SF1395 **REVISOR CKM** S1395-1 1st Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETIETH SESSION

S.F. No. 1395

(SENATE AUTHORS: WESTROM, Johnson, Dahms, Eken and Miller)

DATE 02/23/2017 D-PG **OFFICIAL STATUS**

Introduction and first reading Referred to Environment and Natural Resources Finance

03/09/2017 1256a Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading

1279 6107 Rule 47, returned to Environment and Natural Resources Finance

See SF723, Art. 2

A bill for an act 1.1

relating to natural resources; modifying requirements for buffers on public water; 1.2 clarifying certain rulemaking for soil loss ordinances; amending Minnesota Statutes 13 2016, sections 103B.101, subdivision 12a; 103F.411, subdivision 1; 103F.48, 1.4 1.5

subdivisions 1, 3, 7.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103B.101, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 12a. Authority to issue penalty orders. (a) A county or watershed district with jurisdiction or The Board of Water and Soil Resources may issue an order requiring violations of the water resources riparian protection requirements under sections 103F.415, 103F.421, and 103F.48 to be corrected and administratively assessing monetary penalties up to \$500 for noncompliance commencing on day one of the 11th month after the noncompliance notice was issued. The proceeds collected from an administrative penalty order issued under this section must be remitted to the county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site, or otherwise remitted to the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
 - (b) Before exercising this authority, the Board of Water and Soil Resources must adopt a plan containing procedures for the issuance of administrative penalty orders by local governments and the board as authorized in this subdivision. This plan, and any subsequent amendments, will become effective 30 days after being published in the State Register. The initial plan must be published in the State Register no later than July 1, 2017.
- (c) Administrative penalties may be reissued and appealed under paragraph (a) according to section 103F.48, subdivision 9.

Section 1. 1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103F.411, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Authority.** The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with counties, soil and water conservation districts, and other appropriate agencies, shall adopt a model ordinance and rules that serve as a guide for local governments that have adopted a soil loss ordinance to implement sections 103F.401 to 103F.455 and provide administrative procedures for the board for sections 103F.401 to 103F.455.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103F.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.
 - (b) "Board" means the Board of Water and Soil Resources.

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- (c) "Buffer" means an area consisting of perennial vegetation, excluding invasive plants and noxious weeds, adjacent to all bodies of water within the state and that protects the water resources of the state from runoff pollution; stabilizes soils, shores, and banks; and protects or provides riparian corridors.
- (d) "Buffer protection map" means buffer maps established and maintained by the commissioner of natural resources.
 - (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.
- 2.18 (f) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Board of Water and Soil
 2.19 Resources.
 - (g) "Local water management authority" means a watershed district, metropolitan water management organization, or county operating separately or jointly in its role as local water management authority under chapter 103B or 103D.
 - (h) "Normal water level" means the level evidenced by the long-term presence of surface water as indicated directly by hydrophytic plants or hydric soils or indirectly determined via hydrological models or analysis.
 - (i) "Public waters" has the meaning given in section 103G.005, subdivision 15. The term means public waters as used in this section applies to waters that are on the public waters inventory as provided in section 103G.201 that have water in them continually for 12 months each year.
 - (j) "With jurisdiction" means a board determination that the county or watershed district has adopted a rule, ordinance, or official controls providing procedures for the issuance of

Sec. 3. 2

administrative penalty orders, enforcement, and appeals for purposes of this section and section 103B.101, subdivision 12a enforcing this section.

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- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103F.48, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Water resources riparian protection requirements on public waters and public drainage systems. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), landowners owning property adjacent to a water body identified and mapped on a buffer protection map must maintain a buffer to protect the state's water resources as follows:
 - (1) for all public waters that have a shoreland classification, the more restrictive of:
- (i) a 50-foot average width, 30-foot minimum width, continuous buffer of perennially rooted vegetation; or
- (ii) the state shoreland standards and criteria adopted by the commissioner under section 103F.211; and
- (2) for public drainage systems established under chapter 103E and public waters that do not have a shoreland classification, a 16.5-foot minimum width continuous buffer as provided in section 103E.021, subdivision 1. The buffer vegetation shall not impede future maintenance of the ditch.
- (b) A landowner owning property adjacent to a water body identified in a buffer protection map and whose property is used for cultivation farming may meet the requirements under paragraph (a) by adopting an alternative riparian water quality practice, or combination of structural, vegetative, and management practices, based on the Natural Resources

 Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide or other practices approved by the <u>local soil and water conservation district</u> board, that provide water quality protection comparable to the buffer protection for the water body that the property abuts. Included in these practices are retention ponds and alternative measures that prevent overland flow to the water resource.
- (c) The width of a buffer on public waters must be measured from the top or crown of the bank. Where there is no defined bank, measurement must be from the edge of the normal water level. The width of the buffer on public drainage systems must be measured as provided in section 103E.021, subdivision 1.
- (d) Upon request by a landowner or authorized agent or operator of a landowner, a technical professional employee or contractor of the soil and water conservation district or its delegate may issue a validation of compliance with the requirements of this subdivision. The soil and water conservation district validation may be appealed to the board as described in subdivision 9.

Sec. 4. 3

(e) Buffers or alternative water quality practices required under paragraph (a) or (b) must be in place on or before:

(1) November 1, 2017 2019, for public waters; and

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- 4.4 (2) November 1, 2018 2020, for public drainage systems.
 - (f) Nothing in this section limits the eligibility of a landowner or authorized agent or operator of a landowner to participate in federal or state conservation programs, including enrolling or reenrolling in federal conservation programs.
 - (g) After the effective date of this section, a person planting buffers or water quality protection practices to meet the requirements in paragraph (a) must use only seed mixes that were grown and processed in Minnesota. The board, a county, or a watershed district must not take corrective action under subdivision 7 against a landowner who does not have seed available to comply with this paragraph.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 103F.48, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 7. **Corrective actions.** (a) If the soil and water conservation district determines a landowner is not in compliance with this section, and the landowner has declined state or federal assistance to pay 100 percent of the cost to establish buffers or other water resource protection measures approved by the board and annual payments or an easement for the land, the district must notify the county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site and the board. The county or watershed district with jurisdiction or the board must provide the landowner with a list of corrective actions needed to come into compliance and a practical timeline to meet the requirements in this section. The county or watershed district with jurisdiction must provide a copy of the corrective action notice to the board.
 - (b) A county or watershed district exercising jurisdiction under this subdivision and the enforcement authority granted in section 103B.101, subdivision 12a, shall affirm their jurisdiction and identify the ordinance, rule, or other official controls to carry out the compliance provisions of this section and section 103B.101, subdivision 12a, by notice to the board prior to March 31, 2017. A county or watershed district must provide notice to the board at least 60 days prior to the effective date of a subsequent decision on their jurisdiction.
 - (c) If the landowner does not comply with the list of actions and timeline provided, the county or watershed district may enforce this section under the authority granted in section

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103B.101, subdivision 12a, or by rule of the watershed district or ordinance or other official control of the county. Before exercising administrative penalty authority, a county or watershed district must adopt a plan consistent with the plan adopted by the board containing procedures for the issuance of administrative penalty orders and may issue orders beginning November 1, 2017. If a county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site has not adopted a plan, rule, ordinance, or official control under this paragraph, the board must enforce this section under the authority granted in section 103B.101, subdivision 12a.

- (d) If the county, watershed district, or board determines that sufficient steps have been taken to fully resolve noncompliance, all or part of the penalty may be forgiven.
- (e) An order issued under paragraph (c) may be appealed to the board as provided under subdivision 9.
- (f) A corrective action is not required for conditions resulting from a flood or other act of nature.
- (g) A landowner agent or operator of a landowner may not remove or willfully degrade a riparian buffer or water quality practice, wholly or partially, unless the agent or operator has obtained a signed statement from the property owner stating that the permission for the work has been granted by the unit of government authorized to approve the work in this section or that a buffer or water quality practice is not required as validated by the soil and water conservation district. Removal or willful degradation of a riparian buffer or water quality practice, wholly or partially, by an agent or operator is a separate and independent offense and may be subject to the corrective actions and penalties in this subdivision.
- (h) A county or watershed district or the board shall not enforce this section unless federal or state assistance is available to the landowner to pay 100 percent of the cost to establish buffers or other water resource protection measures approved by the board and annual payments or an easement for the land.

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