	nt or minimize	potential pest resistan	ce, and the potential
35.21	human healt	h and environmental i	mpacts of alte	rnative products.	
35.22	Sec. 19. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	.01, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
35.23	read:				
35.24	<u>Subd. 12</u>	a. Intentionally adde	d. <u>"Intentiona</u>	lly added" means PFA	S deliberately added
35.25	during the m	anufacture of a produ	ct where the c	ontinued presence of l	PFAS is desired in
35.26	the final pro-	duct or one of the pro-	duct's compon	ents to perform a spec	ific function.

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36.1	Sec. 20. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18B.0)1, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
36.2	read:			•	0
36.3	<u>Subd. 14c</u>	<u>Minimum risk pe</u> s	s ticide. "Minim	um risk pesticide" mea	ans a pesticide or
36.4	class of pestic	eides that is exempt fr	rom the United S	States Environmental P	Protection Agency's
36.5	registration re	equirements under se	ection 25(b) of t	he federal Insecticide,	Fungicide, and
36.6	Rodenticide A	Act in Code of Feder	al Regulations,	title 40, section 152.2:	<u>5(f).</u>
36.7	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
36.8	Sec. 21. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18B.0)1, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
36.9	read:				
36.10	Subd. 15c	. Perfluoroalkyl an	d polyfluoroall	xyl substances. "Perflu	uoroalkyl and
36.11	polyfluoroalk	yl substances" or "P	FAS" means a c	lass of fluorinated org	anic chemicals
36.12	containing at	least one fully fluori	nated carbon at	om.	
36.13	Sec. 22. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18B.0	03, subdivision 3, is ar	nended to read:
36.14	Subd. 3. I	Delegation <u>and data</u>	sharing to app	roved agencies. The c	commissioner may,
36.15	by written agr	eements, delegate sp	ecific inspection	, enforcement, and oth	er regulatory duties
36.16	of this chapte	r to officials of appro	oved agencies.	The commissioner may	y enter into data
36.17	sharing agree	ments with other sta	te agencies to h	elp assess the potentia	l for unreasonable
36.18	adverse effect	ts to human health an	nd the environm	ent from the use of a	pesticide.
36.19	Sec 23 Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2 section 18B ()3, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
	read:	linesota Statutes 202.	2, section rob.	5, is amended by addi	
36.20	Icau.				
36.21	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	erfluoroalkyl and j	oolyfluoroalkyl	substances. The com	missioner has the
36.22	sole regulator	ry authority over the	terrestrial appli	cation of pesticides co	ntaining PFAS,
36.23	including but	not limited to the ap	plication of pes	ticides to agricultural	crops, structures,
36.24	and other non	aquatic environments	s. In order to red	uce duplication, a regis	trant is not required
36.25	to provide tec	chnical data to anothe	er state agency i	f the registrant previo	usly submitted the
36.26	data to the co	mmissioner and the	data is available	e to the other state agen	ncies.
26.07	Sec. 24 Mi	nnagata Statutag 202	2 gastion 19D (51 is amondoid to real	.4.
36.27	500. 24. IVII	mesota Statutes 202	2, 5001011 100.0)51, is amended to rea	.u.
36.28	18B.051 I	POLLINATOR RES	SEARCH ACC	COUNT.	
36.29	Subdivisio	on 1. Account establ	lished. A pollin	ator research account i	is established in the

36.30

agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the Board of

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37.1 Regents of the University of Minnesota for pollinator research and outreach, including, but

37.2 not limited to, science-based best practices and the identification and establishment of habitat

37.3 beneficial to pollinators.:

- 37.4 (1) the identification and establishment of habitat beneficial to pollinators;
- 37.5 (2) the development and promotion of science-based best management practices;
- 37.6 (3) the development and promotion of practices that can reduce the effects of pesticides

37.7 <u>on pollinators;</u>

- 37.8 (4) the effects of seed treatments on pollinators; and
- 37.9 (5) the development and promotion of integrated pest management, including pest
- 37.10 <u>economic thresholds.</u>
- 37.11 The University of Minnesota must select projects in consultation with the Minnesota
- 37.12 Department of Agriculture.
- 37.13 Subd. 2. Expiration. This section expires July 1, 2025 2027.
- 37.14 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.055, is amended to read:

37.15 **18B.055 COMPENSATION FOR BEES KILLED BY PESTICIDE;**

37.16 **APPROPRIATION.**

- 37.17 Subdivision 1. Compensation required. (a) The commissioner must compensate a
 37.18 person bee owner for an acute pesticide poisoning resulting in the death of bees or loss of
 37.19 bee colonies owned by the person, provided: bee owner.
- 37.20 (1) the person who applied the pesticide cannot be determined;
- 37.21 (2) the person who applied the pesticide did so in a manner consistent with the pesticide
 37.22 product's label or labeling; or
- 37.23 (3) the person who applied the pesticide did so in a manner inconsistent with the pesticide
 37.24 product's label or labeling.
- 37.25 (b) Except as provided in this section, the bee owner is entitled to the fair market value 37.26 of the dead bees and bee colonies losses as determined by the commissioner upon
- 37.27 recommendation by academic experts and bee keepers. In any fiscal year, A bee owner must
- not be compensated for a claim that is less than \$100 or compensated more than \$20,000
- 37.29 for all eligible claims. \$10,000 for a bee kill incident. A bee owner may only make one
- 37.30 claim for a single bee kill incident.

38.1 (c) A bee owner must not be compensated more than \$20,000 in a fiscal year for bee 38.2 kill incidents.

38.3 (c) (d) To be eligible for compensation under this section, the bee owner and the affected
 apiary must be registered prior to the bee kill incident with a commonly utilized pesticide
 registry program, as designated by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. Applicator responsible. In the event a person applies a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the pesticide product's label or labeling requirements as approved by the commissioner and is determined to have caused the acute pesticide poisoning of bees, resulting in death or loss of a bee colony kept for commercial purposes, then the person so identified must bear the responsibility of restitution for the value of the bees to the owner. In these cases the commissioner must not provide compensation as provided in this section. Subd. 3. Claim form. Within three months of the commissioner making a determination

of whether the death of bees or loss of bee colonies was caused by acute pesticide poisoning,
the bee owner must file a claim on forms provided by the commissioner and available on
the Department of Agriculture's website.

Subd. 4. **Determination.** The commissioner must determine whether the death of the bees or loss of bee colonies was caused by an acute pesticide poisoning, whether the pesticide applicator can be determined, and whether the pesticide applicator applied the pesticide product in a manner consistent with the pesticide product's label or labeling.

Subd. 5. Payments; denial of compensation. (a) If the commissioner determines the 38.20 bee death or loss of bee colony was caused by an acute pesticide poisoning and either the 38.21 pesticide applicator cannot be determined or the pesticide applicator applied the pesticide 38.22 product in a manner consistent with the pesticide product's label or labeling, the commissioner 38.23 may award compensation from the pesticide regulatory account. If the pesticide applicator 38.24 can be determined and the applicator applied the pesticide product in a manner inconsistent 38.25 with the product's label or labeling, the commissioner may collect a penalty from the pesticide 38.26 applicator sufficient to compensate the bee owner for the fair market value of the dead bees 38.27 38.28 and bee colonies losses, and must award the money to the bee owner.

(b) (a) If the commissioner denies compensation claimed by a bee owner under this
section, the commissioner must issue a written decision based upon the available evidence.
The decision must include specification of the facts upon which the decision is based and
the conclusions on the material issues of the claim. The commissioner must mail a copy of
the decision to the bee owner.

39.1 (c) (b) A decision to deny compensation claimed under this section is not subject to the 39.2 contested case review procedures of chapter 14, but may be reviewed upon a trial de novo 39.3 in a court in the county where the loss occurred. The decision of the court may be appealed 39.4 as in other civil cases. Review in court may be obtained by filing a petition for review with 39.5 the administrator of the court within 60 days following receipt of a decision under this 39.6 section. Upon the filing of a petition, the administrator must mail a copy to the commissioner 39.7 and set a time for hearing within 90 days of the filing.

39.8 Subd. 6. **Deduction from payment.** The commissioner must reduce payments made 39.9 under this section by any compensation received by the bee owner for dead bees and bee 39.10 colonies losses as proceeds from an insurance policy or from another source.

39.11 Subd. 6a. Enhanced penalty factor. If the commissioner determines that a bee death

39.12 or loss of bee colony was caused by acute pesticide poisoning, is able to determine the

39.13 pesticide applicator that was responsible, and determines that the applicator applied the

39.14 pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the product's label or labeling, the commissioner

39.15 may add the amount that the bee owner received from the bee owner's claim to any penalty

amount assessed by the commissioner under any penalty actions against the pesticide
applicator under section 18D.315 or 18D.325.

Subd. 7. Appropriation. The amount necessary to pay claims under this section, not to
exceed \$150,000 per fiscal year, is appropriated from the pesticide regulatory account in
section 18B.05.

39.21 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.065, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

39.22 Subd. 8. Waste pesticide program surcharge. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b),
39.23 the commissioner shall annually collect a waste pesticide program surcharge of \$50 on each
39.24 agricultural waste pesticide product and \$125 on each nonagricultural waste pesticide product
39.25 registered in the state as part of a pesticide product registration application under section
39.26 18B.26, subdivision 3.

39.27 (b) Pesticide products classified as minimum risk by the United States Environmental
 39.28 Protection Agency are exempt from the waste pesticide program surcharge.

39.29 Sec. 27. [18B.091] PESTICIDES ON MEDICAL CANNABIS.

39.30 <u>A person working on behalf of an approved medical cannabis manufacturer may apply</u>
 39.31 <u>minimum risk pesticide for growing medical cannabis as defined in section 152.22,</u>

39.32 <u>subdivision 6, unless:</u>

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40.1	(1) the co	ommissioner determin	es that the pro	oduct label prohibits the	e use of minimum
40.2	risk pesticide	e on medical cannabis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
40.3	(2) the co	ommissioner, in consu	ltation with th	he commissioner of hea	lth, determines that
40.4	the continue	d use of minimum risl	c pesticide wo	ould cause unreasonable	e adverse effects on
40.5	human healt	<u>h; or</u>			
40.6	(3) the co	mmissioner determine	es that the con	tinued use of minimum	risk pesticide would
40.7	cause unreas	onable adverse effects	s on the envir	onment.	
40.8	EFFEC T	FIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effect	ive August 1, 2023.	
40.9	Sec. 28. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	3.26, is amended by add	ing a subdivision to
40.10	read:				
40.11	Subd. 7.	Notification required	l; waivers an	d extensions. (a) Begin	ning January 1,
40.12	2026, a pesti	cide registrant must a	nnually provi	de a statement that a pr	oduct contains no
40.13	intentionally	added PFAS or, for pr	oducts that co	ontain intentionally adde	d PFAS, a pesticide
40.14	registrant mu	ast submit to the comr	nissioner the	following information:	
40.15	(1) the na	ame and purpose for w	vhich PFAS a	re used in the pesticide,	including in any
40.16	product com	ponents;			
40.17	(2) the ar	nount of each PFAS in	n the product,	identified by its name,	chemical structure,
40.18	analytical me	ethods, chemical abstr	acts service r	egistry number, or othe	r unique method
40.19	approved by	the commissioner; an	d		
40.20	<u>(3)</u> any a	dditional information	required by tl	he commissioner.	
40.21	<u>(b)</u> The c	ommissioner may wa	ive all or part	of the notification requ	irement under
40.22	paragraph (a) if the commissioner	determines th	nat substantially equival	lent information is
40.23	available. Th	e commissioner may	extend the dea	adline for the submission	n of the information
40.24	required und	er paragraph (a) if the	commission	er determines that more	time is needed by
40.25	the registran	t to comply with the s	ubmission rec	quirement.	
40.26	Sec. 29. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18B	3.26, is amended by add	ing a subdivision to
40.27	read:			· · ·	C
40.28	<u>Subd. 8</u> .	PFAS prohibitions. (a	a) Beginning	January 1, 2026, the cor	<u>nmissioner may n</u> ot
40.29	register a cle	aning product if the p	roduct contai	ns intentionally added I	PFAS unless the
40.30	commissione	er determines that the	use of PFAS	is a currently unavoidal	ole use.

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41.1	(b) Begin	ning January 1, 2032	2, the commiss	ioner may not registe	er a pesticide product
41.2	that contains	intentionally added	PFAS unless th	e commissioner dete	ermines that the use of
41.3	PFAS is a cu	rrently unavoidable u	use.		
41.4	Sec. 30. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	22, section 18E	3.28, subdivision 3, is	s amended to read:
41.5	Subd. 3. A	Application. A perso	on must file an	application for expe	rimental use pesticide
41.6	product regis	tration with the com	missioner. An	application to registe	er an experimental use
41.7	pesticide pro	duct must include:			
41.8	(1) the na	me and address of th	e applicant;		
41.9	(2) a copy	of the United States	s Environment	al Protection Agency	^y permit;
41.10	(3) a desc	ription of the purpos	e or objectives	s of the experimental	use;
41.11	(4) a copy	of the experimental	use pesticide	labeling accepted by	the United States
41.12	Environment	al Protection Agency	у;		
41.13	(5) the na	me, address, and tele	phone number	of cooperators or par	rticipants in this state;
41.14	(6) the an	nount of material to b	be shipped or u	used in this state; and	:
41.15	<u>(7) inform</u>	nation about any inte	ntionally adde	d PFAS in the produc	ct, including PFAS
41.16	ingredients, a	mount, chemical stru	ucture, analytic	cal methods, and purp	poses for which PFAS
41.17	are used in th	e product, including	in any produc	t components; and	
41.18	(7) (8) otl	ner information requ	ested by the co	mmissioner.	
41.19	Sec. 31. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18C	2.005, is amended by	adding a subdivision
41.20	to read:				
41.21	Subd. 6b.	Currently unavoid	able use. "Cur	rently unavoidable u	se" means a use of
41.22	PFAS that is	essential for health,	safety, or the f	unctioning of society	and for which
41.23	alternatives a	re not reasonably av	ailable.		
41.24		nnesota Statutes 202	22, section 18C	2.005, is amended by	adding a subdivision
41.25	to read:				
41.26	<u>Subd. 15a</u>	a. Intentionally adde	e d. "Intentiona	lly added" has the me	aning given in section
41.27	18B.01, subd	ivision 12a.			

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42.1	Sec. 33. Minne	esota Statutes 202	22, section 18C.0	05, is amended by a	dding a subdivision
42.2	to read:				-
42.3	<u>Subd. 19a.</u> N	Ianufacturer. <u>"</u> N	Ianufacturer" me	ans a guarantor, reg	istrant, distributor <u>,</u>
42.4	producer, or othe	er person that crea	ates or produces a	a product or whose b	rand name is affixed
42.5	to the product. In	the case of a proc	luct imported into	the United States, m	anufacturer includes
42.6				oduct if the person th	
42.7	assembled the pre-	oduct or whose br	and name is affix	ed to the product does	s not have a presence
42.8	in the United Sta	ites.			
42.9	Sec. 34. Minne	esota Statutes 202	22, section 18C.0	05, is amended by a	dding a subdivision
42.10	to read:				
42.11	Subd. 23a. P	erfluoroalkyl an	d polyfluoroalk	yl substances. "Perf	luoroalkyl and
42.12	polyfluoroalkyl s	substances" or "PI	FAS" has the mea	ning given in section	18B.01, subdivision
42.13	<u>15c.</u>				
42.14	Sec. 35. Minne	esota Statutes 202	22, section 18C.0	05, is amended by a	dding a subdivision
42.15	to read:				
42.16	Subd. 26a. P	roduct. "Product	" means a fertiliz	zer, specialty fertilize	er, soil amendment,
42.17	plant amendmen	t, agricultural lin	ning material, or	other material that is	s manufactured,
42.18	assembled, pack	aged, or otherwis	se prepared for sa	le to consumers, inc	luding its product
42.19	components, sol	d or distributed for	or agricultural, p	ersonal, residential,	commercial, or
42.20	industrial use, in	cluding for use in	n making other p	roducts, and that is r	regulated under this
42.21	chapter.				
42.22	Sec. 36. Minne	esota Statutes 202	22, section 18C.1	11, subdivision 3, is	amended to read:
42.23	Subd. 3. Del	egation <u>and data</u>	sharing to app	roved agencies. The	commissioner may,
42.24	by written agreer	nents, delegate sp	ecific inspection,	enforcement, and ot	her regulatory duties
42.25	of this chapter to	o officials of othe	r agencies. The c	lelegation may only	be made to a state
42.26	agency, a politic	al subdivision, or	a political subdi	vision's agency that	has signed a joint
42.27	powers agreeme	nt with the comm	issioner as provi	ded in section 471.59	. The commissioner
42.28	may also enter in	nto data sharing a	greements with	other state agencies	to help assess the
42.29	potential for unr	easonable advers	e effects to huma	in health and the env	vironment from the
42.30	use of a fertilizer	<u>r.</u>			

43.1	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.111, is amended by adding a subdivision
43.2	to read:
43.3	Subd. 5. Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. The Department of Agriculture
43.4	is the lead state agency for the regulation of fertilizer containing PFAS, including the storage,
43.5	handling, distribution, use, and disposal of fertilizer containing PFAS. In order to reduce
43.6	duplication, a distributor, registrant, or guarantor is not required to provide technical data
43.7	to another state agency if the distributor, registrant, or guarantor has previously submitted
43.8	the data to the commissioner and the data is available to the other state agencies.
43.9	Sec. 38. [18C.202] PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL
43.10	SUBSTANCES.
43.11	Subdivision 1. Notification required. Beginning January 1, 2026, a product manufacturer
43.12	must annually provide a statement that a product contains no intentionally added PFAS or,
43.13	for products that contain intentionally added PFAS, must submit to the commissioner the
43.14	following information:
43.15	(1) the name and purpose for which PFAS are used in the product, including in any
43.16	product components;
43.17	(2) the amount of each PFAS chemical, identified by its name, chemical structure,
43.18	analytical methods, chemical abstracts service registry number, or other method approved
43.19	by the commissioner, in the product; and
43.20	(3) any additional information required by the commissioner.
43.21	Subd. 2. Notification requirement waivers; extensions. The commissioner may waive
43.22	all or part of the notification requirement under subdivision 1 if the commissioner determines
43.23	that substantially equivalent information is available. The commissioner may extend the
43.24	deadline for the submission of the information required under subdivision 1 if the
43.25	commissioner determines that more time is needed by the manufacturer to comply with the
43.26	submission requirement. With the approval of the commissioner, a manufacturer may supply
43.27	the information for a category or type of product rather than for each individual product.
43.28	This may include raw materials used to produce blended fertilizers.
43.29	Subd. 3. Prohibition. Beginning January 1, 2032, the commissioner must not register
43.30	or approve a product for use under this chapter if the product contains intentionally added
43.31	PFAS unless the commissioner determines that the use of PFAS is a currently unavoidable
43.32	use.

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44.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.421, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Annual tonnage report. (a) Each registrant under section 18C.411 and
licensee under section 18C.415 shall file an annual tonnage report for the previous year
ending June 30 with the commissioner, on forms provided or approved by the commissioner,
stating the number of net tons of each brand or grade of fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant
amendment distributed in this state or the number of net tons and grade of each raw fertilizer
material distributed in this state during the reporting period.

(b) A tonnage report is not required to be submitted and an inspection fee under section
18C.425, subdivision 6, is not required to be paid to the commissioner by a licensee who
distributes fertilizer solely by custom application.

44.11 (c) The annual tonnage report must be submitted to the commissioner on or before July44.12 31 of each year.

(d) The inspection fee at the rate stated in under section 18C.425, subdivision 6, must
accompany the statement.

44.15 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Payment of inspection fee. (a) The person who registers and distributes in the
state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall
pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

(b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person
not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as
exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil 44.22 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an the inspection 44.23 fee of 39 cents per ton set under paragraph (e), and until June 30, 2024, an additional 40 44.24 cents per ton, of fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this 44.25 state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the 44.26 commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee in the 44.27 agricultural fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or 44.28 distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection 44.29 fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing 44.30 purposes. 44.31

- 45.1 (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
 45.2 amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
 45.3 of three years.
- 45.4 (e) By commissioner's order, the commissioner must set the inspection fee at no less
 45.5 than 39 cents per ton and no more than 70 cents per ton. The commissioner must hold a
 45.6 public meeting before increasing the fee by more than five cents per ton.
- 45.7 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18D.321, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 45.8 Subdivision 1. Notice of appeal. (a) After service of an order, a person has 45<u>20</u> days
 45.9 from receipt of the order to notify the commissioner in writing that the person intends to
 45.10 contest the order.
- (b) If the person fails to notify the commissioner that the person intends to contest the
 order, the order is a final order of the commissioner and not subject to further judicial or
 administrative review.
- 45.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.
- 45.15 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18F.01, is amended to read:

45.16 **18F.01 PURPOSE.**

The purpose of sections 18F.01 to 18F.13 is to establish <u>permits conditions</u> for the release of certain genetically engineered agriculturally related organisms to protect humans and the environment from the potential for significant adverse effects of those releases.

- 45.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.
- 45.21 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18F.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to45.22 read:
- 45.23 <u>Subd. 3a. Coordinated Framework.</u> "Coordinated Framework" means the federal
 45.24 Coordinated Framework for the Regulation of Biotechnology set forth in Federal Register,
- 45.25 volume 51, pages 23,302 to 23,350 (June 26, 1986), as amended.
- 45.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

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46.1	Sec. 44. Mi	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18F.0	2, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
46.2	read:				C
46.3	Subd. 7a.	Regulated organism	. "Regulated of	rganism" means a gen	etically engineered
46.4				ons or that is not yet a	
46.5	commercial u	use by the appropriate	federal agency	in the Coordinated F	ramework.
46.6	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
46.7	Sec. 45. Mi	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18F.0	7, is amended to read	
46.8	18F.07 G	ENETICALLY ENG	GINEERED A	GRICULTURALLY	RELATED
46.9	ORGANISM	1 PERMIT.			
46.10	Subdivisi	on 1. Requirement. A	A person may n	ot conduct a release o	f a genetically
46.11	engineered ag	griculturally related o	rganism until a	permit for the release	has been obtained
46.12	from the com	missioner United Stat	es Department	of Agriculture (USDA) or Environmental
46.13	Protection Ag	gency (EPA) unless th	ne organism is e	exempt from regulatio	n by the applicable
46.14	agency under	the Coordinated Fran	nework. The co	mmissioner may acce	pt a USDA or EPA
46.15	permit or ma	y review a USDA or 2	EPA permit and	l add additional requir	ements to ensure
46.16	that the prope	osed release of a gene	tically engineer	ed agriculturally relat	ed organism would
46.17	not create a h	azard to the agricultu	ral, forest, or h	orticultural interests o	f this state or the
46.18	state's genera	l environmental qualit	ty. Each release	of a genetically engine	eered agriculturally
46.19	related organ	ism requires a new po	ermit until the c	ommissioner determi	nes by rule that the
46.20	proposed use	of the agriculturally	related organisr	n is no longer subject	to regulation under
46.21	this chapter.				
46.22	Subd. 2. I	Permit application a	nd review. (a) ²	After reviewing a con	pleted application,
46.23	the commissi	oner may issue a gene	tically engineer	ed agriculturally relat	ed organism permit
46.24	if the commi	ssioner determines the	at the applicant	has adequately demo	nstrated that the

46.25 proposed release does not have the potential for unreasonable adverse effects on the

46.26 environment. If the commissioner reviews a USDA or EPA permit, the commissioner may
 46.27 prescribe recommend terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, the period for the

46.28 genetically engineered agriculturally related organism permit, the amount or number of

46.29 genetically engineered agriculturally related organisms to be used, monitoring activities,

46.30 department inspection schedules, reporting of experiment results, and experiment termination

- 46.31 procedures. A person may not violate terms or conditions of a permit issued under this
- 46.32 section. After a genetically engineered agriculturally related organism permit is issued, the
- 46.33 commissioner may revoke or change the permit at any time must inform the permitting

47.1	agency if the commissioner finds that its permit terms or conditions are being violated or
47.2	are inadequate to avoid unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.
47.3	(b) The commissioner may deny issuance of a genetically engineered agriculturally
47.4	related organism permit if the commissioner determines that the use to be made of the
47.5	agriculturally related organisms under the proposed terms and conditions may cause
47.6	unreasonable adverse effects on the environment request that the USDA or EPA not issue
47.7	a permit if the commissioner determines that the release of the genetically engineered
47.8	agriculturally related organism would create a hazard to the agricultural, forest, or
47.9	horticultural interests of this state or the state's general environmental quality.
47.10	(c) The commissioner shall publish a notice of the proposed release at the earliest
47.11	opportunity in the EQB Monitor and shall notify the chair of the county board and, if
47.12	applicable, the Tribal council of any reservation where the organism will be released.
47.13	Subd. 3. Application. A person shall file an application for a genetically engineered
47.14	agriculturally related organism permit with the commissioner. The application must include:
47.15	appropriate federal agency in the Coordinated Framework, unless exempted as set forth in
47.16	section 18F.13.
47.17	(1) the name and address of the applicant;
47.18	(2) any United States Environmental Protection Agency, United States Department of
47.19	Agriculture, or other federal agency regulatory application or approval document, if required
47.20	under federal law or rule;
47.21	(3) the purpose or objectives of the agriculturally related organism;
47.22	(4) the name, address, and telephone number of cooperators or participants in this state;
47.23	(5) the amount or number of organisms, materials, cultures, or seeds to be shipped or
47.24	used in this state; and
47.25	(6) other information requested by the commissioner.
47.26	Subd. 4. Application fee. An application for a permit for a genetically engineered
47.27	agriculturally related organism must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee
47.28	of \$125.
47.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.

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48.1

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18F.13, is amended to read:

48.2 **18F.13 EXEMPTIONS.**

48.3 (a) The commissioner may provide exemptions to the requirements to prepare an
48.4 environmental assessment worksheet and obtain a permit for release of genetically engineered
48.5 agriculturally related organisms for which substantial evidence, including past releases, has
48.6 shown that the organism can be released without adverse effects on humans and the
48.7 environment must recognize federal exemptions for the regulation of genetically engineered
48.8 organisms.

(b) The commissioner may provide exemptions from the requirements to prepare an
environmental assessment worksheet and obtain a permit for release of genetically engineered
agriculturally related organisms for which substantial evidence, including past releases, has
shown that the organism can be released under alternative oversight without adverse effects
to humans and the environment must allow the commercial use of agriculturally related
genetically engineered organisms, pesticides, fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant

48.15 amendments that have been deregulated by any federal agency.

48.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

48.17 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

48.18 Subd. 2. Biological control agent. "Biological control agent" means a parasite parasitoid,
48.19 predator, pathogen, or competitive organism intentionally released by humans for the purpose
48.20 of biological control with the intent of causing a reduction of a host or prey population.

48.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

48.22 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

48.23 Subd. 6. **Compliance agreement.** "Compliance agreement" means a written agreement 48.24 between <u>a person an entity</u> and a regulatory agency to achieve compliance with regulatory 48.25 requirements.

48.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

48.27 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
48.28 read:

48.29 <u>Subd. 12a.</u> Individual. "Individual" means a single human being who is not the sole
48.30 proprietor of a registered business related to plant protection or export certification.

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49.1	<u>EFFECT</u>	TVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
49.2	Sec. 50. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2. section 18G.)2. subdivision 14. is	s amended to read:
49.3		Infested. "Infested"		• =	
49.4		e level of plant pests,	-	s, or contains or harb	oors plant pests in a
49.5	quantity that	may threaten other p	orants.		
49.6	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
49.7	Sec. 51. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18G.0	02, subdivision 15, is	s amended to read:
49.8	Subd. 15.	Invasive species. "I	nvasive species'	' means an exotic or	nonnative species
49.9	whose introd	uction and establishr	nent causes, or 1	nay cause, economic	c or environmental
49.10	harm or harn	n to human health.			
49.11	<u>EFFECT</u>	TVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
49.12	Sec. 52. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18G.0	02, subdivision 16, is	s amended to read:
49.13	Subd. 16.	Mark. "Mark" mean	ns an official ind	licator affixed by the	e commissioner for
49.14	purposes of i	dentification or separ	ration, to, on, ar	ound, or near, plants	or plant material
49.15	known or sus	spected to be infested	l or infected with	h a plant pest <u>or that</u>	otherwise needs to
49.16	be distinguis	hed from other plants	s or materials. T	his includes, but is n	not limited to, paint,
49.17	markers, tags	s, seals, stickers, tape	, ribbons, signs,	or placards.	
49.18	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
49.19	Sec. 53. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18G.0	02, subdivision 20, is	s amended to read:
49.20	Subd. 20.	Person_Entity. "Per	:son Entity" mea	ns an individual<u>,</u> a r	registered business
49.21	such as a firr	n, corporation, partne	ership, associatio	on, trust, joint stock	company, or
49.22	unincorporat	ed organization <u>, or so</u>	ole proprietorshi	<u>p;</u> the state; a state a	igency; or a political
49.23	subdivision.				
49.24	<u>EFFEC</u> T	TVE DATE. This set	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
49.25	Sec. 54. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18G.0)2, subdivision 22, is	s amended to read:
49.26	Subd. 22.	Phytosanitary cert	ificate or expor	t certificate. "Phyto	sanitary certificate"

49.27 or "export certificate" means a document authorized or prepared by a duly authorized federal
49.28 or state official that affirms, declares, or verifies that an article, nursery stock, plant, plant

50.1	maduat shimmont on any other officially negulated article meats annliaghly legally
50.1 50.2	product, shipment, or any other officially regulated article meets applicable, legally established, plant pest regulations, including this chapter.
30.2	
50.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.
50.4	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.02, subdivision 24, is amended to read:
50.5	Subd. 24. Plant pest. "Plant pest" includes, but is not limited to, an invasive species or
50.6	any pest of plants, agricultural commodities, horticultural products, nursery stock, or
50.7	noncultivated plants by organisms such as means any organism determined by the
50.8	commissioner to be capable of causing harm to terrestrial plants, including but not limited
50.9	to insects, snails, nematodes, fungi, viruses, bacterium, microorganisms, mycoplasma-like
50.10	organisms, weeds, plants, and parasitic plants.
50.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.
50.12	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.02, subdivision 30, is amended to read:
50.13	Subd. 30. Significant damage or harm. "Significant damage" or "harm" means a level
50.14	of adverse impact that results in <u>unacceptable</u> economic damage, injury, or loss that exceeds
50.15	the cost of control for a particular erop plant.
50.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.
50.17	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
50.18	Subdivision 1. Entry and inspection. (a) The commissioner may enter and inspect a
50.19	public or private place that might harbor plant pests and may require that the owner destroy
50.20	or treat plant pests, plants, or other material.
50.21	(b) If the owner fails to properly comply with a directive of the commissioner, the
50.22	commissioner may have any necessary work done at the owner's expense. The commissioner
50.23	shall notify the owner of the deadline for paying those expenses. If the owner does not
50.24	reimburse the commissioner for an expense within a time specified by the commissioner,
50.25	the expense is a charge upon the county as provided in subdivision 4.
50.26	(c) If a harmful plant pest infestation or infection threatens plants of an area in the state,
50.27	the commissioner may take any measures necessary to eliminate or alleviate the potential
50.28	significant damage or harm.
50.29	(d) The commissioner may collect fees required by this chapter.
20.27	

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51.1 (e) The commissioner may issue and enforce written or printed "stop-sale" orders,

compliance agreements, and other directives and requests to the owner or custodian of any
plants or articles infested or infected with a harmful plant pest.

51.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

51.5 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Control order. In order to prevent the introduction or spread of harmful or 51.6 dangerous plant pests, the commissioner may issue orders for necessary control measures. 51.7 These orders may indicate the type of specific control to be used, the compound or material, 51.8 the manner or the time of application, and who is responsible for carrying out the control 51.9 order. Control orders may include directions to control or abate the plant pest to an acceptable 51.10 level; eradicate the plant pest; restrict the movement of the plant pest or any material, article, 51.11 appliance, plant, or means of conveyance suspected to be carrying the plant pest; or destroy 51.12 plants or plant products infested or infected with a plant pest. Material suspected of being 51.13 infested or infected with a plant pest may be confiscated by the commissioner. 51.14

51.15 **E**

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.

51.16 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.05, is amended to read:

51.17 18G.05 DISCOVERY OF PLANT PESTS; OFFICIAL MARKING OF INFESTED 51.18 OR INFECTED ARTICLES.

Upon knowledge of the existence of a dangerous or injurious plant pest or invasive 51.19 species within the state, the commissioner may conspicuously mark all plants, infested areas, 51.20 materials, and articles known or suspected to be infected or infested with the plant pest or 51.21 invasive species. Persons, owners, or tenants An entity or individual in possession of the 51.22 premises or area in which the existence of the plant pest or invasive species is suspected 51.23 must be notified by the commissioner with prescribed control measures. A person An entity 51.24 or individual must comply with the commissioner's control order within the prescribed time. 51.25 If the commissioner determines that satisfactory control or mitigation of the pest has been 51.26 achieved, the order must be released. 51.27

51.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

51.29 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

51.30 Subd. 2. Quarantine notice. (a) The commissioner may issue orders to take prompt

51.31 regulatory action in plant pest emergencies on regulated articles. If continuing quarantine

action is required, a formal quarantine may be imposed. Orders may be issued to retain
necessary quarantine action on a few properties if eradication treatments have been applied
and continuing quarantine action is no longer necessary for the majority of the regulated
area.

(b) The commissioner may place an emergency regulation or quarantine in effect without
prior public notice in order to take immediate regulatory action to prevent the introduction
or establishment of a plant pest.

(c) The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture and other federal, state, city, or county agencies to assist in the enforcement of federal quarantines. The commissioner may adopt a quarantine or regulation against a <u>plant</u> pest or an area not covered by a federal quarantine. The commissioner may seize, destroy, or require treatment of products moved from a federally regulated area if they were not moved in accordance with the federal quarantine regulations or, if certified, they were found to be infested with the pest organism.

(d) The commissioner may impose a quarantine against a plant pest that is not quarantined in other states to prevent the spread of the plant pest within this state. The commissioner may enact a quarantine against a plant pest of regional or national significance even when no federal domestic quarantine has been adopted. These quarantines regulate intrastate movement between quarantined and nonquarantined areas of this state. The commissioner may enact a parallel state quarantine if there is a federal quarantine applied to a portion of the state.

(e) The commissioner may impose a state exterior quarantine if the plant pest is not
established in this state but is established in other states. State exterior quarantines may be
enacted even if no federal domestic quarantine has been adopted. The commissioner may
issue control orders at destinations necessary to prevent the introduction or spread of plant
pests.

52.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

52.28 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Public notification of a state quarantine or emergency regulation. (a) For
 plant pest threats of imminent concern, the commissioner may declare an emergency
 quarantine or enact emergency orders.

52.32 (b) If circumstances permit, public notice and a public hearing must be held to solicit 52.33 comments regarding the proposed state quarantine. If a plant pest threat is of imminent

concern and there is insufficient time to allow full public comment on the proposed
quarantine, the commissioner may impose an emergency quarantine until a state quarantine
can be implemented.

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(c) Upon establishment of a state quarantine, and upon institution of modifications or
 repeal, notices must be sent to the principal parties of interest, including federal and state
 authorities, and to organizations representing the public involved in the restrictive measures.

- 53.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.
- 53.8 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

53.9 Subd. 4. **Phytosanitary and export certificates.** An exporter of plants or plant products 53.10 desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary 53.11 certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the commissioner. Application 53.12 for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be made on forms provided or 53.13 approved by the commissioner <u>or the USDA</u>. The commissioner may conduct inspections 53.14 of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for or intend to apply 53.15 for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner.

The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing <u>state or</u> foreign country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements of the destination states or countries must be met by the applicant.

53.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

53.21 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

53.22 Subd. 5. Certificate fees. (a) The commissioner shall assess fees sufficient to recover 53.23 all costs for the inspection, service, and work performed in carrying out the issuance of a 53.24 phytosanitary certificate or export certificate.

(b) If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a certificate, the
commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost.

(c) The certificate fee is \$75 or a fee amount, not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to
recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary or export certificate issued. The certificate
<u>fee is in addition to any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.</u>

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54.1	(d) For ser	rvices provided for in	n subdivision 7	that are goods and so	ervices provided for
54.2	the direct and	primary use of a priv	ate individual, b	pusiness, or other enti	ty, the commissioner
54.3	must set and o	collect the fees to co	ver the cost of t	he services provided	
54.4	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This see	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
54.5	Sec. 64. Min	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18G.	10, subdivision 6, is	amended to read:
54.6	Subd. 6. C	Certificate denial or	cancellation. T	he commissioner ma	ay deny or cancel the
54.7	issuance of a	phytosanitary or exp	ort certificate fo	or any of the followi	ng reasons:
54.8	(1) failure	of the plants or plant j	products to meet	quarantine, regulation	ons, and requirements
54.9	imposed by th	ne country <u>, state, or c</u>	other jurisdiction	n for which the phyt	osanitary or export
54.10	certificate is b	being requested;			
54.11	(2) failure	to completely or acc	curately provide	the information req	uested on the
54.12	application fo	ørm;			
54.13	(3) failure	to ship the exact plar	nts or plant prod	ucts which were insp	pected and approved;
54.14	or				
54.15	(4) failure	to pay any fees or co	osts due the con	nmissioner.	
54.16	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This sec	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
54.17	Sec. 65. Min	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18G.	11, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
54.18	Subdivisio	on 1. Detection and	control agreen	ents. The commissi	oner may enter into
54.19	cooperative a	greements with organ	nizations, perso	ns entities, civic gro	ups, governmental
54.20	agencies, or o	ther organizations to	adopt and exec	cute plans to detect a	nd control areas
54.21	infested or inf	fected with harmful p	plant pests. The	cooperative agreem	ents may include
54.22	provisions of	joint funding of any	control treatme	nt.	
54.23	If a harmf i	11 plant pest infestatio	on or infection o	ccurs and cannot be a	adequately controlled
54.24	by individual	persons individuals,	entities, owner	s, tenants, or local un	nits of government,
54.25	the commission	oner may conduct the	e necessary con	trol measures indepe	endently or on a
54.26	cooperative b	asis with federal or c	other units of go	vernment.	
54.27	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This see	ction is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
54.28	Sec. 66. Min	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18G.	12, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
54.29	Subdivisio	on 1. Plant pest and	invasive specie	es research. The cor	nmissioner shall
54.30	conduct resea	rch to prevent the int	troduction or sp	read of invasive spe	eies and plant pests

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55.1	that are also	terrestrial invasive sp	becies into the s	tate and to investigate	e the feasibility of
55.2	their control	or eradication.			
55.3	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e August 1, 2023.	
55.4	Sec. 67. M	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18G.	12, subdivision 2, is a	amended to read:
55.5	Subd. 2.	Statewide program.	The commission	ner shall establish a s	tatewide program to
55.6	prevent the in	ntroduction and the sp	read of harmful	plant pest and pests th	at are also terrestrial
55.7	invasive spe	cies. To the extent po	ssible, the prog	ram must provide coo	ordination of efforts
55.8	among gove	rnmental entities and	private organiz	ations.	
55.9	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e August 1, 2023.	
55.10	Sec. 68. M	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 2, is a	amended to read:
55.11	Subd. 2.	Agent. "Agent" mear	ns a person<u></u> an e	ntity who, on behalf o	of another person
55.12	entity, receiv	ves on consignment, c	contracts for, or	solicits for sale on co	ommission, a plant
55.13	product from	n a producer <u>or supplie</u>	er of the product	or negotiates the cons	ignment or purchase
55.14	of a plant pr	oduct on behalf of and	other person en	tity.	
55.15	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e August 1, 2023.	
55.16	Sec. 69. M	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 3, is a	amended to read:
55.17	Subd. 3.	Annual. "Annual" me	eans a plant gro	wing in Minnesota wi	th a life cycle of less
55.18	than one yea	ar when grown in Min	nesota.		
55.19	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e August 1, 2023.	
55.20	Sec. 70. M	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 8, is a	amended to read:
55.21	Subd. 8.	Consignee. "Consign	nee" means a pe	rson an entity to who	m a plant, nursery
55.22	stock, hortic	ultural product, or pla	ant product is sl	ipped for handling, p	lanting, sale, resale,
55.23	or any other	purpose.			
55.24	<u>EFFEC</u>	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e August 1, 2023.	
55.25	Sec. 71. M	linnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 9, is a	amended to read:
55.26	Subd. 9.	Consignor. "Consign	or" means a pe	rson an entity who sh	ips or delivers to a
55.27	consignee a p	plant, nursery stock, ho	orticultural prod	uct, or plant product fo	or handling, planting,
55.28	sale, resale,	or any other purpose.			

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56.1	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	
56.2	Sec. 72. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 12, is	amended to read:
56.3	Subd. 12	. Distribute. "Distrib	ute" means offe	er for sale, sell, barter	, give away, ship,
56.4	deliver for sl	nipment, receive and	deliver, offer to	deliver, receive on co	onsignment, contract
56.5	for, solicit fo	or sale on commissior	n, or negotiate tl	he consignment or pu	rchase in this state.
56.6	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	
56.7	Sec. 73. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 12b,	is amended to read:
56.8	Subd. 12	b. Etiolated growth.	"Etiolated grow	vth" means bleached a	nd unnatural growth
56.9	resulting from	m the exclusion of su	nlight plant gro	wth with reduced or	no chlorophyll
56.10	production d	ue to a lack of sunlig	ht. Etiolated gro	owth is evidenced by	pale, yellowish or
56.11	white plants	and weak, spindly sto	ems.		
56.12	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	
56.13	Sec. 74. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 12c, i	is amended to read:
56.14	Subd. 12	c. Individual. "Indiv	idual" means a l	numan bein <u>g who is no</u>	ot the sole proprietor
56.15	of a registere	ed business selling pla	ants for planting	2.	
56.16	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	
56.17	Sec. 75. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.	02, subdivision 14, is	amended to read:
56.18	Subd. 14	. Infested. "Infested"	means a plant	has been overrun by <u>t</u>	hat contains an
56.19	unacceptable	<u>e level of</u> plant pests,	including weed	s, or contains or harb	ors plant pests in a
56.20	quantity that	may threaten other p	olants.		
56.21	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	
56.22	Sec. 76. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.0	02, is amended by add	ling a subdivision to
56.23	read:				
56.24	Subd. 15	a. <mark>Label.</mark> "Label" me	ans a legible tag	g or other signage atta	ached to a specific
56.25	plant or plan	t container that provi	des the identity	of the plant and any	other required or
56.26	relevant info	rmation regarding the	e plant.		
56.27	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	re August 1, 2023.	

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57.1	Sec. 77. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18H.0	2, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
57.2	read:				C C
57.3	Subd. 15	b. <mark>Live plant dealer.</mark>	"Live plant dea	ler" means an entity	who:
57.4	(1) raises	s, grows, or propagate	es nursery stock	for sale, outdoors or	indoors;
57.5	<u>(2)</u> acqui	res and further distrib	outes nursery sto	ck, including throug	gh landscaping or
57.6	distribution	with a tree spade; or			
57.7	<u>(3)</u> opera	tes a business in Min	nesota selling nu	ursery stock with or	without taking
57.8	ownership o	r handling the nurser	y stock.		
57.9	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective	e January 1, 2025.	
57.10	Sec. 78. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 18H.0	02, subdivision 16, i	s amended to read:
57.11	Subd. 16	. Mark. "Mark" mea	ns an official inc	licator affixed by the	e commissioner for
57.12	purposes of i	dentification or separ	ation to, on, arou	nd, or near plants or	plant material known
57.13	or suspected	to be infested or infe	eted with a plant	pest or to otherwise	distinguish the plants
57.14	or plant mate	erial from other plant	<u>s or materials</u> . T	his includes, but is 1	not limited to, paint,
57.15	markers, tag	s, seals, stickers, tape	e, ribbons, signs,	or placards.	
57.16	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
57.17	Sec. 79. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 18H.()2, subdivision 18, i	s amended to read:
57.18	Subd. 18	. Nursery certificate	e. "Nursery certif	icate" means a docu	iment issued by the
57.19	commissione	er recognizing that a p	erson an entity is	eligible to sell, offer	for sale, or distribute
57.20	certified nur	sery stock at a particu	ular location und	er a specified busin	ess name.
57.21	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective	e August 1, 2023.	
57.22	Sec. 80. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 18H.()2, subdivision 20, i	s amended to read:
57.23	Subd. 20	. Nursery stock. "Nu	ursery stock" me	ans a plant intended	for planting or
57.24	propagation,	including, but not lir	nited to, trees, sł	rubs, vines, perenni	ials, biennials, grafts,
57.25	cuttings, and	l buds that may be so	ld for propagation	on, whether cultivate	ed or wild, and all
57.26	viable parts	of these plants. Nurse	ery stock does no	ot include:	
57.27	(1) field	and forage crops or s	od;		
57.28	(2) seeds	. ,			
57.29	(3) veget	able plants, bulbs, or	tubers;		

- (4) cut material such as flowers or other herbaceous or woody plants, unless stems or 58.1 other portions are intended for propagation; 58.2 (5) tropical plants; 58.3 (5) (6) annuals; or 58.4 (6) (7) Christmas trees. 58.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023. 58.6 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.02, subdivision 24, is amended to read: 58.7 Subd. 24. Owner. "Owner" includes, but is not limited to, the person entity with the 58.8 legal right of possession, proprietorship of, or responsibility for the property or place where 58.9 any of the articles regulated in this chapter are found, or the person entity who is in possession 58.10 of, proprietorship of, or has responsibility for the regulated articles. 58.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023. 58.12 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.02, subdivision 24a, is amended to read: 58.13 Subd. 24a. Packaged nursery stock. "Packaged nursery stock" means bare root nursery 58.14 stock packed with the roots in moisture-retaining material encased in plastic film or other 58.15 material designed to hold the moisture-retaining material in place. 58.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023. 58.17 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.02, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 58.18 Subd. 25. Person Entity. "Person" "Entity" means an individual, a registered business 58.19 58.20 such as a firm, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a trust, a joint stock company, an unincorporated organization, or a sole proprietorship; the state;; a state agency;; or a 58.21 political subdivision. 58.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023. 58.23 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.02, subdivision 26, is amended to read: 58.24 Subd. 26. Place of origin. "Place of origin" means the county and state where nursery 58.25 stock was most recently certified or grown for at least one full growing season. 58.26
- 58.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

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59.1	Sec. 85. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.02, subdivision 28, is	amended to read:
59.2	Subd. 28. Pla	nt pest. "Plant pe	st" means a b	iotic agent that causes	or may cause harm
59.3	to any organism	that the commission	oner determin	es is capable of causin	g harm to terrestrial
59.4	plants, including	but not limited to	insects, snail	s, nematodes, fungi, vi	ruses, bacteria,
59.5	microorganisms,	mycoplasma-like	organisms, w	eeds, and parasitic pla	nts.
59.6	EFFECTIVI	E DATE. This sec	tion is effectiv	ve August 1, 2023.	
59.7	Sec. 86. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.02, subdivision 32, is	amended to read:
59.8	Subd. 32. Sal	es location. "Sale	s location" m	eans a fixed location fi	rom which certified
59.9	nursery stock is e	lisplayed or distri	buted or displ	ayed with the intent to	sell.
59.10	<u>EFFECTIV</u>	E DATE. This sec	tion is effectiv	ve August 1, 2023.	
59.11	Sec. 87. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.02, subdivision 33, is	amended to read:
59.12	Subd. 33. Tre	e spade. "Tree sp	ade" means a	mechanical device or	machinery capable
59.13	of removing nurs	ery stock, root sy	stem, and soil	from the <u>a</u> planting in	one operation.
59.14	EFFECTIVE	E DATE. This sec	tion is effectiv	ve August 1, 2023.	
59.15	Sec. 88. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.03, subdivision 6, is a	mended to read:
59.16	Subd. 6. Disso	emination of info	mation. The	commissioner may diss	eminate information
59.17	among growers 1	ive plant dealers r	elative to trea	tment of nursery stock	in both prevention
59.18	and elimination of	of attack by plant	pests and dise	ases.	
59.19	<u>EFFECTIVI</u>	E DATE. This sec	tion is effecti	ve January 1, 2025.	
59.20	Sec. 89. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.03, subdivision 6, is a	mended to read:
59.21	Subd. 6. Disso	emination of info	mation. The	commissioner may diss	eminate information
59.22	among growers r	elative to regardir	ng the treatme	nt of nursery stock in l	ooth prevention and
59.23	elimination of to	prevent or elimin	ate the attack	by of plant pests and c	liseases.
59.24	EFFECTIVE	E DATE. This sec	tion is effective	ve August 1, 2023.	
59.25	Sec. 90. Minne	sota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	.04, is amended to rea	d:
59.26	18H.04 ADO	PTION OF RUI	LES.		
			4		1

59.27 The commissioner may adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The rules 59.28 may include, but are not limited to, rules in regard to labeling and the maintenance of

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viability and vigor of nursery stock. Rules of the commissioner that are in effect on July 1,

60.2 2003, relating to plant protection, nursery inspection, or the Plant Pest Act remain in effect

60.3 until they are superseded by new rules.

60.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

60.5 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.05, is amended to read:

60.6 **18H.05 NURSERY CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS.**

(a) No person may offer for sale or distribute certified nursery stock as a nursery stock
grower or live plant dealer without first obtaining the appropriate nursery stock certificate
from the commissioner. The commissioner may not issue a certificate to a person who does
not sell certified nursery stock. Certificates are issued solely for these purposes and may
not be used for other purposes.

(b) A certificate issued by the commissioner expires on December 31 of the year it isissued.

60.14 (c) A person required to be certified by this section must apply for a certificate or for60.15 renewal on a form furnished by the commissioner which must contain:

60.16 (1) the name and address of the applicant, the number of locations to be operated by the60.17 applicant and their addresses, and the assumed business name of the applicant;

60.18 (2) if other than an individual, a statement whether a person is a partnership, corporation,60.19 or other organization;

60.20 (3) the type of business to be operated and, if the applicant is an agent, the principals60.21 the applicant represents; and

60.22 (4) source or sources of purchased nursery stock.

60.23 (d) No person may:

60.24 (1) falsely claim to be a certified live plant dealer, grower, broker, or agent;

60.25 (2) make willful false statements when applying for a certificate; or

60.26 (3) sell or distribute certified nursery stock to an uncertified nursery stock live plant

60.27 dealer who is required to be certified or nursery stock grower.

60.28 (e) Each application for a certificate must be accompanied by the appropriate certificate60.29 fee under section 18H.07.

61.1 (f) Certificates issued by the commissioner must be prominently displayed to the public61.2 in the place of business where certified nursery stock is sold or distributed.

61.3 (g) The commissioner may refuse to issue a certificate for cause.

(h) Each grower or live plant dealer is entitled to one sales location under the certificate
 of the grower or dealer. Each additional sales location maintained by the person requires
 the payment of the full certificate fee for each additional sales outlet.

61.7

(i) A grower who is also a dealer is certified only as a grower for that specific site.

61.8 (j) (i) A certificate is personal to the applicant and may not be transferred. A new
61.9 certificate is necessary if the business entity is changed or if the membership of a partnership
61.10 is changed, whether or not the business name is changed.

61.11 (k)(j) The certificate issued to a <u>live plant</u> dealer or grower applies to the particular 61.12 premises named in the certificate. However, if prior approval is obtained from the 61.13 commissioner, the place of business may be moved to the other premises or location without 61.14 an additional certificate fee.

61.15 (<u>h) (k)</u> A collector of nursery stock from the wild is required to obtain a <u>dealer's live</u> 61.16 <u>plant dealer</u> certificate from the commissioner and is subject to all the requirements that 61.17 apply to the inspection of nursery stock. All collected nursery stock must be labeled as 61.18 "collected from the wild."

61.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025.

61.20 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.05, is amended to read:

61.21 **18H.05 NURSERY CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS.**

(a) No person may offer for sale or distribute certified nursery stock as a nursery stock
grower or dealer without first obtaining the appropriate nursery stock certificate from the
commissioner. The commissioner may not issue a certificate to a person an entity who does
not sell certified nursery stock. Certificates are issued solely for these purposes and may
not be used for other purposes.

61.27 (b) A certificate issued by the commissioner expires on December 31 of the year it is61.28 issued.

61.29 (c) <u>A person An entity</u> required to be certified by this section must apply for a certificate
61.30 or for renewal on a form furnished established by the commissioner which <u>that</u> must contain:

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- 62.1 (1) the name and, address, and contact information of the applicant, the number of
- 62.2 locations to be operated by the applicant and their addresses, and :
- 62.3 (2) the assumed business name of the applicant;
- 62.4 (2) if other than an individual, a statement whether a person is a partnership, corporation,
- 62.5 or other organization;
- 62.6 (3) the type of business to be operated and, if the applicant is an agent, the principals
- 62.7 the applicant represents; and
- 62.8 (3) the address of the sales location;
- 62.9 (4) the address or geographical description of any additional location where nursery
- 62.10 stock will be handled, if applicable; and
- 62.11 (4) (5) the source or sources of purchased nursery stock.
- 62.12 (d) No <u>person_entity</u> may:
- 62.13 (1) falsely claim to be a certified dealer, grower, broker, or agent;
- 62.14 (2) make willful false statements when applying for a certificate; or
- 62.15 (3) sell or distribute certified nursery stock to an uncertified nursery stock dealer who62.16 is required to be certified or nursery stock grower.
- 62.17 (e) Each application for a certificate must be accompanied by the appropriate certificate62.18 fee under section 18H.07.
- 62.19 (f) Certificates issued by the commissioner <u>must should</u> be prominently displayed to the 62.20 public in the place of business where certified nursery stock is sold or distributed.
- 62.21 (g) The commissioner may refuse to issue a certificate for cause.
- (h) Each grower or dealer is entitled to one sales location under the certificate of the
 grower or dealer. Each additional sales location maintained by the <u>person_entity</u> requires
 the payment of the full certificate fee for each additional sales outlet.
- 62.25 (i) A grower who is also a dealer is certified only as a grower for that specific site.
- (j) A certificate is personal to the applicant and may not be transferred. A new certificate
 is necessary if the business entity is changed or if the membership of a partnership is changed,
 whether or not the business name is changed.
- (k) The certificate issued to a dealer or grower applies to the particular premises namedin the certificate. However, if prior approval is obtained from the commissioner, the place

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63.1 of business may be moved to the other premises or location without an additional certificate63.2 fee.

(1) A collector of nursery stock from the wild is required to obtain a dealer's certificate
from the commissioner and is subject to all the requirements that apply to the inspection of
nursery stock. All collected nursery stock must be labeled as "collected from the wild."

63.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

63.7 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
63.8 Subd. 2. Occasional sales. (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be
63.9 exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock certificate if:

63.10 (1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed $\frac{2,000}{1,000}$;

63.11 (2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting in63.12 Minnesota;

63.13 (3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in
63.14 Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner sold or distributed was grown by
63.15 the individual in Minnesota; and

(4) the individual conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer daysin a calendar year.

63.18 (b) A municipality may offer certified nursery stock for sale and be exempt from the
 63.19 requirement to obtain a nursery stock certificate if:

63.20 (1) all nursery stock offered for sale or distributed is intended for planting by residents
 63.21 of the municipality on public property or public easements within the municipal boundary;

63.22 (2) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution is grown in

63.23 Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and

63.24 (3) the municipality submits to the commissioner before any sale or distribution of

- 63.25 nursery stock a list of all suppliers who provide the municipality with nursery stock.
- (c) (b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales under

63.27 this subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.

63.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

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64.1	Sec. 94. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	1.07, is amended by ad	lding a subdivision to
64.2	read:			•	
64.3	Subd. 3a	. Waiver of fees. (a) A	A nonprofit or	ganization or an indiv	vidual may offer for
64.4	sale certified	l nursery stock and be	exempt from	the requirement to pa	ay certificate fees if
64.5	the nonprofi	t organization or indiv	vidual:		
64.6	(1) sells	or distributes certified	nursery stock	c on ten or fewer days	in a calendar year;
64.7	<u>(2)</u> uses 1	the proceeds from cert	tified nursery	stock sales or distribu	ttions for nonprofit
64.8	purposes; an	ıd			
64.9	<u>(3) obtain</u>	ns a nursery stock cert	tificate.		
64.10	<u>(b)</u> A mu	nicipality may offer f	or sale certifie	ed nursery stock and b	be exempt from the
64.11	requirement	to pay certificate fees	if:		
64.12	<u>(1) all nu</u>	rsery stock offered fo	r sale or distri	buted is intended for	planting by residents
64.13	of the munic	cipality on public prop	erty or public	easements in the mu	nicipality;
64.14	<u>(2)</u> all nu	irsery stock purchased	or procured	for resale or distributi	on is grown in
64.15	Minnesota a	nd has been certified	by the commi	ssioner; and	
64.16	(3) the m	unicipality obtains a l	ive plant deal	er certificate.	
64.17	<u>(c)</u> The c	commissioner may pre	scribe the cor	ditions of nursery fee	waivers and may
64.18	conduct rout	tine inspections of nur	sery stock off	fered for sale.	
64.19	EFFECT	FIVE DATE. This see	ction is effecti	ve August 1, 2023.	
64.20	Sec. 95. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 18H	1.07, is amended by ad	lding a subdivision to
64.21	read:				
64.22	Subd. 3b	. <u>New live plant deale</u>	er certificate.	An entity that was not	t distributing certified
64.23	nursery stoc	k for the past two full	calendar years	s is considered a new a	applicant for the basis
64.24	of fee determ	nination. A new live p	lant dealer m	ust pay the following	fees:
64.25	<u>(1)</u> \$50 f	ee for a live plant dea	ler certificate	that allows for one re	tail sales location. A
64.26	\$50 certifica	te is required for each	additional re	tail sales location; and	<u>1</u>
64.27	<u>(2) a live</u>	plant dealer growing	nursery stock	requires an inspectio	n for certification of
64.28	that nursery	stock prior to sale of	the nursery sto	ock and must be asses	sed an additional
64.29	charge of \$1	00 plus \$10 per acre u	p to 200 acres	. Acreage to be certifi	ed should be rounded
64.30	to the neares	st one acre. For the bas	sis of fee dete	rmination, "growing 1	nursery stock" means
64.31	the purchase	e of seeds, seedlings, c	or small plants	and the cultivation o	f the plants in fields

65.1	or containers in Minnesota fo	or eventual sale, including cutt	ing, splitting, and propagating			
65.2	plants.					
(5.2	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.					
65.3	<u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> 11	is section is effective familiary	1, 2023.			
65.4	Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to					
65.5	read:					
65.6	Subd 3c Live plant dea	ler renewal certificate (a) A	renewal certificate is for a live			
65.7			past two full calendar years. A			
65.8		annual fee based on the follow				
05.0						
65.9			vs for one retail sales location.			
65.10	A \$50 certificate is required	for each additional retail sales	location;			
65.11	(2) a fee of gross annual p	ourchases of certified nursery s	tock as noted in the table below			
65.12	with the intent to resell in the	e same year. These are plants t	hat are watered and maintained			
65.13	only for the purposes of keep	ing the plants alive. Gross ann	ual purchases are calculated for			
65.14	nursery stock purchases from	January 1 through December	31 of the most recent certificate			
65.15	year according to the followi	ng table;				
65.16	Pur	chases	Fee			
65.17	<u>\$0</u>	<u>to \$3,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>			
65.18	<u>\$3,001</u>	<u>to \$10,000</u>	<u>\$50</u>			
65.19	<u>\$10,001</u>	<u>to \$20,000</u>	<u>\$100</u>			
65.20	<u>\$20,001</u>	<u>to \$50,000</u>	<u>\$225</u>			
65.21	<u>\$50,001</u>	<u>to \$100,000</u>	<u>\$425</u>			
65.22	<u>\$100,001</u>	to \$150,000	<u>\$600</u>			
65.23	<u>\$150,001</u>	<u>to \$200,000</u>	<u>\$750</u>			
65.24	<u>\$200,001</u>	<u>to \$300,000</u>	<u>\$975</u>			
65.25	<u>\$300,001</u>	<u>to \$400,000</u>	<u>\$1,200</u>			
65.26	\$400,001	<u>to \$500,000</u>	<u>\$1,250</u>			
65.27	\$500,001	<u>to \$600,000</u>	<u>\$1,350</u>			
65.28	<u>\$600,001</u>	to \$700,000	<u>\$1,400</u>			
65.29	<u>\$700,001</u>	<u>to \$800,000</u>	<u>\$1,500</u>			
65.30	<u>\$800,001</u>	<u>to \$900,000</u>	<u>\$1,600</u>			
65.31	<u>\$900,001</u>	<u>to \$1,000,000</u>	<u>\$1,700</u>			
65.32	<u>\$1,000,001</u>	to \$2,000,000	<u>\$1,800</u>			
65.33	<u>\$2,000,001</u>	<u>to \$3,000,000</u>	<u>\$1,900</u>			
65.34	<u>\$3,000,001 or more</u>		.0005 x annual purchases; and			

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(3) a live plant dealer growing nursery stock requires an inspection for certification of 66.1 that nursery stock prior to sale and must be assessed an additional charge of \$100 plus \$10 66.2 per acre up to 200 acres. Acreage to be certified should be rounded to the nearest one acre. 66.3 For the basis of fee determination, "growing nursery stock" is the purchase of seeds, 66.4 seedlings, or small plants and the cultivation of plants in fields or containers in Minnesota 66.5 for eventual sale, including cutting, splitting, and propagating plants. 66.6 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of 25 percent of the fee due may 66.7 be charged or a portion thereof, if the fee is delinquent or any application for renewal is not 66.8 postmarked or electronically date stamped by December 31 of the current year. 66.9 66.10 (c) A live plant dealer operating without a valid certificate must not offer nursery stock for sale or sell nursery stock until a certificate is issued to the live plant dealer by the 66.11 commissioner and the live plant dealer has paid any applicable fees and penalties in full. 66.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025. 66.13 Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 66.14 Subd. 4. Reinspection; additional or optional inspection fees. If a reinspection an 66.15 irregular inspection is required or an additional inspection is needed or requested, a fee must 66.16 may be assessed based on mileage and inspection time as follows: 66.17 66.18 (1) mileage must be charged at the current United States Internal Revenue Service reimbursement rate; and 66.19 66.20 (2) inspection time must be charged at a rate sufficient to recover all inspection costs, including the driving time to and from the location in addition to the time spent conducting 66.21 the inspection. 66.22

66.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

66.24 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

66.25 Subdivision 1. Services and fees. The commissioner may make small lot inspections 66.26 or perform other necessary services for which another charge is not specified. For these 66.27 services, the commissioner shall may set a fee plus expenses that will recover the cost of 66.28 performing this service. The commissioner may set an additional acreage fee for inspection 66.29 of seed production fields for exporters in order to meet domestic and foreign plant quarantine 66.30 requirements.

66.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

67.1 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Virus disease-free certification. The commissioner may provide special 67.2 services such as virus disease-free certification and other similar programs. Participation 67.3 by nursery stock growers live plant dealers is voluntary. Plants offered for sale as certified 67.4 virus-free must be grown according to certain procedures in a manner defined by the 67.5 commissioner for the purpose of eliminating viruses and other injurious disease or insect 67.6 pests. The commissioner shall collect reasonable fees from participating nursery stock 67.7 67.8 growers live plant dealers for services and materials that are necessary to conduct this type of work. 67.9

67.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

67.11 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.09, is amended to read:

67.12 **18H.09 NURSERY STOCK CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.**

(a) All nursery stock growing at sites identified by nursery stock dealers or nursery stock
growers live plant dealers and submitted for inspection must be inspected by the
commissioner within the previous 12 months prior to sale and found apparently free from
quarantine and regulated nonquarantine pests as well as significantly dangerous or potentially
damaging plant pests. The commissioner may waive a site inspection under the following
conditions:

(1) the nursery stock is not going to be sold within 12 months;

67.20 (2) the nursery stock will not be moved out of Minnesota; and

(3) the nursery site or stock is not subject to certification requirements associated witha state or federally regulated or quarantined plant pest.

All nursery stock originating from out of state and offered for sale in Minnesota must
have been inspected by the appropriate state or federal agency during the previous 12 months
and found free from quarantine and regulated nonquarantine pests as well as significantly
dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests. A nursery stock certificate is valid from
January 1 to December 31.

(b) Nursery stock must be accessible to the commissioner for inspection during regular
business hours. Weeds or other growth that hinder a proper inspection are grounds to suspend
or withhold a certificate or require a reinspection.

67.31 (c) Inspection reports issued to growers live plant dealers must contain a list of the plant 67.32 pests found at the time of inspection. Withdrawal-from-distribution orders are considered

- part of the inspection reports. A withdrawal-from-distribution order must contain a list ofplants withdrawn from distribution and the location of the plants.
- (d) The commissioner may post signs to delineate sections withdrawn from distribution.
 These signs must remain in place until the commissioner removes them or grants written
 permission to the grower to remove the signs.
- (e) Inspection reports issued to <u>live plant</u> dealers must outline the violations involved
 and corrective actions to be taken including withdrawal-from-distribution orders which
 would specify nursery stock that could not be distributed from a certain area.
- (f) Optional inspections of plants may be conducted by the commissioner upon request
 by any persons desiring an inspection. A fee as provided in section 18H.07 must be charged
 for such an inspection.
- 68.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025.

68.13 Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.09, is amended to read:

68.14 **18H.09 NURSERY STOCK CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.**

(a) All nursery stock growing at sites identified by nursery stock dealers or nursery stock
growers and submitted for inspection must be inspected by the commissioner within the
previous 12 months prior to sale and found apparently free from quarantine and regulated
nonquarantine pests as well as significantly dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests.
The commissioner may waive a site inspection under the following conditions:

68.20 (1) the nursery stock is not going to be sold within 12 months;

68.21 (2) the nursery stock will not be moved out of Minnesota; and

(3) the nursery site or stock is not subject to certification requirements associated witha state or federally regulated or quarantined plant pest.

All nursery stock originating from out of state and offered for sale in Minnesota must
have been inspected by the appropriate state or federal agency during the previous 12 months
and found free from quarantine and regulated nonquarantine pests as well as significantly
dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests. A nursery stock certificate is valid from
January 1 to December 31.

(b) Nursery stock must be accessible to the commissioner for inspection during regular
business hours. Weeds or other growth that hinder a proper inspection are grounds to suspend
or withhold a certificate or require a reinspection for which a fee may be charged.

69.5 (d) The commissioner may post signs to delineate mark sections withdrawn from
69.6 distribution or subject to other special circumstances. These signs marks must remain in
69.7 place until the commissioner removes them the marks or grants written permission to the
69.8 grower to remove the signs marks.

(e) Inspection reports issued to dealers must outline the violations involved and corrective
actions to be taken including withdrawal-from-distribution orders which would specify
nursery stock that could not be distributed from a certain area.

69.12 (f) Optional inspections of plants may be conducted by the commissioner upon request
69.13 by any <u>persons entity</u> desiring an inspection. A fee as provided in section 18H.07 must be
69.14 charged for such an inspection.

69.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

69.16 Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.10, is amended to read:

69.17 **18H.10 STORAGE OF NURSERY STOCK.**

(a) All nursery stock must be kept and displayed under conditions of temperature, light,and moisture sufficient to maintain the viability and vigor of the nursery stock.

(b) Packaged dormant nursery stock must be stored under conditions that retard growth,
prevent etiolated growth, and protect its viability.

(c) Balled and burlapped nursery stock being held for sale to the public must be kept in
a moisture-holding material approved by the commissioner and not toxic to plants. The
moisture-holding material must adequately cover and protect the ball of earth and must be
kept moist at all times. The commissioner may approve alternative nursery stock management
practices to maintain the viability of balled and burlapped stock.

69.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

69.28 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.12, is amended to read:

69.29 **18H.12 DAMAGED, DISEASED, INFESTED, OR MISREPRESENTED STOCK.**

69.30 (a) No <u>person entity</u> may knowingly offer to distribute, advertise, or display nursery

69.31 stock that is infested or infected with quarantine or regulated nonquarantine pests or

significant dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests, including noxious weeds or
 nursery stock that is in a dying condition, desiccated, frozen or damaged by freezing, or
 materially damaged in any way.

(b) No person entity may knowingly offer to distribute, advertise, or display nursery
stock that may result in the capacity and tendency or effect of deceiving any purchaser or
prospective purchaser as to the quantity, size, grade, kind, species name, age, variety,
maturity, condition, vigor, hardiness, number of times transplanted, growth ability, growth
characteristics, rate of growth, time required before flowering or fruiting, price, origin, place
where grown, or any other material respect.

(c) Upon discovery or notification of damaged, diseased, infested, or misrepresented
stock, the commissioner may place a stop-sale stop sale and a withdrawal from distribution
order on the material. The order makes it an illegal action to distribute, give away, destroy,
alter, or tamper with the plants.

(d) The commissioner may conspicuously mark all plants, materials, and articles known
or suspected to be infected or infested with quarantine or regulated nonquarantine pests or
significant dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests. The commissioner shall notify
the persons, owners, or the tenants in possession of the premises or area in question of the
existence of the plant pests.

(e) If the commissioner determines that this chapter has been violated, the commissioner
 may order that the nuisance, infestation, infection, or plant pest be abated by whatever means
 necessary, including, but not limited to, destruction, confiscation, treatment, return shipment,
 or quarantine.

(f) The plant owner is liable for all costs associated with a stop order or a quarantine,
treatment, or destruction of plants. The commissioner is not liable for any actual or incidental
costs incurred by <u>a person an entity</u> due to authorized actions of the commissioner. The
commissioner must be reimbursed by the owner of plants for actual expenses incurred by
the commissioner in carrying out a stop order.

70.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

70.29 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.13, is amended to read:

70.30 **18H.13 SHIPMENT OF NURSERY STOCK INTO MINNESOTA.**

Subdivision 1. Identification of origin. Proof of valid nursery certification and origin
of all nursery stock must accompany the any shipment. It is the shared responsibility of
both the consignee and consignor to examine all shipments for the presence of current and

applicable nursery stock certifications for all plant material from all sources of stock in each
shipment.

Subd. 2. Reciprocity. <u>A person An entity</u> residing outside the state may distribute nursery
stock in Minnesota if:

(1) the <u>person entity</u> is duly certified under the nursery laws of the state where the nursery
stock originates and the laws of that state are essentially equivalent to the laws of Minnesota
as determined by the commissioner; and

(2) the <u>person entity</u> complies with this chapter and the rules governing nursery stock
 distributed in Minnesota.

Subd. 3. **Reciprocal agreements.** The commissioner may cooperate with and enter into reciprocal agreements with other states regarding licensing and movement of nursery stock. Reciprocal agreements with other states do not prevent the commissioner from prohibiting the distribution in Minnesota of any nursery stock that fails to meet minimum criteria for nursery stock of Minnesota certified growers, dealers, or both. An official directory of certified nurseries and related nursery industry businesses from other states is acceptable in lieu of individual nursery certificates.

Subd. 4. Foreign nursery stock. <u>A person An entity</u> receiving a shipment of nursery
stock from a foreign country that has not been inspected and released by the United States
Department of Agriculture at the port of entry must notify the commissioner of the arrival
of the shipment, its contents, and the name of the consignor. The <u>person entity</u> must hold
the shipment unopened until inspected or released by the commissioner.

Subd. 5. **Transportation companies.** <u>A person An entity</u> who acts as the representative of a transportation company, private carrier, commercial shipper, common carrier, express parcel carrier, or other transportation entity, and receives, ships, or otherwise distributes a carload, box, container, or any package of plants, plant materials, or nursery stock, that does not have all required certificates attached as required or fails to immediately notify the commissioner is in violation of this chapter.

71.28

28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

71.29 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Reciprocal agreements. The commissioner may cooperate with and enter into
reciprocal agreements with other states regarding licensing and movement of nursery stock.
Reciprocal agreements with other states do not prevent the commissioner from prohibiting
the distribution in Minnesota of any nursery stock that fails to meet minimum criteria for

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nursery stock of Minnesota certified growers, dealers, or both live plant dealers. An official
directory of certified nurseries and related nursery industry businesses from other states is
acceptable in lieu of individual nursery certificates.

72.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025.

72.5 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.14, is amended to read:

72.6 **18H.14 LABELING AND ADVERTISING OF NURSERY STOCK.**

(a) Plants, plant materials, or nursery stock must not be labeled or advertised with false
or misleading information including, but not limited to, <u>the scientific name</u>, variety, place
of origin, <u>and hardiness zone as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture</u>,
and growth habit.

(b) All nonhardy nursery stock as designated by the commissioner must be labeledcorrectly for hardiness or be labeled "nonhardy" in Minnesota.

(c) <u>A person An entity</u> may not offer for distribution plants, plant materials, or nursery
stock, represented by some specific or special form of notation, including, but not limited
to, "free from" or "grown free of," unless the plants are produced under a specific program
approved by the commissioner to address the specific plant properties addressed in the
special notation claim.

(d) Nursery stock collected from the wild state must be inspected and certified prior to
sale and at the time of sale must be labeled "Collected from the Wild." The label must remain
on each plant or clump of plants while it is offered for sale and during the distribution
process. The collected stock may be grown in nursery rows at least two years, after which
the plants may be sold without the labeling required by this paragraph.

(e) A person selling at retail or providing to an end user <u>An entity</u> may not label or
advertise an annual plant, bedding plant, or other plant, plant material, or nursery stock as
beneficial to pollinators if the annual plant, bedding plant, plant material, or nursery stock
has:

- 72.27 (1) been treated with a systemic insecticide that:
- 72.28 (i) has a pollinator protection box on the label; or

(ii) has a pollinator, bee, or honey bee precautionary statement in the environmental
hazards section of the insecticide product label; and

(2) a concentration in its flowers <u>or leaves greater than the no observed adverse effect</u>
 level of a systemic insecticide reference value.

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- The commissioner shall enforce this paragraph as provided in chapter 18J.
- 73.2 (f) For the purposes of paragraph (e):
- (1) "systemic insecticide" means an insecticide that is both absorbed by the plant and
 translocated through the plant's vascular system; and
- 73.5 (2) "no observed adverse effect level" means the level established by the United States
- 73.6 Environmental Protection Agency for acute oral toxicity for adult honeybees "reference
- 73.7 value" means the most appropriate value determined by the commissioner of agriculture
- 73.8 based on the commissioner's review of pollinator protective reference values published or
- 73.9 approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency. If a United States
- 73.10 Environmental Protection Agency reference value is not available for a specific systemic
- 73.11 insecticide or is not appropriate for use in Minnesota or for a specific type of plant, plant
- 73.12 material, or nursery stock, the commissioner may consider reference values from other

73.13 states, peer-reviewed literature, or other appropriate sources.

73.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

73.15 Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.15, is amended to read:

73.16 **18H.15 VIOLATIONS.**

(a) A person who offers to distribute nursery stock that is uncertified, uninspected, or
falsely labeled or advertised possesses an illegal regulated commodity that is considered
infested or infected with harmful plant pests and subject to regulatory action and control.
If the commissioner determines that the provisions of this section have been violated, the
commissioner may order the destruction of all of the plants unless the person:

(1) provides proper phytosanitary preclearance, phytosanitary certification, or nurserystock certification;

(2) agrees to have the plants, plant materials, or nursery stock returned to the consignor;and

(3) provides proper documentation, certification, or compliance to support advertisingclaims.

(b) The plant owner is liable for all costs associated with a withdrawal-from-distribution
order or the quarantine, treatment, or destruction of plants. The commissioner is not liable
for actual or incidental costs incurred by a person due to the commissioner's actions. The
commissioner must be reimbursed by the owner of the plants for the actual expenses incurred

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74.1	in carrying out a withdrawal-from-distribution order or the quarantine, treatment, or
74.2	destruction of any plants.
74.3	(c) It is unlawful for a person to:
74.4	(1) misrepresent, falsify, or knowingly distribute, sell, advertise, or display damaged,
74.5	mislabeled, misrepresented, infested, or infected nursery stock;
74.6	(2) fail to obtain a nursery certificate as required by the commissioner;
74.7	(3) fail to renew a nursery certificate, but continue business operations;
74.8	(4) fail to display a nursery certificate;
74.9	(5) misrepresent or falsify a nursery certificate;
74.10	(6) refuse to submit to a nursery inspection;
74.11	(7) fail to provide the cooperation necessary to conduct a successful nursery inspection;
74.12	(8) offer for sale uncertified plants, plant materials, or nursery stock;
74.13	(9) possess an illegal regulated commodity;
74.14	(10) violate or disobey a commissioner's order;
74.15	(11) violate a quarantine issued by the commissioner;
74.16	(12) fail to obtain phytosanitary certification for plant material or nursery stock brought
74.17	into Minnesota;
74.18	(13) deface, mutilate, or destroy a nursery stock certificate, phytosanitary certificate, or
74.19	phytosanitary preclearance certificate, or other commissioner mark, permit, or certificate;
74.20	(14) fail to notify the commissioner of an uncertified shipment of plants, plant materials,
74.21	or nursery stock;
74.22	(15) transport uncertified plants, plant materials, or nursery stock in Minnesota; or
74.23	(16) sell nursery stock to an uncertified nursery stock live plant dealer who is required
74.24	to be certified.
74.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.
74.26	Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.15, is amended to read:
74.27	18H.15 VIOLATIONS.

74.28 (a) <u>A person An entity</u> who offers to distribute nursery stock that is uncertified,

is considered infested or infected with harmful plant pests and subject to regulatory action
and control. If the commissioner determines that the provisions of this section have been
violated, the commissioner may order the destruction of all of the plants unless the person
entity:

75.5 (1) provides proper phytosanitary preclearance, phytosanitary certification, or nursery
75.6 stock certification;

75.7 (2) agrees to have the plants, plant materials, or nursery stock returned to the consignor;75.8 and

75.9 (3) provides proper documentation, certification, or compliance to support advertising75.10 claims.

(b) The plant owner is liable for all costs associated with a withdrawal-from-distribution
order or the quarantine, treatment, or destruction of plants. The commissioner is not liable
for actual or incidental costs incurred by <u>a person an entity</u> due to the commissioner's actions.
The commissioner must be reimbursed by the owner of the plants for the actual expenses
incurred in carrying out a withdrawal-from-distribution order or the quarantine, treatment,
or destruction of any plants.

75.17 (c) It is unlawful for a person an entity to:

(1) misrepresent, falsify, or knowingly distribute, sell, advertise, or display damaged,
mislabeled, misrepresented, infested, or infected nursery stock;

75.20 (2) fail to obtain a nursery certificate as required by the commissioner;

(3) fail to renew a nursery certificate, but continue business operations;

- 75.22 (4) fail to display a nursery certificate;
- 75.23 (5) (4) misrepresent or falsify a nursery certificate;
- 75.24 (6) (5) refuse to submit to a nursery inspection;

75.25 (7) (6) fail to provide the cooperation necessary to conduct a successful nursery 75.26 inspection;

75.27 (8) (7) offer for sale uncertified plants, plant materials, or nursery stock;

- 75.28 (9) (8) possess an illegal regulated commodity;
- 75.29 (10) (9) violate or disobey a commissioner's order;
- 75.30 (11)(10) violate a quarantine issued by the commissioner;

76.1 (12) (11) fail to obtain phytosanitary certification for plant material or nursery stock
 76.2 brought into Minnesota;

- (13)(12) deface, mutilate, or destroy a nursery stock certificate, phytosanitary certificate,
 or phytosanitary preclearance certificate, or other commissioner mark, permit, or certificate;
- 76.5 (14) (13) fail to notify the commissioner of an uncertified shipment of plants, plant
 76.6 materials, or nursery stock;
- 76.7 (15)(14) transport uncertified plants, plant materials, or nursery stock in Minnesota; or

76.8 (16) (15) sell nursery stock to an uncertified nursery stock dealer who is required to be
 76.9 certified.

76.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

76.11 Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18H.18, is amended to read:

76.12 **18H.18 CONSERVATION OF CERTAIN WILDFLOWERS.**

Subdivision 1. Restrictions on collecting. No person entity shall distribute any species 76.13 of orchids (Orchidaceae), any gentian (Gentiana), arbutus (Epigaea repens), lilies (Lilium 76.14 species), coneflowers (Echinacea species), bloodroot (Sanguinaria canadensis), mayapple 76.15 76.16 (Podophyllum peltatutum), any species of trillium (Trillium species), or lotus (Nelumbo *lutea*), which that have been collected in any manner from any public or private property 76.17 without the written permission of the property owner and. Plants listed in this subdivision 76.18 that are intended to be offered for sale must have written authorization from the 76.19 commissioner. 76.20

Subd. 2. Collection without sale. Wildflower collection from public or private land for
the purpose of transplanting the plants to a person's an entity's private property and not
offering for immediate sale, requires the written permission from the property owner of the
land on which the wildflowers are growing.

Subd. 3. Collection with intent to sell or distribute wildflowers. (a) The wildflowers
listed in this section may be offered for immediate sale only if the plants are to be used for
scientific or herbarium purposes.

(b) The wildflowers listed in this section must not be collected and sold commerciallyunless the plants are:

76.30 (1) growing naturally, collected, and cultivated on the collector's property; or

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(2) collected through the process described in subdivision 2 and transplanted and 77.1

cultivated on the collector's property for at least one growing season before the sale. 77.2

(c) The collector must obtain a written permit from the commissioner before the plants 77.3 may be offered for commercial sale. 77.4

77.5 (d) A wildflower listed under this section that is sold commercially must be individually labeled with a department permit number. 77.6

77.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18J.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 77.8

Subdivision 1. Notice of appeal. (a) After service of an order, a person has 45 20 days 77.9 from receipt of the order to notify the commissioner in writing that the person intends to 77.10 contest the order. 77.11

(b) If the person fails to notify the commissioner that the person intends to contest the 77.12 order, the order is a final order of the commissioner and not subject to further judicial or 77.13 administrative review. 77.14

77.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18K.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 77.16

Subdivision 1. Requirement; issuance; presumption. (a) A person must obtain a license 77.17 from the commissioner before (1) growing industrial hemp for commercial or research 77.18 purposes, and (2) before processing industrial hemp for commercial purposes, or (3) 77.19 researching industrial hemp. 77.20

(b) To obtain a license under paragraph (a), a person must apply to the commissioner 77.21 in the form prescribed by the commissioner and must pay the annual registration and 77.22 77.23 inspection fee established by the commissioner in accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2. 77.24

77.25 (c) For a license to grow industrial hemp for commercial or research purposes, the license application must include the name and address of the applicant and the legal description of 77.26 the land area or areas where industrial hemp will be grown by the applicant and any other 77.27 information required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 990. 77.28

(d) For a license to process industrial hemp for commercial purposes, the license 77.29 application must include the name and address of the applicant, the legal description of the 77.30 processing location, and any other information required by the commissioner. 77.31

- (e) A licensee is responsible for compliance with the license requirements irrespective
 of the acts or omissions of an authorized representative acting on behalf of the licensee.
- (f) When an applicant has paid the fee and completed the application process to the
 satisfaction of the commissioner, the commissioner must issue a license which is valid until
 December 31 of the year of application.
- (g) A person licensed under paragraph (a) to grow industrial hemp is presumed to begrowing industrial hemp for commercial or research purposes.
- 78.8 Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18K.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Background check; data classification. The commissioner must require each 78.9 first-time applicant for a license to submit to a background investigation conducted by the 78.10 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as a condition of licensure. Any first-time authorized 78.11 representatives designated by the applicant must also submit to a background investigation. 78.12 As part of the background investigation, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension must conduct 78.13 criminal history checks of Minnesota records and is authorized to exchange fingerprints 78.14 with the United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose 78.15 78.16 of a criminal background check of the national files. The cost of the investigation must be paid by the applicant. Criminal history records provided to the commissioner under this 78.17 section must be treated as private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 78.18 12. 78.19

- 78.20 Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18K.06, is amended to read:
- 78.21 **18K.06 RULEMAKING.**

(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, processing,
and licensing of industrial hemp. Notwithstanding section 14.125, the commissioner's
authority to adopt these rules expires June 30, 2022. Notwithstanding the two-year limitation
for exempt rules under section 14.388, subdivision 1, Minnesota Rules, chapter 1565,
published in the State Register on August 16, 2021, is effective until August 16, 2025, or
until permanent rules implementing chapter 18K are adopted, whichever occurs first.
(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include, but not be limited to, provisions

78.29 governing:

(1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;
(2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;

- (3) the use of background check results required under section 18K.04 to approve ordeny a license application; and
- 79.3 (4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding theproduction, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
- 79.6 Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

79.7 Subdivision 1. Amount of fee. (a) An inspection fee at the rate of 16 cents per ton must
79.8 be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the person who
79.9 first distributes the commercial feed, except that:

(1) no fee need be paid on any feed ingredient in a customer formula feed that has beendirectly furnished by the customer; or

(2) no fee need be paid on a first distribution if made to a qualified buyer who, with 79.12 approval from the commissioner, is responsible for the fee. Such license-specific 79.13 tonnage-fee-exemption permits shall be issued on a calendar year basis to commercial feed 79.14 licensees who distribute feed or feed ingredients outside the state, and who submit a \$100 79.15 nonrefundable application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative 79.16 to record keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all 79.17 commercial feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner 79.18 may require so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made. 79.19

79.20 (b) In the case of pet food or specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a distributor must register each product and submit a current label for 79.21 each product annually on forms provided by the commissioner, accompanied by an annual 79.22 application fee of \$100 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee, and within five business 79.23 days, submit a current label for each product upon the request of the commissioner. This 79.24 annual fee must be received by the commissioner on or before June 30 or postmarked on 79.25 or before June 30. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food or 79.26 79.27 specialty pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.

79.28

(c) The minimum inspection fee is \$75 per annual reporting period.

79.29 Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 25.391, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Direct sales to consumers. An individual qualifying for the exemption under
subdivision 1 may sell the exempt pet treats to consumers in accordance with section
28A.152, except that pet treats may also be delivered by mail or commercial delivery.

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80.1	Sec. 116. Minne	esota Statutes 2022,	section 28A	A.08, is amended by ac	lding a subdivision
80.2	to read:				
80.3	Subd. 4. Food	l handler license ac	count; appi	copriation. A food han	dler license account
80.4	is established in t	he agricultural fund	. Fees paid	under subdivision 3 m	ust be deposited in
80.5	this account. Mor	ney in the account, in	ncluding int	erest, is appropriated t	o the commissioner
80.6	for expenses relat	ting to licensing and	inspecting	food handlers under ch	apters 28 to 34A or

80.7 rules adopted under one of those chapters.

80.8 Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.082, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

80.9 Subdivision 1. Fees; application. (a) The fees for review of food handler facility floor 80.10 plans under the Minnesota Food Code are based upon the square footage of the structure 80.11 being newly constructed, remodeled, or converted. The fees for the review shall be:

80.12	square footage	1	review fee
80.13	0 - 4 ,999 999	\$	200.00
80.14	<u>1,000 - 4,999</u>	<u>\$</u>	400.00
80.15 80.16	5,000 - 24,999	\$	275.00 800.00
80.17 80.18	25,000 plus	\$	4 <u>25.00</u> 1,000.00

80.19 (b) The applicant must submit the required fee, review application, plans, equipment 80.20 specifications, materials lists, and other required information on forms supplied by the 80.21 department at least 30 days prior to commencement of construction, remodeling, or 80.22 conversion. The commissioner may waive this fee after determining that the facility's 80.23 principal mode of business is not the sale of food and that the facility sells only prepackaged 80.24 foods.

80.25 (c) The fee for a remodel of a licensed food establishment by the license holder is based
80.26 on the total square footage in paragraph (a) of the remodeled food preparation, service,
80.27 display, and storage areas only. This paragraph does not apply to a retail food handler who
80.28 is applying for a new license that includes the conversion of an existing building or structure
80.29 that was previously licensed as a food establishment.

80.30 Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision
80.31 to read:

80.32 Subd. 3. Vending machine inspection account; appropriation. A vending machine 80.33 inspection account is established in the agricultural fund. Fees paid under subdivision 1

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81.1	must be deposite	d in this account. M	loney in the ad	ecount, including inter	est, is appropriated
81.2	to the commission	oner for expenses re	lating to iden	tifying and inspecting	food vending
81.3	machines under	chapters 28 to 34A	or rules adop	ted under one of those	chapters.
81.4	Sec. 119. Minr	nesota Statutes 2022	, section 32D	0.02, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:
81.5	Subd. 2. Pow	ver and authority.	For the purpo	se of enforcing this ch	apter, the
81.6	commissioner ar	nd the commissione	r's assistants,	agents, and employee	s have the power
81.7	and authority gra	anted under <u>chapter</u>	34A and sect	ions 31.02 to 31.171.	
81.8	EFFECTIV	E DATE. This secti	on is effective	e August 1, 2023.	

Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 32D.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 81.9

Subd. 2. Permitting. No person shall operate a dairy plant in this state unless the dairy 81.10 plant, equipment, and water supply and plumbing system have been first approved by the 81.11 commissioner and a permit issued to operate the same. A permit may be revoked by the 81.12 commissioner for due cause pursuant to section 34A.06. 81.13

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023. 81.14

Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 34A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 81.15

Subdivision 1. Enforcement required. (a) The commissioner shall enforce this chapter 81.16 and chapters 28, 28A, 29, 30, 31, 31A, 32D, and 34. To carry out the enforcement duties 81.17 under these chapters, the commissioner may, upon presenting appropriate credentials, during 81.18 81.19 regular working hours and at other reasonable times, inspect premises subject to the commissioner's enforcement and licensing authority; require information from persons with 81.20 information relevant to an inspection; and inspect and copy relevant papers and records, 81.21 including business records. 81.22

(b) The commissioner may administer oaths, take and cause to be taken depositions of 81.23 witnesses, and issue subpoenas, and may petition the district court in the county in which 81.24 the premises is located to compel compliance with subpoenas or to permit an inspection. 81.25

(c) Violations of chapters 28, 28A, 29, 30, 31, 31A, 32D, and 34, or rules adopted under 81.26 chapters 28, 28A, 29, 30, 31, 31A, 32D, and 34, are a violation of this chapter. 81.27

(d) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers 81.28 having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws shall take action to the 81.29 extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of this chapter or standards, 81.30 stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner. 81.31

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82.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.

82.2 Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 35.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Members; officers. The board has six seven members appointed by the 82.3 governor with the advice and consent of the senate, four three of whom are producers of 82.4 livestock in the state and at least one of the four livestock producers; one of whom is also 82.5 a member of a federally recognized Tribe located in Minnesota, who is experienced in 82.6 82.7 animal husbandry; and two three of whom are practicing veterinarians licensed in Minnesota, one of whom specializes in companion animals. To the extent practicable, the governor's 82.8 appointments must achieve gender and geographic balance among the board membership. 82.9 The commissioners of agriculture, natural resources, and health, the dean of the College of 82.10 Veterinary Medicine, and the director of the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory of the 82.11 University of Minnesota may serve as consultants to the board without vote. Appointments 82.12 to fill unexpired terms must be made from the classes to which the retiring members belong. 82.13 The board shall elect a president and a vice-president from among its members and a 82.14 veterinarian licensed in Minnesota who is not a member to be its executive director for a 82.15 term of one year and until a successor qualifies. The board shall set the duties of the director. 82.16

82.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to appointments
 82.18 that occur on or after that date.

82.19 Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 35.05, is amended to read:

82.20

35.05 AUTHORITY OF STATE BOARD.

(a) The state board may quarantine or kill any domestic animal infected with, or which
has been exposed to, a contagious or infectious dangerous disease if it is necessary to protect
the health of the domestic animals of the state.

(b) The board may regulate or prohibit the arrival in and departure from the state of
infected or exposed animals and, in case of violation of any rule or prohibition, may detain
any animal at its owner's expense. The board may regulate or prohibit the importation of
domestic animals which, in its opinion, may injure the health of Minnesota livestock.

(c) When the governor declares an emergency under section 35.0661, the board, through
its executive director, may assume control of such resources within the University of
Minnesota's Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory as necessary to effectively address the disease
outbreak. The director of the laboratory and other laboratory personnel must cooperate fully
in performing necessary functions related to the outbreak or threatened outbreak.

(d) The board may test or require tests of any bovine or cervidae in the state when the
board deems it necessary to achieve or maintain bovine tuberculosis accredited free state
or zone status under the regulations and laws administered by the United States Department
of Agriculture.

(e) Notwithstanding section 3.3005, subdivision 2, the board may apply for, receive, 83.5 and disburse federal money made available to the state for animal disease response. All 83.6 federal money received by the board for this purpose must be deposited in the state treasury 83.7 83.8 and, except as provided in section 35.156, subdivision 2, is appropriated to the board for the purposes for which it was received. By January 15 each year, the board must report to 83.9 the senate Committee on Finance, the house of representatives Committee on Ways and 83.10 Means, and the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the board's operating budget 83.11 regarding the amount of federal money received and spent in the previous fiscal year under 83.12 this paragraph and the board's use of these funds. 83.13

83.14 Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41A.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Advisory panel. (a) In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner
and a representative of the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences at
the University of Minnesota must consult with an advisory panel consisting of the following
stakeholders:

83.19 (1) a representative of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;

(2) a representative of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;

(3) a representative of the Minnesota Farmers Union;

(4) a person representing agriculture industry statewide;

(5) a representative of each of the state commodity councils organized under section
17.54 and the Minnesota Pork Board;

(6) a person representing an association of primary manufacturers of forest products;

- 83.26 (7) a person representing organic or sustainable agriculture; and
- (8) a person representing statewide environment and natural resource conservationorganizations; and

83.29 (9) a person representing the interests of Minnesota Tribal governments as defined in
83.30 section 10.65, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (4).

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84.1	(b) Mem	bers under paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3) and (5), shall b	e chosen by their				
84.2	respective organizations. The member under paragraph (a), clause (9), may be appointed								
84.3	-	esota Indian Affairs Co							
84.4	Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41A.19, is amended to read:								
84.5	41A.19 I	REPORT; INCENTIV	VE PROGRA	MS.					
84.6	By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive programs under								
84.7	sections 41A	A.16, 41A.17, 41A.18,	and 41A.20 , 4	and 41A.21 to the legis	slative committees				
84.8	with jurisdic	ction over environment	and agricultu	re policy and finance.	The report shall				
84.9	include info	rmation on production	and incentive	expenditures under th	e programs.				
84.10		Minnesota Statutes 202	22, section 223	3.16, is amended by ac	lding a subdivision				
84.11	to read:								
84.12	Subd. 3c	. Failure. "Failure" me	eans a determ	ination by the commiss	sioner that a grain				
84.13	buyer or grain warehouse has failed to pay for delivered grain, breached a contract, breached								
84.14	more than or	ne contract, or failed to	o redeliver sto	red grain to a produce	<u>r.</u>				
04.15	Sec. 127	Minnegata Statutas 202	\mathbf{D} as sting \mathbf{D}	17 autolisian 7 is	ana an da dita maa di				
84.15	Sec. 127.1	Minnesota Statutes 202	22, Section 22.	5.17, Subdivision 7, 18	amended to read.				
84.16	Subd. 7.	Action on a bond Bre	each of contra	act. A producer claimi	ing to be damaged				
84.17	by a breach	of a contract for the pu	rchase of grai	in by a licensed grain l	buyer may file a				
84.18	written clain	n with the commission	er. The claim	must state the facts co	nstituting the claim.				
84.19	The claim m	ust be filed with the con	mmissioner w	ithin 180 days of the br	each of the contract.				
84.20	If a claim is	valid, the commission	er may immed	liately suspend the lice	ense, in which case				
84.21	the licensee	shall surrender the lice	ense to the con	nmissioner. Within 15	days the licensee				
84.22	may request	an administrative heari	ng subject to a	chapter 14 to determine	e whether the license				
84.23	should be re	voked. If no request is	made within 1	5 days, the commissio	oner shall revoke the				
84.24	license.								
84.25	Sec. 128. N	Minnesota Statutes 202	22, section 22.	3.17, subdivision 7a, is	s amended to read:				
84.26	Subd. 7a	. Bond requirements;	claims . For e	entities licensed under	this chapter and				
84.27	chapter 232,	, the bond requirements	and claims ad	ctions against the bond	are governed under				
			20						

84.28 section 232.22, subdivision 6a <u>223.28</u>.

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85.1	Sec. 129. Min	nesota Statutes 202	22, section 22.	3.175, is amended to r	read:				
85.2	2 223.175 WRITTEN VOLUNTARY EXTENSION OF CREDIT CONTRACTS;								
85.3	FORM.								
85.4	A written co	onfirmation required	d under sectio	n 223.177, subdivisio	n 2, and a written				
85.5	voluntary exten	sion of credit contr	act must inclu	ide those items prescri	ibed by the				
85.6	commissioner b	y rule. A contract s	shall include a	statement of the legal	l and financial				
85.7	responsibilities	of grain buyers and	l sellers establ	lished in this chapter.	A contract shall also				
85.8	include the follo	owing statement in	not less than	ten point, all capital ty	pe, framed in a box				
85.9	with space prov	ided for the seller's	signature: "T	THIS CONTRACT CO	ONSTITUTES A				
85.10	VOLUNTARY	EXTENSION OF	CREDIT. TH	IS CONTRACT IS NO	ЭТ COVERED BY				
85.11	ANY GRAIN E	BUYER'S BOND N	IAY NOT BE	COVERED COMPL	ETELY BY THE				
85.12	GRAIN INDEN	INITY ACCOUN	<u>[</u> ." If a writter	n contract is provided	at the time the grain				
85.13	is delivered to the	ne grain buyer, the s	eller shall sigr	n the contract in the spa	ace provided beneath				
85.14	the statement. A	transaction that do	oes not meet t	he provisions of a vol	untary extension of				
85.15	credit, including	g the issuance and s	signing of a vo	oluntary extension of o	credit contract, is a				
85.16	cash sale.								
85.17	Sec. 130. Min	nesota Statutes 202	22, section 22.	3.19, is amended to re-	ad:				
85.18	223.19 RULES.								
85.19	The commis	sioner may make r	ules pursuant	to chapter 14 to carry o	out the provisions of				
85.20	sections 223.15	to 223.23 <u>223.28</u> .							
05.01	Sec. 121 [22]		ENANITY AC	COUNT					
85.21	Sec. 151. <u>[223</u>	3.24] GRAIN IND		<u></u>					
85.22	Subdivision	1. Establishment.	The grain inc	lemnity account is esta	ablished in the				
85.23	agricultural fun	d. The grain indem	nity account s	hall consist of grain in	ndemnity premiums,				
85.24	money from any	y other source, and	interest.						
85.25	<u>Subd. 2.</u> Ac	count; appropriati	on. (a) Mone	y in the grain indemnit	y account, including				
85.26	interest, is appre	opriated to the com	missioner to j	pay valid claims and to	o administer this				
85.27	section.								
85.28	(b) The com	missioner shall dire	ect payments	from the grain indemr	nity account only for				
85.29	the following p	urposes:							
85.30	(1) the paym	nent of valid claims	<u>;</u>						
85.31	(2) the paym	nent of grain indem	nity premium	refunds;					
	<u> </u>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		<u>.</u>					

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86.1	(3) the pay	ment of administrat	ive expenses ur	der paragraph (c);				
86.2	(4) the payment of legal fees and legal expenses under subdivision 7; or							
86.3	(5) the payment of a trustee appointed under subdivision 6 .							
86.4	(c) The com	missioner shall allo	cate money from	n the grain indemnity a	ccount to a separate			
86.5	administrative	expenses account to	pay or reimbur	se the agency for grain	indemnity account			
86.6	expenses. Adm	inistrative expenses	under this parag	graph include the actua	l cost of processing			
86.7	payments and	refunds, enforcement	nt, record keepi	ng, ordinary managem	ent and investment			
86.8	fees connected	with the operation	of the grain ind	lemnity account, and l	egal expenses.			
86.9	<u>Subd. 3.</u> El	igibility. A produce	er is eligible to	receive a grain indemr	nity payment from			
86.10	the commission	ner if the producer	sold grain to a g	grain buyer as defined	in this chapter or			
86.11	stored grain wi	th a public grain w	arehouse operat	or under chapter 232 a	and the producer is			
86.12	damaged by th	e grain buyer's or p	ublic grain war	ehouse operator's failu	re to pay for or			
86.13	redeliver grain	<u>-</u>						
86.14	<u>Subd. 4.</u> A	oplication. (a) A pr	oducer asserting	g eligibility under subo	division 3 must file			
86.15	a completed claim with the commissioner. The producer must state the facts constituting							
86.16	the claim and all other information required by the commissioner.							
86.17	(b) Upon receiving a claim, the commissioner must promptly determine the validity of							
86.18	the claim and notify the claimant of the commissioner's determination.							
86.19	(c) An aggi	ieved party may ap	peal the commi	ssioner's determinatio	n by requesting,			
86.20	within 15 days	, that the commissi	oner initiate a c	ontested case proceedi	ing under chapter			
86.21	<u>14.</u>							
86.22	<u>Subd. 5.</u> Pa	yment limitation.	(a) For each fai	lure as defined by sec	tion 223.16,			
86.23	subdivision 3c	, the commissioner	must pay the el	igible producer:				
86.24	(1) the amo	ount equal to the val	lue of the grain	sold on cash sale, grai	n assigned to			
86.25	warehouse rec	eipt, or grain assign	ed to open stora	age less than 180 days	from the deposit;			
86.26	(2) the amo	unt equal to the val	ue of grain sold	up to \$300,000, or the	lesser of \$750,000			
86.27	or 75 percent of	of the amount owed	to the seller for	a contract in excess o	of \$300,000 for a			
86.28	deferred or del	ayed payment cont	ract for which a	price has been establi	shed when the			
86.29	contract origin	ated within 120 day	ys of the breach	of contract;				
86.30	(3) the less	er of \$750,000 or 75	5 percent of the	amount owed to the se	ller for a voluntary			
86.31	extension of cr	edit contract for wh	nich no price ha	s been established who	en the contract			
86.32	originated with	nin 180 days of the	breach of contra	act;				

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87.1	(4) the less	er of \$500,000 or 50	0 percent for an	open storage assignm	ent or a voluntary		
87.2	extension of credit contract when the open storage assignment or contract originated between						
87.3	181 days and	18 months from the	failure; or				
87.4	(5) the less	er of \$250,000 or 2:	5 percent for an	open storage assignm	ent or a voluntary		
87.5	extension of cr	edit contract when th	ne open storage a	assignment or contract	originated between		
87.6	19 months and	l 36 months from th	e failure.				
87.7	(b) Claims	filed more than 36	months from the	e failure are not eligib	le for payment.		
87.8	(c) For the	purposes of this subo	division, multip	le breaches of contract	with a single entity		
87.9	constitute one	failure.					
87.10	<u>(d)</u> If a gra	in buyer holds both	a Minnesota gr	ain buyer license, as d	efined in chapter		
87.11	223, and a lice	nse with the United	States Departm	nent of Agriculture (U	SDA) under the		
87.12	United States V	Warehouse Act, a sel	ler may only file	e a claim with the grain	indemnity account		
87.13	if the seller sol	ld grain as a cash sa	le or under a vo	luntary extension of c	eredit contract. The		
87.14	commissioner	must deny any claim	s for stored grain	n from a seller that hole	ds both a Minnesota		
87.15	grain buyer license and a license with the USDA under the United States Warehouse Act.						
87.16	(e) If valid claims exceed the amount of money available in the grain indemnity account,						
87.17	the commissioner must pay claims to producers in the order that the claims were received.						
87.18	When addition	al money becomes	available, the co	ommissioner must res	ume issuing grain		
87.19	indemnity pay	ments to each eligib	ole producer unt	il each producer recei	ves the maximum		
87.20	amount payab	le under paragraph (<u>(a).</u>				
87.21	(f) If the gr	rain indemnity accou	unt balance is ir	nsufficient to pay refu	nds under section		
87.22	223.26 and val	lid claims exist, onc	e money is dep	osited into the grain in	ndemnity account,		
87.23	the commission	ner must issue pendi	ng refunds for g	rain indemnity premiu	m payments before		
87.24	issuing payme	nts to claimants.					
87.25	<u>Subd. 6.</u> Co	ourt order. (a) The	commissioner 1	may apply to a district	court for an order		
87.26	appointing a tr	ustee or receiver to	manage and sup	pervise the operations	of a grain buyer or		
87.27	public grain w	arehouse operator in	n default. The c	ommissioner may par	ticipate in any		
87.28	resulting court	proceeding as an ir	nterested party.				
87.29	(b) The con	nmissioner may rec	over the cost of	the appointed trustee	using money		
87.30	appropriated u	nder subdivision 2.					
87.31	<u>Subd. 7.</u> D	ebt obligation; sub	rogated claim.	(a) Money paid by th	e commissioner to		
87.32	satisfy a valid o	claim constitutes a de	ebt obligation of	the grain buyer or pub	lic grain warehouse		
87.33	operator in def	fault. The commissi	oner may take a	ection against the grain	n buyer or public		

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88.1	grain warehouse	e operator to recover the	he amount of	any claim payment p	lus reasonable costs,		
88.2	-	nd interest computed					
88.3	commissioner n	nust deposit any amo	unt recovere	d under this subdivisi	on in the grain		
88.4	indemnity accou	unt.					
88.5	(b) As a con	dition of payment fro	om the comm	issioner, a producer 1	nust subrogate the		
88.6		est in any claims again					
88.7	including any ri	ghts to any grain bon	d claims, to	the commissioner in	an amount equal to		
88.8	any claim paym	ent or payments that	the producer	received under this s	section. The surety		
88.9	for any claims a	gainst the grain bond	must make	payments to the grain	indemnity account.		
88.10	<u>(c)</u> The com	missioner may recov	er any debt t	o the grain indemnity	account from a		
88.11	member of the l	poard or management	who acted r	negligently or fraudul	ently.		
00.12	Sec. 122 [22]		ANITY DDI	TMILING			
88.12	Sec. 132. [223	3.25] GRAIN INDEN	<u>MINITY PRI</u>	<u>ENITUNIS.</u>			
88.13	Subdivision	1. Charges. (a) Exce	pt as provide	ed in subdivision 3, p	roducers of grain		
88.14	must be charged a grain indemnity premium as determined and published by the						
88.15	commissioner not to exceed 0.2 percent of the price on all marketed grain that is sold to a						
88.16	grain buyer as d	lefined in chapter 223	<u>.</u>				
88.17	(b) The grain indemnity premiums required under this section are in addition to any						
88.18	other fees or ass	sessments required by	<u>v law.</u>				
88.19	<u>Subd. 2.</u> Col	llection and submiss	ion of grain	indemnity premium	s. (a) Each producer		
88.20	must pay to the	commissioner a grain	n indemnity	premium of not more	than 0.2 percent of		
88.21	the net proceeds	s from all grain sold b	y the produc	cer to a grain buyer p	urchasing grain in		
88.22	Minnesota. Whe	en a producer sells gr	ain to a grain	n buyer, the grain buy	ver must deduct the		
88.23	grain indemnity	premium from the pro	oceeds of the	sale and pay the grain	indemnity premium		
88.24	to the commissi	oner on behalf of the	producer.				
88.25	(b) When pu	rchasing grain from	a producer, a	grain buyer must dee	duct the grain		
88.26	indemnity prem	ium described in para	agraph (a) fro	om the proceeds of th	e sale and notify the		
88.27	producer of the	amount of the deduct	ion in writing	g. The grain buyer mu	ist forward the grain		
88.28	indemnity prem	ium to the commission	oner for depo	osit into the grain inde	emnity account on		
88.29	behalf of the pro-	oducer as described in	n this subdiv	ision.			
88.30	(c) A grain b	ouyer must clearly inc	licate the gra	in indemnity premiu	ms collected under		
88.31	paragraph (b) in	the grain buyer's bo	oks and reco	rds. A grain buyer m	ust retain books and		
88.32	records containing	ing the grain indemni	ty premiums	for at least three yea	rs. A grain buyer		
88.33	must make the g	grain buyer's books an	d records ava	uilable for inspection b	by the commissioner		
	Article 2 Sec. 132.		88				

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89.1	during regular business hours. The department must take steps reasonably necessary to
89.2	verify the accuracy of the grain indemnity premiums as recorded in the grain buyer's books
89.3	and records. Any record or portion thereof seized or copied by the commissioner is private
89.4	or nonpublic data as provided in section 13.02, except that the commissioner may disclose
89.5	data to aid in the law enforcement process.
89.6	(d) A grain buyer must submit grain indemnity premiums collected under paragraph (a)
89.7	to the commissioner for the purpose of financing or contributing to the financing of the
89.8	grain indemnity account by:
89.9	(1) January 31 for grain indemnity premiums collected during the months of July, August,
89.10	September, October, November, and December; and
89.11	(2) July 31 for grain indemnity premiums collected during the months of January,
89.12	February, March, April, May, and June.
89.13	Subd. 3. Amount in grain indemnity account; basis for suspension and reinstatement
89.14	of grain indemnity premium collection. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the grain
89.15	indemnity premiums required under this section must be collected until the grain indemnity
89.16	account contains more than \$15,000,000 as of June 30 of any given year.
89.17	(b) The commissioner must not require the collection of additional grain indemnity
89.18	premiums until the amount in the grain indemnity account drops below \$8,000,000. In a
89.19	year when the commissioner determines that the grain indemnity account is at or below
89.20	\$8,000,000, the commissioner may reinstate the collection described in this section. If the
89.21	account contains at least \$8,000,000, the commissioner may, after holding a public meeting,
89.22	suspend premium payments for all producers in the event of economic hardship.
89.23	(c) The commissioner shall announce the intention to collect the premiums described
89.24	in this section by May 1 with collection to begin July 1 until the grain indemnity account
89.25	contains at least \$15,000,000. The commissioner must notify the public of the commissioner's
89.26	intent to reinstate collection of additional grain indemnity premiums through publication
89.27	in the State Register and by notifying each licensee of the licensee's obligation to collect
89.28	premiums.
89.29	Sec. 133. [223.26] GRAIN INDEMNITY OPT OUT.

(a) A producer that has paid a grain indemnity premium under section 223.25 may receive
 a refund of that premium from the grain indemnity account by submitting a written demand
 for a refund to the commissioner, delivered personally or by first-class mail within 12 months

89.33 after the producer paid the grain indemnity premium.

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90.1	(b) The	commissioner must pre	epare a distribu	utable flyer explaining	how a producer can
90.2	<u> </u>	ne grain indemnity prog			
90.3	-	website. A licensed bu		· · ·	<u> </u>
90.4	the licensed	business.			
90.5	<u>(c)</u> A pr	oducer must submit a d	lemand for a re	efund of a grain inden	nnity premium under
90.6	paragraph (a) on a demand for refu	und form deve	eloped by the commiss	sioner. The
90.7	commission	her must make the form	available to a	licensee, producer, or 1	member of the public
90.8	upon reques	<u>st.</u>			
90.9	<u>(d) If a p</u>	producer is entitled to a	refund of a gr	ain indemnity premiu	m under this section,
90.10	the commis	sioner must pay the ref	und within 90	days of receiving the	demand for a refund.
90.11	If the grain	indemnity account bala	ance is insuffi	cient to pay refunds un	nder this subdivision
90.12	and valid cl	aims exist, the commis	ssioner must is	ssue refunds for grain	indemnity premium
90.13	payments b	efore issuing payments	to claimants	once money is deposi	ted into the grain
90.14	indemnity a	iccount.			
90.15	(e) If the	e commissioner announ	ices grain inde	emnity premiums as re	equired under section
90.16	223.25, sub	division 3, by June 30,	the commissi	oner must send a noti	ce to each producer
90.17	who reques	ted a refund of a grain in	ndemnity pren	nium during the previo	ous three fiscal years.
90.18	The notice 1	nust inform the produce	er of the deadl	ine for and method of	submitting a demand
90.19	for a refund	to the commissioner un	nder paragrapl	ns (a) and (c) and the n	nethod for reentering
90.20	the grain in	demnity program unde	r paragraph (f	<u>).</u>	
90.21	(f) A pro	oducer that receives a re	efund of a gra	in indemnity premium	under paragraph (a)
90.22	is not entitle	ed to participate in the g	rain indemnit	y program or to receiv	e any payment under
90.23	this section	unless the producer ree	enters the grai	n indemnity program	by meeting all of the
90.24	following c	onditions:			
90.25	<u>(1) the p</u>	producer must submit a	request for re	entry into the grain in	demnity program to
90.26	the commis	sioner. The producer m	nust submit the	e request on the form	required by the
90.27	commission	ner and must deliver the	e request to th	e commissioner;	
90.28	(2) the p	producer's request must	be approved	by the commissioner;	and
90.29	(3) the p	roducer must pay into the	he grain inden	nnity account all grain	indemnity premiums
90.30	that were re	funded to the producer	and interest of	on the refunds as deter	mined by the
00.21	commission	ber			

90.31 <u>commissioner.</u>

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91.1	(g) A pro	ducer that reenters the	e grain indemn	ity program under para	agraph (f) is eligible
91.2				mnity program for any	
91.3		t least 120 days after			
91.4	(h) A pro	ducer is not eligible f	or a refund of	a grain indemnity prer	mium under this
91.5				m the grain indemnity	
91.6		the preceding 36 mor			
91.7	Sec. 134. [2	223.27] PENALTIES	S; ENFORCE	MENT ACTION; CO	OSTS AND
91.8	EXPENSES	' <u>•</u>			
91.9	<u>(a)</u> In add	ition to any other pen	alty or remedy	provided by law, a per	son who knowingly
91.10	or intentiona	lly commits any of th	e following is	subject to civil penalti	les under section
91.11	<u>18J.10:</u>				
91.12	(1) refusi	ng or failing to collect	any grain inde	emnity premiums as rec	quired under section
91.13	<u>223.25;</u>				
91.14	(2) refusii	ng or failing to pay to t	he commissior	ner any grain indemnity	premiums collected
91.15	under section				<u> </u>
91.16	(3) makir	no a false statement r	epresentation	or certification, or kno	owingly failing to
91.17	<u></u>	×	•	rtification in a record,	
91.18	^	•		th the commissioner;	
		•		ering with the commiss	
91.19					sioner in the
91.20	periormance	of the commissioner'	s duties under	uns chapter.	
91.21	<u> </u>			in paragraph (a), the co	
91.22	enforcement	action for a violation	described in p	paragraph (a), clause (1	l) or (2), must order
91.23	the grain buy	ver to pay into the gra	in indemnity a	account any grain inder	mnity premiums
91.24	collected by	the grain buyer that th	he grain buyer	owes to the grain inde	emnity account and
91.25	may order th	e grain buyer to pay i	nterest on the	amount that the grain	buyer owes to the
91.26	grain indemr	nity account.			
91.27	Sec. 135. [2	223.28] GRAIN BOI	NDS; NEW L	ICENSE HOLDERS	<u>.</u>
91.28	(a) Excep	ot as provided in parag	graph (b), befo	ore the commissioner is	ssues a grain buyer
91.29	or public gra	in warehouse operator	r license, a per	son who has not been l	icensed to buy grain
91.30	or operate a	public grain warehous	se in the previo	ous licensing period m	ust file with the
91.31	commissione	er a grain bond in a pe	nal sum of \$10	00,000. A grain bond m	nust remain in effect
91.32	for the first t	hree years of the licer	nse.		

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92.1	(b) A grain buyer who purchases grain immediately upon delivery solely with cash; a
92.2	certified check; a cashier's check; or a postal, bank, or express money order is exempt from
92.3	this subdivision if the grain buyer's gross annual purchases are \$1,000,000 or less.
92.4	(c) The commissioner may require a supplemental bond in an amount prescribed by the
92.5	commissioner based on the financial statements required in section 223.17, subdivision 6.
92.6	(d) A grain bond must be on a form provided by the commissioner.
92.7	(e) A grain bond required under paragraphs (a) and (c) must provide for the payment of
92.8	any loss caused by the grain buyer's failure to pay upon the owner's demand, including loss
92.9	caused by the grain buyer's failure to pay within the time required. The grain bond must be
92.10	conditioned upon the grain buyer being duly licensed.
92.11	(f) A grain bond required under paragraphs (a) and (c) that is obtained by a public grain
92.12	warehouse operator must be conditioned that the public grain warehouse operator issuing
92.13	a grain warehouse receipt is liable to the depositor for the delivery of the kind, grade, and
92.14	net quantity of grain called for by the receipt. A grain bond must be conditioned upon the
92.15	operator being duly licensed.
92.16	(g) A grain bond must not be cumulative from one licensing period to the next. The
92.17	maximum liability of the grain bond must be the grain bond's face value for the licensing
92.18	period.
92.19	(h) A grain bond must be continuous until canceled. To cancel a grain bond, a surety
92.20	must provide 90 days' written notice of the grain bond's termination date to the licensee and
92.21	the commissioner.
92.22	(i) Upon the commissioner's determination that a claim is valid, the surety for any claims
92.23	against the grain bond must make payments to the grain indemnity account.
92.24	Sec. 136. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.22, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
92.25	Subd. 5. Statement of grain in storage; reports. (a) All public grain warehouse operators
92.26	must by February 15 of each year file with the commissioner on a form approved by the
92.27	commissioner a report showing the annual average liability of all grain outstanding on grain
92.28	warehouse receipts, open storage, and grain stored for feed processing that occurred during
92.29	the preceding calendar year. This report shall be used for the purpose of establishing the
92.30	penal sum of the bond.
92.31	(b) Warehouse operators that are at a maximum bond and want to continue at maximum
92.32	bond do not need to file this report.

(c) It is a violation of this chapter for any public grain warehouse operator to fail to file 93.1 the report required in paragraph (a). 93.2

(d) (a) Every public grain warehouse operator shall keep in a place of safety complete 93.3 and accurate records and accounts relating to any grain warehouse operated. The records 93.4 shall reflect each commodity received and shipped daily, the balance remaining in the grain 93.5 warehouse at the close of each business day, a listing of all unissued grain warehouse receipts 93.6 in the operator's possession, a record of all grain warehouse receipts issued which remain 93.7 93.8 outstanding and a record of all grain warehouse receipts which have been returned for cancellation. Copies of grain warehouse receipts or other documents evidencing ownership 93.9 of grain by a depositor, or other liability of the grain warehouse operator, shall be retained 93.10 as long as the liability exists but must be kept for a minimum of three years. 93.11

(e) (b) Every public grain warehouse operator must maintain in the grain warehouse at 93.12 all times grain of proper grade and sufficient quantity to meet delivery obligations on all 93.13 outstanding grain warehouse receipts. 93.14

- Sec. 137. Laws 2022, chapter 95, article 2, section 29, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 93.15
- 93.16 Subd. 6. Expiration. This section expires June 30 December 31, 2024.

Sec. 138. REPORTS REQUIRED; PFAS IN PESTICIDES. 93.17

The commissioner of agriculture must conduct a review of existing published literature 93.18

and other available information on the presence of PFAS in pesticides used in Minnesota. 93.19

The review must consider the presence of intentionally added PFAS in pesticide active and 93.20

inert ingredients; the potential for PFAS that are not intentionally added in pesticides; an 93.21

assessment of the use and necessity of pesticides containing PFAS in Minnesota; potential 93.22

alternative products; and other considerations necessary to determine the risks of, and need 93.23

for, PFAS in pesticide products used in Minnesota. The commissioner must submit an 93.24

interim report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees 93.25

with jurisdiction over agriculture no later than February 1, 2024, and a final report no later 93.26

93.27 than February 1, 2025.

Sec. 139. WOLF-LIVESTOCK CONFLICT-PREVENTION PROGRAM. 93.28

(a) The commissioner of agriculture may award grants to livestock producers to prevent 93.29 wolf-livestock conflicts. Livestock producers located in Minnesota are eligible to apply for 93.30 reimbursement for the cost of practices to prevent wolf-livestock conflicts. The commissioner 93.31

	ST1755 REVISOR BD S1755-5 Std Englossment
94.1	may establish a cap on the amount of grant money that a recipient is eligible to receive
94.2	annually.
94.3	(b) To be eligible for a grant under this section, a livestock producer must raise livestock
94.4	within Minnesota's wolf range or on property determined by the commissioner to be affected
94.5	by wolf-livestock conflicts.
94.6	(c) A grant applicant must document a cost-share of 20 percent for activities covered
94.7	by a grant under this program. A grant applicant's cost-share amount may be reduced up to
94.8	\$2,000 to cover the time and labor costs of wolf-livestock conflict prevention activities.
94.9	(d) Eligible wolf-livestock conflict-prevention activities include but are not limited to:
94.10	(1) the purchase of guard animals;
94.11	(2) payment of veterinary costs for guard animals;
94.12	(3) the installation of wolf barriers, which may include pens, fladry, and fencing necessary
94.13	to protect livestock;
94.14	(4) the installation of wolf-deterring lights and alarms; and
94.15	(5) the installation of calving or lambing shelters.
94.16	(e) Eligible grant recipients must:
94.17	(1) make a good faith effort to avoid wolf-livestock conflicts;
94.18	(2) make a good faith effort to care for guard animals paid for under this section;
94.19	(3) retain proper documentation of expenses;
94.20	(4) report annually to the commissioner on the effectiveness of the nonlethal methods
94.21	employed; and
94.22	(5) allow follow-up evaluations and monitoring by the commissioner.
94.23	(f) Grant recipients shall continue to be eligible for depredation payments under
94.24	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737.
94.25	Sec. 140. WILD RICE RESEARCH REPORT.
94.26	The commissioner of agriculture must convene a group of stakeholders, including

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94.27 representatives of Minnesota Tribal governments as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section

94.28 10.65; cultivated wild rice producers; the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource

94.29 Sciences; and the University of Minnesota, to make recommendations about the future of

94.30 the wild rice breeding program. The commissioner must submit a report on the

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	SF1955	REVISOR	BD	S1955-3	3rd Engrossment
95.1	recommenda	ations to the chairs and	l ranking minor	ity members of the le	gislative committees
95.2		s with jurisdiction ov			<u> </u>
95.3	Sec. 141. <u>1</u>	REPORT REQUIRE	CD; GRAIN AI	OVISORY GROUP.	<u>-</u>
95.4	The com	missioner of agricultu	ire must conver	ne members of the G	rain Advisory Group
95.5	and develop	recommendations reg	arding financia	l statement and bond	ling requirements for
95.6	licensed gra	in buyers and public g	grain warehouse	e operators to better p	protect farmers who
95.7	sell and stor	e grain in this state. N	o later than Fel	oruary 1, 2024, the co	ommissioner must
95.8	report recon	nmendations to the leg	gislative commi	ttees with jurisdictio	n over agriculture.
95.9	Participating	g stakeholders must be	e given an oppo	rtunity to include wri	tten testimony in the
95.10	commission	er's report.			
95.11	Sec. 142. <u>1</u>	REPEALER.			
95.12	Subdivis	ion 1. Grain buyers	and warehouse	e s. Minnesota Statute	es 2022, sections
95.13	223.17, subo	divisions 4 and 8; and	232.22, subdiv	isions 4, 6, 6a, and 7	, are repealed.
95.14	Subd. 2.	Financial assistance	programs. Mi	nnesota Statutes 2022	2, sections 41A.12,
95.15	subdivision	4; and 41A.21, are rep	bealed.		
95.16	Subd. 3.	Plants and nurseries	. Minnesota Sta	tutes 2022, sections	18H.02, subdivisions
95.17	21, 22, and 2	23; and 18H.07, subdi	visions 2 and 3	, are repealed.	
95.18	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Emerging farmers.	Minnesota Statu	ites 2022, section 17	.055, subdivision 2,
95.19	is repealed.				
95.20	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	Federal funds. Minn	esota Statutes 2	2022, section 35.156,	subdivision 2, is
95.21	repealed.				
95.22	<u>Subd. 6.</u>	Genetically engineer	ed organisms.	Minnesota Statutes 2	022, sections 18F.02,
95.23	subdivisions	s 2 and 9; and 18F.12,	are repealed.		
95.24	<u>Subd. 7.</u>	Plant protection and	l nurseries. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, sections 18G.02,
95.25	subdivisions	s 12, 17, 21, 25, and 29	9; 18H.02, subc	livisions 10, 12a, 29,	31, 32a, and 34; and
95.26	<u>18H.06, sub</u>	division 1, are repeale	ed.		
95.27	<u>Subd. 8.</u>	Hemp. Minnesota Sta	atutes 2022, sec	tions 18K.05; and 18	3K.09, are repealed.
95.28	<u>Subd. 9.</u>	Dairy law. Minnesota	a Statutes 2022	, sections 17.984; 32	D.03, subdivision 5;
95.29	<u>32D.24; 32I</u>	D.25; 32D.26; 32D.27	; and 32D.28, a	re repealed.	
95.30	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. Subdiv	ision 3 is effect	ive January 1, 2025.	

	SF1955	REVISOR	BD		S1955-3	3rd Engrossment
96.1			ARTICL	E 3		
96.2			BROADB	AND		
96.3	Section 1. BR	OADBAND DEVE	CLOPMENT A	APPRO	PRIATIONS	<u>5.</u>
96.4	The sums sl	hown in the columns	marked "Appi	ropriatior	ns" are approp	priated to the agencies
96.5	and for the pur	rposes specified in t	his article. The	e appropr	iations are fr	rom the general fund,
96.6	or another nam	ned fund, and are av	vailable for the	fiscal ye	ears indicated	l for each purpose.
96.7	The figures "20	024" and "2025" use	ed in this articl	e mean tl	nat the appro	priations listed under
96.8	them are availa	able for the fiscal ye	ear ending Jun	e 30, 202	24, or June 30	0, 2025, respectively.
96.9	"The first year	" is fiscal year 2024	I. "The second	year" is	fiscal year 2	025. "The biennium"
96.10	is fiscal years	2024 and 2025.				
96.11 96.12 96.13 96.14					Available	RIATIONS for the Year 3 June 30 2025
96.15 96.16		RTMENT OF EM DMIC DEVELOPN		<u>\$</u>	75,350,000	<u>0 \$ 50,350,000</u>
96.17	<u>(a) \$350,000 e</u>	each year is for the C	Office of			
96.18	Broadband De	evelopment.				
96.19	<u>(b)</u> \$75,000,00	0 the first year and \$	50,000,000			
96.20	the second year	ar are for transfer to	the			
96.21	border-to-bord	ler broadband fund	account			
96.22	established in	Minnesota Statutes,	section			
96.23	116J.396. Of th	ne amount transferred	d each year,			
96.24	\$20,000,000 is	s for lower population	on density			
96.25	program grant	s under Minnesota S	Statutes,			
96.26	section 116J.3	952. This is a onetir	me			
96.27	appropriation.					
96.28	Sec. 3. Minn	esota Statutes 2022	, section 116J.	395, subo	division 7, is	amended to read:
96.29	Subd. 7. Li	imitation. (a) No gr	ant awarded u	nder this	section may	fund more than 50
96.30	percent of the	total cost of a project	ct.			
96.31	(b) Grants	awarded to a single	project under	this secti	on must not	exceed \$5,000,000

96.32 **<u>\$10,000,000</u>**.

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97.1	Sec. 4. [116J.3952] LOWER POPULATION DENSITY GRANT PROGRAM.
97.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. A lower population density grant program is established
97.3	in the Department of Employment and Economic Development. The purpose of the lower
97.4	population density grant program is to provide broadband service to unserved and
97.5	underserved areas of the state where a 50 percent match formula is not adequate to make a
97.6	business case for the extension of broadband facilities.
97.0	business ease for the extension of broadband facilities.
97.7	Subd. 2. Grants. Grants awarded under this section may fund up to 75 percent of the
97.8	total cost of a project and must otherwise adhere to section 116J.395, subdivisions 1 to 6
97.9	and subdivision 7, paragraph (b).
97.10	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.396, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
97.11	Subd. 2. Expenditures. Money in the account may be used only:
97.12	(1) for grant awards made under sections 116J.395 and to 116J.3951 116J.3952, including
97.13	costs incurred by the Department of Employment and Economic Development to administer
97.14	that section;
97.15	(2) to supplement revenues raised by bonds sold by local units of government for
97.16	broadband infrastructure development; or
97.17	(3) to contract for the collection of broadband deployment data from providers and the
97.18	creation of maps showing the availability of broadband service.
97.19	Sec. 6. Laws 2022, chapter 95, article 4, section 2, is amended to read:
97.20	Sec. 2. LOWER POPULATION DENSITY PILOT PROGRAM.
97.21	(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development must establish a pilot
97.22	program to provide broadband service to unserved and underserved areas, as defined in
97.23	Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.394, of the state where a 50 percent match formula is not
97.24	adequate to make a business case for the extension of broadband facilities. Grants awarded
97.25	under this section shall adhere to all other requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
97.26	116J.395, subdivisions 1 to 6, and may fund up to 75 percent of the total cost of a project,
97.27	notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes section 116J.395, subdivision 7. Grants awarded to a
97.28	single project under this section may not exceed \$10,000,000.
97.29	(b) The commissioner of employment and economic development may use up to
97.30	\$30,000,000 from the appropriations in sections 3 and 4 for the lower population density
97.31	pilot program under paragraph (a).

- 98.1 (c) No later than December 31, 2023, the Office of Broadband Development must submit
 98.2 a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives
 98.3 committees with primary jurisdiction over broadband policy and finance analyzing the
- 98.4 impacts of this section on the number and amounts of grants awarded under Minnesota
- 98.5 Statutes, section 116J.395.
- 98.6 (d) This section expires December 31, 2026.

17.055 EMERGING FARMERS.

Subd. 2. Expiration. This section expires August 1, 2025.

17.984 INVESTIGATION.

Subdivision 1. Authority. To carry out the commissioner's enforcement duties under chapter 32D, the commissioner may, upon presenting appropriate credentials, during regular working hours and at other reasonable times, inspect premises subject to the commissioner's enforcement and licensing authority for reasons related to the commissioner's enforcement and licensing authority; request information from persons with information relevant to an inspection; and inspect relevant papers and records, including business records. The commissioner may issue notices in lieu of citations for minor violations if a notice is in the public interest.

Subd. 2. Failure to comply. The commissioner may administer oaths, take and cause to be taken depositions of witnesses, and issue subpoenas, and may petition the district court in the county in which the premises is located to compel compliance with subpoenas or to permit an inspection.

18F.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 2. Agency. "Agency" means the Department of Agriculture.

Subd. 9. Unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. "Unreasonable adverse effects on the environment" means an unreasonable risk to humans or the environment, taking into account the environmental costs and benefits of the use of a genetically engineered organism.

18F.12 RULES.

The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the issuance of permits for proposed releases of genetically engineered agriculturally related organisms, experimental genetically engineered pesticides, and genetically engineered fertilizers, genetically engineered soil amendments, and genetically engineered plant amendments. The rules must include a requirement for environmental review subject to the provisions of chapter 116D and rules adopted under it. The rules must also include provisions requiring concurrent permit review for proposed releases that would require more than one permit under this chapter, chapter 18B or 18C.

18G.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 12. **Harmful plant pest.** "Harmful plant pest" means a plant pest that constitutes a significant threat to the agricultural, forest, or horticultural interests of Minnesota or the general environmental quality of the state.

Subd. 17. **Nursery stock.** "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts, cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include:

- (1) field and forage crops;
- (2) the seeds of grasses, cereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers;
- (3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers;
- (4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation;
- (5) annuals; or
- (6) Christmas trees.

Subd. 21. **Pest.** "Pest" means any living agent capable of reproducing itself that causes or may potentially cause harm to plants or other biotic organisms.

Subd. 25. **Preclearance.** "Preclearance" means an agreement between quarantine officials of exporting and importing states to pass plants, plant material, or other items through quarantine by allowing the exporting state to inspect the plants preshipment, rather than the importing state inspecting the shipment upon arrival.

Subd. 29. **Regulated nonquarantine pest.** "Regulated nonquarantine pest" means a plant pest that has not been quarantined by state or federal agencies and whose presence in plants or articles may pose an unacceptable risk to nursery stock, other plants, the environment, or human activities.

18H.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 10. **Container-grown.** "Container-grown" means a plant that was produced from a liner or cutting in a container.

Subd. 12a. Dormant. "Dormant" means nursery stock without etiolated growth.

Subd. 21. **Nursery stock broker.** "Nursery stock broker" means a nursery stock dealer engaged in the business of selling or reselling certified nursery stock as a business transaction without taking ownership or handling the nursery stock.

Subd. 22. **Nursery stock dealer.** "Nursery stock dealer" means a person involved in the acquisition and further distribution of certified nursery stock; the utilization of certified nursery stock for landscaping or purchase of certified nursery stock for other persons; or the distribution of certified nursery stock with a mechanical digger, commonly known as a tree spade, or by any other means. A person who purchases more than half of the certified nursery stock offered for sale at a sales location during the current certificate year is considered a nursery stock dealer rather than a nursery stock grower for the purposes of determining a proper fee schedule. Nursery stock brokers, landscapers, and tree spade operators are considered nursery stock dealers for purposes of determining proper certification.

Subd. 23. **Nursery stock grower.** "Nursery stock grower" includes, but is not limited to, a person who raises, grows, or propagates nursery stock, outdoors or indoors. A person who grows more than half of the certified nursery stock offered for sale at a sales location during the current certificate year is considered a nursery stock grower for the purpose of determining a proper fee schedule.

Subd. 29. Public nuisance. "Public nuisance" means:

(1) a plant, appliance, conveyance, or article that is infested with plant pests that may cause significant damage or harm; or

(2) premises where a plant pest is found.

Subd. 31. **Regulated nonquarantine pest.** "Regulated nonquarantine pest" means a plant pest that has not been quarantined by state or federal agencies and whose presence in plants or articles may pose an unacceptable risk to nursery stock, other plants, the environment, or human activities.

Subd. 32a. **Sod.** "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of grasses and the living grass plants.

Subd. 34. **Tree spade operator.** "Tree spade operator" means a person who uses a tree spade to dig, sell, offer for sale, distribute, or transport certified nursery stock.

18H.06 EXEMPT NURSERY SALES.

Subdivision 1. Not-for-profit sales. An organization or individual may offer for sale certified nursery stock and be exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock dealer certificate if sales are conducted by a nonprofit charitable, educational, or religious organization that:

(1) conducts sales or distributions of certified nursery stock on ten or fewer days in a calendar year; and

(2) uses the proceeds from its certified nursery stock sales or distribution for charitable, educational, or religious purposes.

18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.

Subd. 2. Nursery stock grower certificate. (a) A nursery stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown as follows:

(1) less than one-half acre, \$150;

- (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
- (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
- (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
- (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
- (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;

- (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
- (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
- (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and

(10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.

(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked or electronically date stamped by December 31 of the current year.

(c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissioner.

Subd. 3. **Nursery stock dealer certificate.** (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are:

- (1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150;
- (2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175;
- (3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300;
- (4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425;
- (5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550;
- (6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and
- (7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800.

(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked or electronically date stamped by December 31 of the current year.

(c) A nursery stock dealer found operating without a valid nursery stock dealer certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock dealer by the commissioner.

18K.05 ANNUAL REPORT; SALES NOTIFICATION.

(a) Annually, a licensee must file with the commissioner:

(1) documentation demonstrating to the commissioner's satisfaction that the seeds planted by the licensee are of a type and variety that contain no more than three-tenths of one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol; and

(2) a copy of any contract to grow industrial hemp.

(b) Within 30 days, a licensee must notify the commissioner of each sale or distribution of industrial hemp grown by the licensee including, but not limited to, the name and address of the person receiving the industrial hemp and the amount of industrial hemp sold or distributed.

18K.09 PILOT PROGRAM; OTHER RESEARCH AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Authorized activity. The commissioner may grow or cultivate industrial hemp pursuant to a pilot program administered by the commissioner to study the growth, cultivation, or marketing of industrial hemp. The commissioner may: (1) authorize institutions of higher education to grow or cultivate industrial hemp as part of the commissioner's pilot program or as is necessary to perform other agricultural, renewable energy, or academic research; and (2) contract with public or private entities for testing or other activities authorized under this subdivision. Authorized activity under this section may include collecting seed from wild hemp sources.

Subd. 2. Site registration. Before growing or cultivating industrial hemp pursuant to this section, each site must be registered with and certified by the commissioner. A person must register each

site annually in the form prescribed by the commissioner and must pay the annual registration and certification fee established by the commissioner in accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. **Rulemaking.** The commissioner may adopt rules that govern the pilot program pursuant to this section and Public Law 113-79.

32D.03 BULK MILK HAULER AND SAMPLER LICENSE.

Subd. 5. **Suspension or cancellation.** The commissioner is empowered to conduct enforcement action, suspend, or cancel any bulk milk hauler and sampler license pursuant to section 34A.06.

32D.24 DAIRY TRADE PRACTICES; DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Application. The definitions in this section apply to sections 32D.24 to 32D.28.

Subd. 2. **Basic cost.** (a) "Basic cost," for a processor, means the actual cost of the raw milk plus 75 percent of the actual processing and handling costs for a selected class I or class II dairy product.

(b) Basic cost, for a wholesaler, means the actual cost of the selected class I or class II dairy product purchased from the processor or another wholesaler.

(c) Basic cost, for a retailer, means the actual cost of the selected class I or class II dairy product purchased from a processor or wholesaler.

Subd. 3. **Bona fide charity.** "Bona fide charity" means a corporation, trust, fund, or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes.

Subd. 4. **Processor.** "Processor" means a person engaged in manufacturing or processing selected class I or class II dairy products in the person's own plant for sale in Minnesota.

Subd. 5. **Producer.** "Producer" means a person who operates a dairy herd or herds in Minnesota producing milk or cream commercially and whose milk or cream is sold to, or received or handled by, a distributor or processor. Producer does not include an incorporated or unincorporated association of producers.

Subd. 6. **Responsible person.** "Responsible person" means the business entity that makes payment to an individual Grade A or Grade B milk producer.

Subd. 7. Selected class I dairy products. "Selected class I dairy products" means milk for human consumption in fluid form and all other class I dairy products as defined by the Upper Midwest Milk Marketing Order, Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 1030.40, or successor orders.

Subd. 8. Selected class II dairy products. "Selected class II dairy products" means milk for human consumption processed into fluid cream, eggnog, yogurt, and all other class II dairy products as defined by the Upper Midwest Milk Marketing Order, Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 1030.40, or successor orders.

Subd. 9. Sell at retail; sale at retail; retail sales. "Sell at retail," "sale at retail," or "retail sales" means a retail sale or offer for retail sale of a selected class I or class II dairy product for ultimate consumption or use.

Subd. 10. Sell at wholesale; sale at wholesale; wholesale sales. "Sell at wholesale," "sale at wholesale," or "wholesale sales" means sale or offer for sale of a selected class I dairy product for purposes of resale or further processing or manufacturing but does not include a producer selling or delivering milk to a processor.

Subd. 11. Wholesaler. "Wholesaler" means a person including a distributor in the business of making sales of selected class I or class II dairy products at wholesale in Minnesota. In the case of a person making sales at both retail and wholesale, wholesaler applies only to the sales at wholesale.

32D.25 DUTIES AND POWERS OF COMMISSIONER; DATA PRIVACY.

Subdivision 1. **Duties; rules.** The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement and administer sections 32D.24 to 32D.28.

Subd. 2. **Data privacy.** Financial and production information received by the commissioner on processors, wholesalers, or retailers, including but not limited to financial statements, fee reports, price schedules, cost documentation, books, papers, records, or other documentation for the purpose

of administration and enforcement of this chapter is classified private data or nonpublic data pursuant to chapter 13. The classification shall not limit the use of the information in the preparation, institution, or conduct of a legal proceeding by the commissioner in enforcing this chapter.

32D.26 SALES BELOW COST PROHIBITED; EXCEPTIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Policy; processors; wholesalers; retailers.** (a) It is the intent of the legislature to accomplish partial deregulation of milk marketing with a minimum negative impact on small-volume retailers.

(b) A processor or wholesaler may not sell or offer for sale selected class I or class II dairy products at a price lower than the processor's or wholesaler's basic cost.

(c) A retailer may not sell or offer for sale selected class I or class II dairy products at a retail price lower than (1) 105 percent of the retailer's basic cost until June 30, 1994; and (2) the retailer's basic cost beginning July 1, 1994, and thereafter. A retailer may not use any method or device in the sale or offer for sale of a selected dairy product that results in a violation of this section.

Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** The minimum processor, wholesaler, and retailer prices of subdivision 1 do not apply:

(1) to a sale complying with section 325D.06;

(2) to a retailer giving away selected class I and class II dairy products for free if the customer is not required to make a purchase; or

(3) to a processor, wholesaler, or retailer giving away selected class I and class II dairy products for free or at a reduced cost to a bona fide charity.

32D.27 REDRESS FOR INJURY OR THREATENED INJURY.

A person injured by a violation of sections 32D.24 to 32D.28 may commence a legal action based on the violation in a court of competent jurisdiction and may recover economic damages and the costs of the action, including reasonable attorney fees. A person injured or who is threatened with injury or loss by reason of violation of sections 32D.24 to 32D.28 may commence a legal action based on the violation and obtain injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction against persons involved in a violation or threatened violation of sections 32D.24 to 32D.28 to prevent and restrain violations or threatened violations of sections 32D.24 to 32D.28 without alleging or proving actual damages or that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, so that injunctive relief can be obtained promptly and without awaiting evidence of injury or actual damage. The injunctive relief does not abridge and is not in lieu of any other civil remedy provided in sections 32D.24 to 32D.24 to 32D.28.

32D.28 ANNUAL SUSPENSION OF DAIRY TRADE PRACTICES ACT.

The provisions of section 32D.26 are suspended during the month of June each year in honor of "Dairy Month."

35.156 CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE.

Subd. 2. **Federal fund account.** Money granted to the state by the federal government for purposes of chronic wasting disease must be credited to a separate account in the federal fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for the purposes for which the federal grant was made according to section 17.03.

41A.12 AGRICULTURAL GROWTH, RESEARCH, AND INNOVATION PROGRAM.

Subd. 4. Sunset. This section expires on June 30, 2025.

41A.21 ORIENTED STRAND BOARD PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.

(c) "Forest resources" means raw wood logs and material primarily made up of cellulose, hemicellulose, or lignin, or a combination of those ingredients.

(d) "Oriented strand board" or "OSB" means a material manufactured into panels using forest resources.

Subd. 2. **Eligibility.** (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must source at least 80 percent of its forest resources raw materials from Minnesota. The facility must be located in Minnesota; must begin construction activities by December 31, 2023, for a specific location; must have produced at least one OSB square foot on a 3/8-inch nominal basis at a specific location by June 30, 2026; and must not begin operating before January 1, 2022. Eligible facilities must be new OSB construction sites with total capital investment in excess of \$250,000,000. Eligible OSB production facilities must produce at least 50,000,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8-inch nominal basis of OSB each quarter. At least one product produced at the facility should be a wood-based wall or roof structural sheathing panel that has an integrated, cellulose-based paper overlay that serves as a water resistive barrier.

(b) No payments shall be made for OSB production that occurs after June 30, 2036, for those eligible producers under paragraph (a).

(c) An eligible producer of OSB shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this section to a facility at a different location.

(d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive payments under this section until the producer resumes production.

Subd. 3. **Payment amounts; limits.** (a) The commissioner shall make payments to eligible producers of OSB. The amount of the payment for each eligible producer's annual production is \$7.50 per 1,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8-inch nominal basis of OSB produced at a specific location for ten years starting after the first calendar year in which production begins.

(b) Total payments under this section to an eligible OSB producer in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 400,000,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8-inch nominal basis of OSB produced. Total payments under this section to all eligible OSB producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 400,000,000 OSB square feet on a 3/8-inch nominal basis of OSB produced. If the total amount for which all producers are eligible in a quarter exceeds the amount available for payments, the commissioner shall make the payments on a pro rata basis.

(c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than one OSB facility is considered a single eligible producer.

Subd. 4. **Forest resources requirements.** Forest resources that are purchased to be used at the facility must be in compliance with one or more of the following: the Sustainable Forestry Initiative Fiber Sourcing Standard, the Forest Stewardship Council Chain of Custody Standard, or the Forest Stewardship Controlled Wood Standard. For forest resources that come from land parcels greater than 160 acres, all efforts must be made to procure from land that is certified by one or more of the following: the Forest Stewardship Council Forest Management Standard, the Sustainable Forestry Initiative Forest Management Standard, or the American Tree Farm System.

Subd. 5. **Claims.** (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible OSB producer shall file a claim for payment for OSB production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible OSB producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of the eligible producer's total board feet of OSB produced during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total board feet of OSB filed under this subdivision, the board feet of OSB produced must be examined by a certified public accounting firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

Subd. 6. **Appropriation.** (a) In fiscal year 2025, a sum sufficient to make the payments required by this section, not to exceed \$1,500,000, is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.

(b) From fiscal year 2026 through fiscal year 2034, a sum sufficient to make the payments required by this section, not to exceed \$3,000,000 in a fiscal year, is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner.

223.17 LICENSES; BONDING; CLAIMS; DISBURSEMENTS.

Subd. 4. **Bond.** (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) to (e), before a grain buyer's license is issued, the applicant for the license must file with the commissioner a bond in a penal sum prescribed by the commissioner but not less than the following amounts:

(1) \$10,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are \$100,000 or less;

(2) \$20,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$100,000 but not more than \$750,000;

(3) \$30,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$750,000 but not more than \$1,500,000;

(4) \$40,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$1,500,000 but not more than \$3,000,000;

(5) \$50,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$3,000,000 but not more than \$6,000,000;

(6) \$70,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$6,000,000 but not more than \$12,000,000;

(7) 125,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than 12,000,000 but not more than 24,000,000; and

(8) \$150,000 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases exceed \$24,000,000.

(b) The amount of the bond shall be based on the most recent gross annual grain purchase report of the grain buyer.

(c) A first-time applicant for a grain buyer's license shall file a \$50,000 bond with the commissioner. This bond shall remain in effect for the first year of the license. Thereafter, the licensee shall comply with the applicable bonding requirements contained in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (8).

(d) In lieu of the bond required by this subdivision the applicant may deposit with the commissioner of management and budget an irrevocable bank letter of credit as defined in section 336.5-102, in the same amount as would be required for a bond.

(e) A grain buyer who purchases grain immediately upon delivery solely with cash; a certified check; a cashier's check; or a postal, bank, or express money order is exempt from this subdivision if the grain buyer's gross annual purchases are \$1,000,000 or less.

(f) Bonds must be continuous until canceled. To cancel a bond, a surety must provide 90 days' written notice of the bond's termination date to the licensee and the commissioner.

Subd. 8. **Bond disbursement.** (a) The bond required under subdivision 4 shall provide for payment of loss caused by the grain buyer's failure to pay, upon the owner's demand, the purchase price of grain sold to the grain buyer in the manner provided by subdivision 5, including loss caused by failure to pay within the time required. The bond shall be conditioned upon the grain buyer being duly licensed as provided herein.

(b) The commissioner shall promptly determine the validity of all claims filed and notify the claimants of the determination. An aggrieved party may appeal the commissioner's determination by requesting, within 15 days, that the commissioner initiate a contested case proceeding. In the absence of such a request, or following the issuance of a final order in a contested case, the surety company shall issue payment promptly to those claimants entitled to payment. The commissioner may apply to the district court for an order appointing a trustee or receiver to manage and supervise the operations of the grain buyer in default. The commissioner may participate in any resulting court proceeding as an interested party.

(c) If a grain buyer has become liable to more than one producer by reason of breaches of the conditions of the bond and the amount of the bond is insufficient to pay the entire liability to all producers entitled to the protection of the bond, the proceeds of the bond shall be apportioned among the bona fide claimants.

(d) The bond shall not be cumulative from one licensing period to the next. The maximum liability of the bond shall be its face value for the licensing period.

(e) The bond disbursement shall occur 200 days from the date the commissioner publishes a public notice of a claim. At the end of this time period, the commissioner shall initiate bond payments on all valid claims received by the commissioner.

232.22 LICENSES, BONDING CLAIMS, DISBURSEMENTS.

Subd. 4. **Bonding.** (a) Before a license is issued, except as provided under paragraph (c), the applicant for a public grain warehouse operator's license shall file with the commissioner a bond in a penal sum prescribed by the commissioner based on the annual average storage liability as stated on the statement of grain in storage report or on the gross annual grain purchase report, whichever is greater, and applying the following amounts:

(1) \$10,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$0 but not more than \$25,000;

(2) \$20,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$25,001 but not more than \$50,000;

(3) \$30,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$50,001 but not more than \$75,000;

(4) \$50,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$75,001 but not more than \$100,000;

(5) \$75,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$100,001 but not more than \$200,000;

(6) \$125,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$200,001 but not more than \$300,000;

(7) \$175,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$300,001 but not more than \$400,000;

(8) \$225,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$400,001 but not more than \$500,000;

(9) \$275,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$500,001 but not more than \$600,000;

(10) \$325,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$600,001 but not more than \$700,000;

(11) \$375,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$700,001 but not more than \$800,000;

(12) \$425,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$800,001 but not more than \$900,000;

(13) \$475,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$900,001 but not more than \$1,000,000; and

(14) \$500,000 for storages with annual average storage liability of more than \$1,000,000.

(b) Bonds must be continuous until canceled. To cancel a bond, a surety must provide 90 days' written notice of the bond's termination date to the licensee and the commissioner.

(c) In lieu of the bond required by this subdivision, the applicant may deposit with the commissioner of management and budget an irrevocable bank letter of credit as defined in section 336.5-102, in the same amount as would be required for a bond.

Subd. 6. **Bond claims.** A person claiming to be damaged by a breach of the conditions of a bond of a licensed public grain warehouse operator may file a written claim with the commissioner stating the facts constituting the claim. The claim must be filed with the commissioner within 180 days of the breach of the conditions of the bond. If the commissioner has reason to believe that a claim is valid, the commissioner may immediately suspend the license of the public grain warehouse operator and the licensee must surrender the license to the commissioner. Within 15 days the licensee may request an administrative hearing subject to chapter 14 to determine whether the license should be revoked. If no request is made within 15 days the commissioner shall revoke the license.

Subd. 6a. **Bond determinations.** If a public grain warehouse operator is licensed under both this chapter and chapter 223, the warehouse shall have its bond determined by its gross annual grain purchase amount or its annual average grain storage value, whichever is greater. For those entities licensed under this chapter and chapter 223, the entire bond shall be available to any claims against the bond for claims filed under this chapter and chapter 223.

Subd. 7. **Bond disbursement.** (a) The bond of a public grain warehouse operator must be conditioned that the public grain warehouse operator issuing a grain warehouse receipt is liable to the depositor for the delivery of the kind, grade and net quantity of grain called for by the receipt.

(b) Upon notification of default, the commissioner shall determine the validity of all claims and notify all parties having filed claims. Any aggrieved party may appeal the commissioner's determination by requesting, within 15 days, that the commissioner initiate a contested case proceeding. In the absence of such a request, or following the issuance of a final order in a contested case, the surety company shall issue payment to those claimants entitled to payment. If the commissioner determines it is necessary, the commissioner may apply to the district court for an order appointing a trustee or receiver to manage and supervise the operations of the grain warehouse operator in default. The commissioner may participate in any resulting court proceeding as an interested party.

(c) For the purpose of determining the amount of bond disbursement against all valid claims under a condition one bond, all grain owned or stored in the public grain warehouse shall be sold and the combined proceeds deposited in a special fund. Payment shall be made from the special fund satisfying the valid claims of grain warehouse receipt holders.

(d) If a public grain warehouse operator has become liable to more than one depositor or producer by reason of breaches of the conditions of the bond and the amount of the bond is insufficient to pay, beyond the proceeds of the special fund, the entire liability to all valid claimants, the proceeds of the bond and special fund shall be apportioned among the valid claimants on a pro rata basis.

(e) A bond is not cumulative from one licensing period to the next. The maximum liability of the bond shall be its face value for the licensing period.

(f) The bond disbursement shall occur 200 days from the date the commissioner publishes a public notice of a claim. At the end of this time period, the commissioner shall initiate bond payments on all valid claims received by the department.