REVISOR

State of Minnesota

RSI

403 Page No.

H. F. No. 4975

Printed

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

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| 03/14/2024 | Authored by Acomb, Stephenson, Kraft and Vang |
|------------|---|
| | The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Climate and Energy Finance and Policy |
| 04/24/2024 | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means |
| | Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, re-referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration |
| | Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means |
| | Joint Rule 2.03 has been waived for any subsequent committee action on this bill |
| 04/29/2024 | Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended |
| | Read for the Second Time |
| 05/01/2024 | Calendar for the Day |
| | Bill was laid on the Table |
| 05/02/2024 | Bill was taken from the Table |
| | By motion, re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means |
| 05/06/2024 | Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended |
| | Read for the Second Time |
| | Referred to the Chief Clerk for Comparison with S. F. No. 4942 |
| 05/07/2024 | Postponed Indefinitely |

A bill for an act

relating to state government operations and finance; modifying fees assessed by 12 the Department of Commerce; modifying appropriations to the Office of Cannabis 1.3 Management; modifying provisions governing cannabis and health responsibilities; 1.4 requiring a request for a federal waiver to implement a public option; modifying 1.5 insurance assessments and fees; giving various rights to consumers regarding 1.6 personal data; placing obligations on certain businesses regarding consumer data; 1.7 providing for enforcement by the attorney general; authorizing supplemental 1.8 agriculture appropriations; modifying appropriations; providing broadband 1.9 appropriation transfer authority; making policy and technical changes to agriculture 1.10 provisions; establishing and modifying agriculture programs; requiring an 1.11 application for federal broadband aid; establishing a supplemental budget for 1.12 energy, transmission, and renewable energy purposes; adding and modifying 1.13 provisions governing geothermal energy, electric transmission, solar energy, and 1.14 1.15 other energy policy; establishing programs; requiring reports; appropriating money; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, 1.16 subdivisions 2, 3, by adding subdivisions; 17.133, subdivision 1; 18B.01, by adding 1.17 a subdivision; 18B.26, subdivision 6; 18B.28, by adding a subdivision; 18B.305, 1.18 subdivision 2; 18B.32, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 18B.33, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 18B.34, 1.19 subdivisions 1, 4; 18B.35, subdivision 1; 18B.36, subdivisions 1, 2; 18B.37, 1.20 subdivisions 2, 3; 18C.005, subdivision 33, by adding subdivisions; 18C.115, 1.21 subdivision 2; 18C.215, subdivision 1; 18C.221; 18C.70, subdivision 5; 18C.71, 1.22 subdivision 4; 18C.80, subdivision 2; 18D.301, subdivision 1; 28A.10; 28A.21, 1.23 subdivision 6; 31.74; 31.94; 32D.30; 41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 1.24 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043, subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 1.25 41B.047, subdivision 1; 45.0135, subdivision 7; 62Q.73, subdivision 3; 116J.396, 1.26 by adding a subdivision; 216B.16, subdivisions 6c, 7b; 216B.2402, subdivisions 1.27 4, 10, by adding a subdivision; 216B.2403, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8; 216B.241, 1.28 subdivisions 1c, 2, 11, 12; 216B.2421, subdivision 2; 216B.2425, subdivisions 1, 1.29 2, by adding a subdivision; 216B.2427, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 1.30 216B.243, subdivisions 3, 9; 216B.246, subdivision 3; 216C.10; 216C.435, 1.31 subdivisions 3a, 3b, 4, 10, by adding subdivisions; 216C.436, subdivisions 1, 4, 1.32 7, 8, 10; 216E.03, as amended; 216E.04, as amended; 216F.02; 223.17, subdivision 1.33 6; 232.21, subdivisions 3, 7, 11, 12, 13; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, 1.34 sections 17.055, subdivision 3; 17.133, subdivision 3; 17.134, by adding a 1.35 subdivision; 18C.421, subdivision 1; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18K.06; 41A.19; 1.36 116C.779, subdivision 1: 144.197; 216B.243, subdivision 8: 216C.08; 216C.09; 1.37 216C.331, subdivision 1; 216C.435, subdivision 8; 216C.436, subdivisions 1b, 2; 1.38

| | HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT | REVISOR | RSI | H4975-2 |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 | 216E.10, subdivision 3; 342.15, by a chapter 43, article 1, sections 2; 4; L 19; 20; Laws 2023, chapter 70, articl coding for new law in Minnesota Sta proposing coding for new law as Min Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3. subdivisions 1, 4; 216F.01, subdivision Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 2 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 15 7850.3600. | aws 2023, chap le 20, section 2, atutes, chapters nnesota Statutes 7371, subdivisi n 1; 216F.012; 2 16F.04; Minnes | ter 63, article 9, sect subdivision 5; prop 13; 18B; 18C; 216C s, chapter 325O; rep on 7; 34.07; 216E.0 216F.015; 216F.03; M ota Rules, parts 150 | tions 10; osing c; 216E; ealing 8, 1innesota 6.0010; |
| 2.11 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATU | URE OF THE S | TATE OF MINNES | OTA: |
| 2.12 | AI | RTICLE 1 | | |
| 2.13 | APPR | OPRIATIONS | | |
| 2.14 | Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS. | | | |
| 2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18 2.19 2.20 2.21 2.22 2.23 2.24 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 | The sums shown in the columns mark parentheses, subtracted from the appropri- agencies and for the purposes specified in general fund, or another named fund, and each purpose. The figures "2024" and "20 or subtraction from the appropriation liste June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respecti- second year" is fiscal year 2025. Supplen appropriations for the fiscal year ending J enactment. | iations in Laws n this article. Th l are available f 025" used in thi d under them is vely. "The first nental appropria | 2023, chapter 63, and ne appropriations are or the fiscal years in s article mean that the available for the fisc year" is fiscal year 2 ations and reductions | ticle 9, to the from the dicated for he addition to al year ending 2024. "The s to ollowing final ONS Year |
| 2.29 | Sec. 2. OFFICE OF CANNABIS | Ф | | 2 727 000 |
| 2.30 | MANAGEMENT | <u>\$</u> | <u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> | <u>2,727,000</u> |
| 2.31 | (a) Enforcement of Temporary Regulat | ions | | |
| 2.32 | \$1,107,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for regula | tion | | |
| 2.33 | of products subject to the requirements of | <u>f</u> | | |
| 2.34 | Minnesota Statutes, section 151.72. This | is a | | |
| 2.35 | onetime appropriation. | | | |
| 2.36 | (b) Product Testing | | | |
| 2.37 | \$771,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for testing |) 2 | | |
| 2.38 | products regulated under Minnesota Statu | ites, | | |
| | | | | |

| | HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT | REVISOR | RSI | H4975-2 |
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| 3.1 | section 151.72, and chapter 342. The base | e for | | |
| 3.2 | this appropriation is \$690,000 in fiscal ye | | | |
| 3.3 | 2026 and each year thereafter. | | | |
| 3.4 | (c) Reference Laboratory | | | |
| 3.5 | \$849,000 in fiscal year 2025 is to operate | <u>e a</u> | | |
| 3.6 | state reference laboratory. The base for the | nis | | |
| 3.7 | appropriation is \$632,000 in fiscal year 2 | 026 | | |
| 3.8 | and \$696,000 in fiscal year 2027. | | | |
| 3.9 | Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH | <u>\$</u> | <u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> | 5,500,000 |
| 3.10 | \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for the | | | |
| 3.11 | purposes outlined in Minnesota Statutes, | | | |
| 3.12 | section 342.72. | | | |
| 3.13 | Sec. 4. ATTORNEY GENERAL. | | | |
| 3.14 | The general fund appropriation base f | for the attorney | general is increased | by \$988,000 |
| 3.15 | in fiscal year 2026 and \$748,000 in fiscal | l year 2027 for | staffing and other co | osts related to |
| 3.16 | potential violations, compliance monitori | ing, and enforce | ement of the Minnes | ota Consumer |
| 3.17 | Data Privacy Act. | | | |
| 3.18 | Sec. 5. Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9 | , section 10, is | amended to read: | |
| 3.19 | Sec. 10. HEALTH | | | |
| 3.20 3.21 | Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation | \$ | 3,300,000 \$ | 20,252,000 17,525,000 |
| 3.22 | The base for this appropriation is \$19,064 | ,000 | | |
| 3.23 | <u>\$17,742,000</u> in fiscal year 2026 and each fi | iscal | | |
| 3.24 | year thereafter \$17,678,000 in fiscal year | • | | |
| 3.25 | <u>2027</u> . | | | |
| 3.26 | The amounts that may be spent for each | | | |
| 3.27 | purpose are specified in the following | | | |
| 3.28 | subdivisions. | | | |
| 3.29 3.30 | Subd. 2. Youth <u>Prevention and Educati</u> <u>Program</u> | on | -0- | 5,000,000 4,363,000 |
| 2 2 1 | For administration and grants under Minne | esota | | |
| 3.31 3.32 | Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 1. | | | |
| 3.32 | Statutes, section 177.177, suburvision 1. | | | |

| | HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT RI | EVISOR RSI | H4975-2 |
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| 4.1 | the amount appropriated, \$2,863,000 is for | | |
| 4.2 | program operations and administration and | | |
| 4.3 | \$1,500,000 is for grants. The base for this | | |
| 4.4 | appropriation is \$4,534,000 in fiscal year 202 | 26 | |
| 4.5 | and \$4,470,000 in fiscal year 2027. | | |
| 4.6 4.7 | Subd. 3. <u>Prevention and Education Grant</u> Pregnant or Breastfeeding Individuals | ts for -0- | 2,000,000 1,788,000 |
| 4.8 | For grants under a coordinated prevention an | ud | |
| 4.9 | education program for pregnant and | | |
| 4.10 | breastfeeding individuals under Minnesota | | |
| 4.11 | Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 2. Th | e | |
| 4.12 | base for this appropriation is \$1,834,000 | | |
| 4.13 | beginning in fiscal year 2026. | | |
| 4.14 | Subd. 4. Local and Tribal Health Departm | nents -0- | 10,000,000 |
| 4.15 | For administration and grants under Minneso | ta | |
| 4.16 | Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 4. Of | | |
| 4.17 | the amount appropriated, \$1,094,000 is for | | |
| 4.18 | administration and \$8,906,000 is for grants. | <u>.</u> | |
| 4.19 4.20 | Subd. 5. Cannabis Data Collection and Bi Reports | ennial 493,000 | 493,000 |
| 4.21 | For reports under Minnesota Statutes, section | n | |
| 4.22 | 144.196. | | |
| 4.23 4.24 | Subd. 6. Administration for Expungemen Orders | t 71,000 | 71,000 |
| 4.25 | For administration related to orders issued b | у | |
| 4.26 | the Cannabis Expungement Board. The bas | e | |
| 4.27 | for this appropriation is \$71,000 in fiscal year | ar | |
| 4.28 | 2026, \$71,000 in fiscal year 2027, \$71,000 i | n | |
| 4.29 | fiscal year 2028, \$71,000 in fiscal year 2029 | 9, | |
| 4.30 | and \$0 in fiscal year 2030. | | |
| 4.31 4.32 | Subd. 7. Grants to the Minnesota Poison C System | ontrol 910,000 | 810,000 |
| 4.33 | For administration and grants under Minneso | ta | |
| 4.34 | Statutes, section 145.93. Of the amount | | |

| | HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT | REVISOR | RSI | H4975-2 |
|--------------|--|---------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 5.1 5.2 | appropriated in fiscal year 2025, \$15, for administration and \$795,000 is for | | | |
| 5.3 5.4 | Subd. 8. Temporary Regulation of H Products Extracted from Hemp | Edible | 1,107,000 | 1,107,000 <u>-0-</u> |
| 5.5 | For temporary regulation under the he | ealth | | |
| 5.6 | enforcement consolidation act of edib | le | | |
| 5.7 | products extracted from hemp. The | | | |
| 5.8 | commissioner may transfer encumbrar | ices and | | |
| 5.9 | unobligated amounts to the Office of C | annabis | | |
| 5.10 | Management for this purpose. This is | a | | |
| 5.11 | onetime appropriation. | | | |
| 5.12 5.13 | Subd. 9. Testing. | | 719,000 | 771,000 0- |
| 5.14 | For testing of edible cannabinoid proc | lucts. | | |
| 5.15 | The base for this appropriation is \$690 |),000 in | | |
| 5.16 | fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year the | ereafter. | | |
| 5.17 | The commissioner may transfer encum | brances | | |
| 5.18 | and unobligated amounts to the Office | e of | | |
| 5.19 | Cannabis Management for this purpose | <u>se.</u> | | |

5.20 Sec. 6. Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, section 19, is amended to read:

5.21 Sec. 19. APPROPRIATION AND BASE REDUCTIONS.

(a) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations
to the commissioner of corrections by \$165,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$368,000 in fiscal
year 2025. The commissioner must reduce the base for general fund appropriations to the
commissioner of corrections by \$460,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$503,000 in fiscal year
2027.

5.27 (b) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations
5.28 to the commissioner of health by \$260,000 in fiscal year 2025 for the administration of the
5.29 medical cannabis program. The commissioner must reduce the base for general fund
5.30 appropriations to the commissioner of health by \$781,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal
5.31 year thereafter.

5.32 (c) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce state government special
 5.33 revenue fund appropriations to the commissioner of health by \$1,141,000 in fiscal year

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6.1 2025 for the administration of the medical cannabis program. The commissioner must reduce
6.2 the base for state government special revenue fund appropriations to the commissioner of
6.3 health by \$3,424,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter.
6.4 Sec. 7. Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, section 20, is amended to read:
6.5 Sec. 20. TRANSFERS.

(a) \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2025 are transferred 6.6 from the general fund to the dual training account in the special revenue fund under 6.7 Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.246, subdivision 10, for grants to employers in the legal 6.8 cannabis industry. The base for this transfer is \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal 6.9 year thereafter. The commissioner may use up to six percent of the amount transferred for 6.10 administrative costs. The commissioner shall give priority to applications from employers 6.11 who are, or who are training employees who are, eligible to be social equity applicants 6.12 under Minnesota Statutes, section 342.17. After June 30, 2025, any unencumbered balance 6.13 from this transfer may be used for grants to any eligible employer under Minnesota Statutes, 6.14 section 136A.246. 6.15

(b) \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2025 are transferred
from the general fund to the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account
established under Minnesota Statutes, section 342.72. The base for this transfer is \$5,500,000
in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter.

6.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- **ARTICLE 2**
- CANNABIS AND HEALTH-RELATED RESPONSIBILITIES
- 6.23 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 144.197, is amended to read:

6.24 144.197 CANNABIS <u>AND SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION AND</u> 6.25 EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

6.26 Subdivision 1. Youth prevention and education program. The commissioner of health, 6.27 in consultation with the commissioners of human services and education and in collaboration 6.28 with local health departments and Tribal health departments, shall conduct a long-term, 6.29 coordinated education program to raise public awareness about and address the top three 6.30 substance misuse prevention, treatment options, and recovery options. The program must 6.31 address adverse health effects, as determined by the commissioner, associated with the use 6.32 of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived

6.21

6.22

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commissioner shall engage and consult with youth around the state on program content and 7.2 on methods to effectively disseminate program information to youth around the state.

7.1

7.3

7.4

Subd. 2. Prevention and education program for pregnant and breastfeeding

individuals; and individuals who may become pregnant. The commissioner of health, 7.5 in consultation with the commissioners of human services and education, shall conduct a 7.6 long-term, coordinated prevention program to educate focused on (1) preventing substance 7.7 use by pregnant individuals, breastfeeding individuals, and individuals who may become 7.8 pregnant, and (2) raising public awareness of the risks of substance use while pregnant or 7.9 breastfeeding. The program must include education on the adverse health effects of prenatal 7.10 exposure to cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or 7.11 hemp-derived consumer products and on the adverse health effects experienced by infants 7.12 and children who are exposed to cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp 7.13 edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products in breast milk, from secondhand smoke, or by 7.14 ingesting cannabinoid products. This The prevention and education program must also 7.15 educate individuals on what constitutes a substance use disorder, signs of a substance use 7.16 disorder, and treatment options for persons with a substance use disorder. The prevention 7.17 and education program must also provide resources, including training resources, technical 7.18 assistance, or educational materials, to local public health home visiting programs, Tribal 7.19 home visiting programs, and child welfare workers. 7.20

Subd. 3. Home visiting programs. The commissioner of health shall provide training, 7.21 technical assistance, and education materials to local public health home visiting programs 7.22 and Tribal home visiting programs and child welfare workers regarding the safe and unsafe 7.23 use of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived 7.24 consumer products in homes with infants and young children. Training, technical assistance, 7.25 and education materials shall address substance use, the signs of a substance use disorder, 7.26 treatment options for persons with a substance use disorder, the dangers of driving under 7.27 the influence of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or 7.28 7.29 hemp-derived consumer products, how to safely consume cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products in homes with infants 7.30 and young children, and how to prevent infants and young children from being exposed to 7.31 cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer 7.32 products by ingesting cannabinoid products or through secondhand smoke. 7.33

Subd. 4. Local and Tribal health departments. The commissioner of health shall 7.34 distribute grants to local health departments and Tribal health departments for these the 7.35

| 8.1 | departments to create and disseminate educational materials on cannabis flower, cannabis |
|--|---|
| 8.2 | products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products and to provide |
| 8.3 | safe use and prevention training, education, technical assistance, and community engagement |
| 8.4 | regarding cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived |
| 8.5 | consumer products. prevention, education, and recovery programs focusing on substance |
| 8.6 | misuse prevention and treatment options. The programs may include specific cannabis-related |
| 8.7 | initiatives. |
| | |
| 8.8 | Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 342.15, is amended by adding a |
| 8.9 | subdivision to read: |
| 8.10 | Subd. 1a. Transmission of fees. A cannabis business background check account is |
| 8.11 | established as a separate account in the special revenue fund. All fees received by the office |
| 8.12 | under subdivision 1 must be deposited in the account and are appropriated to the office to |
| 8.13 | pay for the criminal records checks conducted by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and |
| 8.14 | Federal Bureau of Investigation. |
| | |
| 8.15 | Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 342.72, is amended to read: |
| 8.16 | 342.72 SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT, RECOVERY, AND PREVENTION |
| | |
| 8.17 | GRANTS. |
| 8.17 8.18 | GRANTS. Subdivision 1. <u>Account Grant program</u> established; appropriation. A substance use |
| | |
| 8.18 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use |
| 8.18 8.19 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue |
| 8.188.198.20 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the |
| 8.188.198.208.21 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified |
| 8.188.198.208.218.22 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest carned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 | Subdivision 1. Account <u>Grant program</u> established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account <u>program</u> is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 | Subdivision 1. Account <u>Grant program</u> established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account <u>program</u> is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is ereated in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is ereated in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27 | Subdivision 1. Account <u>Grant program</u> established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account <u>program</u> is <u>ereated in the special revenue</u> fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest carned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account created under subdivision 1. |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27 8.28 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27 8.28 8.29 8.30 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is ereated in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2: Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account created under subdivision 1. |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27 8.28 8.29 8.30 8.31 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is created in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2. Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account erated under subdivision 1. Subd. 3. Disposition of money; grants. (a) Money in the Substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account grants for substance use disorder and mental |
| 8.18 8.19 8.20 8.21 8.22 8.23 8.24 8.25 8.26 8.27 8.28 8.29 8.30 | Subdivision 1. Account Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account program is ereated in the special revenue fund established and must be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office may use up to five percent for administrative expenses. Subd. 2: Acceptance of gifts and grants. Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016, the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account created under subdivision 1. |

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activities, including substance use prevention for youth, and supplies that assist individuals 9.1 and families to initiate, stabilize, and maintain long-term recovery from substance use 9.2 disorders and co-occurring mental health conditions. Recovery and prevention activities 9.3 may include prevention education, school-linked behavioral health, school-based peer 9.4 programs, peer supports, self-care and wellness, culturally specific healing, community 9.5 public awareness, mutual aid networks, telephone recovery checkups, mental health 9.6 warmlines, harm reduction, recovery community organization development, first episode 9.7 psychosis programs, and recovery housing; and 9.8

(2) up to 25 percent of the money is for substance use disorder treatment programs as 9.9 defined in chapter 245G and may be used to implement, strengthen, or expand supportive 9.10 services and activities that are not covered by medical assistance under chapter 256B, 9.11 MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L, or the behavioral health fund under chapter 254B. 9.12 Services and activities may include adoption or expansion of evidence-based practices; 9.13 competency-based training; continuing education; culturally specific and culturally responsive 9.14 services; sober recreational activities; developing referral relationships; family preservation 9.15 and healing; and start-up or capacity funding for programs that specialize in adolescent, 9.16 culturally specific, culturally responsive, disability-specific, co-occurring disorder, or family 9.17 treatment services. 9.18

9.19 (b) The <u>office commissioner of health</u> shall consult with the Governor's Advisory Council
9.20 on Opioids, Substance Use, and Addiction; the commissioner of human services; and the
9.21 <u>commissioner of health the Office of Cannabis Management</u> to develop an appropriate
9.22 application process, establish grant requirements, determine what organizations are eligible
9.23 to receive grants, and establish reporting requirements for grant recipients.

Subd. 4. Reports to the legislature. By January 15, 2024, and each January 15 thereafter 9.24 year, the office commissioner of health must submit a report to the chairs and ranking 9.25 minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having 9.26 jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance that details grants awarded 9.27 from the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account grants awarded, 9.28 9.29 including the total amount awarded, total number of recipients, and geographic distribution of those recipients. Notwithstanding section 144.05, subdivision 7, the reporting requirement 9.30 under this subdivision does not expire. 9.31

9.32 Sec. 4. Laws 2023, chapter 70, article 20, section 2, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

9.33 Subd. 5. Central Office; Health Care

| 10.1 | Appropriations | by Fund | |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 10.2 | General 35,8 | 07,000 | 31,349,000 |
| 10.3 | Health Care Access 30,6 | 68,000 | 50,168,000 |
| 10.4 | (a) Medical assistance and M | linnesota | Care |
| 10.5 | accessibility improvements. | \$4,000,00 | 0 in |
| 10.6 | fiscal year 2024 is from the ge | eneral fund | d for |
| 10.7 | interactive voice response upg | rades and | |
| 10.8 | translation services for medica | l assistanc | e and |
| 10.9 | MinnesotaCare enrollees with | limited Er | nglish |
| 10.10 | proficiency. This appropriation | n is availa | ble |
| 10.11 | until June 30, 2025. | | |
| 10.12 | (b) Transforming service deli | very. \$15 | 5,000 |
| 10.13 | in fiscal year 2024 and \$180,00 | 00 in fisca | l year |
| 10.14 | 2025 are from the general fund | d for | |
| 10.15 | transforming service delivery | projects. | |
| 10.16 | (c) Improving the Minnesota | ı eligibilit | у |
| 10.17 | technology system functional | l ity. \$1,604 | 4,000 |
| 10.18 | in fiscal year 2024 and \$711,00 |)0 in fisca | l year |
| 10.19 | 2025 are from the general fund | l for impro | oving |
| 10.20 | the Minnesota eligibility techn | 10logy sys | stem |
| 10.21 | functionality. The base for this | s appropri | ation |
| 10.22 | is \$1,421,000 in fiscal year 20 | 26 and \$0 |) in |
| 10.23 | fiscal year 2027. | | |
| 10.24 | (d) Actuarial and economic a | analyses. | |
| 10.25 | \$2,500,000 is from the health c | are access | fund |
| 10.26 | for actuarial and economic and | alyses and | l to |
| 10.27 | prepare and submit a state inn | ovation w | aiver |
| 10.28 | under section 1332 of the fede | eral Afford | lable |
| 10.29 | Care Act for a Minnesota publ | ic option h | nealth |
| 10.30 | care plan. This is a onetime ap | propriatio | n and |
| 10.31 | is available until June 30, 202 | 5. | |

- 10.32 (e) Contingent appropriation for Minnesota
- 10.33 **public option health care plan. \$22,000,000**
- 10.34 in fiscal year 2025 is from the health care
- 10.35 access fund for agency initiatives related to

- 11.1 **implement** a Minnesota public option health
- 11.2 care plan. <u>The commissioner of human</u>
- 11.3 services, in fiscal year 2025, shall transfer
- 11.4 <u>from this appropriation to the commissioner</u>
- 11.5 of commerce an amount sufficient for the
- 11.6 commissioner of commerce to develop and
- 11.7 submit to the federal government a section
- 11.8 <u>1332 waiver request to implement a Minnesota</u>
- 11.9 public option health care plan. This is a
- 11.10 onetime appropriation and is available upon
- 11.11 approval of a state innovation waiver under
- 11.12 section 1332 of the federal Affordable Care

11.13 Act. This appropriation is available until June

- 11.14 **30, 2027.**
- 11.15 (f) Carryforward authority. Notwithstanding
- 11.16 Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28,
- 11.17 subdivision 3, \$2,367,000 of the appropriation
- 11.18 in fiscal year 2024 is available until June 30,
- 11.19 **2027.**
- 11.20 (g) Base level adjustment. The general fund
- 11.21 base is \$32,315,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
- 11.22 \$27,536,000 in fiscal year 2027. The health
- 11.23 care access fund base is \$28,168,000 in fiscal
- 11.24 year 2026 and \$28,168,000 in fiscal year 2027.

11.25 Sec. 5. <u>REQUEST FOR FEDERAL WAIVER TO IMPLEMENT A PUBLIC</u> 11.26 OPTION.

11.27 Subdivision 1. Waiver submittal. (a) The commissioner of commerce shall submit a

- section 1332 waiver request pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section 18052, to the
- 11.29 Secretary of Health and Human Services to obtain federal approval to implement a public
- 11.30 option. The commissioner (1) may contract for any analyses, certification, data, or other
- 11.31 information required to complete the section 1332 waiver application in accordance with
- 11.32 Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, part 108; Code of Federal Regulations, title 155, part
- 11.33 1308; and any other applicable federal law, and (2) is not subject to contract requirements
- 11.34 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16C.

| 12.1 | (b) The commissioner of commerce shall also seek, as part of the waiver request, federal |
|-------|---|
| 12.2 | approval for the state to: |
| 12.3 | (1) continue receiving federal Medicaid payments for Medicaid-eligible individuals and |
| 12.4 | federal basic health program payments for basic health program-eligible MinnesotaCare |
| 12.5 | individuals; and |
| 12.6 | (2) receive federal pass-through funding equal to the value of premium tax credits and |
| 12.7 | cost-sharing reductions that MinnesotaCare public option enrollees with household incomes |
| 12.8 | greater than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines would otherwise have received. |
| 12.9 | (c) In developing the waiver request, the commissioner of commerce shall consult |
| 12.10 | regularly with the commissioner of human services and the MNsure board. |
| 12.11 | Subd. 2. Public option requirements; waiver development; reports to legislature. (a) |
| 12.12 | The public option proposal submitted for waiver approval to the federal government must |
| 12.13 | be consistent with, but need not be identical to, the public option framework specified in |
| 12.14 | this section. |
| 12.15 | (b) The commissioner of commerce, in developing the public option proposal, may |
| 12.16 | modify the public option framework specified in this section based on consultation with the |
| 12.17 | commissioner of human services and the MNsure board and any analyses, certification, |
| 12.18 | data, or other information provided as part of the waiver development process. The |
| 12.19 | commissioner of commerce shall incorporate into the public option proposal any |
| 12.20 | recommendations made by the commissioner of human services regarding the provisions |
| 12.21 | of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256L, that would apply to the public option. |
| 12.22 | (c) The commissioner of commerce shall present to the chairs and ranking minority |
| 12.23 | members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care finance and policy |
| 12.24 | and health insurance an interim report on the public option proposal and waiver process by |
| 12.25 | December 15, 2024, and a final report by April 15, 2025. The interim and final reports must |
| 12.26 | include a description of and rationale for: |
| 12.27 | (1) any significant changes from the public option framework specified in this section; |
| 12.28 | and |
| 12.29 | (2) any features of the public option included in the waiver request but not addressed |
| 12.30 | by this framework. |
| 12.31 | The final report must also include a copy of the waiver request submitted to the federal |
| 12.32 | government and any supporting material. |

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Subd. 3. Access through MNsure. (a) The commissioner of human services shall offer 13.1 the public option through the MNsure website. The MNsure website must (1) ensure simple, 13.2 13.3 convenient, and understandable access to enrollment in the public option, and (2) allow individuals to compare public option coverage with other coverage options. The MNsure 13.4 board must extend the special enrollment period provisions that apply to qualified health 13.5 plan enrollment to individuals who are eligible to enroll in the public option. 13.6 13.7 (b) The MNsure board shall provide administrative functions to facilitate the offering 13.8 of the public option by the commissioner of human services. These functions include but are not limited to: marketing, call center operations, certification of insurance producers, 13.9 and making payments to navigators for the successful enrollment of applicants in the public 13.10 option. The MNsure board may provide additional administrative functions as requested 13.11 by the commissioner of human services. 13.12 13.13 (c) An individual must be able to apply for and, if eligible, enroll in the public option by completing the application for a qualified health plan with premium tax credits or 13.14 cost-sharing reductions. Enrollment in the public option must not require an applicant to 13.15 provide additional information or complete an action not required for an applicant to enroll 13.16 in a qualified health plan with premium tax credits or cost-sharing reductions. An individual 13.17 must provide information needed to confirm the individual is not eligible for medical 13.18 assistance under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256B, or MinnesotaCare under Minnesota 13.19 Statutes, chapter 256L. 13.20 (d) The MNsure board shall process all public option applications and make all eligibility 13.21 determinations for the public option. Eligibility decisions for the public option shall be 13.22 appealable to the MNsure board. 13.23 Subd. 4. Insurance producers. (a) The MNsure board may establish certification 13.24 requirements that must be met by insurance producers in order to assist individuals with 13.25 13.26 enrolling in the public option. (b) For each applicant an insurance producer successfully enrolls in the public option, 13.27 13.28 a health carrier shall offer the same compensation or other incentives that it offers for enrollment in other qualified health plans available through MNsure. 13.29 13.30 (c) An insurance producer assisting an individual with enrollment in the public option must disclose to that individual, orally and in writing at the time of first solicitation, that 13.31 the producer may receive compensation from the health carrier for enrolling the individual 13.32

13.33 in the public option.

| 14.1 | Subd. 5. Eligibility | for the public option. (a) | Families and individuals with income |
|-------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 14.2 | above the maximum inc | ome eligibility limit specifie | ed in Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.04, |
| 14.3 | subdivision 1 or 7, who | meet all other Minnesota | Care eligibility requirements are eligible |
| 14.4 | for the MinnesotaCare | public option, subject to th | e income limit phase-in and additional |
| 14.5 | requirements specified | in this section. Families and | l individuals enrolled in the public option |
| 14.6 | shall be considered Min | nnesotaCare enrollees and a | all provisions of Minnesota Statutes, |
| 14.7 | chapter 256L, applying | generally to MinnesotaCa | re enrollees shall apply to public option |
| 14.8 | enrollees, unless specif | ied otherwise in this section | n and unless the commissioner of human |
| 14.9 | services determines that | t departures from the Minn | nesotaCare provisions are necessary to |
| 14.10 | obtain federal funding | and communicates the deci | sion to the commissioner of commerce |
| 14.11 | as part of the waiver de | evelopment process. | |
| 14.12 | (b) Eligibility for the | e public option is subject to t | he following limits on household income: |
| 14.13 | (1) 400 percent of the | he federal poverty guidelin | es for the first plan year; |
| | (2) 550 | | |
| 14.14 | (2) 550 percent of the | he federal poverty guidelin | es for the second plan year; and |
| 14.15 | (3) no household in | come limit for the third and | l subsequent plan years. |
| 14.16 | (c) Families and ind | ividuals may enroll in the M | MinnesotaCare public option only during |
| 14.17 | an annual open enrollme | ent period or special enrolln | nent period, as designated by the MNsure |
| 14.18 | board in compliance wi | ith Code of Federal Regula | tions, title 45, sections 155.410 and |
| 14.19 | <u>155.420.</u> | | |
| 14.20 | Subd. 6. Premium | scale. Public option enrolle | ees shall pay premiums for individual or |
| 14.21 | family coverage, as app | blicable, according to the fo | ollowing premium scale: |
| 14.22 | | Household Income as | |
| 14.23 | Per | centage of Federal Pover | <u>ty</u> |
| 14.24 | | Guidelines | |
| 14.25 | Greater Than or | Not Exceeding | Required Premium Contribution |
| 14.26 | <u>Equal to</u> | | as Percentage of Household Income |
| 14.27 | 201% | <u>250%</u> | 4.88% |
| 14.28 | 251% | <u>300%</u> | 6.38% |
| 14.29 | <u>301%</u> | <u>400%</u> | 7.88% |
| 14.30 | <u>401%</u> | <u>500%</u> | <u>8.5%</u> |
| 14.31 | <u>501%</u> | <u>550%</u> | 9.01% |
| 14.32 | 551% and over | No maximum | <u>10%</u> |
| 14.33 | Subd. 7. Cost-shari | i ng . (a) Public option enrol | lees are subject to the MinnesotaCare |

- 14.34 cost-sharing requirements established under Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.03, subdivision
- 14.35 <u>5, except that:</u>

| 15.1 | (1) cost-sharing applies to all public option enrollees and there are no exemptions; |
|---|--|
| 15.2 | (2) the deductibles specified in paragraph (b) apply; |
| 15.3 | (3) the commissioner of human services shall set cost-sharing for public option enrollees |
| 15.4 | at an actuarial value of 94 percent, except that the actuarial value for public option enrollees |
| 15.5 | with household incomes above 400 percent of the federal poverty guidelines may be lower |
| 15.6 | than 94 percent to reflect the deductibles required under paragraph (b); and |
| 15.7 | (4) out-of-pocket maximums for public option enrollees must not exceed the out-of-pocket |
| 15.8 | maximums outlined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 156.130. |
| 15.9 | (b) Public option enrollees shall be subject to the following annual deductibles: |
| 15.10 | (1) for household incomes 401 percent to 500 percent of federal poverty guidelines, |
| 15.11 | <u>\$500;</u> |
| 15.12 | (2) for household incomes 501 percent to 600 percent of federal poverty guidelines, |
| 15.13 | \$1,000; and |
| 15.14 | (3) for household incomes 601 percent of federal poverty guidelines or above, \$1,500. |
| 15.15 | (c) No annual deductible shall apply to public option enrollees with household incomes |
| | |
| 15.16 | not exceeding 400 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. |
| 15.16 15.17 | not exceeding 400 percent of the federal poverty guidelines. Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall |
| | |
| 15.17 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall |
| 15.17 15.18 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 | <u>Subd. 8.</u> Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 | <u>Subd. 8.</u> Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. Subd. 9. Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 15.25 | <u>Subd. 8.</u> Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. <u>Subd. 9.</u> Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services (1) shall contract with managed care and county-based purchasing plans for the delivery of |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 15.25 15.26 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. Subd. 9. Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services (1) shall contract with managed care and county-based purchasing plans for the delivery of services to public option enrollees, and (2) may use a procurement process that is separate |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 15.25 15.26 15.27 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. Subd. 9. Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services (1) shall contract with managed care and county-based purchasing plans for the delivery of services to public option enrollees, and (2) may use a procurement process that is separate and unique from that used to contract for the delivery of services to MinnesotaCare enrollees |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 15.25 15.26 15.27 15.28 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. Subd. 9. Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services (1) shall contract with managed care and county-based purchasing plans for the delivery of services to public option enrollees, and (2) may use a procurement process that is separate and unique from that used to contract for the delivery of services to MinnesotaCare enrollees. who are not public option enrollees. |
| 15.17 15.18 15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24 15.25 15.26 15.27 15.28 15.29 | Subd. 8. Provider reimbursement. (a) The commissioner of human services shall require managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans to reimburse health care providers for services provided to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees at payment rates equal to or greater than the fee-for-service Medicare payment rate for the same service or for a similar service if the specific service is not reimbursed under Medicare. (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.11, subdivision 1, shall not apply to provider reimbursement for services delivered to MinnesotaCare public option enrollees. Subd. 9. Contracting and service delivery. (a) The commissioner of human services (1) shall contract with managed care and county-based purchasing plans for the delivery of services to public option enrollees, and (2) may use a procurement process that is separate and unique from that used to contract for the delivery of services to MinnesotaCare enrollees. (b) The commissioner of human services shall establish public option participation |

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HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENTREVISORRSIH4975-216.1EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

16.2 Sec. 6. **REPORT BY THE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE.**

By January 30, 2025, the commissioner of commerce must report to the chairs and 16.3 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce, 16.4 health, and human services, regarding the balance of the premium security plan account 16.5 under Minnesota Statutes, section 62E.25, subdivision 1, the estimated cost to continue the 16.6 premium security plan, and the plan's future interactions with public health programs. The 16.7 report must include an assessment of potential alternatives that would be available upon 16.8 16.9 expiration of the current waiver. 16.10 **ARTICLE 3 INSURANCE ASSESSMENTS AND FEES** 16.11 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 45.0135, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 16.12 Subd. 7. Assessment. Each insurer authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota, 16.13 including surplus lines carriers, and having Minnesota earned premium the previous calendar 16.14 year shall remit an assessment to the commissioner for deposit in the insurance fraud 16.15 prevention account on or before June 1 of each year. The amount of the assessment shall 16.16 be based on the insurer's total assets and on the insurer's total written Minnesota premium, 16.17 for the preceding fiscal year, as reported pursuant to section 60A.13. The assessment is 16.18 16.19 calculated to be an amount up to the following Beginning with the payment due on or before June 1, 2024, the assessment amount is: 16.20 Total Assets Assessment 16.21 200 16.22 \$ Less than \$100,000,000 400 16.23 750 16.24 \$100,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000 \$ 1,500 16.25

2,000 16.26 Over \$1,000,000,000 \$ 4,000 16.27 Minnesota Written Premium Assessment 16.28 20016.29 Less than \$10,000,000 \$ 400 16.30 750 16.31 \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 \$ 1,500 16.32 2,000 16.33 Over \$100,000,000 \$ 4,000 16.34

17.1 For purposes of this subdivision, the following entities are not considered to be insurers authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota: risk retention groups; or township 17.2 mutuals organized under chapter 67A. 17.3

17.4

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62Q.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 17.5

Subd. 3. Right to external review. (a) Any enrollee or anyone acting on behalf of an 17.6 enrollee who has received an adverse determination may submit a written request for an 17.7 external review of the adverse determination, if applicable under section 62Q.68, subdivision 17.8 1, or 62M.06, to the commissioner of health if the request involves a health plan company 17.9 regulated by that commissioner or to the commissioner of commerce if the request involves 17.10 a health plan company regulated by that commissioner. Notification of the enrollee's right 17.11 to external review must accompany the denial issued by the insurer. The written request 17.12 must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$25. The fee may be waived by the commissioner 17.13 17.14 of health or commerce in cases of financial hardship and must be refunded if the adverse determination is completely reversed. No enrollee may be subject to filing fees totaling 17.15 17.16 more than \$75 during a plan year for group coverage or policy year for individual coverage.

(b) Nothing in this section requires the commissioner of health or commerce to 17.17 independently investigate an adverse determination referred for independent external review. 17.18

(c) If an enrollee requests an external review, the health plan company must participate 17.19 in the external review. The cost of the external review in excess of the filing fee described 17.20 in paragraph (a) shall must be borne by the health plan company. 17.21

(d) The enrollee must request external review within six months from the date of the 17.22 adverse determination. 17.23

ARTICLE 4 17.24 **CONSUMER DATA PRIVACY** 17.25

Section 1. [13.6505] ATTORNEY GENERAL DATA CODED ELSEWHERE. 17.26

Subdivision 1. Scope. The section referred to in this section is codified outside this 17.27

chapter. Those sections classify attorney general data as other than public, place restrictions 17.28 on access to government data, or involve data sharing. 17.29

Subd. 2. Data privacy and protection assessments. A data privacy and protection 17.30

- assessment collected or maintained by the attorney general is classified under section 17.31
- 3250.08. 17.32

| 18.1 | Sec. 2. [3250.01] CITATION. |
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| 18.2 | This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Consumer Data Privacy Act." |
| | |
| 18.3 | Sec. 3. [3250.02] DEFINITIONS. |
| 18.4 | (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given. |
| 18.5 | (b) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common |
| 18.6 | control with another legal entity. For purposes of this paragraph, "control" or "controlled" |
| 18.7 | means: ownership of or the power to vote more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares |
| 18.8 | of any class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over the election of a |
| 18.9 | majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or the power to |
| 18.10 | exercise a controlling influence over the management of a company. |
| 18.11 | (c) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise |
| 18.12 | any of the rights under section 3250.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), is being made |
| 18.13 | by or rightfully on behalf of the consumer who is entitled to exercise the rights with respect |
| 18.14 | to the personal data at issue. |
| 18.15 | (d) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's |
| 18.16 | biological characteristics, including a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises, or other |
| 18.17 | unique biological patterns or characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual. |
| 18.18 | Biometric data does not include: |
| 18.19 | (1) a digital or physical photograph; |
| 18.20 | (2) an audio or video recording; or |
| 18.21 | (3) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video |
| 18.22 | recording, unless the data is generated to identify a specific individual. |
| 18.23 | (e) "Child" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 15, section 6501. |
| 18.24 | (f) "Consent" means any freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous indication |
| 18.25 | of the consumer's wishes by which the consumer signifies agreement to the processing of |
| 18.26 | personal data relating to the consumer. Acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or |
| 18.27 | similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other, |
| 18.28 | unrelated information does not constitute consent. Hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing |
| 18.29 | a given piece of content does not constitute consent. A consent is not valid when the |
| 18.30 | consumer's indication has been obtained by a dark pattern. A consumer may revoke consent |
| 18.31 | previously given, consistent with this chapter. |

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| 19.1 | (g) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Minnesota resident acting only in an |
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| 19.2 | individual or household context. Consumer does not include a natural person acting in a |
| 19.3 | commercial or employment context. |
| 19.4 | (h) "Controller" means the natural or legal person who, alone or jointly with others, |
| 19.5 | determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data. |
| 19.6 | (i) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer" |
| 19.7 | means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller |
| 19.8 | of financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, |
| 19.9 | criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods |
| 19.10 | or services. |
| 19.11 | (j) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial |
| 19.12 | effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision making, or choice. |
| 19.13 | (k) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information |
| 19.14 | about or otherwise be linked to an identified or identifiable natural person or a device linked |
| 19.15 | to an identified or identifiable natural person, provided that the controller that possesses the |
| 19.16 | data: |
| 19.17 | (1) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with a natural |
| 19.18 | person; |
| 19.19 | (2) publicly commits to process the data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt |
| 19.20 | to reidentify the data; and |
| 19.21 | (3) contractually obligates any recipients of the information to comply with all provisions |
| 19.22 | of this paragraph. |
| 19.23 | (1) "Delete" means to remove or destroy information so that it is not maintained in human- |
| 19.24 | or machine-readable form and cannot be retrieved or utilized in the ordinary course of |
| 19.25 | business. |
| 19.26 | (m) "Genetic information" has the meaning given in section 13.386, subdivision 1. |
| 19.27 | (n) "Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person who can be readily |
| 19.28 | identified, directly or indirectly. |
| 19.29 | (o) "Known child" means a person under circumstances where a controller has actual |
| 19.30 | knowledge of, or willfully disregards, that the person is under 13 years of age. |
| 19.31 | (p) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an |
| 19.32 | identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data does not include deidentified data or |

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| 20.1 | publicly available information. For purposes of this paragraph, "publicly available |
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| 20.2 | information" means information that (1) is lawfully made available from federal, state, or |
| 20.3 | local government records or widely distributed media, or (2) a controller has a reasonable |
| 20.4 | basis to believe has lawfully been made available to the general public. |
| 20.5 | (q) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations that are performed |
| 20.6 | on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, including |
| 20.7 | but not limited to the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification |
| 20.8 | of personal data. |
| 20.9 | (r) "Processor" means a natural or legal person who processes personal data on behalf |
| 20.10 | of a controller. |
| 20.11 | (s) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of personal data to evaluate, |
| 20.12 | analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable natural person's |
| 20.13 | economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, |
| 20.14 | or movements. |
| 20.15 | (t) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific |
| 20.16 | natural person without the use of additional information, provided that the additional |
| 20.17 | information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational |
| 20.18 | measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable |
| 20.19 | natural person. |
| 20.20 | (u) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other |
| 20.21 | valuable consideration by the controller to a third party. Sale does not include the following: |
| 20.22 | (1) the disclosure of personal data to a processor who processes the personal data on |
| 20.23 | behalf of the controller; |
| 20.24 | (2) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product |
| 20.25 | or service requested by the consumer; |
| 20.26 | (3) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller; |
| 20.27 | (4) the disclosure of information that the consumer intentionally made available to the |
| 20.28 | general public via a channel of mass media and did not restrict to a specific audience; |
| 20.29 | (5) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a |
| 20.30 | completed or proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the |
| 20.31 | third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets; or |

| 21.1 | (6) the exchange of personal data between the producer of a good or service and |
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| 21.2 | authorized agents of the producer who sell and service the goods and services, to enable |
| 21.3 | the cooperative provisioning of goods and services by both the producer and the producer's |
| 21.4 | agents. |
| 21.5 | (v) Sensitive data is a form of personal data. "Sensitive data" means: |
| 21.6 | (1) personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical |
| 21.7 | health condition or diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration status; |
| 21.8 | (2) the processing of biometric data or genetic information for the purpose of uniquely |
| 21.9 | identifying an individual; |
| 21.10 | (3) the personal data of a known child; or |
| 21.11 | (4) specific geolocation data. |
| 21.12 | (w) "Specific geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including |
| 21.13 | but not limited to global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other |
| 21.14 | mechanisms, that directly identifies the geographic coordinates of a consumer or a device |
| 21.15 | linked to a consumer with an accuracy of more than three decimal degrees of latitude and |
| 21.16 | longitude or the equivalent in an alternative geographic coordinate system, or a street address |
| 21.17 | derived from the coordinates. Specific geolocation data does not include the content of |
| 21.18 | communications, the contents of databases containing street address information which are |
| 21.19 | accessible to the public as authorized by law, or any data generated by or connected to |
| 21.20 | advanced utility metering infrastructure systems or other equipment for use by a public |
| 21.21 | utility. |
| 21.22 | (x) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the |
| 21.23 | advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from the consumer's |
| 21.24 | activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict the |
| 21.25 | consumer's preferences or interests. Targeted advertising does not include: |
| 21.26 | (1) advertising based on activities within a controller's own websites or online |
| 21.27 | applications; |
| 21.28 | (2) advertising based on the context of a consumer's current search query or visit to a |
| 21.29 | website or online application; |
| 21.30 | (3) advertising to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or |
| 21.31 | feedback; or |

| 22.1 | (4) processing personal data solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance, |
|-------|---|
| 22.2 | reach, or frequency. |
| 22.3 | (y) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body other |
| 22.4 | than the consumer, controller, processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller. |
| 22.5 | (z) "Trade secret" has the meaning given in section 325C.01, subdivision 5. |
| 22.5 | (z) Trade secret has the meaning given in section 3250.01 , subdivision 5. |
| 22.6 | Sec. 4. [3250.03] SCOPE; EXCLUSIONS. |
| 22.7 | Subdivision 1. Scope. (a) This chapter applies to legal entities that conduct business in |
| 22.8 | Minnesota or produce products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, and |
| 22.9 | that satisfy one or more of the following thresholds: |
| 22.10 | (1) during a calendar year, controls or processes personal data of 100,000 consumers or |
| 22.11 | more, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing |
| 22.12 | a payment transaction; or |
| 22.13 | (2) derives over 25 percent of gross revenue from the sale of personal data and processes |
| 22.14 | or controls personal data of 25,000 consumers or more. |
| 22.15 | (b) A controller or processor acting as a technology provider under section 13.32 shall |
| 22.16 | comply with this chapter and section 13.32, except that when the provisions of section 13.32 |
| 22.17 | conflict with this chapter, section 13.32 prevails. |
| 22.18 | Subd. 2. Exclusions. (a) This chapter does not apply to the following entities, activities, |
| 22.19 | or types of information: |
| 22.20 | (1) a government entity, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 7a; |
| 22.20 | |
| 22.21 | (2) a federally recognized Indian tribe; |
| 22.22 | (3) information that meets the definition of: |
| 22.23 | (i) protected health information, as defined by and for purposes of the Health Insurance |
| 22.24 | Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations; |
| 22.25 | (ii) health records, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2; |
| 22.26 | (iii) patient identifying information for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title |
| 22.27 | 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section 290dd-2; |
| 22.28 | (iv) identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection |
| 22.29 | of human subjects, Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 46; identifiable private |
| 22.30 | information that is otherwise information collected as part of human subjects research |
| 22.31 | pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for |

| 23.1 | Harmonisation; the protection of human subjects under Code of Federal Regulations, title |
|-------|--|
| 23.2 | 21, parts 50 and 56; or personal data used or shared in research conducted in accordance |
| 23.3 | with one or more of the requirements set forth in this paragraph; |
| 23.4 | (v) information and documents created for purposes of the federal Health Care Quality |
| 23.5 | Improvement Act of 1986, Public Law 99-660, and related regulations; or |
| 23.6 | (vi) patient safety work product for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, |
| 23.7 | part 3, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, sections 299b-21 to 299b-26; |
| 23.8 | (4) information that is derived from any of the health care-related information listed in |
| 23.9 | clause (3), but that has been deidentified in accordance with the requirements for |
| 23.10 | deidentification set forth in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 164; |
| 00.11 | |
| 23.11 | (5) information originating from, and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, any of |
| 23.12 | the health care-related information listed in clause (3) that is maintained by: |
| 23.13 | (i) a covered entity or business associate, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability |
| 23.14 | and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations; |
| 23.15 | (ii) a health care provider, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2; or |
| 23.16 | (iii) a program or a qualified service organization, as defined by Code of Federal |
| 23.17 | Regulations, title 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section |
| 23.18 | <u>290dd-2;</u> |
| 23.19 | (6) information that is: |
| 23.20 | (i) maintained by an entity that meets the definition of health care provider under Code |
| 23.21 | of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 160.103, to the extent that the entity maintains the |
| 23.22 | information in the manner required of covered entities with respect to protected health |
| 23.23 | information for purposes of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of |
| 23.24 | 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations; |
| 23.25 | (ii) included in a limited data set, as described under Code of Federal Regulations, title |
| 23.26 | 45, part 164.514(e), to the extent that the information is used, disclosed, and maintained in |
| 23.27 | the manner specified by that part; |
| 23.28 | (iii) maintained by, or maintained to comply with the rules or orders of, a self-regulatory |
| 23.29 | organization as defined by United States Code, title 15, section 78c(a)(26); or |
| 23.30 | (iv) originated from, or intermingled with, information described in clause (9) and that |
| 23.31 | a licensed residential mortgage originator, as defined under section 58.02, subdivision 19, |
| 23.32 | or residential mortgage servicer, as defined under section 58.02, subdivision 20, collects, |
| | |

processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as required under the laws and regulations 24.1 24.2 specified in clause (9); (7) information used only for public health activities and purposes, as described under 24.3 Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 164.512; 24.4 24.5 (8) an activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal data bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit 24.6 capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a 24.7 consumer reporting agency, as defined in United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(f), by 24.8 a furnisher of information, as set forth in United States Code, title 15, section 1681s-2, who 24.9 provides information for use in a consumer report, as defined in United States Code, title 24.10 15, section 1681a(d), and by a user of a consumer report, as set forth in United States Code, 24.11 title 15, section 1681b, except that information is only excluded under this paragraph to the 24.12 extent that the activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, 24.13 or use of the information by the agency, furnisher, or user is subject to regulation under the 24.14 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 1681 to 1681x, and 24.15 the information is not collected, maintained, used, communicated, disclosed, or sold except 24.16 as authorized by the Fair Credit Reporting Act; 24.17 (9) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal 24.18 Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Public Law 106-102, and implementing regulations, if the 24.19 collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law; 24.20 (10) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Driver's 24.21 Privacy Protection Act of 1994, United States Code, title 18, sections 2721 to 2725, if the 24.22 collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law; 24.23 (11) personal data regulated by the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 24.24 United States Code, title 20, section 1232g, and implementing regulations; 24.25 24.26 (12) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended, United States Code, title 12, sections 2001 to 2279cc, and 24.27 implementing regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 12, part 600, if the collection, 24.28 processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law; 24.29 (13) data collected or maintained: 24.30 (i) in the course of an individual acting as a job applicant to or an employee, owner, 24.31 director, officer, medical staff member, or contractor of a business if the data is collected 24.32 and used solely within the context of the role; 24.33

| 25.1 | (ii) as the emergency contact information of an individual under item (i) if used solely |
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| 25.2 | for emergency contact purposes; or |
| 25.3 | (iii) that is necessary for the business to retain to administer benefits for another individual |
| 25.4 | relating to the individual under item (i) if used solely for the purposes of administering those |
| 25.5 | benefits; |
| 25.6 | (14) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the Minnesota |
| 25.7 | Insurance Fair Information Reporting Act in sections 72A.49 to 72A.505; |
| 25.8 | (15) data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed as part of a payment-only credit, check, |
| 25.9 | or cash transaction where no data about consumers, as defined in section 3250.02, are |
| 25.10 | retained; |
| 25.11 | (16) a state or federally chartered bank or credit union, or an affiliate or subsidiary that |
| 25.12 | is principally engaged in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12, |
| 25.13 | <u>section 1843(k);</u> |
| 25.14 | (17) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable |
| 25.15 | from, information described in clause (8) and that a person licensed under chapter 56 collects, |
| 25.16 | processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the laws and regulations |
| 25.17 | specified in clause (8); |
| 25.18 | (18) an insurance company, as defined in section 60A.02, subdivision 4, an insurance |
| 25.19 | producer, as defined in section 60K.31, subdivision 6, a third-party administrator of |
| 25.20 | self-insurance, or an affiliate or subsidiary of any entity identified in this clause that is |
| 25.21 | principally engaged in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12, |
| 25.22 | section 1843(k), except that this clause does not apply to a person that, alone or in |
| 25.23 | combination with another person, establishes and maintains a self-insurance program that |
| 25.24 | does not otherwise engage in the business of entering into policies of insurance; |
| 25.25 | (19) a small business, as defined by the United States Small Business Administration |
| 25.26 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, except that a small business identified |
| 25.27 | in this clause is subject to section 3250.075; |
| 25.28 | (20) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in |
| 25.29 | connection with insurance; and |
| 25.30 | (21) an air carrier subject to the federal Airline Deregulation Act, Public Law 95-504, |
| 25.31 | only to the extent that an air carrier collects personal data related to prices, routes, or services |
| 25.32 | and only to the extent that the provisions of the Airline Deregulation Act preempt the |
| 25.33 | requirements of this chapter. |

| 26.1 | (b) Controllers that are in compliance with the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, |
|-------|--|
| 26.2 | United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and implementing regulations, shall be |
| 26.3 | deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter. |
| | |
| 26.4 | Sec. 5. [3250.04] RESPONSIBILITY ACCORDING TO ROLE. |
| 26.5 | (a) Controllers and processors are responsible for meeting the respective obligations |
| 26.6 | established under this chapter. |
| 26.7 | (b) Processors are responsible under this chapter for adhering to the instructions of the |
| 26.8 | controller and assisting the controller to meet the controller's obligations under this chapter. |
| 26.9 | Assistance under this paragraph shall include the following: |
| 26.10 | (1) taking into account the nature of the processing, the processor shall assist the controller |
| 26.11 | by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, for the |
| 26.12 | fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to consumer requests to exercise their |
| 26.13 | rights pursuant to section 3250.05; and |
| 26.14 | (2) taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the |
| 26.15 | processor, the processor shall assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in |
| 26.16 | relation to the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of |
| 26.17 | a breach of the security of the system pursuant to section 325E.61, and shall provide |
| 26.18 | information to the controller necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document |
| 26.19 | any data privacy and protection assessments required by section 3250.08. |
| 26.20 | (c) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the processor's data |
| 26.21 | processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The |
| 26.22 | contract shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature |
| 26.23 | and purpose of processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing, |
| 26.24 | and the rights and obligations of both parties. The contract shall also require that the |
| 26.25 | processor: |
| 26.26 | (1) ensure that each person processing the personal data is subject to a duty of |
| 26.27 | confidentiality with respect to the data; and |
| 26.28 | (2) engage a subcontractor only (i) after providing the controller with an opportunity to |
| 26.29 | object, and (ii) pursuant to a written contract in accordance with paragraph (e) that requires |
| 26.30 | the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the personal data. |
| 26.31 | (d) Taking into account the context of processing, the controller and the processor shall |
| 26.32 | implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security |

| 27.1 | appropriate to the risk and establish a clear allocation of the responsibilities between the |
|-------|---|
| 27.2 | controller and the processor to implement the technical and organizational measures. |
| 27.3 | (e) Processing by a processor shall be governed by a contract between the controller and |
| 27.4 | the processor that is binding on both parties and that sets out the processing instructions to |
| 27.5 | which the processor is bound, including the nature and purpose of the processing, the type |
| 27.6 | of personal data subject to the processing, the duration of the processing, and the obligations |
| 27.7 | and rights of both parties. The contract shall include the requirements imposed by this |
| 27.8 | paragraph, paragraphs (c) and (d), as well as the following requirements: |
| 27.9 | (1) at the choice of the controller, the processor shall delete or return all personal data |
| 27.10 | to the controller as requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the |
| 27.11 | personal data is required by law; |
| 27.12 | (2) upon a reasonable request from the controller, the processor shall make available to |
| 27.13 | the controller all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations in |
| 27.14 | this chapter; and |
| 27.15 | (3) the processor shall allow for, and contribute to, reasonable assessments and inspections |
| 27.16 | by the controller or the controller's designated assessor. Alternatively, the processor may |
| 27.17 | arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to conduct, at least annually and at the |
| 27.18 | processor's expense, an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational |
| 27.19 | measures in support of the obligations under this chapter. The assessor must use an |
| 27.20 | appropriate and accepted control standard or framework and assessment procedure for |
| 27.21 | assessments as applicable, and shall provide a report of an assessment to the controller upon |
| 27.22 | request. |
| 27.23 | (f) In no event shall any contract relieve a controller or a processor from the liabilities |
| 27.24 | imposed on a controller or processor by virtue of the controller's or processor's roles in the |
| 27.25 | processing relationship under this chapter. |
| 27.26 | (g) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to |
| 27.27 | a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in |
| 27.28 | which personal data are to be processed. A person that is not limited in the person's processing |
| 27.29 | of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or that fails to adhere to a controller's |
| 27.30 | instructions, is a controller and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. |
| 27.31 | A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific |
| 27.32 | processing of personal data remains a processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with |
| 27.33 | others, determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal data, the processor |
| 27.34 | is a controller with respect to the processing. |

| 28.1 | Sec. 6. [3250.05] CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS. |
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| 28.2 | Subdivision 1. Consumer rights provided. (a) Except as provided in this chapter, a |
| 28.3 | controller must comply with a request to exercise the consumer rights provided in this |
| 28.4 | subdivision. |
| 28.5 | (b) A consumer has the right to confirm whether or not a controller is processing personal |
| 28.6 | data concerning the consumer and access the categories of personal data the controller is |
| 28.7 | processing. |
| 28.8 | (c) A consumer has the right to correct inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer, |
| 28.9 | taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the |
| 28.10 | personal data. |
| 28.11 | (d) A consumer has the right to delete personal data concerning the consumer. |
| 28.12 | (e) A consumer has the right to obtain personal data concerning the consumer, which |
| 28.13 | the consumer previously provided to the controller, in a portable and, to the extent technically |
| 28.14 | feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another |
| 28.15 | controller without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means. |
| 28.16 | (f) A consumer has the right to opt out of the processing of personal data concerning |
| 28.17 | the consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, the sale of personal data, or profiling in |
| 28.18 | furtherance of automated decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or |
| 28.19 | similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. |
| 28.20 | (g) If a consumer's personal data is profiled in furtherance of decisions that produce |
| 28.21 | legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer, |
| 28.22 | the consumer has the right to question the result of the profiling, to be informed of the reason |
| 28.23 | that the profiling resulted in the decision, and, if feasible, to be informed of what actions |
| 28.24 | the consumer might have taken to secure a different decision and the actions that the |
| 28.25 | consumer might take to secure a different decision in the future. The consumer has the right |
| 28.26 | to review the consumer's personal data used in the profiling. If the decision is determined |
| 28.27 | to have been based upon inaccurate personal data, taking into account the nature of the |
| 28.28 | personal data and the purposes of the processing of the personal data, the consumer has the |
| 28.29 | right to have the data corrected and the profiling decision reevaluated based upon the |
| 28.30 | corrected data. |
| 28.31 | (h) A consumer has a right to obtain a list of the specific third parties to which the |
| 28.32 | controller has disclosed the consumer's personal data. If the controller does not maintain |

the information in a format specific to the consumer, a list of specific third parties to whom 29.1 the controller has disclosed any consumers' personal data may be provided instead. 29.2 29.3 Subd. 2. Exercising consumer rights. (a) A consumer may exercise the rights set forth in this section by submitting a request, at any time, to a controller specifying which rights 29.4 29.5 the consumer wishes to exercise. (b) In the case of processing personal data concerning a known child, the parent or legal 29.6 guardian of the known child may exercise the rights of this chapter on the child's behalf. 29.7 (c) In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer legally subject to 29.8 guardianship or conservatorship under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, the guardian or the 29.9 conservator of the consumer may exercise the rights of this chapter on the consumer's behalf. 29.10 (d) A consumer may designate another person as the consumer's authorized agent to 29.11 exercise the consumer's right to opt out of the processing of the consumer's personal data 29.12 for purposes of targeted advertising and sale under subdivision 1, paragraph (f), on the 29.13 consumer's behalf. A consumer may designate an authorized agent by way of, among other 29.14 things, a technology, including but not limited to an Internet link or a browser setting, 29.15 browser extension, or global device setting, indicating the consumer's intent to opt out of 29.16 the processing. A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received from an authorized 29.17 agent if the controller is able to verify, with commercially reasonable effort, the identity of 29.18 the consumer and the authorized agent's authority to act on the consumer's behalf. 29.19 Subd. 3. Universal opt-out mechanisms. (a) A controller must allow a consumer to opt 29.20 out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, 29.21 or any sale of the consumer's personal data through an opt-out preference signal sent, with 29.22 the consumer's consent, by a platform, technology, or mechanism to the controller indicating 29.23 the consumer's intent to opt out of the processing or sale. The platform, technology, or 29.24 mechanism must: 29.25 29.26 (1) not unfairly disadvantage another controller; 29.27 (2) not make use of a default setting, but require the consumer to make an affirmative, freely given, and unambiguous choice to opt out of the processing of the consumer's personal 29.28 29.29 data; (3) be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer; 29.30 (4) be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology, or mechanism 29.31 required by any federal or state law or regulation; and 29.32

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| 30.1 | (5) enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a Minnesota |
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| 30.2 | resident and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt out of any sale of |
| 30.3 | the consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. For purposes of this paragraph, the |
| 30.4 | use of an Internet protocol address to estimate the consumer's location is sufficient to |
| 30.5 | determine the consumer's residence. |
| 30.6 | (b) If a consumer's opt-out request is exercised through the platform, technology, or |
| 30.7 | mechanism required under paragraph (a), and the request conflicts with the consumer's |
| 30.8 | existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona |
| 30.9 | fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program, the controller |
| 30.10 | must comply with the consumer's opt-out preference signal but may also notify the consumer |
| 30.11 | of the conflict and provide the consumer a choice to confirm the controller-specific privacy |
| 30.12 | setting or participation in the controller's program. |
| 30.13 | (c) The platform, technology, or mechanism required under paragraph (a) is subject to |
| 30.14 | the requirements of subdivision 4. |
| 30.15 | (d) A controller that recognizes opt-out preference signals that have been approved by |
| 30.16 | other state laws or regulations is in compliance with this subdivision. |
| | |
| 30.17 | Subd. 4. Controller response to consumer requests. (a) Except as provided in this |
| 30.17 30.18 | <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>Controller response to consumer requests.</u> (a) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision |
| | |
| 30.18 | chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision |
| 30.18 30.19 | chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision 1. |
| 30.1830.1930.20 | chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision <u>1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to |
| 30.1830.1930.2030.21 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision</u> <u>1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision</u> <u>1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision</u> <u>(b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests.</u> |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.24 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision</u> <u>1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.24 30.25 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision</u> <u>1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise the a right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.24 30.25 30.26 | chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise a right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.23 30.24 30.25 30.26 30.27 | <u>chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision 1.</u> (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise the consumer's right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. (d) A controller must comply with a request to exercise the right in subdivision 1, |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.23 30.24 30.25 30.26 30.27 30.28 | chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made available must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. (d) A controller must comply with a request to exercise the right in subdivision 1, paragraph (f), as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than 45 days of receipt of the request. |
| 30.18 30.19 30.20 30.21 30.22 30.23 30.23 30.24 30.25 30.26 30.27 30.28 30.29 | <u>chapter</u>, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision <u>(b)</u> A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. The means made <u>available</u> must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests. (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise a right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the consumer's rights under this section. (d) A controller must comply with a request to exercise the right in subdivision 1, paragraph (f), as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than 45 days of receipt of the request. |

| 31.1 | consumer of any extension within 45 days of receipt of the request, together with the reasons |
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| 31.2 | for the delay. |
| 31.3 | (f) If a controller does not take action on a consumer's request, the controller must inform |
| 31.4 | the consumer without undue delay and at the latest within 45 days of receipt of the request |
| 31.5 | of the reasons for not taking action and instructions for how to appeal the decision with the |
| 31.6 | controller as described in subdivision 5. |
| 31.7 | (g) Information provided under this section must be provided by the controller free of |
| 31.8 | charge up to twice annually to the consumer. Where requests from a consumer are manifestly |
| 31.9 | unfounded or excessive, in particular because of the repetitive character of the requests, the |
| 31.10 | controller may either charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying |
| 31.11 | with the request, or refuse to act on the request. The controller bears the burden of |
| 31.12 | demonstrating the manifestly unfounded or excessive character of the request. |
| 31.13 | (h) A controller is not required to comply with a request to exercise any of the rights |
| 31.14 | under subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), if the controller is unable to authenticate the |
| 31.15 | request using commercially reasonable efforts. In such cases, the controller may request |
| 31.16 | the provision of additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate the request. A |
| 31.17 | controller is not required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an |
| 31.18 | opt-out request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that |
| 31.19 | the request is fraudulent. If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller |
| 31.20 | believes a request is fraudulent, the controller must notify the person who made the request |
| 31.21 | that the request was denied due to the controller's belief that the request was fraudulent and |
| 31.22 | state the controller's basis for that belief. |
| 31.23 | (i) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller must not disclose |
| 31.24 | the following information about a consumer, but must instead inform the consumer with |
| 31.25 | sufficient particularity that the controller has collected that type of information: |
| 31.26 | (1) Social Security number; |
| 31.27 | (2) driver's license number or other government-issued identification number; |
| 31.28 | (3) financial account number; |
| 31.29 | (4) health insurance account number or medical identification number; |
| 31.30 | (5) account password, security questions, or answers; or |
| 31.31 | (6) biometric data. |

| 32.1 | (j) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller is not required |
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| 32.2 | to reveal any trade secret. |
| 32.3 | (k) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other |
| 32.4 | than the consumer may comply with a consumer's request to delete the consumer's personal |
| 32.5 | data pursuant to subdivision 1, paragraph (d), by either: |
| 32.6 | (1) retaining a record of the deletion request, retaining the minimum data necessary for |
| 32.7 | the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the business's |
| 32.8 | records, and not using the retained data for any other purpose pursuant to the provisions of |
| 32.9 | this chapter; or |
| 32.10 | (2) opting the consumer out of the processing of personal data for any purpose except |
| 32.11 | for the purposes exempted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. |
| 32.12 | Subd. 5. Appeal process required. (a) A controller must establish an internal process |
| 32.13 | whereby a consumer may appeal a refusal to take action on a request to exercise any of the |
| 32.14 | rights under subdivision 1 within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt |
| 32.15 | of the notice sent by the controller under subdivision 4, paragraph (f). |
| 32.16 | (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available. The process must include the |
| 32.17 | ease of use provisions in subdivision 3 applicable to submitting requests. |
| 32.18 | (c) Within 45 days of receipt of an appeal, a controller must inform the consumer of any |
| 32.19 | action taken or not taken in response to the appeal, along with a written explanation of the |
| 32.20 | reasons in support thereof. That period may be extended by 60 additional days where |
| 32.21 | reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the requests serving |
| 32.22 | as the basis for the appeal. The controller must inform the consumer of any extension within |
| 32.23 | 45 days of receipt of the appeal, together with the reasons for the delay. |
| 32.24 | (d) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to an appeal |
| 32.25 | pursuant to paragraph (c), the controller must provide a written explanation of the reasons |
| 32.26 | for the controller's decision and clearly and prominently provide the consumer with |
| 32.27 | information about how to file a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General. The |
| 32.28 | controller must maintain records of all appeals and the controller's responses for at least 24 |
| 32.29 | months and shall, upon written request by the attorney general as part of an investigation, |
| 32.30 | compile and provide a copy of the records to the attorney general. |

| 33.1 | Sec. 7. [3250.06] PROCESSING DEIDENTIFIED DATA OR PSEUDONYMOUS |
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| 33.2 | DATA. |
| 33.3 | (a) This chapter does not require a controller or processor to do any of the following |
| 33.4 | solely for purposes of complying with this chapter: |
| 33.5 | (1) reidentify deidentified data; |
| 33.6 | (2) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or |
| 33.7 | technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with |
| 33.8 | personal data; or |
| 33.9 | (3) comply with an authenticated consumer request to access, correct, delete, or port |
| 33.10 | personal data pursuant to section 3250.05, subdivision 1, if all of the following are true: |
| 33.11 | (i) the controller is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal |
| 33.12 | data, or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request |
| 33.13 | with the personal data; |
| 33.14 | (ii) the controller does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific |
| 33.15 | consumer who is the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other |
| 33.16 | personal data about the same specific consumer; and |
| 33.17 | (iii) the controller does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise |
| 33.18 | voluntarily disclose the personal data to any third party other than a processor, except as |
| 33.19 | otherwise permitted in this section. |
| 33.20 | (b) The rights contained in section 325O.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), do not |
| 33.21 | apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate any |
| 33.22 | information necessary to identify the consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective |
| 33.23 | technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing the |
| 33.24 | information. |
| 33.25 | (c) A controller that uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data must exercise reasonable |
| 33.26 | oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the |
| 33.27 | pseudonymous data or deidentified data are subject, and must take appropriate steps to |
| 33.28 | address any breaches of contractual commitments. |
| 33.29 | (d) A processor or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of deidentified |
| 33.30 | or pseudonymous data without the express authority of the controller that caused the data |
| 33.31 | to be deidentified or pseudonymized. |

| 34.1 | (e) A controller, processor, or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of |
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34.2 data that has been collected with only pseudonymous identifiers.

34.3 Sec. 8. [3250.07] RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROLLERS.

- 34.4 Subdivision 1. Transparency obligations. (a) Controllers must provide consumers with
- 34.5 a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:
- 34.6 (1) the categories of personal data processed by the controller;
- 34.7 (2) the purposes for which the categories of personal data are processed;
- 34.8 (3) an explanation of the rights contained in section 3250.05 and how and where
- 34.9 <u>consumers may exercise those rights, including how a consumer may appeal a controller's</u>
- 34.10 action with regard to the consumer's request;
- 34.11 (4) the categories of personal data that the controller sells to or shares with third parties,
- 34.12 <u>if any;</u>
- 34.13 (5) the categories of third parties, if any, with whom the controller sells or shares personal
 34.14 data;
- 34.15 (6) the controller's contact information, including an active email address or other online
 34.16 mechanism that the consumer may use to contact the controller;
- 34.17 (7) a description of the controller's retention policies for personal data; and
- 34.18 (8) the date the privacy notice was last updated.
- 34.19 (b) If a controller sells personal data to third parties, processes personal data for targeted
- 34.20 advertising, or engages in profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects

34.21 concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer, the controller

34.22 <u>must disclose the processing in the privacy notice and provide access to a clear and</u>

34.23 <u>conspicuous method outside the privacy notice for a consumer to opt out of the sale,</u>

34.24 processing, or profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a

- 34.25 consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. This method may include
- 34.26 but is not limited to an Internet hyperlink clearly labeled "Your Opt-Out Rights" or "Your
- 34.27 Privacy Rights" that directly effectuates the opt-out request or takes consumers to a web
- 34.28 page where the consumer can make the opt-out request.
- 34.29 (c) The privacy notice must be made available to the public in each language in which
- 34.30 the controller provides a product or service that is subject to the privacy notice or carries
- 34.31 out activities related to the product or service.

| 35.1 | (d) The controller must provide the privacy notice in a manner that is reasonably |
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| 35.2 | accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. |
| 35.3 | (e) Whenever a controller makes a material change to the controller's privacy notice or |
| 35.4 | practices, the controller must notify consumers affected by the material change with respect |
| 35.5 | to any prospectively collected personal data and provide a reasonable opportunity for |
| 35.6 | consumers to withdraw consent to any further materially different collection, processing, |
| 35.7 | or transfer of previously collected personal data under the changed policy. The controller |
| 35.8 | shall take all reasonable electronic measures to provide notification regarding material |
| 35.9 | changes to affected consumers, taking into account available technology and the nature of |
| 35.10 | the relationship. |
| 35.11 | (f) A controller is not required to provide a separate Minnesota-specific privacy notice |
| 35.12 | or section of a privacy notice if the controller's general privacy notice contains all the |
| 35.13 | information required by this section. |
| 35.14 | (g) The privacy notice must be posted online through a conspicuous hyperlink using the |
| 35.15 | word "privacy" on the controller's website home page or on a mobile application's app store |
| 35.16 | page or download page. A controller that maintains an application on a mobile or other |
| 35.17 | device shall also include a hyperlink to the privacy notice in the application's settings menu |
| 35.18 | or in a similarly conspicuous and accessible location. A controller that does not operate a |
| 35.19 | website shall make the privacy notice conspicuously available to consumers through a |
| 35.20 | medium regularly used by the controller to interact with consumers, including but not limited |
| 35.21 | to mail. |
| 35.22 | Subd. 2. Use of data. (a) A controller must limit the collection of personal data to what |
| 35.23 | is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes for which the |
| 35.24 | data are processed, which must be disclosed to the consumer. |
| 35.25 | (b) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller may not process personal data for |
| 35.26 | purposes that are not reasonably necessary to, or compatible with, the purposes for which |
| 35.27 | the personal data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains |
| 35.28 | the consumer's consent. |
| 35.29 | (c) A controller shall establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, |
| 35.30 | technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and |
| 35.31 | accessibility of personal data, including the maintenance of an inventory of the data that |
| 35.32 | must be managed to exercise these responsibilities. The data security practices shall be |
| 35.33 | appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue. |

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| 36.1 | (d) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a controller may not process sensitive data |
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| 36.2 | concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the case of the |
| 36.3 | processing of personal data concerning a known child, without obtaining consent from the |
| 36.4 | child's parent or lawful guardian, in accordance with the requirement of the Children's |
| 36.5 | Online Privacy Protection Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and its |
| 36.6 | implementing regulations, rules, and exemptions. |
| 36.7 | (e) A controller shall provide an effective mechanism for a consumer, or, in the case of |
| 36.8 | the processing of personal data concerning a known child, the child's parent or lawful |
| 36.9 | guardian, to revoke previously given consent under this subdivision. The mechanism provided |
| 36.10 | shall be at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consent was previously given. Upon |
| 36.11 | revocation of consent, a controller shall cease to process the applicable data as soon as |
| 36.12 | practicable, but not later than 15 days after the receipt of such request. |
| 36.13 | (f) A controller may not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted |
| 36.14 | advertising, or sell the consumer's personal data, without the consumer's consent, under |
| 36.15 | circumstances where the controller knows that the consumer is between the ages of 13 and |
| 36.16 | <u>16.</u> |
| 36.17 | (g) A controller may not retain personal data that is no longer relevant and reasonably |
| 36.18 | necessary in relation to the purposes for which the data were collected and processed, unless |
| 36.19 | retention of the data is otherwise required by law or permitted under section 3250.09. |
| 36.20 | Subd. 3. Nondiscrimination. (a) A controller shall not process personal data on the |
| 36.21 | basis of a consumer's or a class of consumers' actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, |
| 36.22 | religion, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, familial status, |
| 36.23 | lawful source of income, or disability in a manner that unlawfully discriminates against the |
| 36.24 | consumer or class of consumers with respect to the offering or provision of: housing, |
| 36.25 | employment, credit, or education; or the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, |
| 36.26 | or accommodations of any place of public accommodation. |
| 36.27 | (b) A controller may not discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the rights |
| 36.28 | contained in this chapter, including denying goods or services to the consumer, charging |
| 36.29 | different prices or rates for goods or services, and providing a different level of quality of |
| 36.30 | goods and services to the consumer. This subdivision does not: (1) require a controller to |
| 36.31 | provide a good or service that requires the consumer's personal data that the controller does |
| 36.32 | not collect or maintain; or (2) prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, |
| 36.33 | quality, or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services |

| 37.1 | for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a |
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| 37.2 | bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program. |
| 37.3 | (c) A controller may not sell personal data to a third-party controller as part of a bona |
| 37.4 | fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program under paragraph |
| 37.5 | (b) unless: |
| 37.6 | (1) the sale is reasonably necessary to enable the third party to provide a benefit to which |
| 37.7 | the consumer is entitled; |
| 37.8 | (2) the sale of personal data to third parties is clearly disclosed in the terms of the |
| 37.9 | program; and |
| 37.10 | (3) the third party uses the personal data only for purposes of facilitating a benefit to |
| 37.11 | which the consumer is entitled and does not retain or otherwise use or disclose the personal |
| 37.12 | data for any other purpose. |
| 37.13 | Subd. 4. Waiver of rights unenforceable. Any provision of a contract or agreement of |
| 37.14 | any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a consumer's rights under this chapter |
| 37.15 | is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable. |
| 37.16 | Sec. 9. [3250.075] REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES. |
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| 37.17 | (a) A small business, as defined by the United States Small Business Administration |
| 37.17 37.18 | (a) A small business, as defined by the United States Small Business Administration under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota |
| | |
| 37.18 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota |
| 37.18 37.19 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 37.24 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (a) A controller must document and maintain a description of the policies and procedures |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 37.24 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 37.24 37.25 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (a) A controller must document and maintain a description of the policies and procedures |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 37.24 37.25 37.26 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (a) A controller must document and maintain a description of the policies and procedures the controller has adopted to comply with this chapter. The description must include, where applicable: (1) the name and contact information for the controller's chief privacy officer or other |
| 37.18 37.19 37.20 37.21 37.22 37.23 37.24 37.25 37.26 37.27 | under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent. (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply to a small business that violates this section. Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (a) A controller must document and maintain a description of the policies and procedures the controller has adopted to comply with this chapter. The description must include, where applicable: |

| 38.1 | (2) a description of the controller's data privacy policies and procedures which reflect |
|-------|--|
| 38.2 | the requirements in section 3250.07, and any policies and procedures designed to: |
| 38.3 | (i) reflect the requirements of this chapter in the design of the controller's systems; |
| 38.4 | (ii) identify and provide personal data to a consumer as required by this chapter; |
| 38.5 | (iii) establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical |
| 38.6 | data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal |
| 38.7 | data, including the maintenance of an inventory of the data that must be managed to exercise |
| 38.8 | the responsibilities under this item; |
| 38.9 | (iv) limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably |
| 38.10 | necessary in relation to the purposes for which the data are processed; |
| 38.11 | (v) prevent the retention of personal data that is no longer relevant and reasonably |
| 38.12 | necessary in relation to the purposes for which the data were collected and processed, unless |
| 38.13 | retention of the data is otherwise required by law or permitted under section 3250.09; and |
| 38.14 | (vi) identify and remediate violations of this chapter. |
| 38.15 | (b) A controller must conduct and document a data privacy and protection assessment |
| 38.16 | for each of the following processing activities involving personal data: |
| 38.17 | (1) the processing of personal data for purposes of targeted advertising; |
| 38.18 | (2) the sale of personal data; |
| 38.19 | (3) the processing of sensitive data; |
| 38.20 | (4) any processing activities involving personal data that present a heightened risk of |
| 38.21 | harm to consumers; and |
| 38.22 | (5) the processing of personal data for purposes of profiling, where the profiling presents |
| 38.23 | a reasonably foreseeable risk of: |
| 38.24 | (i) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or disparate impact on, consumers; |
| 38.25 | (ii) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers; |
| 38.26 | (iii) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or |
| 38.27 | concerns, of consumers, where the intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person; or |
| 38.28 | (iv) other substantial injury to consumers. |

- (c) A data privacy and protection assessment must take into account the type of personal 39.1 data to be processed by the controller, including the extent to which the personal data are 39.2 sensitive data, and the context in which the personal data are to be processed. 39.3 (d) A data privacy and protection assessment must identify and weigh the benefits that 39.4 may flow directly and indirectly from the processing to the controller, consumer, other 39.5 stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer associated 39.6 with the processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to 39.7 39.8 reduce the potential risks. The use of deidentified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller 39.9 and the consumer whose personal data will be processed, must be factored into this 39.10 assessment by the controller. 39.11 (e) A data privacy and protection assessment must include the description of policies 39.12 and procedures required by paragraph (a). 39.13 (f) As part of a civil investigative demand, the attorney general may request, in writing, 39.14 that a controller disclose any data privacy and protection assessment that is relevant to an 39.15 investigation conducted by the attorney general. The controller must make a data privacy 39.16 and protection assessment available to the attorney general upon a request made under this 39.17 paragraph. The attorney general may evaluate the data privacy and protection assessments 39.18 for compliance with this chapter. Data privacy and protection assessments are classified as 39.19 nonpublic data, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 9. The disclosure of a data privacy 39.20 39.21 and protection assessment pursuant to a request from the attorney general under this paragraph does not constitute a waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work product 39.22 protection with respect to the assessment and any information contained in the assessment. 39.23 (g) Data privacy and protection assessments or risk assessments conducted by a controller 39.24 for the purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may qualify under this section 39.25 39.26 if the assessments have a similar scope and effect. (h) A single data protection assessment may address multiple sets of comparable 39.27 39.28 processing operations that include similar activities. Sec. 11. [3250.09] LIMITATIONS AND APPLICABILITY. 39.29
- 39.30 (a) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict
 39.31 a controller's or a processor's ability to:

| 40.1 | (1) comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations, including but not |
|-------|--|
| 40.2 | limited to data retention requirements in state or federal law notwithstanding a consumer's |
| 40.3 | request to delete personal data; |
| 40.4 | (2) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or |
| 40.5 | summons by federal, state, local, or other governmental authorities; |
| 40.6 | (3) cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the |
| 40.7 | controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or |
| 40.8 | local laws, rules, or regulations; |
| 40.9 | (4) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims; |
| 40.10 | (5) provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer; perform a contract |
| 40.11 | to which the consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty; or |
| 40.12 | take steps at the request of the consumer prior to entering into a contract; |
| 40.13 | (6) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical |
| 40.14 | safety of the consumer or of another natural person, and where the processing cannot be |
| 40.15 | manifestly based on another legal basis; |
| 40.16 | (7) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud, |
| 40.17 | harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity |
| 40.18 | or security of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for any such |
| 40.19 | action; |
| 40.20 | (8) assist another controller, processor, or third party with any of the obligations under |
| 40.21 | this paragraph; |
| 40.22 | (9) engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or statistical research in the |
| 40.23 | public interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, |
| 40.24 | monitored, and governed by an institutional review board, human subjects research ethics |
| 40.25 | review board, or a similar independent oversight entity that has determined: |
| 40.26 | (i) the research is likely to provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to |
| 40.27 | the controller; |
| 40.28 | (ii) the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks; and |
| 40.29 | (iii) the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks |
| 40.30 | associated with research, including any risks associated with reidentification; or |
| 40.31 | (10) process personal data for the benefit of the public in the areas of public health, |
| 40.32 | community health, or population health, but only to the extent that the processing is: |

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| 41.1 | (i) subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer |
|-------|--|
| 41.2 | whose personal data is being processed; and |
| 41.3 | (ii) under the responsibility of a professional individual who is subject to confidentiality |
| 41.4 | obligations under federal, state, or local law. |
| 41.5 | (b) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict |
| 41.5 | a controller's or processor's ability to collect, use, or retain data to: |
| 41.6 | a controller's of processor's ability to conect, use, of fetalli data to. |
| 41.7 | (1) effectuate a product recall or identify and repair technical errors that impair existing |
| 41.8 | or intended functionality; |
| 41.9 | (2) perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the |
| 41.10 | consumer based on the consumer's existing relationship with the controller, or are otherwise |
| 41.11 | compatible with processing in furtherance of the provision of a product or service specifically |
| 41.12 | requested by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party; |
| 41.13 | or |
| 41.14 | (3) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products, services, or |
| 41.15 | technology. |
| 41.16 | (c) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not apply |
| | where compliance by the controller or processor with this chapter would violate an |
| 41.18 | evidentiary privilege under Minnesota law and do not prevent a controller or processor from |
| 41.19 | providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary |
| 41.20 | privilege under Minnesota law as part of a privileged communication. |
| 41.21 | (d) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a third-party controller or |
| 41.22 | processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this |
| 41.23 | chapter if the recipient processes the personal data in violation of this chapter, provided that |
| 41.24 | at the time of disclosing the personal data, the disclosing controller or processor did not |
| 41.25 | have actual knowledge that the recipient intended to commit a violation. A third-party |
| 41.26 | controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller or processor in compliance |
| 41.27 | with the requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this chapter for the obligations |
| 41.28 | of the controller or processor from which the third-party controller or processor receives |
| 41.29 | the personal data. |
| 41.30 | (e) Obligations imposed on controllers and processors under this chapter shall not: |
| 41.31 | (1) adversely affect the rights or freedoms of any persons, including exercising the right |
| 41.32 | of free speech pursuant to the First Amendment of the United States Constitution; or |

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|-------|---|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 42.1 | (2) apply to the processing of per | sonal data by a natu | ral person in the cour | rse of a purely |
| 42.2 | personal or household activity. | ¥ | | ` |
| 42.3 | (f) Personal data that are process | ed by a controller p | ursuant to this sectio | n mav be |
| 42.4 | processed solely to the extent that th | | | <u></u> |
| | × | | 1 1 | , . |
| 42.5 | (1) necessary, reasonable, and provide the provided of the provided state of the prov | oportionate to the p | urposes listed in this | section; |
| 42.6 | (2) adequate, relevant, and limited | | y in relation to the sp | ecific purpose |
| 42.7 | or purposes listed in this section; and | <u>d</u> | | |
| 42.8 | (3) insofar as possible, taking int | o account the nature | e and purpose of proc | cessing the |
| 42.9 | personal data, subjected to reasonab | le administrative, te | chnical, and physical | l measures to |
| 42.10 | protect the confidentiality, integrity, | and accessibility of | the personal data, ar | nd to reduce |
| 42.11 | reasonably foreseeable risks of harm | to consumers. | | |
| 42.12 | (g) If a controller processes perso | onal data pursuant te | o an exemption in thi | s section, the |
| 42.13 | controller bears the burden of demon | strating that the pro | cessing qualifies for t | the exemption |
| 42.14 | and complies with the requirements | in paragraph (f). | | |
| 42.15 | (h) Processing personal data sole | ly for the purposes | expressly identified i | n paragraph |
| 42.16 | (a), clauses (1) to (7), does not, by it | self, make an entity | a controller with res | pect to the |
| 42.17 | processing. | | | |
| | | | | |
| 42.18 | Sec. 12. [3250.10] ATTORNEY | <u>GENERAL ENFO</u> | RCEMENT. | |
| 42.19 | (a) In the event that a controller a | or processor violates | s this chapter, the atto | orney general, |
| 42.20 | prior to filing an enforcement action | under paragraph (b |), must provide the c | ontroller or |
| 42.21 | processor with a warning letter identi | fying the specific pr | ovisions of this chapt | er the attorney |
| 42.22 | general alleges have been or are bein | ng violated. If, after | 30 days of issuance of | of the warning |
| 42.23 | letter, the attorney general believes the | ne controller or proc | essor has failed to cu | re any alleged |
| 42.24 | violation, the attorney general may b | oring an enforcemer | nt action under parag | raph (b). This |
| 42.25 | paragraph expires January 31, 2026. | | | |
| 42.26 | (b) The attorney general may brid | ng a civil action aga | ainst a controller or p | rocessor to |
| 42.27 | enforce a provision of this chapter in | n accordance with so | ection 8.31. If the sta | te prevails in |
| 42.28 | an action to enforce this chapter, the s | tate may, in addition | to penalties provided | l by paragraph |
| 42.29 | (c) or other remedies provided by law | w, be allowed an am | ount determined by t | the court to be |
| 42.30 | the reasonable value of all or part of | the state's litigation | expenses incurred. | |
| 42.31 | (c) Any controller or processor the | hat violates this cha | pter is subject to an i | njunction and |
| 42.32 | liable for a civil penalty of not more | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Article 4 Sec. 12. | 42 | | |

| 43.1 | (d) Nothing in this chapter establishes a private right of action, including under section | | | under section | |
|-------|--|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 43.2 | 8.31, subdivisio | n 3a, for a violation of t | his chapter or a | ny other law. | |
| | | | | | |
| 43.3 | Sec. 13. [3250 | D.11] PREEMPTION (| OF LOCAL LA | W; SEVERABILIT | <u>ГҮ.</u> |
| 43.4 | (a) This chap | oter supersedes and preer | npts laws, ordin | ances, regulations, or | the equivalent |
| 43.5 | adopted by any | local government regard | ding the process | ing of personal data | by controllers |
| 43.6 | or processors. | | | | |
| 43.7 | (b) If any pr | ovision of this chapter o | or the chapter's a | pplication to any per | son or |
| 43.8 | circumstance is | held invalid, the remaine | der of the chapte | er or the application o | f the provision |
| 43.9 | to other persons | or circumstances is not | affected. | | |
| | | | | | |
| 43.10 | Sec. 14. <u>EFF</u> | ECTIVE DATE. | | | |
| 43.11 | This article | is effective July 31, 202 | 5, except that po | ostsecondary instituti | ons regulated |
| 43.12 | by the Office of | Higher Education are no | ot required to co | mply with this article | e until July 31, |
| 43.13 | <u>2029.</u> | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 43.14 | | | ARTICLE 5 | | |
| 43.15 | | AGRICULTU | RE APPROPR | IATIONS | |
| 43.16 | Section 1. Lav | vs 2023, chapter 43, arti | cle 1, section 2, | is amended to read: | |
| 43.17 | Sec. 2. DEPAR | TMENT OF AGRICU | LTURE | | |
| 43.18 | | | | 92,025,000 | 72,223,000 |
| 43.19 | Subdivision 1. | Fotal Appropriation | \$ | <u>88,025,000</u> \$ | 80,518,000 |
| 43.20 | А | ppropriations by Fund | | | |
| 43.21 | | 2024 | 2025 | | |
| 43.22 | | 91,626,000 | 71,824,000 | | |
| 43.23 | General | 87,626,000 | 80,119,000 | | |
| 43.24 | Remediation | 399,000 | 399,000 | | |
| 43.25 | The amounts the | at may be spent for each | 1 | | |
| 43.26 | purpose are spe | cified in the following | | | |
| 43.27 | subdivisions. | | | | |
| 43.28 | Subd. 2. Protec | tion Services | | | |
| 43.29 | А | ppropriations by Fund | | | |
| 43.30 | | 2024 | 2025 | | |

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| 44.1 | | 32,034,000 | 18,743,000 |
|------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 44.2 | General | 32,034,000 | 22,438,000 |
| 44.3 | Remediation | 399,000 | 399,000 |

- 44.4 (a) \$399,000 the first year and \$399,000 the
- 44.5 second year are from the remediation fund for
- 44.6 administrative funding for the voluntary
- 44.7 cleanup program.

(b) \$625,000 the first year and \$625,000 44.8 \$925,000 the second year are for the soil 44.9 health financial assistance program under 44.10 Minnesota Statutes, section 17.134. The 44.11 44.12 commissioner may award no more than \$50,000 of the appropriation each year to a 44.13 single recipient. The commissioner may use 44.14 44.15 up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for costs incurred to administer the program. Any 44.16 unencumbered balance does not cancel at the 44.17 end of the first year and is available in the 44.18 second year. Appropriations encumbered 44.19 under contract on or before June 30, 2025, for 44.20 soil health financial assistance grants are 44.21 available until June 30, 2027. The base for this 44.22 appropriation is \$639,000 in fiscal year 2026 44.23 and each year thereafter. 44.24 (c) \$800,000 the first year is and \$100,000 the 44.25 second year are for transfer to the pollinator 44.26 research account established under Minnesota 44.27

- 44.28 Statutes, section 18B.051. The base for this
- 44.28 Statutes, section 18B.051. The base for this
- transfer is \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026 andeach year thereafter.
- 44.31 (d) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
 44.32 second year are for transfer to the noxious
- 44.33 weed and invasive plant species assistance
- 44.34 account established under Minnesota Statutes,
- 44.35 section 18.89, to award grants under

| 45.1 | Minnesota Statutes, section 18.90, to counties, |
|-------|---|
| 45.2 | municipalities, and other weed management |
| 45.3 | entities, including Minnesota Tribal |
| 45.4 | governments as defined in Minnesota Statutes, |
| 45.5 | section 10.65. This is a onetime appropriation. |
| 45.6 | (e) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the |
| 45.7 | second year are for compensation for |
| 45.8 | destroyed or crippled livestock under |
| 45.9 | Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. The first |
| 45.10 | year appropriation may be spent to compensate |
| 45.11 | for livestock that were destroyed or crippled |
| 45.12 | during fiscal year 2023. If the amount in the |
| 45.13 | first year is insufficient, the amount in the |
| 45.14 | second year is available in the first year. The |
| 45.15 | commissioner may use up to \$5,000 each year |
| 45.16 | to reimburse expenses incurred by university |
| 45.17 | extension educators to provide fair market |
| 45.18 | values of destroyed or crippled livestock. If |
| 45.19 | the commissioner receives federal dollars to |
| 45.20 | pay claims for destroyed or crippled livestock, |
| 45.21 | an equivalent amount of this appropriation |
| 45.22 | may be used to reimburse nonlethal prevention |
| 45.23 | methods performed by federal wildlife services |
| 45.24 | staff. |
| | |

(f) \$155,000 the first year and \$155,000 the 45.25 second year are for compensation for crop 45.26 damage under Minnesota Statutes, section 45.27 3.7371. If the amount in the first year is 45.28 insufficient, the amount in the second year is 45.29 available in the first year. The commissioner 45.30 may use up to \$10,000 of the appropriation 45.31 45.32 each year to reimburse expenses incurred by the commissioner or the commissioner's 45.33 approved agent to investigate and resolve 45.34 claims, as well as for costs associated with 45.35

- training for approved agents. The 46.1 commissioner may use up to \$40,000 of the 46.2 appropriation each year to make grants to 46.3 producers for measures to protect stored crops 46.4 from elk damage. If the commissioner 46.5 determines that claims made under Minnesota 46.6 Statutes, section 3.737 or 3.7371, are 46.7 46.8 unusually high, amounts appropriated for either program may be transferred to the 46.9 appropriation for the other program. 46.10 (g) \$825,000 the first year and \$825,000 the 46.11
- 46.12 second year are to replace capital equipment
- 46.13 in the Department of Agriculture's analytical46.14 laboratory.
- 46.15 (h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
- 46.16 second year are to support a meat processing
- 46.17 liaison position to assist new or existing meat
- 46.18 and poultry processing operations in getting
- 46.19 started, expanding, growing, or transitioning46.20 into new business models.
- 46.21 (i) \$2,200,000 the first year and \$1,650,000
- 46.22 the second year are additional funding to
- 46.23 maintain the current level of service delivery
- 46.24 for programs under this subdivision. The base
- 46.25 for this appropriation is \$1,925,000 for fiscal
- 46.26 year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the 46.27 second year are for grants to organizations in 46.28 Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply 46.29 chains, and markets for continuous-living 46.30 46.31 cover crops and cropping systems in the early stages of commercial development. For the 46.32 purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living 46.33 cover crops and cropping systems" refers to 46.34 agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial 46.35

| 47.1 | forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual |
|----------|--|
| 47.2 | cereal grains and oilseeds that have market |
| 47.3 | value as harvested or grazed commodities. By |
| 47.4 | February 1 each year, the commissioner must |
| 47.5 | submit a report to the chairs and ranking |
| 47.6 | minority members of the legislative |
| 47.7 | committees with jurisdiction over agriculture |
| 47.8 | finance and policy detailing uses of the funds |
| 47.9 | in this paragraph, including administrative |
| 47.10 | costs, and the achievements these funds |
| 47.11 | contributed to. The commissioner may use up |
| 47.12 | to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for |
| 47.13 | administrative costs. This is a onetime |
| 47.14 | appropriation. |
| 47.15 | (k) \$45,000 the first year and \$45,000 the |
| 47.16 | second year are appropriated for |
| 47.17 | wolf-livestock conflict-prevention grants. The |
| 47.18 | commissioner may use some of this |
| 47.19 | appropriation to support nonlethal prevention |
| 47.20 | work performed by federal wildlife services. |
| 47.21 | This is a onetime appropriation. |
| 17.21 | |
| 47.22 | (1) \$10,000,000 the first year is for transfer to |
| 47.23 | the grain indemnity account established in |
| 47.24 | Minnesota Statutes, section 223.24. This is a |
| 47.25 | onetime transfer. |
| 47.26 | (m) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the |
| 47.27 | second year are for the PFAS in pesticides |
| 47.28 | review. This is a onetime appropriation. |
| 47.29 | (n) \$1,941,000 the first year is for transfer to |
| 47.30 | the food handler license account. This is a |
| 47.30 | onetime transfer. |
| ו נ. / ד | |
| 47.32 | (o) \$3,072,000 the second year is for nitrate |
| 47.33 | home water treatment, including reverse |
| 47.34 | osmosis, for private drinking-water wells with |

| 48.1 | nitrate in excess of the maximum contaminant |
|--|--|
| 48.2 | level of ten milligrams per liter and located in |
| 48.3 | Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower, |
| 48.4 | Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County. The |
| 48.5 | commissioner must prioritize households at |
| 48.6 | or below 300 percent of the federal poverty |
| 48.7 | guideline and households with infants or |
| 48.8 | pregnant individuals. The commissioner may |
| 48.9 | also use this appropriation for education, |
| 48.10 | outreach, and technical assistance to |
| 48.11 | homeowners. Notwithstanding Minnesota |
| 48.12 | Statutes, section 16B.98, subdivision 14, the |
| 48.13 | commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of |
| 48.14 | this appropriation for administrative costs. |
| 48.15 | This is a onetime appropriation and is |
| 48.16 | available until June 30, 2027. |
| 48.17 | (p) \$223,000 the second year is for transfer to |
| 48.18 | the commissioner of health for the private well |
| 48.19 | drinking-water assistance program. This is a |
| | |
| 48.20 | onetime transfer and is available until June |
| 48.20 48.21 | onetime transfer and is available until June 30, 2027. |
| | |
| 48.21 48.22 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 | 30, 2027. Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 | 30, 2027. Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.25 48.26 48.27 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. (b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. (b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 48.30 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. (b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota grown account and may be used as grants for |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 48.30 48.31 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. (b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota grown account and may be used as grants for Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota |
| 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 48.30 48.31 48.32 | <u>30, 2027.</u> Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development (a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are to expand international trade opportunities and markets for Minnesota agricultural products. (b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota grown account and may be used as grants for Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Notwithstanding |

5,165,000 4,985,000

- grants in this paragraph are available until June 49.1 30, 2027. 49.2 (c) \$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the 49.3 second year are for the continuation of the 49.4 dairy development and profitability 49.5 enhancement programs, including dairy 49.6 profitability teams and dairy business planning 49.7 49.8 grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
 - 49.9 **32D.30**.
 - 49.10 (d) The commissioner may use funds
 - 49.11 appropriated in this subdivision for annual
 - 49.12 cost-share payments to resident farmers or
 - 49.13 entities that sell, process, or package
 - 49.14 agricultural products in this state for the costs
 - 49.15 of organic certification. The commissioner
 - 49.16 may allocate these funds for assistance to
 - 49.17 persons transitioning from conventional to
 - 49.18 organic agriculture.
 - 49.19 (e) \$600,000 the first year and \$420,000 the
 - 49.20 second year are to maintain the current level
 - 49.21 of service delivery. The base for this
 - 49.22 appropriation is \$490,000 \$510,000 for fiscal
 - 49.23 year 2026 and each year thereafter.
 - 49.24 (f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
 - 49.25 second year are for mental health outreach and
 - 49.26 support to farmers, ranchers, and others in the
 - 49.27 agricultural community and for farm safety
 - 49.28 grant and outreach programs under Minnesota
 - 49.29 Statutes, section 17.1195. Mental health
 - 49.30 outreach and support may include a 24-hour
 - 49.31 hotline, stigma reduction, and education.
 - 49.32 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
 - 49.33 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
 - 49.34 cancel at the end of the first year and is

| 50.1 | available in the second year. This is a onetime |
|----------------|--|
| 50.2 | appropriation. |
| 50.3 | (g) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the |
| 50.4 | second year are to award and administer grants |
| 50.5 | for infrastructure and other forms of financial |
| 50.6 | assistance to support EBT, SNAP, SFMNP, |
| 50.7 | and related programs at farmers markets. |
| 50.8 | Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 50.9 | 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not |
| 50.10 | cancel at the end of the first year and is |
| 50.11 | available in the second year. This is a onetime |
| 50.12 | appropriation. |
| 50.13 | (h) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the |
| 50.14 | second year are to award cooperative grants |
| 50.15 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.1016. |
| 50.16 | The commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent |
| 50.17 | of the appropriation each year to administer |
| 50.18 | the grant program. Notwithstanding Minnesota |
| 50.19 | Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered |
| 50.20 | balance does not cancel at the end of the first |
| 50.21 | year and is available in the second year. This |
| 50.22 | is a onetime appropriation. |
| 50.23 50.24 | Subd. 4. Agriculture, Bioenergy, and Bioproduct Advancement |
| 50.25 | (a) \$10,702,000 the first year and \$10,702,000 |
| 50.26 | the second year are for the agriculture |
| 50.27 | research, education, extension, and technology |
| 50.28 | transfer program under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 50.29 | section 41A.14. Except as provided below, |
| 50.30 | the appropriation each year is for transfer to |
| 50.31 | the agriculture research, education, extension, |
| 50.32 | and technology transfer account under |
| 50.33 | Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.14, |
| 50.34 | subdivision 3, and the commissioner shall |

50.35 transfer funds each year to the Board of

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- Regents of the University of Minnesota for 51.1 purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 51.2 41A.14. To the extent practicable, money 51.3 expended under Minnesota Statutes, section 51.4 41A.14, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), 51.5 must supplement and not supplant existing 51.6 sources and levels of funding. The 51.7 51.8 commissioner may use up to one percent of this appropriation for costs incurred to 51.9 administer the program. 51.10 Of the amount appropriated for the agriculture 51.11 research, education, extension, and technology 51.12 transfer grant program under Minnesota 51.13 Statutes, section 41A.14: 51.14 (1) \$600,000 the first year and \$600,000 the 51.15 second year are for the Minnesota Agricultural 51.16 Experiment Station's agriculture rapid 51.17 response fund under Minnesota Statutes, 51.18 section 41A.14, subdivision 1, clause (2); 51.19 (2) up to 1,000,000 the first year and up to 51.20
- 51.21 \$1,000,000 the second year are for research
- 51.22 on avian influenza, salmonella, and other
- 51.23 turkey-related diseases and disease prevention

51.24 measures;

- 51.25 (3) \$2,250,000 the first year and \$2,250,000
- 51.26 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota
- 51.27 Agricultural Education Leadership Council to
- 51.28 enhance agricultural education with priority
- 51.29 given to Farm Business Management

51.30 challenge grants;

51.31 (4) \$450,000 the first year is for the cultivated

- 51.32 wild rice breeding project at the North Central
- 51.33 Research and Outreach Center to include a
- 51.34 tenure track/research associate plant breeder;

| 52.1 | (5) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the |
|-------|--|
| 52.2 | second year are for potato breeding; |
| 52.3 | (6) \$802,000 the first year and \$802,000 the |
| 52.4 | second year are to fund the Forever Green |
| 52.5 | Initiative and protect the state's natural |
| 52.6 | resources while increasing the efficiency, |
| 52.7 | profitability, and productivity of Minnesota |
| 52.8 | farmers by incorporating perennial and |
| 52.9 | winter-annual crops into existing agricultural |
| 52.10 | practices. The base for the allocation under |
| 52.11 | this clause is \$802,000 in fiscal year 2026 and |
| 52.12 | each year thereafter. By February 1 each year, |
| 52.13 | the dean of the College of Food, Agricultural |
| 52.14 | and Natural Resource Sciences must submit |
| 52.15 | a report to the chairs and ranking minority |
| 52.16 | members of the legislative committees with |
| 52.17 | jurisdiction over agriculture finance and policy |
| 52.18 | and higher education detailing uses of the |
| 52.19 | funds in this paragraph, including |
| 52.20 | administrative costs, and the achievements |
| 52.21 | these funds contributed to; and |
| 52.22 | (7) \$350,000 each year is for farm-scale winter |
| 52.23 | greenhouse research and development |
| 52.24 | coordinated by University of Minnesota |
| 52.25 | Extension Regional Sustainable Development |
| 52.26 | Partnerships. The allocation in this clause is |
| 52.27 | onetime. |
| 52.28 | (b) The base for the agriculture research, |
| 52.29 | education, extension, and technology transfer |
| 52.30 | program is \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2026 |
| 52.31 | and \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2027. |
| 50.00 | (a) $\$27 107 000 \$22 107 000 the first second at 1$ |
| 52.32 | (c) <u>\$27,107,000</u> <u>\$23,107,000</u> the first year and \$22,107,000 the second year are is for the |
| 52.33 | \$23,107,000 the second year are is for the |
| 52.34 | agricultural growth, research, and innovation |
| 52.35 | program under Minnesota Statutes, section |

Article 5 Section 1.

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41A.12. Except as provided below, the 53.1 commissioner may allocate this appropriation 53.2 each year among the following areas: 53.3 facilitating the start-up, modernization, 53.4 improvement, or expansion of livestock 53.5 operations, including beginning and 53.6 transitioning livestock operations with 53.7 53.8 preference given to robotic dairy-milking equipment; assisting value-added agricultural 53.9 businesses to begin or expand, to access new 53.10 markets, or to diversify, including aquaponics 53.11 systems, with preference given to hemp fiber 53.12 processing equipment; facilitating the start-up, 53.13 modernization, or expansion of other 53.14 beginning and transitioning farms, including 53.15 by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes, 53.16 section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture 53.17 on-farm research and demonstration; the 53.18 development or expansion of food hubs and 53.19 other alternative community-based food 53.20 distribution systems; enhancing renewable 53.21 53.22 energy infrastructure and use; crop research, including basic and applied turf seed research; 53.23 Farm Business Management tuition assistance; 53.24 and good agricultural practices and good 53.25 handling practices certification assistance. The 53.26 commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of 53.27 this appropriation for costs incurred to 53.28 administer the program. 53.29 Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural 53.30 growth, research, and innovation program 53.31 under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12: 53.32 (1) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 53.33

53.34 the second year are is for distribution in equal

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| 54.1 | amounts to each of the state's county fairs to |
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| 54.2 | preserve and promote Minnesota agriculture; |
| 54.3 | (2) \$5,750,000 the first year and \$5,750,000 |
| 54.4 | the second year are is for incentive payments |
| 54.5 | under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16, |
| 54.6 | 41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20. Notwithstanding |
| 54.7 | Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the first |
| 54.8 | year appropriation is available until June 30, |
| 54.9 | 2025, and the second year appropriation is |
| 54.10 | available until June 30, 2026. If this |
| 54.11 | appropriation exceeds the total amount for |
| 54.12 | which all producers are eligible in a fiscal |
| 54.13 | year, the balance of the appropriation is |
| 54.14 | available for other purposes under this |
| 54.15 | paragraph . The base under this clause is |
| 54.16 | \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year |
| 54.17 | thereafter; |
| 54.18 | (3) \$3,375,000 the first year and \$3,375,000 |
| 54.19 | the second year are is for grants that enable |
| 54.20 | retail petroleum dispensers, fuel storage tanks, |
| 54.21 | and other equipment to dispense biofuels to |
| 54.22 | the public in accordance with the biofuel |
| 54.23 | replacement goals established under |
| 54.24 | Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail |

Minnesota Statutes, section 239./911. A retail 4.24 petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use 54.25 in spark ignition engines for vehicle model 54.26 years after 2000 is eligible for grant money 54.27 under this clause if the retail petroleum 54.28 dispenser has no more than 10 retail petroleum 54.29 dispensing sites and each site is located in 54.30 Minnesota. The grant money must be used to 54.31 54.32 replace or upgrade equipment that does not have the ability to be certified for E25. A grant 54.33 award must not exceed 65 percent of the cost 54.34 of the appropriate technology. A grant award 54.35

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must not exceed \$200,000 per station. The 55.1 commissioner must cooperate with biofuel 55.2 stakeholders in the implementation of the grant 55.3 program. The commissioner, in cooperation 55.4 with any economic or community development 55.5 financial institution and any other entity with 55.6 which the commissioner contracts, must 55.7 55.8 submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure financial assistance program by January 15 of 55.9 each year to the chairs and ranking minority 55.10 members of the legislative committees and 55.11 divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture 55.12 policy and finance. The annual report must 55.13 include but not be limited to a summary of the 55.14 following metrics: (i) the number and types 55.15 of projects financed; (ii) the amount of dollars 55.16 leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the 55.17 geographic distribution of financed projects; 55.18 (iv) any market expansion associated with 55.19 upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics 55.20 of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the 55.21 program; and (vii) the number of grants to 55.22 minority-owned or female-owned businesses-55.23 The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for 55.24 fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter; 55.25 (4) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000 55.26 55.27 the second year are is for grants to facilitate the start-up, modernization, or expansion of 55.28 meat, poultry, egg, and milk processing 55.29 facilities. A grant award under this clause must 55.30 not exceed \$200,000. Any unencumbered 55.31 balance at the end of the second year does not 55.32 cancel until June 30, 2026, and may be used 55.33 for other purposes under this paragraph. The 55.34 base under this clause is \$250,000 in fiscal 55.35 year 2026 and each year thereafter; 55.36

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| 56.1 | (5) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000 |
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| 56.2 | the second year are is for providing more |
| 56.3 | fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain, and |
| 56.4 | dairy for children in school and early |
| 56.5 | childhood education eenters settings, |
| 56.6 | including, at the commissioner's discretion, |
| 56.7 | providing grants to reimburse schools and |
| 56.8 | early childhood education centers and child |
| 56.9 | care providers for purchasing equipment and |
| 56.10 | agricultural products. Organizations must |
| 56.11 | participate in the National School Lunch |
| 56.12 | Program or the Child and Adult Care Food |
| 56.13 | Program to be eligible. Of the amount |
| 56.14 | appropriated, \$150,000 each year is for a |
| 56.15 | statewide coordinator of farm-to-institution |
| 56.16 | strategy and programming. The coordinator |
| 56.17 | must consult with relevant stakeholders and |
| 56.18 | provide technical assistance and training for |
| 56.19 | participating farmers and eligible grant |
| 56.20 | recipients. The base under this clause is |
| 56.21 | \$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year |
| 56.22 | thereafter; |
| 56.23 | (6) \$4,000,000 the first year is for Dairy |
| 56.24 | Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative |
| 56.25 | (DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial |
| 56.26 | assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll |
| 56.27 | in coverage under a federal dairy risk |
| 56.28 | protection program and produced no more |
| 56.29 | than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The |
| 56.30 | commissioner must make DAIRI payments |
| 56.31 | based on the amount of milk produced in |
| 56.32 | 2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating |
| 56.33 | farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner |
| 56.34 | within the limits of available funding. Any |
| 56.35 | unencumbered balance does not cancel at the |
| 56.36 | end of the first year and is available in the |

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- HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT second year. Any unencumbered balance at 57.1 the end of the second year does not cancel 57.2 until June 30, 2026, and may be used for other 57.3 purposes under this paragraph. The allocation 57.4 in this clause is onetime; 57.5 (7) (6) \$2,000,000 the first year and 57.6 \$2,000,000 the second year are is for urban 57.7 57.8 youth agricultural education or urban agriculture community development; and 57.9 57.10 (8) (7) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the second year are is for the good 57.11 food access program under Minnesota 57.12 Statutes, section 17.1017. 57.13 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 57.14 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not 57.15 cancel at the end of the first year and is 57.16 available for the second year, and 57.17 appropriations encumbered under contract on 57.18 or before June 30, 2025, for agricultural 57.19 growth, research, and innovation grants are 57.20 available until June 30, 2028. 57.21 (d) \$27,407,000 the second year is for the 57.22 agricultural growth, research, and innovation 57.23 program under Minnesota Statutes, section 57.24 57.25 41A.12. Except as provided below, the 57.26 commissioner may allocate this appropriation
 - 57.27 among the following areas: facilitating the
 - 57.28 start-up, modernization, improvement, or
 - 57.29 expansion of livestock operations, including
 - 57.30 beginning and transitioning livestock
 - 57.31 operations with preference given to robotic
 - 57.32 dairy-milking equipment; assisting
 - 57.33 value-added agricultural businesses to begin
 - 57.34 or expand, to access new markets, or to
 - 57.35 diversify, including aquaponics systems, with

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- 58.2 equipment; facilitating the start-up,
- 58.3 <u>modernization, or expansion of other</u>
- 58.4 beginning and transitioning farms, including
- 58.5 by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
- 58.6 section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
- 58.7 <u>on-farm research and demonstration; the</u>
- 58.8 development or expansion of food hubs and
- 58.9 other alternative community-based food
- 58.10 distribution systems; enhancing renewable
- 58.11 energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
- 58.12 including basic and applied turf seed research;
- 58.13 Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
- 58.14 and good agricultural practices and good
- 58.15 <u>handling practices certification assistance. The</u>
- 58.16 commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
- 58.17 this appropriation for costs incurred to
- 58.18 administer the program.
- 58.19 Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
- 58.20 growth, research, and innovation program
- 58.21 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:</u>
- 58.22 (1) \$1,000,000 the second year is for
- 58.23 distribution in equal amounts to each of the
- 58.24 state's county fairs to preserve and promote
- 58.25 <u>Minnesota agriculture;</u>
- (2) \$5,750,000 the second year is for incentive
- 58.27 payments under Minnesota Statutes, sections
- 58.28 <u>41A.16, 41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20.</u>
- 58.29 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 58.30 <u>16A.28</u>, this appropriation is available until
- 58.31 June 30, 2027. If this appropriation exceeds
- 58.32 the total amount for which all producers are
- 58.33 eligible in a fiscal year, the balance of the
- 58.34 appropriation is available for other purposes
- 58.35 under this paragraph. The base under this

| 59.1 | clause is \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and |
|-------|---|
| 59.2 | each year thereafter; |
| 59.3 | (3) \$3,475,000 the second year is for grants |
| 59.4 | that enable retail petroleum dispensers, fuel |
| 59.5 | storage tanks, and other equipment to dispense |
| 59.6 | biofuels to the public in accordance with the |
| 59.7 | biofuel replacement goals established under |
| 59.8 | Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail |
| 59.9 | petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use |
| 59.10 | in spark ignition engines for vehicle model |
| 59.11 | years after 2000 is eligible for grant money |
| 59.12 | under this clause if the retail petroleum |
| 59.13 | dispenser has no more than ten retail |
| 59.14 | petroleum dispensing sites and each site is |
| 59.15 | located in Minnesota. The grant money must |
| 59.16 | be used to replace or upgrade equipment that |
| 59.17 | does not have the ability to be certified for |
| 59.18 | E25. A grant award must not exceed 65 |
| 59.19 | percent of the cost of the appropriate |
| 59.20 | technology. A grant award must not exceed |
| 59.21 | \$200,000 per station. The commissioner must |
| 59.22 | cooperate with biofuel stakeholders in the |
| 59.23 | implementation of the grant program. The |
| 59.24 | commissioner, in cooperation with any |
| 59.25 | economic or community development |
| 59.26 | financial institution and any other entity with |
| 59.27 | which the commissioner contracts, must |
| 59.28 | submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure |
| 59.29 | financial assistance program by January 15 of |
| 59.30 | each year to the chairs and ranking minority |
| 59.31 | members of the legislative committees and |
| 59.32 | divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture |
| 59.33 | policy and finance. The annual report must |
| 59.34 | include but not be limited to a summary of the |
| 59.35 | following metrics: (i) the number and types |
| 59.36 | of projects financed; (ii) the amount of money |
| | |

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| 60.1 | leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the |
| 60.2 | geographic distribution of financed projects; |
| 60.3 | (iv) any market expansion associated with |
| 60.4 | upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics |
| 60.5 | of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the |
| 60.6 | program; and (vii) the number of grants to |
| 60.7 | minority-owned or female-owned businesses. |
| 60.8 | The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for |
| 60.9 | fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter; |
| 60.10 | (4) \$1,250,000 the second year is for grants |
| 60.11 | to facilitate the start-up, modernization, or |
| 60.12 | expansion of meat, poultry, egg, and milk |
| 60.13 | processing facilities. A grant award under this |
| 60.14 | clause must not exceed \$200,000. Any |
| 60.15 | unencumbered balance at the end of the second |
| 60.16 | year does not cancel until June 30, 2027, and |
| 60.17 | may be used for other purposes under this |
| 60.18 | paragraph. The base under this clause is |
| 60.19 | \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year |
| 60.20 | thereafter; |
| 60.21 | (5) \$1,350,000 the second year is for providing |
| 60.22 | more fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain, |
| 60.23 | and dairy for children in school and early |
| 60.24 | childhood education settings, including, at the |
| 60.25 | commissioner's discretion, providing grants |
| 60.26 | to reimburse schools and early childhood |
| 60.27 | education and child care providers for |
| 60.28 | purchasing equipment and agricultural |
| 60.29 | products. Organizations must participate in |
| 60.30 | the National School Lunch Program or the |
| 60.31 | Child and Adult Care Food Program to be |
| 60.32 | eligible. Of the amount appropriated, \$150,000 |
| 60.33 | is for a statewide coordinator of |
| 60.34 | farm-to-institution strategy and programming. |
| 60.35 | The coordinator must consult with relevant |
| | |

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| 51.1 | stakeholders and provide technical assistance |
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| 51.2 | and training for participating farmers and |
| 51.3 | eligible grant recipients. The base under this |
| 51.4 | clause is \$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and |
| 51.5 | each year thereafter; |
| 1.6 | (6) \$4,000,000 the second year is for Dairy |
| 51.7 | Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative |
| 1.8 | (DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial |
| 1.9 | assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll |
| 1.10 | in coverage under a federal dairy risk |
| 51.11 | protection program and produced no more |
| 51.12 | than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The |
| 51.13 | commissioner must make DAIRI payments |
| 1.14 | based on the amount of milk produced in |
| 1.15 | 2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating |
| 1.16 | farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner |
| 1.17 | within the limits of available funding. Any |
| 1.18 | unencumbered balance on June 30, 2026, may |
| 1.19 | be used for other purposes under this |
| 1.20 | paragraph. The allocation in this clause is |
| 1.21 | onetime; |
| 1.22 | (7) \$2,000,000 the second year is for urban |
| 1.23 | youth agricultural education or urban |
| 1.24 | agriculture community development; and |
| 1.25 | (8) \$1,000,000 the second year is for the good |
| 1.26 | food access program under Minnesota |
| 1.27 | Statutes, section 17.1017. |
| 1.28 | Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 1.29 | 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not |
| 1.30 | cancel at the end of the second year and is |
| 1.31 | available until June 30, 2027. Appropriations |
| 1.32 | encumbered under contract on or before June |
| 1.33 | 30, 2027, for agricultural growth, research, |
| 1.34 | and innovation grants are available until June |
| 1.35 | <u>30, 2030.</u> |
| | |

| 62.1 | (d) (e) The base for the agricultural growth, |
|---|--|
| 62.2 | research, and innovation program is |
| 62.3 | \$16,294,000 \$17,582,000 in fiscal year 2026 |
| 62.4 | and each year thereafter and includes \$200,000 |
| 62.5 | each year for cooperative development grants. |
| 62.6 62.7 | Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance |
| 62.8 | (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the |
| 62.9 | second year are for payments to county and |
| 62.10 | district agricultural societies and associations |
| 62.11 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, |
| 62.12 | subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and |
| 62.13 | district agricultural societies and associations |
| 62.14 | must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each |
| 62.15 | year. These payments are the amount of aid |
| 62.16 | from the state for an annual fair held in the |
| 62.17 | previous calendar year. |
| 62.18 | (b) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the |
| 02.18 | (0) \$550,000 the first year and \$550,000 the |
| 62.18 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota |
| | • |
| 62.19 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota |
| 62.19 62.20 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under |
| 62.1962.2062.2162.22 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27 62.28 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27 62.28 62.29 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27 62.28 62.29 62.30 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the end of the first year and is available for the |
| 62.19 62.20 62.21 62.22 62.23 62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27 62.28 62.29 62.30 62.31 | second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. (c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the end of the first year and is available for the second year. |

62.35 onetime appropriation.

14,287,000 16,618,000 14,587,000

(e) \$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the 63.1 second year are for grants to the Northern 63.2 Crops Institute that may be used to purchase 63.3 equipment. This is a onetime appropriation. 63.4 (f) \$34,000 the first year and \$34,000 the 63.5 second year are for grants to the Minnesota 63.6 State Horticultural Society. This is a onetime 63.7 63.8 appropriation. (g) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the 63.9 63.10 second year are for grants to the Center for Rural Policy and Development. This is a 63.11 onetime appropriation. 63.12 (h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the 63.13 second year are appropriated from the general 63.14 fund to the commissioner of agriculture for 63.15 grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for 63.16 basic and applied research on: (1) the 63.17 improved production of forage and turf seed 63.18 related to new and improved varieties; and (2) 63.19 native plants, including plant breeding, 63.20 63.21 nutrient management, pest management, disease management, yield, and viability. The 63.22 Minnesota Turf Seed Council may subcontract 63.23 with a qualified third party for some or all of 63.24 the basic or applied research. Any 63.25 unencumbered balance does not cancel at the 63.26 end of the first year and is available in the 63.27 second year. The Minnesota Turf Seed Council 63.28 63.29 must prepare a report outlining the use of the grant money and related accomplishments. No 63.30 later than January 15, 2025, the council must 63.31 submit the report to the chairs and ranking 63.32 minority members of the legislative 63.33 committees and divisions with jurisdiction 63.34

63

| 64.1 | and rationality finance and ration. This is a |
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| 64.1 | over agriculture finance and policy. This is a |
| 64.2 | onetime appropriation. |
| 64.3 | (i) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the |
| 64.4 | second year are for grants to GreenSeam for |
| 64.5 | assistance to agriculture-related businesses to |
| 64.6 | support business retention and development, |
| 64.7 | business attraction and creation, talent |
| 64.8 | development and attraction, and regional |
| 64.9 | branding and promotion. These are onetime |
| 64.10 | appropriations. No later than December 1, |
| 64.11 | 2024, and December 1, 2025, GreenSeam |
| 64.12 | must report to the chairs and ranking minority |
| 64.13 | members of the legislative committees with |
| 64.14 | jurisdiction over agriculture and rural |
| 64.15 | development with information on new and |
| 64.16 | existing businesses supported, number of new |
| 64.17 | jobs created in the region, new educational |
| 64.18 | partnerships and programs supported, and |
| 64.19 | regional branding and promotional efforts. |
| 64.20 | (j) \$1,950,000 the first year and \$1,950,000 |
| 64.21 | the second year are for grants to Second |
| 64.22 | Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's |
| 64.23 | six Feeding America food banks for the |
| 64.24 | following purposes: |
| 64.25 | (1) at least \$850,000 each year must be |
| 64.26 | allocated to purchase milk for distribution to |
| 64.27 | Minnesota's food shelves and other charitable |
| 64.28 | organizations that are eligible to receive food |
| 64.29 | from the food banks. Milk purchased under |
| 64.30 | the grants must be acquired from Minnesota |

- 64.31 milk processors and based on low-cost bids.
- 64.32 The milk must be allocated to each Feeding
- 64.33 America food bank serving Minnesota
- 64.34 according to the formula used in the
- 64.35 distribution of United States Department of

64

| 65.1 | Agriculture commodities under The |
|-------|--|
| 65.2 | Emergency Food Assistance Program. Second |
| 65.3 | Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts or |
| 65.4 | agreements with food banks for shared funding |
| 65.5 | or reimbursement of the direct purchase of |
| 65.6 | milk. Each food bank that receives funding |
| 65.7 | under this clause may use up to two percent |
| 65.8 | for administrative expenses. Notwithstanding |
| 65.9 | Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any |
| 65.10 | unencumbered balance the first year does not |
| 65.11 | cancel and is available the second year; |
| 65.12 | (2) to compensate agricultural producers and |
| 65.13 | processors for costs incurred to harvest and |
| 65.14 | package for transfer surplus fruits, vegetables, |
| 65.15 | and other agricultural commodities that would |
| 65.16 | otherwise go unharvested, be discarded, or be |
| 65.17 | sold in a secondary market. Surplus |
| 65.18 | commodities must be distributed statewide to |
| 65.19 | food shelves and other charitable organizations |
| 65.20 | that are eligible to receive food from the food |
| 65.21 | banks. Surplus food acquired under this clause |
| 65.22 | must be from Minnesota producers and |
| 65.23 | processors. Second Harvest Heartland may |
| 65.24 | use up to 15 percent of each grant awarded |
| 65.25 | under this clause for administrative and |
| 65.26 | transportation expenses; and |
| 65 07 | (3) to nurchase and distribute protein products |
| 65.27 | (3) to purchase and distribute protein products, |

including but not limited to pork, poultry, beef, 65.28 dry legumes, cheese, and eggs to Minnesota's 65.29 food shelves and other charitable organizations 65.30 that are eligible to receive food from the food 65.31 65.32 banks. Second Harvest Heartland may use up to two percent of each grant awarded under 65.33 this clause for administrative expenses. Protein 65.34 products purchased under the grants must be 65.35

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| 66.1 | acquired from Minnesota processors and |
|------|--|
| 66.2 | producers. |
| 66.3 | Second Harvest Heartland must submit |

| 66.3 | Second harvest heartland must submit |
|-------|---|
| 66.4 | quarterly reports to the commissioner and the |
| 66.5 | chairs and ranking minority members of the |
| 66.6 | legislative committees with jurisdiction over |
| 66.7 | agriculture finance in the form prescribed by |
| 66.8 | the commissioner. The reports must include |
| 66.9 | but are not limited to information on the |
| 66.10 | expenditure of funds, the amount of milk or |
| 66.11 | other commodities purchased, and the |
| 66.12 | organizations to which this food was |
| 66.13 | distributed. The base for this appropriation is |
| 66.14 | \$1,700,000 for fiscal year 2026 and each year |
| 66.15 | thereafter. |

66.16 (k) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
66.17 second year are for grants to the Southern
66.18 Minnesota Initiative Foundation to promote

66.19 local foods through an annual event that raises

66.20 public awareness of local foods and connects

66.21 local food producers and processors with

66.22 potential buyers.

66.23 (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the

66.24 second year are for grants to The Good Acre

66.25 for the Local Emergency Assistance Farmer

66.26 Fund (LEAFF) program to compensate

66.27 emerging farmers experiencing limited land

66.28 access or limited market access for crops

66.29 donated to hunger relief organizations in

66.30 Minnesota. For purposes of this paragraph,

66.31 "limited land access" and "limited market

66.32 access" have the meanings given in Minnesota

66.33 Statutes, section 17.133, subdivision 1. This

66.34 is a onetime appropriation.

| 67.1 | (m) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 67.2 | second year are to expand the Emerging | | | | |
| 67.3 | Farmers Office and provide services to | | | | |
| 67.4 | beginning and emerging farmers to increase | | | | |
| 67.5 | connections between farmers and market | | | | |
| 67.6 | opportunities throughout the state. This | | | | |
| 67.7 | appropriation may be used for grants, | | | | |
| 67.8 | translation services, training programs, or | | | | |
| 67.9 | other purposes in line with the | | | | |
| 67.10 | recommendations of the Emerging Farmer | | | | |
| 67.11 | Working Group established under Minnesota | | | | |
| 67.12 | Statutes, section 17.055, subdivision 1. The | | | | |
| 67.13 | base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000 in | | | | |
| 67.14 | fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. | | | | |
| 67.15 | (n) \$50,000 the first year is to provide | | | | |
| 67.16 | technical assistance and leadership in the | | | | |
| 67.17 | development of a comprehensive and | | | | |
| 67.18 | well-documented state aquaculture plan. The | | | | |
| 67.19 | commissioner must provide the state | | | | |
| 67.20 | aquaculture plan to the legislative committees | | | | |
| 67.21 | with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and | | | | |
| 67.22 | policy by February 15, 2025. | | | | |
| 67.23 | (o) \$337,000 the first year and \$337,000 the | | | | |
| 67.24 | second year are for farm advocate services. | | | | |
| 67.25 | Of these amounts, \$50,000 the first year and | | | | |
| 67.26 | \$50,000 the second year are for the | | | | |
| 67.27 | continuation of the farmland transition | | | | |
| 67.28 | programs and may be used for grants to | | | | |
| 67.29 | farmland access teams to provide technical | | | | |
| 67.30 | assistance to potential beginning farmers. | | | | |
| 67.31 | Farmland access teams must assist existing | | | | |
| 67.32 | farmers and beginning farmers with | | | | |
| 67.33 | transitioning farm ownership and farm | | | | |
| 67.34 | operation. Services provided by teams may | | | | |
| 67.35 | include but are not limited to mediation | | | | |

assistance, designing contracts, financial 68.1 planning, tax preparation, estate planning, and 68.2 68.3 housing assistance. (p) \$260,000 the first year and \$260,000 the 68.4 second year are for a pass-through grant to 68.5 Region Five Development Commission to 68.6 provide, in collaboration with Farm Business 68.7 68.8 Management, statewide mental health counseling support to Minnesota farm 68.9 operators, families, and employees, and 68.10 individuals who work with Minnesota farmers 68.11 in a professional capacity. Region Five 68.12 68.13 Development Commission may use up to 6.5 percent of the grant awarded under this 68.14 paragraph for administration. 68.15 (q) \$1,000,000 the first year is for transfer to 68.16 the agricultural emergency account established 68.17 under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.041. 68.18 (r) \$1,084,000 the first year and \$500,000 the 68.19 second year are to support IT modernization 68.20 efforts, including laying the technology 68.21 foundations needed for improving customer 68.22 interactions with the department for licensing 68.23 and payments. This is a onetime appropriation. 68.24 (s) \$275,000 the first year is for technical 68.25 68.26 assistance grants to certified community development financial institutions that 68.27 participate in United States Department of 68.28 Agriculture loan or grant programs for small 68.29 farmers or emerging farmers experiencing 68.30 68.31 limited land access or limited market access, including but not limited to the Increasing 68.32 Land, Capital, and Market Access Program. 68.33 For purposes of this paragraph, "emerging 68.34 farmer" has "limited land access" and "limited 68.35

| 69.1 | market access" have the meaning meanings |
|-------|--|
| 69.2 | given in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055, |
| 69.3 | subdivision 1 section 17.133, subdivision 1. |
| 69.4 | The commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent |
| 69.5 | of this appropriation for costs incurred to |
| 69.6 | administer the program. Notwithstanding |
| 69.7 | Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any |
| 69.8 | unencumbered balance does not cancel at the |
| 69.9 | end of the first year and is available in the |
| 69.10 | second year. This is a onetime appropriation. |
| 69.11 | (t) \$1,425,000 the first year and \$1,425,000 |
| 69.12 | the second year are for transfer to the |
| 69.13 | agricultural and environmental revolving loan |
| 69.14 | account established under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 69.15 | section 17.117, subdivision 5a, for low-interest |
| 69.16 | loans under Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 69.17 | 17.117. |
| 69.18 | (u) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the |
| 69.19 | second year are for administrative support for |
| 69.20 | the Rural Finance Authority. |
| 69.21 | (v) The base in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 is |
| 69.22 | \$150,000 each year to coordinate |
| 69.23 | climate-related activities and services within |
| 69.24 | the Department of Agriculture and |
| 69.25 | counterparts in local, state, and federal |
| 69.26 | agencies and to hire a full-time climate |
| 69.27 | implementation coordinator. The climate |
| 69.28 | implementation coordinator must coordinate |
| 69.29 | efforts seeking federal funding for Minnesota's |
| 69.30 | agricultural climate adaptation and mitigation |
| 69.31 | efforts and develop strategic partnerships with |
| 69.32 | the private sector and nongovernment |
| 69.33 | organizations. |
| 69.34 | (w) \$1,200,000 the first year and \$930,000 the |
| 69 35 | second year are to maintain the current level |

69.35 second year are to maintain the current level

69

| 70.1 | of service delivery. The base for this | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 70.2 | appropriation is <u>\$1,085,000</u> <u>\$1,065,000</u> in | | | | |
| 70.3 | fiscal year 2026 and \$1,085,000 <u>\$1,065,000</u> | | | | |
| 70.4 | in fiscal year 2027 and each year thereafter. | | | | |
| 70.5 | (x) $$250,000$ the first year is for a grant to the | | | | |
| 70.6 | Board of Regents of the University of | | | | |
| 70.7 | Minnesota to purchase equipment for the | | | | |
| 70.8 | Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to test for | | | | |
| 70.9 | chronic wasting disease, African swine fever, | | | | |
| 70.10 | avian influenza, and other animal diseases. | | | | |
| 70.11 | The Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory must | | | | |
| 70.12 | report expenditures under this paragraph to | | | | |
| 70.13 | the legislative committees with jurisdiction | | | | |
| 70.14 | over agriculture finance and higher education | | | | |
| 70.15 | with a report submitted by January 3, 2024, | | | | |
| 70.16 | and a final report submitted by December 31, | | | | |
| 70.17 | 2024. The reports must include a list of | | | | |
| 70.18 | equipment purchased, including the cost of | | | | |
| 70.19 | each item. | | | | |
| 70.20 | (y) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 | | | | |
| 70.21 | the second year are to award and administer | | | | |
| 70.22 | down payment assistance grants under | | | | |
| 70.23 | Minnesota Statutes, section 17.133, with | | | | |
| 70.24 | priority given to emerging farmers as defined | | | | |
| 70.25 | in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055, | | | | |
| 70.26 | subdivision 1 eligible applicants with no more | | | | |
| 70.27 | than \$100,000 in annual gross farm product | | | | |
| 70.28 | sales and eligible applicants who are producers | | | | |
| 70.29 | of industrial hemp, cannabis, or one or more | | | | |
| 70.30 | of the following specialty crops as defined by | | | | |
| 70.31 | the United States Department of Agriculture | | | | |
| 70.32 | for purposes of the specialty crop block grant | | | | |
| 70.33 | program: fruits and vegetables, tree nuts, dried | | | | |
| 70.34 | fruits, medicinal plants, culinary herbs and | | | | |
| 70.35 | spices, horticulture crops, floriculture crops, | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| 71.1 | and nursery crops. Notwithstanding Minnesota |
|--|---|
| 71.2 | Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered |
| 71.3 | balance at the end of the first year does not |
| 71.4 | cancel and is available in the second year and |
| 71.5 | appropriations encumbered under contract by |
| 71.6 | June 30, 2025, are available until June 30, |
| 71.7 | 2027. |
| 71.8 | (z) \$222,000 the first year and \$322,000 the |
| 71.9 | second year are for meat processing training |
| 71.10 | and retention incentive grants under section |
| 71.11 | 5. The commissioner may use up to 6.5 |
| 71.12 | percent of this appropriation for costs incurred |
| 71.13 | to administer the program. Notwithstanding |
| 71.14 | Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any |
| 71.15 | unencumbered balance does not cancel at the |
| 71.16 | end of the first year and is available in the |
| 71.17 | second year. This is a onetime appropriation. |
| | |
| 71.18 | (aa) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the |
| 71.18 71.19 | (aa) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are for transfer to the Board of |
| | |
| 71.19 | second year are for transfer to the Board of |
| 71.19 71.20 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to |
| 71.1971.2071.21 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic |
| 71.1971.2071.2171.22 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 71.28 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. This effort must also protect traditional seeds |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 71.28 71.29 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. This effort must also protect traditional seeds brought to Minnesota by immigrant |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 71.28 71.29 71.30 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. This effort must also protect traditional seeds brought to Minnesota by immigrant communities. This appropriation includes |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 71.28 71.29 71.30 71.31 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. This effort must also protect traditional seeds brought to Minnesota by immigrant communities. This appropriation includes funding for associated extension and outreach |
| 71.19 71.20 71.21 71.22 71.23 71.24 71.25 71.26 71.27 71.28 71.29 71.30 71.31 71.32 | second year are for transfer to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes, and other plants including flax, timothy, barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass, clover, and other species and varieties that were in commercial distribution and use in Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice. This effort must also protect traditional seeds brought to Minnesota by immigrant communities. This appropriation includes funding for associated extension and outreach to small and Black, Indigenous, and People of |

- 72.1 (bb) \$300,000 the second year is to award and
- 72.2 administer beginning farmer equipment and
- 72.3 infrastructure grants under Minnesota Statutes,
- 72.4 section 17.055. This is a onetime
- 72.5 appropriation.
- 72.6 (bb) (cc) The commissioner shall continue to
- 72.7 increase connections with ethnic minority and
- 72.8 immigrant farmers to farming opportunities
- 72.9 and farming programs throughout the state.
- 72.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 72.11 Sec. 2. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 4, is amended to read:

| 72.12 72.13 | Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION RESEARCH INSTITUTE | \$ 6,143,000 <u>6,393,000</u> \$ | 4,343,000 |
|----------------|--|---|-----------|
| 72.14 | (a) \$300,000 the first year is for equipment | | |
| 72.15 | upgrades, equipment replacement, installation | | |
| 72.16 | expenses, and laboratory infrastructure at the | | |
| 72.17 | Agricultural Utilization Research Institute's | | |
| 72.18 | laboratories in the cities of Crookston, | | |
| 72.19 | Marshall, and Waseca. | | |
| 72.20 | (b) \$1,500,000 the first year is to replace | | |
| 72.21 | analytical and processing equipment and make | | |
| 72.22 | corresponding facility upgrades at Agricultural | | |
| 72.23 | Utilization Research Institute facilities in the | | |
| 72.24 | cities of Marshall, Crookston, and Waseca. Of | | |
| 72.25 | this amount, up to \$500,000 may be used for | | |
| 72.26 | renewable natural gas and anaerobic digestion | | |
| 72.27 | projects. This is a onetime appropriation and | | |
| 72.28 | is available until June 30, 2026. | | |
| 72.29 | (c) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the | | |
| 72.30 | second year are to maintain the current level | | |
| 72.31 | of service delivery. | | |

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| 73.1 | (d) \$250,000 the first year is to support food |
|-------|--|
| 73.2 | businesses. This is a onetime appropriation |
| 73.3 | and is available until June 30, 2026. |
| 73.4 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 73.5 | ARTICLE 6 |
| 73.6 | PESTICIDE CONTROL |
| 73.7 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 73.8 | to read: |
| 73.9 | Subd. 1d. Application or use of a pesticide. "Application or use of a pesticide" includes: |
| 73.10 | (1) the dispersal of a pesticide on, in, at, or directed toward a target site; |
| 73.11 | (2) preapplication activities that involve the mixing and loading of a restricted use |
| 73.12 | pesticide; and |
| 73.13 | (3) other restricted use pesticide-related activities, including but not limited to transporting |
| 73.14 | or storing pesticide containers that have been opened; cleaning equipment; and disposing |
| 73.15 | of excess pesticides, spray mix, equipment wash waters, pesticide containers, and other |
| 73.16 | materials that contain pesticide. |
| 73.17 | Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.26, subdivision 6, is amended to read: |
| 73.18 | Subd. 6. Discontinuance or cancellation of registration. (a) To ensure the complete |
| 73.19 | withdrawal from distribution or further use of a pesticide, a person who intends to discontinue |
| 73.20 | a pesticide registration must: |
| 73.21 | (1) terminate a further distribution within the state and continue to register the pesticide |
| 73.22 | annually for two successive years; and |
| 73.23 | (2) initiate and complete a total recall of the pesticide from all distribution in the state |
| 73.24 | within 60 days from the date of notification to the commissioner of intent to discontinue |
| 73.25 | registration; or. |
| 73.26 | (3) submit to the commissioner evidence adequate to document that no distribution of |
| 73.27 | the registered pesticide has occurred in the state. |
| 73.28 | (b) Upon the request of a registrant, the commissioner may immediately cancel |
| 73.29 | registration of a pesticide product. The commissioner may immediately cancel registration |
| 73.30 | of a pesticide product at the commissioner's discretion. When requesting that the |

| 74.1 | commissioner immediately cancel registration of a pesticide product, a registrant must |
|-------|---|
| 74.2 | provide the commissioner with: |
| 74.3 | (1) a statement that the pesticide product is no longer in distribution; and |
| 74.4 | (2) documentation of pesticide gross sales from the previous year supporting the statement |
| 74.5 | under clause (1). |
| 74.6 | Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to |
| 74.7 | read: |
| 74.8 | Subd. 5. Advisory panel. Before approving the issuance of an experimental use pesticide |
| 74.9 | product registration under this section, the commissioner must convene and consider the |
| 74.10 | advice of a panel of outside scientific and health experts. The panel must include but is not |
| 74.11 | limited to representatives of the Department of Health, the Department of Natural Resources, |
| 74.12 | the Pollution Control Agency, and the University of Minnesota. |
| | |
| 74.13 | Sec. 4. [18B.283] EXPERT ADVICE REQUIRED FOR EMERGENCY |
| 74.14 | EXEMPTIONS. |
| 74.15 | Within 30 days of submitting an emergency registration exemption application under |
| 74.16 | section 18 of FIFRA, the commissioner must convene and consider the advice of a panel |
| 74.17 | of outside scientific and health experts. The panel must include but is not limited to |
| 74.18 | representatives of the Department of Health, the Department of Natural Resources, the |
| 74.19 | Pollution Control Agency, and the University of Minnesota. |
| 74.20 | Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.305, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 74.20 | See. 5. Winnesota Statutes 2022, Section 10D.505, Subarvision 2, 15 amenaed to read. |
| 74.21 | Subd. 2. Training manual and examination development. The commissioner, in |
| 74.22 | consultation with University of Minnesota Extension and other higher education institutions, |
| 74.23 | shall continually revise and update pesticide applicator training manuals and examinations. |
| 74.24 | The manuals and examinations must be written to meet or exceed the minimum competency |
| 74.25 | standards required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and pertinent |
| 74.26 | state specific information. Pesticide applicator training manuals and examinations must |
| 74.27 | meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. |

74.28 Competency standards for training manuals and examinations must be published on the

74.29 Department of Agriculture website. Questions in the examinations must be determined by

74.30 the commissioner in consultation with other responsible agencies. Manuals and examinations

74.31 must include pesticide management practices that discuss prevention of pesticide occurrence

- in groundwater and surface water of the state, and economic thresholds and guidance forinsecticide use.
- 75.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 75.4 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not engage in structural pest control
 75.5 applications:

75.6 (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

(2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is
or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations-; and

75.9 (3) unless the person is 18 years of age or older.

(b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card to
purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon
demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer.
The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.

75.14 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a structural pest control license on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner shall require the applicant to pass a written, closed-book, monitored examination or oral examination, or both, and may also require a practical demonstration regarding structural pest control. The commissioner shall establish the examination procedure, including the phases and contents of the examination.

(b) The commissioner may license a person as a master under a structural pest control
license if the person has the necessary qualifications through knowledge and experience to
properly plan, determine, and supervise the selection and application of pesticides in structural
pest control. To demonstrate the qualifications and become licensed as a master under a
structural pest control license, a person must:

75.26 (1) pass a closed-book test administered by the commissioner;

(2) have direct experience as a licensed journeyman under a structural pest control license
for at least two years by this state or a state with equivalent certification requirements or as
a full-time licensed master in another state with equivalent certification requirements; and

(3) show practical knowledge and field experience under clause (2) in the actual selection
and application of pesticides under varying conditions.

(c) The commissioner may license a person as a journeyman under a structural pest
 control license if the person:

76.3 (1) has the necessary qualifications in the practical selection and application of pesticides;

76.4 (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

(3) is engaged as an employee of or is working under the direction of a person licensedas a master under a structural pest control license.

76.7 (d) The commissioner may license a person as a fumigator under a structural pest control
76.8 license if the person:

76.9 (1) has knowledge of the practical selection and application of fumigants;

76.10 (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

(3) is licensed by the commissioner as a master or journeyman under a structural pestcontrol license.

76.13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Renewal. (a) An applicator may apply to renew a structural pest control 76.14 applicator license may be renewed on or before the expiration of an existing license subject 76.15 to reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the 76.16 76.17 commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of 76.18 competency and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. A recertification workshop 76.19 must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, 76.20 part 171. Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the 76.21 Department of Agriculture website. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a 76.22 recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner 76.23 may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. The commissioner may require an 76.24 additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license 76.25 suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter. 76.26

(b) If <u>a person an applicator</u> fails to renew a structural pest control license within three
months of its expiration, the <u>person applicator</u> must obtain a structural pest control license
subject to the requirements, procedures, and fees required for an initial license.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Financial responsibility. (a) A structural pest control license may not be issued
unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may
suspend or revoke a structural pest control license if an applicator fails to provide proof of
financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial responsibility may be
demonstrated by:

(1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or

(2) a performance bond or insurance of a kind and in an amount determined by thecommissioner.

(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the 77.10 applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license 77.11 of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The 77.12 performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or 77.13 bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of 77.14 cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery 77.15 against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to 77.16 maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required. 77.17

- (c) An employee of a licensed person is not required to maintain an insurance policy or
 bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.
- (d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this
 section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a
commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural pest control
license.

(b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card to
purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon
demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer.
The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification
card.

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- (c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to
 verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by
 the federal label.
- (d) A person who uses a general-use sanitizer or disinfectant for hire in response to
 COVID-19 is exempt from the commercial applicator license requirements under this section.
- 78.6
- (e) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.

78.7 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Renewal application. (a) A person An applicator must apply to the 78.8 commissioner to renew a commercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a 78.9 commercial applicator license accompanied by the application fee, subject to reexamination, 78.10 attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the commissioner, or other 78.11 requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information 78.12 regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and 78.13 ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The applicant Upon the receipt of an applicator's 78.14 renewal application, the commissioner may require the applicator to attend a recertification 78.15 78.16 workshop. Depending on the application category, the commissioner may require an applicator to complete a recertification workshop once per year, once every two years, or 78.17 once every three years. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a recertification 78.18 workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner may require 78.19 the applicator to pass a reexamination. A recertification workshop must meet or exceed the 78.20 competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency 78.21 standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the Department of Agriculture 78.22 website. An applicator may renew a commercial applicator license within 12 months after 78.23 expiration of the license without having to meet initial testing requirements. The 78.24 commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if a person 78.25 the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has had a history of violations of 78.26 this chapter. 78.27 (b) An applicant applicator that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead 78.28

of attending workshops a recertification workshop must pay the equivalent workshop fee
for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.

78.31 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

78.32 Subd. 6. Financial responsibility. (a) A commercial applicator license may not be issued
 78.33 unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may

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79.1 suspend or revoke an applicator's commercial applicator license if the applicator fails to
79.2 provide proof of financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial
79.3 responsibility may be demonstrated by: (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than
79.4 \$50,000; or (2) by a performance bond or insurance of the kind and in an amount determined
79.5 by the commissioner.

(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the 79.6 applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license 79.7 of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The 79.8 performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or 79.9 bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of 79.10 cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery 79.11 against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to 79.12 maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required. 79.13

(c) An employee of a licensed <u>person applicator</u> is not required to maintain an insurance
 policy or bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.

(d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of thissection must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.

79.18 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator, certified
private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person, including a
government employee, may not purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in performance
of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use
category.

(b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides
and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a
law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required
by the commissioner.

(c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to
verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by
the federal label.

79.31 (d) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.

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Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 80.1 Subd. 4. Renewal. (a) <u>A person An applicator must apply to the commissioner to renew</u> 80.2 a noncommercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a license subject to 80.3 reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the 80.4 commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator 80.5 with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of 80.6 competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. Upon the receipt of an 80.7 applicator's renewal application, the commissioner may require the applicator to attend a 80.8 recertification workshop. Depending on the application category, the commissioner may 80.9 require an applicator to complete a recertification workshop once per year, once every two 80.10 years, or once every three years. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a 80.11 recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner 80.12 may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. A recertification workshop must meet 80.13 or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. 80.14 Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the Department 80.15 of Agriculture website. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of 80.16 applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has 80.17 otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter. 80.18

(b) An <u>applicant applicator</u> that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead
of attending <u>workshops a recertification workshop</u> must pay the equivalent workshop fee
for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.

80.22 (c) An applicant applicator has 12 months to renew the license after expiration without
 80.23 having to meet initial testing requirements.

80.24 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

80.25 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) The commissioner may establish categories of

80.26 structural pest control, commercial applicator, and noncommercial applicator licenses for

80.27 administering and enforcing this chapter. and private applicator certification consistent with

80.28 federal requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 171.101 and 171.105,

- 80.29 including but not limited to the federal categories that are applicable to Minnesota.
- 80.30 Application categories must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal

80.31 Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency standards for application categories must be

80.32 published on the Department of Agriculture website. The categories may include pest control

80.33 operators and ornamental, agricultural, aquatic, forest, and right-of-way pesticide applicators.

80.34 Separate subclassifications of categories may be specified as to ground, aerial, or manual

| 81.1 | methods to apply pesticides or to the use of pesticides to control insects, plant diseases, |
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| 81.2 | rodents, or weeds. |
| 81.3 | (b) Each category is subject to separate testing procedures and requirements. |
| 81.4 | Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read: |
| 81.5 | Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial or noncommercial |
| 81.6 | applicator, only a certified private applicator may use a restricted use pesticide to produce |
| 81.7 | an agricultural commodity: |
| 81.8 | (1) as a traditional exchange of services without financial compensation; |
| 81.9 | (2) on a site owned, rented, or managed by the person or the person's employees; or |
| 81.10 | (3) when the private applicator is one of two or fewer employees and the owner or |
| 81.11 | operator is a certified private applicator or is licensed as a noncommercial applicator. |
| 81.12 | (b) A person may not purchase a restricted use pesticide without presenting a license |
| 81.13 | card, certified private applicator card, or the card number. |
| 81.14 | (c) A person certified under this section is considered qualified and is not required to |
| 81.15 | verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by |
| 81.16 | the federal label. |
| 81.17 | (d) A person certified under this section must be 18 years of age or older. |
| 81.18 | Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 81.19 | Subd. 2. Certification. (a) The commissioner shall prescribe certification requirements |
| 81.20 | and provide training that meets or exceeds United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| 81.21 | standards to certify private applicators and provide information relating to changing |
| 81.22 | technology to help ensure a continuing level of competency and ability to use pesticides |
| 81.23 | properly and safely. Private applicator certification requirements and training must meet or |
| 81.24 | exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. |
| 81.25 | Competency standards for private applicator certification and training must be published |
| 81.26 | on the Department of Agriculture website. The training may be done through cooperation |
| 81.27 | with other government agencies and must be a minimum of three hours in duration. |
| 81.28 | (b) A person must apply to the commissioner for certification as a private applicator. |
| 81.29 | After completing the certification requirements, which must include an a proctored |
| 81.30 | examination as determined by the commissioner, an applicant must be certified as a private |

| 82.1 | applicator to use restricted use pesticides. The certification shall expire March 1 of the third |
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| 82.2 | calendar year after the initial year of certification. |
| 82.3 | (c) The commissioner shall issue a private applicator card to a private applicator. |
| 82.4 | Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 82.5 | Subd. 2. Commercial and noncommercial applicators. (a) A commercial or |
| 82.6 | noncommercial applicator, or the applicator's authorized agent, must maintain a record of |
| 82.7 | pesticides used on each site. Noncommercial applicators must keep records of restricted |
| 82.8 | use pesticides. The record must include the: |
| 82.9 | (1) date of the pesticide use; |
| 82.10 | (2) time the pesticide application was completed; |
| 82.11 | (3) brand name of the pesticide, the United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| 82.12 | registration number, and rate used; |
| 82.13 | (4) number of units treated; |
| 82.14 | (5) temperature, wind speed, and wind direction; |
| 82.15 | (6) location of the site where the pesticide was applied; |
| 82.16 | (7) name and address of the customer; |
| 82.17 | (8) name of applicator, name of company, license number of applicator, and address of |
| 82.18 | applicator company; and |
| 82.19 | (9) any other information required by the commissioner. |
| 82.20 | (b) Portions of records not relevant to a specific type of application may be omitted upon |
| 82.21 | approval from the commissioner. |
| 82.22 | (c) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a document for each |
| 82.23 | pesticide application, except a map may be attached to identify treated areas. An invoice |
| 82.24 | containing the required information may constitute the required record. The commissioner |
| 82.25 | shall make sample forms available to meet the requirements of this paragraph. |
| 82.26 | (d) The record must be completed no later than five days after the application of the |
| 82.27 | pesticide. |
| 82.28 | (e) A commercial applicator must give a copy of the record to the customer. |
| 82.29 | (f) Records must be retained by the applicator, company, or authorized agent for five |

82.30 years after the date of treatment.

| 83.1 | (g) A record of a commercial or noncommercial applicator must meet or exceed the |
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| 83.2 | requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. |
| | |
| 83.3 | Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.37, subdivision 3, is amended to read: |
| 83.4 | Subd. 3. Structural pest control applicators. (a) A structural pest control applicator |
| 83.5 | must maintain a record of each structural pest control application conducted by that person |
| 83.6 | or by the person's employees. The record must include the: |
| 83.7 | (1) date of structural pest control application; |
| 83.8 | (2) target pest; |
| 83.9 | (3) brand name of the pesticide, United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| 83.10 | registration number, and amount used; |
| 83.11 | (4) for fumigation, the temperature and exposure time; |
| 83.12 | (5) time the pesticide application was completed; |
| 83.13 | (6) name and address of the customer; |
| 83.14 | (7) name of structural pest control applicator, name of company and address of applicator |
| 83.15 | or company, and license number of applicator; and |
| 83.16 | (8) any other information required by the commissioner. |
| 83.17 | (b) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a document for |
| 83.18 | each pesticide application. An invoice containing the required information may constitute |
| 83.19 | the record. |
| 83.20 | (c) The record must be completed no later than five days after the application of the |
| 83.21 | pesticide. |
| 83.22 | (d) Records must be retained for five years after the date of treatment. |
| 83.23 | (e) A copy of the record must be given to a person who ordered the application that is |
| 83.24 | present at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted, placed in a |
| 83.25 | conspicuous location at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted |
| 83.26 | immediately after the application of the pesticides, or delivered to the person who ordered |
| 83.27 | an application or the owner of the site. The commissioner must make sample forms available |
| 83.28 | that meet the requirements of this subdivision. |
| 83.29 | (f) A structural applicator must post in a conspicuous place inside a renter's apartment |

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where a pesticide application has occurred a list of postapplication precautions contained

| 84.1 | on the label of the pesticide that was applied in the apartment and any other information |
|-------|--|
| 84.2 | required by the commissioner. |
| 84.3 | (g) A record of a structural applicator must meet or exceed the requirements in Code of |
| 84.4 | Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. |
| | |
| 84.5 | Sec. 20. COMMERCIAL APPLICATOR LICENSE EXAMINATION LANGUAGE |
| 84.6 | REQUIREMENTS. |
| 84.7 | By January 1, 2025, the commissioner of agriculture must ensure that examinations for |
| 84.8 | a commercial applicator license under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.33, are available in |
| 84.9 | Spanish and that applicants are informed that the examinations can be taken in Spanish. |
| 84.10 | The commissioner must use money appropriated from the pesticide regulatory account |
| 84.11 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.05, for this purpose. |
| 04.10 | ADTICI E 7 |
| 84.12 | ARTICLE 7 OTHER AGRICULTURE STATUTORY CHANGES |
| 84.13 | OTHER AGRICULTURE STATUTORY CHANGES |
| 84.14 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 84.15 | to read: |
| 84.16 | Subd. 1a. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the |
| 84.17 | meanings given. |
| 84.18 | (b) "Approved agent" means a person authorized by the Department of Agriculture to |
| 84.19 | determine if crop or fence damage was caused by elk and to assign a monetary value to the |
| 84.20 | crop or fence damage. |
| 84.21 | (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's |
| 84.22 | authorized representative. |
| 84.23 | (d) "Estimated value" means the current value of crops or fencing as determined by an |
| 84.24 | approved agent. |
| 04.05 | (a) "Owner" means an individual firm correction concretes in or association with |
| 84.25 | (e) "Owner" means an individual, firm, corporation, copartnership, or association with |
| 84.26 | an interest in crops or fencing damaged by elk. |
| 84.27 | Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 84.28 | Subd. 2. Claim form and reporting. (a) The owner must prepare a claim on forms |
| 84.29 | provided by the commissioner and available on the Department of Agriculture's Agriculture |

| 85.1 | website or by request from the commissioner. The claim form must be filed with the |
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| 85.2 | commissioner. |
| 85.3 | (b) After discovering crop or fence damage suspected to be caused by elk, an owner |
| 85.4 | must promptly notify an approved agent of the damage. To submit a claim for crop or fence |
| 85.5 | damage caused by elk, an owner must complete the required portions of the claim form |
| 85.6 | provided by the commissioner. An owner who has submitted a claim must provide an |
| 85.7 | approved agent with all information required to investigate the crop or fence damage. |
| 85.8 | Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision to |
| 85.9 | read: |
| 85.10 | Subd. 2a. Investigation and crop valuation. (a) Upon receiving notification of crop or |
| | |
| 85.11 | fence damage suspected to be caused by elk, an approved agent must promptly investigate |
| 85.12 | the damage in a timely manner. An approved agent must make written findings on the claim |
| 85.13 | form regarding whether the crop or fence was destroyed or damaged by elk. The approved |
| 85.14 | agent's findings must be based on physical and circumstantial evidence, including: |
| 85.15 | (1) the condition of the crop or fence; |
| 85.16 | (2) the presence of elk tracks; |
| 85.17 | (3) the geographic area of the state where the crop or fence damage occurred; |
| 85.18 | (4) any sightings of elk in the area; and |
| 85.19 | (5) any other circumstances that the approved agent considers to be relevant. |
| 85.20 | (b) The absence of affirmative evidence may be grounds for denial of a claim. |
| 85.21 | (c) On a claim form, an approved agent must make written findings of the extent of crop |
| 85.22 | or fence damage and, if applicable, the amount of crop destroyed. |
| 85.23 | (d) For damage to standing crops, an owner may choose to have the approved agent use |
| 85.24 | the method in clause (1) or (2) to complete the claim form and determine the amount of |
| 85.25 | crop loss: |
| 85.26 | (1) to submit a claim form to the commissioner at the time that the suspected elk damage |
| 85.27 | is discovered, the approved agent must record on the claim form: (i) the field's potential |
| 85.28 | yield per acre; (ii) the field's average yield per acre that is expected on the damaged acres; |
| 85.29 | (iii) the estimated value of the crop; and (iv) the total amount of loss. Upon completing the |
| 85.30 | claim form, the approved agent must submit the form to the commissioner; or |

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| 86.1 | (2) to submit a claim form to the commissioner at the time that the crop is harvested, |
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| 86.2 | the approved agent must record on the claim form at the time of the investigation: (i) the |
| 86.3 | percent of crop loss from damage; (ii) the actual yield of the damaged field when the crop |
| 86.4 | is harvested; (iii) the estimated value of the crop; and (iv) the total amount of loss. Upon |
| 86.5 | completing the claim form, the approved agent must submit the form to the commissioner. |
| 86.6 | (e) For damage to stored crops, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1) |
| 86.7 | the type and volume of destroyed stored crops; (2) the estimated value of the crop; and (3) |
| 86.8 | the total amount of loss. |
| 86.9 | (f) For damage to fencing, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1) the |
| 86.10 | type of materials damaged; (2) the linear feet of the damage; (3) the value of the materials |
| 86.11 | per unit according to National Resource Conservation Service specifications; and (4) the |
| 86.12 | calculated total damage to the fence. |
| | |
| 86.13 | Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision to |
| 86.14 | read: |
| 86.15 | Subd. 2b. Claim form. A completed claim form must be signed by the owner and an |
| 86.16 | approved agent. An approved agent must submit the claim form to the commissioner for |
| 86.17 | the commissioner's review and payment. The commissioner must return an incomplete claim |
| 86.18 | form to the approved agent. When returning an incomplete claim form to an approved agent, |
| 86.19 | the commissioner must indicate which information is missing from the claim form. |
| 86.20 | Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, subdivision 3, is amended to read: |
| 00.20 | |
| 86.21 | Subd. 3. Compensation. (a) The crop An owner is entitled to the target price or the |
| 86.22 | market price, whichever is greater, estimated value of the damaged or destroyed crop plus |
| 86.23 | adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation |
| 86.24 | service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner, |
| 86.25 | upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent for the owner's county or |
| 86.26 | fence. Verification of crop or fence damage or destruction by elk may be provided by |
| 86.27 | submitting photographs or other evidence and documentation together with a statement |
| 86.28 | from an independent witness using forms prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner, |
| 86.29 | upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent, shall determine whether the |
| 86.30 | crop damage or destruction or damage to or destruction of a fence surrounding a crop or |
| 86.31 | pasture is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop or fence that is damaged or |
| 86.32 | destroyed. In any fiscal year, an owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed |
| 86.33 | crop or fence surrounding a crop or pasture that is less than \$100 in value and may be |
| | |

compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section, if normal harvest procedures
 for the area are followed. An owner may not be compensated more than \$1,800 per fiscal

87.3 year for damage to fencing surrounding a crop or pasture.

- (b) In any fiscal year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed
 under this section up to the amount expressly appropriated for this purpose.
- 87.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.055, subdivision 3, is amended
 87.7 to read:

Subd. 3. Beginning farmer equipment and infrastructure grants. (a) The commissioner
may award and administer equipment and infrastructure grants to beginning farmers. The
commissioner shall give preference to applicants who are emerging farmers experiencing
<u>limited land access or limited market access</u> as <u>those terms are</u> defined in <u>section 17.133</u>,
subdivision 1. Grant money may be used for equipment and infrastructure development.

(b) The commissioner shall develop competitive eligibility criteria and may allocategrants on a needs basis.

87.15 (c) Grant projects may continue for up to two years.

87.16 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

87.17 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have87.18 the meanings given.

(b) "Eligible farmer" means an individual who at the time that the grant is awarded:

87.20 (1) is a resident of Minnesota who intends to acquire farmland located within the state87.21 and provide the majority of the day-to-day physical labor and management of the farm;

87.22 (2) grosses no more than \$250,000 per year from the sale of farm products; and

- 87.23 (3) has not, and whose spouse has not, at any time had a direct or indirect ownership87.24 interest in farmland; and
- 87.25 (4) is not, and whose spouse is not, related by blood or marriage to an owner of the
 87.26 farmland that the individual intends to acquire.

87.27 (c) "Farm down payment" means an initial, partial payment required by a lender or seller
87.28 to purchase farmland.

87.29 (d) "Incubator farm" means a farm where:

| 88.1 | (1) individuals are given temporary, exclusive, and affordable access to small parcels | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 88.2 | of land, infrastructure, and often training, for the purpose of honing skills and launching a | | | | |
| 88.3 | farm business; and | | | | |
| 88.4 | (2) a majority of the individuals farming the small parcels of land grow industrial hemp, | | | | |
| 88.5 | cannabis, or one or more of the following specialty crops as defined by the United States | | | | |
| 88.6 | Department of Agriculture for purposes of the specialty crop block grant program: fruits | | | | |
| 88.7 | and vegetables, tree nuts, dried fruits, medicinal plants, culinary herbs and spices, horticulture | | | | |
| 88.8 | crops, floriculture crops, and nursery crops. | | | | |
| 88.9 | (e) "Limited land access" means farming land that the individual does not own when: | | | | |
| 88.10 | (1) the individual or the individual's child rents or leases the land, with the term of each | | | | |
| 88.11 | rental or lease agreement not exceeding three years in duration, from a person who is not | | | | |
| 88.12 | related to the individual or the individual's spouse by blood or marriage; or | | | | |
| 88.13 | (2) the individual rents the land from an incubator farm. | | | | |
| 88.14 | (f) "Limited market access" means the majority of the individual's annual farm product | | | | |
| 88.15 | sales are direct sales to the consumer. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 88.16 | Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.133, subdivision 3, is amended | | | | |
| 88.17 | to read: | | | | |
| 88.18 | Subd. 3. Report to legislature. No later than December 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, | | | | |
| 88.19 | the commissioner must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the | | | | |
| 88.20 | legislative committees having jurisdiction over agriculture and rural development, in | | | | |
| 88.21 | compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the farm down payment assistance grants | | | | |
| 88.22 | under this section. The report must include: | | | | |
| 88.23 | (1) background information on beginning farmers in Minnesota and any other information | | | | |
| 88.24 | that the commissioner and authority find relevant to evaluating the effect of the grants on | | | | |
| 88.25 | increasing opportunities for and the number of beginning farmers; | | | | |
| 88.26 | (2) the number and amount of grants; | | | | |
| 88.27 | (3) the geographic distribution of grants by county; | | | | |
| 88.28 | (4) the number of grant recipients who are emerging farmers; | | | | |
| 88.29 | (5) the number of grant recipients who were experiencing limited land access or limited | | | | |
| 88.30 | market access when the grant was awarded; | | | | |
| 88.31 | (5) (6) disaggregated data regarding the gender, race, and ethnicity of grant recipients; | | | | |
| | | | | | |

- 89.1 (6)(7) the number of farmers who cease to own land and are subject to payment of a 89.2 penalty, along with the reasons for the land ownership cessation; and
- 89.3 (7)(8) the number and amount of grant applications that exceeded the allocation available 89.4 in each year.
- 89.5 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.134, is amended by adding a
 89.6 subdivision to read:
- 89.7 Subd. 3a. Grant requirements. In addition to the applicable grants management
 89.8 requirements under sections 16B.97 to 16B.991, as a condition of receiving a soil health
 89.9 financial assistance grant under this section, an owner or lessee of farmland must commit
 89.10 to:
- 89.11 (1) if not certified under sections 17.9891 to 17.993, achieve certification no later than
 89.12 24 months after the grant agreement is fully executed;
- 89.13 (2) not lease or rent the equipment to another for economic gain; and
- 89.14 (3) if selling the equipment, sell the equipment for no more than the owner's or lessee's
 89.15 documented share of the total purchase price.
- 89.16 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
 89.17 to read:
- 89.18 Subd. 1c. Beneficial substance. "Beneficial substance" means any substance or
 89.19 compound other than a primary, secondary, and micro plant nutrient that can be demonstrated
- 89.20 by scientific research to be beneficial to one or more species of plants, soil, or media.
- 89.21 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
 89.22 to read:
- 89.23 Subd. 7b. Diammonium phosphate. "Diammonium phosphate" or "DAP" means a
 89.24 fertilizer containing 18 percent total nitrogen and 46 percent available phosphate.
- 89.25 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
 89.26 to read:
- 89.27 Subd. 11a. Finished sewage sludge product. "Finished sewage sludge product" means
 89.28 a fertilizer product consisting in whole or in part of sewage sludge that is disinfected by
- 89.29 means of composting, pasteurization, wet air oxidation, heat treatment, or other means and
- sold to the public.

Article 7 Sec. 12.

90.1 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.2 to read:

90.3 Subd. 18b. Liquid 28. "Liquid 28" means a liquid nitrogen solution containing 28 percent
90.4 total nitrogen.

90.5 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.6 to read:

90.7 Subd. 18c. Liquid 32. "Liquid 32" means a liquid nitrogen solution containing 32 percent
 90.8 total nitrogen.

90.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.10 to read:

90.11 Subd. 19b. Monoammonium phosphate. "Monoammonium phosphate" or "MAP"
90.12 means a fertilizer containing ten to 11 percent total nitrogen and 48 to 55 percent available
90.13 phosphate.

90.14 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.15 to read:

90.16 <u>Subd. 20a.</u> <u>Nitrogen fertilizer.</u> "Nitrogen fertilizer" means any fertilizer, soil amendment,
 90.17 <u>or plant amendment totally or partially comprised of nitrogen, including but not limited to</u>
 90.18 <u>anhydrous ammonia, urea, liquid 28, liquid 32, DAP, and MAP.</u>

90.19 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, subdivision 33, is amended to read:
90.20 Subd. 33. Soil amendment. "Soil amendment" means a substance intended to improve
90.21 the structural, physical, chemical, biochemical, or biological characteristics of the soil or
90.22 modify organic matter at or near the soil surface, except fertilizers, agricultural liming
90.23 materials, pesticides, and other materials exempted by the commissioner's rules.

90.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.25 to read:

90.26 Subd. 37a. Urea. "Urea" means a white crystalline solid containing 46 percent nitrogen.

90.27 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

90.28 Subd. 2. Adoption of national standards. Applicable national standards contained in

90.29 the 1996 official publication, number 49, most recently published version of the official

91.1 <u>publication</u> of the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials including the rules

and regulations, statements of uniform interpretation and policy, and the official fertilizer
terms and definitions, and not otherwise adopted by the commissioner, may be adopted as
fertilizer rules of this state.

91.5 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.215, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Packaged fertilizers. (a) A person may not sell or distribute specialty
fertilizer in bags or other containers in this state unless a label is placed on or affixed to the
bag or container stating in a clear, legible, and conspicuous form the following information:

91.9 (1) the net weight and volume, if applicable;

91.10 (2) the brand and grade, except the grade is not required if primary nutrients are not91.11 claimed;

91.12 (3) the guaranteed analysis;

91.13 (4) the name and address of the guarantor;

91.14 (5) directions for use, except directions for use are not required for custom blend specialty
91.15 fertilizers; and

91.16 (6) a derivatives statement.

91.17 (b) A person may not sell or distribute fertilizer for agricultural purposes in bags or other
91.18 containers in this state unless a label is placed on or affixed to the bag or container stating
91.19 in a clear, legible, and conspicuous form the information listed in paragraph (a), clauses (1)
91.20 to (4), except:

91.21 (1) the grade is not required if primary nutrients are not claimed; and

91.22 (2) the grade on the label is optional if the fertilizer is used only for agricultural purposes91.23 and the guaranteed analysis statement is shown in the complete form as in section 18C.211.

- 91.24 (c) The labeled information must appear:
- 91.25 (1) on the front or back side of the container;
- 91.26 (2) on the upper one-third of the side of the container;
- 91.27 (3) on the upper end of the container; or

91.28 (4) printed on a tag affixed to the upper end of the container.

91.29 (d) If a person sells a custom blend specialty fertilizer in bags or other containers, the

91.30 information required in paragraph (a) must either be affixed to the bag or container as

92.1 required in paragraph (c) or be furnished to the customer on an invoice or delivery ticket92.2 in written or printed form.

92.3 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.221, is amended to read:

92.4 **18C.221 FERTILIZER PLANT FOOD CONTENT.**

92.5 (a) Products that are deficient in plant food content are subject to this subdivision.

92.6 (b) An analysis must show that a fertilizer is deficient:

92.7 (1) in one or more of its guaranteed primary plant nutrients beyond the investigational92.8 allowances and compensations as established by regulation; or

92.9 (2) if the overall index value of the fertilizer is shown below the level established by92.10 rule.

92.11 (c) A deficiency in an official sample of mixed fertilizer resulting from nonuniformity
92.12 is not distinguishable from a deficiency due to actual plant nutrient shortage and is properly
92.13 subject to official action.

92.14 (d) For the purpose of determining the commercial index value to be applied, the
92.15 commissioner shall determine at least annually the values per unit of nitrogen, available
92.16 phosphoric acid phosphate, and soluble potash in fertilizers in this state.

92.17 (e) If a fertilizer in the possession of the consumer is found by the commissioner to be 92.18 short in weight, the registrant or licensee of the fertilizer must submit a penalty payment of 92.19 two times the value of the actual shortage to the consumer within 30 days after official 92.20 notice from the commissioner.

92.21 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18C.421, subdivision 1, is amended92.22 to read:

Subdivision 1. Annual tonnage report. (a) Each registrant under section 18C.411 and
licensee under section 18C.415 shall file an annual tonnage report for the previous year
ending June 30 with the commissioner, on forms provided or approved by the commissioner,
<u>utilizing uniform fertilizer tonnage reporting system codes and stating the number of net</u>
tons of each brand or grade of fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment distributed
in this state or the number of net tons and grade of each raw fertilizer material distributed
in this state during the reporting period.

93.1 (b) A tonnage report is not required to be submitted and an inspection fee under section
93.2 18C.425, subdivision 6, is not required to be paid to the commissioner by a licensee who
93.3 distributes fertilizer solely by custom application.

93.4 (c) The annual tonnage report must be submitted to the commissioner on or before July93.5 31 of each year.

93.6 (d) The inspection fee under section 18C.425, subdivision 6, must accompany the93.7 statement.

93.8 (e) The commissioner must produce an annual fertilizer sales report and post this report
93.9 on the commissioner's website.

93.10 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended93.11 to read:

93.12 Subd. 6. Payment of inspection fee. (a) The person who registers and distributes in the
93.13 state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall
93.14 pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

(b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person
not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as
exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil 93.18 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay the inspection fee 93.19 set under paragraph (e), and until June 30, 2024, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, 93.20 soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of 93.21 \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, until June 30, 2025, the 93.22 commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee in the 93.23 agricultural fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80; and after June 30, 93.24 2025, the commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee 93.25 in the private well drinking-water assistance account established in section 18C.90. Products 93.26 93.27 sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for 93.28 manufacturing purposes. 93.29

(d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
of three years.

| 94.1 | (e) By commissioner's order, the commissioner must set the inspection fee at no less |
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| 94.2 | than 39 cents per ton and no more than 70 cents per ton. The commissioner must hold a |
| 94.3 | public meeting before increasing the fee by more than five cents per ton. |
| 94.4 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 94.5 | Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.70, subdivision 5, is amended to read: |
| 94.6 | Subd. 5. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2025 2026. |
| 94.7 | Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.71, subdivision 4, is amended to read: |
| 94.8 | Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2025 2026. |
| 94.9 | Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.80, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 94.10 | Subd. 2. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2025 2026. |
| 94.11 | Sec. 27. [18C.90] PRIVATE WELL DRINKING-WATER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. |
| 94.12 | Subdivision 1. Account; appropriation. A private well drinking-water assistance account |
| 94.13 | is established in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is |
| 94.14 | appropriated to the commissioner for aid payments to community health boards under |
| 94.15 | subdivision 2. |
| 94.16 | Subd. 2. Aid payments. (a) At least annually, the commissioner must make aid payments |
| 94.17 | to community health boards established under chapter 145A for purposes of assisting eligible |
| 94.18 | residents under subdivision 3. |
| 94.19 | (b) The commissioner must award proportional aid payments to eligible community |
| 94.20 | health boards based on each board's share of total private drinking-water wells in the state |
| 94.21 | with documented nitrate in excess of ten milligrams per liter, as determined by the |
| 94.22 | commissioner in consultation with the commissioners of health and the Pollution Control |
| 94.23 | Agency. |
| 94.24 | Subd. 3. Provision of safe drinking water. (a) For purposes of this section, "safe |
| 94.25 | drinking water" means water required for drinking, cooking, and maintaining oral hygiene |
| 94.26 | that has a nitrate level of no more than ten milligrams per liter. |
| 94.27 | (b) Community health boards must use aid payments received under subdivision 2 to |
| 94.28 | assist residents in obtaining safe drinking water when the documented level of nitrate in the |
| 94.29 | resident's private drinking-water well is more than ten milligrams per liter, with priority |
| 94.30 | given to pregnant women and children under the age of one. |

water through one or more of the following methods:

95.1

95.2

(c) Community health boards must assist eligible residents in obtaining safe drinking

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(1) convenient bottled water distribution or delivery; 95.3 (2) reverse osmosis treatment unit acquisition, installation, and maintenance; 95.4 (3) connection to a public water system; or 95.5 (4) another method, as determined by the commissioner of health, that provides eligible 95.6 residents with a sufficient quantity of safe drinking water. 95.7 Subd. 4. Reports. No later than January 15 each year, the commissioner must report 95.8 95.9 outcomes achieved under this section and any corresponding recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture 95.10 and health. 95.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18D.301, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 95.12 Subdivision 1. Enforcement required. (a) The commissioner shall enforce this chapter 95.13 and chapters 18B, 18C, and 18F. 95.14 95.15 (b) Violations of chapter 18B, 18C, or 18F or rules adopted under chapter 18B, 18C, or 18F, or section 103H.275, subdivision 2, are a violation of this chapter. 95.16 95.17 (c) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws shall take action to the 95.18 extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of this chapter or special 95.19 orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner. 95.20 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18K.06, is amended to read: 95.21 **18K.06 RULEMAKING.** 95.22 (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, processing, 95.23 and licensing of industrial hemp. Notwithstanding the two-year limitation for exempt rules 95.24 under section 14.388, subdivision 1, Minnesota Rules, chapter 1565, published in the State 95.25 Register on August 16, 2021, is effective until August 16, 2025, or until permanent rules 95.26 implementing chapter 18K are adopted, whichever occurs first may adopt or amend rules 95.27 governing the production, testing, processing, and licensing of industrial hemp using the 95.28 95.29 procedure in section 14.386, paragraph (a). Section 14.386, paragraph (b), does not apply to rules adopted or amended under this section. 95.30 Article 7 Sec. 29. 95

- 96.1 (b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include but not be limited to provisions96.2 governing:
- 96.3 (1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;
- 96.4 (2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;
- 96.5 (3) the use of background check results required under section 18K.04 to approve or96.6 deny a license application; and
- 96.7 (4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

96.8 (c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding the96.9 production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.

96.10 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.10, is amended to read:

96.11 **28A.10 POSTING OF LICENSE; RULES.**

All such licenses shall be issued for a period of one year and shall be posted or displayed in a conspicuous place at the place of business so licensed. Except as provided in sections 29.22, subdivision 4 and 31.39, all such license fees and penalties collected by the commissioner shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the general fund. The commissioner may adopt such rules in conformity with law as the commissioner deems necessary to effectively and efficiently carry out the provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16.

- 96.18 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.21, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 96.19 Subd. 6. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2027 2037.
- 96.20 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 31.74, is amended to read:
- 96.21 **31.74 SALE OF IMITATION HONEY.**

Subdivision 1. Honey defined. As used in this section "honey" means the nectar and
saccharine exudation of plants, gathered, modified and stored in the comb by honey bees,
which is levorotatory, contains not more than 25 percent of water, not more than 25/100
percent of ash, and not more than eight percent sucrose.

Subd. 2. **Prohibited sale.** Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, it is unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any product which is in semblance of honey and which is labeled, advertised, or otherwise represented to be honey, if it is not honey. The word "imitation" shall not be used in the name of a product which is in semblance of honey whether or not it contains any honey. The label for a product which is not in semblance of

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- honey and which contains honey may include the word "honey" in the name of the product 97.1 and the relative position of the word "honey" in the product name, and in the list of 97.2 ingredients, when required, shall be determined by its prominence as an ingredient in the 97.3 product. 97.4 Subd. 4. Food consisting of honey and another sweetener. Consistent with the federal 97.5 act, the federal regulations incorporated under section 31.101, subdivision 7, and the 97.6 prohibition against misbranding in sections 31.02 and 34A.03, the label for a food in 97.7 97.8 semblance of honey and consisting of honey and another sweetener must include but is not limited to the following elements: 97.9 97.10 (1) a statement of identity that accurately identifies or describes the nature of the food or its characterizing properties or ingredients; and 97.11 (2) the common or usual name of each ingredient in the ingredient statement, in 97.12 descending order of predominance by weight. 97.13 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 31.94, is amended to read: 97.14 **31.94 ORGANIC AGRICULTURE; COMMISSIONER DUTIES.** 97.15 (a) In order to promote opportunities for organic agriculture in Minnesota, the 97.16 commissioner shall: 97.17 (1) survey producers and support services and organizations to determine information 97.18 97.19 and research needs in the area of organic agriculture practices; (2) work with the University of Minnesota and other research and education institutions 97.20 to demonstrate the on-farm applicability of organic agriculture practices to conditions in 97.21 this state; 97.22 (3) direct the programs of the department so as to work toward the promotion of organic 97.23 agriculture in this state; 97.24 (4) inform agencies about state or federal programs that support organic agriculture 97.25 practices; and 97.26 (5) work closely with producers, producer organizations, the University of Minnesota, 97.27 and other appropriate agencies and organizations to identify opportunities and needs as well 97.28 as ensure coordination and avoid duplication of state agency efforts regarding research, 97.29 teaching, marketing, and extension work relating to organic agriculture. 97.30 (b) By November 15 of each year that ends in a zero or a five, the commissioner, in 97.31 conjunction with the task force created in paragraph (c), shall report on the status of organic 97.32

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agriculture in Minnesota to the legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with
jurisdiction over agriculture. The report must include available data on organic acreage and
production, available data on the sales or market performance of organic products, and
recommendations regarding programs, policies, and research efforts that will benefit
Minnesota's organic agriculture sector.

98.6 (c) A Minnesota Organic Advisory Task Force shall advise the commissioner and the
98.7 University of Minnesota on policies and programs that will improve organic agriculture in
98.8 Minnesota, including how available resources can most effectively be used for outreach,
98.9 education, research, and technical assistance that meet the needs of the organic agriculture
98.10 sector. The task force must consist of the following residents of the state:

98.11 (1) three organic farmers;

- 98.12 (2) one wholesaler or distributor of organic products;
- 98.13 (3) one representative of organic certification agencies;
- 98.14 (4) two organic processors;
- 98.15 (5) one representative from University of Minnesota Extension;
- 98.16 (6) one University of Minnesota faculty member;
- 98.17 (7) one representative from a nonprofit organization representing producers;
- 98.18 (8) two public members;
- 98.19 (9) one representative from the United States Department of Agriculture;
- 98.20 (10) one retailer of organic products; and
- 98.21 (11) one organic consumer representative.

98.22 The commissioner, in consultation with the director of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment
98.23 Station; the dean and director of University of Minnesota Extension and the dean of the
98.24 College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, shall appoint members to
98.25 serve three-year terms.

Occompensation and removal of members are governed by section 15.059, subdivision 6.
The task force must meet at least twice each year and expires on June 30, 2024 2034.

(d) For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing production and marketing
of the organic products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner may receive funds from
state and federal sources and spend them, including through grants or contracts, to assist
producers and processors to achieve certification, to conduct education or marketing

activities, to enter into research and development partnerships, or to address production ormarketing obstacles to the growth and well-being of the industry.

99.3 (e) The commissioner may facilitate the registration of state organic production and
99.4 handling operations including those exempt from organic certification according to Code
99.5 of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 205.101, and accredited certification agencies
99.6 operating within the state.

99.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

99.8 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 32D.30, is amended to read:

99.9 **32D.30 DAIRY DEVELOPMENT AND PROFITABILITY ENHANCEMENT.**

Subdivision 1. Program. The commissioner must implement a dairy development and
 profitability enhancement program consisting of <u>a</u> dairy profitability enhancement teams
 and program, dairy business planning grants, and other services to support the dairy industry.

Subd. 2. Dairy profitability enhancement teams program. (a) The dairy profitability 99.13 99.14 enhancement teams program must provide one-on-one information and technical assistance to dairy farms of all sizes to enhance their financial success and long-term sustainability. 99.15 Teams The program must assist dairy producers in all dairy-producing regions of the state 99.16 and. Assistance to producers from the program may consist of be provided individually, as 99.17 a team, or through other methods by farm business management instructors, dairy extension 99.18 99.19 specialists, and other dairy industry partners. Teams The program may engage in activities including such as comprehensive financial analysis, risk management education, enhanced 99.20 milk marketing tools and technologies, and facilitating or improving production systems, 99.21 including rotational grazing and other sustainable agriculture methods, and value-added 99.22 opportunities. 99.23

(b) The commissioner must make grants to regional or statewide organizations qualified 99.24 to manage the various components of the teams program and serve as program administrators. 99.25 Each regional or statewide organization must designate a coordinator responsible for 99.26 overseeing the program and submitting periodic reports to the commissioner regarding 99.27 aggregate changes in producer financial stability, productivity, product quality, animal 99.28 health, environmental protection, and other performance measures attributable to the program. 99.29 The organizations must submit this information in a format that maintains the confidentiality 99.30 of individual dairy producers. 99.31

99.32 Subd. 3. Dairy business planning grants. The commissioner may award dairy business
99.33 planning grants of up to \$5,000 per producer or dairy processor to develop comprehensive

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business plans use technical assistance services for evaluating operations, transitional
 changes, expansions, improvements, and other business modifications. Producers and

100.3 processors must not use dairy business planning grants for capital improvements.

Subd. 4. **Funding allocation.** Except as specified in law, the commissioner may allocate dairy development and profitability enhancement program dollars <u>among for</u> the permissible uses specified in this section <u>and other needs to support the dairy industry</u>, including efforts to improve the quality of milk produced in the state, in the proportions that the commissioner deems most beneficial to the state's dairy farmers.

Subd. 5. **Reporting.** No later than July 1 each year, the commissioner must submit a detailed accomplishment report and work plan detailing future plans for, and the actual and anticipated accomplishments from, expenditures under this section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and finance. If the commissioner significantly modifies a submitted work plan during the fiscal year, the commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority members.

100.16 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 41A.19, is amended to read:

100.17 **41A.19 REPORT; INCENTIVE PROGRAMS.**

By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive <u>and tax credit</u> programs under sections 41A.16, 41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20, <u>and 41A.30</u> to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment <u>policy and finance</u> and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include information on production and, <u>blending</u>, incentive expenditures, <u>and tax credit certificates awarded</u> under the programs-, <u>as well as the following</u> information that the commissioner must require of each producer or blender who receives a payment or a tax credit certificate during the reporting period:

100.25 (1) the producer's or blender's business structure;

100.26 (2) the name and address of the producer's or blender's parent company, if any;

100.27 (3) a cumulative list of all financial assistance received from all public grantors for the
 project;

100.29 (4) goals for the number of jobs created and progress in achieving these goals, which

100.30 may include separate goals for the number of part-time or full-time jobs, or, in cases where

100.31 job loss is specific and demonstrable, goals for the number of jobs retained;

100.32 (5) equity hiring goals and progress in achieving these goals;

101.1 (6) wage goals and progress in achieving these goals for all jobs created or maintained
101.2 by the producer or blender;

101.3 (7) board member and executive compensation;

101.4 (8) evidence of compliance with environmental permits;

- 101.5 (9) the producer's or blender's intended and actual use of payments from, or tax credits
- 101.6 approved by, the commissioner; and

101.7 (10) if applicable, the latest financial audit opinion statement produced by a certified

101.8 public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of

101.9 <u>Certified Public Accountants.</u>

101.10 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. State participation. The state may participate in a new real estate loan with an eligible lender to a beginning farmer to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or 400,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

101.16 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

101.17 Subd. 8. **State participation.** With respect to loans that are eligible for restructuring 101.18 under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and upon acceptance by the authority, the authority shall 101.19 enter into a participation agreement or other financial arrangement whereby it shall participate 101.20 in a restructured loan to the extent of 45 percent of the primary principal or \$525,000101.21 \$625,000, whichever is less. The authority's portion of the loan must be protected during 101.22 the authority's participation by the first mortgage held by the eligible lender to the extent 101.23 of its participation in the loan.

101.24 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.042, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Participation limit; interest. The authority may participate in new
seller-sponsored loans to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or
\$400,000 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the
authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms
of the seller's retained portion of the loan.

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Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.043, subdivision 1b, is amended to read: 102.1

Subd. 1b. Loan participation. The authority may participate in an agricultural 102.2 improvement loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who meets the requirements of section 102.3 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who is actively engaged in farming. 102.4 Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000 102.5 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's 102.6 participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the 102.7 102.8 lender's retained portion of the loan.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a livestock expansion 102.10 and modernization loan with an eligible lender to a livestock farmer who meets the 102.11 requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who are actively 102.12 engaged in a livestock operation. A prospective borrower must have a total net worth, 102.13 including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than 102.14 \$1,700,000 in 2017 and an amount in subsequent years which is adjusted for inflation by 102.15 102.16 multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as determined by the United States All-Items Consumer Price Index. 102.17

Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$525,000 102.18 \$625,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's 102.19 participation interest may be different from the interest rates and repayment terms of the 102.20 lender's retained portion of the loan. 102.21

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 102.22

Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish and implement a disaster 102.23 recovery loan program to help farmers: 102.24

(1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as 102.25 replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock; 102.26

(2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems 102.27 and practices, and feed when drought is the cause of the purchase; 102.28

(3) restore farmland; 102.29

(4) replace flocks or livestock, make building improvements, or cover the loss of revenue 102.30 when the replacement, improvements, or loss of revenue is due to the confirmed presence 102.31

- 103.1 of a highly contagious animal disease in a commercial poultry or game flock, or a commercial
 103.2 livestock operation, located in Minnesota; or
- 103.3 (5) cover the loss of revenue when the revenue loss is due to an infectious human disease103.4 for which the governor has declared a peacetime emergency under section 12.31.
- 103.5 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 223.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 103.6 Subd. 6. Financial statements. (a) Except as allowed in paragraph (c), a grain buyer
- 103.7 licensed under this chapter must annually submit to the commissioner a financial statement
- 103.8 prepared by a third-party independent accountant or certified public accountant in accordance
- 103.9 with generally accepted accounting principles national or international accounting standards.
- 103.10 The annual financial statement required under this subdivision must also:
- 103.11 (1) include, but not be limited to the following:
- 103.12 (i) a balance sheet;
- 103.13 (ii) a statement of income (profit and loss);
- 103.14 (iii) a statement of retained earnings;
- 103.15 (iv) a statement of changes in financial position cash flow; and
- (v) a statement of the dollar amount of grain purchased in the previous fiscal year of thegrain buyer;
- (2) be accompanied by a compilation report of the financial statement that is prepared
 by a grain commission firm or a management firm approved by the commissioner or by an
 independent public accountant, in accordance with standards established by the American
 Institute of Certified Public Accountants or similar international standards;
- (3) be accompanied by a certification by the chief executive officer or the chief executive
 officer's designee of the licensee, and where applicable, all members of the governing board
 of directors under penalty of perjury, that the financial statement accurately reflects the
 financial condition of the licensee for the period specified in the statement;
- (4) for grain buyers purchasing under \$7,500,000 of grain annually, be reviewed by a
 certified public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute
 of Certified Public Accountants, and must show that the financial statements are free from
 material misstatements; and
- 103.30 (5)(3) for grain buyers purchasing \$7,500,000 or more of grain annually, be audited <u>or</u> 103.31 <u>reviewed</u> by a certified public accountant in accordance with standards established by the

104.1 American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and or similar international standards.

104.2 <u>An audit must include an opinion statement from the certified public accountant- performing</u>
104.3 the audit; and

(4) for grain buyers purchasing \$20,000,000 or more of grain annually, be audited by a
 certified public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute
 of Certified Public Accountants or similar international standards. The audit must include
 an opinion statement from the certified public accountant performing the audit.

(b) Only one financial statement must be filed for a chain of warehouses owned or
operated as a single business entity, unless otherwise required by the commissioner. All
financial statements filed with the commissioner are private or nonpublic data as provided
in section 13.02.

(c) A grain buyer who purchases grain immediately upon delivery solely with cash; a
 certified check; a cashier's check; or a postal, bank, or express money order, as defined in
 section 223.16, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), is exempt from this subdivision if the grain
 buyer's gross annual purchases are \$1,000,000 or less.

104.16 (d) For an entity that qualifies for the exemption in paragraph (c), the commissioner

^{104.17} retains the right to require the entity to provide the commissioner with financial reporting

104.18 based on inspections, any report of nonpayment, or other documentation related to violations

104.19 of this chapter, chapter 232, or Minnesota Rules, chapter 1562.

(e) To ensure compliance with this chapter, the commissioner must annually review
 financial statements submitted under paragraph (a).

104.22 (d) (f) The commissioner shall annually provide information on a person's fiduciary

104.23 duties to each licensee. To the extent practicable, the commissioner must direct each licensee

104.24 to provide this information to all persons required to certify the licensee's financial statement

104.25 under paragraph (a), clause (3).

- (g) The commissioner may require an entity to provide additional financial statements
 or financial reporting, including audited financial statements.
- 104.28 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

104.29Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the104.30commissioner's designee.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 105.1 Subd. 7. Grain. "Grain" means any cereal grain, coarse grain, or oilseed in unprocessed 105.2 form for which a standard has been established by the United States Secretary of Agriculture, 105.3 dry edible beans, or agricultural crops designated by the commissioner by rule product 105.4 commonly referred to as grain, including wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, rice, soybeans, 105.5 emmer, sorghum, triticale, millet, pulses, dry edible beans, sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola, 105.6 safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, crambe, sesame seed, and other products ordinarily stored 105.7 105.8 in grain warehouses.

105.9 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Producer. "Producer" means a person who owns or manages a grain producing
 or growing operation and holds or shares the responsibility for marketing that grain produced
 grows grain on land owned or leased by the person.

105.13 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. **Public grain warehouse operator.** "Public grain warehouse operator" means: (1) a person licensed to operate operating a grain warehouse in which grain belonging to persons other than the grain warehouse operator is accepted for storage or purchase, or; (2) a person who offers grain storage or grain warehouse facilities to the public for hire; or (3) a feed-processing plant that receives and stores grain, the equivalent of which, it processes and returns to the grain's owner in amounts, at intervals, and with added ingredients that are mutually agreeable to the grain's owner and the person operating the plant.

105.21 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Scale ticket. "Scale ticket" means a memorandum showing the weight, grade
and kind of grain which is issued by a grain elevator or warehouse operator to a depositor
at the time the grain is delivered.

105.25 Sec. 48. CREDIT MARKET REPORT REQUIRED.

105.26The commissioner of agriculture must convene a stakeholder working group to explore105.27the state establishing a market for carbon credits, ecosystem services credits, or other credits105.28generated by farmers who implement clean water, climate-smart, and soil-healthy farming105.29practices. To the extent practicable, the stakeholder working group must include but is not105.30limited to farmers; representatives of agricultural organizations; experts in geoscience,105.31carbon storage, greenhouse gas modeling, and agricultural economics; industry

| 106.1 | representatives with experience in carbon markets and supply chain sustainability; and |
|--------|--|
| 106.2 | representatives of environmental organizations with expertise in carbon sequestration and |
| 106.3 | agriculture. No later than February 1, 2025, the commissioner must report recommendations |
| 106.4 | to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture. The commissioner must |
| 106.5 | provide participating stakeholders an opportunity to include written testimony in the |
| 106.6 | commissioner's report. |
| | |
| 106.7 | Sec. 49. <u>REPEALER.</u> |
| 106.8 | (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivision 7; and 34.07, are repealed. |
| 106.9 | (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 1506.0010; 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 1506.0030; |
| 106.10 | 1506.0035; and 1506.0040, are repealed. |
| 106.11 | ARTICLE 8 |
| 106.12 | BROADBAND |
| | |
| 106.13 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.396, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 106.14 | to read: |
| 106.15 | Subd. 4. Transfer. The commissioner may transfer up to \$5,000,000 of a fiscal year |
| 106.16 | appropriation between the border-to-border broadband program, low density population |
| 106.17 | broadband program, and the broadband line extension program to meet demand. |
| 106.18 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| | |
| 106.19 | Sec. 2. BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT; APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL |
| 106.20 | FUNDING; APPROPRIATION. |
| 106.21 | (a) The commissioner of employment and economic development must prepare and |
| 106.22 | submit an application to the United States Department of Commerce requesting State Digital |
| 106.23 | Equity Capacity Grant Funding made available under Public Law 117-58, the Infrastructure |
| 106.24 | Investment and Jobs Act. |
| 106.25 | (b) The amount awarded to Minnesota pursuant to the application submitted under |
| 106.26 | paragraph (a) is appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development |
| 106.27 | for purposes of the commissioner's Minnesota Digital Opportunity Plan. |
| 106.28 | ARTICLE 9 |
| 106.29 | GENERAL FUND ENERGY APPROPRIATIONS |
| 106.30 | Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS. |

| 107.1 | The sums shown in the columns marked "Ap | propriation | s" are ap | propriated | to the agencies | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|-----------|----------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 107.2 | and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, | | | | | | | |
| 107.3 | or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. | | | | | | | |
| 107.4 | The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under | | | | | | | |
| 107.5 | them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. | | | | | | | |
| 107.6 107.7 107.8 107.9 | | APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30 2024 2025 | | | | | | |
| 107.10 | Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE | <u>\$</u> | | <u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> | <u>1,133,000</u> | | | |
| 107.11 | (a) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for a study | | | | | | | |
| 107.12 | to identify suitable sites statewide for the | | | | | | | |
| 107.13 | installation of thermal energy networks. This | | | | | | | |
| 107.14 | is a onetime appropriation and is available | | | | | | | |
| 107.15 | until December 31, 2025. | | | | | | | |
| 107.16 | (b) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for transfer | | | | | | | |
| 107.17 | to the SolarAPP+ program account established | | | | | | | |
| 107.18 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.48, | | | | | | | |
| 107.19 | for the awarding of incentives to local units | | | | | | | |
| 107.20 | of government that deploy federally developed | | | | | | | |
| 107.21 | software to automate the review of | | | | | | | |
| 107.22 | applications and issuance of permits for | | | | | | | |
| 107.23 | residential solar projects. Incentives may only | | | | | | | |
| 107.24 | be awarded to local units of government | | | | | | | |
| 107.25 | located outside the electric service territory of | | | | | | | |
| 107.26 | the public utility required to make payments | | | | | | | |
| 107.27 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, | | | | | | | |
| 107.28 | subdivision 1. This is a onetime transfer and | | | | | | | |
| 107.29 | is available until June 30, 2028. | | | | | | | |
| 107.30 | (c) \$133,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for | | | | | | | |
| 107.31 | participation in a Minnesota Public Utilities | | | | | | | |
| 107.32 | Commission proceeding to review electric | | | | | | | |
| 107.33 | transmission line owners' plans to deploy | | | | | | | |
| 107.34 | grid-enhancing technologies and issue an order | | | | | | | |
| 107.35 | to implement the plans. The base in fiscal year | | | | | | | |
| 107.36 | 2026 is \$265,000 and the base in fiscal year | | | | | | | |

| | HF4975 SECOND ENGROSSMENT REV | /ISOR | RSI | H4975-2 |
|--------|---|-------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 108.1 | 2027 is \$265,000. The base in fiscal year 2028 | | | |
| 108.2 | is \$0. | | | |
| 108.3 | Sec. 3. PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSIO | <u>DN §</u> | <u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> | <u>433,000</u> |
| 108.4 | (a) \$39,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for support | | | |
| 108.5 | of the Thermal Energy Network Deployment | | | |
| 108.6 | Workgroup and preparation of a report. The | | | |
| 108.7 | base in fiscal year 2026 is \$77,000, and the | | | |
| 108.8 | base in fiscal year 2027 is \$0. | | | |
| 108.9 | (b) \$117,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for review | | | |
| 108.10 | of electric transmission line owners' plans to | | | |
| 108.11 | deploy grid-enhancing technologies and | | | |
| 108.12 | development of a commission order to | | | |
| 108.13 | implement approved plans. The base in fiscal | | | |
| 108.14 | year 2026 is \$157,000 and the base in fiscal | | | |
| 108.15 | year 2027 is \$157,000. The base in fiscal year | | | |
| 108.16 | <u>2028 is \$0.</u> | | | |
| 108.17 | (c) \$111,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for | | | |
| 108.18 | conducting a proceeding to develop a | | | |
| 108.19 | cost-sharing mechanism enabling developers | | | |
| 108.20 | of distributed generation projects to pay | | | |
| 108.21 | utilities to expand distribution line capacity in | | | |
| 108.22 | order to interconnect to the grid. The base in | | | |
| 108.23 | fiscal year 2026 is \$111,000 and the base in | | | |
| 108.24 | fiscal year 2027 is \$77,000. The base in fiscal | | | |
| 108.25 | year 2028 is \$0. | | | |
| 108.26 | (d) \$166,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for | | | |
| 108.27 | participating in Public Utilities Commission | | | |
| 108.28 | proceedings to issue site and route permits for | | | |
| 108.29 | electric power facilities under revised | | | |
| 108.30 | administrative procedures. The base in fiscal | | | |
| 108.31 | year 2026 and thereafter is \$121,000. | | | |
| 100.00 | ARTICLE 10 | | | |
| 108.32 | ARTIC RENEWABLE DEVELOPMENT | | BUDDIATIONS | |
| 108.33 | RENE WADLE DEVELUTIVIEN I | ACCOUNT APP | νοι κιαι ισινό | |

108.34 Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

| 109.1 | (a) The sums shown in the columns marked "Appro | priations" are appropriated to the |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 109.2 | agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. N | otwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |
| 109.3 | section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), the appr | copriations are from the renewable |
| 109.4 | development account in the special revenue fund establi | shed in Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 109.5 | 116C.779, subdivision 1, and are available for the fiscal | l years indicated for each purpose. |
| 109.6 | The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean | that the appropriations listed under |
| 109.7 | them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 20 | 024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. |
| 109.8 | (b) If an appropriation in this article is enacted more | e than once in the 2024 regular or |
| 109.9 | special legislative session, the appropriation must be gi | ven effect only once. |
| 109.10 109.11 109.12 109.13 | 1 2 | APPROPRIATIONSAvailable for the YearEnding June 3020242025 |
| 109.14 | 4 Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE § | <u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> <u>14,200,000</u> |
| 109.15 | (a) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for a grant | |
| 109.16 | 6 for construction of a geothermal energy system | |
| 109.17 | at Sabathani Community Center in | |
| 109.18 | 8 Minneapolis. This is a onetime appropriation | |
| 109.19 | and is available until June 30, 2028. | |
| 109.20 | (b) \$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for | |
| 109.21 | transfer to the geothermal planning grant | |
| 109.22 | account established under Minnesota Statutes, | |
| 109.23 | section 216C.47, for planning grants to | |
| 109.24 | ⁴ political subdivisions to assess the feasibility | |
| 109.25 | and cost of constructing geothermal energy | |
| 109.26 | 5 systems. This is a onetime appropriation and | |
| 109.27 | is available until June 30, 2027. | |
| 109.28 | (c) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for a grant | |
| 109.29 | to Ramsey County Recycling and Energy | |
| 109.30 | Center and Dem-Con HZI Bioenergy LLC to | |
| 109.31 | construct an anaerobic digester energy system | |
| 109.32 | in Louisville Township. This is a onetime | |
| 109.33 | appropriation and is available until June 30, | |
| 109.34 | 4 <u>2028.</u> | |

| 110.1 (d) \$1,700,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for |
|--|
|--|

- 110.2 transfer to the SolarAPP+ program account
- 110.3 established under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 110.4 216C.48, for the awarding of incentives to
- 110.5 local units of government that deploy federally
- 110.6 developed software to automate the review of
- 110.7 applications and issuance of permits for
- 110.8 residential solar projects. Incentives may only
- 110.9 be awarded to political subdivisions located
- 110.10 within the electric service territory of the
- 110.11 public utility that is required to make payments
- 110.12 under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
- 110.13 subdivision 1. This is a onetime transfer.
- 110.14 **ARTICLE 11**

110.15

GEOTHERMAL ENERGY

110.16 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2427, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section and section 216B.2428,

110.18 the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Biogas" means gas produced by the anaerobic digestion of biomass, gasification of
biomass, or other effective conversion processes.

(c) "Carbon capture" means the capture of greenhouse gas emissions that would otherwisebe released into the atmosphere.

(d) "Carbon-free resource" means an electricity generation facility whose operation does
not contribute to statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section 216H.01,
subdivision 2.

110.26 (e) "Disadvantaged community" means a community in Minnesota that is:

110.27 (1) defined as disadvantaged by the federal agency disbursing federal funds, when the

110.28 federal agency is providing funds for an innovative resource; or

(2) an environmental justice area, as defined under section 216B.1691, subdivision 1.

110.30 (e) (f) "District energy" means a heating or cooling system that is solar thermal powered

110.31 or that uses the constant temperature of the earth or underground aquifers as a thermal

110.32 exchange medium to heat or cool multiple buildings connected through a piping network.

(f) (g) "Energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1, 111.1 paragraph (f), but does not include energy conservation investments that the commissioner 111.2 determines could reasonably be included in a utility's conservation improvement program. 111.3 (g) (h) "Greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous 111.4 oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride emitted by 111.5 anthropogenic sources within Minnesota and from the generation of electricity imported 111.6 from outside the state and consumed in Minnesota, excluding carbon dioxide that is injected 111.7 111.8 into geological formations to prevent its release to the atmosphere in compliance with

111.9 applicable laws.

(h) (i) "Innovative resource" means biogas, renewable natural gas, power-to-hydrogen,
power-to-ammonia, carbon capture, strategic electrification, district energy, and energy
efficiency.

(i) (j) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions" means the aggregate greenhouse gas
 emissions resulting from the production, processing, transmission, and consumption of an
 energy resource.

111.16 (j) (k) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensity" means lifecycle greenhouse gas 111.17 emissions per unit of energy delivered to an end user.

111.18 (k) (l) "Nonexempt customer" means a utility customer that has not been included in a 111.19 utility's innovation plan under subdivision 3, paragraph (f).

(1) (m) "Power-to-ammonia" means the production of ammonia from hydrogen produced
 via power-to-hydrogen using a process that has a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity
 than does natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources.

(m) (n) "Power-to-hydrogen" means the use of electricity generated by a carbon-free
 resource to produce hydrogen.

(n) (o) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision
 11.26 1.

(o) (p) "Renewable natural gas" means biogas that has been processed to be
 interchangeable with, and that has a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity than, natural
 gas produced from conventional geologic sources.

111.30 (p)(q) "Solar thermal" has the meaning given to qualifying solar thermal project in 111.31 section 216B.2411, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

112.1 (q)(r) "Strategic electrification" means the installation of electric end-use equipment in 112.2 an existing building in which natural gas is a primary or back-up fuel source, or in a newly 112.3 constructed building in which a customer receives natural gas service for one or more 112.4 end-uses, provided that the electric end-use equipment:

(1) results in a net reduction in statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section
216H.01, subdivision 2, over the life of the equipment when compared to the most efficient
commercially available natural gas alternative; and

(2) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the load factor of the customer'selectric utility.

112.10 Strategic electrification does not include investments that the commissioner determines

112.11 could reasonably be included in the natural gas utility's conservation improvement program112.12 under section 216B.241.

(s) "Thermal energy network" means a project that provides heating and cooling to

112.14 multiple buildings connected via underground piping containing fluids that, in concert with

112.15 heat pumps, exchange thermal energy from the earth, underground or surface waters,

112.16 wastewater, or other heat sources.

112.17 (r) (t) "Total incremental cost" means the calculation of the following components of a 112.18 utility's innovation plan approved by the commission under subdivision 2:

112.19 (1) the sum of:

(i) return of and on capital investments for the production, processing, pipeline

112.21 interconnection, storage, and distribution of innovative resources;

(ii) incremental operating costs associated with capital investments in infrastructure for
 the production, processing, pipeline interconnection, storage, and distribution of innovative
 resources;

(iii) incremental costs to procure innovative resources from third parties;

(iv) incremental costs to develop and administer programs; and

112.27 (v) incremental costs for research and development related to innovative resources;

112.28 (2) less the sum of:

(i) value received by the utility upon the resale of innovative resources or innovative

112.30 resource by-products, including any environmental credits included with the resale of

112.31 renewable gaseous fuels or value received by the utility when innovative resources are used

112.32 as vehicle fuel;

(ii) cost savings achieved through avoidance of purchases of natural gas produced from
conventional geologic sources, including but not limited to avoided commodity purchases
and avoided pipeline costs; and

(iii) other revenues received by the utility that are directly attributable to the utility'simplementation of an innovation plan.

113.6 (s)(u) "Utility" means a public utility, as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4, that 113.7 provides natural gas sales or natural gas transportation services to customers in Minnesota.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2427, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

113.10 Subd. 9a. Thermal energy networks. Innovation plans filed after July 1, 2024, under

113.11 this section by a utility with more than 800,000 customers must include spending of at least

113.12 15 percent of the utility's proposed total incremental costs over the five-year term of the

113.13 proposed innovation plan for thermal energy networks projects. If the utility has developed

113.14 or is developing thermal energy network projects outside of an approved innovation plan,

113.15 the utility may apply the budget for the projects toward the 15 percent minimum requirement

without counting the costs against the limitations on utility customer costs under subdivision
<u>3.</u>

113.18 Sec. 3. [216C.47] GEOTHERMAL PLANNING GRANTS.

113.19 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
113.20 the meanings given.

113.21 (b) "Eligible applicant" means a county, city, town, or the Metropolitan Council.

113.22 (c) "Geothermal energy system" means a system that heats and cools one or more

113.23 buildings by using the constant temperature of the earth as both a heat source and heat sink,

113.24 and a heat exchanger consisting of an underground closed loop system of piping containing

113.25 a liquid to absorb and relinquish heat within the earth. Geothermal energy system includes:

113.26 (1) a bored geothermal heat exchanger, as defined in section 103I.005;

113.27 (2) a groundwater thermal exchange device, as defined in section 103I.005; and

113.28 (3) a submerged closed loop heat exchanger, as defined in section 103I.005.

113.29 Subd. 2. Establishment. A geothermal planning grant program is established in the

113.30 department to provide financial assistance to eligible applicants to examine the technical

113.31 and economic feasibility of installing geothermal energy systems.

| 114.1 | Subd. 3. Account established. (a) The geothermal planning grant account is established |
|--------|--|
| 114.2 | as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The commissioner |
| 114.3 | must credit to the account appropriations and transfers to the account. Earnings, including |
| 114.4 | interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, must be |
| 114.5 | credited to the account. Money remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year does not |
| 114.6 | cancel to the general fund, but remains in the account until June 30, 2027. The commissioner |
| 114.7 | must manage the account. |
| 114.8 | (b) Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner to (1) award geothermal |
| 114.9 | planning grants to eligible applicants, and (2) reimburse the reasonable costs incurred by |
| 114.10 | the department to administer this section. |
| 114.11 | Subd. 4. Application process. An applicant seeking a grant under this section must |
| 114.12 | submit an application to the commissioner on a form developed by the commissioner. The |
| 114.13 | commissioner must develop administrative procedures to govern the application and grant |
| 114.14 | award process. The commissioner may contract with a third party to conduct some or all of |
| 114.15 | the program's operations. |
| 114.16 | Subd. 5. Grant awards. (a) A grant awarded under this process may be used to pay the |
| 114.17 | total cost of the activities eligible for funding under subdivision 6, up to a limit of \$150,000. |
| 114.18 | (b) The commissioner must endeavor to award grants to eligible applicants in all regions |
| 114.19 | of Minnesota. |
| 114.20 | (c) Grants may be awarded under this section only to projects whose work is completed |
| 114.21 | <u>after July 1, 2024.</u> |
| 114.22 | Subd. 6. Eligible grant expenditures. Activities that may be funded with a grant awarded |
| 114.23 | under this section include: |
| 114.24 | (1) analysis of the heating and cooling demand of the building or buildings that consume |
| 114.25 | energy from the geothermal energy system; |
| 114.26 | (2) evaluation of equipment that could be combined with a geothermal energy system |
| 114.27 | to meet the building's heating and cooling requirement; |
| 114.28 | (3) analysis of the geologic conditions of the earth in which a geothermal energy system |
| 114.29 | operates, including the drilling of one or more test wells to characterize geologic materials |
| 114.30 | and to measure properties of the earth and aquifers that impact the feasibility of installing |
| 114.31 | and operating a geothermal energy system; and |
| 114.32 | (4) preparation of a financial analysis of the project. |

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| 115.1 | Subd. 7. Contractor and subcontractor requirements. Contractors and subcontractors |
|--------|--|
| 115.2 | performing work funded with a grant awarded under this section must have experience |
| 115.3 | installing geothermal energy systems. |
| 115.4 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 115.5 | Sec. 4. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK DEPLOYMENT WORK GROUP. |
| 115.6 | Subdivision 1. Direction. The Public Utilities Commission must establish and appoint |
| 115.7 | a thermal energy network deployment work group to examine (1) the potential regulatory |
| 115.8 | opportunities for regulated natural gas utilities to deploy thermal energy networks, and (2) |
| 115.9 | potential barriers to development. The work group must examine the public benefits, costs, |
| 115.10 | and impacts of deployment of thermal energy networks, as well as examine rate design |
| 115.11 | options. |
| 115.12 | Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The work group consists of at least the following: |
| 115.13 | (1) representatives of the Department of Commerce; |
| 115.14 | (2) representatives of the Department of Health; |
| 115.15 | (3) representatives of the Pollution Control Agency; |
| 115.16 | (4) representatives of the Department of Natural Resources; |
| 115.17 | (5) representatives of the Office of the Attorney General; |
| 115.18 | (6) representatives from utilities; |
| 115.19 | (7) representatives from clean energy advocacy organizations; |
| 115.20 | (8) representatives from labor organizations; |
| 115.21 | (9) geothermal technology providers; |
| 115.22 | (10) representatives from consumer protection organizations; |
| 115.23 | (11) representatives from cities; and |
| 115.24 | (12) representatives from low-income communities. |
| 115.25 | (b) The executive secretary of the Public Utilities Commission may invite others to |
| 115.26 | participate in one or more meetings of the work group. |
| 115.27 | (c) In appointing members to the work group, the Public Utilities Commission shall |
| 115.28 | endeavor to ensure that all geographic regions of Minnesota are represented. |

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| 116.1 | Subd. 3. Duties. The work group must prepare a report containing findings and |
|--|--|
| 116.2 | recommendations regarding how to deploy thermal energy networks within a regulated |
| 116.3 | context in a manner that protects the public interest and considers reliability, affordability, |
| 116.4 | environmental impacts, and socioeconomic impacts. |
| 116.5 | Subd. 4. Report to legislature. The work group must submit a report detailing the work |
| 116.6 | group's findings and recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the |
| 116.7 | legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance by |
| 116.8 | December 31, 2025. The work group terminates the day after the report under this subdivision |
| 116.9 | is submitted. |
| 116.10 | Subd. 5. Notice and comment period. The executive secretary of the Public Utilities |
| 116.11 | Commission must file the completed report in Public Utilities Commission Docket No. |
| 116.12 | G-999/CI-21-565 and provide notice to all docket participants and other interested persons |
| 116.13 | that comments on the findings and recommendations may be filed in the docket. |
| 116.14 | Subd. 6. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "thermal energy network" means |
| 116.15 | a project that provides heating and cooling to multiple buildings connected via underground |
| 116.16 | piping containing fluids that, in concert with heat pumps, exchange thermal energy from |
| 116.17 | the earth, underground or surface waters, wastewater, or other heat sources. |
| | |
| 116.18 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 116.18 116.19 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 5. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY. |
| | |
| 116.19 | Sec. 5. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY. |
| 116.19 116.20 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. |
| 116.19116.20116.21116.22 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. (b) The study must: |
| 116.19116.20116.21116.22116.23 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the <u>suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide.</u> (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks <u>statewide; and</u> |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 116.25 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the <u>suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide.</u> (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks <u>statewide; and</u> (2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 116.25 116.26 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks statewide; and (2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential ways to address the barriers. |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 116.25 116.26 116.27 | Sec. 5. <u>THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.</u> (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the <u>suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide.</u> (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks <u>statewide; and</u> (2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential ways to address the barriers. (c) In determining site suitability, the study must consider: |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 116.25 116.26 116.27 116.28 | Sec. 5. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY. (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks statewide; and (2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential ways to address the barriers. (c) In determining site suitability, the study must consider: (1) geologic or hydrologic access to thermal storage; |
| 116.19 116.20 116.21 116.22 116.23 116.24 116.25 116.26 116.27 116.28 116.29 | Sec. 5. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY. (a) The Department of Commerce shall conduct or contract for a study to determine the suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide. (b) The study must: (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks statewide; and (2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential ways to address the barriers. (c) In determining site suitability, the study must consider: (1) geologic or hydrologic access to thermal storage; (2) the existing built environment, including but not limited to age, density, building |

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|--------|--|-----------------------|---|----------------|
| 117.1 | (4) road and street conditions, inc | cluding planned rep | lacement or maintena | ince; |
| 117.2 | (5) local land use regulations; | | | |
| 117.3 | (6) area permitting requirements; | and | | |
| 117.4 | (7) whether the area is an environ | nmental justice area | , as defined in sectior | n 116.065, |
| 117.5 | subdivision 1, paragraph (e). | | | |
| 117.6 | (d) No later than January 15, 2020 | 6, the Department of | f Commerce must sub | omit a written |
| 117.7 | report documenting the study's finding | ngs to the chairs and | l ranking minority me | embers of the |
| 117.8 | senate and house of representatives of | committees with jur | isdiction over energy | policy and |
| 117.9 | finance. | | | |
| 117.10 | (e) For the purposes of this section | on, "thermal energy | network" means a pro | oject that |
| 117.11 | provides heating and cooling to mult | tiple buildings conn | ected via undergroun | d piping |
| 117.12 | containing fluids that, in concert with | n heat pumps, excha | nge thermal energy fr | om the earth, |
| 117.13 | underground or surface waters, wast | ewater, or other hea | t sources. | |
| 117.14 | | ARTICLE 12 | | |
| 117.15 | ELECT | TRIC TRANSMIS | SION | |
| | | | | |
| 117.16 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022 | , section 216B.2421 | , subdivision 2, is ame | ended to read: |
| 117.17 | Subd. 2. Large energy facility. " | 'Large energy facili | ty" means: | |
| 117.18 | (1) any electric power generating | plant or combination | on of plants at a singl | e site with a |
| 117.19 | combined capacity of 50,000 kilowa | tts or more and tran | smission lines directl | y associated |
| 117.20 | with the plant that are necessary to in | nterconnect the plan | t to the transmission | system; |
| 117.21 | (2) any high-voltage transmission | n line with a capacit | y of 200<u>300</u> kilovolts | s or more and |
| 117.22 | greater than 1,500 feet <u>30 miles</u> in le | ength; | | |
| 117.23 | (3) any high-voltage transmission | n line with a capacit | y of 100 kilovolts or | more with |
| 117.24 | more than ten miles of its length in N | Ainnesota or that cr | osses a state line; | |
| 117.25 | (4)(3) any pipeline greater than s | six inches in diamet | er and having more th | nan 50 miles |
| 117.26 | of its length in Minnesota used for th | e transportation of c | coal, crude petroleum | or petroleum |
| 117.27 | fuels or oil, or their derivatives; | | | |
| 117.28 | (5) (4) any pipeline for transporti | ng natural or synthe | etic gas at pressures in | n excess of |
| 117.29 | 200 pounds per square inch with mo | re than 50 miles of | its length in Minneso | ta; |
| 117.30 | (6) (5) any facility designed for o | n aanahla af staring | • • • | |
| | $\frac{(0)}{(0)}$ any facility designed for 0 | r capable of storing | on a single site more | than 100,000 |
| 117.31 | gallons of liquefied natural gas or sy | | on a single site more | than 100,000 |

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- 118.1 (7) (6) any underground gas storage facility requiring a permit pursuant to section 118.2 103I.681;
- 118.3 (8) (7) any nuclear fuel processing or nuclear waste storage or disposal facility; and
- 118.4 (9)(8) any facility intended to convert any material into any other combustible fuel and 118.5 having the capacity to process in excess of 75 tons of the material per hour.
- 118.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and
- 118.7 applies to any project that has filed an application for a certificate of need or a site or route
- 118.8 permit from the commission on or after that date.
- 118.9 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2425, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 118.10 Subdivision 1. List. The commission shall maintain a list of certified high-voltage
- 118.11 transmission line and grid enhancing technology projects.
- 118.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2425, is amended by adding a subdivision
 to read:
- 118.15 Subd. 1a. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the
 118.16 meanings given.
- (b) "Capacity" means the maximum amount of electricity that can flow through a
 transmission line while observing industry safety standards.
- 118.19 (c) "Congestion" means a condition in which a lack of transmission line capacity prevents
- 118.20 the delivery of the lowest-cost electricity dispatched to meet load at a specific location.
- 118.21 (d) "Dynamic line rating" means hardware or software used to calculate the thermal
- 118.22 limit of existing transmission lines at a specific point in time by incorporating information
- 118.23 on real-time and forecasted weather conditions.
- 118.24 (e) "Grid enhancing technology" means hardware or software that reduces congestion
- 118.25 or enhances the flexibility of the transmission system by increasing the capacity of a
- 118.26 high-voltage transmission line or rerouting electricity from overloaded to uncongested lines,
- 118.27 while maintaining industry safety standards. Grid enhancing technologies include but are
- 118.28 not limited to dynamic line rating, advanced power flow controllers, and topology
- 118.29 optimization.
- (f) "Power flow controller" means hardware and software used to reroute electricity
 from overloaded transmission lines to underutilized transmission lines.

| 119.1 | (g) "Thermal limit" means the temperature a transmission line reaches when heat from |
|--------|--|
| 119.2 | the electric current flow within the transmission line causes excessive sagging of the |
| 119.3 | transmission line. |
| 119.4 | (h) "Topology optimization" means a software technology that uses mathematical models |
| 119.5 | to identify reconfigurations in the transmission grid in order to reroute electricity from |
| 119.6 | overloaded transmission lines to underutilized transmission lines. |
| 119.7 | (i) "Transmission line" has the meaning given to "high-voltage transmission line" in |
| 119.8 | section 216E.01. subdivision 4. |
| 119.9 | (j) "Transmission system" means a network of high-voltage transmission lines owned |
| 119.10 | or operated by an entity subject to this section that transports electricity to Minnesota |
| 119.11 | customers. |
| 119.12 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 119.13 | Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2425, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 119.14 | Subd. 2. List development; transmission and grid enhancing technology projects |
| 119.15 | report. (a) By November 1 of each odd-numbered year, a transmission projects report must |
| 119.16 | be submitted to the commission by each utility, organization, or company that: |
| 119.17 | (1) is a public utility, a municipal utility, a cooperative electric association, the generation |
| 119.18 | and transmission organization that serves each utility or association, or a transmission |
| 119.19 | company; and |
| 119.20 | (2) owns or operates electric transmission lines in Minnesota, except a company or |
| 119.21 | organization that owns a transmission line that serves a single customer or interconnects a |
| 119.22 | single generating facility. |
| 119.23 | (b) The report may be submitted jointly or individually to the commission. |
| 119.24 | (c) The report must: |
| 119.25 | (1) list specific present and reasonably foreseeable future inadequacies in the transmission |
| 119.26 | system in Minnesota; |
| 119.27 | (2) identify alternative means of addressing each inadequacy listed, including grid |
| 119.28 | enhancing technologies such as dynamic line rating, power flow controllers, topology |
| 119.29 | optimization, and other hardware or software that reduce congestion or enhance the flexibility |
| 119.30 | of the transmission system; |

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(3) identify general economic, environmental, and social issues associated with eachalternative; and

(4) provide a summary of public input related to the list of inadequacies and the role of
local government officials and other interested persons in assisting to develop the list and
analyze alternatives.

(d) To meet the requirements of this subdivision, reporting parties may rely on available
information and analysis developed by a regional transmission organization or any subgroup
of a regional transmission organization and may develop and include additional information
as necessary.

(e) In addition to providing the information required under this subdivision, a utility 120.10 operating under a multiyear rate plan approved by the commission under section 216B.16, 120.11 subdivision 19, shall identify in its report investments that it considers necessary to modernize 120.12 the transmission and distribution system by enhancing reliability, improving security against 120.13 cyber and physical threats, and by increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating 120.14 communication between the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, 120.15 control technologies, energy storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, 120.16 and other innovative technologies. 120.17

120.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

120.19 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.243, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Showing required for construction. No proposed large energy facility shall be certified for construction unless the applicant can show that demand for electricity cannot be met more cost effectively through energy conservation and load-management measures and unless the applicant has otherwise justified its need. In assessing need, the commission shall evaluate:

(1) the accuracy of the long-range energy demand forecasts on which the necessity forthe facility is based;

(2) the effect of existing or possible energy conservation programs under sections 216C.05
to 216C.30 and this section or other federal or state legislation on long-term energy demand;

(3) the relationship of the proposed facility to overall state energy needs, as described
in the most recent state energy policy and conservation report prepared under section
216C.18, or, in the case of a high-voltage transmission line, the relationship of the proposed
line to regional energy needs, as presented in the transmission plan submitted under section
216B.2425;

(4) promotional activities that may have given rise to the demand for this facility; 121.1 (5) benefits of this facility, including its uses to protect or enhance environmental quality, 121.2 121.3 and to increase reliability of energy supply in Minnesota and the region; (6) possible alternatives for satisfying the energy demand or transmission needs including 121.4 121.5 but not limited to potential for increased efficiency and upgrading of existing energy generation and transmission facilities, load-management programs, and distributed generation, 121.6 except that the commission shall not evaluate alternative endpoints for a high-voltage 121.7 transmission line unless (i) the alternative endpoints are consistent with endpoints identified 121.8 in a Transmission Expansion Plan approved by the board of directors of the Midcontinent 121.9 121.10 Independent System Operator, or (ii) the applicant agrees to the evaluation of the alternative endpoints; 121.11

(7) the policies, rules, and regulations of other state and federal agencies and localgovernments;

(8) any feasible combination of energy conservation improvements, required under
section 216B.241, that can (i) replace part or all of the energy to be provided by the proposed
facility, and (ii) compete with it economically;

(9) with respect to a high-voltage transmission line, the benefits of enhanced regional
reliability, access, or deliverability to the extent these factors improve the robustness of the
transmission system or lower costs for electric consumers in Minnesota;

(10) whether the applicant or applicants are in compliance with applicable provisions
of sections 216B.1691 and 216B.2425, subdivision 7, and have filed or will file by a date
certain an application for certificate of need under this section or for certification as a priority
electric transmission project under section 216B.2425 for any transmission facilities or
upgrades identified under section 216B.2425, subdivision 7;

(11) whether the applicant has made the demonstrations required under subdivision 3a;and

(12) if the applicant is proposing a nonrenewable generating plant, the applicant's
assessment of the risk of environmental costs and regulation on that proposed facility over
the expected useful life of the plant, including a proposed means of allocating costs associated
with that risk.

121.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
 121.32 applies to dockets pending at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216B.243, subdivision 8, is amendedto read:

122.3 Subd. 8. Exemptions. (a) This section does not apply to:

(1) cogeneration or small power production facilities as defined in the Federal Power
Act, United States Code, title 16, section 796, paragraph (17), subparagraph (A), and
paragraph (18), subparagraph (A), and having a combined capacity at a single site of less
than 80,000 kilowatts; plants or facilities for the production of ethanol or fuel alcohol; or
any case where the commission has determined after being advised by the attorney general
that its application has been preempted by federal law;

(2) a high-voltage transmission line proposed primarily to distribute electricity to serve
the demand of a single customer at a single location, unless the applicant opts to request
that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(3) the upgrade to a higher voltage of an existing transmission line that serves the demand
of a single customer that primarily uses existing rights-of-way, unless the applicant opts to
request that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(4) a high-voltage transmission line of one mile or less required to connect a new orupgraded substation to an existing, new, or upgraded high-voltage transmission line;

(5) conversion of the fuel source of an existing electric generating plant to using naturalgas;

(6) the modification of an existing electric generating plant to increase efficiency, as
long as the capacity of the plant is not increased more than ten percent or more than 100
megawatts, whichever is greater;

(7) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01 216E.01,
subdivision 2 6a, or a solar energy generating system, as defined in section 216E.01,
subdivision 9a, for which a site permit application is submitted by an independent power
producer under chapter 216E or 216F; or

(8) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01 216E.01,
subdivision 2 6a, or a solar energy generating system that is a large energy facility, as defined
in section 216B.2421, subdivision 2, engaging in a repowering project that:

(i) will not result in the system exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recentinterconnection agreement; or

(ii) will result in the system exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recent
interconnection agreement, provided that the Midcontinent Independent System Operator
has provided a signed generator interconnection agreement that reflects the expected net
power increase-;

(9) a transmission line directly associated with and necessary to interconnect any of the
 following facilities with the electric transmission grid:

123.7 (i) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216E.01, subdivision
123.8 6a;

(ii) a solar energy generating system that is a large electric power generating plant; or

(iii) an energy storage system, as defined in section 216E.01, subdivision 3a;

123.11 (10) an energy storage system, as defined in section 216E.01, subdivision 3a; or

(11) relocation of an existing high-voltage transmission line, provided the line's voltage
is not increased.

(b) For the purpose of this subdivision, "repowering project" means:

(1) modifying a large wind energy conversion system or a solar energy generating system
that is a large energy facility to increase its efficiency without increasing its nameplate
capacity;

(2) replacing turbines in a large wind energy conversion system without increasing thenameplate capacity of the system; or

123.20 (3) increasing the nameplate capacity of a large wind energy conversion system.

123.21 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.243, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Renewable energy standard <u>and carbon-free energy standard facilities.</u> This
section does not apply to a wind energy conversion system or a solar electric generation
facility that is intended to be used to meet the obligations of section 216B.1691, <u>subdivision</u>
<u>2a or 2g</u>; provided that, after notice and comment, the commission determines that the
facility is a reasonable and prudent approach to meeting a utility's obligations under that
section. When making this determination, the commission must consider:
(1) the size of the facility relative to a utility's total need for renewable resources;

(2) alternative approaches for supplying the renewable energy to be supplied by theproposed facility;

- (3) the facility's ability to promote economic development, as required under section216B.1691, subdivision 9;
- 124.3 (4) the facility's ability to maintain electric system reliability;

124.4 (5) impacts on ratepayers; and

- 124.5 (6) other criteria as the commission may determine are relevant.
- 124.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 124.7 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.246, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Commission procedure. (a) If an electric transmission line has been approved 124.8 for construction in a federally registered planning authority transmission plan, the incumbent 124.9 124.10 electric transmission owner, or owners if there is more than one owner, shall give notice to the commission, in writing, within 90 30 days of approval, regarding its intent to construct, 124.11 own, and maintain the electric transmission line. If an incumbent electric transmission owner 124.12 124.13 gives notice of intent to build the electric transmission line then, unless exempt from the requirements of section 216B.243, within 18 12 months from the date of the notice described 124.14 124.15 in this paragraph or such longer time approved by the commission, the incumbent electric transmission owner shall file an application for a certificate of need under section 216B.243 124.16 or certification under section 216B.2425. 124.17

(b) If the incumbent electric transmission owner indicates that it does not intend to build
the transmission line, such notice shall fully explain the basis for that decision. If the
incumbent electric transmission owner, or owners, gives notice of intent not to build the
electric transmission line, then the commission may determine whether the incumbent
electric transmission owner or other entity will build the electric transmission line, taking
into consideration issues such as cost, efficiency, reliability, and other factors identified in
this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to any electric transmission line that has been approved for construction in a federally registered planning authority transmission plan on or after that date.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.03, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter 7,
sections 25, 26, 27, and 28, and Laws 2023, chapter 60, article 12, sections 50, 51, 52, 53,
and 54, is amended to read:

125.4 **216E.03 DESIGNATING SITES AND ROUTES.**

Subdivision 1. Site permit. No person may construct A large electric generating plant 125.5 or, an energy storage system, or a large wind energy conversion system that has not received 125.6 a site permit from a county under section 216E.05, subdivision 4, may not be constructed: 125.7 (1) without a site permit from the commission. A large electric generating plant or an energy 125.8 storage system may be constructed only; and (2) on a site other than the site approved by 125.9 the commission. The commission must incorporate into one proceeding the route selection 125.10 for a high-voltage transmission line that is directly associated with and necessary to 125.11 interconnect the a large electric generating plant, energy storage system, or large wind 125.12 energy conversion system to the transmission system and whose need is certified under 125.13 section 216B.243. 125.14

Subd. 2. Route permit. No person may construct a high-voltage transmission line without
a route permit from the commission. A high-voltage transmission line may be constructed
only along a route approved by the commission.

125.18 Subd. 2a. Preapplication coordination. (a) At least 30 days before filing an application
125.19 with the commission, an applicant must provide notice to:

125.20 (1) each local unit of government within which a site or route may be proposed;

(2) Minnesota Tribal governments, as defined under section 10.65, subdivision 2;

- 125.22 (3) the state agencies that are represented on the Environmental Quality Board; and
- 125.23 (4) the State Historic Preservation Office.

(b) The notice must describe the proposed project and provide the entities receiving the
 notice an opportunity for preapplication coordination or feedback.

125.26 Subd. 2b. **Preapplication review.** (a) Before submitting an application under this chapter,

125.27 an applicant must provide a draft application to commissioner of commerce for review. A

- 125.28 draft application must not be filed electronically.
- 125.29 (b) The commissioner of commerce's draft application review must focus on the
- 125.30 application's completeness and clarifications that may assist the commission's review of the
- 125.31 application. Upon completion of the preapplication review under this subdivision,
- 125.32 commissioner of commerce must provide the applicant a summary of the completeness

review. The applicant may include the completeness review summary with the applicant's
application under subdivision 3.

126.3 Subd. 3. Application. (a) Any person seeking to construct a large electric power facility must apply to the commission for a site or route permit, as applicable. The application shall 126.4 contain such information as the commission may require. The applicant shall propose at 126.5 least two sites a single site for a large electric power facility and two routes one route for a 126.6 high-voltage transmission line. Neither of the two proposed routes may be designated as a 126.7 126.8 preferred route and all proposed routes must be numbered and designated as alternatives. The commission shall determine whether an application is complete and advise the applicant 126.9 of any deficiencies within ten days of receipt. An application is not incomplete if information 126.10 not in the application can be obtained from the applicant during the first phase of the process 126.11 and that information is not essential for notice and initial public meetings. 126.12

(b) The commission's designee must determine whether an application is complete and
 advise the applicant of any deficiencies within ten days of the date an application is received.

126.15 (c) An application is not incomplete if:

(1) information that is not included in the application may be obtained from the applicant
 prior to the initial public meeting; and

(2) the information that is not included in the application is not essential to provide
adequate notice.

Subd. 3a. Project notice. At least 90 days before filing an application with the
commission, the applicant shall provide notice to each local unit of government within
which a route may be proposed. The notice must describe the proposed project and the
opportunity for a preapplication consultation meeting with local units of government as
provided in subdivision 3b.

Subd. 3b. Preapplication consultation meetings. Within 30 days of receiving a project notice, local units of government may request the applicant to hold a consultation meeting with local units of government. Upon receiving notice from a local unit of government requesting a preapplication consultation meeting, the applicant shall arrange the meeting at a location chosen by the local units of government. A single public meeting for which each local government unit requesting a meeting is given notice satisfies the meeting requirement of this subdivision.

Subd. 4. Application notice. Within 15 days after submission of an application to the commission, the applicant shall publish notice of the application in a legal newspaper of

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general circulation in each county in which the site or route is proposed and send a copy of 127.1 the application by certified mail to any regional development commission, county, 127.2 incorporated municipality, and town in which any part of the site or route is proposed. 127.3 Within the same 15 days, the applicant shall also send a notice of the submission of the 127.4 application and description of the proposed project to each owner whose property is on or 127.5 adjacent to any of the proposed sites for the power plant or along any of the proposed routes 127.6 for the transmission line. The notice must identify a location where a copy of the application 127.7 127.8 can be reviewed. For the purpose of giving mailed notice under this subdivision, owners are those shown on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where tax statements 127.9 are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer; but other 127.10 appropriate records may be used for this purpose. The failure to give mailed notice to a 127.11 property owner, or defects in the notice, does not invalidate the proceedings, provided a 127.12 bona fide attempt to comply with this subdivision has been made. Within the same 15 days, 127.13 the applicant shall also send the same notice of the submission of the application and 127.14 description of the proposed project to those persons who have requested to be placed on a 127.15 list maintained by the commission for receiving notice of proposed large electric generating 127.16 power plants and high voltage transmission lines. 127.17

127.18 Subd. 5. Environmental review. (a) The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall prepare for the commission an environmental impact statement on each proposed large 127.19 electric power facility for which a complete application has been submitted. The 127.20 commissioner shall not consider whether or not the project is needed. No other state 127 21 environmental review documents shall be required. The commissioner shall study and 127.22 evaluate any site or route proposed by an applicant and any other site or route the commission 127.23 deems necessary that was proposed in a manner consistent with rules concerning the form, 127.24 content, and timeliness of proposals for alternate sites or routes, excluding any alternate 127.25 site for a solar energy generating system that was not proposed by an applicant. 127.26

(b) For a cogeneration facility as defined in section 216H.01, subdivision 1a, that is a
large electric power generating plant and is not proposed by a utility, the commissioner
must make a finding in the environmental impact statement whether the project is likely to
result in a net reduction of carbon dioxide emissions, considering both the utility providing
electric service to the proposed cogeneration facility and any reduction in carbon dioxide
emissions as a result of increased efficiency from the production of thermal energy on the
part of the customer operating or owning the proposed cogeneration facility.

Subd. 6. Public hearing. The commission shall hold a public hearing on an application
 for a site or route permit for a large electric power facility. All hearings held for designating

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a site or route shall be conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of 128.1 Administrative Hearings pursuant to the contested case procedures of chapter 14. Notice 128.2 128.3 of the hearing shall be given by the commission at least ten days in advance but no earlier than 45 days prior to the commencement of the hearing. Notice shall be by publication in 128.4 a legal newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the public hearing is to be 128.5 held and by certified mail to chief executives of the regional development commissions, 128.6 counties, organized towns, townships, and the incorporated municipalities in which a site 128.7 128.8 or route is proposed. Any person may appear at the hearings and offer testimony and exhibits without the necessity of intervening as a formal party to the proceedings. The administrative 128.9 law judge may allow any person to ask questions of other witnesses. The administrative 128.10 law judge shall hold a portion of the hearing in the area where the power plant or transmission 128.11 line is proposed to be located. 128.12

Subd. 5a. Public meeting. (a) Within 20 days after the date the commission determines
 an application is complete, to the extent practicable, the commission must hold at least one
 public meeting in a location near the proposed project's location to explain the permitting
 process, present major issues, and respond to questions raised by the public.

(b) At the public meeting and in written comments that the commission must accept for
 at least ten days following the date of the public meeting, members of the public may submit
 comments on potential impacts, permit conditions, and alternatives the commission should
 evaluate when considering the application.

128.21 Subd. 6a. **Draft permit.** Within 30 days after the date the public comment period closes

128.22 following the public hearing in section 216.035, subdivision 2, or section 216E.04,

128.23 subdivision 6, to the extent practicable, the commission must:

128.24 (1) prepare a draft site or route permit for the proposed facility. The draft permit must

identify the person or persons who are the permittee, describe the proposed project, and

128.26 include proposed permit conditions. A draft site or route permit does not authorize a person

128.27 to construct a proposed facility. The commission may change the draft site permit in any

128.28 respect before final issuance or may deny the permit; and

128.29 (2) identify any issues or alternatives that must be evaluated in an addendum to an

128.30 environmental assessment prepared under section 216E.041 or an environmental impact

128.31 statement prepared under section 216E.035.

Subd. 7. Considerations in designating sites and routes. (a) The commission's site
and route permit determinations must be guided by the state's goals to conserve resources,
minimize environmental impacts, minimize human settlement and other land use conflicts,

and ensure the state's electric energy security through efficient, cost-effective power supplyand electric transmission infrastructure.

(b) To facilitate the study, research, evaluation, and designation of sites and routes, thecommission shall be guided by, but not limited to, the following considerations:

(1) evaluation of research and investigations relating to the effects on land, water and
air resources of large electric power facilities and the effects of water and air discharges
and electric and magnetic fields resulting from such facilities on public health and welfare,
vegetation, animals, materials and aesthetic values, including baseline studies, predictive
modeling, and evaluation of new or improved methods for minimizing adverse impacts of
water and air discharges and other matters pertaining to the effects of power plants on the
water and air environment;

(2) environmental evaluation of sites and routes proposed for future development andexpansion and their relationship to the land, water, air and human resources of the state;

(3) evaluation of the effects of new electric power generation and transmission
technologies and systems related to power plants designed to minimize adverse environmental
effects;

(4) evaluation of the potential for beneficial uses of waste energy from proposed largeelectric power generating plants;

(5) analysis of the direct and indirect economic impact of proposed sites and routesincluding, but not limited to, productive agricultural land lost or impaired;

(6) evaluation of adverse direct and indirect environmental effects that cannot be avoidedshould the proposed site and route be accepted;

(7) evaluation of alternatives to the applicant's proposed site or route proposed pursuant
to subdivisions 1 and 2;

(8) evaluation of potential routes that would use or parallel existing railroad and highwayrights-of-way;

(9) evaluation of governmental survey lines and other natural division lines of agricultural
land so as to minimize interference with agricultural operations;

(10) evaluation of the future needs for additional high-voltage transmission lines in the
same general area as any proposed route, and the advisability of ordering the construction
of structures capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or
design modifications;

(11) evaluation of irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources should theproposed site or route be approved;

(12) when appropriate, consideration of problems raised by other state and federal
agencies and local entities;

(13) evaluation of the benefits of the proposed facility with respect to (i) the protection
and enhancement of environmental quality, and (ii) the reliability of state and regional
energy supplies;

130.8 (14) evaluation of the proposed facility's impact on socioeconomic factors; and

(15) evaluation of the proposed facility's employment and economic impacts in the
vicinity of the facility site and throughout Minnesota, including the quantity and quality of
construction and permanent jobs and their compensation levels. The commission must
consider a facility's local employment and economic impacts, and may reject or place
conditions on a site or route permit based on the local employment and economic impacts.

(c) If the commission's rules are substantially similar to existing regulations of a federal
agency to which the utility in the state is subject, the federal regulations must be applied by
the commission.

130.17 (d) No site or route shall be designated which violates state agency rules.

(e) The commission must make specific findings that it has considered locating a route
for a high-voltage transmission line on an existing high-voltage transmission route and the
use of parallel existing highway right-of-way and, to the extent those are not used for the
route, the commission must state the reasons.

Subd. 8. **Recording of survey points.** The permanent location of monuments or markers found or placed by a utility in a survey of right-of-way for a route shall be placed on record in the office of the county recorder or registrar of titles. No fee shall be charged to the utility for recording this information.

Subd. 9. Timing. The commission shall make a final decision on an application within
60 days after receipt of the report of the administrative law judge. A final decision on the
request for a site permit or route permit shall be made within one year after the commission's
determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit
for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

Subd. 10. Final decision. (a) No site permit shall be issued in violation of the site
 selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the
 commission. When the commission designates a site, it shall issue a site permit to the

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applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall publish a notice of its
decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the site permit.

131.3 (b) No route permit shall be issued in violation of the route selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the 131.4 commission designates a route, it shall issue a permit for the construction of a high-voltage 131.5 transmission line specifying the design, routing, right-of-way preparation, and facility 131.6 131.7 construction it deems necessary, and with any other appropriate conditions. The commission 131.8 may order the construction of high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The 131.9 commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of 131.10 issuance of the permit. 131.11

(c) The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including issuance
of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision
8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site permit to construct a large electric power
generating plant, including all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and
subcontractors on the project: (1) pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in
section 177.42; and (2) be subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under
sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.

Subd. 11. Department of Commerce to provide technical expertise and other 131.19 assistance. (a) The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall consult with other 131.20 state agencies and provide technical expertise and other assistance to the commission or to 131.21 individual members of the commission for activities and proceedings under this chapter 131.22 and chapters 216F and chapter 216G. This assistance shall include the sharing of power 131.23 plant siting and routing staff and other resources as necessary. The commissioner shall 131.24 periodically report to the commission concerning the Department of Commerce's costs of 131.25 providing assistance. The report shall conform to the schedule and include the required 131.26 contents specified by the commission. The commission shall include the costs of the 131.27 assistance in assessments for activities and proceedings under those sections and reimburse 131.28 the special revenue fund for those costs. If either the commissioner or the commission deems 131.29 it necessary, the department and the commission shall enter into an interagency agreement 131.30 establishing terms and conditions for the provision of assistance and sharing of resources 131.31 under this subdivision. 131.32

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 216B.33, the commissioner may takeany action required or requested by the commission related to the environmental review

- requirements under chapter 216E or 216F immediately following a hearing and vote by the 132.1 commission, prior to issuing a written order, finding, authorization, or certificate. 132.2 132.3 Subd. 12. Prevailing wage. The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including issuance of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in 132.4 132.5 section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site permit to construct a large electric power generating plant, including all of the permit recipient's construction 132.6 contractors and subcontractors on the project: 132.7 (1) pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42; and 132.8 (2) is subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under sections 177.27, 132.9 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45. 132.10 Subd. 13. Application. This section applies to applications for a site or route permit 132.11 filed under section 216E.035 or 216E.04. 132.12 132.13 Sec. 10. [216E.031] APPLICABILITY DETERMINATION. Subdivision 1. Generally. This section may be used to determine: 132.14 132.15 (1) whether a proposal is subject to the commission's siting or routing jurisdiction under this chapter; or 132.16 132.17 (2) which review process is applicable at the time of the initial application. Subd. 2. Size determination. An applicant must follow the provisions of section 132.18 216E.021 or 216E.022, as applicable, to determine the size of a solar energy generating 132.19 system or a wind energy conversion system. In determining the size of an energy storage 132.20 system, an applicant must combine the alternating current nameplate capacity of any other 132.21 energy storage system that: 132.22 (1) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the energy storage system; and 132.23 (2) exhibits characteristics of being a single development, including but not limited to 132.24 ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection, revenue sharing 132.25 arrangements, and common debt or equity financing. 132.26
- 132.27Subd. 3. Transmission lines. For transmission lines, the applicant must describe the
- applicability issue and provide sufficient facts to support the determination.
- 132.29 Subd. 4. Forms; assistance; written determination. (a) The commission must provide
- 132.30 forms and assistance to help applicants make a request for an applicability determination.

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(b) Upon written request from an applicant, the commission must provide a written
 determination regarding applicability under this section. To the extent practicable, the
 commission must provide the written determination within 30 days of the date the request
 was received or 30 days of the date information that the commission requested from the

133.5 applicant is received, whichever is later. This written determination constitutes a final

133.6 decision of the commission.

133.7 Sec. 11. [216E.035] APPLICATIONS; MAJOR REVIEW.

Subdivision 1. Environmental review. (a) The commissioner of commerce shall prepare 133.8 133.9 for the commission an environmental impact statement on each proposed large electric power facility for which a complete application has been submitted. The commissioner shall 133.10 not consider whether or not the project is needed. No other state environmental review 133.11 documents are required. The commissioner shall study and evaluate any site or route proposed 133.12 by an applicant and any other site or route the commission deems necessary that was proposed 133.13 133.14 in a manner consistent with rules concerning the form, content, and timeliness of proposals for alternate sites or routes, excluding any alternate site for a solar energy generating system 133.15 that was not proposed by an applicant. 133.16 133.17 (b) For a cogeneration facility as defined in section 216H.01, subdivision 1a, that is a

- large electric power generating plant and is not proposed by a utility, the commissioner 133.18 must make a finding in the environmental impact statement whether the project is likely to 133.19 result in a net reduction of carbon dioxide emissions, considering both the utility providing 133.20 electric service to the proposed cogeneration facility and any reduction in carbon dioxide 133.21 emissions as a result of increased efficiency from the production of thermal energy on the 133.22 part of the customer operating or owning the proposed cogeneration facility. 133.23 Subd. 2. Public hearing. (a) In addition to the public meeting required under section 133.24 216E.03, subdivision 5a, the commission shall hold a public hearing on an application for 133.25 a site or route permit for a large electric power facility. A hearing held for designating a 133.26 site or route shall be conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of 133.27 Administrative Hearings pursuant to the contested case procedures of chapter 14 only if 133.28 commission staff determines that a disputed matter exists that may require clarification 133.29
- 133.30 through expert testimony. Notice of the hearing shall be given by the commission at least
- 133.31 ten days in advance but no earlier than 45 days prior to the commencement of the hearing.
- 133.32 Notice shall be by publication in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the county in
- 133.33 which the public hearing is to be held and by certified mail to chief executives of the regional
- 133.34 development commissions, Tribal governments, counties, organized towns, townships, and

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134.1 the incorporated municipalities in which a site or route is proposed. Any person may appear

134.3 formal party to the proceedings. The administrative law judge may allow any person to ask

at the hearings and offer testimony and exhibits without the necessity of intervening as a

134.4 questions of other witnesses. The administrative law judge shall hold a portion of the hearing

in the area where the power plant or transmission line is proposed to be located.

134.6 (b) The commission must accept written comments submitted for at least ten days

134.7 <u>following the hearing regarding project impacts, permit conditions, and alternatives the</u>

134.8 commission should evaluate when considering the application.

134.9 Subd. 3. <u>Timing.</u> (a) The commission shall make a final decision on an application

134.10 within 60 days after receipt of the report of the administrative law judge, if applicable. A

134.11 final decision on the request for a site permit or route permit shall be made within one year

134.12 after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may

134.13 extend the time limit under this paragraph for up to three months for just cause or upon

134.14 agreement with the applicant.

134.15 (b) To ensure that a final decision complies with the requirements of this subdivision,

134.16 the commission shall establish deadlines for the submission of comments by state agencies

134.17 on applications and environmental review documents that expedite the siting and route

134.18 permitting process.

134.19Subd. 4. Final decision. (a) No site permit shall be issued by the commission: (1) in134.20violation of the site selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules134.21adopted by the commission; or (2) if the commission determines that the proposed project134.22is not in the public interest. When the commission designates a site, the commission shall134.23issue a site permit to the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall134.24publish a notice of the commission's decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance134.25of the site permit.

(b) No route permit shall be issued by the commission: (1) in violation of the route

134.27 selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the

134.28 commission; or (2) if the commission determines that the proposed project is not in the

134.29 public interest. When the commission designates a route, the commission shall issue a permit

- 134.30 for the construction of a high-voltage transmission line specifying the design, routing,
- 134.31 right-of-way preparation, and facility construction the commission deems necessary, and
- 134.32 with any other appropriate conditions. The commission may order the construction of

134.33 high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of expansion in transmission capacity

134.34 through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The commission shall publish a notice

- of the commission's decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the permit,
 to the extent practicable.
- 135.3 (c) Immediately following the commission's vote granting an applicant a site or route
- 135.4 permit, and prior to issuance of a written commission order embodying that decision, the
- 135.5 applicant may submit to commission staff for review preconstruction compliance filings
- 135.6 specifying details of the applicant's proposed site operations.
- 135.7 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.04, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter
 135.8 7, section 29, and Laws 2023, chapter 60, article 12, section 55, is amended to read:

135.9 216E.04 <u>ALTERNATIVE</u> <u>APPLICATIONS; STANDARD</u> REVIEW OF 135.10 <u>APPLICATIONS</u>.

Subdivision 1. Alternative Standard review. An applicant who seeks a site permit or route permit for one of the projects identified in this section shall have the option of following the procedures in this section rather than the procedures in section 216E.03 216E.035. The applicant shall notify the commission at the time the application is submitted which procedure the applicant chooses to follow.

Subd. 2. Applicable projects. The requirements and procedures in this section apply to
the following projects, as presented in the application submitted to the commission:

(1) large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts that
are not fueled by natural gas;

- 135.20 (2) large electric power generating plants that are fueled by natural gas;
- 135.21 (3) (2) high-voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 200 kilovolts below 345
- 135.22 kilovolts and less than 30 miles of length in Minnesota;
- 135.23 (3) high-voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 300 kilovolts of any length;
- (4) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts and less than 30 miles in
 135.25 length in Minnesota;
- 135.26 (5) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts if at least 80 percent of
- 135.27 the distance of the line in Minnesota will be located along existing high-voltage transmission
- 135.28 line right-of-way;
- (6) a high-voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200
 and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length;

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136.1 (7)(4) a high-voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer 136.2 when the rerouted line will be located at least 80 percent on property owned or controlled 136.3 by the customer or the owner of the transmission line;

(8) (5) large electric power generating plants that are powered by solar energy; and

(6) a wind energy conversion system of five megawatts or greater alternating current
 capacity; and

136.7 (9) (7) energy storage systems.

Subd. 3. **Application.** The applicant for a site or route permit for any of the projects listed in subdivision 2 who chooses to follow these procedures shall submit information as the commission may require, but the applicant shall not be required to propose a second site or route for the project. The applicant shall identify in the application any other sites or routes that were rejected by the applicant and the commission may identify additional sites or routes to consider during the processing of the application. The commission shall determine whether an application is complete and advise the applicant of any deficiencies.

Subd. 4. Notice of application. Upon submission of an application under this section,
the applicant shall provide the same notice as required by <u>under</u> section 216E.03, subdivision
4.

Subd. 5. Environmental review. For the projects identified in subdivision 2 and 136.18 following these procedures, the commissioner of the Department of Commerce The applicant 136.19 shall prepare for the commission an environmental assessment for projects identified in 136.20 subdivision 2 that follows the procedures in section 216E.041. The environmental assessment 136.21 shall contain information on the human and environmental impacts of the proposed project 136.22 and other sites or routes identified by the commission and shall address mitigating measures 136.23 for all of the sites or routes considered. The environmental assessment shall be the only 136.24 state environmental review document required to be prepared on the project. 136.25

Subd. 6. Public hearing. (a) In addition to the public meeting required under section 136.26 216E.03, subdivision 5a, the commission shall hold a public hearing in the area where the 136.27 facility is proposed to be located. The commission shall give notice of the public hearing 136.28 in the same manner as notice under section 216E.03, subdivision 6 216E.035, subdivision 136.29 2. The commission shall conduct the public hearing under procedures established by the 136.30 commission. The applicant shall be present at the hearing to present evidence and to answer 136.31 questions. The commission shall provide opportunity at the public hearing for any person 136.32 to present comments and to ask questions of the applicant and commission staff. The 136.33

137.1 commission shall also afford interested persons an opportunity to submit written comments137.2 into the record.

(b) The commission must accept written comments submitted for at least ten days
 following the hearing regarding project impact, permit conditions, and alternatives the
 commission should evaluate when considering the application.

Subd. 7. **Timing.** (a) The commission shall make a final decision on an application within 60 days after completion of the public hearing. A final decision on the request for a site permit or route permit under this section shall be made within six months after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

(b) To ensure that a final decision complies with the requirements of this subdivision,
the commission shall establish deadlines for the submission of comments by state agencies
on applications and environmental review documents that expedite the siting and route
permitting process.

Subd. 8. Considerations. The considerations in section 216E.03, subdivision 7, shall
apply to any projects subject to this section.

Subd. 9. **Final decision.** (a) No site permit shall be issued by the commission: (1) in violation of the site selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission; or (2) if the commission determines that the proposed project is not in the public interest. When the commission designates a site, it shall issue a site permit to the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the site permit.

137.23 (b) No route designation shall be made shall be issued: (1) in violation of the route selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the 137.24 commission; or (2) if the commission determines that the proposed project is not in the 137.25 public interest. When the commission designates a route, it shall issue a permit for the 137.26 construction of a high-voltage transmission line specifying the design, routing, right-of-way 137.27 preparation, and facility construction it deems necessary and with any other appropriate 137.28 conditions. The commission may order the construction of high-voltage transmission line 137.29 facilities that are capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting 137.30 or design modifications. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State 137.31 Register within 30 days of issuance of the permit. 137.32

(c) Immediately following the commission's vote granting an applicant a site or route
 permit, and prior to issuance of a written commission order embodying the decision, the

| 138.1 | applicant may submit to commission staff for review preconstruction compliance filings |
|--------|---|
| 138.2 | specifying details of the applicant's proposed site operations. |
| 138.3 | Sec. 13. [216E.041] ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PREPARATION. |
| 138.4 | Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have |
| 138.5 | the meanings given. |
| 138.6 | (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce. |
| 138.7 | (c) "General list" means a list maintained by the commission of persons who request to |
| 138.8 | be notified of the acceptance of applications for site permits or route permits. |
| 138.9 | (d) "Project contact list" means a list maintained by the commission of persons who |
| 138.10 | request to receive notices regarding a specific project for which a site permit or route permit |
| 138.11 | is sought. |
| 138.12 | Subd. 2. Environmental assessment; content. The applicant shall prepare and submit |
| 138.13 | with the permit application an environmental assessment on each proposed project being |
| 138.14 | reviewed under section 216E.04. The environmental assessment must contain, at a minimum: |
| 138.15 | (1) a general description of the proposed facility; |
| 138.16 | (2) a list of any alternative sites or routes that were considered and rejected by the |
| 138.17 | applicant; |
| 138.18 | (3) a discussion of the potential impacts of the proposed project and each alternative site |
| 138.19 | or route on the human and natural environment; |
| 138.20 | (4) a discussion of mitigative measures that could reasonably be implemented to eliminate |
| 138.21 | or minimize any adverse impacts identified for the proposed project and each alternative |
| 138.22 | site or route analyzed; |
| 138.23 | (5) an analysis of the feasibility of each alternative site or route considered; and |
| 138.24 | (6) a list of permits required for the project. |
| 138.25 | Subd. 3. Environmental assessment; notification of availability. Upon receipt of the |
| 138.26 | environmental assessment from the applicant, the commissioner shall publish notice in the |
| 138.27 | EQB Monitor of the availability of the environmental assessment and mail notice of the |
| 138.28 | availability of the document to those persons on the general list or the project contact list. |
| 138.29 | The commissioner shall provide a copy of the environmental assessment to any public |
| 138.30 | agency with authority to permit or approve the proposed project. The commissioner shall |
| 138.31 | post the environmental assessment on the agency's web page. |

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Subd. 4. Environmental assessment; comments; addendum. (a) The commissioner 139.1 shall provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the environmental assessment 139.2 139.3 by holding a public meeting and by soliciting public comments. The commissioner shall mail notice of the meeting to those persons on either the general list or the project contact 139.4 list at least ten days before the meeting. The commissioner shall provide at least seven days 139.5 from the date of the public meeting for the public to submit comments on the environmental 139.6 139.7 assessment. 139.8 (b) Any person or any member agency of the Environmental Quality Board may, at the public meeting or in written comments submitted to the commissioner, request that the 139.9 Department of Commerce analyze any of the following issues in an addendum to the 139.10 environmental assessment: 139.11 139.12 (1) one or more alternative sites or routes; (2) additional mitigation measures for environmental impacts identified in the 139.13 environmental assessment; or 139.14 (3) specific human or environmental impacts that were not addressed or not addressed 139.15 139.16 adequately in the environmental assessment. (c) A person requesting additional environmental analysis in an addendum under 139.17 paragraph (b) must submit to the commissioner (1) an explanation of why the request should 139.18 be accepted, and (2) all supporting information the person wants the commissioner to 139.19 consider. The commissioner shall provide the applicant with an opportunity to respond to 139.20 each request. The commissioner shall prepare an addendum in response to a request, or at 139.21 the commissioner's own discretion, only if the commissioner determines that the additional 139.22 analysis assists the commission's ultimate decision on the permit application, including the 139.23 establishment of permit conditions. 139.24 (d) In making the commission's final decision, the commission must consider the 139.25 environmental assessment, the addendum to the environmental assessment, if any, comments 139.26 received at or after the public meeting, and the entirety of the record on environmental and 139.27 human health impacts. 139.28 (e) The commissioner shall follow the notification procedures established for an 139.29 environmental assessment in subdivision 3 with respect to an addendum prepared under 139.30 subdivision 4. 139.31 Subd. 5. Matters excluded. If the commission has issued a certificate of need to an 139.32 applicant for a large electric power generating plant or high-voltage transmission line or 139.33

- placed a high-voltage transmission line on the certified project list maintained by the 140.1 commission under section 216B.2425, subdivision 3, the environmental assessment of the 140.2 140.3 project shall not address (1) questions of need, including size, type, and timing; (2) questions of alternative system configurations; or (3) questions of voltage. 140.4 140.5 Subd. 6. No additional environmental review. An environmental assessment and addendum, if prepared, must be the only state environmental review documents required 140.6 to be prepared by the commissioner on a project qualifying for review under section 216E.04. 140.7 140.8 An environmental assessment worksheet or environmental impact statement is not required. 140.9 Environmental review at the certificate of need stage before the commission must be performed in accordance with Minnesota Rules, parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100. 140.10 140.11 Subd. 7. Cost. The commissioner shall assess the department's cost to prepare an addendum to an environmental assessment to the applicant. 140.12 Sec. 14. [216E.042] PERMIT AMENDMENTS. 140.13 Subdivision 1. Applicability. (a) This section applies to a request by the owner of a 140.14 large electric power facility to modify any provision or condition of a site or route permit 140.15 140.16 issued by the commission, including permit amendments to: (1) upgrade or rebuild an existing electric line and associated facilities to a voltage 140.17 140.18 capable of operating between 100 kilovolts and 300 kilovolts; or (2) repower or refurbish a large electric power generating plant, a large wind energy 140.19 140.20 conversion system, a solar energy generating system, or an energy storage system that increases the efficiency of the facility. For a large electric power generating plant, an increase 140.21 in efficiency means a reduction in the amount of British thermal units required to generate 140.22 a kilowatt hour of electricity at the facility. 140.23 (b) A permit amendment must not be approved under this section if the permit 140.24 amendment: 140.25 140.26 (1) results in significant changes in the environmental or human health impacts of the facility; 140.27 140.28 (2) increases the developed area within the permitted site; or
- (3) increases the facility's nameplate capacity above the nameplate capacity in the facility's
 most recent interconnection agreement.

- 141.1 Subd. 2. Application. A person seeking a permit amendment under this section must
- 141.2 <u>submit an application in writing to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the</u>
- 141.3 <u>commissioner. The application must describe:</u>

141.4 (1) the permit modification sought;

- 141.5 (2) how the request meets the applicability criteria under subdivision 1; and
- 141.6 (3) any changes in environmental or health impacts that would result from implementation
- 141.7 of the amendment that were not addressed in the environmental document accompanying
- 141.8 <u>the initial permit application.</u>
- 141.9Subd. 3. Notice. The commission must provide notice that the application was received141.10to persons on the general list and, if applicable, to persons on the project contact list.
- 141.11 Subd. 4. Public comment. The commission must accept written comments on the
- 141.12 application and requests to bring the amendment to the commission for consideration for
- 141.13 at least ten days following service of notice. The applicant must respond to comments within
- 141.14 seven days of the close of the comment period.
- 141.15 Subd. 5. Timing. Within 20 days of the date the public comment period closes, the
- 141.16 <u>commission's designee must decide whether to authorize the permit amendment, bring the</u>
- 141.17 <u>matter to the commission for consideration, or determine that the application requires a</u>
- 141.18 permitting decision under another section in this chapter.
- 141.19 Subd. 6. **Decision.** The commission may approve an amendment that places reasonable
- 141.20 conditions on the permittee. The commission must notify the applicant in writing of the
- 141.21 commission's decision and send a copy of the decision to any person who requested
- 141.22 notification or filed comments on the application.
- 141.23 Subd. 7. Local review. An owner or operator of a large electric power generating plant
- 141.24 or high-voltage transmission line that was not issued a permit by the commission may seek
- 141.25 approval to modify a project listed under subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), from the local unit
- 141.26 of government if the facility qualifies for standard review under section 216E.04 or local
- 141.27 review under section 216E.05.

141.28 Sec. 15. [216E.051] EXEMPT PROJECTS.

141.29 Subdivision 1. Permit not required. A permit issued by the commission is not required

- 141.30 to construct:
- 141.31 (1) a small wind energy conversion system;
- 141.32 (2) a power plant or solar generating system with a capacity of less than 50 megawatts;

142.1

(3) an energy storage system with a capacity of less than ten megawatts;

| 142.2 | (4) a transmission line that (i) has a capacity of 100 kilovolts or more, and (ii) is less |
|--------|---|
| 142.3 | than 1,500 feet in length; or |
| 172.5 | |
| 142.4 | (5) a transmission line that has a capacity of less than 100 kilovolts. |
| 142.5 | Subd. 2. Other approval. A person that proposes a facility listed in subdivision 1 must |
| 142.6 | (1) obtain any approval required by local, state, or federal units of government with |
| 142.7 | jurisdiction over the project, and (2) comply with the environmental review requirements |
| 142.8 | under chapter 116D and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410. |
| | |
| 142.9 | Sec. 16. [216E.055] COST AND ECONOMIC IMPACT REVIEW. |
| 142.10 | Subdivision 1. Applicability. If a project proposed by a public utility applying for a site |
| 142.11 | or route permit under this chapter was not required to obtain a certificate of need under |
| 142.12 | section 216B.243, the commission must review the proposed cost of the project and the |
| 142.13 | project's estimated economic impact on Minnesota ratepayers. The commission may reject |
| 142.14 | a site or route permit application based solely on project costs that the commission determines |
| 142.15 | are not reasonable and prudent. |
| 142.16 | Subd. 2. Review content. In determining a proposed facility's cost and economic impact, |
| 142.17 | the commission must analyze and consider the following: |
| 142.18 | (1) the construction cost of the proposed facility and the cost of the energy the proposed |
| 142.19 | facility generates, compared to the costs of reasonable alternatives; |
| 142.20 | (2) the economic impact of the proposed facility, or a suitable modification of the |
| 142.21 | proposed facility, compared to: |
| 142.22 | (i) the impact of reasonable alternatives; and |
| 142.23 | (ii) not building the facility; and |
| 142.24 | (3) the cost and economic impact of the proposed facility compared with similar facilities |
| 142.25 | located elsewhere. |
| 142.26 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and |
| 142.27 | applies to any site or route permit filed by the commission on or after that date. |
| | |

143.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.10, subdivision 3, is amended143.2 to read:

Subd. 3. State agency participation. (a) State agencies authorized to issue permits required for construction or operation of large electric power facilities shall participate during routing and siting at public hearings and all other activities of the commission on specific site or route designations and design considerations of the commission, and shall clearly state whether the site or route being considered for designation or permit and other design matters under consideration for approval will be in compliance with state agency standards, rules, or policies.

(b) An applicant for a permit under this section or under chapter 216G shall notify the commissioner of agriculture if the proposed project will impact cultivated agricultural land, as that term is defined in section 216G.01, subdivision 4. The commissioner may participate and advise the commission as to whether to grant a permit for the project and the best options for mitigating adverse impacts to agricultural lands if the permit is granted. The Department of Agriculture shall be the lead agency on the development of any agricultural mitigation plan required for the project.

143.17 (c) The State Historic Preservation Office must comply with the requirements of this
 143.18 section. The commission's consideration of the State Historic Preservation Office's comments
 143.19 satisfies the requirements of section 138.665, when applicable.

143.20 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216F.02, is amended to read:

143.21 **216F.02 EXEMPTIONS.**

(a) The requirements of chapter 216E do not apply to the siting of LWECS, except for
sections 216E.01; 216E.03, subdivision 7; 216E.08; 216E.11; 216E.12; 216E.14; 216E.15;
216E.17; and 216E.18, subdivision 3, which do apply.

(b) (a) Any person may construct an SWECS without complying with chapter 216E or
 this chapter.

(e) (b) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a local governmental unit from establishing
 requirements for the siting and construction of SWECS.

143.29 Sec. 19. <u>GRID ENHANCING TECHNOLOGIES REPORT; PUBLIC UTILITIES</u> 143.30 COMMISSION ORDER.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

Article 12 Sec. 19.

| 144.1 | (b) "Capacity" means the maximum amount of electricity that can flow through a |
|--------|---|
| 144.2 | transmission line while observing industry safety standards. |
| 144.3 | (c) "Congestion" means a condition in which a lack of transmission line capacity prevents |
| 144.4 | the delivery of the lowest-cost electricity dispatched to meet load at a specific location. |
| 144.5 | (d) "Dynamic line rating" means hardware or software used to calculate the thermal |
| 144.6 | limit of existing transmission lines at a specific point in time by incorporating information |
| 144.7 | on real-time and forecasted weather conditions. |
| 144.8 | (e) "Grid enhancing technology" means hardware or software that reduces congestion |
| 144.9 | or enhances the flexibility of the transmission system by increasing the capacity of a |
| 144.10 | high-voltage transmission line or rerouting electricity from overloaded to uncongested lines, |
| 144.11 | while maintaining industry safety standards. Grid enhancing technologies include but are |
| 144.12 | not limited to dynamic line rating, advanced power flow controllers, and topology |
| 144.13 | optimization. |
| 144.14 | (f) "Line rating methodology" means a methodology used to calculate the maximum |
| 144.15 | amount of electricity that can be carried by a transmission line without exceeding thermal |
| 144.16 | limits designed to ensure safety. |
| 144.17 | (g) "Power flow controller" means hardware and software used to reroute electricity |
| 144.18 | from overloaded transmission lines to underutilized transmission lines. |
| 144.19 | (h) "Thermal limit" means the temperature a transmission line reaches when heat from |
| 144.20 | the electric current flow within the transmission line causes excessive sagging of the |
| 144.21 | transmission line. |
| 144.22 | (i) "Topology optimization" means a software technology that uses mathematical models |
| 144.23 | to identify reconfigurations in the transmission grid in order to reroute electricity from |
| 144.24 | overloaded transmission lines to underutilized transmission lines. |
| 144.25 | (j) "Transmission line" has the meaning given to "high-voltage transmission line" in |
| 144.26 | section 216E.01. subdivision 4. |
| 144.27 | (k) "Transmission system" means a network of high-voltage transmission lines owned |
| 144.28 | or operated by an entity subject to this section that transports electricity to Minnesota |
| 144.29 | customers. |
| 144.30 | Subd. 2. Report; content. An entity that owns more than 750 miles of transmission |
| 144.31 | lines in Minnesota, as reported in the state transmission report submitted to the Public |
| 144.32 | Utilities Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2425, by November 1, 2025, |
| 144.33 | must include in that report information that: |

| 145.1 | (1) identifies, during each of the last three years, locations that experienced 168 hours |
|--------|---|
| 145.2 | or more of congestion, or the ten locations at which the most costly congestion occurred, |
| 145.3 | whichever measure produces the greater number of locations; |
| 145.4 | (2) estimates the frequency of congestion at each location and the increased cost to |
| 145.5 | ratepayers resulting from the substitution of higher-priced electricity; |
| 145.6 | (3) identifies locations on each transmission system that are likely to experience high |
| 145.7 | levels of congestion during the next five years; |
| 145.8 | (4) evaluates the technical feasibility and estimates the cost of installing one or more |
| 145.9 | grid enhancing technologies to address each instance of grid congestion identified in clause |
| 145.10 | (1), and projects the grid enhancing technology's efficacy in reducing congestion; |
| 145.11 | (5) analyzes the cost-effectiveness of installing grid enhancing technologies to address |
| 145.12 | each instance of congestion identified in clause (1) by using the information developed in |
| 145.13 | clause (2) to calculate the payback period of each installation, using a methodology developed |
| 145.14 | by the commission; |
| 145.15 | (6) proposes an implementation plan, including a schedule and cost estimate, to install |
| 145.16 | grid enhancing technologies at each congestion point identified in clause (1) at which the |
| 145.17 | payback period is less than or equal to a value determined by the commission, in order to |
| 145.18 | maximize transmission system capacity; and |
| 145.19 | (7) explains the transmission owner's current line rating methodology. |
| 145.20 | Subd. 3. Commission review; order. (a) The commission shall review the |
| 145.21 | implementation plans proposed by each reporting entity as required in subdivision 2, clause |
| 145.22 | (6), and must: |
| 145.23 | (1) review, and may approve, reject, or modify, the plan; and |
| 145.24 | (2) issue an order requiring implementation of an approved plan. |
| 145.25 | (b) Within 90 days of the commission's issuance of an order under this subdivision each |
| 145.26 | public utility shall file with the commission a plan containing a workplan, cost estimate, |
| 145.27 | and schedule for implementing the elements of the plan approved by the commission that |
| 145.28 | are located within the public utility's electric service area. For each entity required to report |
| 145.29 | under this section that is not a public utility, the commission's order is advisory. |
| 145.30 | Subd. 4. Cost recovery. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the |
| 145.31 | commission may approve cost recovery under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.16, including |
| 145.32 | an appropriate rate of return, of any prudent and reasonable investments made or expenses |
| | |

- incurred by a public utility to administer and implement a grid enhancing technologies plan
 approved by the commission under this section.
- 146.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

146.4 Sec. 20. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

146.5 The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in column

A with the number listed in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference
changes consistent with the renumbering.

| 146.8 | Column A | Column B |
|--------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 146.9 | 216F.01, subdivision 2 | 216E.01, subdivision 6a |
| 146.10 | 216F.01, subdivision 3 | 216E.01, subdivision 9b |
| 146.11 | 216F.01, subdivision 4 | 216E.01, subdivision 11 |
| 146.12 | <u>216F.011</u> | <u>216E.022</u> |
| 146.13 | <u>216F.02</u> | <u>216E.023</u> |
| 146.14 | <u>216F.06</u> | <u>216E.055</u> |
| 146.15 | <u>216F.07</u> | 216E.10, subdivision 1a |
| 146.16 | <u>216F.08</u> | 216E.05, subdivision 4 |
| 146.17 | <u>216F.081</u> | 216E.05, subdivision 5 |
| 146.18 | <u>216F.084</u> | <u>216E.125</u> |

- 146.19 Sec. 21. **REPEALER.**
- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 216E.08, subdivisions 1 and 4; 216F.01, subdivision
 146.21 1; 216F.012; 216F.015; and 216F.03, are repealed.
- 146.22 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216F.04, is repealed.
- 146.23 (c) Minnesota Rules, parts 7850.2400; and 7850.3600, are repealed.

146.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2024, and applies to site

- 146.25 and route applications filed with the commission on or after that date.
- 146.26

146.27

ARTICLE 13 SOLAR ENERGY

146.28 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.16, subdivision 7b, is amended to read:

146.29 Subd. 7b. **Transmission cost adjustment.** (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of 146.30 this chapter, the commission may approve a tariff mechanism for the automatic annual

146.31 adjustment of charges for the Minnesota jurisdictional costs net of associated revenues of:

(1) new transmission facilities that have been separately filed and reviewed and approved
by the commission under section 216B.243 or new transmission or distribution facilities
that are certified as a priority project or deemed to be a priority transmission project under
section 216B.2425;

(2) new transmission facilities approved by the regulatory commission of the state in
which the new transmission facilities are to be constructed, to the extent approval is required
by the laws of that state, and determined by the Midcontinent Independent System Operator
to benefit the utility or integrated transmission system; and

(3) charges incurred by a utility under a federally approved tariff that accrue from other
transmission owners' regionally planned transmission projects that have been determined
by the Midcontinent Independent System Operator to benefit the utility or integrated
transmission system.

(b) Upon filing by a public utility or utilities providing transmission service, thecommission may approve, reject, or modify, after notice and comment, a tariff that:

(1) allows the utility to recover on a timely basis the costs net of revenues of facilities
approved under section 216B.243 or certified or deemed to be certified under section
216B.2425 or exempt from the requirements of section 216B.243;

(2) allows the utility to recover charges incurred under a federally approved tariff that
accrue from other transmission owners' regionally planned transmission projects that have
been determined by the Midcontinent Independent System Operator to benefit the utility or
integrated transmission system. These charges must be reduced or offset by revenues received
by the utility and by amounts the utility charges to other regional transmission owners, to
the extent those revenues and charges have not been otherwise offset;

(3) allows the utility to recover on a timely basis the costs net of revenues of facilities
approved by the regulatory commission of the state in which the new transmission facilities
are to be constructed and determined by the Midcontinent Independent System Operator to
benefit the utility or integrated transmission system;

(4) allows the utility to recover costs associated with distribution planning required under
section 216B.2425;

(5) allows the utility to recover costs associated with investments in distribution facilities
to modernize the utility's grid that have been certified by the commission under section
216B.2425;

148.1 (6) allows the utility to recover on a timely basis the costs of upgrades to distribution

148.2 facilities that are not allocated to participating owners of distributed generation facilities

148.3 under the cost-sharing interconnection process established by the commission order required

148.4 <u>under section 3 of this article;</u>

(7) allows a return on investment at the level approved in the utility's last general rate
 case, unless a different return is found to be consistent with the public interest;

 $\frac{(7)(8)}{(8)}$ provides a current return on construction work in progress, provided that recovery from Minnesota retail customers for the allowance for funds used during construction is not sought through any other mechanism;

 $\frac{(8)(9)}{(9)}$ allows for recovery of other expenses if shown to promote a least-cost project option or is otherwise in the public interest;

148.12 (9) (10) allocates project costs appropriately between wholesale and retail customers;

 $\frac{(10)(11)}{(11)}$ provides a mechanism for recovery above cost, if necessary to improve the overall economics of the project or projects or is otherwise in the public interest; and

148.15 (11)(12) terminates recovery once costs have been fully recovered or have otherwise 148.16 been reflected in the utility's general rates.

(c) A public utility may file annual rate adjustments to be applied to customer bills paid
under the tariff approved in paragraph (b). In its filing, the public utility shall provide:

148.19 (1) a description of and context for the facilities included for recovery;

148.20 (2) a schedule for implementation of applicable projects;

148.21 (3) the utility's costs for these projects;

(4) a description of the utility's efforts to ensure the lowest costs to ratepayers for theproject; and

(5) calculations to establish that the rate adjustment is consistent with the terms of thetariff established in paragraph (b).

(d) Upon receiving a filing for a rate adjustment pursuant to the tariff established in
paragraph (b), the commission shall approve the annual rate adjustments provided that, after
notice and comment, the costs included for recovery through the tariff were or are expected
to be prudently incurred and achieve transmission system improvements at the lowest
feasible and prudent cost to ratepayers.

Sec. 2. [216C.48] STANDARDIZED SOLAR PLAN REVIEW SOFTWARE; 149.1 149.2 **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; FINANCIAL INCENTIVE.** 149.3 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. 149.4 149.5 (b) "Energy storage system" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1. 149.6 149.7 (c) "Permitting authority" means a unit of local government in Minnesota that has authority to review and issue permits to install residential solar projects and solar plus energy 149.8 storage system projects within the unit of local government's jurisdiction. 149.9 (d) "Photovoltaic device" has the meaning given in section 216C.06, subdivision 16. 149.10 (e) "Residential solar project" means the installation of a photovoltaic device at a 149.11 residence located in Minnesota. 149.12 (f) "SolarAPP+" means the most recent version of the Solar Automated Permit Processing 149.13 Plus software, developed by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory and available free 149.14 to permitting authorities from the United States Department of Energy, that uses a web-based 149.15 portal to automate the solar project plan review and permit issuance processes for residential 149.16 solar projects that are compliant with applicable building and electrical codes. 149.17 (g) "Solar plus energy storage system project" means a residential solar project installed 149.18 in conjunction with an energy storage system at the same residence. 149.19 Subd. 2. **Program establishment.** A program is established in the department to provide 149.20 technical assistance and financial incentives to local units of government that issue permits 149.21 for residential solar projects and solar plus energy storage system projects in order to 149.22 incentivize a permitting authority to adopt the SolarAPP+ software to standardize, automate, 149.23 and streamline the review and permitting process. 149.24 Subd. 3. Eligibility. An incentive may be awarded under this section to a permitting 149.25 authority that has deployed SolarAPP+ and made SolarAPP+ available on the permitting 149.26 authority's website. 149.27 Subd. 4. Application. (a) A permitting authority must submit an application for a financial 149.28 incentive under this section to the commissioner on a form developed by the commissioner. 149.29 (b) An application may be submitted for a financial incentive under this section after 149.30 SolarAPP+ has become operational in the permitting authority's jurisdiction. 149.31

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- Subd. 5. Review and grant award process. The commissioner must develop 150.1 administrative procedures to govern the application review and incentive award process 150.2 150.3 under this section. Subd. 6. Incentive awards. Beginning no later than March 1, 2025, the commissioner 150.4 150.5 may award a financial incentive to a permitting authority under this section only if the commissioner has determined that the permitting authority meets verification requirements 150.6 150.7 established by the commissioner that ensure a permitting authority has made SolarAPP+ 150.8 operational within the permitting authority's jurisdiction and that SolarAPP+ is available on the permitting authority's website. 150.9 150.10 Subd. 7. Incentive amount. (a) An incentive awarded under this section must be no less than \$5,000 and no greater than \$20,000. 150.11 150.12 (b) The commissioner may vary the amount of an incentive awarded under this section by considering the following factors: 150.13 150.14 (1) the population of the permitting authority; (2) the number of permits for solar projects issued by the permitting authority using 150.15 conventional review processes; 150.16 (3) whether the SolarAPP+ software has been adopted on a stand-alone basis or has been 150.17 integrated with other permit management software utilized by the permitting authority; and 150.18 150.19 (4) whether the permitting jurisdiction has participated in other sustainability programs, including but not limited to GreenStep Cities and the United States Department of Energy's 150.20 SolSmart and Charging Smart programs. 150.21 150.22 Subd. 8. Technical assistance. The department must provide technical assistance to eligible permitting authorities seeking to apply for an incentive under this section. 150.23 Subd. 9. Program promotion. The department must develop an education and outreach 150.24 program to make permitting authorities aware of the incentive offered under this section, 150.25 including by convening workshops, producing educational materials, and using other 150.26 mechanisms to promote the program, including but not limited to utilizing the efforts of the 150.27 League of Minnesota Cities, the Association of Minnesota Counties, the Community Energy 150.28 150.29 Resource Teams established under section 216C.385, and similar organizations to reach 150.30 permitting authorities. Subd. 10. Account established. (a) The SolarAPP+ program account is established in 150.31 the special revenue account in the state treasury. The commissioner must credit to the account 150.32
- appropriations and transfers to the account. Earnings, including interest, dividends, and any

other earnings arising from assets of the account, must be credited to the account. Money 151.1

151.2 remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year does not cancel to the general fund but

151.3 remains in the account until June 30, 2028. The commissioner must manage the account.

(b) Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of this 151.4 151.5 section and to reimburse the reasonable costs incurred by the department to administer this 151.6 section.

151.7 Sec. 3. INTERCONNECTION DOCKET; PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION.

(a) No later than September 1, 2024, the commission must initiate a proceeding to 151.8

establish by order generic standards for the sharing of utility costs necessary to upgrade a 151.9

utility's distribution system by increasing hosting capacity or applying other necessary 151.10

151.11 distribution system upgrades at a congested or constrained location in order to allow for the

interconnection of distributed generation facilities at the congested or constrained location 151.12

and to advance the achievement of the state's renewable and carbon-free energy goals in 151.13

Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1691 and greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals in 151.14

Minnesota Statutes, section 216H.02. The tariff standards must reflect an interconnection 151.15

- process designed to, at a minimum: 151.16
- (1) accelerate the expansion of hosting capacity at multiple points on a utility's distribution 151.17
- system by ensuring that the cost of upgrades is shared fairly among owners of distributed 151.18

generation projects seeking interconnection on a pro rata basis according to the amount of 151.19

151.20 the expanded capacity utilized by each interconnected distributed generation facility;

(2) reduce the capital burden on owners of trigger projects seeking interconnection; 151.21

151.22 (3) establish a minimum level of upgrade costs an expansion of hosting capacity must

reach in order to be eligible to participate in the cost-share process and below which a trigger 151.23

project must bear the full cost of the upgrade; 151.24

(4) establish a distributed generation facility's pro rata cost-share amount as the utility's 151.25

total cost of the upgrade divided by the incremental capacity resulting from the upgrade, 151.26

151.27 and multiplying the result by the nameplate capacity of the distributed generation facility

- seeking interconnection; 151.28
- 151.29 (5) establish a minimum proportion of the total upgrade cost that a utility must receive
- 151.30 from one or more distributed generation facilities before initiating constructing an upgrade;
- 151.31 (6) allow trigger projects and any other distributed generation facilities to pay a utility
- more than the trigger project's or distributed generation facility's pro rata cost-share amount 151.32
- only if needed to meet the minimum threshold established in clause (6) and to receive refunds 151.33

| 152.1 | for amounts paid beyond the trigger project's or distributed generation facility's pro rata |
|--------|---|
| 152.2 | share of expansion costs from distributed generation projects that subsequently interconnect |
| 152.3 | at the applicable location; |
| 152.4 | (7) prohibit owners of distributed generation facilities from using any unsubscribed |
| 152.5 | capacity at an interconnection that has undergone an upgrade without the distributed |
| 152.6 | generation owners paying the distributed generation owner's pro rata cost of the upgrade; |
| 152.7 | and |
| 152.8 | (8) establish an annual limit or a formula for determining an annual limit for the total |
| 152.9 | cost of upgrades that are not allocated to owners of participating generation facilities and |
| 152.10 | may be recovered from ratepayers under section 216B.16, subdivision 7b, clause (6). |
| 152.11 | (b) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given: |
| 152.12 | (1) "distributed generation project" means an energy generating system with a capacity |
| 152.13 | no greater than ten megawatts; |
| 152.14 | (2) "hosting capacity" means the maximum capacity of a utility distribution system to |
| 152.15 | transport electricity at a specific location without compromising the safety or reliability of |
| 152.16 | the distribution system; |
| 152.17 | (3) "trigger project" means the initial distributed generation project whose application |
| 152.18 | for interconnection of a distributed generation project alerts a utility that an upgrade is |
| 152.19 | needed in order to accommodate the trigger project and any future interconnections at the |
| 152.20 | applicable location; |
| 152.21 | (4) "upgrade" means a modification of a utility's distribution system at a specific location |
| 152.22 | that is necessary to allow the interconnection of distributed generation projects by increasing |
| 152.23 | hosting capacity at the applicable location, including but not limited to installing or modifying |
| 152.24 | equipment at a substation or along a distribution line. Upgrade does not mean an expansion |
| 152.25 | of hosting capacity dedicated solely to the interconnection of a single distributed generation |
| 152.26 | project; and |
| 152.27 | (5) "utility" means a public utility, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.02, |
| 152.28 | subdivision 4, that provides electric service. |
| 152.29 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 152.30 | Sec. 4. POSITION ESTABLISHED; PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION. |

- 152.31 Subdivision 1. Position; duties. (a) The Public Utilities Commission's Consumer Affairs
- 152.32 Office must establish a new full-time equivalent interconnection ombudsperson position to

| 153.1 | assist applicants seeking to interconnect distributed generation projects to utility distribution |
|--------|---|
| 153.2 | systems under the generic statewide standards developed by the commission under section |
| 153.3 | 2. The Public Utilities Commission must (1) appoint a person to the position who possesses |
| 153.4 | mediation skills and technical expertise related to interconnection and interconnection |
| 153.5 | procedures, and (2) authorize the person to request and review all interconnection data from |
| 153.6 | utilities and applicants that are necessary to fulfill the duties of the position described in |
| 153.7 | this subdivision. |
| 153.8 | (b) The duties of the interconnection ombudsperson include but are not limited to: |
| 153.9 | (1) tracking interconnection disputes between applicants and utilities; |
| 153.10 | (2) facilitating the efficient and fair resolution of disputes between customers seeking |
| 153.11 | to interconnect and utilities; |
| 153.12 | (3) reviewing utility interconnection policies to assess opportunities to reduce |
| 153.13 | interconnection disputes, while considering the equitable distribution of distributed generation |
| 153.14 | facilities; |
| 153.15 | (4) convening stakeholder groups as necessary to facilitate effective communication |
| 153.16 | among interconnection stakeholders; and |
| 152.17 | (5) menoming non-orte that datail the mumber true merchation timelines and outcome of |
| 153.17 | (5) preparing reports that detail the number, type, resolution timelines, and outcome of |
| 153.18 | interconnection disputes. |
| 153.19 | (c) A utility must provide information requested under this section that the interconnection |
| 153.20 | ombudsperson determines is necessary to effectively carry out the duties of the position. |
| 153.21 | Subd. 2. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "utility" means a public utility, as |
| 153.22 | defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.02, subdivision 4, that provides electric service. |
| 153.23 | Subd. 3. Position; funding. (a) A utility must assess and collect a surcharge of \$50 on |
| 153.24 | each application interconnection filed by an owner of a distributed generation facility located |
| 153.25 | in Minnesota. A utility must remit the full surcharge to the Public Utilities Commission |
| 153.26 | monthly, in a manner determined by the Public Utilities Commission, for each interconnection |
| 153.27 | application filed with the utility during the previous month. |
| 153.28 | (b) The interconnection ombudsperson account is established in the special revenue |
| 153.29 | account in the state treasury. The Public Utilities Commission must manage the account. |
| 153.30 | The Public Utilities Commission must deposit in the account all revenues received from |
| 153.31 | utilities from the surcharge on interconnection applications established under this section. |
| 153.32 | Money is appropriated from the account to the Public Utilities Commission for the sole |
| 153.33 | purpose of funding the ombudsperson position established in subdivision 1. |
| | |

(c) The Public Utilities Commission must review the amount of revenues collected from the surcharge each year and may adjust the level of the surcharge as necessary to ensure (1) sufficient money is available to support the position, and (2) the reserve in the account does not reach more than ten percent of the amount necessary to fully fund the position. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to applications for interconnections filed with a utility on or after that date.

ARTICLE 14

154.8

154.7

MISCELLANEOUS ENERGY POLICY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, isamended to read:

Subdivision 1. Renewable development account. (a) The renewable development 154.11 account is established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. 154.12 Appropriations and transfers to the account shall be credited to the account. Earnings, such 154.13 as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, shall be 154.14 credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year are not 154.15 canceled to the general fund but remain in the account until expended. The account shall 154.16 154.17 be administered by the commissioner of management and budget as provided under this section. 154.18

(b) On July 1, 2017, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating plant must transfer all funds in the renewable development account previously established under this subdivision and managed by the public utility to the renewable development account established in paragraph (a). Funds awarded to grantees in previous grant cycles that have not yet been expended and unencumbered funds required to be paid in calendar year 2017 under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, are not subject to transfer under this paragraph.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$500,000 each year for each dry cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Prairie Island power plant for each year the plant is in operation, and \$7,500,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Prairie Island for any

part of a year. The total amount transferred annually under this paragraph must be reducedby \$3,750,000.

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing 155.3 each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Monticello nuclear generating 155.4 plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$350,000 each year for each dry 155.5 cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Monticello nuclear power plant for each 155.6 year the plant is in operation, and \$5,250,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered 155.7 155.8 by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Monticello for 155.9 any part of a year. 155.10

(e) Each year, the public utility shall withhold from the funds transferred to the renewable development account under paragraphs (c) and (d) the amount necessary to pay its obligations under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, for that calendar year.

(f) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, the 155.14 termination of a power purchase agreement, or the purchase and closure of a facility under 155.15 section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity that uses poultry litter to generate electricity, 155.16 the public utility subject to this section shall enter into a contract with the city in which the 155.17 poultry litter plant is located to provide grants to the city for the purposes of economic 155.18 development on the following schedule: \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2018; \$6,500,000 each 155.19 fiscal year in 2019 and 2020; and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2021. The grants shall be paid 155.20 by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development 155.21 account, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e). 155.22

(g) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, or the 155.23 termination of a power purchase agreement under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with 155.24 an entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities located north 155.25 155.26 of Constitutional Route No. 8, that was previously used to meet the biomass mandate in section 216B.2424, the public utility that owns a nuclear generating plant shall enter into a 155.27 grant contract with such entity to provide \$6,800,000 per year for five years, commencing 155.28 30 days after the commission approves the new or amended power purchase agreement, or 155.29 the termination of the power purchase agreement, and on each June 1 thereafter through 155.30 2021, to assist the transition required by the new, amended, or terminated power purchase 155.31 agreement. The grant shall be paid by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer 155.32 to the renewable development account as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e). 155.33

(h) The collective amount paid under the grant contracts awarded under paragraphs (f) and (g) is limited to the amount deposited into the renewable development account, and its predecessor, the renewable development account, established under this section, that was not required to be deposited into the account under Laws 1994, chapter 641, article 1, section 156.5 10.

(i) After discontinuation of operation of the Prairie Island nuclear plant or the Monticello 156.6 nuclear plant and each year spent nuclear fuel is stored in dry cask at the discontinued 156.7 156.8 facility, the commission shall require the public utility to pay \$7,500,000 for the discontinued Prairie Island facility and \$5,250,000 for the discontinued Monticello facility for any year 156.9 in which the commission finds, by the preponderance of the evidence, that the public utility 156.10 did not make a good faith effort to remove the spent nuclear fuel stored at the facility to a 156.11 permanent or interim storage site out of the state. This determination shall be made at least 156.12 every two years. 156.13

(j) Funds in the account may be expended only for any of the following purposes:

156.15 (1) to stimulate research and development of renewable electric energy technologies;

(2) to encourage grid modernization, including, but not limited to, projects that implementelectricity storage, load control, and smart meter technology; and

(3) to stimulate other innovative energy projects that reduce demand and increase systemefficiency and flexibility.

Expenditures from the fund must benefit Minnesota ratepayers receiving electric service from the utility that owns a nuclear-powered electric generating plant in this state or the Prairie Island Indian community or its members.

The utility that owns a nuclear generating plant is eligible to apply for grants under thissubdivision.

156.25 (k) For the purposes of paragraph (j), the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "renewable" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph
(c), clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5); and

156.28 (2) "grid modernization" means:

(i) enhancing the reliability of the electrical grid;

(ii) improving the security of the electrical grid against cyberthreats and physical threats;and

157.1

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(iii) increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating communication between

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the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, control technologies, energy
storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, and other innovative
technologies.

(1) A renewable development account advisory group that includes, among others, 157.5 representatives of the public utility and its ratepayers, and includes at least one representative 157.6 of the Prairie Island Indian community appointed by that community's tribal council, shall 157.7 157.8 develop recommendations on account expenditures. The advisory group must design a request for proposal and evaluate projects submitted in response to a request for proposals. 157.9 The advisory group must utilize an independent third-party expert to evaluate proposals 157.10 submitted in response to a request for proposal, including all proposals made by the public 157.11 utility. A request for proposal for research and development under paragraph (j), clause (1), 157.12 may be limited to or include a request to higher education institutions located in Minnesota 157.13 for multiple projects authorized under paragraph (j), clause (1). The request for multiple 157.14 projects may include a provision that exempts the projects from the third-party expert review 157.15 and instead provides for project evaluation and selection by a merit peer review grant system. 157.16 In the process of determining request for proposal scope and subject and in evaluating 157.17 responses to request for proposals, the advisory group must strongly consider, where 157.18 reasonable: 157.19

(1) potential benefit to Minnesota citizens and businesses and the utility's ratepayers;and

(2) the proposer's commitment to increasing the diversity of the proposer's workforceand vendors.

(m) The advisory group shall submit funding recommendations to the public utility,
which has full and sole authority to determine which expenditures shall be submitted by
the advisory group to the legislature. The commission may approve proposed expenditures,
may disapprove proposed expenditures that it finds not to be in compliance with this
subdivision or otherwise not in the public interest, and may, if agreed to by the public utility,
modify proposed expenditures. The commission shall, by order, submit its funding
recommendations to the legislature as provided under paragraph (n).

(n) The commission shall present its recommended appropriations from the account to
the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and
finance annually by February 15. Expenditures from the account must be appropriated by
law. In enacting appropriations from the account, the legislature:

(1) may approve or disapprove, but may not modify, the amount of an appropriation fora project recommended by the commission; and

(2) may not appropriate money for a project the commission has not recommendedfunding.

(o) A request for proposal for renewable energy generation projects must, when feasible
 and reasonable, give preference to projects that are most cost-effective for a particular energy
 source.

(p) The advisory group must annually, by February 15, report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over energy policy on projects funded by the account for the prior year and all previous years. The report must, to the extent possible and reasonable, itemize the actual and projected financial benefit to the public utility's ratepayers of each project.

(q) By February 1, 2018, and each February 1 thereafter, the commissioner of
management and budget shall submit a written report regarding the availability of funds in
and obligations of the account to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
and house committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance, the public utility,
and the advisory group.

(r) (q) A project receiving funds from the account must produce a written final report
that includes sufficient detail for technical readers and a clearly written summary for
nontechnical readers. The report must include an evaluation of the project's financial,
environmental, and other benefits to the state and the public utility's ratepayers. A project
receiving funds from the account must submit a report that meets the requirements of section
216C.51, subdivisions 3 and 4, each year the project funded by the account is in progress.

(s)(r) Final reports, any mid-project status reports, and renewable development account financial reports must be posted online on a public website designated by the commissioner of commerce.

(t) (s) All final reports must acknowledge that the project was made possible in whole
or part by the Minnesota renewable development account, noting that the account is financed
by the public utility's ratepayers.

(u) (t) Of the amount in the renewable development account, priority must be given to making the payments required under section 216C.417.

158.32 (v) (u) Construction projects receiving funds from this account are subject to the 158.33 requirement to pay the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42 and the requirements

and enforcement provisions in sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and177.45.

159.3 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.16, subdivision 6c, is amended to read:

159.4 Subd. 6c. Incentive plan for energy conservation and efficient fuel-switching

159.5 **improvement.** (a) The commission may order public utilities to develop and submit for

159.6 commission approval incentive plans that describe the method of recovery and accounting

159.7 for utility conservation and efficient fuel-switching expenditures and savings. For public

159.8 <u>utilities that provide electric service, the commission must develop and implement incentive</u>

159.9 plans designed to promote energy conservation separately from plans designed to promote

efficient fuel-switching. In developing the incentive plans the commission shall ensure the
effective involvement of interested parties.

159.12 (b) In approving incentive plans, the commission shall consider:

(1) whether the plan is likely to increase utility investment in cost-effective energyconservation or efficient fuel switching;

(2) whether the plan is compatible with the interest of utility ratepayers and otherinterested parties;

(3) whether the plan links the incentive to the utility's performance in achieving
cost-effective conservation or efficient fuel switching; and

159.19 (4) whether the plan is in conflict with other provisions of this chapter.;

159.20 (5) whether the plan conflicts with other provisions of this chapter; and

(6) the likely financial impacts of the conservation and efficient fuel-switching on theutility.

(c) The commission may set rates to encourage the vigorous and effective implementation
 of utility conservation and efficient fuel-switching programs. The commission may:

(1) increase or decrease any otherwise allowed rate of return on net investment based
upon the utility's skill, efforts, and success in <u>conserving improving the efficient use of</u>
energy through energy conservation or efficient fuel switching;

(2) share between ratepayers and utilities the net savings resulting from energy
conservation and efficient fuel-switching programs to the extent justified by the utility's
skill, efforts, and success in conserving improving the efficient use of energy; and

(3) adopt any mechanism that satisfies the criteria of this subdivision, such that
implementation of cost-effective conservation <u>or efficient fuel switching</u> is a preferred
resource choice for the public utility considering the impact of conservation <u>or efficient fuel</u>
switching on earnings of the public utility.

(d) Any incentives offered to electric utilities under this subdivision for efficient-fuel
 switching projects expire December 31, 2032.

160.7 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, is amended by adding a subdivision160.8 to read:

Subd. 3a. Data mining facility. "Data mining facility" means all buildings, structures,
 equipment, and installations at a single site where electricity is used primarily by computers
 to process transactions involving digital currency that is not issued by a central authority.

160.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Efficient fuel-switching improvement. "Efficient fuel-switching improvement"
means a project that:

(1) replaces a fuel used by a customer with electricity or natural gas delivered at retail
by a utility subject to section 216B.2403 or 216B.241;

(2) results in a net increase in the use of electricity or natural gas and a net decrease in
 source energy consumption on a fuel-neutral basis;

(3) otherwise meets the criteria established for consumer-owned utilities in section
216B.2403, subdivision 8, and for public utilities under section 216B.241, subdivisions 11
and 12; and

(4) requires the installation of equipment that utilizes electricity or natural gas, resultingin a reduction or elimination of the previous fuel used.

An efficient fuel-switching improvement is not an energy conservation improvement or energy efficiency even if the efficient fuel-switching improvement results in a net reduction in electricity or natural gas use. An efficient fuel-switching improvement does not include, and must not count toward any energy savings goal from, energy conservation improvements when fuel switching would result in an increase of greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere on an annual basis.

161.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Gross annual retail energy sales.** "Gross annual retail energy sales" means a utility's annual electric sales to all Minnesota retail customers, or natural gas throughput to all retail customers, including natural gas transportation customers, on a utility's distribution system in Minnesota. Gross annual retail energy sales does not include:

161.6 (1) gas sales to:

161.7 (i) a large energy facility;

(ii) a large customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by the
commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect to natural
gas sales made to the large customer facility; and

(iii) a commercial gas customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by
the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), with respect to
natural gas sales made to the commercial gas customer facility;

161.14 (2) electric sales to:

(i) a large customer facility whose electric utility has been exempted by the commissioner
 under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect to electric sales made
 to the large customer facility; or and

161.18 (ii) a data mining facility, if the facility:

161.19 (A) has provided a signed letter to the utility verifying the facility meets the definition
 161.20 of a data mining facility; and

(B) imposes a peak electrical demand on a consumer-owned utility's system equal to or
 greater than 40 percent of the peak electrical demand of the system, measured in the same
 manner as the utility that serves the customer facility measures electric demand for billing
 purposes; or

(3) the amount of electric sales prior to December 31, 2032, that are associated with a
utility's program, rate, or tariff for electric vehicle charging based on a methodology and
assumptions developed by the department in consultation with interested stakeholders no
later than December 31, 2021. After December 31, 2032, incremental sales to electric
vehicles must be included in calculating a public utility's gross annual retail sales.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2. Consumer-owned utility; energy-savings goal. (a) Each individual

162.3 consumer-owned <u>electric</u> utility subject to this section has an annual energy-savings goal

162.4 equivalent to 1.5 percent of gross annual retail energy sales and each individual

162.5 consumer-owned natural gas utility subject to this section has an annual energy-savings

goal equivalent to one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, to be met with a minimum
of energy savings from energy conservation improvements equivalent to at least 0.95 0.90
percent of the consumer-owned utility's gross annual retail energy sales. The balance of
energy savings toward the annual energy-savings goal may be achieved only by the following
consumer-owned utility activities:

162.11 (1) energy savings from additional energy conservation improvements;

(2) electric utility infrastructure projects, as defined in section 216B.1636, subdivision
1, that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through normal
maintenance activity;

162.15 (3) net energy savings from efficient fuel-switching improvements that meet the criteria 162.16 under subdivision 8, which may contribute up to $0.55 \ 0.60$ percent of the goal; or

(4) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced
by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal
energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility.

(b) The energy-savings goals specified in this section must be calculated based on weather-normalized sales averaged over the most recent three years. A consumer-owned utility may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of 1.5 percent for a year to the next three years, except that energy savings from electric utility infrastructure projects may be carried forward for five years. A particular energy savings can only be used to meet one year's goal.

(c) A consumer-owned utility subject to this section is not required to make energy conservation improvements that are not cost-effective, even if the improvement is necessary to attain the energy-savings goal. A consumer-owned utility subject to this section must make reasonable efforts to implement energy conservation improvements that exceed the minimum level established under this subdivision if cost-effective opportunities and funding are available, considering other potential investments the consumer-owned utility intends to make to benefit customers during the term of the plan filed under subdivision 3.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, until July 1, 2026, spending by a
 consumer-owned utility subject to this section on efficient fuel-switching improvements
 implemented to meet the annual energy savings goal under this section must not exceed
 0.55 percent per year, averaged over a three-year period, of the consumer-owned utility's
 gross annual retail energy sales.

163.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

163.7 Subd. 3. **Consumer-owned utility; energy conservation and optimization plans.** (a) 163.8 By June 1, 2022, and at least every three years thereafter, each consumer-owned utility must 163.9 file with the commissioner an energy conservation and optimization plan that describes the 163.10 programs for energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, load management, and other 163.11 measures the consumer-owned utility intends to offer to achieve the utility's energy savings 163.12 goal.

(b) A plan's term may extend up to three years. A multiyear plan must identify the total energy savings and energy savings resulting from energy conservation improvements that are projected to be achieved in each year of the plan. A multiyear plan that does not, in each year of the plan, meet both the minimum energy savings goal from energy conservation improvements and the total energy savings goal of 1.5 percent, or lower goals adjusted by the commissioner under paragraph (k), must:

163.19 (1) state why each goal is projected to be unmet; and

(2) demonstrate how the consumer-owned utility proposes to meet both goals on anaverage basis over the duration of the plan.

163.22 (c) A plan filed under this subdivision must provide:

(1) for existing programs, an analysis of the cost-effectiveness of the consumer-owned
 utility's programs offered under the plan, using a list of baseline energy- and capacity-savings
 assumptions developed in consultation with the department; and

(2) for new programs, a preliminary analysis upon which the program will proceed, inparallel with further development of assumptions and standards.

(d) The commissioner must evaluate a plan filed under this subdivision based on the plan's likelihood to achieve the energy-savings goals established in subdivision 2. The commissioner may make recommendations to a consumer-owned utility regarding ways to increase the effectiveness of the consumer-owned utility's energy conservation activities and programs under this subdivision. The commissioner may recommend that a consumer-owned utility implement a cost-effective energy conservation or efficient

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<u>fuel-switching program, including an energy conservation program suggested by an outside</u>
 source such as a political subdivision, nonprofit corporation, or community organization.

(e) Beginning June 1, 2023, and every June 1 thereafter, each consumer-owned utility must file: (1) an annual update identifying the status of the plan filed under this subdivision, including: (i) total expenditures and investments made to date under the plan; and (ii) any intended changes to the plan; and (2) a summary of the annual energy-savings achievements under a plan. An annual filing made in the last year of a plan must contain a new plan that complies with this section.

(f) When evaluating the cost-effectiveness of a consumer-owned utility's energy
conservation programs, the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner must consider
the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society. The commissioner
must also consider the rate at which the consumer-owned utility is increasing energy savings
and expenditures on energy conservation, and lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy
savings.

(g) A consumer-owned utility may annually spend and invest up to ten percent of the
 total amount spent and invested on energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load
 <u>management</u> improvements on research and development projects that meet the <u>applicable</u>
 definition of energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvement.

(h) A generation and transmission cooperative electric association or municipal power agency that provides energy services to consumer-owned utilities may file a plan under this subdivision on behalf of the consumer-owned utilities to which the association or agency provides energy services and may make investments, offer conservation programs, and otherwise fulfill the energy-savings goals and reporting requirements of this subdivision for those consumer-owned utilities on an aggregate basis.

(i) A consumer-owned utility is prohibited from spending for or investing in energy
 conservation improvements that directly benefit a large energy facility or a large electric
 customer facility the commissioner has exempted under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a.

(j) The energy conservation and optimization plan of a consumer-owned utility may
include activities to improve energy efficiency in the public schools served by the utility.
These activities may include programs to:

164.31 (1) increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems;

164.32 (2) recommission buildings;

164.33 (3) train building operators; and

(4) provide opportunities to educate students, teachers, and staff regarding energyefficiency measures implemented at the school.

(k) A consumer-owned utility may request that the commissioner adjust the
consumer-owned utility's minimum goal for energy savings from energy conservation
improvements under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), for the duration of the plan filed under
this subdivision. The request must be made by January 1 of the year when the
consumer-owned utility must file a plan under this subdivision. The request must be based
on:

165.9 (1) historical energy conservation improvement program achievements;

165.10 (2) customer class makeup;

165.11 (3) projected load growth;

(4) an energy conservation potential study that estimates the amount of cost-effective
energy conservation potential that exists in the consumer-owned utility's service territory;

(5) the cost-effectiveness and quality of the energy conservation programs offered bythe consumer-owned utility; and

(6) other factors the commissioner and consumer-owned utility determine warrant anadjustment.

The commissioner must adjust the energy savings goal to a level the commissioner determines is supported by the record, but must not approve a minimum energy savings goal from energy conservation improvements that is less than an average of 0.95 percent per year over the consecutive years of the plan's duration, including the year the minimum energy savings goal is adjusted.

(1) A consumer-owned utility filing a conservation and optimization plan that includes
an efficient fuel-switching program to achieve the utility's energy savings goal must, as part
of the filing, demonstrate by a comparison of greenhouse gas emissions between the fuels
that the requirements of subdivision 8 are met, using a full fuel-cycle energy analysis.

165.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

165.28 Subd. 5. Energy conservation programs for low-income households. (a) A

165.29 consumer-owned utility subject to this section must provide energy conservation programs

165.30 to low-income households. The commissioner must evaluate a consumer-owned utility's

165.31 plans under this section by considering the consumer-owned utility's historic spending on

165.32 energy conservation programs directed to low-income households, the rate of customer

participation in and the energy savings resulting from those programs, and the number of 166.1 low-income persons residing in the consumer-owned utility's service territory. A municipal 166.2 utility that furnishes natural gas service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the municipal 166.3 utility's most recent three-year average gross operating revenue from residential customers 166.4 in Minnesota on energy conservation programs for low-income households. A 166.5 consumer-owned utility that furnishes electric service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the 166.6 consumer-owned utility's gross operating revenue from residential customers in Minnesota 166.7 166.8 on energy conservation programs for low-income households. The requirement under this paragraph applies to each generation and transmission cooperative association's aggregate 166.9 gross operating revenue from the sale of electricity to residential customers in Minnesota 166.10 by all of the association's member distribution cooperatives. 166.11

(b) To meet all or part of the spending requirements of paragraph (a), a consumer-owned 166.12 utility may contribute money to the energy and conservation account established in section 166.13 216B.241, subdivision 2a. An energy conservation optimization plan must state the amount 166.14 of contributions the consumer-owned utility plans to make to the energy and conservation 166.15 account. Contributions to the account must be used for energy conservation programs serving 166.16 low-income households, including renters, located in the service area of the consumer-owned 166.17 utility making the contribution. Contributions must be remitted to the commissioner by 166.18 February 1 each year. 166.19

(c) The commissioner must establish energy conservation programs for low-income 166.20 households funded through contributions to the energy and conservation account under 166.21 paragraph (b). When establishing energy conservation programs for low-income households, 166.22 the commissioner must consult political subdivisions, utilities, and nonprofit and community 166.23 organizations, including organizations providing energy and weatherization assistance to 166.24 low-income households. The commissioner must record and report expenditures and energy 166.25 savings achieved as a result of energy conservation programs for low-income households 166.26 funded through the energy and conservation account in the report required under section 166.27 216B.241, subdivision 1c, paragraph (f). The commissioner may contract with a political 166.28 subdivision, nonprofit or community organization, public utility, municipality, or 166.29 consumer-owned utility to implement low-income programs funded through the energy and 166.30 conservation account. 166.31

(d) A consumer-owned utility may petition the commissioner to modify the required
 spending under this subdivision if the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner were
 unable to expend the amount required for three consecutive years.

(e) The commissioner must develop and establish guidelines for determining the eligibility 167.1 of multifamily buildings to participate in energy conservation programs provided to 167.2 low-income households. Notwithstanding the definition of low-income household in section 167.3 216B.2402, a consumer-owned utility or association may apply the most recent guidelines 167.4 published by the department for purposes of determining the eligibility of multifamily 167.5 buildings to participate in low-income programs. The commissioner must convene a 167.6 stakeholder group to review and update these guidelines by August 1, 2021, and at least 167.7 167.8 once every five years thereafter. The stakeholder group must include but is not limited to representatives of public utilities; municipal electric or gas utilities; electric cooperative 167.9 associations; multifamily housing owners and developers; and low-income advocates. 167.10

(f) Up to 15 percent of a consumer-owned utility's spending on low-income energy
conservation programs may be spent on preweatherization measures. A consumer-owned
utility is prohibited from claiming energy savings from preweatherization measures toward
the consumer-owned utility's energy savings goal.

(g) The commissioner must, by order, establish a list of preweatherization measures
eligible for inclusion in low-income energy conservation programs no later than March 15,
2022.

(h) A Healthy AIR (Asbestos Insulation Removal) account is established as a separate 167.18 account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. A consumer-owned utility may 167.19 elect to contribute money to the Healthy AIR account to provide preweatherization measures 167.20 for households eligible for weatherization assistance from the state weatherization assistance 167.21 program in section 216C.264. Remediation activities must be executed in conjunction with 167.22 federal weatherization assistance program services. Money contributed to the account by a 167.23 consumer-owned utility counts toward: (1) the minimum low-income spending requirement 167.24 under paragraph (a); and (2) the cap on preweatherization measures under paragraph (f). 167.25 Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of commerce to pay for 167.26 Healthy AIR-related activities. 167.27

(i) This paragraph applies to a consumer-owned utility that supplies electricity to a 167.28 low-income household whose primary heating fuel is supplied by an entity other than a 167.29 public utility. Any spending on space and water heating energy conservation improvements 167.30 and efficient fuel-switching by the consumer-owned utility on behalf of the low-income 167.31 household may be applied to the consumer owned utility's spending requirement in paragraph 167.32 (a). To the maximum extent possible, a consumer-owned utility providing services under 167.33 this paragraph must offer the services in conjunction with weatherization services provided 167.34 under section 216C.264. 167.35

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Criteria for efficient fuel-switching improvements. (a) A fuel-switching
improvement is deemed efficient if, applying the technical criteria established under section
216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), the improvement, relative to the fuel being
displaced:

(1) results in a net reduction in the amount of source energy consumed for a particular
use, measured on a fuel-neutral basis, using (i) the consumer-owned utility's or the utility's
electricity supplier's annual system average efficiency, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal,
monthly, or more granular level of analysis for the electric utility system over the measure's
life;

(2) results in a net reduction of statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section 168.11 168.12 216H.01, subdivision 2, over the lifetime of the improvement. For an efficient fuel-switching improvement installed by an electric consumer-owned utility, the reduction in emissions 168.13 must be measured based on the hourly emissions profile of the consumer-owned utility or 168.14 the utility's electricity supplier, as reported in the most recent resource plan approved by 168.15 the commission under section 216B.2422. If the hourly emissions profile is not available, 168 16 the commissioner must develop a method consumer-owned utilities must use to estimate 168.17 that value using (i) the consumer-owned utility's or the utility's electricity supplier's annual 168.18 average emissions factor, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal, monthly, or more granular 168.19 level of analysis for the electric utility system over the measure's life; and 168.20

(3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the
 consumer-owned utility, participants, and society; and.

(4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the consumer-owned utility's
 system load factor.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary
 energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission,
 and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.

168.28 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

168.29 Subd. 1c. **Public utility; energy-saving goals.** (a) The commissioner shall establish 168.30 energy-saving goals for energy conservation improvements and shall evaluate an energy 168.31 conservation improvement program on how well it meets the goals set.

(b) A public utility providing electric service has an annual energy-savings goal equivalent
 to 1.75 percent of gross annual retail energy sales unless modified by the commissioner

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under paragraph (c). A public utility providing natural gas service has an annual 169.1 energy-savings goal equivalent to one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, which 169.2 cannot be lowered by the commissioner. The savings goals must be calculated based on the 169.3 most recent three-year weather-normalized average. A public utility providing electric 169.4 service may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of 1.75 percent for a year to 169.5 the succeeding three calendar years, except that savings from electric utility infrastructure 169.6 projects allowed under paragraph (d) may be carried forward for five years. A public utility 169.7 169.8 providing natural gas service may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of one percent for a year to the succeeding three calendar years. A particular energy savings can 169.9 only be used to meet one year's goal. 169.10

(c) In its energy conservation and optimization plan filing, a public utility may request
 the commissioner to adjust its annual energy-savings percentage goal based on its historical
 conservation investment experience, customer class makeup, load growth, a conservation
 potential study, or other factors the commissioner determines warrants an adjustment.

(d) The commissioner may not approve a plan of a public utility that provides for an
annual energy-savings goal of less than one percent of gross annual retail energy sales from
energy conservation improvements.

169.18 The balance of the 1.75 percent annual energy savings goal may be achieved through 169.19 energy savings from:

169.20 (1) additional energy conservation improvements;

(2) electric utility infrastructure projects approved by the commission under section
216B.1636 that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through
normal maintenance activity; or

(3) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced
by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal
energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility.

(e) A public utility is not required to make energy conservation investments to attain
the energy-savings goals of this subdivision that are not cost-effective even if the investment
is necessary to attain the energy-savings goals. For the purpose of this paragraph, in
determining cost-effectiveness, the commissioner shall consider: (1) the costs and benefits
to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society; (2) the rate at which a public utility is
increasing both its energy savings and its expenditures on energy conservation; and (3) the
public utility's lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy savings.

(f) On an annual basis, the commissioner shall produce and make publicly available a 170.1 report on the annual energy and capacity savings and estimated carbon dioxide reductions 170.2 achieved by the programs under this section and section 216B.2403 for the two most recent 170.3 years for which data is available. The report must also include information regarding any 170.4 annual energy sales or generation capacity increases resulting from efficient fuel-switching 170.5 improvements. The commissioner shall report on program performance both in the aggregate 170.6 and for each entity filing an energy conservation improvement plan for approval or review 170.7 170.8 by the commissioner, and must estimate progress made toward the statewide energy-savings 170.9 goal under section 216B.2401.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, until July 1, 2026, spending by a
 public utility subject to this section on efficient fuel-switching improvements to meet energy
 savings goals under this section must not exceed 0.35 percent per year, averaged over three
 years, of the public utility's gross annual retail energy sales.

170.14 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Public utility; energy conservation and optimization plans. (a) The
commissioner may require a public utility to make investments and expenditures in energy
conservation improvements, explicitly setting forth the interest rates, prices, and terms under
which the improvements must be offered to the customers.

(b) A public utility shall file an energy conservation and optimization plan by June 1, 170.19 on a schedule determined by order of the commissioner, but at least every three years. As 170.20 provided in subdivisions 11 to 13, plans may include programs for efficient fuel-switching 170.21 improvements and load management. An individual utility program may combine elements 170.22 of energy conservation, load management, or efficient fuel-switching. The plan must estimate 170.23 the lifetime energy savings and cumulative lifetime energy savings projected to be achieved 170.24 under the plan. A plan filed by a public utility by June 1 must be approved or approved as 170.25 modified by the commissioner by December 1 of that same year. 170.26

(c) The commissioner shall evaluate the plan on the basis of cost-effectiveness and the 170.27 reliability of technologies employed. The commissioner's order must provide to the extent 170.28 practicable for a free choice, by consumers participating in an energy conservation program, 170.29 of the device, method, material, or project constituting the energy conservation improvement 170.30 and for a free choice of the seller, installer, or contractor of the energy conservation 170.31 improvement, provided that the device, method, material, or project seller, installer, or 170.32 contractor is duly licensed, certified, approved, or qualified, including under the residential 170.33 conservation services program, where applicable. 170.34

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cost to the utility to produce or purchase an equivalent amount of new supply of energy.

(e) Each public utility subject to this subdivision may spend and invest annually up to
ten percent of the total amount spent and invested that the public utility spends and invests
on energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvements under
this section by the public utility on research and development projects that meet the applicable
definition of energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvement.

(f) The commissioner shall consider and may require a public utility to undertake an
energy conservation program or efficient fuel-switching program, subject to the requirements
of subdivisions 11 and 12, that is suggested by an outside source, including a political
subdivision, a nonprofit corporation, or community organization. In approving a proposal
under this paragraph, the commissioner must consider the qualifications and experience of
the entity proposing the program and any other criteria the commissioner deems relevant.

(g) A public utility, a political subdivision, or a nonprofit or community organization 171.16 that has suggested an energy conservation program, the attorney general acting on behalf 171.17 of consumers and small business interests, or a public utility customer that has suggested 171.18 an energy conservation program and is not represented by the attorney general under section 171.19 8.33 may petition the commission to modify or revoke a department decision under this 171.20 section, and the commission may do so if it determines that the energy conservation program 171.21 is not cost-effective, does not adequately address the residential conservation improvement 171.22 needs of low-income persons, has a long-range negative effect on one or more classes of 171.23 customers, or is otherwise not in the public interest. The commission shall reject a petition 171.24 that, on its face, fails to make a reasonable argument that an energy conservation program 171.25 is not in the public interest. 171.26

(h) The commissioner may order a public utility to include, with the filing of the public 171.27 utility's annual status report, the results of an independent audit of the public utility's 171.28 conservation improvement programs and expenditures performed by the department or an 171.29 auditor with experience in the provision of energy conservation and energy efficiency 171.30 services approved by the commissioner and chosen by the public utility. The audit must 171.31 specify the energy savings or increased efficiency in the use of energy within the service 171.32 territory of the public utility that is the result of the public utility's spending and investments. 171.33 The audit must evaluate the cost-effectiveness of the public utility's conservation programs. 171.34

(i) The energy conservation and optimization plan of each public utility subject to this section must include activities to improve energy efficiency in public schools served by the utility. As applicable to each public utility, at a minimum the activities must include programs to increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems, and to provide for building recommissioning, building operator training, and opportunities to educate students, teachers, and staff regarding energy efficiency measures implemented at the school.

(j) The commissioner may require investments or spending greater than the amounts
proposed in a plan filed under this subdivision or section 216C.17 for a public utility whose
most recent advanced forecast required under section 216B.2422 projects a peak demand
deficit of 100 megawatts or more within five years under midrange forecast assumptions.

(k) A public utility filing a conservation and optimization plan that includes an efficient
fuel-switching program to achieve the utility's energy savings goal must, as part of the filing,
demonstrate by a comparison of greenhouse gas emissions between the fuels that the
requirements of subdivisions 11 or 12 are met, as applicable, using a full fuel-cycle energy
analysis.

172.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; electric utilities. (a) 172.18 A public utility providing electric service at retail may include in the plan required under 172.19 subdivision 2 a proposed goal for efficient fuel-switching improvements that the utility 172.20 expects to achieve under the plan and the programs to implement efficient fuel-switching 172.21 improvements or combinations of energy conservation improvements, fuel-switching 172.22 improvements, and load management. For each program, the public utility must provide a 172.23 proposed budget, an analysis of the program's cost-effectiveness, and estimated net energy 172.24 and demand savings. 172.25

(b) The department may approve proposed programs for efficient fuel-switching 172.26 improvements if the department determines the improvements meet the requirements of 172.27 paragraph (d). For fuel-switching improvements that require the deployment of electric 172.28 technologies, the department must also consider whether the fuel-switching improvement 172.29 172.30 can be operated in a manner that facilitates the integration of variable renewable energy into the electric system. The net benefits from an efficient fuel-switching improvement that 172.31 is integrated with an energy efficiency program approved under this section may be counted 172.32 toward the net benefits of the energy efficiency program, if the department determines the 172.33 primary purpose and effect of the program is energy efficiency. 172.34

(c) A public utility may file a rate schedule with the commission that provides for annual 173.1 cost recovery of reasonable and prudent costs to implement and promote efficient 173.2 173.3 fuel-switching programs. The utility, department, or other entity may propose, and the commission may not approve, modify, or reject, a proposal for a financial incentive to 173.4 encourage efficient fuel-switching programs operated by a public utility providing electric 173.5 service approved under this subdivision. When making a decision on the financial incentive 173.6 proposal, the commission must apply the considerations established in section 216B.16, 173.7 173.8 subdivision 6c, paragraphs (b) and (c).

(d) A fuel-switching improvement is deemed efficient if, applying the technical criteria
established under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), the improvement meets
the following criteria, relative to the fuel that is being displaced:

(1) results in a net reduction in the amount of source energy consumed for a particular
use, measured on a fuel-neutral basis, using (i) the utility's annual system average efficiency,
or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal, monthly, or more granular level of analysis for the
electric utility system over the measure's life;

(2) results in a net reduction of statewide greenhouse gas emissions as defined in section 173.16 216H.01, subdivision 2, over the lifetime of the improvement. For an efficient fuel-switching 173.17 improvement installed by an electric utility, the reduction in emissions must be measured 173.18 based on the hourly emission profile of the electric utility, using the hourly emissions profile 173.19 in the most recent resource plan approved by the commission under section 216B.2422 173.20 using (i) the utility's annual average emissions factor, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal, 173.21 monthly or more granular level of analysis, for the electric utility system over the measure's 173.22 life; and 173.23

(3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the utility,
participants, and society; and.

173.26 (4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the utility's system load factor.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary
energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission,
and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.

173.30 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

173.31 Subd. 12. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; natural gas

173.32 utilities. (a) As part of a public utility's plan filed under subdivision 2, a public utility that

173.33 provides natural gas service to Minnesota retail customers may propose one or more programs

to install electric technologies that reduce the consumption of natural gas by the utility's

retail customers as an energy conservation improvement. The commissioner may approve
a proposed program if the commissioner, applying the technical criteria developed under

174.4 section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), determines that:

(1) the electric technology to be installed meets the criteria established under section
216B.241, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clauses (1) and (2); and

174.7 (2) the program is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the174.8 utility, participants, and society.

(b) If a program is approved by the commission under this subdivision, the public utility
may count the program's energy savings toward its energy savings goal under section
216B.241, subdivision 1c. Notwithstanding section 216B.2402, subdivision 4, efficient
fuel-switching achieved through programs approved under this subdivision is energy
conservation.

(c) A public utility may file rate schedules with the commission that provide annual
cost-recovery for programs approved by the department under this subdivision, including
reasonable and prudent costs to implement and promote the programs.

(d) The commission may approve, modify, or reject a proposal made by the department 174.17 or a utility for an incentive plan to encourage efficient fuel-switching programs approved 174 18 under this subdivision, applying the considerations established under section 216B.16, 174.19 subdivision 6c, paragraphs (b) and (c). The commission may approve a financial incentive 174.20 mechanism that is calculated based on the combined energy savings and net benefits that 174.21 the commission has determined have been achieved by a program approved under this 174.22 subdivision, provided the commission determines that the financial incentive mechanism 174.23 is in the ratepayers' interest. 174.24

(e) A public utility is not eligible for a financial incentive for an efficient fuel-switching
program under this subdivision in any year in which the utility achieves energy savings
below one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, excluding savings achieved through
fuel-switching programs.

174.29 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.08, is amended to read:

174.30 **216C.08 JURISDICTION.**

174.31 (a) The commissioner has sole authority and responsibility for the administration of

174.32 sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 to administer this chapter. Other laws

174.33 notwithstanding, the authority granted to the commissioner shall supersede under this section

supersedes the authority given any other agency whenever overlapping, duplication, or 175.1 additional administrative or legal procedures might occur in the administration of sections 175.2 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 administering this chapter. The commissioner shall 175.3 consult with other state departments or agencies in matters related to energy and shall 175.4 contract with them the other state departments or agencies to provide appropriate services 175.5 to effectuate the purposes of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter. Any 175.6 other department, agency, or official of this state or political subdivision thereof which 175.7 would in any way affect the administration or enforcement of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 175.8 and 216C.375 this chapter shall cooperate and coordinate all activities with the commissioner 175.9 to assure orderly and efficient administration and enforcement of sections 216C.05 to 175.10 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter. 175.11

175.12 (b) The commissioner shall designate a liaison officer whose duty shall be to insure the 175.13 maximum possible consistency in procedures and to eliminate duplication between the 175.14 commissioner and the other agencies that may be involved in energy.

175.15 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.09, is amended to read:

175.16 **216C.09 COMMISSIONER DUTIES.**

175.17 (a) The commissioner shall:

(1) manage the department as the central repository within the state government for thecollection of data on energy;

(2) prepare and adopt an emergency allocation plan specifying actions to be taken in the
event of an impending serious shortage of energy, or a threat to public health, safety, or
welfare;

(3) undertake a continuing assessment of trends in the consumption of all forms of energy
and analyze the social, economic, and environmental consequences of these trends;

(4) carry out energy conservation measures as specified by the legislature and recommend
to the governor and the legislature additional energy policies and conservation measures as
required to meet the objectives of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter;

(5) collect and analyze data relating to present and future demands and resources for allsources of energy;

(6) evaluate policies governing the establishment of rates and prices for energy as related
to energy conservation, and other goals and policies of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and

176.1 <u>216C.375 this chapter</u>, and make recommendations for changes in energy pricing policies
176.2 and rate schedules;

(7) study the impact and relationship of the state energy policies to international, national,
and regional energy policies;

(8) design and implement a state program for the conservation of energy; this program
shall include but not be limited to, general commercial, industrial, and residential, and
transportation areas; such program shall also provide for the evaluation of energy systems
as they relate to lighting, heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, building design and
operation, and appliance manufacturing and operation;

(9) inform and educate the public about the sources and uses of energy and the ways inwhich persons can conserve energy;

(10) dispense funds made available for the purpose of research studies and projects of
professional and civic orientation, which are related to either energy conservation, resource
recovery, or the development of alternative energy technologies which conserve
nonrenewable energy resources while creating minimum environmental impact;

(11) charge other governmental departments and agencies involved in energy-related
 activities with specific information gathering goals and require that those goals be met;

(12) design a comprehensive program for the development of indigenous energy
resources. The program shall include, but not be limited to, providing technical,
informational, educational, and financial services and materials to persons, businesses,
municipalities, and organizations involved in the development of solar, wind, hydropower,
peat, fiber fuels, biomass, and other alternative energy resources. The program shall be
evaluated by the alternative energy technical activity; and

(13) dispense loans, grants, or other financial aid from money received from litigation
or settlement of alleged violations of federal petroleum-pricing regulations made available
to the department for that purpose.

(b) Further, the commissioner may participate fully in hearings before the Public Utilities
Commission on matters pertaining to rate design, cost allocation, efficient resource utilization,
utility conservation investments, small power production, cogeneration, and other rate issues.
The commissioner shall support the policies stated in section 216C.05 and shall prepare
and defend testimony proposed to encourage energy conservation improvements as defined
in section 216B.241.

177.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.10, is amended to read:

177.2 **216C.10 COMMISSIONER POWERS.**

177.3 (a) The commissioner may:

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177.4 (1) adopt rules under chapter 14 as necessary to carry out the purposes of sections
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177.5 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter;

(2) make all contracts under sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter and do all things
necessary to cooperate with the United States government, and to qualify for, accept, and
disburse any grant intended for the administration of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 to
administer this chapter;

(3) provide on-site technical assistance to units of local government in order to enhance
local capabilities for dealing with energy problems;

(4) administer for the state, energy programs under federal law, regulations, or guidelines,
and coordinate the programs and activities with other state agencies, units of local

177.14 government, and educational institutions;

(5) develop a state energy investment plan with yearly energy conservation and alternative
energy development goals, investment targets, and marketing strategies;

(6) perform market analysis studies relating to conservation, alternative and renewableenergy resources, and energy recovery;

(7) assist with the preparation of proposals for innovative conservation, renewable,
alternative, or energy recovery projects;

(8) manage and disburse funds made available for the purpose of research studies or
demonstration projects related to energy conservation or other activities deemed appropriate
by the commissioner;

(9) intervene in certificate of need proceedings before the Public Utilities Commission;

(10) collect fees from recipients of loans, grants, or other financial aid from money
received from litigation or settlement of alleged violations of federal petroleum-pricing
regulations, which fees must be used to pay the department's costs in administering those
financial aids; and

(11) collect fees from proposers and operators of conservation and other energy-related
programs that are reviewed, evaluated, or approved by the department, other than proposers
that are political subdivisions or community or nonprofit organizations, to cover the

department's cost in making the reviewal, evaluation, or approval and in developing additional
programs for others to operate.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner is designated the state agent to
apply for, receive, and accept federal or other funds made available to the state for the
purposes of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.331, subdivision 1, is amended
to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms havethe meanings given.

(b) "Aggregated customer energy use data" means customer energy use data that is
combined into one collective data point per time interval. Aggregated customer energy use
data is data with any unique identifiers or other personal information removed that a
qualifying utility collects and aggregates in at least monthly intervals for an entire building
on a covered property.

(c) "Benchmark" means to electronically input into a benchmarking tool the total whole
 building energy use data and other descriptive information about a building that is required
 by a benchmarking tool.

(d) "Benchmarking information" means data related to a building's energy use generated
by a benchmarking tool, and other information about the building's physical and operational
characteristics. Benchmarking information includes but is not limited to the building's:

178.21 (1) address;

(2) owner and, if applicable, the building manager responsible for operating the building'sphysical systems;

178.24 (3) total floor area, expressed in square feet;

178.25 (4) energy use intensity;

178.26 (5) greenhouse gas emissions; and

(6) energy performance score comparing the building's energy use with that of similarbuildings.

(e) "Benchmarking tool" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency's
Energy Star Portfolio Manager tool or an equivalent tool determined by the commissioner.

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(f) "Covered property" means any property that is served by an investor-owned utility
in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city
outside the metropolitan area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by
the Minnesota State Demographic Center, served by a municipal energy utility or
investor-owned utility, and that has one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 gross

179.6 square feet or greater. Covered property does not include:

179.7 (1) a residential property containing fewer than five dwelling units;

(2) a property that is: (i) classified as manufacturing under the North American Industrial
Classification System; (ii) an energy-intensive trade-exposed customer, as defined in section
216B.1696; (iii) an electric power generation facility; (iv) a mining facility; or (v) an
industrial building otherwise incompatible with benchmarking in the benchmarking tool,
as determined by the commissioner;

179.13 (3) an agricultural building;

(4) a multitenant building that is served by a utility that <u>cannot supply is not supplying</u>
aggregated customer usage data <u>under subdivision 8 or is not using a customer usage data</u>
aggregation program to supply aggregated customer usage data to the benchmarking tool;
or

(5) other property types that do not meet the purposes of this section, as determined bythe commissioner.

(g) "Customer energy use data" means data collected from utility customer meters thatreflect the quantity, quality, or timing of customers' energy use.

(h) "Energy" means electricity, natural gas, steam, or another product used to: (1) provide
heating, cooling, lighting, or water heating; or (2) power other end uses in a building.

(i) "Energy performance score" means a numerical value from one to 100 that the Energy
Star Portfolio Manager tool calculates to rate a building's energy efficiency against that of
comparable buildings nationwide.

(j) "Energy Star Portfolio Manager" means an interactive resource management tool
developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency that (1) enables the
periodic entry of a building's energy use data and other descriptive information about a
building, and (2) rates a building's energy efficiency against that of comparable buildings
nationwide.

(k) "Energy use intensity" means the total annual energy consumed in a building dividedby the building's total floor area.

180.1

(1) "Financial distress" means a covered property that, at the time benchmarking is

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| 180.2 | conducted: |
|--------|---|
| 180.3 | (1) is the subject of a qualified tax lien sale or public auction due to property tax |
| 180.4 | arrearages; |
| 180.5 | (2) is controlled by a court-appointed receiver based on financial distress; |
| 180.6 | (3) is owned by a financial institution through default by the borrower; |
| 180.7 | (4) has been acquired by deed in lieu of foreclosure; or |
| 180.8 | (5) has a senior mortgage that is subject to a notice of default. |
| 180.9 | (m) "Local government" means a statutory or home rule municipality or county. |
| 180.10 | (n) "Owner" means: |
| 180.11 | (1) an individual or entity that possesses title to a covered property; or |
| 180.12 | (2) an agent authorized to act on behalf of the covered property owner. |
| 180.13 | (o) "Qualifying utility" means a utility serving the covered property, including: |
| 180.14 | (1) an electric or gas utility, including: |
| 180.15 | (i) an investor-owned electric or gas utility serving customers in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, |
| 180.16 | Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside the metropolitan |
| 180.17 | area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State |
| 180.18 | Demographic Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum |
| 180.19 | 50,000 gross square feet or greater; or |
| 180.20 | (ii) a municipally owned electric or gas utility serving customers in any city with a |
| 180.21 | population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State Demographic |
| 180.22 | Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 gross |
| 180.23 | square feet or greater; |
| 180.24 | (2) a natural gas supplier with five or more active commercial connections, accounts, |
| 180.25 | or customers in the state and serving customers in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, |
| 180.26 | Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside the metropolitan area with a |
| 180.27 | population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State Demographic |
| 180.28 | Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 gross |
| 180.29 | square feet or greater; or |
| 180.30 | (3) a district steam, hot water, or chilled water provider serving customers in Anoka, |
| 180.31 | Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside |
| | |

181.1 the metropolitan area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the

181.2 <u>Minnesota State Demographic Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings</u>

181.3 containing in sum 50,000 gross square feet or greater.

(p) "Tenant" means a person that occupies or holds possession of a building or part ofa building or premises pursuant to a lease agreement.

(q) "Total floor area" means the sum of gross square footage inside a building's envelope,
measured between the outside exterior walls of the building. Total floor area includes covered
parking structures.

(r) "Utility customer" means the building owner or tenant listed on the utility's records
as the customer liable for payment of the utility service or additional charges assessed on
the utility account.

181.12 (s) "Whole building energy use data" means all energy consumed in a building, whether

181.13 purchased from a third party or generated at the building site or from any other source.

181.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

181.15 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
181.16 Subd. 3a. Cost-effective Energy improvements. "Cost-effective Energy improvements"
181.17 means:

(1) any new construction, renovation, or retrofitting of qualifying commercial real
property to improve energy efficiency that: (i) is permanently affixed to the property; and
(ii) results in a net reduction in energy consumption without altering the principal source
of energy, and has been identified or greenhouse gas emissions, as documented in an energy
audit as repaying the purchase and installation costs in 20 years or less, based on the amount
of future energy saved and estimated future energy prices or emissions avoided;

(2) any renovation or retrofitting of qualifying residential real property that is permanently affixed to the property and is eligible to receive an incentive through a program offered by the electric or natural gas utility that provides service under section 216B.241 to the property or is otherwise determined to be <u>a cost-effective</u> an eligible energy improvement by the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (a);

(3) permanent installation of new or upgraded electrical circuits and related equipmentto enable electrical vehicle charging; or

(4) a solar voltaic or solar thermal energy system attached to, installed within, or
proximate to a building that generates electrical or thermal energy from a renewable energy

source that has been identified documented in an energy audit or renewable energy system
feasibility study as repaying their purchase and installation costs in 20 years or less, based
on the amount of future energy saved and estimated future energy prices, along with the
estimated amount of related renewable energy production.

182.5 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. Commercial PACE loan contractor. "Commercial PACE loan contractor"
means a person or entity that installs cost-effective energy eligible improvements financed
under a commercial PACE loan program.

182.9 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision182.10 to read:

182.11 Subd. 3e. Eligible improvement. "Eligible improvement" means one or more energy
 182.12 improvements, resiliency improvements, or water improvements made to qualifying real
 182.13 property.

182.14 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Energy audit. "Energy audit" means a formal evaluation of the energy
consumption of a building by a certified energy auditor, whose certification is approved by

182.17 the commissioner, for the purpose of identifying appropriate energy improvements that

182.18 could be made to the building and including an estimate of the length of time a specific

182.19 energy improvement will take to repay its purchase and installation costs, based on the

182.20 amount of energy saved and estimated future energy prices effective useful life, the reduction

182.21 of energy consumption, and the related avoided greenhouse gas emissions resulting from

182.22 the proposed eligible improvements.

182.23 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.435, subdivision 8, is amended182.24 to read:

Subd. 8. Qualifying commercial real property. "Qualifying commercial real property"
means a multifamily residential dwelling, a commercial or industrial building, or farmland,
as defined in section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, that the implementing entity has determined,
after review of an energy audit, renewable energy system feasibility study, <u>water</u>
improvement study, resiliency improvement study, or agronomic assessment, as defined in

182.30 section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, can benefit from the installation of cost-effective energy

183.1 <u>installing eligible</u> improvements or land and water improvements, as defined in section

183.2 216C.436, subdivision 1b. Qualifying commercial real property includes new construction.

183.3 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

183.4Subd. 10. Renewable energy system feasibility study. "Renewable energy system

analysis, for the purpose of determining the feasibility of installing a renewable energy

feasibility study" means a written study, conducted by a contractor trained to perform that

183.7 system in a building, including an estimate of the length of time a specific effective useful

183.8 life, the production of renewable energy, and any related avoided greenhouse gas emissions

183.9 of the proposed renewable energy system will take to repay its purchase and installation

183.10 costs, based on the amount of energy saved and estimated future energy prices. For a

183.11 geothermal energy improvement, the feasibility study must calculate net savings in terms

183.12 of nongeothermal energy and costs.

183.5

183.13 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision183.14 to read:

183.15 Subd. 11a. Resiliency improvement. "Resiliency improvement" means one or more

183.16 installations or modifications to eligible commercial real property that are designed to

183.17 improve a property's resiliency by improving the eligible real property's:

183.18 (1) structural integrity for seismic events;

183.19 (2) indoor air quality;

183.20 (3) durability to resist wind, fire, and flooding;

183.21 (4) ability to withstand an electric power outage;

183.22 (5) stormwater control measures, including structural and nonstructural measures to

183.23 mitigate stormwater runoff;

183.24 (6) ability to mitigate the impacts of extreme temperatures; or

183.25 (7) ability to mitigate greenhouse gas embodied emissions from the eligible real property.

183.26 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision183.27 to read:

183.28 Subd. 11b. Resiliency improvement feasibility study. "Resiliency improvement

183.29 feasibility study" means a written study that is conducted by a contractor trained to perform

183.30 the analysis to:

| 184.1 | (1) determine the feasibility of installing a resiliency improvement; |
|--------|---|
| 184.2 | (2) document the improved resiliency capabilities of the property; and |
| 184.3 | (3) estimate the effective useful life of the proposed resiliency improvements. |
| 184.4 | Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 184.5 | to read: |
| 184.6 | Subd. 14. Water improvement. "Water improvement" means one or more installations |
| 184.7 | or modifications to qualifying commercial real property that are designed to improve water |
| 184.8 | efficiency or water quality by: |
| 184.9 | (1) reducing water consumption; |
| 184.10 | (2) improving the quality, potability, or safety of water for the qualifying property; or |
| 184.11 | (3) conserving or remediating water, in whole or in part, on qualifying real property. |
| 184.12 | Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| | |
| 184.13 | to read: |
| 184.14 | Subd. 15. Water improvement feasibility study. "Water improvement feasibility study" |
| 184.15 | means a written study that is conducted by a contractor trained to perform the analysis to: |
| 184.16 | (1) determine the appropriate water improvements that could be made to the building; |
| 184.17 | and |
| 184.18 | (2) estimate the effective useful life, the reduction of water consumption, and any |
| 184.19 | improvement in water quality resulting from the proposed water improvements. |
| | |
| 184.20 | Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 1, is amended to read: |
| 184.21 | Subdivision 1. Program purpose and authority. An implementing entity may establish |
| 184.22 | a commercial PACE loan program to finance cost-effective energy, water, and resiliency |
| 184.23 | improvements to enable owners of qualifying commercial real property to pay for the |
| 184.24 | cost-effective energy eligible improvements to the qualifying real property with the net |
| 184.25 | proceeds and interest earnings of revenue bonds authorized in this section. An implementing |
| 184.26 | entity may limit the number of qualifying commercial real properties for which a property |
| 184.27 | owner may receive program financing. |

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185.1 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, is185.2 amended to read:

185.3 Subd. 1b. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the185.4 meanings given.

(b) "Agronomic assessment" means a study by an independent third party that assessesthe environmental impacts of proposed land and water improvements on farmland.

(c) "Farmland" means land classified as 2a, 2b, or 2c for property tax purposes under
section 273.13, subdivision 23.

185.9 (d) "Land and water improvement" means:

185.10 (1) an improvement to farmland that:

185.11 (i) is permanent;

(ii) results in improved agricultural profitability or resiliency;

185.13 (iii) reduces the environmental impact of agricultural production; and

185.14 (iv) if the improvement affects drainage, complies with the most recent versions of the

185.15 applicable following conservation practice standards issued by the United States Department

185.16 of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service: Drainage Water Management

185.17 (Code 554), Saturated Buffer (Code 604), Denitrifying Bioreactor (Code 605), and

185.18 Constructed Wetland (Code 656); or

(2) water conservation and quality measures, which include permanently affixed
equipment, appliances, or improvements that reduce a property's water consumption or that

185.21 enable water to be managed more efficiently.

185.22 (e) "Resiliency" means:

185.23 (1) the ability of farmland to maintain and enhance profitability, soil health, and water 185.24 quality: $\frac{1}{2}$

185.25 (2) the ability to mitigate greenhouse gas embodied emissions from an eligible real185.26 property; or

185.27 (3) an increase in building resilience through flood mitigation, stormwater management,
 185.28 wildfire and wind resistance, energy storage use, or microgrid use.

RSI

186.1 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.436, subdivision 2, is amended186.2 to read:

186.3 Subd. 2. **Program requirements.** A commercial PACE loan program must:

(1) impose requirements and conditions on financing arrangements to ensure timelyrepayment;

186.6 (2) require an energy audit, renewable energy system feasibility study, resiliency

186.7 improvement study, water improvement study, or agronomic or soil health assessment to

be conducted on the qualifying commercial real property and reviewed by the implementingentity prior to approval of the financing;

(3) require the inspection or verification of all installations and a performance verification
 of at least ten percent of the cost-effective energy eligible improvements or land and water
 improvements financed by the program;

(4) not prohibit the financing of all <u>cost-effective energy eligible</u> improvements or land
 and water improvements not otherwise prohibited by this section;

(5) require that all cost-effective energy eligible improvements or land and water
improvements be made to a qualifying commercial real property prior to, or in conjunction
with, an applicant's repayment of financing for cost-effective energy eligible improvements
or land and water improvements for that the qualifying commercial real property;

(6) have cost-effective energy eligible improvements or land and water improvements
financed by the program performed by a licensed contractor as required by chapter 326B
or other law or ordinance;

(7) require disclosures in the loan document to borrowers by the implementing entity of: (i) the risks involved in borrowing, including the risk of foreclosure if a tax delinquency results from a default; and (ii) all the terms and conditions of the commercial PACE loan and the installation of cost-effective energy <u>eligible</u> improvements or land and water improvements, including the interest rate being charged on the loan;

186.27 (8) provide financing only to those who demonstrate an ability to repay;

(9) not provide financing for a qualifying commercial real property in which the owneris not current on mortgage or real property tax payments;

(10) require a petition to the implementing entity by all owners of the qualifying
commercial real property requesting collections of repayments as a special assessment under
section 429.101;

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(11) provide that payments and assessments are not accelerated due to a default and that
a tax delinquency exists only for assessments not paid when due;

(12) require that liability for special assessments related to the financing runs with thequalifying commercial real property; and

(13) prior to financing any improvements to or imposing any assessment upon qualifying
commercial real property, require notice to and written consent from the mortgage lender
of any mortgage encumbering or otherwise secured by the qualifying commercial real
property.

187.9 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

187.10 Subd. 4. Financing terms. Financing provided under this section must have:

(1) a cost-weighted average maturity not exceeding the useful life of the <u>energy eligible</u>
improvements installed, as determined by the implementing entity, but in no event may a
term exceed <u>20 30</u> years;

187.14 (2) a principal amount not to exceed the lesser of:

(i) the greater of 20_{30} percent of the assessed value of the real property on which the improvements are to be installed or 20_{30} percent of the real property's appraised value, accepted or approved by the mortgage lender; or

187.18 (ii) the actual cost of installing the energy eligible improvements, including the costs of

187.19 necessary equipment, materials, and labor; the costs of each related energy audit or,

187.20 renewable energy system feasibility study, water improvement study, or resiliency

187.21 improvement study; and the cost of verification of installation; and

(3) an interest rate sufficient to pay the financing costs of the program, including theissuance of bonds and any financing delinquencies.

187.24 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

187.25 Subd. 7. Repayment. An implementing entity that finances an <u>energy eligible</u>
187.26 improvement under this section must:

187.27 (1) secure payment with a lien against the qualifying commercial real property; and

187.28 (2) collect repayments as a special assessment as provided for in section 429.101 or by 187.29 charter, provided that special assessments may be made payable in up to $20 \underline{30}$ equal annual 187.30 installments.

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188.5 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Bond issuance; repayment. (a) An implementing entity may issue revenue
bonds as provided in chapter 475 for the purposes of this section and section 216C.437,
provided the revenue bond must not be payable more than 20 30 years from the date of
issuance.

(b) The bonds must be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the revenues
from the assessments established in subdivision 7 and section 216C.437, subdivision 28.

(c) No holder of bonds issued under this subdivision may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the implementing entity that issued the bonds to pay principal or interest on the bonds, and if the implementing entity is an authority, no holder of the bonds may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the local government. Bonds issued under this subdivision are not a debt or obligation of the issuer or any local government that issued them, nor is the payment of the bonds enforceable out of any money other than the revenue pledged to the payment of the bonds.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Improvements; real property or fixture. A cost-effective energy An eligible
improvement financed under a PACE loan program, including all equipment purchased in
whole or in part with loan proceeds under a loan program, is deemed real property or a
fixture attached to the real property.

3.7371 COMPENSATION FOR CROP OR FENCE DAMAGE CAUSED BY ELK.

Subd. 7. **Rules.** The commissioner shall adopt rules and may amend rules to carry out this section. The commissioner may use the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389 to adopt and amend rules authorized in this section. The rules must include:

(1) methods of valuation of crops damaged or destroyed;

(2) criteria for determination of the cause of the crop damage or destruction;

(3) notice requirements by the owner of the damaged or destroyed crop;

(4) compensation rates for fence damage or destruction that must not exceed \$1,800 per claimant per fiscal year; and

(5) any other matters determined necessary by the commissioner to carry out this section.

34.07 BEVERAGE INSPECTION ACCOUNT; APPROPRIATION.

A beverage inspection account is created in the agricultural fund. All fees and fines collected under this chapter shall be credited to the beverage inspection account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for inspection and supervision under this chapter.

216E.08 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.

Subdivision 1. Advisory task force. The commission may appoint one or more advisory task forces to assist it in carrying out its duties. Task forces appointed to evaluate sites or routes considered for designation shall be comprised of as many persons as may be designated by the commission, but at least one representative from each of the following: Regional development commissions, counties and municipal corporations and one town board member from each county in which a site or route is proposed to be located. No officer, agent, or employee of a utility shall serve on an advisory task force. Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made pursuant to the rules governing state employees. The task forces expire as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6. At the time the task force is appointed, the commission shall specify the charge to the task force. The task force shall expire upon completion of its charge, upon designation by the commission of alternative sites or routes to be included in the environmental impact statement, or upon the specific date identified by the commission in the charge, whichever occurs first.

Subd. 4. **Scientific advisory task force.** The commission may appoint one or more advisory task forces composed of technical and scientific experts to conduct research and make recommendations concerning generic issues such as health and safety, underground routes, double circuiting and long-range route and site planning. Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made pursuant to the rules governing reimbursement of state employees. The task forces expire as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6. The time allowed for completion of a specific site or route procedure may not be extended to await the outcome of these generic investigations.

216F.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** As used in this chapter, the terms defined in section 216E.01 and this section have the meanings given them, unless otherwise provided or indicated by the context or by this section.

216F.012 SIZE ELECTION.

(a) A wind energy conversion system of less than 25 megawatts of nameplate capacity as determined under section 216F.011 is a small wind energy conversion system if, by July 1, 2009, the owner so elects in writing and submits a completed application for zoning approval and the written election to the county or counties in which the project is proposed to be located. The owner must notify the Public Utilities Commission of the election at the time the owner submits the election to the county.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a wind energy conversion system with a nameplate capacity exceeding five megawatts that is proposed to be located wholly or partially within a wind access buffer adjacent to state lands that are part of the outdoor recreation system, as enumerated in section 86A.05, is a large wind energy conversion system. The Department of Natural Resources shall negotiate in good faith with a system owner regarding siting and may support the system owner in seeking a variance from the system setback requirements if it determines that a variance is in the public interest.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H4975-2

216F.015 REQUIREMENTS CODED ELSEWHERE.

Requirements governing certain towers are established in section 360.915.

216F.03 SITING OF LWECS.

The legislature declares it to be the policy of the state to site LWECS in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation, sustainable development, and the efficient use of resources.

216F.04 SITE PERMIT.

(a) No person may construct an LWECS without a site permit issued by the Public Utilities Commission.

(b) Any person seeking to construct an LWECS shall submit an application to the commission for a site permit in accordance with this chapter and any rules adopted by the commission. The permitted site need not be contiguous land.

(c) The commission shall make a final decision on an application for a site permit for an LWECS within 180 days after acceptance of a complete application by the commission. The commission may extend this deadline for cause.

(d) The commission may place conditions in a permit and may deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit.

(e) The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including issuance of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site permit to construct an LWECS with a nameplate capacity above 25,000 kilowatts, including all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project: (1) pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42; and (2) be subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: H4975-2

1506.0010 AUTHORITY.

Parts 1506.0010 to 1506.0040 are prescribed under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.7371, by the commissioner of agriculture to implement procedures to compensate agricultural crop owners for crops that are damaged or destroyed by elk. The procedures in parts 1506.0010 to 1506.0040 are in addition to those in Minnesota Statutes, section 3.7371.

1506.0015 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. Applicability. The definitions in this part apply to parts 1506.0010 to 1506.0040.

Subp. 2. **Claim form.** "Claim form" means a form provided by the commissioner, to be completed by the crop owner and the county extension agent or federal crop adjuster, containing information upon which payment for a loss must be based.

Subp. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's authorized agent.

Subp. 4. Crop owner. "Crop owner" means an individual, firm, corporation, copartnership, or association with an interest in crops damaged or destroyed by elk.

Subp. 5. **County extension agent.** "County extension agent" means the University of Minnesota Agricultural Extension Service's county extension agent for the county in which the crop owner resides.

Subp. 6. Federal crop adjuster. "Federal crop adjuster" means a crop insurance adjuster having a contract with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

Subp. 7. **Market price.** "Market price" means the commodity price published daily by the Minneapolis Grain Exchange in the daily record of prices and receipts.

Subp. 8. **Target price.** "Target price" means the federal commodity price available from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service office.

1506.0020 REPORTING.

The crop owner shall notify either the federal crop adjuster or the county extension agent of suspected crop loss or damage within 24 hours of the discovery of a loss. The crop owner shall also complete the appropriate part of the claim form which must be available at the county extension office. The crop owner shall provide all information required to investigate the loss or damage to the federal crop adjuster or the county extension agent. A telephone call or personal contact constitutes notification.

1506.0025 INVESTIGATION AND CROP VALUATION.

Subpart 1. Whether damaged by elk. The federal crop adjuster or the county extension agent shall investigate the loss in a timely manner and shall make a finding in writing on the appropriate part of the claim form regarding whether the crop was destroyed or damaged by elk. The finding must be based on physical and circumstantial evidence including:

- A. the condition of the crop;
- B. elk tracks;
- C. the area of the state where the loss occurred;
- D. sightings of elk in the area; and

E. any other circumstances considered pertinent by the federal crop adjuster or the county extension agent.

The absence of affirmative evidence may be grounds for denial of a claim.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: H4975-2

Subp. 2. Extent of damage. The federal crop adjuster or the county extension agent shall make a written finding on the claim form of the extent of damage or the amount of crop destroyed. The crop owner may choose to have the federal crop adjuster or county extension agent use the method in item A or B to complete the claim form and determine the amount of crop loss.

A. To submit the claim form at the time the suspected elk damage is discovered, the federal crop adjuster or county extension agent must determine the potential yield, per acre, for the field and record this information on the form in the column labeled "normal yield" and the average yield, per acre, expected from the damaged acres and record this information on the form in the column labeled "average yield expected from damaged acres."

B. To submit the claim form at the time the crop is harvested:

(1) the crop owner shall report the loss to the federal crop adjuster or county extension agent within 24 hours of discovery, and the loss must be investigated by the federal crop adjuster or county extension agent in a timely manner;

(2) the crop owner and federal crop adjuster or county extension agent shall complete the claim form at the time of the investigation, entering the percent of crop loss from damage in the column labeled "normal yield" and leaving the column labeled "average yield expected from damaged acres" blank; and

(3) when the crop is harvested the federal crop adjuster or county extension agent shall enter the actual yield of the damaged field in the column labeled "average yield expected from damaged acres," enter the date in the same column, and submit the form to the commissioner.

1506.0030 COMPLETION AND SIGNING OF CLAIM FORM.

A completed claim form must be signed by the owner and county extension agent or the federal crop adjuster and submitted by the crop owner to the commissioner for review and payment. The commissioner shall return an incomplete claim form to the crop owner, indicating the information necessary for proper completion.

1506.0035 INSURANCE COVERAGE.

If insurance coverage exists on the crop, the commissioner shall withhold payment under parts 1506.0010 to 1506.0040 until the insurance claim has been paid and evidence of payment has been submitted to the commissioner, at which time that insurance payment must be deducted from the determined value. Payment must not be made for claims of less than \$100 per claim or more than \$20,000 in a calendar year.

1506.0040 PAYMENT.

After procedures in parts 1506.0020 to 1506.0035 are completed, the commissioner shall make payment to the crop owners.

7850.2400 CITIZEN ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

Subpart 1. **Authority.** The commission has the authority to appoint a citizen advisory task force. The commission shall determine whether to appoint such a task force as early in the process as possible. The commission shall establish the size of the task force and appoint its members in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.08. The commission shall advise of the appointment of the task force at the next monthly commission meeting.

Subp. 2. **Commission decision.** If the commission decides not to appoint a citizen advisory task force and a person would like such a task force appointed, the person may request that the commission create a citizen advisory task force and appoint its members. Upon receipt of such a request, the commission shall place the matter on the agenda for the next regular monthly commission meeting.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: H4975-2

Subp. 3. **Task force responsibilities.** Upon appointment of a citizen advisory task force, the commission shall specify in writing the charge to the task force. The charge shall include the identification of additional sites or routes or particular impacts to be evaluated in the environmental impact statement. The commission may establish additional charges, including a request that the task force express a preference for a specific site or route if it has one.

Subp. 4. **Termination of task force.** The task force expires upon completion of its charge, designation by the commission of alternative sites or routes to be included in the environmental impact statement, or the specific date identified by the commission in the charge, whichever occurs first.

7850.3600 CITIZEN ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

Part 7850.2400, regarding the appointment of a citizen advisory task force, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.