This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

REVISOR

State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 294

## NINETY-THIRD SESSION

01/11/2023

Authored by Elkins and Bahner The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health Finance and Policy

A bill for an act
relating to health; requiring manufacturers to report and maintain prescription drug prices; requiring the filing of health plan prescription drug formularies; health care
coverage; establishing requirements for a prescription benefit tool; requiring prescription drug benefit transparency and disclosure; amending Minnesota Statutes
2022, sections 62A.02, subdivision 1; 62J.497, subdivisions 1, 3; 62J.84,
subdivisions 2, 6, 7, 8, 9; 151.071, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law
in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62J; 62Q.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
ARTICLE 1
<b>REPORTING AND MAINTAINING PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICES</b>
Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Filing. For purposes of this section, "health plan" means a health plan
as defined in section 62A.011 or a policy of accident and sickness insurance as defined in
section 62A.01. No health plan shall be issued or delivered to any person in this state, nor
shall any application, rider, or endorsement be used in connection with the health plan, until
a copy of its form and of the classification of risks and the premium rates pertaining to the
form have been filed with the commissioner. The filing must include the health plan's
prescription drug formulary. The filing for nongroup health plan forms shall include a
statement of actuarial reasons and data to support the rate. For health benefit plans as defined
in section 62L.02, and for health plans to be issued to individuals, the health carrier shall
file with the commissioner the information required in section 62L.08, subdivision 8. For
group health plans for which approval is sought for sales only outside of the small employer
market as defined in section 62L.02, this section applies only to policies or contracts of
accident and sickness insurance. All forms intended for issuance in the individual or small

12/20/22

2.1	employer market must be accompanied by a statement as to the expected loss ratio for the
2.2	form. Premium rates and forms relating to specific insureds or proposed insureds, whether
2.3	individuals or groups, need not be filed, unless requested by the commissioner.
2.4	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.84, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
2.5	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section and section 62J.841, the terms
2.6	defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.
2.7	(b) "Biosimilar" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to a biologics
2.8	license application approved under United States Code, title 42, section 262(K)(3).
2.9	(c) "Brand name drug" means a drug that is produced or distributed pursuant to:
2.10	(1) an original, new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21, section
2.11	355(c), except for a generic drug as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,
2.12	section 447.502; or
2.13	(2) a biologics license application approved under United States Code, title 45, section
2.14	262(a)(c).
2.15	(d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.
2.16	(e) "Generic drug" means a drug that is marketed or distributed pursuant to:
2.17	(1) an abbreviated new drug application approved under United States Code, title 21,
2.18	section 355(j);
2.19	(2) an authorized generic as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section
2.20	447.502; or
2.21	(3) a drug that entered the market the year before 1962 and was not originally marketed
2.22	under a new drug application.
2.23	(f) "Manufacturer" means a drug manufacturer licensed under section 151.252, but does
2.24	not include an entity required to be licensed under that section solely because the entity
2.25	repackages or relabels drugs.
2.26	(g) "New prescription drug" or "new drug" means a prescription drug approved for
2.27	marketing by the United States Food and Drug Administration for which no previous
2.28	wholesale acquisition cost has been established for comparison.
2.29	(h) "Patient assistance program" means a program that a manufacturer offers to the public
2.30	in which a consumer may reduce the consumer's out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

	12/20/22	REVISOR	SGS/NS	23-01374
3.1	by using coupons, discount cards, pr	epaid gift cards, ma	nufacturer debit card	s, or by other
3.2	means.			
3.3	(i) "Prescription drug" or "drug" ha	as the meaning provi	ded in section 151.44	1, subdivision
3.4	8.			
3.5	(j) "Price" means the wholesale a	equisition cost as de	efined in United Stat	es Code, title
3.6	42, section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).			
3.7	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, se	ection 62J.84, subdi	vision 6, is amended	to read:
3.8	Subd. 6. Public posting of prescr	ription drug price in	nformation. (a) The o	commissioner
3.9	shall post on the department's websit	te, or may contract w	with a private entity of	or consortium
3.10	that satisfies the standards of section	62U.04, subdivisio	n 6, to meet this requ	irement, the
3.11	following information:			
3.12	(1) a list of the prescription drugs	s reported under sub	divisions 3, 4, and 5,	, and the
3.13	manufacturers of those prescription	drugs; <del>and</del>		
3.14	(2) information reported to the co	ommissioner under s	subdivisions 3, 4, and	1 5 <del>.</del> ; and
3.15	(3) information reported to the co	ommissioner under s	section 62J.841, subc	livision 2.
3.16	(b) The information must be pub	lished in an easy-to-	read format and in a	manner that
3.17	identifies the information that is disc	losed on a per-drug	basis and must not b	e aggregated
3.18	in a manner that prevents the identified	cation of the prescr	iption drug.	
3.19	(c) The commissioner shall not p	ost to the departmer	nt's website or a priva	ate entity
3.20	contracting with the commissioner s	hall not post any inf	ormation described i	n this section
3.21	if the information is not public data un	nder section 13.02, s	ubdivision 8a; or <u>sub</u>	ject to section
3.22	62J.841, subdivision 2, paragraph (e	<u>),</u> is trade secret info	ormation under section	on 13.37,
3.23	subdivision 1, paragraph (b); or subj	ect to section 62J.84	1, subdivision 2, par	agraph (e), is
3.24	trade secret information pursuant to	the Defend Trade Se	ecrets Act of 2016, U	Inited States
3.25	Code, title 18, section 1836, as amen	ded. If a manufactu	rer believes informat	ion should be
3.26	withheld from public disclosure purs	suant to this paragra	ph, the manufacturer	must clearly
3.27	and specifically identify that information	ation and describe th	ne legal basis in writi	ng when the
3.28	manufacturer submits the information	n under this section	. If the commissioner	r disagrees
3.29	with the manufacturer's request to w	ithhold information	from public disclosu	re, the
3.30	commissioner shall provide the man	ufacturer written no	tice that the informat	tion will be
3.31	publicly posted 30 days after the dat	e of the notice.		

4.1 (d) If the commissioner withholds any information from public disclosure pursuant to
4.2 this subdivision, the commissioner shall post to the department's website a report describing
4.3 the nature of the information and the commissioner's basis for withholding the information
4.4 from disclosure.

(e) To the extent the information required to be posted under this subdivision is collected
and made available to the public by another state, by the University of Minnesota, or through
an online drug pricing reference and analytical tool, the commissioner may reference the
availability of this drug price data from another source including, within existing
appropriations, creating the ability of the public to access the data from the source for
purposes of meeting the reporting requirements of this subdivision.

4.11 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.84, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Consultation. (a) The commissioner may consult with a private entity or
consortium that satisfies the standards of section 62U.04, subdivision 6, the University of
Minnesota, or the commissioner of commerce, as appropriate, in issuing the form and format
of the information reported under this section and section 62J.841; in posting information
pursuant to subdivision 6; and in taking any other action for the purpose of implementing
this section and section 62J.841.

4.18 (b) The commissioner may consult with representatives of the manufacturers to establish
4.19 a standard format for reporting information under this section <u>and section 62J.841</u> and may
4.20 use existing reporting methodologies to establish a standard format to minimize
4.21 administrative burdens to the state and manufacturers.

4.22 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.84, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

4.23 Subd. 8. Enforcement and penalties. (a) A manufacturer may be subject to a civil
4.24 penalty, as provided in paragraph (b), for:

4.25 (1) failing to submit timely reports or notices as required by this section and section
4.26 62J.841;

4.27 (2) failing to provide information required under this section and section 62J.841; or

4.28 (3) providing inaccurate or incomplete information under this section <u>and section 62J.841</u>;
4.29 or

4.30 (4) failing to comply with section 62J.481, subdivisions 2, paragraph (e), and 4.

	12/20/22	REVISOR	SGS/NS	23-01374
5.1	(b) The commissioner shall ad	dopt a schedule of civil p	penalties, not to exc	ceed \$10,000
5.2	per day of violation, based on the	e severity of each violation	on.	
5.3	(c) The commissioner shall im	pose civil penalties unde	er this section and se	ection 62J.841
5.4	as provided in section 144.99, su	bdivision 4.		
5.5	(d) The commissioner may rem	nit or mitigate civil penal	ties under this secti	on and section
5.6	62J.481 upon terms and condition	ns the commissioner con	siders proper and c	onsistent with
5.7	public health and safety.			
5.8	(e) Civil penalties collected un	nder this section and sect	tion 62J.841 shall b	be deposited in
5.9	the health care access fund.			
5.10	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 62J.84, subdiv	ision 9, is amended	l to read:
5.11	Subd. 9. Legislative report. (	(a) No later than May 15	, <del>2022</del> _2024, and b	y January 15
5.12	of each year thereafter, the comm	nissioner shall report to t	he chairs and ranki	ng minority
5.13	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce and health and			health and
5.14	human services policy and finance	e on the implementation of	of this section and se	ection 62J.841,
5.15	including but not limited to the en	ffectiveness in addressin	g the following go	als:
5.16	(1) promoting transparency in	pharmaceutical pricing	for the state, health	n carriers, and
5.17	other payers;			
5.18	(2) enhancing the understandi	ing on pharmaceutical sp	ending trends; and	
5.19	(3) assisting the state, health of	carriers, and other payers	s in the management	nt of
5.20	pharmaceutical costs and limiting	formulary changes due t	o prescription drug	cost increases
5.21	during a coverage year.			
5.22	(b) The report must include a s	summary of the informati	on submitted to the	commissioner
5.23	under subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, ar	nd section 62J.841.		
5.24	Sec. 7. [62J.841] REPORTIN	G PRESCRIPTION DI	RUG PRICES; FO	DRMULARY
5.25	DEVELOPMENT AND PRICE	E STABILITY.		
5.26	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a	) For purposes of this sec	ction, the terms in th	nis subdivision
5.27	have the meanings given them.			
5.28	(b) "Average wholesale price'	' means the customary re	eference price for s	ales by a drug
5.29	wholesaler to a retail pharmacy, a	as established and publis	hed by the manufa	cturer.
5.30	(c) "National drug code" mea	ns the numerical code m	aintained by the U	nited States

5.31 Food and Drug Administration and includes the label code, product code, and package code.

	12/20/22	REVISOR	SGS/NS	23-01374
6.1	(d) "Wholesale acquisition	n cost" has the meaning give	en in United States Co	de, title 42,
6.2	section 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).			
6.3	(e) "Unit" has the meaning	given in United States Code	, title 42, section 1395	w-3a(b)(2).
6.4	Subd. 2. Price reporting.	(a) Beginning March 31, 20	)24, and by March 31	each year
6.5	thereafter, a manufacturer mu	st report to the commission	er the information in p	aragraph
6.6	(b) for every drug with a who	lesale acquisition cost of \$1	00 or more for a 30-da	ay supply
6.7	or for a course of treatment las	sting less than 30 days, as ap	plicable to the next cal	endar year.
6.8	(b) A manufacturer shall r	eport a drug's:		
6.9	(1) national drug code, lab	beler code, and the manufact	turer name associated	with the
6.10	labeler code;			
6.11	(2) brand name, if applical	ble;		
6.12	(3) generic name, if applic	eable;		
6.13	(4) wholesale acquisition of	cost for one unit;		
6.14	(5) measure that constitute	es a wholesale acquisition co	ost unit;	
6.15	(6) average wholesale pric	e; and		
6.16	(7) status as brand name o	r generic.		
6.17	(c) The effective date of th	e information described in J	paragraph (b) must be	included in
6.18	the report to the commissione	<u>r.</u>		
6.19	(d) A manufacturer must re	eport the information descril	ped in this subdivision	in the form
6.20	and manner specified by the c	commissioner.		
6.21	(e) Information reported u	nder this subdivision is clas	sified as public data n	ot on
6.22	individuals, as defined in sect	ion 13.02, subdivision 14, a	and must not be classif	ied by the
6.23	manufacturer as trade secret inf	formation, as defined in secti	on 13.37, subdivision 1	, paragraph
6.24	<u>(b).</u>			
6.25	(f) A manufacturer's failur	e to report the information	required by this subdiv	vision is
6.26	grounds for disciplinary action	n under section 151.071, su	bdivision 2.	
6.27	Subd. 3. Public posting of	f prescription drug price i	nformation. By May	1 of each
6.28	year, beginning May 1, 2024,	the commissioner must pos	t the information repo	rted under
6.29	subdivision 2 on the departme	ent's website, as required by	section 62J.84, subdiv	vision 6.
6.30	Subd. 4. Price change. (a)	) If a drug subject to price re	eporting under subdivi	sion 2 is
6.31	included in the formulary of a	health plan submitted to ar	nd approved by the cor	nmissioner

	12/20/22	REVISOR	SGS/NS	23-01374
7.1	of commerce for the next calendar year	under section 62A.	02, subdivision 1, the	manufacturer
7.2	must not increase the wholesale acqui			
7.2	(b) A manufacturer's failure to me	ot the requirements	of paragraph (a) is	rounds for
7.3	· · ·	-		grounds for
7.4	disciplinary action under section 151.	0/1, subdivision 2.		
7.5	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, see	ction 151.071, subd	ivision 2, is amended	d to read:
7.6	Subd. 2. Grounds for disciplinar	<b>y action.</b> The follo	wing conduct is proh	nibited and is
7.7	grounds for disciplinary action:			
7.8	(1) failure to demonstrate the qual	ifications or satisfy	the requirements for	r a license or
7.9	registration contained in this chapter	or the rules of the b	oard. The burden of	proof is on
7.10	the applicant to demonstrate such qua	lifications or satisfa	action of such require	ements;
7.11	(2) obtaining a license by fraud or	by misleading the	board in any way du	ring the
7.12	application process or obtaining a lice	nse by cheating, or a	attempting to subvert	the licensing
7.13	examination process. Conduct that sub	overts or attempts to	subvert the licensing	examination
7.14	process includes, but is not limited to: (	(i) conduct that viola	ites the security of the	examination
7.15	materials, such as removing examinat	tion materials from	the examination room	m or having
7.16	unauthorized possession of any portio	on of a future, curre	nt, or previously adn	ninistered
7.17	licensing examination; (ii) conduct the	at violates the stand	ard of test administra	ation, such as
7.18	communicating with another examine	ee during administra	ation of the examinat	tion, copying
7.19	another examinee's answers, permitting	ng another examine	e to copy one's answ	ers, or
7.20	possessing unauthorized materials; or	·(iii) impersonating	; an examinee or perr	nitting an
7.21	impersonator to take the examination	on one's own behal	lf;	
7.22	(3) for a pharmacist, pharmacy tec	hnician, pharmacist	intern, applicant for	a pharmacist
7.23	or pharmacy license, or applicant for a	pharmacy technicia	n or pharmacist interr	n registration,
7.24	conviction of a felony reasonably rela	ated to the practice of	of pharmacy. Convic	tion as used
7.25	in this subdivision includes a convicti	on of an offense tha	at if committed in thi	s state would
7.26	be deemed a felony without regard to	its designation else	where, or a criminal	proceeding
7.27	where a finding or verdict of guilt is n	nade or returned bu	t the adjudication of	guilt is either
7.28	withheld or not entered thereon. The	board may delay the	e issuance of a new l	icense or

registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter has beenadjudicated;

(4) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed or registered by the board, if an owner
or applicant is convicted of a felony reasonably related to the operation of the facility. The

8.1 board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if the owner or applicant has
8.2 been charged with a felony until the matter has been adjudicated;

(5) for a controlled substance researcher, conviction of a felony reasonably related to
controlled substances or to the practice of the researcher's profession. The board may delay
the issuance of a registration if the applicant has been charged with a felony until the matter
has been adjudicated;

8.7 (6) disciplinary action taken by another state or by one of this state's health licensing8.8 agencies:

(i) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a
license or registration in another state or jurisdiction, failure to report to the board that
charges or allegations regarding the person's license or registration have been brought in
another state or jurisdiction, or having been refused a license or registration by any other
state or jurisdiction. The board may delay the issuance of a new license or registration if an
investigation or disciplinary action is pending in another state or jurisdiction until the

(ii) revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against a 8.16 license or registration issued by another of this state's health licensing agencies, failure to 8.17 report to the board that charges regarding the person's license or registration have been 8.18 brought by another of this state's health licensing agencies, or having been refused a license 8.19 or registration by another of this state's health licensing agencies. The board may delay the 8.20 issuance of a new license or registration if a disciplinary action is pending before another 8.21 of this state's health licensing agencies until the action has been dismissed or otherwise 8.22 resolved; 8.23

(7) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacy technician, or pharmacist intern, violation of
any order of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules of the board or
violation of any federal, state, or local law or rule reasonably pertaining to the practice of
pharmacy;

(8) for a facility, other than a pharmacy, licensed by the board, violations of any order
of the board, of any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the board or violation
of any federal, state, or local law relating to the operation of the facility;

8.31 (9) engaging in any unethical conduct; conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the
8.32 public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of
8.33 a patient; or pharmacy practice that is professionally incompetent, in that it may create

9.1 unnecessary danger to any patient's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of
9.2 actual injury need not be established;

9.3 (10) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person in the practice of pharmacy, except that it
9.4 is not a violation of this clause for a pharmacist to supervise a properly registered pharmacy
9.5 technician or pharmacist intern if that person is performing duties allowed by this chapter
9.6 or the rules of the board;

9.7 (11) for an individual licensed or registered by the board, adjudication as mentally ill
9.8 or developmentally disabled, or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to
9.9 the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic
9.10 personality, by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state. Such
9.11 adjudication shall automatically suspend a license for the duration thereof unless the board
9.12 orders otherwise;

9.13 (12) for a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, engaging in unprofessional conduct as specified
9.14 in the board's rules. In the case of a pharmacy technician, engaging in conduct specified in
9.15 board rules that would be unprofessional if it were engaged in by a pharmacist or pharmacist
9.16 intern or performing duties specifically reserved for pharmacists under this chapter or the
9.17 rules of the board;

9.18 (13) for a pharmacy, operation of the pharmacy without a pharmacist present and on9.19 duty except as allowed by a variance approved by the board;

(14) for a pharmacist, the inability to practice pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety 9.20 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type 9.21 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through 9.22 the aging process or loss of motor skills. In the case of registered pharmacy technicians, 9.23 pharmacist interns, or controlled substance researchers, the inability to carry out duties 9.24 allowed under this chapter or the rules of the board with reasonable skill and safety to 9.25 patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type 9.26 of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through 9.27 9.28 the aging process or loss of motor skills;

9.29 (15) for a pharmacist, pharmacy, pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, medical gas
9.30 dispenser, or controlled substance researcher, revealing a privileged communication from
9.31 or relating to a patient except when otherwise required or permitted by law;

9.32 (16) for a pharmacist or pharmacy, improper management of patient records, including
9.33 failure to maintain adequate patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant
9.34 to sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law;

REVISOR

10.1

(17) fee splitting, including without limitation:

(i) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive, a commission, rebate,
kickback, or other form of remuneration, directly or indirectly, for the referral of patients;

(ii) referring a patient to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to
144.298 in which the licensee or registrant has a financial or economic interest as defined
in section 144.6521, subdivision 3, unless the licensee or registrant has disclosed the
licensee's or registrant's financial or economic interest in accordance with section 144.6521;
and

(iii) any arrangement through which a pharmacy, in which the prescribing practitioner 10.9 does not have a significant ownership interest, fills a prescription drug order and the 10.10 prescribing practitioner is involved in any manner, directly or indirectly, in setting the price 10.11 for the filled prescription that is charged to the patient, the patient's insurer or pharmacy 10.12 benefit manager, or other person paying for the prescription or, in the case of veterinary 10.13 patients, the price for the filled prescription that is charged to the client or other person 10.14 paying for the prescription, except that a veterinarian and a pharmacy may enter into such 10.15 an arrangement provided that the client or other person paying for the prescription is notified, 10.16 in writing and with each prescription dispensed, about the arrangement, unless such 10.17 arrangement involves pharmacy services provided for livestock, poultry, and agricultural 10.18production systems, in which case client notification would not be required; 10.19

(18) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the
federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws or rules;

(19) engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be interpreted
by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning
to a patient;

(20) failure to make reports as required by section 151.072 or to cooperate with an
investigation of the board as required by section 151.074;

(21) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the
care of a patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the dispensing and
administration of a placebo;

10.30 (22) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as10.31 established by any of the following:

(i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation
of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;

11.17

(ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction
issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;

(iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215,
subdivision 5; or

(iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.
The board must investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1
or 2;

(23) for a pharmacist, practice of pharmacy under a lapsed or nonrenewed license. For
a pharmacist intern, pharmacy technician, or controlled substance researcher, performing
duties permitted to such individuals by this chapter or the rules of the board under a lapsed
or nonrenewed registration. For a facility required to be licensed under this chapter, operation
of the facility under a lapsed or nonrenewed license or registration; and

(24) for a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or pharmacy technician, termination or discharge
from the health professionals services program for reasons other than the satisfactory
completion of the program; and

11.16 (25) for a drug manufacturer, failure to comply with section 62J.841.

## 11.18 PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT TRANSPARENCY

11.19 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.497, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**ARTICLE 2** 

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms havethe meanings given.

(b) "Dispense" or "dispensing" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision

30. Dispensing does not include the direct administering of a controlled substance to apatient by a licensed health care professional.

(c) "Dispenser" means a person authorized by law to dispense a controlled substance,
pursuant to a valid prescription.

(d) "Electronic media" has the meaning given under Code of Federal Regulations, title45, part 160.103.

(e) "E-prescribing" means the transmission using electronic media of prescription or
prescription-related information between a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy benefit manager,
or group purchaser, either directly or through an intermediary, including an e-prescribing

network. E-prescribing includes, but is not limited to, two-way transmissions between the
point of care and the dispenser and two-way transmissions related to eligibility, formulary,
and medication history information.

12.4 (f) "Electronic prescription drug program" means a program that provides for12.5 e-prescribing.

12.6 (g) "Group purchaser" has the meaning given in section 62J.03, subdivision 6.

- 12.7 (h) "HL7 messages" means a standard approved by the standards development12.8 organization known as Health Level Seven.
- (i) "National Provider Identifier" or "NPI" means the identifier described under Code
  of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 162.406.

12.11 (j) "NCPDP" means the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs, Inc.

(k) "NCPDP Formulary and Benefits Standard" means the most recent version of the
National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Formulary and Benefits Standard or the
most recent standard adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for
e-prescribing under Medicare Part D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(4)(D) of the Social
Security Act and regulations adopted under it. The standards shall be implemented according
to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services schedule for compliance.

- (1) "NCPDP Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard" means the most recent National
   Council for Prescription Drug Programs Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard adopted
   by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for e-prescribing under Medicare Part
   D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(2) of the Social Security Act, and regulations adopted
- 12.22 under it.

(<u>h) (m)</u> "NCPDP SCRIPT Standard" means the most recent version of the National
Council for Prescription Drug Programs SCRIPT Standard, or the most recent standard
adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for e-prescribing under Medicare
Part D as required by section 1860D-4(e)(4)(D) of the Social Security Act, and regulations
adopted under it. The standards shall be implemented according to the Centers for Medicare
and Medicaid Services schedule for compliance.

12.29 (m) (n) "Pharmacy" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 2.

(o) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning given in section 62W.02, subdivision
12.31 <u>15.</u>

SGS/NS

(n) (p) "Prescriber" means a licensed health care practitioner, other than a veterinarian, 13.1 as defined in section 151.01, subdivision 23. 13.2  $(\mathbf{o})$  (q) "Prescription-related information" means information regarding eligibility for 13.3 drug benefits, medication history, or related health or drug information. 13.4 (p) (r) "Provider" or "health care provider" has the meaning given in section 62J.03, 13.5 subdivision 8. 13.6 13.7 (s) "Real-time prescription benefit tool" means a tool that is capable of being integrated into a prescriber's e-prescribing system and that provides a prescriber with up-to-date and 13.8 patient-specific formulary and benefit information at the time the prescriber submits a 13.9 prescription. 13.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.497, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 13.11 Subd. 3. Standards for electronic prescribing. (a) Prescribers and dispensers must use 13.12 13.13 the NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for the communication of a prescription or prescription-related information. 13.14 13.15 (b) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for communicating and transmitting medication history information. 13.16 (c) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the NCPDP 13.17 Formulary and Benefits Standard for communicating and transmitting formulary and benefit 13.18 information. 13.19 13.20 (d) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must use the national provider identifier to identify a health care provider in e-prescribing or prescription-related transactions 13.21 when a health care provider's identifier is required. 13.22 (e) Providers, group purchasers, prescribers, and dispensers must communicate eligibility 13.23 information and conduct health care eligibility benefit inquiry and response transactions 13.24 according to the requirements of section 62J.536. 13.25 13.26 (f) Group purchasers and pharmacy benefit managers must use a real-time prescription benefit tool that complies with the NCPDP Real-Time Prescription Benefit Standard and 13.27 that, at a minimum, notifies a prescriber: 13.28 (1) if a prescribed drug is covered by the patient's group purchaser or pharmacy benefit 13.29 13.30 manager; (2) if a prescribed drug is included on the formulary or preferred drug list of the patient's 13.31 group purchaser or pharmacy benefit manager; 13.32

14.1	(3) of any patient cost-sharing for the prescribed drug;
14.2	(4) if prior authorization is required for the prescribed drug; and
14.3	(5) of a list of any available alternative drugs that are in the same class as the drug
14.4	originally prescribed and for which prior authorization is not required.
14.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2024.
14.6	Sec. 3. [62Q.83] PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT TRANSPARENCY AND
14.7	MANAGEMENT.
14.8	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
14.9	the meanings given them.
14.10	(b) "Drug" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 5.
14.11	(c) "Enrollee contract term" means the 12-month term during which benefits associated
14.12	with health plan company products are in effect. For managed care plans and county-based
14.13	purchasing plans under section 256B.69 and chapter 256L, it means a single calendar year.
14.14	(d) "Formulary" means a list of prescription drugs that has been developed by clinical
14.15	and pharmacy experts and that represents the health plan company's medically appropriate
14.16	and cost-effective prescription drugs approved for use.
14.17	(e) "Health plan company" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4, and
14.18	includes an entity that performs pharmacy benefits management for the health plan company.
14.19	For purposes of this definition, "pharmacy benefits management" means the administration
14.20	or management of prescription drug benefits provided by the health plan company for the
14.21	benefit of the plan's enrollees and may include but is not limited to procurement of
14.22	prescription drugs, clinical formulary development and management services, claims
14.23	processing, and rebate contracting and administration.
14.24	(f) "Prescription" has the meaning given in section 151.01, subdivision 16a.
14.25	Subd. 2. Prescription drug benefit disclosure. (a) A health plan company that provides
14.26	prescription drug benefit coverage and uses a formulary must make the plan's formulary
14.27	and related benefit information available by electronic means and, upon request, in writing,
14.28	at least 30 days prior to annual renewal dates.
14.29	(b) Formularies must be organized and disclosed consistent with the most recent version
14.30	of the United States Pharmacopeia's (USP) Model Guidelines.

15.1	(c) For each item or category of items on the formulary, the specific enrollee benefit
15.2	terms must be identified, including enrollee cost-sharing and expected out-of-pocket costs.
15.3	Subd. 3. Formulary changes. (a) Once a formulary has been established, a health plan
15.4	company may, at any time during the enrollee's contract term:
15.5	(1) expand its formulary by adding drugs to the formulary;
15.6	(2) reduce co-payments or coinsurance; or
15.7	(3) move a drug to a benefit category that reduces an enrollee's cost.
15.8	(b) A health plan company may remove a brand name drug from the plan's formulary
15.9	or place a brand name drug in a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost only upon
15.10	the addition to the formulary of a generic or multisource brand name drug rated as
15.11	therapeutically equivalent according to the FDA Orange Book or a biologic drug rated as
15.12	interchangeable according to the FDA Purple Book at a lower cost to the enrollee, and upon
15.13	at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees.
15.14	(c) A health plan company may change utilization review requirements or move drugs
15.15	to a benefit category that increases an enrollee's cost during the enrollee's contract term
15.16	upon at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees, provided
15.17	that these changes do not apply to enrollees who are currently taking the drugs affected by
15.18	these changes for the duration of the enrollee's contract term.
15.19	(d) A health plan company may remove any drugs from the plan's formulary that have
15.20	been deemed unsafe by the Food and Drug Administration, that have been withdrawn by
15.21	either the Food and Drug Administration or the product manufacturer, or when an
15.22	independent source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has issued
15.23	drug-specific warnings or recommended changes in drug usage.
15.24	Subd. 4. Not severable. The provisions of this section shall not be severable from article
15.25	1 of this act. If any provision of article 1 of this act or its application to any individual,
15.26	entity, or circumstance is found to be void for any reason, this section shall be void also.
15.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to health
15.28	plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date.