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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

H. F. No. 1765

04/11/2013	Authored by Nelson
	The hill was read for the first time and referred to the Co

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Labor, Workplace and Regulated Industries

04/16/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass and re-referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration

04/17/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass and re-referred to the Committee on Government Operations

04/18/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection Finance and Policy

04/25/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Taxes

1.1 A bill for an act 1.2 relating to commerce; requiring labor peace agreements on certain qualifying 1.3 projects; defining terms.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. LABOR PEACE AGREEMENTS.

- (a) The state recognizes the need to protect public investments made in certain capital projects which may involve hospitality operations such as hotels. The efficient and uninterrupted operation of these hospitality services, and the associated public investment, may be threatened by labor disputes. The state finds that labor peace agreements in which labor unions voluntarily agree not to engage in picketing, boycotts, work stoppages, or any other economic interference at a hospitality business are the most effective method of ensuring continuous operation of hospitality businesses receiving state or local government investment. It is the policy of the state that labor peace agreements are required as a prerequisite for receiving state or local government participation on any qualifying project in which the state or a local government has a proprietary interest, or acts as a market participant, if the project will result in the employment of hospitality workers.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) the state or a local government has a proprietary interest in a project where
 it finances the project in whole or in part by any of the following: providing a grant,
 providing a loan, guaranteeing any payment under any loan, lease, or other obligation,
 providing tax increment financing, contributing revenue on general obligation bonds, or
 providing a tax abatement, reduction, deferral, or credit;

Section 1.

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(2) the state or a local government acts as a market participant in a project when it	is
the owner of the project, is an equity investor in the project, or donates, sells, or leases re	al
property, personal property, or infrastructure in support of the project;	
(3) "qualifying project" means a project that is located in a county that contains a	
city of the first class as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 410.01, and includes	
the construction or development of a hotel; a food and beverage operation that is integral	1
to a hotel, a major league or minor league sports facility, a convention center, or a civic	
center; or a cultural venue with catering or cafeteria facilities;	
(4) "hospitality workers" means all full-time or regular part-time employees of	
hotels and their integral food and beverage operations as well as all full-time or regular	
part-time employees providing food and beverage, concession, catering, cafeteria, or	
merchandise services at sports facilities, convention centers, civic centers, or cultural	
venues, excluding supervisors, managers, and guards;	
(5) "employer of hospitality workers" means an employer of hospitality workers	
who will be employed as a result of a qualifying project, and includes a developer of a	
state or local government-owned facility that is all or part of a qualifying project and a	
developer of a facility benefiting from state or local government financial participation in	1
a qualifying project;	
(6) "labor peace agreement" means a valid contract that sets forth agreements by	
and between an employer of hospitality workers and any labor organization seeking to	
represent hospitality workers on the process the employer and union will follow as the	
hospitality workers who will be employed as a result of the project choose whether or no	t
to organize as a unit for collective bargaining with the employer; and	
(7) "local government" includes counties, cities, towns, and any development	
authority established under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469.	
(c) Any employer of hospitality workers on a qualifying project must have	
negotiated and executed a labor peace agreement with any interested labor organization	
prior to, and as a condition precedent of, the approval of financial assistance that causes	
the state or local government to hold a proprietary interest in the project. When the state of	<u>or</u>
a local government acts as a market participant in the project, any employer of hospitalit	<u>y</u>
workers must have a signed labor peace agreement with any interested labor organization	<u>n</u>
prior to, and as a condition precedent to, its contract with the state or local government.	
(d) To fulfill the condition precedent to state or local government participation, a	
labor peace agreement must contain:	
(1) a provision prohibiting the labor organization and its members from engaging	
in any picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, or any other economic interference with the	

Section 1. 2

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employer's hospitality operations on the qualifying project for the duration of the state or	<u>r</u>
local government's ongoing financial interest in the qualifying project or for five years,	
whichever is greater;	
(2) a provision requiring that during the duration of the agreement all disputes	
relating to employment conditions or the negotiation thereof shall be submitted to final	
and binding arbitration; and	
(3) a provision requiring the employer of hospitality workers to incorporate the	
terms of the labor peace agreement in any contract, subcontract, lease, sublease, operating	g
agreement, concessionaire agreement, franchise agreement, or other agreement or	
instrument giving a right to any other employer of hospitality workers to own or operate	
the project or activities within the project.	
(e) If an employer of hospitality workers has valid collective bargaining agreement	<u>.s</u>
with recognized unions that cover, or will cover, the hospitality workers that will be	
employed as a result of the qualifying project, those agreements satisfy the requirements	
of this section.	
(f) This section shall not apply to projects that receive less than \$1,000,000 dollars	
of the total cost of the project from state and local government sources.	
(g) Nothing in this section requires an employer to recognize a particular labor	
organization. This section is not intended to enact or express any generally applicable	
policy regarding labor management relations or to regulate those relations in any way.	
This section is not intended to favor any particular outcome in the determination of	
employee preference regarding union representation.	

(h) Nothing in this section denies any financial assistance approved prior to August

Section 1. 3