1.1	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 140
1.2	A bill for an act
1.3	relating to education; restructuring Minnesota's teacher licensing system;
1.4	establishing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board; transferring
1.5	all teacher licensing and support personnel licensing and credentialing authority
1.6	to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board; providing for
1.7	rulemaking; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections
1.8	120B.363, subdivision 1; 122A.06; 122A.07; 122A.08; 122A.09, subdivisions 1,
1.9	2, 3, 4, 4a, 6, 7, 9, 10; 122A.17; 122A.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 2b, 7a, 7c, 8, by adding
1.10	a subdivision; 122A.19; 122A.20; 122A.22; 122A.23, subdivision 3; 122A.245,
1.11	subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10; 122A.26, subdivision 2; 122A.28; 122A.29;
1.12	122A.30; 124D.13, subdivision 11; 124D.454, subdivision 12; 124D.75,
1.13	subdivisions 1, 6; 125A.67, subdivision 2; 127A.05, subdivision 6; 136A.1791, subdivision 1; 214.04, subdivisions 1, 3; 214.045; proposing coding for new law
1.14 1.15	in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 122A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections
1.16	122A.09, subdivisions 5, 8, 11; 122A.14, subdivision 5; 122A.162; 122A.163;
1.17	122A.18, subdivisions 2a, 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 6, 7, 7b; 122A.21, subdivision 2; 122A.23,
1.18	subdivisions 1, 2; 122A.245, subdivisions 7, 8; 122A.25.
1.19	May 15, 2017
1.20	The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt
1.21	Speaker of the House of Representatives
1.22	The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach
1.23	President of the Senate
1.24 1.25	We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 140 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:
1.26	That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 140 be further amended
1.27	as follows:
1.20	Delete evenuthing often the enceting classes and insent.
1.28	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.29	"ARTICLE 1
1.30	PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD
1.31	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.06, is amended to read:

122A.06 DEFINITIONS.

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Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purpose of sections 122A.05 to 122A.09 122A.093, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them, unless another meaning is clearly indicated.

- Subd. 2. **Teacher.** "Teacher" means a classroom teacher or other similar professional employee required to hold a license from the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching.
- Subd. 3. **Board.** "Board" means the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u>
 Board of Teaching.
 - Subd. 4. Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction. (a) "Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction" includes a program or collection of instructional practices that is based on valid, replicable evidence showing that when these programs or practices are used, students can be expected to achieve, at a minimum, satisfactory reading progress. The program or collection of practices must include, at a minimum, effective, balanced instruction in all five areas of reading: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and reading comprehension.
 - Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction also includes and integrates instructional strategies for continuously assessing, evaluating, and communicating the student's reading progress and needs in order to design and implement ongoing interventions so that students of all ages and proficiency levels can read and comprehend text, write, and apply higher level thinking skills. For English learners developing literacy skills, districts are encouraged to use strategies that teach reading and writing in the students' native language and English at the same time.
 - (b) "Fluency" is the ability of students to read text with speed, accuracy, and proper expression.
- (c) "Phonemic awareness" is the ability of students to notice, think about, and manipulate individual sounds in spoken syllables and words.
 - (d) "Phonics" is the understanding that there are systematic and predictable relationships between written letters and spoken words. Phonics instruction is a way of teaching reading that stresses learning how letters correspond to sounds and how to apply this knowledge in reading and spelling.
- (e) "Reading comprehension" is an active process that requires intentional thinking during which meaning is constructed through interactions between text and reader.

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3.1	implementing specific cognitive strategies to help beginning readers derive meaning through
3.2	intentional, problem-solving thinking processes.
3.3	(f) "Vocabulary development" is the process of teaching vocabulary both directly and
3.4	indirectly, with repetition and multiple exposures to vocabulary items. Learning in rich
3.5	contexts, incidental learning, and use of computer technology enhance the acquiring of
3.6	vocabulary.
3.7	(g) Nothing in this subdivision limits the authority of a school district to select a school's
3.8	reading program or curriculum.
3.9	Subd. 5. Field. A "field" or "subject area" means the content area in which a teacher
3.10	may become licensed to teach.
3.11	Subd. 6. Shortage area. "Shortage area" means:
3.12	(1) licensure fields and economic development regions reported by the commissioner
3.13	of education or the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board as experiencing
3.14	a teacher shortage; and
3.15	(2) economic development regions where there is a shortage of licensed teachers who
3.16	reflect the racial or ethnic diversity of students in the region.
3.17	Subd. 7. Teacher preparation program. "Teacher preparation program" means a
3.18	program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for the
5.10	program approved by the Professional Educator Electising and Standards Board for the
3.19	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher
3.19	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher
3.19 3.20	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions,
3.19 3.20 3.21	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs.
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program.
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.07, is amended to read:
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.07, is amended to read: 122A.07 BOARD OF TEACHING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27 3.28	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.07, is amended to read: 122A.07 BOARD OF TEACHING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD MEMBERSHIP.
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27 3.28 3.29	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.07, is amended to read: 122A.07 BOARD OF TEACHING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD MEMBERSHIP. Subdivision 1. Appointment of members. The Professional Educator Licensing and
3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27 3.28	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs. Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and delivering a teacher preparation program. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.07, is amended to read: 122A.07 BOARD OF TEACHING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD MEMBERSHIP.

are as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. No member may be reappointed for more than 4.1 one additional term. 4.2 Subd. 2. Eligibility; board composition. Except for the representatives of higher 43 education and the public, to be eligible for appointment to the Board of Teaching a person 4.4 4.5 must be a teacher currently teaching in a Minnesota school and fully licensed for the position held and have at least five years teaching experience in Minnesota, including the two years 4.6 immediately preceding nomination and appointment. Each nominee, other than a public 4.7 nominee, must be selected on the basis of professional experience and knowledge of teacher 4.8 education, accreditation, and licensure. The board must be composed of: 4.9 4.10 (1) six teachers who are currently teaching in a Minnesota school or who were teaching at the time of the appointment and who do not qualify under clause (2) or (3), at least four 4.11 of whom must be teaching in a public school;, have at least five years of teaching experience, 4.12 and were not serving in an administrative function at a school district or school when 4.13 appointed. The six teachers must include the following: 4.14 (i) one teacher in a charter school; 4.15 (ii) one teacher from the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, 4.16 subdivision 2; 4.17 (iii) one teacher from outside the seven-county metropolitan area; 4.18 (iv) one teacher from a related service category licensed by the board; 4.19 (v) one special education teacher; and 4.20 (vi) one teacher from a teacher preparation program; 4.21 (2) one higher education representative, who must be a faculty member preparing teachers 4.22 one superintendent that alternates each term between a superintendent from the seven-county 4.23 metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, and a superintendent from 4.24 outside the metropolitan area; 4.25 (3) one school administrator district human resources director; and 4.26 4.27 (4) three members of the public, two of whom must be present or former members of school boards one administrator of a cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 4.28 4.29 2, who oversees a special education program; (5) one principal that alternates each term between an elementary and a secondary school 4.30 principal; and 4.31

Article 1 Sec. 2.

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(6) one member of the public that may be a current or former school board member.

Subd. 2a. First appointments. (a) The governor shall nominate all members to the	<u> </u>
Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. The terms of the initial board mem	<u>ibers</u>
must be as follows:	
(1) two members must be appointed for terms that expire January 1, 2019;	
(2) three members must be appointed for terms that expire January 1, 2020;	
(3) three members must be appointed for terms that expire January 1, 2021; and	
(4) three members must be appointed for terms that expire January 1, 2022.	
(b) Members of the Board of Teaching as of January 1, 2017, are ineligible for firs	<u>t</u>
appointments to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for four year	<u>ars</u>
from the effective date of this section, except that two members of the Board of Teach	ing
as of January 1, 2017, are eligible for appointment under paragraph (a), clause (1).	
Subd. 3. Vacant position. With the exception of a teacher who retires from teaching	ng
during the course of completing a board term, the position of a member who leaves Minne	esota
or whose employment status changes to a category different from that from which appoi	nted
is deemed vacant.	
Subd. 4. Administration, Terms, compensation; removal; vacancies. The provis	sion
of staff, administrative services and office space; the review and processing of compla	ints;
the setting of fees; the selection and duties of an executive secretary director to serve to	the
board; and other provisions relating to board operations not provided in this chapter are	re as
provided in chapter 214. Membership terms, except as provided in subdivision 2a,	
compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies,	and
fiscal year and reporting requirements are as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09.	
Subd. 4a. Administration. (a) The executive director of the board shall be the chief	<u>ef</u>
administrative officer for the board but shall not be a member of the board. The execu	tive
director shall maintain the records of the board, account for all fees received by the board	oard,
supervise and direct employees servicing the board, and perform other services as direct	cted
by the board.	
(b) The Department of Administration must provide administrative support in accordance	ance
with section 16B.371. The commissioner of administration must assess the board for serv	vices
it provides under this section.	
(c) The Department of Education must provide suitable offices and other space to	<u>the</u>
board at reasonable cost until January 1, 2020. Thereafter, the board may contract with	<u>h</u>
either the Department of Education or the Department of Administration for the provi-	sion

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of suitable offices and other space, joint conference and hearing facilities, and examination 6.1 rooms. 6.2 Subd. 5. District reimbursement for costs of substitute teachers. The Professional 6.3 Educator Licensing and Standards Board may reimburse local school districts for the costs 6.4 of substitute teachers employed when regular teachers are providing professional assistance 6.5 to the state by serving on the board or on a committee or task force appointed by the board 6.6 and charged to make recommendations concerning standards for teacher licensure in this 6.7 state. 6.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2017. 6.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.08, is amended to read: 6.10 122A.08 MEETINGS. 6.11 Subdivision 1. Meetings. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of 6.12 6.13 Teaching must meet regularly at the times and places as the board determines. Meetings must be called by the chair or at the written request of any eight members. 6.14 6.15 Subd. 2. Executive secretary director. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must have an executive secretary director who is in the 6.16 unclassified civil service and who is not a member of the board. The executive director must 6.17 fulfill the duties provided in section 122A.09, subdivision 6. The board must review the 6.18 performance of the executive director and set the salary of the executive director, not to 6.19 exceed the limit for a position listed in section 15A.0815, subdivision 2. 6.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018. 6.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 6.22 Subdivision 1. Code of ethics. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 6.23 Board of Teaching must develop by rule a code of ethics covering standards of professional 6.24 teaching practices, including areas of ethical conduct and professional performance and 6.25 methods of enforcement. 6.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018. 6.27 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 6.28 Subd. 2. Advise members of profession. The Professional Educator Licensing and 6.29 Standards Board must act in an advisory capacity to members of the profession in matters 6.30 of interpretation of the code of ethics. 6.31

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Election of chair and officers. The Professional Educator Licensing and

Standards Board shall elect a chair and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. License and rules Licensing. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules to license public school teachers and interns subject to chapter 14. license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2. The board must not delegate its authority to make all licensing decisions with respect to candidates for teacher licensure. The board must evaluate candidates for compliance with statutory or rule requirements for licensure and develop licensure verification requirements.

(b) The board must require all candidates for teacher licensure to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, as a requirement for an initial professional five-year teaching license, except that the board may issue up to four initial professional one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise qualified candidate who has not yet passed the board-adopted skills exam. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board-approved teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance to persons who did not achieve a qualifying score on the board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language. The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1. The Board of Teaching and the entity administering the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations must allow any individual who produces documentation of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education program (IEP) to receive the same testing accommodations on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations that the applicant received during their secondary or postsecondary education.

(c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed

graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application of chapter 14.

(d) The board must provide the leadership and adopt rules for the redesign of teacher education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. Among other components, teacher preparation programs may use the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities program model to provide a school-year-long student teaching program that combines clinical opportunities with academic coursework and in-depth student teaching experiences to offer students ongoing mentorship, coaching, and assessment, help to prepare a professional development plan, and structured learning experiences. The board shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation to assure program effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program outcomes. Teacher preparation programs including alternative teacher preparation programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must include a content-specific, board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures teacher candidates in three areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging students and supporting learning; and assessing student learning. The board's redesign rules must include creating flexible, specialized teaching licenses, credentials, and other endorsement forms to increase students' participation in language immersion programs, world language instruction, career development opportunities, work-based learning, early college courses and careers, career and technical programs, Montessori schools, and project and place-based learning, among other career and college ready learning offerings.

(e) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for professional five-year teaching licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific teaching skills. The rules shall be effective by September 1, 2001. The rules under this paragraph also must require candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students to pass, as part of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, the development of reading comprehension, and reading assessment and instruction, and their ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding.

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(f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.

- (g) The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for professional five-year teaching licenses based on appropriate professional competencies that are aligned with the board's licensing system and students' diverse learning needs. All teacher candidates must have preparation in English language development and content instruction for English learners in order to be able to effectively instruct the English learners in their classrooms. The board must include these licenses in a statewide differentiated licensing system that creates new leadership roles for successful experienced teachers premised on a collaborative professional culture dedicated to meeting students' diverse learning needs in the 21st century, recognizes the importance of cultural and linguistic competencies, including the ability to teach and communicate in culturally competent and aware ways, and formalizes mentoring and induction for newly licensed teachers provided through a teacher support framework.
- (h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a candidate for an initial license and first continuing license to demonstrate the abilities necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.
- (i) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses. The board must require a licensed teacher who is renewing a professional five-year teaching license to include in the renewal requirements further preparation in English language development and specially designed content instruction in English for English learners.
- (j) The board must grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 122A.20 and 214.10. The board must not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses.
- (k) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their professional five-year teaching licenses to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward the state's graduation rule.
- (l) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide health-related services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.

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(m) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their professional five-year teaching licenses to include in their renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.

(n) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their professional five-year teaching licenses to include in their renewal requirements at least one hour of suicide prevention best practices in each licensure renewal period that are based on nationally recognized evidence-based programs and practices, among the continuing education credits required to renew a license under this paragraph, and further preparation, first, in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children and adolescents and then, during subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may include providing a more in-depth understanding of students' mental illness trauma, accommodations for students' mental illness, parents' role in addressing students' mental illness, Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A.0942 governing restrictive procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics.

(o) The board must adopt rules by January 1, 2016, to license applicants under sections 122A.23 and 122A.245. The rules must permit applicants to demonstrate their qualifications through the board's recognition of a teaching license from another state in a similar content field, completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program, teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field, depth of content knowledge, depth of content methods or general pedagogy, subject-specific professional development and contribution to the field, or classroom performance as determined by documented student growth on normed assessments or documented effectiveness on evaluations. The rules must adopt criteria for determining a "similar content field" and "similar licensure area."

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data; report

Reports. (a) The Board of Teaching and the Board of School Administrators, in cooperation
with the Minnesota Association of Colleges of Teacher Education and Minnesota colleges
and universities offering board-adopted teacher or administrator preparation programs,
annually must collect and report summary data on teacher and administrator preparation
and performance outcomes, consistent with this subdivision. The Board of Teaching and

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the Board of School Administrators annually by June 1 must update and post the reported summary preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from the preceding school years on a Web site hosted jointly by the boards. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must provide reports in accordance with section 122A.091.

(b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs must include: student entrance requirements for each Board of Teaching-approved program, including grade point average for enrolling students in the preceding year; the average board-adopted skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students entering the program in the preceding year; summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators; the average time resident and nonresident program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the program; the current number and percent of students by program who graduated, received a standard Minnesota teaching license, and were hired to teach full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school in the preceding year; the number of content area credits and other credits by undergraduate program that students in the preceding school year needed to complete to graduate; students' pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required for graduation in each program and licensure area in the preceding school year; survey results measuring student and graduate satisfaction with the program in the preceding school year; a standard measure of the satisfaction of school principals or supervising teachers with the student teachers assigned to a school or supervising teacher; and information under paragraphs (d) and (e). Program reporting must be consistent with subdivision 11.

(e) Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation programs approved by the Board of School Administrators must include: summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators; the average time program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the program; the current number and percent of students who graduated, received a standard Minnesota administrator license, and were employed as an administrator in a Minnesota school district or school in the preceding year; the number of credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year needed to complete to graduate; survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with the program in the preceding school year; and information under paragraphs (f) and (g). Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10.

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(d) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching the following information for all teachers who finished the probationary period and accepted a continuing contract position with the district from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year: the effectiveness category or rating of the teacher on the summative evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5; the licensure area in which the teacher primarily taught during the three-year evaluation eyele; and the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in the teacher's primary areas of instruction and licensure.

- (e) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching the following information for all probationary teachers in the district who were released or whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year: the licensure areas in which the probationary teacher taught; and the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in the teacher's primary areas of instruction and licensure.
- (f) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School Administrators the following information for all school principals and assistant principals who finished the probationary period and accepted a continuing contract position with the district from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year: the effectiveness category or rating of the principal or assistant principal on the summative evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3; and the principal preparation program providing instruction to the principal or assistant principal.
- (g) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School

 Administrators all probationary school principals and assistant principals in the district who were released or whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Register of persons licensed.** The executive secretary director of the

 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching shall must keep a record

 of the proceedings of and a register of all persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this

 chapter. The register must show the name, address, license number and the renewal of the

 license. The board must on July 1, of each year or as soon thereafter as is practicable, compile

 a list of such duly licensed teachers and transmit a copy of the list to the board. A copy of

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the register must be available during business hours at the office of the board to any interested person.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Commissioner's assistance; Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- 13.6 **Board money.** The commissioner shall provide all necessary materials and assistance for
- the transaction of the business of the Board of Teaching and All moneys received by the
- Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching shall be paid into the
- state treasury as provided by law. The expenses of administering sections <u>120B.363</u>, 122A.01,
- 13.10 122A.05 to 122A.09, 122A.15, 122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.181, 122A.182, 122A.183,
- 13.11 122A.184, 122A.185, 122A.186, 122A.187, 122A.188, 122A.20, 122A.21, 122A.22,
- 13.12 122A.23, 122A.2451, 122A.26, 122A.30, 122A.40, 122A.41, 122A.42, 122A.45, 122A.49,
- 13.13 122A.54, 122A.55, 122A.56, 122A.57, and 122A.58 which are incurred by the <u>Professional</u>
- 13.14 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching shall be paid for from appropriations
- made to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching.
- 13.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may must adopt
- 13.19 **rules.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching may must
- adopt rules subject to the provisions of chapter 14 to implement sections 120B.363, 122A.05
- 13.21 to 122A.09, 122A.092, 122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.181, 122A.182, 122A.183,
- 13.22 122A.184, 122A.185, 122A.186, 122A.187, 122A.188, 122A.20, 122A.21, and 122A.23,
- 13.23 122A.26, 122A.28, and 122A.29.
- (b) The board must adopt rules relating to fields of licensure, including a process for
- granting permission to a licensed teacher to teach in a field that is different from the teacher's
- field of licensure without change to the teacher's license tier level.
- (c) The board must adopt rules relating to the grade levels that a licensed teacher may
- 13.28 teach.

- (d) If a rule adopted by the board is in conflict with a session law or statute, the law or
- statute prevails. Terms adopted in rule must be clearly defined and must not be construed
- to conflict with terms adopted in statute or session law.

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(e) The board must include a description of a proposed rule's probable effect on teacher 14.1 supply and demand in the board's statement of need and reasonableness under section 14.131. 14.2 (f) The board must adopt rules only under the specific statutory authority. 14.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018. 14.4 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 14.5 Subd. 10. Permissions. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9 and sections 14.055 and 14.6 14.056, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching may grant 14.7 waivers to its rules upon application by a school district or a charter school for purposes of 14.8 implementing experimental programs in learning or management. 14.9 (b) To enable a school district or a charter school to meet the needs of students enrolled 14.10 in an alternative education program and to enable licensed teachers instructing those students 14.11 to satisfy content area licensure requirements, the Professional Educator Licensing and 14.12 14.13 Standards Board of Teaching annually may permit a licensed teacher teaching in an alternative education program to instruct students in a content area for which the teacher is 14.14 not licensed, consistent with paragraph (a). 14.15 (c) A special education license permission issued by the Professional Educator Licensing 14.16 and Standards Board of Teaching for a primary employer's low-incidence region is valid 14.17 in all low-incidence regions. 14 18 (d) The Board of Teaching may issue a one-year professional license under paragraph 14.19 14.20 (a), which the board may renew two times, to allow a person holding a full credential from the American Montessori Society, a diploma from Association Montessori Internationale, 14.21 or a certificate of completion from a program accredited by the Montessori Accreditation 14.22 Council for Teacher Education to teach in a Montessori program operated by a school district 14.23 or charter school. 14.24 (e) The Board of Teaching may grant a one-year waiver, renewable two times, to allow 14.25 individuals who hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited postsecondary institution, 14.26 demonstrate occupational competency based on at least three years of full-time work 14.27 experience in business or industry, and enroll and make satisfactory progress in an alternative 14.28 14.29 preparation program leading to certification as a career and technical education instructor to teach career and technical education courses offered by a school district or charter school. 14.30 A candidate that has obtained career and technical education certification may apply for a 14.31 Tier 1 license under section 122A.181. Consistent with this paragraph and section 136F.361, 14.32 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must strongly 14.33

encourage approved college or university-based teacher preparation programs and institutions throughout Minnesota to develop alternative pathways for certifying and licensing high school career and technical education instructors and teachers, allowing such candidates to meet certification and licensure standards that demonstrate their content knowledge, classroom experience, and pedagogical practices and their qualifications based on a combination of occupational testing, professional certification or licensure, and long-standing work experience.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 13. [122A.091] REPORTS.

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- Subdivision 1. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data; report. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Board of School Administrators, in cooperation with board-adopted teacher or administrator preparation programs, annually must collect and report summary data on teacher and administrator preparation and performance outcomes, consistent with this subdivision. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Board of School Administrators annually by June 1 must update and post the reported summary preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from the preceding school years on a Web site hosted jointly by the boards.
- (b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs must include:
- (1) student entrance requirements for each Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
 Board-approved program, including grade point average for enrolling students in the
 preceding year;
 - (2) the average board-adopted skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students entering the program in the preceding year;
- (3) summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty
 undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten
 through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators;
- 15.28 (4) the average time resident and nonresident program graduates in the preceding year
 15.29 needed to complete the program;
- (5) the current number and percentage of students by program who graduated, received
 a standard Minnesota teaching license, and were hired to teach full time in their licensure
 field in a Minnesota district or school in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except

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when d	isaggregation would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally
identifi	able information about an individual;
<u>(6)</u> 1	the number of content area credits and other credits by undergraduate program that
student	s in the preceding school year needed to complete to graduate;
<u>(7)</u> :	students' pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required for graduation in
each pr	rogram and licensure area in the preceding school year;
<u>(8)</u>	survey results measuring student and graduate satisfaction with the program in the
precedi	ng school year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield
statistic	cally reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an
individ	ual;
<u>(9)</u> :	a standard measure of the satisfaction of school principals or supervising teachers
with the	e student teachers assigned to a school or supervising teacher; and
<u>(10)</u>	information under subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b).
Program	m reporting must be consistent with subdivision 2.
(c) l	Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation programs approved by
the Boa	ard of School Administrators must include:
<u>(1)</u> s	summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty
undergi	raduate and graduate degrees and the years of experience either as kindergarten
through	n grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators;
<u>(2)</u> 1	the average time program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the
progran	<u>n;</u>
<u>(3)</u> 1	the current number and percentage of students who graduated, received a standard
Minnes	sota administrator license, and were employed as an administrator in a Minnesota
school	district or school in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except when
disaggr	regation would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally
identifi	able information about an individual;
<u>(4)</u> 1	the number of credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year
needed	to complete to graduate;
<u>(5)</u> :	survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with the
progran	n in the preceding school year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation
would 1	not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable
informa	ation about an individual; and

17.1 (6) information under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d). Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10. 17.2 Subd. 2. Teacher preparation program reporting. (a) By December 31, 2018, and 17.3 annually thereafter, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall report 17.4 17.5 and publish on its Web site the cumulative summary results of at least three consecutive years of data reported to the board under subdivision 1, paragraph (b). Where the data are 17.6 sufficient to yield statistically reliable information and the results would not reveal personally 17.7 identifiable information about an individual teacher, the board shall report the data by teacher 17.8 17.9 preparation program. (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must report annually to 17.10 the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction 17.11 17.12 over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a 17.13 17.14 board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; 17.15 (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and 17.16 (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. 17.17 The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, 17.18 ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with 17.19 section 3.195. 17.20 Subd. 3. School district reports. (a) School districts annually by October 1 must report 17.21 to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board the following information for 17.22 all teachers who finished the probationary period and accepted a continuing contract position 17.23 with the district from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current 17.24 17.25 year: (1) the effectiveness category or rating of the teacher on the summative evaluation under 17.26 section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5; 17.27 (2) the licensure area in which the teacher primarily taught during the three-year 17.28 evaluation cycle; and 17.29 (3) the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in the teacher's primary areas 17.30 of instruction and licensure. 17.31

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18.1	(b) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Professional Educator
18.2	Licensing and Standards Board the following information for all probationary teachers in
18.3	the district who were released or whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of
18.4	the previous year through August 31 of the current year:
18.5	(1) the licensure areas in which the probationary teacher taught; and
18.6	(2) the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in the teacher's primary areas
18.7	of instruction and licensure.
18.8	(c) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School
18.9	Administrators the following information for all school principals and assistant principals
18.10	who finished the probationary period and accepted a continuing contract position with the
18.11	district from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year:
18.12	(1) the effectiveness category or rating of the principal or assistant principal on the
18.13	summative evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3; and
18.14	(2) the principal preparation program providing instruction to the principal or assistant
18.15	principal.
18.16	(d) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School
18.17	Administrators all probationary school principals and assistant principals in the district who
18.18	were released or whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous year
18.19	through August 31 of the current year.
18.20	Subd. 4. State reports. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
18.21	prepare reports in accordance with section 214.07.
18.22	Subd. 5. Survey of districts. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
18.23	Board must survey the state's school districts and teacher preparation programs and report
18.24	to the education committees of the legislature by February 1, 2019, and each odd-numbered
18.25	year thereafter, on the status of teacher early retirement patterns, the access to effective and
18.26	more diverse teachers who reflect the students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
18.27	paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in a district or school, the teacher shortage, and the
18.28	substitute teacher shortage, including patterns and shortages in licensure field areas and the
18.29	economic development regions of the state.
18.30	(b) The report must also include:
18.31	(1) aggregate data on teachers' self-reported race and ethnicity;

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19.1	(2) data on how districts are making progress in hiring teachers and substitute teachers
19.2	in the areas of shortage; and
19.3	(3) a five-year projection of teacher demand for each district, taking into account the
19.4	students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), expected to enroll
19.5	in the district during that five-year period.
19.6	Subd. 6. Implementation report. By January 1, 2019, the Professional Educator
19.7	Licensing and Standards Board must prepare a report to the legislature on the implementation
19.8	of the teacher licensure system established under sections 122A.18 to 122A.184. The report
19.9	must include the number of applicants for licensure in each tier, the number of applications
19.10	granted and denied, summary data on the reasons applications were denied, and the status
19.11	of the board's rulemaking process for all licensure related rules.
19.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.
19.13	Sec. 14. [122A.092] TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS.
19.14	Subdivision 1. Rules. The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation
19.15	programs, including alternative teacher preparation programs under section 122A.2451,
19.16	nonconventional programs, and Montessori teacher training programs.
19.17	Subd. 2. Requirements for board approval. Teacher preparation programs must
19.18	demonstrate the following to obtain board approval:
19.19	(1) the program has implemented a research-based, results-oriented curriculum that
19.20	focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective;
19.21	(2) the program provides a student teaching program;
19.22	(3) the program demonstrates effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in
19.23	demonstrating attainment of program outcomes;
19.24	(4) the program includes a common core of teaching knowledge and skills. This common
19.25	core shall meet the standards developed by the Interstate New Teacher Assessment and
19.26	Support Consortium in its 1992 model standards for beginning teacher licensing and
19.27	development. Amendments to standards adopted under this clause are subject to chapter
19.28	14. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall report annually to the
19.29	education committees of the legislature on the performance of teacher candidates on common
19.30	core assessments of knowledge and skills under this clause during the most recent school
19.31	year;

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20.1	(5) the program includes instruction on the knowledge and skills needed to provide
20.2	appropriate instruction to English learners to support and accelerate their academic literacy,
20.3	including oral academic language and achievement in content areas in a regular classroom
20.4	setting; and
20.5	(6) the program includes culturally competent training in instructional strategies consistent
20.6	with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (q).
20.7	Subd. 3. Specialized credentials. The board must adopt rules creating flexible,
20.8	specialized teaching licenses, credentials, and other endorsement forms to increase students'
20.9	participation in language immersion programs, world language instruction, career
20.10	development opportunities, work-based learning, early college courses and careers, career
20.11	and technical programs, Montessori schools, and project- and place-based learning, among
20.12	other career and college readiness learning offerings.
20.13	Subd. 4. Teacher educators. The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators
20.14	to work directly with elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary
20.15	schools to obtain periodic exposure to the elementary and secondary teaching environments.
20.16	Subd. 5. Reading strategies. (a) All colleges and universities approved by the
20.17	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to prepare persons for classroom
20.18	teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs research-based best
20.19	practices in reading, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, that enables the licensure
20.20	candidate to teach reading in the candidate's content areas. Teacher candidates must be
20.21	instructed in using students' native languages as a resource in creating effective differentiated
20.22	instructional strategies for English learners developing literacy skills. These colleges and
20.23	universities also must prepare early childhood and elementary teacher candidates for Tier
20.24	3 and Tier 4 teaching licenses under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, for the
20.25	portion of the examination under section 122A.185, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), covering
20.26	assessment of reading instruction.
20.27	(b) Board-approved teacher preparation programs for teachers of elementary education
20.28	must require instruction in applying comprehensive, scientifically based, and balanced
20.29	reading instruction programs that:
20.30	(1) teach students to read using foundational knowledge, practices, and strategies
20.31	consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, so that all students achieve continuous
20.32	progress in reading; and
20.33	(2) teach specialized instruction in reading strategies, interventions, and remediations
20.34	that enable students of all ages and proficiency levels to become proficient readers.

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21.1	(c) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a school district to select a school's
21.2	reading program or curriculum.
21.3	Subd. 6. Technology strategies. All colleges and universities approved by the
21.4	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to prepare persons for classroom
21.5	teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs the knowledge and
21.6	skills teacher candidates need to engage students with technology and deliver digital and
21.7	blended learning and curriculum.
21.8	Subd. 7. Student teaching program. A teacher preparation program may provide a
21.9	year-long student teaching program that combines clinical opportunities with academic
21.10	coursework and in-depth student teaching experiences to offer students:
21.11	(1) ongoing mentorship;
21.12	(2) coaching;
21.13	(3) assessment;
21.14	(4) help to prepare a professional development plan; and
21.15	(5) structured learning experiences.
21.16	Subd. 8. Existing programs. The approval of teacher preparation programs approved
21.17	by the Board of Teaching before the effective date of this section must remain in effect
21.18	unless and until the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board denies approval
21.19	or reapproves the program.
21.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
21.21	Sec. 15. [122A.093] FRAUD; GROSS MISDEMEANOR.
21.22	A person who claims to be a licensed teacher without a valid existing license issued by
21.23	the board or any person who employs fraud or deception in applying for or securing a license
21.24	is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
21.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.
21.26	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.22, is amended to read:
21.27	122A.22 DISTRICT VERIFICATION OF TEACHER LICENSES.
21.28	No person shall be accounted a qualified teacher until the school district or charter school
21.29	contracting with the person for teaching services verifies through the Minnesota education
21.30	licensing system available on the department Professional Educator Licensing and Standards

Board Web site that the person is a qualified teacher, consistent with sections 122A.16 and 122A.44, subdivision 1. 22.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.

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- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 127A.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 6. Survey of districts. The commissioner of education shall survey the state's school districts and teacher preparation programs and report to the education committees of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year until 2018 on the status of teacher early retirement patterns, the access to effective and more diverse teachers who reflect the students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in a district or school, the teacher shortage, and the substitute teacher shortage, including patterns and shortages in subject areas and the economic development regions of the state. The report must also include: aggregate data on teachers' self-reported race and ethnicity; data on how districts are making progress in hiring teachers and substitutes in the areas of shortage; and a five-year projection of teacher demand for each district, taking into account the students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), expected to enroll in the district during that five-year period.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Services provided. The commissioner of education with respect to the 22.18 Board of Teaching; the commissioner of public safety with respect to the Board of Private 22.19 Detective and Protective Agent Services; the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training; 22.20 and the commissioner of revenue with respect to the Board of Assessors, shall provide 22.21 suitable offices and other space, joint conference and hearing facilities, examination rooms, 22.22 and the following administrative support services: purchasing service, accounting service, 22.23 advisory personnel services, consulting services relating to evaluation procedures and 22.24 techniques, data processing, duplicating, mailing services, automated printing of license 22.25 renewals, and such other similar services of a housekeeping nature as are generally available 22.26 to other agencies of state government. Investigative services shall be provided the boards 22.27 by employees of the Office of Attorney General. The commissioner of health with respect 22.28 to the health-related licensing boards shall provide mailing and office supply services and 22.29 may provide other facilities and services listed in this subdivision at a central location upon 22.30 request of the health-related licensing boards. The commissioner of commerce with respect 22.31 to the remaining non-health-related licensing boards shall provide the above facilities and 22.32 services at a central location for the remaining non-health-related licensing boards. The 22.33

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legal and investigative services for the boards shall be provided by employees of the attorney 23.1 general assigned to the departments servicing the boards. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 23.2 the attorney general shall not be precluded by this section from assigning other attorneys 23.3 to service a board if necessary in order to insure competent and consistent legal 23.4 representation. Persons providing legal and investigative services shall to the extent 23.5 practicable provide the services on a regular basis to the same board or boards. 23.6 23.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 214.045, is amended to read: 23.8 214.045 COORDINATION WITH PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING 23.9 AND STANDARDS BOARD OF TEACHING. 23.10 23.11 The commissioner of health and the health-related licensing boards must coordinate with the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching when modifying 23.12 licensure requirements for regulated persons in order to have consistent regulatory 23.13 requirements for personnel who perform services in schools. 23.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018. 23.15 Sec. 20. TRANSFER OF POWERS. 23.16 (a) The creation of the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall be 23.17 considered a transfer by law of the responsibilities of the Board of Teaching and the 23.18 Minnesota Department of Education with respect to licensure and credentialing of teachers 23.19 and school personnel to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for 23.20 purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039. All classified and unclassified positions 23.21 associated with the responsibilities being transferred to the Professional Educator Licensing 23.22 and Standards Board are transferred with their incumbents to the new agency pursuant to 23.23 Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, subdivision 7, except as otherwise provided in Minnesota 23.24 Statutes, section 122A.07. 23.25 23.26 (b) The responsibilities of the Minnesota Department of Education with respect to licensure of school administrators are transferred by law to the Board of School 23.27 Administrators for purposes of section 15.039. 23.28 (c) The responsibilities of the Minnesota Department of Education with respect to the 23.29 survey of districts under section 127A.05, subdivision 6, and the staff automated reporting 23.30 (STAR) system, are transferred by law to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 23.31 Board for purposes of section 15.039. 23.32

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(d) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must review all rules 24.1 adopted by the Board of Teaching and amend or repeal rules not consistent with statute. 24.2 24.3 The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must review all teacher preparation programs approved by the Board of Teaching to determine whether the approved programs 24.4 meet the needs of schools in Minnesota. 24.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018. 24.6 24.7 Sec. 21. FIRST APPOINTMENTS TO THE PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD. 24.8 (a) The governor shall make appointments to the Professional Educator Licensing and 24.9 Standards Board by September 1, 2017, for terms that begin January 1, 2018. The governor 24.10 24.11 shall designate one member of the board to convene the first meeting by February 1, 2018, and to act as chair until the board elects a chair at its first meeting. The first superintendent 24.12 appointed under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.07, subdivision 2, clause (2), must be 24.13 from outside the metropolitan area. The governor is encouraged to consider eligible 24.14 candidates that have previously served on the Board of Teaching for appointment to the 24.15 24.16 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. (b) The terms of the first members appointed to the board do not count towards the term 24.17 limit under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.07, subdivision 1, if the term expires before 24.18 2022. 24.19 (c) Beginning October 2, 2017, the board members appointed by the governor under 24.20 paragraph (a) may informally organize and prepare for their terms. The appointee representing 24.21 the superintendent member must convene the first transition meeting. At the first meeting, 24.22 the appointees must select a chairperson to lead the transition meetings. Between October 24.23 2, 2017, and January 1, 2018, the board members must begin the selection process for the 24.24 24.25 executive director under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.08, subdivision 2. The board members' transition meetings are subject to the Open Meeting Law under Minnesota Statutes, 24.26 chapter 13D. 24.27 Sec. 22. REVISOR INSTRUCTION. 24.28 In Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules, the revisor of statutes shall substitute the 24.29 term "Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board" for "Board of Teaching" 24.30 wherever the term refers to the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Board of Teaching. 24.31 The revisor shall also make grammatical changes related to the change in terms. 24.32

25.1	Sec. 23. REPEALER.
25.2	Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, subdivisions 5, 8, and 11, are repealed.
25.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.
25.4	ARTICLE 2
25.5	LICENSURE
25.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.17, is amended to read:
25.7	122A.17 VALIDITY OF CERTIFICATES OR LICENSES.
25.8	(a) A rule adopted by the Board of Teaching or the Professional Educator Licensing and
25.9	Standards Board must not affect the validity of certificates or licenses to teach in effect on
25.10	July 1, 1974, or the rights and privileges of the holders thereof, except that any such
25.11	certificate or license may be suspended or revoked for any of the causes and by the procedures
25.12	specified by law.
25.13	(b) All teacher licenses in effect on January 1, 2018, shall remain valid for one additional
25.14	year after the date the license is scheduled to expire.
25.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.
25.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
25.17	Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and
25.18	Standards Board of Teaching must license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15,
25.19	subdivision 1, except for supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision
25.20	2. issue the following teacher licenses to candidates who meet the qualifications prescribed
25.21	by this chapter:
25.22	(1) Tier 1 license under section 122A.181;
25.23	(2) Tier 2 license under section 122A.182;
25.24	(3) Tier 3 license under section 122A.183; and
25.25	(4) Tier 4 license under section 122A.184.
25.26	(b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined
25.27	in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
25.28	(e) Licenses under the jurisdiction of the Board of Teaching, the Board of School
25.29	Administrators, and the commissioner of education must be issued through the licensing
25.30	section of the department.

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(d) (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching and the 26.1 Department of Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share: 26.2 (1) educational data at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and 26.3 improvement for teacher education programs. The program approval process must include 26.4 targeted redesign of teacher preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas 26.5 of concern; and 26.6 (2) data in the staff automated reporting system for the limited purpose of managing and 26.7 processing funding to school districts and other entities. 26.8 (e) (d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter 26.9 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited 26.10 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The 26.11 program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration 26.12 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern. 26.13 (f) (e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (d) (c) and (e) (d), 26.14 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, Board of School 26.15 Administrators, and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section 26.16 13.02, subdivision 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements 26.17 must not include educational data, as defined in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include 26.18 summary data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19, derived from educational data. 26.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. 26.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.21 Subd. 2. Teacher and Support personnel qualifications. (a) The Professional Educator 26.22 Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must issue licenses and credentials under its 26.23 jurisdiction to persons the board finds to be qualified and competent for their respective 26.24 positions, including those meeting the standards adopted under section 122A.09, subdivision 26.25 4, paragraph (n) support personnel positions in accordance with section 120B.36. 26.26 (b) The board must require a candidate for teacher licensure to demonstrate a passing 26.27 score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics, before 26.28 26.29 being granted a professional five-year teaching license to provide direct instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, elementary, secondary, or special education programs, except that the 26.30 board may issue up to four temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise qualified 26.31 candidate who has not yet passed a board-adopted skills exam. At the request of the 26.32 employing school district or charter school, the Board of Teaching may issue an initial 26.33

professional one-year teaching license to an otherwise qualified teacher not passing or demonstrating a passing score on a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics. For purposes of this section, the initial professional one-year teaching license issued by the board is limited to the current subject or content matter the teacher is employed to teach and limited to the district or charter school requesting the initial professional one-year teaching license. If the board denies the request, it must provide a detailed response to the school administrator as to the reasons for the denial. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board approved teacher preparation program to make available upon request remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language. The colleges and universities must make available assistance in the specific academic areas of candidates' deficiency. School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed by the district who completed their teacher education program, who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received an initial professional one-year teaching license to teach in Minnesota. The Board of Teaching shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination, the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, and the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam, disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid.

(e) The Board of Teaching must grant professional five-year teaching licenses only to those persons who have met board criteria for that license, which includes passing a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, and the exceptions in section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), that are consistent with this paragraph. The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination, does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a professional five-year teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1.

(d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare persons for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common core of

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teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended for teacher licensure. Among other requirements, teacher candidates must demonstrate the knowledge and skills needed to provide appropriate instruction to English learners to support and accelerate their academic literacy, including oral academic language, and achievement in content areas in a regular classroom setting. This common core shall meet the standards developed by the interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992 "model standards for beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to standards adopted under this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the performance of teacher candidates on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this paragraph during the most recent school year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2b. **Reading specialist.** Not later than July 1, 2002, The Professional Educator
 Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must adopt rules providing for reading teacher
- 28.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7a. **Permission to substitute teach.** (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u>
 Standards Board of Teaching may allow a person who <u>otherwise qualifies for a Tier 1 license</u>
 in accordance with section 122A.181, subdivision 2, or is enrolled in and making satisfactory
 progress in a board-approved teacher program and who has successfully completed student
 teaching to be employed as a short-call substitute teacher.
 - (b) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching may issue a lifetime qualified short-call or long-call substitute teaching license to a person who:
- 28.26 (1) was a qualified teacher under section 122A.16 while holding a professional five-year
 28.27 Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license issued by the board, under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184,
 28.28 respectively, and receives a retirement annuity from the Teachers Retirement Association
 28.29 or the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund Association;
- 28.30 (2) holds an out-of-state teaching license and receives a retirement annuity as a result of the person's teaching experience; or

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29.1	(3) held a professional five-year <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4</u> teaching license issued by the board,
29.2	under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, taught at least three school years in
29.3	an accredited nonpublic school in Minnesota, and receives a retirement annuity as a result
29.4	of the person's teaching experience.
29.5	A person holding a lifetime qualified short-call or long-call substitute teaching license is
29.6	not required to complete continuing education clock hours. A person holding this license
29.7	may reapply to the board for either:
29.8	(i) a professional five-year Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183
29.9	and 122A.184, respectively, and must again complete continuing education clock hours one
29.10	school year after receiving the professional five-year Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license; or
29.11	(ii) a Tier 1 license under section 122A.181, provided that the candidate has a bachelor's
29.12	degree, an associate's degree, or an appropriate professional credential in the content area
29.13	the candidate will teach, in accordance with section 122A.181, subdivision 2.
29.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
29.15	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7c, is amended to read:
29.16	Subd. 7c. Temporary military license. The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u>
29.17	Standards Board of Teaching shall establish a temporary license in accordance with section
29.18	197.4552 for teaching. The fee for a temporary license under this subdivision shall be \$87.90
29.19	for an online application or \$86.40 for a paper application. The board must provide candidates
29.20	for a license under this subdivision with information regarding the tiered licensure system
29.21	provided in sections 122A.18 to 122A.184.
29.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
29.23	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
29.24	Subd. 8. Background checks. (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u>
29.25	Board of Teaching and the commissioner of education the Board of School Administrators
29.26	must request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau
29.27	of Criminal Apprehension on all first-time teaching applicants for licenses under their
29.28	jurisdiction. Applicants must include with their licensure applications:
29.29	(1) an executed criminal history consent form, including fingerprints; and
29.30	(2) a money order or cashier's check payable to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
29.31	for the fee for conducting the criminal history background check.

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(b) The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall perform the background check required under paragraph (a) by retrieving criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 and shall also conduct a search of the national criminal records repository. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover the cost to the bureau of a background check through the fee charged to the applicant under paragraph (a).

(c) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of <u>Teaching</u> or the <u>commissioner of education</u> Board of School Administrators may issue a license pending completion of a background check under this subdivision, but must notify the individual <u>and the school district or charter school employing the individual that the individual's license may be revoked based on the result of the background check.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 10. Licensure via portfolio. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards

 Board must adopt rules establishing a process for an eligible candidate to obtain any teacher

 license under subdivision 1, or to add a licensure field, via portfolio. The portfolio licensure application process must be consistent with the requirements in this subdivision.
 - (b) A candidate for a license must submit to the board one portfolio demonstrating pedagogical competence and one portfolio demonstrating content competence.
 - (c) A candidate seeking to add a licensure field must submit to the board one portfolio demonstrating content competence for each licensure field the candidate seeks to add.
 - (d) The board must notify a candidate who submits a portfolio under paragraph (b) or (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not the portfolio is approved. If the portfolio is not approved, the board must immediately inform the candidate how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite competence. The candidate may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the board must approve or disapprove the revised portfolio within 60 calendar days of receiving it.
 - (e) A candidate must pay to the board a \$300 fee for the first portfolio submitted for review and a \$200 fee for any portfolio submitted subsequently. The revenue generated from the fee must be deposited in an education licensure portfolio account in the special

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31.1	revenue fund. The fees are nonrefundable for applicants not qualifying for a license. The
31.2	board may waive or reduce fees for candidates based on financial need.
31.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
31.4	Sec. 9. [122A.181] TIER 1 LICENSE.
31.5	Subdivision 1. Application requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and
31.6	Standards Board must approve a request from a district or charter school to issue a Tier 1
31.7	license in a specified content area to a candidate if:
31.8	(1) the candidate meets the professional requirement in subdivision 2;
31.9	(2) the district or charter school affirms that the candidate has the necessary skills and
31.10	knowledge to teach in the specified content area; and
31.11	(3) the district or charter school demonstrates that:
31.12	(i) a criminal background check has been completed on the candidate; and
31.13	(ii) the district or charter school has posted the teacher position but was unable to hire
31.14	an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license for the position.
31.15	Subd. 2. Professional requirements. (a) A candidate for a Tier 1 license must have a
31.16	bachelor's degree to teach a class or course outside a career and technical education or career
31.17	pathways course of study.
31.18	(b) A candidate for a Tier 1 license must have one of the following credentials in a
31.19	relevant content area to teach a class in a career and technical education or career pathways
31.20	course of study:
31.21	(1) an associate's degree;
31.22	(2) a professional certification; or
31.23	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
31.24	Subd. 3. Term of license and renewal. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and
31.25	Standards Board must issue an initial Tier 1 license for a term of one year. A Tier 1 license
31.26	may be renewed subject to paragraphs (b) and (c). The board may submit written comments
31.27	to the district or charter school that requested the renewal regarding the candidate.
31.28	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must renew a Tier 1
31.29	license if:

32.1	(1) the district or charter school requesting the renewal demonstrates that it has posted
32.2	the teacher position but was unable to hire an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license
32.3	for the position; and
32.4	(2) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license took a content examination in accordance with
32.5	section 122A.185 and submitted the examination results to the teacher's employing district
32.6	or charter school within one year of the board approving the request for the initial Tier 1
32.7	<u>license.</u>
32.8	The requirement in clause (2) does not apply to a teacher that teaches a class in a career and
32.9	technical education or career pathways course of study.
32.10	(c) A Tier 1 license must not be renewed more than three times, unless the requesting
32.11	district or charter school can show good cause for additional renewals. A Tier 1 license
32.12	issued to teach (1) a class or course in a career and technical education or career pathway
32.13	course of study or (2) in a shortage area, as defined in section 122A.06, subdivision 6, may
32.14	be renewed without limitation.
32.15	Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
32.16	accept applications for a Tier 1 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school year for
32.17	which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 1 teaching license within 30
32.18	days of receiving the completed application.
32.19	Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matter
32.20	indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
32.21	clause (2), and limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
32.22	(b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for
32.23	purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
32.24	(c) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher under
32.25	section 179A.03, subdivision 18.
32.26	Subd. 6. Mentorship and evaluation. (a) A teacher holding a Tier 1 license must
32.27	participate in the employing district or charter school's mentorship program.
32.28	(b) A teacher holding a Tier 1 license must participate in an evaluation aligned, to the
32.29	extent practicable, with the evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41,
32.30	subdivision 5.
32.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 10. **[122A.182] TIER 2 LICENSE.**

33.2	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
33.3	Board must approve a request from a district or charter school to issue a Tier 2 license in a
33.4	specified content area to a candidate if:
33.5	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraph (b)
33.6	<u>or (c);</u>
33.7	(2) the candidate:
33.8	(i) has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2;
33.9	(ii) is enrolled in a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program; or
33.10	(iii) has a master's degree in the specified content area; and
33.11	(3) the district or charter school demonstrates that a criminal background check has been
33.12	completed on the candidate.
33.13	(b) A candidate for a Tier 2 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class outside
33.14	a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
33.15	(c) A candidate for a Tier 2 license must have one of the following credentials in a
33.16	relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career
33.17	pathways course of study:
33.18	(1) an associate's degree;
33.19	(2) a professional certification; or
33.20	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
33.21	Subd. 2. Coursework. (a) A candidate for a Tier 2 license must meet the coursework
33.22	requirement by demonstrating completion of two of the following:
33.23	(1) at least eight upper division or graduate-level credits in the relevant content area;
33.24	(2) field-specific methods of training, including coursework;
33.25	(3) at least two years of teaching experience in a similar content area in any state, as
33.26	determined by the board;
33.27	(4) a passing score on the pedagogy and content exams under section 122A.185; or
33.28	(5) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program.
33.29	(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), "upper division" means classes normally taken at the
33.30	junior or senior level of college which require substantial knowledge and skill in the field.

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34.1	Candidates must identify the upper division credits that fulfill the requirement in paragraph
34.2	(a), clause (1).
34.3	Subd. 3. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
34.4	must issue an initial Tier 2 license for a term of two years. A Tier 2 license may be renewed
34.5	three times. The board must issue rules setting forth the conditions for additional renewals
34.6	after the initial license has been renewed three times.
34.7	Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
34.8	accept applications for a Tier 2 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school year for
34.9	which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 2 teaching license within 30
34.10	days of receiving the completed application.
34.11	Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 2 license is limited to the content matter
34.12	indicated on the application for the initial Tier 2 license under subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
34.13	and limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 2 license.
34.14	(b) A Tier 2 license shall not be construed to bring an individual within the definition
34.15	of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1,
34.16	clause (a).
34.17	Subd. 6. Application toward probationary period. (a) The time that a teacher works
34.18	under a Tier 2 license must be credited towards the teacher's three-year probationary period
34.19	under section 122A.40, subdivision 5, or 122A.41, subdivision 2.
34.20	(b) The time credited towards the probationary period under paragraph (a) must not
34.21	exceed two years.
34.22	(c) The three years of the probationary period, including any time credited under this
34.23	subdivision, must run consecutively, consistent with section 122A.40, subdivision 5, or
34.24	section 122A.41, subdivision 2.
34.25	Subd. 7. Mentorship and evaluation. (a) A teacher holding a Tier 2 license must
34.26	participate in the employing district or charter school's mentorship and evaluation program,
34.27	including an individual growth and development plan.
34.28	(b) A teacher holding a Tier 2 license must participate in an evaluation aligned, to the
34.29	extent practicable, with the evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or section
34.30	122A.41, subdivision 5.
34.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

35.1	Sec. 11. [122A.183] TIER 3 LICENSE.
35.2	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
35.3	Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to
35.4	demonstrate all of the following:
35.5	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b)
35.6	<u>and (c);</u>
35.7	(2) the candidate has obtained a passing score on the required licensure exams under
35.8	section 122A.185; and
35.9	(3) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
35.10	(b) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or
35.11	course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
35.12	(c) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentials in a
35.13	relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career
35.14	pathways course of study:
35.15	(1) an associate's degree;
35.16	(2) a professional certification; or
35.17	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
35.18	In consultation with the Governor's Workforce Development Council established under
35.19	section 116L.665, the board must establish a list of qualifying certifications, and may add
35.20	additional professional certifications in consultation with school administrators, teachers,
35.21	and other stakeholders.
35.22	Subd. 2. Coursework. A candidate for a Tier 3 license must meet the coursework
35.23	requirement by demonstrating one of the following:
35.24	(1) completion of a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program;
35.25	(2) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program that includes field-specific
35.26	student teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teacher
35.27	preparation programs. The field-specific student teaching requirement does not apply to a
35.28	candidate that has two years of teaching experience;
35.29	(3) submission of a content-specific licensure portfolio;
35.30	(4) a professional teaching license from another state, evidence that the candidate's
35.31	license is in good standing, and two years of teaching experience:

(5) three years of teaching experience under a Tier 2 license, and evidence of summative
teacher evaluations that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an
improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or section 122A.41,
subdivision 5; or
(6) a passing score on all licensure examinations under section 122A.185 and five years
of teaching experience as the teacher of record in any state.
Subd. 3. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
must issue an initial Tier 3 license for a term of three years. A Tier 3 license may be renewed
every three years without limitation.
Subd. 4. Mentorship and evaluation. A teacher holding a Tier 3 license must participate
in the employing district or charter school's mentorship and evaluation program, including
an individual growth and development plan.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.
Sec. 12. [122A.184] TIER 4 LICENSE.
Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
Board must issue a Tier 4 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to
demonstrate all of the following:
(1) the condidate meets all requirements for a Tier 2 license under section 122 A 192
(1) the candidate meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183,
and has met the coursework requirements under section 122A.183, subdivision 2, clause
(1) or (2);
(2) the candidate has at least three years of teaching experience in Minnesota;
(3) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under
section 122A.185; and
(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing
or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40,
subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
Subd. 2. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
must issue an initial Tier 4 license for a term of five years. A Tier 4 license may be renewed
every five years without limitation.
Subd. 3. Mentorship and evaluation. A teacher holding a Tier 4 license must participate
in the employing district or charter school's mentorship and evaluation program, including
an individual growth and development plan.

Subd. 4. Five-year license. A five-year license issued by the commissioner of education before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 4 license established under this section and section 122A.18. An expired five-year license issued by the commissioner of education before the effective date of this section fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 for purposes of future licensure by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

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Sec. 13. [122A.185] TEACHER LICENSURE ASSESSMENT.

Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively.

- (b) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content. The content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.
- (c) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must pass test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision <u>4.</u>
- (d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota 37.29 school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the 37.30 content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to 37.31 provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 37.32 120B.022, subdivision 1. 37.33

Subd. 2. Passing scores. The board must establish passing scores in all examinations required for licensure.

Subd. 3. **Testing accommodations.** The board and the entity administering the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations must allow any individual who produces documentation of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education program (IEP) to receive the same testing accommodations on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations that the applicant received during the applicant's secondary or postsecondary education.

Subd. 4. Remedial assistance. (a) A board-approved teacher preparation program must make available upon request remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language. The teacher preparation programs must make available assistance in the specific academic areas of candidates' deficiency.

(b) School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed by the district who completed their teacher education program, who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license under sections 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively, to teach in Minnesota.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 14. [122A.187] EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

Subdivision 1. License form requirements. Each license issued under this chapter must bear the date of issue and the name of the state-approved teacher training provider or alternative teaching program, as applicable. Licenses must expire and be renewed according to rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the Board of School Administrators. The rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, must include showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching or administrative experience for at least one school year during the period covered by the license in grades or subjects for which the license is valid or completing such additional preparation as required under this section, or as the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board prescribes. The Board of School Administrators shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic coaches. The Professional

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Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall establish requirements for renewing the

licenses of athletic coaches. 39.2 39.3 Subd. 2. Local committees. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board for the 39.4 39.5 renewal of teaching licenses. Subd. 3. **Professional growth.** (a) Applicants for license renewal for a Tier 3 or Tier 4 39.6 license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, who have been employed as 39.7 a teacher during the renewal period of the expiring license, as a condition of license renewal, 39.8 must present to their local continuing education and relicensure committee or other local 39.9 39.10 relicensure committee evidence of work that demonstrates professional reflection and growth in best teaching practices, including among other things, cultural competence in accordance 39.11 with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (q), and practices in meeting the varied 39.12 needs of English learners, from young children to adults under section 124D.59, subdivisions 39.13 2 and 2a. A teacher may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph by submitting the teacher's 39.14 most recent summative evaluation or improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 39.15 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5. 39.16 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must ensure that its teacher 39.17 relicensing requirements include paragraph (a). 39.18 Subd. 4. **Behavior interventions.** The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 39.19 Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 39.20 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the 39.21 renewal requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions 39.22 and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to 39.23 appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward 39.24 the state's graduation rule. 39.25 Subd. 5. **Reading preparation.** The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 39.26 Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 39.27 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the 39.28 renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, 39.29 subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who 39.30 do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, school 39.31 nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and recreation 39.32 personnel are exempt from this section. 39.33

Subd. 6. Mental illness. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the renewal requirements at least one hour of suicide prevention best practices in each licensure renewal period based on nationally recognized evidence-based programs and practices, among the continuing education credits required to renew a license under this subdivision, and further preparation, first, in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children and adolescents and then, during subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may include providing a more in-depth understanding of students' mental illness trauma, accommodations for students' mental illness, parents' roles in addressing students' mental illness, Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A.0942 governing restrictive procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 15. [122A.188] LICENSURE DENIAL; APPEAL.

Subdivision 1. Denial letter. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
Board must inform a candidate within 30 days of receiving a completed application whether
the candidate's application for an initial teaching license or renewal of license has been
approved or denied. A completed application must include all supporting information and
the results of the background check or conduct determination by the board. When an
application is denied, the notification letter must inform the candidate of the process for
seeking review of the denial and of the appeals process provided in this section, including
all deadlines for seeking review of the denial decision and filing an appeal. The notification
letter must identify each licensure requirement the candidate failed to meet.

(b) For purposes of this section, "denial" means denial of an initial license or a denial of a renewal license. Denial of an initial license includes a grant of a license that is a lower tier than the candidate applied for and denial of application for an additional field of licensure.

Subd. 2. Review of denial. A candidate whose license application is denied may seek review of the denial by submitting a letter to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board within 30 calendar days of receipt of the denial letter. The candidate may include any documentation necessary to demonstrate that the candidate meets the licensure requirements. The board must review the denial within 60 calendar days of receipt of the letter seeking review. If the board affirms the denial, the board must send the candidate a letter identifying each licensure requirement the candidate failed to meet and informing the candidate of the appeal process provided under this section.

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Subd. 3. **Appeal.** A candidate whose application for license or license renewal has been 41.1 denied under subdivisions 1 and 2 may appeal the decision by filing a written request with 41.2 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board within 30 days of notice that the 41.3 board has affirmed the denial of license. The board must then initiate a contested case under 41.4 the Administrative Procedure Act, sections 14.001 to 14.69. 41.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. 41.6 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.19, is amended to read: 41.7 122A.19 BILINGUAL AND ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE TEACHERS; 41.8 LICENSES. 41.9 Subdivision 1. Bilingual and English as a second language licenses. The Professional 41.10 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, hereinafter the board, must grant 41.11 teaching licenses in bilingual education and English as a second language to persons who 41.12 41.13 present satisfactory evidence that they: (a) (1) possess competence and communicative skills in English and in another language; 41.14 41.15 (b) (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board, and meet such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe, 41.16 consistent with subdivision 4; and 41.17 (3) meet all other requirements for a teaching license provided in sections 122A.18 to 41.18 122A.<u>184</u>. 41.19 Subd. 2. **Persons holding general teaching licenses.** The board may license a person 41.20 who holds a general teaching license in any tier under sections 122A.181 to 122A.184, 41.21 respectively, and who presents the board with satisfactory evidence of competence and 41.22 communicative skills in a language other than English under this section. 41.23 41.24 Subd. 4. Teacher preparation programs. (a) For the purpose of licensing bilingual and English as a second language teachers, the board may approve programs at colleges or 41.25 universities designed for their training. These 41.26 41.27 (b) Programs that prepare English as a second language teachers must provide instruction in implementing research-based practices designed specifically for English learners. The 41.28 programs must focus on developing English learners' academic language proficiency in 41.29 English, including oral academic language, giving English learners meaningful access to 41.30 41.31 the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for immigrant students, and providing more intensive instruction and resources to English 41.32

learners with lower levels of academic English proficiency and varied needs, consistent with section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a.

- Subd. 5. **Persons eligible for employment.** Any person licensed under this section is eligible for employment by a school board as a teacher in a bilingual education or English as a second language program in which the language for which the person is licensed is taught or used as a medium of instruction. A board may prescribe only those additional qualifications for teachers licensed under this section that are approved by the board of teaching.
- Subd. 6. **Affirmative efforts in hiring.** In hiring for all bilingual education program positions, districts must give preference to and make affirmative efforts to seek, recruit, and employ persons who (1) are native speakers of the language which is the medium of instruction in the bilingual education program or share a native language with the majority of their students, and (2) share the culture of the English learners enrolled in the program. The district shall provide procedures for involving the parent advisory committees in designing the procedures for recruiting, screening, and selecting applicants. This section must not be construed to limit the school board's authority to hire and discharge personnel.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.20, is amended to read:

122A.20 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES.

- Subdivision 1. **Grounds for revocation, suspension, or denial.** (a) The <u>Professional</u>
 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or Board of School Administrators,
 whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, may, on the written complaint of the
 school board employing a teacher, a teacher organization, or any other interested person,
 refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke a teacher's license to teach for any of
 the following causes:
- 42.26 (1) immoral character or conduct;

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- 42.27 (2) failure, without justifiable cause, to teach for the term of the teacher's contract;
- 42.28 (3) gross inefficiency or willful neglect of duty;
- 42.29 (4) failure to meet licensure requirements; or
- 42.30 (5) fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license.
- The written complaint must specify the nature and character of the charges.

(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or Board of School Administrators, whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, shall refuse to issue, refuse to renew, or automatically revoke a teacher's license to teach without the right to a hearing upon receiving a certified copy of a conviction showing that the teacher has been convicted of child abuse, as defined in section 609.185, sex trafficking in the first degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1, sex trafficking in the second degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1a, engaging in hiring, or agreeing to hire a minor to engage in prostitution under section 609.324, subdivision 1, sexual abuse under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3, solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials to children under section 609.352, interference with privacy under section 609.746 or stalking under section 609.749 and the victim was a minor, using minors in a sexual performance under section 617.246, possessing pornographic works involving a minor under section 617.247, or any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the person to register as a predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another state or the United States. The board shall send notice of this licensing action to the district in which the teacher is currently employed.

- (c) A person whose license to teach has been revoked, not issued, or not renewed under paragraph (b), may petition the board to reconsider the licensing action if the person's conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse is reversed by a final decision of the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court or if the person has received a pardon for the offense. The petitioner shall attach a certified copy of the appellate court's final decision or the pardon to the petition. Upon receiving the petition and its attachment, the board shall schedule and hold a disciplinary hearing on the matter under section 214.10, subdivision 2, unless the petitioner waives the right to a hearing. If the board finds that, notwithstanding the reversal of the petitioner's criminal conviction or the issuance of a pardon, the petitioner is disqualified from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), the board shall affirm its previous licensing action. If the board finds that the petitioner is not disqualified from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), it shall reverse its previous licensing action.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u>
 Board of Teaching is delegated the authority to suspend or revoke coaching licenses.
- Subd. 2. **Mandatory reporting.** (a) A school board must report to the <u>Professional</u> Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, the Board of School Administrators, or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever has jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, when its teacher or administrator

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is discharged or resigns from employment after a charge is filed with the school board under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or after charges are filed that are grounds for discharge under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), or when a teacher or administrator is suspended or resigns while an investigation is pending under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a) clauses (1) to (5); 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556, or when a teacher or administrator is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556. The report must be made to the appropriate licensing board within ten days after the discharge, suspension, or resignation has occurred. The licensing board to which the report is made must investigate the report for violation of subdivision 1 and the reporting board must cooperate in the investigation. Notwithstanding any provision in chapter 13 or any law to the contrary, upon written request from the licensing board having jurisdiction over the license, a board or school superintendent shall provide the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the district's files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, any settlement or compromise, or any investigative file. Upon written request from the appropriate licensing board, a board or school superintendent may, at the discretion of the board or school superintendent, solicit the written consent of a student and the student's parent to provide the licensing board with information that may aid the licensing board in its investigation and license proceedings. The licensing board's request need not identify a student or parent by name. The consent of the student and the student's parent must meet the requirements of chapter 13 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.30. The licensing board may provide a consent form to the district. Any data transmitted to any board under this section is private data under section 13.02, subdivision 12, notwithstanding any other classification of the data when it was in the possession of any other agency.

(b) The licensing board to which a report is made must transmit to the Attorney General's Office any record or data it receives under this subdivision for the sole purpose of having the Attorney General's Office assist that board in its investigation. When the Attorney General's Office has informed an employee of the appropriate licensing board in writing that grounds exist to suspend or revoke a teacher's license to teach, that licensing board must consider suspending or revoking or decline to suspend or revoke the teacher's or administrator's license within 45 days of receiving a stipulation executed by the teacher or administrator under investigation or a recommendation from an administrative law judge that disciplinary action be taken.

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(c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and Board of School
Administrators must report to the appropriate law enforcement authorities a revocation,
suspension, or agreement involving a loss of license, relating to a teacher or administrator's
inappropriate sexual conduct with a minor. For purposes of this section, "law enforcement
authority" means a police department, county sheriff, or tribal police department. A report
by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to appropriate law enforcement
authorities does not diminish, modify, or otherwise affect the responsibilities of a school
board or any person mandated to report abuse under section 626.556.
Subd. 3. Immunity from liability. A school board, its members in their official capacity,
and employees of the district run by the board are immune from civil or criminal liability
for reporting or cooperating as required under subdivision 2, if their actions required under
subdivision 2 are done in good faith and with due care.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Teacher licensure agreements with adjoining states. (a) Notwithstanding
any other law to the contrary, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of
Teaching must enter into a National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements.
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements. The board may limit an interstate agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements. The board may limit an interstate agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based on established priorities or identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to
and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements. The board may limit an interstate agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based on established priorities or identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to out-of-state applicants holding only a provisional teaching license.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

	Sec. 19. [122A.2451] ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION PROVIDERS
	AND PROGRAMS.
	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) "Provider" or "unit" means an eligible entity that seeks
	or has obtained approval for an alternative teacher preparation program consistent with this
	section.
	(b) "Program" means content provided by a provider that leads toward licensure in a
	specific content area.
	Subd. 2. Purpose. To provide alternative pathways towards Minnesota teacher licensure
	outside of the traditional means, improve ethnic and cultural diversity in the classroom, and
t	to close the achievement gap, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
1	must approve qualified teacher preparation providers and programs under this section that
:	are a means to acquire a Tier 2 license under section 122A.181 and prepare for acquiring a
,	Tier 3 license under section 122A.181.
	Subd. 3. Eligibility. A school district, charter school, or nonprofit corporation organized
Ī	under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose is eligible to participate under this
	section. An eligible entity may apply for provider and program approval simultaneously.
	Subd. 4. Provider approval. An eligible entity must be approved as a provider before
	being approved to provide programs towards licensure. The Professional Educator Licensing
•	and Standards Board must approve eligible entities under subdivision 3 that meet the
	following requirements:
	(1) has evidence and history of fiscal solvency, capacity, and operation;
	(2) has evidence of necessary infrastructure to provide accurate, timely, and secure data
	for the purposes of admission, candidate monitoring, testing, background checks, and license
	recommendations;
	(3) has policies and procedures in place ensuring the security of candidate records under
	the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; and
	(4) has the instructional capacity or ability to obtain the instructional capacity to provide
	an adequate instructional phase under subdivision 5.
	Subd. 5. Program approval. The board must approve programs offered by approved
	providers based on nontraditional criteria. An approved program must have the following
	characteristics:

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47.1	(1) an instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and classroom experience
47.2	that is commensurate with the scope of licensure standards defined under rule, before the
47.3	teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;
47.4	(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices
47.5	to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;
47.6	(3) a strategy to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher
47.7	candidates' classroom instruction;
47.8	(4) provide assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine
47.9	their specific needs throughout the program, and to support efforts to successfully complete
47.10	the program;
47.11	(5) provide intensive and ongoing professional learning opportunities that accelerate
47.12	teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace
47.13	orientation, professional staff development, mentoring and peer review, focused on standards
47.14	of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and
47.15	(6) a process to review a candidate's final proficiency of required licensure content
47.16	standards that leads to potential candidate recommendation by the provider to the board for
47.17	a Tier 3 teaching license under subdivision 8.
47.18	Subd. 6. Nontraditional means; program instructors. (a) The board must permit
47.19	alternative teacher preparation providers and teacher candidates to demonstrate pedagogy
47.20	and content standard proficiency in school-based programs and through other nontraditional
47.21	means. Nontraditional means may include previous work experiences, teaching experiences,
47.22	educator evaluations, industry-recognized certifications, and other essentially equivalent
47.23	demonstrations.
47.24	(b) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine qualifications of program
47.25	instructors, including permitting instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only.
47.26	Subd. 7. Program disapproval, suspension. If the board determines that a teacher
47.27	preparation provider or licensure program fails to meet or is deficient in any of the
47.28	requirements of subdivision 5, it may suspend or revoke the approval of the provider or
47.29	program after it notifies the provider of the deficiencies and gives the provider an opportunity
47.30	to remedy the deficiencies.
47.31	Subd. 8. Candidate program completion; teacher licensure. (a) A candidate that
47.32	completes an approved program must apply for a license under the tiered licensure system
47.33	according to section 122A.181.

18.1	(b) A person who successfully completes another state's alternative teacher preparation
18.2	licensure program may apply to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
18.3	for a Tier 3 license.
18.4	Subd. 9. Reports. (a) An approved alternative teacher preparation provider must report
18.5	to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on items that are defined in
18.6	statute regarding program candidates, completion, and effectiveness or other items that are
18.7	required under section 122A.09.
18.8	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must submit a biennial
18.9	report on the alternative teacher preparation program and providers to legislative committees
18.10	having jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance by
18.11	January 15 of each odd-numbered year.
18.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
18.13	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
18.14	Subd. 2. Exceptions. A person who teaches in a community education program which
18.15	qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D.52 shall continue to meet licensure requirements
18.16	as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education program
18.17	which is offered through a community education program and which qualifies for community
18.18	education aid pursuant to section 124D.20 or early childhood and family education aid
18.19	pursuant to section 124D.135 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A
18.20	person who teaches in a community education course which is offered for credit for
18.21	graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to meet licensure requirements
18.22	as a teacher. A person who teaches a driver training course which is offered through a
18.23	community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the
18.24	<u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching or be subject to section
18.25	171.35. A license which is required for an instructor in a community education program
18.26	pursuant to this subdivision shall not be construed to bring an individual within the definition
18.27	of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1,
18.28	clause (a).
18.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
18.30	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.28, is amended to read:
18.31	122A.28 TEACHERS OF DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING STUDENTS;
18 32	LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS

49.1	Subdivision 1. K-12 license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students; relicensure.
49.2	(a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching must review and
49.3	determine appropriate licensure requirements for a candidate for a license or an applicant
49.4	for a continuing license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through
49.5	grade 12. In addition to other requirements, a candidate must demonstrate the minimum
49.6	level of proficiency in American sign language as determined by the board.
49.7	(b) Among other relicensure requirements, each teacher under this section must complete
49.8	30 continuing education clock hours on hearing loss topics, including American Sign
49.9	Language, American Sign Language linguistics, or deaf culture, in each licensure renewal
49.10	period.
49.11	Subd. 2. Licensure for teaching oral/aural deaf education programs. (a) The
49.12	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching shall adopt a separate
49.13	licensure rule for a candidate for a license or an applicant for a continuing license to teach
49.14	in oral/aural deaf education programs or to provide services, including itinerant oral/aural
49.15	deaf education services, to deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through
49.16	grade 12.
49.17	(b) The board shall design rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education in
49.18	collaboration with representatives of parents and educators of deaf and hard-of-hearing
49.19	students, postsecondary programs preparing teachers of deaf and hard-of-hearing students,
49.20	and the Department of Education.
49.21	(c) Rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education shall reflect best practice
49.22	research in oral/aural deaf education. Advanced competencies in teaching deaf and
49.23	hard-of-hearing students through oral/aural modes shall be included.
49.24	(d) Licensure requirements for teachers of oral/aural deaf education must include
49.25	minimum competency in American sign language, but are not subject to the guidelines
49.26	established in Laws 1993, chapter 224, article 3, section 32, as amended by Laws 1998,
49.27	chapter 398, article 2, section 47. The signed communication proficiency interview shall
49.28	not be required for teachers licensed to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students through
49.29	oral/aural deaf education methods.
49.30	(e) Requirements for teachers or oral/aural deaf education shall include appropriate

continuing education requirements for renewing this licensure.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

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Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.29, is amended to read:

122A.29 TEACHERS OF BLIND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED STUDENTS

LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.

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Teachers licensed in the education of blind and visually impaired students must demonstrate competence in reading and writing Braille. The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching</u>, at such time as a valid and reliable test is available, shall adopt a rule to assess these competencies that is consistent with the standards of the National Library Services for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.30, is amended to read:

122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR <u>CAREER AND</u> TECHNICAL EDUCATION

INSTRUCTORS.

- 50.13 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local employer school board, a person who teaches in a part-time vocational or career and technical education program is exempt from a license requirement. Nothing in this section shall exclude licensed career and technical educators from the definition of "teacher" in section 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A.03.
- (b) This section expires June 30, 2020. After this section expires, persons who teach in a part-time vocational or career and technical education program may apply for a teaching license provided in sections 122A.18 to 122A.184.

50.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.13, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Teachers.** A school board must employ necessary licensed teachers for its early childhood family education programs. The Board of Teaching, at its discretion, may grant an applicant a variance under this subdivision, consistent with sections 122A.09,
- 50.26 subdivision 10, and 122A.25, and Board of Teaching rules.

50.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.454, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Compliance with rules.** Aid must be paid under this section only for services rendered or for costs incurred in career and technical education programs approved by the

commissioner and operated in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner. This aid shall be paid only for services rendered and for costs incurred by essential, licensed personnel who meet the requirements for licensure pursuant to the rules of the Minnesota Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching. Licensed personnel means persons holding a valid career and technical license issued by the commissioner Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board under section 122A.30. If an average of five or fewer secondary full-time equivalent students are enrolled per teacher in an approved postsecondary program at Intermediate District No. 287, 916, or 917, licensed personnel means persons holding a valid vocational license issued by the commissioner or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. Notwithstanding section 127A.42, the commissioner may modify or withdraw the program or aid approval and withhold aid under this section without proceeding under section 127A.42 at any time. To do so, the commissioner must determine that the program does not comply with rules of the Department of Education or that any facts concerning the program or its budget differ from the facts in the district's approved application.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. American Indian language and culture education licenses. The
 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, in consultation with the
 Tribal Nations Education Committee, must grant initial and continuing teaching licenses
 in American Indian language and culture education that bear the same duration as other
 initial and continuing licenses. The board must grant licenses to persons who present
 - (1) possess competence in an American Indian language or possess unique qualifications relative to or knowledge and understanding of American Indian history and culture; or
 - (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board or meet such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe, or possess such relevant experience as the board may prescribe.
 - This evidence may be presented by affidavits, tribal resolutions, or by such other methods as the board may prescribe. Individuals may present applications for licensure on their own behalf or these applications may be submitted by the superintendent or other authorized official of a school district, participating school, or an American Indian school.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.

satisfactory evidence that they:

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Persons eligible for employment; exemptions.** Any person licensed under this section shall be eligible for employment by a school board or a participating school as a teacher in an American Indian education program in which the American Indian language or culture in which the person is licensed is taught. A school district or participating school may prescribe only those additional qualifications for teachers licensed under this section as are approved by the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching.</u> Any school board or participating school upon request may be exempted from the licensure requirements of this section in the hiring of one or more American Indian language and culture education teachers for any school year in which compliance would, in the opinion of the <u>commissioner Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board</u>, create a hardship in the securing of the teachers.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 125A.67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Teacher standards.** A teacher or administrator at the academies is subject to the licensure standards of the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education. An administrator at the academies is subject
- 52.18 to the licensure standards of the Board of School Administrators.

52.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 136A.1791, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given them in this subdivision.
 - (b) "Qualified educational loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation loan for actual costs paid for tuition and reasonable educational and living expenses related to a teacher's preparation or further education.
 - (c) "School district" means an independent school district, special school district, intermediate district, education district, special education cooperative, service cooperative, a cooperative center for vocational education, or a charter school located in Minnesota.
 - (d) "Teacher" means an individual holding a teaching license issued by the licensing division in the Department of Education on behalf of the Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board who is employed by a school district to provide classroom instruction in a teacher shortage area.

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(e) "Teacher shortage area" means the licensure fields and economic development regions 53.1 reported by the commissioner of education as experiencing a teacher shortage. 53.2 (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Office of Higher Education unless 53.3 indicated otherwise. 53.4 53.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. Sec. 30. TEACHER OF SPECIAL EDUCATION LICENSE REVIEW. 53.6 The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must conduct a review of all 53.7 the available teacher of special education licenses and determine the options for 53.8 cross-categorical licenses for teachers of special education. The board must report its findings 53.9 and draft legislation, if needed, to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over 53.10 kindergarten through grade 12 education by December 14, 2018. 53.11 Sec. 31. RULE CHANGE; ACADEMIC AND BEHAVIORAL STRATEGIST 53.12 LICENSURE. 53.13 No later than September 1, 2017, the Board of Teaching must amend Minnesota Rules, 53.14 part 8710.5050, subpart 4, so that academic and behavioral strategist continuing licenses 53.15 under that part may be issued and renewed according to rules of the Board of Teaching 53.16 governing continuing licenses and without requiring the candidate to hold or be recommended 53.17 for licensure in any other licensure field. The board shall use the good cause exemption 53.18 under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under 53.19 this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided in 53.20 Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388. 53.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 53.22 53.23 Sec. 32. LICENSES UNDER JURISDICTION OF THE BOARD OF TEACHING. Subdivision 1. One-year license. A one-year license issued by the commissioner of 53.24 education before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 1 license 53.25 established under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181. 53.26 Subd. 2. **Two-year license**. A two-year license issued by the commissioner of education 53.27 before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 2 license established under 53.28 Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.182. 53.29 Subd. 3. Five-year license. A five-year license must be treated in accordance with 53.30 Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.184, subdivision 4. 53.31

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54.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
54.2	Sec. 33. PERMISSIONS, WAIVERS, EXCEPTIONS, AND VARIANCES.
54.3	The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may grant an extension of
54.4	up to one year for a permission, waiver, variance, or temporary limited license in effect or
54.5	January 1, 2018.
54.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.
54.7	Sec. 34. <u>TEACHERS OF ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE.</u>
54.8	(a) Notwithstanding the teacher's field of licensure, a teacher may provide content
54.9	instruction in a district or charter school until the end of the 2018-2019 school year if the
54.10	teacher:
54.11	(1) held a kindergarten through grade 12 English as a second language (ESL) license
54.12	during the 2016-2017 school year;
54.13	(2) provided content instruction as a highly qualified teacher under the No Child Left
54.14	Behind Act to English language learners, as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section
54.15	<u>124D.59; and</u>
54.16	(3) taught in a classroom where both state content standards and English language
54.17	development standards were satisfied.
54.18	(b) For the 2019-2020 school year and later, a teacher with an ESL license must meet
54.19	all applicable licensing requirements in chapter 122A and rules adopted by the Professional
54.20	Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
54.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
54.22	Sec. 35. REPEALER.
54.23	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 122A.14, subdivision 5; 122A.162; 122A.163;
54.24	122A.18, subdivisions 2a, 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 6, 7, and 7b; 122A.21, subdivision 2; 122A.23,
54.25	subdivisions 1 and 2; 122A.245; and 122A.25, are repealed.
54.26	ARTICLE 3
54.27	NONTEACHER CREDENTIALING
54.28	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.363, subdivision 1, is amended to read

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Subdivision 1. Rulemaking. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must adopt rules to implement a statewide credential for education paraprofessionals who assist a licensed teacher in providing student instruction. Any paraprofessional holding this credential or working in a local school district after meeting a state-approved local assessment is considered to be highly qualified under federal law. Under this subdivision, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, in consultation with the commissioner, must adopt qualitative criteria for approving local assessments that include an evaluation of a paraprofessional's knowledge of reading, writing, and math and the paraprofessional's ability to assist in the instruction of reading, writing, and math. The commissioner must approve or disapprove local assessments using these criteria. The commissioner must make the criteria available to the public.

"A bill for an act

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018."

Delete the title and insert:

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55.14 relating to education; restructuring Minnesota's teacher licensing system; 55.15 establishing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board; transferring 55.16 all teacher licensing and support personnel licensing and credentialing authority 55.17 to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board; providing for 55.18 rulemaking; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 55.19 120B.363, subdivision 1; 122A.06; 122A.07; 122A.08; 122A.09, subdivisions 1, 55.20 2, 3, 4, 4a, 6, 7, 9, 10; 122A.17; 122A.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 2b, 7a, 7c, 8, by adding 55.21 a subdivision; 122A.19; 122A.20; 122A.22; 122A.23, subdivision 3; 122A.26, 55.22 subdivision 2; 122A.28; 122A.29; 122A.30; 124D.13, subdivision 11; 124D.454, 55.23 subdivision 12; 124D.75, subdivisions 1, 6; 125A.67, subdivision 2; 127A.05, 55.24 subdivision 6; 136A.1791, subdivision 1; 214.04, subdivision 1; 214.045; proposing 55.25 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 122A; repealing Minnesota 55.26 Statutes 2016, sections 122A.09, subdivisions 5, 8, 11; 122A.14, subdivision 5; 55.27 122A.162; 122A.163; 122A.18, subdivisions 2a, 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 6, 7, 7b; 122A.21, 55.28 subdivision 2; 122A.23, subdivisions 1, 2; 122A.245; 122A.25." 55.29

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We request the adoption of this report and repa	ssage of the bill.
House Conferees:	
Sondra Erickson	Peggy Bennett
Carlos Mariani	
Senate Conferees:	
Eric R. Pratt	Karin Housley
Susan Kent	